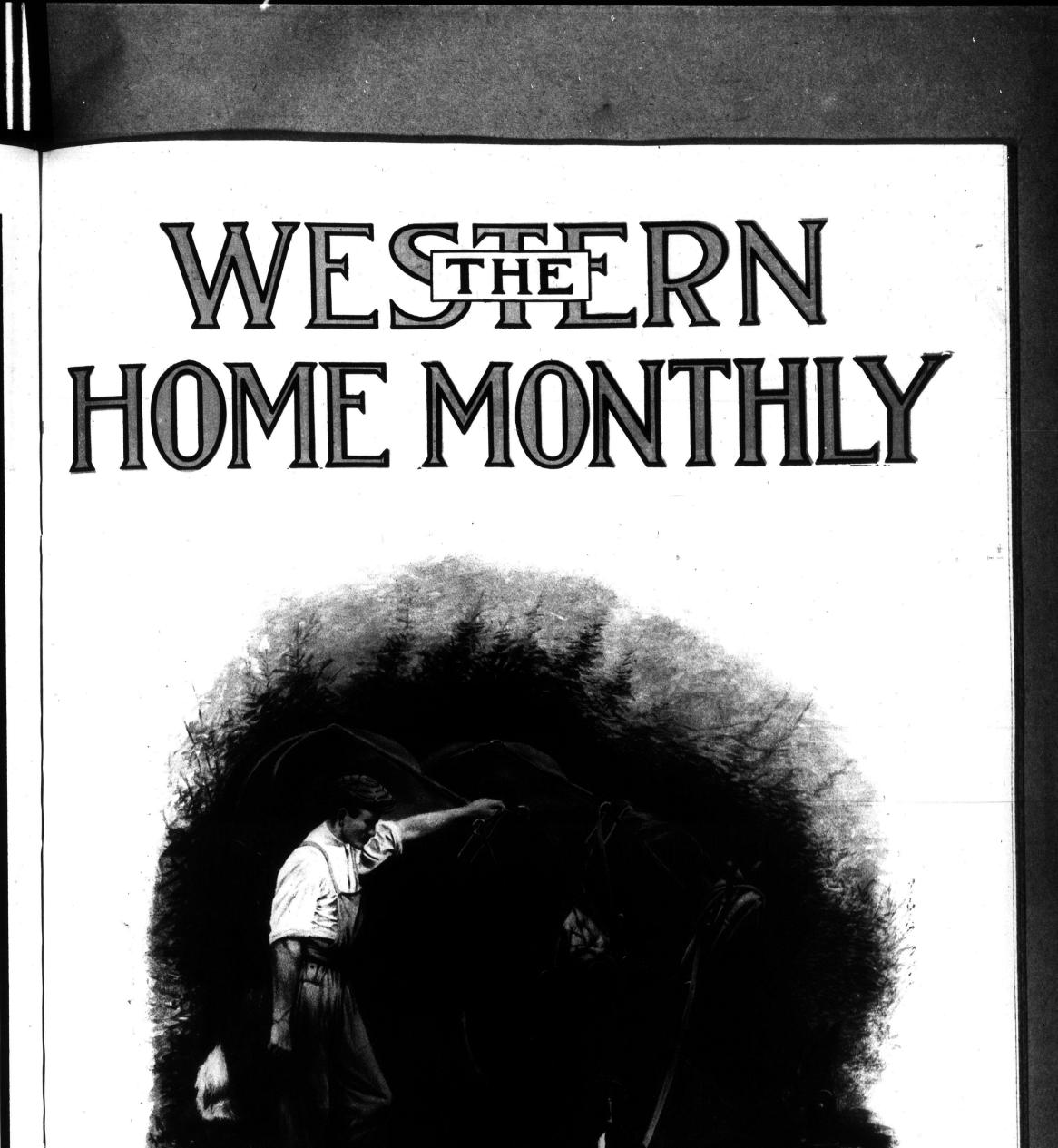
PAGES MISSING



SEPTEMBER, 1913

WINNIPEG, CANADA

T OUR RISK--TRY



Blue Ribbon Tea. We assume all the risk when you buy a package of Blue Ribbon Tea.

If you are not perfectly satisfied with it—if you do not prefer it to any kind you ever tried—your grocer will refund you the full purchase price. If, as more likely, you appreciate Blue Ribbon Tea, you have made a valuable "find." We invite you to buy a package today.

WINNIPEG

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The Work is Pleasant and Easy and the Salary Generous

A certain lady lived in Vancouver, B.C. She was not rich—not even well-to-do. The money she earned brought her bread and butter, but not the amusements and little luxuries she wanted and to which she felt she was entitled. In looking for something to "help out" she read one of our advertisements explaining subscription work in home towns. The dignity of the work impressed her, also the permanency of the plan. She is now our "part-time" representative, a regular member of our pay-roll, and supplements her present income by \$10.00 a week.

If your income is limited, and if you will devote spare time to looking after the subscription work of The Western Home Monthly among your friends and neighbors, you can earn all the spending money you need.

In your town we need a representative to look after new subscriptions and renewals to

The Western Home Monthly

We will pay you, for part of your leisure time, a liberal commission and salary. Renewals count the same for you as new subscriptions. In the three months remaining before Christmas arrives, you can earn all you need, and more, to put your plans into effect.

Last year hundreds earned nice little nest eggs through answering a similar advertisement of ours. Your reply to this advertisement will not obligate you in any way. Address **Agency Division**

als.

The Western Home Monthly, Winnipeg

Absolutely Pure and

of Fine Quality

Breakfast

Baker's

The Western Home Monthly

THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY Vol. XIV. Published Monthly

By the Home Publishing Co., McDermot and Arthur Sts., Winnipeg, Canada,

By the Home Publishing Co., McDermot and Arthur Sts., Winnipeg, Canada. THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE of The Western Home Monthly is \$1 a year or three years for \$2'to any address in Canada, or British isles. The subscription price to foreign countries is \$1,50 a year, and within the City of Winnipeg limits and in the United States \$1.25 a year. REMITANCES of small sums may be made with safety in ordinary letters. Sums of one dollar or more it would be well to send by registered letter or Money Order. POSTAGE STAMPS will be received the same as each or the fractional parts or a dollar, and in any amount when is impossible for patrons to procure bills. We prefer those of the one cent or two-cent denomination. WE ALWAYS STOP THE PAPEE at the expiration of the time paid for unless a renewal of subscription is received. Those whose subscriptions have expired must not expect to continue to receive the paper unless they send the money to pay for it another year. CHANGE OF ADDERSS.—Subscribers wishing their addresses changed must state their former as well as new address. All communications relative to change of address must be received by us not later than the 20th of the preceding month. WHEN YOU RENESS we sure to sign your name exactly the same as it appears on the label of your paper. If this is not done it leads to confusion. If you have recently changed your address ar it he paper has been forwarded to you, be sure to let us know the address on your label.

A Chat with our Readers

Our Annual Day of Play

is a delicious and wholesome drink

Cocoa



3

Made by a perfect mechanical process, without

the use of chemicals, thus preserving the delicate natural flavor, aroma and color characteristic of high-grade cocoa beans.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited Established 1780

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LEARN NURSING AT HOME Women taking the National Training Course are fur-nished uniforms and assisted to Earn Money While Learning. "National Nurses "are earning \$15 to \$26 a Week Write for free trial lesson giving valuable information for care of the sick and book containing statements from hundreds of women we have successfully trained at home. Women taking the National

home. National School of Nursing 216 Lake St. Elmira, N.Y.



Saturday, August 2nd, found the big printing establishment on McDermot Avenue, Winnipeg, where The Western Home Monthly is produced, completely deserted. Principals and the army of employees had bade adieu to toil and care, and at an early hour were speeding merrily to Winnipeg Beach, where the excursionists, numbering about 700, gave themselves up, with splendid abandon, to sport and the many pleasure-giving attractions of the Beach. The photo group reproduced on this page will perhaps interest our readers, inasmuch as almost every one represented has some part in compiling the magazine as it passes through its many stages in course of preparation. Each year sees the staff greatly increased, men and women who are experts in the various branches of the printing art being constantly added. To give an idea, of the variety of talent necessary to the proper equipment of a large magazine owning its

own plant, it may be added that in the illustration will be found editors, writers, proof readers, advertising solicitors and writers, compositors, engravers, binders, lithographers, electrotypers, rulers, map makers, pressmen, artists, bookkeepers, stenographers, mailers, etc.

Promptly at 9 o'clock the long string of coaches pulled out of the station and before very long "everybody was friends with everybody." The excursionists in-cluded many children and their excitement and joyous anticipation was impossible to curb. The kiddies always seem to have a good time with us at the Beach but this year they seemed to enjoy themselves even more than usual. On arrival a game of football was played between two picked teams for the Toronto Type Foundry Cup. While this was going on, the ladies-God bless 'em -were busy unpacking hampers of large dimensions, and very soon the many long tables under the trees were laden with dainties which would have tickled the palates of the most finnicky epicure. Despite the fact that some of the picnickers seemed to have been doing the evening the sounds of innocent nothing else but eat all morning, the

At one o'clock a group was taken by our staff photographer and then the company repaired to the athletic field where the following programme of sports was pulled off:

No. 9

- 1. 50 yards tots race, under 6 years.
- 2. 50 yards girls race, under 12 years.
- 75 yards boys race, under 12 3. years.
- Tie race. 4.

75 yards girls race, under 16 years. 100 yards boys race, under 16 6.

- years. 100 yards mens race. 7.
- 75 yards young ladies race.
- Elephant race.
- Potato race, ladies. 10.
- Thread and needle race. 11.
- 50 yards, married ladies race. 12.

Pie race. 13. 14.

Kicking football, three kicks.

15. Throwing baseball for distance. Men to throw with the wrong hand, ladies with the right hand.

16. Special handicap for sports over 40 years. Handicapped according to weight and age, 100 yards dash. 17. Tug-of-war for Toronto Type

Foundry Cup. Team of six. These events were all very keenly con-

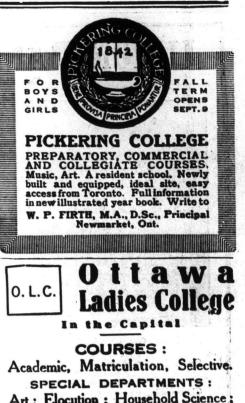
tested and the large crowd of onlookers made the welkin ring by the cheers of encouragement for their favorites.

The elephant race, potato race, threadthe-needle race and pie race, were all excruciatingly funny and the curious predicaments in which the contestants constantly found themselves created roars of laughter.

Later on, the equatic events were held, and these too, were responsible for heavy entries, while a fashion parade by mutual entertainers on the pier, kept everyone in rare good humor.

After tea a very exciting baseball game was played between the ladies and the gentlemen, the latter receiving a severe trouncing at the hands of their fair opponents.

By this time the official programme being concluded, the excursionists were left to provide their own amusement, which did not seem to cause them much difficulty. Right up to nine o'clock in revelry were heard on all sides, and it was a tired but happy crowd which eventually bade a reluctant au revoir to the scene of their day's enjoyments. The members of the firm were all present and heartily entered into the spirit of the day. To them and the committee in charge are due the thanks of all for a day which will long be remembered for its delightful associations.



Art ; Elocution ; Household Science ; Physical Culture ; Stenography ; Typewriting ; Music (in Canadian Conservatory). Calendar and particulars promptly sent on applic Rev. W. D. ARMSTRONG, M. A., Ph. D., D. D.

PRESIDENT.



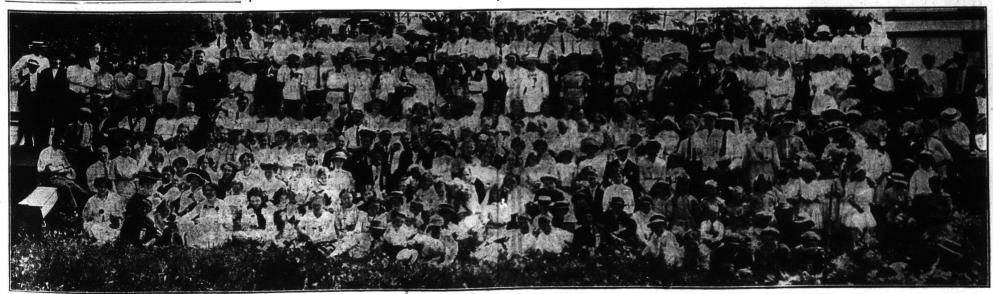
Grocers sell it. If not, write

Crescent Manufacturing Company, Seattle. Wash.

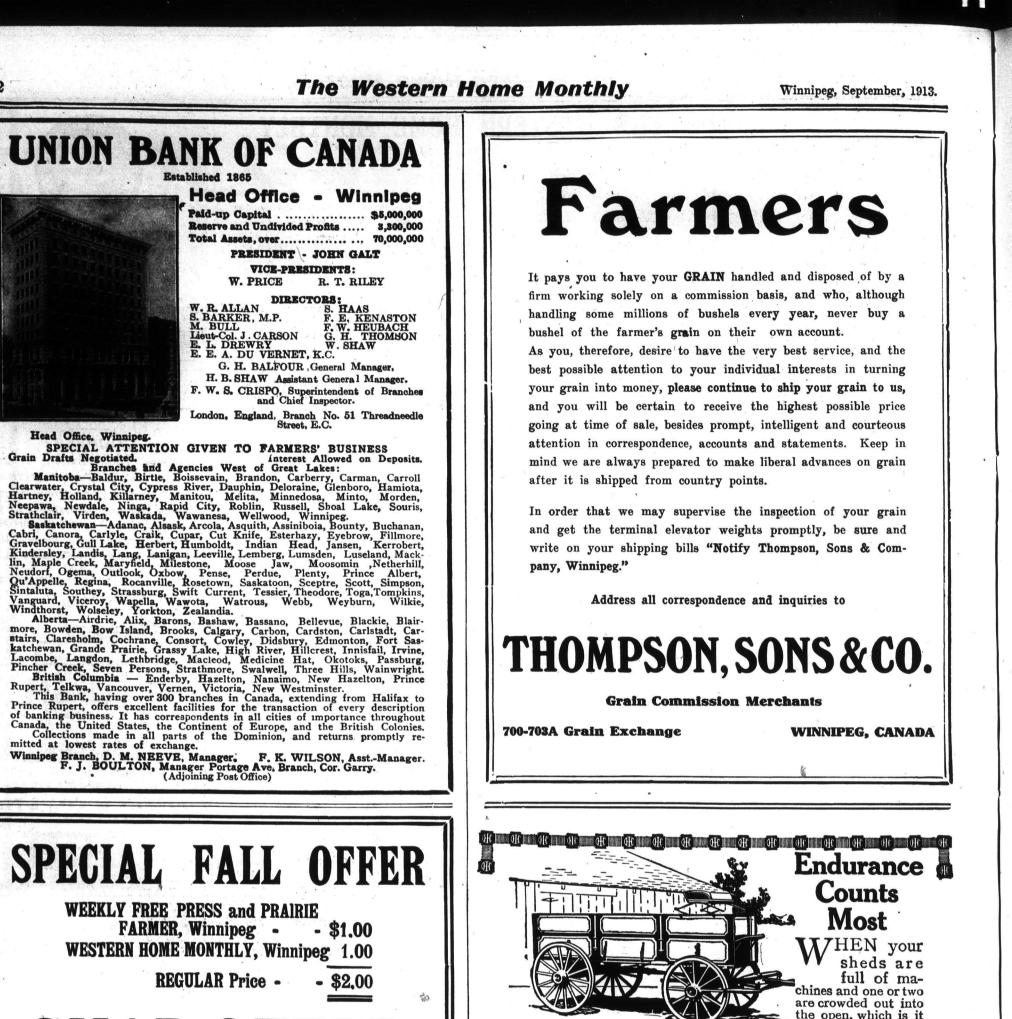
call for dinner was hailed with delight and half an hour later the depleted tables gave ample evidence of the fact that no one was on a hunger strike. Then, of course, came that popular diversion-washing up-and the men, fearing they might be in the way, very considerately withdrew a short distance and had a quiet smoke, so that their wives and sweethearts could work undisturbed.

WUJIU AT YOUR HOME By the Oldest and Most Rellable School of Music In America-Established 1895

Piano, Organ, Violin, Mandolin, Guitar, Banjo, Etc. Beginners or advanced players. One lesson Weekly. Illustrations make everything plain. Only expense about 2c. per day to cover cost of postage and music used. Write for **FREE** booklet which explains; very hing infull. American School of Music, 2 Lakeside Bldg., Chicago.



The Publishers of The Western Home Monthly and staff holidaying at Winnipeg Beach, August 2nd.



SNAP OFFER

2

Both for One Year \$1.00

This offer does not apply to those living within the City of Winnipeg limits or in the United States of America. It holds good, however, to Great Britain.

WESTERN HOME MONTHLY, Winnipeg.

Find enclosed \$1.00 for which send the Weekly Free Press and Prairie Farmer, Winnipeg, and The Western Home Monthly to the following address for one year.

1913

that invariably stands

outside, with the sun and the wind beating on it every day, dry-ing and warping the wood, or with rain rusting the iron? It's the wagon. Other machines are stored away, but the wagon works the year around, is always under the strain of heavy burdens, always getting rough treatment. It can't stand the strain of such a life for many years unless, like I H C wagons —

Petrolia Chatham Hamilton **Old Dominion**

it has built into it the utmost of endurance, toughness, and sturdiness. I H C wagons are built of wood of very best quality, every bit as good as they look. Examine them closely; you find no cross-grained knotty, split, or faulty timber. Every stick, oak and hickory for the wheels, yellow or bay poplar for box sides and long leaf yellow pine for bottoms, is selected from first grade lumber and carefully inspected. Every stick is toughened and seasoned by two or three years of air Every stick is toughened and seasoned by two or three years of air-

Every stick is toughened and seasoned by two or three years of air-drying. No brittle kiln-dried lumber is used. All steel and iron parts are chosen with the same end in view— greatest durability and longest life. Experts test and verify every part. Before the wagon is ready for you it must pass many thorough inspections. The timber, metal, shaping and fitting, painting, every detail down to every brace and bolt, must be just right. Buy one now, watch its steady service on your farm, and mark this —your future reliance will be on the I H C wagon. That future order is our ultimate aim. Ask the I H C local agent to show you the I H C wagon best suited to your needs. Get catalogues from him, or, write the nearest branch house.

or, write the nearest branch house.



At Brandon, Man.; Calgary, Alta.; Edmonton, Alta.; Estevan, Sask.; Lethbridge, Alta.; North Battleford, Sask.; Regina, Sask.; Saskatoon, Sask.; Winnipeg, Man.; Yorkton, Sask.

E III E E III



The Dominion Fair at Brandon

THE DOMINION FAIR

Credit must be given to the Management Committee of the Brandon Exhibition. From a financial, an artistic and educative viewpoint, the Fair was a gratifying success. So again all due praise must be given to the Committee of Management. There are some other committees not so open to commendation, but they are feeling badly enough without any added rebuke.

The outstanding feature of the Fair was the display of stock. There are few places in the world where a finer exhibition could be made or a finer parade witnessed.

Western Canada may easily become, and doubtless will become, as famous for its stock as for "its wheat". It should be so. Three things in farming go together. They are complementary. These are grain-growing, cattle-raising, the growing of legumes. A farmer who depends on wheat alone must either buy artificial fertilizer or impoverish the land. He must get back into it what he is robbing from it. The easiest way is to grow peas and raise cattle. In too many cases men have sold a dollar's worth of phosphorous for fifty cents that is, for an immediate return of money for their wheat, they have permanently robbed the land of its most necessary ingredient.

In recent experiments made by Jas. J. Hill, he shows how by proper fertilizing the land one man may get as much from forty acres as another from three hundred acres. It is not land that is valuable, but the ingredients in the land. So we are glad to see good stock in Western Canada, for it means a revival of this old business. It means permanent wealth to the soil.

Three kinds of stock every farmer should own—horses, cattle, hogs. The horse in a few years will again be King. The demand for cattle and for butter was never greater than now. In a country where there is so much coarse grain and where vegetables grow so easily, there is no better investment than hogs. It is only the man who wants to make a fortune in a few years of new land that can afford to orop it in flax and wheat continually.

If the Brandon Fair had done nothing more than arouse a fresh interest in stock-raising, it would well have served its purpose.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS

We sometimes find ourselves thinking that if we can only get good laws upon the statute books our difficulties are solved. Nothing could be farther from the truth. Over and over again the people of England, after enforcing legislation from their rulers, had to appoint committees to see that the legislation was enforced. A short time ago, a faithful policeman was appointed in New York and assigned the tasks of checking the accuracy of weights and measures. What he found was beyond imagination. It was not one or two scales which he burned in public as an object lesson. He had to take them out to the ocean in boatloads and dump them overboard. Every conceivable device was used to cheat the public. One man had an axe tied below the scale pan. Others had weights doctored with lead and false arms made. It was the same with measures. Wire was strung across the bushel measures one-fourth of the way up, berry boxes—but who needs to remark upon these. They are on the market to-day whereever we go, and one has to look twice to tell which is top and which is bottom, for the division is about the centre. A gentleman went to South America and found a fine wood for butter-plates. He shipped a machine down South and began to manufacture. Not a single plate could he sell. They were too light. Of a thousand barrels of fruit and potatoes, not a single one was up to weight. An honest man

could not live. All the time, of course, there was a law in New York making false weights and measures illegal and their use a misdemeanor.

Now, in Western Canada, we have little to complain of in this matter, but in the case of other laws there is continual failure to observe the plainest directions. In some places the liquor law is largely a dead letter, because those who are supposed to see it enforced for some reason or other are not particular. The laws against vice were openly violated until public opinion rebelled. The Child Labor Law, Compulsory Education Law, the Election Act, and other acts that any one can name, have been violated openly time and again, without a word of censure, without any action on the part of those appointed to administer the law. Indeed, it is notorious that in some cases it would be unsafe for those who administer the law to act, because the men higher up had ordered otherwise. There is in actual practice a power above the law.

This is said to emphasize the fact that the appointment of the right kind of public officials is of the utmost importance. The time has come when their appointment by an independent Commissioner seems absolutely necessary. The party system may be the only system possible at present in selecting legislatures, but the appointment of officials should not be in the hands of any one party.

This is a most important matter. Private individuals do not feel it to be their duty to see that laws are enforced. They trust to public officials. Being fairly honest as a class, our Western people do not look for dishonesty in officials of the government. Here they are often deceived. Modern governments which are unscrupulous have found that the best way to retain power is to appoint officials who know enough to wink at wrong-doing. Evidently some of them have grown so accustomed to winking that they have one eye closed all the time.

A GOOD ACTION

The average man does not take very kindly to a man with a disposition like that of the Minister of Militia. Bombast and braggadocio in these days cause laughter rather than a feeling of respect. Yet it takes a man of just this type to do things that would daunt others. Let us honor him for his onslaught on the canteen, and for his rebuke to the social dissipation that he found so common among the officers of the militia in certain sections. It has always been a failing of certain military officers to consider themselves too seriously, to adopt a lordly attitude, to pose as the social or rather the official aristocracy of the nation. This is downright nonsense. The real defenders of our liberty to-day are the ordinary everyday men and women who stand for principle, for right and purity. Brass buttons, ribands and stars belong to flunkeys just as well as to lords. It is well that the Minister of Militia has called a halt to unseemly behaviour and demanded in those at the head of a responsible service. respectful sobriety and manly humility. It is good commonsense which prompts the Montreal Witness to say: "It is quite a modern innovation quite out of harmony with all our rollicking tales of military life, to dismiss an officer for getting drunk at dinner. In the good old days that was the usage. An officer who avoided doing so would have found himself uncomfortable at the mess. Still, if there is any one who should never get drunk it is a military officer. For one thing, his drinking is warrant for the men doing so too, and undoes the discipline of the force. For another, the lives of many men are, when occasion occurs, absolutely in the keeping of the officer. For him to be found at such a time unfit to exercise his soundest judgment would be a crime. For him even to lower his general fitness by habits which undo the nerves and impair the judgment is unpermissible. Moderation is strictly enforced in the navy, and the officers of passenger steamships are forbidden drink while on service, and would be dismissed if they transgressed even moderately. Those in charge of railway trains now come under the same rule on most roads. So that it is not altogether a thing for amusement that our active Minister of Militia intends to discipline such officers as are found to have been the worse of their dinner. The time seems to have come for such a rule in the Canadian service."

CONSERVATION

Probably the most important gathering in Western Canada during the summer was the Forestry Convention. Quite properly the conservation of the great forest areas was under discussion. The most pleasing feature during that discussion was the address of the representative of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who explained that his Company was attempting to protect the forest areas. When the governments of the Dominion and the great railway corporations join forces, there will probably be less likelihood of a repetition of those disastrous conflagrations which have robbed Canada of its wealth and beauty.

The conservation of the forests is only one form of conservation. Every day we wastefully throw away our wealth. It is said that a German would make a fortune out of the dump heaps at some of our mines. One of the most noteworthy of recent cases of saving was the discovery by New York that its garbage is a mine of gold. The city has been paying \$51,000 a year to a firm to clear out the garbage. This year the firm raised the price to \$130,000. A new firm appeared on the scene and offered to do the work for nothing and give the city bonus of \$62,000 a year. The new company had learned how to make a dollar a ton on all garbage handled.

Here is a pointer for Western Canada. We shall get wealthy when we know how to avoid waste. That is as true of the dweller in the city as it is true of the tiller of the soil. It is as true of time as it is of matter. The man who can plan his movements so that he saves every one for a good end is surely going to succeed. The man who can dispose of every last ounce of his farm products to some useful end will make rich while others grow poor.

The greatest waste in this country as in others is the waste of life. The long winter evenings might be usefully employed in every farm home. The years from fourteen to sixteen need not be lost to so many city youths. All that is needed is a little planning and a little expenditure that will repay itself a hundred times over and in a hundred ways later on. To make money is desirable, but it is not as important as making rich one's life. A good library in the home a suitable school for the growing girl and the growing boy-these are among the best preventatives of waste of life. The nation concerned for the conservation of its people should make the country home rich in comfort, in intellectual and social privilege and in spiritual aspiration. It is from the country home that the national life records its leaders. Twenty years ago seventy-five per cent. of the University men of Canada came from the farm house. Not more than twenty per cent. of the great leaders, even of the commercial world, were born in the City. The building place for homes is the broad bosom of old Mother Earth. The land, the farm, the country-the sweet clean open country-that is God's place for the making of a home. The country home has the first claim upon the farm.



The Western Home Monthly

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

Turn Tables

Written for The Westerr Home Monthly by Vera Roberts

the chores to be done, Mr. Thompson gathered the lines into his hand, and stepped up into his wagon. He was just starting to their nearest town, some forty miles distant, with a load of potatoes.

His wife, a meek little woman, had followed him to the gate.

"Now John," she called to him, as he was starting away, "Don't be gone any longer than is necessary this time, will you ?"

"Of course not," her husband answered, "Don't I always come home as soon as I can?"

"Well, I don't think you do, because the last time you stayed away nearly a day longer than you really needed to.' "Oh! women are always scolding," replied John.

TITH a few last instructions, about Thompson had plowed, and harrowed the ground the day before. They planted all the early garden seeds that day as it was such a fine day for such work.

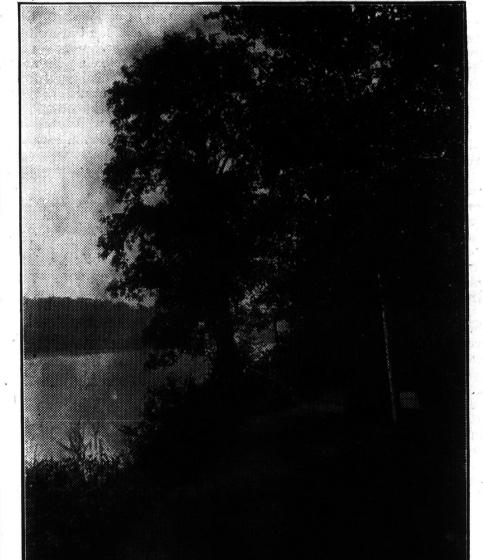
The day passed uneventfully and chore time came.

Mrs. Thompson prepared supper early, put the two elder children to bed, and then rocked little Glen to sleep. She hastily donned jacket and cap and hunting up the milk pails, she went to the barn.

Eggs were to gather, the setting hens to attend to, pigs to feed, horses to be watered, and last but not least there was the milking of four cows.

She hurried at the task, for she knew it would soon be dark.

When she had finished she went to the house, glad that the night's work was over.





20 GAUGE Light Weight Hammerless Repeating Shotgun

This new Winchester is the lightest, strongest and handsomest repeating shotgun made. It weighs only about 5³/₄ pounds, yet it has surpassing strength, as all the metal parts are made of Nickel Steel, having about 50,000 pounds more tensile strength to the square inch than ordinary steel. The receiver is free from screws and unsightly pins to collect rust and dirt and work loose, and its solid breech, closed at the rear, makes it extremely safe. It operates and works with an ease and smoothness not found in similar guns of other makes. It is simple to load and unload, easy to take down, being separated into two parts quickly without tools. For pattern and penetration, it is fully up to the established Winchester standard of shooting quality, which has no superior.

Ask your dealer to show you one, or send to Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn., for illustrated circular.

A 20 GAUGE GUN FROM BUTT TO MUZZLE.

View at new Exhibition Site, Winnipeg

"The chores are getting so hard to do, with so much milking, and besides," she added, "I do not like to leave the children in the house so much alone." "Oh! Pshaw," John answered, "You

will get along all right. No use wor-rying over trifles," and with a hurried good-bye he started away.

"I will be back tomorrow afternoon some time," he called back to her, from the outer gate.

"That just means one night at any rate," she said to herself as she turned back to the house.

"I suppose I can manage the work that long, for it won't be the first time I have had it to do." She then finished up her work in the house, and prepared the children's breakfast.

They had not risen yet, as it was still early in the morning. It was not long however until she heard them coming downstairs ready for their breakfast.

The oldest was a boy, Jamie, eight years of age. Josie the small daughter was just four and baby Glen was not quite two.

They were a jolly bunch of youngsters as a rule, and all came down smiling this morning.

When the breakfast was over, morning work all finished, they went out to plant some of the early garden. Mr. and she soon got better.

She decided to get up early the next morning, and get the chores done before the little folks were up, so setting the alarm for five o'clock she went to bed also.

Five o'clock seemed to come quite early in the morning, but she arose at once, making as little noise as possible, for she did not wish to arouse the children.

She found everything all right at the barn, and soon she had the chores finished again.

Turning the horses and cattle out to pasture and letting the little chickens out of their coops, she went back to the house.

By the time breakfast was ready the little folks were up.

"Josie seems to have a cold this morning," she said to herself, as she heard her little daughter coughing as she came downstairs.

"I hope she doesn't have the croup again," she thought anxiously.

"I don't like the sound of that cough. She must have caught cold in the garden yesterday, but perhaps it will wear off today.

She gave her some simple home remedies, which she always kept on hand,

The Western Home Monthly

The second day passed about the same as the first one, and when noon had passed, they began watching for the father to come home. The afternoon wore on but he did not come.

"Surely," she thought to herself, "John will be home today." As evening came on, and he did not come she thought she had best get the outside work done for she knew it would be late when he came.

When they had eaten their supper she placed his supper on the back of the range where it would keep warm, and put the older children in bed.

Baby Glen, however, was in no mood for sleep, and it was almost dark, when she finally put him in bed. Getting her milk-pails, she went out

to the barn.

She expected to find the cattle in the lot, but some they were milking were not there, and she knew she would have to hunt them up.

Calling the dog, she started down across the pasture for them.

"Oh! dear," she said to herself, as she came up to them, "another fresh cow to take care of tonight." With the dog's help she drove them slowly to the barn.

The little calf did not care whether it went to the barn or not, and gave her considerable trouble. She finally drove them into the lot.

Glancing around she saw that John was nowhere to be seen.

"Not home yet. Well I might as well tackle these chores again and be done with it for it's no John tonight." She took her buckets down from the pegs she had hung them on and went at it.

When she reached the house after finishing the outside work, she sat down in the nearest chair.

The clock struck ten.

"Well, I am tired," she said to herself. "I just wonder how a man would enjoy doing the work in the house, taking care of three children and doing chores too. I guess they would find out it was something more than mere trifles.'

She was so tired she went to bed immediately, glad of a chance to rest.

The children were all sleeping peacefully when she went to bed, and she soon dropped off to sleep. How long she slept she did not know when she was awakened suddenly by hearing Josie coughing. She got up hurriedly, for she knew she had no time to lose when Josie had the croup. Hastily she measured a dose of croup

medicine from a bottle on the shelf and coaxed Josie to take it.

Sitting down by the beside she gave her frequent doses of medicine and watched her carefully for nearly two hours. She quit coughing and went back to sleep.

Knowing that the danger was over for the night, Mrs. Thompson went wearily back to bed.

The baby had been cutting teeth and was quite fretful the rest of the night, and she arose in the morning almos as tired as when she went to bed the night before. "Raining," she said to herself as she heard the rain on the roof. "I think I will get breakfast first this morning, and it may quit raining before I go outside to work. She soon had a tempting meal ready, and the little folks dressed. In spite of the bad weather they had quite a merry meal.

"Well, Maggie, you are a sight." "So are you," she retorted. she retorted. "Why didn't you come home to do the chores and then I wouldn't be quite such a sight. You may find this quite funny, but I fail to see it," and with an angry toss of her head she stalked into

"Well," thought John, as he climbed down from the wagon, "I guess I'd bet-ter keep still."

When he entered the house some time later, he found his wife with a clean dress on, hair combed neatly, and

looking as though she had never had any accident with the milk pails. "Well Maggie, I didn't mean to make you so mad," he apoligized, as he came in, giving her a present.

She was pleased with it, but was

too angry yet to say so. Pretty soon she asked, "Why did you stay away last night?"

"Well you see," John explained, "it was like this-I ran across an old friend of mine in town that I had not seen for ten years, and he invited me out for supper. I went intending to come on home afterwards, but it got dark so quickly, they would not hear of me driving home after dark.

"It would have been too bad if you had driven home in the dark," she said sarcastically.

"It was too dark for you to come home, but," she added, "it wasn't too dark for me to do the chores, take care of a fresh cow, get up in the middle of the night to doctor Josie with the

croup, and spend the rest of the night soothing a fretful baby.'

One of the neighbors called and left the mail and she laid it aside until after supper. When supper was over and children in bed, she brought out the mail.

John was soon deeply interested in the farm papers and Maggie read her letter.

"Oh! John," she exclaimed as she read it, "Father says in his letter that mother is quite sick and wants me to go home."

She handed the letter to him and when he had read it through he said:

"You will have to go early in the morning as she must be quite sick." When he came back, he washed the

dishes and cream separator, made up



Mr. Edison's **Pet and Hobby**

He realizes the wonderful value of his phonograph as a cementer of home ties and as a maker of happy homes. And for this reason he worked for years striving to produce the most perfect phonograph. At last he has produced this new model, and his friends have induced him to take the first vacation he has had in over a quarter of a century. Just think of it; over twenty-five years of unremitting work on many inven-tions—then his pet and hobby per-fected—then a vacation. of his phonograph as a cementer

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you all about the wonderful new model Edison with Mr. Edison's new Model R Reproducer and the new parlor grand equipment. With this catalog we also send full explanation of our free shipment offer.

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Josie seemed quite well again and only coughed several times. Her mother was thankful it had been no worse.

Breakfast things had been cleared away, the children were playing school, with their blackboard and chalk. Glancing at the clock she noticed it was nearing ten o'clock. The rain was still coming down in torrents, but she hunted up her jacket, cap, and rubbers and prepared to face it.

The chores were hard to do this morning, but finally the last of them was attended to. She was just going through the gate with two pails of attended to. milk, and not noticing a hoop which the children had left in the path the day before, she stepped into it, and the next moment she measured her length on the ground.

When she struggled to her feet she was mud, water, and milk from head to foot.

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The Western Home Monthly.

the beds and swept the floors. The house looked as well that day as if Maggie had been keeping house herself.

When chore time came he did not know what to do about the children. but decided to take them with him again.

He did not know that Maggie always put them to bed before she went outside to work. He had just commenced to milk, when one of the cows caught sight of her calf and went to bawling.

This startled the baby, and he commenced to cry lustily. John tried to quiet him, but it was of no use.

He set the pails in the manger and took the children to the house. He put the elder two in bed, and then sat down and soon rocked the baby to sleep.

"Well, I wish I had thought of this way first," he thought to himself," but I can't expect to know it all at once."

By the time he had finished with his chores, he was quite tired, for it was getting late. Setting the supper dishes aside, he went to bed.

Josie fell out of bed in the night, and awakened him with her howls, but he soon quieted her, gave the baby a drink, and then slept until morning.

The next day passed about the same as the first, but he was glad Maggie was coming home that day, for it was not like home without her.

He prepared supper early thinking she would be at home by the time it was ready.

He wished more than once for Maggie, and had plenty of time before morning, to think of the many nights she had sat thus alone, while he was away.

"I did not think or realize," he thought to himself, "that croup was as serious as this."

"Morning at last," he thought, as the first streak of daylight began to show in the eastern sky.

Josie was now sleeping but was get-ting her breath so hard that he was more alarmed than he had ever been in his life. He went to the barn to attend to his work there but he slipped back to the house several times for he was afraid Josie might choke while he was away. When he had breakfast ready, Josie could not eat. She tried to talk, but no words came.

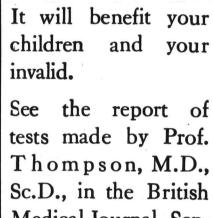
John put Jamie's coat and hat on him, then sent him to their nearest neighbors.

He wrote a note to Mrs. Jones telling her how bad the little girl was with the croup, and to bring some medicine over with her when she came.

When she came soon after, she brought some simple remedies with her, but confessed she knew very little about the croup.

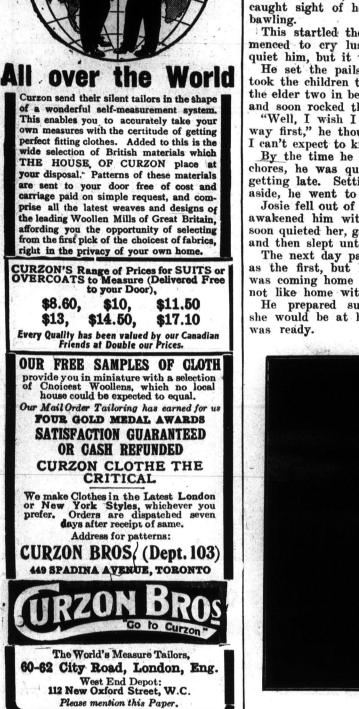
"If Maggie were here she would know of something to do," said John, "but I never saw her get so bad with it."

"Hurrah!" shouted Jamie. "Here is mama," and looking out they saw her driving in at the outer gate.



Medical Journal, September 16th, 1911.





Winnipeg, September, 1913.

BOVR

GIVES

STAMINA



When writing advertisers please mention The Western Home Monthly. per without her. He then placed sup-per on the back of the range, where it Jamie ran out to meet his mother would keep warm for her when she came and persuaded the little folks to go to bed.

5 a.m. on the Nechako River, B.C.

She did not come, and they ate sup- | It was sooner than John had been ex-

Baby Glen was beginning to miss his mamma and cried and cried, first hard and then harder. Mr. Thompson rocked him, talked to him, and finally walked the floor with him, until, utterly worn out, the baby finally slept. With a sigh of relief John placed him carefully in bed, scared lest he should wake up, and cry some more.

It was almost eleven o'clock when the chores were finished for the night, and still Maggie did not come.

Knowing she would not get home that night he blew out the lights and went to bed.

It was nearly one o'clock when he was awakened by one of the children coughing. When he had lighted the lamp, he found Jamie sitting up in bed, beside his sister, telling him that Josie had the croup again. She seemed to be strangling and catching her up out of bed, he asked Jamie how her mother doctored her when she had the croup. Jamie showed him the medicine on the shelf, and taking down the bottle, he read the directions. He gave her some of it, as quickly as he could, for he soon realized she was very bad, and in spite of the repeated doses, she seemed to get no better.

All the rest of the night he sat by the bedside, giving her the medicine, but each spell of coughing seemed to get more severe.

and said: "Mama, Josie is nearly dying with the croup, you had best hurry. Mrs. Jones is here, papa has been crying, and we are just having an awful time.

With cheeks pale and hands that trembled, she tied the team to a post, and stooping to kiss Jamie's little anxious face, she caught him by the hand and hurried into the house.

As soon as she opened the door, she could hear her little daughter breathing, and she knew Jamie had spoken the truth.

As soon as she had spoken to John and Mrs. Jones, she threw aside her wraps, and was soon kneeling beside her little daughter. She covered the little face and hands with passionate kisses, calling her every pet and endearing name she could think of. Josie slipped her arms around her mother's neck, and tried to talk, but no words came. The only sound was a hoarse strangling cough. She then asked what they had been doing, to relieve her, and Mrs. Jones explained, as quickly as she could.

John sat at the table, with bowed head, too heartsick for speech. "I was speaking to the doctor that was waiting on mother," said Maggie, "about Josie having such frequent attacks of the croup, and he advised trying a steam bath with lime, followed by mustard poultices."

"I can get the lime, Maggie, for I brought some home with me the other





The Western Home Monthly

day," and rising, John put on his hat and went at once for it, glad of a chance to be doing something.

The women undressed little Josie, and slipped a clean nightdress on her. Maggie held her in her arms, keep-

ing her well wrapped up, while Mrs. Jones prepared the mustard ready for poultices, by using one part mustard and three of flour, stirring together with cold water and placing the paste thus made between cloths. The water was now boiling, and taking the lime from him when he came in, she threw it into a bucket, and poured the boil-ing water over it. They then threw a blanket over Maggie and Josie and enveloping her completely.

The steam from the lime was horrid but Maggie closed her eyes and stood it. The sweat poured from her face in streams. Josie was sweating from head to foot, and coughing, also trying to cry, but Maggie soothed her, and kept telling her it would soon be over. and it would help Josie get well. As soon as the steam bath was over, they placed the mustard poultices on her back and chest as the doctor had directed, wrapped her up snugly and tucked her into bed.

Maggie then opened her suit-case and found the new bottle of croup medicine, which she had brought home with her and gave Josie a dose of it.

She commenced coughing and strangling again, and they thought she could

not recover, but much to Maggie's relief she heard the dry hard cough loosen, and soon the little throat began to clear itself. The breathing got easier and the danger was over.

Maggie was utterly exhausted, and as Josie was now sleeping, her head dropped forward on the bed and she, too, slept.

Little Glen had not received much attention, and now that the excitement was over, he crept to his mother's side, and wanted to be taken.

John with rare thoughtfulness, picked the little fellow up, and taking Jamie also, they went out to help daddy unhitch the team, which was still standing where they had been tied.

Mrs. Jones tidied up the house, and prepared their lunch ready on the table, and then said she must go home.

"Many thanks, Mrs. Jones, for your kindness," said John, as she was leaving, "perhaps we can do as much for you some time."

"Don't mention it," she replied has-tily tying on her bonnet, "if you need me any further send Jamie for me."

Promising to do so, he went back into the house. Maggie and Josie were still asleep when he tiptoed into the room, but Maggie roused up when he came in.

"Maggie," he said earnestly as he came at once to her side and put his arms around her, "I will never stay away from home any longer than is



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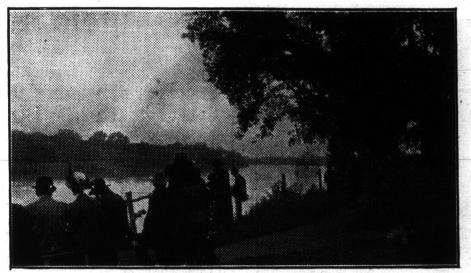
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River Scene at the new Exhibition Site, Winnipeg

AN OLD NURSE

Persuaded Doctor to Drink Postum.

An old faithful nurse and an experienced doctor, are pretty strong combi-nation in favor of Postum, instead of tea and coffee.

The doctor said:

"I began to drink Postum five years ago on the advice of an old nurse.

'During an unusually busy winter, between tea, coffee and overwork, I became a victim of insomnia. In a month after beginning Postum, in place could eat anyt hing and sleep as soundly as a baby. "In three months I had gained twenty pounds in weight. I now use Postum altogether instead of tea and coffee; even at bedtime with a soda cracker or some other tasty biscuit. "Having a little tendency to Diabetes, I used a small quantity of saccharine in stead of sugar, to sweeten with. I may add that today tea or coffee are never present in our house and very many patients, on my advice, have adopted Postum as their regular beverage. "In conclusion I can assure anyone that, as a refreshing, nourishing and nerve-strengthening beverage, there is nothing equal to Postum.'

necessary again. I did not realize quite what it meant, to stay at home alone with the children, until I tried it for myself. They say experience is the best teacher, and I believe they are right."

She answered, "John, do you wonder now why I dread to stay alone, and am angry when you could come home sooner and you do not come? I would have been home yesterday but the crisis in mother's illness came last night at midnight and the doctor and father would not let me leave.

"When the turn came it was, I am happy to say, one for the better. stayed up until four, then ate some breakfast while father hitched up the team for me, and then I started home." "You did not sleep at all last night?" exclaimed John.

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms. Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future. "There's a Reason" for Postum.

"No, I was uneasy about the children, and I could not rest until I got started home.'

"Well," said John thankfully, "All's well that ends-well, come let's eat our lunch Mrs. Jones so kindly prepared for us before leaving." They were all so glad to think the little daughter was so much better that it was a happy meal. Maggie cleared things away and John went out to do his chores.

When John leaves home now he does not stay away as carelessly as in days before, for the few days and nights staying at home had proved to him that the staying at home was by no means the easiest proposition of the two. He had often told Maggie that if he had nothing harder to do, than stay at home, life would be easy. But John says, "Wise men change their minds," and he ought to know.

A Scotch paper says, "A lady, describing herself as a 'beautiful widow,' with a good figure, teeth, feet and hands, and possessing $\pounds 50,000$, is advertising for n husband and a title."

possesses this quality in a high degree.

Has a flavor all its own—as nutritious as heavier foods but, being more easily digested, is far more sustaining. Sold by all Grocers at 10c

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signature Nelloggs CORN FLAKES

The Western Home Monthly

Style 70. t'ew Great Pianos

Most piano makers will tell you that their instruments are the best made. Some of them think so: Others merely say so. But, as a cold, business proposition there are only a few really great pianos manufactured -their hidden parts are identical-and the

Sherlock - Manning **20th Century** Piano

is recognized as one of them. Here is another remarkable fact : A competitor originated our slogan. After studying our instruments he declared : The Sherlock-Manning is

"Canada's Biggest **Piano Value**"

You cannot buy a better

The Rehabilitation of David

S the hands of the office clock | marked ten, a roar from the Stock Exchange across the street rose upon the air, lulled, and swelled again. However the volume of sound might vary, there remained always a steady undercurrent of tone, not unlike the shoreward surge of surf.

The "ghosts" in Buncombe's gathered round the ticker, one calling the prices as they printed. Buncombe's was, in its way, unique among the brokerage firms of Wall Street, a backwater whither the wrecks of that financial sea drifted to find a haven. So far as Trenham knew, not one of them had a pecuniary interest in the market, yet punctually each morning they appeared, no one could say whence. After sitting the day through in Buncombe's easy chairs, reading his news slips and crowding his ticker, they disappeared, whither none could tell.

Several of them bore the earmarks of breeding; one or two, despite shabby clothes, still looked the gentleman. Their talk was largely reminiscent, and stories or anecdotes were invariably prefaced by "when I was a member of the New York Stock Exchange, sir."

At ten thirty a timid little man crept in and joined the group around the machine.

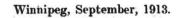
Trenham. "See, a call on one thousand shares at a hundred and twenty. Any-thing above that will be profit! But it's good only today."

Trenham would have liked to ask how his companion came by an option that might, ere the day closed, become valuable; but no information was volunteered.

There was a constant bustling in the office, every one excited, all talking at once. Buncombe raced in for a moment, hair tumbled, voice hoarse from shouting, and raced out again.

"Ah, it's the deuce of a day," he croaked as the swinging door banged behind him.

Messengers clattered in and out, telephone bells rang, tickers thumped. Above all was the infernal babel from the Exchange. Prices were rising. Sugar alone held back. The little man writhed in his chair, ears astrain to catch quotations. Luncheon time came, and the office thinned. He made no move. He had explained 'so often that he thought Incheon unwholesome, that two meals a day were enough for any man. Yet he accepted Trenham's invitation with alacrity, and, once at table, ate with the relish of a hungry man, though casting side glances at the ticker. He was palp-

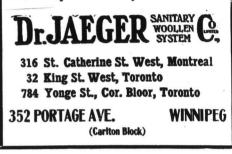


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whether Underwear, Sweater, Gloves, Cap, Coat or Rug, you do not realize the thought and care that has gone to making of it, but you appreciate its excellence.

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Helen Walcott, daughter of Dr. Chas. D. Walcott, Secy. Smithsonian Institution. Miss Walcott is a noted Alpine climber and proposes scaling Robson Peak this summer, Miss Walcott is now in the Robson district with her father who is engaged in an extensive geological research.



SPECIAL OFFER TO OUR READERS

In order to advertise and introduce their home study music lessons in every locality, the International Institute of Music of New York will give free to our readers a complete course of instruction for either Piano, Organ, Violin, Mandolin, Guitar, Cornet, Banjo, Cello or Sight Singing. In return they simply ask that you recommend their Institute to your friends after you learn to play.

You may not know one note from another; yet, by their wonderfully simple and thorough method, you can "Good morning," said he, generally. ably anxious at the sluggishness of Su- soon learn to play. If you are an ad-

| piano than the Sherlock- | "Not out yet." | gar. "Don't think about the market," Tren- | vanced player you will receive special instruction. |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Manning pay what price you | "London up?" | ham said to him, and made him drink | |
| will, and when you do buy a | "Two points." | part of a bottle of sherry. The wine | The lessons are sent weekly. They |
| Sherlock-Manning you can | The late comer chose a chair next | steadied him. | are so simple and easy that they are recommended to any person or little |
| rest assured that your in- | Trenham's, and drew in behind a com- mercial newspaper. As a rule, Trenham | 'I must apologize, sir, for my nervous- ness," he said. "When I was a member | child who can read English. Photo- |
| | had observed, he sat silent, eye upon | of the New York Stock Exchange, I | graphs and drawings make everything |
| strument is | tape or newspaper, jaws working auto- | could stand to win or lose without a | plain. Under the Institute's free |
| and of the form quart ninner | matically upon borrowed tobacco, in | tremor. For more than a year I have | tuition offer, you will be asked to pay |
| —one of the few great pianos | time to lifting brows. Presently the lit- | waited for this opportunity, watching | only a very small amount (averaging 14 cents a week) to cover postage and |
| made | tle man peeped forth, very much as a mouse from out a hole. | and studying the movements of Sugar, | the necessary sheet music. |
| | "I look for a bull market today." | scrimping, saving, and denying, in order | - |
| | "Can't see it, after Saturday's bank | to be ready to take advantage of any chance that might present itself. And, | No one should overlook this won- derful offer. Tell your friends about |
| liancy of tone | statement, even though London was | sir, just when I judged the time ripe, I | it—show this article to them. |
| -that it is built to endure, | higher," replied Trenham. | was enabled to secure this call. It | The International Institute has suc- |
| | "I am sorry," said the other mildly. | seems the hand of fate." | cessfully taught others and can suc- |
| and YOU save \$100, by our | "I hoped it might rise." | "I hope you'll win something hand- | cessfully teach you, even if you know |
| different and better way of | For days the market had been fever- | some," said Trenham sympathetically. | absolutely nothing whatever about |
| doing business. | ish. Anything might be expected of it, and in whatever direction it went the | "I am not without hopes. It is my | music. The lessons make everything |
| | movement was likely to be decided. The | daughter for whom I am anxious." He opened his watch and passed it to Tren- | clear. |
| Don't you think that it | roar from the Exchange grew momen- | ham. "Her picture, sir. She is not | Write today for the free booklet, |
| would pay you well to con- | tarily louder; the ticker clicked and | strong; the physicians fear for her | which explains everything. It will |
| sider our proofs of these | thumped, and prices grew more buoy- | lungs, and recommend a higher altitude. | convince you and cost you nothing. Ad- dress your letter or postal card to In- |
| claims? Write today for our | ant. The little man again sat down be- side Trenham. Jaws and eyebrows | she is a fine girl, sir, a fine girl; beau- | ternational Institute of Music, 98 Fifth |
| handsome Art Catalogue. | worked at racing speed as the upward | fond character. To has long been my | Ave., Dept. 369A, New York, N.Y. |
| | tendency of the market increased the | wish to take her from the city. We both have a fondness for farming, and | |
| And the proofs! 43 | excitement. More than ever did he re- | often spend entire evenings over the seed | |
| | mind one of a mouse, so deprecating | catalogues. I know a place that would | Don't Throw it Away Does Your Granite Dish or Hot Water Bag Leak? |
| SHERLOCK-MANNING | and unobtrusive he was in his pathetic little way. | suit us exactly, in the locality pre- | USE MENDETS |
| PIANO CO. | "Sugar nineteen and a half," called | scribed by the doctors. It is expensive. | A ANTENT MITCH |
| (No street address necessary) | some one at the ticker. It was an ad- | When I tell you the price is ten thou- sand dollars, you will be able to appre- | They mend all leaks in all utensils_tin, brass, copper, graniteware, hot water bags, etc. |
| | vance of one point over the opening. | ciate my anxiety for a substantial rise | No solder cement or rivet. Anyone can use |
| London - Canada | The little man twitched nervously. | in Sugar. Shall we return to our office. | them; fit any surface, two million in use. Send for sample pkg., 10c. COMPLETE PACKAGE ASSORTED SIZES, 25C., POSTFAIL. Agents wanted |
| | "Twenty is my price," he whispered to | sir?" | Collette Mfg. Co., Dept. B Collingwood, Ont. |
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| | | A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY. | |
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The Western Home Monthly

Palla fig alla ga

They found the place in an uproar. "Ah, will you look at Sugar!" a threadbare individual was shouting, as he danced clumsily in and out among the group. The little man forced his way group. The neuron man forced mis way to the machine. Quotations flowed in quick succession: Sugar, 127, 127¹/₂, 128. He caled Buncombe aside, showed him the privilege, and asked him to watch the market,

"Shall I sell for you?" Buncombe asked.

"Not yet."

It spread through the office that "old had a call on a thousand Sugar. Dave' already showing a profit of seven or eight thousand dollars. He was asked to show it, and upon complying, became at once the center of an excited group. Men who had formerly scoffed at him. or ignored him clamored for his opinion on the market. For the first time in years he was treated with consideration as a person whose lightest word was of value. He swelled visibly under this homage, and paced the floor with lordly tread, his hands beneath the tails of his coat. Personal views and pet theories on speculation, to which no one had ever listened before, were now received with attention and respectful silence. His voice, hitherto low and deprecating, took on a surer ring; his shuffling step became brisk and firm; he held his head erect, and exhibited his option when asked to do so, speaking of it in a cas-ual fashion, as if it was a matter of little moment. It struck no one that he was ludicrous. The price of Sugar went up to 1301/2, hung there, went back to 129, up half a point, and down again as much. Trenham touched Dave's arm. "Give your order to sell at thirty and a half.

Dave shook his head.

"You can buy your farm," Trenham pleaded.

"Sir, there is a fortune in it!"

"Think of your daughter." When Dave next spoke he was more ke his former self. "Sir, the curse of like his former self. my life has been losing my nerve at critical moments. When I refuse to sell, be sure it is for my child's sake."

The market hung steady. Buncombe rushed in.

"I don't like the looks of things," he said. "You'd better take your profit, Dave."

"Not yet."

STOPPED SHORT

Taking Tonics, and Built up on Right Food.

The mistake is frequently made of trying to build up a worn-out nervous system on so-called tonics-drugs.

New material from which to rebuild waster nerve cells, is what should be supplied, and this can be obtained only from proper food.

"Two years ago I found myself on the verge of a complete nervous collapse, due

Dave's voice was confident. A new dignity sat upon him. A person having known him in past years would have hailed the recrudescence of Mr. David Mallett, a man of authority, a power in his day.

"Mr. Mallett." said Buncombe earnest ly, "let me sell. That market will get away from you; it's tricky as the deuce."

Mallett turned his back, with a conclusive shake of the head, and walked away. The Exchange became bedlam. As three o'clock was neared, the ticker thumped like a high power engine at full speed. Sugar 1301/2, 130, 1291/2, 129, 128%, and down by eighths and quarters to $126\frac{1}{2}$. Dave weakened in a flash.

"Telephone Mr. Buncombe to sell," he said. "And call the stock; here's the privilege.'

The clerk rang the bell, and rang it again. "Hello! Hello!" he cried whacking the box with his knuckles in his excitement. He worked the handle for a full minute, and still the ticker thumped, as ineluctable as death: Sugar, 1251/2, 125, 124, 1231/2. The clerk wrote an order.

"Here, boy, run with this to Bun-combe. Something has happened to the damned 'phone.'

Mallett walked up and down, his hand beneath the tails of his coat. Three o'clock chimed from Trinity, and shortly after Buncombe came in.

"Sorry, Mallett," he said. "Twenty and three quarters was the best I could do.'

"Yes, sir?"

"Ought to have sold when I wanted you to."

"I s'pose I had, sir," replied Mallett. His figure seemed to shrink to its former insignificance; his head sank upon his shoulders, his eyebrows resumed their automatic twitch. For a time he stood buttoning and unbuttoning his thin coat; then he turned towards the door, where he paused, a hand on the knob.

"Good night, gentlemen."

"Oh, good night, Dave." "Now ain't that hell?" said a threadbare individual when the door had closed. Jonathan Henley.

The Joys of Old Age

Yes, youth is of life the Spring-time, With everything glad and gay, When the bells of joy peal a merry chime.

And the heart signs all the day. But the rosebud is fairest and sweetest. When the fragrant, pink petals unfold, So the life that is rarest, completest, Must be lived by the one who is old.

And youth is the time of beauty, Of form and feature fair,

Untouched by the call of stern duty, Unmarred by the world's cark and

care;



Cocoanut Oil from the sunny Orient. Olive Oil from the hillsides of France. Exquisitely blended perfume of flowers. Fifty years' experience in soap making.



Infants -Delight TOILET SOAP

A Bathing and Toilet luxury. A Skin Tonic combining rare cleansing power with soothing, softening, refreshing effect. The original Taylor Toilet Delight. Each cake in its own sanitary package.



to overwork and study, and to illness in the family," writes a young mother.

"My friends became alarmed because I grew pale and thin and could not sleep nights. I took various tonics prescribed by physicians, but their effects wore off shortly after I stopped taking them. My food did not seem to nourish me and I gained no flesh nor blood.

"Reading of Grape-Nuts, I determined to stop the tonics and see what a change of diet would do. I ate Grape-Nuts four times a day with cream and drank milk also, went to bed early after eating a dish of Grape-Nuts before retiring. "In about two weeks I was sleeping

soundly. In a short time gained 20 lbs. in weight and felt like a different woman. My little daughter whom I was obliged to keep out of school last spring on account of chronic catarrh, has changed from a thin, pale nervous child to a rosy, healthy girl and has gone back to school this fall.

"Grape-Nuts and fresh air were the only agents used to accomplish the happy results."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read the little booklet, The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Yet each wrinkle of age a long story, Of patient endurance has told,

And the gray head, the true crown of

glory, In its beauty belongs to the old.

And youth is the time for the story, Told in a low, tender tone, When eyes search hers for the glory

Of love that is filling his own; But the testing days with their hopes

and fears,

Come after the story is told, And the love that has stood the test of years,

Can only belong to the old.

For Autumn has many rich treasures That cannot be found in the spring; And winter has other rare pleasures, Than those that summer can bring; Each year of life is a gem God lent

To hang on its chain of gold, And the tranquil joys of a life well spent

Can only be known by the old. -Mabel Cooper.

"There's just two things that break up most happy homes," observed a philosopher.

"What's them?" inquired a listener. "Woman's love for dry goods an' man's love for wet goods, b'gosh!"

Ρυκή α deans ULAKN J



The value of BEANS as a strength producing food needs no demonstration. Their preparation in appetizing form is, however, a matter entailing considerable labour in the ordinary kitchen.

CLARK'S PORK & BEANS save you the time and the trouble. They are prepared only from the finest beans combined with delicate sauces, made from the purest

ingredients, in a factory equipped with the most modern appliances.

THEY ARE COOKED READY-SIMPLY WARM UP THE CAN BEFORE OPENING

W. Clark

Montreal

Ask your neighbor to take The Western Home Monthly Special Rates in combination with other papers



10

The Western Home Monthly

, Mrs Sweeney's Tactics

WHEN a lady has got to pawn her hair to pay her gas bill with," said Mrs. Sweeny, "it ain't no said in't in our set no more, bein' down and nice thing."

"No," agreed the Border sympatheti-

cally. "Specially," she continued, "when it of fell-away in the makes you look sort of fell-away in the face."

The Boarder had never been able to divine the plot of his landlady's harangues from the opening paragraphs; so he settled back in his chair to await the great light which must presently break. He felt certain that something of moment was afoot with the racetrack bookmaker's widow, and he listened attentively while she went on. contenting himself with the observation:

"Women seem to be hair crazy, these days."

"Ain't they, though!" she cried. "They all wants to look like they was a haymow. But that same hair business is what----- Say, mister, them windows oughta be washed, and washed good!"

She paused to pass her fingers over the degenerate panes, and to examine critically the resulting track of clearness.

Bright Eyes that's remarkin' in the

great Dee-plomacy Handicap!"

"Yep," she resumed; "them oughta be "Yep," she resumed: "them oughta be with there here ring I wed you, kid" made over some by a scrub-lady. Say, things."

out; so I'll chop her from my gossipin' list,' she says. And so her and me ain't spoke much since, and I grew to love her like Danny loved my first cookin'. I alwus usta think I'd be happy enough to try to sing if I could bat her over the head with a social amenity stuffed with a brick and wrapped up in a pair of spiked shoes.

"So there was I, mister, with a fine grouch against a lady, and a way to get even. For, you see, Louise McCarty blows along and wants to sign me as

- trainer, so to speak. "Belle,' she says, 'I have went and got dippy over the loveliest man!'
- "You ain't mentioned no names,' I reminded her.

"Well,' she says, 'my new gent'man fr'en' is Aloysius Boyle,' she says, 'and, Belle, I want you to plug my gametout me good and hard, so's I'll get a invite to Mis' Boyle's house. A lady can't be too intimate,' she says, 'with her gent'man fr'en's family, if she makes good in nailin' him with one of them

"You weren't really going to help

asked the Boarder, incredulous.



chirpful as I thought it would. Two or three times I got sort of wrinkly in my forehead over it. 'Belle Sweeny,' I says, 'if your Danny knowed this business, he'd hate you worse than carryin' a bundle home,' I says. And so, after a while I begun to loose my ambish, so to speak, mister." She paused, and put finger to her lips, in a reflective manner.

"Some of them editorials you write in the paper is awful hard on gamblers, and I ain't sayin' some of them fellers at the track don't deserve all they gets. But I'll just say this for my Danny-he developed me, he did. There I was, a kid workin' in that West Baden, Indiana, store, sweepin' change out of the cau drawer now and then-yes, I did, mister! I uster knock down worse'n a barkeep!and along comes Danny, makin' me see how low-down was stealin' and tellin lies and bein' a lady crook. He usta talk soft-like, and nice, about underhand tricks and deceivin' your best fr'en's, till I couldn't of lied to him to save a new hat from bein' rained on. Honust, I couldn't, mister!"

"There's a good streak in everybody, even in gamblers," interrupted the Boarder.

"Well," announced Mrs. Sweeny, "I'm a mighty sight better lady than I was before he cops me out and sticks me in this flat in Central Park West, here. And it wasn't nothin' more than the decent streak he'd cultivated in me that called me off on that Aloysius business. After while it seemed like I just couldn't do it. Something said to me: 'Belle Sweeny, if you want to get even with Mis' Boyle for slightin' you. bat her in the jaw, all open and aboveboard. Don't do nothin' unladylike.'

"So that got me thinkin', mister, that it wasn't enough just to kick out of the game. I'd helped Aloysius to lose that thing he called a head, and I realized that there was matters that must be undid. And I kin tell you, mister, I never studied out such a puzzlin' dope sheet. Every entry, so to speak, was a dead one. The first didn't seem no good; the second had a crooked jockey up; the third never won a race; and, as for the rest, I couldn't see 'em at a hundred to one. I guess it was the Sweeny luck that butts in just when I was due for a Don't cry, little girl, don't cry' argument. It was this way:

"The villainness of the piece drops into my flat to get some help in dopin' out where she stood with the angel child, and she says: 'Belle, I seen him pipin' off my hair one day. Ain't it all to the

come-on?' she says. "'H'm!' I says, gettin' a flash on somethin' I wanted a minute to study over. 'You haven't had no new hair for a long time, have you?'

asked the Boarder, incredulous. "Well,' she says, apologizin'-like, "I sure was." Mrs. Sweenv declared. 'times ain't been no good with me lately



Running the Grand Canyon without a crew. Fraser River

| | To show our | "Now, now!" objected the Boarder. | | -and hair costs so darn much, you |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | artificial limbs to | "Won't you please talk in something be- | wouldn't of ast that. When one lady | know. Belle, dear' |
| | the experienced | sides race track?" | rate it in the another lales -1. | "You oughta have more? says I. and |
| | wearer is to | "Sure! I mean I was a matchmaker. | aton at nothin' mat amon latting it is | I wanted to giggle, 'cause it was the |
| | make a sale. | only I didn't live up to the advertisin'. | In dre way your might and and a loss of the | truth-oh, gee, how true it was mister! |
| | They are neat. | That there Louise McCarty, her that | | |
| | strong. light, and | every jockey lovingly hollers Hello. | Porta company for a 1 1 111 1 | a toupee for a lima bean, she ain't. But, |
| | practical. | a contraction of the contract of the state | PARIS TRAT WATER AND A AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A | honust, the way she pins on the store |
| | We can fit you | ty years old, or oughta be if she ain't. | TTO OT TO DOT OT TTO TT | stuff would actually shock you, as the |
| | out at short no- | and is about as desirable a proposition | I could almost hear that uppish, snippy | newspapers might put it. She carries |
| | tice with the | as a place bet on a doped horse that " | adv comin' around to me and arvin' an | around enough hair to make eight lawn- |
| | best that money | The Boarder's puzzled look caused the | her sneed the West Summer West | tennis nets, double-court size." |
| | can buy. | -peaker to pause until apparently her | Sweens amma had- me h. 1111 at | Mrs. Sweeny regarded the Boarder |
| | Writeforfurther | listener had assimilated the information. | gee! | doubtfully before she resumed. Hers |
| | | before purveying more. | "I got real excited over it. I did: and | was the attitude of one who questions |
| | information, also | "Louise ain't no good." came the ex- | The very heat thing I done was to have | the ability of mere man to draw proper |
| | state what kind | planatory note. "She was follerin' the | em meet in my house for dinner. That | conclusions in a matter peculiarly fem- |
| | | ponies, makin' piker bets and hopin' for | there dinner burned up so much gas | inine. |
| | of amputation | a big winnin', when Sheridan was twen- | that when the bill come I jest gasped- | "I ain't sayin' that I'm above wearin" |
| | you have. | ty miles away-she was! Alwus lookin | uh-uh-like that, real hard. Then 1 | a short quart or so of hair, myself, mis- |
| | | to grab off a rich husband, too: and so. | goes out and nawns three pints of my | ter. All ladies does, these days. It's |
| | | when she is introduced to that pet of the | hair, not countin' some swell putte 1 | like this, for instance: I seen Mrs. Gold |
| | J.H.GARSON | foolish house. Aloysius Boyle, that's | got the bill paid: but I've looked dented | Dollar Cohen las' Sattidy wearin' a |
| | 357 Notre Dame | twenty-two years old but don't dare | in. ever since. | hundred-and-titty-plunk blonde switch. |
| | Avenue | claim more'n six, she's on the job to | "Well, honust I never seen notativ fall | Ladies was lookin' at her all up and |
| | | oncet, mister, as I seen plain from where | for a lady like Alevsius fell for that | down the avenue, and says I to myself: |
| | WINNIPEG | L SILS. | Old Ladies' Home sign Anyholy and | If my Danny was livin' now. I'd get |
| | | "Aloysius' ma is the widow lady of | see that she was the one hast hat with | |
| | MAN. | Yellow Money Pat-vou've heard of | him. He'l set and hold her hand which | |
| | | him. mister: for there wasn't nobody | was the same as grabbin' a fisting of | was cuvious, too, just like me. Hair |
| | | here it New York made more money at | toastin wires, and look into her ever | ain't air no more, like it was when |
| | | the best an him, not even my poor | like he was seein' the loveliest biograph | Mar ma was in her prime. Them days, |
| | | Danny. And the aids come over with | pitchers ever, in 'em. Land, that work, | bi s t ver wore nothin' but their own |
| | | a wad of a hundred thousand since he | an was -> sure of him that she promise! | the second se |
| | | was two end it was easy as findin' | to pay my rent six months in advance, | |
| | | kick- age a l'anitor to pry check- out | the min - is somes across with ane | a set and blush because they thought |
| | | of him | question" I"I say for her that she was | Was next. |
| | | lier than | liberal application minded. | |
| | When writing advertisers please | did: but Danny Hel and T was | "Some T, though, mister, all this here | " - " Einstein, she says to Mrs |
| | mention The Western Home Monthly. | lieft alone and the against it approxi- | thing shout makin' me as happy and | |
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By Charles R. Barnes

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The Western Home Monthly.

"'They's a sale of transformations down to Madam McDowd's to-morruh,' she says, 'and I gotta get one, sure. This here one I'm wearin' makes my face too full.

"'Dear me, ain't it the truth?' says Mrs. Gold Dollar Cohen. 'And I guess I gotta get me some new puffs. These here ones ain't a good match with my natural hair.'

'Why don't you just hang on to them and get some more to sorta cover them up,' says Plunger's wife. 'You kin stand more'n you're wearin'.'

"Well, now, that's a good idee, come to think of it,' Mrs. Gold Dollar says, 'and I sure thank you for mentionin' it. You're a true friend, Mrs. Einstein.'" Mrs. Sweeny interpreted the Boarder's

interrogatory glance as one of doubt, and hastened to einch her argument.

"Take it frum me, I ain't stretchin' it none. Ladies yaps about hair nowadays, most of much as they does of clothes. It ain't that they're lost to all shame, as you newspaper guys would put it; it's just that they ain't got no

sense of humor." The Boarder grinned. "You are a traitor to your sex," he declared.

"Huh!" she cried. "We're all natural traitors, ain't we? Women ain't got the habit of stickin' up for each other; and maybe that there streak helped some in lettin' me hand it to Louise.

"'You better get a bale or two more," I says to her. And whatchu think? Next time she blows around here, there was a lump of hair on her that looked like them hay houses the cannibuls lives

the good work, and you'll just breeze under the wire. You've already took the money home,' I says, 'almost.'

"'Honust!' she wants to know, writhin' in front of my parlor lookin'glass like a busted trolley wire in a windstorm. 'Honust, Belle?'

"'For true,' says I, 'and may I get overcharged at the grocery if I ain't handin' you a tip right from the owner, so to speak,' I says. 'But if you want a lady's honust dope, I'd suggest that you get about six phoney curls for the sides,' I says.

"Well, mister, that run for the book with her. That night she done a stunt of trystin' with her boy wonder, and they hikes off to a show. I seen him takin' notice of Louise's new hair, wonderin', I guess, if it all growed out over- I guess men wasn't meant to get wise to

"'Fine, Louise!' I says. 'Keep up night, or whether it was some she had planted down around her ears for Derby days, as you might say. He never thought of lookin' for no price tag-not him. I seen then that I'd have to sting him hard. Honust, if he'd been Columbus, he'd have sailed his ships agains' this land of the' freedom-frump'lice-interference-if-you-pull-right, and wonderin' why they run aground. He didn't have no battin' eye.'

"Any what?" asked the Boarder.

"Well, he just wasn't wise-that's all. But as for that, he wasn't much different frum most men, I guess, where women is the prize puzzle. I've saw men that's been married ten years and don't know yet that what their wives calls 'jist a little powder to take off the shine' is the complexion they think is so pretty.' But

A good complexion is a precious possession

Once yours, it should be jealously guarded. The exquisite Talc Powder that bears the name Williams improves indifferent

complexions, enhances the good clear ones and preserves those that are most nearly ideal.

Make its use a regular habit and carry it in a Vanity Box for the many little opportunities of freshening the appearance through the day.

Four Odors-Violet, Carnation, Rose and Karsi.



A Vanity Box and an Interesting Offer

For users of Williams' Talc we have had manufactured a charming little Vanity Box, heavily silver-plated, containing a French Powder Puff and a concentrating mirror. We will gladly send this Vanity Box with the sample can of Williams' Dental Cream, trial size, shown in the illustration, on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. Address

THE J. B. WILLIAMS COMPANY, Dept. , 250 Glastonbury, Conn.



my mind. I seen the young feller sizin' your hair up last time you two was here, and I guess he noticed how sort of hit with a club it looked. You better prop it up from under with a rat, and then pin on them half dozen links. It'll make

I was that worried,' I says, 'that I run

twenty-five dollars for to play The Spider in the secon' race to-morruh,' she says; 'but here's where I blow it for

on you, if the trimmin's is a little on

you, that would tell a lady when she looks on the fritz,' she says, as she goes away. And honust, mister, I felt so bad that I didn't eat nothin' but a aig for lunch, to beat myself up, and you might say, for bein' deceitful. But ain't it awful how easy old single ladies is, when

with the long word, but her pride would not permit the question which was on her lips. Therefore she put it from her as one of life's unsolved mysteries, and

after that-and say, mister, she had on a tall and narrow steeple of hair, remindin' you of the Eiffel Tower needin' a shave. Aloysius Boyle, he looked scared. I seen at once that he was worried. I guess he kept thinkin' that if his fynancy's hair growed out that fast, folks would think he was married to a

Somehow you ain't the same, my dear.'

"'He means your hair is dressed dif-

"'It ain't exactly dressed,' he says,

"'You mean congregated,' I says, rememberin' how the minister usta talk, back home in West Baden, Indiana. Then I laughs it all off as a joke, and when I got Louise off to one side, I

with bells on. Your gent'man fr'en,' he's clean fallin' off his seat in admiration. Oh, little girl,' I says, 'you're gal-lopin' home easy,' I says, 'with the money. Go to it,' I says, thinkin' of a

ruh night,' she tells me, 'and I'll stuff it out on the sides with somethin'.'

best work insists upon get-ting "Canada" Portland Cement-

And he looks to see that every

bag bears this label

Write the Canada Cement Information Bureau, Montreal, for a free copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete."

There is a Canada Cement dealer in your neighborhood. If you do not know him, write for his name.

'Use your gloves,' says I. 'They'll just fill it out enough with that what's there now."

"And so they hiked along home, but the youngster he was worried. I didn't see Louise with the finishin' touches on; but Aloysius did, and he got so troubled in his mind that he came around to see me about it.

"'What,' he says, 'is doin'?' "'Come again,' I says, 'and take the cover off your bundle. I can't quite get to your line of talk, little man."

"'I mean her hair,' he says. 'Two weeks ago she looked like women you see in the streets. Now she's the inside of a mattress, and more where that come frum,' he says. 'I ain't goin' to marry no human Angora cat. Why, Belle Sweeny,' he says, 'if I did, and it kept on growin' that way, there couldn't be no fires in the neighborhood without it gettin' singed-and ma'll tell you I never could stand the smell of burnin' hair.' "'Well,' I says, 'tell her to unhook

some of it.' "'What!' says he. 'Do you mean it's-

"Sure, little one,' I says. 'It's as false as a sure-thing tip. All ladies wears it, though,' I tells him, feelin' sorry at how hard he took it. You know, mister, men likes to see women with lots of hair, and they keep kiddin' themselves that it's real, though they know better. But the minute the thing comes home, real strong. them same men gets a hard jolt-ain't I right ?"

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The Western Home Monthly

"Yes," assented the Boarder. "You

are. "Well," she went on, "Aloysius, he was hit harder than a horse when the S. P. C. A. ain't around. He figgered he'd been bunked-swindled, I meanand I helped it along by sayin' as how she was so fond of him.

"The poor old dear,' I says, 'nailed on all that fur, Aloysius, just to please her itty tweetheart.'

"'Gwan!' he says, mad as he could T'm goin' to tie a tin can on her.' He kinda shivered, thinkin' of what he'd escaped. 'I suppose,' he says, 'that as soon as 1 married her she'd come to me and want forty dollars for another concerned, things is apt to be overdid."

trunkload of that stuff. Say, Belle Sweeny'-he put out his hand-you've been my fr'en', and I ain't goin to forget it. I'll tell ma you snatched me out of that there haymow's mitts. Good-by. "And what do you think, mister! Aloysius' ma was so thankful that she come around to call, and carried a hundred shares of Union Pacific for meand, if it wouldn't of went back, I'd have

my three pints of hair again, I would." "You look all right, as it is," consoled the Boarder. "Much more hair would

give you an artificial appearance." "Well," admitted Mrs. Sweeny, pushing up her pompadour with both hands, "perhaps you're right. When ladies is

The Peddler's Lift

By J. W. Fuller

ENRY GIBSON was humming some sort of tune as his old mare jogged along at a slow, steady gaidt-not a joyous note, but a dull, monotonous drone, audible expression of the low ebb to which his spirits had fallen. Why he hummed at all he could scarcely have told; it had become a habit during the many years of his lonely journeyings up and down the concession lines of a half-dozen townships.

In rhythm his measures showed but scant variation, but the pitch of his voice was an infallible register of his frame of mind, and of late this dull monotone had become, alas, all too much in evidence.

"Afternoon, Hank!" called a passing

pedestrian, cheerily. "Why, how do, Mr. Jacques?" re-turned Henry, pulling up with a start, "I declare I didn't see you coming along. How's all the folk?"

"Nicely, thank vou. Goin' to stop at

the house?" "Well, yes. Got a nice bit o' print here, I think the Missus'll like."

"Don't think it's much use. She and the girls was up to town on Tuesday and fetched home a pile of stuff."

"Oh, I'll stop anyhow. Maybe there's something they forgot," and the old man's spirits sank a notch lower as he gathered up the reins and called to the mare to "get up."

Throughout that whole section of country there was no more familiar figure than Henry Gibson, peddler, and, with the majority of the people, none more welcome, though of late years there had been a waning in his popularity-a change which poor Henry had too much cause not to fail to note.

Twenty years ago his advent at a farmhouse was quite an exciting event. The women folk suspended their tasks to give attention to his wares, and the children stood as close as they dared, in an ecstacy of open-eyed wonder and strong as he shouted forth, over and delight at the beauty and variety of the goods and trinkets he displayed, while ditty. even the men, if they noticed his arrival, thought nothing of quitting their work in the fields and joining the circle to appraise his stock and listen to the latest news from town and the world at large. But now there was a decided difference. His reception, though friendly as of yore, was marked more by careless good nature than the eager cordiality of days agone; and open criticism or disparagement of his goods took the place of the respectful hearing formerly accorded him. "I saw better and cheaper than that

in town the other day," or kindred re-

mark, was what he was now forced to

listen to almost daily, and he dared not

challenge the accuracy of the statements. An hour later, he was driving

A trolley car whisked by the foot of the hill he was about to descend. "A plague upon the pesky things! I

wish the man that made 'em had never been born!" he exclaimed; for he shrewdly laid the responsibility for his ever-declining fortunes at the door of the radial roads now intersecting the country.

"Never mind, Henry," his faithful life partner had counselled, again and again, the folk will soon get over the newness of it, and won't spend so much time travelling to town; then you'll be able to sell as much as ever."

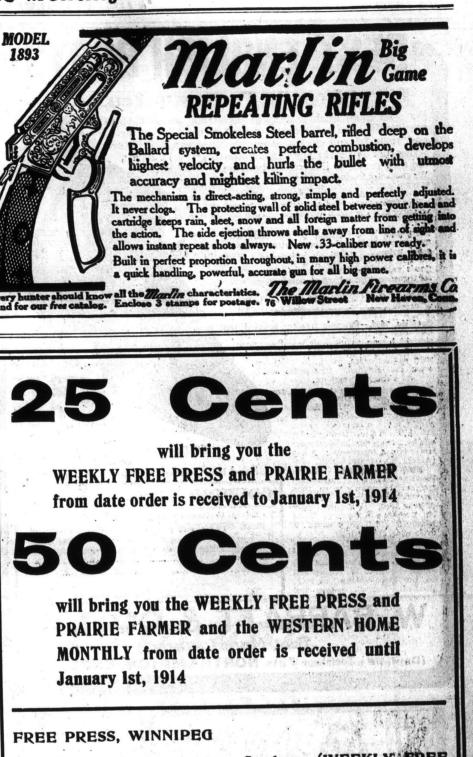
But she had not proven a true proph-etess, and matters were drifting from bad to worse.

A mental vision now rose before him of the good old soul, as he had last seen her-the rays of the early morning sun glancing upon her whitening hair and seeming to shed a radiance about the reposeful, trusting face, as she bade him a cheery farewell.

"Never fear, Henry! The Lord will provide. I keep praying about it, and I'm hoping this week'll see the turn. He'll never forsake us; remember that!" Henry tried to remember, but he found it hard to equal her faith. That,

or some kindred sentiment had been her Monday morning farewell for a long time now, but the lane seemed to have no turning.

That morning, however, he had felt more hopeful than usual, and had set out determined to neglect no effort to do a brisk week's trade. It was a glorious October day, with just a hint of freshness in the air to brace one; and as he journeyed along the road skirting the river and drank in the gorgeous beauty of the wooded hills, aflame with the varied hues of the turning leaves, bathed in the flood of gladdening sunlight, he felt his pulses quicken while the blood coursed more rapidly through his veins, and his vioce grew lusty and



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CHALLENGE Save you money

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away from the Jacques farmhouse, his purse just fifteen cents richer, and his stock lighter by but a yard of ribbon. "That print's last season's style; and the girls wouldn't hear to my making any use of it," had been the verdict. True, he had had a good dinner, for the hospitality of his customers had not waned, but for all that Gibson's spirits were considerably lower than when

over again, several bars of an ancient But it proved a poor day for business,

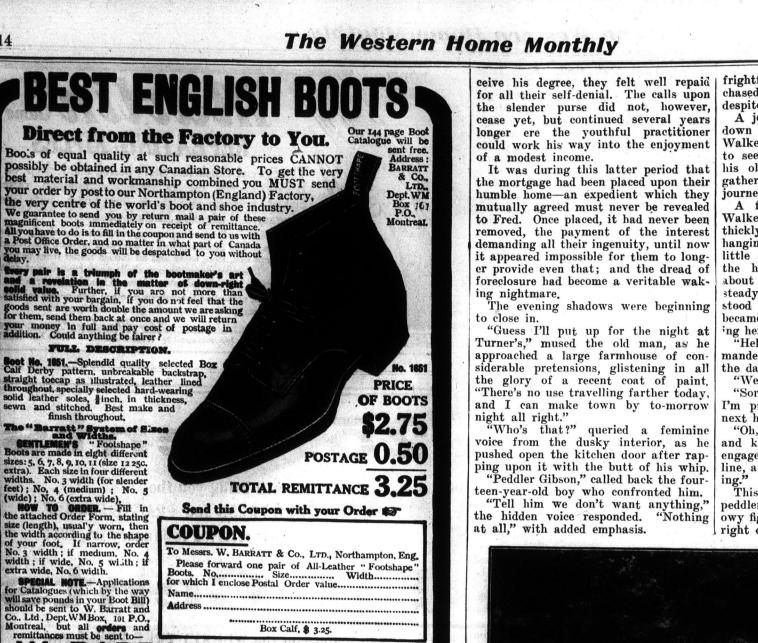
and was followed by other days equally disheartening until this—Friday—morning had broken dull and cold with a raw, gusty wind blowing-a wind which went through and through his thin garments and quickened into active life the rheumatism which had lain dormant during the summer months. The sun shone but dimly through the mist of cloud, and a grey half-twilight brooded over the hills and valleys, as though in sympathy with the peddler's discouragement-the entire week's business had not equalled a respectable half-day's traffic.

"The cottage'll have to go," he muttered to himself by way of diversion from his cheerless humming.

"Either that, or we call on Freddie," he continued. "I'd rather go on the county though!-for myself, certain-but then there's mother!" and again the vision of that sweet, patient face, with its fringe of grey locks rose before him.

Their son Fred was a rising physician in the West. It had been a long, hard struggle for the worthy couple to keep the boy at school and send him to college: but when they had journeyed to Toronto-their first visit to t'e pro-Jacques had accosted him upon the road. I vincial capital-and saw their boy re-





frightfully ugly, and which once purchased she had been compelled to wear despite all protests.

A jog of two or three miles further down the road would bring him to the Walker's, who, he knew, would be glad to see him; so, although both he and his old mare were ready to rest, he gathered up the reins and continued his journey in the gathering dusk.

A few hundred yards east of the Walker place the road ran through a thickly wooded hollow, where the over-hanging trees effectively shut out what little daylight remained, and shrouded the highway in deep gloom. When about half-way through this copse his steady-going mare suddenly shied, then stood trembling uneasily, and Henry became conscious that someone was holding her head.

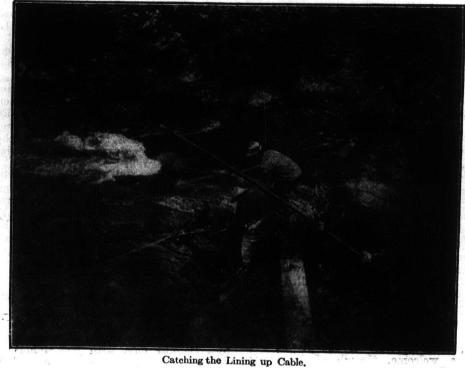
"Hello! What d'you want?" he demanded somewhat shakily, peering into the darkness.

"We want a lift," came the reply.

"Sorry I can't accommodate you; but I'm putting up for the night at the next house.

"Oh, I guess you can strain a point, and keep right on. We've a pressing engagement on the other side of the line, and must make the river by morn-

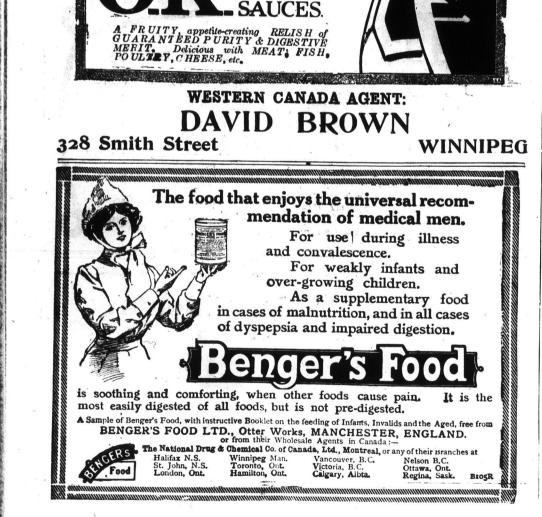
ing." This was a different voice, and the peddler could now make out two shadowy figures looming up bulkily upon the right of the roadway.



"But I thought of stopping over night, | Miss Phoebe," expostulated Henry, men," he protested. "Neither the mare thinking it about time he asserted him- nor I have had a bite since noon, and self.

"I realy couldn't think of it, gentlewe're about played out."

"We're not asking von t



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14

"We can't put you up, Mr. Gibson," came the decided reply. "We had more company than we wanted last night; and they carried off what they didn't bring. Peddlers and thieves—'birds of a feather flock together,'" was added in a lower key, but evidently intended for his ears.

Gibson winced.

"Where's your pa, Jamie?" he quer-ied of the boy.

"He and Jack and Joe are all out hunting for the burglars. We don't know when they'll be back."

"What burglars?"

"Didn't you hear?-a couple of fellows came here last night, and asked to stop. Dad took them in, but this morning they were gone with over a hundred dollars he got for a horse yesterday, and all the old silverware. That's what's up with Sis," he added confidentially. "She's awful mad about the sil-ver, 'cause she was counting big on showing it off at her wedding next week.

"Stop your talking and shut that door, Jim," commanded the inner voice in threatening tones, as Gibson turned wearily away.

If he waited for Mr. Turner he knew that he could be sure of a cordial welcome; but he had no desire to remain after the daughter's gratuitous insult, He had offended Miss Phoebe when she was yet but a half-grown girl, by persuading her mother to buy her a piece

make ord time," returned the first voice, "but we've got to have a lift," and something in his hand clicked ominously as he drew closer. "Yes; and we're quite willing to return the compliment by 'lifting' something for you," chimed in the sec-ond voice in mocking accents.

"Climb in then," retorted Gibson ungraciously enough.

"Thank you! and we've a parcel here we'll just drop into your waggon," and as what looked like a good-sized clothesbasket struck the floor of the cart it gave forth an unmistakable metallic jingle.

"Guess we'll just crawl in here alongside ourselves. This top'll keep off the night air-and, by-the-way, friend, you needn't stop to introduce us to anyone you meet," quoth he of the mocking voice.

For several hours they jogged along in silence. Gibson's teeth were chattering with the cold, and he shook as though an ague had come upon him; but withal, his chief concern was for his old mare, who was being called upon for such heavy work upon short rations. Twice they met other vehicles, and each time the old man felt something cold and hard pressed against his back, and again heard that ominous click. The hint was sufficient, and he continued steadily on his way with a terse "How do?" in passing.

Just before dawn they encountered several mounted men, whose leader perof dress goods, which she had declared emptorily called upon Gibson to stop,

The Western Home Monthly

preparation for this extra effort.

called a hateful voice from behind.

by the constable and his posse, for he

felt that he was in a compromising po-

sition, the simple explanation of which

might not be readily accepted; and the

cruel gibe of Turner's girl recurred to

On went the mare, with the cart be-

"Down toward the river!" ordered the

voice behind, as they came to a fork

in the road; and Gibson dared not dis-

obey. Presently they passed to the rear

of his own cottage, from the chimney

of which a dim smoke was curling, in-

dicating that the thrifty Martha was

already astir-intent, doubtless, on pre-

of her spouse that evening.

parations for the expected homecoming

The houses were closer together now,

and ere long they were within the town

limits, and making turn after turn in

and out of the various streets in zigzag

fashion, at the dictation of that impera-

tive voice, but ever drawing closer to the

river, beyond which lay safety.

hind rattling and bumping over the hard

road. Soon they approached the out-

his mind with added bitterness.

skirts of the town.

and pressing forward, revealed himself

as the county constable. "Now, I'll get rid of these gentry!" thought the peddler; but on the instant he again felt that suggestive coldness in the back, and a voice hissed in

his ear: "I'll kill you, if you give us away!" "Oh, it's you Hank!" the constable greeted. "Didn't know you kept the road both night and day." "No more I do; but I had to put on an extra spurt to-night."

"Didn't see any burglars along the road ?"

At this question Henry reecived such a vicious dig in the ribs as to cause him

almost to cry aloud. "Burglars!" he exclaimed, "I wasn't looking for any; and I don't suppose they'd think my truck worth taking, if I did run across them. Where've they been ?"

"A couple went through Turner's place night before last. We thought they'd made the river and cut across, but couldn't find any trace; so we're doubling back. Seen any suspicious characters ?"

"I did see a couple of stranger fel-lows with a basket some miles back." A muttered oath from behind reached

Henry's ear, and the pistol was pressed more firmly to his back. "The very pair!" exclaimed the con-

"Turner said they'd taken a stable. basket to carry the stuff. How far back ?" "Put 'em off the scent!" was hissed

into Gibson's ear.

"In the wood, a mile this side of Turner's. They wanted me to give 'em a lift; but I said I guessed I'd stop at Walker's."

"Cheeky fellows to hang around that close! Glad to hear it though. We're sure to get 'em yet. Come on, boys!" and the party clattered off.

Gibson was loath to see them go, and heartily wished he had had the courage to say: "Here's your men, constable!" but the close proximity of that sugges-tive pistol had overbalanced all other considerations.

For another half hour they plodded steadily along. Suddenly there was a fusilade of oaths from beneath the cover behind him.

"Wake that beast up, old man; and drive for all you're worth!"

The peddler turned to see what had caused this outbreak.

The sun was now up above the eastern horizon; but his rays failed to pierce the thick mist which enveloped the earth, hiding all but nearby objects, and distorting these into fantastic shapes. On the crest of a considerable hill they had just descended, several moving figures were silhouetted against the eastern sky; these by their actions were evidently in pursuit of the peddler's cart

"They've caught on and are coming back!" declared one of his passengers. "Whip up your old nag and make her travel."

They were crossing the head of a wide "Git along there, Nancy! Git along, my beauty!" The mare stepped out gallantly, but street leading toward the centre of the town, when Henry came to a sudden the day and night of toil had been poor bold determination. He had resented the high-handed proceedings of his self-"Move along, N-cy! Move along!" "Make her do better than that!" invited companions; but the cruel strain put upon his faithful old mare hurt him much more than the indignities heaped upon himself, and he was very loath 'You shut up!" Gibson retorted pothat such inhumanity should go unpunlitely, without turning his head, and continued to call encouragingly to his beast. He had no desire to be overtaken ished.

"Get down out of sight there, quick!" he called, himself suiting the action to the word by ducking his head; but at the same moment he kicked viciously at an iron level upon the cart floor.

Some years ago, Gibson, who was quite a genius in his way, had contrived an arrangement for contracting the canvas top of his wagon, and se-curely fastening the framework upon all sides-this for protection when leaving it, as he was often forced to do, with his stock in trade in some open shed for the night. The lever beneath the seat operated this mechanism.

There was a crash and a medley of muffled oaths from beneath the canvas covering, as Henry sharply swerved the mare into the wide street, jolting the wheels over the curbing by the shortness of the turn. The old man rose from the seat, and stood swaying unsteadily upon benumbed and stiffened limbs, shouting hysterically to his mare:

"Git along, Nancy! Do your prettiest, girl! Help the old man win! Keep it up just a little bit longer! We'll soon modest stock, Henry Gibson turned into

get rid of our gay company! Up, you old darling, up!

The wheels rattled over the stones of the roadway; dogs barked; half-grown boys yelled in derision at the dilapidated-looking outfit and its ungainly driver, while continuous cursing, vicious kick-ing, rending of canvas, and even a stray shot from beneath the covering, added to the din.

Men and women thrust startled and wondering faces out of windows and doorways; children screamed and scampered to see; drivers of other vehicles turned hastily aside; a pompous guardian of the peace called authoritatively but unavailingly to him to stop. Surely, no such commotion had been created in a quiet, law-abiding town since John Gilpin took his famous ride!

Gibson drove on wildly, encouraging the mare by every device he could conceive of, expecting each instant to be felled or shot from behind. He could hear the light framework splintering, and knew that at best it could be but a few moments ere his prisoners were free-and then ?-

But he kept on, and just as a sting-ing blow caught him beneath the jaw, pulled up at the police station. Several officers rushed forth to investigate the hubbub and secured the two scoundrels, who were throwing themselves upon the old man with murderous intent.

Cold, dazed, bruised and filled with despair as he contemplated the ruin of



VINOLIA COMPANY LIMITED

PARIS

TORONTO

133

"Get up, Nancy!" called Henry. "Whip her up, I say! Here, give me the whip, and I'll lash some life into

her!" "Get up, Nancy!" repeated the peddler.

"Do you hear? Get out your whip!" the fellow shouted in his ear, and prodded him viciously with his pistol. The worm will turn. Gibson's heart

had been full of sympathy for the old mare who had carried him so faithfully in all sorts of weather for so many and the suggestion that he years; should still abuse her rendered him desperate.

"See here!" he shouted, turning and facing his tormentor, "I'm getting all the travel out of this beast there is in her, and she'll give me more speed for the asking than all the lashing you could do would whip out of her. Keep quiet and I'll do my best; but say any more about the whip and I'll pull her up short, and you can shoot all you like! Understand ?"

"Well, I'll be ----!" exclaimed the astonished desperado, "if the fool doesn't think more of that bag of bones than he does of his own carcass!-Well, go it your own way," he added, "but make her travel."

The old man pulled on the reins with his benumbed hands.

LONDON



- -burnt sticks are dropped in the top.
- -noiseless; heads do not glow.

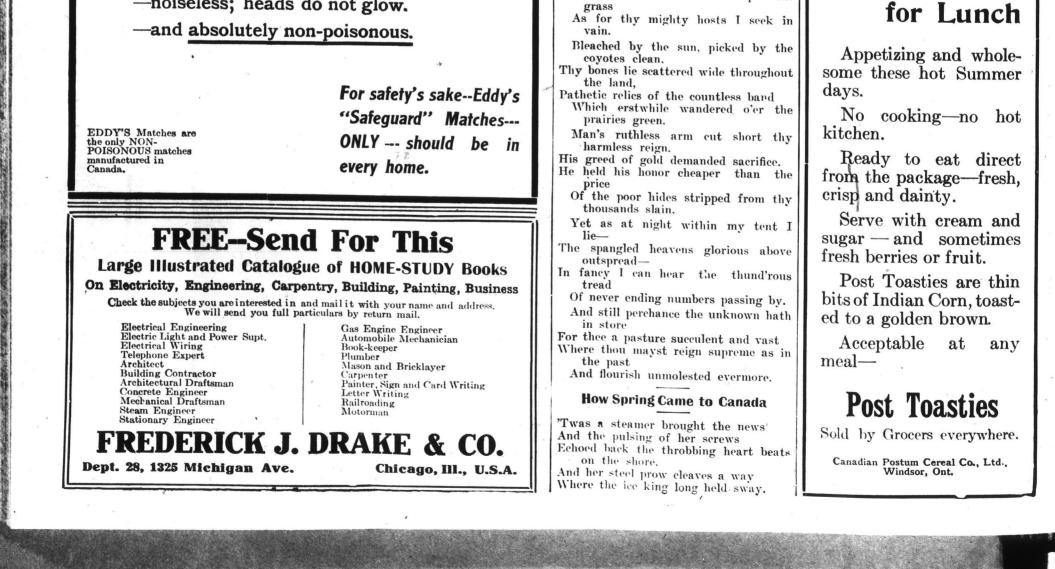
Which once roamed proudly through this I find but these white bones upon the

grass As for thy mighty hosts I seek in

plain,

wilderness?

Toasties



The Western Home Monthly

God's Good Angel

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Percy Haywood.

66 THE Lord will provide, dearie, doubt ye not, He will provide," and careworn Mrs. Barrie sought to add assurance to her words by

patting the wasted hand that matched the coverlet in its whiteness. Olive Barrie, who had been ill three weeks with tuberculosis, was now con-valescent. The bright April sunshine,

flooding the sick-room day by day, had added its healing powers to the doctor's art until the disease was stayed. Re-covery, the doctor thought, would be rapid, but it would not be permanent unless the patient could enjoy thorough

rest for at least a year. It was this knowledge, conveyed by the sympathetic doctor, that troubled Olive Barrie today. Since her father's death, three years ago, she had been her mother's sole support. Her salary, as bookkeeper for the firm of Waldron & Waldron had more than provided for the simple wants of their lives, but the trying work in the stuffy office had broken her health. She would never be equal to the task again, and more congenial employment, in a small place like Darryvale, seemed hopelessly out of the question.

She moved uneasily among her pil-ws. "I do trust God, mother," lows. she said brokenly, "but oh, it is so hard I can not think what we shall do, now that I am unable to go into the office again. No one in Darryvale will care to employ a weak, sickly girl, and our savings will soon be gone as there's nothing coming in."

"The Lord will provide, the Lord will provide," repeated Mrs. Barrie. "I know He will. He has given you back to me from the sickness, and He will not let us want. Just be quiet and get well. dearie. You'll be able to write some of your stories and perhaps sell them. You do write such pretty things, dearie. everybody says you do." Mrs. Barrie was patting the thin, white hand with maternal pride.

A pleased smile brightened the sick girl's features. "I had not thought of my writing," she said, a little quiver of excitement in her voice. "I could sit on the veranda and do that, mother, and I might be able to earn enough to keep us until I get strong again. Oh, 1 do love it so, but I've had so little time. There's that story about the Foothills in my desk. It's all finished, mother. Suppose we send it to The Journal and see if they'll take it-it ought to be worth something?"

"You would have to write a letter to send with it," reminded her Mother dubiously, "and doctor said you must not move for a week."

"I'll dictate and you write," replied Olive.

what else to do. Please reply as soon as possible, as we are very anxious to know what you think of my story."

The editor of The Blue Rock Journal had just entered his office, and was hurriedly sorting the morning's mail. He was clearly not in good humor and stood beside his desk, his left foot rest-

ing on the chair. "Another mass of rubbish this morn-ing by the look of it," he ejaculated, loud enough for his stenographer to "If the Blue Rock doesn't soon hear. get hold of a few decent writers she'll go to the wall, and go heavy. This is 'unavailable,' Miss Armitage," he said aloud, tossing a penwritten manuscript toward the stenographer. "Here's the letter with the address. I'm not going

to read anything in that scrawl." The stenographer was preparing a return envelope for the rejected manu-script when the editor closed his desk with a slam.

"I'll be back in an hour, Miss Armi-tage," he announced. "I'm not in the humor for work just now."

humor for work just now." Miss Armitage evidently knew his moods, for with a laughing "All right, Mr. Wilson," she turned to her work. The scrawled letter lay before her. She took it up and read it through. "O you poor things," she muttered, studying the letter as though it were a picture of sorrow. "Wilson's a wretch. If he had read that latter he might If he had read that letter, he might have read the story, and now they'll get it back not so much as opened."

Miss Armitage took up the rejected manuscript as she was speaking, straight ened it out and read the title.

UNTIL THE MOUNTAINS CRUMBLE.

A Tale of the Foothills.

By Olive Barrie.

Having read the title she proceeded to read the first page, became absorbed, and continued to read, page after page, until she had finished the story. "Well, I declare," she ejaculated with

a deep sigh of satisfaction, "It's like taking a trip to the mountains to read a story like that. Why, it's lovely.

mountains are like skyscrapers. What a shame to refuse a story like that, just because it's not typewritten, and then fill up the Blue Rock with a lot of sentimental rubbish, and tricky stuff about unnatural women. If the people of this city didn't read such trash they wouldn't be so bad, to my way of thinking; and if Wilson won't take a decent story, just because it's penwritten, I'll find an editor who will." Then, with somewhat relieved feelings, Miss Rachel Armitage calmly crossed the office and dropped the manuscript into the pocket of her overcoat.

When kindly Mrs. Armitage greeted her daughter that evening she received an unpleasant surprise.

"I have been a bad girl at the office today, mother," her daughter announ-ced. "I disobeyed orders for the first time."

"My dear Rachel!" exclaimed Mrs. Armitage, in tones of gentle reproof, "And what did Mr. Wilson say?"

"Nothing, mother, nothing at all, because he doesn't know, so you need not get anxious about my position. He gave me a story to return, and I just couldn't. It was sent in by a poor girl who has a widowed mother depending The Blue Rock never had such a story. It's fresh, it's pure—so natural. No more like the stories Wilson prints than on her, somewhere out Darryvale way



Mrs. Barrie was persuaded, and, when she had obtained the writing material. wrote at Olive's dictation:

"The Editor,

"The Blue Rock Jouranl.

"Dear Sir:-I am enclosing a short story which I hope may prove acceptable for publication in your journal. I am sorry that I can not afford to have it typewritten, because I know you prefer typewritten stories. I have been ill for nearly a month so I am not able to type it myself. My mother is writing this letter for me. I am not yet strong enough to write."

Olive paused. "That should be enough, mother?" she questioned, as Mrs. Barrie looked up from her writing.

"Won't you tell him more about your trouble, dearie?" Mrs. Barrie suggested in reply. "He must be a kind man by the way he writes in The Journal, and perhaps he'd be kind to us if he knew.'

"Perhaps I had better," agreed Olive, "although I remember reading that editors do not like long letters about stories. Well, write this, mother:"

"My father died three years ago, and. since his death, I have worked as a bookkeeper to support my mother. The doctor blames the office work for my illness so I can not be a bookkeeper again. 1 do hope I shall be able to earn a little by writing stories, for I do not know

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EATON LIMITED CANADA WINNIPEG

The Western Home Monthly

Photography **Revolutionized BY NEW INVENTION**

18

Films, Plates and Dark Room Made Unnecessary

New Camera Takes **Finished** Pictures in **Two Minutes**

Mr. Edmond F. Stratton, of New York City, has invented a camera that takes and completes pictures ready to see in two minutes. It does away with the expense of buying films or plates and the trouble, expense and delay of having them developed and pictures printed by a photographer.

and pictures printed by a photographer. This camera, which is called the Gordon Camera, is being manufactured by the Gordon Camera Corporation, New York. As they are desirous of making it known in every locality, they are making a special offer to our readers. For a limited time they will sell Model H at \$5.00 and Model B at \$7.00. The regular price of Model H, which takes pictures 3x4½ inches, is \$8.00, and the regular price of Model B, which takes pictures 3¼ x5½ inches, is \$10.00. Whichever one you order, enclose 90 cents additional to cover express charges, sensitized cards and develop-ing powders. ing powders

The sensitized cards are wrapped for day-light loading, and the powders make the developing solution to be put into the de-veloping tank, which is inside the camera. Model H is 51/(2x9)/x10 inches in size and weighs 3 lbs. 7 oz. Model B is 61/(x9x10)/4inches and weighs 4 lbs.

Inches and weighs 4 lbs. The cost of taking pictures with the Gordon camera is almost nothing in comparison to all other cameras. Extra sensitized cards for Model H can be bought for 2½ cents each (cards for Model B, 3 cents each), and 10 cents worth of developer will develop over 40 pictures. The Gordon Corporation sells flash-light lamps for \$1.00, which will enable you to take pictures at night in your own parlor, or out-of-doors. The operation of this new camera is con-

partor, or our-or-goors. The operation of this new camera is so simple that any person of ordinary intelligence can easily take pictures with it after reading the directions sent with each one. There is no customs duty to be paid as the Gordon Corporation will ship to you from their Canadian branch which is near Toronto. All orders and letters, however, must be sent Canadian branch which is hear 1070nto. All orders and letters, however, must be sent to their office, which is at 764C Stuyvesant Building, New York, N.Y. When ordering a camera under this special offer be sure to mantion that you are a reader of THE mention that you are a reader of THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY, WINNI-



and the poor thing ill for a month. I just couldn't bear to send it back and break the poor heart of her. The Blue Rock never published a better story, anyway," she concluded defiantly.

"What made Mr. Wilson refuse the story?" questioned Mrs. Armitage softly. She was inwardly thanking God that Rachel was strong and able to work.

"Just because it wasn't typewritten," her daughter replied. "He didn't so much as look at it, mother, he's such an old crank about pen-written stories. Always says that a writer who's so far behind the times as to use a pen can't write up-to-date stories. Up-to-date stories indeed, I wonder people aren't ashamed to write them," and Rachel Armitage suppressed her contempt by a

mitage suppressed no. snap of her pretty teeth. "O, it's a bad world, girlie, a bad "The armitage." good sink and the bad swim, as your father used to say: But what did you do with the story, dear?" "I brought it home with me, mother.

I must try to sell it for the poor things." "Mr. Wilson might think you were stealing it if he found out," suggested Mrs. Armitage, a new anxiety in her voice.

"But he can't find out, mother," Rachel replied, "unless"-she paused as the new thought crossed her mind,-"unless, that is, I'm too long selling it, and they get anxious and write about it."

"Why not type it for them," said her mother, "and send it in to Mr. Wilson as though it came from the girl? You have your machine here. Mr. Wilson wouldn't know. You say he didn't read the story."

"Mother," said Rachel Armitage, with a dramatic point of her forefinger, "If I had your brains I'd marry a President. Ned—"It looks that way. She has Now, I wouldn't have thought of that just put on second mourning."

if the story had walked to the type-

writer and rattled the keys." She exe-

cuted a waltz about the room. "O my,"

she exclaimed, in a fresh bubble of ex-

citement, "won't it be a rich one on Wil-

son if he publishes that story after all?

Come on, Mrs. Solomon, we'll go in and

Olive Barrie leaned back wearily in

her chair on the cottage veranda in Dar-

have supper."

"Don't trouble, dearie," said Mrs. Bar-rie, assuringly, "It must be good news when they haven't sent back your story."

Thus encouraged, Olive opened the letter and spread out the contents on the table. A typewritten letter, and a check for seventy-five dollars.

"O, mother," she cried, "they've sent me seventy-five dollars. I never dreamed

would get so much." "Read the letter, dearie," pleaded her mother as she came beside her. Olive read:

"Dear Miss Barrie:-Your story, 'Until the Mountains Crumble,' has been read with interest, and found available for publication in The Blue Rock Journal. It will appear in the July number, and we enclose our check for seventy-five dollars in payment. We trust you will favor us with similar stories whenever possible. "Faithfully Yours,

"The Blue Rock Journal, "Theodore Wilson, "Editor."

At the bottom was a brief postscript scrawled in pencil: "Good luck and God bless you,

"Rachel Armitage."

"I wonder who Rachel Armitage can be?" faltered Olive, looking up at her mother with tear-filled eyes.

"She's God's good angel," replied Mrs. Armitage, tremulously, as she drew Olive's head against her shoulder.

Encouraging

Ted-"Are you making any progress in your love affair with that young widow ?"

ELEPHANT RACE

The Stovel Company Limited, Publishers of Western Home Monthly. Annual Sports at Winnipeg Beach.

Father Saw Double

On a pleasant Sunday afternoon a German and his youngest son were seated in the village inn. The father had partaken liberally of the home-brewed beer, and was warning his son against the evils of intemperance. "Never drink too much, my son. A gentleman stops when he has enough. To be drunk is a disgrace."



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SOLID GOLD WATCH FREE.

Winnipeg, September, 1913.



THE LABEL

On your paper will tell when your subscription expires. Send in your renewal NOW

Her right arm rested on a table at her side. She had been trying to write, but found that she tired very easily. The westering sun forced her to shade her eyes as she watched for her mother's return from the post-office. It was almost a month since her mother mailed her story to the Blue Rock Journal, but no reply had been received. The suspense was the more trying as the little stock of savings dwindled down. The story was almost the last source of hope, for Olive's strength returned so slowly, that she could not hope to do active work for many months. Every day for the past two weeks, she had watched her mother's return from the post-office with the same sinking of heart, as she read the disappointment in her face. She had almost ceased to hope. She felt it would be less hard to have the story returned than for the suspense to continue.

Her mother was coming now, walking more briskly than usual. Yes, she had a letter in her hand—it must be from the Blue Rock Journal. Olive closed her eyes with a sigh of thankfulness. There would be news at last, and bad news was better than suspense.

"I have the letter, dearie!" called her mother from the gate, and the next moment she had thrust it into Olive's hands.

"The Blue Rock Journal," was printed in large capitals in the top right-hand corner of the envelope. Olive looked at it in dazed silence.

"Yes, father, but how can I tell when I have enough or am drunk?"

The old man pointed with his finger, 'Do you see those two men sitting in the corner. If you should see four men there, you would be drunk."

The boy looked long and earnestly. 'Yes, father, but-but-there is only one man in that corner."

Funniosities.

A schoolboy, being required to describe the spine, said: "The spine is a chain of bones running up and down your back. Your head sits on one end, you sit on the other."-British Medical Journal

"The first day out was perfectly lovely," said the young lady just back from abroad. "The sea was as smooth as glass, and it was simply gorgeous. But the second day was rough-and-er-decidedly disgorgeous."

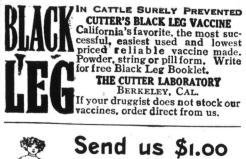
Mr. Smith had two friends-a phrenologist named Mr. Jones and a publican called Mr. Thomas. He used to visit Mr. Jones' place every day, but did not go to Mr. Thomas' place at all. One day Mr. Thomas said to Mr. Smith. "Why don't you visit me sometimes? You are always at Mr. Jones

"Oh," said Mr. Smith, "if I go to his place I get my head read (red), and if I go to your place I get my nose red.'

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The Western Home Monthly

The Wreck

By Guy De Maupassant

T WAS yesterday, the 31st of December. I had just finished breakfast with my old friend Georges Garin when the servant brought him a letter covered with seals and foreign stamps. Georges said:

"Will you excuse me?" "Certainly."

And so he began to read eight pages in a large English handwriting, crossed in every direction. He read them slowly, with serious attention and the interest which we only pay to things which touch our hearts.

Then he put the letter on a corner of the mantelpiece, and he said:

"That was a curious story! I've never told you about it, I think. And yet it was a sentimental adventure, and it happened to me. Aha! that was a strange New Year's Day indeed! It must be twenty years ago, since I was then thirty, and am now fifty years old.

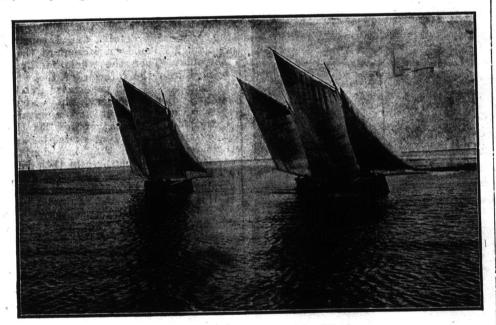
"I was then an inspector in the Maritime Insurance Company, of which I am now director. I had arranged to pass the fete of New Year's in Paris-since it is a convention to make that day a fete -when I received a letter from the manager, directing me to proceed at once to the Island of Re, where a three-masted vessel from Saint-Nazaire, insured by amine the situation of the wreck, esti-us, had just gone ashore. It was then mate what must have been her condi-

the heart and extinguish in us all energy and force-a gray, icy day, salted by a heavy mist which was as wet as rain, as cold as frost, as bad to breathe as the lye of a washtub. "Under this low ceiling of sinister

fog, this shallow, yellow, sandy sea of all gradually receding coasts lay with-out a wrinkle, without a movement, without life, a sea of turbid water, of greasy water, of stagnant water. The 'Jean Guiton' passed over it, rolling a little from habit, dividing the smooth, opaque sheet, and leaving behind a few waves, a little chopping sea, a few undulations, which were soon calm.

"I began to talk to the captain, a little man almost without feet, as round as his boat and balancing himself like it. I wanted some details about the disaster on which I was to deliver a report. A great square-rigged three-master, the Marie Joseph, of Saint-Nazaire, had gone ashore one night in a hurricane on the sands of the Island of Re.

"The owner wrote us that the storm had thrown the ship so far ashore that it was impossible to float her, and they had had to remove everything which could be detached with the utmost possible haste. Nevertheless, I was to examine the situation of the wreck, esti-



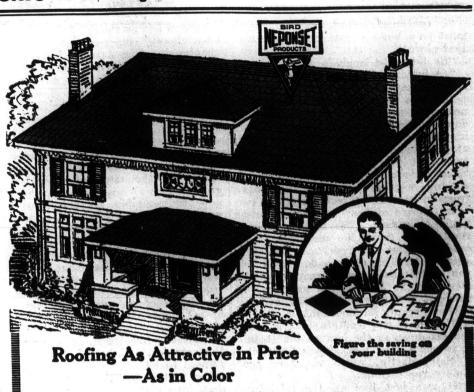
The Stovel Picnic. Sailing at Lake Winnipeg.

eight o'clock in the morning. I arrived | tion before the disaster, and decide at the office at ten to get my instructions, and the same evening I took the express, which put me down in La Rochelle the next day, December 31st.

trial. "I had two hours to spare before going aboard the boat for Re. So I made a tour in the town. It is certainly a fantastic city, La Rochelle, with a strong ests. character of its own-streets tangled like a labyrinth, sidewalks running beside endless arcaded galleries like those of the Rue de Rivoli, but low, mysterious, built as if to form a fit scene for conspirators, and making an ancient and striking background for those old-time wars, the savage, heroic wars of religion. It is, indeed, the typical old Huguenot city, grave, discreet, with no fine art to show, with no wonderful monuments, such as make Rouen so grand, but it is remarkable for its severe, somewhat cunning look; it is a city of obstinate fighters, a city where fanaticisms might well blossom, where the faith of the Calvinists became exalted, and where the plot of 'Four Sergeants' was born. "After I had wandered for some time about these curious streets, I went Re?' "'Yes, sir.' aboard the black, fat-bellied little steamboat which was to take me to the Island of Re. It was called the 'Jean Guiton.' It started with angry puffings, passed between the two old towers which guard the harbor, crossed the roadstead and issued from the mole built by Richelieu, the great stones of which are visible at the water's edge, enclosing the town like an immense necklace. Then the steamboat turned off to the right. "It was one of those sad days which oppress and crush the thoughts, tighten miles from land.

whether all efforts had been used to get her afloat. I came as an agent of the company in order to bear contradictory testimony, if necessary, at the

"On receipt of my report the manager would take what measures he judged necessary to protect our inter-



You'll admit this roof looks attractive-in distinctive colors of red or green. But for most home builders its chief attraction lies in its or green. But for most nome bunders its *catef* attraction nes in its remarkable economies. Let's begin with its first cost. **NEPONSET Proslate Roofing** costs *less* to buy than good shingles. Greatly reduces the cost of repairs. No shingles to split, crack or "curl up." Remem-ber, the shingles of today aren't the shingles of 20 years ago. **NEPONSET Proslate Roofing** makes a water-tight blanket. And best of all mesits firm is timent over its protection from for bound allows. all, resists fire—is "spark-proof." Its protection from fire-hazard alone is worth all its cost. Its first cost is its only cost, too. Can you afford NOT to have NEPUNSET Proslate Roofing on your roof?



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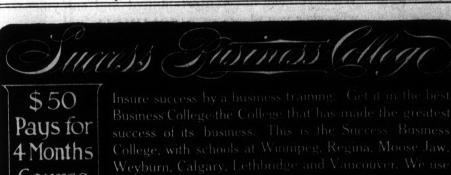
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"The captain of the 'Jean Guiton' knew all about the affair, having been summoned with his boat to assist in the attempts at salvage.

"He told me the story of the disaster, and very simply too. The 'Marie Joseph,' driven by a furious gale, lost her bearings completely in the night, and steering by chance over a heavy foaming sea—'a milk-soup sea,' said the captain-had gone ashore on those immense banks of sand which make the coasts of this region seem like limitless Saharas at hours when the tide is low.

"While talking I looked around and ahead. Between the ocean and the lowering sky lay a free space where the eye could see far. We were following a coast. I asked: 'Is that the island of

"And suddenly the captain stretched his right hand out before us, pointed to something almost invisible in the middle of the sea and said: 'There's your ship.

"'The Marie Joseph?'

"'Yes.'

"I was stupefied. This black, almost imperceptible speck, which I should have taken for a rock, seemed, at least, three

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other children and will take a good walk with his parents without being tired. They have never done telling us what good it has done for them. I have also recommended the medicine to several of my neighbors with very good results. I could not resist this opportunity of telling you, and sending you the thanks of grateful parents. WINNIPEG. MRS. BOLINGBROKE.

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"I continued: 'But, captain, there must be a hundred fathoms of water in that place?' "He began to laugh.

"'A hundred fathoms, my boy! Well, I should say about two!'

"He was from Bordeaux. He continued: 'It's now 9.40, just high tide. Go down along the beach with your hands in your pockets after you've had lunch at the Hotel du Dauphin, and I'll engage that at ten minutes to three, or three o'clock, you'll reach the wreck without wetting your feet, and have from an hour and three-quarters to two hours aboard of her; but not more, or you'll be caught. The farther the sea goes out the faster it comes back. This coast is as flat as a bed bug! But start away at ten minutes to five, as I tell you, and at half-past seven you will be aboard of the 'Jean Guiton' again, which will put you down this same evening on the quay at La Rochelle.'

"I thanked the captain, and I went and sat down in the bow of the steamer to get a good look at the little city of Saint-Martin, which we were now rapidly approaching.

"It was just like all the miniature seaports which serve as the capitals of the barren islands scattered along the coast-a large fishing village, one foot on sea and one on shore, living on fish and wild-fowl, vegetables and shell-fish, radishes and mussels. The island is very low, and little cultivated, yet seems to be filled with people. However, I did not penetrate into the interior.

"After having breakfasted, I climbed across a little promontory, and, then, a the tide was rapidly falling, I started out across the sands towards a kind of black rock which I could just perceive above the surface of the water, far out, far down.

"I walked quickly over the yellow plain; it was elastic, like flesh, and seemed to sweat beneath my foot. The sea had been there very lately; now I perceive it at a distance, escaping out of sight, and I no longer distinguished the line which separated the sands from

ocean. I felt as though I were assisting at a gigantic supernatural work of enchantment. The Atlantic had just now been before me, then it had disappeared into the strand, just as does scenery through a trap; and now I walked in the midst of a desert. Only the feeling, the breath of the salt-water, remained in me. 1 perceived the smell of the wrack, the smell of the wide sea, the rough, good smell of sea-coasts. I walked fast; I was no longer cold; I looked at the stranded wreck, which grew in size as I approached, and came now to resemble an enormous shipwrecked whale.

"It seemed fairly to rise out of the ground, and on that great, flat, yellow stretch of sand assumed surprising proportions. After an hour's walk I reached it at last. Bulging out and crushed, it lay upon its side, which, like the flanks of an animal, displayed its broken bones, its bones of tarry wood pierced with enormous bolts. The sand had already invaded it, entered it by all the crannies, and held it, possessed it, refused to let it go. It seemed to have taken root in it. The bow had entered deep into this soft, treacherous beach; while the stern, high in air, seemed to cast at heaven, like a cry of despairing appeal, the two white words on the black planking, 'Marie Joseph.'

"I scaled this carcass of a ship by

the deck, I went below. The daylight which entered by the stove-in hatches and the cracks in the sides, showed sadly enough a species of long, sombre cellar full of demolished woodwork. There was nothing here but the sand, which served as a foot-soil in this cavern of planks.

"I began to take some notes about the condition of the ship. I was seated on a broken empty cask, writing by the light of a great crack, through which I could perceive the boundless stretch of the strand. A strange shivering of cold and loneliness ran over my skin from time to time; and I would often stop writing for a moment to listen to the vague, mysterious noises in the wreck; the noise of the crabs scratching the planking with their hooked claws; the noise of a thousand little creatures of the sea already installed on this dead body; the noise, so gentle and regular, of the worms, who with their gimletlike, grinding sound, gnaw ceaselessly at the old timber, which they hollow out and devour.

"And suddenly, very near me, I heard human voices; I started as though I had seen a ghost. For a second I really thought I was about to see two drowned men rise from the sinister depths of the hold, who would tell me about their death. At any rate, it did not take me long to swing myself on deck with all the lowest side; then, having reached the strength I had in my wrists. There,

below the bow, I found standing a tall gentleman with three young girls, or rather, a tall Englishman with three young misses. Certainly, they were a good deal more frightened at seeing this sudden apparition on the abandoned three-master than I had been at seeing them. The youngest girl turned round and ran; the two others caught their father by the arms; as for him, he opened his mouth-that was sole sign of his emotion which he showed.

"Then after several seconds, he spoke: Aw, mosieu, are you the owner of this ship?' "'I am.'

"'May I go over it?' "'You may.'

"'Then he uttered a long sentence in English, in which I only distinguished the word 'gracious,' repeated several times.

"As he was looking for a place to climb up, I showed him the best, and lent him a hand. He ascended. Then we helped up the three little girls, who were now quite reassured. They were charming, especially the oldest, a blonde of eighteen, fresh as a flower, and so dainty, so pretty! Ah, yes, the pretty Englishwomen have indeed the look of tender fruits of the sea! One would have said of this one that she had just risen from the sands and that her hair had kept their tint. They all, with their exquisite freshness, make you think of the delicate colors of pink sea-shells, and of shining pearls, rare and mysterious, hidden in the unknown deeps of ocean.

"She spoke French a little better than her father, and she acted as interpreter. I must tell all about the shipwreck to the very least details, and I romanced as though I had been present at the catastrophe. Then the whole family descended into the interior of the wreck. As soon as they had penetrated into this sombre, dim-lit gallery, they uttered cries of astonishment and admiration. And suddenly the father and his three daughters were holding sketch-books in their hands, which they had doubtless carried hidden somewhere in their heavy weather-proof clothes, and were all beginning at once to make pencil sketches of this melancholy and fantastic place.

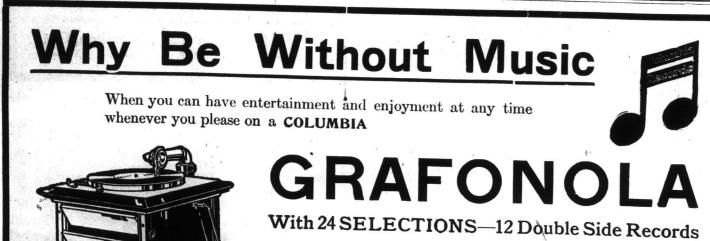
"They had seated themselves side by side on a projecting beam, and the four sketch-books on the eight knees were being rapidly covered with little black lines, which were intended to represent the half-opened stomach of the 'Marie Joseph.'

"I continued to inspect the skeleton of the ship, and the oldest girl talked to me while she worked.

"I learned that they were spending the winter at Biarritz, and that they had come to the island of Re expressly to see the stranded three-master. They had none of the usual English arrogance; they were simple, honest hearts of that class of contestant wanderers with which England covers the globe. The father was long and thin, with a red face framed in white whiskers, and looking like a living sandwich, a slice of ham cut in the shape of a head, placed be-tween two wedges of hair. The daugh-ters, like little wading birds in embryo, had long legs and were also thin-except the oldest. All three were pretty, especially the tallest. "She had such a droll way of speaking, of talking, of laughing, of understanding and of not understanding, of raising her eyes to ask a question (eyes blue as deep water), of stopping her drawing a moment to make a guess at what you meant, of returning once more to work, of saying 'yes' or 'no'-that I could have listened and looked indefinitely.



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Winnipeg, September, 1913.



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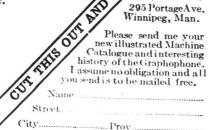
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"Suddenly she murmured:

"'I hear a little movement on this boat!'

"I lent an ear; and I immediately distinguished a low, steady, curious sound. What was it? I rose and looked out of the crack, and I uttered a violent cry. The sea had come back; it was about to surround us!

"We were on deck in an instant. It was too late. The water circled us about and was running towards the coast with prodigious swiftness. No. it did not run, it slipped, it crawled, it grew longer, like a kind of great limitless blot. The water on the sands was barely a few.

The Western Home Monthly

centimetres deep; but the rising flood had gone so far that we no longer saw the flying line of its edge.

"The Englishman wanted to jump. I held him back. Flight was impossible because of the deep places which we had been obliged to go round on our way out, and into which we should certainly fall on our return.

'There was a minute of horrible anguish in our hearts. Then the little English girl began to smile, and murmured:

"'So we, too, are shipwrecked.'

"I tried to laugh; but fear caught me tight, a fear which was cowardly and horrid and base and mean, like the tide. All the dangers which we ran appeared to me at once. I wanted to shriek 'Help!' but to whom ?

"The two younger girls were cower-ing against their father, who regarded, with a look of consternation, the measureless sea which hedged us round about. "And the night fell as swiftly as the

ocean rose—a lowering, wet, icy night. "I said: 'There's nothing to do but to stay on the ship.'

"The Englishman answered: 'Oh yes!'

"And we waited there a quarter of an hour, half an hour; indeed, I don't know how long, watching that yellow water which grew deep about us, whirled round and round, and seemed to bubble, and seemed to sport over the reconquest of the vast sea-strand.

"One of the little girls was cold, and we suddenly thought of going below to shelter ourselves from the light but freezing wind which blew upon us and pricked our skins.

"I leaned over the hatchway. The ship was full of water. So we must cower against the stern planking, which shielded us a little.

"The shades were now enwrapping us, and we remained pressed close to one another, surrounded by the darkness and by the sea. I felt trembling against my shoulder the shoulder of the little English girl, whose teeth chattered from time to time. But I also felt the gentle

warmth of her body through her ulster from time to time, and that warmth was as delicious to me as a kiss. We no longer spoke; we sat motionless, mute, cowering down like animals in a ditch when the hurricane is raging. And, nevertheless, despite the night, the terrible and increasing danger, I began to feel happy that I was there, to be glad of the cold and the peril, to rejoice in the long hours of darkness and anguish which I must pass on this plank so near

this dainty and pretty little girl. "I asked myself: 'Why this strange sensation of well-being and of joy?

"Why? Does one know? Because she was there? Who? She, a little unknown English girl? I did not even know her. And for all that I was touched and conquered. I should have liked to save her, to sacrifice myself for her, to commit a thousand follies! Strange thing! How does it happen that the presence of a woman overwhelms us so? Is it the power of her grace which enfolds us? Is it the seduction in her beauty and youth which intoxicates us like wine?

"Is it not rather, as it were, the touch of Love, of Love the Mysterious, who seeks constantly to unite two beings, who tries his strength the instant he has put a man and a woman face to face, and who suffuses them with a confused secret, profound emotion, just as you water the earth to make the flowers

spring? "But the silence of the shades and of the sky became dreadful, because we lines appearing and disappearing, which

could thus hear vaguely about us an infinite low roar, the dull rumor of the rising sea, and the monotonous dashing of the current against the ship.

"Suddenly I heard the sound of sobs. The youngest of the little girls was cry-Then her father tried to console ing. her, and they began to talk in their own tongue, which I did not understand. I guessed that he was reassuring her, and that she was still afraid.

"I asked my neighbor: 'You are not too cold, are you, Miss?' "'Oh yes! I am very cold.'

"I wanted to give her my cloak; she refused it. But I had taken it off and I covered her with it against her will. In the short struggle her hand touched mine. It made a charming shiver run over my body.

"For some minutes the air had been growing brisker, the dashing of the water stronger against the flanks of the ship. I raised myself; a great gust blew in my face. The wind was rising! "The Englishman perceived this at the same time that I did, and said simply: That is bad for us, this-

"Of course it was bad, it was certain death if any breakers, however feeble, should attack and shake the wreck, which was already so loose and broken that the first big sea would carry it off in a jelly.

"So our anguish increased from second to second as the squalls grew stronger and stronger. Now the sea broke a little, and I saw in the darkness white

were lines of foam; while each wave struck the 'Marie Joseph,' and shook her with a short quiver which rose to our hearts.

"The English girl was trembling; I felt her shiver against me. And I had wild desire to take her in my arms.

"Down there before and behind us, to left and right, light-houses were shining along the shore-light-houses white and yellow and red, revolving like the enoryellow and red, revolving like the enor-mous eyes of giants who were staring at us, watching us, waiting eagerly for us to disappear. One of them in special irritated me. It went out every thirty seconds and it lit up again as soon. It was indeed an eye, that one, with its lid carelessly lowered over its fiery look.

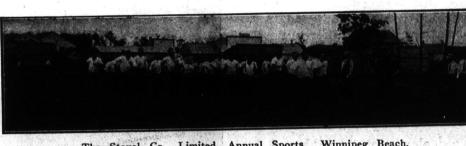
"From time to time the Englishman struck a match to see the hour; then he put his watch back in his pocket. Suddenly he said to me, over the heads of his daughters, with a gravity which was supreme, 'I wish you a Happy New Year, Mosieu.'

"It was midnight. I held out my hand which he pressed. Then he said something in English, and suddenly he and his daughter began to sing 'God Save the Queen,' which rose through the black and silent air and vanished into space.

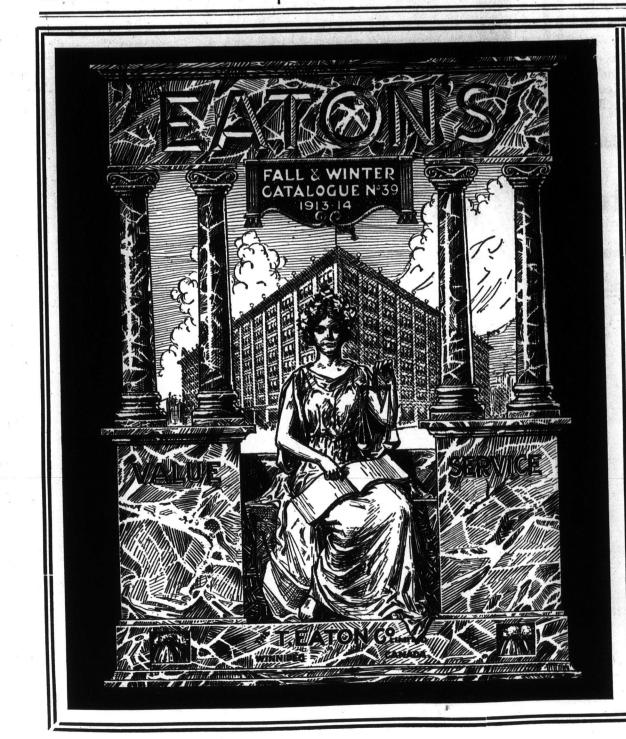
"At first I felt a desire to laugh; then was seized by a strong, fantastic emotion.

"It was something sinister and su-perb, this chant of the shipwrecked, the condemned, something like a prayer and also like something grander, something comparable to the encient sublime 'Ave Caesar morituri te salutamus,

"When they had finished I asked my neighbor to sing a ballad alone, a leg-end, anything she liked, to make us forget our terrors. She consented, and immediately her clear young voice flew off into the night. She sang something which was doubtless sad, because the notes were long drawn out, issued slowly from her mouth and hovered, like wounded birds, above the waves.



The Stovel Co., Limited, Annual Sports. Winnipeg Beach.



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The Western Home Monthly

upon our wreck. As for me, I thought only of that voice. And I thought also of the sirens. If a ship had passed near by us what would the sailors have said? My troubled spirit lost itself in the dream. A siren! Was she not really a siren, this daughter of the sea, who had kept me on this worm-eaten ship, and who was soon about to go down with me deep into the waters?

"But suddenly we were all five rolling on the deck, because the 'Marie Joseph' had sunk on her right side. The English girl had fallen across me, and before I knew what I was doing, thinking that my last moment had come, I had caught her in my arms and kissed her cheek, her temple and her hair.

"The ship did not move again, and

we, we also, remained motionless. "The father said 'Kate!' The one whom I was holding answered 'Yes,' and made a movement to free herself. And at that moment I should have wished the ship to split in two and let me fall with her into the sea.

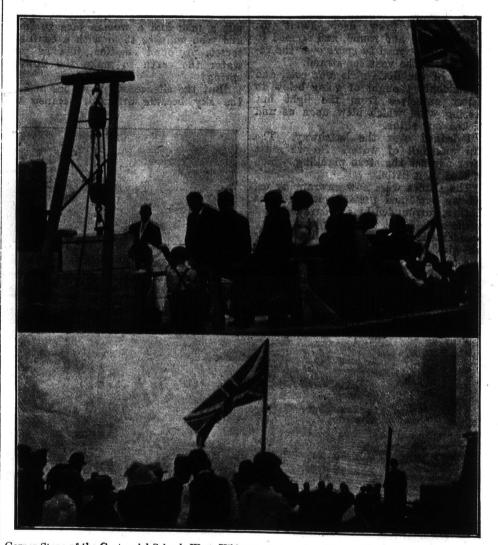
"The Englishman continued: 'A little rocking; it's nothing. I have my three daughters safe.'

"The sea was rising now and beating her life, talks of her children, her sisters, never her husband. Why? Ah! Why?....And as for me, I only talk of the 'Marie Joseph.' That was, perhaps, the only woman I have ever loved. No -that I ever should have loved Ah, well! Who can tell? Facts master youAnd then-and then-all passes.... She must be old now; I should not know her. . . Ah! she of the by-gone time, she of the wreck! What a creature!.... Divine! She writes me her hair is white....That caused me terrible pain ... Ah! her yellow hair No, my English girl exists no longer....They are sad, such things as that!"

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

Corner Stone Laying in Kildonan

On a recent Saturday afternoon there was a memorable occasion in connection with the Winnipeg district. It was the laying of the corner stone of what is known as the Centennial school in the historic municipality of Kildonan. The building will be the first fully modern school structure erected in any rural municipal district in the province of Manitoba. The ceremony was performed



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Corner Stone of the Centennial School, West Kildonan, being placed in position. In the upper view Messrs R. Fletcher, Deputy Minister of Education, and J. H. Gunn, Chairman of the School Board, are seeing the stone put in position properly, and the lower picture shows Mr Fletcher addressing the assembly, after having pronounced the stone well and truly laid.

thought she was lost overboard.

"I rose slowly, and suddenly I made out a light on the sea quite near us. I shouted; they answered. It was a boat sent out in search of us by the hotelkeeper, who had guessed at our imprudence.

"We were saved. I was in despair. They picked us off our raft, and they brought us back to Saint-Martin.

"The Englishman was now rubbing his hands and murmuring: 'A good supper!

A good supper!' "We did sup. I was not gay. I re-gretted the 'Marie Joseph.'

"We had to separate the next day, after much handshaking and many promises to write. They departed for Biarritz. I was not far from following them.

"I was hard hit; I wanted to ask this little girl in marriage. If we had passed eight days together I should have done so. How weak and incomprehensible a man sometimes is!

"Two years passed without my hearing a word from them. Then I received a letter from New York. She was married and wrote to tell me. And since then we write to each other every year on New Year's Day. She tells me about

"Not having seen the oldest, he had | by Deputy Minister of Education Fletcher, and was attended by a large number of the residents, among which was not a few old-timers. The school is named the 'Centennial" in honor of the Lord Selkirk settlers, as one hundred years back they landed in this neighborhood. It is an e ht-room fully mod-ern brick structure, with stone base-ment, costing about \$80,000. The main part of the building is of red brick, and it is faced with white, giving a very pretty appearance. Owing to its color it stands out very distinctly. The building is on two and a half acres of ground, at the corner of Kildonan and Royal avenues, and what will be Aikins street. It is about one hundred square feet in size, two stories and basement, and will have all the equipment of a modern school. One of the special features will be an assembly room to seat 700. The structure is to serve the district east of the C. P. R. Selkirk track, and the citizens are delighted at the prospect of so good a school. The architect is Mr. Edward Prain, and the contractor Mr. Bjornalson. The building is to be finished by October, and to run it there will be a male principal and a number of female teachers. The trus'ees are J. H. Gunn, chairman, Thos. Cassidy, secretary, and Jas. Carlton.

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The services were presided over by the chairman, and the "laying" done by Mr. Fletcher, who made a timely address. Speeches were also made by Rev. Mr. Hamilton, of the historic Presbyterian church, and Rev. Mr. McKinnon, of the Baptist church—the youngest church organization in the district. These two ministers sort of linked up the past with the present. S. R. Henderson, reeve of the municipality, spoke, as also Coun. Harper; the latter being one of Coun. Harper; the latter being one of ue, east of McPhillip street. It is to the first teachers in the district. Mr. be known as the Gov. Semple school, and Robt. McBeth, another old-timer also | will cost in the neighborhood of \$25,000.

spoke. Messrs. A. C. Miller, principal of the Winnipeg Business College, ex-Coun. Partridge, Coun. Whellams and Coun. Smith were each invited to speak. Congratulations were in order all round, the trustees being commended for the effort made to secure the best school accommodation for the people.

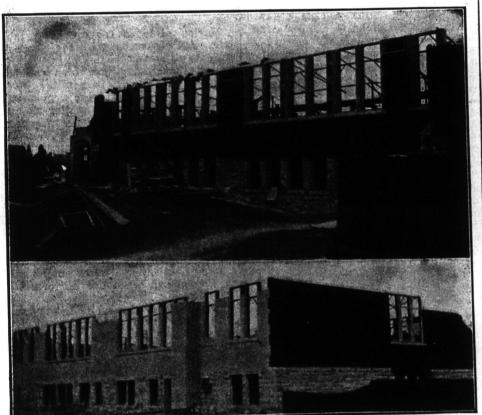
The trustees are also erecting a fourroom school building on Jefferson aven-

Remember"

Recollections of the Past in Western Canada by "1881."

REMEMBER" quite well leaving the Ontario town for the West. It was on the 12th of July, 1881, when we passed through Listowel ablaze with the glory of the "twelfth" of those days. The trip up through Chicago and St. Paul is not forgotten by any means. At the latter place, then twice as large as Minneapolis, pater said, "This is far enough, let's stop here and go into busi-ness." This in face of the fact that a

"I remember" the trip out West by the C. P. R. train to Portage, the stay at the hotel near the Assiniboine river in Portage la Prairie, the trip from there over the prairie to Rapid City, (then the live place of that district just outside the western border of Manitoba), the stop at Brandon, (the then tent town) and the put up at the stopping places at Rat Creek and Rabbs. The poor horses, how they did suffer from great portion of the Minnesota city was the bull-dogs, and what a run we had under water. He thought that it was over the prairie after one of the ani-



The Centennial School, West Kildonan. The views show the building in course of construction. The upper one is the front view, and the lower the rear

a good point. Well do "I remember" a | mals, who, being made frantic by these made upon Mr. J. J. Hill, "the great flies, ran in double quick order



23

The Ever-Present Gillette

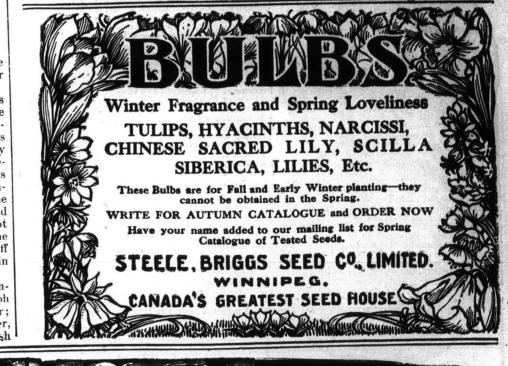
Wherever you see men buying razors, in drug, jewelry or hardware stores-wherever you see men shaving, in club or Pullman or home-there you will inevitably find the Gillette Safety Razor purchased and used.

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railroad man from Eramosa" as father knew him. However, the stop was not made, but on to "the Red River country" we came.

"I remember" quite well the first daylight seen in the Canadian West. We reached here late at night, and early next morning I was up and looking out at the window of "The American," kept by Mr. Paisley, "from near home," on to Main Street, and across what afterwards was found to be the Hudson's Bay flats. Breakfast over, call was made at the Free Press office, which was then nearly opposite York Street, and the editor asked for. To reach him we had to ascend a flight of steps, pass along a short hall, then descend another flight of steps and pass along another hall to the sanctum-really more difficult in reaching than can be described. It was expected that Mr. W. F. Luxton, who was the proprietor, would appear, but instead it was Mr. C. A. Burrows, whom we had known as "Crazy Actin"." When surprise was expressed at him editing a Grit sheet (he was known as one of the true blue Conservatives in the East), he waved the matter off with "Here there is no politics: it is Manitoba first." Afterwards "I remember" meeting the only Luxton of Canada, courteous and generous to a fault who heartily welcomed us to the West.

across the plain.

"I remember" the great expectations of all who had put in crop, even the bachelor-farmers of the Rapid City district were enthusiastic. Great crops were expected; even from land only broken a few weeks previous great returns were looked for. Everybody was going farming. "I remember" the On-tario bank accountant, who was at the landing near the confluence of the Red and Assiniboine rivers, who did not know which way to turn the nut on the axle of the wagon which he wished off in order that room might be saved in shipping the vehicle.

"I remember" the Queen's Hotel, Winnipeg, of those days, with its Joseph Wolf auctioning lots close to the bar; when sales were closed, or rejoiced over, or condoned, whichever way you wish

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him or her also.

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to put it, with a "have a drink." The call for the champagne bath by the man who put the Vivian estate at Brandon on the market. "I remember" the purchase of lots on the then Jemima St. and Yonge St., and of the purchase of a lot at \$9, in the Spencer block auction rooms, of an annex, or something of the kind, to the then-to-be large town of Clearwater, and the trading of the same for a suit of clothes (about the only thing saved from the boom wreck); the sale of the Presbyterian church opposite the Spencer block, and so on.

Well do "I remember" Well do "I remember" going to the Queen's hotel, Winnipeg, for a square meal. The Queen's was the hotel of those days, and when one wished to put it on went there-the idea was to get at least one square meal each week. Prairie chicken was on the bill of fare, and one of the birds was little more than a meal for a hungry Ontario-born, so small were they when dressed. It came to the final course, and raspberry tart pie was called for. It looked fine, but on partaking of the dessert it was found that it had been sugared with salt. The head push was appealed to, and he affected great disgust—it was impossible for such to be. Another of the party called for the same, and then there was double complaint; finally Mr. Cook was persuaded to try it himself, and then capitulation followed, for he could not down the mouthful.

"I remember" making an engagement with the late Mr. Nagle to start "the Sun," and fitting up the old plant, owned by the then Mr. John C. Schultz, afterwards Lieut. Governor. "I remember" the visit of Mr. Nagle to his home-town of Ottawa, and shipping men out here to work in the composing room. His having to advance their fare, which was to be worked out of salary; the difficulty of getting them to do the square thing, as they took every advantage of their transportation being paid ahead. The trials and tribulations of the foreman printer in those days were many. There is a lingering remembrance of the move of the plant from Portage Avenue to Main St. on a stormy Saturday night and early Monday morning, and getting the paper out in time Monday evening, in spite of the protestations of the edi-tor who wished the moving done on Sun-

day. "I remember" that same editor get-ting upset one night out near the Bay Horse hotel on Portage Ave. His buggy was turned over, and he dumped in the mud with a coonskin coat on. He had enough "lot" on his coat the next day, to equip the ordinary real estate man for the trip to Toronto in connection with sale of property. It was neces-sary in those days, to "show me" some of the soil and it was sometimes placed in jars so that its nature could be seen. It was a big thing when the proprietor

The Edmonton boom "I remember," it lasted about a week. The citizens of

today know nothing of a boom as we did in those days. Several of the northWinnipeg, September, 1913.

and those lots, I found afterwards could hardly be climbed up. They were on the banks of the Saskatchewan, and were so steep that no building could be erected on them.

Well do "I remember" the preaching of Rev. J. B. Silcox (Congregationalist), and also Rev. Starr (Methodist), with the cornet for lead in the singing.

There is one project that "I remember" very well and it would have been good if carried out. It was that of the late F. W. Colclough. His idea was to get control of all the river lots, between Winnipeg and Selkirk, and re-survey the whole territory into sections. It was a rather large undertaking for those days and fell through.

"I remember," oh yes "I remember."

Sensible Advice

Bill-"What are you carrying a cane for ?"

Jim-"I'm having a deuce of a time with water on the knee."

Bill-"Why don't you try wearing pumps?"

Amicable Alice

Alice: "Papa, it's going to snow." Papa (who is busy): "Well, let it snow.

Alice: "I was going to, Papa."

Ingenuous

Marion came to the breakfast table late, and was scanned by the reproachful eyes of her mother.

"Did that young man kiss you last night, Marion ?"

"Now, Mother," said the very pretty girl, with a reminiscent smile, "do you suppose that he came all the way from Blue Rock to hear me sing?"

Sounds Plausible

"Pop, why does the moon get full?" "I don't know. Don't bother me."

"Pop, I guess if the moon would only tick to the Milky Way it wouldn't get full, would it?"

A New Case of English Humor

Two Southerners were entertaining an Englishman when one of them told the following story:

"There was a poor white in our couny named Yarrow, whom every one thought dishonest, but who had never been caught stealing. At last he got too bold, and, through the testimony of a Mr. Brown, he was sent to jail. Soon after Yarrow served his sentence, Mr. Brown was obliged to go to Baltimore and have his eyes operated upon. A much exaggerated account of the operation reached the county, and was



"The mate?" said he, rather bewildered.

"Well, you know," said she, "Noah took a pair of all things into the Ark with him, and now that I know one of the jokes, really I would love to know the other." ern city lots were purchased by friends,

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Woman and the Home

Be Brave

Be brave, my soul; the coward drop That pales my cheek would bid me stop; When glancing spears before me thrust. Should trail my banners in the dust. Oh, soul of mine, if thou would'st save, The wavering day, be bold, be brave!

What boots it that the hills are steep, What matter that the low mists creep, Who cares that foes in ambush throng; Be brave, my heart, uplift a song, When closest draws the hostile line, Strike home, the victory shall be thine.

Know this, that never fell defeat. That never shame nor swift retreat Are his who plays the manful part, In whom no traitor's fear can start; Content to die, but not to yield, Till heaven itself desert the field.

Be brave, from starry spaces far The cry is heard, thy helpers are Invisible, but hurrying on To crown thee when the fight is won. Oh, heart of mine, where'er the strife, Be brave. In courage is thy life!

For Gloomy Folk

Be bright! Cultivate a bright, cheery voice, and brightness of looks. "But what about how I feel?" you may ask. It is not of the least consequence how you feel, but it is of very great consequence how you make others feel.

It is very easy to get a whine in your voice, and to be unconscious of it, but it is most depressing to those around you. A voice and a look soon make an atmosphere. You make think that these things come naturally to good people, but they do not. There are many very good people who are quite depressing. Doubtless they are all right on the inside, but they have not cultivated some things on the outside, and there is a deep meaning in what the Master said: "These ought ye to have done" (the most important), but He added, "and not to leave the other undone.

We can afford to have a dozen people go with whom we never can associate sunshine, rather than to lose one bright and happy friend.

2.

The Girl of Fifteen

The girl of fifteen stands today where the little limpid brook with its narrow, silvery thread and flower-bordered banks meets the brimming, full-bosomed river, and it is impossible not to love her, not to be wistful for her, not to pray for her, if one has in her own heart the

will be a barren and wretched waste and failure, that they sometimes handicap their future by indiscreet vows.

At seventeen a man is immature; a girl is a trifle less undeveloped; but even she is not as yet prepared for matrimony. Twenty-three on the man's side is usually young enough for betrothal, and twentytwo is the corresponding age which is the youthful limit for a woman.

Never should people seriously consider marriage—and an engagement is the high road to marriage—until they are in cir-cumstances to support a home. A young man should wait for an assured income before he asks a girl to engage herself to him. A small income will do, but he should have something definite.

The Fault Finder

The fault finder does not attract. There is something about his face, gait and manner, as well as about his temper and words, that repels. Sweetness, gentleness and charity are lacking in his composition, and people fight shy of him. Men become a bane to themselves and to society when dominated by a critical, carping and harsh spirit.

Heart Thoughts

"Duty-the command of heaven, the eldest voice of God."-Charles Kingsley. "Duty is a power which rises with us in the morning and goes to bed with us in the evening."—Gladstone.



Stovel Picnic, Winnipeg Beach. Two of the Lady Champion Ball Players.

"Love is kin to duty."—Lewis Morris. Do your duty even if it is hard and un-

Content.

The scrubbing's done : my kitchen stands

arrayed In shining tins, and order reignsusupreme. Here on the table, like a fairy dream, A row of pies and cakes, all freshly made And full of spicy odors, stands displayed ; While from the oven, like a rising stream Of incense, comes an odor, warm supreme-The bread, its final browning still delayed. Now while 1 wait beside the oven door, I take up my guitar upon my knee, And singing the old songs I knew of yore, My happy youth comes back to me. Music and incense rising in the air ! Courage is mine, and all the world fair !

-Anon.

Temptin the Convalescent

This has been an unusually trying winter for those who are not naturally robust, and with the relaxing warmth and sudden changes of temperature of the spring, appetites at no time vigorous are hard to tempt. Once past the danger point recovery in many cases becomes a question of nourishment, and to the convalescent, worn out and without his usual control of nerves and appetite, nourishment becomes a question of the attractiveness of his tray and the flavoring of the dishes served him.

Now, as to the tray, let it be light, unless your patient is able to sit up at a table, the shabbiest old tin kitchen tray, if it be covered with a fresh white napkin, is preferred to the most magnificent silver salver which weighs down like lead on the weak muscles. Then let me add the further caution, that no feeble appetite was ever tempted by food served in large quantities, or by a great variety of dishes served at one time. Even a perfectly healthy person will often turn in disgust from a heaped up plateful of food, and the speed with which one tires of restaurant or hotel fare is largely due to the fact that one sees the same great number of dishes day after day, and even though one does not eat them, the very thought of them bores one.

With an invalid or a convalescent to feed, comes your opportunity to use to the best advantage the dainty little plates and dishes, the quaint cream pitchers and the egg-shell cups you have gathered. If you have not such a supply hen keep a watchful eye on bargain tables and sales of odds and ends of broken sets. You do not need to buy an expensive breakfast tray and service, for dainty bits of china in odd shapes and colors that harmonize will be more useful.

In preparing a meal, cook small amounts. Even where the invalid is to have a share cf the family dinner, arrange to have his portion carefully cut and daintily garnished. A slice of meat on its own small plate, nicely placed and garnished, with the vegetable in a tiny brightcolored bowl, will tempt your invalid to colored bowl, will tempt your invalid to help himself, or allow you to help him twice, and finish it all, when the same amount sent up on a big dinner plate would be sent away hardly tasted. If he is to have a dessert, keep it hot or cold, as the case may be, until he is ready for it, and bring it up then. Don't think because your invalid makes fun of the tray and says he is not fussy, that it is not worth while. The very one who scoffs at the "fixings" is the one who, in his heart, appreciates them and enjoys and assimilates his food the better for



25

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I can do this for you and win it you will be used me. All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—it has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for 2c (the cost of a postage stamp). Your letters held confidentially. Write today for my free treatment. MRS. F. E. CURRAH, WINDSOR, Onot.



memory of the sweet days she lived when she was herself fifteen and a daughter of some happy home.

Winsome and clever, or thoughtful and brooding, merry or quiet, according to her temperament, the girl of fifteen is in some phases a problem to her mother, and in many ways a puzzle to herself. She is no longer a child to play freely with her mates in the games which delighted her at ten, and she is not yet a young woman, though she may have womanly tastes and aspirations. On certain subjects as for instance her dress, her amusements, her studies, she has very decided views and she is still gaining in breadth and in-dependence, though still under her mother's wing, and accustomed to refer all questions at issue to her for settlement as the final authority.

Just now she needs more than ever the mother's loving guardianship and the wise mother keeps her daughter very close to her side in confidential affection, in daily intercourse, in the purest and most intimate association.

Early Engagements

Young people, deeply in love, think it very hard that their seniors counsel them against an early engagement or a precipitate marriage. They are so convinced that life without each other knife slightly over a hot iron.

pleasant and you will come to love it. Practice in this brings not only perfection, but joy.

"Duty before pleasure." Yes, and duty is the source of all true pleasure.

To Renovate Straw Hats

It is claimed that old hats of black straw may be made to appear new by re-varnishing them with a liquid made by pounding some black sealing wax into small pieces, and pouring over them enough methylated spirits to dissolve the wax thoroughly; when this mixture is quite smooth apply it with a soft brush to the hat, covering every portion of it. Blue straw hats may be freshened in the same way by the use of blue sealingwax, as may also red straw hats with red sealing-wax.

To Clean Feathers

As feathers are very expensive, it may be well to know that white feathers may be cleaned by gently sousing them in warm soapsuds; rinse them in clear water and dry between soft cloths over the fire, and by occasionally waving them in the air. After they are dry, curl them over the back of a knife after heating the

them. Don't keep your patient waiting for his food ; remember that when one is weak, the time seems long, and in the long tiresome day, every little event is welcomed. For the same reason do not hurry him, let him linger over it, and count it just so much gain to have him pass the time pleasantly. Don't ask him beforehand what he

wants, and don't, if possible, let him know what is coming unless he is one of the people who enjoy choosing their own meals.

Now, as to the cooking, make whatever is special diet in small quantities and do not let it become stale or musty. A little ingenuity will take the place of many utensils, and with one or two of the little fire-proof dishes which come now in green or brown for cooking and serving hot things and with small cups, egg cups and small tumblers to serve,

Ask your Druggist or Grocer to show you the new plan for killing all the flies in your house or store in one night, and have neither flies nor fly killers about in the daytime.



Backing Up the Purchaser

TF we didn't have an eye to the future, and if we didn't care what you or anybody else was going to think

of us, we could sell engines and other machines for much less money, but we could not put I H C quality into them. The kicks would start coming in right away, and soon there would be no market for I H C engines.

I H C engines stand for everything that is opposed to such a policy. The I H C way is to build always for the respect and good will of the Canadian farmer, and to that end it has been successfully working for many years. The agent who sells you an I H C engine expects on its merits to do business with you again. The purchaser of an

IHC **Oil and Gas Engine**

buys security and safety with it. He banks on the many years of square dealing and the reputation back of all I H C machines. He knows it is the best engine bargain because it gives him efficient service in all kinds of farm work—pumping, sawing wood, spraying, running repair shop, grindstone, cream separator, etc. He knows that I H C responsibility is always back of the engine.

IHC oil and gas engines operate on gas, gasoline, naphtha, kerosene, distillate, and alcohol. Sizes range from 1 to 50-horse power. They are built vertical, horizontal, portable, stationary, skidded, air-cooled and water-cooled. I H C oil tractors range in size from 6-12 to



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30-60-horse power for plowing, threshing, etc. Look over an I H C engine at the local agent's. Learn from him what it will do for you, or write for catalogues to

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The Western Home Monthly

as moulds for jellies and deserts, one may work wonders.

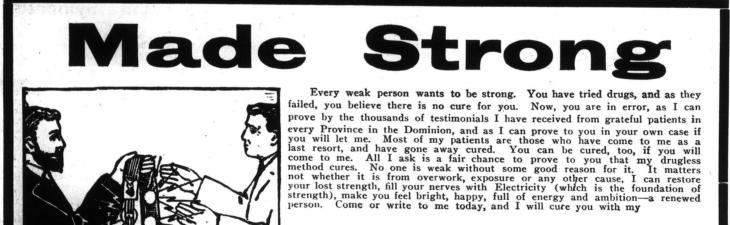
The inevitable prune will be received more gratefully if it comes up now and then encased as a tiny mould of jelly, a result that may be attained at the expense of only a moment or two of time. Slip the stones out of your cooked prunes, and put them in a small glass. Stir a pinch of prepared gelatine into a few spoonfuls of juice, and pour over the prunes. A little gelatine and a drop of cochineal added to the juice you have stewed figs in, will make them much more attractive than the ordinary grey sloppy stewed fig.

The share of stew, fricassee, or boiled fish, which is to go to the invalid, will become a dainty, if carefully put into a small, a very small, fireproof bowl or ramekin case, and placed in the oven to keep it piping hot, until the time comes to set it on a pretty saucer and send it up.

Soup and broth will be much less likely to get cold or spill over on the tray if served in a bouillon cup or a small bowl set on a plate. A little dish of nicely browned croutons, not fried, but toasted in the oven, or in a corn-popper over the fire, will be returned to you empty when a thick piece of bread will be untouched.

If you get a chicken, do not cook it all at one time, or in one way. Broil or fry half the breast one day, fricassee a wing for another meal, roast a leg with a little dressing tucked under the skin; make a tiny mould or two of jelly, and soup or broth of the rest.

Of course you will have to get orders as to diet from the physician in charge, and must follow them with the utmost care, no matter what your patient's cravings may be. But having the kind of food defined, you may use every bit of skill and cleverness you have in preparing it and all your ingenuity in doing it, so as not to add to the work of a household already tired by the strain of a serious illness.



Uphill.

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

Does the road wind uphill all the way? Yes, to the very end.

Will the day's journey take the whole long day?

From morn to night, my friend.

- But is there for the night a restingplace ?
- A roof for when the slow dark hours begin,
- May not the darkness hide it from my face?
- You cannot miss that inn.
- Shall I meet other wayfarers at night? Those who have gone before.
- Then must I knock, or call when just in sight?
- They will not keep you standing at that door.
- Shall I find comfort, travel-sore and weak ? Of labor you shall find the sum. Will there be beds for me and all who
- seek? "Yea, beds for all who come.
- -Christina Georgina Rossetti.

Becoming Clothes

Savages dress for warmth and decency, but civilized men and women dress not only for these indispensable purposes, but to delight the eyes of those who look at them. There is no expense that a rational man should more gladly incur than that of dress for the women-kind who are dependent upon him. Of course, everything is proportionate and in reason, and you do not expect a poor man to provide costly stuffs for the raiment of his wife and daughters, but too many men apparently think that it is not of much importance whether their women folks have aiment that is suitable to the seasons and conformable to the prevailing styles. Whereas, next to the question of mere subsistence, it is of the utmost importance. No woman can delight the hearts even of those who love her f she is slovenly or unbecomingly dressed. Her personality only makes its proper impression upon others when she is tastefully and suitably arrayed. And then, too, the happiness of women is more largely involved than most men think in the possession and wearing of good clothes. The consciousness of being perfectly well dressed imparts a, peculiar peace of mind that ought to com, but sometimes does not, from conditions apparently more important.

Which Are You?

There are two kinds of people on earth

Just two kinds of people, no more I say. Not the sinner and saint, for 'tis well

The good are half-bad and the bad are

Not the rich and the poor, for to count

You must first know the state of his con-

Not the humble and proud, for in life's

Who puts on vain airs is not counted a

Not the happy and sad, for the swift-

Bring each man his laughter and each

to-day,

understood

half-good.

little span

flying years

man his tears.

man.

a man's wealth

science and health.



DR. McLAUGHLIN'S **ELECTRIC BELT**

It is a pleasure to wear my Belt. You put it on when you go to bed and get up in the morning with increased strength, and glad to begin your day's work. My Belt never burns and blisters, as do the old style (so-called) electric belts. I have a Special Electric Attachment which I give free to those who wear my Belt. This attachment carries the current direct to the weak parts, and fills them with its warm, vitalizing power, causing the blood to again circulate in a free and natural way, thus bringing about a sure and lasting cure. Weakness, Varicocle, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Weak Back, Lumbago, Kidney, Liver or Stomach Trouble, Indigestion and Constipation are all quickly cured by this New Method of mine of applying "Electricity." Don't put it off any longer. Act today. Tomorrow may be too late.

Mr. F. T. Jolly, Killarney, Man., Box 478, has this to say: "The Belt which I purchased from you has given me the best of satisfaction, and I am pleased to say that I am greatly benefited in every way. It is doing all you claim it to do, and it is a belt that cannot be too highly recommended."

I have for years contended that old age was nothing but the freezing of the blood when there was no longer sufficient vital heat in the body to keep the blood warm and the organs active. I have said that years did not cause decay, and proved it by ciming cases where men have been made vigorous under my rejuvenating treatment. I have men of seventy years of age who will tell you that the manner in which I apply electricity made the warm blood bound through their veins.

| CALL TODAY | For Free Book. | Free Test of My Belt, Free Consultation and Free If You Can't Call, Cut Out and Send This Coupon | | No; the two kinds of people on earth I mean Are the people who lift and the people who lean. Wherever you go, you will find the world's masses |
|---|-------------------|--|---------------|---|
| FREE BOOK Write me today for my beautifully illustrated book with cuts showing how my Belt is applied and lots of good reading for men who want to be "the noblest work of God" a MAN. Inclose this coupon and I will send this book, sealed, free. | Cut This Out | Dr. E. M. McLaughlin 237 Yonge Street, Toronto, Canada Please send me your book for men, scaled, free. Name. Address | Send It Today | Are always divided in just these two classes. And oddly enough you will find, too, I ween, There is only one lifter to twenty who lean. In which class are you? Are you easing the load Of overtaxed lifters who toil down the road? Or are you a leaner, who lets others bear Your portion of labor and worry and |
| When writing Adverti | sers plea | ase mention The Western Home Month | lv | care? |

Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

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Joe and the Demon

Written for The Western Home Monthly by May Howard

The Little White Horse was grazing in the meadow, and the Little Boy was watching him, with his face pressed close against the railings. He was a very wild horse and a very young one, no one had ever yet put bit or bridle in his mouth, although they had often tried, for he had always been alone; there were no others of his age to canter about with, to race round the meadow, manes and tails flying, or to feed with side by side. So Little White Horse was not very fond of anyone, and his master said one day:

"I must really sell the creature. He is of no use to me."

But the Little Boy loved him dearly. "Come and talk to me, White Horse," he would say "let me get on your back and we will gallop ever so far away." And Little White Horse would wonder

what that strange thing with the soft voice was, and scmetimes he would come quite close to look, but gallop away again before Little Boy could touch him.

"I will call you Demon because you're so wild," said 'he Little Boy, "come and listen now, and I will tell you about myself. I belong to a circus, that one over there; you can see the roof of the tent from hers, that's where the big band plays, and thers are lots of horses, but not one so nice as you, Demon."

"Let me stroke your nose, you know me now, don't you? You're getting quite tame.'

For the Little White Horse came and stood close by the fence and rubbed against it, and Joe, the Little Boy, stroked and patted him.

"Tr awfully lonely, Demon," he said, "there's nobody in the circus wants me 'coss I can't jump through hoops or tumble or anything, and they're not kind to me, either, but I don t mind that when I'm here with you."

Joe was sitting on the top of the fence when he said this, and Demon was rub-

bing his head against his knee. "I love you, I love you," he seemed to say, and Joe threw his arms round his neck and kissed him.

"I wish you would let me ride on your back just once more," he said, "will you!

Demon said nothing, only cocked up his ears and with a little jump Joe was on.

The Little White Horse sprang away from the fence, and stood staring as if he wondered what strange thing had happened to him, but after a while he did not mind, and away they went, round the field like the wind, Demon's mane getting all mixed up with his little rider's hair.

After that they had many a lovely ride together, Joe tried to sit up quite straight and keep on, although he had no saddle and bridle, and I think he must have done it, for I never heard of

ride the white horse in the circus, or stay with him here and be a little groom?' Little Boy looked at the circus man's ugly face, thought of the little food, and many hard words and blows, and answered,

"I'd rather stay here. I wouldn't like White Horse to go in a circus.

"So be it, then. I was going to sell him, for he was so wild he was no use to me, but now you can ride him that is all right."

So Joe stayed when the circus went away and took care of Demon in his master's stables, and the two were as

happy as the day was long. There it was one wet day that Joe told me this story, for if he had not I could not have-told it you.

She Paid the Other Quarter

A dumpy little woman, with solemn eyes, holding by the hand two dumpy little boys, came to the box-office of theatre, says "Harper's Weekly." Handing in a quarter, she asked meekly for the best seat she could get for that money.

"These boys must have tickets if you take them in," said the clerk.

"Oh, no mister" she said. "I never pay for them. I never can spare more than a quarter and I just love a show. We don't cheat you any, mister, for they

both go sound asleep just as soon as they get into a seat, and don't see a single bit of it."

The argument convinced the ticket man, and he allowed the two children to pass in.

Toward the end of the second act an usher come out of the auditorium, and handed a twenty-five cent piece to the ticket-seller.

'What's this?" demanded the latter.

"I don't know," said the usher. little chunk of a woman beckoned me clear across the house, and said one of her kids had waked up and was looking at the show, and that I should bring you that quarter."

The Same, Only a Little Different

They were newly married, according to "The New York Sun" and on a honey moon trip. They put up at a sky-scraper hotel. The bridegroom felt in-disposed and the bride said she would slip out and do a little shopping. In due time she returned and tripped blithely up to her room, a little awed by the number of doors that looked all alike. But she was sure of her own and

tapped gently on the panel. "I'm back, honey; let me in," she whispered.

No answer.

"Honey, honey, let me in!" she called again, rapping louder. Still no answer.

"Honey, honey, it's Mabel. Let me

There was silence for several seconds; then a man's voice, cold and full of dignity, came from the other side of the door:

"Madam, this is not a beehive; it's a bathroom.

When Fighting Really Began

An aged, gray-haired and very wrinkled old woman, arrayed in the outlandish calico costume of the mountains, was summoned as a witness in court to tell what she knew about a fight in her house. She took the witness-stand with evidence of backwardness and proverbial Bourbon verdancy. The Judge asked her in a kindly voice what took place. She insisted it did not amount to much, but the Judge by his persistency finally got her to tell the story of the bloody fraces. "Now, I tell ye, Jedge, it didn't amount

to nuthin'. The fust I knowed about it was when Bill Saunders called Tom Smith a liar, en Tom knocked him down with a stick o' wood. One o' Bill's friends then cut Tom with a knife, One o' Bill's slicin' a big chunk out o' him. Then Sam Jones, who was a friend of Tom's, Then shot the other feller and two more shot him, en three or four others got cut right smart by somebody. That nachly caused some excitement, Jedge, en then they commenced fightin'."

P. A. is the "Big Smoke Medicine"

Prince Albert has soothed all kinds of pipe grouches for all kinds of men. One of the most interesting cases is that of the American Indians on the reservations. These direct descendants of the original jimmy pipers have taken to

his falling off. I was there when the Man-who-ranthe-circus and the Man-who-owned-thehorse first saw them. Then they both called out together, one said, "I'll have the horse," the other said, "I'll have the

boy." Then the Man-who-owned-the-horse laughed as he leaned over the fence and called to Joe.

"Come here, my lad," he said, and the Little Boy trotted Demon up to the fence, and saw that the man had kind eyes and a merry smile, while the Man-who-ran-the-circus was dirty and rough and frowned as him.

Demon would not let his master touch him, but stood a little way off with his

ears cocked up looking at them. "Do you know, my lad," said his mas-ter, "you're the first one who's ever been on him, and it's a wonder he did not throw you off and kill you."

"He knows me," answered Joe, stroking the sleek neck.

The master laugh ! again. "Well, Bateman," he said, turning to the circus man, "which is it to be?"

"I'll take the horse, sir," growled Bateman, "the boy's mine."

"I think not," said the master. "I think I will keep both horse and boy. Now, my lad, which would you rather do,

Chief 'Fights

the Enemy"

PRINGE ALBERT the national joy smoke

with the same enthusiasm their forefathers took after paleface scalps. P. A. is the "Big Smoke Medicine" in the lodges of hundreds of thousands of men of all races. You can smoke P. A. without feeling your scalp come up or your tongue blister. The bite is removed by that wonderful patented process that makes P. A. different, distinct, delicious.

Sold everywhere in full 2-oz. tins

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C., U. S. A.

The Western Home Monthly

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

THE YOUNG MAN AND HIS PROBLEM

By James L. Gordon, D.D., Central Congregational Church, Winnipeg

MAKING HISTORY

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We are making history—every o e of us. What we think, say and do is entering into the fabric of our times. There is no man without power and no woman without influence. When least we think of it, our words are being recorded in some men al "phonograph" and our actions are being focalized upon by some camera of individual inspection. What you forget your neighbors will remember. The main thing for you to remember is that you are "making history." An English writer remarks:

"Years ago in a school in Yorkshire there were four little sisters delicate girls who needed all the tenderness of a mother's loving care, but, alas, the mother lay sleeping in the churchyard. And one of the teachers was hard and tyrannical, such a woman as never ought to enter the teaching profession, which needs not only the keenest intellects, but also the kindest hearts. And she behaved cruelly to one of the girls, and the hot indignation which dared not express itself in words flashed from the eyes of her sister, and the memory of it was burned into her soul. The teacher thought nothing more of it, but in a few years everybody was reading a book called "Jane Eyre," in which, in thrilling words, the wrong done the child was portrayed, and Marie Bronte was a thousand times avenged."

QUIET GOODNESS

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The cream of goodness is quiet goodness. Quiet acts of kindness when there is no reporter near to record the incidents of our charity. Quiet words of good cheer when we have not even a faint idea that the thoughtfully expressed remark will ever be recalled or referred to. Quiet suggestions of a friendly sort, to a friend, and about a friend, more needy than we, but of which the friend in need does not even know.

A British politician of considerable fame, remarks: "When Mr. Gladstone was Chancellor of the Exchequer the following incident was related to me by my friend, Sir Francis Crossley, told to him by the Rector of St. Martin's in the Fields, Trafalgar Square, whose church Mr. Gladstone attended. The rector had visited one of his parishioners, a street-sweeper, who was ill, and being asked if anyone had been to see him, replied, 'Yes, Mr. Gladstone.' 'What Gladstone?' 'Why, Mr. Gladstone himself. He often speaks to me at my crossing, and missing me, he asked my mate if I was i l, and where I lived, and so came my mate if I was II, and where I lived, and so came to see me, and read Bible to me.' Less busy and dis-tinguished people may learn a lesson of personal service to the poor and suffering, equally impressive whether we agree or differ in political opinions."

BETTER NOT

Young men who are thinking about "seeing the should remember that there are two worldsworld" a world of beauty and a world of sin. The world of sin had better be left uninspected. At the suggestion of a cab-driver I visited the morgue in Paris. The dead lay around me just as they had been fished up out of the river or carried in lifeless from the streets of a fair city. One glance was enough. I had seen more than it was necessary to see. There are some things touching the moral and physical realm which it is better not to see. A friend writing to an American journal says: "I have had occasion this week to look into Dante's 'Inferno'-the most vivid picture of sin ever drawn by human pen—and what struck me most was Virgil's two charges to Dante. 'Don't look at that,' he says; 'place your hands on your eyes.'

eyelid? Can you not hear it in the tremor of the voice? Can you not detect it in the unsteady motion of the hand? Listen! The great philosopher, Carlyle, talking with his intimate friend after his wife's death, described the patience with which Mrs. Carlyle had borne the ill-humor and the bitter speeches of her husband while he was working on his life of Frederick. He said the bitterest of all his woe was that she could never know how much he had loved her through it all. A few affectionate words while she was alive would have made her happy. As he read her diary he learned how she had hungered for them and he had not spoken them. "Now," he said, "it is too late. She can never them. know."

"AT LAST"

"He laughs best who laughs last." The last is the best because the last is the historical result. Great generals have been defeated, again and again, but the great general "won out" at last. It makes little difference if the champion does go down providing he is up again and at it before the bell rings. The question is "How much punishment can you stand?" Endurance is the supreme test of character. Remember the old, well worn scriptural quotation:

"Gad, a troop shall overcome him, but he shall overcome at the last."

THE RUM FIEND

The liquor advertisement is unique. It is to be found in almost every daily newspaper. The illustrations which it contains are "catchy." Some Some of them would make a temperance orator thirsty. Every attempt is being made, at the present time, to make beer drinking and wine tippling popular—but, bear one fact in mind, namely, liquor is a social fiend! It breaks the home, blasts the character, ruins the reputation and stains the soul. Listen to these words of Dr. T. De Wit Talmage:

"This rum fiend would like to go and hang up a skeleton in your beautiful house so that, when you opened the front door to go in, you would see it in the hall; and, when you sat at your table you would see it hanging from the wall; and, when you opened your bedroom you would find it stretched upon your pillow; and, waking at night, you would feel its cold hand passing over your face and pinching at your heart."

TENDER HEARTED

The truly great are tender hearted. Because their thoughts are broad, wide and deep, they can therefore enter into the feelings, likes, dislikes, loves and reasonable hates of other people. The great man is tender even though he may not always show it. For a rough exterior has often hid from view a soul which was sweet in its quality and superfine in its fibre. Bishop Quayle ends an eloquent paragraph concerning William The Silent, with these words:

"Thus he died; and above his heart they found a ring of gold and a lock of Mary's hair. So set that sun whose beams have given to England an unsetting day."

HOW MUCH ?

How much is enough? We are all strugging for "just a lit le more." The man who has nothing envies the man who has \$25,000 and the man who has one quarter of \$100,000 feels as though he has just money enough to feel and realize his own poverty. And so we are all at it; planning, pushing, scraping, crowding, and toiling for just "a little bit more." Oh that we knew enough to be satisfied with enough.

It is recorded of that poor rich man Cornelius Vanderbilt, that before he died he said to a friend: "I don't see what good it does me-all this money that you say is mine. I can't eat it; I can't spend it; in fact, I never saw it and never had it in my hands for a moment. I dress no better than my private secretary, and cannot eat as much as my coachman. I live in a big servants' boarding house, am bothered to death by beggars, have dyspepsia, cannot drink champagne, and most of my money is in the hands of others, who use it mainly for their own benefit." This is the testimony of one who put his treasure in "a bag with holes."

LITERARY RADIUM

Condensation is the secret of literary successan idea for every word and not more than a word or two for every idea. The writer must think for the reader. The author must supply ideas, plots, thrills and soul experiences for the book buyer. George Eliot read no less than three hundred volumes before writing one of her great historical novels, and Thomas Carlyle says concerning Diderot:

"For a single magazine article on Diderot, he devoured twenty-five ponderous volumes. The income from his writings was therefore necessarily lim-ited."

THE MAIN IDEA

In the solution of most problems there is a chief difficulty in the way. Of the two leading specialists who are trying to solve the problem it is probable that only one will hit on the main difficulty. The true genius goes directly to the heart of things; the man who would like to be a "genius" but is not, is in al probability concentrating his mental energy on some imaginary difficulty. A Chautauqua lecturer illustrates my point:

"The Rebellion meant either the destruction of the Union or the destruction of the Confederacy. So there must be fighting to a finish, and General Grant set himself about this task. Somebody asked him when he would take Richmond. He said the problem of the war was not the taking of Richmond, but breaking up the military power of Lee's army; it was a question of numbers and ammunition."

HABIT

Habit is the compound interest in the realm of action. When you do a thing once you create a law of probabilty that you will do it again. When you have done it twice and thrice you have introduced "brain tracks" into the geography of your mind Every thought, word and act tends toward character, and character is your way of doing things. In this connection a thoughtful writer remarks very pointedly:

"A book that has been much used at one place opens there, as we say, of itself A shoe shapes itself to the foot that wears it; it becomes comfortable in consequence. Cloth cut and sewn into a sleeve takes certain wrinkles from the crook of the arm within. Those wrinkles tend to reappear after the cloth has been laid flat. Things yield to force repeating itself along definite lines, and subsequent motion along the original line becomes easier, as paper once folded falls into the same folds."

DISAGREEABLE

Some men have a genius for being disagr eable. They can say mean things and do things which are meaner. They can crowd a world of contempt into a gesture and a vision of hate into a glance. They can generate more suspicions in an hour than a sane person would, under ordinary circumstances, dream of in a year. Fitchett in one of his historical essays remarks concerning Lord George Sackville:

"As a matter of fact, it is nothing less than absurd to accuse Lord George Sackville of not possessing the soldier's rudimentary virtue of courage. He led his regiment gallantly into the tempest of fire at Fontenoy, and fell wounded in the breast among the tents of the French camp. He fought more than one desperate duel. He was a man of great and varied abilities, but cursed with a jealous and overbearing temper. He had a distinct genius for quarrelling with everybody.'

TOO LATE

There is no kindness in the past tense. The time to be tender is now. Now when men are hard pressed. Now when hearts are breaking. Now when the soul is enduring a terrible strain. If you had an eye keen enough you might well see that your friend is in trouble? Can you not see it in the guiver of the

ONE FRIEND

"I had a friend," says Robert Browning, the poet, in explaining his remarkable career. Every one of us needs at least one friend. Some one whom we can trust, consult, and with whom we can cogitate and commune. Where is there a great man in history who has not had a great friend? And what higher honor can we achieve than to be a true friend, to try and assist others in the achievement of that nobler type of character which we each one crave for ourselves. George Macdonald says:

To know one person who is positively to be trusted will do more for a man's moral nature—yes, for his spiritual nature—than all the sermons he ever heard."

*

TIME FOR THINKING

Thinking is a most difficult task. It calls for time; occasion, opportunity, solitude and concentration of mental energy. Few men are thinkers and fewer still are what might be called "original thinkers." We We do not stay with our thoughts long enough to hatch an idea. We do not browse in the full of sweet meditation long enough to bring forth the rich cream of conviction. We are too hurried in our mental methods to generate a healthy residuum of thought. The answer of the old Quaker lady to Southey is most timely. The poet was telling with pride how his time was occupied. He went on to say how he studied Portugese while he was shaving, how he translated Spanish an hour before breakfast, how he read all the forenoon and wrote all the afternoon, in short, how every moment of the day was filled in with something. The old lady listened and then said, "Friend, when does thee do thy thinking?" The Anglican Church brackets her ministers under three adjectives, high churchmen, low churchmen, broad churchmen.

"CUSS" WORDS

"Cuss" words are coarse words. They are only used by folks who are poverty stricken in the realm of ideas. For a man's words are a revelation of the depths and scope of a man's thought. Speech is a revelation of character. A man who cannot speak without swearing is short on adjectives. He has more ideas than he can handle. He has more emotions than he can express. He has more cogitations than he can crystalize. Although, be it known, he is not overburdened with mental fuel—the fact is he is an intellectual numskull. A numskull is second cousin to an ignoramus. Byron says of Jack Bunting: "He knew not what to say, and so he swore."

IRREVERENCE

It is so easy to sneer, laugh, or ridicule. It calls for no brains, genius or special talent. The less education a man possesses, the easier it is for him to joke about religion, the Bible, the church and the Sabbath, and who can answer a sneer? It is like the thin air. It cannot be pierced by the arrows of philosophy or broken on the anvil of logic. How many a youth has been laughed out of his religion by some reckless, useless, indifferent and irresponsible person. Bishop

Vincent says: "There is little hope of an irreverent fellow. It There is so little to get is hard to get hold of him. There is so little to get

The Western Home Monthly

WANTED? A REMEDY

By a Western Farmer

A certain town I've heard about would make you smile down deep,

It really is amusing the harvests that they reap.

On Saturday from morn till eve farm wagons line the street,

every merchant in that town is And smiling, oh, so sweet.

But in the evening at the play, or on Sunday when in church,

quite a different matter, and It's they're on a higher perch.

They own an automobile and they keep a maid or two,

they think they own Alberta, And "specially" Mrs. Rube and you.

They've quite forgot the manner of their entrance into town

And the time they lived on rabbits before the boom was on,

Before you wandered into town, and on land spent your pile

To help the men to smoke cigars, and the women put on style.

They think because you're farmers they can walk all over you, Just you step up and show your wad and they'll soak you through and

through. They owe you for some hay and grain and another thing or two,

But that's not the only reason they avoid Mrs. Rube and you.

They meet you in the back street and they haul you in to tea,

But they keep you in the kitchen, so no one else will see.



They don't know you're smiling in your sleeve, they think they're pretty slick,

But you'd rather be a farmer than Mrs. Get-Rich-Quick;

You'd rather have the folks at home in their substantial brownstone front Who have always lived on the family

land and sat in the family pew And have been to a "bang up" college, like Mrs. Rube and you.

They think you should call the Doctor,

they think you should deal at the store,

also think when you call on They them, you should go to the back door.

You're "the backbone of the country" and they know it mighty well,

they hardly dare to snub you, And but still you aren't swell; So they send you invitations which come

a day too late,

And next time you buy a big bill of goods you get it here by freight. And the moral is, you furnish the cash for low-bred people to cut a dash,

But the years it will be so are very few

for we are your friends both tried and true,

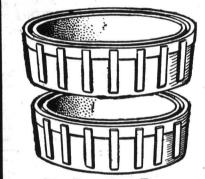
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we're voting reciprocity like Mrs. And Rube and you. Gipsy.

Twelve friends frae the land o' cakes decided to have a spree, and thinking that "whuskey" tasted better when drawn from a wooden vessel than when from a bottle, decided to bring each a bottle of "mountain dew," pour it into a barrel through a hole in the top, and draw it off through a tap at the bottom.

McTavish gave the matter some thought, and decided that one bottle of water would not be noticed amongst such a quantity of whisky, so he put in a bottle of water. The sequel proved that a similar idea had struck McPherson. It had also occurred to McDougall and the remaining Macs. So, when drawn off for drinking purposes, the 'whuskey" was all water.

There are now in that township twelve Caledonians, stern and wild, each one of whom regards the other eleven as so many very mean men.



wo-piece Firepot



Three-sided Grate Bars



Install A Modern Furnace One With Latest Features, And Built To Last

ONSIDERING its extra weight, the superior quality of the materials, the skill and experience put into it, McClary's Sunshine furnace is the cheapest furnace on the market. You get more value for every

dollar you invest in the Sunshine than you do in any other furnace.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace is the product of the largest stove and furnace makers in the British Empire. It has labor-saving, healthproducing and fuel-economizing features-the result of long experience-that no other furnace has.

It has, for instance, the "rocking-down" system which eliminates the old-time backbreaking, dirty shaking. It has a conveniently located water-pan over the fuel door. It has a sure-acting dust-flue to prevent dust from falling ashes getting into the house. It has an almost straight-sided fire-pot to prevent ashes forming "pockets" and deadening the fire. And some coal-economizing features our agent will be glad to tell you about.

But, too important to overlook, is the fact

But that's not all. The fire-pot is in two pieces to prevent it cracking from extreme expansion or contraction. One-piece fire-pots are continually cracking, having to be replaced.

Then take the grate bars. Those on the Sunshine are very heavy and have three sidesthree lives. By exposing a different side to the fire every few days, the life of the grates is greatly prolonged.

Examine the dome, too. , It is of heavy steel, as is also the radiator. The frame of the ashpit, the doors on the furnace, the casing—every part of the furnace is of the most durable material. All joints are accurately fitted together, and rendered dust-tight by a special cement originated by McClary's.

Last, but not least, the McClary Company place the services of their corps of experienced installation men at your disposal. These men will assist you and the McClary agent in your locality to plan the arrangement of your heating system. They will also co-operate with you in other ways to insure the proper installation of your furnace.

Dome and Radiator

tnat the Sunshine furnace is built to last. The materials are the best, and every piece of metal is tested. Every operation in the making is inspected, too. Nothing is left to chance.

As an example of the quality of materials used, take the fire-pot. This is of semi-steel not gray iron as are other fire-pots. Semisteel is not affected by sulphur fumes from burning coal. In addition, a semi-steel fire-pot weighs twenty per cent. more than the same size and pattern in gray iron.

Furthermore, the Sunshine furnace is guaranteed to heat your house to your satisfaction, if installed according to the directions of the McClary experts. You therefore run absolutely no risk in having one installed.

Send your name and address to our nearest office, with particulars about the size of your house, and we will tell you about how much it will cost to install a McClary's Sunshine in your home. The latest Sunshine booklet is also free on request.

McClarys Sunshine Furnace MONTREAL

CALGARY

LONDON ST. JOHN, N.B.

TORONTO HAMILTON WINNIPEG SASKATOON VANCOUVER EDMONTON

The Western Home Monthly

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

LORD STRATHCONA'S BIRTHDAY.

Among the notable events of the past month, one of special interest to Western Canadians was the ninety-third birthday of Lord Strathcona. He spent the day in his usual manner, at work in his office in London as Canada's High Commissioner. Truly this Grand Old Man would seem to have found the elixir of youth in those early years of his life which he spent in this country. He says that the reason he is ab'e to bear the weight of his years so well is that he does not think at all about how old he is, and goes on steadily with his work. The celebrated physician, Sir Andrew Clark, told Lord Strathcona several years ago that he would probably live to be one hundred years old, if he kept on working. The people of this country hope that the prediction will be fulfilled. Speaking on his ninety-third birthday, Lord Strathcona said : "I have been connected with Canada for threequarters of a century. It has indeed, become a very great country, but nothing to what it is destined to become. In the next quarter it will have a population exceeding that of the United Kingdom. It has everything required to make a great nation." Great as is the progress already received by this country, may Lord Strathcona live to see it achieve a vastly greater measure of the advancement which is its destiny.

THE THING OF MOST IMPORTANCE.

The leadership of the progressive British Dominions of the southern seas in the matter of provision for the betterment of the conditions of life with a view to the promotion of the public health is being recognized in other lands. A notable case in point is the action of the Health Department of the New Zealand Government in preparing and distributing a book on the feeding and care of infants. A similar book has been prepared by the Children's Bureau of the United States Government; the first edition of it was soon exhausted, and it was announced at Washington the other day that a new edition was being printed. There is room, and need, for work of this sort in our own There were rumors a few months ago country. hat the establishment of a Department of Public Health for the Dominion was in contemplation. Let us hope that it will turn out that those rumors were not unfounded. The public health is the most valuable of our natural resources, and beyond all comparison the one whose conservation is of the most importance. There is nothing more vital to our country's welfare than that Canadians should be healthy. The improvement of the conditions of home life, where they need improvement, and the creation of a standard within the reach of every home in the land, should be the ideal aimed at. What more fitting and more necessary work is there for Govern-ments and legislators to devote their most earnest efforts to ?

AS THE TWIG IS BENT.

The opening of the schools, after the summer holidays, brings forward again before the attention of all thinking the educational problems which are of

A PECULIAR PEOPLE.

THE

It is plain that the Doukhobors are not more popular in British Columbia than they were on the prairies, Replying to the recent eulogium of these peculiar people published by their leader, Peter Veregin, one of the Vancouver papers says :--

PHILOSOPHER

"The Doukhobor communities may congratulate themselves that they have no alcoholic drunks; they should rejoice if they are able to do without lawyers, doctors and drug stores, but if a tithe of the charges made regarding the condition of the Doukhobor settlers in Southern British Columbia is true it would undoubtedly be useful better for them both socially and morally if they had a be vastly better for them both socially and morally if they had a few clergymen among them."

As to the hoarding of money by the Doukhobor communities, which all together form one community, Peter Veregin confesses, while it is undeniable that thrift is a virtue, it is no less undeniably a thing that can be carried to harmful excess. Is it in the interest of the general welfare and progress and prosperity that a numerous community of people should thus keep to themselves and hoard their money? Apart altogether from the manifest evil in having a separate and alien community growing up in the country, the peculiar views and practices of the Doukhobors in regard to money must have a seriously disturbing effect upon fiscal conditions in their vicinity. There is a great deal to be said for the opinion that, granting that the Doukhobors lead simple lives, are healthy, and agree among themselves, Peter Veregin's eulogium all the more strongly bears out the contention of those who have studied their social conditions, and unless action is taken towards securing their conformity with the laws and customs of the country, they are likely to become a cause of concern and of trouble. It has to be admitted that the impression is becoming stronger and more general that much of the sympathy which was lavished upon the Doukhobors when they were brought to Western Canada from Russia was misplaced.

* ABOUT WALKING.

*

In these days of rapid locomotion walking looks like slow business. Yet there remain people who can and do walk. Edward Payson Weston, hale and hearty in his middle seventies, recently walked from New York to Minneapolis, making the trip in short time and good order, arriving fresh at his destination and with every evidence of having enjoyed his journey Walking for pleasure is gener-Shanks' mare." on ally said to be the best exercise there is, bringing into play more of the muscles than any other single exercise, and using them all in an easy, natural and healthful manner. But on these sealike expanses of prairie, sparsely populated as yet, walking for pleasure is not likely to become a general practice for a good many years yet. For the "spell of the open road" is a spell that draws the walker who walks to enjoy what he sees along the way, and not merely to get to the end of his journey. The prairies lack, for the most part, the variety that is attractive to such a walker, though they have an interest of their own to the observant wayfarer, with the play of light and shade as the headed grain waves in the breezes. However, the prairie pedestrian, who goes afoot for the love of that sort of locomotion, is not often to be met with. The ordinary, average man would far sooner travel in an

journals can play no small part in healing the stings caused by these gadflies of the press. The Englishspeaking peoples, with their common heritage in history and common interests in the future, have every reason to cultivate friendly understanding with one another.

A HUNGER-STRIKE-AND AFTER ?

When Mr. George Lansbury, a former member of the British House of Commons, went to jail last month for having incited militant suffragists in their campaign of destructiveness, he announced his intention of going on a hunger strike. Mrs. Lansbury, in an interview published in a London paper, said that he couldn't keep it up. She added that she never saw a man more dependent on his meals, or a man who became more impatient if a meal was late. Nevertheless Mr. Lansbury lived up to his resolve to touch no food in jail, and after three days' incarceration, was released. The question that now arises is: What is going to happen hereafter in the Lansbury home, if a meal is not ready on time? If Mr. Lansbury manifests any impatience, will not Mrs. Lansbury be able to point out to him that if he was able to live three days without his meals in jail, he ought surely to be able to wait half an hour, or an hour or even a couple of hours for a meal out of jail?

THE KING'S PRIZEMAN'S CHEWING GUM.

The Philosopher has been reading the London Daily Telegraph's account of the winning of the King's Prize at Bisley by a Canadian, Private William Hawkins, of the 48th Highlanders, Toronto. The London paper says :-

"Assiduously chewing gum whilst he was firing—he seemed to be chewing gum all the afternoon, excepting for those intervals when he was smoking—Hawkins, fortunately for himself, got a beautiful bull's-eye, and was instantly proclaimed the King's Prizeman for 1913. No sooner had Hawkins finished his shooting than he complacently lit his pipe and enjoyed what was evidently deferred smoke.

than he complacency it his pipe and onjoint that a a long-deferred smoke. "He even went on smoking when General Sir Douglas Haigh, commanding-in-chief at Aldershot ; Lord Cheylesmore, Chairman of the National Rifle Association Council, and Col. Duff Stewart, Commandant of the Canadian team, went up to congratulate him warmly. By others he was generously congratulated, but still he continued smoking. "He had a great reception wherever he went, and greatest of all when, at the presentation ceremony in the umbrella tent, he went up—still chewing gum—to receive his prize at the hands of the Duchess of Wellington."

Shocking bad manners, to be sure. Canadians are proud that a Canadian has won the trophy that goes to the best marksman at Bisley, where the best marksmen of the Empire compete ; and we certainly should have been not less proud of him if he had not forgotten to remove his chewing gum when he stepped forward to receive the King's Prize. "Manners makyth wrote William of Wykeham centuries before man. either rifles or chewing gum were heard of ; though it must be admitted that it is not manners, but skill in shooting straight, that makes a prize-winning rifleman.

CHINESE GRATEFUL OF AMERICAN **RECOGNITION.**

An influential Chinese paper says: "America, acting always on the principle of equity and fair play, chivalrously withdraws herself from the loan group and

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such importance. These problems are many and varied, and there is none of them that is of more vital importance than that of moral training. In everything that concerns moral development greater progress has been made in the past two generations than in any two preceding centuries of the world's history. Is moral progress keeping pace with material progress ? This is a serious question. The schools are a great formative power in our national life. Are they taking too largely the place of the homes, or, to speak more accurately, are they depended on to do the work which the homes should do, and which only the homes can do rightly and effectively? It is in the home that a child's character should be formed. It is in the home that the raw material of childhood can best be transformed into the finished product of not only intelligent and educated, but upright and conscien-tious men and women. Reading and writing and arithmetic and all the other branches of learning are invaluable, but moral training is more invaluable still. Education is harmful rather than beneficial if it fails to produce upright, just, self-controlled men and women, with the will and the emotional nature rightly developed and trained as well as the intellect. In improving the methods of mental and physical training for our children, the moral side must be kept in mind, and at the same time it must be remembered that there is work which the homes should do. Moral training should begin in infancy. Children should be training should begin in interest. Only of the should be taught the universality and binding force of moral law; and they should be taught not only what is right conduct, but why. They can be made to see the usefulness and benefit of k ndness, integrity and truthfulness, and the harmfulness of their opposites. By watchful care in training them to right habits of thought and action they can be given a foundation for character which will survive the stress and shocks of after life.

GADFLIES OF THE PRESS.

auto.

Among eminent living Canadians a high place is held by Dr. F. E. Clark, the founder of the Christian Endeavor movement. In an article in the Continent, of Chicago, Dr. Clark says that he is proud to be able to claim Canada as his native land, and goes on to describe himself as " one who glories in English history and achievement, and cherishes a profound and sincere regard for English character." He says that the strengthening of the fraternity between the Englishspeaking peoples of the world is of the most vitally essential importance to the progress of human betterment, and he proceeds to note certain things that may mar "the completely genial and cordial relations between Britain and America." The practice known as "twisting the lion's tail," once so frequent with many newspapers in the United States, is now a rare thing. A sneering remark about Great Britain is now seldom, if ever, heard, he says, from a politician in the United States, or printed in a newspaper in that country, and never from a reputable politician, or a reputable newspaper. But that certain writers in British newspapers are given to sneering at the United States and belittlement of United States manners, customs and affairs generally, is set forth very frankly by Dr. Clark, who mentions in this con-nection London dailies and weeklies of high standing. Surely it is time the writing of such sneers and sarcasms should pass away, as a thing having no proper place in this era. Dr. Clark is right, of course, in saying that "the lack of understanding that Englishmen may seem as queer to Americans as Americans do to Englishmen accounts for not a few of the gadfly stings both in conversation and in print," and that "very few are in malice." Canadians and Canadian

accords us recognition at this opportune moment. America, the oldest of the existing republics, is the most friendly sister nation to China. In the future, China and America, the two great Republics situated on the opposite coasts of the Pacific will come still closer to each other. They will endeavor by joint efforts to preserve the peace of the world and advocate the principles of humanity."

THE PASSING OF BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST.

*

Early in August the newspapers announced that Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show had gone into bankruptcy, and that the veteran plainsman had retired to his ranch, there to spend his last days. That news item appeared on the eve of the Stampede, which drew so many thousands of visitors to Winnipeg. The Stampede was a different proposition from Buffalo Bill's Show, though the two had something in common. That the catastrophe of bankruptcy should have overtaken the Buffalo Bill enterprise in Colorado, in the very shadow of the Rockies, proves that there is no longer a West on this continent that recognises itself in, or is interested in, exaggerated spectacles of pioneering. A year ago Buffalo Bill, or Colonel William F. Cody, to give him his own proper name, complained that the "movies" were cutting into his business. He tried to be the up his Show by his business. He tried to bolster up his Show by introducing "Far East" features, but they never seemed a fitting part of the Show-the camels and Cossacks did not harmonize with the cowboys and Indians and the hold-up of the stage coach. As a matter of fact, the epoch which Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show put into an arena has vanished irrecoverably. Let us hope that Buffalo Bill, that picturesque and romantic figure, known to all the world, has saved enough to secure him comfort in his declining days.

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The Western Home Monthly

Providing for the Health of Growing Chicks providing animals. It is made of extremely light materials. The frame is of strapping,

By A. F. Hunter

The extremely high prices of eggs in November, December and January are caused by the great scarcity of new-laid eggs in those months. This scarcity is due to the fact that the old hens are then in the not yet begun to lay. That pullets can be brought to laying maturity in October and November is proved by the fact that some of them are mature and have begun to lay by that time. That most of the others if correctly handled might have been brought to laying maturity before cold weather overtook them is certain. A steady, continuous growth of the young stock is the best growth; therefore pains should be taken to keep the pullets growing steadily. If this is done there will be but few-those of the latter hatches-that will not attain laying maturity before severe cold weather. Filthy coops, lack of room, lack of fresh,

clean drinking water, poor or insufficient food, no grass run and no comforting shade, are some of the easily preventable causes of delayed development. Chicks need not be overcrowded in the coops. There is considerable room in a colony coop $5\frac{1}{2}$ feet long by 3 feet wide, and when we put from fifty to sixty two-pound chicks in such a coop there is more than ample room for them. Chicks, however, double in size very quickly, then double again, and unless we keep watch the coops are soon over-crowded. When this occurs the poor chicks come out of the coop in the morning perspiring and bedraggled; instead of having had a restful night they have been suffering and have taken a step backward. The cockerels should be taken out of the coops by the time they weigh three pounds and turned off into fattening pens. As they compose about half the chicks twenty-five or thirty pullets are left with abundant room. That number can be grown to laying maturity in such a coop if care is taken to keep it clean.

A Removable Dirt Floor

It is an easy task to keep the coops clean if we go about it in the right way. When they are made ready for the chicks half a wheelbarrow load of loam from the garden should be spread over the floors. Once a week this loam, with its accumulation of droppings, should be shoveled into the wheelbarrow, taken to the garden and distributed where it will do the most good. Care should be taken that it is not put too close to growing plants. The wheelbarrow is then loaded with fresh loam and the coop floors covered again. Keep an eye open for evidence of red mites. Should they be discovered, wash the interiors of the coops thoroughly with a ccal tar compound or with common kerosene oil. Either of these simple and cheap disinfectants when soaked into the cracks and crevices will destroy both mites and nits.

Fresh, pure air at night is of vital importance for the best development of the pullets. The ccops should be so constructed that there will be an abundance of fresh air without drafts. · A burlap-covered

over which wire netting is securely stapled. The walls are covered with burlap bagging and the roof is covered with a good ready roofing, which is turned down over the edges and nailed to the roof frame. The flocr is made of thin boards from grocers' boxes and is securely nailed to four strips of strapping. Six-inch widths of the thin box-bcards are nailed all round the walls at the bottom in order to protect the burlap from the droppings and the chicks from driving rains. The best size of coop to build is $5\frac{1}{2}$ feet long by 3 feet wide, 2 feet high at the back and 3 feet high in front, with a gate in the middle of the front 20 inches wide and bird to prove high the front 20 inches wide and high enough to reach just below the strip of strapping across the front. This gate is best in the middle, as then it is easy to reach in to get the chicks.

Details of Construction

All of the frame is made of $2\frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{7}{8}$ -inch strips, the corners being of two pieces nailed together in a V shape. The strips for the corners, the top part of the frame and the frame of the roof are beveled and all parts are firmly nailed together. One stud is set in the middle of the back, one strip up the middle of the roof frame to which is nailed the splicing lap of the roofing fabric, and two studs are set in the front to receive the gate. The wire netting put on the sides and ends should be of inch mesh, then the coop is skunk, cat, rat and weasel proof. The netting to support the roof should be of the common two-inch mesh and should be securely stapled. Having the netting well secured stiffens the frame and makes the coop more durable.

A space a foot wide is left open across the top of the front, and is covered with an inch-mesh wire netting. This opening gives light to the inside of the coop and increases the ventilation. Considerable ventilation is given by the burlap walls, but not sufficient for warm summer nights. One decided advantage of the burlap is that the ventilation is uniform in all parts of the coop and is not confined to the front. The air within is fresh at all times.

These coops are very light and easy to move from place to place. A disadvantage is that they are so light that a high wind may blow them over, especially if they stand out in an open space where the wind gets a strong sweep. To prevent this accident we sometimes place a small, flat stone, say as large as a dinner plate, on each front corner of the roof where extra weight is most needed. At each end of the roof, at front and back, put a 3-inch hook and screw-eye. By this means the roof is held in place. When stowing the coops for the winter the roof may be tied up out of the way by means of these hooks.

"Unpropitious circumstances," said the master to the student, who was bewailing may undoubtedly keep mediocre hers, ability from pushing through to its full flower. But the right sort and the right amount of ability was never yet downed by unpropitious circumstances. The right sort and the right amount go right through



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The Western Home Monthly

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

British Statesmen on Empire Tour

We Surprise our Visitors

OT much sign of stringency here," said Lord Emmoth, the Assistant Secretary for the Colonies, as in company with the British Parliamentarians he made a rapid trip through the West recently. "There can be no setback to a country like this," observed Mr. Donald Macmaster, M.P., who is one of our own loaned to Britain, where the former "Glengarry boy" is making good in law, in social life, in politics, in statecraft. At the same time many of the visitors expressed the misgiving of the Mother Country at the ceaseless stream of im-migration to the Dominion from the British Isles. Trade was good in the Mother Country; unemployment was rare ; but the vital industries of the country suffered by the withdrawal of the sturdiest elements attracted by the superior opportunities of the Dominion of Canada. Mr. Macmaster said there was con-solation in the thought that by emigrating to the Dominion the fine types which were coming out were not lest to the Empire, but they were lost to the immediate industrial life of the Mother Country. This drain now amounts to over a quarter cf a million souls per annum. New Zealand and Australia have adopted a more liberal emigration policy which has stimulated renewed interest in those promising coun-tries, but the bulk of the emigration from the Mother Country finds its way to the Dominion. There is Country indus its way to the Lominon. There is no longer the sense of distance. "To come out to Canada." is like taking "a week-end trip" with the difference that you take a trunk instead of a hand valise. Should the "Blacksod Bay Scheme" ever

ready made citizens, they inherit the traditions which have clustered around British institutions. They stand for law and order. They have high ideals of honor and rectitude in private and public life. They radiate an inspiring influence. When they first make a nucleus in any new community they fix the char actoristics which that community will express for all acteristics which that community will express for all time. When they enter communities already formed they leaven the general life in time with their superior ideals. It is those elements which make the civic laws and give new and lovely baptisms, and lay out noble streets and boulevards; and create a civic con-science in the community. Great Britain has reason to be concerned, but her loss is our gain. Morecver we have only commenced to make history. We cannot predicate the future; but it may not be all. a fantasy that Winnipeg may yet become the centre of the British Empire. These splendid British types which the Old Mother could not hold, may, in their own day, and the day of those who come after them, make that sumptuous dream true. However that may be, they are, at least, becoming voters, and as voters they will, when the moment comes, use the ballot intelligently. The British Parliamentarians were astonished to see the new towns and cities where ten years ago there was nothing but the undotted prairie. Money may be tight; but here is the abounding human element—vivid, energized, ready to tackle big things in this inspiring West. Every able and willing man is a capital asset. What matters it if the municipal loan is for the moment held up? Con-

of big expenditures measured by the ability to find adequate labor. The human material is splendid and abundant; the filling up goes on uninterruptedly both from Europe and the United States; not an inch of retrogression is to be feared. A moment's breathing space there may be; but there is no ir-reparable recklessness to be repentant of; no irretrievable mistakes to vainly mourn over. All is voung and hopeful, and fair and gracious. A new world is in the making. The British Parliamentarians were at a loss for adjectives when they saw the new towns and cities, and the lovely creations on the Pacific coast which so faithfully and touchingly mimicked the Mother Country. Not a man of them thought for a moment that there was any danger of a permanent slump in the West. They will return full of admiration for what they have seen, impressed with the bigness of the enterprises, and above all with the virtually illimitable assets which made any form of enterprise ultimately justifiable, which appealed to the need, and opportunity and congruity.

A PARABLE

It happened once that a man ran past Socrates armed with an axe. He was in pursuit of another who was running from him at full speed. 'Stop him! Stop him!" he cried.

Plato's master did not move.



The British parliamentary party now touring the Colonies, composed of nine liberals, two conservatives, and one laborite. Several of the party are accompanied by ladies. In the group are also to be seen, a number of Winnipeg's leading professional and business men. During their stay in Winnipeg the parliamentarians were entertained by His Honor Lieut. Governor Cameron and Mrs. Cameron, and by J. A. M. Aikens, M.P. for Brandon.

mature, the ocean trip will be comprised in three days or thereabouts. This is the point to note—we are getting the very best material from the British Islands. The wastrels are either dead or in the poorhouse. Observe the hundreds and thousands coming to us on the trains, at the stations, the Government offices in Winnipeg—rosy and strong and well set up, with aspects which suggest comfort, and physical and moral health. They are farm laborers, they are middle class folk, to strictly classify them—people who have been well brought up, who have some means, who could have lived at home but who will live better here—the men stalwart, the women comely, with the red and white complexions, the white teeth, the wholesome and comely look. These are the classes who are coming out to do better ; to find enlargement for their families; to make new homes under more inviting auspices ; and it is the loss of these classes the Mother Country is beginning to deplore. The birth rate is not as satisfactory as it might be. A surplus England has always shown, as must be the case under such cramped conditions; but the lure of the last Great West, the stories which read like fairy tales of the wonders and possibilities of the great Western worldthese have whetted desire. It is youth and ambition, not feebleness and despair, which are crossing over to join us. The Hon. Mr. Roche has expressed the fear that Great Britain, sooner or later, will take steps to reduce the annual drain which threatens to sap the life blood of the country. The conditions which provoke this loss are of course chiefly economy. Britain, for sixty years a worshipper at the shrine of free trade, is loath to prove schismatic; but many think that tariff reform is inevitable, and that the sooner it is introduced the more certainly will you find abund-ant employment for the people—thus lessening the lure of Canada and the other countries for a portion of the population. What is certain is that we are getting types which will stamp themselves wholesomely and impressively upon the general citizenship. In every community they are making their mark. They are

sider these tides pouring into the country-every soul alert, eager, strong, ambitious. Can the financial stringency impair the value of brains and muscle, ready to be employed in the organization of large and commanding enterprises. It is true that one notes a tightening of the civic purse strings here and there. New undertakings are delayed—for the mom-ent. The publicity man lays down his megaphone for a second. But the stream flows on-living, irresistible-spelling prosperity. The land is occupied; the acreage is extended ; homes are multiplied ; young communities plan for bigger things; the institutions begin to appear-nebulous, dubious it may be, but they appear. One sees the newcomers all huddled together for the moment-not quite certain of the future. Visit the community in a month or so and you will see every man with his coat off hard at work, knowing his duty, seeing his future, content to suffer momentary privation for the big thing in store. It is true that certain altogether scandalous persons sold land which did not exist to many innocent creatures. It is true that a great deal of deception was practised upon British people by unscrupulous persons who went over to London, opened gorgeous offices and started in to swindle the people by palming off worthless real estate propositions upon them. That did harm, and the very eagerness of our young municipalities led perhaps to a little over borrowing ; in some instances to the alarm of staid financiers, who are as bold as a lion and as timid as a doe, according to circumstances. The answer, however, to the note of alarm was sounded by Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, Sir Donald Mann and Mr. Chamberlin, the head of the Grand Trunk-all three of whom at once recorded their conviction that there was no crisis in the North West; that conditions were healthy; that if here and there, there had been a little flamboyancy, beneath it was the solid country, the human assets, strong and eager and valuable; and the incomparable opportunity in this great Western Commonwealth; and to back up conviction the country had the assurance

"What!" cried the man with the axe-"could'st thou not have barred his way? He is an assassin!" "An assassin? What meanest thou?"

"Play not the idiot! An assassin is a man who kills."

"A butcher, then?" "Old fool! A man who kills another man."

"To be sure! A soldier."

"Dolt! A man who kills another man in time of peace.'

"I see—the executioner."

"Thou ass! A man who kills another in his home." "Exactly. A physician."

Upon which the man with the axe fled-and is running still.—La Terre.

Don't be afraid of changing your mind. Everything else changes; why, then, should your opinions remain the same? Thinking means development. Development means change. Without thinking you drift backward.-Lloyd.

The most selfish man in the world is the one who is the most unselfish with his own sorrows. He does not leave a single misery of his untold to you or unsuffered by you. He gives you all of them. The world becomes a syndicate formed to take stock in his private cares, worries and trials.-Jordan.

Optimists keep their faith; while pessimists bewail their losses. Sir Thomas Lipton made use of a shipwreck by painting "Use Lipton's Tea" on every package before it was cast overboard, thus advertising his tea to every ocean liner, making his apparent loss a real profit.—Lloyd.

Nothing is so infectious as example. No person is so insignificant as to be sure his example will do no hurt. Alexander received more bravery of mind by the pattern of Achilles than by hearing of the definition of fortitude.-Sidney

The Western Home Monthly

The Dynamite Maker

A Thrilling Story of the Making of Nitro-Glycerine and other High Explosives

T is a strange experience, and one not easily forgotten, to visit works where high explosives are in process of manufacture. The preparations im-life this mill caught it must explode, and

press one vastly-the searching lest one carry matches or anything inflammable into the mixing-rooms, the list slippers which one must put on over one's boots, and the air of caution which the guide bears written large all over him.

There is an air of restraint, an absence of loud noise, either human or mechanical, in a place where they deal with the un-stable chemicals which go to make explosives. Man becomes accustomed to perils of all kinds, but the workers among explosives never gain that recklessness which makes a steeplejack play perilous pranks on the windy summit of some lofty steeple.

The basis of dynamite and of various others of the highest explosives known to science is nitro-glycerine. This is made from a combination of acids and glycerine. It is quite colorless when pure, an oily liquid without odor, but with a pungent, sweet taste. A drop of it on the tongue produces a sort of intoxication, usually accompanied by a fearful headache. Nitro-glycerine is mixed in tanks, 250 pounds of glycerine with 1,500 of acid. The chemicals, as they come in contact, produce an intense heat. At 85 degrees a red vapor resembling fiame rises from the mass. If the temperature climbs another five degrees, it is good-bye! At 90 degrees the mixture explodes, and nothing will be left of vat, building, or operators except a huge hole in the ground.

Danger Everywhere

Needless to say that the workers who deal with such perilous material must be picked men; steady, quiet, dependable fellows, not liable to lose their heads in emergency, and brave beyond the common. They are dressed for the part they play. Though they go to and from the factory in their ordinary clothes, yet once inside their best friends would hardly know them. The dynamite worker's shoes are of leather with wooden pegs, or else of rubber or list. Not one morsel of metal which might strike spark from stone is permitted in his whole equipment. He cannot wear a watch chain, he may not wear a metal stud or button. He must be dressed in non-inflammable materials; a great rubber apron hangs in front. Rubber sleeves cover his arms, and in order to save his face from splashes of acid he wears a sort of mask, which quite conceals his features. The tongs he uses are not of steel, but of aluminium, for this is a metal upon which acids have little effect.

An added danger in the work of making high explosives is this: that the factory itself becomes, after a few years, so permeated with dry, inflammable dust that the merest spark is sufficient to produce catastrophe. Even the working dress which the operatives wear becomes eventually a source of danger.

the terrific concussion would undoubtedly mean the blowing up of every other mill or storehouse, and a disaster of unparalleled magnitude. Young Dupont realized all this at one glance. "Buckets!" he shouted, and as the line was formed he himself scrambled on to the roof of the storehouse. As the water was passed to him he dashed it over the quickly falling sparks. But the wind increased. Blazing embers fell like rain around him. He must have seen that the fate of the building was sealed. Yet he refused to abandon the struggle.

The men below shouted to him to give it up, to come down. The roof was afire, the flames were spreading all round him. But no; he evidently believed there was still a chance, and there he stood like a hero, dashing bucket after bucket upon the sizzling roof.

Crash! A shock which shock the solid earth for miles around. When those of the men below who were still alive picked themselves up they found a vast chasm in the ground. Young Dupont's mangled body was picked up on the far side of the river.

A Burning Dynamite Mill

A few years later another of the Duponts lost his life in a similar heroic effort. Fire broke out and threatened a dynamite mill. La Motte Dupont stayed in that mill long after he had ordered every other man out, doing all that his trained intelligence could suggest to fight the almost inevitable catastrophe. The explosion inevitable catastrophe. came, and when it was over they sought the brave man's body, but for many hours in vain. At last they found it, driven into the very centre of a heap of sand, and buried four feet deep.

You never know what is going to cause disaster in a dynamite factory. Many of us remember the awful explosion at Nobel's factory at Ardeer six years ago. No less than 3,582 pounds of nitroglycerine and gun-cotton went off. Most happily, only one man was killed. He at the time is believed to have been skimming a soda solution, and the inspector of explosives gave as his opinion that the cause was the metal handle of the skimmer striking the tank and igniting a thin film of nitro-glycerine. The results of this explosion were extraordinary. At a shop in Irvine, a mile and a quarter away, 300 eggs were broken, and any number of windows were smashed in the town and neighborhood.

Some British Explosions

The explosion at Woolwich in February, 1907, was one of the worst for many (probably) the first year, it will often be years, but as it happened between three found advantageous to have a little printed

fell in Dortmund, eight miles away. Every building within a radius of nine miles was severely damaged.

A SYMPOSIUM

By William Wye Smith, Toronto

In many parts of the country, especially in the newer parts of the North and West, there is a profound want of intellectual comradeship. People have gone from dense neighborhoods, where the human tongue (quite as much as the "paper") could tell of the world's thought—and now there seemed to be nothing! "Only three families within two miles! And nobody to talk to!"

There never was a truer dictum, nor one more generally useful, than this: "Never to object to anything, without having something better to propose!" In this case, what is aimed at, is to get the people together for better acquaintance, for mental refreshing and increase of know-ledge—especially if the half-grown children are taken into the account.

The ancients spoke of a "Symposium," the mental, philosophical—and sometimes the bibulous and argumentative part-of a feast. And the name answers our modern purposes, as a meeting for discussion of subjects in which any of us are interested. Different from a public meeting in this, that it is a select few, instead of a mass, and in that the members come together to ask questions, and to give opinions and experiences, and to get better acquainted; instead of coming, mainly to listen to speeches and to vote on resolutions.

And in a rural neighborhood, from 1st November to 1st May, such meetings might be arranged fortnightly-this is altogether the best spacing for meetingssay every second Friday night. Several good reasons for selecting Friday, which need not be discussed here. The other six months on the Friday at (or immediately after) the full moon. To begin, as near as possible, at four weeks after the last fortnightly meeting. A committee is not necessary; though in some cases advisable.

Let it be understood that "supper" is not provided; though "a cup of tea," with bread (or light "biscuit") and butter begin the proceedings; at, say, eight o'clock sharp. The "cup of tea" will serve all the purposes of formal introductions, and give a vent to the inevitable "family gossip"; and in this case will "save time," as well as get the "tongue loosed" for the discussion to follow.

Then the introduction of the subject. It may be on "Our Superstitions" (that is one reason, out of five or six, for having the one reason, out of hve or six, for having the Symposium on a Friday evening). Or it may be "The Canadian Flag," or "Cana-dian Literature," or "Cranks," "The Human Face Divine," "Modern Improve-ments," "The Art of Questioning," "Story Telling," "Horses and Dogs," "Self Help," "Backwoods Preachers," or a hundred other subjects that might from time to time other subjects that might from time to time be thought of, and recommended by members. Let the subject always be decided on one meeting in advance. After

allowed to rest with the one or two who are thus named beforehand. And in nineteen cases out of twenty, they "read' something! And we all know there is not one person in a hundred whose "reading" gives us pleasure—whether it is from the pulpit, or anywhere else! These meetings, to answer the purpose for which they were intended, must be conversational, free, animated-a chairman to prevent too many interruptions-with pointed questions thrown at the young people and they allured to answer!

There could, without any difficulty, be perfect agreement among neighbors abcut little intellectual gatherings of this kind. And the benefits, especially among the young, would be self-apparent. There could not be the same unanimity about gatherings, whether stated or occasional, for games, card-playing, dancing, or such other so-called "Social Functions." It would be found that people whose characters we most admired, and whose company we most valued, would not be present at the latter. And the dictum is univer-sally accepted that "you can tell of the character and influence of a meeting by the persons who compose it."

And there is always one person, at least, in every vicinity, who is able and willing to advocate and organize such a movement fcr the benefit and mental culture of the neighborhood. And another fact has been neighborhood. And another fact has been made abundantly plain in experience, that there are young men and women gathered into the mental atmosphere of such little societies and gatherings, who afterwards look back upon such experiences as the be-ginning of a higher, newer, better life! Showing, for the ten-thousandth time, that "one thing leads to another"; and thet that which is good in itself will lead to further good. further good.

Sauce for the Gander

A busy merchant was about to leave his home in Brixton for a trip on the Continent, and his wife, knowing his aversion to letter-writing, reminded him gently of the fact.

"Now, John, you must be eyes and ears for us at home and drop us an occasional post card telling us anything of interest. Don't forget, will you, dear?"

The husband promised. The next morning his wife received a postal card: "Dear wife, I reached Dover all right. Yours aff."

Though somewhat disappointed she thought her husband must have been pressed for time. Two days later, however, another card arrived, with the startling announcement: "Here I am in Paris. Yours ever." And still later: "I am indeed in Paris. Yours."

Then the wife decided to have a little fun and seized her pen and wrote: "Dear hus-band, the children and I are at Brixton. Yours."

A few days later she wrote again: "We are still in Brixton.'

In her last communication she grew more enthusiastic: "Dear husband, here we are in Brixton. I repeat it, sir, we are are in Brixton. in Brixton. P.S.-We are, indeed." In due time her husband reached home. fearing that his poor wife had temporarily lost her senses, and hastened to ask the meaning of her strange messages. With a winning smile she handed him his own three postal cards.

A Heroic Man

Which brings us to a story of a burning powder factory and magnificent pluck. The oldest and one of the most important factories of explosives in the United States is at Wilmington, Delaware, its owners for generations back have been Duponts.

The Duponts long ago became wealthy, yet it is a sort of point of honor for all of them to work in the mills, personally directing operations. One day a young Dupont was in a mixing-room when suddenly the place was in flames—how, no one knows. Though there was no powder stored in the place, yet the stuff was in the floor and walls, and within two minutes the whole building was burning fiercely.

When the flash came the clothes of every man in the room caught fire. Headed by young Dupont, the men comrade when the second explosion rushed out and sprang into the river which runs right through the factory. They were out again in a moment, and then saw, to their horror, that the wind was

and four in the morning, luckily no lives is unknown, but the damage done was appalling. Thirty thousand window panes were broken, and the town of Plumstead was almost wrecked. The shock was felt for forty miles round, and the total damage is estimated at £50,000.

Too often, however, the death-roll in an explosion is very heavy. On November 29th, 1906, the Ardey factory for explosives, which stood between the Ger-man towns of Armen and Witten, was blown skywards by successive explosions of enormous masses of stored roburite. In all there were 600 cases, each containing ninety pounds of the explosive. Twenty-eight were killed, fifty badly injured, and a hundred hurt. The beginning of the trouble was that the factory caught fire. An explosion followed shortly. The fire brigade came galloping up, but was warned back, for all knew that other explosions must follow. Yet even in face of the appalling peril heroes were found, who rushed in to pull away the stunned and wounded. One, a workman, was in the act of carrying away a wounded sent a great sheet of iron flying outwards, which almost cut the poor fellow in half. The appalling force of the explosion may

be realized when one learns that fragments

card, containing the places and dates of were lost. The cause of this explosion meetings, and the various subjects. It is well, in these informal and neighborly meetings, not to have the subject "intro-duced" by some one named beforehand. My experience has shown me that in such cases-after a while-the whole matter is



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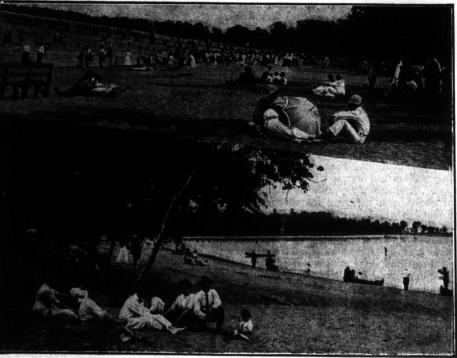
Winnipeg, September, 1913.

A Trip North from Winnipeg

is one that those who can spare the time should not be slow in taking. It will be a day well spent to the nature lover. It can be made to advantage in either a motor or by horse and rig. The trip will not only be invig-

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TRIP on a bright day northward 'more it is appreciated. North of this is to the Icelandic village of Gimli the old Kildonan Presbyterian church, with its cemetery carrying the remains of so many old-timers. Here is also the site of the first Presbyterian college in the Canadian West. Not far beyond is the Old Folks Home, formerly the Indian Industrial School. There are orating but a territory will be covered many pleasant places to talk about that is so varied that the journey is from this on to the "fish town." One



Holidaying at Gimli.

not tiresome. When the road through of the features that is of more recent St. Pauls, St. Andrews and St. Clements is finished the drive can be made in much better time than now; although at present it is not too bad, some short stretches being rather rough. The government at the present time has gangs of men at work in the three municipalities and it is hoped to have the roadbed made and a slight coating of gravel thereon before the snow falls. Next season it will be graveled in good form and then the drive will be a de-lightful pleasure. It is hoped that before long Kildonan may be brought into line, and a good road built through that municipality to make the connection to the city. The first few miles of the journey is over what is known as the main highway, the road running northward a half mile or more from the Red river.

On leaving Winnipeg the first spot of note is the monument erected in honor of Gov. Semple, and across the way is the Home of the Friendless. A little further on is the Home of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd well down from the roadway near the river and reached through a magnificent driveway between beautiful trees. This driveway is on what is known as Forrest Ave. and has been for some years only twenty feet wide. Lately Kildonan council has undertaken to widen it and further improvements are in view which will

date, and which is not yet finished, is that at what for a number of years was known as the half-way house. Here Messrs. T. D. Robinson and C. W. N. Kennedy are making great improvements. They are erecting fine large residences not far from the river bank, and one of the most striking improvements is the construction of a crescent driveway from the highway at the south side of their property around to the north side. Double rows of trees have been planted, and good roadbed made; altogether the improvements under way will add much to the pleasure of a ride north.

The drive along what is known as the river road is most pleasant. The first ladies' college of the West is passed on the way, as well as the old stone church and a number of ancient homes, all having a "history." Then the Locks must not be forgotten, with a visit to the museum at Mr. Macdougall's, and a walk over the bridge above the gates. The driveway over the bridge is not far from completion. The flooring has been put down to within a short distance of the west end: this it is altogether likely has been finished by this time, so that there is communication between the two sides of the river over the great steel structure. Up to the present time communication has been through ferries at different points in the make it one of the nicest driveways in several municipalities, no bridges having

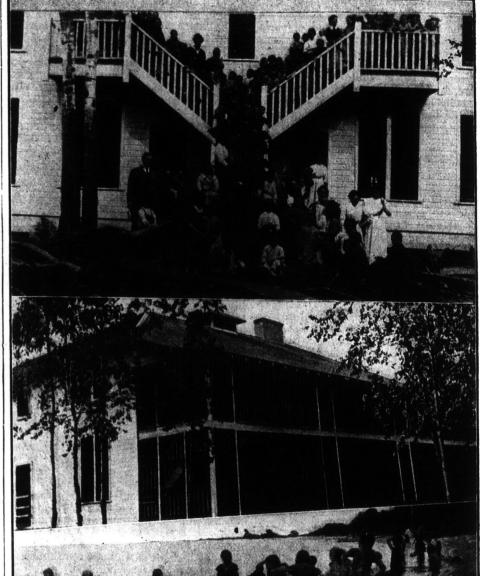
park down on the river should not be forgotten.

The ride from Selkirk north is through a more wooded country, with fine fields of grain looming up. St. Louis, on Muckle's creek, is passed and here there is a fox farm to be seen; also a goose and duck rendezvous. Then comes Matlock, the first of the lake-shore resorts, with the wonderful large clear perpetual spring lying to the west of the place. Next comes Whitewold Beach, and then Ponemah and next Winnipeg Beach. On the way a flowing well, at nearly every home on thy lake side, is noticed, each giving forth an abundance of fine, clear, cool spring water. If time permit it is worth while making a detour to visit the children's lake resort, which has been lately passed over to the Winnipeg Children's Hospital. This resort faces a fine beach on the lake and has at its back a beautiful grove. At Winnipeg Beach there is all that goes to make up one of our West-

summer enjoyment to many little ones. To the north of the town is the Presbyterian fresh air camp which has been opened for the first time this summer. and which promises to give enjoyment to another lot of yo ngsters. The Presbyterian is situated quite a distance from the water while the Methodist is right on the bank of the lake. Gimli is forging ahead as a "fish town," long teams of sleighs, loaded with fish, being largely in evidence in winter, and, through the wharf which the Dominion government has built at the place, quite a number of boats now call there. Travelers by dog sled from the far north come to Gimli in numbers and from there entrain south.

She Didn't Know the Lady

Mrs. Clancy: "Yis, Mrs. Muggins, Pat and Oi part to mait no more. Oi wint to the hospital to ax afther him. 'Oi want to see me husband,' sez Oi; 'the





The Trail Crossers of the North Country,

the West. A short distance north, on | been constructed. At Selkirk there is investigate-the more it is seen the ness of Nature. A visit to the naturar the Methodist fresh air camp, giving bumblebee for a blackberry."

the east side, is the Hebrew Cemetery, the fish hatchery, well worth a visit, and while the entrance to Kildonan park is here the largest docks on the Red river nearly opposite. If one is not pressed are to be seen. The town with its for time it is well to take the park many trees, making almost complete road eastward and along the beautitul archways over the streets, looks exceedroadbed in this fine wooded park. Im- ingly pretty and homelike in summer, mediately north is the new exhibition and considerable time can be spent drivgrounds which is well for every one to ing here and there taking in the loveli-



Fresh Air Camp, Gimli.

Above are views of the Fresh Air Camp on the west shore of Lake Winnipeg, at Gimli, Man., conducted by the Methodist Church. The upper picture shows the children and instructors on the stairway, and the centre one is a front view of the building. The lower section gives a view of the beach in front of the building, and in the water are a number of the inmates having their heads washed.

ern pleasure resorts. Of course bathing | man that got blowed up.' 'Yez can't,' on the great beach is one of the principal attractions.

For the next twenty miles to Gimli the road is through a much more thickly wooded section, the trees being nearly up to the side of the rig in not a few sections. At Gimli there is fine bathing at excellent saudy beaches. At the east end of one of the streets running into the lake bathing houses have been erected and these are equipped with the usual paraphanalia. A visit should be made to the town's ten-acre park, thickly covered with beautiful large trees, while the sod is of nicely scented white clover. At the main entrance to the park is a fast flowing spring giving forth the very best of pure cold water. Inside the gate a short distance is a good sized pavilion used for dancing, etc., and in which band concerts are rendered. Just outside the town limits, to the south, is

sez the dochter-'he's unther the inflooence of Ann Esthetics.' 'Oi don't know the lady,' sez Oi, mighty dignified loike; 'but if me lawful wedded husband can act loike that whin he's at death's door Oi'll have a divorce from him!""

Guarding Against Future Mistakes

An early morning customer in an optician's shop was a young woman with a determined air. She addressed the first salesman she saw. "I want to look at a pair of eyeglasses, sir, of extra magnifying power."

"Yes, ma'am," replied the salesman; "something very strong?"

"Yes, sir. While visiting in the country I made a very painful blunder which 1 never want to repeat."

"Indeed! Mistook a stranger for an acquaintance?"

"No not exactly that; I mistook a

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The Sparking Plug

By Churchill Williams

Y head was over the handle bars of my wheel as I negotiated the sharp turn at the top of the hill. I was between the cut banks where Ive's lane turns to the left when I first understood that I was not alone on the road. Fifty yards ahead of me was a red automobile, and the gasping thump! thump! of the engine, followed by abrupt silence, ex-plained partly why it was at a standstill. I smiled. I knew something of the

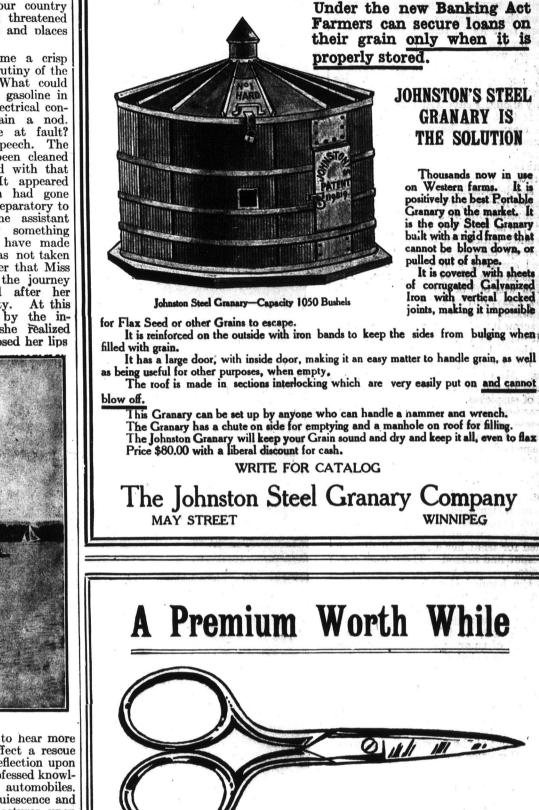
mechanism and humors of the automobile; astride of a bicycle I could afford to indulge my amusement at this confes-sion of disaster. Then I pressed on. Next to a child in trouble, the stranded automobilist awakens my most hearty sympathy.

The hood of the machine was elevated; I was abreast of it and had halted when I gained my first sight of its driver. I had approached without sound, and I awkwardly straddled the saddle, one foot on the ground, for ten seconds before my presence was known. Perhaps I was my presence was known. Fernaps I was guilty of a rudeness; the fact was that as-tonishment and something besides held me silent and immovable. This indeed was the last place and time at which I

Miss Layton explained: "The engine has been behaving badly for the past ten

miles. For the first twenty miles—" "Then you come from your country place?" I said. The remark threatened the conversation with names and places and days-back of us both.

She stiffened, and gave me a crisp "Yes." I returned to my scrutiny of the I returned to my scrutiny of the machine and to surmises. What could be the trouble? Was there gasoline in plenty? A nod. And the electrical connections were perfect? Again a nod. Perhaps the cylinders were at fault? This time she advanced to speech. The cylinders, I was told, had been cleaned only two days before. And with that she slipped into history. It appeared that her father's coachman had gone over the machine. It was preparatory to the present trip, which the assistant coachman—who also knew something about automobiles—was to have made with her. But—well, he was not taken along. I was allowed to infer that Miss Layton's decision to make the journey unattended was announced after her me silent and immovable. This indeed was the last place and time at which I might have expected to come upon Miss Layton. So I stood and stared at her what she was saying, and closed her lips



The Lake of the Woods

trim figure, buttoned in the long, dun | And with all my eagerness to hear more colored coat, bent half over the motor, and was conscious of a half-formed wish that I was back again at the foot of the hill, and in the same instant sure that I would not have exchanged places with anyone. It had been but a short time

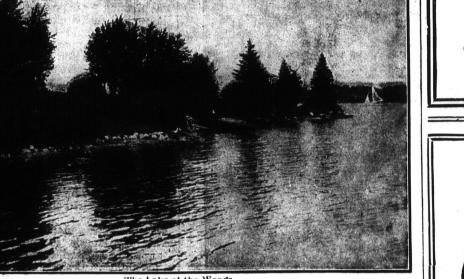
I had the good sense to effect a rescue for us both with a casual reflection upon the fallibility of all who professed knowledge of the mechanism of automobiles. Her silence I took as acquiescence and hurried on to further conjectures upon

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ago that the smallest of obstacles made for us a parting of the ways, and for me the time since had been very long.

Her veil was raised, and I had a glimpse of the gracious curve of cheek and chin and of hair softly pressed back by the folds of chiffon. She had slipped the leather gauntlet from her left hand and was touching with tentative finger tips the top of a cylinder. It was a slender hand, well worth looking at, but my one distinct impression was that the fingers were bare of rings. I must have started at this discovery, for she straightened up and we looked at each other squarely. That was my most difficult moment. I have some recollection of removing my cap and dropping the bicycle on the road. Miss Layton recovered her glove which had fallen, and-the crisis was passed.

"Why, your engine has gone back on you?" I exclaimed, and stepped forward. "Yes," she said, "it has, and right at the top of a hill."

"It is provoking."

The statement was incontrovertible. We were started on safe ground. I plunged at once into questions intelligible only to those experienced in the running of automobiles. She met me frankly and explicitly. After all, embarrassment, like war, is only the result of failure to find a common interest.

the difficulty. Could it be that the pump was refractory? Was there water in circulation? She was sure that there was plenty of water. Then overheated bearings elsewhere? She shook her head, and with continued questions lost patience. She would not bother me further. Many thanks for what I had tried to do. "But—" I began.

"I shall go back to the village," she declared. "There I can get some one to look over the car who knows."

"It will soon be dark," I suggested.

"There is an hour of light left, and—I have lamps," she interposed. There was no mistaking her tone. She laid a hand on the hood of the machine. She would have finished with a renewal of her thanks and a "Good-afternoon" had I not spoken

quickly. "Yes," I agreed, "a full hour of light at least-and so you might do as you say if"-I hesitated, and out of the tail of my eye caught an instant's flutter of uncertainty in her own which resolved me—"if," I went on, "it was not going to rain, and if there was anyone in the village who understood anything about automobiles. As it happens, there is no one there who does. The blacksmith knows something, they say; but he went down to the city by the afternoon train." I did not add that the blacksmith expected to return that evening, and that, at this very hour, a gasoline automobile, abandoned by its



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owner, stood in the blacksmith shop. Under the circumstances, of what service could such gratuitous information be?

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She made no reply, but I did not like the way in which she drew on her golve. I foresaw that the veil would be lowered next. My chances were slipping away. Again I bent over the motor. From the first I had guessed at the real trouble with that blessed piece of machinery. Now I determined to uncover the evil. Might it be worse than I supposed! At least might it afford time for further parley, was my mental prayer.

I unscrewed one of the plugs which supply the spark to explode the charge of vapor, and examined it critically. Its point was coated with soot. Miss Layton over my shoulder gave a little sigh of relief. "Oh! is that all?" she breathed. "It is easily cleaned. I have emery cloth." She handed me a strip of the fabric. My heart sank.

Sparking plug was never rubbed more deliberately than the one in my hand. When the detestable thing shone brightly I unscrewed its mate, and again a coating of soot confronted me with its trivial obstacle. Already, in anticipation, I heard the clean-cut "chuck, chuck," of those cylinders, as, with sharp discharges from the newlypolished sparking points, they drove the red automobile away from me. The situation was out of my control-almost. Almost, I say, for, as I gave the second of the sparking plugs the last turn which would screw it fast, the wrench in my hand slipped-slipped violently, and as I readjusted the tool I beheld something, joy at which not all my prudence was able to repress. Miss Layton came quickly from the back of the car and flashed upon me a look of suspicion.

It was no time for equivocation; explanation was superfluous. Very carefully once more I unscrewed the sparking plug and inspected it. Then I held it out to her. I was really sorry for her in the moment when she vainly tried to persuade herself that what she saw was not an absolute break, but a grease mark, or, at worst, an insignificant crack in the little collar of porcelain whose integrity just then meant so much to her. Yet I trembled for what her eyes might discern which mine had missed. There were contingencies.

But she handed the plug back to me without a word, and stepped to the other side of the car. I saw an even line of teeth close upon a red under lip, and my hopes rose. Rose only to fall again with each fresh sound of rummaging in the body of the car. I knew that she was searching fcr another sparking plug. If she found it, all was at an end for me. Yet I was not idle, and when she stepped into view I was able to say with an air of reluctant conviction: "This plug is beyond repair. If you will let me have a fresh one-

"That is out of the question," she interrupted. Her voice was dangerously even. no other plug with me. 9.VE

"That I should not have thought of it before," I exclaimed. "You see," I added, with the caution proper to sober second thought, "I believe I have found a way out of the difficulty. That big house on the hill there. It belongs, I understand, to Colonel Ives—Colonel William Ives. I heard in the village that his daughter is giving a house party, And don't I remem-ber having heard you speak of a Miss Ives?'

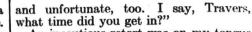
Miss Layton's face brightened. "Why. yes. Julia Ives? I know her, of course. She paused. Then, "But you? I think you also know

I cut in with the desperation of a danger suddenly realized. "All is well, then. Behold!" And I held up the sparking Behold!" And I held up the sparking plug. "Here is an open sesame! With it and your assistance you shall soon be under shelter. It looks to be an easy grade to that lane which leads to the Ives' place. If we can get even one cylinder of your car to work you should be able to reach the house.'

I slipped out of my coat, and tossed it into the back of the car. I screwed the broken sparking plug into place. In a moment the electrical connections were made and the cylinders primed. As I bent to apply the crank I nodded to Miss Layton to open the throttle.

adventure which, so itseemed, had forced a Miss Layton to seek hospice of the house. Kenton had remarks to deliver upon the damn foolishness, if not impropriety, of young women undertaking to run red automobiles alone. Johns, the third man, contented himself with nursing his chin and smiling at his cigarette tip-which was tremendously discreet, no doubt, he being the only one of the three aware of certain reports affecting the previous acquaintance of Miss Layton and myself. But his silent enjoyment goaded me as Kenton's caustic comments did not.

It was the voice of Julia Ives which averted a crisis, and drew us into the hallway in a trailing line of which I brought up the rear. There were murmured congratulations from the other men; my entire attention was given to the tall, slender girl who smiled acknowledgment of the chorus. When I stepped forward I had sensations not to be described. But I under-estimated the self-possession of the lady to whom I bowed. Countenance was never more undisturbed than hers, and if in it I was not able to read forgiveness for my deception, I was convinced that she had not referred, and would not refer, to anything that might have passed between us an hour earlier.



An incautious retort was on my tongue when Miss Layton said, quietly: "It was unfortunate, as you look at it. If things had happened differently I might not have had to impose upon your hospitality. As it was, no friend came to me in the hour of my need. My only meeting was with-a

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

person who directed me falsely." I winced. "You don't say!" exclaimed Kenton. "How annoying! But it would have been too bad if we hadn't had you here over to-morrow. We're to have a jolly time-match golf, you know; that is, if it doesn't rain."

"I fear I am due to miss the golf," Miss Layton replied. "I shall leave early in the morning. I intended to go tonight, but there was no train after five o'clock." but there was no train after five o'clock.

Johns was watching me, but by this time was wholly occupied, to all appearances, with my right-hand neighbor, Betty Sinclair; and, though I heard what followed, I do not believe that he derived much satisfaction from his surveillance. Small courtesies between a man and a woman at house parties come to be wonderfully magnified, and already an old story had been given fresh circumstance by the more or less close companionship in which Miss Sinclair and I found ourselves placed.

For a little while after Miss Layton finished speaking, I imagined she was studying Betty and myself from under dropped lashes, and I was immediately seized with desire to turn my back upon my pretty little neighbor, who was absorbing my salted almonds while reminding me that I had told her what was mine was hers, and to go to Her and tell the truth. But then Miss Layton raised her head, and allowed her glance to travel up the table and over my face, and her expression of well-bred, casual interest cooled effectually my sudden madness. To Kenton, who was pressing her to postpone her departure, she replied that a change was impossible. Her father would be worried by what already had happened. She must make peace with him for this adventure. Besides, he was to give a dinner the following evening at which she was to be the hostess. It was quite out of the question to remain any longer than the meagre train service compelled. Later I heard her speaking of a certain Mr. Hilliard who had just returned from a business trip to Russia. He was to be a guest at her father's dinner, which was in honor of his return and his triumph. Her father admired him-in fact, they all admired him. He was very clever; it appeared she was anxious to see him.

No acknowledgment could have been more unpalatable to me than this. I knew Dave Hilliard, and I was well aware of his ability. Besides, there were rumors which mentioned Miss Layton's name. I do not analyze my logic; I do know that forthwith I was definitely resolved that, come what might, Miss Layton should not go down to the city the next day alone. After dinner we sat about a fire in the hall, and again I found myself in the immediate company of Betty Sinclair, to whose good nature, I will admit, I was not a little indebted. For, in a near corner which the firelight shadows screened, Miss Layton continued her conversation with Johns, and what snatches of this came to my ears ripened my ill-temper. Then Miss Ives, crossing the floor, came between us, and, elevating a closed hand, bade Miss Layton guess what it held.



I protested. "Allow me to look." "It is useless." Her voice quivered. Only the wrench in one of my hands and the broken plug in the other saved me from something foolish. "I cannot under-stand," she faltered. "They knew I was to be alone, and-such a distance!" She made a desperate clutch at her dignity, and one gloved hand precipitately drew down her veil. But not too swiftly for me to perceive that something glistened upon her lashes besides the rain which now was softly falling. For safety's sake I thrust both of my hands into my pockets. Miss Layton looked down the hill.

Little puddles had begun to form in the wheel ruts of the road. The sight of them hardened my heart.

"Suppose," I said, "that I remain here with the car, and you——." I stopped, as if suddenly struck with the emptiness of the proposition.

Without turning she answered: "Of course I shall not leave the car here. Besides, where could I go?"

"Is there no one in the neighborhood whom-

"Whom I know? Not that I am aware.

We were silent after that long enough for me to note that she stood directly where a tiny of pool rain formed, and for her to feel its disquieting touch. She gave a little shiver. I felt that the time was ripe, and I took the hazard. "Of all stupidity!" I said. "Will you

credit it?"

"What?" she asked, dispiritedly.



Feeding Time

There followed a grunt from the engine two or three grunts, and again half a dozen, weak and out of key. Miss Layton's glance and my own met in mute interrogation. But then there came a dozen quickening explosions, and appre-hension gave way to hope. With a sudden burst of thuds from the engine I saw her smile. I asked for no more just then, and I never thought of the consequences. She nimbly climbed aboard, and I lowered the hood and stepped aside. The machine gave a start, the motor slowed down, then laboriously gathered headway, and, while my attention was centered on ts efforts, carried the car past me and into the mouth of the lane.

The red automobile was gone, but back from it came a voice: "Thank you very, very much," it called. "And now, whereever you are going, hurry on and don't get wet-please!"

..

As I crossed the threshold of Colonel Ives' home, after leaving my bicycle in the stables, the dressing gong for dinner was sounding, and 1 reached my room without being seen.

But when, in evening coat, I entered the billiard room three men were there, and Somers was big with news of the mis- same time. Curious he didn't see you, gold on its surface.

It occurred to me later that self-protection was not without its bearing on this. But for the interminable length of a dinner whose gay chatter Miss Layton led, I was sensible only of my own uncomfortable position and of an itching to choke Johns for the look of quiet amusement with which he favored me when he chanced to catch my eye. If he did not suspect that there was more than coincidence in the arrival of Miss Layton at the house where I was already a guest, at least he exhibited a devilish curiosity in the details of the mishap which was responsible for her arrival.

"It is too bad, Miss Layton, you know," he remarked, lazily, "that you did not come upon Travers when you had your break-down. None of the rest of us know anything about automobiles. Travers, I'm told, knows 'em from end to end.'

It was intended that I should hear this, but I gave no sign that I did, and Miss Layton made no response. So he went on:

"It's odd. too, that you didn't meet him, come to think of it. Travers was out on his bicycle this afternoon and insisted on riding down to the village. He must have come back along your road, and about the "Something of yours something I know you must value," she announced. What is it?"

Miss Layton bent forward, her brows drawn together. "I cannot imagine," she "I have lost nothing-unless it may said. be my way home."

"Something more portable than that," Miss Ives returned. "It may, however, point to an inclination. Who knows?" Miss Layton protested.

"Indeed, I have lost nothing I care for. Where was it found?"

"In your automobile, by one of the stable boys. So it must be yours.

"And it is in your hand now? I can make no better guess than a button," she added, laughing.

Miss Ives turned triumphantly to the circle.

"You see! A guilty conscience, if there ever was one. Look you, my ladies and gentlemen!" And she opened her hand. Between thumb and forefinger was an enamel button-a small flag outlined in

I knew it at first glance as the insignia of my yacht club. I had worn it in the lapel of my coat as late as that afternoon, and it flashed upon me how it had come to be in the automobile. Instinctively I raised my hand to claim it. But Johns forestalled me.

"Let me see it," he begged. He held it out on his palm and studied the button with the expression of one who is trying to put together detached recollections. It would have afforded me infinite pleasure to take him by the throat, but the puzzle which was written on Miss Layton's flushed face quickened in me a sense of my responsibility to her as well as to myself, and I waited. When Johns turned on me with an admirable appearance of astonish-

ment I was on my guard. "Why, I say, Travers," he exclaimed, "you are the fellow to tell us all about this! That's the club button you wore in your coat this afternoon."

I took the button from him and smiled. "It certainly is," I said, and slipped it into my buttonhole. "But why did you give the thing away so soon? It was a first-rate mystery till you took hold. Now it is a very commonplace story. Miss Layton arrived here ahead of me; I remember that I threw my coat over the back of her automobile, and the button must have dropped out. I owe your man my thanks, Miss Ives, for finding it. I rather value the thing, having had it so long."

Johns' disappointment perhaps was patent to no one but myself; certainly no one else saw the relief on Miss Layton's face. She flashed her eyes on me, and I almost read in them forgiveness; but then she had leaned back in her chair and her head was lost in the shadow. So I did not see how she took Johns' next words. He, too, had leaned back, and was rulling at his mustache.

"I must insist that there remains a mystery," he said, slowly. "When you left here, Travers, you wore a coat with that button in the lapel. You acknowledge that. Now, I chanced to see you as you wheeled up the drive to the house on your return before you had reached the stable where Miss Layton's automobile was. And my impression is that you did not wear a coat then. It struck me as curious; why, I don't know. But -well, there appears to have been an affinity between Miss Layton's automobile and your coat, or, say, that button—an affinity with which little things like space and time do not interfere. I insist that there is a mystery.'

"And I insist," I began, hotly, and discretion was thrown to the winds, "that you——" I got no further.

Miss Layton's laugh rang out from the corner.

"Little did I guess," she exclaimed, "that an insignificant little thing like that button was to be made so much of. Shall I confess it? It was the luck of a crippled engine which gave me the chance to bring it in. Who knows but by now it might have been covered up by the mud if I had not come along and stopped exactly where I did. I think any vote of thanks is due to me. Don't you agree?"

room a few minutes later the smile was extinguished and the cap in my hand was gripped tightly. Over the back of a chair hung a long, dun-colored coat, and in a window embrasure, with her back to me, stood its owner, her hat, wreathed in a veil, already on. She was tapping on the glass with impatient fingers, and I guessed that a leisurely butler was the cause. By that same token I silently blessed that individual, and said "Good-morning."

Miss Layton turned and her cheeks warmed. I gave her no chance to speak. "I have just come from the station," I

said. (I am sure that there was appropriate sympathy in my voice.) "And I regret to say I am the bearer of bad news. There was an accident on the railroad above us two hours ago. A coal train in a smash-up, the track completely torn up, and no trains are expected to move either way until late this afternoon. thought-

She had given a little gasp at the words 'bad news." Then, with eyes sparkling, she interrupted me.

"You thought you would hurry to tell me what would keep me here? But you are mistaken. I shall go to the city this morning—this morning, I say." I think

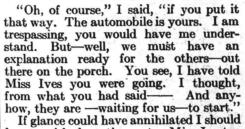
at the table. I turned to the window. But the butler was solicitous of his duties, and as he left the room I imagined I heard Miss Ives' voice on the hall landing. I moved toward the door.

"Then, if there turns out to be a way of reaching the city today, ycu do not care to take advantage of it?" I inquired.

"You may be sure I shall take advantage of it," Miss Layton answered. As I passed out upon the porch I heard Miss Ives explaining that she had overslept herself.

My plan took me to the stable, and there I found that my task was to engage me longer than I had anticipated. The parking plug which, for a consideration, the blacksmith that morning had allowed me to acquire from the crippled automobile in his shop, replaced the broken one removed from Miss Layton's machine; but there followed other small difficulties, and when at last I drove the red automobile to the Ives' doorway it was to encounter the house party assembled in force upon the porch. Miss Layton only was absent. Johns, leaning against a pillar, called down to me: "Off to try to solve the mystery of the button, Travers?"

I did not answer, but ran up the steps she stamped her foot. "I am sorry if I have offended," I replied. "But I assure you the delay is with countenance so grave I suspected a



have perished on the spot. Miss Layton slowly turned the hatpin between her fingers, and I knew that a struggle went on. Then abruptly she thrust the pin into place, and, disdaining my offer of assistance, donned the long coat. I followed her out upon the porch.

The party was clustered about the carall save Johns, who slid from the railing as we appeared, and, when the moment came, helped Miss Layton aboard. I do not recall what was said by those about us; I have some recollection of filling my part as departing guest and of taking the driver's seat. A minute afterward we were speeding along the driveway, a chorus of laughing farewells and good wishes following us. Above these, in Johns' voice, "Look out, Travers, or you'll lose something else to-day!"

My attention was given wholly to operating the car, and my companion did not speak until we had reached the point where the Ives' lane opens on the turnpike. Then she said: "Will you turnpike. Then she said: please to go to the railroad station first?" When we drew up there she alighted quickly, stepped into the telegraph office, and for several minutes I waited and wondered.

But when she reappeared she proffered no explanation, and in silence we climbed the hill again. The turnpike sloped before. us, its newly washed surface hard and clean. We settled down to a twenty-mile clip. It was one of those fresh mornings which realize for the motor-car rider all that is most exhilarating in the sport; and as the miles rolled behind us Miss Layton yielded to its influence. But we were more than half way on our journey before she dropped her guard of silence, and then it was with a mute intimation of the danger

of reminiscence. There is no ride in an automobile which remember more distinctly than this one; but certainly there are rides of which the recollection is more distinctly agreeable. To complicate matters, when we were a little more than halfway on our journey the machine developed an inexplicable weakness, and I had to nurse its waning energy on every hill. For a time this interrupted our conversation. Then, without apparent cause, Miss Layton's Then, attitude became less formal, and she began to speak of things to which I had not dared to allude. We were passing through a little railroad village, fifteen miles from the city, when I drew her attention to a winking spot of light ahead.

"The sun flashes on these automobile headlights," I remarked. "How far away

would you say that machine is?" She regarded it fixedly. I thought a smile flickered on her lips.

"I cannot guess," she answered. Then, after a moment: "Now I can see the machine itself. A runabout, is it not?" "Yes," I returned, "and making good time. See it coast that hill?" "How reckless!" she exclaimed. "He knows better than that."



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Johns looked over to where she sat Under his hand I saw a smile which might have meant anything. But evidently he detected in her voice, if he did not observe in her face, distinct displeasure with his tactics, and he made no reply.

And so the mischievous button passed out of the general conversation. But it never left my mind, and when, as the ladies arose, Miss Layton and I for a moment were standing apart, I spoke to

her. "I was very clumsy," I said. I touched the button. "It must have fallen out when I took off my coat.'

"You owe me no explanation," she said, quickly. "And I would not hear." She stepped by me, and linked her arm in that of Miss Ives. I heard her ask to be called at seven o'clock, and I was reminded thereby that there was a train for the city at eight-fifteen.

At seven o'clock the next morning I was at the railroad station, and half an hour afterward was again mounting the hill toward the Ives' lane. It was a clear, cool morning, and a brisk night wind had made the roads dry and firm. As I reached the hilltop and looked at the rolling river, which was lost beyond the hills toward the south, there was a grim smile on my lips.

Feeding the Chicks

no more inconvenient to you than to me. | twinkling of her mental eye. But she was I had a wire to come down to the city by morning train. As it stands-

Her lip curled. I extended a telegram blank.

"Perhaps you will be convinced," suggested.

She declined to look at it.

"You have a correspondent in the city who is both an early riser and-complais-

ant," was her comment. I spoke stiffly. "The telegram chances to bear the date of last evening." I replaced it in my pocket. "Moreover, I intend to be in the city by noon. I was about to say that if you wished to do the

same "It is not a question of wishing," she cried.

I inclined my head. "It seems to me rather a question of ways." Her silence was interrogative, and I went on. "It had occurred to me that a horse

"A horse which would do the fifty miles to the city in a day?" she interpolated, scornfully.

"I was about to say," I continued, quietly, "that, as a horse was outside the possibilities. I had thought----" The entrance of the butler enforced another But when I entered the Ives' breakfast interruption. Miss Layton took her seat

properly regretful at my sudden departure, and even helped me to my explanation. "It is an ill wind——" she quoted.

"It is an ill wind-"Mary Layton will bless you and your Aladdin's lamp." She indicated the automobile. "By the way," she whispered, "she is inside—alone."

I found Miss Layton in the hallway.

"I have hit upon a way to reach the ty," I announced. "And, if you are city,' ready

"For what?" She slowly drew a long r in from her hat, her eyes on the mirror. I ignored the question. "I was lucky enough to unearth another sparking plug," I explained. "And the machine is work-ing smoothly."

"If you mean that you have an automobile-

"Yours," I corrected.

"An automobile belonging to anyone," she pursued, without a trace of surprise, you surely do not suppose I will ride in it with you to the city after what-She caught herself up smartly.

"Well, there is your promise at the breakfast table," I remarked.

"Which contained nothing about traveling in company," she amended.

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"He? I beg your pardon?" I said. "I merely said that the person driving that machine knows—that is, should know —better than to take a hill like that."

I was not entirely satisfied, but we began to descend the opposite slope just then, and all my attention was given to our car. I did observe, however, that the approach-ing automobile had slackened its pace. As we came closer it drew up on one side of the road, and I fancied that its occupant

intended to speak to us. I asked Miss Layton if we should stop if we were hailed. "Of course you are to stop," she an-swered. The emphasis seemed unneces-sary, and I was puzzled. But my surprise became astonishment when I recognized who awaited us. The man in the runabout was Dave Hilliard, and he was smiling as if exceedingly content with himself. As we halted he raised his cap. "Good-

morning," he said. "Good-morning," returned Miss Lay-ton, and turned upon me with triumphant face. "Did I not tell you we should meet the good Samaritan?" she exclaimed. "And here he is, you see, ready and willing to do his nort and out one williowed of the to do his part, and you are relieved of the chief of your perplexities." "But-" I began; and while I yet

groped for the next word she was explain-ing to Hilliard: "You see, our engine has been out of order, and Mr. Travers, though he has a most important engagement to keep in the city, has been gallantly declaring that his first duty was to me. But now the way is clear—that is, if you will turn about. You shall take me into the city—I have time to spare—and Mr. Travers can leave my car in the village there and catch the next train in.'

Looking back on this moment, I can think of things I might, and perhaps should have done; certainly there were things that I should have said which I did not. But they did not occur to me then, and I am not at all sure that denial or protest would have been polite or politic. Even to my stunned faculties it was apparent that the presence of Mr. Hilliard in a runabout on this road at this time, and Miss Layton's assured requisition of his services, swored strongly of prearrangement. But I did not look at my companion, and so came near to missing the one drop of sweetness in a very bitter cup. Hilliard had descended from his machine, and was approaching, when my name was spoken -spoken so softly that only I could hear it. My face came about quickly, and I was looking into hers, and it was very close to mine.

"I am going to leave you now," she said. "I wish-I wish-our machine had not broken down. But won't you help me down?"

Her hand fell lightly on my arm; I got out of the car quickly enough to fcrestall Hilliard's proffered aid, and her fingers rested in mine for just an instant. Then they slipped from my grasp, and Hilliard was helping her into the other machine.

Afterward, when we were sipping our coffee about the curiously wrought tabouret, at which she presided over an old silver service, she began to speak of automobiles, and I fancied that I saw Hilliard smile. But she was very grave.

"Tell me," she presently said, "when will the ideal car come—the car that will always run, and not do the unexpected thing-the car that will not make you lose your temper, and say and do foolish hings?

Hilliard raised a deprecating hand. I said nothing, but I thought that I understood. She got up then and stepped to the mantelpiece.

"I suppose that time will never come," she went on. "But at least we can look ahead with hope, and be sorry for thefoolish experiences behind us, can't we? One of mine was-well, I'm not going to tell that story now, but it was all due to this.

She held up a sparking plug. "Look at it. It is a little thing, but, oh! how much it is responsible for! In this plug the porcelain collar is cracked." She made a wry little mouth. "How did it happen? If one could only know that, in time, how much easier it might all be!"

Hilliard examined the plug, and, after a while, shook his head.

"I give it up," he said. I looked over at her swiftly, but her face was turned the other way. I me the inspiration of my life.

The article mentioned the fact that young Mr. — had received an appoint-ment to West Point and had left for that place several days before; that whereas they extended congratulations to the young man, the United States Government was to be much more greatly congratulated upon obtaining as one of its embryo soldiers a man from their community, the son of such a noble sire, whose sire and great-sires had been equally noble, a young man above re-proach, of great intellect, and bound to make his mark in any calling he might elect, etc. This article inspired its recipient with pride and pleasure; he found it impossible to refrain from showing it to his roommate, and an hour after having done so was accosted, while going downstairs by an upper-classman who had been drilling him and had been very severe. At this meeting the upperclassman, who was about half his size, looked at him solemnly, removed his cap, and said: "Mr. —, I humbly beg your pardon for having been so stern with you. I did not know until a few moments ago what a distinguished and intellectual young man you were. You honor us by becoming one of us."

The pleased "plebe," never for a mo-ment scenting mischief, grinningly re-plied: "That's all right, Mr. —; I forgive you."

That evening, while the "plebe" and roommate were engaged in study,

there was a knock at their door, and there entered the upper-classman who had accosted and apologized to the "plebe" on the stairs, he being accom-panied by a dozen other upper-classmen. He thus addressed the "plebe": "Mr. , here are a number of your brother cadets who are desirous of knowing what a particularly distinguished man they have among them. You will there-fore kindly read what your newspaper says of you." The "plebe" was inclined to demur,

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

but the determined manner and steely eye of the little upper-classman compelled obedience; embarrassed, he stumblingly read the whole article, at the conclusion of which the little upperclassman stated that the reader had mumbled in parts, had failed to enunciate distinctly, and required the poor "plebe" to read it again. This having been done, all shook hands with him in an apparently most deferential manner, after which the little upper-classman stated that they would call the next evening augmented by other cadets, and that in the meantime the "plebe" would commit the article to memory and be in readiness to repeat it when they called.

His manner brooked no disobedience; the call was made the next evening, the number of cadets being nearly double that of the previous evening, and he repeated the article, being prompted by the little upper-classman. Before the departure of his visitors he was informed that he would be visited the next evening by a still greater number of cadets, and he was ordered to be prepared to declaim the article depicting his virtues.

The visit was made and the declamation rendered. He was then informed that he would be again visited the following evening, and would prepare him-self so as to be able to render the article in song. This visit was made, the room being fairly packed with cadets, and the poor "plebe" was required to stand on a table and howl the article from start to finish, for he had not the faintest understanding of how to sing, or turn a tune. In after years he said that if he had ever had any egotism in his composition it was completely knocked out of him by having to handle that article as he had to handle it.

Every ending is also a beginning. When a man sees his finish, it usually gives him quite a start.-March Lippincott's

"Perhaps I can tell," I said, and took "Yes," I he sparking plug in my hand. went on, presently, "it is very plain. This porcelain was broken by a tool—probably a

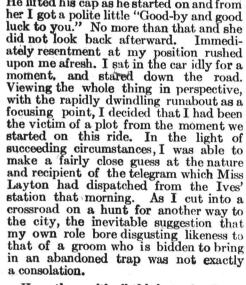
Ass niboine Park, Winnipeg

wrench—and it was wielded by a very, very clumsy hand." Are you quite sure?" she inquired.

Quite sure," I repeated.



46



How, then, with all this but a few hours back of me, shall I explain my decision when, at four o'clock that afternoon. entering my club, I found a square, gray envelope addressed to me in handwriting once so familiar. Perhaps those few lines of invitation to dine that night with my lady of the red car enabled me to see many things in a new light. Perhaps, remember-ing the manoeuvre with which she had matched my own, I reasoned that retaliation does not argue indifference. Be this as it may, at seven o'clock that evening I was seated at her left side, looking across the table at Hilliard, and was not sorry that I had come.

even looks to me as if the person who broke this porcelain did it of intention.'

She took the sparking plug from me, and for a moment her eyes met mine. My heart leaped. Her smile was no screen to their tender depths.

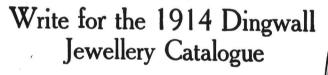
"Then I shall keep this as evidence," she said, "and you—you shall hold your-self under orders, if you will. Who knows what foolish thing I might not do otherwise?"

Johns was one of our ushers.

Singing His Own Praises

Hazing at the United States Military Academy, West Point, has in the past ten years been so frequently followed by punishment and otherwise discountenanced that it has practically become a thing of the past. A third of a century ago the modes of hazing were varied, and many of them unique. A certain graduate, who hailed from south of the Mason and Dixon line and from west of the Alleghany Mountains, told this story of his own experience.

He was a tall, raw-boned fellow when he entered the academy as a "plebe," and had been assigned to a room with a bright little chap, with whom he soon became very friendly and confidential. Several weeks after he had entered the academy he received a letter from his good mother, in which she had enclosed a clipping from their county newspaper.



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The Western Home Monthly.

The Young Woman and Her Problem

By Pearl Richmond Hamilton.

THE TEACHER

This is the month when teachers and pupils begin another year's work. Some to back to school reluctantly-others are inspired with enthusiasm-full of new ideas and love for their work. In some respects teachers are more fortunate than other wage earning young women. They have a long vacation. I talk with many business girls, clerks and workers along other lines and learn they have in most cases a vacation of one or two weeks. They are just beginning to enjoy the change when they must go back to work. But the teacher has a thorough rest.

There are all kinds of teachers-some like their work and love children, others are working just for the money, while many teach for a short time hoping they may soon change their work. I am sorry for the children who are under the last two classes. In a way the teacher has a responsibility that no other young woman has. She moulds minds at the most impressionable age, and they learn from her lessons what they never forget, both mentally and morally. A teacher's morals should be clean and pure, for the child will be influenced by her example. As the teacher weighs in her mind the failures and successes of her pupils she often blames a pupil for being stupid when the fault is really her own. It was my privilege this week to spend a few pleasant hours with Major Soper, a sister-in-law of General Booth. With Major Soper was Madame Moreau de Bauviere, the woman who was the French instructor in General Booth's family. It was delightful to hear this cultured teacher relate her experiences with children who have made such remarkable success of their talents. Madame herself, is a beautiful woman, young in heart and enthusiasm though her hair is gray. She is as full of ambition and interest in teaching as the successful instructor is at thirty years of age-a fine type of youthful womanhood developed by energy and educa-tion. Madame told the story of one member of the Booth family that, to me,

was most interesting. This girl had no

desire to learn French, she saw no use

in learning it as one could read transla-

tions of it in the English, so she did not care to spend much time on French. But when Madame convinced her that she lost the beauty of the French expression and the French spirit in the English translation, the girl immediately be-came interested in her French lessons. "That ees it!" exclaimed Madame, "the teacher must make the child see the object of a study." Madame also said that if a pupil is not interested, it is the teacher's fault. Make his lessons interesting. Though teaching has been my work in the past I have written little on the subject in this department, but I recall many incidents of pupils whose success in a certain branch dated to a time when a new teacher made him see the branch in a new light. For example -a girl could not understand history. For several years she studied the same text book until she could locate every picture in the book, and could repeat paragraphs perfectly and dates, but she did not know history and failed in every examination. Then, by a fortunate turn of circumstances she went to another part of the country where important events in history had taken place. She visited battle grounds. She realized that history is a vital subject. It is real. From that time on she led her classes in Where formerly her marks history. averaged forty and fifty per cent, her standings now averaged from ninetyfive to one hundred per cent. After finishing her course she specialized in history and later became instructor in history. When the object was made clear to her in an interesting manner, stupidity developed into brilliancy. Mental stagnation leads to mental starvation. In order to make a success of any profession one has to be soul-deep in love with it.

THE COLLEGE GIRL

Knowledge gives one advantage under all conditions and an educated girl gets more meaning out of life's experiences. As a rule I believe the college girl is resourceful and systematic. "Of what use is the study of geometry or Latin?" one asks me. "I expect to be marriedthen this work is of no use." This is just where a girl is wrong. The training

a girl gets in accuracy, patience, per-sistence, and mental development all help to make her a successful homemaker. She applies herself better-she is determined to make a success of cooking, sewing and housekeeping. In a word, education develops will power and honest back-bone. Household problems are easily solved by educated women. Then, I believe the cultivated girl can more easily adapt herself to any

environment, because she finds resources that make her contented. She sees something of interest in everything about her-in the people, the flowers, the rocks, the clouds, in animals, birds and insects. She has a mind so well balanced that the little tragedies of life do not crush her. When girls come to me discouraged I try to interest them in a line of study or a hobby. Nothing makes one forget her troubles so quickly as a study of bright and beautiful thoughts from intellectual literary men and women.

There is a tendency at the present time for young women to depend almost entirely on outside entertainment. It is a selfish tendency. It costs money, time, talent, physical strength and often character. In the end it does not bring one real contentment-for this must come from within.

A girl may become educated outside of the college by reading instructive books. More evenings spent at home in self culture would add years to a girl's life as well as the blessings of content-ment and happiness. We learn of a woman of extraordinary personality when in reality she is like a many-sided diamond which in each direction shines with new brilliancy. The secret of a reposeful life is this: "Think of something pleasant. Put away unpleasant thoughts and fill your mind with cheerful hopeful visions." Obey this if you would have an attractive personality-a young woman equally charming in mind and person.

When a crash happens all a woman has left to hold on to is her character. According as her spiritual side and her mental side have developed will her physical side stand the strain. * *

DEFINITIONS OF "A FRIEND"

Every girl hungers for genuine friendship. Appeals come to this department from girl readers who need "a friend." The greatest need in this new country is honest friendship. Our worst tragedies come from false friendships. Several years ago London Tit-Bits offered a prize for the best original definition of "A Friend." Thousands came from all

parts of the world. From these the following were selected. The first was awarded first prize:

The first person who comes in when the whole world has gone out.

A bank of credit on which we can draw supplies of confidence, counsel, sympathy, help and love.

One who combines for you alike the pleasures and benefits of society and solitude.

A jewel whose luster the strong acids of poverty and misfortune cannot dim. One who multiplies joys, divides griefs, and whose honesty is inviolable. divides

One who loves the truth and you, and will tell the truth in spite of you.

The triple alliance of three great powers, Love, Sympathy and Help.

A watch which beats true for all time, and never "runs down."

A permanent fortification when one's affairs are in a state of siege.

One who to himself is true, and therefore must be so to you.

A balancing pole to him who walks across the tightrope of life.

The link in life's long chain that bears the greatest strain.

A harbor of refuge from the stormy waves of adversity.

One who considers my need before my deservings

The jewel that shines brightest in the darkness.

A stimulant to the nobler side of our nature.

A volume of sympathy bound in cloth. A diamond in the ring of acquaintance. A star of hope in the cloud of ad-

versity. One truer to me than I am to myself.

A link of gold in the chain of life. The essence of pure devotion.

The sunshine in calamity. .

DAIRYING, A FINE ART.

How often I have heard farmers' wives and daughters exclaim: "Milking and butter-making are pure drudgery!"

Did it ever occur to you that an extremely popular subject in music, litera-ture and art is the dairymaid and her cows?

Many a noble-hearted youth has voiced his emotions in song when cupid jerked at his heart strings as a plump, happy-hearted dairymaid gracefully swung her pail back and forth on her way to the milking? Can any picture appeal to the eye of the artist more than a line of cows wending their way slowly homeward at the close of day? Or can one imagine a more restful

subject for the artist than a group of satisfied cows lazily basking under shady

The Ideal Household Range and Wingold Kitchen Cabinet Will Make Your Kitchen Comforts Complete



Is what you get from the Ideal

Wingold Kitchen Cabinets save Labor. Wingold wholesale to consumer method saves money. Take advantage of Wingold whole-sale prices and order this Big Kitchen



A small price for a Big Kitchen Cabinet, \$30 would be a modest retail price. Wingold wholesale to consumer price represents actual \$30 favorable to manufacture under most cost conditions; and a small profit added.

THE WINGOLD Kitchen Cabinet, from the large divided flour bin—98 lbs. capacity— to the smallest spice drawer has every con to the smallest spice drawer has every con-ceivable arrangement for convenience and labor saving. Don't Waste Your Strength and Energy. Instal a Wingold Kitchen Cabinet, and save all unnecessary labor. The Win-gold is made of selected white maple, finished natural. Entire height 84 inches. Base 48 x 26 inches. Two cutlery drawers, sugar and salt bins, draw-out cutting and kneading board. Two cupboards with shelves, fine large china closet, and three spice drawers complete the cabinet in every detail. The pure white surface is given several coatings of varnish, which gives it appearance and cleanliness. cleanliness.

Shipping weight 250 lbs. **\$19.50** Master Bargain

Shipping weight 250 lbs., \$19.50. Don't buy furniture of any kind until you get a Wingold Catalog. Wingold Prices are lower and quality higher than any obtainable else-where. Send for Free Catalog.



\$49.75 Polished Steel Range

Do You Prefer the Substance or the Shadow? Many stoves are but shadows of what they should be. Avoid Disap-pointment. Buy The Ideal Household Blue Polished Steel Range. The best and most satisfactory Family Range. Sold direct to consumer at Wholesale Prices, under a positive guarantee of satisfaction under a positive guarantee of satisfaction or refund of purchase money and freight charges. Tens of thousands in daily use demonstrating their superior baking and economical fuel consuming qualities. Order from this ad. or send for Wingold Catalog

from this ad. or send for Wingold Catalog. A new design with elaborate nickeled trimmings. The nickeling is done by special process, and is of a white silvery effect. The Ideal Household Steel Range is equipped with all the latest improve-ments, and thoroughly up-to-date in every respect. Pay only \$85.00 to the local dealer and you will get a range to equal the Ideal Household. Absolutely the handsomest, most elaborate and highest grade steel range made in the world. A long step ahead of others in high art stovemaking.

Just as Illustrated scrap heap. No better range made than the IDEAL HOUSEHOLD. Send in your order today. Burns wood or any kind of coal. Takes wood 24-inches long. No. 9-20 has oven 20 x 20 x 13 inches, six 9-inch lids, copper reservoir encased, shipping weight, 550 pounds. Complete, with high closet and oven thermometer, \$49.75. WRITE FOR STOVE CATALOG showing the most complete line of up-to-date stoves and ranges. Sold direct to consumer at wholesale prices.

Bannatyne Ave., Winnipeg, Wingold Stove Co. Ltd., 181-5 Man.

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

trees, or quenching their thirst in the sparkling brook, or cooling in placid water-"knee deep in June!"

It is such subjects as these that made Weber, Troyon, Buchen, Corot, W. Frank Calderon, and other artists famous; even our own Canadian Bellsmith has gained international reputation because of his extraordinary abilty as a painter of cattle.

Not only do these pastoral scenes oc-cury an important place in the field of art, but the dairymaid herself is a model for the artist. Exercises necessary for the accomplishment of her work form her body into physical beauty. Her well developed shoulders, chest and arms give her an enviable position on the pedestal of art.

The dairy maid's rosy cheeks and fair skin also owe their delicate tints to the contact with milk in her work in the dairy, as well as to the fresh air she breathes while at her work. Many extensively advertised complexion lotions contain milk or butter-milk that the dairy maid may have free from deadly adulterations.

In music she has been the soul of folklore song:

"What is the greatest bliss

That the tongue o' man can name? 'Tis to woo a bonnie lassie

When the kye comes hame?"

"Oh, wha wad choose a crown, Wi' its perils and its fame,

And miss his bonnie lassie,

When the kye comes hame?"

This subject has furnished material for some of the most sublime word pictures in great literary productions. "The curfew tolls the knell of parting day

The lowing herds wind slowly o'er the lea;

The plowman homeward plods his weary way.

And leaves the world to darkness and to me."

The author as well as the poet gives the dairy a prominent place in fiction and lures the youth to a palace of wealth whose king is health and whose princess is the dairymaid.

The following description of the dairy in Adam Bede paints a pleasing picture in the mind:

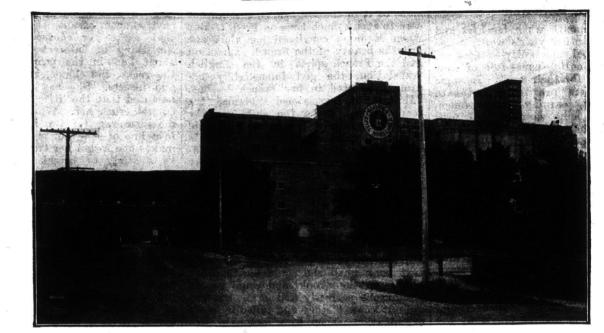
"The dairy was certainly worth looking at; it was a scene to sicken for with a sort of calenture in hot and dusty noisy streets-such coolness, such purity. such fresh fragrance of new pressed cheese, of firm butter, of wooden vessels perpetually bathed in pure water-

No world-renowned queen could be painted in more perfect bodily beauty than is Hetty the dairymaid in Adam Bede.

Tourists say the cleanest place in the world is at Broek, near Amsterdam, where the Edam cheeses are made. These are the cleanest dairies in the world. One can make of any kind of honest work an art. Emerson says:

The Most Complete Milling Plant in the British Empire

Ogilvie's New Mill at Medicine Hat



What is unquestionably the most | complete milling plant in the British Empire, or in the world for that matter, has recently started operations at Medicine Hat.

Every modern device which could be utilized to improve the efficiency of this new mill has been employed in its construction and equipment.

This giant mill has a capacity of 4,000 barrels daily and the company confi-dently expect the demand for their flour to result in its running at full capacity the year around.

The history of The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, is only another in-

Have you ever paused to consider that [the inconsiderate, ungrateful woman. it requires the tears of the eyes sometimes to create the rainbow of the soul?

A MATTER OF CHARACTER

A young woman who devotes all of her time to help girls told me the other day that it is unusual for a girl to send her a note of appreciation. The service she gives them is free and she is continually helping them secure positions. In some cases she spends hours in search of a place for a girl. Then she sends the girl, and nine girls out of ten never write her a word of appreciation. In fact she often wonders the girl accepted the position obtained for her. I am sure this is only thoughtlessness on the part of the girl-but a short note means more than the sender realizes. Fortunately the girls who have written to me through The Western Home Monthly have been very appreciative. One girl who came to the city last winter and wrote me to meet her sent me a beautiful little note last month stating that she had decided to go home and expressed her appreciation so beautifully that the note was an encouragement. It probably did not require more than ten, minutes for her to write the note. but it meant more to me than I can express. The busiest people attend to these little courtesies most thoughtfully. A tiny favor given a very busy woman is nearly always acknowledged by lovely expression of appreciation. A social worker told me not long ago that so many people she helps seem ex-tremely ungrateful in the end. For example, she loaned a family money to buy wood during the winter, with the request that they pay it back as it was taken from a fund and the money could in turn be used to help others. Several months later when this family was earning good money, she asked them for the money loaned them. They were very much offended and were most unkind. Now, this social worker had given many hours during the winter to help the family during their distress, and in the end this is the treatment she received. The careless thoughtless girl develops into

stance of the rapidity with which industries under capable management develop in Western Canada. Only a comparatively short time ago their first mill was located in Winnipeg, a 300 barrel affair. Now their mill in Winnipeg is of 3,000 barrel capacity, supplemented by a 750 barrel mill for the production of oatmeal and rolled oats as well as an immense elevator. At Fort William they have a large mill and a million bushel elevator. Besides the mill at Medicine Hat they have an elevator of 600,000 bushels capacity. To supply wheat for these large mills the company have twenty-five elevators in Western Saskatchewan and Southern

Consideration for others is a most neces-

sary trait of disposition to cultivate. We are so desperately intent on making

a living that we forget to live, so wrapt

up in our vocation that we forget that

we owe the world courtesy, consideration

and kindness. This is a matter of

SWEET BRIAR

(By Frances)

character.

Alberta for the Medicine Hat Mill, and one hundred and twenty elevators in Manitoba and Saskatchewan which take care of the requirements of the. Winnipeg and Fort William Mills.

It is industrial enterprises of this nature that make possible the development of towns and cities in the West and which in turn create a home market for Western farm products.

Royal Household Flour is the product on which the Ogilvie Flour Mills Co. Ltd., have achieved their success and it is possible that the demand for this high grade flour will make necessary before many years other big mills similar to the new Medicine Hat plant.

It is all in the day!-we may gaily fare, Or sink to the deeps, in a numb despair; We may dance with Hope or keep step with Care;

It is all in the day.

It is all in the day!-though we're waiting still-

That message, its import of good or ill! We may curb or spur an impatient will, It is all in the day.

It is all in the day!-we may meet a frown,

Our nearest and dearest have moods of brown, But the sky is there, 'tis a good old town;

It is all in the day

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"In the mud and scum of things There's always, always, something that sings.

CONTRASTS.

In life the same experience means the downfall of some and the uplift of others. You may at your will live a life of idleness or usefulness, a life of pain or pleasure, of ignorance or wisdom, of cowardice or courage, of hate or love, of ingratitude or appreciation, of deception or truth, of ugliness or beauty, of worry or happiness, of sin or purity, of old age or youth. The strength of your life is measured by the strength of your will, and the strength of your will is determinedly the strength of the wish that lies behind it. Any kind of a human being can wish for a thing. I know women who spend most of their time wishing; but only strong-minded in people with great purposes can do things.

We are not put into the world to bask among ideal conditions; one of the facts of life that makes life worth living is the struggle to make ideals come true. Gibbons says:

"That man may last, but never lives, Who much receives, but nothing gives, Whom none can love, whom none can thank-

Creation's blot, creation's blank."

It grows by the gate to the highway-That wanders away to the town;

It caught at your skirts in a sly way, And ruffled its leaves at your frown; When going-its hold was detaining, When coming-it welcomed you home; Its manners were rough and restraining-To any-who ventured to roam.

From its nook in the garden straying, It mocked at the limits of Fate: Now—always it seems to be saving— "I.am ward of the old grey gate;" Like maidens at windows-the roses Lean out 'midst the guardian thorns, But-he who to pluck them proposes Full many a smarting wound mourns.

O, bonnie Sweet Briar!-A-blowing; When Summer steals over the land, Her flowery mantle a-showing-My heart then—is yours to command! I return, and enter the portal, You grasp for my garments to hold, And like some poor heart-hungry mortal-You welcome me back-to the fold.

ALL IN THE DAY

(By Frances)

It is all in the day!—be it dull or fine; We may drink sweet mead or the lees of wine;

We may eat the best, or on herbs may dine, It is all in the day.

It is all in the day, for we may not know What is hidden under the sunset glow, So, like blindfold children-we groping go,

It is all in the day.

It is all in the day!-When the night draws nigh,

Towards a tomorrow—we reach and cry; And a song-bird flutes of a "by and by; It is all in the day.

Couldn't Follow Him

"John," said Farmer Foddershucks to his college-bred son, who was home on a vacation, "hev ye noticed Si Mullet's oldest gal lately? Strikes me she's get-

tin' ter be a right likely critter, hey ?" "She's as beautiful as Hebe," agreed

John enthusiastically. "Aw, shucks!" grunted Farmer F. "She's a blame sight purtier 'n he be. Why, he ain't no beauty. She gits it i'm her mother's folks."

A Regard for Appearance

A milliner endeavored to sell to a colored woman one of the last season's hats at a very moderate price. It was a big white picture hat.

"Law, no honey!" exclaimed the woman. "I could nevah wear that. I'd look jes' like a blueberry in a pan of milk,"

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The Western Home Monthly



Big Ben is the biggest thing today in the alarm clock business.

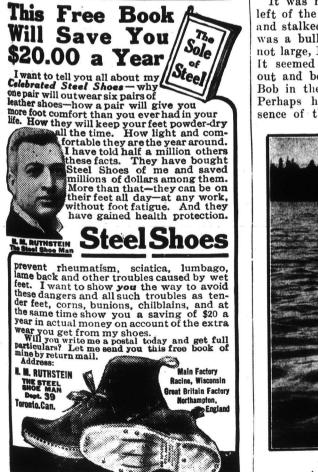
He is only two years and a half old, but he's already getting more work from the Dominion than any clock alive.

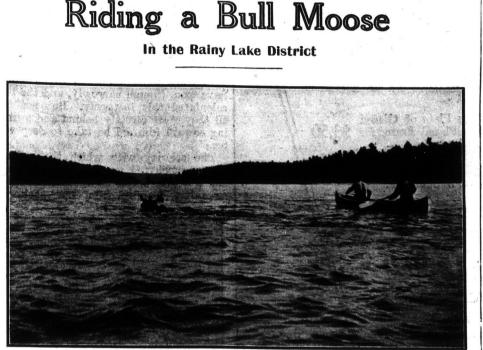
In two years and a half time, 6,000 Canadian dealers have adopted him. Nearly half of the families in Canada leave it to him to call them up in the morning; nearly half the families in Canada use him all day long to tell the right time by. He is really two good clocks in one-a crackerjack of a timekeeper and a crackerjack of an alarm.

Big Ben stands seven inches tall. He is triple nickel-plated and wears an inner vest of steel that insures him for life. His big, bold figures and hands are easy to read in the dim morning light. His large, comfortable keys almost wind themselves. He rings five minutes stead-ily or ten intermittently. If he is oiled every other year, there is no telling how long he will last.

Big Ben's price 's \$3.00 anywhere in Canada. It you cannot find him at your dealer's, a money order sent to Westclox, La Salle, Illinois, will bring him to on, carefully packed and duty charges paid.

BIG BEN **BIG BEN ALARM CLOCKS** Are Illustrated in the Catalogue of D. R. DINGWALL LIMITED JEWELLERS, WINNIPEG WRITE FOR A COPY OF THIS BOOK





The Moose has been headed into open water and the cance is approaching

bay were several moose which we proceeded stealthily to appraise. The bay was long and crescent shaped and off its mouth two large rocks gave some secrecy to our approach. But one of them saw us and the whole party plowed ashore and trotted across a marsh to the woods. They went hesitantly, with backward glances as if reluctant to leave the attractions of the lake, so we lay in ambush behind the rocks and awaited developments.

N the far side of the lake, in a deep assured at last, he walked far out to the gently sloping bottom and ducked under.

"Now go!" whispered Mrs. Pink. From behind our rocky screen we

watched the approach with bated breath. Breaking the surface at one end of the crescent rose the black back of the quarry, and hugging the shadow of the shore from the other sped the canoe. There was nearly half a mile to steal. That antlered head would rise dripping from the water, when paddles would



Alongside and the Moose-boy (cowboy) is stepping out of cance on to back of Moose

left of the crescent a moose broke cover canoe would come slowly to rest. As and stalked leisurely into the water. It the distance decreased they paddled and stalked leisurely into the water. It was a bull, and though the horns were more cautiously and stopped quickly. After a leisurely survey the head would not large, Bob decided that he would do. It seemed as if he would never wade out and begin to feed, and George and Bob in their canoe fretted impatiently. Perhaps he was surprised at the absence of the others. But evidently re-

It was not a long wait. Far on the poise motionless in mid air and the



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The risk is on us. We will send a full range of our famous "Lion" Cloth patterns, fashion plates & self-measurement form, and if you order and do not like the coat when it reaches you, send it straight back, and the money is yours. You needn't hesitate to ask for the cash-we have our reputation to preserve.

Cloth in the piece.

We sell our "Lion" Cloth by the yard to tailors and others all over the World at \$3-20 the coat length, and will be glad to send a full range of patterns to anyone who desires to buy the cloth in this way.

We specialise in Solid Worsted cloth, the best wearing material obtainable.

WRITE TO-DAY for our range of 120 Patterns, Style Book and Self-measurement Form. Sent post free to any address.



Wheat City

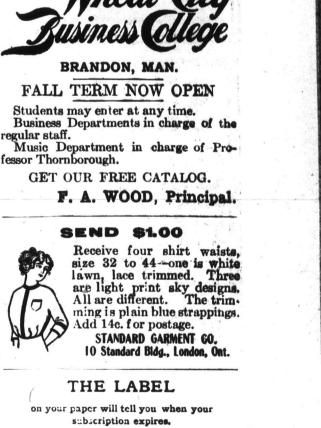
again plunge under.

Manoeuvring for Position

While still far apart, the moose spied them. He stood rooted, with head twisted sideways. Then turning to-



Bull dogging a Moose An Aquatic Cowboy Sport introduced for the first time by the Canadian Northern



Send in your renewal NOW



strongly into the woods while Bob clambered again into the canoe with conflicting expressions of triumph and reluc-

always feel that the proofs of this little

what have you been doing to make

liver oil with him, mamma. You said it was so nice."

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Poultry Chat

Timely Topics for September, by H. S. Vialoux

NGLISH papers to hand particularly dwell upon the short crop in chicker in the Old Country this summer, which is largely due to climatic causes early in the season.

Meanwhile, there is a persistent decrease in the supply of imported poultry, therefore prices are higher than usual and the home producer is chuckling in his joy.

This is very much the state of affairs in our own Western Country, except as regards importations. Our neighbors to the South can always give us plenty of poultry products, but look for a good price for the same. I was greatly in-terested in the address given by W. A. Wilson, Dairy Commissioner, Sask., before the Retailers Convention, not long since. The egg supply of Saskatchewan is practically produced in six months; 95 per cent. of the total supply is produced in April, May, June, July, August and September, and 90 per cent. of the eggs are marketed during the first four months mentioned, just when eggs are usually all fertile and exceedingly hard to keep.

In Ontario the loss in shipping or handling eggs is 17 per cent. on five dozen—six every 30 (thirty) dozen lot. In our Western provinces, the loss is fully 20 per cent. at least. The loss to the farmer and country merchant is a serious business, the farmer fights shy of increasing his flock of hens and the country merchant considers the egg business one of the necessary leakages, as he must trade with the farmer. As for the price, to protect themselves dealers quote the flat rate price. What need here for some practical poultry education until producers understand the need of clean nests, infertile eggs, regular gathering of eggs from the nests, keeping eggs cool and away from foreign odors, as rapid marketing as possible of egg products, and lastly, refusing to market stolen nestfuls of eggs. Such reports will be written of all your provinces in the West.

Under present conditions, the up-todate poultryman is under grave disadvantage unless he is near a really good market and can find his own customers, who will certainly pay him a premium over the "store egg" price.

There is a similar condition in marketing poultry, so many birds being forwarded to market in quite an unfit condition, aged and infirm, badly fed and badly dressed, and again the man who raises superior birds, is at a disadvantage until there can be a regular system of grading poultry, eggs and butter, under good supervision, if that is necessary.

Mr. Wilson suggests establishing payment on the basis of quality, and if trade jealousies could be overlooked, and such a system formed where quality would orm t

poultry plant, making room for the cream of the flock, the year-old hens of good color, comb and shape, the fine plump pullets which are maturing so well these golden days of September.

There is wisdom in giving the said pullets and young cockerels a separate run, if at all possible and the two flocks will be the gainers.

As free range as can be secured is a splendid thing for the growing birds, and I have found that if the chickens are taught to roost in any sort of a colony house and in different parts of the farm yard they will naturally range in that locality without much trouble. Give these layers "to be" plenty of

butter milk as well as water to drink. Oyster shell and grain with an occasional mash of shorts, bran, ground oats, linseed, etc.

Get some leg bands for these pullets so they will be marked whilst still young, When a glance will determine the age of the bird.

One year I mark the left leg with the band and the next season the right one, thus easily keeping tag of a number of hens.

A good fattening ration is a mash of ground grains and shorts mixed with milk until crumbly, but in the busy time on the farm the making of a mash is somewhat troublesome. I have crate fattened fowls in fine shape, by feeding two feeds per day of whole wheat. All the birds will eat clean, some charcoal and grit and plenty of milk to drink. When there is plenty of feed wheat in the bin this is an easy method.

Birds should never be crated more than 21 days and sometimes will fatten in 14 days

"I'll Do What I Can."

- Who takes for his motto, "I'll do what I can,"
- Shall better the world as he goes down life's hill;
- The willing young heart makes the capable man, And who does what he can, oft can do
- what he will. There's strength in the impulse to help
- things along, And forces undreamed of will come to
- the aid Of one who, though weak, yet believes he
- is strong, And offers himself to the task, unafraid.
- "I'll do what I can" is a challenge to fate, And fate must succumb when it's put to
- the test; A heart that is willing to labor and wait In its tussle with life ever comes out the
- best.

Classified Column

For the benefit of our subscribers and readers who wish to sell, buy, or ex-change, we publish this column and hope it will prove of service. The rates are 3c per word per insertion, cash to ac-company all orders Minimum charge 50c.

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LARGE SPLIT CEDAR FENCE POSTS-Write for prices. F. J. Bossley, Lolsqua,

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| spring chickens. Those of poor color or | A farmer sold a horse to a man, giving | | J. H. Ruthenord, Caledon East, Ontario. 9 |
| form, etc. All of these birds can be put | him a month to try the horse before | SAVE YOUR HAIR! Washing will make | SHORTHORNS, CLYDESDALES-Let me |
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| Thus the ontomicing man on more | which the farmer replied, that's | foreign stamps, catalogue, hinges; five cents. | Pony vehicles, harness, saddles. This farm |

Thus Thus the enterprising man or woman pride. He will hold his head up when he We buy stamps. Marks Stamp Co., Toronto. and stock complete for sale. J. E. Marples, can eliminate the unfit, in his or her is paid for."



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The Western Home Monthly

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The Home Doctor

WAY up in the coast of Labrador some thirty thousand miserable "liveyeres," as they're called, eke out an existence, such as it is, taking the codfish which are so plentiful off those coasts. From Newfoundland, too, perhaps again as many fishermen come in the spring time to summer there in the north and then return in autumn with the catch.

The cod so taken are dried and prepared by these fishermen, but under most revolting conditions. Substantially all the fisher folk are malignant consumptives, but the fish are stacked and kept in the same air-tight huts in which these folk live, and the proprieties declining as one gets farther from the cities, so here the most noisome practices are quite the usual vogue.

Latterly, Dr. Wilfred Grenfell, the colony's physician of mercy, as he has been called, has been waging a gallant fight against the universal tuberculosis, and it is evident that with the adoption of some of the methods he is seeking to introduce, much good will come.

The doctor, though, knows full well the truth of the Newfoundland axiom that you can't teach an old dog new tricks, and so he is aiming at the children and young folk.

To that purpose he has had printed a little leaflet, much like a school tract, which is printed for use in Newfoundis land and Labrador schools and labelled ·

"A CATECHISM,

THAT IS TO SAY AN INSTRUCTION TO BE LEARNED BY EVERY PERSON."

Open the leaflet and the arrangement smacks of a lawyer's brief.

The various paragraphs are headed in leaded type, and this placed at one side. The paragraphs themselves are subdivided into sentences, and each of these is numbered.

We quote at length: The Air

(1) Is fresh air good for me? I cannot live without it.

(2) Is air ever bad? Yes. It gets very poisonous.

(3) What makes it poisonous? Every time any one breathes he throws poisons into the air.

(4) What are these poisons like? Some are poisonous gases, some like tiny poison seeds.

Will they hurt me? Yes. They will kill me in time.

(6) How can I avoid these poisons? By always keeping in fresh air.

The Sunshine

(1) Must I let in the sunshine? Yes,

(6) What is the good of that? The blood carries food to every part of it and washes away all the poisons out of it.

(7) Is hot water good? It is better than none at all.

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

Spitting.

(1) Is it wrong to spit in the house # Yes, and on the ground outside. It is

dirty and dangerous and cruel. (2) Why? What harm does it do? It spreads poisons everywhere and hurts everybody.

(3) How does it do this? Spittle is full of poison germs.

(4) How do the germs get at us? They get loose as soon as the spittle dries up and then they can fly about. (5) What do the germs do to us? They go down with our breath and eat

up our lungs. (6) Must I never spit? Never, except into a piece of rag or paper, which I must burn at once.

Hurry and Worry

Habitual hurry and worry will undermine the strongest constitution. Hurry and worry are only a matter of habit. It is natural, when work piles up, to let the mind run on to the things ahead. Before we know it we have established a useless and injurious habit of worry. Make "this one thing I do" your motto. Cease to spend your time in foolish regrets over what is passed. "The mill never runs with water that has passed." Do not turn present energy into channels of worry about what is passed and can no longer be helped. To worry about the future is equally foolish. Ninety-nine of every hundred calamities which you fear never come to pass. Get a grip on yourself. Use your will to keep from worrying. Check yourself whenever you feel hurried, and relax for a moment before going on with the matter in After a little you will be able hand. to establish a new habit of poise and self-control. To worry is to waste an immense amount of energy for no good or useful purpose. To worry is more foolish than to try to lift yourself by your own boot straps. Worry is destructive. Tranquility, poise, means the conservation of your forces for structive use. By worry and fretting and senseless anger and a habit of mind of constant rebellion against your environment and the universe in general you spill your forces and tear yourself to pieces. You cut off your connection with the sources of life. Life thrives in tranquility. Creative processes in nature are always

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every bit I can let in.

(2) Why must I let in the sunshine? Because nothing else cleans the rooms so well.

(3) How does sunshine clean room? It kills all the poison germs it falls upon.

(4) Ought I to sit in the sunshine? Yes, I must always keep in it when I can.

(5) Why must I do this? Because it will kill the poison germs in my blood.

The Window.

Must I open the window? Yes. (1)(2) When must I open the window? All day and all night.

(3) Will not the cold hurt me? Cold does not hurt anybody.

(4) Why must I open the window? Because 1 cannot grow strong unless 1 do.

(5) Will not the draught hurt me? I must arrange to avoid draughts as far as possible.

(6) What good is it to open the window? It lets in the pure air to clean my blood.

Washing

(1) Must I wash? Yes, as often as possible.

(2) Why must I wash? Because a clean skin keeps me in good health. (3) Must I use cold water? Yes,

every day.

(4) Will it hurt me? Not at all. 1t will make me very strong.

(5) How does it do that? It sends my blood flying round my body.

silent. Worry and hurry are a part of the objective life, that which deals with material things. Tranquility, poise, self-control, spring from the eternal principles of nature. Calmness makes for health and a good old age.

The Farm Treatment for Insanity

The city of Philadelphia is making an interesting experiment. Since Mayor Blankenburg's advent a number of municipal improvements have taken place, but among them none seems more notable than the change in the treatment, of the city's insane patients. Hitkerto these patients have been herded together, and their malady has only been made worse by the conditions of crowding to which they have been forced. Fortunately for them, a large farmknown as the Byberry tract-of nearly nine hundred acres, near Philadelphia, was available for colony treatment, the only rational kind of treatment for the insane, the feeble-minded, or defective and delinquent cases. On the tract were several old and dilapidated farmhouses. These were reconstructed. Each became the home of some twenty-five men suffering from a mild form of mania, and harmless, but willing to make themselves useful. Each colony has been supervised by a man and his wife, the latter acting as matron. Each colony is separate and distinct in every particular, having its own farming imple-

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The Western Home Monthly

ments, horses, cows, pigs, etc. A total of three hundred mild insane men have now been transferred from the main institute in West Philadelphia. Although the insane take kindly to farming work, Dr. Neff, director of the Philadelphia Department of Public Health, informs us that they seem best adapted to the care of animals. He adds: "There seems to be some communion between them that is more marked than in those of sound minds." Another interesting fact noted by Dr. Neff is that concerning Sunday, on which day "there is a distinct restlessness not observed on other days." This is doubtless due to the fact that when working the insane are more quiet and sleep better. In general, however, the feeling of dependence and the chafing at the lack of liberty-the inevitable accompaniment of inmates of an institutionhave given way to an atmosphere of greater self-respect. The patients have become not only contented with new surroundings, but have gradually learned to forget old grievances.

Will Power and Health

A man had been given up to die. His kidneys, liver, heart and dear knows what else, were hopelessly diseased-so This dictum his physicians said. aroused the slumbering sparks of life and individuality in the man. He sat up in bed and declared, "I don't know how I'll get well, but I'll get well." Then he dismissed the physicians, threw all the medicine he had left into the kitchen sink and started in on his own personal account to find a way to health. And glory be to his grit and will he found it. He practiced deep breathing and conservation of his thoughts and emotional power. He studied food values and diet lists. He lived on a few simple, nourishing foods. He learned the use and value of hot water taken internally. He ate, slept, worked (as strength permitted) and played as a normal being should. Steadily, step by step, he climbed back to health. That was over ten years ago. Today that man is well. He is no longer young, but he can do more work today and do it easier and enjoy it far more than at any previous time. He does not become tired. Every organ in his body functions properly and does its work without complaint. He learned to take good care of his machine-his body -not to clog it with waste by over-feeding, to keep it clean and free from toxins by exercise and fresh air. At every step he was inspired by a sustained purpose, an aroused will to be-come well. The first requisite to health is an awakened will. We don't get a thing unless we go after it.

How to Deal with a Corn

First, so live that you won't have a corn. Don't wear tight shoes. If you have already indulged in the

Seven or eight hours is the limit of sleep allowed and nothing must tempt the woman who desires to reduce her weight to take a second nap after once awakening. Eternal vigilance is the price of anti-fat.-Dr. Dudley A. Sargent, Physical Trainer, Harvard University.

Nervous Affections

There is a large class of ailments to which humanity is prone, that may be classed under the above heading.

the great increase in affections of the nerves during the past few years, is the natural outcome of our modern ultracivilization and there is equally little doubt that other "higher" civilizations. long since passed away, have had to pay like penalties in the form of physical distress for undue excitation.

The matter, however, has attained such proportions, as to compel general attention from the medical profession as evidenced by the abnormal increase of nerve specialists. At the best, however, medical science can do little beyond palliating the condition, for the prime cause lies too deep to be reached by medical means. It is to be found in the restless activity that permeates the entire community and this in turn is no doubt largely due to the exhilarating character of the climate.

The dual nervous systems of the human body are so complicated, and withal, so delicately constructed, that it is less a matter for surprise that they should frequently become deranged, than that they should so successfully withstand the rude shocks and the persistent strain to which they are subjected. Among the many disorders of the nerves, the one most frequently in evidence is that form which is glibly described as neurasthenia, which is, after all, a con-dition rather than a malady. As its etymology implies, it means a lack of tone in the nerve structure: but the word has such a full, rolling sound and seems to imply so much, that numbers of people are wont to apply it to any trifling form of nerve derangement.

Dr. Mitchell Clarke has defined it as a nervous disorder without any known in organic structure, alteration characterized by a persistent state of fatigue and hence of weakness of the central nervous system." The absence of the causes which normally induce and the loss of nerve control combine to produce a condition where excessive reaction follows the slightest irritation.

Nervous exhaustion, or nervous weakness and irritable weakness, are terms frequently employed to describe the same conditions, but whatever it may be called, the condition, when present, is one that calls for the deepest sympathy. The causes are many and varied: but

are due to the feverish restlessness of modern life, the unreasonable rapidity of travel and the unhealthy conditions surrounding life in great cities, for it is seldom that neurasthenics are found in the country districts. Other causes are, overstrain, mental worry, the excitement of society life, late hours, over eating, work under unhealthy conditions and the use of narcotics.

Cases of this kind are always largely the result of digestive inefficiency, the nerves being thereby deprived of their proper nutrition, therefore a bland diet There is not the slightest doubt that should be carefully followed and absolute rest imposed upon the patient. In such cases, the special senses are usually hyper-sensitive and it is therefore advisable for the room to be darkened and perfect quiet enjoined. This trouble is not calculated to shorten life, but if not dealt with, may make life a burden.

Nervous insomnia is a most distressing condition and it very often becomes necessary to resort to the use of hypnotics until such time as the general health is so far restored, that sleep comes naturally. The same line of treatment as indicated previously, should be followed: but when hypnotics are employed, they should be used with discretion, during the day, so as to keep the patient's nerves steady, instead of allowing the patient to get wrought up with the fatigue and worry of the day for that will make it more difficult to quiet him down as night approaches.

Low spirits is a form of nervous disorder, although not generally accounted so, and has its origin in digestive troubles. The splanchnic nerves become involved and hypochondria results. The patient is a prey to the most gloomy and depressing thoughts. Any unusual feeling of the slightest kind will excite the gravest apprehensions, with an ob-stinate belief in them. The correction of the digestive trouble is the first requisite toward a cure, with cheerful surroundings and lively companionship.

Shock is another form of nervous trouble, which may result from fright, grief or any strong mental impression, although it may result from injury, but even in those cases, it is the effect produced upon the nervous system that constitutes the danger. It is more common among the young and very old, than among strong adults. In the very young it develops quickly and passes equally quickly, but in the very aged, the reverse is the case.

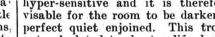
There is a form of neuralgic headache very prevalent among women which most commonly has its origin in a very simple cause, a cause which from its simplicity is frequently overlooked. The pain is generally located in one of the branches of the second cervical nerve, which terminates in the scalp at the occiput, or such as spices, condiments and alcohol, back of the head. The nerves of the while for local application, heat, especialundoubtedly the large majority of cases scalp are kept in a constant state of ly dry heat, is highly beneficial.

irritation by the hair being drawn tightly back, not as a whole, (for in that case the strain would be equally divided), but by small bundles of hair which are pulled back and held in place by hairpins. The removal of the hair-pins usually affords relief, but the injury done is lasting, if not permanent.

Epilepsy is a lasting nervous disease, but not necessarily a fatal one. usually makes its appearance before the tenth year of life and up to the present time has baffled all the efforts of medical skill to discover a cure. Its most distressing feature is the mental decay which so frequently results from its persistence. Nothing can be more painful than to witness one of these convulsive seizures.

Nervous deafness is a term that is often very loosely applied in cases of impaired hearing. There are so many impaired hearing. causes for imperfection in the functions of hearing that it behooves the physician to be very careful in making his diagnosis. Deafness may be caused by catarrh of the middle ear, which causes a thickening of the ear-drum, accumulations of wax in the external ear is often a cause; or there may be some derangement of the ossicles, or chain of bones True nervous deafness, however, is due to a disease of the nervous structure essential to hearing, and can only b recognized by the absence of all symptoms that would indicate a diseased condition of any part or parts of the ear itself. It is frequently a result of inflammation of the brain, also of cerebro-spinal meningitis, and is one of the sequelae of scarlet fever. The hope of recovery in a true case is remote.

Neuritis, or inflammation of the nerves, is one of the most painful and distressing of all nerve affections. It is often spoken of as rheumatic inflammation and manifests itself in various ways. Sometimes it makes its appearance in the region of the chest, where it is known as intercostal neuralgia: sometimes in the facial nerves, when it is designated ticdoloreux; still again in the sciatic nerve, when it is termed sciatica. It may be a primary disorder, or symptomatic of deeper seated trouble. The inflammation is not really in the nerve itself, but in the sheath enclosing it, and the symptoms vary according to the extent of the inflammatory action and the particular function of the nerve affected. There may be impairment of special or common sensibility and, frequently, tenderness along the whole course of the affected nerve, while in the majority of cases there are sharp lancinating pains. The bowels should be persistently and thoroughly cleansed with copious enemas of warm water; the diet free from all irritating substances,



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ing an Mayor \mathbf{er} of taken more treattients. herded y been crowdforced. armnearly elphia, nt, the or the fective t were iouses. h bee men mania, thembeen e, the colony parimplepride that produces corns there is a simple way to rid yourself of them. Keep a lemon in your sleeping room and each night just before retiring cut one or two slices of the fresh lemon and rub the corn thoroughly with them. Do this every night without fail, and the corn will soon disappear. The acid in the lemon drives it away and produces no unpleasant results.

After the corn has disappeared, see that you sin no more against your feet.

----Will it Work

A better way of reducing weight is to keep up diffused mental and physical activity throughout the day by taking on a large number of interests and trying to move along with the procession. If a stout woman has children let her become deeply interested in them and their playmates.

Cut out one meal a day. There is no danger of starvation; most people eat from force of habit, not because they are hungry. Besides giving up favorite food and drink she must sacrifice sleep. It is easy enough to go without break fast or luncheon, if one sleeps until eleven o'clock, but this relief is not for ladies of the anti-fat brigade.

HIGH SPEED CHAMPION

Easiest running and most satisfactory washing machine made in Canada. Can be worked with side crank as well as top lever. Red Cypress Tub and the whole top opens up. Wash day is the easiest day of the week when you wash with the Maxwell "High Speed" Champion.

JEWEL FOOD CUTTER

11.00

is just what you need for your kitchen. So much easier, quicker and more convenient than cutting up meat, etc., with a knife.

"Jewel" is superior in every way to imported food choppers, and being made in Canada, costs less.

Write us for Catalogues, if your dealer does not handle these household necessities. DAVID MAXWELL & SONS, St. Marys, Ont. Western Representative: Jno. A. McEwan, 603 Union Bank Building, Winnipeg

makes the most delicious butter you ever tasted. It's real "quality" butter-that is a pleasure to eat.

Both hand and foot levers and roller bearings, enable a child to churn with the "Favorite." All sizes from 1/2 to 30 gallons.

FAVORITE CHURN



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The Western Home Monthly

up of French serge or some material of the kind without the plaiting, for every day wear. The model is a smart one and, at the same time, as simple as can be. The skirt is all in one piece. The left edge is draped and the right is lapped over it.

For the 16 year size, the dress will require 51/4 yards of material 27, 43/4 yards 36 or 3¼ yards 44 inches wide, with 5% yard 18 inches wide for the collar and cuffs, 11/2 yards 27 or 3/4 yard 44 inches wide for the plaiting to make as shown in large view.

The pattern of the dress 7933 is cut in sizes for girls of 16 and 18 years. It will be mailed to any address by the Fashion Department of this paper, on receipt of ten cents.

No costume ever devised is more satisfactory than the semi-princesse gown closed at the front. It is simple and easy to adjust, it is smart in effect and this one means no difficulty whatsoever for the making. The blouse and skirt are joined by means of a belt and the skirt, while it is an extremely graceful and attractive one, means only two seams to be sewed up, the front edges being arranged over a panel. The blouse is just the fashionable plain one with prettily shaped collar and novel and attractive sleeves that can be made longer or shorter as liked.

For the medium size, the gown will require 6 yards of material 27, 5 yards 36 or 41/2 yards 44 inches wide, with 1 yard 27 inches wide for the trimming. The width of the skirt at the lower edge is one yard and 16 inches.

Here is a frock that includes all the newest features. The blouse is closed on a diagonal line and is cut with the elongated shoulders. The skirt is slightly draped and there is a peplum that can be made plain or finished with planting. Such a dress is designed for many needs and for many occasions. If something new is wanted with which to finish out the summer season, it would be pretty made up in foulard with the plaiting of chiffon, or voile with the same material. If the girl is looking ahead to

the autumn outfit, she will like it made up of charmeuse satin or messaline for dressy occasions, or she will like it made

7940 Plain Blouse, 34 to 42 bust.

With three-quarter sleeves and rolled-over cuffs or long sleeves with rolled-over or plain cuffs, with or without yoke in back.







Cured Diseases of the Kidneys

56

And is Depended On to Right Stomach and Liver Disorders.

Once Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are introduced into the family and their efficiency becomes known they are usually found too valuable to do without. For everyday ills arising from liver and bowel disorders they bring relief promptly, and when com-plicated diseases of the kidneys and liver develop they often prove a successful cure after doctors have failed. As an illustration, you may read the following, which was received a few days ago:

Mrs. John Wright, 53 McGee street, Toronto, Ont., states: "We have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for ten years, and would not be without them. My husband suffered from kidney trouble, and after taking treatment from several doctors without receiving any benefit, tried Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which worked a complete cure. Since that time we have used them for all stomach and liver "isorders."

The pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all meaters, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., imited, Toronto.

Designs for Embroidered Pillows

The Western Home Monthly

Readers will Please Note that the Prices Quoted are for the Stamped or Tinted Pillows Only, We do not Quote on Embroidered or Made Up Designs.

There are so many uses to which embroidered pillow tops may be placed and many of our readers are sometimes at a loss to obtain suitable additions for living rooms or those especially sacred to the men of the household, that the designs pictured here may fill a long felt need. Patriotic, Society and Smok-ers always appeal to the masculine fancy and the designs illustrated are effectively tinted on neutral materials and may be embroidered either simply or elaborately as one prefers. Simple outline stitch using the shades of silk suggested by the tinting will effectively bring out the designs or certain portions may be embroidered solidly and the remainder outlined, for instance on the Union Jack the red flag only requires outlining, but the bars and the small crest should be brought out solidly unless one prefers to carry out the whole design in outline stitch.



No. 5255, Tinted top with back ...\$.60 Ribbon Frill 1.10

September and October so that our readers may have an opportunity of preparing in advance a remembrance for their Autumn friends and in our next issue we will show November and December. For the information of those who wish to remember other friends we would say that January shows the Forget-me-Nots, February the gorgeous Tulip. March the Violet, April the Pansy, May Daisies, June, American Beauty Rose, July, Carnation, August the Poppy, September, Autumn Leaves, October, Acorn, November, Chrysanthemum, December Holly. These embroidered cushions show



Winnipeg, September, 1913.

Design 206 TINTED IN SHADES OF BLUE, BROWN AND GREEN

GIVEN **Pillow Top and Back**

This handsome conventional design pillow given away absolutely free in order to introduce Belding's Pure Silk Royal Floss into every home. Pillow Top is made of **Pure Linen** Russian Crash; stamped and hand tinted ready to be embroidered. Outfit sent free and prepaid if you send us 35 cents to cover the regular retail price of 6 skeins of **Eelding's Pure Silk Royal Floss** to commence the work with and 5 cents for postage. Outfit includes: with and 5 cents for postage. Outfit includes:

One Pillow Top, size 17 x 22 inches, stamped and hand tinted on pure linen Russian crash.

One Pillow Back.

- One Easy Diagram Lesson, showing you ust exactly how to take every stitch.
- Six Skeins Belding's Royal Silk Floss. ALL SENT FOR ONLY 35C. AND YOUR DEALER'S NAME.

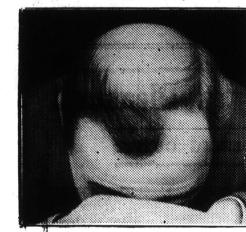
HOW TO GET THE COMPLETE OUTFIT.

Just enclose 35 cents in stamps or silver and the name of your dealer. This exceptionally attractive offer is made to introduce BELD ING'S PURE SILK ROYAL FLOSS into every home in Canada, and may be withdrawn any

SEND TO-DAY. Do not delay. Just send 35 cents in stamps or silver and the name of your dealer and we will send you the entire outfit, Write TO-DAY.

Belding Paul Corticelli Limited, Dept. 306, Montreal







No. 5231, Tinted top with back\$.60 Ribbon Frill 1.00 Silk to embroider (part solid)75

The design No. 5231 shows Flag and sprays of Maple Leaves finished with a patriotic frill of red, white and blue ribbon, these frills are already made up and are easily sewn on the edges of the cushion. On this cushion as well as on No. 5230 the name of any town could be



No. 6409, Birthday top and back60 Lace to edge75 Silk to embroider .75



Handsomely Illustrated **Catalogue Free**

Our New Fur Catalogue is now ready and a copy will be mailed free on receipt of Postal Card o letter giving your address.

This Man is Growing Bald—"Crystolis" Is Just the Thing for such Cases.

In Europe "Crystolis," the new English Hair Grower, has been called the most wonder-ful discovery of the century. The judges of the Brussels and Paris Ex-positions enthusiastically

The judges of the century. The judges of the Brussels and Paris Ex-positions enthusiastically awarded Gold Medals to this marvelous hair grower. Already since we secured the American rights hundreds of men and women have written telling of the phenomenal results ob-tained by its use. People who have been-bald for years tell how they now glory in beautiful hair. Others who have had dandruff all their lives say they have got a clean, healthy scalp after a few applications of this wonderful treatment. We don't care whether you are bothered with falling hair, prematurely gray hair, matted hair, brittle hair or stringy hair; dandruff, itching scalp or any or all forms of hair trouble, we want you to try "CRYSTOLLS" at our risk. We give you a binding guarantee, without any "strings" or red tape, that it won't cost you a cent if we do not prove to you that "Crystolis" will do all we claim for it—and what's important, we have plenty of money

to back our guarantee. \$1,000 has been de-posited in our local bank as a Special Fund to be forfeited if we fail to comply with this contract. Cut out the coupon below and mail it today to Creslo Laboratories, 5X St., Bing-hamton, N Y hamton, N.Y.

FREE COUPON The Cresto Laboratories, SX St., Binghamton, N.Y. I am a reader of The Western Home Monthly. Prove to me without cost how Crystolis stops falling hair, grows new hair, banishes dandruff and itching scalps and restores prematurely gray and faded hair to natural color. Write your name and address plainly and PIN THIS COUPON TO YOUR LETTER. FREE COUPON



No. 5230. See 5231.

inserted thus making these "Souvenir Pillows" and suitable to send to friends at a distance. The combined British and American Flags will appeal to those of our readers whose interests associate the two and this cushion is also finished with the red, white and blue frill.

No. 5255 shows an effective Smoker's Pillow tinted in browns on a tan back ground, this design could be effectively brought out with outline stitch excepting the letters, which are handsomely brought out by working in solid over and over stitch, a shaded brown ribbon 😪 ruffle finishes this attractive pillow.

Souvenir Birthday Pillows are an other popular idea and each month shows its suitable flower together with

an appropriate motto. We show both No. 6410.

Fringe for ends (if preferred)60

trimming of lace, but if preferred ribbon frills could be used or the ends of the cushion may be finished with fringe.

Readers entrusting their orders to us will please mention the article as well as the design number thus avoiding any possibility of mistake. Articles will be sent postpaid on receipt of the prices quoted, and silk to embroider the designs at 55 cents per dozen skeins, allow at least three days from the time the order is received, and for further information send a stamped addressed envelope to the Needlecraft Department, Belding Paul Corticelli Limited, Montreal, and such queries will be cheerfully and promptly answered.



See 6409.

This Catalogue is beautifully illustrated and gives a correct idea of the

New Fur Styles For 1913-14

Fairweather's Furs are recognized throughout Canada as the best in quality and workmanship and always correct in style.

Everyone who has worn our Furs knows that "it pays to pay for our quality."

Write for Catalogue today.

Fairweather & Co. Limited 297-299 Portage Avenue, Toronto WINNIPEG Montreal

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Young People

Loyal

58

Sister Kittie's home from college with a host of modern kinks In the way of hygienics, sanitation, food

and drinks. Proteids nad carb hydrates she combines

exactly right For the strictly balanced ration she identifies at sight.

She knows all about digestion, what is best for us to eat,

What we need for body-building, growth and force, repair and heat;

And the dinner-table's lovely when my sister has it set;

But we haven't lost our confidence in Mother's cooking yet!

Kitty's Lesson

What Grandma Told

By Laura Rosamond White

"When your mamma was a babe," said grandma to her three young grandchildren, who were clustered about her knees asking for the frequent twilight treat of a story, "she was fascinated by every bit of fire she saw. From the time she began to "take notice" she would stretch forth her dimpled, chubby hands, trying to touch the blaze of a lamp or the bright wick of a tallow candle (for we did not have so many lamps as we have now, and we often used candles for every day, especially in the kitchen)."

"I used to do my own housework. Women were strong and well in those early days, and your grandpa was paying for his farm, little by little, and we could not afford to keep a housemaid. Your mamma was a wideawake baby, and though generally good-natured, she would not always lie in her wooden cradle contentedly, and I often carried her snuggled closely to my side, holding her with one arm while I set the winter

tea-table with my free right hand. always had to watch your mamma then, for whenever we can e near the lamp or candle, she would suddenly spring and try to reach the flame. I was very much afraid the would sometime be harmed by her clothing catching fire when she might be out of my sight, or not carefully guarding her. I used or not carefully guarding her. to lightly tap her little fingers, hoping to teach her to keep away from a blaze; but she was too young to understand the meaning of the attempted rebuke, and I gave up trying to teach her for the time, and tried only to protect her from danger. As she grew older and could creep, she needed more watching, and as we had a fireplace in our sitting-room, it was a great care to look after the baby, and prevent her crawling straight to the blazing sticks. I used to take wooden chairs, lay them down with strong cord, and put them on the hearth as a barricade; but the mischievous, innocent baby finally found out she could move them, and my care increased.

"One evening little Kitty sat in my lap by the table. We had a whale-oil lamp on the table; you never saw one like it. It had no chimney, and the blaze was right out in the air, without any glass or globe around it. I was talking with your grandpa and Kitty was watching the light. It was at a safe distance-too far for her to touch the burning wick-but she stretched out her pretty hands and tried to reach it as usual.

"David," said I, for that was your grandpa's name, "what shall I do to cure Kitty of this bad habit?" He watched his daughter, for he loved her dearly; she smiled at him and he smiled at her, and then his face grew gr...ve.

"It is becoming a serious question," he answered, "and she makes you a great deal of trouble."

"Come here, Kitty," said he, as he walked around the table and took her into

his strong arms. She was delighted to go to him, and while he held her slipped 1 to another room to get Kitty's nightdress, so that I could soon put her to sleep. When I came back, what do you think your grandpa had doneyour kind, loving, wise grandpa? Why, he had held Kitty's soft, small hand in his own big hand, and protected it, all but the tiny foreinger, and had let her touch the lamp-blaze with that one With tender kisses and comfinger. forting caresses he quieted her quick, sharp cry of pain and fright. There was a red spot, but not quite a blister on the cushiony end of your mamma's finger. I covered it with cold cream, undressed the dear little one, sang a lullaby; the transient pain was soon forgotten, and Kitt, was in the land of dreams. She was cured of wanting to touch fire, and maybe, grandpa saved her life by the way he taught her that fire hurts.

"I'm glad he did," said the children, and eight-year-old Georgie added, "for she couldn't have been our sweet mamma if she had died.'

And just then mamma came, rosy and smiling, and the three children ran to her and hugged and kissed her, and told her what grandma had been telling them.

Enough Said

As an architect met a lady of his acquaintance on the street he remarked that he had just been to see the nave of the new church of which they were both members. "You needn't mention names," said the lady with an apprehensive glance; "I know the man to whom you refer.'

The Woman of it

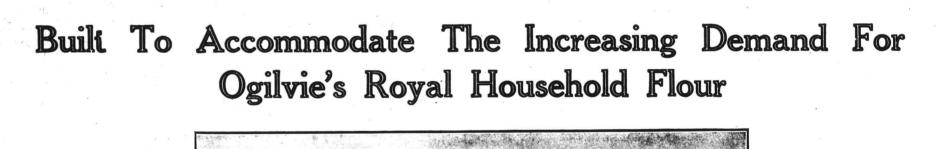
A charming young woman went into the office of one of the best-known publishing houses in New York to explain with enthusiasm her plan for a book of travel. The idea was approved and the lady was told that if the book was equal to the conception it would be accepted. She went abroad for a summer to live the travel experiences of

which she was to write, and in due time the manuscript was submitted. It was rather crude, yet there was a note of freshness about it-evidence of an original point of view-which made the publisher hesitate to "turn it down." So they wrote the author an encouraging letter, criticising her lack of style, suggesting lines of revision, and offered

to reconsider it in its revised form. The author was optimistic and found it easy to believe what she wanted to believe. She told her friends that her book was practically accepted. Then came word that the revised manuscript fell far short of expectations, and it was politely declined.

Two weeks later the author appeared at the publishers' office and tearfully explained that she had told her friends that her story was to be issued, and that she never could bear the humiliation of confessing that it had, after all, been rejected. Her tale of woe was listened to sympathetically by the young man whose business it is to stand between the head of the firm and the host of people who wish to see him personally. He explained gently that they could not re-consider their decision. Upon this the lady burst into silent but visible weeping and the young man fled. Ten minutes passed and the disappointed author continued to sit disconsolately in a corner of the reception-room, still dissolved in tears. The young man was perplexed. He sought the head of the firm and laid the case before him; that gentleman went to the unhappy lady and endeavored to show her that she had been treated fairly in the matter. There talking, but the writer was not to be consoled.

Suddenly she stopped crying. "At last she sees my point of view," thought the publisher with a sigh of relief, and as he waited for her next words she turned her charming, tear-stained face once again upon the august head of this great company. "Excuse me, sir," she said, with a fresh sob, "but will you loan me your handkerchief; mine's all damp!" The house brought out the book.



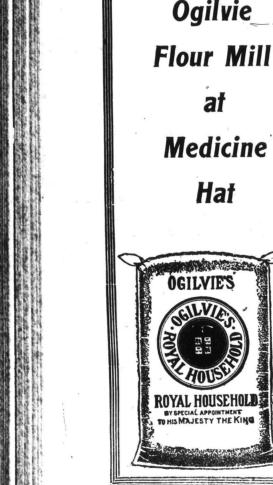
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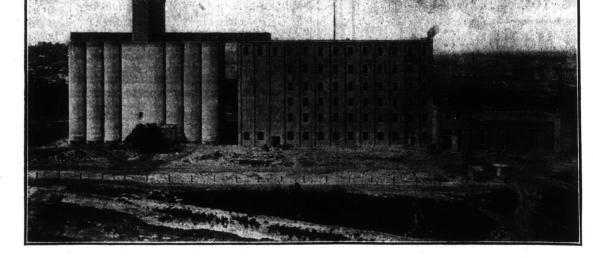
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Hat

A Mill

Winnipeg, September, 1913.





Every modern device that can in any way improve the quality of Royal Household Flour has been incorporated in this new plant. Royal Household Flour is the best flour made for bread and pastry. It is always uniform in quality and yields more baked product than any other flour.

Ask your grocer for Royal Household Flour.

| Ogilvie Flour | Mills Compa | ny, Limited |
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| FORT WILLIAM | WINNIPEG | MONTREAL |



ROYAL HOUSEHOLI

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The Western Home Monthly

Have You Seen C Reproduction of a Sanilas design

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Sanitas exactly reproduces the finishes, designs WIPE OFF and effects of the finest THE DIRT wall papers and fabrics, but in a far mole serviceable material of moderate cost.

Sanitas is fade-proof, stain-proof, dust - and - dirt - proof, never cracks, never tears, is instantly cleaned with damp cloth.

All the handsomest glazed tile effects are also made in Sanitas, for bathrooms, kitchens and pantries.

Sanitas is sold by all reliable dry goods and wall paper jobbers in Canada.

Write us your needs fully, and we will send you samples and sketches and tell you how to be quickly, satisfactorily supplied.

STANDARD OIL CLOTH CO. 320 Broadway, New York City



THE WASHABLE WALL COVERING

In Lighter Vein

Under Her Bed

Mrs. Hicks was telling some ladies about the burglar scare in her house the night before.

"Yes," she said, "I heard a noise and got up, and there from under the bed I saw a man's legs sticking out."

"Mercy," exclaimed a woman-"the burglar's legs?" "No, my dear, my husband's legs. He

had heard the noise, too."

Frivolity of Outward Show

Dear old Aunt Jane was making a visit in the early spring at the home of her newly-married niece, and spring clothes was the all-absorbing topic of conversation in the family.

"I feel sure this hat's not broad enough in the brim, Aunt Jane," said a worldly niece, who wanted to appear just as bewitching to her young husband as she did in her going-away costume.

"What does it matter, child! Look at me!" replied Aunt Jane, in a comforting tone. "I put on anything! Don't I look all right?"

Sixty Girls Not One too Many

A New York firm recently hung the following sign at the entrance of a large building: "Wanted: Sixty girls to sew buttons on the sixth floor."

The Training of Charlie Little Charlie, who had been taught to

be very polite on all occasions, and that he must never keep a seat when there were ladies standing, was one day riding in a crowded car perched on his father's knee.

When a young lady stepped in the little fellow jumped down at once, and, with a polite bow, said: "Please, Miss, will you take my place?"

Her Literary Loves

They had just met: conversation was somewhat fitful. Finally he decided to guide it into literary channels, where he was more at home, and turning to his companion asked:

"Are you fond of literature?" "Passionately," she replied. "I love books dearly."

"Then you must admire Sir Walter Scott," he exclaimed with sudden animation. "Is not his 'Lady of the Lake' exquisite in its flowing grace and poetic imagery? Is it not-

"It is perfectly lovely," she assented, clasping her hands in ecstasy."I suppose I have read it a dozen times."

"And Scott's 'Marmion,' " he continued, "with its rugged simplicity and marvelous description-one can almost smell the heather on the heath while perusing its splendid pages."

WAS TROUBLED WITH INDIGESTION FOR TEN YEARS.

59

Almost Despaired of Ever Getting Weil.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

CURED HER.

MRS. MARY MACKAY, Hunter's Moun-tain, N.S., writes:-"I was troubled with Indigestion for more than ten years. I tried several doctors' medicine, claiming the power to cure, but all without success. Having heard of the many cures effected by Burdock Blood Bitters, I decided to give it a trial. After taking two bottles, I was completely cured. My appetite which was very poor, is now good, and I can eat most everything without any disagreeable feelings. I can strongly recommend B.B.B. to anyone suffering from Indigestion."

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS is the best known remedy for all Stomach Troubles. It has been on the market for thirtynine years, and is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

BUST AND HIPS

Every woman who attempts to make a dress or shirt waist im-mediately discovers how difficult it is to obtain a good fit by the usual "trying-on" method, with herself for the model and a looking-glass with which to see how it fits at the head

HALL-BORCHERT PERFECTION ADJUSTABLE DRESS FORMS

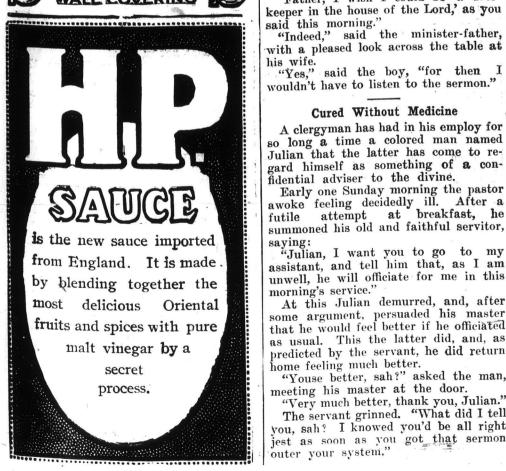
do away with all discomforts and disappointments in fitting, and render the work of dress-making at once easy and satis-factory. This form can be adjusted to 50 different shapes and sizes; bust raised or low-ered, also made longer, and shorter at the waist line and form raised or lowered to suit any desired skirt length. Very easily adjusted, cannot get out of order, and will last a lifetime. Write for illustrated Booklet containing complete line of Dress Forms with prices.

HALL-BORCHERT DRESS FORM CO.

of Canada, Limited Dept. S. 72-74 Pearl St., Toronto, Canada



Established 8 years.



anything more heroic than his grand auld Scottish characters and his graphic, said this morning "Indeed," said the minister-father, with a pleased look across the table at his wife. "Yes," said the boy, "for then wouldn't have to listen to the sermon."

Why He Would Like It

The little son of the minister, at

"Father, I wish I could be 'a door-

Sunday dinner, said at the family table:

A Festive Day at Tete Jaune Cache, B.C.

Cured Without Medicine

A clergyman has had in his employ for so long a time a colored man named Julian that the latter has come to regard himself as something of a confidential adviser to the divine.

Early one Sunday morning the pastor awoke feeling decidedly ill. After a futile attempt at breakfast, he summoned his old and faithful servitor, saying: "Julian, I want you to go to my

assistant, and tell him that, as I am unwell, he will officiate for me in this morning's service."

At this Julian demurred, and, after some argument, persuaded his master that he would feel better if he officiated as usual. This the latter did, and, as predicted by the servant, he did return home feeling much better.

"Youse better, sah?" asked the man, meeting his master at the door.

"Very much better, thank you, Julian." The servant grinned. "What did I tell you, sah? I knowed you'd be all right jest as soon as you got that sermon outer your system."

forceful pictures of feudal times and customs? You like them, I am sure." "I just dote upon them," she replied. "And Scott's Emulsion," he continued hastily, for a faint suspicion was beginning to dawn upon him. "I think," she interrupted rashly, "that

"It is perfectly grand," she murmured.

"And Scott's 'Peveril of the Peak' and

his noble 'Bride of Lammermoor'-where

in the English language will you find

it's the best thing he ever wrote."

Nothing New About This, is There?

"My dear, listen to this," said an economical little housewife to her husband. "This evening's paper advertises a man who makes a business of taking new tables and chairs and treating them in some way so they look as if they were a hundred years old. And he makes a great deal of money by it," she added, reading on.

"Does he, indeed?" replied her husband doubtfully. "Well, I'd trust our Tommy to make a new table look as if it were a good deal more than a hundred years old, but I handn't thought of it as a paying business."

Strangled with Asthma is the only expres-sion that seems to convey what is endured from an attack of this trouble. The relief from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is beyond measure. Where all was suffering there comes comfort and rest. Breathing be-comes normal and the bronchial tubes com-pletely cleared. This unequalled remedy is worth many times its price to all who use it.

LADIES! Buy your Hair Goods from a well established firm. Remember we are the actual manufac-turers of all hair goods and can supply you with anything and everything necessary to beautify the appearance. COMBINGS_ made up with any design you wish. Toupees a Specialty Prop. Dr. H. E. HILLINGS Films Developed **10 CENTS PER ROLL** All Sizes of 6 exposure, 10 or 12 exposure, 20d VELOX PRINTS, BROWNIES, 30; 3½ x3½, 3½ x4½, 4c.; 4x5, 3a, 5c. Cash with order, including postage. All work finished the day it is received. We are film specialists and give you better results than you ever had. GIBSON PHOTO SUPPLY WINNIPEG VOR head, or no fee. No fasting. 68 page Book for 2c stamp. DR M. NEYSMITH, Specialist, 484 N.12th St., St. Louis, Mo.

When writing advertisers please mention The Western Home Monthly.



Immigrants. The rush of immigrants

that depth, it will yield 12,000 tons to the acre. For some reason, peat-cast-ing-mainly for next winter-has begun very early this year.

In the garb of Gaul, with the fire of old Rome, From the heath-covered mountains of Scotia we come; Where the Romans tried vainly our country to gain, But our forefathers fought, and they fought not in vain!



ing Ahead. 150 new houses are to be built at once in Auchinleck, Ayrshire, for the employees of Baird & Co., Iron and Coal masters. Auld "Affleck" is going ahead!

Out of Work. What between a strike and a lock-out, some 5,000 moulders lie

idle in Falkirk.

For Sale. An estate in Dumfriesshire, at an upset price of £30,000, is advertised for sale in Edinburgh by auction. How much better for the country, if it had first been divided into 20, 40 and 80 acre "farms."

Lang Nebbit Words. Rev. Dr. Thomas Guthrie, of Edinburgh, (whom I heard two or three times, 50 years ago,) loaned auld Davie Gibson the weaver, a volume of Dr. Chalmers' Sermons. When he returned it, he declined to take another volume. "Minister, I have not time for him!" he said.

"Time!" Dr. Guthrie replied, "David, what do you mean?"

"You see, Sir, I got on so slowly. I had to sit, wi' the book i' the tae hand, and the dictionar' i' the tither, and the warst o' it was, that I couldna find his lang-nebbit words in the dictionar'!

For the Schools. The London School officials have placed "Livingstone the Pathfinder" on the Requisition List of Books for School Lending Libraries,

The Centenary of Livingstone's birthhe having been born in 1813, was duly observed in Great Britain. One great meeting in Westminster Abbey, and one in Blantyre. A daughter, Mrs. Livingstone-Wilson, was at Blantyre.

Sir Harry Erskine, 1765.

The Common Riging. The old towns of Selkirk and Hawick both held their annual "Common Riding" in June. At Selkirk, Lord Rosebery was made a "Souter," and had to "lick the birse"; and at Hawick the "Teries" had a great time. Sports of various kinds terminated the proceedings. Of course "Teribus" was sung:-

Teri bus e teri Odin! Sons of sires who fell at Flodden!

In January, 1912, Dr. Hodgkin, from an Edinburgh Missionary body, went to India, to see what could be done to establish a School for Missionaries to learn the various dialects. Such a school has been in operation all last winter. Before spring the pupils increased to over 40. It is at Lucknow, under Messrs, Greaves and Johnston; and patronized by nine different "Societies"; among others, the Canadian Church and Presbyterian Missions.

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

The Western Home Monthly.

Temperance Talk

Players Need to be Abstainers

The danger of drink to anyone who wishes to excel is illustrated by the advice given to baseball players by Connie Mack in the "Saturday Evening Post." He writes an article entitled "How to Make a Winning Ball-Team," and among the records of his experience are the following items:

Before we played the Cubs for the world's championship in 1910 I had one talk in particular with my men about the series. I to I them that we had something "on" Chicago, and ought to win; but, win or lose, we wanted to come out of the series without any regrets. I reminded the boys how, after some world's series, there were stories about-I don't know how true they were—that the losing club had dissi-pated, and so hadn't shown its best baseball. Nothing like that must be said of the Athletics, I insisted; and my players agreed with me. Then I told them that I wanted each man who could do so to say that he wouldn't take a drink for the two weeks covered by the series and the preliminary practice; but I made the point that any player who couldn't go without his drink was to say so. I wanted him to speak right out. We called the names, and every man promised.

One of my old players, who did not handle a ball until the deciding game,

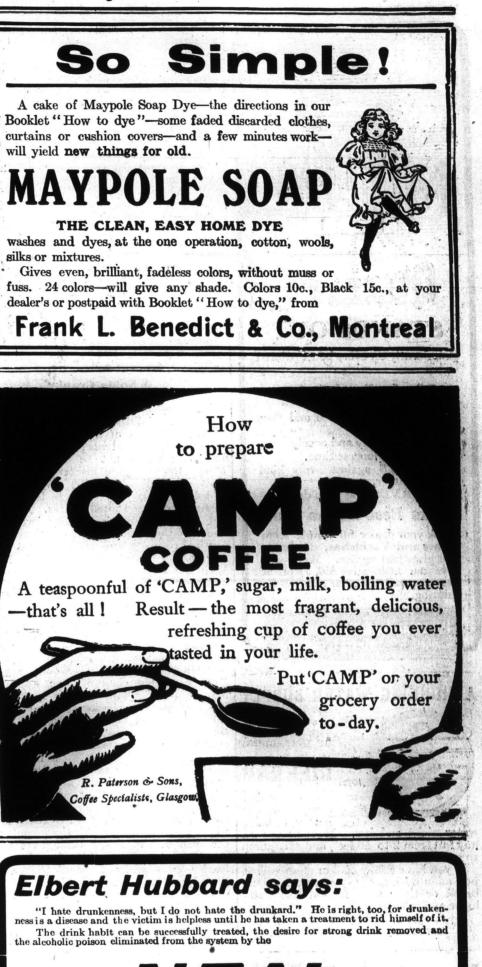
want you to have one with him; but if you are not taking it you can say to your friend, "I'm not drinking," and that makes it easy to refuse. I think you will agree with me-because you know it's good business.

The players agreed. Every man promised, and they all kept their word. And we beat the Giants!

The Prohibition Movement

The abolition of the brewery and the distillery means a freedom from a tyranny and bondage, for which the world's history can not furnish a parallel. The corruption, criminality, degeneracy, and race destruction, that is carried forward by the legalized liquor traffic stands alone in the annals of man's deeds. The union of forces to terminate the life or such an agency is a call to action to the highest Christianity and to the noblest patriotism. The motive that brings these men together is one that will be recorded by the tuture historian as the highest and holiest that ever brought men together in the interest of this old world. Whatever the outcome through the strength or frailty of human flesh, the meeting will go down in history as an endeavor worthy of a Christian civilization by the men appointed as watchmen.

Our faith in the character of the men who meet in this assembly rises to a did some great work in the coaching | vision of united wisdom and action. The





a bad cold and seemed in for a case of | in the past will sink out of sight and He came to me that evening grippe. and said:

thing to brace ne up, or I may be in bed to-morrow. If you don't mind I more than he would dare to talk of want to take a drink." "All right," I told him. "Do as you like, but I'd rather die than take a drink !' "That settles it," he said, "no drink for me." Next day I put him in the game. He got on first, stole second at a critical moment, and helped turn the tide of victory in our favor. And he did it without his drink! Not one of the regulars or the substitutes took so much as a glass of beer during those two weeks-I am morally certain of that. We came out champions, but had we lost there would have been no regrets that could have been helped. It was easier for me when we played the Giants last fall. I had something to work on, and all there was to do was to draw conclusions from the preceding world's series and let the players see for themselves that our best chance was to follow the same rules. So I gave them this talk: "Boys, you were mighty successful against the Cubs. Now I feel that that success was due, to a certain extent, to your not taking a drink-any of you. I am going to ask you to do the same thing in this series. I know there will be times when the temptation house, and one of the advertising clerks may he great. If one of your friends is quarantined in. Medicine men even

lines. After the fourth game he was differences that may have dissipated so hoarse he could hardly speak—had their energies in different lines of action their united energy be put to work along lines that will mean the abolition "Connie, I'm half sick. I need some- of the liquor traffic, so that no man will

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buying and selling slaves .-- Iowa Prohibitionist.

Substitute for the Saloon

The "substitute man is again abroad in the land. Rev. James J. Burd, rector of the Holy Cross, of New York, comes out in a paper urging "substitutes for the saloon." Several movements of this sort have been made in the past two decades, but they all ended in a joke. The non-drinker had no business there. the drinker always went where the drink was, and the "substitute" went broke.

The social settlements of the big cities, which have been developing rapidly of late years, have done and are doing a mighty work in social betterment of the slums, and, in a way, are undermining the adverse work of the saloon. But these people propose no 'substitute" for the saloon.

The saloon is wholly an evil; and as such should be rooted out.

Westerville, the publishing home of the American Issue, is just now wrest-ling with diphtheria. The assistant editor is quarantined out of his own sees you taking a drink he will naturally stalked into the Americ: Issue office Three-Day Treatment

The Neal Treatment is purely medicinal, no hypodermic injections being employed, and leaves no bad after effects. After the Neal Treatment the patient experiences the joy of steady nerves, clear brain and renewed v tality.

The short time required by the Neal Treatment is another point in its favor, as the absence of the patients for a few days only from their regular vocations will not cause comment or attract attention among their acquaintances.

The Neal Treatment for the Drug Habit is as effective as the Neal Treatment for the Liquor Habit, but takes longer.

Write for "A Little Journey to the Neal Institutes," by Elbert Hubbard.



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Winnipeg, September 1913.



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If you have a flow of 3 or more gallons per minute from a spring, artesian well, brook or river write for our free Catalogue and information.

at night and burned sulphur till the neighbors said some one had tapped the infernal regions. Is Health Omcer Dusenbury hunting

around after some "substitute" diphtheria?

Not on your life; he is going about stamping it out, quarantining, fumiga

ting, and has about succeeded. Nobody is yelping about being de-prived of their "personal liberty" by being quarantined in or out of their own home.

In the days of the tallow candle the tavern did supply something in the nature of club life for the community. But practically all this has been legislated out of existence chiefly by the saloon men themselves as a matter of self-preservation. The chairs, tables, lunches, music and those things are largely under the ban of the law.

There is nothing left but the saloon. It is all very well to substitute good for evil, but when the evil has been eliminated there is nothing left but the good.

A Noble Crank

The London "Standard" takes occasion to warn Mr. Wilson against gaining the fatal reputation of a "crank," because he announced yesterday that alcoholic beverages would not be served in the White House during his term of office. This splendid act of Mr. Wilson has added one more "dry" spot to the "dry" territory of the United States. It has put the representative family dwellinghouse of the nation and the national reception rooms where the president cntertains on behalf of the nation in line with the better thought of the people, and under the same prohibition restriction as is most of the territory of the country. The "Standard's" impudent warning will be understood by Mr. Wilson, if not by the United States. The "Standard" is the organ of beerocracy and of snobdom. Its comment is just such an expression as one would expect from a certain class of club Englishman, who is certain that his manners and customs are superior to those of all others. It used to be common on this side of the water to call prohibitionists cranks. The expression has become almost outworn, even among the members of the trade, as the prohibitionists have become so numerous and are so generally of the better class of the community as to make it obviously ridiculous. Mr. Wilson has given to the trade which makes its money by the manufacture and sale of liquor throughout the world a heavy blow. He is going to teach society ,and even the foreign am-

been inside of his saloon before were the first to rush to the rescue, and to offer sympathy to the bereaved family. As he was being dragged from the well and stretched out dead upon the saloon floor, a wholesale liquor dealer from Philadelphia stepped in. After the first shock at thus finding one of his good customers dead, he turned to a prominent lady, a Crusader, and said, pointing to the wrecked victim, "I made that man what he was. I lent him his first dollar and set him up with his first stock of liquors, and he's now worth ten or fifteen thousand dollars."

Looking him full in the face, she responded:

'You made that man what he wasa drunkard, a bloat, a stench in the nostrils of society, and sent him headlong into eternity. What is \$15,000 weighed against a lost soul, a wasted life, a wife a widow, and children orphans?"

He turned deadly pale, and without a word left the house.

And so we ask, What is all the business and all the revenue, to the millions whose homes are despoiled, whose children are beggared, and whose loved ones are sent headlong to a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's doom. Put yourself in the place of that mother whose son is pursued day and night by this demon till the hairs of his head become serpents, and live coals burn into his flesh, to the very bone, and, fighting devils, he leaps into his grave, and then ask: Are my hands clean? Do I love my neighbor as myself? .Am I doing all I can to stay the tide that is bearing so many down, and may yet bear me down ?- Christian Woman.

The Corn Question

One of the most effective arguments in favor of liquor manufacture has been the downright falsehood that the farmers of the country would be heavy losers if their corn and rye could not be sold to distillers.

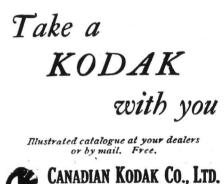
The impression has been created that the bulk of these grains has gone into distilled liquor, and that if distilling should cease the market for these farm products would be overthrown.

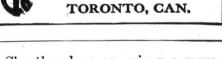
A more glaring falsehood has never been used to prop up a wretched cause, and it is a matter of satisfaction that this falsehood has recently been exploded anew.

The confession has now just been made by Mr. T. Gilmore, president of the Model License League, that the distillers and liquor leagues have long been at tempting to deceive the people, and especially the corn and rye producers as to the consumption of grain required for distilled spirits. Some recent criticism expressed on the New York produce exto the consumption nang by the distillers brought from Gilmore the very prompt declaration that the liquor business required comparatively little corn. The president of the distillers' league has also made this effective statement: "The production of distilled spirits in the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, was 172,221,-129 gallons, which required only 30,000,coo bushels of corn and 8,000,000 bushels of rye and barley malt. One per cent, of 3,700,000,000 bushels, the corn crop for the year, would be 37,000,000 bushels so the distillers used 7,000,000 bushels-less than one per cent. of the crop." There you have it straight. Less than one per cent. of the corn crop of this country was required for the largest output of distilled spirits ever produced. And yet the distillers have sought to have it believed that something awful would happen to the corn 1 oducers of this country if the whisky distilling business should be further disturbed and limited. Let farmers take good notice. Michigan Christian Advocate.



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A Good Answer

bassadors, that toasts may be drunk in

water or Apollinaris, and that there is

no social need to offer wines in any so-

A liquor dealer, in the town of Ayr, in Scotland, had a particular brand of whisky, which he wished to advertise. One day the circus was coming to town, and to add interest to its performances, and to advertise his whisky, he offered a prize for the best answer to the question, Why his particular brand of whisky resembled a certain bridge across the water of Avr? Just over the bridge were some public institutions.

The successful competitor proved to be poor boy, who, rerhaps, knew from experience what he was speaking of, and his answer to the question, Why the publican's whisky was like the bridge was, "Because it leads to the poor house, the lunatic asylum, and the cemetery."

I Made Him What He Was

A while ago a saloon-keeper in Delaware, who patronized his own bar very liberally, stepped into a back room where some men were at work about a pump in a well. The covering had been removed, and he approached to look

The indications of worms are restlessness. removed, and he approached to look down, but being very drunk he pitched in head foremost. He had become so much of a bloat by the use of strong drink that it was impossible to extri-cate him in time to save his life. There was great excitement in the town. Men and women who had never



The Western Home Monthly

About the Farm

New Potatoes by Supertuberation

Written for The Western Home Monthly by W. R. Gilbert

In calling attention to this singular method of obtaining a crop of new potatoes, I am indebted to a friend in England for the two illustrations showing the cave in which the tubers are grown by Mr. J. T. Powell, gardener at Park Place, Henley, England, particulars of which are here given:

Some of the largest and best matured tubers of last year's growth are selected and placed in single layers in a cool place, such as a loft or cellar, where a temperature of 45 degrees or thereabout can be maintained. The tubers are can be maintained. looked over occasionally and as the prevents the exhaustion of the potato in the production of haulm. The effort to develop leaf stems will have exproduction of young potatoes direct are also good, providing they do not con-from the eyes. To make the most of tain too many weed seeds of a stimulat-

Feeding the Brood Sow

The brood sow not nursing a litter must be kept in a thriving condition, and this must be done economically. Some of the cheaper foods must be used, and they, if judiciously fed, tend to keep the sow in a very suitable condition as a breeder. Prof. Thomas Shaw, discussing this matter in "The Farmer's Advocate and Home Journal," of Winnipeg, says:

"Brood sows should be fed a nitrogenous diet when pregnant. This is greatly important; while ground rye may furnish a part of the meal fed to them in winter it is too carbonaceous a food to feed them alone, but may form a part of a ration; nearly the same leafy shoots appear they must be er- things may be said about ground barley moved. This is most important, as it and ground speltz. Ground oats furnish a good diet, bot they are costly; wheat middlings are excellent and are very suitable if made to constitute the bulk hausted itself by about the middle of of the ration. Wheat bran is good to August, and the tuber will then resort add to the more carbonaceous meal of to another form of growth, namely the rye, barley or speltz. Ground screenings



Tete Jaune Cache, B.C. The last of the end of the Steele Towns.

this, the retarded tubers are subjected (ing character as mustard for instance. to a little warmth, such as that of a | Peas are exiellent; they are so highly warm border, laying them on the sur- nitrogenous." face and covering them with a thin layer of fine leaf mold. If this be done about the end of August, new potatoes may be picked towards the end of purpose or they may be placed in empty boxes or shelves, or on the floor of a sugar beets, and even turnips. shed, covering them with light dry soil and keeping them at about a temperature of about 50 deg., though a few degrees more or less would not matter. By starting batches fortnightly in this way a constant supply can be kept up from October till the spring. The variety, Windsor Castle has proved to be one of the best for this treatment, The but other varieties will no doubt succeed. In the first volume of the "Transactions" of the Royal Horticultural Society there is a note by Mr. A. Sherbrooke, Oxton, dated March 5th, 1811, and entitled "On raising young potatoes in the winter months." The particulars there given are essentially those of the method practiced by Mr. Powell at Park Place, except that Mr. Sherbrooke recommends placing the potatoes in September, in boxes of dried leaf mold and keeping them in a dry place free from frost, never giving them any water. It is remarkable tlfat though this simple, easy method of obtaining new potatoes in winter was made known 100 years ago, gardeners do not appear to have practiced it until quite recently. A potato is really a modified apex of a subterranean branch, which although for the purpose of reproducing a plant capable of bearing more potatoes is, under certain condi-

tions, capable of producing potatoes

These feeds are all right, but in Eastern Canada cheaper material may be used to good advantage. What better feed is there than field roots. It is not October or early in November. A frame necessary to pulp or slice them, although or coal pit is most suitable for this this may be done if one prefers, but a



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Use more than mere soap-use Palmolive. Let your skin have Palmolive Protection. Infants are bathed with it because doctors know it cannot hurt the most

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When alfalfa hay is cut at the stage just preceding blossoming and is well cured, it is, according to Prof. Shaw, an excellent food for brood sows. It is well to feed a little grain to the brood sow in winter, but avoid too much water or sloppy feed. A little is necessary but where the sow is in a cold pen, or is outside, or in the straw-stack, a good part of the time, as many are, cold water, when forced into them in large quantities with their feed, is a detriment, because the animal is forced to draw upon the body for heat to bring the water up to body heat. Where roots are liberally fed water is not needed in considerable quantity, and the chopped grain fed dry or mixed thick with a little kitchen slop, skim milk or water is far better than a thin slop.

Twin Lambs

There is very little difference between the weight of single lambs and of twins at birth. Single females weighed about three-fourths of a pound more than twin females and the difference between the single and the twin males was even less while the twin males were actually slightly in excess of the single females.

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The Western Home Monthly

The smaller size of twin lambs observed in most flocks is undoubtedly more the result of insufficient nutrition while suckling than it is the in-ferior size at birth, says Prof. F. B. Mumford, Missouri College Very few ewes of Agriculture. yield sufficient milk to properly nourish two thrifty, early-maturing lambs. If such lambs are early taught to eat grain and hay, the twin lambs will in most cases thrive equally as well as the single lambs of the same birth weight.

With a little attention lambs may be taught to eat at a very early age, and grain fed at this time, while the lamb s suckling, will produce larger gains than at any later time. If the twin lambs begin early to supplement the milk of the mother by eating oats, clover hay and possibly a little oil meal, they will thrive and in the end become as thrifty as single lambs.

A flock of ewes that has been bred for the production of twins may thus become considerably more profitable than a flock producing single lambs only. On the other hand, if the breeder fails to supply the extra feed and care necessary for the twin lambs, it may be, as often stated, that one good single lamb is better than two puny twins.

How Soils Hold Water

This is the title of Pamphlets I. and II., which are reprinted from the Journal of Physical Chemistry, Vol. 16, No. 9, December, p. 750 (1912). They deal with a discovery, the result of several experiments made by Dr. C. J. Lynde, head of the Physics Department, Macdonald College, P.Q., which was made known to the public for the first time in an address by Dr. Lynde to the American Society of Agronomy, at Lansing, Mich., July 11, 1912. Osmosis may be defined as the tendency of liquids to become equably diffused, i.e., liquids of vary densities will become mixed if placed in the same vessel.

Dr. Lynde's experiments show for the first time: (1) That soil acts as a semipermeable membrane; (2) that matter is moved through the soil by osmotic pressure.

The materials used for the experiments were a clay subsoil and a solution formed by boiling clay subsoil in distilled water. These materials were placed in tubes, covered at the lower end with one layer of cotton cloth. Each tube was fitted with a rubber stopper, in which a glass tube was inserted, then placed in distifled water, and kept at varying temperatures for a period of thirty days.

The conclusions arrived at show that for clay subsoil prepared in a certain way that the following is true:

2. The increased bacterial action, at higher temperatures, would increase the concentration and osmotic pressure of the soil solutions. This would in-crease the amount of water raised through the subsoil.

With increase of temperature more 3. soluble salts would be dissolved in the soil solution, and their osmotic pressure would thereby be increased. This again would increase the amount of water through the subsoil.

The osmotic pressure of the soil solutions would be increased by an increase of temperature. That is, in summer, when the plants need more water, they would receive it.

This theory opens a large field for investigation in soils.

Don't Get a 'Scrub' Bull

A Good Pure-Bred Dairy Sire is Worth all You Pay for Him.

Dairy records prove conclusively the marvellous value of a good pure bred sire. Every dairy farmer ought to be keenly alive to both the value and economy of using only dairy sires for dairy purposes. Special dairy quality is a market feature of some breeds and families, their power and perfection come by reason of having been bred with a definite purpose in view from long lines of ancestors of like quality, veritable dairy kings and queens. Then, if breeds are crossed, or grades used on grades one can only be working at random, worse than that, actually demolishing the painstaking and patient building of the intelligent breeder who for years had striven for definite improvement.

What can be expected of a "scrub bull ?" The very name, a term of reproach and contempt, is an instant index of his utter worthlessness. It is a good investment, and an excellent one, and will pay better than anything else on the farm to put \$150 into the right kind of dairy sire, for he will return practically 10 times \$150 within three years. There will be a gain in milking capacity of his daughters of about 1,000 lbs. milk, over daughters of about 1,000 lbs. mink, over their dams, worth \$10 a year. They are likely to be more persistent milkers, while there will be a marked improvement in the general efficiency of the herd as a result of the good blood the better breeding accumulates.

Men seeking real herd improvement should co-operate; 15 or 20 men could club together under a six-year agreement and purchase three good bulls. With the herds in three groups the members of each group could have one bull two years; then redistribute the sires and at the end of the second twoyear period change again. Thus there is the use of three good sires for three years each of far lower cost than if ich man bought one himself.

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

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been quick to follow. If they did noth-ing more than offer the farm people a pleasant holiday they would be worth while; but in addition they materially contribute to the sum total of agricultural information and give the farmers a new though hurried insight into the science of their calling.

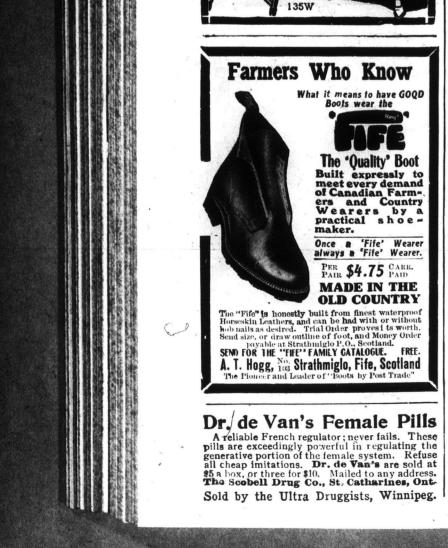
Yet even this was not considered The college was gaining in enough. favor, the yearly excursions were being well patronized, and the efforts of the agricultural department were being increasingly appreciated; but farm education must be made still more popular, for the majority of the farming people were still unreached. The department resolved to apply its college system to a larger constituency and in a more Therefore in 1907 it direct way. initiated a plan of personal instruction in the country itself. In other words, the college was moved out to the farmers.

Feeding for Beef.

By G. E. Jobe, Green County, O.

When you meet your neighbor at this time of the year, the usual questions asked after greetings are: "What are you feeding this year?" or "Have you bought your feeders yet?" When a feeder gets into the work it is hard to quit, even though the price of feeding cattle is high and the future finishing prices uncertain; but as it is with most every other feature of farming, the one who stays by the post is the one who will make the most successful farmer and feeder. Probably the next most important question after the feeders have been secured is for what market they will be got ready, and what will be the ration mostly used as feed. Usually I want to select what is thought will be the best season for feeding and avoid the extreme cold, or the muddy season; but the seasons change as often as men. One year we will have a nice autumn and the next year exactly opposite, so no one can tell what the future holds.

A large number of feeders are trying to overcome some of the perplexing problems that have been the bone of contention heretofore. They are building silos to store large quantities of food for winter use. These will save the necessi'y of going to the fields to haul in the feed regardless of the weather or the condition of the field. One question I was asked in making up the last monthly crop report was: What per cent. of the corn crop went into the silo? By silos feeders will be able to cope with the fickleness of the markets. This means a good deal to the farmer having one or more loads of steers ready for the market. If the market conditions are such that he cannot afford to let them go, he can carry them on with silage, waiting for a better market. If he sells he may get enough only to pay the cost price, and not any in addition for either feed or labor. The quality of feeders has more to do with succe s sometimes than feed or the feeder. It is the same old story: it does not take any more feed or care to fit a good steer for the market than it does a scrub. Hence, it lies in the judgment of the feeder what kind of steers to put into the feed yard. Men differ as to the best methods of feeding and best feeds as much as they differ on a great many other subjects. The more we raise on our farms for feed for steers the better we are off, and I think that fact is fully realized. It is a very easy matter to purchase large quantities of high-price feeds, but will the final account justify the act? We should have a variety of feeds, and use them in a way that will be to the best inte est all around.



1. The soil acts as a semi-permeable membrane.

2. The efficiency of the soil as a semipermeable membrane increases with the depth.

3. Water moves through the soft towards a solution and develops a certain osmotic pressure.

4. The osmotic pressure developed increases with the temperature.

In the application of the theory of osmosis in soils to agricultural practice in general it probably explains one of the beneficial effects of tillage, drainage, use of manures, mineral fertilizers, increase of temperature, the soil mulch and dry farming. For instance, in the different operations of tillage, plowing, harrowing etc., these stir up the soil and permit air to enter. This makes the conditions more favorable for the growth of bacteria; the bacteria produce plant food, that is, salts soluble in water, and the concentration of the soil solutions in the upper layers is increased. This in turn increases the osmotic pressure of these solutions and the amount of water raised from the lower depths brought the subsoil.

Take as another example that of inrease of temperature:

1. The increased evaporation would increase the concentration and, therefore, osmotic pressure of the solution near the surface. This would increase the amount of water raised through the subsoil

Pure dairy type is of utmost importance, some breeds of animals may produce milk and beef, but not with economy, and net profit is our object in view. A trotter is not expected to haul a load of hay, nor a pampered pug dog to go deer hunting-economic milk cannot be expected from beef type. The sire must not only be pure bred, but he must be a good pure bred. Mere entry in a herd book is neither a guarantee of personal excellence nor a sound reason for a lofty price. See that the dam and grand dams have been fine producers and that the sire is a good individual of dairy type, not coarse and beefy. Don't worry delving in the archives for records of five or six generations ago, the immediate ancestry counts.

The carefully selected sire should be used as a nature animal. A youngster is not ready for general or extensive use till three or four years old, about the age many are killed, but he can continue till the age of ten or twelve, at least. Of untold damage, most serious detriment to her improvement is the young, immature scrub sire running loose in a herd.

Ontario Agricultural College

These annual June excursions to the Ontario Agricultural College have been found most helpful in establishing a bond between the college and the farm.

Artificial Brooding.

Many Methods, But Good Judgment Necessary in All Cases.

By M. A. Jull, Macdonald College, Que.

There are many different methods em-ployed in the brooding of chicks. The main things in artificial brooding are sufficient, even temperature and cleanliness. Little chicks, three or four days old, are fairly hardy creatures, but when placed under extreme conditions, weakness or death is sure to follow. The chick's and sympathy and co-operation have | lungs are situated along the spinal column,

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The Western Home Monthly

and are protected only by a thin mem-braneous lining over which a light covering feathers grow. Provided with such meagre protection, the lungs may become readily chilled, or overheated. An even readily chilled, or overheated. An even temperature with as few variations as possible, is most desirable. The brooder should be started up a day or two before the chicks are ready to be placed in it, so that an even temperature of about 95 degrees may be maintained. This temerature should be gradually lowered, and it depends upon the season of the year just how much it should be lowered. The poultryman must use his judgment and operate the brooder according to the con-dition of the chicks. Many poultrymen use no thermometer in their brooders. They study the chicks, and can tell by looking at them if the temperature is right. This emphasizes the fact that for best success the poultryman must understand his business.

If a brooder has contained chicks before it should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before putting in a new brood, both to discourage lice and to kill any disease germs that might be lurking in the cracks and corners. Scrub thoroughly with hot water, in which has been placed good commercial disinfectant or cresol soap. The brooder should in every case be thoroughly dried before the chicks are placed inside.

Feeding the Chicks

Some good commercial "chick food" is good to start them on, and after they learn to scratch they can be fed dry mash from a hopper. Finally cracked wheat and corn make good chick feeds. The drier the food for the first few days the better. The dry mash should not be given them all at once, rather let them have a little from time to time, as in this way they will become accus-tomed to it gradually, and will not overeat. A good mash may be composed of wheat, A good mash may be composed of wheat, bran, shorts, oatmeal, cornmeal, equal parts by measure, and from 5 to 10 per cent. beef scraps. The beef scraps will go towards the formation of bone, which is so essential in the development of the chicken. Another excellent food which serves the same purpose and cannot be excelled is skim-milk.

Green food in some form is necessary It is surprising what large quantities of green food little chicks will consume Lettuce, grass-tops, and kale are relished. Charcoal, fine grit, and oyster-shells are other requisites for the growing chicks. The premises should be kept in the most sanitary condition and the food should also be kept sweet and clean. Sanitation is one of the most important factors in the poultry industry, and the most careful and thorough consideration should be given to every detail while the chicks are young.

A New Advertising Manager for the International Harvester Company.

F.W. Heiskell to Direct its Future Advertising Policies.

It has been announced by the managethe International Harvester

apolis under" Jess" Everson, which position he was holding when he was transferred to the Chicago headquarters to be assistant advertising manager.

Mr. Seyfarth has been identified with the advertising department of the Inter-national since its formation in 1903. Beginning as a catalogue writer, he has gradually gone ahead until the last few years he has had charge of the production depart-

ment, which issues catalogues, folders, calendars, the I H C Almanac and Encyclopedia, and other literature. He is a

University of Michigan man. Both Mr. Heiskell and Mr. Seyfarth are well known to the trade. They possess the confidence and esteem not only of the fellow members of the International organization, but of the farm machine world in general.

The Onion Maggot.

65

By G. W. Bartlett, Gladstone.

Few if any garden products offer a better return than the onion. With proper atten-tion and the right kind of soil, this vegetable gives a generous yield and never fails to command a good price in every city, town, or village of the west. There is,



depends upon how much you know. The owner of a Telephone knows---when the other fellow has to guess and probably guess wrong. That's why a Northern Electric Telephone will add power to your farm --- power to make more money.

Facts That Speak Fcr Themselves Facts That Speak Fcr Themselves Supposing you had produce to sell-butter, eggs, poultry, fruit or livestock-and you could *know* when to sell so as to get the *highest* prices, that would be a good power to have-wouldn't it? And supposing you could know in advance whether there was going to be frost-or rain-or snow-in time to save your crops, that would also be a great power, wouldn't it? Then supposing that you had the power to taik to the town-right from your own home-the doctor, the veterinary, the mill, the farm machinery factory, the forge, or that son or daughter in the city,-at any time you wanted to, that would be great-wouldn't it? A Northern Electric Telephone Will Give You This Power

It Explains Everything

In simple, straightforward language that even a child could under-stand. It makes the work of construction as easy as building a fence.

We Will Help You

The Northern Electric & Mfg. Co., Limited-the oldest and largest Telephone manufacturers in Canada-will back you up and guide you and advise you in every step of the work until success is assured.

When You Are Ready

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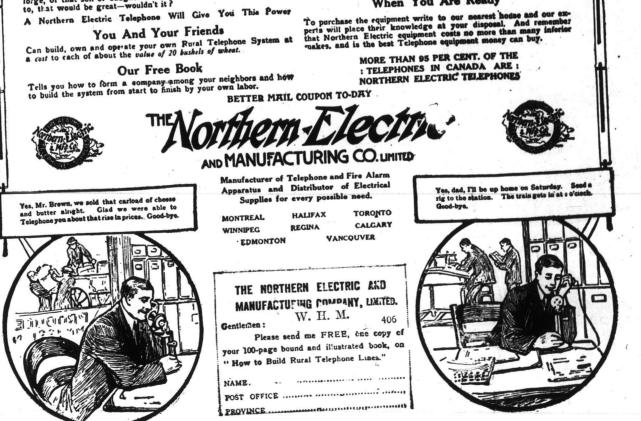
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umn,

pany of America that F. W. Heiskell, for two years assistant advertising manager, will succeed M. R. D. Owings as advertising manager, and that A. C. Seyfarth, formerly head of the production department, will take the position left vacant by Mr. Heiskell's promotion.

Both of these promotions are along the regular civil service system of advancement laid down by the Company in build-ing up its organization. Mr. Heiskell began his work in the harvesting machine business twenty years ago while still a high school boy in Indianapolis, working in the r pair room under James B. Heywood, who was guiding the McCormick destinies in Indianapolis at that time. After his graduation in 1895, he was given a permanent position.

He worked his way up from the repair department, until in 1905 he was sent to Fort Wayne to be assistant to J. W. Wisehart, who was the International general agent at that place. The following year he was sent to Akron, Ohio, to establish a Transfer Agency, using the Buckeye plant recently purchased by the International Harvester Company from the Aultman-Miller Company. In 1907, he went to East St. Louis to establish a transfer and distributing house for the southwest territory, for the purpose of relieving the congestion at Kansas City. He was later made assistant general agent at Indian-





however, one enemy to onion culture, which has made such ravages on the crop, that many gardeners have become discouraged from growing this popular vegetable. The onion maggot is becoming a more serious menace every year. Many a gardener who, in early June, has

Many a gardener who, in early June, has looked with pardonable pride at his fine rows of Danvers and Weathersfields, has returned a week later to find the healthy green foliage drooping with a sickly yellow spreading downward from the tips. He recognizes the deadly work of the onion maggot; but as to what this pest is, whence it comes, or how to fight it, he is helplessly in the dark.

This maggot is the larva of a small fly, anthomyia ceparum, and related species, which lays its eggs in the earth beside the onion about the end of May and later. In due time the grubs hatch out and begin gnawing at the base of the bulb. Beside destroying the outer tissues and absorbing much of the juice, the maggots by their attacks cause a sort of inflammation analogous to suppuration or festering of wounds in animals. As in the case of animals, the damage done depends on the age and health of the tissues attacked.

No known method has succeeded in combating the grub, once the eggs are laid. The two most effective methods of dealing with the pest have, as their aim, the prevention of the fly from laying its eggs, and the bringing of the onions along as early and as quickly as possible past the young tender stage when they are most palatable to the grubs and succumb most speedily to their attacks.

For this latter purpose, the planting should be as early as the season will permit. The ground should be thoroughly cultivated and the rows at planting treated with a dilute solution of nitrate of soda. Even if the onion worm were not troublesome, an application of this salt would amply repay the time and expense in the largely increased crop, and better quality of the bulbs.

The next effort of the gardener is to make his patch of onions distasteful to the parent fly. For this purpose, the ground along the rows is sprinkled with a dilute solution of creolin, crude carbolic, or any similar liquid; or with sand or sawdust into which has been stirred all the crude petroleum which it will absorb without remaining damp or lumpy. Where the crude petro-leum is available it is usually found the cheapest liquid, otherwise a 5 per cent. solution of crude carbolic makes an excellent preventive. If either of these are applied to the rows, as soon as they are clearly defined above the ground, and a second sprinkling administered about two weeks later, the fly will be kept away until the most critical period in the growth of the onion has been passed.

Nearly every noxious insect has parasitic enemies which keep it in check. Happily, the onion fly is no exception. Two tiny creatures prey, one on the fly, the other on the grub, and though scarcely larger than a pin point destroy these pests, by eating into their vitals. Such tiny allies may prove of inestimable value to the onion grower in combating his worst enemy.

to locate the floor where the sun can shine on it.

A pig will not walk 80 rods to get a drink of clean water if water of any kind, no matter how filthy, is nearer. The pig's body is 40 per cent. water, and if the supply is below normal requirements, gains will be proportionately low and the health of the animal impaired.

In very cold weather pigs will not drink enough water to supply their needs, unless it is warmed. There should be an abundance of clean water before the hogs at all times. We use what is known as the barrel and float plan, which consists of a concrete barrel with a concrete drinking box about 12 inches square and 5 inches deep built on the side of it. The box is separated from the barrel by a piece of sheet iron with holes about 2 inches from the bottom, through which the water passes from the barrel to the box. With this plan no mud or filth can enter the barrel, and the box can be readily cleaned. By putting a tank heater in the barrel, pigs are supplied with pure water of right temperature in winter.

Easy Money for the Doctor.

A prominent physician in an Arkansas town has an extensive practice among the laboring classes where economy is the best policy. One day the little daughter of one of the men became very sick, and the doctor was hurriedly called. He arrived, and administered a soothing treatment to the patient, who was soon sleeping soundly, and upon leaving prescribed some medicine which was to be obtained at the drug store. The next thay the visit had to be repeated and some more medicine bought. This was kept up until the little girl was entirely well, when the father went to see the doctor to settle the bill.

As his purse was rather slim, he approached the doctor with many misgivings.

"Here is your bill, sir," began the doctor, handing him the paper. "This for the drugs from the store, and this for my visits."

The poor man looked and was horrified at the amount requested, realizing that he could not pay it all. Then after thinking a moment he took out his purse and laid some pieces of change in the physician's hand, saying: "Here is the money for the drugs, Doctor, and—we will return your calls."

And She Never Let Go

It was a wizened little man who appeared before the judge and charged his wife with cruel and abusive treatment. His better half was a big, square-jawed

woman with a determined eye. "In the first place, where did you meet Winnipeg September, 1913.

HER BLOOD WAS TURNED TO WATER.

She Doctored For Three Years But Was Finally Cured By Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

MRS. JOSEPH SMITH, Box 25, Creelman, Sask., writes:-"'I write you these few lines hoping they will be a help to someone suffering from heart and nerve trouble. I doctored for three years but continued to get worse. I tried three different doctors, and got no relief, and tried all the drugs I could find but all failed. I became very weak, and my blood was turned to water. I tried MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS, and after taking five boxes, I got great relief. I was so thin, I only weighed 90 lbs., but after taking five boxes I was completely cured, and I am well and strong to-day, and weigh 159 lbs., and I can now work all day, and do not feel tired or fagged out. If anyone would like to hear more of my case, I would be pleased to answer any questions."

Price, 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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Y^{OU} will save money, get the most satisfaction and have reliable goods if you make your selection from one of the thousands

of catalogues we are now distributing. Our yearly business runs into hundreds of thousands of dollars, so we

are buying for much less than the small stores—and you get the benefit, especially in Diamonds. Remember, if goods received are not

as desired, you return goods at our expense and we refund your money. A post card brings our Catalogue and particulars about our

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THEY have mud guards, wood rims, Dunlop style tires, roller chain, New Departure coaster brake, large

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SUNDRIES AND TIRES

at Prices entirely unheard

of in the West before. Send

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Keeping the Hogs Well.

C. C. Pervier, of Illinois, writing on the 'Cure of Hogs,' says:

"I do not know of any cure for the hog cholera. I do not believe it is possible to so handle swine as to make them able to resist disease. Only once in thirty-five years have I had disease on my farm, and then one-third of our hogs survived the attack. The three things I think absolutely essential to the health of the herd are clean feed, pure water, and dry, comfortable sleeping quarters. The food of the hog should be as clean as that given any other animal, because every particle of dirt, filth and indigestible matter that is taken into the stomach impairs digestion, reduces the gain as well as injures the health of the animal. There should be a clean feeding floor in winter, or when it is too muddy to feed elsewhere.

It is a law of nature that the excrement of all animals is poisonous to themselves, but not to other animals. Hogs may follow cattle without injury, but the thing most essential and most difficult is to keep the food of the hog from becoming contaminated with his own excrement. Hence the value of the feeding floor and the importance of keeping it clean. Be sure

this woman who, according to your story, has treated you so dreadfully?" asked the judge.

"Well," replied the little man, making a brave attempt to glare defiantly at his wife, "I never did meet her. She just kind of overtook me."

The Great West Life

On the 18th August, The Great-West Life Assurance Company, "attains its majority." Founded in 1892, with headquarters at Winnipeg, the Company has enjoyed twenty-one years of remarkable success.

In that short time, as financial matters go, a business has been placed in force exceeding \$92,000,000, protecting more than 44,000 Policyholders. The Assets of the Company now exceed \$12,-500,000; Branch Offices and Agencies have been established in every part of the Dominion and in North Dakota; and last year applications were secured for over \$25,000,000.

A Corrector of Pulmonary Troubles.—Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in curing disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bornchial tubes as no other preparation can.



Write for booklet and circular, terms, etc. Featherstonhaugh & Co. Fred. B. Featherstonhaugh, K.C., M.G. Gerald S. Roxburgh, B.A. Sc. 209-10 Bank of Nova Scotia, Portage Ave. (Corner of Garry) WINNIFEG

The Western Home Monthly

Correspondence

every letter to appear in print, and, in future, letters received from subscribers will receive first consideration. A friend of the magazine, offering a kindly criticism, writes that the Correspondence column has at times an air of monotony, as one writer after another follows the same phraseology. We wish to warn our correspondents against this common error. A little independent

thought will help mutual development, and readers of the Monthly will find valuable aid in the study of the many instructive articles by eminent men that appear from month to month.

Independent Men.

Alta., June, 1913.

Dear Editor:-I have been a silent reader of your most valuable paper for several years, and think you are publishing the best magazine for the money in the country. Many an hour I have spent reading the W. H. M. I always read it from cover to cover, and will always be a subscriber as I don't know what I would do without it. Nearly all the writers to your correspondence column tell their description and accom-

W E invite readers to make use of am a native of British Columbia. I live these columns, and an effort in the country and an effort teresting letters received. The large years of age. I have black curly hair, a fair complexion, and dark blue eves. will be made to publish all in- for anything. I am between 16 and 20 us has, hitherto, made it impossible for I will answer all letters and I would like to correspond with "Johnnie on the Spot." My address is with the Editor. Curly Head.

Education Obtained from Travelling.

Man., June, 1913. Dear Editor:-I believe I have scanned your popular paper for as many years as most, and still I have never taken time to correspond with your friendly columns. While in a few idle moments I read over the letters a statement made by Western Bell caused me to pick up my pen and decide to write. Now there are so many things in these modern times to take up one's time and attention, that trivial amusements seem scarcely worth discussion. Unless we are putting the best into this life as well as taking the best out of it, we are falling short of the highest aim. Now in my opinion we can do neither without experience, and the greatest education of all is obtained from travelling-an education that can never be obtained from books. As to its safety in this age as in all others it depends entirely on our personal character. I have been half way round the world, plishments, but those who want to and if health is spared me, I hope to know mine will have to write to me. I accomplish the remainder of the circuit





39 team of Oxen removing a 100-year-old house in Nova Scotia

hear the farmer complain so much as the business men in the town. Some of the lady writers think it is awful for women to work outside. For my part I don't think it is a woman's place to the duty of those who have to impart

will say that I am a farmer and think they are the most independent men to-day. Although hard times come once in a while when crops are bad you never hear the formation of the set of the give an interesting reply to any letter received, and exchange any snap-shots. I am well aware all cannot have the

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do outside work, but when a man is busy and can't attend to the few little chores, I think he would be proud of his wife if she would do it. When a man and wife love each other, they should try and help one another when ever possible. I know some women that wouldn't do a thing outside no matter how busy the man was or what time of night he got home he always had the little chores to do. How nice it would be for him to come home and find them all done. I am sure he would be so pleased he would be only too glad to do a turn for her. Well I had better stop. Wishing the W. H. M. every success and the same to all its readers, I See Pea Are. will sign myself,

A New Reader.

B. C., June, 1913. Dear Editor:-I am a new reader of your magazine and am greatly pleased I could never do without it with it. now. I, like many more turn to the space reserved for correspondence first of all. It gives me great pleasure to read the many friendly letters in your paper. It no sooner gets inside our house than there is a scramble for it. As this is the first letter I have written I would like to see it in print. I hurt my feelings you know, however I will now tell a little about myself. I never had any trouble to get good part-

their experiences to others less fortunate. With best wishes,

A Lady Traveller.

Life on the Ocean Wave

Nova Scotia, June, 1913. Dear Editor and Readers :-- Please allow another lonely lad to enter the charming circle of the Correspondence Column of your most delightful paper. I am not a subscriber, but a very dear friend of mine has been sending me the W. H. M. for some months and I think it's just splendid, and am afraid that I'll never be able to repay my friend for her kindness. I read with interest every word of the W. H. M. and am often very much interested and amused with some of the letters in the Correspondence Column, especially those which denounce dancing, card playing and smoking. We will leave the whisky question out for not one of us want to have anything to do with people who drink. As to dancing, I for one like to dance and have never found any harm in it so far, and I've done lots of it in my time, and was considered a fairly good dancer, so the girls said, but perhaps they only said so out of sympathy, tender-hearted girls did not want to



no matter how dark or sallow your complexion may be, you will see it improving day by day until a clear, smooth and beautiful com-plexion is obtained. Gentlemen who admire plexion is obtained. Gentlemen who admire a lady's fine, clear complexion are not adverse to having the same themselves. And why should they hesitate to use the BLUSH OF ROSES? It is clear as water, takes the shine from the face, removas all the impurities of the skin and leaves no sign like powder or paint. The only clear, pure and harmless face preparation made. Cures ecsema and all skin diseases. Price 75c per bottle. Address Mrs. Frances E. Currah, Windsor, Ont.

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A GREAT SPECIFIC FOR WEAK MEN. All men suffering from Varicocele, Weakening Drains, Nervous Debility, Depression, Brain Fag, Neurasthenia, Bladder Weakness, and all forms of Seminal Weakness or Premature Decline of the Vital Powers, etc., should test the unique Restorative properties of



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the great Scientific Specific for these ailments. Varicolium will cure you quickly; it will cure you completely; it will cure you permanently. You do not have to wait for months, but ez-perience improvement in a few days. Weakening drains gradually cease; the relaxed veins return to their norma-healthy state, a restoration of the whole Nervous System takes place, a return of the Vital Fores, while and fitness is assured. Send 5 cents in stamps for Advice Form and Booklet on "Creative Vital Fores," while explains fully all about Varicol'um Elizir. It is a work of special interest to men on Seminal Weakness, Varicoces Loss of Energy, Kidney Disease, Bladder Weakness, Gleet, Discharges, Urinary Troubles, Debi'ity, and Prematur Decline of the Vital Por ers. (Read Booklet for cases cured similar to yours.) ADVICE FREE.

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Secret of Mysterious **Power Revealed** at Last.

68

HOW PROMINENT PEOPLE HAVE GAINED WEALTH AND POPULARITY.

Famous Hypnotist Perfects Simple Method that Enables Anyone to Control Thoughts and Acts of Others, Cure Disease and Habits Without Drugs, and Read the Secret Desires of People Though Thousands of Miles Away.

WONDERFUL BOOK DESCRIBING THIS STRANGE FORCE AND A CHARACTER DELINEATION POST FREE TO ALL WHO WRITE AT ONCE.

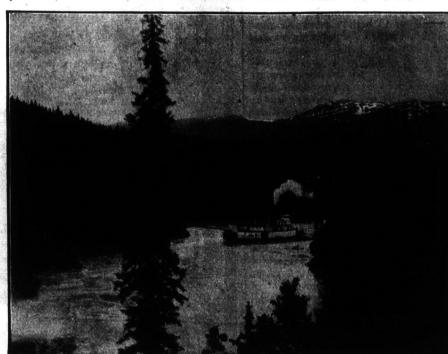
The National Institute of Sciences has appropriated \$25,000 toward a fund for the free distribution of Prof. Knowles' new book, "The Key to the Development of the Inner Forces." The book lays bare many astound-ing facts concerning the practices of Eastern Yogis, and ex-plains a wonderful system for the

system for the development of of Personal Magnetism, Hypnotic and Telepathic Powers, and the curing of diseases and habits without drugs. The subject of drugs. practical character reading is also extensively dealt with, and the author describes a simple method of accurately reading the secret thoughts and de-sires of others though thousands of miles away. The almost endless stream of letters requesting copies of the book and character delinea-tions in dic a te clearly the uni-versal interests in Psychological and Occult Sciences.

"Rich and poor alike benefit by the teach-ings of this new system," says Prof. Knowles, "and the person who wishes to achieve greater success has but to apply the simple rules laid down." That many wealthy and prominent people owe their success to the power of Per-sonal Influence there is not the slightest doubt, but the great mass of people have remained in utter ignorance of these phenomena. The National Institute of Sciences has therefore undertaken the somewhat arduous task of distributing broadcast, without regard for class or creed, the information heretofore possessed by the few. In addition to supplying the books free, each person who writes at once will also receive a character delineation of from 400 to 500 words as prepared by Prof. Knowles. Knowles.

ners for as much dancing as I cared for. I also like a good game of whist, or five hundred, and don't see any harm in it, but I never play for money and don't believe in it at all. Lastly, "Oh! you old Pipe." I have smoked for quite a few years and would not be without my pipe for anything, right or wrong, so any of you readers who think it very wrong to smoke had better not seek my acquaintance for I'm sure we could never get on together. I know very well that smoking, hever did anyone any good but if all the sin committed in this world

to sea for so long, (I began very young) but I have had rather a hard rough life and plenty of times not too much to eat, so a close observer now would see a few "Silver threads among the gold." I would be delighted to hear from any of the correspondents, of either sex, but of course girls preferred, and will promise to answer all letters. Girls don't turn up your dainty little noses and say "Who does he suppose would be both-ered writing to an old tarry sailor." You will make a mistake if you do for I am not an old tarry sailor by any was committed through smoking our means, by that I mean that I am not world would be far too good for a very living in the fo-c'stle just at present,



Lining-up the Grand Canyon, Fraser River, B.C.

great many of us to live in, and we but am a captain in the merchant serwould be forced to seek quarters in another sphere where we would have a wider margin for our habits. I am not a farmer I am sorry to say, but Oh! I love the farm. I was brought up on a small farm and spent my childhood in a farming country, and I often wish that I had never left the soil for "A life on the ocean wave." I have followed the sea for over fifteen years and have seen quite a lot of the world in that time, having sailed on both the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, most of the time, however was spent on the Atlantic, and two thirds of the total time

compares very favorably, with any of

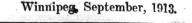
them and far surpasses many of them,

and I know it's quite good enough for

me. Although my work often takes

to get back to dear old Canada. My

vice. I'll tell you though, that I have sailed in every capacity and don't think I'm one bit better now than when I was a boy in an old square rigger filling the pipes and polishing the boots for the A.B.'s., and I have great respect for the boy making his first voyage for I don't forget my own first trip. So don't be afraid to write little girls for I am not one bit dangerous. I hope that I may be spared the disgrace and humiliation of the W.P.B. and will tell you Mr. Editor that I have often dodged things far more dangerous and hope to steer clear of this too. Hoping that I have not at sea was spent in old "Wind-jammers," | taken up too much space in your valu-



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S2000 a Year orrance. You can not the art of taxidermy easily, quickly and perfect in your home during your sparse time, by mail. Write Today for our great, new, fr Write Today we will send you full ars of our wonderful offer. Don't delay. Write ern School of Tadidermy 5016 Elwood Bldg



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PHYSICIANS REMEDY COMPANY, 524 San Fernando Bidg 624 LOS ANGELES, CAL

Electric Restorer for Men Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$8 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Sold by the Ultra Druggists, Winnipeg.



ve the acknowledged leading remedy for all Female complaints. Recommended by the Medical Faculty. The genuine bear the signature of WM MARTIR (registered without which none are genuine). No lady should be without them. Sold by all Chemists & Stores . Chemie BOUTHAMPTON, EN



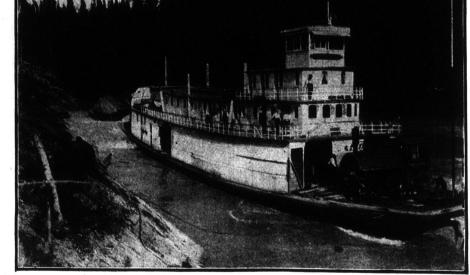
If you wish a copy of Prof. Knowles' book and a Character Delineation, simply copy the following verse in your own handthe foll writing:

> "I want power of mind, Force and strength in my look, Please read my character And send me your book."

Also send me your full name and address (state whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss), write plainly and address your letter to:

National Institute of Sciences, Dept. 838. C. No. 258, Westminster Bridge-road, London, S.E., Eng. If you wish you may enclose 10 cents (stamps of your own country) to pay postage, etc. Poswage on letters to England, 2 cents.





Mode of transporting Lc comotives on the Fraser River

so you see I am no "fresh-water" man. | able paper, I will wish the W.H.M. and Of the different parts of the world that all the readers every success and sign I have seen I think our own Canada myself, A Jolly Tar.

Agrees with Scotch Blue Bell.

Sask., June, 1913.

Dear Editor:--I am another bachelor me to a foreign land I am always glad coming to join your columns. I have home is in Quebec but I see very little been an interested reader of your valuable paper for some time, and take conof it, not having been home for eighteen siderable interest in the Correspondence months and then only for about three column which I think is a great benefit weeks. Now do you wonder why I smoke? I must do something to keep me from being lonesome you know. I and a blessing to the bachelors of the West, I like Scotch Blue Bell's style. am not old although I have been going I think she just "hits the nail on the



favorite with married ladies. Can be depended upon. Mailed securely sealed upon receipt of \$1.00. Correspondence confidential. J. AUSTIN & CO., Chemists, Simcoc, Ont

The Western Home Monthly

CONSTIPATION Soon Follows If The Liver Is Not Active.

Constipation is one of the most fremuent, and at the same time, one of the ost serious of the minor ailments to which mankind is subject, and should never be allowed to continue.

A free motion of the bowels daily should be the rule of every one who aspires to perfect health.

Keep the bowels properly regulated by the use of MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PRLS, and you will enjoy the very best of health.

MR. O. J. PIXLEY, Medicine Hat, Alta., writes:-"'I have been troubled with Constipation for the last couple of years until just lately. I tried a great many remedies without any success, but at last I heard of MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PRLLS, so I gave them a trial, and began getting better right away, and now I really believe I am cured, and can heartily recommend them to any one."

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS are 25 cents per vial, or 5 vials for a dollar, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by the proprietors, The T. Mil-burn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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head" about the marriage question. I had the idea of waiting until I could give a girl a nice home and everything she wanted to make her comfortable, but I find that it would take longer than I imagined. Starting on a farm with very little capital, one has quite a struggle before he finds himself on "easy street," and life is too short, and there is too little time at the most to spend the best part alone, and I for one believe what Blue Bell says, when she says "make the home together," and "live happily ever after." I would like some correspondents. My address is with the Editor, and I will sign myself, Heathen Jock.

Very Hopeful

Sask., June, 1913. Dear Editor:-I have read with great enjoyment the latest issue of the W. H. M. and the Correspondence column I have found particularly interesting. It is always beneficial for one to read the opinions of others on common topics, no matter what that topic may be, for a great deal of education may be derived from so doing. Such has been my experience in reading the various opinions of dancing, card playing, etc. I do not propose to enlarge on these opinions, neither do I propose to give mine, for I think some other topic might now be chosen about which to talk. There is just one question on which I should like to have the opinions of your readers, viz.: "Is the theatre beneficial or detrimental to the community." I am a poor and lonely bachelor age 22, who intends to make many W.H.M. friends, so I think when they read this letter so I think when they read this term they will take pity on me, and assure me through your valuable columns that "Where there's life there's hope." I will sign myself. Well Wisher. sign myself,

Fond of Outdoor Life

Sask., June, 1913. Dear Editor:-I have been reading the letters in your valuable magazine for some time, and it is needless for me to say that I get very deeply interested in them as that is the first thing 1 look for when we get your paper. I espec-ially liked "Scotch Blue Bell's" letter. I also like "Western Bell's" letter and also country life better than city life, as I have had quite a lot of experience in both. I am exceptionally fond of horses and cattle and out-door life. I have tried school teaching and office work, but gave it all up for a place in

the open air, and now I am an Alberta Homesteader as poor (financially speaking) as Job's turkey, but as happy as a king. I won't write much this time but I will write at greater length again and give the readers some of my experiences as I have travelled quite a bit at home and abroad. I will be glad to correspond with any of the readers of the W. H. M. My address is with the Editor. I will sign myself,



" HOW TO PRESERVE STRENGTH AND **RETAIN THE POWERS."**

If you have wrecked your Nerves by OVERWORK or WORRY, drained away your strength by bad habits or dissipa-tion, or SAPPED your vital forces by EXCESSES It is Time for You to Stop. No man can afford to be reckless, force nature to undue effort ruin his Constitution or violate the laws governing life. This invariably results in disaster or a Complete Nervous Break-down and a down and a

Giving Out of the Vital Forces

Giving Out of the Vital Forces Giving Out of the Vital Forces Ing before the average period. KNOWLEDGE IS POWER, and every man who would be warned in time, should take heed NOW. Send 10 cents for my Book, and you will find it the most profitable of all literature you now possess, and thousands who have read it acclaim it to be "worth its weight in gold." Half-an-hour's reading and a determination to act up to it may save you from an otherwise never-ending misery and give You new life. It will teach you more in fifteen minutes than you will gain in years by experience. It is a valuable, instructive and interesting treatise on Generative Weakness, and the Cause and Curre of Nervous Breakdown, Mental Exhaustion, Depression of Spirits, General Weakness, Waste of Vital-ity, Premature Decline and Loss of Power in Men. The most popular and practical treatise published on the Laws governing Life, with special chapters on Generative Weakness, Flagging of the Powers and practical observations on Marriage. Contains valuable remarks to Weak and Nervous Men on how to preserve the Health, regain Strength and restore the Powers when lost.

Contains valuable remarks to weak and ivervous Men on now to preserve the restricting and storing and restore the Powers when lost. To the inexperienced, the married, or those contemplating marriage, no other work contains so much helpful or sensible advice, or will prove so interesting and instructive to those who desire to preserve their Strength, build up the whole Nervous System, restore the Powers to advanced age or fit themselves for Marriage. It will be sent in a plain, sealed envelope to any address on receipt of 10 cents. Address--CHARLES GORDON No.100, Gordonholme Dispensary,Bradford, Yorks.,England Copyright]

ANAEMIA

WEAKNESS



SYNOPSIS OF DOMINION LAND REGULATIONS

A ny person who is the sole head of a family or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The appli-cant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by prove may be made at any agency on certain conproxy may be made at any agency, on certain con-ditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties-Six months' residence upon and cultivaton of the land in each of three years. A home-steader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely cwned and occupied by him or by his father, mother. son, daughter, brother or sister.

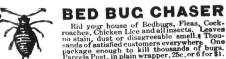
In certain districts a homesteader in good stand-ing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of home-stead entry (including the time required to stead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead A nomesteader who has exhausted its nomestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

N.B.--Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. .



thousands of bugs. apper, 25c, or 6 for \$1. Domestic Mfg. Co. Desk 11 Minneapolis, Minn.

Alberta Homesteader.

No Place Like B. C.

B. C., July, 1913.

Dear Editor:-I have been a reader of your fine paper for some time, and would like to contribute to your columns. I come from the East, but I have been in B. C. for 14 years, and I think there is no place like it. Lam think there is no place like it. Deam not a rancher, but have a good position with the Western Canada Lumber Co. as timber foreman. I would like to correspond with any one who would care to write, and will be pleased to tell about B.C. as I have been over it all south of the C. P. R. main line. I am six feet tall, have blue eyes, etc., and will leave my address with the Editor, B. C. Tillikum. I will sign myself,

The Heroes of the West Alta., July, 1913.

Dear Editor:-As your paper has come to our home for a number of years, I have derived a great deal of pleasure from it, and at first I used to omit reading the Correspondence column, but I see that now it is not a matrimonial bureau at all, so would very much like to contribute to it. I will first tell you that I am a bachelor, and live the free happy life of one, but the wealthiest and happiest bachelor will tell you that there is something lacking. There are

BRAIN-FAG "RUN-DOWN" SLEEPLESSNESS CONVALESCENCE

If you suffer from any of the complaints mentioned above -you need suffer no longer. Take the first step towards renewed health to day by buying a bottle of "Wincarnis." Note how it invigorates you-how it strengthens youhow it gives you a delicious feeling of exhilaration-how it sends the blood dancing through your veins. Note how quickly it dispels that "run-down" feeling, and gives you new life, new vigor, and new vitality.



Test "Wincarnis" free by sending 6 cents Stamps (to pay postage) to Coleman & Co., Wincarnis Works, Norwich, England, "Wincarnis" can Coleman & Co., Wincarnis Works, Norwich, England. be obtained from all leading Stores, Chemists, and Wine Merchants.

LITTLE BOY WAS SO SICK **Did Not Think He Could Live.**

CHOLERA INFANTUM WAS THE CAUSE.

This trouble is the most dangerous of all the summer complaints of children. Lt begins with a profuse diarrhœa, the stomach becomes irritated, and the child is soon reduced to great languor and prostration.

Cholera Infantum can be speedily cured by the use of DR. FOWLER'S Ex-TRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY.

MRS. JOHN FOOTE, Hantsport, N.S., writes:-"I can recommend DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY for Cholera Infantum. My little boy was so sick, I did not think he could live, as he was out of his mind, and did not know any one. I gave him "DR. FOWLER'S," and the first dose helped him, and one bottle cured him. I recommended it to a friend whose children were sick, and it cured them too."

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY is a remedy that has been on the market for over sixty-five years and has been used in thousands of families during these years, so you are not making any experiment when you buy it, but be sure and get "DR. FowLER'S" when you ask for it, as there are many imitations of this famous remedy on the market.

The price is 35c., and it is manufactured only by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

a great many bachelors in our Western | ies. I am one of those much talked of country who are away from home, some of them divided from it by sea and land; away from all their loved ones and all that went to make their young lives happy, and it is needless to say

The Western Home Monthly

that their ambition and courage is grand when they have left all behind and come out here to try to make a home, having had very little to start with. When they receive your paper it should help to banish a great deal of their loneliness, and they should heart-ily thank any sensible correspondent who will take the trouble to write to them once in a while, for only the bachelor knows, how it helps to pass the time to think of the letter he is to receive from an unseen friend. I know for I talk from experience, although I have never corresponded with one of your readers. I would like to correspond with "Scotch Blue Bell" providing she can spare a little time to write, at least I am going to look for a letter from her, or any one who would care to write to me. Perhaps they will wonder what I look like, and if I drink or smoke. I do not drink or gamble, but I have all the other bachelor habits. I am 27 years of age. My address will be with the Editor. Wishing the paper every success, I will sign myself,

Black Hawk.

Prefers the Country.

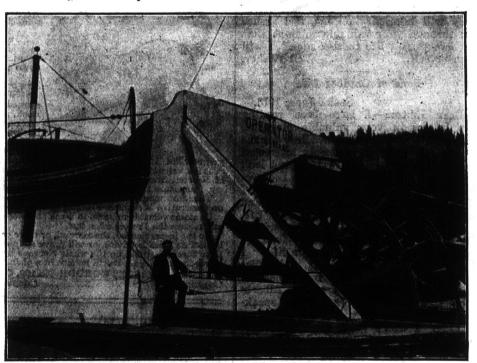
Sask., July, 1913. Dear Editor:-I have been a reader of your paper for a year. I am not a subscriber myself, but my brother, whom

Homestead Bachelors. I wonder why so many girls discuss the pleasures they like best. Is it because pleasure comes first in their minds? So few of them speak of the work they like best. Wishing the paper every success, I remain, Critic.

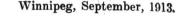
Requires Consideration

Man., May, 1913. Dear Editor:-Having been an in-terested reader of your valuable paper for some time, especially the corre-spondence column, I hope you will spare me a little space for a "wee' bit talk too. I think your new topic on marriage an excellent one, in my opinion, it is one that should be spoken of much more, for I am afraid too many enter into the contract with too little thought, consequently there are a great many failures. If a couple would just realize that neither one can be perfect and give and take in proportion, I think there need be little trouble. I do not think there is anything sweeter on earth than a loving, happy home, and nothing more wretched than an unhappy one. But we should remember that each one must do their part. I neither dance nor play cards, I am very fond of music and singing, and any other innocent amusements. I would be pleased to correspond with "Black Knight,, or "Confirmed Bachelor," if they would write first. My address will be with the Editor. Wishing your paper every success, I will sign myself,

A Manitoba Girl.



A wheel which helps to build a great Canadian Railway. Fraser River. B.C. I live with, is. I must say I have en-An Eastern Correspondent



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So Other Sufferers Will Take "Fruit-a-tives" And Be Cured,

Gratitude - heartfelt gratitude prompted this letter. Madame Langlois was so thankful to "Fruit-a-tives" for restoring her to health and strength, that she gladly allowed her letter to be published.



MADAME VALERE LANGLOIS

ST. ROMUALD, QUE., SEPT. 23rd. 1912. "I have pleasure in stating that I have been cured of severe Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation by using "Fruit-a-tives." I was a terrible sufferer from severe Constipation for many years, and I tried every remedy I heard of, and also was treated by physicians without any permanent benefits.

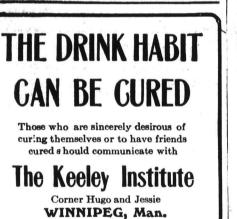
Then I tried "Fruit-a-tives", and this fruit medicine has completely cured both the Constipation and Indigestion. I cannot praise "Fruit-a-tives" enough".

MADAME VALERE LANGLOIS.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50-trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

THE WORLD'S WORK DEPENDS ON THE WORLD'S DIGESTION

From the captain of industry to the hod carrier-from milady in the auto to





When writing advertisers please mention The Western Home Monthly.

joved The Western Home Monthly very much and think it is the best magazine we have, although we take several others, most of them from across the line. so when I go back to the States (if I do) your paper will follow me. I came to Canada from Illinois just about a year ago to pay my brother (who has a homestead here) a short visit, and liked it so well that I stayed and stayed on, and am in no hurry to go back. I sometimes miss the good times one can have in the city with old friends, but I like it here better, it is not nearly so dreadful as some of the Easterners think, and if you tried both you would know more. I have had enough of travelling to last me a long time. I do get a little lonely at times, so I would like very much to have some cor-respondents. Would be glad to hear from some of those who claim to be lonely, and who think the girls could do lots of good for them by writing them a few letters. My address will be with the Editor, Sea.

Pleasure comes before Work.

Alta., June, 1913.

Ont., June, 1913.

Dear Editor:-This is my first letter to your happy paper, and thus I come to enter your merry little circle. I am a Toronto girl, but I have many friends in Western Canada, and hopes to visit them soon. I was brought up on a farm, where I spent my school days, and although I have lived in Toronto for several years, I still like country life best. I cordially invite any of the young men or women of the correspondence circle who would care to write to me to do so and I will assure them of a prompt reply. I think the correspondence column is a grand idea, as it enables those who are far from friends or neighbors to hear from many interesting people, and thus make life wherever God may have placed us, brighter and happier for all concerned.

Scotch Bluebell.

Would Scotch Bluebell kindly send her name and address please?

Alta., June, 1913. Dear Editor:—I have been an inter-ested reader and subscriber of your val-uable paper for some time, and I would hate to have to be without it. The Cor-respondence column seems to be quite an attraction to a good many to dis-cuss their likes and dislikes. I myself would just as soon read the good stor-

the woman with the scrubbing brushthe accomplishments of every one of us depend absolutely on the accomplishments of our stomachs. Backed by a good digestion, a man can give the best that is in him. When his stomach fails, he becomes a weakling.

To this loss of power no one need submit. Right habits of eating, drinking, sleeping and exercise, aided by Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets, will restore and maintain the full efficiency of the human mind and body.

Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets contain the active principles meeded for the digestion of every kind of food. They go to the assistance of the weakened stomach, and enable the sufferer, right from the start, to assimilate and get the benefit of the food eaten. With this assistance, the digestive organs regain their tone, and soon the use of the tablets is no longer necessary.

If your stomach is not working pro-perly, try Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets. 50c. at your druggist's National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal.



The Western Home Monthly



Women suffering from any form of female ills are invited to communicate



promptly with the woman's private correspondence department of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in

strict confidence. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman : thus has been established a confidential correspondence which has extended over many years and which has never been broken. Never have they published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their posession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which they have to draw from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.



The Weary Work;

A Reply to "A Young Sufferer." Winnipeg, July, 1913. In reply to your letter in the current

issue of The Western Home Monthly. It is a subject of great importance on which you touch, and which can hardly be discussed in such short space. De cidedly, as a man of some experience, I should say your mother was to blame. The greatest error of which a parent can be guilty is of expecting to keep a girl innocent through ignor-It has been proved, and the reance. sult is before us every day, that as soon as the severe restrictions can possibly be evaded, the natural tendency is to fly to the other extreme. It has degenerated from a platitude to a truism that all or nearly all clergymen's sons are notorious for a life the reverse of that for which they were intended. It is human nature. Parents must take into consideration the temperaments of their children; unfortunately parents are generally ignorant of how to treat children, especially is this true of people who have been "buried" in the country and fed on a narrow religion. These restrictions placed on the young can lead only to one thing, deception. It is unnatural to expect "old heads on young shoulders." A youth has a right to expect the pleasure of that age. "Young Sufferer," you have but another year before you can act for yourself; possess what patience you can in the meantime, do nothing that would give people occa-sion to comment, then, strike out for yourself, first making yourself proficient in something. In the meantime I would suggest that you speak to your parents, remind them that you are not a child, that you have certain rights, and that the rebellion which must necessarily arise from such repression, can but result in adverse action. I, personally, am of that school that believed that the duty between parent and children is reciprocal, that if the parent fails the child is exonerated from cavil or faults. When parents bring children into the world their responsibilities are greater than such parents think of. This is a long and great subject, too deep for the average. I can only in finishing say that "Young Sufferer's" parent or parents are to be strongly reprehended, and through ignorance and narrowness are driving this young lady into those deceits from which in their gross ignorance they are trying to protect her. If you care to write to me do so care of the L. K. Editor.

Vote as You Pray

By F. A. Conners

We've got a class of men to-day, Who go to church and sing and pray, Then go away to scoff and sneer, And vote for whisky, wine and beer; Yes, vote for whiskey, gin and "Thy kingdom And then they pray, come." They claim to be of God's adoption, But vote against the "Local Option."



The Stomach

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The little book described below (which I gladly send free, sealed by mail, to any young or elderly man anywhere), con-tains in its 86 beautifully illustains in its so beautifully flug-trated pages, everything a man need know with regard to certain strictly personal sub-jects, and as a guide through his entire life, from the deli-cate period of youth when wholesale advice is most needed, wholesale advice is most needed, on through early manhood to a ripe, vigorous, healthy old age. Over a million of these books have been thus distri-buted by me all over the world. Therefore, please use coupon below and get YOUR free copy by return mail. SANDEN CO., DISTRIBUTORS.

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CO., DISTRIBUTORS. Do you know, my friend, that there is a wonderful new way to apply a certain, great, natural FORCE to your body and by which you more body

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He will not shirk. But use Fluxite.

It is an easy matter to repair pots and pans, and other articles with

The paste flux that SIMPLIFIES SOLDERING With a little Fluxite and solder the work is done in a few minutes. Both amateurs and mechanics use Fluxite in all parts of the world.

Of Ironmongers and Stores in small and large tins.

The "Fluxite" SOLDERING SET contains a special "small-space" Soldering Iron, a Pocket Blow-Lamp, Fluxite, Solder, etc., and a pamphlet on "Soldering Work."

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BETTER THAN SPANKING.

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box W. 86 Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money but write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

Is there a son from Erin's Isle Who is so wretched, base and vile? Is there a son of scotland fair, Who'd stoop to such, or even dare? Is there a son of _nglish birth, Or such a soul in all the earth, Who'd dare to bear such fearful blame, Support such infamy and shame.

If such there be, go mark him well, He clears the way to death and hell, For in God's Holy W rd 'tis given, "No drunkard shall inherit heaven." May God enable all to see, That such a Christian could not be, But men shall reap just what they sow.

No agency between the poles Has cursed and wrecked more homes and souls;

And yet we have this bar-room den, By vote of so-called Christian men; Such temperance men we have enough, God give us those of nobler stuff, Who will upon election day Vote just exactly as they pray.

Hard and soft corns both yield to Hollo-way's Corn Cure, which is entirely safe to use, and certain and satisfactory in its action.

Use Coupon; Get Free Book Remember, the little illustrated book which I send free, sealed by mail, as per coupon below, not only fully describes my VITALIZER, telling of a special offer by which you may get one on special terms for use in your own case, but contains a great fund of private advice for men, some good wholesome cautions, and a lot of general information that may be of value to you to the end of your days. Therefore, please write today. to you to the end of your days. Therefore, please write today.

W. A. SANDEN CO., 140 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.



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THE ART OF FRYING.

a sweeping one and not perhaps just, yet there are very many households in

which a piece of fried fish comes to the

table in whitish grey slices or flakes, with here and there a bit of brown. When

cther things are fried they are sodden

and nasty or over-cooked and greasy.

Household Suggestions

WHAT TO PUT IN THE COOKIES.

72

In these days of small flats and houses, with scant pantry room, those who are within reach of confectioner slop or grocery store too often learn to depend on bought cake. Possibly it may be cheaper to buy than bake, as so many claim, but did you ever notice how quickly the family tires of the cheap bought cakes and biscuits? Every kind seems in the end to taste the same, and the effort to get something different, as a rule, results in the buying of what is much more expensive and much less satisfying than the home-made article.

A jar or tin of home-made cookies can be tucked away in the smallest kitchenette. As the cookies will keep indefinitely they can be prepared when the oven is not needed for other things, and the housekeeper is not too tired to enjoy making them.

If time and strength are not sufficient for rolled-out cookies, try some of the recipes for little drop cakes. You will still have the same result, a store of dainty morsels ready for any caller who drops in for five o'clock tea or an inexpensive treat for the children, large and small.

Just a couple of warnings before I give you some favorite recipes. Thoroughly chill any mixture you wish to ro'l out thin. If you do not you will have to add so much flour as to harden and spoil your cookies. Be sure to have an airtight receptacle for these little cakes when cooked, even if you have to turn out the family cookie jar and substitute a tin biscuit box

Spice Cockies-Half a cup molasses, quarter of a cup sugar, one and one-half tablespoons butter, one and one half tablespoons lard or dripping, one tablespoon milk, two cups of flour, half a teaspoon soda, half a teaspoon salt, half a teaspoon ground cloves, half a teaspoon ground cinnamon, half a teaspoon grated nutmeg. Heat molasses to boiling, add sugar, shortening, and milk. Mix and sift dry ingredients together and add to first mixture. Chill thoroughly. Take small portion out on fleured board, roll as thin as possible, cut in rounds, place on buttered baking tin and bake in a moderate oven.

Rice Cookies-Half cup butter, onethird of a cup of sugar, one egg well beaten, three-quarters of a cup of flour, half a teaspoon vanilla, raisins, nuts, or citron. Cream the butter, add sugar gradually, egg, flour, and vanilla. Drop from tip of spoon in small portions or buttered sheets two inches apart. Spread thinly with knife first dipped in cold water. Put raisins, almonds, blanched and cut in strips, or citron cut in small pieces on each cookie. Hermits-One-third cup butter, twothirds cup sugar, one egg, two tablespoons milk, one and three-quarters cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder. one third of a cup of raisins stoned and cut in small pieces, half teaspoon cinnamon, quarter teaspoon each of cloves mace and nutmeg. Cream butter, add sugar gradually, then raisins, egg well beaten, and milk. Mix and sift dry ingredients and add to first mixture. Roll not too thin. Bake in moderate oven.

leaves an unpleasant flavor, but render out all beef and mutton fat and keep that for frying. The mutton fat burns less quickly than the beef, and a mixture is good. A pure vegetable oil will become hotter than any animal fat before burning, but for ordinary use it is as yet difficult to secure pure and is more expensive than A French chef recently said that the the dripping. average English cook could no more fry than she could fly. The statement was

After every frying, pour warm water into your fat, stir well and set it aside until it is cold. Then run off the water, scrape the cake of dripping which remains, and start again with your fat fresh and clean.

Deep Frying Most Economical.

Do not be stingy with the fat. It is a mistake to think that frying in a Now this is the season when, if ever, is a mistake to think that frying in a fried food is palatable and wholesome. shallow frying pan with a small quantity

Household Suggestions--Western Home Monthly Recipes

Carefully selected recipes will be published each month. Our readers are requested to cut these out and paste in scrap book for future reference.

BEET AND CELERY SALAD

Cook till tender 4 large beets; peel and let cool; chop fine; take all the coarser stalks of a head of celery; chop fine, and add to beets. Use following Salad Dressing: upful granulated

| 1-3 cupful granulated | 1 teaspoonful salt | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| sugar | 1-3 cupful white wine vinegar | | | |
| Small piece butter | 2-3 cupful cold water | | | |
| 1/2 teaspoonful pepper | 2 well beaten eggs | | | |
| 1 teaspoonful mustard | | | | |

Mix and cook in a double boiler till thick, stirring frequently to keep it smooth; when cool add to beets and celery. A little vinegar may be added if sharper taste is desired.

CABBAGE SALAD

| 5 | tablespoonfuls milk | 1 tablespoonful sugar |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------|
| | or cream | 1 teaspoonful mustard |
| 2 | eggs | 5 tablespoonfuls vinegar |
| | Salt and | pepper to taste |

Cook until it thickens and pour over the sliced cabbage when cold, or just before serving. For an Egg Pickle thin the dressing with vinegar and milk.

WALDORF SALAD

1 cupful chopped apples 1/2 cupful chopped walnuts 1 cupful chopped celery Lettuce and salad dressing

Mix apples, celery and walnuts with salad dressing

at this moment, show you that the temperature is 350 degrees or more. A more homely test is to drop in a piece of bread, taking it out in half a minute. If it is crisp the fat is about 350 degrees or more. This is the moment to begin frying. Throw in one piece at a time of the food to be cooked, waiting a moment between each that the fat may regain

Winnipeg, September, 1913.

its heat. Never take fried things out with a fork, as the prongs breaking the hard surface let the fat through to the inside. Use a frying basket for delicate things, or a fish slice, skimmer or iron spcon for others. For fritters the basket cannot be used *ɛs* they stick to the wires.

When lifted from the fat place all fried things in a wire sieve, set on a plate or on sheets of clean paper, and set in the mouth of the oven. Keep hot.

Serve Very Hot.

All fried dishes should be served very hot. If you have them in a cold place

they will turn limp and clammy. Most things which are fried are coated with eggs and bread crumbs or flour and milk, or a batter, in order that the fat may be kept out and the juice kept in The essential thing is to cover them completely and leave no crack. Fish may be wiped and covered lightly with flcur, and vegetables well dried in a cloth. Before dropping in anything contairing much water, lift the pan off the stove as the fat is likely to bubble over and catch fire.

From Abroad

We relish cheap wine from the hills of Bordeaux.

- Because it has come from abroad. We buy English Cheddar-a cheese, as
- vou know-Because it has come from abroad.
- But tannin and sugar and water, one finds.
- Of American make, constitute these French wines;
- And New York makes "Cheddars" of numerous kinds;
- So they don't always come from abroad!
- We buy Lyons silk, for they're awfully swell,
- Because they have come from abroad. We wear French high heels, but you never can tell
- Just why they have come from abroad. We seem to forget that the mulberry grows
- From Texas to Kansas; but every one knows
- Where the leather from Newark and Omaha goes-

To the makers who use it abroad!

Chocolate Cookies-Half cup butter. one cup sugar, one egg, quarter teaspoon salt, two ounces chocolate, two and a half scant cups of fleur, two teaspoons baking powder, quarter of a cup of milk. Cream butter, adding sugar gradually, egg well beaten, salt, and chocolate melted. Beat well and add flour sifted with baking powder, alternately with milk, Chill, roll very thin, shape with small cutter, first dipped in flour; bake **in** moderate oven.

Rice Cakes-Half a pound of rice flour, quarter of a pound of castor sugar, quarter of a pound of butter, one egg. Beat butter to a cream, stir in rice flour and pounded sugar, moisten the whole with the eggs well beaten. Roll out, cut in small rounds, and bake in a very slow oven twelve to eighteen minutes.

and arrange on lettuce leaves or in apple shells, made by removing top from red apples scooping out inside (leave sufficient to enable apples to retain shape). Fill with salad and place on lettuce.

SALAD DRESSING

Three eggs, beaten well; mix 1/2 cupful sugar with 1 large teaspoonful mustard, a little pepper and salt, and stir into beaten eggs and beat again; add melted butter, size of walnut, 1 cupful milk; boil 1 cupful vinegar and stir into it the above ingredients; cook until it thickens.

It will often tempt children and older persons to eat the fat they need in cold weather when in simpler forms they turn from it in disgust.

The first requirement for success is sweet, pure fat. Some people think any scraps of fat which cannot be used in any other way is good enough for frying. Others think that to succeed they must use the best of butter. Neither extremes is wise, butter scorehes too quickly to be used alone, while any fat having a disagrecable taste becomes still stronger when heated and flavors everything cooked in it.

The Best Medium.

The best medium for what may be called rough frying that is to say, the frying of dishes which are in every day use is classified dripping. Never on and rever before. The failures are the ary account use dripping which has not result of using fat that is only half heated.

of fat is economical. Deep frying, which means frying in sufficient fat to cover what is fried, and a pan deep enough to contain it, is much more economical. The fat can with occasional additions be used over and over again, and if properly heated does not soak into the food which ecmes out quite dry.

Whatever You Fry, However You Fry, First Heat Your Fat.

Use iron or steel pans, as enamel eracks and solder melts under the intense heat. When you are going to fry, set your fat to melt slowly at the back of the stove. Then draw it to a hot place and bring it quickly to the beil, watching it all the time. When it stops bubbling and is quite still, with a thin blue smoke beginning to rise, it is ready for frying, We buy olive oil from Italia fair, Because it has come from abroad. For only the genuine can come from there.

Because that, you know, is abroad.

But we seem to forget, when we savor this oil.

That the peanut and cottonseed grow on our soil;

So smug foreign tags their identity spoil.

Just because they don't come from abroad!

Let us come to our senses; we can only dream.

Of things that may come from abroad; Imported goods may not be just what they seem.

Although they have come from abroad. We can make better oil, we can make

better shoes,

And half as much more than we ever can use.

Let us come to our senses; we can only amuse

The eyes that look on from abroad! -Edwin W. Jones.

An Inspiring Model

Little Johnnie, having in his possession couple of bantam hens, which laid very small eggs, suddenly hit on a plan. Going the next morning to the fowl-run. Johnnie's father was surprised to find an osteach egg tied to one of the beams, and almost it a card, with the words: "Keep been chailed. Never use had, which A special thermemeter would, if used yeth eye on this and do your best."

Ghe LIGI Home-Made Gas ^{on} Farm RCHE HON

ARE YOU A SLAVE TO YOUR FARM? Are your women folk martyrs to your crops or your cows? Are all of you working like Trojans and putting up with inconveniences and discomforts that sap your energy and courage and take the "fun" out of it all.

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WOULDN'T YOU LIKE TO RELIEVE THE SITUATION?

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We set up and equip individual home gas lighting plants in Farm Houses, Country Stores, Halls, Churches, Schools, Theatres, and rural buildings of every kind.

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FORE

This modern system of home-made gas is creating a revolution in farm life. It is, giving ci ty comforts and conveniences to prairie homes-adding years to the life and happiness of women and youngsters on the farm. Once installed in your homes you would not be without it for one hundred times its cost. And this wonderful acetylene light is the simplest, safest and least troublesome of all lights

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OUR PROPOSAL

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