

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 45--No. 30.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916.

Whole No. 2324.

Teacher Wanted.

Teacher wanted for S. S. No. 8, Ekfrid. Apply, stating salary and qualifications, to James McRae, Secretary, R. R. No. 3, Glencoe. 241

Teacher Wanted.

Protestant teacher for School Section No. 7, Ekfrid; duties to begin September 5; state salary, experience and qualifications. David F. Eddie, Glencoe. 214

Wells Drilled.

Farmers and others who desire to have water wells drilled will be promptly served by leaving information with Mr. John McMillan at the McKellar House. 32

Henry Harvey.

Came into the premises of McAlpine Bros., lot 23, Ekfrid, one yearling Hereford steer. Owner may have the same by proving property and paying for this ad.—Mac McAlpine. 243

Price \$9,000, 150 Acres.

Good soil, buildings \$2,000, good locality, gravel roads, gravel pit, valuable timber. All crops except included.—E. Ash, Route 4, Glencoe. 24

Cream Wanted.

Will receive cream daily throughout the week, Saturday afternoons excepted during the warm weather. Cream wagon will be on its route again this summer. Cash for eggs.—Alex. McNeil. 191

For Sale.

A home in Glencoe; half acre of land, with brick house and good barn. Located on McKellar Street. Apply G. M. Barker, Glencoe. 191

NOTICE!

Wm. Muirhead will take Cream and Eggs at Houston's office, Glencoe. Wagons will also be collecting. Cash paid for eggs. Get our proposition about cream.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

Voters' Lists, 1916

Municipality of the Village of Newbury in the County of Middlesex.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of The Ontario Voters' Lists Act the copies required by the said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections of members of the Legislative Assembly and at municipal elections, and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Newbury on the 15th day of July, 1916, and remains there for inspection. And I hereby declare that I have taken immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law. Dated at Newbury this 15th day of July, 1916. CHARLES TUCKER, Clerk of Municipality of Newbury.

A. B. McDONALD Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main Street, Glencoe. Phone 74. 64

DENTISTRY R. J. MUMFORD, D. D. S., L. D. S., Office over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone 96.

JAMES POOLE Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

WEATHER INSURANCE

Insure against loss by wind and storm in The Ontario Wind and Weather Insurance Company on Grand Valley, the best known and most reliable weather insurance company doing business in Ontario. J. C. WATTEWORTH Agent, Glencoe. Phone 59

CHANTRY FARM Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls. ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont. L. D. Phone, Kerwood Central

G. G. McNaughton Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance. Phone Bothwell U. & R. P. O. Newbury No. 441. R. R. No. 2.

J. B. COUGH & SON Furniture Dealers Funeral Directors MAIN STREET - GLENCOE Phone: Day 23, Night 93

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

SILVERWARE CUT GLASS HAND PAINTED CHINA

SILVER	
Casseroles, ebony handles, \$4.00	Berry Spoons, \$1.00 to \$2.75
Tea Sets, \$10.00 to \$25.00	Meat Forks, 85c to \$3.00
Dish Dishes, \$1.00 to \$15.00	Cream Ladles, \$1.35
Butter Dishes, \$2.50 to \$4.50	Butter Knives, 75c to \$1.25
Bread Trays, \$2.25 to \$4.75	Tea Spoons (Rodgers), per doz
Fern Pots, \$3.00 to \$5.25	Wine Glasses, 1 dozen, \$1.80
Sugar Dishes, \$2.75 to \$3.75	Jelly Dishes, \$3.00
Bon Bon Dishes, \$1.75 to \$3.00	Bon Bon Dishes, \$2.50 to \$3.75

CUT GLASS	
Fruit Bowls, \$4.25 to \$5.50	Spoon Trays, \$2.50 to \$3.75
Comports (special cut), \$2.75	Vases, \$1.00 to \$8.50
Cream and Sugar, \$1.75 to \$5.00	Wine Decanter, \$3.25
Jugs, \$3.50	Wine Glasses, 1 dozen, \$1.80
Water Bottles, \$5.50	Jelly Dishes, \$3.00
Tumblers, per 1 doz, \$5.00	Bon Bon Dishes, \$2.50 to \$3.75

HAND-PAINTED CHINA

Bon Bon Dishes, 10c to \$1.50; Sugar Racks, 50c; Mayonnaise Sets, \$1.25; Butter Tubs, 75c to \$1.50; Cake Plates, \$1.25 to \$2.75; Salt Dips, per dozen, \$1.80; Divided Dishes, \$2.00; Salad Dishes, 90c to \$1.25; Fruit Dishes, \$1.75; Nut Bowls, \$1.50 to \$2.75; Sugar and Cream Sets, \$1.25 to \$2.50; Jelly Dishes, 75c to \$1.35; Brown Betty Tea Set, three pieces, \$6.50; Salt and Peppers, per pair, 35c to 75c.

C. E. Davidson - Jeweler

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED

GRADUATE OPTICIAN

THE NORTH END GROCERY

BOOTS AND SHOES ICE CREAM

A full line of STAPLE GROCERIES and CONFECTIONERY, always fresh and reliable

We handle STERLING SHOES at rock bottom prices.

The place to buy your FRUIT.

VAIR & BALKWILL'S ICE CREAM—nothing better on the market.

A trial will convince you that our prices are right.

Goods delivered anywhere in town.

C. GEORGE

Phone 22

Keith's Cash Store

Wednesday Half Holiday for three months, beginning June 14th, to September 13th.

P. D. KEITH

THE CENTRAL GROCERY

We now have the largest and best assorted stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries in Glencoe. Our turnover is such that everything on our shelves is fresh all the time.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Vegetables arriving daily. Watch our windows. Special values now offering in bulk Teas and Coffee. Try them. Highest prices paid for produce in cash or trade. Get our prices before selling.

HAVE YOU TRIED OUR ICE CREAM?

We are selling Silverwood's "Smoother Than Velvet," and it is all the name implies. We take pride in offering you the very best Ice Cream that can be made, only pure cream being used, and manufactured in a modern and sanitary plant by expert workmen. Call and take some home with you. It is wholesome, nourishing and refreshing.

W. A. CURRIE & CO.

Phone 41. Goods promptly delivered anywhere in town.

Red Cedar Shingles

Do not "CLOSE THE DEAL" for your roof until you let us figure with you. Our 5X B. C. Shingles make a cheap and permanent job.

Galvanized Iron Roofing

We sell this Roofing and it will pay you to get our prices.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Planing Mill and Lumber Yard GLENCOE, ONT. Beaver Board and Fibre Board in stock

District and General.

There are thirty-one battalion brass bands in Camp Borden.

Farmers at Wabash have been selling hay out of the fields at \$5 per load. British war expenditures have now reached a total of more than \$30,000,000 daily.

The war is adding about \$10,000,000 every week to the national debt of Canada.

Miss Mary Benner, of Alvinston, has been engaged to teach the school in section 21, Yarmouth.

Arkona village council will put a stop to all coaster wagons, bicycles, etc., running on the sidewalks.

Strathroy has presented to the 135th Battalion the next proceeds of the sale of July celebration, amounting to \$1,470.61.

Frank Knifeton, a former St. Thomas barber, is charged at Toronto with fraudulently obtaining money by posing as a doctor.

London has decided to go back to standard time after a trial of the daylight-saving scheme. Much confusion and inconvenience were occasioned by the innovation.

Pte. Lorne Gough, of Alvinston, who has been on the firing line in France for some months, was slightly wounded in action on June 5th, but is now back in the trenches.

Dr. Hastings, Ontario medical officer of health, advises people to eat less meat and avoid patent medicines if they wish to keep cool and enjoy good health during the hot weather.

Bob Ray, M. C. R. engineer, lost a \$150 diamond ring at Port St. Mary. Mr. Ray went into the lake for a swim and left the diamond with his wife, and it is supposed to have dropped out of her purse.

The West Lorne Branch of the Dominion Canners have opened their factory for the season. At present they are canning peas, which on account of the wet spring and dry summer, are later than usual.

James Garthhouse, a well-known farmer of Etobicoke township, York county, is dead, aged 85. He had one of the finest herds of Shorthorn cattle in Canada. One of his sons, John, was warden of York county.

Near Port Elgin a cow, chased by a dog, ran between the headlights of a motor car coming down the road and broke her neck. The motor car, which had been brought almost to a standstill, was not very badly damaged.

Girls and boys under fifteen are not allowed on the streets of Alvinston after 8:30 in the evening unless accompanied by their parents. The constable gives notice in the local paper that the law will be strictly enforced.

Pte. George Stonefish, of Moravian town, is expected back from the front. Stonefish is a crack shot and was one of the first Indians to enlist. He writes: "Get big crowd, me tell 'em how Germans came up, we shoot 'em off."

After a heavy rainstorm at Sarnia on Thursday afternoon there was four feet of water in the St. Clair tunnel and the electric power which operates tunnel trains was cut off. For several hours Grand Trunk tunnel traffic was routed via Detroit.

George Keys, hydro line man at Petrolia, came to his death by an electric shock, caused by a passing automobile on the highway coming in contact with the construction wire. The contact causing the construction wire to come in contact with the high tension wire.

Richard Atkinson, farmer, of Bidolph township, whose house was struck and fatally injured Edward Pritchett on June 19th, will be tried for manslaughter at the Middlesex fall assizes. Policemen testified that Atkinson was under the influence of liquor at the time of the accident.

Peter Lavan, a foreigner who has been working as a farm hand in Metcalfe and Brooke, has been arrested at Toronto on a charge laid by Robert F. Toobill, of Napier, whose barns were destroyed by fire several months ago. Lavan was working for Mr. Toobill at the time of the fire and it is alleged that he was responsible for the destruction of the buildings.

The death occurred at the home of his daughter at Delhi on July 15th of Nathan McLellan from the infirmities of old age. He was 88 years of age, and was born in Ekfrid. He resided for many years in that township and for some time with his daughter, the late Mrs. D. J. Campbell, in Dunwich. He is survived by two sons, David and Duncan McLellan, of London, and one daughter, Mrs. Kent, Delhi. The remains were brought to Middlesex and interred in the Murray cemetery.

Twenty Years Ago.

A. B. McGregor appointed Appin postmaster.

Young Glencoe afflicted with chickenpox.

Glencoe civic holiday and Presbyterian Sunday School excursion to Port Stanley July 28.

Barns of Duncan Smith, Euphemia, burned by lightning.

Reopening of Appin Methodist church July 25.

John W. McCracken accidentally killed at Chas. Bateman's barn raising in Caradoc.

Fire in Glencoe, July 23, destroys Clannahan's sash and door factory, Burns' Presbyterian church and house occupied by Peter Skill.

Sunday School established at Tait's Corners.

Realt Orderlies are sold and guaranteed by Rexall Drug Stores, as an effective and mild laxative, 15c and 25c.—J. A. Scott.

PASSED FOR PROMOTION

Results of Midsummer Examinations in Public Schools.

Following are the names of pupils who passed the examinations for promotion in the public schools of this district, so far as received for publication. In some instances, for reasons not stated, the names are not arranged either alphabetically or in order of merit.

Glencoe Public School.

Junior Fourth to Senior Fourth—Frances Moss, Agnes McEachern, Helen McCutcheon, Catharine Stuart, Marion Owen, Annie George, Mammie Grant, Gertrude Manders.

Senior Third to Junior Fourth—Jessie Currie 388, Lloyd Farrell 373, Mary Simpson 527, Sarah Mitchell 365, Frances Sutherland 424, Hazel McAlpine 381, George McCracken 491, R. D. McDonald 425, Jean McCracken 367.

Junior Third to Senior Third—Marion Copeland, Jack McIntosh, Albert Anderson, Clifford Ewing, Sadie Young, Gladys Bechill, Ulea Moore, Willie Quick, Cecil McAlpine, Floyd Jelley.

Senior Second to Junior Third—Pat Curry 345, Grace Dalgaty 382, Gladys Eddie 424, John Hillman 323, Mariner McCracken 320, Margaret McDonald 388, Florence McEachern 418, Mary Quick 340, Leslie Reeves 367, Arlie Parrott 354, John Simpson 389, Rodrick Stuart 374, Nola Stuart 410, Alexander Sutherland 327, Muriel Weekes 360, Stuart Weir 314, Marion McLellan 330.

Junior Second to Senior Second—Wilhelmina Wehlmann, Willie Diamond, Jessie Wilson, Gladys Wilson, Sherman McAlpine, May McIntosh, Joe Grant, Jim Donaldson, Emma Reycraft, Glen Allen.

Senior First to Junior Second—Evelyn Allen 275, Wilfrid Haggitt 246, Willie Moss 274, Thelma McCaffery 231, Isabel McCracken 225, Eleanor Sutherland 221, Marvin Watterworth 230, Mabel Wright 279.

Junior First to Senior First—Garnet Ewing, Irene McCaffery, Delbert Hicks, Florence McCracken, Gordon Stevenson.

Primer to First—Mildred Anderson, Norman Congdon, Dorothy Dean, Billy Doull, Leonard Donaldson, Donna McAlpine, Vera McCaffery, Marjory McLarty, Laura Reycraft, Winnifred Snelgrove, Lyman Stuart, Willie Stuart.

No. 5, Ekfrid.

First to Second—Robert A. McKellar 248 (hon.), Margaret Gates 237 (hon.), Georgina Smith 218, Alice Gardiner 267.

Second to Third—Viola Squire 383 (hon.), Mabel Smith 339, Jean Holman 342.

Third to Fourth—Gertrude Lovell 476 (hon.), Charles Squire 493.

Entrance—Margaret Lovell (hon.), Florence Hurley.

JEAN WOOD, Teacher.

No. 7, Ekfrid.

First to Second—Russell Campbell 258, Joe McVicar 278, Elva Sutton 290.

Second to Third—Robert Carruthers 441, A. D. McVicar 376, Flora McKellar 433.

No. 1, Mosa.

First to Second—Isabel Cameron 212, Irene Gould 268, Ruby McQuillan 240, Sarah 259, Elmer Thompson 210, Lita Gould 262.

Second to Third—Helen Cameron 440, Charles Kook 406, Ernest McCutcheon 391, Mary Simpson 288, (on trial), L. L. QUIGLEY, Teacher.

No. 3, Mosa.

First—Edith Lumley 250, Blanche Whitlock 254.

Second—Alice Harvey 370, Roy Whitfield 382, Elliott Whitfield 378, William Whitlock 341, Norman Whitfield 467, Walter Whitfield 491.

No. 12, Mosa.

Jr. Fourth to Sr. Fourth—A. D. McVicar 594.

Third to Fourth—Dan McVicar 384, Jr. Third to Sr. Third—Wilson McLean 414, Emerson McVicar 378, Ella Quick 330.

Second to Third—Sarah Mitchell 388, W. H. Quick 385.

First to Second—V. A. Quick 250, S. C. Purcell 230, Winnifred McLean 238, Bruce McLean 235.

Primer—A to First—Barbara E. McVicar, Jean McVicar.

B to A—Misa B. Purcell, C to B—Anna Barbara McVicar, Carrie McLean, Maggie May McLean, Nelsa McVicar, Gladys Mahoney, Cecil Goldrick, George Ritchie.

Field Crop Competition.

The following is the standing of the field crop competition of the Mosa & Ekfrid Agricultural Society—

1.—James Lethbridge 87 per cent.

2.—John Gould 86 "

3.—Christopher McCallum 854 "

4.—Arthur Williams 85 "

5.—James McRae 84 "

6.—Duncan McKellar 84 "

7.—J. Zoller 83 "

FRUIT BULLETIN

Every housewife can put down a good supply of Canadian Raspberries. The very best of all Niagara.

Black Currants are also now at their best for canning. Monitor.

Cherries are at their best.

Have your grocer order at once. Look for this label on the basket. It's your guarantee of Honest Fruit, Niagara grown.

EAT MORE CANADIAN FRUIT

Dread Child Plague.

New York has for several days past been in the throes of a plague of infantile paralysis. The medical forces of that great city are working 24 hours a day to stem the inroads of the dread and baffling disease, which is taking a terrible toll of human life.

Ontario has watched with awe the course of the strange epidemic across the border. Two suspected cases are reported from Windsor, and the provincial health authorities have promptly taken steps to meet the danger.

Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, Provincial Chief Officer of Health, has issued a warning bulletin urging citizens throughout Ontario to guard against the possibility of an outbreak in Ontario of the epidemic. Major McCullough stated that in one town in Ontario—the name of which he did not care to disclose—several cases had been reported, while others are suspected.

While the cause of the disease is as yet unknown, said Major McCullough, "it is believed that infantile paralysis is spread from one child to another by means of the secretions of the nose and mouth by direct transfer. It is possible also that it is spread by flies which have been in contact with intestinal discharges. It may be come widespread in the country as well as in the crowded city districts, and persons who have been in contact with cases of the disease may harbor the contagion and give it to others without contracting the disease themselves. That is, they are carriers."

Dr. McCullough suggests that the following methods be adopted to avoid an epidemic:

(1) Every case must be quarantined for a period of six weeks.

(2) All children who have been in contact with a case must be quarantined and kept under observation for a period of two weeks.

(3) All members of the family who are wage earners may be allowed to go about their work subject to the regulations of the Provincial Board and on the discretion of the Medical Officer of Health.

(4) Where there is an outbreak, gatherings of children, such as picnics, picture shows and playgrounds, should be prohibited.

(5) The source of origin of each case should be carefully inquired into in order that proper quarantine may be maintained.

(6) In houses where cases appear, all doors and windows should be screened, the premises kept clean, and no accumulation of garbage or waste permitted.

(7) All cases should be notified to the Medical Officer of Health and by him to the Chief Officer of the Provincial Board.

(8) Mild cases, showing slight headache, rise of temperature and vomiting for a few days, with slight muscular weakness and absence of paralysis, should be quarantined. These are probably one of the chief sources of contagion.

(9) As infantile paralysis is a most serious disease and in the present epidemic giving a high death rate, the public is urged to second the efforts of the authorities in every way in order to prevent a severe outbreak in the Province.

(10) All materials, such as cloths, etc., carrying secretions and discharges from patients, should be burned, boiled or disinfected.

(11) If the disease shows any tendency to spread, special quarantine measures may be necessary.

Junior Diploma Examination.

At the recent Junior Diploma examination at Glencoe there were four candidates. Three of these were successful. The following are their names:—Eddie Leitch, John Leitch, Effie McKellar.

Thirty Years Ago.

James Leitch, Mosa, fatally hurt when team runs away in hay field.

Newbury defeats Glencoe at ball at Newbury, 18 to 11.

Glencoe council grants \$50 towards supplying water for sprinkling Main street.

Army worm does great damage to oats and corn in Ontario.

G. T. R. Loop Line employees' excursion to Detroit July 25th.

Aberdeen (Woodburn) Mills receives first grist of new wheat July 15th.

Noon G. T. R. express in collision with local freight at Thamesville. Engineer Booth killed.

High school board engages W. N. Bell principal and P. J. Thompson first assistant. There were 65 applicants for the positions.

Mosa township tax rate reduced to 12 mills on the dollar.

Wheat yield good, but not up to expectations.

Thunderstorm at Appin shatters roof of Donnelly's hotel; strikes Geo. Black's barn where men are engaged mowing away wheat, knocking Mr. Black down and hurling fork from his hand across barn, sets fire to wheat sheaves, which the men promptly throw out of the barn and save the building; horse made deaf by thunder shock.

Baseball Schedule.

Wednesday, July 26—Alvinston at Glencoe.

Friday, July 28—Appin at Alvinston.

Wednesday, August 2—Glencoe at Appin.

Friday, August 4—Thamesville at Alvinston.

Appin at Glencoe.

TO GO TO THE FRONT SOON

Middlesex Battalion Receives Orders to be in Readiness.

On Wednesday of last week Lieut. Col. Robson, officer commanding the 135th Battalion, now in training at Camp Borden, received word from Ottawa to have his battalion ready to leave by August 1st.

According to the order, no chaplain, assistant adjutant, junior major, signalling officers or supernumeraries will be taken with the battalion.

No reason is given for this order. Eleven officers, some of whom are well known in Glencoe, will therefore be left behind. They are Major Stuart, Captain Dancy, Fletcher and Graham, and Lieuts. Ashley, Ashwell, Anderson, Judd, Millman, Singleton and Uhlen.

Acts Bravely in Runaway.

Appin, July 21.—What might have been a very serious accident occurred last evening on the farm of James Lotan, just south of the railway

GOOD RICH BLOOD MEANS GOOD HEALTH

Just a Little More Rich, Red Blood Cures Most Ailments.

The lack of sufficient rich, red blood does not end merely in a pale complexion. It is much more serious. Bloodless people are tired, languid, run-down folk who do not enjoy life. Food does not nourish; there's indigestion, heart palpitation, headache, backache and nearly always nervousness. If this bloodlessness is neglected too long, a decline is sure to follow. Just a little more rich, red blood cures all these troubles. Then you have new health, new vitality and pleasure in life. To get more rich, red blood the remedy is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. No other medicine increases and enriches the blood so quickly or so surely. This is not a mere claim. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done this over and over again and that is why thousands of people always have a good word to say for this medicine. Miss Gertrude Haffner, Kingston, Ont., says: "About two years ago I was suffering greatly with anemia, so much so that I had to give up my situation. I became so weak that I could scarcely walk without help. I had no ambition, no color, no appetite and was constantly troubled with headaches and dizzy spells. I was taking medicine from the doctor, but it did not do me a particle of good. One day a friend asked me if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Though at first I was greatly discouraged, I began the use of the pills, and thanks to that good friend's advice after using a few boxes I began to feel much better. Under the continued use of the pills I gained in weight, my color came back, and I grew gradually stronger. I looked so much better that people would ask me what I was taking and I had no hesitation in giving the credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I am so grateful for what this medicine has done for me that I will do all I can to extend its use."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FOOD PRICES IN GERMANY.

Table Shows War Increase—Butter Over 66 Cents a Pound.

Food stuffs are getting more and more costly in Germany! According to the statistical office prices of some foods have trebled. No figures are given on the price of different kinds of meat, cheese, farinaceous foods and so on. There are other products also of which no report has been given for more than a year.

The variation of prices of different articles since the war began is shown in the table below.

The prices are given in so many pfennig per pound; 100 pfennig is equivalent to about 24 cents.

Table:	1914.	1916.
Potatoes (10 lbs.)	30	95
Landeberwurst	110	240
Herrings (single)	7½	28
Table butter	144	280
Margarine	80	200
Salad oil	100	260
Rye flour	18	22
Wheat flour	33	58
Beans (pr'd. 21 lbs.)	32	42
Carrots (pr'd. 21 lbs.)	120	550
Cocoa	100	339
Chocolate powder	21	30
Sugar	21	30
Salt	11	12

It's an easy matter to fool anyone, including yourself.

Grape-Nuts

(Made in Canada)

embodies the full, rich nutriment of whole wheat combined with malted barley. This combination gives it a distinctive, delicious flavour unknown to foods made from wheat alone.

Only selected grain is used in making Grape-Nuts and through skillful processing it comes from the package fresh, crisp, untouched by hand, and ready to eat.

Through long baking, the energy producing starches of the grain are made wonderfully easy of digestion.

A daily ration of this splendid food yields a marvelous return of health and comfort.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere, Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

WHAT THE OCEAN WAVES CAN DO

APPALLING FORCE OF THE GREAT ROLLERS.

Some Wonderful Examples of the Strength of the Mighty Deep.

If war were not filling every page of every newspaper, we should have been thrilled by descriptions of the awful storm which recently swept across the West Indies and the Gulf of Mexico, says London Answers.

Galveston, the great cotton port, was turned into an island, and the McClellan, a large army transport, was lifted by one gigantic wave and set down half a mile inland, where she now lies high and dry.

Unless you have been in a storm at sea—or, rather, out in the ocean—it is impossible to imagine the strength of the enormous rollers.

These green hills of water, crested with snowy foam are sometimes forty feet high, and the distance between one crest and the next as much as a quarter of a mile. Such waves travel at a speed of between thirty and forty miles an hour.

350 Feet Above Sea-Level.

These huge ocean waves, disporting themselves on top of water two or three miles deep, are not dangerous unless a ship be driven into them. It is when they come crashing into shallow water that they pile themselves up into real mountains and achieve such extraordinary feats of power.

Near the Eddystone Lighthouse the sea is 200 fathoms, or 1,200 feet, deep. Within a little distance this decreases to thirty fathoms. Here storm-waves heap up into real mountains of solid water fully one hundred feet in height.

In a westerly gale the Atlantic breaks with incredible force on the huge, bare cliffs of the Irish coast. Here Lord Dunraven has actually measured waves which struck the rocks one hundred and fifty feet above sea-level.

Yet even this is child's play with what happens in the Mariana Islands. Here is a giant pillar of rock known as Lot's Wife. It stands three hundred and fifty feet clear above the surface of the ocean, yet in storms the spray drenches it to its topmost pinnacle.

Drowned by the Thousand.

The Bishop's Rock lies between the Scillies and Land's End, and is exposed to the full force of the winter gales. At the top of the massive tower there used to be a great bell, used for warning in fogs. In one storm a wave washed this bell clean away and covered the upper gallery with sand. This gallery is just one hundred feet above ordinary high-tide.

The greatest waves—apart from the true earthquake waves—are those caused by cyclones or circular storms. In such a storm the barometer may be lower by three inches in the centre of the storm than at its edge. The consequence of this tremendous reduction of pressure is that the sea in the vortex rises high above the usual level, and in this way are produced waves of appalling size and height.

It was a wave of this type which, in the dreadful cyclone of 1876, swept upon the mouth of the Ganges, and drove in over an area the size of Devonshire. By marks upon the trees it was ascertained that this great wall of salt water rolled in forty-five feet high. The damage done was appalling and more than one hundred thousand unfortunate natives were drowned.

Carried Over the Tree-Tops.

One of the worst hurricanes of which we have any record was that which swept Karatonga, in the Pacific Ocean, in the year 1846. Believe it or not, a vessel from Tahiti was lifted by the great wave, carried over the tops of the palm-trees, and dropped far inland. The captain, who survived, deposed on oath that he felt the tree-tops grating against the schooner's timbers as she was swept along on the crest of this monstrous roller!

The greatest of ordinary wind-waves are seen in the so-called "Roaring Forties," south of Cape Horn. They rise to forty-six feet. The Bay of Biscay deserves its bad name, for there waves thirty-six feet high have been measured. In the North Sea waves do not exceed fourteen feet, but they are steep and very dangerous, while in the Mediterranean fifteen feet seems to be the limit.

DUBLIN'S PITIFUL RUINS.

Fairest and Richest Part of City is in Condition of Ruins.

The fairest and the richest part of Dublin, the centre of its life, is in the condition of Ypres or Rheims. The stately thoroughfare in which it just took pride as one of the finest in Europe is a desert of hideous ruins, and acres of the handsome business streets surrounding it, hives of stirring commerce, are simply obliterated. This is the work chiefly of bombardment and of conflagrations started by bombardment. (Had the authorities taken the most ordinary routine measures of protection and placed a guard of even 25 men on the alert at the General Post Office and other strategic positions which they knew, or ought to have known, were to be attacked, no

such bombardment would have been called for; the rising would have been nipped in the bud.) Not merely are the streets destroyed, but so are the money-making and employment giving businesses that were carried on there. And some of the tokens of Dublin's claim to be a national metropolis, the marks of her civilization, are gone likewise. Her Royal Hibernian Academy, which had just been holding its annual exhibition of pictures, looks with its skeleton walls and its battered friezes like a building in Pompeii—or perhaps like the Library of Louvain.

HOW TO CREATE AN ESTATE.

The Way a Man May Have Something When Old Age Creeps Upon Him.

As a means of preventing poverty and as a method by which families deprived by death of the providing member may not become objects of charity, there has never in the world been anything devised which equals the power for good as a well-managed life insurance company.

Life insurance as developed to-day is of the greatest economic value. It is the bonding together of many men, and the paying in of certain sums by each, to minimize the financial loss experienced by other members of the company.

Life insurance in the beginning was solely for protection, but variations in the different forms which exist to-day have been brought forth to meet the demands of the public, as they arose from time to time, but we believe the farther a company varies from the primal idea—namely protection—the less is its power for good.

As an investment we have nothing to say against it, and the vast accumulations of surplus which the different companies have made and which they hold for policyholders speaks for itself, but the principle of making provision is often lost sight of in the attempt to create an asset, at a future date, for a person's own benefit.

It is a curious thing that no matter how badly a man may need life insurance, he has a tendency to side-step it until he is finally caught, and, as has been aptly said, some men get life insurance to-day much in the same manner as they get religion. His emotions must be appealed to, and he often takes the step in a moment of enthusiasm; generally he is pleased with himself afterwards, and if he is a right-thinking and a proper business man he seldom or never lapses his policy.

In going over the daily press week by week and year by year, we see the probates of wills of many people, and we are often astounded by the smallness of the estate, if any, to take care of those left behind, and in many cases we find that the principal asset, when any, is usually a life insurance policy taken out by the breadwinner.

The building of an estate at the present time, or even at any time, is a tedious and long-drawn-out matter. It is not generally known that fully 95 per cent. of the people who enter business fail during some time or other. Neither is it generally known that fully 97 per cent. of the public, when they attain advanced age, have little or nothing to live upon. If even a small fortune is to be accumulated it must be wisely and intelligently managed, and when people are so busy, as they are to-day, endeavoring to make ends meet, they have not much time at their disposal to look into investments.

By putting aside a small sum yearly, as one's means permit, the moment the first payment is made on a life insurance policy an estate is created of the face value of the policy, and if a man would only continue to add to this, in the best years of his earning capacity, he would have something when old age creeps upon him which would be security against many of the troubles he might have to meet, and if he has this sum at his disposal when he comes to advanced age he will have many people anxious to give him the comforts to which he is entitled.

Beattie's Smile.

One evening the mother of a 3-year-old miss said: "Beattie, I see you yawning. It is time you were in bed."

"I wasn't yawning, mother," replied Beattie; "that was a new kind of a smile."

Keep Minard's Lintiment in the house.

Time Will Alter This.

"How long have they been married?"

"Only a few months, I think. Anyhow his wife gets up in the morning to have breakfast with him."

House Conscripts.

A national convention of Austrian women, according to reports published in the latest German papers, unanimously adopted a resolution calling upon the Government to introduce "compulsory service" for women in the form of one year's instruction in housekeeping. The "service" should be performed, the convention further resolved, after girls and young women have concluded their ordinary schooling and before marriage.

BRIGGS' ARE CLEAN FLY MATS NO STICKINESS
G.C. Briggs & Sons
HAMILTON
PRICE 5¢

The Summer "Life-Savers"

are fruit, cereals and green vegetables. Meat in Summer overtaxes the liver and kidneys, potatoes cause intestinal fermentation. Get away from the heavy Winter diet; give Nature a chance. One or two Shredded Wheat Biscuits, served with milk or cream or fresh fruit, make a deliciously nourishing, satisfying meal. Such a diet means good digestion, good health and plenty of strength for the day's work. All the goodness of the wheat in a digestible form. For breakfast with milk or cream; for luncheon with fresh fruits. Made in Canada

PUT BAN ON ALL DOCUMENTS.

No Printed Matter Can Be Taken Over German Frontier.

Unprecedentedly harsh regulations are now in force regarding the carrying of any written or printed matter over the German frontiers. The following notice has just been promulgated by the military authorities:

1. Travellers on principle may take nothing written or printed across the Imperial frontiers.
2. Letters, post-cards, or other communications must be sent through the post.
3. Exceptions to the above are letters or documents, written or printed, especially business papers, if (a) the taking of them is absolutely necessary to fulfill the object of the trip; (b) they are confined to the smallest possible dimensions; and (c) they have been officially examined and sealed up before arrival at the frontier.
4. Travellers can only reckon with safety on being permitted to take documents across the frontier if the envelope or packet containing them bears an undamaged seal.

Minard's Lintiment used by Physicians.

Not the Man.

Aydupe—"My love for you, dear Miss Roxley, is like a consuming fire that burns everything in its path."

"Miss Roxley—"Then I fear it would be unwise to choose such a husband to handle my money."

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids, inflammation by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Minard's Eye Remedy. No Smearing, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Salve 25c. For Sale at the Eye Specialist's Druggists or Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Going to an Extreme.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne, "But that fact doesn't justify some of us in being proud of how little we know."

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Utterly Worthless.

"No, you can't marry him. He's too no-account."

"You ought not to say that, dad. He may have some good points that you have overlooked."

"No chance. I mopped up the floor with him just now and he didn't even make a good map."

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for \$30.00. Cured him with \$1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINTIMENT and sold him for \$85.00. Profit on Lintiment, \$54.

MOISE DEROSCE.

Hotel Keeper, St. Philippe, Que.

Memories of Sermons.

Parson Prosy—"We need a night watchman for the church. If I give you the job, do you think you can keep awake?"

Aplicant—"Do you preach at night?"

Minard's Lintiment Ziemerman's Friend

A Moving Target.

A Highlander with bagpipes entered the street and commenced his plaintive lay, at the same time marching up and down in time-honored fashion. "Why does he move about all the time he plays?" asked Johnny of his father.

"I don't know," answered the lad's father, wearily, "unless it is to prevent me getting the range with the inkpot."

Got Him.

Two men were cycling past a prison wall. "I wonder where you would be if the prison had its due?" remarked one.

"Riding alone," replied the other.

When a man goes into a restaurant and is given a shock fowl, he is very apt to lose his respect for old age.

JOKE WAS ON THE SURGEON.

Declined Pocketbook Which Contained Double His Fee.

Velpau, the great French surgeon, successfully performed a serious operation on a little child. The mother, overjoyed, called at the surgeon's office, and said:

"Monsieur, my child's life is saved, and I do not know how to express my gratitude to you. Allow me, however, to present you this pocket-book embroidered by my own hands."

The great surgeon smiled sarcastically. "Madame," he said, "my art is not merely a matter of feeling. My life has its necessities, like yours. Allow me, therefore, to decline your charming present, and to request some more substantial remuneration."

"But, monsieur," asked the woman, "what remuneration do you desire?"

"Five thousand francs."

The lady quietly opened the pocket-book, which contained ten notes of one thousand francs each, counted out five of them and, politely handing them to the amazed physician, retired with the remainder.

How to Keep Yourself Looking Young.

It has been proven that the woman who protects her skin will keep herself free from wrinkles and marks of age far longer than the woman who says "Oh no, I never do anything for my complexion."

If your skin is not naturally clear and fresh, or if it is afflicted with wrinkles, or if you are afflicted with the ravages of wind, sun and weather, the regular and persistent use of USIT will soon restore to your complexion its natural color and freshness.

USIT is a valuable formula of an old and famous beauty secret. It feeds and nourishes the skin, wards off wrinkles and makes the complexion clear, smooth and faultless. It is not necessary to use any other treatment during the day. Apply USIT at night before retiring, and it will tone the skin and give that silky softness and glowing freshness that alone indicates perfect skin health.

USIT is put up in handsome opal bottles. It may be secured through T. Eaton Co., Limited, Robt. Simpson Co., Limited, Toronto, and other high-class Drug Stores, or direct from us.

Send 50c. (5c. war tax) to-day for trial bottle sufficient for six weeks' use. See our exhibit at National Exhibition, Toronto.

USIT MFG. CO., LTD., TORONTO, ONT.

THE LIFE OF THE GUNS.

Depends on Their Size Before They Require Relining.

The life of a gun depends upon the progress of erosion, which sooner or later is certain to impair the accuracy of fire. Erosion is caused by the action of the explosive gases at high temperature and pressure. According to the Iron Age, the hot gases cause a thin film of steel to absorb heat. The film expands and becomes set. Upon the release of the pressure, it contracts, which causes minute cracks that grow larger with every discharge. As they increase in size they form passageways for more hot gas, and it tends to enlarge them still further. The inner surface thus becomes roughened, and the hands become so enlarged that it allows the gases to escape. The shell does not then acquire its proper rotation, and its flight becomes erratic. All guns except small ones are now constructed with linings in the tube which, when the bore is worn out, are removed and replaced by new ones. The cost of relining a gun is approximately 30 per cent. of the cost of the gun. There appears to be no limit to the number of times that a gun can be relined. The small arms are considered to be worn out after 5,000 to 7,500 rounds have been fired. Small naval guns can be fired about 1,000 times before they are regarded as worn out. Large twelve-inch and fourteen-inch naval guns are considered to have a life, on one lining, of from 150 to 200 rounds. Low-velocity guns, such as howitzers and mortars, have correspondingly longer lives than high-velocity guns of the same calibre, because the pressures they develop, and hence the temperatures, are lower.

Mrs. Glen—"There are times when I wish I was a man." Glen—"Well, when, for instance?" Mrs. Glen—"When I pass a milliner's shop window and think how happy I could make my wife by buying her a summer hat."

Jones—"Can you tell what ails my wife?" Doctor—"She does not take enough outdoor exercise." "She says she does not feel equal to it." "True. She needs toning up." "What have you prescribed?" "A new bonnet."

"My brodders," said a wagfish colored man to a crowd, "in all indications ob your troubles dar is one place you can always find money and sympathy?" "Whar? Whar?" shouted several. "In de dictionary," he replied, rolling his eyes skyward.

Miss Green—"How do you manage to keep a cook so long? Do you treat her as one of the family?" Mrs. Brown: "I should say not! We treat her as a guest."

Miss Summergirl: "The men all wanted me to return their rings, but I refused to do it." Miss Yonge: "Aren't you afraid you will be arrested for robbing the males?"

Giles—"So you've got a post in the bank, eh? I suppose it was partly because you knew the manager?" Harrie: "Partly that, and partly because he didn't know me."

Patient—"Doctor, I don't think I can use the battery any more. Will it be necessary to shock me again?" Doctor: "Only once more. I'm going to send in my bill to-morrow."

Drab's Surprise.

They were all out under the maples, where the hammock hung—Olivette and her two cousins, June and Jack, who had come from a far-off city to visit her for the summer vacation. "Where is old Drab?" asked June. "I have not seen her this morning."

"Neither have I," said Jack. "I don't believe she likes to have us here visiting you, Olivette."

"Oh, it isn't that," said Olivette. "Drab is the kind of cat that likes to be round where a lot of people are, but somehow she has been acting different lately."

"Let's hunt her up," urged June. "What fun if we could find her hiding place!"

"I don't believe it would be a hard job," said Jack hopefully. "There are no other houses near by for her to go to. Probably she has just picked out a quiet place where she can have her naps in peace."

So the search for Drab began, and it continued most of the forenoon. The children went first to the big barn, for that seemed the most likely place for her to hide in. They climbed upon the mows of fragrant hay and peered into every nook and corner.

"She would get covered with hay if she went to sleep here," said Jack at last. "Uncle Henry is not through haying yet, you know."

"Drab is not so foolish as that," said Olivette. "Let's try the stable."

The searching party went to the stable, but there the result of the eager hunt was the same. Next, they climbed the stairs to the attic over the woodshed. What treasures they got a glimpse of in the attic, when their eyes got used to the shadows under the eaves!

"We must spend the next rainy day up here," said Olivette. "There are wonderful things in all those boxes and drawers."

"Let's stay now!" cried June. "No," objected Jack, "let's hunt for Drab. The attic can wait."

"But we've hunted everywhere," said June.

"Well, there is the field," said Jack. "Perhaps Drab spends the time catching field mice."

en them that morning when they set out to find her hiding place.—Youth's Companion.

When they came down from the attic and were crossing the yard, Jack stopped and looked hard up into the branches of a big elm.

"No use to look up there," said Olivette. "I know my old Drab would not be mean enough to catch birds."

"Of course not," agreed Jack, "but she might climb up there for a nap on a limb. Wildcats do, anyway."

Hardly had he spoken when the voices of the two girls rose together. "Oh, look! Look!" they cried.

What do you suppose the children saw?

Only a few yards away, coming from the garden and going toward the house, marched Drab, slowly and proudly, with her tail high in the air, and close behind her trotted four fluffy little kittens all in a row!

"Why! why!" gasped the girls. "She stole her nest," exclaimed Jack, "just as that old black hen did!"

Then they all rushed to gather up the kittens in their arms, while Drab acted just as any other proud mother would act in such a case.

In a few minutes they were all back under the maples again—the children and the kittens in the hammock or on the ground beside it, and Drab blinking contentedly on the grass near by.

"I wonder if Aunt Julia will let us keep all of them?" said June at last, after she had hugged each kitten half a dozen times.

"Of course she will," said Olivette. "There are just enough to go round—one for each of us and one for Drab herself!"

"I like the yellow one best. I'll name it Buffie," said June.

"The black one is mine," said Jack, "and I'll name it Rastus."

So it went until dinner time, and then they filled a saucer of milk for the kittens and another one for the proud mother cat. And through all the happy weeks that June and Jack spent on the farm there was nothing that gave them so much to talk about as the surprise that old Drab had given.

YOUNG FOLKS

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Busy farmers, call phone 17. Tell us what you want and we'll see that it gets to you promptly.

We want your trade and we can only get this by real service, good values and fair treatment.

A Big Purchase of DAINTY SHEER WAISTS

comprising all the newest New York styles. Prices, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

Be sure and see these smart, stylish waists. Very correct to wear with separate skirts so much in use.

A Clearing Sale of House Dresses

for Women, Misses and Children. Prices all reduced to clear out quickly.

Rich Colored Muslins and Voiles

come under the price knife just at a time when you most require the goods. It's our loss buying too heavily, not expecting the cold, backward spring. The weather is now here and you get the goods at sacrifice prices.

Men's Straw Hats

have the walking ticket. Large stocks all reduced.

Scarce Goods Elsewhere

almost always found at this store, because we anticipate trouble and purchase heavily in advance.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

The Store With Service

Glencoe's Best Clothing House. Finest lines carried and marked to compare with any in the trade.

20 years of value-giving wins the confidence of the buying public and we intend holding it.

500 A DAY!

The new Overland 75B has taken the country by storm.

Our capacity on this model is pushed to the limit.

Five hundred a day, half of our output, is all that we can deliver of this one model.

It looks as if that is not going to be enough.

If you want yours now place your order quickly.

Remember this new Overland is the world's most popular low-priced car.

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MODEL 75B

4 cylinder en bloc motor 38" bore x 5" stroke 4-inch tires; non-skids on rear

Cantilever rear springs Streamline body Electric lights

Electric starter Magnetic speedometer Complete equipment

OVERLAND! OVERLAND! OVERLAND!

TORONTO, July 20.—Ten million dollars' worth of Overland automobiles sold in three days! That's a new record for Canadian business, whether in the motor car business or any other industry, but that is what was achieved by Willys-Overland, Limited, during the first annual convention held in the Thousand Island House at Alexandria Bay, July 17 to 20, inclusive. There were contracts to show for it, actual signed contracts, bearing the signatures of 150 of the best business men in the Dominion. The 150 Overland dealers present at this convention were guests of Willys-Overland, Limited, for the three convention days. This was the largest convention of Canadian automobile dealers ever held.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hours' Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Belgian troops won a notable success in the East African campaign. King George sent a congratulatory message to General Sir Douglas Haig.

Ontario municipalities have declared against the continued exportation of Niagara power.

General Nivelle, defender of Verdun, told his troops to prepare for the "general offensive."

Premier Asquith admitted in the House of Commons that mistakes had been made in Mesopotamia. Representatives of the International Nickel Company visited Hamilton in search of a site for a plant.

J. W. Flavelle, of the Imperial Munitions Board, has issued a plea for the employment of women on munitions.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier called attention to the nickel problem in addressing the Liberal Advisory Committee at Ottawa.

The latest parade state at Camp Borden demonstrates that the list of illegally absentee soldiers now numbers 1,000 men.

The French government has called to the colors a part of the class of 1888, that is, men from forty-seven to forty-eight years of age, except those in munition factories, and, for the present, farmers.

The Allies, exchanging reports on the real situation on the respective fronts, state that satisfactory conditions are now reigning everywhere, as the enemy is no longer able to check the advance of the Allies either on the Russian or French fronts.

THURSDAY.

An electric storm did serious damage in the Eastern Townships.

General Smuts reported more gains in the East African campaign. Sir William Robertson paid a high tribute to the troops from overseas.

The Canadian Underwriters gathered in convention at Hamilton yesterday.

Ten units at Camp Borden have received orders to move east for further training.

Mrs. Tillie Gellar, a Toronto bride of three days, ended her life by taking carbolic acid.

Freemasons from all parts of the Province have met at London for the annual Grand Lodge meeting.

Mr. Alexander Robinson, of Toronto, seventy-six years old, was struck down and seriously injured by an auto.

Captain C. O. Beardmore, a prominent military and business man of Toronto, died suddenly in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Martha McKittrick, held for eleven years as a vagrant in Orangeville jail, has been released as a result of a sister's request.

Dr. Helfferich, the Imperial German Treasurer, painted in roseate colors the benefits accruing to Russian Poland from Teutonic occupation.

The British Government sustained a technical defeat Saturday when an amendment to a bill dealing with the placing of retired soldiers on land was carried by a vote of 51 to 46.

The Cunard mail steamer picked up a raft at sea with seven survivors from the British ship Euphorbia, which was sunk several days ago by a submarine.

H. Larlaux, Montreal, a foreman of a gang of drillers on the Canadian Northern Railway, was struck by a car at the Westport C. N. R. tunnel Saturday morning and killed.

The crew of five men of the British schooner Albertha, abandoned during a gale in Vineyard Sound, were taken to Gloucester, Mass., by the schooner Gloucester, in response to signals of distress.

"I drank all that medicine, mother," said little Reba Robar, the three-year-old daughter of Mrs. Norman Robar, of Kerr Lake, Friday afternoon, referring to the contents of a bottle which contained laudanum. The little girl died three hours after.

FRIDAY.

The Liberal Advisory Council at Ottawa passed several important resolutions.

The Meredith-Duff report on the fuse inquiry has been handed to the Federal Government.

The Masonic Grand Lodge elected officers at the concluding session of the meeting at London.

Hamilton honored two returned soldiers who have received the Distinguished Conduct Medal.

Premier Asquith said there would be a public inquiry into the death of Skelington, the noted Irish editor.

Two women collapsed in Toronto owing to the intense heat, and a dog turned mad by the heat, bit two children.

Forces of the Grand Duke Nicholas took Kuzl, a town 60 miles south-west of Erzerum, in Asia Minor.

John Patrick Stephenson, of Toronto, aged 13, died as a result of being struck down on Berkeley street by an auto.

The British Government granted the demand for an investigation of the Dardanelles and Mesopotamian campaigns.

The British Government through the Secretary for the Colonies, expressed satisfaction with Canadian nickel situation.

Aaron Towman, resident of New Dundee, near Galt, and one of the best known men in Wilmet township, was drowned Saturday. He had gone in to bathe when he suddenly disappeared.

Flight Sub-Lieut. Douglas Whit-tier, a Canadian of Victoria, B.C., was killed yesterday while looping-the-loop at a great altitude over the island of Thanet, county Kent. During the manoeuvres the machine became unmanageable and fell to the ground, where it was smashed to bits.

SATURDAY.

The steamer T. E. Kirby ran ashore off Balas Reef.

The London City Council decided to repeal its daylight-saving by-law. More threats of reprisals against

France were made by the German War Office.

It is stated that the Hon. Col. J. W. Allison will be permitted to resign his rank.

Richard Drake, a G. N. W. operator, was stabbed during a quarrel on Yonge street, Toronto.

Lieut. Clarence Rogers, of Toronto, is credited with bringing down Immelmann, the German aviator.

Serious food riots broke out in those parts of Belgium and northern France occupied by the Germans.

The suit of Captain Banbury against the Bank of Montreal to recover \$125,000 was heard in London.

A Madrid despatch says that martial law has been proclaimed in Spain, except in the coal district of Asturias.

Reports from down the Miramichi River say that the northern New Brunswick coast is infested with sharks.

The Meredith-Duff Commission report on the fuse inquiry issued yesterday scored Allison and exonerated Hughes.

W. J. MacFarland of Toronto was killed and his son and niece of Markdale, Ont., were injured in an auto smash at Markdale.

Prof. O. J. Stevenson, assistant master, Toronto Normal School, has been appointed professor of English at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

A wireless despatch from Rome transmits Sofia advising that Bulgaria is seriously considering making peace, and that Premier Radaslavoff has summoned the Sobranje to discuss the situation.

The Berliner Tageblatt says that at a recent conference at Darmstadt with regard to the food situation, Adolph T. von Batocki, President of the German Food Regulation Board, frankly admitted that there was a shortage of foodstuffs, especially in towns, which it was impossible to overcome.

MONDAY.

Five persons collapsed from heat in Toronto on Saturday.

The submarine merchantman Deutschland still hugs Baltimore pier. Lloyd's announces the sinking of the British steamship Wolf, 2,443 tons gross.

Arnold B. O'Neill, 698 Richmond street, Toronto, aged 15, was drowned at Centre Island.

A disastrous fire did much damage to the Doon Fibre Company's plant near Berlin.

Several trades unionists declared a sympathetic strike on school buildings at Hamilton.

Opponents of the proposal to change Berlin's name have formed themselves into a committee.

Two street cars were in collision near Hamilton, and the passengers had miraculous escapes.

The Marine Department at Ottawa issued a statement that the Kaministiquia River is now navigable.

Berlin, Germany, butcher was fined \$5,000 for withholding from sale a large amount of meat, and also for secretly selling meat.

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TUESDAY.

The question of requisitioning German ships in Brazilian ports will shortly be taken up by the Brazilian Congress.

The heat in Brantford was 97 yesterday, and resulted in a water shortage and river water had to be turned into the reservoir.

Eighty per cent. of the wheat crop in Saskatchewan is now headed out, 25 per cent. of oats, 40 per cent. of barley and 35 per cent. of flax is in bloom.

Fifteen men were reported killed and 10 overcome by gas in the new water works tunnel in Cleveland, extending from shore to the west side city, last night.

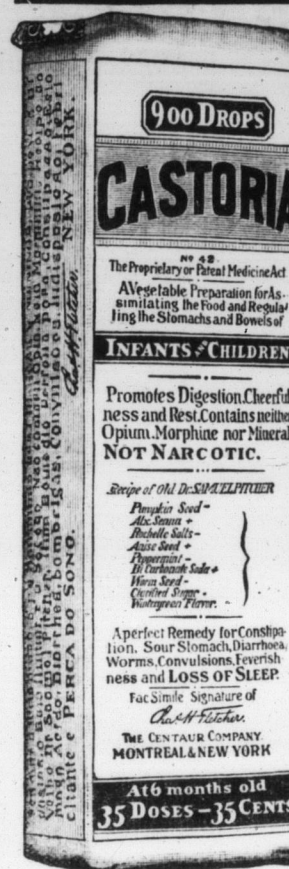
Slashed across the right cheek by a razor in the hands of an unknown Italian yesterday, Abraham Greenberg, aged 55, of 152 York street, Toronto, now lies in a serious condition in St. Michael's Hospital.

Negotiations between the United States and Denmark for purchase of the Danish West Indies are understood to have reached a definite stage, where some important development may soon become known.

The German crown prince made his debut last week as a military flyer, according to word from Berlin. For fifteen minutes the heir to the German throne risked his life in a German aeroplane over the French lines surrounding Verdun.

Twenty dollars and costs or seven days was the sentence given Private Alex. Wilson, who came up in the Toronto police court yesterday on a charge of striking Thos. Dobson on the head with a swagger cane when he refused to enlist.

To Rescue Shackleton's Men. LONDON, July 25.—It is officially announced that the Government is sending the Antarctic ship Discovery to the relief of Sir Ernest Shackleton's men on Elephant Island. The Discovery has been placed at the Government's disposal by the Hudson Bay Company free of cost. Lieut. James Fairweather is in command.



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For Infants and Children.

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Always
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of

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LABELS, SHIPPING TAGS.

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CARDS, VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING STATIONERY

DOGGERS, POSTERS, SALE
BILLS, DATE LINES, SCORE
CARDS, ETC., ETC.

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A Real Live Program of Attractions Twice Daily

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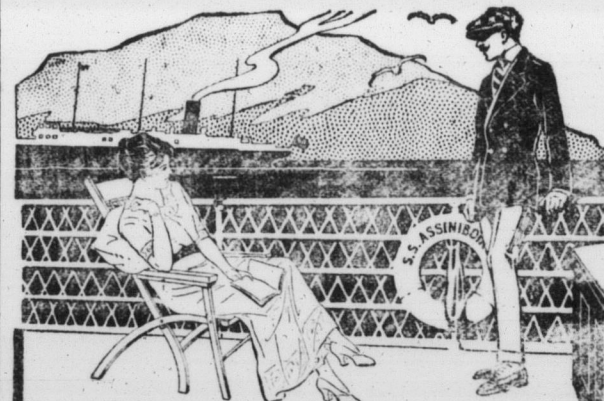
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W. J. REID, President A. M. HUNT, Secretary



A BRACING VACATION on the GREAT LAKES

Five days of rest amid the islands of Georgian Bay, the green banks of the St. Mary's River and the expanse of Old Superior. Breezes to brace you up and the perfect appointments and cuisine of the Clyde-built

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Greyhounds, Express Steamers "Keewatin" and "Assiniboia" leave Port McNicoll every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Fort William and Port Arthur. Round trip five days.

Tickets, information and reservations from Local Agent, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

FOOTWEAR OF QUALITY

We have the New Style Shoes for Spring, 1916. For Ladies we have a Vici Dull Kid Shoe, Good Year Welt, Bridge Heel, in Button or Lace. A very smart shoe. Call and ask for the stock number, 1007. Sizes 2 1/2 to 7.

Men's Shoes of every description are here. One of the newest models for 1916 is the compound New Process Rubber sole and heel, and made out of the very best box calf. The price is \$5.00 and \$6.00.

The Custom Made Shoe which we carry is a regular working shoe, suitable for the country. Come in and try on a pair. These shoes are guaranteed not to rip. If they should rip or the sole come loose we fix them free of charge.

MODERN SHOE STORE

MAIN STREET

MRS. W. A. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET, GLENCOE

Phone 25

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 8:25 a. m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 9:15 a. m.; No. 10, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 10:15 a. m.; No. 9, local accommodation to London, 10:40 p. m.; Westbound—No. 11, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 12, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:15 p. m.; No. 13, local mail and express, 6:37 p. m.; No. 14, International Limited, from Toronto and west to Detroit, 8:15 p. m.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 42, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:30 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p. m.; No. 34, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:20 p. m.; Westbound—No. 43, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 2:30 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and west to Detroit, 8:15 p. m.

Kingston branch.

Leave Glencoe for Kingston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, Tipton and points west, No. 95, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 117, passenger, 8:30 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 4:40 p. m.; Arrive at Glencoe, No. 95, daily, 10 a. m.; No. 117, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 8:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 63, daily, 12:30 p. m.; No. 62, Chatham mixed, daily except Sunday, 8:30 p. m.; No. 66, daily, stop only for passengers from west of Chatham, 10 p. m.; Westbound—No. 65, daily, 10 a. m.; No. 67, Chatham mixed, daily except Sunday, 8:30 p. m.; No. 65, daily, 8:15 p. m.

GLENCOE POST OFFICE.

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.; Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. East, 9:40 a. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

(EACH TUESDAY)

March 7th to October 31st

(INCLUSIVE)

Tickets valid to return within two months, inclusive of date of sale.

Edmonton & return, \$43.00

Winnipeg & return, \$35.00

Proportionate low rates to other points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Tickets and full particulars on application to R. CLANAHAN—Ticket Agent

GLENCOE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

ATTRACTIVE TRIPS

TO

Muskoka Lakes Georgian Bay

French River Algonquin Park

Magnetawan River Kawartha Lakes

Temagami, etc.

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from certain stations in Ontario at very low rates, with liberal stop-overs.

Muskoka Express

Leave Toronto 12:01 p. m. daily except Sunday, and 2:30 a. m. daily for Muskoka Wharf. Connections are made at Muskoka Wharf for Muskoka Lakes. Leave Toronto 10:15 a. m. daily except Sunday and 2:40 a. m. daily for Huntsville for points on Lake of Bays. Equipment the finest.

Full particulars on application to agents.

Twine! Twine! Twine!

Best makes of Binder Twine for sale.

A full supply of

Flour and Feed

on hand.

McAlpine Bros.

Crops often go by the rule of contrary. Last year the honey crop was scarcer and of much poorer sample than in years, while this season the prospects far exceed all expectations. Bee owners claim they have never had their colonies throw off so many swarms. Although it is early for extracting yet the bees are flying to the board, and in many cases there are as many as three supers added and all filled with honey of exceptionally fine flavor.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thompson were called to Brighton on Sunday to see their son Stanley, who was reported to be dangerously ill. After returning they received word on Tuesday that he had died. Stanley Thompson was a well-known Glencoe boy. After learning telegraph operator he had charge of the C. P. R. station at North Bothwell, where he married a young lady of that town. He has been station agent at Brighton for about three years.

A military wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Gammas, Chatham, last week, when their youngest daughter, Grace Irene, and A. Ross Robertson, Captain in the 108th overseas battalion, son of Mr. and Mrs. Robertson, of Toronto, formerly of Glencoe, were married. Only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom, besides a number of girl friends were present for the ceremony. After a honeymoon to Muskoka, Captain and Mrs. Robertson will be at Niagara-on-the-lake.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Constable D. M. Stuart and family are visiting in Dorchester.

—Mrs. T. C. Reyerat and daughter Helen are visiting in London.

—Mrs. Joseph Grant is spending the week with Miss Jean Wood, of Croton.

—Mrs. E. T. Huston and daughter Marion are holidaying at Port Stanley.

—Miss A. E. Allan, South Ekfrid, is home from St. Thomas for the holidays.

—Hugh B. McNeil, of Detroit, visited friends in Glencoe and vicinity last week.

—Mrs. Henry Patterson, of Columbia, South Carolina, is visiting at the manse.

—Miss Minnie Walker has returned to her position in Levy's Wholesale, Toronto.

—Chas. Lewis and Cleve Adams, of Detroit, spent the week-end at George Precious.

—Fred Letts, of Pontiac, Mich., paid a short visit to his niece, Mrs. Richard Singleton, last week.

—Mrs. Charles and daughter Kathleen and Miss Eileen Reith, of London, are at Dr. McIntyre's.

—Mrs. James Robertson and Miss Helen Robertson, of Toronto, are visiting friends in Glencoe and vicinity.

—Mrs. Charles Watterworth, of Beamsville, is spending a few weeks with relatives in Glencoe and vicinity.

—The Thawville Herald says: "Mrs. Peter Weaver is visiting her mother, Mrs. Kunes, Glencoe, who is ill."

—Mrs. A. E. Sutherland and daughters Frances and Eleanor left on Tuesday to spend a few weeks in Olean, N. Y.

—Mrs. E. Kaufman, sons Allan and Gerald and daughter Kathleen, of Brantford, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. Singleton.

—Mrs. W. G. Vernon and sons and Miss Lewis, of Windsor, spent a few days at Mrs. Vernon's sister's, Mrs. R. W. Houston.

—Dr. Smith, of London; Dr. and Mrs. A. L. Cowan and Mrs. and Mrs. Pelton, of Detroit, were week-end visitors at John Cowan's.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Williamson, of North Battleford, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McKellar. Mrs. Williamson is a sister of Mr. McKellar's.

—Miss Jessie Dykes and Miss Georgia Yeasel, of Amberg, Wis., spent last week with Miss Dykes' uncles, David and Geo. Allan, South Ekfrid.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Brown and baby son, of Metcalfe, motored to Glencoe on Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. John M. Beckton.

—W. W. Lockwood, son of Howard and daughter Mildred, and Dr. and Mrs. Cox, of Moosejaw, and J. L. N. McGregor, of Chicago, are visiting at John Cowan's.

—D. H. Scott, of the McGregor Institute, Detroit, and Mrs. Scott returned home on Monday after spending a week with Rev. and Mrs. Irwin, at the parsonage.

—Invitations are out for the wedding on August 9th of Roy Wilfred Roberts and Miss Norma Alberta Currie, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Currie, Glencoe.

—Mrs. Graham and daughters, and Mrs. Evans, Miss Lizzie McCracken and Mr. Hardy, of Thamesville, motored to Glencoe and spent the week-end at W. R. S. McCracken's.

—John D. Stuart, manager of the Bank of Ottawa at Winchester, who was attending the Masonic convention in London, visited at the manse in Glencoe the latter part of last week.

—Mrs. M. R. Hull, of Ingersoll, announces the engagement of her only daughter, Bessie Ross, to Nevin McLachlan, of Calgary, son of the late Robert McLachlan, of Glencoe. The marriage will take place quietly early in August.

—Mrs. R. Sutherland, of Nelson, B. C., who has been visiting relatives in Glencoe and vicinity for some time, is leaving this week for home and will spend some days in London and Toronto en route. Her sister, Miss Lizzie McCracken, will accompany her to London.

—Mr. and Mrs. Weir and son James, of Galt, motored to Glencoe and spent the week-end at Neil Graham's. Mrs. Weir being a sister of Mrs. Graham's. Miss Fern Graham accompanied them home to Galt for a week's visit, after which she will make a trip down the St. Lawrence and then spend some time in Toronto.

—ADVERTISING RATES.—Cards of Thanks, In Memoriam Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5 cents per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainment, 10c per line; notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 10c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

APPLES, ORANGES, FIGS AND PRUNES

Are The Four Fruits Used in Making "Fruit-a-tives"

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the only medicine in the world that is made from the juices of fresh ripe fruits. Thus, it is manifestly unfair to say, "I won't take Fruit-a-tives because I have tried other remedies and they did me no good". On the other hand, the fact that "Fruit-a-tives" is entirely different from any other preparation in the world, is just why you should give it a fair trial, in any trouble of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys or Skin. "Fruit-a-tives" is composed of the active principle of fruit and the greatest nerve tonic ever discovered. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES

House for sale or rent. Apply to S. Hart, 215 trade and 25c cash for eggs at Mayhew's.

Two girls wanted. Apply McKellar House, Glencoe.

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery.

Marriage licenses issued by D. H. McRae, Strathburn.

Go to Smith's for boots and shoes and foot easers. Repairing a specialty.

Try "Currie's Special," Maple Leaf Baking Powder. See window.—W. A. Currie & Co.

Everybody should attend the social in aid of the Soldiers' Gift Fund on Friday evening.

Lady's cloth raincoat lost between Appin and Wardsville. Suitable reward if left at Transcript office.

Eleven fine pigs, 4 months old, weighing about 100 pounds apiece, for sale.—W. G. McCallum, Ekfrid.

House and two lots for sale, property of the late George Wilson. For particulars apply to James Wilson or P. D. Keith.

Don't miss the social at the home of Fred Aldred on Friday evening in aid of the Soldiers' Gift Fund. Everyone will be welcome.

Lost—on Main street, Glencoe, or townline north, a pocketbook containing sum of money. Reward if left at Transcript office.

House, partly furnished, and half-acre of land and stable for sale or exchange for smaller place. Apply to Mrs. W. H. Watterworth, Glencoe.

A good time is expected at the social on Friday evening in aid of the Soldiers' Gift Fund. It will be held at the home of Fred Aldred and we hope to see you there.

For sale—sitting player pianos, pianos, organs, talking machines, and all kinds of small musical instruments. Enquire as follows:—Daniel H. McRae, Agent, Glencoe P. O.

Those indebted to Mitchell & Hagarty are requested to settle their accounts this month without fail, either with Mr. Hagarty, at the store, or with Mr. Mitchell, at his residence.

The annual picnic of S. S. No. 3, Moss, will be held on Wednesday, August 2nd, at the grove of Louisa Watterworth, Big Bend. Races and sports for the children; Wardsville band in attendance to furnish music; refreshment booth on grounds. Bring your baskets and spend the day beside the river. Admission free. Everyone welcome. Baseball in the evening.

Do not forget Appin's monster garden party, Aug. 2. Bigger and better than ever. Synopsis of program:—George Elliott, M.P., chairman; J. C. Elliott, M.P.P., and other speakers; Will Spencer, of Toronto, comedian; Ruby Ling, of Toronto, character singer and dancer; Marion Stark and Irene Anderson, Scotch dancers; Sergeant McDonald, piper; George G. Lethbridge, of London, accompanist; music by the famous Marconi Italian Band, of London. The band will give some special pieces, including "The Flagg of the Allies," and Harry Fowler, B. A., of London, will address the crowd. Watch for large bills.

It is said you can get butter milk any time you want it by taking a quart of sweet milk, soured, cream and all, and stirring the same with an egg beater.

Proclamation is issued in The Ontario Gazette by the Lieutenant-Governor urging that on Friday, August 4th, the second anniversary of the declaration of war, public meetings be called throughout the province "for the purpose of stimulating the devotion and patriotism of our people, and of embodying those sentiments in appropriate resolutions, and thereby uniting them effectually for the supreme effort which is necessary to bring to a victorious issue the struggle for the maintenance of those ideals of liberty and justice which are the common and sacred cause of the allies."

—The first man or nation to skate is lost in the mists of antiquity. The Eskimos of the farthest north were found to be in possession of runners curved from whalebone when they were first discovered.

—Skating is mentioned by a Danish historian about 1134 and Fitzstephen in his History of London, says that in the 12th century young men fastened the leg bones of animals under their feet by means of thongs, in order to slide along the ice.

—A pair of the bone skates is now in the British Museum. Londoners got the idea from Holland, probably via Lincolnshire, where skates have been used on the frozen fens from the very earliest times.

—The Zion Mule Transport Corps has been formed in Alexandria, composed of refugees from Palestine. Those who were of Russian nationality expressed the desire to serve under the British flag, and the British military authorities immediately took steps to form a battalion. In a very short time 500 had enlisted. Officers and men will wear on their military caps the Jewish token, the crossed triangles or "Shield of David," in addition to the British ensign, and in the camp the words of command are spoken in Hebrew.

—We carry a Full Line of Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith Plumber

A DARING AIR FEAT.

Lieut.-Col. Maitland Dropped 10,000 Feet in a Parachute.

Undoubtedly the most daring aeronautical feat on record was that performed by Lieut.-Col. E. M. Maitland, who commands the Airship Section of the Naval Air Service, and who recently jumped from a balloon flying over London at a height of 10,000 feet, descending by parachute. Hitherto, the record seems to have been held by that intrepid balloonist, Captain Baldwin, who in 1887 claimed to have descended from a height of one mile (5,280 ft.) in just over three minutes.

Colonel Maitland was fifteen minutes coming down, and he confesses that the most trying part of the experience for him was before the parachute opened. He fell several hundred feet dead weight, and the suspense "seemed like an eternity," but at last the parachute opened, and the descent continued steadily.

The feat was the result of a discussion which took place concerning a certain official project, a question arising as to whether a balloonist could make a safe descent from such a height. "Someone," said Lieut.-Colonel Maitland, "must make the experiment. I must know what will happen. I will take the jump myself, as there is only one person whom I have the right to ask."

An extremely large parachute was used for the experiment, the descent safely accomplished, and thus the official query was satisfactorily solved. The experiment also demonstrated the fact that a parachute descent in no way interfered with the stability of an airship, so that a man could be landed after a long journey with reports while the airship continued its flight.

This is by no means the first parachute descent which Colonel Maitland has made, for in October, 1913, he made a descent from the airship Delta at a height of 1,800 ft. The airship on this occasion was traveling at twenty miles an hour, and the lieutenant-colonel fell 200 ft. before the parachute opened, but he landed safely in the Colne Reservoir at Aldershot.

Fun in a Blue Book.

According to the London correspondent of The Glasgow Herald, an amusing incident in the later years of the diplomatic career of the late Sir Claude MacDonald has passed unrecorded by his biographers.

It happened at the time that he was at the head of the Legation at Peking. He had sent to the home Government a despatch dealing with events which were at that moment engaging widespread attention, and a rough proof of the document was submitted in due course to Mr. G. N. Curzon, the late Lord Salisbury's assistant at the Foreign Office.

One afternoon the Under-Secretary perused the despatch and pencilled in the margin a number of piquant comments upon the grammar of the distinguished diplomat. Indeed, so forcible were the interjections that no doubt whatever existed that between the two men there was the utmost divergence of view in regard to the question of grammatical propriety.

To the amazement, however, of the Foreign Office, the comments in all their bald frankness appeared in the Blue Book as subsequently published, and upon a note being directed to the matter the issue was promptly withdrawn and a fresh edition substituted.

How these marginal notes ever came to be published in the finished document will probably remain a secret for all time, unless the theory be accepted that the printers adhered too strictly to the wholesome rule as to following "copy," which is, or should be, one of the cardinal principles of the typographical art.

Famous War Horses.

One probable result of the introduction of mechanical vehicles into warfare will be the abolition of the old custom of cherishing the memory of famous war horses. When generals conducted campaigns on horseback, before the advent of the field motor-car, their favorite chargers used to receive many honors. When a statue of Lord Kitchener was erected at Calcutta, the famous soldier arranged that the sculptor should picture him mounted on a stone reproduction of his famous horse Democritus, which carried him through many important campaigns.

Wellington's famous charger, Copenhagen, when he died was buried with full military honors. The Iron Duke's horse was a magnificent chestnut, and he carried his master many hundreds of miles in Spain and at the battle of Toulouse. "If he fell," said the Duke, "it was on standing corn as I sat in the saddle."

The First Skaters.

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Binder Twine!

We can supply you with the celebrated Plymouth and Deering Twines in all grades from 500 to 650 feet to the pound. See our twine before buying elsewhere and get our prices.

Our stock of Hay Cars, Forks, Slings, Ropes, Pulleys, etc., is complete.

Paris Green and Bug Finish.

THE SEASON! THE PAINT! THE PLACE!

JAMES WRIGHT & SON

McCLARY'S STOVES PERFECTION OIL STOVES

Appin's Annual MONSTER Garden Party

WILL BE HELD ON

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2

Bigger and Better Than Ever

No expense has been spared in providing the best programme ever offered in Western Ontario. Appin is paying for a Recreation Park and wants the whole country to come and see it.

Here are some of the Attractions:

Speakers—J. C. Elliott, M. P. P., and others.

Will Spencer, Comedian.

Ruby Ling, Character Singer and Dancer.

Marion Stark and Irene Anderson, Scotch Dancers.

Sergeant McDonald, Piper.

George G. Lethbridge, Accompanist.

The Famous Marconi Italian Band, of London.

The chair will be occupied by George Elliott, M. P.

Lunch and Refreshments Will Be Served on the Grounds

Come and enjoy the Entertainment. Come and see the crowd. Everybody will be there. You must be there too.

Admission to Park, 25c L. D. Galbraith, Sec.

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A Tenderfoot's Wooing

By CLIVE PHILLIPPS WOLLEY
(Author of "Gold, Gold In Cariboo," Etc.)

CHAPTER XXXV.—(Cont'd.)

"Yes, ma'am. Lowest desks, as you say," replied Al, with a great smile to his deep wrinkle, and under his breath he muttered:

"Holy smoke, ain't she a peach?"

"Ace high it is."

"Then I cut for my husband. Whenever cuts the lowest card makes the first attempt."

For a moment her eyes rested on Dick Rolt, and perhaps her lips trembled—they are the only part of the face which no one can control—but if they did, it was so slightly that no one in the room could have noticed it.

And if she sat down somewhat suddenly when she had turned up the knave of diamonds, he had reason enough to be tired, and the room was hot.

At once Jim, Al, and Anstruther went to the table together, but Mrs. Rolt held up her hand.

"In order of precedence, please, gentlemen." And then with a little curl about her lips: "Our guest comes first," and young Fairclough came down nonchalantly and turned a card from his corner with somewhat over-quickly.

"No luck," he said, as he turned up a nine.

"You don't know yet, Mr. Fairclough," she said sweetly. "The foreman next."

Jim Combe hesitated a moment, and a queer smile spread over his face.

He remembered that if a pack of cards is shot over a smooth surface it is not impossible to guess where the low cards will be, the least painted offering the least resistance, and he picked his card carefully.

His rule was justified. The card he chose had only one pip on it, but for a moment his face clouded. Then he smiled again.

"Ace low, you said, Mrs. Rolt?"

"I thought that Jim Combe was a square player," she said, but there was no censure in her tones. "You know the rule, Jim. Stand back. Your turn, Al."

"Give me a little 'un, ma'am."

She hesitated. It is not pleasant to send an old friend to his death, and the cards which had been cut were all high.

"You want me to cut for you, Al?"

"If the Boss don't mind, ma'am."

Rolt nodded to her to humor the old man, but her hand shook as she turned up a five of spades.

"Oh, Al, I'm so sorry."

"Then you ain't got no call to be. It's what I asked for, ain't it, and I mostly asks for what I want, and he swung gaily round on his heels to leave the room.

"Hold on, Al!" said a quiet voice at his elbow, "there is one more to cut yet."

"Tain't no use, Mr. Anstruther. You ain't fit to cut, and there ain't anything there no lower than a five."

"There are three lower, Al. If you please, Mrs. Rolt."

Mrs. Rolt looked up into the quiet smiling face, and saw a light in it which she had never seen before. It was as if Anstruther knew what lay in store for him, and the knowledge made him hold his head more proudly.

"He is right, Al. You pledged yourself that all should cut. Take your card, Frank."

As she spoke Kitty Clifford moved from her friend's side uncertainty towards Anstruther, and then stood hesitating, her lips trembling and her sweet eyes full of unshed tears.

"What is it, Kitty? Do you want to cut for him?"

She tried to answer, but no sound came from her parted lips.

"Shall she cut for you, Frank?"

"Will you, Miss Clifford—Kitty?"

and he held out his hand to her. For a moment the boy and girl stood there hand in hand before that altar of chance, forgetful of the world and reckless of the betrayal of their secret.

It was a strange betrothal, but such it seemed to all who saw them. In an ellipse which could be felt, the girl's white hand began to move uncertainly over the pack, touching a card here and another there, as if afraid to choose.

The others had drawn their lots at once. To them it seemed that minutes elapsed while that little hand wandered over the table, and each man prayed in his own fashion that she might choose aright.

At last, like a child who fears to see the knife, she shut her eyes, and clutching a card, held it up to Anstruther, over whose face a proud smile spread as bright and genuine as daylight.

"Thank you, dear. You have saved my honor. You don't mind if I spoil your pack, Mrs. Rolt. I shall want this card by and by more than you will," and kissing it, he put it into his breast pocket.

But Kitty caught at his hand and cried to him to show it to her.

"Another time, dear. It is the best card in the world for me."

"What was it, Frank? Show it to me, oh, show it to me!"

"Not now, Kitty," and bending down, he kissed her white brow be-

her waist, half led, half carried, her to Mrs. Rolt.

"Take her away now. For God's sake take her away!" he said, and Mrs. Rolt led Kitty sobbing from the room.

"Oh, Marry! Marry! I have killed him. Frank—"

But Frank Anstruther stood back from the weak pleading hands, and as the two women left the room, his was the only face left in it on which there was no sign of sorrow.

"When the door closed, he sat down on the edge of the table and began to roll a cigarette."

"Let's see that card, partner. You ain't putting up a job on us?"

"No, Al. There it is," and he showed him the two of hearts.

"Holy smoke! The two-spot! She couldn't have drawn a lower if she'd tried to!"

"Or better. Luck is for the young, Al," and this curiously-minded young man from Piccadilly began to hum a light air to himself, the words of which were:

"He ain't no good about the house. He can't cut wood."

CHAPTER XXXVI.

"You said, Combe, that I should not be able to find my way to Soda Creek?"

Anstruther was still sitting on the table rolling his cigarette.

"In the dark. It would not be right all the time you were on the road. But you don't have to. It is not likely we are going to let you suicide after that."

Anstruther smiled a little superciliously.

"That has nothing to do with the question. Would you mind coming here for a moment?" and he went to the window.

"That is the road to Soda Creek; the way we came?"

Combe nodded.

"But that is the direct way, as the crow flies?"

"Yes, only there's a bit of a canyon in the way."

"I know, but after?"

"There wouldn't be any after. There's no way across the canyon until you come to the place where the road crosses it. It's four hundred feet deep with sides like the walls of a house."

"If there was a bridge across it, it would shorten the distance by a mile, wouldn't it?"

"Yes, by two, I should think. But there ain't any bridge and the Indians ain't going to wait whilst we build one."

"Could one be built? How wide is the canyon?"

"Not more than twenty or thirty feet at the Buck's Jump. It could be bridged there easily enough; but what's the good of talking. It ain't bridged."

"Where is the Buck's Jump. There, isn't it?"

"Yes, right against that big lone pine with the broken top."

"Very nearly in a direct line for Soda Creek?"

"In a plumb straight line. That pile might have been put there for a surveyor's post."

"So I thought," said Anstruther, and he stood there measuring the distance with his eye, and noting the land marks.

Combe watched him, and at last, with an obvious effort, he said:

"Forgive me, Anstruther. Perhaps you don't think it is my business, but I've got to speak. I know just how you feel, and it's the way a man ought to feel but you know you can't go now. It wouldn't be a square deal to Miss Clifford."

"Leave Miss Clifford's name out of the question, please. I'm very much obliged to you for what you suggest, but there are some things you don't understand. I'm going, and there's an end of it."

"When?"

"When I am ready," Anstruther answered, and left the room.

"Pretty rough on them kiddies, ain't it, Jim?" said Al, when Anstruther had left the room, "and she's dead stuck on him. But I guess he's right."

"Right?" snorted Combe. "Right? Just to think of himself! No I don't think he's right, and I'll take blanketed good care as he doesn't do it."

Whatever Al was going to say was lost, for at that moment the call sounded from the upper story. The rifles were wanted at the windows.

With a rush the two men went to their places, and for the next twenty minutes they had their whole attention occupied by what they saw from their posts.

A cloud of dust was coming towards them at railroad speed, and at first they flattered themselves that Horsley and his specials had broken the cordon and were coming to their relief. But the riders who emerged from the cloud were Chilcats, reckless whooping devils, painted as none of the white men had ever before seen Indians painted in British Columbia their greasy locks powdered with swansdown, and eagle's blumes drooping from their heads to half way between their shoulders.

fore them all, and with his arm round

At break-neck gallop they rode to within a hundred yards of the house, and then like a flight of starlings they single file in a wild circuit round the building, brandishing their weapons and discharging them in mid career.

In spite of the pace at which they came several bullets struck the house, and one was so well-aimed that it smashed through a chest of drawers behind which Rolt was kneeling; but one of the Indians' horses pitched on its head, and before its rider could extricate himself, several bullets found him.

"Only the center post, I fancy, Al," said Rolt, coolly, blowing the smoke out of his barrels. "Where is Anstruther?"

"I see him go into his room as we came upstairs. He hasn't been up here to see the show. He's up to his neck in them trunks of his, I reckon."

"What?"

"Kinder sortin' out his duds and gettin' good and ready for his passenger."

Jim glanced quickly through the window and saw that the Indians were already looting back to their lines. Then he put his rifle up against the wall and left the room quietly.

Al noticed him and seemed about to follow him, but thought better of it, and muttering "Let 'em settle it themselves. It ain't my funeral," kept his place at the window.

Anstruther's door was wide open, but from where he stood Jim could not see into the room, neither could he hear anyone moving in it, but to prevent accidents he sat down and took off his boots, and then with them in his hand stole quietly along the passage and peeped through between the door and the jamb.

Anstruther had gone, but the room could not be said to be empty; for the floor of it was covered with mountains of clothes, as Jim had never dreamed of, piled pell mell in a great heap, whilst, as he said afterwards, there were "boots enough for a battalion and coats like blankets at a postch." (To be continued.)

HE HATES THE GERMANS.

They Insulted Sir Pertab Singh and His Cavalry.

Sir Pertab Singh is back on the western front with his famous Jodhpur Lancers, dubbed by Lord Roberts the "finest cavalry in Asia."

Though over 70 years of age, Sir Pertab was among the very first of the Indian tribuna and assist in offering his services to the British Government when the war broke out. For nearly eighteen months he remained fighting the Huns in France and Flanders. Then Oriental etiquette compelled him to pay a flying visit to his native land in order to be present at the wedding of his nephew and ward, the young Maharajah of Jodhpur, with a daughter of the Jam of Nawanganor, better known to cricket enthusiasts as Ranjitsinhji.

And now he has returned once more to the scene of hostilities, his appetite for fighting still unsatisfied.

There is a reason for this. Sixteen years ago Sir Pertab placed his services, and those of his splendid troops, at the disposal of the Indian Government, in order to proceed to China and assist in quelling the Boxer uprising there. This offer was gratefully accepted, and in recognition thereof Sir Pertab, who was already a maharajah, a rajah, a rajput of the rajputs, and head of the famous warrior barons of Oudh, was raised to the rank of major-general in the British army.

But when he and his men arrived before Pekin they found the German von Waldersee in supreme command. The Hun, a boor then as now, made game of the warrior prince, and the young pup of Prussians on Waldersee's staff, sneered at his splendid cavalry, calling them "coolies" and "niggers."

Try and imagine the effect of insolence such as this on a member of one of the oldest and proudest races on earth, accustomed to be treated on equal terms by English gentlemen. Sir Pertab vowed some day to be avenged. So did his troopers, individually and collectively.

Years ago Sir Pertab swore not to die in his bed. He has been fighting for Britain all his life, as his father, the old Maharajah, Takht Singh, did before him.

One of the earliest recollections of the young Sir Pertab, then a boy of thirteen, was seeing his sire set out with Havelock to give battle to the rebel sepoys during the great Mutiny.

Later on he rode with the British up through the Khyber Pass, and into Kabul. He also fought under Gen. Ellis in the Mohmand Expedition, and in Tirah under Gen. Lockhart, where he was wounded.

Lord Roberts was for over forty years a close personal friend of his.

Not So Bad as Feared.

"Pleased, mum, nurse says would you come at once as baby's been an' swallowed near a 'ole packet of pins an' she says don't be hundlely alarmed as luckily they're safety pins."

Her Idea.

"My dear, I've an idea," said old Mrs. Godart to her caller. "You know we frequently read of the soldiers making sorties. Now, why not make up a lot of these sorties and send them to the poor fellows at the front?"

The Farm

Cutting and Curing Alfalfa

The following directions for cutting and curing alfalfa hay are given by Don H. Bark, Chief of the Irrigation Investigation Division of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Though written for the Alberta farmers, they are with few modifications, applicable to conditions wherever alfalfa is grown.

In order to secure the best appearing alfalfa hay on the highest possible value, and a product that will always command the highest market price, alfalfa hay must not only be cut at the proper stage of growth, but should be cured in such a way as to retain, not only its leaves, but as much as possible of its bright green color as well. In order to obtain this class of product, but also its bright green color, which makes it so attractive.

The leaves of alfalfa hay contain more feeding value pound for pound than the stems of the plant, so that the plan to insure the saving of as large a percentage of the leaves as possible. The proper curing of alfalfa, however, is not a different problem, provided favorite weather conditions can be secured. No hard and fast rule can be laid down that will fit all conditions equally well for the methods of handling in each case will always depend largely upon the weather.

Normally, alfalfa should be cut in the forenoon after the dew is off and raked up into windrows while still quite green, either late the same afternoon or not later than the following afternoon, for the longer it is left in the swath, the more it will become bleached and discolored from the sun.

If the weather is dry there is little danger of placing it in the windrows too green. It should be left in the windrows from one to two days, or until half dry, and then placed in small or medium-sized cocks or piles, where it is to be left until it is sufficiently cured to permit of storing.

The main principle to be observed in the curing of alfalfa should be to dry it out sufficiently for storing with as little exposure to the sun and elements as possible. If his principle is borne in mind, and the plan outlined carried out, it is possible to dry it out sufficiently for storing with as little exposure to the sun and elements as possible. If his principle is borne in mind, and the plan outlined carried out, it is possible to dry it out sufficiently for storing with as little exposure to the sun and elements as possible.

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It is possible to dry it out

About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Putting Up Summer Fruit.

Jelly-making and preserving without the proper tools is hard work. Try to have all the utensils ready before the task is undertaken. Be sure to have a plentiful supply of new rubbers for the jars, and the jars well scalded before the fruit is put into them. The enameled ware or porcelain lined tins should be used rather than tin, because of the action of the acids on the tin.

Have at hand all necessary spoons, silver forks for lifting the larger fruit; a large and a smaller funnel; plenty of cheese cloth for jelly bags; a colander, a gravy strainer and a wire sieve. Measures and a good scale are also necessary if the work is to be done properly. Then with plenty of sugar, spices, vinegar and ripe unspiced fruit, the putting up of summer fruit should be a pleasure and a success.

Blackberry Pie.—Pick the berries clean, rinse in cold water take up the berries by the handful, sorting out all stems. Line a buttered pie tin with a pie paste, but in the berries one inch deep, sprinkle with sugar, using about 1/2 cup of brown sugar, sprinkle with flour, a salt spoon of salt and a little nutmeg. Put on top paste, pressing the two crusts together around the edge, trim, cut the top for steam to escape and bake in a quick oven for 30 to 45 minutes.

Blackberry Pudding.—Three cups flour, 1 cup molasses, 1/2 cup of milk, 1 teaspoon salt, a little cloves, and cinnamon, teaspoonful soda dissolved in a little of the milk, stir in a quart of Blackberries (floured) boil in a well buttered mould for two hours. Serve with brandy sauce.

Canned Blueberries.—The berries should first be thoroughly picked over and washed, then placed in a kettle with one-half cupful of sugar and one-half cupful of water to each quart of the berries. Cook until each berry is done, then turn into hot jars and seal at once.

Current Jelly.—Gather the fruit before it is too ripe. The first of the season, rather than the last, is the time to make current or for that matter any jelly. Strip from the stems, removing all imperfect fruit. Wash and put over the fire in a porcelain kettle that will fit inside of another of another kettle full of boiling water, like a double boiler. Let them cook in this way until the skin of each currant has broken, stirring now and then. Pour into a jelly bag and allow it to drain over night. In the morning, if the day is fine, put the juice on to boil; at the same time put the sugar, ten pounds to a gallon of juice, in a pan in the oven to heat, watching it closely that it does not burn, and stirring that it may heat through. As soon as the juice is boiling briskly add the hot sugar, being careful that the former does not boil over when the sugar is added. The juice should be skimmed carefully from the beginning and allowed to boil about twenty minutes after the sugar is added. As soon as it will congeal on a spoon when held in the air, remove it from the fire and pour it into hot glasses. Do not seal until the jelly is cold.

An Idea for the Jelly Season.—When straining jelly turn a kitchen chair bottom up on the edge of the table, then tie a piece of cheese cloth, doubled, on each leg of the chair. Do not allow too much fullness or sag. Place a dish big enough to hold the juice under the bag, on the chair seat, pour the hot fruit into the bag; cover with a thin cloth, and leave all night to drain.

Pickled Plums.—Pour plenty of hot vinegar seasoned with salt and mustard seed over a quantity of plums. After they have stood overnight heat the vinegar and pour it over the plums. The fruit should be pickled just as it is beginning to turn from its green color. Cover close as soon as cold.

Ripe Gooseberry Catsup.—Cook the gooseberries in a little water until soft. Press through a colander to remove skins and then through a sieve to remove seeds. Add two-thirds as much sugar as fruit, and cinnamon and cloves to taste. Cook slowly one-half hour and bottle hot.

Hot Plum Cake.—An excellent method of making this is to take about two pounds of large blue plums, one cupful of sugar, one cupful of milk, one teaspoonful of baking powder, one teaspoonful of melted butter, a quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, one egg, half a cupful of sugar. Sift the flour, baking powder, salt, and two tablespoonfuls of sugar into a bowl, add the milk, egg and melted butter; mix well. The plums should be washed and cut in half, remove the stones; place in the dough, skin side down, cover with half a cupful of sugar, put in a moderate oven for twenty-five to thirty minutes. The cake should be served hot.

Preserving Fruit Without Sugar.—The fruit is prepared in the ordinary way; the jars are cleaned and sealed while the rubbers and tops are boiling. The fruit is then placed in the jars, in which cold water is placed. When the jars have been sealed air-tight they are placed in a boiler filled with cold water and brought to the boiling point. Berries will do if removed when the boiling point is reached, while large fruits, such as peaches, cherries, plums, and apricots should get 20 to 30 minutes boiling. Keep cover of wash boiler on tight.

Facts Worth Remembering.

A cabinet to keep card recipes in is a great convenience for a young housekeeper.

A few minced nasturtium leaves sprinkled over an omelet gives a snappy flavor.

Keep a surprise box with novel play things in it for the children and bring it out on rainy days.

A pair of scales is a necessity in every kitchen, if the high cost of living is ever to be reduced.

Faded plush may be brightened by brushing it lightly with a clean sponge dipped in chloroform.

Fresh mint may be always at hand for cooking purposes by growing it at home.

Chopped preserved ginger added to the sauce served with cottage pudding is a delicious accompaniment.

Use paper napkins occasionally at luncheon in the summer and there will be a great saving of washing.

Butter will keep much longer in a crock jar with a tight-fitting cover than in any other way.

There is nothing in a drug store that will relieve the pain of a bee sting quicker than a handful of mud.

Lard is much better to grease cake pans than butter. Butter will burn and cause the cakes to stick and char.

When making beds use a smooth stick about a yard long. It smooths out the sheets and blankets, and saves having to walk around the bed.

When plates and dishes have to be warmed in an oven if a newspaper is put underneath, this will break the heat and prevent plates from cracking.

Do not leave matches in the box in which they come from the store, but put them in a glass jar with a screw top. You will then be sure that there is no danger.

Sprinkle your shoes inside with a generous quantity of talcum powder. You will find this the greatest relief to the burning and smarting caused by new leather.

Perspiration stains can be removed from a shirt waist by soaking it in cold water to which you have added a little sodium bicarbonate before it has been washed.

CREDIT FOR OLD ENGLAND.

A Scotchman Has Words of Praise for the English Stock.

James Douglas, a well-known Scotch journalist residing in London, rises to say a few words for the English people, as follows:

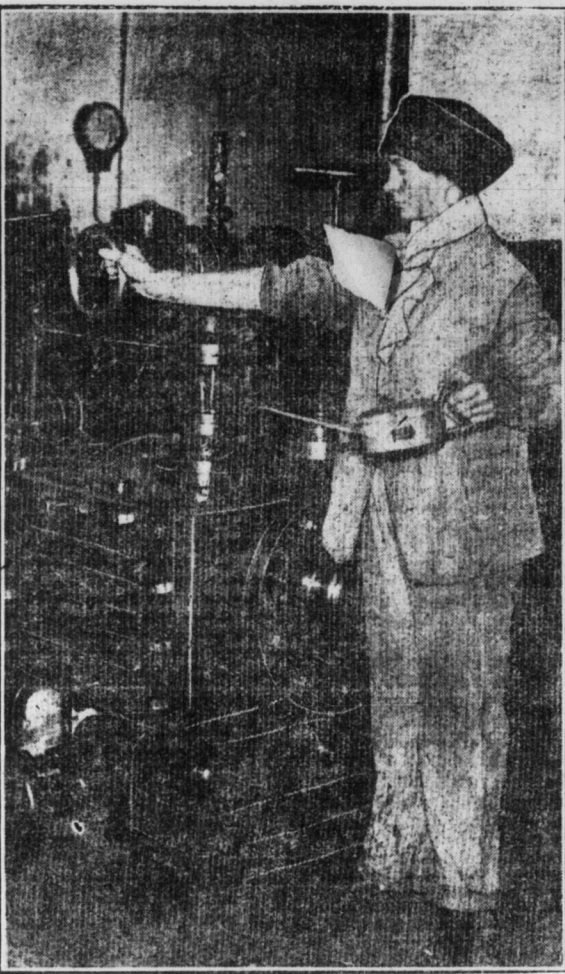
One does not hear very much of the English people during the strain and stress and strife of the world-war. My correspondents persistently try to intimidate me whenever I use the word "England" or the word "English." Not being myself an Englishman, I sometimes marvel at the modesty of the English, at their patience, at their self-control, at their cool imperturbability, at their fairness, at the capacity for "playing the game" in every crisis and in every catastrophe. They are the most wonderful race the world has ever seen. I know they have their defects, but in this war their virtues have shone and burned with a hard gem-like flame.

The English are ready to wait till everything is prepared for the knock-out blow. I think this explains the really miraculous acceptance of universal military service. It is pure, undiluted patriotism that has done the trick. Remember that many of those who have accepted it do not believe that it will help us to win the war. They have accepted it for patriotic reasons, and have deliberately put aside their own private judgment in the matter. It is easy for a man who believes in conscription to accept it. The really splendid display of patriotism is the acceptance of it by men who do not believe in it.

I do not believe that the Germans would have taken the Gallipoli failure and the fall of Kut as calmly as the English have taken them.

The English for hundreds of years have fought best in adversity. It is their tradition to stay the course, and to grow stronger as misfortunes thicken. If you study the psychology of the English during this war you will see that their spirit has steadily mounted as events buffeted it. Mons was a tonic. Antwerp was a stimulant. Gallipoli was a source of new energy. Kut and the Irish Rebellion produced conscription by consent. I fancy that historians will be able to prove that the surrender of Townshend and the Dublin commune welded the English together and made conscription possible. They will show that these disasters were blessings in disguise.

Anyhow, my diagnosis of the English temper at the moment is that it is more serenely cheerful and more confidently resolute than it has been since the war began. The English are ready for any sacrifice and any service. They have got their second wind and are settling down to outstay and outstick the Kaiser.



England's Women War Workers—This One is an Engineer

THE RE-BIRTH OF RUSSIA.

By Chas. M. Bice, Denver, Colo.

Nothing that has taken place during this devastating war is so grandly significant as the almost miraculous manner in which the great Russian Empire has recuperated after its first defeat at the hands of the Central powers.

Germany, and not without reason in the ordinary course of events, had proudly proclaimed that the huge overgrown bear of the North had been rendered helpless and harmless by her Krupp guns and bayonets.

To one unfamiliar with the real Russian spirit, this prediction would be but the announcement of a foregone conclusion, for it was based upon the admitted fact of Russia's unpreparedness at the beginning of the war, and her apparent inability to assemble the necessary machinery with which to manufacture arms and ammunition to supply her vast numerical force.

But despite all adverse circumstances, and while much of her strategic territory was in the hands of the enemy, Russia has surprised the world, not only in "coming back," but in the superior courage and valor of her soldiery, and is now sweeping the foe before her as chaff in the wind.

There must be some adequate cause for this wonderful rehabilitation, that does not show itself on the surface. We must go deeper down into Russian life to find the reason for this new life and spirit that has challenged the admiration of the world.

When the war began, Russia was cursed with a Bureaucracy the most vile, corrupt and inefficient, that ever disgraced humanity, while her people were ignorant, degraded, indolent, drunken and impoverished to a degree hitherto unknown in any even half-civilized nation on the earth.

The first grand step towards emancipation was the abolishment of serfdom. The vodka had to go, and that quickly by imperial decree which was soon forthcoming. With this prolific source of poverty removed a wonderful change came, for even bureaucracy could not be longer tolerated by the quickening spirit of the new democracy. It, too, had to go, and many of the pampered recipients of its unwholesome favors lost their lives.

Even the severe Autocracy of the Czar was resented for it was inimical to the liberty of the new patriotic spirit. The Duma gradually gained ground over despotic imperialism, until the rights of the oppressed people were respected.

The astounding results of it all are eloquently told in a recent article by the Secretary of the Russian-American Asiatic Corporation, Ivan Narodney, from which we glean a few facts. The Co-operative bank, and the Co-operative store are the two institutions, that chiefly reflect this wonderful change that followed the abolition of vodka in Russia.

Some 18,000 of these banks, and over 14,000 stores have been created, since vodka was prohibited. The people have become sober, industrious and saving, while the general increase in intelligence and the purer moral tone of the people that resulted is simply astonishing.

Mutuality of economic interest has led to political demand, and the lifting off of unjust discriminations and other autocratic impediments, until the people have become measurably free, and are able to realize their true manhood.

The government has largely adjusted itself to these new forces and con-

ditions that are constantly incubating within the empire.

Vodka was ever the ally of oppression; for it had kept the people sullen, poor and easily amenable to authority, however cruel and severe. But the first step to political freedom is an emancipated mind.

Mr. Narodney says that beside these banks and stores, 116 peasant commercial institutions have placed orders in New York for printing presses, types and other accessories. That publication centres are to be established, crude doubtless they will be at first, but wonderfully meaningful as evidences of the awakening of community consciousness in a renaissance of expression.

The printing press will do more to end autocracy in Russia than all the Nihilist bombs ever made to blow Czar's skyward. The 20th century may have no stranger story to tell than the rebirth of the Slav.

NO MORE FOREIGN NAMES.

Even Christian Names of Allied Origin Must Go in Saxony.

Saxony is one of the most patriotic States in Germany. Having removed foreign words from their hotels and eating houses, their barbers' shops, theatres, and milliners' establishments the Dresden authorities have turned their attention to Christian names, and have begun an agitation which is sure to spread to other cities.

It has been noted with pain that a very large number of people have Christian names borrowed from other countries. In peace no reasonable objection could be urged to this practice, but at the present time for German women, men, and children to be obliged to go through life saddled with a name which is not German, and which is closely identified with a belligerent country, is intolerable. Accordingly, good Saxons have been notified that those persons who desire to get rid of them, and adopt instead sound German names, may do so, the civil authorities giving them every legal facility, and removing all obstacles from their path. Among the names considered undesirable are: Harry, James, John, Isaac, Renee, Jules, Gaston, Margot, Claire, Daisy, Olga, Vera, Renee, Gabrielle, Sylvia.

The officials at registry offices are instructed to draw the attention of parents registering their children to the desirability of choosing a German name, and only to enter foreign names when the parents absolutely insist.

WEAR FLEET FOOT SHOES
for every SPORT and RECREATION
Worn by every member of the family



SOLD BY ALL GOOD SHOE DEALERS

THE FASHIONS

The Passing of the Hoop Skirt.

The hoop-skirt scare has entirely passed. There is no denying the charm of the hoop, but in this day and age it has no place except in the most frivolous of dance and evening gowns, and even from these, it is being ripped out. This does not mean, however, that we are going back to the narrow skirt; no, indeed, merely limp skirts.

The dainty mid-summer voiles and organdies are as full and bouffant as ever, but their fulness falls softly about the figure, and their bouffancy is induced by their width and the nature of the material.

Collars and Sleeves.

Having finished with skirts as far as width, shortness and trimming are concerned, Fashion has now turned her attention to the bodice, laying especial stress on collars and sleeves. Any little becoming idea which strikes one may be used in both of these, affording charming possibilities of showing individuality. From the dainty, picot-edged turnover or frill on the dark taffeta frock, the collar ranges to the deep broad collar extending to the waistline and below. There are many of us who favor the high collar, even in summer, but this is fashioned of net or organdy, and is open in front, so it is really not a high collar after all, but a very becoming detail of frock or blouse. The wide, cape-like collars are most popular this summer. For summer even-



Plain and Striped Voile in Jumper Frock

ing, with light frocks, there are becoming ruffs of net, chiffon, or malines, and the chic little shoulder capes of Georgette transparent with fur or marabout.

Sleeves are transparent, or semi-transparent, of crepe, net or chiffon to match the color of the material of the frock; and are both long and short. The closely cuffed sleeve is favored, and also the flowing sleeve. These



Taffeta and Organdy in Afternoon Dress

latter are very easily made, being finished around the lower edge with a bias fold, or the effective picot edge.

Underfittings for Sheer Frocks.

Although not as conspicuous, equally as important as the frock are the dainty underfittings designed to complete it. Combinations, envelope chemises, camisoles, petticoats and knickerbockers are being fashioned of pale pink or blue cotton, crepe or voile, the barred and striped cottons, wash satins, and the daintiest possible of sprigged silks with pale toned grounds.

STORAGE BATTERIES Magnetos Starters Generators

REPAIRS

made promptly

Canadian Storage Battery Co., Limited.

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117-119 SIMCOE ST., TORONTO

From the Middle West

BETWEEN ONTARIO AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Items From Provinces Where Many Ontario Boys and Girls Are Living.

Thieves have been operating in Prince Albert. Henry Champion, a Winnipeg banker, is dead.

The warm weather in the West after the rains is causing a rapid growth of crops.

"Chubby," son of A. E. Woodward, Winnipeg, was drowned in 4 feet of water in Lake of the Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Gray, of Moose Jaw, were knocked down by an automobile; both are suffering from shock.

Mr. Peter F. Stewart, of Meharri, Man., has seven sons with the colors. Eldest boy was wounded four times.

The body of Anne Barclay, of Winnipeg, was found in the Assiniboine River. She had been despondent of late.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons of Manitoba has subscribed \$2,500 to the Patriotic Fund at Winnipeg.

Eight-year-old Peter Valkenburg, of Prince Albert, accidentally shot and killed his little three-year-old sister.

The Western training camps are to remain. Sir Sam Hughes denies mobilization of western soldiers at Camp Borden.

Canada's tallest officer, Captain F. M. Fisher, of Winnipeg, has been killed in action. Fisher measured 6 ft. 4 in. in bare feet.

George McKaig, of Lethbridge, saved two people from drowning when a young girl and soldier companion upset their boat.

Mrs. Michael Hall, of Lily Plain, was badly burned and her little daughter was burned to death when her clothing caught fire.

The first big wool shipment of the year was made from the Conrad Shearing Plant at Lethbridge, 100,000 pounds being loaded out for shipment to eastern markets.

A Winnipeg delegation headed by Mayor Waugh, waited upon Premier Norris for his support of construction of a good automobile highway from Winnipeg to Gulf of Mexico.

GERMANS KINDLY TREATED.

Comfortable Surroundings in English Internment Camps.

In the Wittenberg camp a thousand typhus patients, prisoners of war, were abandoned by their German guards. The supplies for the hospital were passed in on a trolley, worked by winches at either end, that there should be no contact between the prisoners and the outside world, says Jane Anderson in the London Daily News.

When I visited St. Mary's Institute, a British internment camp, where England houses 750 German subjects, I found that the prisoners are provided with workshops, with recreation grounds, with reading-rooms, with every facility which will promote their comfort and well-being. A maître d'hôtel, a prisoner, is in charge of their cuisine.

St. Mary's Institute differs in no vital point from other such internment camps in England. A large building with many windows is placed in the centre of some well-planned grounds; a stone wall encloses it. In the little plaza before the central doors of the tall building there is a fountain. To the right and left there are two enclosures, with paved walks and trees and benches.

In the shadow of the wall there are flower-beds, bright with flowers, and the white driveway is bordered by a clipped hedge. There are everywhere space and sunlight.

OUTRAGES IN SERBIA.

Murder, Oppression, Torture and Looting by the Bulgarians.

Since the Serbian army was forced to retreat into Albania, and King Peter's kingdom was overrun by the Austro-German and Bulgarian invaders, one often hears the question, "What are the conditions in Serbia under the conquerors?"

This question is not easy to answer, as the invaders leave no stone unturned to establish a Chinese wall between the conquered territory and the outer world. Very little news is allowed to filter through. But in spite of martial law and repression in every shape, slowly but surely the story of the terrible plight of Serbia is beginning to be known.

The conditions in Serbia are worse than those in Belgium and Poland, as undying racial hatred is added to the animosity roused by war. The regime of the Bulgarians is the worst, but the Austro-German administration is almost as ruthless. The characteristic feature of the Bulgarian rule is indiscriminate massacre and robbery.

The murders are perpetrated in various ways; the victims are knifed, shot, beaten, tortured, and burned alive. The murderers respect neither age nor sex. Male and female infants in the cradle and people of over seventy have been slaughtered alike. Besides this massacre, torture, mutilation, violation, kidnapping, and robbery of the worst type are common.

A slip of the tongue is often more serious than a slip of the foot.

OUR ANNUAL SUMMER CLEARING SALE

As our policy here is—and always was—never to carry goods from season to season, we are offering goods at away below regular values. Be sure and come here this week. Shop as early in the week as you possibly can, because sometimes, despite our best calculations, the special lots are sold out. You'll save many a dollar by becoming a regular patron at Mayhew's.

30c Pillow Cotton, 22c
Tomorrow we put on sale five pieces more of that splendid Circular Pillow Cotton, 40 inches wide, fine, pure make, sold always at 30c; this week 22c.

Buy Wash Goods Here This Week
Voiles in spot, stripe, awning stripe, checks, floral and silk stripes, in all the newest colorings and weaves at 10c, reg. 25c; 25c, reg. 45c; 35c, reg. 65c; 50c, reg. 75c; 50c, reg. \$1.00.

Women's Fancy Parasols, newest shapes, 78c
Parasols in all colors, stripes and shapes. Regular \$2.00, for 78c.

Clearing Men's Fine Silk Shirts at \$1.48
New Straw Hats on sale at half price \$1.00, regular \$2.00.

Trimmed Hats Must Go.
\$6.50 Hats for \$1.98
This week we will offer you the choice of our \$6.50 Trimmed Hats for \$1.98.
Untrimmed Hats 65c, regular \$3.00.

For good values you must come here.

Exclusive Footwear Styles Novelty Pumps
Misses' Slippers, \$1.49
Black Patent Leather Slippers with low heels and in-step straps, neat bow on vamp, size 11 to 2.
Misses' Dress Sandals, \$1.69
Patent, with 5 ankle straps.
Women's White and Patent Pumps, \$1.68
White Nubuck Pumps, turned soles and bow on vamps, regular \$2.75, this week's sale \$1.68.
Misses' and Children's Running Shoes, 75c

Sales of All Sorts
are confronting you at this time—sales that work upon your imagination, sales that promise much but give little in return. Our straightforward policy so rigidly enforced in this modern establishment prohibits the use of exaggerations and deceptions and offers you the reasonable things, the plain simple truth.

Men! Why sweeter this hot weather
Buy a nice Porous Knit Combination, 75c to \$1.25.
Men's Summer Suits at Half Price

E. Mayhew & Co.
26c trade and 25c cash for Eggs
Get the habit. Trade at Mayhew's

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1916.

Appin

Mrs. Wilcox had the misfortune to fall from a chair while picking cherries a few days ago, breaking a wrist bone. Mrs. Peter McArthur left Thursday evening to visit her son, Corp. D. C. McArthur, who is leaving soon for England. Corp. McArthur is one of the Signalling Corps now stationed at Petawawa. He enlisted from the Agricultural College at Guelph. He will meet his mother in Ottawa, where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Smith, of Ottawa, for a few days.

A meeting of the local Conservative association will be held in the town hall on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. George Elliot, M. P., is expected to be present.

Mrs. James Campbell and family, of Toronto, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mullins.

Appin and Thamesville ball teams played a fast game at Thamesville. Score 7 in favor of Appin.

Miss Orr, of Taberville, is visiting Mrs. M. Fisher.

Mrs. Ed. Thomson is visiting friends at Mt. Brydges.

Mrs. Clarke, of Essex, is visiting her mother here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Morrow and daughter, of Toronto, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. E. C. McDonald.

Miss Delarone Huston, of London, is visiting friends here.

D. L. Galbraith has returned from an auto trip to Port Burwell and other points.

Pte. George Berry, of the 135th, is visiting at the Commercial Hotel.

Mrs. Wm. Hughes received a telegram stating that her brother, Pte. Alex. Humphries, was wounded.

Dr. and Mrs. Cowan, of Detroit, and Mr. and Mrs. John Cowan, of Glencoe, visited Mr. and Mrs. Macraut on Saturday.

Charles Auld is going to sing at Mt. Elgin this week and at Adelaide next week.

Don't submit to asthma. If you suffer without hope of breaking the chains which bind you do not put off another day the purchase of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Remedy. A trial will drive away all doubt as to its efficiency. The sure relief that comes will convince you more than anything that can be written. When help is so sure, why suffer? This matchless remedy is sold by dealers everywhere.

EKFRID STATION.

Miss Frances Wrinn has spent two weeks with her parents in Detroit.

Miss Gladys McEachen, of Thamesville, is visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Dougald Galbraith, John Galbraith and Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Galbraith and family are visiting at their home here.

Farmers have completed their haying and are now harvesting the wheat crop, which will not be a very heavy one.

John A. McCallum has left for Walkerville where he has secured a situation.

Mrs. Christy Black, of Detroit, spent last week with her cousin, Mrs. Duncan McCallum.

D. A. Campbell has been appointed judge on sheep at the London Fair.

A pleasant time was spent last Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McCallum when the friends and schoolmates of Pte. Lorne McCallum and Duncan Black met to spend an evening with them before their departure. During the evening of music and speeches, Lorne Eaton stepped forward and read a beautifully worded address, and each of the boys was presented with a wrist watch. Many good wishes were extended by their friends of S. S. No. 4.

Wardsville

Miss Edith McLean has returned to New York after spending a month with her mother, Mrs. Robert McLean.

The band has been engaged to furnish music at the big Shetland picnic in August.

The Misses Quigley are taking a summer course at the Ontario Agricultural College.

The Women's Guild of St. James' church have donated \$50, part of the proceeds of their July lawn social, to the Red Cross.

Owing to the river bridge being under repairs, the farmers are fording the river back of Henry Archer's farm.

Miss McDougall and Miss Mary Benner are visiting at Dr. H. A. Wilson's.

Mrs. R. V. Byrne, of New York, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Douglas.

Ethridge Purdy, of Detroit, spent the week-end at his home here.

Mrs. Margaret Aitchison left this morning for Toronto and Beaverton, where she will spend her holidays. Miss Clara Miller is relieving her at the office.

Mrs. J. Carson, of Chicago, is visiting her brothers, William and Charles Minna.

Miss Dessie Purdy has returned home after spending a week in Buffalo. Her brother William and Miss McGinnie accompanied her.

Mrs. A. Miller and Clara spent Thursday in Chatham.

Miss Becky Hobbs, of Birt, and Miss Waldon, of Windsor, are visiting Mrs. J. A. Mulligan.

Mr. and Mrs. Morrow and daughter Dorothy, of Toronto, are visiting Mrs. Morrow's mother, Mrs. Mulligan.

We are very sorry to hear that Miss Verna Wilson is ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. Coutts, Miss Rhea and Glen Coutts, Miss Smith and Mr. Thompson, of Windsor, spent Sunday with Mrs. M. Aitchison. Mrs. Coutts will spend the week-end in town.

Archie Leslie, of Dutton, visited friends in town on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Yates are visiting in Detroit.

Mrs. Oliver and son, who have been visiting her sister, Mrs. Tice, left for St. Thomas, Friday.

Private E. Clark, of the 135th Battalion, is at his home here.

Mrs. (Rev.) Jefferson and daughter Doris spent Thursday in London.

Mrs. McKay, of London, and her father, Mr. Kerr, are visiting the former's daughter, Mrs. O. J. Glenn.

Mrs. W. R. Taylor, Mrs. A. K. Alexander and daughters, of Mull; Mrs. D. A. Leitch, of Ridgeway; Misses Barbara Taylor, of Perth, and Jeanette, of Virginia, Ill., spent Wednesday with their sister, Mrs. John Mulligan.

Mr. and Mrs. Dougald McCoig and family spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. John Mulligan.

Rev. Mr. Martin, of London, conducted the services in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning.

Miss Jennie Rogers is visiting her brother at Wyoming.

Miss Hilda Blott is visiting friends in Alvinston.

NORTH GLENCOE.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Waite, Miss Myrtle Waite and Norman Bunn, of West Lorne, motored over and spent Sunday at the home of G. W. Sutton, North Glencoe.

Ptes. Will Hawes and R. G. Lovell, of Camp Borden, spent Sunday at the home of Robert Eddie, Jr., before leaving for overseas.

Miss Norma Harris, of Glencoe, is the guest of Miss Elva Sutton.

Mrs. Dan Graham is improving after an attack of heat prostration.

Holloway's Corn Cure is a specific for the removal of corns and warts. We have never heard of its failing to remove even the worst kind.

Melbourne

Mr. Phillips, M. C. R. operator, has moved his wife and family here.

Miss Nina Long is able to be about again.

Lloyd Long has left to accept a position at Stratford.

On Thursday, 27th, there will be an excursion to Port Stanley under the auspices of the Methodist Sunday Schools of Melbourne and Appin and Rebeah Lodge I. O. O. F. of Melbourne.

An ice cream social was given on the lawn of the Melbourne Methodist Church Thursday evening by the young people of the church. Ice cream and other refreshments were served. A good program completed an enjoyable evening.

A farewell party was given at the home of Mrs. Henry Campbell on Wednesday evening prior to the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Holloway, who are leaving this district for Aylmer. A purse of money was presented to Mr. and Mrs. Holloway by their many friends.

The report of the departmental examinations for the Lower School has come to hand. On this the continuation school here had only five candidates writing. Eight others took the exemption by working on the farm.

Of those writing, three were successful. The successful ones are D. B. Bateman, S. A. Carruthers, E. McIntyre. The following students of Form I. were also successful in passing the school examination for Form II:—Kathleen Chambers, Marjorie Robinson, Hubert Hagerly, Diarmid McTaggart, Sadie McGowan, Grace Perry, John Switzer. In this form the farm option was taken by three students: Stanley Mullins, Walter Robinson, Calder Stephens. On the completion of their time on the farm they will also be entitled to take up the work of Form II.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchcock*
WALKERS.

Mrs. Annie McLachlan, of Fleming, Sask., is visiting her brother, J. R. Walker.

Miss E. Jean Rae spent a few days last week with friends here.

Pte. N. W. McCallum is spending a few days under the parental roof.

Mrs. Duncan Dewar and daughter Jean, of St. Thomas, spent the week-end at Jas. Walker's.

John McNaughton has been confined to the house for a few days with a sore arm, which he received while unloading hay.

Colin A. Munroe, while cutting wheat on Saturday, had the misfortune to have one of his horse's legs broken. One of the horses choked and fell against the tongue of the binder, which struck the other horse's leg, breaking it.

Private Arthur Field, of Camp Borden, and Misses Mabel and Evelyn Field, of Stratford, visited their uncle, Thomas Field, on Monday.

Mr. Patterson, of Toronto, visited at Donald Galbraith's last week.

Miller's Worm Powders will not only expel worms from the system, but will induce healthful conditions of the system under which worms can no longer thrive. Worms keep a child in a continual state of restlessness and pain, and there can be no comfort for the little one until the cause of suffering is removed, which can be easily done by the use of these powders, in which there is nothing more effective.

Newbury

Pte. Alex. Humphries' name appeared among the wounded in Monday morning's casualty list. Alex. lived for some time with Stuart McCallum and was known to many, who will hope his injuries may be slight. He has a sister living at Appin.

Rev. J. Malcolm and wife left on Friday for Stratford and Galt on a three weeks' vacation.

Rev. Mr. Martin, of London, occupied the pulpit in Knox church on Sunday.

Miss Hazel Galloway, of Cleveland, has been visiting Mrs. Yates.

Born—22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. George Miller, a son.

Ernest Archer, of Windsor, is visiting here.

Twenty-six of the members of the Women's Institute accepted an invitation from the Bothwell Institute on Tuesday evening last and spent a very pleasant time there.

Mrs. Lewthwaite and children left last week on a visit with her mother, Mrs. Gordon, at Gananque.

Renford Mercer was home from Windsor for Sunday.

Miss Anna Gordon is home from Toronto for a vacation.

V. Degraw and son Leo and Tom Wainship were up from Welland over Sunday.

Mrs. C. Burr and son Jack, of Detroit, visited Mrs. J. Burr this week.

Miss Leah Armstrong returned to Windsor on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Farr and Mr. and Mrs. F. McCall and Mrs. McCallum, of London, motored from London, spending Sunday at Stuart McCallum's.

WOODGREEN.

Ted Francis has purchased a Gerhard Heintzman piano from Dan McRae, Glencoe.

Mrs. Chas. Watterworth, of Beamsville, is visiting her many friends around here.

Miss Annie Beattie is holidaying in London.

Mrs. Wm. Haskell and children are visiting at Elijah Lumley's.

Mrs. Henry Kook is on a visit to Chicago.

A number of our young men spent Sunday at the lake.

Do not forget the annual picnic at the grove of Louis Watterworth on Wednesday, August 2nd. Everyone welcome. Bring your baskets and spend the day with your friends.

Wheat cutting is in full swing around here and spring grain of all kinds looks good despite the drought. The thermometer registered 100 in the shade on Monday at 1 p. m.

Kilmartin.

Mrs. Galt and little son, of Chicago, visited at John Stratford's last week.

Mrs. Dewar and daughter, of St. Thomas, spent the week-end with friends here.

M. C. Munroe is laid up with a badly sprained ankle.

Mrs. Stuart, of Winnipeg, is renewing old acquaintances here.

Miss Johanna Lindsay is visiting friends in this neighborhood.

Miss Nellie Parnell has been engaged to teach in school section 17, Moss.

Peter McNeil, of Oakdale, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. M. C. Munroe.

GREAT MEDICINE.—Torti, one of the pioneers of French Canada, lost a hand and wore an iron hook as a substitute. He was in the habit of boxing the ears of refractory Indians with this iron hand, and they have remarked that it was "great medicine." Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is great medicine; it takes hold of pain with an iron hand and knocks it out of the system.

Strathburn

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Siddall motored to Forest last Sunday.

Quite a number motored to Port Stanley Sunday.

A few of those lovely showers we had last spring would be much appreciated just now.

A representative of a wealthy oil syndicate has been induced to make observations in this section regarding oil and gas. He was here on Monday and the situation looked favorable to him. He said if the farmers gave him encouragement he would have a few test wells sunk near here.

NOT A NAUSEATING PILL.—The recipient of a pill is the substance which contains the ingredients and makes up the pill mass. That of Parnelee's Vegetable Pills is so compounded as to preserve their moisture, and they can be carried into any latitude without impairing their strength. Many pills, in order to keep them from adhering, are rolled in powders, which prove nauseating to the taste. Parnelee's Vegetable Pills are so prepared that they are agreeable to the most delicate.

SHETLAND.

Everywhere gets rain but us. Talk about "preparedness," but this weather ought to do it.

Hay fever has been very prevalent here.

Thrashing began here this week.

The L. M. S. had a fair turnout to their garden party Friday night.

Miss Pauline Powell, of Sarnia, returned home Monday after a pleasant visit at J. D. Dobbin's.

Miss Lettie Powell is holidaying with friends here.

Geo. Bilton entertained an auto load of Croton friends Sunday.

M. H. Moorhouse entertained his Sunday School class this week.

Word has just been received from Bert Playford, who says he is busy ducking gulls.

Mildred Sharp, of Bothwell, is holidaying here.

An auto load of London friends visited at Shetland Store last Friday. Everything is on tiptoe for the big Shetland picnic August 9. The reeve has proclaimed this a civic holiday and everybody who has finished watering their oats and corn will be here.

Pale, sickly children should use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Worms are one of the principal causes of suffering in children and should be expelled from the system.

HUNGARY IS PANICKY

Invasion of the Cossack Detachments Brings Consternation.

Russian Cavalry Has Passed Through the Carpathians. With Population Fleeing in Terror—Austro-German Forces Have Fallen Back in Disorder Across the Lipa and Sty Rivers.

LONDON, July 25.—A despatch to The Morning Post from Budapest, dated July 15, says:

"Some Cossack detachments succeeded in crossing into Hungary Monday, creating a panic throughout the frontier towns and villages and causing thousands of refugees to swarm down on to the plains. The Russians penetrated about 30 miles and then rapidly withdrew, fighting continuously with detachments of gendarmes."

"Correspondents explain the panic of the populace by saying that a dozen Cossacks are sufficient to frighten and put to flight a hundred 'thousand women and children.'"

The Teutonic army continues to retire before the heavy onslaughts. They have been driven from the new positions occupied at Beresteck after the big push that hurled them back of the Lipa. Petrograd reports the enemy is retreating in great disorder, and that Russian troops under General Sakharoff have taken in two days' fighting 200 officers and 12,000 men. This brings the total number of Teutons made prisoners up to 26,000 since July 16.

On the right bank of the Sty, south of its confluence with the Lipa, the 13th Austrian Landwehr Regiment was cut off and surrounded. It surrendered in its entirety.

Gen. Sakharoff's forces are now firmly established across the Lipa about 13 miles from its junction with the Sty, and are still pressing forward unchecked. This continued advance of the Russians further imperils both Kovel and Lemberg.

Meantime, the Russians are hammering away at the Teutonic lines in Bukovina, and in the Riga sector, in the north. An important height on the road from Delatyn to Maramoros-Sziget has changed hands several times. Petrograd reports it is now held by the Russians.

Austria admits that under the menace of a heavy Russian assault the Austrians in the Carpathian region of Southern Bukovina, south-east of Tatarow have withdrawn towards the main ridge of the Carpathians.

A Petrograd special to The Daily Telegraph says:

"Gen. Sakharoff's success to the west of Dubno, which resulted in the occupation of Beresteck, is said at general staff headquarters to have cost the enemy a third of his total force in this part of the field, estimated at 150,000 men. He is still bringing up reinforcements, and his resistance cannot be regarded as finally broken."

In the great battle on the Lower Dvina, apparently the bulk of the fighting is on the extreme right, in the immediate vicinity of Riga, and the Russians have had certain successes at one or two places.

It is reported on good authority that one place they got forward five miles, apparently, when they captured Kommern, and a private message speaks of an advance against Tukum. It is evident that the enemy is making vigorous counter-attacks.

Fierce engagements have taken place south of Riga, and Russian troops have penetrated the German first line at several points, says the official statement issued by the War Office Sunday night. In the Caucasus the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas have occupied Ardasa, about thirteen miles north-west of Gumushaneh, on the Chit River.

A Petrograd despatch to The Telegraph says the Russians have broken the German line on a front of five miles in the Riga sector.

Von Hindenburg's line was considered the strongest on the whole eastern front, and that the Russians were able to break it is regarded as most significant.

The bulk of the fighting is reported on the extreme Russian right wing, in the immediate vicinity of the Baltic port. Despatches also state that the Germans are advancing on Tukum, west of Riga, indicating that the Teutons are making desperate counter-attacks.

An unofficial report from Petrograd declares that the armies of both General Boshm-Ermolli and General von Bothmer have been outflanked on the north and south, and the Russians are on the point of entering the north-east corner of Galicia.

Military experts assert the position of General von Bothmer's forces such that he may soon be forced to retire on the front before Lemberg.

Further south, Russian troops have fought their way to within four miles of the summit of the Carpathians. This advance indicates an invasion of Hungary through Jablonitz Pass is near. Several days ago Mossacks were reported to have slipped through the Carpathians at several points into Hungary.

Greater Part of Poland Will be Freed

PETROGRAD, July 25.—General Sakharoff's brilliant stroke in forcing the enemy back from the Lipa and the Sty has placed the Austrians in the most dangerous predicament of the war. Unless the Russians can be held off from Lemberg and Kovel, either by way of Vladimir-Volynski or the Stokhod line, the Austrian armies, worn out and depleted, and looking in vain for help from the Germans, are doomed to an ignominious retreat over the whole face of Galicia and into the shadow of the great Carpathian wall, and the greater part of Poland will once more be freed of German troops.

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