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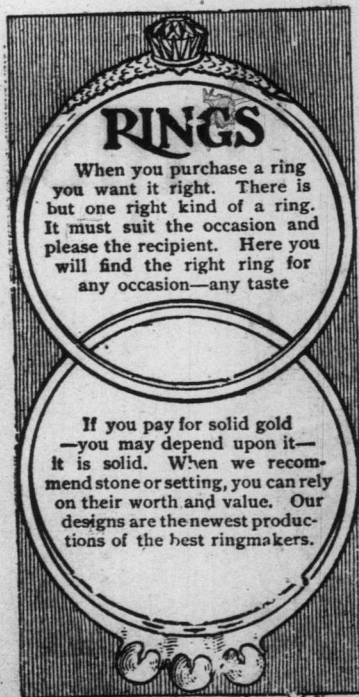
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Caps from 10 cents to \$1.25. Every quality you want in abundance.

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To take entirely for granted what anyone may say about the

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They sell. Perhaps every firm think they have good reason for believing theirs are the best; but this should not satisfy you, you must depend on your own judgment. We have a large supply on hand, and it will pay you to see our Seeds and judge for yourself.

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A Priest's Devotion.

In a most interesting book entitled "The Outer Isles" by A. Goodrich-Freer, published by Archibald Constable & Co. in 1902, the author, describing the condition of the poor people in South Uist, gives the following account of the "Devotion of a resident priest":

The summer of 1898 was one of the worst they have ever endured. The potato crop had failed the previous autumn, the fishing was exceptionally bad, and an epidemic of more than usual violence had broken out. Only one person was there to help, the young priest, the Rev. George Rigg. He was in every sense of the word a gentleman, and a scholar, educated at St. Sulpice, where he acquired something of the special subtlety of French thought which fitted him for work very different from that which lay in his path of duty. He had the fastidious refinement of thought and habit which is often inseparable from years of delicate health and over-work. Not himself of Highland blood his personal devotion had made him nevertheless perfectly at home with his people, and often have they told me of the eloquence of his preaching in their own Gaelic tongue.

I remember that on first seeing him there I turned to his predecessor, himself broken down from over-work and heroic self-sacrifice in the interests not only spiritual but material of his flock, saying: "Now I hope that bright boy will be allowed to eat out his heart on this desolate island." I little thought his deliverance would come in three years.

This is the bare story as written to me by that same faithful friend, a priest on a neighboring island, who encouraged his work in life and nursed him like a brother on his death-bed:

"For three weeks he devoted himself to a fever-stricken family where husband, wife and children were all prostrate at once. No one ever called to see them or nurse them but Father Rigg and the doctor who called and prepared food for them several times. Not even the mother of the man nor the sister of the wife ever entered the door. Father Rigg came daily and nursed and fed them and spent the day with them to cheer them. He had the most mental and loathsome work to do, and did it heroically. He was stricken down himself a week last Thursday, at 7.30 a. m., in the height of a violent typhoid fever, after receiving the last Sacraments. . . . Father Rigg had not the enthusiasm, or I should say the natural pleasure, that hard work often gives (owing greatly to extreme delicacy of health) but worked out of a conscientious devotion to religion and duty. It was tramping down his natural inclinations thoroughly to undertake these three weeks of solitary and sickening work. He took pleasure in subduing himself."

And now
His place in all the pomp that fills
The glory of the summer hills
Is that his grave is greater.

He lies among the scattered and unenclosed graves of his flock on the "Machair," the flat grass ground above the shore. A hand some Celtic cross marks the spot, and as one comes upon it suddenly on the bare expanse, one feels that here, far away from all the additional sanctities to which one is accustomed, one is—perhaps all the more—a holy ground. He still lives in the hearts of his people, his deeds are told in their stories, and his name, like those of the heroes of their past, is preserved in song.

[The Father Rigg here referred to was a nephew of Mrs. McIntyre, wife of his Hon. Lieutenant Governor McIntyre. We may remark that the author of this book, who writes thus beautifully is not a Catholic.]

For England's Conversion.

(Sacred Heart Review.)

There is a convent now, if not on the actual site of Tyburn, that—of a hundred martyrdoms, at least quite close to it, the abode of nuns belonging to the "Institute of the Adoration of the Sacred Heart of Jesus," and exiled French order, formerly at Montmartre, Paris. This order practices Perpetual Adoration; and each convent prays especially for the country in which it is situated. An old prophecy is thus carried out at Tyburn; for, in 1585, a priest, named Gunne, speaking of Blessed Edmund Campion, said the day would come when a religious house would be built for an offering on the place where he suffered.

The new chapel of the Blessed Sacrament was solemnly opened, March 26. One most noticeable feature was the appearance in the sanctuary of two Union Jacks, as the symbol of the nuns' duty of perpetual prayer for England. The Very Rev. Pere Louais, O. M. I., exiled from Montmartre, Paris, delivered the sermon, in which he eloquently said:—

"Why is it this community, which God has called to Tyburn? Because its special end, most clear and precise, is to be everywhere the congregation vowed to G. d. for the nation. To adore in the name of the nation; to lament the sins of its people; to call down new and most abundant favors upon it,—that is why this congregation exists. Rome had her vestals who preserved the sacred fire; every nation must have souls who love, pray, and sacrifice themselves for it. England will now have her monastery of virgins and victims consecrated to God for the nation. This is why the religious have placed the standards of England near the altar, as a perpetual memorial of the mission this convent has undertaken. Sisters, consecrated to God! you must especially give to Him the joy and glory to see England return to Him and to His Church. For England your prayers! For England your immolation! For England you will live and die, in union with the holy martyrs! My profound conviction is that England will be converted through the Sacred Heart. The hour of the great triumphs of the Sacred Heart has come. His Holiness Pope Leo XIII. foresaw it, when he consecrated to the whole human race, and said that this would be the great means of obtaining the return of the nations yet separated from the true faith. It is for the Sacred Heart that the order of the Adoration raises a throne at Tyburn. As more and more often the Precious Blood of Jesus flows on this altar, and prayers are multiplied, great favors will be accorded and conversions brought about. Will there not be yet national outbursts of a Catholic England, once again the nation of Christ, towards the Sacred Heart and His martyrs? I believe it, I believe it, because here the Sacred Heart and His martyrs? I believe it, I believe it, because here the Sacred Heart has His throne, and here He wills His love to shine forth. I believe it, because the hour comes when the Sacred Heart wills to show forth His powerful mercy. I believe it, because the Holy Virgin will intercede for England, always her dowry. I believe it, because the martyrs will offer their hearts and their blood. I believe it, because many holy priests will come and ask it here, with the oblation in their hands. I believe it, because many fervent Christians will here send forth ardent prayers. I believe it, because my Sisters, will continue to immolate yourselves under your red scapular, and to pray day and night for England. I believe it, because we must sing that the Lord is good, and that His mercy endureth forever. It is He who will do this, and it will be marvelous,—applauded by all heaven and earth."

After this eloquent and as it were prophetic address, the Most Blessed Sacrament was solemnly enthroned, "henceforth to be perpetually adored on Tyburn's sacred soil."

Religious Events Briefly Recorded.

Sacrilegious ruffians recently broke into two churches in the south of France and carried away the Sacred Hosts, leaving behind some of the valuable vessels of the tabernacle. Clearly the meaning of this horrible theft is hatred of God's sacramental presence.

Marriage by its own nature is absolutely indissoluble. When a couple enter into the marriage relation, they do it for life; if they entered it with any reservation, with an understanding that it was to continue for only a period, only so long as it should be mutually agreeable to themselves; they would not look upon it as marriage; they would want, in their eyes, the character of sanctity, and would be not at all distinguishable from a mere transient commerce of passion and caprice.—Dr. O. A. Brownson.

The French press is discussing the question whether M. Edgar Combes, son of the French Premier, attempted, as M. Besson, of the "Petit Dauphinois," states, to get money from the Carthusians by promising to manipulate voting in the Chamber of Deputies for them. M. Reval, Governor General of Algeria, who is an uncle of the "Petit Dauphinois," has registered M. Besson says specifically that M. Edgar Combes, through the medium of M. Andre Vervoort, offered

to obtain authorization for the Grande Chartreuse on condition of the monks paying a million francs down. As for M. Besson, he was to receive one hundred thousand francs as commission. It is officially announced that M. Edgar Combes has instructed the Procurator General to prosecute the editor of the "Petit Dauphinois," who will be tried at the Court of Assizes in the Department of Isere.

There was an Old Maid's convention up in New York state last week which apparently did not sing quite as enchantingly as once did Chaucer's birds. . . .

The Holy See makes a distinction between Catholic and non-Catholic heads of States visiting Rome. The former are not received at the Vatican if they have come to visit officially the Italian royalties. Its attitude in the matter has prevented the Emperor of Austria from returning the visit which King Humbert paid to Vienna, and the ill-feeling between Italy and that empire which existed previously was increased by the fact that King Victor Emmanuel recently omitted to visit Vienna, the capital of a country forming part of the Triple Alliance, though he went to St. Petersburg, the capital of a country belonging to the Dual Alliance. An incident occurred between Italy and Portugal because the King of the latter country wished to visit the Pope only in Rome and the King in a summer resort. At the present date the negotiations between Italy and France about the visit of the King to Paris are at a deadlock, because the French President would not be received at the Vatican if he returned the visit in Rome. And Italy insists that its monarch shall receive official visits only in Rome. But in making the concession to non-Catholic heads of States the Holy See has invariably maintained the rule that they must start for the Vatican from an extraterritorial and consequently neutral spot.

His Lordship Bishop Breyat, O. M. I., Vicar Apostolic of Mackenzie, recently returned from his first episcopal visit to the Holy Father. When, on his way back, he crossed the Atlantic on La Gascoigne, of the French line, there were about sixty religious, secular priests and nuns on board. On week days Mass was said in one of the smaller saloons, but on Sunday the passengers obtained the use of the grand dining room between breakfast and luncheon, and there Mgr. Breyat offered up the Holy Sacrifice before a very large and devout congregation. Before the Mass His Lordship announced that he

was about to offer it for all who were present and for their absent relatives and friends. During the Mass the singing by so many experts in conventual music was very fine, and all the congregation were deeply impressed. That evening after dinner all the clerical contingent assembled in the gallery which surrounds and overlooks the great dining hall, and sang the well known "Chant du Depart des Missionnaires," a song of farewell to missionaries departing for the foreign missions, which has been for three quarters of a century the battle cry of French missionaries going to possible and often actual martyrdom. The . . . of this chant enticed by so numerous a body of real victims of persecution was to cast a spell of religious awe over the whole audience. Ladies who had come there in the garishness of evening dress with some prospects of a dance quietly withdrew to their staterooms, exchanged their gay attire for black dresses and returned to talk in low tones over what they had heard. There was no dancing that evening.

Another Irish prelate has been added to the Australian Church. His Eminence Cardinal Moran has received the bulls appointing Mgr. O'Connor Coadjutor Bishop of Armidale, New South Wales. Some months ago the Monsignor was almost unanimously named by the priests strongly against his will. His name was forwarded to Rome with the recommendation of the Cardinal and the suffragan Bishop. Dr. O'Connor has been Bishop Torrigan's right hand man for many years, and the venerable prelate holds his vicar general in the deepest affection. Throughout the process the new prelate is beloved, so much so that it is said every one regards him as an intimate personal friend. He is a fine looking man, about 50 years of age, tall, well-built and dignified, a hard-working priest and a thorough Irishman. Some two and a half years ago his silver jubilee was celebrated amidst great rejoicings in Armidale. Mgr. O'Connor is not the only member of his family who has devoted his life to religion. His brother, the Very Rev. Father David O'Connor, is parish priest of Ballylooby, in the Waterford and Limerick Diocese. Two of his uncles, the Rev. Fathers Meaney, did magnificent work in their time. One was rector for a number of years of St. Anne's Church, Blackburn, in the Salford Diocese. The parish priest of Clonbehen, in his native Diocese or Waterford and Lismore. His nephew, Rev. Father Matthew Carroll, is at present in the Archdiocese of Glasgow, in Scotland. His aunt is a member of the Order of Presentation Nuns in Lismore, Ireland, and his niece is a member of the Ursuline community in Armidale.

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THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20th, 1903. SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor

Subscriptions for 1902 and previous years are now overdue; and subscriptions for 1903, are now payable. Our friends will please bear these facts in mind

Conservative and Liberal Records Compared.

From year to year, since the Liberals assumed control of the Provincial Government, we have pointed out their recklessness and extravagance in the conduct of our public affairs and have set before our readers incontrovertible proofs, drawn from the statements of their own officials, of their annually recurring deficits and the enormous accumulation of our Provincial debt. But since they have now been twelve full years in office, the same length of time that the Conservative Government immediately preceding them held power, we feel sure our readers will be interested in comparing the two records. For this purpose we will deal in this article with the questions of debt and taxation, and in future issues will refer to other phases of the respective records. When the Conservatives took over the reins of power from the Davies Government, they inherited, according to the sworn statement of the auditor of the Davies administration, a debt of \$51,740. The Conservative Government remained in office for twelve years, and when they went out of power in 1891 the public debt of the Province was, according to the statement of Hon. Donald Farguharson, when he was Premier of the Province, \$128,429. These statements of a Liberal Premier and a Liberal official will surely not be controverted by our opponents. These two statements of our opponents being accepted as true, all will admit that the portion of the Provincial debt properly chargeable to the Conservatives is the difference between the amount assumed from their predecessors in office and the total debt of the Province when they gave up the reins of Government. Therefore, subtracting the \$51,740 assumed from the Davies Government, from the \$128,429 against the Province when the Peters Government came into power in 1891, we find that the Provincial debt accumulated by the Conservatives during their twelve years of office, amounted to only \$76,689, or an average of \$6,390 a year. During these twelve years the Conservative Government collected taxes for three years only, altogether the sum of \$82,000. This, in brief, is the record of the Conservatives during the twelve years they controlled the Provincial Government. All must admit that it is a creditable record.

Let us now turn to the record of the Liberal Government inaugurated in 1891. When they came into power they found a debt of \$128,000, and they said this must be wiped out; revenue and expenditure must be made to meet. At the same time they proclaimed that the day of taxation was far off. They have now been twelve years in office, and let us see how they have kept their promises regarding the equalizing of revenue and expenditure and keeping the day of taxation "far off." For nine of the twelve years they have been in office they have collected taxes amounting in all to \$492,861, or an average of \$54,540 for the nine years. While they were gathering in all these taxes they were not making revenue and expenditure meet, but on the contrary were widening the breach between them by creating annual deficits, at the average rate of \$48,134 for their twelve years of office. So successful have our Liberal friends been in falsifying their promises that they have succeeded in rolling up the Provincial debt to the enormous proportions of \$654,299, according to the statements of their own officials. We may be very sure the debt is much more than this; but taking their own statements all will surely admit that it is had enough. We do not wish to charge our Grit friends with anything of which they are not guilty; for in all conscience their own sins are numerous and deadly enough. Therefore we will deduct from the figures of the Provincial debt presented by their own auditor the \$76,689 of debt chargeable to their Conservative

predecessors, and that will leave the debt created by the Liberal Government at \$577,610, or an annual average accumulation of debt of \$48,134. We know very well that there were accounts carried over and that the figures set down in this calculation do not fairly represent what the Provincial debt was on the 31st of December last. It is altogether likely the debt is very much nearer \$700,000 than \$654,299 if, indeed it does not exceed \$700,000.

With these facts and figures before us we may summarize the records of the two parties as follows:

The Conservatives during twelve years of office, collected \$82,000 in taxes and created a Provincial debt of \$76,689. The Liberals during twelve years of power took from the people in taxes of different kinds the sum of \$492,861. At the same time they ran the Provincial debt up to about \$700,000. Nor is this all; the Conservatives collected no taxes for nine years. At \$40,000 a year which is less than the Davies Government collected and less than is collected by the present government, this meant a saving to the people of \$360,000. Taking this into account it will be seen that the people, in consequence of the advent to power of our Liberal friends, are worse off by about one million dollars than they would be under the Conservatives. Do the electors of this Province think a Government that can play such terrible havoc with our Provincial finances as the Liberals have done, are worthy to be retained in power any longer?

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

THE WEEK IN PARLIAMENT. The number of private bills before Parliament this session is larger than ever before. This week many were disposed of. The house adjourned on Monday as a mark of respect to the late David Mills.

The Treadgold concessions were discussed. Mr. Casgrain moved an amendment to the motion to go into supply, condemning the action of the government in giving away valuable franchises. It was shown that great injustice was imposed on the miners of the gold fields, and that fraud had been practiced in order to get the grant. The Government declined to investigate the grave scandals brought to its notice by Governor Congdon of the Yukon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in answer to many questions from the opposition benches, stated that there was no truth in Hon Raymond Prefontaine's statement, that part of the patronage of the Public Works Department would be handed over to the Marine and Fisheries Department.

A resolution was passed favoring an increase in bonuses for steel ship-building from two to three per cent.

A motion by Hon Wm. Paterson provides for many important changes in the customs laws. It was shown that under the so-called British preference goods made in Germany and other countries have been admitted in large quantities to Canada with a reduction of 3 1/2 per cent in duty. Hon William Paterson admitted that such conditions existed.

The appointment of Hon. Raymond Prefontaine to a cabinet position was ventilated. Hon. A. P. Brodeur, speaker of the Commons was appointed to succeed Hon. J. Israel Tarte but a plot was put on foot in favor of Mr. Prefontaine and Mr. Brodeur was thrown down by his leader.

LAURIER HAD TO PASS THE LIE.

An incident in connection with inquiry as to the division of the patronage of the Department of Public Works with the Department of Marine and Fisheries furnishes food for reflection for those who believe in honor in high places. The Government has been asked to state their position in this matter, but they have failed to give any information on the subject. Hon Raymond Prefontaine owes his election very largely to a statement made before the electors of Maisonneuve, to the effect that he was to have handed over to his care a very large share of the moneys voted for Public Works. In order to make the announcement stronger, he pretended to have the authority of the cabinet for it. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was forced to deny his new minister's statement, and he did it with bad grace. With his whole person trembling with rage he denounced the Conservative party for daring to question him. The wild passion displayed by the Premier has seldom been witnessed

in the commons. No doubt he felt his position keenly. It is not pleasant for a leader to have to give the lie to one of his principal supporters. But the point of the situation is to be found in the fact that ministers of the crown are no longer to be believed. That a minister of the crown should be branded as a liar by his chief, places the Laurier cabinet in a bad position. It is an outrage that such things can happen in this country.

THE UNFORTUNATE LABOR BUREAU.

Sir William Mulock, by his failure to settle the big Montreal strike proved beyond question, that the allegations respecting the uselessness of the labor department are well founded. With all the prestige of his official position he failed dismally to accomplish anything in the way of reconciling the opposing forces representing labor and capital. All Canada was affected by the struggle, and it was important to arrange a speedy settlement. Sir William tried his hand but could not get the cars of either side. He was compelled to abandon the task, which was taken over by J. Israel Tarte. That gentleman, in his capacity of a private citizen, brought about the termination of the trouble within twenty-four hours. The men are now back at work and the wheels of trade are once more revolving. If a private citizen could bring about such a desirable condition, what must the country think of the incapacity of the so-called Minister of Labor? That department, although it costs thousands of dollars each year, is about as useful as a fifth wheel of a coach. It is patent to everybody that the country is being bled to serve an empty fad. It is another excuse for throwing away money.

ECONOMY AND EXTRAVAGANCE.

From 1891 to 1896 there was a period of depression which was felt throughout the entire world. Every country had its armies of unemployed, who almost rose in rebellion in order to get bread. From 1896 to 1902 Providence has been smiling as she was ill-natured during the previous six years. From 1891 to 1896 the Conservative government succeeded in carrying on the affairs of the country with a net loss of \$21,000,000. Then Sir Wilfrid Laurier came to power and in six years of plenty he has increased our net debt by \$15,000,000. The following tables show how the increase in the net debt for the two periods were regulated.

Table showing net debt for various years from 1891 to 1902, comparing Conservative and Liberal periods.

The Prices.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, such as Butter, Cabbage, Beef, etc.

GOVERNMENT REFUSES TO INVESTIGATE.

The more the Treadgold concessions which give to favorites of the government all that is worth having in the Yukon gold fields are investigated, the more apparent it becomes that a gigantic outrage has been imposed on the people of this country. Governor F. T. Congdon has called the attention of the administration to the fact that gross fraud and misrepresentation were practiced in order to secure privileges which are denied the individual miner. This protest was followed by another from the Dawson Liberal Club, and Hon. James Ross had to give the people of the Yukon his solemn promise that the grants would be cancelled, before he would hope to secure his election to Parliament. In the face of such overwhelming evidence Sir Wilfrid Laurier declares the Treadgold job to be a model of propriety. Canada relinquishes the right to collect any fees from the com-

pany except royalties, and hands over to them property worth over \$3,000,000 per annum. This is what Mr. Blair characterizes as making the venture attractive to capitalists. How far have the capitalists gone to make the proposition attractive for members of the government? Rumors of a grave nature are flying about and fraud is charged in a most explicit manner by responsible parties. Yet the government has refrained from enquiring into the facts, although they have been in possession of strong evidence for months. The question has not been disposed of, however, and the country is likely to hear of startling disclosures if the government insist upon pursuing their illegal and outrageous course.

ANOTHER ELECTION STOLEN.

The Liberal machine did what was expected of it in the Yukon during the bye-election there. Nothing calculated to secure the return of the government candidate was left undone. The vote stood Ross, 2,971 and Clark, 2,079 with two spoiled ballots. This election took place on December 2nd, 1902. On January 17th, the Territorial council elections were held, and on that occasion Mr. Clark was triumphant. Singularly enough, although the interest in the latter contest was as keen as in the first the aggregate vote fell off very materially. The explanation of this is to be found in election returns, which show that at Miller's Creek—population 40—there were 241 votes, were cast for the Liberal candidate. At Caribou Crossing—population 20—the Hon. James Ross was supported by 109 electors. No more glaring case of wholesale ballot box stuffing has ever been brought to light in this country. The Federal government has made it plain, that the methods of the Ontario franchise are to play a prominent part in Dominion elections. The honest voter is thus placed at the mercy of men who should be in the penitentiaries and anything like proper parliamentary representation is placed beyond the bounds of possibility. It is a curse to Canada that such crimes should be condoned by men at whose hands we look for pure government. But the day of reckoning is coming and those responsible for the degradation of the franchise will receive the punishment which they deserve.

HIG PRICE FOR SALT MACKEREL.

Gloucester Times says: The fare of southern salt mackerel on the schooner Golden Hope, 10 barrels, sold to the Gloucester Mackerel Co., at the market price of \$19.50 per barrel. The bidding started at \$10 per barrel, and by half dollar raises advanced to \$19.50 at which figure the Gloucester Mackerel Co., secured the trip. Old mackerel men say that never in all their experience do they remember of early salt mackerel bringing such a price.

SHOCKING FATALITY.

The rope works, Dartmouth, N. S., was the scene of a shocking fatality last Thursday afternoon. William Gray, aged sixty, employed as a toiler in the works, came to a sudden death. No person saw the accident occur, but it is supposed that the unfortunate man went in between the big fly wheel and the wall, where he either tripped, or lost a foot, and fell, when the belt of the wheel, which at the time was whirling at the rate of 100 revolutions a minute. He was thrown back against the flange of the fly wheel and mangled in a horrible manner.

IRON SHIP-BUILDING AT SYDNEY.

The town of Sydney, C. B., may possibly add an immense ship-building plant to the already extensive industries there of the Dominion, Iron & Steel Co. A Montreal dispatch says, definite arrangements to this end have been reached. A Toronto director of the company said, however, last night that nothing definite had yet been settled, although the company had been asked to consider a proposal from the city of Sydney and from the Nova Scotia Government. This proposal has not so far been laid before the directors consequently no definite announcement could yet be made. The Nova Scotia Government have offered a bonus of \$100,000 for the erection of a ship-building plant either at Halifax or at Sydney, while the latter city has already voted a bonus of \$250,000 in an open offer. The joint offer is now before the company.

DIED

At Orwell, April 28th, 1903, Jane McDonald, aged 85, relict of the late Donald McEwen, of Orwell, leaving one son and one daughter, Joseph and Mary at home, one sister and one brother, Alexander McDonald, of Souris, and Margaret of Orwell, to mourn the loss of a loving mother and kind sister, May her soul rest in peace.

At Grand Tracadie, on Sunday, May 3rd, Mary, beloved wife of the late Malcolm McAlay, 74th year. May her soul rest in peace.

At his home, at Big Pond, Lot 45, on the 7th inst., of pneumonia, Nell J. McPhee, in the 76th year of his age. May his soul rest in peace.

At Lakerville, on the 10th inst., after four days' illness, Mrs. Patrick McInnis, May her soul rest in peace.

At Scotchfort, on the 13th, inst., Alexander Mitchell (Micmac Indian) in the 95th year of his age. He devoutly received the last sacraments and died a good Christian death. May his soul rest in peace.

At Tracadie, on May 17th, Emmet, son of Angus and Mrs. McAlay, aged 8 years and 9 months.

Remnants.—Such bargains in Remnants of Cottons, Cloths, Dress Goods, Flannels, Flannellets, etc., were never before given in Charlottetown as we are offering to clear lengths from 1 1/2 yds. to 10 yds. A lot of Ladies' Gloves and Mitts at half price. You should see them and share in them.—J. B. McDonald Co.

BUSH FIRES IN MANITOBA.

A special of the 15th to the Toronto Globe from Winnipeg says: Owing to the absence of rain, bush fires are causing enormous damage in the west, word reached here of terrible forest fires raging on both sides of Lake Winnipeg. The fires commenced about three days ago and parties arriving from Sulkirk say that an army of soldiers could not stop the conflagration. The district on fire covers thousands of acres of valuable timberlands, chiefly the property of the Dominion Government. The loss of property is also tremendous and over a hundred families lost their homes and stock.

NOTICE.

As our partnership expires in July, and we are making a change in our business, all accounts due Senter McLeod & Co. must be paid at once. After the 1st day of July, 1903, all accounts not paid will be placed in the court for collection.

Senter, McLeod & Co.

James A. MacDonald — P. J. Trainer

MacDonald & Trainer,

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

OFFICE—Great George Street, near Bank of Nova Scotia, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

MONEY TO LOAN.

May 20, 1903.



TRY WEEKS & CO.

For Men's Felt Hats and CAPS.

We want every man to see our new Hat & Cap department: Come in, we will be glad to show you the new hats.

Special Value \$1.00

MEN'S HATS.

See our window for latest styles.

Weeks Hats & Caps.



MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING, 1903

GREAT in Assortment, Pleasing in Style, Honest in Quality, Reasonable in Price.

We confidently offer you our New Spring Dress Goods. Never before have we offered you such a fine collection of reliable, fashionable stuffs. They are absolutely correct in every particular, and the prices are low, consistent with the quality offered. We cordially invite all to come and see the goods for themselves.

STANLEY Bros.

Our Annual WHITE SALE IS ON

New Goods, Latest Styles, Lowest Prices. Come, you wont be disappointed.

F. Perkins & Co. Sunnyside. Phone 223.

When Adam Picked His First Fig Leaf

When Adam picked and put on his first fig leaf the Men's Clothing Business was born. The first Ready-made Garment was a fig leaf. Probably Adam wasn't satisfied with the first leaf and thought he'd try another. By and by he found one that suited him, cut, material, fit and quality.

Adam Was Shrewd, He Looked Around.

Now, Sir, if you are not fully satisfied with the clothing you are wearing, suppose you look around.

Suppose You Look Here.

Our patrons are always satisfied—we make them so by giving them the best clothing to be had on earth for the money.

OUR TEN DOLLAR SUITS.

Our new Spring Suits have a large sprinkling of the ever popular \$10.00 suits in handsome colors—Tweed, Serge, Worsted and Oxfords. It will pay you to look at them even if you don't want to buy. We've over forty thousand dollars worth of new Spring Clothing in. If you haven't bought clothing at this store follow Adam's example and look around—come here—that's what we're driving at—if you come once, you'll come again.

PROWSE BROS.,

The Only Stylish Clothiers.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Mr. A. A. Ames, former Mayor of Minneapolis, Minn., was sentenced on Monday to serve six years in prison, for accepting bribes during his term of office.

Word comes from Paris that the French Government are about to abandon the French share in Newfoundland to Great Britain in exchange for concessions in Gambia and Western Africa.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, who has been absent in Japan, arrived at Victoria, B. C., on his return home, on Wednesday last. Better for him to have been attending to his Parliamentary duties during the session.

A STRIKE of longshoremen began at St. John's, Newfoundland, on Friday, and has continued up to last report. The Allen Line Steamer, Siberian, was forced to leave for Liverpool without having loaded a large cargo which was ready for her. It is believed that the police and men from the British cruiser, Calvano, are able to cope with any trouble that may arise.

The Exchequer Court opened in this city yesterday, Justice Barbridge presiding. A number of cases in which the Crown is plaintiff and different persons defendants, relative to expropriation of land in connection with the Belfast and Murray Harbor Railway, are up for hearing. Hon. H. G. Carroll, Solicitor General for Canada is in attendance watching the cases on behalf of the Federal Government.

As will be seen by reference to professional card in this issue Messrs. Eneas A. McDonald and P. J. Trainor have entered into a law partnership. Mr. McDonald has for several years carried on a successful and constantly increasing law business. He is well and favorably known and has many friends in different parts of the Province. Mr. Trainor studied in the office of Mr. W. S. Stewart and has just been admitted to the bar after passing an excellent examination. He is possessed of rare oratorical powers and has, we feel sure, a prosperous future before him in his chosen profession. We wish the law firm of McDonald & Trainor every success.

ORDINATIONS were administered in the Chapel of the Grand Seminary, Quebec, on Sunday last, by his Grace, Archbishop Babin of Quebec. Among those elevated to the holy priesthood on the occasion was Rev. Gregory J. McLellan, D. D., of St. George's, in this diocese. Rev. Dr. McLellan's career as a divinity student has been most successful, having led his class ever since he entered the seminary four years ago, and at the recent examinations won his doctor's degree with great distinction. In 1899 he graduated a most successful B. A. from St. Donat's College. Father McLellan is a son of the late Donald McLellan of St. George's. We extend to him a most hearty welcome among our diocesan clergy. Ad multos annos.

SIX or seven lobster fishing boats connected with the factories at St. Peter's and Governor's Islands off Charlottetown harbor, were caught in the heavy squall of Friday afternoon, and had a hard time of it. Indeed it was feared Friday night that some of them had been lost, as they did not reach their factories. They were all quite close to the Islands when the squall struck them; but were driven away by storm and had all they could do to make land somewhere. Some of them came to anchor near Point Prim, and others on different points of the Island shore. One was driven to the Nova Scotia shore, near Wallace. Fortunately no serious damage was done to any of the boats and no lives were lost. All got back to their quarters Monday morning.

MISS MURRAY's singing and interesting history of Scottish songs in the Opera House on Friday evening constituted an intellectual treat of rare enjoyment. Not only did she exhibit rare musical and dramatic power; but she most admirably interpreted the various expressions of pathos and humor of the songs she sang. Her entertainments were not only a concert; but a lecture on Scottish music. She gave a most interesting history of the development of Scottish songs. The circumstances and the influences under which these songs were composed and the feelings which inspired them were charmingly told. The opening number was "The Auld Scotch Song," and she closed with "Callie Harris," sung in costume. A most interesting feature of the entertainment was the singing of several Gaelic songs, accompanied by herself on a Celtic harp. Play of tone and sympathetic interpretation characterized her singing throughout. Her manner on the stage is unaffected and admirable in every respect. Mr. Wark was accompanist on the piano. The Fourth Regiment Band rendered good service in the rendition of several beautiful and appropriate selections of Scottish music. Councilor Paton deserves great praise for his good offices in placing such an excellent entertainment within the reach of a Charlottetown audience.

In the squall of Friday afternoon last Joseph Christian of Lauching and Oliver Williams of Little River, laborers employed by Mr. George McDonald's factory, Annapolis, were drowned in Grand River, near Annapolis wharf, about a half mile from land. They were returning from overhauling their traps in a sloop-rigged boat, about 28 feet keel. It had been blowing pretty hard all day and while they were beating in the boat took in considerable water. Suddenly a squall from the north-east struck the boat, and nothing could be done, she overturned and sank, going down broadside; but righting when she struck the bottom. Both men jumped clear of the boat when she went over; but they seem to have sunk to the bottom almost immediately. The accident occurred between two and three o'clock and was seen by some fishermen from the shore, who immediately launched their boat and proceeded to the scene of the accident. They found the boat with the top of the mast and a few feet of the side over water but could see nothing of the bodies of the men. About 4.30, the same afternoon, a grappling party went to the wreck and the bodies were found about 30 feet from the boat and about 10 feet apart. Word was sent to the coroner, Dr. McLean of Souris; but after hearing the facts deemed an inquest unnecessary. Both men were about 30 years of age, able and experienced boatmen, both were unmarried, Christian was a son of Mr. David Christian, and Williams a son of Mr. John Williams, now in California. The families and friends of the unfortunate men have the sympathy of the community in this sad and sudden calamity.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Read D. A. Bruce's advertisement in this issue.

The Shamrock III is expected to sail for America on the 30th inst.

BRANCH 333 C. M. B. A., Vernon River Island holding a tea party on Wednesday, July 8th.

The Commonwealth, the World's largest battle-ship, 16,360 tons was launched on the Clyde on the 15th.

The Ontario Government are about to take steps to erect a monument to Sir Oliver Mowat. A parliamentary vote for this purpose will be asked for at the present session of the Legislature.

INSTRUCTIONS have been sent from Ottawa to the Attorney-General, of Nova Scotia, to prosecute Engineer Copeland, who is alleged to have been responsible for the late wreck on the Intercolonial railway at Windsor Junction.

The schr. Bravo arrived at Boston on Sunday, from Barbados. She had on board a party of 10 men and crew, of the schooner, Harbor Rico, from Porto Rico to Halifax, which was abandoned May 3rd, dismasted and leaking.

DURING the summer months semi weekly trips will be made between Souris and the Magdalen Islands. The steamer "Lunenburg" will leave Souris on Mondays, and the "Amelia" on Thursdays, after the arrival of the 4 p. m. train from Charlottetown. Both these steamers will carry mails and passengers.

FIRE broke out Saturday night from an unknown cause in a lumber pile at the rear of Gordon and Keith's furniture factory on Durdon Street, Halifax. In a few minutes the whole building was enveloped in flames, and within an hour after the alarm was sounded the great brick structure was in ashes—total loss \$30,000; insurance \$5,500.

LAST Thursday the plug which was put into the hole connecting the reservoir of the Dominion No. 1 mine, Sydney, to keep the water flooding the latter from entering the reserve workings burst, and a stream of water rushed with tremendous force, causing all the men who were working in that part of the mine to decamp and run panic-stricken for the surface.

The Canadian team for Buley will sail on May 20th, by the Tainian. The team has been completed, with the exception of two men who are yet to be heard from. The list has reached the 44th man this year, further down than it ever went before. Captain J. M. Jones, 22nd Regt., P. E. Island, is one of the team.

WALLACE NESBITT, K. C., a distinguished lawyer of Toronto, has been appointed Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada in place of Judge Mills, deceased. Judge Nesbitt is regarded as a very able jurist who will undoubtedly bring strength to the highest court in the land. He has not been a very active politician, but is said to have been a Conservative for the greater part of his active life.

WE recognize the fact that taste is a most variable factor, especially in dress, and have kept this fact constantly before us, in providing a stock of Dress Goods that should have no taste unconsidered. Buyers want to find the thing that pleases them, and as it is our pleasure to please the buyer, we have selected our Dress Goods so that each buyer might find the very thing wanted. An examination of our stock will show the newest patterns and fabrics in rich variety, with prices ranging with the grades upwards, but always as low in each grade as can be made consistently with our practice of selling only good goods. Specification of the various goods in this department is impossible in this brief notice, but we cordially invite all to come and see the goods for themselves.—Stanley Bros.

Comfortable CLOTHES

—AT—

Comfortable COST!

That's the story of our

Homemade READY-MADE Clothes.

During the dull winter months we made an unusually large amount of Suits, Trousers and Overcoats at less cost than if we ordered them from a manufacturer. We sell direct from maker to wearer. Any one who bought our make of clothing knows they fit better and are better made than factory made. Why then send your money out of the country?

Try one of our all-wool Worst Suits at \$10.00.

D. A. BRUCE.

May 20, 1903.



Oh, the magnificent line of Wall Paper

We Are Showing AND the low prices we are selling at ought to bring you straight to our store to-day. We can do better for you than any other store in the city. Try TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE. For Wall Paper.

GREAT DISSOLUTION SALE.

As our term of partnership expires on July 12th, 1903 (after which there will be a change in the personell of the firm), we must convert our entire stock into cash before that date.

From 9 a. m. Friday, May 1st, until July 12th, 1903, the people of P. E. Island will see the greatest

Carnival of Bargains

Ever witnessed in this Province. This is no housecleaning sale of shop worn goods, but a genuine discount sale of one of the cleanest and best selected stocks of

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING

On the Island. Here you'll find all the latest styles for both Ladies' and Gentlemen at unheard of prices. Terms cash, books closed. Here are some of the bargains waiting for you

- 33 1-3 p. c. Discount.
 - Baskets
 - Bachelors
 - Belts
 - Braids
 - Blankets
 - Cotton, fleecy
 - Curtains, chanelle
 - Corset clasps
 - Widow caps
 - Costumes
 - Cloth Mantle
 - Eiderdown
 - Men's Cardigans
 - Ladies' Cardigans
 - Grape
 - Clothing, Men's
 - Cloak's, Children's
 - Combs
 - Combs, fancy
 - Dress Goods
 - Dress Trimmings
 - Dresses, Children's
 - Flannel
 - Feathers
 - Flowers
 - Frillings
 - Fans
 - Men's Gloves
 - Furs
 - Goflers
 - Hats, Ladies'
 - Hoods
 - Handkerchiefs
 - Jackets
 - Capas
 - Laces and braids
 - Mufflers, Men's
 - Night Dresses
 - Overalls
 - Ponpons
 - Quilts
 - Rubber Coats
 - Rubber Cloaks
 - Travelling Rugs
 - Skirting
 - Shields, Dress
 - Steels
- Sweaters
 - Stockingette
 - Shawls
 - Swansdown
 - Table Covers
 - Tray Squares
 - Underwear, Men's
 - Underwear, Ladies'
 - Wrappers
 - Wool and Yarns
- 25 p. c. Discount.
- Braces
 - Blouses
 - Blinds
 - Bibs
 - Cottonade
 - Cretonnes
 - Curtains, Lace
 - Canvas, all kinds
 - Corsets
 - Caps, otams
 - Collars
 - Cloth, silence
 - Counterpanes
 - Chiffons
 - Carriage Wraps
 - Cushions
 - Cushion Covers
 - Elastic
 - Embroidery
 - Flannels, French
 - Felts
 - Fabric Gloves
 - Hosiery
 - Hose Supporters
 - Hats, Men's
 - Italian Cloth
 - Lambrians
 - Lawns
 - Table Linens
 - Linen Fancy
 - Oilcloth, Table
 - Napkin, Table
 - Purses
 - Rubber Sheetting
 - Rugs, horse
 - Silks
 - Satins
- 20 p. c. Discount.
- Silk, art
 - Sateen
 - Art Sateen
 - Scrim
 - Shirts
 - Skirts
 - Satchel
 - Stamped Mats
 - Trunks
 - Valices
 - Towels
 - Towelings
 - Ties, Men's
 - Ties, Ladies'
 - Undershirts
 - Velvets
 - Velveteens
 - Veilings
 - Whitewear
 - Window Shades
 - Window Poles
 - Wrapperette



New Year's Supplies

Don't forget the "EUREKA GROCERY" when making your holiday purchases. Our stock is complete, our prices right, and the quality of our goods we always guarantee. Your wants in any of the following lines we can fill to your satisfaction both in quality and price.

- Raisins, Currants, Spices, Extracts, Icing, Sugar, Peels, Chocolate, Baking Powder,
 - Prunes, Dates, Confectionery, Fancy Biscuit, Cranberries, Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Nuts, Fruit Juice, Fruit, Syrup, Canned Goods, Pickles, etc.
- Preserves.** We have established a splendid trade in Homemade Preserves. And why not? We sell you a pure article for the price, others charge for imported compounds. We have a big stock on hand of Raspberry, Plum, Green Gage, Strawberry, Gooseberry and Black Currant, in 7 lb. pails, 4 and 6 lb. crocks; also by the lb.
- Teas.** You will want 5 or 10 lbs. of Tea for the winter. Let us fill this order for you. We have a big Tea trade, and can give you good values.
- 5 lb. Tea, 90c.
 - 5 lb. Better, \$1.00
 - 5 lb. Eureka, 1.15
 - 5 lb. Hazard's Brabbin also in stock. Also Union Blend and Red Rose Blend.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Important to Farmers of Prince Edward Island.

A few days ago Messrs. Carter & Co., Limited, Seedsmen, of Charlottetown, sent a sample of their "Export" brand of Mammoth Late Red Clover Seed, of which they received one car load (35,000 lbs.), to the Director of Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, to be analyzed. They have just received a report from J. Fletcher, Esq., Botanist, of the Department of Agriculture, as follows:

OTTAWA, May 6th, 1903.
Messrs. Carter & Co., Ltd., Charlottetown, P. E. I.
GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your favor of the 30th ult., addressed to the Director, I beg to inform you that I have looked up the sample of Clover Seed mentioned by you, and find that it is an excellent sample, and practically free of weed seeds. As a matter of fact there were a few seeds of unimportant weeds such as pigeon grass, and these formed the proportion of about one in every 2,000 seeds of good clover.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) J. FLETCHER,
Botanist.

Buy Carter's Seeds and get the best.
CARTER & CO., Ltd.,
Seedsmen, Charlottetown.

The Longing.

BY MANY ELIZABETH BLAKE.

The green is on the grass and the blue is in the sky, And the soft wet winds of April hurry by;

For often in the nighttime and often in the day I know by the tears that my heart is far away,— I know by the tears that my heart is grieving sore For the fair, dear land I shall never see more.

Peace is here and plenty—O the glad relief!— With laughter of the children between my soul and grief; Sorrow is behind us and happy days before,

But God be with the land I shall never see more! Ever-blessed Saviour, be not wroth with me!

For all Thy gifts and mercies, praise and glory be; But the shadow's in my eyes for the little one I bore Who lies sleeping in the land I shall never see more!

—Ave Maria.

Peculiarities of Making Wills.

Scores of people, otherwise well-meaning and of sound business judgment, when the task of making their wills confront them, either display great weakness of mind or indulge in unnecessary recriminations in regard to their children or life-long friends which is deplorable.

Thoroughly surprised was H. Guido Reitzenstein, of No. 310 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, to find in the will of his lifelong friend and partner a clause denouncing him as a man too selfish to buy a cravat band for his hat when that friend's wife died.

It is believed by the friends of both men that Strohn, having written his resentment in his will, forgot all about it in the later years of his life, as the old friendship between the men seemed as strong as ever.

Mr. Strohn left several thousand dollars to distant relatives. He said in his will, which he made on May 15, 1893, just after his wife's death:

Kaiser in State Calls on Pope.

Press cablegrams from Rome give the following description of Emperor William's visit to his Holiness Pope Leo XIII. on a recent Sunday.

Unlike the simplicity of King Edward in his visit to the Pope, that of the Kaiser was attended by much display. Fifteen carriages were required for the use of his Majesty and his suite.

Horses, carriages and servants were brought from Berlin, as the Emperor was determined to make his visit to the Pope of especial official importance.

Before going to the Vatican the Kaiser, clad in the blue uniform of a general of the guards, drove to the Odescalchi Palace, the official residence of the Prussian Minister to the Holy See.

Here his Majesty had luncheon with Cardinals Rampolla, Gotti, and Agliardi. This legation lunch was quite an unusual occurrence.

From the Odescalchi Palace the Emperor went direct to the Vatican. The imperial carriage was attended by the imperial outriders and postillions. The long cortege was preceded by the German cuirassiers on their white horses.

They are magnificent big men, and as they rode down the streets they made almost as great a sensation as did the Emperor himself.

The coronation along the thoroughfare was formed of Italian soldiers. Emperor William has always declared that he enjoys going to the Vatican from an artistic and spectacular point of view.

The moment he arrived at the piazza of St. Peter he was alert and animated, pointing out objects of interest to his sons. In fact, the spectacular part of the visit began there, as the great square, densely crowded, was most imposing.

RECEIVED WITH MILITARY HONORS. Picked Swiss Guards assumed the duty of guarding the imperial carriage at the entrance to the Vatican.

of a slight to the Pope. This time, however, Emperor William returned from the Vatican to the Prussian Legation accredited to the Holy See, where he changed carriages, his cuirassiers remaining at the Legation.

This course is supposed to imply that his Majesty wished to pay particular deference to the feelings of the Vatican. There was another new departure during this visit of the Emperor.

Previously Cardinal Rampolla had returned the imperial visit to the Vatican at the Prussian Legation and found only the Prussian Minister.

Sunday, however, Emperor William waited at the Legation, received the Cardinal most cordially and had a long conference with him.

Emperor William presented to the Pope a large photograph of the Meiz Cathedral. The Pope expressed his thanks for this gift and remarked that the Meiz Cathedral greatly resembled that at Reims.

Emperor William was surprised at the quickness of the Pontiff in remarking that the one cathedral was a reproduction of the other.

The Catholic Sick Room.

In a series of interesting articles by the Rev. J. F. Spain, S. J., published in "The Cross," of Halifax, N. S., the writer says of newly-born—

If a child at its birth seems to be already in danger of death, send without delay for a priest. In the meantime, be on the watch, and if you think it actually dying, take some water, cold or warm, and while pouring a few spoonful on its head, say the words: "I baptize thee in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost."

This is sufficient, but it is more correct to pour the water in the shape of a cross three times, at the words: "Father, Son and of the Holy Ghost."

As this is a very important matter, every Catholic, especially every Catholic woman, ought to learn from some qualified persons how to do it properly.

BRECHE A MANON LADY

WIFE OF HER EXPERIENCE

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

The Great and Well-Known Kidney Specific for the Cure of All Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

Read what T. L. Foster, Mining, Ont., has to say about them:—I was greatly troubled with palpitation of the heart, a sudden blindness would come over me, and floating specks before my eyes caused me great inconvenience.

Often I would have to gasp for breath, and my nerves were in a terrible condition. I took MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS, and they have proved a blessing to me.

Price 50c per box, or 3 for \$1.25; all dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

Barker.—How could we ever get along without street-cars?

Parker.—Oh, we could survive The world waited 1800 years for street cars.

Barker.—That's so. And by jeezminy, I've waited quite a lot for them myself.

The Ladies' Favorite. Laxa-Liver Pills are the ladies' favorite medicine.

The Dear Child.—Oh, Mrs. Bloom, when did you get back?

Mrs. Bloom.—Bless you, dear, I was not away anywhere. What made you think so?

The Dear Child.—I thought you were. I heard my mamma say that you were at loggerheads with your husband for over a week.

Many people say they are "all nerves," easily startled or upset, easily worried and irritated.

Minard's Liniment the best Hair Restorer.

"I'm de onluckiest pusson in de roun' world," said Brother Dickey.

"I tuk out an accident policy six year ago, come Chrismas, en moved with a stone throw er five railroads, en not one er dem bez run over me in all dat time! I v'ly b'lieves dat ef I wuz ter lay down en de track de engineer woud stop de engine en tell de head freman to wake me up!"

Keep the Balance Up. It has been truthfully said that any disturbance of the even balance of health causes serious trouble.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

It stops that tickling in the throat, is pleasant to take and soothing and healing to the lungs.

Minard's Liniment Cures LaGrippe.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

It stops that tickling in the throat, is pleasant to take and soothing and healing to the lungs.

Price 25 Cents.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Make Weak Hearts Strong. Make Shaky Nerves Firm.

THEY CURE Nervousness—Sleeplessness—Palpitation of the Heart—Nervous Prostration—Faint and Dizzy Spells—Brain Fog—After Effects of LaGrippe—Anemia—And all Troubles Arising from a Run-down System.

Read what T. L. Foster, Mining, Ont., has to say about them:—I was greatly troubled with palpitation of the heart, a sudden blindness would come over me, and floating specks before my eyes caused me great inconvenience.

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Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, Etc.

Price 25 Cents.



Strike while the iron is hot

Just now the hottest thing in hardware is the demand for our stock. This brisk demand comes from our taking combination, large values and little prices.

Fennell & Chandler, The acknowledged Hardware Leaders.

Suits.

WE KEEP Right to the Front

—IN THE—

Tailoring Trade; SAY!

But we do not charge high prices for our Goods—just enough to make you feel satisfied that you are getting the best value in town.

Tweed & Worsted Suits FROM \$14 UP.

JOHN McLEOD & CO., Merchant Tailor.

HEAD QUARTERS

On P. E. Island for

Fine Tailoring.

We'll be in a better position than ever this spring to meet the demands of our numerous customers in town and country with the largest and greatest show of

Suitings, Trouserings, Overcoatings, etc.

Ever seen under one roof in this city, which we will offer at the lowest possible cash prices.

Materials, Workmanship & Fit Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

Men's Furnishing Goods

White and Colored Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckwear, Underclothing, Waterproof Coats, Umbrellas, Caps, Hose, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, etc.

GORDON & MACLELLAN, Merchant Tailors and Furnishers, Ch'town.

Commercial CAFE, Queen Street.

In store formerly occupied by A. Vincent, next A. E. McEachen's Shoe Store.

YOU can get a good dinner at the above Cafe for only 15 cents. Also a large bill of fare to choose from.

JAS. LONERGAN, Proprietor

June 25, 1902—14

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, on Friday, the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1903, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, in front of the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, P. E. I., under a writ of the Supreme Court of P. E. I., the following property:

All that tract, piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on Lot or Township number Fifty-three (53) in King's County, P. E. I., as follows, to-wit: (a) the south side of the road known as the Grand River Road, the west line of land owned by heirs of the late John Melton; and from thence running south thirty-five (35) chains; thence west fourteen chains; thence north five chains and fifty links; thence west six chains; thence north seven chains; thence west six chains; thence north eleven chains and forty links to Grand River Road; thence easterly along said road to place of commencement, containing sixty-seven acres of land, a little more or less.

If not sold at the time and place above mentioned the same will thereafter be sold by private sale.

For further particulars apply to J. B. MacDonald, Solicitor, Great George Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I., A. D. 1903.

L. M. MACKENZIE, Mortgagee.

Notice of Application.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada now in session for an Act empowering the applicants to construct and operate telephone and telegraph lines throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Ottawa, 27th of March, 1903.

KIDD & THOMSON, Solicitors for the applicants. April 15, 1903—91

Quaker MARMALADE

This is a new brand of ORANGE MARMALADE put up in One Pound Glass Jars.

It is a Very Superior Article

And gives splendid satisfaction whatever used.

Try a pot of it from BEER & GOFF, GROCERS.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL. B. Barrister & Attorney-at-Law.

NOTARY PUBLIC, etc. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND OFFICE—London House Building.

Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of Legal Business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.