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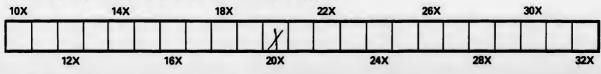


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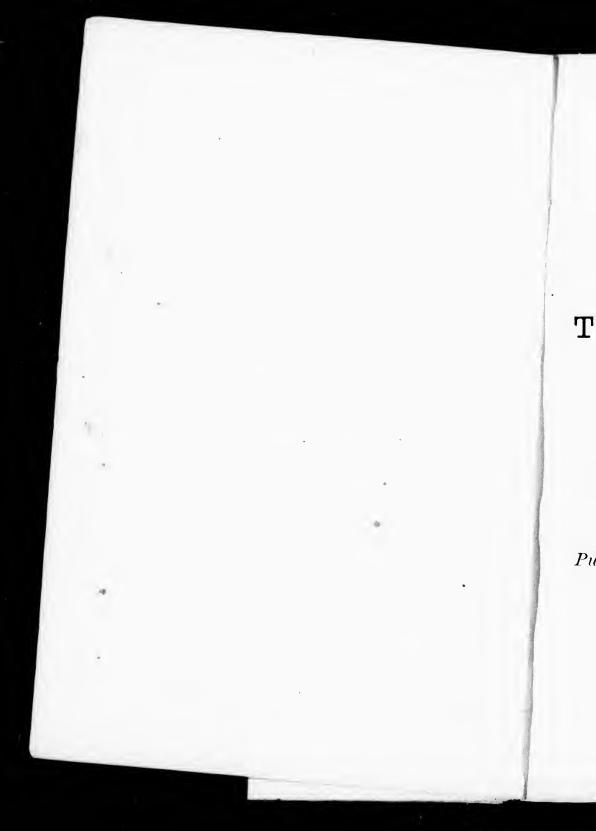


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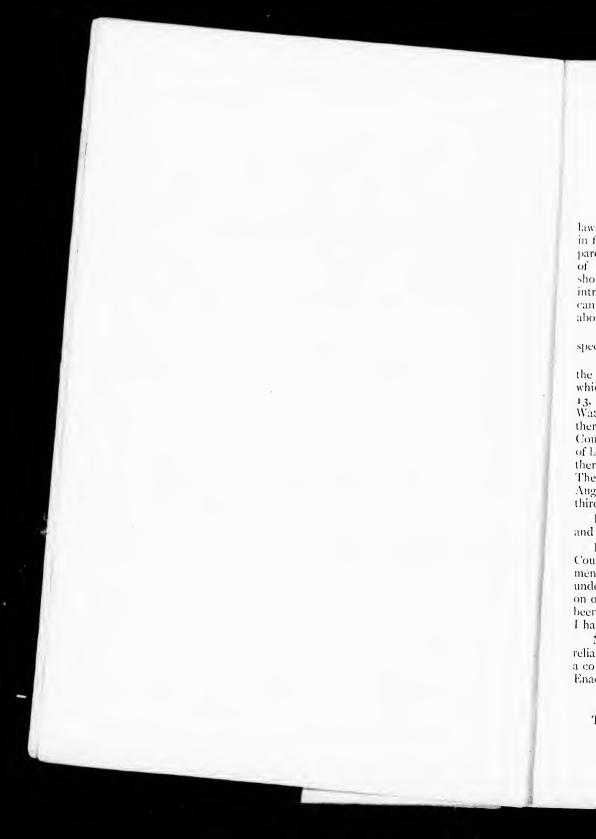
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SECOND EDITION.

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Published by Order of the Town Council.

TRURO: W. B. ALLEY, PRINTER. 1879.



PREFACE.

This small volume is the result of a compilation, and contains the laws specially affecting the Town of Truro, and the Town Ordinances in force on the fifth day of March last. The manuscript has been prepared for the printer by the subscriber, in accordance with a resolution of the Town Council, the Council being desirous that the citizens should be informed of the laws by which they are governed. However intricate some of these laws, rightly or wrongly, may be considered; it cannot be contended that they are voluminous, wherefore explanations about the arrangement of the work are scarcely necessary.

Part I contains the enactments of the Legislature of Nova Scotia, specially affecting the Town of Truro.

Part II contains the Ordinances of the Town of Truro, made by the Council, and approved of by the Governor in Council, many of which have the force of direct Legislative Enactments, under Section 13, Chapter 49, Acts of 1876; while the others (except No. XXII of Water Works) designated by the prefix of an asterisk, (*) or parts thereof not so designated, but printed in *Italics*, were made by the Council under Section 37 of Chapter 47, Acts of 1875, and approved of by the Governor in Council on the fifth day of March, 1878, and therefore are as binding in law as those confirmed by Act of Parliament. The Water Works Ordinance was passed by the Council fourth of Angust, 1876, and approved of by the Governor in Council the twentythird day of the same month.

Part III contains Miscellaneous Rules concerning the Town Court and the Police Force.

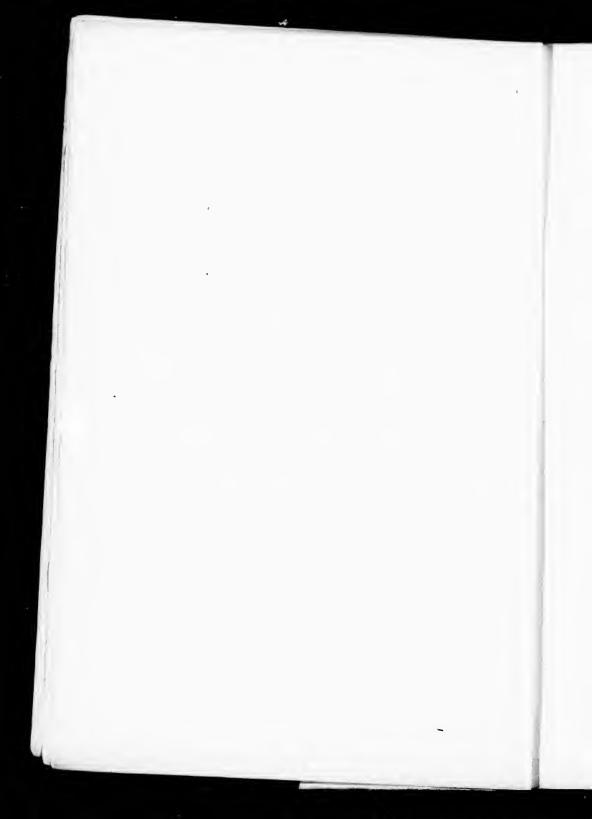
In Appendix A will be found some forms prescribed by the Town Council. Appendix B contains His Honor Judge Blanchard's Judgment on the Liquor suits taken from the Town to the County Court under writs of Certiorari, being the first important finding of a Judge on our Town Laws, for which reason, and also on account of having been appealed for the decision of the full Bench of the Supreme Court, I have thought well to incorporate with these Laws and Ordinances.

My aim has been to make this edition of the "Town Laws" a reliable authority, stamped by the impress of the existing laws, and not a confused mass of legislation that cannot be verified by Parliamentary Enactments.

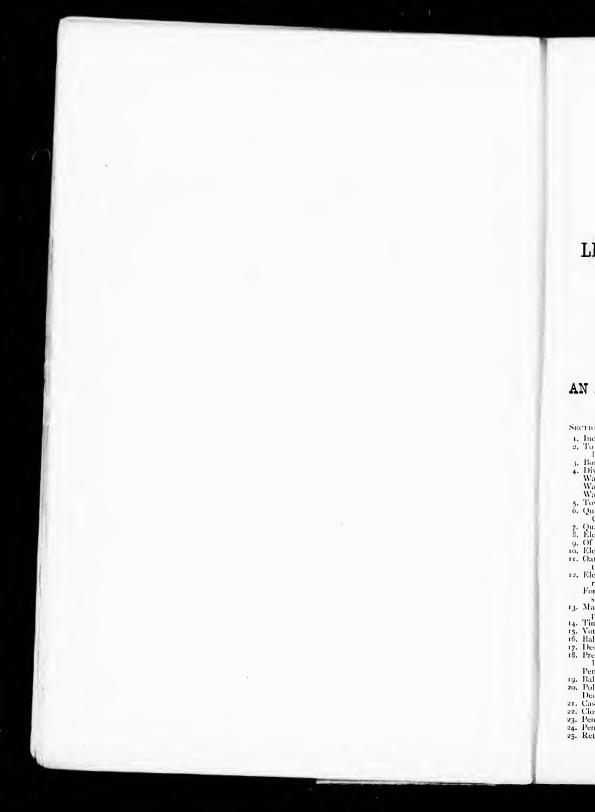
ISRAEL LONGWORTH,

Mayor.

TRURO, March 17th, 1879.







PART L

ENACTMENTS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE OF NOVA SCOTIA,

ESPECIALLY AFFECTING THE

TOWN OF TRURO.

TITLE L

CHAPTER 47. 38 VICTORLE.

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE TOWN OF TRURO.

(Passed the 6th day of May, A. D. 1875).

SECTION.

- r. Incorporation of "Town of Truro," 2. To have all privileges usually enjoyed
- by Corporations.
- Boundary of Town.
- Doundary of Town.
 Division of Town into Wards. Ward No. 1, Ward No. 2, Ward No. 3,
 - Town Council,
- 6. Qualification necessary for Mayor or Councillor.
- Qualification of Electors.
 Elections, when held, &e.
 Of Retiring Councillors.

- 10. Elections, how conducted.
- 11. Oath to be taken by persons offering to vote,
- 12. Electors to vote in ward wherein they reside. Form of oath mentioned in preceding
- section. 13. Manner in which candidates shall be
- proposed. 14. Time of opening and closing polls. 15. Vote by ballot, &c. 16. Ballot boxes.

- 17. Description of ballot.
- Presiding Officer, &c., not to give ballot to any voter. Penalty. 19. Ballots exceeding votes.
- 20. Poll list.
- Declaration.
- 21. Casting vote,
- Closing poll.
 Penalty for voting illegally.
- 24. Penalty for forgery, &c.
- 25. Return of Candidates.

- SECTION.
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 Result of election to be published.
 Oaths of Mayor or Councillors,
 Duties of Mayor,
- 30. Duties and powers of Council,
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- 32. Meetings,
- 33. Mayor to preside at meetings,
- Officers appointed by Council.
 Duty of Clerk.
- Bye laws to specify duties of officers.
 Council to make and repeal Bye laws.
- 38. Of Town Property.
- Town to be separate in school sections,
 Town to be separate in school sections,
 Auditors, their duties, &e.
 On report of Anditors Conneil to pass accounts.
- 42. Auditors' statement to be published.
- Council to regulate payment of moneys
 Annual meeting of rate payers, proceedings at, &c.
- 45. Debentures.
 46. Debentures interest, when redeemable 47. Water supply.
 - Loans. Tenders therefor.
 - Debentures
 - Payment.
 - Assessment for interest on loan,
- 48. Sinking fund. 49. District No. 1.
- 50. Existing arrangements not to be dis-turbed till first election takes place.
- 51. Salaries to be fixed by Council. 52. Council to carry out past contracts of Town.
- 53. Inconsistent law repealed.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly as follows:---

Incorporation of "Town of Truro."

1. The inhabitants of the Town of Truro within the limits hereinafter defined, are constituted a body corporate and politic by the name of the "Town of Truro,"

To have all privileges usually enjoyed by Corporations.

Boundary of Fown.

They shall, as a corporation, have perpetual 2. succession and a common seal, changeable at pleasure, and shall be capable of suing and being sued in all Courts of Justice, and of acquiring, holding and conveying any description of property, real, personal, or mixed, and shall have all the other rights usually had or enjoyed by corporations.

3. The Town of Truro shall be bounded as follows, that is to say:

Beginning on the Salmon River at or as far down as the west line of David Fulton's farm, thence southwardly by such line to the rear base line of the long front lots, thence westwardly by such base line to the old Halifax road, thence northwardly on such road to the junction of the road leading to the Lower Village, thence northwardly to the western line of the Truro Cemetery, and continuing the same course west and east to include the Roman Catholic grave-yard till it comes to the Marsh road, thence north or by the line of fence dividing the upper from the lower division of marsh to the Bay, thence up stream of the Bay and Salmon River to the place of beginning.

4. The Town shall be divided into three Wards, as follows :---

Ward Number One.

Ward No. 1.

Division of Town into

Wards.

To include all that portion of the Town lying to the west of a line extended in a south direction from Salmon River through the centre of Park Street to the centre of Queen Street, and of a line through the centre of Revere Street leading from Oueen Street to Prince Street, and a line through the centre of Dominion Street leading from Prince Street to the railway track continued to the south boundary line of the Town.

Ward Number Two.

Ward No. 2.

All that portion of the Town lying to the east of such lines and to the west of a line from Salmon River in a south direction through the centre of Logan Street

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to the centre of Queen Street, and of a line through the centre of Church Street leading from Queen Street to Prince Street, and of a line through the centre of Inglis Street leading from Prince Street to the railway and continued to the south boundary line of the Town; and

Ward Number Three.

All that portion of the Town lying to the east of Ward No. 3. the line from Salmon River through the centre of Logan Street and Church Street and Inglis Street to the South boundary line of the Town, and west of the eastern boundary of the Town.

The Corporation shall consist of a Mayor and Town Council. six Councillors, residents of the Town, who shall constitute the Town Council, to be elected by the ratepayers thereof. Such Mayor and Councillors shall be ex officio Justices of the Peace within the limits of the Town.

The qualification of a candidate for the office Qualification б. of Mayor or Councillor shall be the possession of one Mayor or thousand dollars real and personal property beyond Councillor. any amount he may justly owe.

7. All male residents of the Town, who shall have Qualification been so for at least one year next previous to the of Electors. election, being natural born or naturalized subjects of Her Majesty, of the full age of twenty-one years, and who shall have been assessed for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars of real estate, or three hundred dollars of real and personal estate combined, or three hundred dollars of personal property within the corporation for the year previous, and shall have paid the rates thereon, or though resident without the Town shall own real estate therein of the value of three hundred dollars, and shall have been assessed and paid the rate thereon during the year preceding the election, shall be qualified to-vote at any election of Mayor or Councillor.

8. The first election . Ir Mayor and Councillors Elections, shall be held at any time not later than the first Tues- when held, &c. day of May, A. D., 1878, to be fixed by the Governor in Council. At such election a Mayor, to hold office until the close of the second municipal year, shall be elected by all the wards, and two Councillors, of whom one shall retire at the end of the first year as herein-

after provided, shall be elected by each ward. Subsequent elections shall be held on the first Tuesday of May in each and every year; at each of which one Councillor to hold office for two years shall be elected by each ward, and a Mayor to hold office for one year by all the wards. One Councillor from each ward shall go out of office at the end of each year, but shall be eligible for re-election. The presiding officer to be appointed by the Governor in Council under this section shall give notice of such election for fourteen days by advertisement in a newspaper (if any) published in the Town of Truro, and by handbills posted therein.

Of Retiring Councillors.

Elections, how conducted.

At the close of the first year the Mayor shall draw lots to determine which of the Councillors for each Ward shall retire. In succeeding years the senior Councillor of each ward shall retire. Any person elected as Mayor or Councillor and refusing to serve shall forfeit the sum of Forty Dollars to the use of the Town. Provided that no Mayor or Councillor, who shall have served for e c term, shall be subject to fine for nonacceptance , office on re-election until the expiration of three y. 5 from the date of his first or previous election.

The first election shall be conducted by a 10. presiding officer—to be appointed by the Governor in Council—who shall appoint a deputy presiding officer and Inspector and Poll Clerk for each Ward. Succeeding elections shall be conducted by presiding officers and Inspectors to be named by the Council, together with a poll clerk for each ward. Notice of the time and place of holding elections shall be posted up in the case of the first elections by the presiding officer appointed by the Governor in Council, and of succeeding elections by the Council, in two of the most public places in each Ward of the Town, for ten days previous to the holding of any such election.

Oath to be taken by persons

11. Any person offering to vote at any election offering to vote shall, if required by the presiding officer, or other person qualified to vote, make oath that he is qualified to vote at such election, and that he has paid his poor and county rates for the year previous.

Every elector shall vote in the Ward wherein 12. in they reside, he resides, or, if a resident without the Town and assessed upon property of the required value within the

Electors to vote in ward whered. Subsefuesday of which one be elected r one year each ward ; but shall ficer to be er this secrteen days iblished in therein.

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Town, shall vote in the ward where such property is situate; and the oath mentioned in the preceding section shall be as follows, to be modified when necessary so as to be made applicable to persons residing without the Town and owning property within the same:---

"I, A. B., do swear that I have resided in the Town Formof oath of Truro for one year or upwards, now next preceding, preceding secunless temporarily absent; that I am of the age of tions twenty-one years and upwards, and am a subject of our Lady the Queen; that in the assessment for the year 18— I was rated for poor and county rates on (one hundred and fifty dollars of real estate, or three hundred dollars of personal property, or three hundred dollars of real and personal property combined, as the case may be), and have paid the same in full; that my residence is in ward number —, and that I have not before voted at this or any other election which is at this time being held for any other ward. So help me God."

13. All candidates for the offices of Mayor and Manner in Councillors shall be proposed in writing by two rate- dates shall be payers, the Councillors by rate-payers residents of the proposed. Ward for which the Councillors are to be elected, and their names shall be handed in at the first election to the presiding officer appointed by the Governor in Council, and in succeeding elections to the Town Clerk, at least three days previous to the holding of any such election, and the presiding officer and Town Clerk shall post up the names of the candidates in one conspicuous place outside and one inside where the elections shall be held, and also furnish the names of candidates for Mayor and Councillors for the several Wards to any rate-payer desiring the same.

14. The polls shall be opened at nine of the clock Time of openin the forenoon, and close at four in the afternoon ; but $\frac{\text{ing and closing}}{\text{polls}}$. they may be earlier closed by proclamation if no vote be polled within an hour.

The votes shall be given at the election by Vote by ballot, 15. ballot. The ballot shall be a paper ticket which shall &c. contain in writing or printing, or partly written and partly printed, the name of the person for whom the elector intends to vote, designating on the back the office which the person named inside is intended to fill; each voter shall deliver his ballot folded up to the Inspector. The inspector shall ascertain that the ballot

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which candi-

is single without reading it, and shall then, in the presence of the elector, deposit it without delay in the ballot box.

Ballot boxes.

16. There shall be in the charge of the officer presiding one or more ballot boxes. When the Mayor and Councillors are to be elected there shall be two ballot boxes in each Ward, to receive separate ballots from each voter for the different officers.

Description of ballot.

17. No ballots shall contain more names than there are persons to be chosen to the office. No ballot shall be rejected because found in a box to which it does not belong if otherwise correct, but a ballot if double or containing more names than legal shall be rejected.

18. No officer presiding at any election nor any

Presiding Offigive ballot to poll clerk or inspector or officer of the Town present any voter.

ing votes.

thereat, shall give to any voter any ballot to vote with, or offer or give him any advice as to the person for whom he should vote, or otherwise interfere with the voter in the exercise of his franchise. Any such presiding officer, poll clerk, inspector or officer offending Penalty against this section shall forfeit for every offence a sum not exceeding twenty dollars, to be recovered by any person in the Police Court, or imposed as a fine in such police court upon complaint and proof by any person present at such election. Ballots exceed-

19. On opening the boxes if it is found that the ballots in any of the boxes exceed the number of votes entered on the poll list, the ballots of that box shall be returned and well mingled, and then the presiding officer shall draw out publicly as many of them without looking at them as equals the excess, and destroy them at once.

Poll list.

The name of each elector voting at such elec-20. tion shall be written in a poll list to be kept at such election by the poll clerk, and immediately after the final close of the poll all the votes given in each ward Declaration. being sorted and counted and publicly declared by the presiding officer and inspectors, shall be recorded at large by the poll clerk, and in making such declaration and record the whole number of votes or ballots shall be distinctly stated, together with the name of every person voted for and the number of votes given for each person respectively, and the presiding officer shall 1 the preslay in the

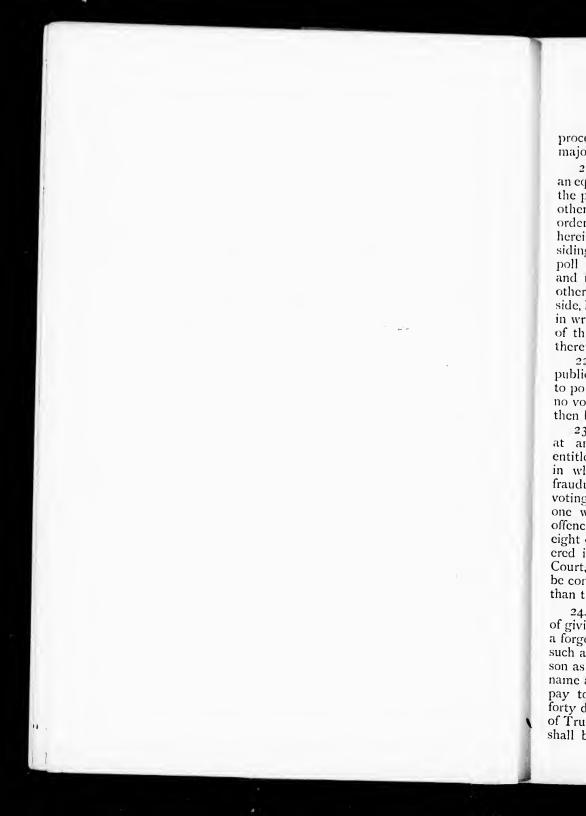
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proceed publicly to declare the persons having the majority of votes in their favour to be duly elected.

21. If there shall be at the final closing of the poll Casting vote. an equal number of votes polled for two or more persons, the presiding officer shall give a casting vote for one or other of the persons having such equality of votes, in order to give a majority to one of them; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the presiding officer from voting previously to the close of the poll in the same manner as other citizens may vote, and in case of his being entitled to vote in any ward other than that in which he shall be appointed to preside, he may give such vote by proxy, such proxy being in writing, and signed and having the receipt for taxes of the presiding officer so voting by proxy annexed thereto.

The presiding officer may at any time give Closing poll. 22. public notice that unless some voter shall come forward to poll within one hour the poll will be closed, and if no voter comes forward within the hour the poll shall then be finally closed.

23. Any person knowingly and wilfully voting Penalty for votat any election held under this Act when not entitled so to vote; any person voting in a ward in which he is not entitled to vote; any person fraudulently putting in more than one ballot when voting, and any person who shall vote in more than one ward at any such election, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay to the town a sum not less than eight dollars nor more than twenty dollars, to be recovered in the name of the Town of Truro, in the Police Court, and in default of payment after conviction shall be committed to the County Jail for a term not less than thirty days nor more than six months.

If any person at any election for the purpose Penalty for 24. of giving a vote shall knowingly and fraudulently offer a forged or altered receipt for his rates and taxes, or such a receipt or certificate belonging to another person as his own, or shall vote falsely under the assumed name and character of any voter, he shall forfeit and pay to the Town not less than eight nor more than forty dollars, to be recovered in the name of the Town of Truro, at the Police Office, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned for not less than one month nor

forgery, &c.

ing illegally.

more than six months, and in every such case shall be incapable of voting or holding office in the Town for seven years next after the offence.

Return of Can. didates.

The officer presiding at every election shall, 25. on or before the next day, make a return, in the case of the first election to the presiding officer appointed by the Governor in Council, and of subsequent elections to the town clerk, of the names of the persons having the majority of votes, and declared by him elected, and when an election of Mayor takes place, a return also of the names of the candidates and of the number of votes given to each.

Election of

26. In the first election of Mayor the presiding Mayor, officer appointed as aforesaid, in succeeding elections the Council, shall in public cause the return to be read and the votes for each candidate summed up, and the person who has the greatest number of votes in his favour shall be declared to be the Mayor on the day of the election or the day following. In case of an equality of votes for Mayor at the first election, the presiding officer aforesaid, and at succeeding elections the officer presiding in Council, shall by his casting vote decide which of the candidates shall be Mayor.

27. The result of every election of Mayor and Councillors shall be published in the next Royal *Gasette* newspaper after the election.

28.The Mayor and Councillors shall, before entering upon the duties of their offices, respectively be sworn by taking and subscribing the oath of allegiance and oath of office. These oaths shall be administered to the Mayor elect before the Custos of the County, or in his absence before two Justices of the Peace for the The Councillors shall be sworn to these County. oaths by the Mayor or presiding Councillor, a certificate of such oaths having been taken shall be entered by the Town Clerk in the town minutes. The oath of office shall be as follows :---

"I, A. B., do swear that I am duly qualified as required by law for the office of -----; that I am seized or possessed as the owner in my own right and for my own use and benefit of real or personal estate, or both, in the Town of Truro, of the value of one thousand dollars beyond the amount of my just debts; and that I have not obtained the same by fraud or collusion to

Result of election to be pub lished.

Oaths of Mayor or Councillors. a

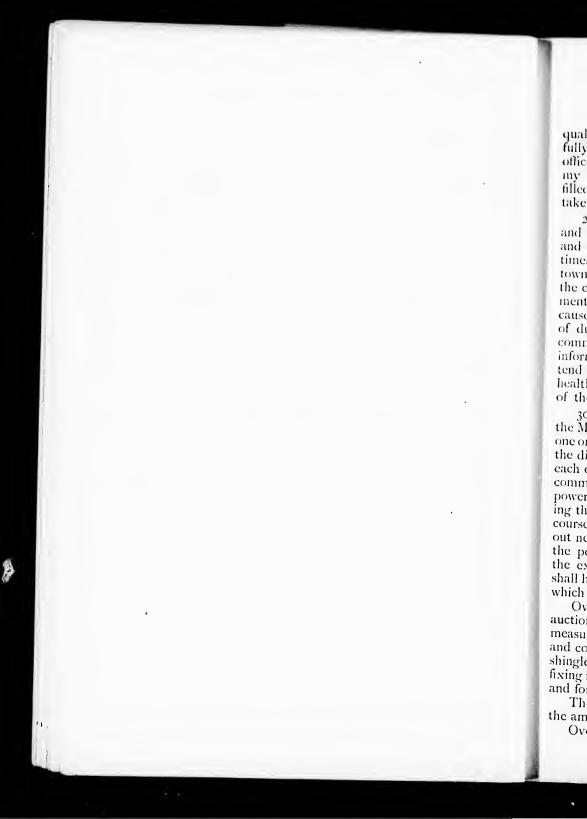
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qualify myself for office, and I swear that I will faithfully perform the duties of —— while I hold the office, with diligence and impartiality, to the best of my ability. So help me God." The blanks shall be filled up with the name of the office before the oath is taken or subscribed.

The Mayor shall be the head of the Council Duties of 20. and the head and chief executive officer of the town, and it shall be his duty to be vigilant and active at all times in causing the law for the government of the town to be duly executed and put in force; to inspect the conduct of all subordinate officers in the government thereof, and, as far as may be in his power, to cause all negligence, carelessness, and positive violation of duty to be duly prosecuted and punished, and to communicate from time to time to the Council all such information and recommend all such measures as may tend to the improvement of the finances, the police, health, security, cleanliness, comfort and appearance of the town.

30. It shall be the duty of the Council to assist Duties and the Mayor in the discharge of his duties, and to appoint Council. one or more of the members to be a committee to oversee the different public services of the town, who shall, at each quarterly meeting, report the state of the services committed to their charge. The Council shall have power to control the making, maintaining, and improving the roads and streets, sewers, sub-drains and watercourses of the town, and the widening old and laying out new ones when necessary. To direct and enforce the performance of the statute labour, and to control the expenditure of the commutation money. They shall have jurisdiction over all the property of the town which they shall protect.

Over the enforcement and fixing rates of license for auctioneers, weighers and measurers of flour and grain, measurers of salt and coal, gaugers, surveyors of bark and cordwood, inspectors and surveyors of lumber and shingles, truck, hack and expressmen. The levying and fixing rates of license for theatres, circuses, public shows, and foreign plays and concerts of all kinds.

The providing of a tax for dogs, and the fixing of the amount to be paid annually by the owners thereof. Over the support and regulation of the Public

Schools and the appointment of the teachers, in conjunction with the Superintendent of Normal School as at present exercised, excepting the Provincial Normal School; the support of the Poor; Licensing the sale of intoxicating liquors, fixing all rates of licenses and regulating applications therefor; regulating the assessments; collecting the assessments; the making all contracts relative to matters under their control, which contracts, after having been duly considered by the Council, shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Clerk. The appointment of all subordinate officers of the town, fixing the amount of their remuneration, and the time and mode of paying them. The returns of assessors and collectors, and the appointing of presiding officers and the regulating of elections; and making and directing the enforcement of regulations for the preservation of the health of the town.

Duties and powers of Council.

31. They shall vote, assess, collect, receive, appropriate and pay whatever moneys are required for County assessments-poor, school, and other rates and assessments, and shall have within the Town all the powers relating thereto vested in the Sessions, Grand Jury, School Meeting and Town Meeting; and shall have and exercise within the Town all the powers and authority which within the district, previous to the passing of this Act of Incorporation, were exercised by the Sessions, Grand Jury, Board of Health, or Town or School Meeting or Trustees of School and Public Property. They shall also have the power of enforcing due observance of the Lord's Day, of preventing vice, drunkenness, profane swearing, obscene language, and every other species of immorality in the public streets and roads, and all places within the bounds of such Town; and of preserving peace and good order in such streets and roads, taverns, and other places, and of preventing the sale of intoxicating liquors to Indians, minors and apprentices, and of restraining and punishing all vagabonds, drunkards and beggars, and all persons found drunk or disorderly in any street, road, or public highway in the Town. The imposing of fines on the owners of cattle, horses, swine, geese, and poultry going at large within the limits of the town and the providing of pounds for keeping the same. Also, the providing for any other purpose, matter or thing

hers, in connal School as icial Normal ng the sale of nses and regthe assessmaking all ontrol, which ered by the ind counterf all subordiount of their paying them. the appointof elections; it of regulathe town.

ve, appropril for County and assessl the powers Grand Jury, l shall have vers and auo the passing ised by the or Town or Public Proof enforcing venting vice, nguage, and ublic streets nds of such order in such ices, and of to Indians, and punishand all percet, road, or sing of fines and poultry wn and the Also, the er or thing



specially subjected to the control of the Council under this Act or by any law or bye-law of the Town, but no bye-law shall impose any penalty exceeding eighty dollars, and the Council may by a bye-law impose a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months in default of payment of such fine.

32. There shall be held every year four quarterly Meetings. meetings of the Council and special meetings to be called by the Mayor as often as necessary.

The Mayor when present shall preside at all Mayor to pre-33. meetings and in his absence the Council shall elect a ings. presiding officer for the time being among themselves.

The Council shall annually appoint a Clerk, Officers ap 3.4. Treasurer, Police, and Stipendiary magistrate, Assess- Council. ors, Overseers of Poor, Health Officers, Clerk of License, Superintendent of Streets and Common or Parade, Collectors of Poor, County, School and other rates and assessments, Firewards, and Fire Constables, Police Constables, Clerks of markets, and Measurers and Weighers, and every other officer from time to time deemed necessary to the due performance and carrying on the business of the town and the preservation of order.

35. The Town Clerk shall until the Council shall Duty of Clerk declare otherwise by some bye-law to be by them passed therefor, perform the duties appertaining to the office of Treasurer, Clerk of Overseers of Poor, Clerk of License, Collector of School, Poor, County and other rates and assessments, and all other duties that may be from time to time required of him by the Council.

36. The duties of the various officers shall be Bye-laws to specify duties specifically set out in the bye-laws of the Town.

37. The Council shall also have power to make, Council to and from time to time to alter and repeal, all such bye- peal Bye-laws. laws, rules and regulations as may be necessary for the conduct and good order of their proceedings, the direction of the Town Clerk and all other officers, and touching all matters within their authority, including the altering, limiting or modifying the mode in which the labor on the streets and roads shall be performed, or of substituting assessment in lieu thereof of the performance of labour on the said streets and roads as they may judge proper, and shall make all rules necessary for the creating and for the conduct, management and regulation of the Police and Municipal Court of

side at meet-

of officers.

make and re-

the Town, and for the regulating the mode of assessment, and of levying the same, and shall also make all regulations necessary for holding elections to supply vacancies occurring within the year in the office of Mayor or Councillors, which rules, bye-laws and regulations, when approved of by the Governor in Council, shall have the force of law.

Of Town Property,

Town to be separate school section. b

Auditors, their duties, &c.

On report of Auditors Council to pass accounts.

38. The Truro Common, and all property real and personal which at the passing of this act shall be public property, or shall have been held in trust in any way for the Town of Truro, shall, on the passing of this Act, vest in and become the property of the Town.

39. After the passing of this Act the Town shall be set off into a separate School Section within the limits as hereinbefore defined, and the Town shall have the expenditure of all School rates raised within its limits for the Schools of the Town, and also of all government and school grants for such schools, which grants shall be paid to the Town.

The Council shall annually appoint two audi-40. tors. No one who during the preceding year shall have been a member of the Council, or a contractor or officer appointed by the Council (except an auditor) shall be eligible. The auditors shall examine and report upon all accounts affecting the Town or relating to any matter under its control or within its jurisdiction for the year preceding their appointment. The auditors shall prepare an abstract of the receipts, expenditures and liabilities of the town, and also a detailed statement of such particulars, in such form as the Council shall direct, and shall report in duplicate on all the accounts audited by them, and shall file such report in the office of the Clerk of the Council within one month after their appointment, and thereafter one copy shall be open to the inspection of any rate-payer at all seasonable hours, and he may by himself or his agent at his own expense take a copy thereof or extract therefrom.

41. The Council shall, upon the report of the auditors, finally pass and allow the accounts of the Treasurer and collectors, and all accounts against the Corporation, and in cases of charges not regulated by law or bye-laws the Council shall allow what is reasonable.

e of assessso make all is to supply ie office of 's and reguin Council,

rty real and all be public in any way of this Act, wn.

Town shall within the n shall have d within its also of all tools, which

it two audiur shall have or or officer or) shall be report upon to any mattion for the iditors shall ditures and tatement of ouncil shall he accounts in the office h after their be open to nable hours, wn expense

port of the accounts of ints against ints reguallow what



42. The Town Clerk shall print and publish the Anditors' stateauditors' abstract, and shall also publish the detailed published, statement in such forms as the Council shall direct.

43. The Council shall have the regulating and Council to regulate payment ordering of all moneys to be paid out of funds in of moneys, hands of the Treasurer.

44. The Council shall, in each year, convene a Annual meet-Public meeting of the rate-payers of the Town, to be payers. holden at such time not later than one week previous to the annual election of Councillors, and at such place as the bye-laws may designate, at which meeting the proceedings at accounts of the year as audited shall be produced if ^{xee} called for, and the Council shall through the Mayor report to the meeting the state and condition of the Town, and the efficiency of the several departments, and shall recommend to the meeting any proposed improvements and alterations, and shall furnish an approximate estimate of the expenses of all kinds required to be incurred for the current year, including the county rates of the Town for the incoming year, and the amount required to be raised to defray the same, for which sum the incoming Council shall assess, and shall also recommend any additional sum required to meet any contemplated extraordinary services or improvements, and the rate-payers may by a vote of the majority present affirm such expenditure, and the Council shall at their next ensuing meeting pass a byelaw imposing a rate to meet such extraordinary expenditure so affirmed, or shall raise the required amount by the issue of bonds or debentures of the Town, and by assessment make provision for meeting the interest.

45. The Council shall be authorized and empow- Debentures. ered, upon a vote of a majority of the rate-payers present at the annual public meeting, to issue debentures under the hand of the Mayor and any two or more of the Councillors, and under the seal of the Town and countersigned by the Clerk, for the purpose of raising the necessary funds for the purchase of any property or the erection of any building for the Town, or the carrying out of any municipal works or improvement.

46. Such debentures shall bear interest at the rate Debentures inof not more than seven dollars by the hundred by the terest.

able.

When redeem- year, payable half yearly, and shall be redeemable at periods to be expressed in such debentures not less than ten years and not exceeding twenty years from the date of issuing the same, and shall not be issued for a less sum than one hundred dollars each. The debentures shall be made payable to the respective holders thereof, and the Town shall be at liberty to pay and redeem any such debentures after the expiration of five years from the date hereof, upon giving the holders six months' notice, such debentures shall be free from municipal taxation.

Water sniphy.

Loins.

47. The Council are hereby authorized and empowered to take all necessary measures for the introduction in to the Town of Truro of a supply of water for fire and domestic purposes.

They shall have power to borrow for that purpose on the credit of the Town, its property and revenues, and on the security of this Act, a sum not to exceed thirty thousand dollars.

The loan may be obtained at once or in portions from time to time as the Council may decide.

Tenders for the money shall be advertised in a newspaper published in the Town, and in two or more newspapers published at Halifax, for at least one month, and the tenders expressing the lowest rate of interest shall be preferred, or the Council may sell the debentures for such loan at auction, to the highest bidder.

The lenders shall receive for such loan in sums of not less than one hundred dollars, debentures with coupons attached under the seal of the Town, signed by the Mayor and one or more of the Councillors, and countersigned by the Town Clerk, payable to bearer, specifying the terms of loan and rate of interest to be paid half yearly. The debenture shall be transferable without endorsement, and the interest shall be paid to the holders of the coupons upon the same being presented to the Town Treasurer.

The principal moneys of such loan shall be paid to the lenders at periods to be expressed in said debentures not less than ten years nor more than twenty years from the date of the loan, but the Town may at its option pay off such debentures in whole or in part, at the end of the first five years, and after that period

Fenders therefor.

Debentures.

Payment,

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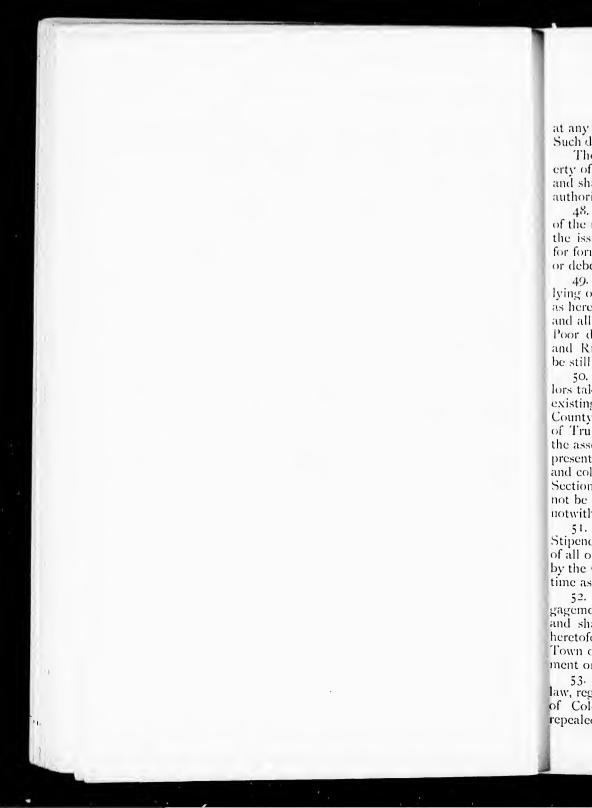
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Ill be paid to a said debenthan twenty Fown may at the or in part, r that period



at any time on six months' notice given to the holders. Such debentures shall be free from municipal taxation.

The Council shall assess the rate-payers and prop-Assessment or erty of the Town for the yearly interest on said loan, ban, and shall add such amount to the general assessments authorized under this Act.

48. The Council shall, on the request of a majority Sinking fund. of the rate-payers present at any annual meeting after the issue of any bonds or debentures, make provision for forming a Sinking Fund for paying off such bonds or debentures.

49. All that part of Polling District number one District No. 1. lying outside of the boundary of the Town of Truro, as hereby incorporated, shall, for all county purposes, and all that part of said district not included in the Poor district, or settlements of Brookfield, Greenfield and Riversdale, shall for all town and poor purposes be still considered and known as district number one.

50. Until the first election of Mayor and Council- Existing arlors takes place under this Act, the arrangement now to be disturbed existing by law, for the assessments and collection of tillfirst election County and Poor Rates, within the limits of the Town of Truro or said Polling District number one, or for the assessment and collection of Police Rates in the present Police District of Truro, or for the assessment and collection of rates for School purposes in School Section No. 41, A., in the district of Colchester, shall not be disturbed, anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

51. The salaries and remuneration of the Mayor, Salaries to be Stipendiary Magistrate, Recorder and Clerk, and also eit. of all other officers or persons appointed or employed by the Council, shall be fixed and paid from time to time as the Council shall order and direct.

52. The Council shall carry out all contracts, en- Council to carry out past congagements and agreements heretofore made *bona fide*, tracts of Town. and shall provide for the payment of all liabilities heretofore incurred and entered into on behalf of the Town or the School Section in the Town by assessment or by the issue of debentures.

53. So much of the existing law, or of any bye- inconsistent law, regulation or order of the sessions of the County law repealed. of Colchester as is inconsistent with this Act is repealed.

fixed by Coun-

interest on

TITLE II.

38 VICTORLE. CHAPTER 48.

An Act to enable the Trustees of a School Section in the County of Colchester to Borrow Money.

(Passed the 6th day of May, A. D. 1875).

SEC	Τ	IO N	L.

2. ι.

5	Et.	1	t	iN.,	

r. School Trustees at Truro may borrow	4. Amounts required for payment, how
money, &c. 2. Tenders therefor.	raised. 5. Town of Truro, if incorporated, to
4. Debentures.	assume liability, &c.

Be it enacted, by the Governor, Council and Assembly, as follows :---

School Trustees at Truro may borrow money, &c.

ι. The Trustees of School Section No. 41, A., Truro, in the County of Colchester, may borrow on the credit of the property of such School Section, and the security of this Act, a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, for the erection of a school-house in such Town, and shall repay the same to the lenders in ten equal annual instalments, with interest, at a rate not exceeding seven per cent, per annum, such interest to be paid half-yearly.

The loan may be obtained at once, or in portions from time to time as the Trustees require the same to pay for such school-house.

Tenders for the money shall be advertised for 2. in a newspeper, if any, published at Truro, and in two newspapers published at Halifax, for at least one month; and the tenders expressing the lowest rate of interest shall be preferred.

3. The Trustees shall give to the lenders debentures for the amount of loans, in the form in Schedule A to this Act.

The amount annually required by such School 4. Section for the payment of such debentures shall be added to the amount required for the support of Schools in such section, in each year; and the same shall be assessed, levied and collected, as school rates are assessed, levied and collected. Should the amount to meet the payment of such debentures not be as-

Fenders therefor.

Debentures.

Amounts required for payment, how raised.

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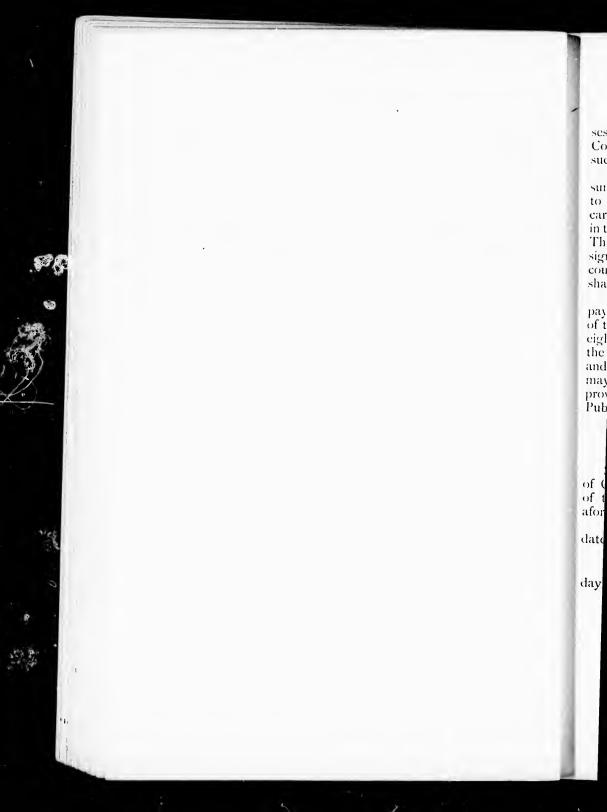
No. 41, A., borrow on Section, and g ten thouuse in such oders in ten a rate not interest to

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such School res shall be support of d the same school rates the amount not be as-



sessed, collected and paid at maturity, the Supreme Court of Nova Scotie, on application, shall amerce such school section for the amount due.

5. The Town of Truro, if incorporated, shall as- Town of Truro sume and pay all liabilities incurred under this Act up to assume liato and at the time of incorporation, and shall also biny, &c. carry out the provisions and requirements of this Act, in the manner herein enjoined upon such school section. The debentures in case of such incorporation shall be signed by the Mayor and one of the Council, and countersigned by the Town Clerk of such Town, and shall be debentures of the Town.

6. The proceedings of the meeting of the rate-proceedingpayers of such school section, number 41, A., Truro, of the ninth day of May, A. D., 1874, and of the twentyeighth day of September, in the same year, authorizing the erection of such school-house, are hereby legalized and confirmed, notwithstanding that such meetings may not have been called in strict accordance with the provisions of Chapter 32, of the Revised Statutes, "Of Public Instruction."

SCHEDULE A.

School Section number 41, A., Truro, in the County of Colchester, will pay at the office of the Secretary of the Trustees of such School Section, at Truro, aforesaid, to the holder thereof, the sum of

dollars, in years from this date, with interest payable half-yearly, at the rate of per cent, per annum.

Dated at Truro, this A. D., 187 day of

> Trustees of chool Section, No. 41. A.

if incorporated

legalixed.

TITLE HL

1876. CHAPTER 49. 39 VICTORLE.

An Act to amend the Act to Incorporate the Town of Truro.

(Passed the 4th day of April, A. D., 1876.)

SECTION.

SECTION.

- 1. Municipal Courts. 2. Offices of Recorder and Stipendiary
- Magistrate may be filled by one and the same person, &c.

3. Courts to have seal.

- Fines, costs, &c.
 Juristicion of Town Court.
 Practice in Town Court.

sembly, as follows:

clerk of such courts.

3.

of Colchester.

- Affidavits.
 Jurisdiction of Police Court.
 Police Court to sitilaily.—Proviso.
- 10. Administration of Police.-Proviso.
- 11. Appeals,
- 12. Action for recovery of fines, &c. 13. Bye-laws of Town confirmed.
- Schedule.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and As-

2. The offices of Recorder and Stipendiary Magis-

person, appointed by the Mayor and Council. He

shall be a Justice of the Peace and a Barrister of at

least three years standing. In case of the temporary absence of the Recorder from the Town, or of his inability through sickness or otherwise to perform his duties, the Council may appoint a suitable person to fill such office during his absence or incapacity.

design as the Recorder shall adopt; and all writs, procoss and other proceedings shall be signed, sealed and issued by the Town Clerk, and shall be directed to the Police Constable or to any Constable of the County

Such Court shall have a seal of such form and

incorporated by Chapter forty-seven of the acts of eighteen hundred and seventy-five shall be, a Court for the trial of Civil Causes, known as the Town Court, to be presided over by the Recorder or Stipendiary Magistrate, and a Court for the transaction of all Police and Criminal business of the town, known as the Police Court, to be presided over by the Recorder, Mayor or any Councillor, the Town Clerk shall be and act as the

The Municipal Courts of the Town of Truro

Municipal Courts.

Offices of Recorder and Stipendiary Mag. trate of the Town may be filled by one and the same istrate may be tilled by one and the same person, &c.

Courts to have scal.

Fines, Costs, &c.

4. All fines, costs and fees shall go to form a fund out of which the salary of the Recorder and the ex-

VICTORIE. Town of Truro.

876.)

Police Court. 5 sit daily. —Proviso. 1 of Police.—Proviso.

overy of fines, &c. own confirmed.

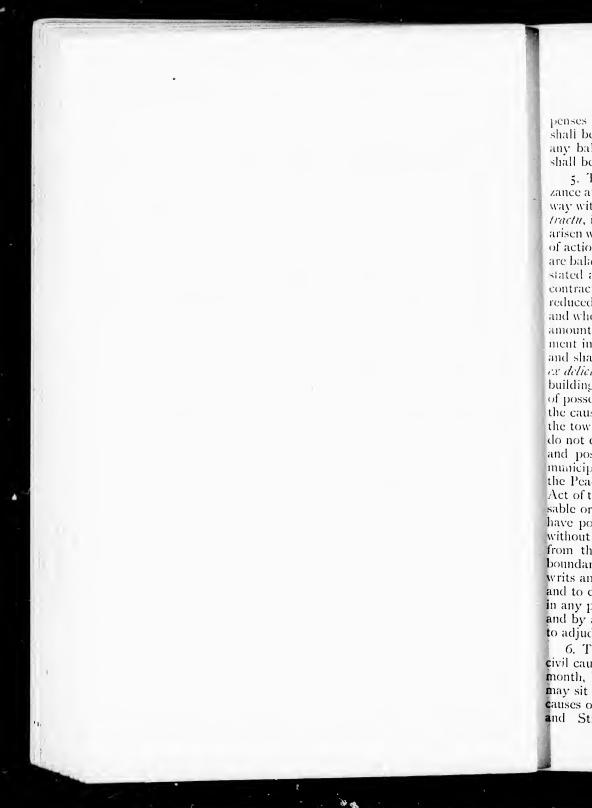
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Cown of Truro of the acts of be, a Court for Cown Court, to or Stipendiary on of all Police on as the Police der, Mayor or and act as the

endiary Magisand the same Council. He Barrister of at the temporary n, or of his into perform his able person to pacity.

such form and all writs, proed, sealed and directed to the of the County

to form a fund r and the ex-



penses of the Court shall be defrayed, any deficiency shall be paid out of the general funds of the town, and any balance remaining after defraying such expenses shall be paid into the general funds of the town.

5. The Town Court shall have jurisdiction, cogni- jurisdiction of zance and power to try and determine in a summary way without a jury, all civil actions or dealings ex con*tractu*, in which the whole cause of action shall have arisen within the Town of Truro, and in which the cause of action does not exceed eighty dollars, or where there are balances not exceeding eighty dollars upon accounts stated and settled previous to suit, and all such civil contracts, where the amount originally due has been reduced to eighty dollars or less by payment of cash, and when the defendant shall prove an offset of greater amount than the plaintiff has proved, may give judgment in favor of the defendant for the balance due him; and shall try in a summary way, without a jury actions ex delicto in the nature of replevin, trespass, to land or buildings or other real estate, in which the title or right of possession is not the object of controversy, provided the cause of such action originated within the limits of the town, and the damages claimed in any such case do not exceed sixty dollars. Such Court shall have and possess all the powers in civil matters within the municipality conferred upon one or more Justices of the Peace or Stipendiary or Police Magistrate by any Act of the Province of Nova Scotia, or hitherto exercisable or held by them or him; and such Court shall have power whenever a defendant in any suit resides without the limits of the town, or is temporarily absent from the municipality, but resides or is within the boundaries of the County of Colchester to issue its writs and processes of every description against him, and to cause the same to be duly served and executed in any part of such county by the officers of such Court, and by any constable of the County of Colchester, and to adjudicate upon the same.

6. The Town Court shall be holden for the trial of Practice in civil causes on the first and third Tuesdays of every month, beginning at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and may sit by adjournment from day to day until all the causes on the lists for trial are called. The Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate shall, until otherwise

Town Court.

fown Court.

directed by the Council, frame and make all rules, orders and regulations, respecting the practice in the Town Court for the trials of civil causes, and shall make order and declare, adopt and from time to time vary and alter the various writs, processes and forms to be used by the Municipal Courts, together with a tariff of costs, charges and fees, such fees not to exceed the scale of fees in the schedule to this Act. In all undefended civil causes in the Town Court where the defendant has been duly served with process and fails to appear at the time and place named in the summons for his appearance, the Court shall be at liberty to give judgment for the plaintiff upon proof of his claim. The party succeeding shall, in all civil cases, be entitled to his costs.

7. The Mayor, Recorder, Town Clerk or any Councillor shall have power to take any affidavit required before the issuing of a Capias and all other affidavits required by the practice of such Town Court.

8. The Police Court shall have an exercise within the bounds of the Municipality, all the powers and jurisdiction in criminal matters, conferred upon one or more Justices of the Peace or Stipendiary or Police Magistrate by any Act of this Province, or of the Dominion of Canada or hitherto exercisable or held by him or them.

9. The Police Court for the trial of Criminals shall sit every day if occasion require, beginning at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue until all the cases are disposed of ; provided that the Stipendiary Magistrate, Councillor or person presiding may continue any complaint for such time as may be necessary.

10. The administration of police within the town, and all the executive powers of the corporation are vested in the Mayor and Councillors and the Stipendiary Magistrate. The Mayor and Councillors in rotation according to a roster to be prepared by the Council, shall attend at the Police Court at some suitable time and times to be named, and shall perform every act appertaining to the office of Justice of the Peace, Stipendiary or Police Magistrate necessary for the apprehension, committal, conviction and punishment of criminal offenders, and for carrying into effect the laws

Affidavits.

Jurisdiction of Police Court.

Police Court to sit daily.

Proviso.

Administration of Police.

make all rules, he practice in the s, and shall make ne to time vary and forms to be her with a tariff ot to exceed the ct. In all undelourt where the process and fails l in the summons be at liberty to roof of his claim, cases, be entitled

1 Clerk or any any affidavit reus and all other uch Town Court. 1 exercise within the powers and red upon one or adiary or Police ce, or of the Dosable or held by

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within the town. corporation are nd the Stipendicillors in rotation by the Council. ne suitable time rform every act f the Peace, Stiy for the apprepunishment of o effect the laws



in force in, and the ordinances and bye-laws of the town, and shall have and exercise, all and every the powers vested in the criminal side of the Municipal Court ; provided that the Mayor or Councillor shall Proviso. at all times have the power of calling to his assistance the Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate, and that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to abridge the power of the Stipendiary Magistrate as a Police Magistrate, and that, by order of the Council, the Stipendiary Magistrate may be placed on the roster and shall attend in rotation, in the same manner as the Mayor and Councillors.

The Courts on the application of either party Appeals. 11. in civil cases shall grant appeals from their decision to the Supreme or Appellate Court, but the appellant or in his absence his agent shall, before the appeal shall be allowed, make an affidavit in writing that he is dissatisfied with the judgment and feels aggrieved thereby, and that such appeal is not prosecuted solely for the purpose of delay, and shall file such affidavit with the Town Clerk, and the party so appealing shall, within ten days after the judgment, enter into a bond with two sufficient surfices in a penalty double the amount of the judgment, with a condition that the appellant shall enter and prosecute his appeal in the Supreme or Appellate Court, and shall perform the judgment of the Court, and shall pay the amount of the judgment and all costs of the Supreme Court or Appellate Court, or render the body of the appellant, or shall before the first day of the term of such court pay the amount of the judgment, together with all the costs thereon subsequently accruing, which bond shall be prepared by the Town Clerk.

12. Actions and prosecutions for the recurrency of Actions for refines and penalties for violations of any bye-law or every of times. ordinance of the town, may be brought and prosecuted either in the Town Court or Police Court, and when not otherwise directed shall be brought in the name of the Town of Truro.

The bye-laws and ordinances of the Town of Bye-laws of Town confirm-13. Truro, approved by the Governor in Council on the ed. third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, except so far as the same are amended by this Act, are hereby con-

firmed as the bye-laws of such town, and may be acted upon and enforced as if the same were enacted and published with and as part of the Act of Incorporation of such town. The Mayor and Council of such town shall have power to make other bye-laws, and from time to time to alter and repeal any of such bye-laws and ordinances, and such additions, alterations and amendments shall, when approved of by the Governor in Council, have the force of laws. Provided that all such bye-laws heretofore so passed and approved, or which shall be hereafter so passed and approved, shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, or of the Act hereby amended or any other express law within this Province.

Schedule.

SCHEDULE.

COSTS AND FEES IN TOWN COURT.

Each summons and capias,	50.50
All affidavits for capias and other necessary	
affidavits and swearing, each	0.20
Subpœna,	
Tickets,	0.10
Swearing each witness,	0.10
Trial and judgment, cause of action over \$40,	1.00
" " " " " under \$40	0.50
Rules for continuance, better particulars and	
other necessary rules,	0.20
Appeal Bond,	0.50
Transmitting papers on appeal,	0.20

CONSTABLE'S FEES.

Serving summons and capias and making	
return, &c.,	0.20
Bail bond,	0.20
Serving subpœna,	0.20
Serving execution and return,	0.20
Poundage on execution, sale of goods for each \$4,	O. 10
Where money paid for each \$4,	0.05
All travelling on service of summons, capias, ex-	
ecution and subpœna, &c., to be travel	
actually and necessarily performed by	
Constable, commencing at Town Clerk's	
office, Truro, and ending at the place of	
service—per mile,	0.10

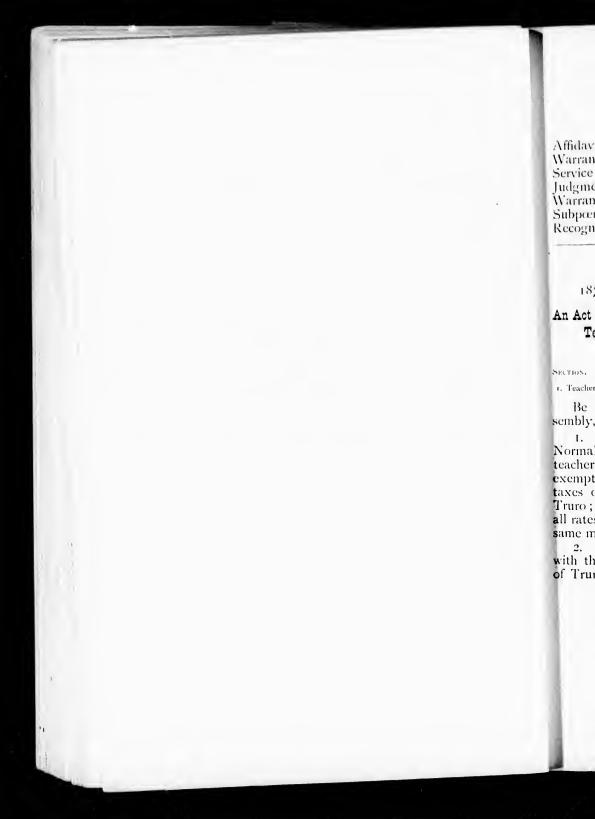
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COSTS AND FEES IN POLICE COURT.

Affidavit,\$	
Warrant or Summons,	
Service of Process,	0.25
Judgment,	0.20
Warrant of Commitment,	
Subpœna, Recognizance,	0.10
Recognizance,	0.60

TITLE IV.

1876.

SECTION.

CHAPTER 50. 39 VICTORLE.

An Act to amend the Law respecting the Assessment of Teachers so far as regards the Town of Truro.

(Passed the 4th day of April, A. D. 1876).

SECTION.

1. Teachers not to be exempt from taxes. 2. Inconsistent law repealed.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly, as follows:---

I. Hereafter the Principal and Teachers in the Teachersnotto Normal and Model Schools, the Inspector and licensed beexempt from teachers, and persons employed as such, shall not be exempt from assessment for or payment of rates or taxes of any kind whatsoever within the Town of Truro; but they shall be assessed and held liable for all rates and taxes assessable within such town in the same manner as other inhabitants of such town.

2. So much of the existing lawas is inconsistent Inconsistent with this Act is repealed, so far as regards the Town law repealed. of Truro.

PART II.

BYE-LAWS AND ORDINANCES

OF THE

TOWN OF TRURO.

No. I

THE TOWN SEAL.

SECTION.

1. The Common Seal of the Town shall be of suitable metal, and have engraved on it such device as the Council may order.

2. The Town Seal shall be kept by the Clerk.

3. All deeds or documents where the Town is a party, and where a seal is requisite, shall be authenticated by the Town Seal, and the Mayor and Town Clerk shall sign the same, and affix thereto the Town Seal, when authorized by any law, byelaw or ordinance of the Council, or by direction or resolution . of the Town Council.

4. The Mayor may affix the Seal to any certificate or document, at the request of any person desiring it.

5. Any person requiring the Town Seal to be affixed to any certificate or document for the purpose of authentication or otherwise, shall pay to the Town the following fees:—

For affixing the Seal to any document to be

used out of the Province,	52.50
If to be used within the Province,	1.50
If to be used within the Town	
For the Seal to any certificate,	1.50

6. *The assessment rolls of the Town, and also petitions for Licenses for the sale of Intoxicating Liquors, shall be open for the inspection of any rate-payer of the Town, free of charge. Any other public document of the Town, including petitions, reports, or other documents, on file in the office of the Town

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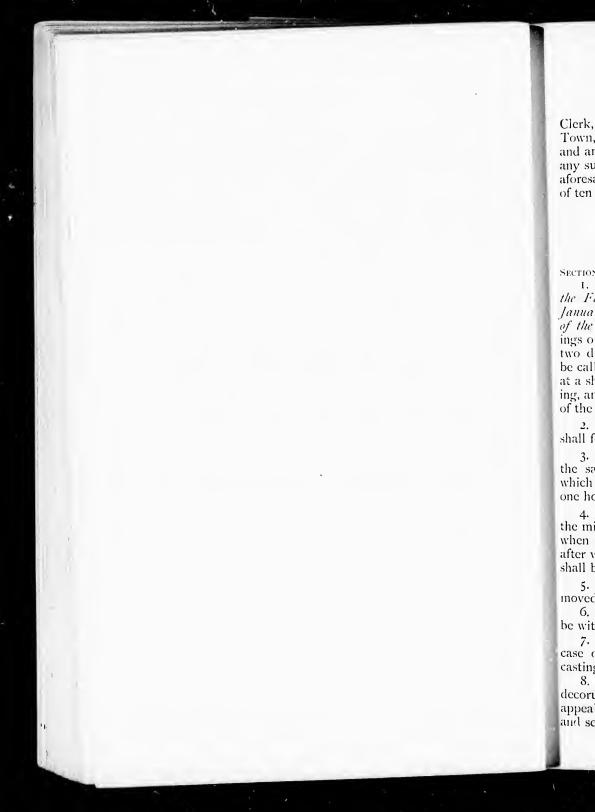
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BYE-LAWS AND ORDINANCES.

Clerk, shall be open for the inspection of any rate-payer of the Town, upon the payment of a fee for a search of twenty cents; and any rate-payer of said Town shall be entitled to a copy of any such License and Petition or other document on file as aforesaid, on payment to the Town Clerk therefor of the sum of ten cents for every folio of ninety words.

No. II.

THE TOWN COUNCIL.

SECTION.

1. The Quarterly Meetings of the Council shall be held on the First Tuesdays of the months of April, July, October and January, in each year, all meetings to be open to the rate-payers of the Town. Written notices for the quarterly and other meetings of Council shall be sent to the Mayor and each Councillor two days previous to the meeting. Emergency meetings may be called by the Mayor or Presiding Councillor, when necessary, at a shorter notice. Notices shall state place and time of meeting, and shall be left at the dwelling house or place of business of the party notified.

2. Four Councillors, with the Mayor or presiding officer, shall form a quorum.

3. The meeting shall stand adjourned to the next day at the same place and hour, (not being Sunday or a holiday, in which event it shall be adjourned to the day following) if, within one hour from the time appointed, a quorum shall not appear.

4. As soon as the chair is taken and the meeting opened, the minutes of the previous meeting shall be read by the Clerk, when any mistakes therein may be corrected by the Council, after which, or in the event of no mistakes being found, they shall be marked approved

5. Every motion or resolution must be presented in writing, moved and seconded before it can be debated.

6. A motion or resolution moved and seconded can only be withdrawn by leave of the Council.

7. All questions shall be decided by a majority of votes; in case of equality the Mayor or presiding officer shall have a casting vote, but shall not otherwise vote.

8. The Mayor or presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum, and shall decide all points of order, subject to an appeal to the Council, provided such appeal be regularly moved and seconded.

BYE-LAWS AND ORDINANCES.

9. Every member who speaks in Council shall address the chair standing.

10. The member who introduces a resolution or motion shall have the privilege of closing the debate.

11. All resolutions moved and seconded shall be laid on the table, as a notice, and shall be discussed at a subsequent meeting, and no resolution shall be discussed and voted, at the same sitting in which it is moved, unless the Council shall by vote determine it expedient so to do.

12. When a question is regularly under debate, no other question or motion shall be entertained until it is decided, unless it be :---

1st—A motion in amendment of the original resolution.

2nd—A motion to refer the question to a special committee.

3rd—A motion to postpone the question to some future day or time to be named.

4th—A motion to postpone the question indefinitely.

5th—A motion that the question be now put.

6th—A motion to adjourn.

7th—Or the previous question.

13. After the division has been taken upon any question or resolution, any member may call for the names on the division, and have the same recorded.

14. No debate shall be allowed on any motion of adjournment, or upon any motion of the previous question, made during a debate.

15. Every member shall confine himself to the question under discussion, and shall abstain from all personal reflections and irritating language.

16. Every member present, when a vote is taken, shall vote upon it, unless excused by the Council upon some good grounds stated.

17. No member shall leave the room during the transaction of business, without the permission of the Mayor or presiding officer,

18. Any member called to order by the chair shall sit down at once, but may, by leave of the chair, afterwards rise to explain

19. The Town Clerk shall, under the direction of the Mayor, make out an arranged list of the business matters which it appears requisite to lay before the Council for their consideration. The list shall be termed the order of the day, a copy of which shall be laid on the table for the inspection of the members, and another placed in the hands of the Mayor or Presiding Councillor.

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BYE-LAWS AND ORDINANCES.

20. The following shall be the order of the day, as near as may be, subject however to alterations by the Council, at any meeting, as the exigencies of business may require.

1st—Reading minutes of previous meeting.

2nd—Motion to amend the minutes.

3rd—Motion to re-consider or rescind any resolution contained in the minutes, notice of the rescinding or re-consideration of which had been given on the day the resolution passed before adjournment.

4th—Receiving the report of any Select or General committee.

5th—Receiving any petitions.

6th—Ordering the payments of accounts.

7th--Discussing any resolutions of which notice had been given on a previous day in the regular order.

8th—Reading and discussing the reports of Select or General committees, together with the reports of the minutes, if any.

oth—Discussing any petition.

10th-Miscellaneous business.

COMMITTEES.

21. Standing Committees shall be appointed as soon after the election, in each year, as practicable, as follows :----

1.—Committe s on Public Accounts and Finances.

2.—	"	Tenders.
3.—	"	Schools.
4	"	Licenses.
5	**	Roads, Streets and Public Property.
б.—	16	Auditing.
7	"	Police.
8.—	"	Water Works.

22. Special or Select committees may be appointed, on motion duly made, seconded and passed.

23. The report of the special committee shall be in writing, and signed by the chairman when unanimous; but when there is a difference of opinion, the report shall be signed by all who concur in it. The minority may also report their views in writing to the Council, if they see fit, which report shall be signed by all concurring in it.

24. Notices for rescinding or re-considering any resolution passed, must be given on the day of the resolution being passed, before adjournment, and no resolution passed shall be rescinded or re-considered when such notice has not been given, and no such notice shall have the effect of delaying or impeding the action necessary to give effect to any resolution unless the Council shall otherwise order.

No. III.

ASSESSMENT.

SECTION.

1. The Council shall annually assess on the inhabitants, and on the property within the Town, such sums as may be necessary to defray the expenses of the Municipality.

2. The objects to be provided for by the assessments shall include the salaries and compensation to the officers of the Town. County rates, the support of the Poor, the support of the Schools, the expenses of the Fire Department, the Town Court, civil and criminal; making, repairing and improving the roads, streets, lanes and bridges of the Town; providing Town Buildings, and opening up new Streets, for the care of property, the expense of the Police, extra constables and night watch, and the interest money required to be raised on all debentures issued by the Council, on behalf of or for the Town, and all expenses required in the due execution of the different powers and trusts vested by law in the Corporation, its Mayor, Council and Officers *including keeping Water Pipes in repair, additional Hydrants as required*. *and Lighting streets*.

3. The Council shall elect one suitable person, not being a member of the Council, to be Town *Assessor*, to continue in office from year to year, till removed by a vote of the Council.

4. The Council shall annually appoint a rate-payer from each ward, to be called Ward Assessor within his respective ward.

5. The Town and Ward *Assessors* shall, within one week from their election, attend at such time and place as they shall be notified by the Town Clerk and subscribe an oath in the presence of the Mayor, Recorder, or some Councillor, to faithfully perform the duties of their respective offices, and make a fair and impartial assessment of the Town and the respective wards.

6. The Town or Ward Assessors shall, during their continance in office, receive such annual compensation for their services as the Council shall appoint.

7. Any Town or Ward Assessor who shall neglect or refuse to be sworn in, or shall be guilty of neglect of duty, shall pay a fine of not less than ten or more than fifty dollars.

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8. Every male resident of the Town, of the age of eighteen years and upwards, except apprentices articled to tradesmen, shall pay an annual poll tax of two dollars, which may be collected as an ordinary debt, in the Town Court, or in any other Court, if the party may have removed from the Town, or by warrant of distress, as other taxes are collected.

9. All real and personal estate shall be liable to taxation, subject to the following exemptions :—

1st—All estate and property belonging to or vested in Her-Majesty, Her heirs and successors.

2nd—Every place of Worship and Church, or Burying Ground, the property in possession of the Young Men's Christian Association, all public property held by the Town, all Provincial Debentures, and Debentures of the Town of Truro.

3rd—All property declared free of taxation by an Act of the Province.

10. The terms land, real estate, or real property, shall be held to include all buildings or other things erected upon or affixed to the land, and all machinery or other things so affixed to any building, so as to form in law part of the realty.

11. The term personal property and personal estate shall be held to include all household furniture, goods, chattels, wares, horses, cattle and farming stock and implements, and implements of trade, and one-half of the value of all ships or vessels, and shares in ships or vessels owned by parties doing business in the Town, whether the same be at home or abroad, *including* all stocks of public or private banking companies, or marine insurance companies, or agencies of such companies doing business within the Town. The stock of such agencies shall be rated as of holding \$100 of property for every ten dollars net annual income or profit derived from their business done at such agency, whether the profits of the year are declared or reserved, and all other property except land; and the term property shall include both real and personal property. Provided always that all ships or vessels in course of construction, all timber, plank, and other materials necessary for, and in the vard where such ships or vessels are in course of construction, shall be free from assessment.

12. All lands shall be assessed in the name of and against the occupant, and in the case of occupied lands owned by a party known or residing or doing business in the Town, but occupied by another party, shall be assessed in the name of, and against both the owner and the occupant, inserting the name of both on the roll, with the word "owner" or "occupant" as the case may be, and notifying both, as hereinafter provided, and

BYE-LAWS AND ORDINANCES.

the taxes thereon may be received from either, or from any future owner or occupant, saving his or their recourse against any other party, under any agreement between the owner and occupant and the recourse of a future owner and occupant, against a prior owner or occupant; and, if land be owned or occupied by more than one party, then any one of them may be the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, and shall be liable accordingly, saving his or their recourse against the others.

13. The real estate and personal estate of incorporated or joint stock companies, shall be assessed against them in the same manner as the real and personal estate of individuals is assessed, and the owner and holder of stock in any incorporated or joint stock company so taxed, shall not be assessed as an individual for such stock.

14. The real and personal property of any partnership shall be assessed against it under the name of the firm, and notice to either party, or the agent of the firm, shall be valid and sufficient.

15. All real and personal property under the control of any person or persons as administrators or trustees, guardians or agents, the separate property of married women, and of minors, shall be assessed and valued in the names of the parties exercising control over them, but such rating as assessment shall be kept distinct from the rating and assessment of real and personal property held by them in their own rights.

16. The Town Assessors, assisted by the Ward Assessors in their respective wards, shall prepare an assessment roll of each ward, wherein shall be set, in separate columns, the names and surnames, as far as the same can be ascertained, of all taxable parties in said wards, distinguishing residents of the Town from non-residents, together with the description and extent or amount of property assessable against each, and in a separate column all the particulars mentioned in the Appendix, Schedule A, and shall deliver the same, signed by the Town Assessor and also by Ward Assessors for the respective wards, to the Town Clerk, as soon as practicable after making the assessment.

17. Every party holding assessable property in the Town, either in his own right or as an executor, administrator, trustee, guardian or agent, the agent or any partner of a firm, the secretary or manager of any joint-stock company, and also the manager, cashier, agent or secretary of any public or private banking company or marine insurance company, or of the agencies of any such company or association doing business in the Town, shall, when required by the Town or Ward Assessor, deliver to them a statement in writing, signed by such party, or in case of his

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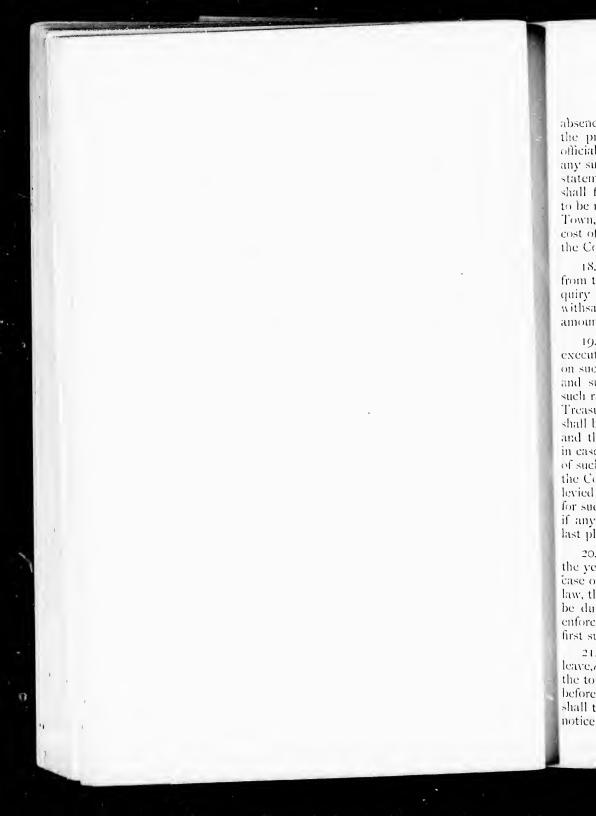
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BYE-LAWS AND ORDINANCES.

absence, by his agents, containing all the particulars respecting the property assessable against such party, in his private or official capacity, which are required in the assessment roll, and any such assessable party refusing or neglecting to give such statement when ruquired, or knowingly giving a false statement, shall forfeit a sum not less than ten or more than thirty dollars, to be recovered in the name of the Town, and for the use of the Town, and in default of payment of such sum, together with the cost of prosecution, the party shall be liable to imprisonment in the County Jail for a period not exceeding ten days.

18. No such statement shall bind the Assessors further than, from their own personal knowledge and inspection and due enquiry made, they believe the information to be correct, and notwithsanding such statement, they may assess such party for such amount as they believe to be just and correct,

19. The estate of a deceased person in the hands of his executors or administrators shall be liable for rates assessed on such estate in his life time, and due at the time of his death, and such estate may be levied on and sold for the payment of such rates, under a warrant to be issued for such purpose by the Treasurer of the Town in which such estate is, which warrant shall be directed to and executed by a constable of such Town, and the proceedings on such levy and sale shall be the same as in case of ordinary defaulters; and when there is no administrator of such deceased person, or when his will has not been proved in the Court of Probate, the estate of such deceased person may be levied on and sold, wherever found, in like manner. The demand for such rates shall be made on the executor or administrator, if any, or if there be no lawful executor or administrator, at the last place of abode of the deceased.

20. In case of any transfer of property, the assessment for the year shall be payable by the assignce or occupier; and in case of property taken under execution, or any other process of law, the same shall first be liable for any assessment which may be due and payable thereon for the year, and payment thereof enforced; and the Sheriff or other officer shall be bound to pay first such assessment out of the proceeds of sale.

21. The Town Clerk shall, on receiving the assessment roll, leave, *or cause to be left*, for every party resident or doing business in the town, or the representatives of any party who shall have died before the roll for that year shall have been fixed or adjusted, and shall transmit by post to every non-resident named in such roll, a notice of the actual or yearly value at which his real property,

and the sums at which his personal property shall have been assessed by them.

22. The Town Clerk shall, on the receipt of the assessment roll of each ward from the Assessors, make a copy thereof, arranged in the alphabetical order of the surnames, and shall post such copy in his office for fourteen days, for the inspection of any rate-payer of the Town; and shall give notice that such roll is posted for one week in a newspaper published in the Town; and any rate-payer, or firm, or company, who shall think himself or themselves not legally entitled to be rated, or that he or they are overcharged on said roll, may, within such fourteen days, but not after, give notice in writing to the Town Clerk that he appeals from such rate, either in the whole or in part, and shall, in such notice, state the grounds of his objection to such rate.

The subject matter of such appeal shall be tried by a 23. Court, to be composed of three members of the Council (to be appointed by the Council) and the Recorder, who after hearing the complaint, and the Assessor and Assessors, and any witnesses adduced by or on behalf of either of them under oath, shall determine the matter, and either confirm, modify or amend the roll accordingly, and if the party appealing shall fail to appear, the Court shall proceed *ex parte*; and if any elector of the Town shall deem that any party has been assessed too low, or has been omitted from said roll, the Clerk shall, at the request of the elector in writing, give notice to the party, and to the assessor or assessors, of the time when the matter will be tried by the said Court, and the matter shall be decided in the same manner as complaints by a party assessed, and the roll, as finally passed by the Court, and certified by the Clerk as so passed, shall be valid, and shall bind all parties concerned, notwithstanding any defect or error committed in or in regard to said roll. The said Court of Appeal shall also have power, and it shall be their duty, when a property shall have been assessed in the name of a person who is not the proper owner or occupier, to transfer the assessment to the proper owner or occupier; when any property has been assessed more than once for the same general assessment, to strike out such as shall be improper or illegal; to correct any clerical errors made by the assessors in any assessment.

24. The Clerk shall post up in the Town Hall, or his office, or such other place in the Town as the Mayor shall direct, a list of all complainants on their own behalf against the Assessors' return, and of all complaints on account of the assessment of other parties, stating the name of each with a concise description of the matter complained against, together with the time

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when the Court will be held to hear such complaint, which list may be in the form given in the Appendix A, Schedule B. Notice as per form in the Appendix A, Schedule C, shall be left at the place of residence or business of the complainant, if resident of the Town, and if non-resident shall be mailed to their address, or left on the premises assessed, at least five days before the meeting of such Court; like notice shall also be delivered at the place of business or abode of the assessors.

25. The roll shall be made up, and delivered in, not later than the first day of June in each year, or at such other time as the Council shall, by resolution, nominate and appoint.

26. The Court of Appeal and revision shall be held whenever practicable, before the first day of July in each year.

27. When the roll is completed it shall be handed to the Town Clerk and laid before the Council, who shall thereupon make estimates of all sums which may be required for the lawful purposes of the Town for the ensuing year, making due allowance in such estimates for the abatement, losses and expenses which may occur in the collection of the taxes, and of the tax of non-residents, and for the taxes which may not be collected, and the Council shall authorize the levying and collection of a rate or rates of so much or the dollar on the assessed value of the property thereon, as in the judgment of the Council shall be sufficient to raise the sum or sums required on such estimate or estimates.

28. The Town Clerk shall procure a book for each ward, to be called the Assessment Book for Ward No. —, as the case may be, in which he shall set down and enter the names in full of each party assessed, in their respective wards, and the correct assessed value of the real and personal property of each party, and the values so set down shall be taken from the assessment roll, after the same shall have been finally settled, and revised by the Court of Appeal and Revision; and he shall also calculate and set down the amount of the rate for which each party is chargeable, which said assessment book and rates shall be revised and approved by the Council, or a committee of their number for that purpose appointed.

29. As soon as the assessment roll shall be approved of by the Council, or a committee thereof, the Treasurer of the Town shall cause each person or company so rated, or his or their agent, to be served with a notice in the form in the Appendix A, Schedule D, and in the case of non-residents, the same shall be mailed to their address, or left on the property assessed.

30. If any person rated or assessed shall not pay the amount within thirty days after the service of the notice, or in case of non-residents after the same has been mailed to their address, or left on the assessed property, or within such other period as shall be limited for the payment of the same by the Council, the Treasurer shall without delay levy the same, together with tawand one half per cent. additional, and the costs and expenses of the collection thereof, by the distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party, or the company who ought to pay the same, or of any goods and chattels in his possession, wherever the same may be found within the Town, and may also make distress of any goods and chattels, being the property of said nonresident, which he may find upon any of the land of said nonresidents, upon which the taxes have not been paid, and the property distrained may be removed to a place of safe-keeping. Provided, that any person paying to the Town Treasurer the amount of his taxes, within fourteen days from the receipt of his notice, shall be entitled to a deduction of five per cent. from the amount of his taxes.

31. If said property so distrained is not redeemed within five days after such distraint, the same shall be sold at auction to pay the rates, per centage, and costs and expenses of sale, after three days notice of such sale posted in three conspicuous places of the Town, and the balance, if any, shall be paid over to the party legally entitled to receive the same.

32. If any party assessed shall be a non-resident of the Town, or shall have removed therefrom after such assessment, and before the rate shall have been collected, or any balance shall remain due after such distress and sale, the Town Treasurer shall sue for the amount, inclusive of the *two and one-half* per cent, costs and expenses, in the name of the Town, as in the case of any common debt, and the production of the roll and Assessment Book of the ward shall be *prima faciae* evidence of the debt.

33. In any case of non-payment of the rate, by either resident or non-resident, the Treasurer shall, at his option, sue therefor, *together with the additional two and one-half per cent. added thereto*, in the first instance, and levy for any balance uncollected, or shall issue and levy the distress, and sue for any balance remaining, after the sale of the distress. A certificate of any judgment obtained by the Town for taxes, under the hand of the Recorder, shall, when recorded in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the County of Colchester, be a lien on the real estate of the party against whom the judgment has passed.

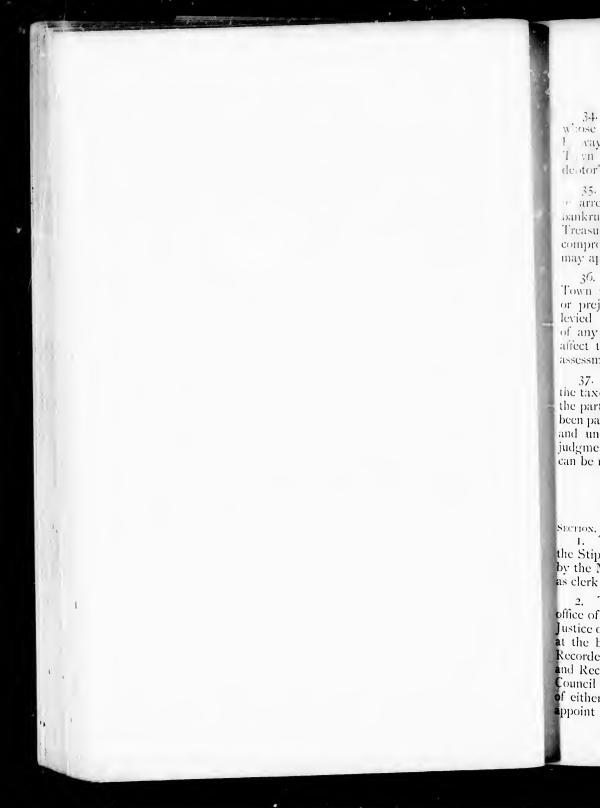
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34. Any person absent from the Province, and any company whose effects are not to be found, or are insufficient to levy upon 1 vay of distrest, may be proceeded against for rates due the 1 vn according to the provisions of the absent or absconding deotor's act.

35. In case a party, a firm, or a company, whose taxes are an arrears and unpaid, shall make an assignment or become bankrupt, or be mable to pay said rates in full, the Town Treasurer shall, with the approbation of the Mayor, join in any compromise or accept any dividend or part payment, as the same may appear for the interests of the Town.

36. *No error, informality or irregularity on the part of the Town Council, the assessors, or other Town officers, shall aff \pm or prejudice the validity of any general assessment made \pm d levied in such Town. The invalidity, illegality or irregule ity of any individual rate or assessment shall not extend \pm r affect the general assessment, or any other individual rate or assessment.

37. *In any suit pending in any court for the collection of the taxes of the Town, the Treasurer's certificate, in writing, that the party appears on the assessment roll and the rate has not been paid, shall be presumptive evidence of the rate being due and unpaid, and shall be sufficient to entitle the Town to a judgment without further proof, unless a good and just defence can be made thereto.

No. IV.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

SECTION.

1. There shall be a Municipal Court, to be presided over by the Stipendiary and Police Magistrate, or as hereinafter provided by the Mayor or one Councillor, and the Town Clerk shall act as clerk thereof.

2. The Council shall appoint a suitable person to fill the office of Stipendiary and Police Magistrate, who shall also be a Justice of the Peace and a lawyer, of at least three years standing at the bar, who shall also act as Recorder, and shall be called Recorder of the Town. The office of Stipendiary Magistrate and Recorder may be filled by one and the same person, if the Council see fit to appoint him. In case of the temporary absence of either Recorder or Stipendiary Magistrate, the Council may appoint a person to fill such offices during his or their absence.

3. The salaries of the officers of the Council shall be from time to time fixed by the Council.

4. All fines, fees and costs shall go to form a fund, out of which the salary of the Stipendiary Magistrate and Recorder, and the expenses of the Court, shall be defrayed ; any deficiency to be paid out of the general funds of the Town, and any balance remaining, after defraying the above charges, shall be paid into the general fund.

5. The Municipal Court shall have jurisdiction, cognizance and power, to try and determine in a summary way, without a jury, all civil actions or dealings ex contractu, in which the whole cause of action shall have arisen within the Town of Truro, and in which the cause of action does not exceed Eighty dollars, and for all balances not exceeding Eighty dollars, upon accounts stated and settled previous to suit, and all such civil contracts, where the amount originally due has been reduced to Eighty dollars or less by payment of cash, and when the Defendant shall prove an off-set of greater amount than the Plaintiff has proved. may give judgment in favor of the Defendant for the balance due him; and shall try in a summary way, without a jury, actions ex delicto in the nature of replevin, trespass to land or building. or other real estate, in which the title or right of possession is not the object of controversy, provided the cause of such action originated within the limits of the Town, and the damage claimed in any such case do not exceed Sixty dollars. No civil suit, for any debt or dealing, in which the whole cause of action shall have arisen in the municipality, shall be brought to any other court, except by way of appeal to the Supreme or County Courts. Provided, that if the Plaintiff or Defendant in such suit does not reside within the Town of Truro, the same may be sued, defended or tried in any court having jurisdiction.

6. The Municipal Court shall have and exercise, within the bounds of the municipality, all the powers and jurisdiction in criminal matters conferred upon one or more Justices of the Peace or Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, by any Act of the Province or of the Dominion of Canada, or hitherto exercisable or held by him or them. The Municipal Court for the trial of criminals shall sit every day, if occasion require, commencing at ten o'clock, A. M., and shall continue until all the causes are disposed of. Provided, that the Stipendiary Magistrate or person presiding may continue any complaint for such time as may be necessary.

7. The administration of Police within the Town, and a the exective powers of the corporation, are vested in the Mayo

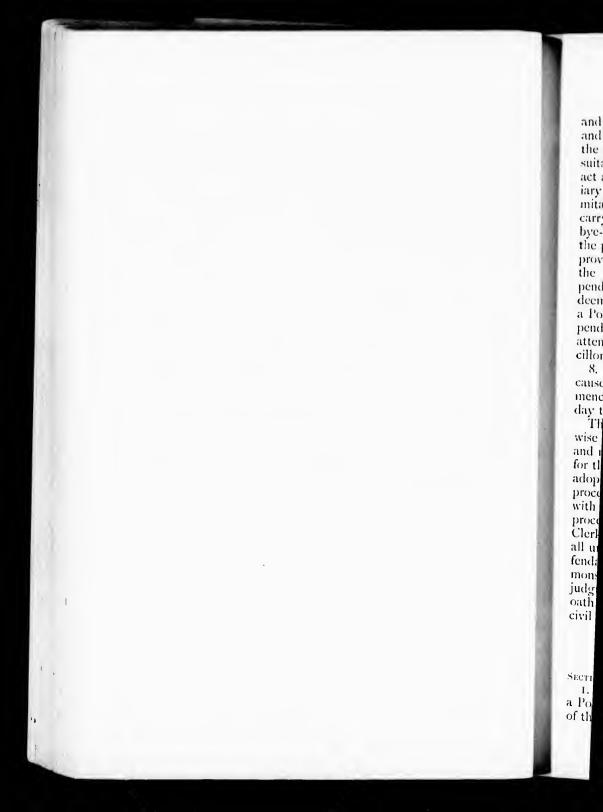
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and Councillors, and the Stipendiary Magistrate. The Mayor and Councillors in rotation, according to a Roster, to be by the Council prepared, shall attend at the Police Office, at some suitable time and times to be named, and shall perform every act appertaining to the office of Justice of the Peace, Stipendiary or Police Magistrate, necessary for the apprehension, commital conviction and punishment of criminal offenders, and for carrying into effect the laws in force and the ordinances and bye-laws of the Town, and shall have and exercise all and every the powers vested in the criminal side of the Municipal Court, provided that the Mayor or Councillor shall at all times have the power of calling to his assistance the Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate, and that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to abridge the power of the Stipendiary Magistrate as a Police Magistrate, and that by order of the Council the Stipendiary Magistrate may be placed on the Roster, and shall attend in rotation in the same manner as the Mayor and Councillor.

8. The Municipal Court shall be holden for the trial of civil causes, on the first and third Tuesday of every month, commencing at ten o'clock A. M., and may sit by adjournment, from day to day, until all the causes in the lists for trial are called.

The Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate shall, until otherwise directed by the Council, frame and make all rules, orders and regulations respecting the practice in the Municipal Court for the trials of civil causes, and shall make, order and declare, adopt, and from time to time vary and alter the various writs, processes and forms to be used by the Municipal Court, together with a tariff of costs, charges and fees. All writs and other proceedings shall be signed, sealed and issued by the Town Clerk, and shall be directed to the Police or other Constable. In all undefended civil cases in the Municipal Court, where the defendant fails to appear at the time and place named in the summons for his appearance, the Court shall be at liberty to give judgment for the plaintiff, without his appearing and making oath to the justice of his claim. The party succeeding in all civil cases shall be entitled to his costs.

No. V.

POLICE FORCE.

SECTION.

t. The Council shall, as often as occasion shall require, select a Policeman or Policemen who shall act as day and night watch of the Town of Truro, and in the event of more than one Police-

man being appointed, shall select one of the number to be Chief of the Police.

2. The Policemen and all special and extra Constables, to be appointed as hereinafter provided, shall be under the authority, direction and control of a Committee of Police, to be composed of the Mayor, the Stipendiary Magistrate and three members of the Council.

3. The Policemen shall be prompt to obey and carry out all the orders and directions from time to time given to him, or such number of them as the Council shall select, and shall serve all processes, civil and criminal, and make all arrests within the Town, and under the direction of the Committee of Police, shall have all the power and authority in all militers criminal, and in case of breach of the peace, and for preserving quiet and good order, which Sheriffs and Constables possess within their jurisdiction, and shall immediately report to the Town Clerk or some member of the Committee of Police any violation or infraction of the act of incorporation, or of any bye-law or ordinance of the Town, any case of breach of the peace, or of quiet and good order, and any criminal matter within the municipality that shall come to their knowledge or under their notice.

4. The Committee of Police shall cause to be entered in a book any special order or direction in regard to Police matters, which book shall be in the custody of the Town Clerk, and shall be at all times open to the inspection and guidance of the Policemen in the discharge of their duties, and which they shall be bound at once to obey and carry out.

5. The Council shall, from time to time, fix and appoint the fees, salary and emoluments to be paid to the Policemen.

6. The Chief of Police, or any Policeman told off to serve civil processes and execute writs for the Civil Court, shall, before entering on that duty, give security in such sum as the Council shall direct for the due and faithful accounting for and paying over any moneys that may be collected by him, or come into his possession or under his control.

No. VI.

SPECIAL CONSTABLES.

SECTION.

7. In case of riot, tumult or disturbances or illegal act of any kind, accompanied with force and violence, within the precinct of the municipality, or a just apprehension thereof, the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate, or any one or more of the Coun-

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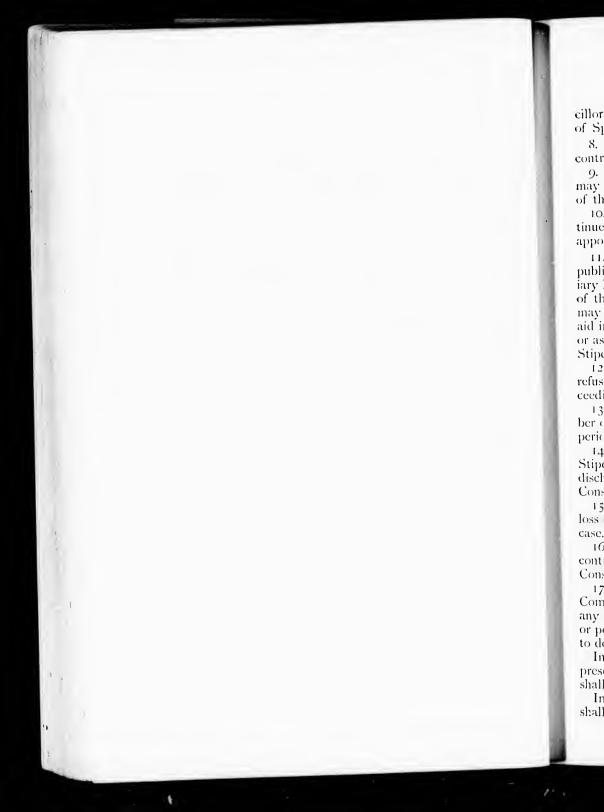
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cillors, may, by writing under their hands, appoint any number of Special Constables to assist in preserving peace and order.

8. Such Special Constables shall be under the direction and control of the Committee of Police.

9. The Mayor or any member of the Committee of Police may swear in such Special Constables to the faithful discharge of their duties.

10. The appointment of such Special Constables shall continue in force for the space of seven days from the date of such appointment, unless sooner revoked by the Committee on Police.

11. In case any disorder or disturbances shall occur at any public meeting or assemblage of persons, the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or any Councillor of the Town, upon the request of the chairman of such meeting or of three or more freeholders, may verbally appoint and swear in Special Constables, who shall aid in restoring and preserving order and peace at such meeting or assembly, and who shall be under the control of the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or any member of the Council.

12. Any person appointed a Special Constable who shall refuse to act or be sworn in, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten dollars.

13. The Mayor may, from time to time, appoint such number of extra Constables as he may deem necessary and for such period, not exceeding one year, as he shall deem requisite.

14. Each extra Constable shall be sworn in before the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or any of the Councillors, to the faithful discharge of his duties while he shall continue to be an extra Constable.

15. The Council may compensate any extra Constable for loss of time when called out for special duty, but in no other case.

16. The extra Constables shall be under the direction and control of the Committee of Police; they shall assist the Police Constables in any of their duties.

17. On the request of the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or Committee of Police, they shall serve any summons or execute any warrant emanating from the Police or Court of the Town, or perform any other duty that a Police Constable has authority to do.

In case of an actual breach of the peace occurring in their presence, they shall interfere to preserve order, and, if necessary, shall arrest wrong doers and convey them to the lock-up or gaol.

In cases of larceny, or alleged larceny, the extra Constables shall have power to act in prevention or otherwise, and in cases

of violent removal of goods, or violence as to property in houses or the possession thereof, shall have power to assist in keeping the peace.

In case any persons are found by the Police or extra Constables in the act of defacing, injuring or destroying any bridge or public property, or trees on any street, lane, or public or open place, or in the front of any house or building which have been growing or placed there for shade, ornament or other purpose, or discovered digging up or removing any of the soil of the common, or defacing or injuring the exterior of any house, building or fence, or the shutters or the appendages thereof, or in writing any obscene or profane words on any fence or building, the Police or extra Constables shall arrest such trespassers if they are unknown persons, and take them to the lock-up or jail, and detain them there in order to ascertain their names, giving immediate notice to the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or Committee of Police, and if the parties so caught are known, shall report the fact, with the names and residences of the parties, to the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or Committee of Police, without making any arrest.

18. The names of parties appointed as extra Constables shall be posted up inside the Police Office, and shall be published in handbills posted in conspicuous places in the Town within one month of such appointment and being sworn in.

19. Any extra Constable so appointed, who shall not attend at the Police Office at such time as he shall be notified for the purpose of being sworn in, or who shall refuse to take the oath, shall be liable to a penalty of not less than ten or more than forty dollars, to be recovered in the name of the Town as a debt, and in default of payment shall be subject to imprisonment in the lock-up or county jail for a period of not less than ten or more than sixty days.

No. VII.

PROSECUTIONS.

Section.

1. All fines and penalties incurred under the Statute concerning the Town of Truro or any Act in amendment of or in addition thereto hereafter to be passed, or under any bye-law or ordinance of the Town, or for any breach of any provision of may act of the Province, now or hereafter to be in force respectency the sale of intoxicating liquors, may be enforced in the Civil or Police Court of the Town, at the prosecution of the Town,

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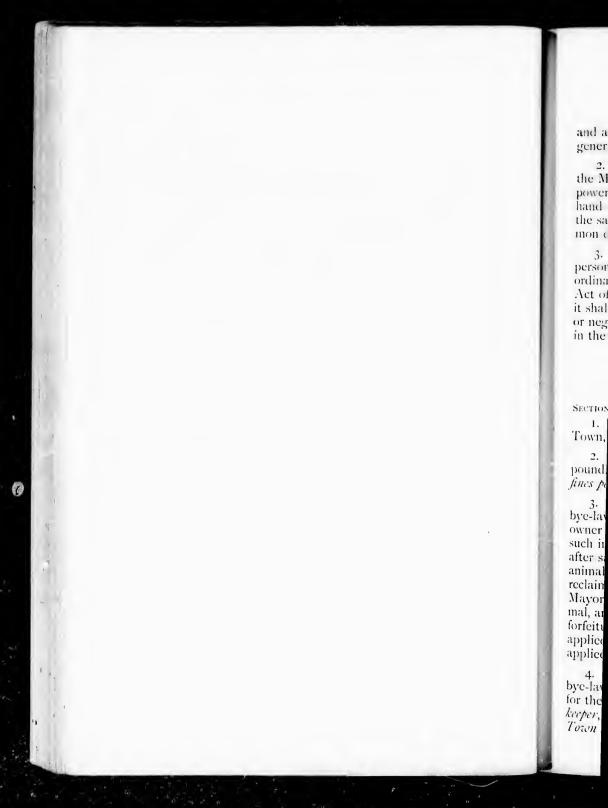
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and all fines and penalties when recovered shall form part of the general fund of the Town.

2. When any rent shall be due to the Town, and in arrear, the Mayor or any Committee of Public Property shall have full power to issue a warrant of distress for the same under his hand and seal, directed to any Police Constable of the Town, or the same may be sued for in the name of the Town as a common debt.

3. In cases when, at the suit of the Town or by any other person, a summons is issued for the violation of any bye-law or ordinance, or of any provisions of the present or any amended Act of Incorporation of the Town, and the same is disobeyed, it shall be lawful to issue a warrant against the party so refusing or neglecting to obey such summons, or a warrant may be issued in the first instance.

No. VIII.

POUND AND POUND KEEPERS.

SECTION.

1. Suitable Pounds shall be erected, one at each end of the Town, or any other locality deemed advisable by the Council.

2. The Council shall annually appoint a keeper for each pound, who shall be responsible for and pay to the Town Clerk all fines payable to the Town on all animals impounded.

3. Whenever any animal is impounded for a breach of any bye-law or ordinance of the Town, the pound-keeper, in case the owner of such animal is known to him, shall give him notice of such impounding as soon as practicable, and if within two days after said notice or within five days after the impounding of the animal the owner is unknown, the owner of said animal does not reclaim and remove it and pay the forfeiture incurred, the Mayor shall issue an order for the sale at auction of such animal, and in such case the balance, if any, after deducting the forfeiture and expenses of sale, shall be paid to the owner, if applied for within three months from day of sale, and if not so applied for, shali go to the use of the Town.

4. Before any animal, impounded for the breach of any bye-law, shall be released, the owner thereof or party applying for the release shall pay the following forfeiture to the Pound-keeper, in addition to the fines imposed under any bye-law of the Town:—

For notices, when given	50 25
Keeper unlocking Pound	
Keeper releasing the animal	
For providing Provender for the animal while in	
pound, if Horse, Colt, Ox, Cow, Calf or Pig,	
each day	0 50
If Goat or Goose, each day	0 15

No. IX.

RELATIVE TO HORSES, COWS, SWINE, OXEN, COLTS, CALVES AND GEESE.

SECTION.

1. Horses, oxen, cows, swine, colts, goats and geese shall not be allowed to go at large within the Town of Truro.

2. The Police Constable or any other person may impound any horses, cows, swine, goats or geese found at large in any street, lane or other place within the Town.

3. The owner of any horse, ox, cow, pig, goat or goose going at large, shall forfeit and pay the following amount, viz:— For each and every horse, ox, cow, goat or pig, the sum of one dollar for the first offence, and two dollars for every subsequent offence; and for each and every goose, the sum of twenty-five cents for the first offence, and fifty cents for every subsequent offence. This fine to be recovered in the *Town* Court, in the name of the Town, whether the animal shall have been impounded or not.

4. The Stipendiary Magistrate, or person presiding, shall, on the application of a party, issue a warrant to bring the party before him for trial.

5. If the offender, on conviction, does not pay the fine imposed, the Stipendiary Magistrate, or officer presiding, shall order the animal so found going at large to be sold at public auction on the day following such conviction, unless the owner shall have previously paid the fine imposed, together with all the expenses consequent on the seizure and keep of the animal; and on the sale, after deducting the fine, the expenses aforesaid, and the expenses of the sale, the balance shall be paid to the owner. The Council shall make regulations in reference to dogs going at large, or congregating within the limits of the Town, and impose penalties for the breach of the same. The owner or owners of dogs, within the Town, shall pay annually a tax of one dollar for every dog owned by him or them, or kept in his or their possession, such tax to be due and payable on the first of August, in each and every year, and the owner of every dog

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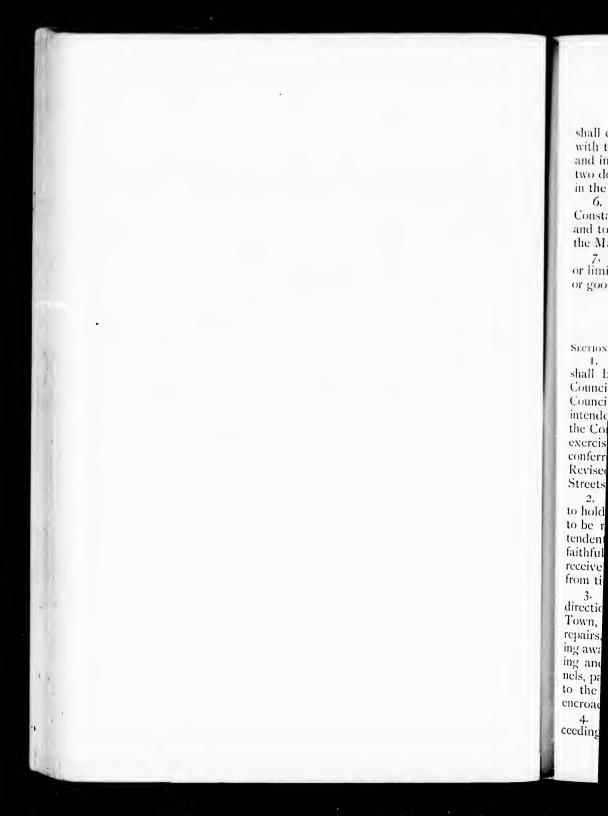
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shall cause a collar to be placed around the neck of said dog, with the owner's name thereon, and the number of his registry ; and in default of such a collar, so placed, shall forfeit the sum of two dollars ; such tax and penalty to be sued for and recovered in the Municipal Court of said Town.

6. It shall be the especial duty of the Town and Police Constable, at all times, to attend to and enforce this bye-law, and to report any infraction of it to the Stipendiary Magistrate, the Mayor, or a Councillor.

7. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrain or limit the right to impound any horse, colt, ox, cow, pig, goat or goose going at large.

No. X.

STREETS.

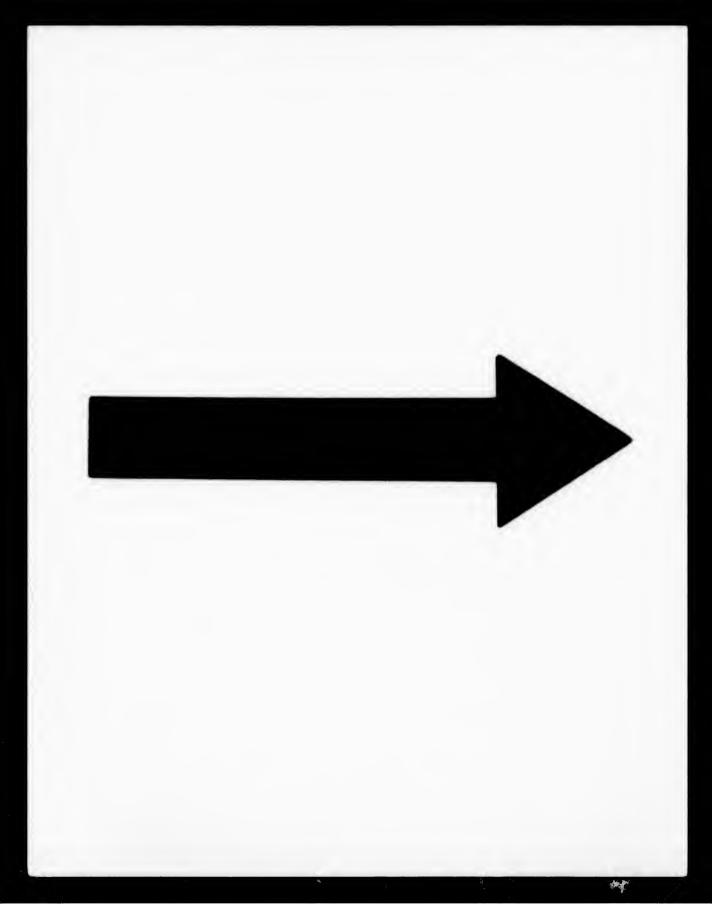
SECTION.

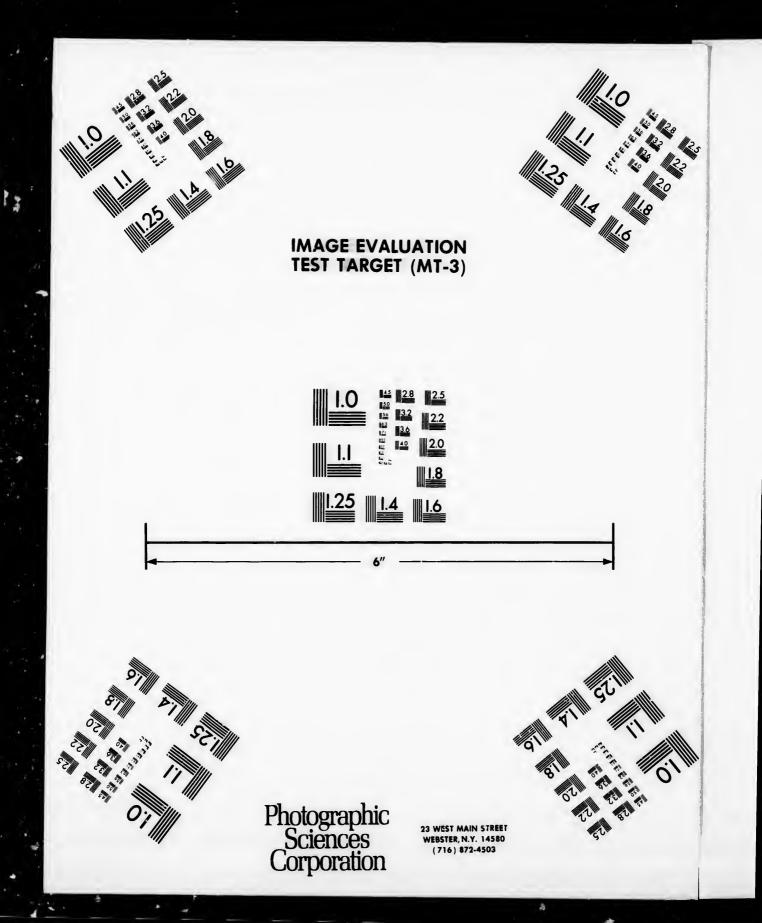
1. The streets of the Town and the expenditure thereon shall be placed under the control of a Committee of three Councillors, one from each Ward, to be annually chosen by the Council, to be called the Committee of Streets, and the Superintendent of Streets shall be under the direction and control of the Committee. The said Committee of Streets shall have and exercise, within the limits of the Town of Truro, all the powers conferred upon the Commissioners of Streets, under Chap. 49 Revised Statutes, 4th series, entitled "Of Commissioners of Streets."

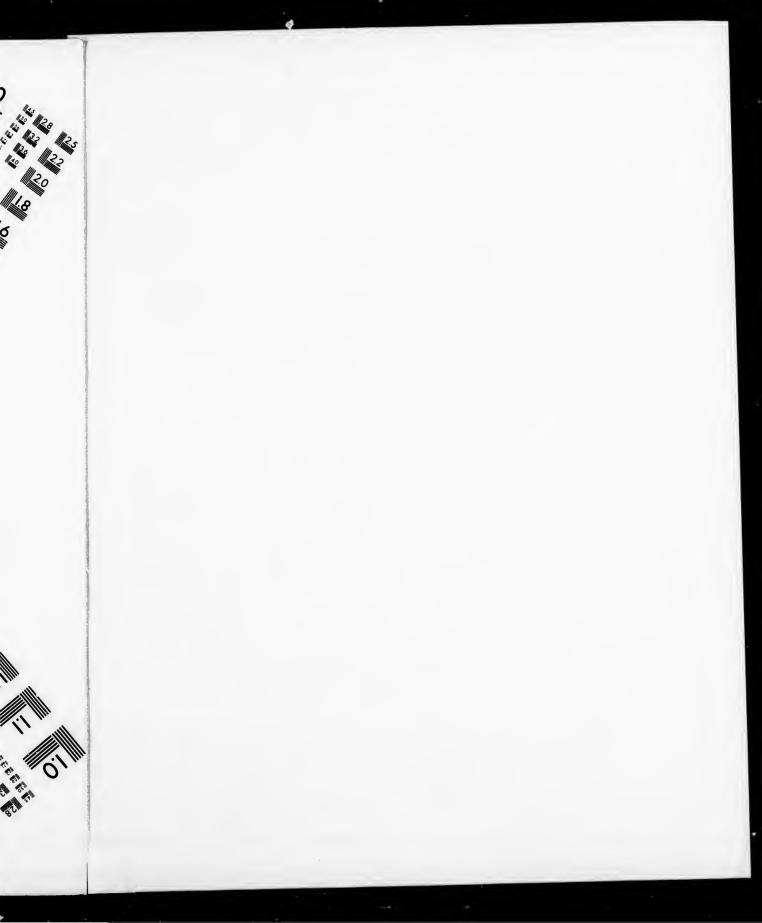
2. The Committee shall choose a Superintendent of Streets, to hold office until his successor is appointed, or until removed, to be removed at the pleasure of the Council; such Superintendent to be sworn before the Mayor or a Councillor to the faithful discharge of his duty, and to give such security and receive such compensation for his services as the Council may from time to time direct.

3. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent, under the direction and control of the Committee of Streets within the Town, to attend to the laying out, widening, elevations and repairs, the sweeping, cleaning and watering of the same, clearing away the snow and other like duties, and the making, repairing and improving of any bridges, drains, sewers, gutters, channels, pavements and sidewalks within the same, and give notice to the Committee of Streets of any nuisance, obstruction, or encroachment thereon.

4. The Superintendent shall keep such accounts of his proceedings as shall be ordered by the Council or Committee of







Streets, and furnish accounts, properly vouched, whenever required to do so by the Committee of Streets.

5. The Committee of Streets shall have power to make contracts for the supply of labor and materials for the streets, and for the use of such horses and carts as shall be required for the purposes of the street service.

6. The Committee of Streets shall have power, under direction of the Council, at any time to enter into a private contract with any person or persons to keep the streets of the Town, or any portion of them, in good order and repair, or to put that service up to public competition.

7. No such contract or letting shall be for a period of over one year, and the contractor, whether by private agreement or public competition, shall give bonds, with good and sufficient sureties, in such sum as the Council may name, for the faithful performance of the work.

8. The Council may, from time to time, in their discretion, pay the contractor such proportionate part of the contract price as they may deem just and prudent, but no money shall be paid except on a certificate of the amount of work done, and that the same has been well and faithfully performed, signed by the Superintendent and countersigned by the Chairman or two of the Committee of Streets.

9. All sums required for the street service, within the Town of Truro, shall be taken from and borne by the general revenues of the Town.

10. Every male resident of the Town, between the ages of eighteen and sixty, except firemen, engine-men, axe-men, and ministers in charge of congregations, shall annually pay a roadtax of *One Dollar*, and the balance of the sum required for Street purposes shall be raised by an equal rateable assessment on the real and personal estate of the citizens, in the same manner as the other revenues of the Town are raised by assessment, and the sum so raised, together with the sum realized from the road-tax, shall be paid in to the Town Treasurer, and become part of the general revenues of the Town, provided that the sum of Four Dollars be deducted annually from the rates to be levied annually on all members of the Fire Department in lieu of their present exemption from Statute labor.

11. No person shall pile, deposit or place on any road, street, lane or other public place of the Town, any manure, compost, wood, lumber or other substance or material whatsoever, under a penalty of Three Dollars for each offence, and every twentyfour hours that such manure, compost, earth, wood, lumber or

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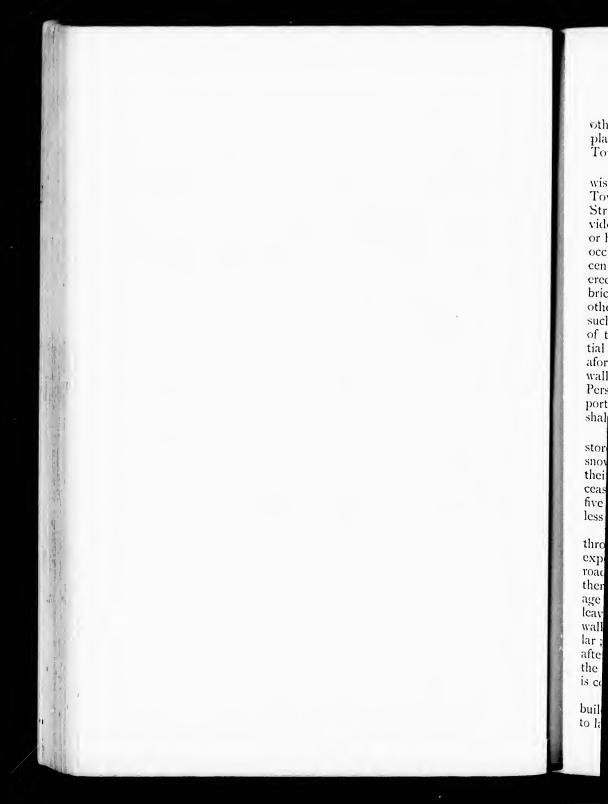
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other substance or material, shall remain piled, deposited or placed on any road, street, lane or other public place of the Town, shall be held to be, and shall be, a separate offence.

12. No person shall slack, riddle, mix with sand or otherwise prepare lime, in any of the roads, streets, or lanes of the Town, unless by written permission from the Superintendent of Streets, under a penalty of Two Dollars for each offence. Provided, that any person or persons building or repairing a house or houses in the Town of Truro shall be permitted to use and occupy ten feet in width from the line of the street toward the centre, to extend the length of the house or houses so being erected or repaired, for the purpose of piling lumber, stone, brick, sand or lime, and for mixing lime and sand, or doing such other work as may be necessary for the erection or repair of such house or houses so being erected or repaired : such portion of the street so used and occupied to be enclosed by a substantial fence erected by the person so building or repairing, as aforesaid, such parties also to provide a suitable path or sidewalk, at least two and one-half feet in width, around such fence. Persons so building or repairing shall be at liberty to use said portion of the street as long as to the *Superintendent* of Streets shall seem necessary.

13. The occupiers, owners or persons in charge of houses, stores, lots and pieces of land, shall be bound, after every fail of snow, to clear away the snow from the sidewalks and gutters of their respective premises within two hours after it shall have ceased to fall, under penalty of not less than one or more than five dollars on each person who neglects or omits so to do, unless excused by the Superintendent of Streets.

14. No person shall encumber or obstruct a free passage through any street, lane, or sidewalk or path of the Town, by exposing for sale, unpacking or suffering to remain upon any road, street, lane or alley, or upon the sidewalk or footpath thereof, any lumber, iron, coal, trunk, bale, crate, cask or package or other articles, or anything, for more than two hours, or leave any such articles at night on the road, street, lane or sidewalk after six o'clock, under a penalty of not less than one dollar; and the continuance of any such obstruction for one hour after notice given by the Police or other Constable to remove the same, shall be deemed a new offence, and for every hour it is continued he shall be liable to an additional fine of fifty cents.

15. The Council shall have power to lay out, down and build any new bridge, or to alter the location of any bridge, and to lay out any new street, road, lane or highway; to improve,

enlarge, make straight and widen any bridge, road, street, lane. passage or public place within the Town, and for that purpose to remove when necessary any building, projection, wall or fences, or portion thereof, to direct a survey to be made, and, unless a satisfactory private arrangement be made, shall appoint one competent person, and the proprietor of the property so sought to be taken or removed, or his agent, within five days after *notice thereto requiring him*, shall appoint one other competent person, whose name he shall hand in to the Town Clerk within two days thereafter, and in case of default on the part of the said proprietor or his agent so to appoint as aforesaid, then the Mayor shall appoint a second competent person, and they two, so chosen, shall appoint a third *competent person as appraiser*, none of whom shall be interested in said road, street, lane or bridge, or the land to be occupied by any new bridge, but who may be residents of the Town, and who shall be compensated for their labor out of the Town funds to appraise the damages to be paid to those whose lands may be taken to form the road, street, lane or the site of any bridge, or whose building, wall or erections may be removed or destroyed in whole or in part for the improvement of any street, lane or public passage.

16. The appraisers *appointed as in the preceding Section* shall notify the parties interested and hear them if required, and the appraisement being made by the three appraisers or any two of them, notice shall be given to each person whose land is taken, or whose buildings are to be removed in whole or in part, or to his agents, ten days at least before the meeting of Council at which it is to be confirmed, the Council shall give any party objecting to the appraisement an opportunity of being heard and of proving their objection by testimony. If the expense and damage appear to the Council to be excessive when compared with the utility of the work, they may suspend or abandon the undertaking at any period, compensating for any damage actually done.

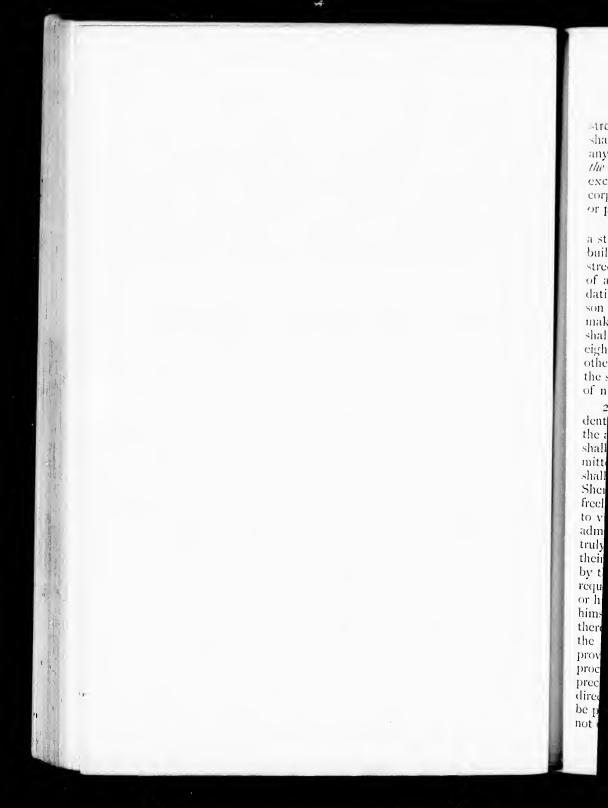
17. Hereafter no proprietor or possessor of land shall open for public use or dedicate to the public any new road or street over and on his property, of less than sixty feet wide, and the Committee of Streets are authorized, in their discretion, wholly or partially to close up and obstruct any road, street, lane or thoroughfare of less than sixty feet in width, which may be hereafter laid out or opened, or which may have been so laid out and opened contrary to law; and in case of such dedication, the line of such street shall be subject to the approval of the Streets Committee. 18. The Council shall not accept the dedication of any road,

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street or lane to the Town of a less width than sixty feet, not shall any public movies or revenues be paid out or expended on any road, street or lane, of less width than sixty feet, *nor unless* the line thereof has been so approved by the Streets Committee except the roads, streets or lanes in which, at the time of incorporation of the Town, statute labor has actually been done or public monies expended.

19. Persons intending to build upon or close to the line of a street shall, before digging the foundation or commencing the building, apply to the Committee of Streets to cause the line of street to be defined and laid out, and shall defray the expenses of a survey, if necessary to employ one, and shall dig the foundation and erect the building within the line. And if any person shall erect a building on the line of said street, or without making such application and having the line so ascertained, he shall forfeit a sum of not less than forty dollars or more than eighty dollars, and shall also remove the encroachment, or otherwise the Council or their Committee of Streets may cause the same to be removed or take the steps allowed by law in case of nuisances.

20. When the Committee of Streets or their Superintendent shall have proceeded to ascertain the line of the street on the application of any person about to build thereon, and he shall be dissatisfied with the line pointed out by the said Committee or their Superintendent, a Judge of the Supreme Court shall, upon the application of either party, issue a precept to the Sheriff or his Deputy to summon a jury of twelve disinterested freeholders to meet on some convenient day therein mentioned to view and lay out the line; and the jury shall have an oath administered to them by the Sheriff or his Deputy, well and truly to lay out and establish the line of street according to their best judgment, and the witnesses tendered shall be sworn by the Sheriff or his Deputy; and if the jurors or either party require it, a new survey of the line shall be made, and the Sheriff or his Deputy shall make a return forthwith, under the hands of himself and the jurors, to the Judge, who, if he shall approve thereof, shall confirm the return, and the same shall be filed in the office of the Town Clerk; but if the Judge shall not approve of the return, a new precept shall be issued and further proceedings had thereon in the manner prescribed as to the first precept, and so until a return be confirmed, and the Judge shall direct how and by whom the expenses of the proceedings shall be paid, and the same shall be taxed by the Judge, and shall not exceed forty dollars.

21. Any person who shall designedly and unnecessarily drive any carriage or cart, sleigh or sled, or ride on a sidepath, or obstruct any sidewalk, or leave standing thereon any carriage, eart, sleigh, sled or horse, or roll or place heavy articles on the same, to the injury or obstruction of the sidewalk, shall for every offence forfeit not less than one dollar nor more than ten.

No. XI.

PUBLIC PROPERTY.

SECTION.

1. The Council shall have full power to manage the real estate of the Town, to improve and ornament the same, and to lease the same for any term not exceeding ten years, and on such conditions as they shall see fit, and for any period exceeding ten years, by and with the consent of the Governor-in-Council.

2. All leases and deeds shall be under the Town Seal, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Town Clerk.

No. XII.

AUCTIONEERS' LICENSE.

SECTION.

1. No person shall, within the Town of Truro, exercise the office of Auctioneer, or sell at public vendue any real estate, goods, or chattels whatever, without being licensed thereto by the Council, which license shall be granted on application to the Committee of Licenses, and shall be in the form in the Appendix, and be signed by the Mayor and the Town Clerk.

2. The fee for such license shall be twenty dollars, subject to be from time to time altered as the Council may determine, to be paid at the time of applying for the same; and if any person, without such license, shall sell any real estate, goods or chattels at public auction, he shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offence, to be sued for and recovered in the name of the Town and for the use of the Town. Nothing herein contained shall extend or apply to Sheriffs or Officers of Justice selling under process of law or by direction of any Court.

No. XIII.

OF SLAUGHTERING.

SECTION.

I. No person exercising the trade of a Butcher shall, in

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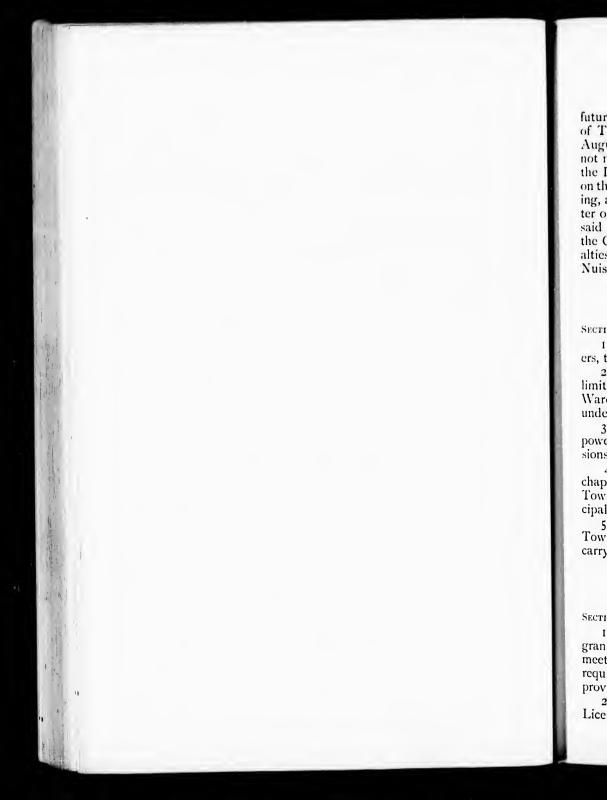
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future, slaughter or dress for food any animal within the Town of Truro, in any year, during the months of May, June, July, August or September, within the following limits, that is to say, not nearer than a quarter of a mile east of Reading's corner on the Intervale Road, and Watson's Brook on the Harmony Road, on the east, the Town line on the south, except at Miller's Crossing, and no butchering to be done there nearer than one quarter of a mile south of the Railway track ; a line drawn from the said Truro line, through a point one quarter of a mile west from the Court House to Salmon River on the north, under the penalties imposed by Chap. 30, Revised Statutes, fourth series, "Of Nuisances,"

No. XIV.

OF HEALTH WARDENS.

SECTION.

I. The Town Council shall annually appoint six rate-payers, two out of each Ward, to be Health Wardens or Inspectors.

2. The said Health Wardens or Inspectors shall, within the limits of Town of Truro, have all the powers given to Health Wardens and Inspectors in the City of Halifax and elsewhere, under Chapters 29 and 30 of the Revised Statutes, fourth series.

3. The Town Council shall have and exercise all the powers conferred upon the County, General and Special Sessions under said chapters.

4. All penalties for breach of any of the provisions of said chapters shall be sued, enforced and collected in the name of the Town of Truro, by said Town for its own benefit, in the Municipal Court of said Town.

5. The Town Council shall pay out of the funds of the Town all expenses incurred by their directions or authority in carrying out the objects expressed in said chapters.

No. XV.

LIQUOR LICENSE.

SECTION.

1. *No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors shall be granted by the Town Council, except at the regular quarterly meetings of the Council, and then only in accordance with the requirements of the laws of the Province in such case made and provided.

2. *The Town Clerk, for the time being, shall be Clerk of License for the Town of Truro.

3. *All penalties collected within the Town of Truro, under Chapter 75, Revised Statutes, fourth series, or any act in amendment thereto, payable under the said acts into the County Treasury, shall be paid over to the Treasurer of the Town for Town purposes.

4. *The Council, Mayor, License Committee or a majority of them, shall have power to revoke or suspend any such license, if, in their judgment, the order and welfare of the Town require it.

5. *The form of License, Bond, Summons, &c., &c., shall be the same as now in use under said Chapter 75, Revised Statutes, and the acts in amendment thereof, with such alterations in the wording of said forms as to render them applicable to the Town, and the carrying out and enforcing the provisions of said laws within the precincts of the Town, such forms of summons to be made as provided in the act regulating the Town Court.

6. Any person to whom a license shall be granted, shall, before receiving the same, pay the whole duties and fees to the Clerk of the License, and shall enter into a bond with two sureties, in the form in Appendix A, Schedule F, which bond shall, when executed, be filed with the Town Clerk.

7. The Mayor or any Councillor or the Recorder shall have full power and authority, upon view or upon complaint made upon oath of any riotous or disorderly conduct in any tavern or other place where liquor is sold, to arrest, or order, or issue a warrant for the arrest of the party or parties and take them to the jail, and thereon the Mayor or Presiding Officer shall enquire summarily into the matter of such complaint, and shall investigate the same, and shall dismiss the same with costs, to be paid by the complainant, or shall convict the keeper of such inn or tavern, or other place where intoxicating liquors are sold, of having a riotous, disorderly house or shop, and shall abrogate the license for keeping the same, or shall suspend the benefit of the same for any period not exceeding sixty days, with or without costs, as in his discretion may seem just, and during the period of such suspension the keeper of such inn, tavern, or other place where intoxicating liquor is sold, shall lose all the privileges, power and protection that would otherwise have been afforded him by this said license.

8. The Mayor, Councillor, Recorder, or Police Constable, shall have full power to enter at all times, by day or by night, all places within the Town where intoxicating liquors are licensed to be sold, for the purpose of seeing that the provisions of the act regarding the sale of intoxicating liquors, or any acts in

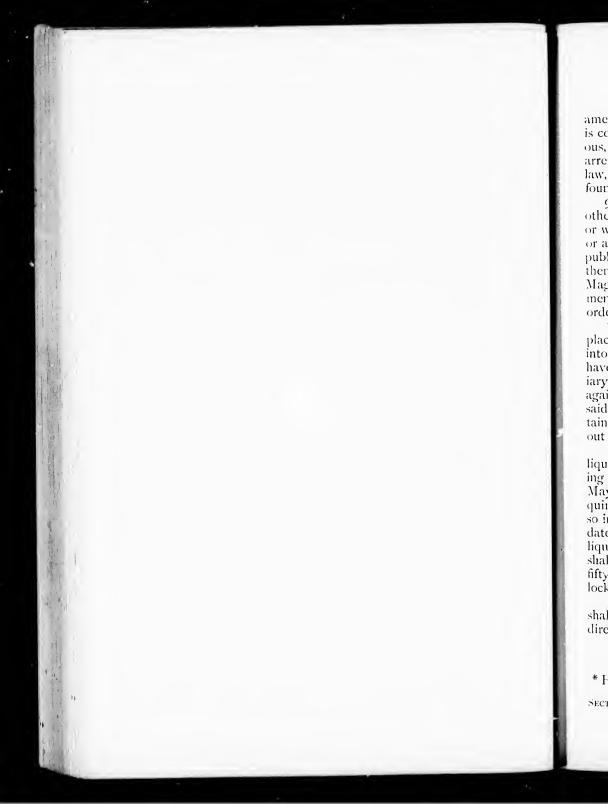
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amendment thereof, and any bye-law or ordinance of the Town is complied with, and for the purpose of putting down any riotous, disorderly, gambling, indecent conduct, and, if necessary, to arrest the party or parties so guilty of violating the law, or byelaw, or ordinance of the Town, and all minors or apprentices found therein, and to take them to the jail for examination.

9. It shall be the duty of the Police Constable, and any other person appointed by the Council for that purpose, on view, or when thereto ordered by the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate, or any Councillor, to arrest all persons found in the streets or public places of the Town in a state of intoxication and detain them in the jail for examination, and the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate, or any Councillor, shall inflict such fine or imprisonment as by the laws of the Dominion of Canada is in such case ordered and provided.

10. If, in such examination, such person shall disclose the place where he obtained, and the party who furnished him with intoxicating liquors, and if the party whose name is disclosed have no license to sell intoxicating liquors, the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate, or Presiding Councillor, shall issue a summons against the person whose name has been so disclosed as afo. .said, and the proprietor of the place where the liquor was obtained, who shall thereupon be prosecuted for selling liquor without license.

11. If the proprietor of the place where the intoxicating liquor has been obtained hold a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in force when the said liquor was furnished, the Mayor shall cause to be served on said proprietor a notice requiring him not to sell or furnish intoxicating liquor to the party so intoxicated, as aforesaid, for a period of six months from the date of said notice, and if the said proprietor shall furnish liquor to the said party at any time within the said period, he shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty or more than fifty dollars for each offence with costs, and to be confined in the lock-up or County Jail until such fine and costs are paid.

12. No Councillor of the Town or Justice of the Peace shall hold a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors, or be directly or indirectly interested in the sale thereof by retail.

No. XVI.

* HACKNEY CARRIAGES AND LIVERY STABLES.

SECTION.

I. *No person shall keep or drive for hire any carriage,

wagon, sleigh, cab, omnibus, coach or other conveyance, for the conveyance or carriage of passengers or to ply as a hackney carriage, cab or omnibus in the streets or lanes of the Town, unless under a license for that purpose previously obtained from the Mayor and License Committee.

2. * Carriages so licensed for carrying persons from place to place within the Town shall be numbered.

3. * The License Committee shall have the supervision of the owners and drivers of such carriages and their conduct.

4. * The number of each carriage shall be painted or fixed in some conspicuous part or parts thereof, and the said number, together with the owner's name, shall be registered in a book to be kept at the Town Clerk's Office for that purpose.

5. *All applications for such licenses shall be made in writing to the Mayor and License Committee for the time being, and no such application shall be received but from the *bona fide* owner of the horse or horses, carriages and harness to be used, and unless the applicant shall be recommended by at least three respectable householders, and shall execute a bond to the Town with two sufficient suretics, in the sum of one hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his or their duty, and for the safe conveyance of property placed in his or their charge.

6. * The fee for such license shall be the sum of Two Dollars and fifty cents to keep and drive for hire, as aforesaid, one horse, Five Dollars for two horses, and for each additional horse over and above two, one dollar, such fees to be paid at the time of taking out the license.

7. * The carriages employed, the horses, with their fitting-up and harness, shall be such as the Mayor and License Committee approve, and shall be subject to the inspection and approval of the Mayor and Committee, and the Committee may suspend or revoke the license of any person who shall keep in use any driver, carriage or horse objected to by the Committee, or decline to obey their order in respect to the carriages, harness, fittings or conditions of any such carriage.

8. * Every hackney carriage, when driven or used in the night time within the Town, shall have fixed upon some conspicuous part of the outside thereof two lighted lamps, with plain glass fronts and sides, with the number of the license of such carriage conspicuous thereon, under penalty upon the owner of not less than one dollar or more than two dollars for each omission or breach of this rule.

9. *Licenses shall continue in force for no longer than one year, and shall expire on the first day of March in each year,

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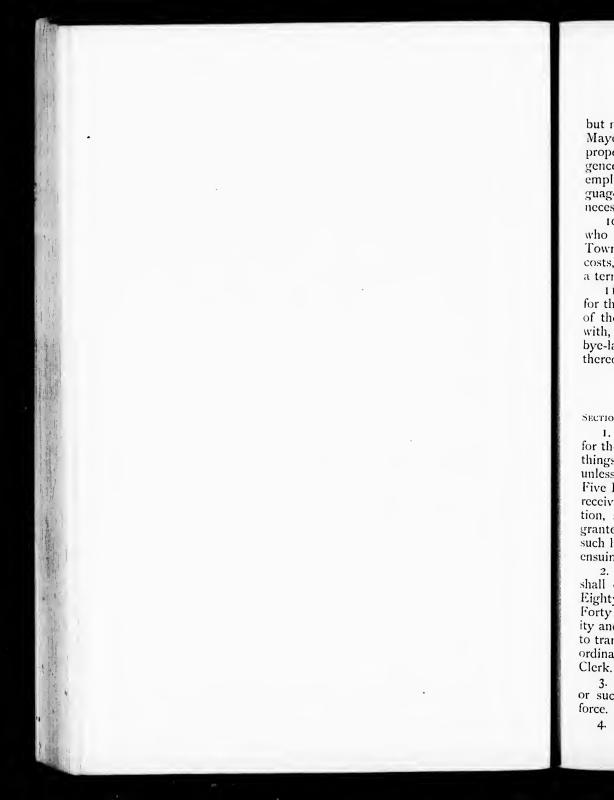
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but may be renewed on payment of the license fee. And the Mayor and Committee of License may, at any time they think proper, suspend or revoke any such license, whether for negligence or misbehavior of the person in charge in refusing to be employed, or in driving the same, or for abusive or insulting language, or for letting horses to hire on Sunday except in cases of necessity, or for any other transgression of this ordinance.

10. * All persons, whether owners or drivers of carriages, who offend against this ordinance, shall, on conviction in the Town Court, be subject to a fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs, and in default of payment to imprisonment in the jail for a term not to exceed thirty days.

11. *The Council may fix the scale of prices to be charged for the conveyance of passengers and luggage within the limits of the Town, and any regulation required in connexion therewith, and the same when made shall be considered part of this bye-law and subject to the same penalty as regards any breach thereof.

No. XVII.

TRUCKMENS' REGULATIONS.

SECTION.

1. No person shall drive any truck, cart or sled or carriage, for the transportation of goods, wares and merchandize, or other things whatsoever, within the Town of Truro, for hire or wages, unless he shall be licensed as a Truckman, under a penalty of Five Dollars for each offence, and no person shall be entitled to receive a license who shall not produce a written recommendation, signed by parties willing to be sureties. License to be granted on application to the Mayor and Committee of License, such license to stand in force until the first day of March then ensuing.

2. On granting such license the persons obtaining the same shall execute a bond to the Town of Truro, in the sum of Eighty Dollars and two good sureties, each in the amount of Forty Dollars, conditioned for his orderly driving and the security and safe conveyance of such articles as he may be required to transport, and also for the strict and due observance of this ordinance or bye-law, such bond to be furnished by the Town Clerk.

3. Such bond shall be drawn to stand in force for one year, or such proportionate part thereof as the license shall be in force.

4. The sum of Two Dollars and fifty cents shall be the

license fee for the first horse, and One Dollar for each additional horse, and shall be paid annually. Licenses shall expire on the first day of March in each year.

5. Every box-cart used by a licensed truckman shall be capable of holding three-quarters of a ton of coals without being heaped up, and shall be provided with such boards at the ends and sides as shall perfectly protect that quantity, viz., three-quarters of a ton, from falling out.

6. Every licensed truckman shall cause the initial letter of his christian name and his surname in full length, and also the number of his license, to be painted in large legible characters upon each side of his cart, truck or sled, and so continue the same under the penalty of one dollar for every day that he shall drive his cart, truck or sled without having his name and number so presented thereon.

7. The Mayor or Committee on Licenses, on the granting of each license shall appoint the stand for the persons for the stand so to be licensed, and all trucks, carts or sleds, when not employed, must be placed and kept during working hours at the several stands allotted to their respective proprietors in such way and order as may be directed, and any truckman taking up any other stand than that to which he shall be appointed, or, deviating from the order prescribed, shall be considered as violating this clause.

8. No licensed truckman, being on his stand, shall refuse or neglect to cart, truck or employ his horse and cart, truck or sled for any person within the Town of Truro when so requested.

9. No person under the age of sixteen years shall be permitted to drive a truck, cart or sled for hire, and the licenseholder of every cart, truck or sled shall be answerable and accountable for the good conduct and behavior of such driver as he may employ, and of the observance of all the regulations made or to be made relative to truckmen; and any driver of such cart, truck or sled who may be guilty of drunkenness shall be dismissed by order of the Mayor or any one of the Committee, and also forfeit and pay the sum of One Dollar, and the license of such truck, cart or sled shall be suspended or forfeited by the Mayor or any one of the Committee, according to the nature of the offence of such driver.

10. No licensed truckman or driver shall drive his horse faster than a slow or easy trot, in or through any part of the Town.

11. No truckman shall refuse or neglect immediately to obey any call for any public duty to be made on him by the

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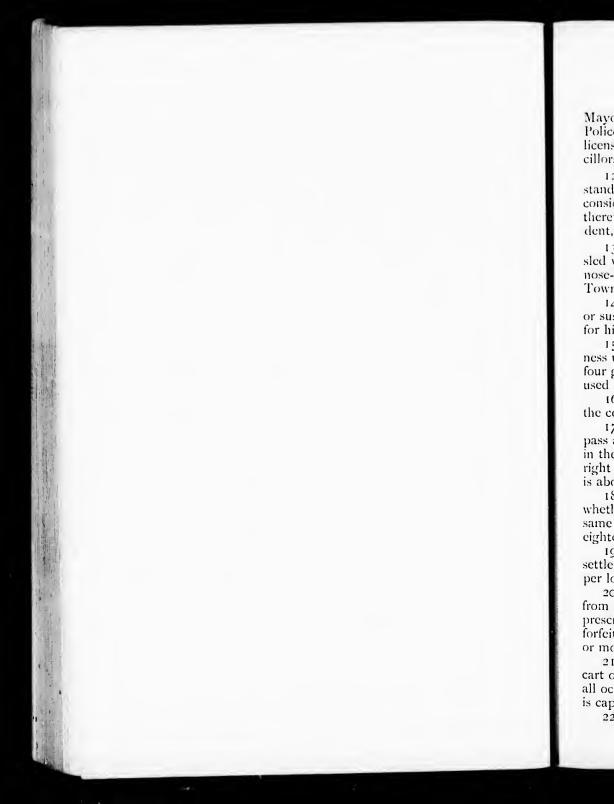
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Mayor or any of the Councillors, Stipendiary Magistrate or Police Constable, and upon his refusal or neglect so to obey, his license shall be suspended for such time as the Mayor or Councillors shall think proper for such offence.

12. If any licensed truckman shall neglect to occupy his stand or cease to truck for the space of one month, he shall be considered as having resigned his stand, and shall not be entitled thereto unless prevented by sickness or other unavoidable accident, but may apply for and obtain a new stand.

13. No truckman shall leave his horse and cart, truck or sled without a driver, or shall feed his horse (except from a nose-bag) in any one of the public streets or lanes of this Town.

14. No truckman, whose license shall have been taken away or suspended, shall drive any cart, truck or sled within the Town for hire without obtaining permission or a new license therefor.

15. Every licensed truckman shall have affixed to the harness used for the purpose of drawing his sled or sleigh at least four good open bells or six round bells, such as are continually used on sleighs.

16. Every truckman, in driving his cart or sled, shall leave the centre of the street on his right hand side.

17. When the driver of any cart, truck or sled attempts to pass another cart, truck or sled, or any carriage having its head in the same direction, such driver shall take care to pass on the right hand side of such cart, truck or sled or carriage which he is about to pass.

18. Whenever any cart, truck or sled shall at any time stop, whether loading or unloading, on any of the Town streets, the same shall not be placed nearer to the centre of the street than eighteen inches.

19. In removing the furniture of a house, the rate shall be settled by agreement of the parties; if not so settled, fifty cents per load per half-mile shall be charged and paid.

20. If any licensed truckman shall ask, demand or receive from any person any greater rates or fares than is allowed and prescribed, or may hereafter be allowed or prescribed, he shall forfeit his license and pay the sum of not less than one dollar or more than five dollars.

21. The licensed truckman or driver in charge of his trucks, cart or sled, shall be bound to load and unload, and to assist on all occasions when employed, as far as such truckman or driver is capable.

22. Every licensed truckman shall be furnished by the

Clerk of License with copies of this ordinance and with cards containing the rates and table of distances, to be made out and fixed by the Mayor and Council, and the persons in charge of any licensed truck, cart or sled shall be bound, on request of any person employing the same, to produce and exhibit to him such card of rates, distances and loads, under the penalty of fifty cents for such refusal, and such refusal shall justify the employers in withholding payment until properly satisfied as to the rate charged.

23. The Clerk of License shall make out and issue all licenses for truckmen, and the bonds connected therewith.

24. All fines and penalties under this ordinance may be recovered in the Police Court in the name of the Town.

25. The Committee of License shall, from time to time, fix and regulate the amount that shall be considered a full and regular load, under this ordinance, for a horse and cart, truck or sled, and shall post the same in the office of the Town Clerk.

No. XVIII.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS.

SECTION.

1. No commercial traveller or agent, who is not a ratepayer in this Town, shall sell or offer for sale within the said Town any kind or description of goods, wares and merchandize, either by sample or otherwise, without first obtaining a license from the Town for the purpose, such license to be signed by the Mayor, and in his absence by the acting Mayor, and for the granting of such license the applicant shall pay to the Town of Truro the sum of ten dollars, to be paid to the Town Treasurer, to become part of the revenues of the Town. This ordinance shall not apply to any person resident in this Province, bringing produce, provisions, fuel and supplies, nor to any person bringing fuel or agricultural produce to the Town.

2. Any person violating this ordinance shall be subject to and pay a fine of not less than five or more than ten dollars, in addition to the license fee, for each offence, to be prosecuted for by any party who may inform in the name of the Town of Truro, and on conviction and non-payment of fine, imprisoned for not more than twenty days in the County Jail; such offence to be tried before the Recorder or one or more of the Town Council.

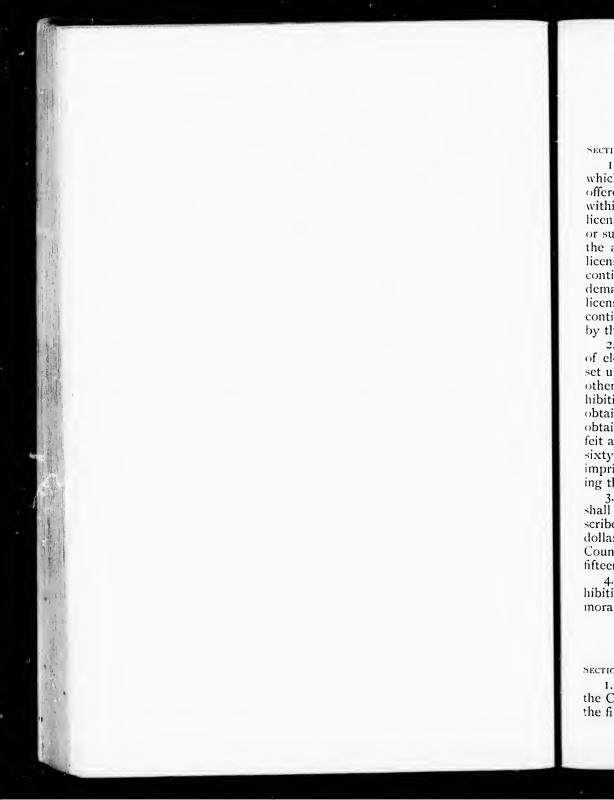
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No. XIX.

EXHIBITIONS.

SECTION.

1. No theatrical exhibition, public show or exhibition, to which admission is obtained by the payment of money, shall be offered to view, set up, maintained, carried on, or published, within the Town, without a license first had therefor, which license shall be granted by the Mayor on the payment of a fee or sum of not less than two dollars nor more than thirty dollars, the amount to be fixed by the Mayor and expressed in said license. Every license shall express the number of days it is to continue in force, and an additional sum of one dollar shall be demanded for every day beyond the number stated in the license such theatrical exhibition, public show or exhibition is continued; such license may be renewed on terms to be fixed by the Mayor.

2. All such exhibitions shall be closed at night by the hour of eleven o'clock. Any person who shall offer to view, or shall set up, set on foot, maintain or carry on, or shall publish or otherwise assist in any theatrical exhibition, public show or exhibitions of whatever name or nature, to which admission is obtained on payment of money, without a license previously obtained from the Mayor, agreeable to this ordinance, shall forfeit and pay to the Town for every offence a fine not exceeding sixty dollars, and in default of payment shall be liable to be imprisoned in the County Jail or lock-up for a term not exceeding thirty days.

3. Any person having charge of such an exhibition, who shall keep the same open at night beyond the hour herein prescribed, shall forfeit his license and pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars, and in default of payment shall be imprisoned in the County Jail or lock-up of the Town for a period not exceeding fifteen days.

4. The Mayor may withdraw the license and order the exhibition to be at once closed if it appears to him that it is immoral, profane or indecent.

No. XX.

ANNUAL MEETING.

SECTION.

1. The annual meeting shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Council, be held in the Court House on the Tuesday before the first Tuesday of May, at the hour of three in the afternoon,

of which meeting five days' notice shall be given by bills posted in three conspicuous places in each Ward.

2. Whenever at such meeting it is contemplated to recommend any sum required to meet any extraordinary service or improvement, the Mayor or Chairman shall, at the commencement of the meeting, announce the hour when the vote shall be taken; and on the arrival of the hour other business shall be suspended and the voting proceeded with, after which the suspended business may be proceeded with, or new business entered on, provided that no business shall be transacted at such meeting except such as is provided in the forty-fourth section of the Act incorporating the Town of Truro.

3. The Town Clerk shall provide a separate sheet for any service or improvement recommended by the Council, the heading of which shall designate the service or improvement recommended; said sheet shall contain three columns, in one of which shall be printed or written in alphabetical order of the surnames the name of every rate-payer of the Town entitled to vote at such meeting, and the others shall be headed respectively "Aye" and "Nay," and may be in the form in Appendix A, Schedule A, hereto annexed.

4. The finding of the names of the rate-payers on the same sheet, or the production of his receipt for the taxes of the preceding year, shall determine the right of any person to vote at such meeting.

5. In taking the vote the Town Clerk shall call out the name of the rate-payers on his list, when such rate-payer, if present, shall give his vote "Aye" or "Nay," and the Town Clerk shall immediately record the same under the respective column according to the vote given.

6. Any rate-payer whose name shall have been omitted from the list shall be entitled to have his name entered on the list and to vote in like manner, on production of his tax-receipt for the preceding year.

7. If more than one service or improvement shall be recommended by the Council, the rate-payers shall vote on each separately, but at one and the same time. The lists after every meeting shall be endorsed and carefully filed away to serve as records.

No. XXI.

TO SUPPLY VACANCIES.

SECTION.

1. Upon any vacancy occurring within the year of the office of Mayor or Councillor, the Mayor, or if it be a vacancy in the

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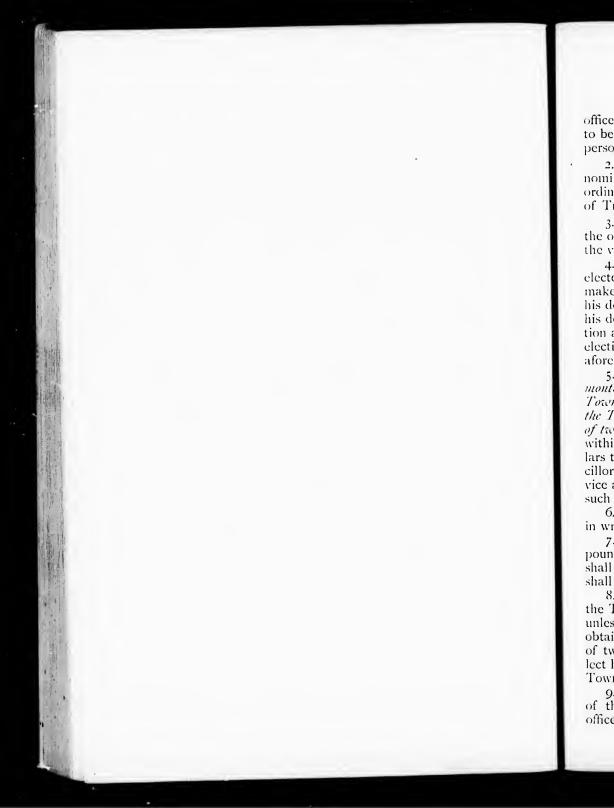
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office of Mayor, the Presiding Councillor shall declare the office to be vacant, and the voters shall thereupon elect a qualified person to fill the vacant office.

2. The election for a vacancy shall be conducted as to nominations, and in all other respects in the same manner as ordinary elections under the Act of Incorporation of the Town of Truro, *and of any act or acts amending the same*.

3. The Mayor or Presiding Councillor shall, on declaring the office vacant, declare the day on which the election to fill the vacancy shall be held.

4. If at any election of Councillor any person shall be elected for more than one Ward, he shall, within one week after, make his election for which Ward he will sit, and communicate his decision to the Mayor or Presiding Officer, and in default of his doing so, the Mayor or Presiding Officer shall make the election and declare the other Ward or Wards vacant, and another election shall be had in the vacant Ward or Wards in manner aforesaid.

5. The Mayor of the Town may resign office by giving a month's written notice of such resignation, to be filed with the Town Clerk, on payment of a fine of Forty Dollars for the use of the Town. The payment of said fine may be excused by the vote of two-thirds of the Council. A Councillor may resign office, if, within one year from his election, by the payment of forty dollars to the Town, or at any time by a vote of four of the Councillors concurring in such resignation; after twelve months' service any Councillor may resign on giving two months' notice of such being his intention to the Mayor or Presiding Councillor.

6. All resignations and notices under this bye-law shall be in writing and signed.

7. Any Mayor or Councillor, bankrupt, insolvent or compounding with his creditors by a general deed of assignment, shall become disqualified, and the Mayor or Presiding Officer shall thereupon declare the office vacant.

8. Any Mayor or Councillor who shall absent himself from the Town, or shall neglect his duty for the space of two months, unless in case of serious illness incapacitating him, or by leave obtained by vote of the Council, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars for each month he shall be so absent or neglect his duty, to the use of the Town, to be recovered in the Town Court.

9. * The Mayor or any Councillor removing from the limits of the Town and permanently becoming a non-resident, the office held by him shall become vacated, and the Mayor or

Presiding Officer shall thereupon declare the office vacant. This section not to refer to any Mayor or Councillor taking office before the passing of this bye-law.

No. XXII.

OF WATER WORKS.

SECTION.

1. That the Water Department of the Town of Truro shall be under the direction of the Water Works Committee of the Town Council, and all paid officers employed in the working and management of the Water Works of the said Town of Truro shall be under the direction of the said Committee; Provided always that all matters involving an expenditure of money shall require to be submitted to the Council for ratification and approval; and that under no circumstances shall the expenditure of the Water Works Committee exceed the amount granted or appropriated by the Council for their use, except in cases of urgent or immediate necessity; that the officers now engaged in the working and management of the Water Works are hereby confirmed in their appointment for all purposes of the bye-law.

2. That the rates and charges enumerated in Schedule A, annexed to this bye-law, shall be imposed and levied annually for water supplied to persons in said Town of Truro from the Water Works of the said Corporation.

3. That said rates and charges shall be due and payable at the office of the Town Clerk, Truro, in two equal instalments, on the first days of January and July in each year.

4. That said rates and charges shall be levied and assessed upon the houses, stores, buildings or parts of buildings supplied with water by said Corporation, and shall be chargeable against the owner and also the occupier of said building or buildings, either of whom, in default of payment when due, may be sued by the Corporation therefor, or the same may be collected by warrant of distraint, as provided for the collection of any other rates, assessed and levied by the Town Council of said Corporation.

5. That, if said rates and charges are not paid within thirty days from the time the same shall be due and payable, the said Water Works Committee of said Town may shut off the supply of water from any premises upon which the said rates shall not have been paid, as aforesaid, until the said rates and charges, and any costs connected therewith, are fully paid, and also a fine of one dollar for turning off and on the water.

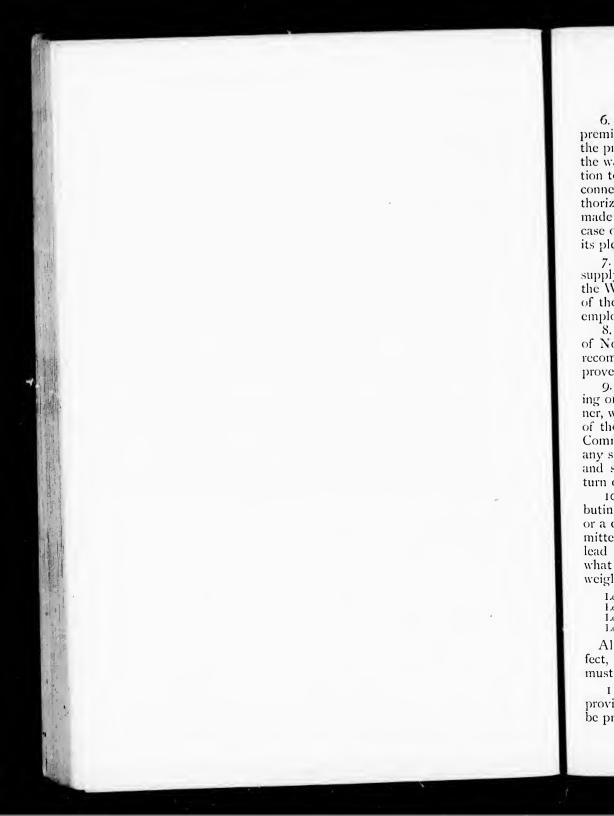
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6. That the expense of introducing the water into all premises must be borne by the owners or occupants thereof, and the premises of any person adjacent to any street through which the water-pipes are laid may be supplied with water by application to the Chairman of the Water Works Committee. All the connections thereto shall be made only by a plumber duly authorized by the Committee. All such connections must be made in conformity with the regulations of this bye-law. In case of the violation of this provision, the Committee may, at its pleasure, withhold the supply of water from the premises.

7. That, before receiving a permit to connect the service or supply-pipe with the iron pipes, there must be paid such sum as the Water Works Committee may require to cover the expense of the service-cock, and none will be inserted but by persons employed by the Committee for that purpose.

8. That no connections shall be made between the first day of November and the first day of May next ensuing, unless recommended by the engineer in charge of the works and approved by the Committee.

9. That all plumbers' work, in any house, store, office, building or part of building, must be done in a workman-like manner, with good materials, sufficiently strong to resist the pressure of the water; such work and materials to be approved by the Committee or its duly authorized agents or officers; and should any such work or materials be not approved as aforesaid, it may and shall be lawful for the Committee to turn off, or refuse to turn on, the supply of water.

10. That, in all cases, the service-pipe between the distributing-pipes in the streets and the stop-cock must be lead pipe, or a composition of lead or tin, or such other pipe as the Committee may approve and consider fully equal in strength to the lead pipe hereafter described. All lead pipe so used shall be what is called "strong pipe," and of the following standard weight :—

Lead pipe, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch bore, 5 lbs. per lineal yard. Lead pipe, $\frac{5}{6}$ inch bore, 7 lbs. 8 oz. per lineal yard. Lead pipe, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch bore, 9 lbs. 12 oz. per lineal yard. Lead pipe, 1 inch bore, 12 lbs. 14 oz. per lineal yard.

All stop or hydrant faucets connected therewith shall be perfect, and made of good materials; and all such service-pipe must be laid at least four feet below the surface of the earth.

11. That all connections made with these works shall be provided with good and sufficient stop-cocks therein, which shall be protected by a box leading from the same to the surface of

the earth, and covered with a cast-iron cover, with the letters "Water" thereon, and be so exposed as to be easily found; and the same shall be placed outside the lot, within one foot of the line of the same, or close to the outside of the sidewalk and level with it.

12. That, in all cases, where one connection is intended to supply more than one tenement, shop, store, or building, it shall be the duty of the person making such connection, or causing the same to be made, to lay down a branch, with stop-cock for each, outside the line of the premises so to be supplied, to be covered and marked as provided by the preceding section.

13. That, if the connection of branch-pipe, stop or hydrantcock through which the premises of any person are supplied with water, shall be out of repair in any manner, it shall be the duty of such person to have the same repaired.

14. That, in removing pavements, sidewalks, and opening trenches for inserting stops or plugs, laying service-pipe, and making repairs and extensions, the materials must be removed and replaced in a workman-like manner, depositing the excavated materials in such manner on the streets, alleys or sidewalks, so as to obstruct them as little as possible, and admit of its being replaced in the same position in which it was found, as nearly as practicable; and such work shall be done and completed with all possible dispatch; no trench or hole in any street, alley, sidewalks or public place, shall, on any account, be left unguarded. The drilling of distributing-pipes, the insertion of connections, and manipulating the stop-gates, shall, in all cases, be done by the persons in the employment of the Committee.

15. That no proprietor, tenant, or occupant of any office, building or part of building, be allowed to supply water to other persons or families without the consent of the Committee.

16. That no addition or alteration whatever, in or about any tap or water-cock, shall be made by any person without permission of the said Committee.

17. That no person shall use a hose or jet to wash carriages or horses, or water gardens or streets, unless the same be approved by the Committee or its officers.

18. That no person, except firemen for fire purposes, shall at any time let off or use any water from any public hydrant without the special permission of the said Committee or its officers.

19. No person shall open any fire-hydrant, except as in Section 18, or remove or obstruct the stop-cock cover, private stopcock; place or deposit any dirt or any materials in such stop-

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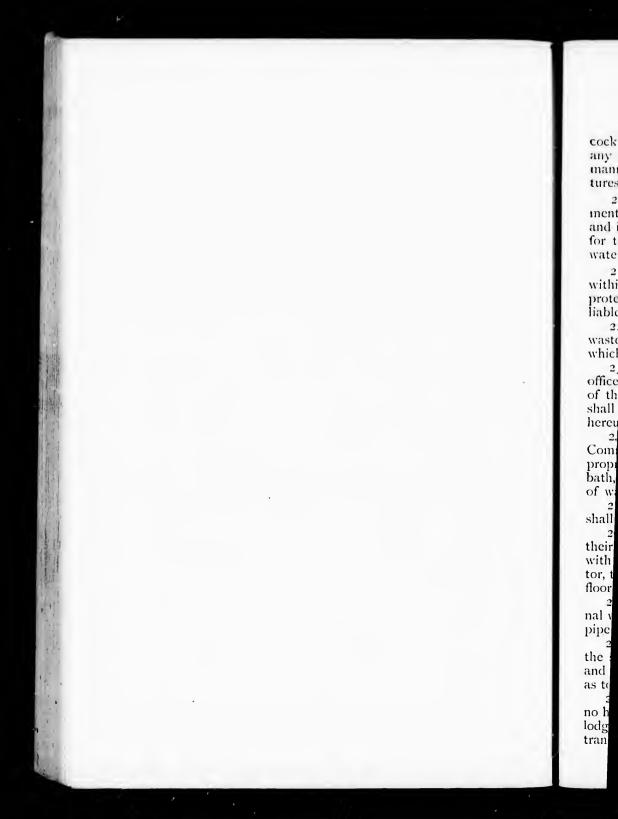
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cock boxes, or turn any private or public stop-cock, or commit any act tending to obstruct the use thereof, or injure in any manner any building, machinery, pipe or apparatus, tools or fixtures of the Water Works of said Town.

20. That the duly appointed officers of the Water Department shall be allowed at all reasonable times and hours to enter and inspect the service-taps, baths, water-closets and apparatus for the supply of water in the houses, stores, etc., where the water shall have been introduced.

21. That all persons taking water shall keep the service-pipes within their premises, including any area beneath the sidewalk protected from frost, at their own expense, and they will be held liable for all damage which may result from their failure to do so.

22. That all persons taking water shall prevent unnecessary waste, and there shall be no concealment of the purpose for which it is used.

23. That water shall be introduced into houses, stores, offices, buildings or parts of buildings, only upon the signature of the proprietors or occupants, or duly authorized agents, who shall sign an application for that purpose according to form B hereunto annexed, at the office of the Town Clerk.

24. That notice in writing be given to the Water-works Committee, and that their consent be first obtained before any proprietor or occupant desiring to use the water supplied for any bath, water-closet, or other use, requiring an additional supply of water, be allowed such additional supply.

25. Where any pipe passes through an external wall, it shall be encased in a suitable wooden box.

26. All pipes under basement floors to be laid throughout their whole extent in a perfectly tight wooden box, to be stuffed with wool, sawdust, or dry ashes, or as directed by the Inspector, the top of the box to be easily removable, as well as the floor immediately above the pipe.

27. No pipe to be laid or continued in use along an external wall without being suitably encased, and in no case shall any pipe be laid near any outer draft or door.

28. All stop-cocks at the entrance of buildings must he on the stop and waste principle, and must be properly boxed in, and thoroughly protected from frost, and must also be so placed as to be at all times easily accessible.

29. All pipes shall be laid so as to drain toward a tap; and no heads or sags will be permitted which will allow the water to lodge and remain in any part of a pipe when the tap at the cntrance is turned off and the other taps are left open.

30. That any person or persons injuring or destroying any hydrants or property belonging to the Water-works of the Corporation of Truro, or guilty of any infraction of the provisions of this bye-law, shall, on conviction thereof before the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate, or any Town Councillor, forfeit and pay, at the discretion of the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate, or Councillor convicting, a sum not exceeding Twenty Dollars, exclusive of costs. In default of payment thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or Councillor convicting, as aforesaid, to issue his or their warrant to levy the amount of fine and costs on the goods and chattels of the offender; and i., case no sufficient distress be found to satisfy such fine and costs, then it shall and may be lawful for the Mayor, Stipendiary Magistrate or Councillor convicting, as aforesaid, to commit the offender to the common jail of the County of Colchester, with or without hard labor, for a period not exceeding two calendar months, unless the costs be sooner paid—the fine to be applied for Water-works purposes.

SCHEDULE A.

SCALE OF RATES PER ANNUM.

For families, by special agreement with the Water Works Commissioners, not to exceed ten dollars.

Extra rates for taverns, shops, saloons, manufactories, horses, cows, steam engines, &c., by agreement with Commissioners, not to exceed, for the first year, rates charged in the City of Halifax.

SCHEDULE B.

(Form of Application.)

TRURO WATER WORKS.

TO THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWN OF TRURO ;---

The undersigned hereby makes application for the introduction of the water into the premises situated and described as follows, in conformity to the established rules and regulations of the Corporation of the Town of Truro, and do agree to abide by the said rules ; and hereby certify that the following is a true description of the premises to be supplied :--

Ward.	Street.	Kind of Building.	No. of Stories	Water Closets,	Baths.	No. persons in family.	No. of horses	
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..... Proprietor or Occupant.

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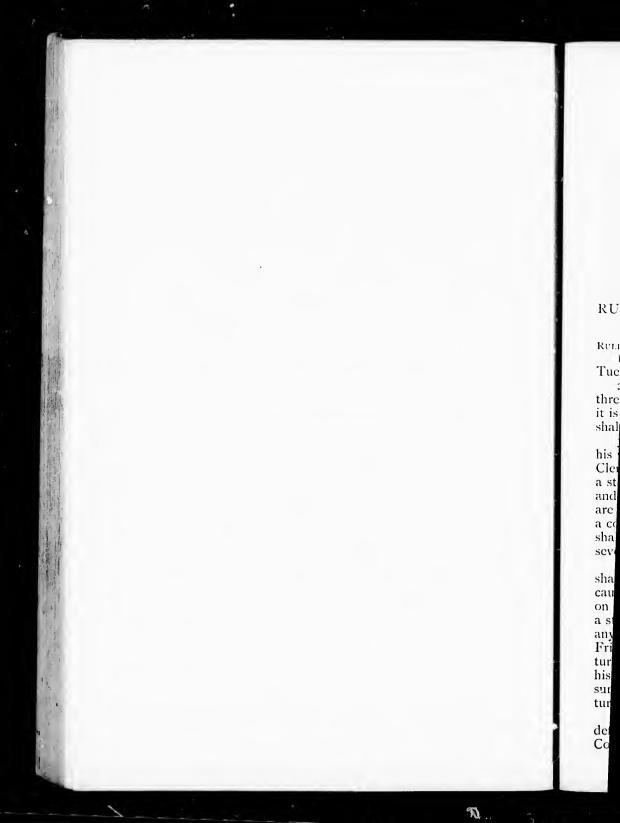
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Occupant.



PART III.

MISCELLANEOUS RULES.

ARTICLE I.

RULES FOR GOVERNMENT OF SUITORS IN THE TOWN COURT, TRURO.

RULE

1. Writs shall only be made returnable on some one of the Tuesdays of each month.

2. Writs are not to be issued out of the Court, later than three o'clock on the Monday week preceding the Tuesday in which it is intended to try the cause; any writs issued after that time, shall be made returnable to the next succeeding Tuesday.

3. That every Plaintiff, when he attends or applies to issue his writ, and before the same is issued, shall deliver to the Town Clerk one copy of his account, or particulars of his demand, or a statement of his cause of action, on which the writ shall issue and the cause be tried, with as many copies of the same as there are defendants to be served with copies of the writ, in order that a copy of such particulars, or statement of the cause of action shall be attached to every copy of the writ to be served on the several defendants.

4. That the copy of every writ served on any defendant, shall contain the particulars of demand, or statement of the cause for which the action is brought, and shall have endorsed on it a notice requiring the defendant to file with the Town Clerk, a statement of the grounds of his defence, and his particulars of any set off he may have to the Plaintiff's claim, on or before the Friday before the meeting of the Court on which the writ is returnable, and in default thereof, the Plaintiff shall on proof of his claim, sign final judgment for any sum not exceeding the sum claimed in his particulars of demand, with costs, on the return day of the writ.

5. That in order that Plaintiff may know the defences which defendants intend to set up to actions brought in the Town Court, each defendant shall file, on or before the Friday before

RULES OF TOWN COURT.

the term of trial, with the Town Clerk, a statement showing the grounds of defence, or any particulars of set off to the Plaintiff's claim, and if this rule be not complied with by a defendant, he shall lose the benefit of his defence or set off, unless reasonable cause be shown to the Court by affidavit for the neglect.

6. On writs which shall hereafter be issued out of the Town Court, which have the particulars of the Plaintiff's demand attached thereto, and which have been duly served on the Defendants where defences have not been filed by, or on behalf of the defendants, each plaintiff on the day when the writ is returnable may mark default, and upon proof of his claim, judgment will be entered against the defendant for the amount of the particulars attached to the writ.

7. That the civil docket of causes for trial in the Town Court, shall be called only once in each term, and in causes where grounds of defence are filed, if the Plaintiff do not answer on his cause being called, and proceed to try the same, he shall be subject to a non-suit, and if the defendant do not answer, he shall be defaulted, and have a judgment entered against him by default, upon proof of Plaintiff's claim.

8. That a continuance of a cause to another term shall not be granted either to the Plaintiff or to the defendant, unless upon an affidavit stating some reasonable and substantial ground for a continuance, and the affidavit, on the part of the Plaintiff, shall aver a good cause of action, and that on the part of the defendant, shall aver a good and substantial defence upon the merits, and the Court shall be at liberty to impose such terms in the rule for a continuance, as it may deem just. A rule shall be prepared by the party seeking the continuance, which must state the grounds upon which the continuance has been granted, and the rule must be read to the Court and filed.

9. That every defendant shall in all cases be entitled to a continuance, where process has not been served upon him at least five full days before it is returnable.

10. That all continued cases shall be placed first on the Docket, and be tried before the new causes.

11. That parties to suits either Plaintins or defendants shall be at liberty to apply any time up to twelve of the clock of the Saturday, before the term of trial of any cause (and not after) upon affidavit to his Honor the Stipendiary Magistrate for an order calling on the opposite party to furnish amended or better particulars than those on file, and upon the order being granted, it shall be served by three of the clock of the said Saturday, and if not then served, it shall not take effect. That the party called

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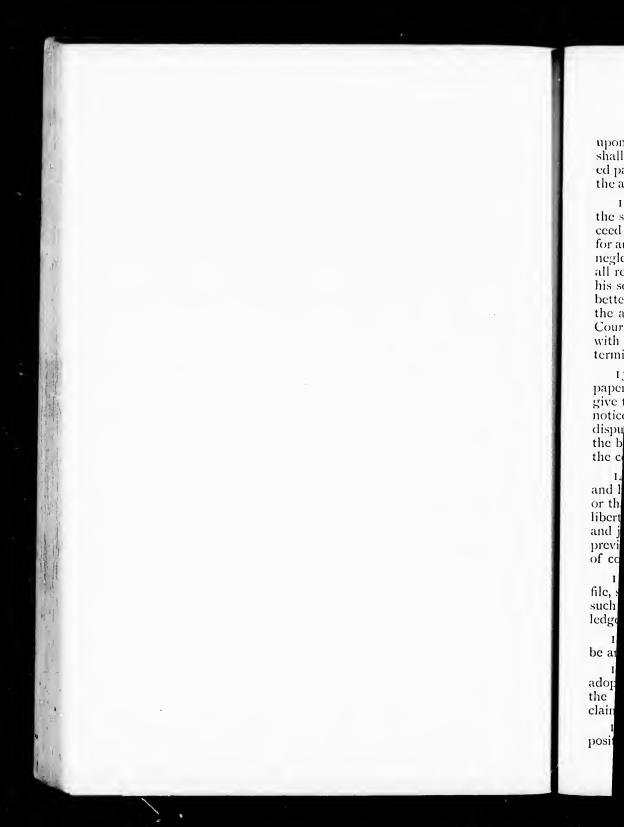
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RULES OF TOWN COURT.

upon and served with the order, if within the time herein limited, shall file and serve on the parties requiring the same, the amended particulars, on or before the next Monday at three o'clock in the afternoon.

12. That when a Plaintiff neglects to comply with the order, the same being regular in all respects, he shall not further proceed with his cause, or with that part thereof to which the order for amended or better particulars refers, and that if a defendant neglects to comply with the orders, (the same being regular in all respects,) then he shall not be at liberty to give evidence of his set off, or of such parts thereof as the order for amended or better particulars refers to; but the party neglecting to furnish the amended or better particulars, may however show to the Court any reasonable excuse upon affidavit, for non-compliance with the order, and the Court will consider the reasons, and determine as justice may require.

13. That any party in a suit, if he requires the books or papers on the trial of a cause, of or from the opposite party must give to that party, or his agent or attorney twenty-four hours notice before trial to produce the same, and if he does not, when disputed verify the service of such notice, the party requiring the books, shall not be at liberty to give secondar, pridence of the contents of the books or papers.

14. That when a writ has issued out of the Town Court, and has not been served, and shall be returned either not served or that the defendant cannot be found, the Plaintiff shall be the liberty to issue an alias or Pluries writs, and if service be made and judgment be obtained against the defendant, the cost of all previous writs shall be allowed against the defendant on taxation of costs.

15. That the particulars of demand which the Plaintiff shall file, shall be a statement showing the balance due to him, and such particulars as will convey to the defendant a clear knowledge of the claim for which the action is brought.

16. That the Plaintiffs particulars shall give credits, if there be any.

17. Neither Plaintiff nor defendant shall be at liberty to adopt the credit side of his adversary's particulars, without at the same time admitting the adverse side of the account or claim.

18. Parties applying for writs to the Town Clerk shall deposit with him all the Court Fees payable then on the same.

POLICE RULES.

19. The fees and costs to be taxed in the Town Court shall be those contained in the Schedule annexed to chapter 49, Acts of 1876, initialed "An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the Town of Truro."

Dated Truro, Sept. 4th, 1876.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate.

ARTICLE II.

POLICE REGULATIONS.

RULE

1. Policemen when two are employed will serve week about, or alternate weeks, as day and night Constables, and shall be called respectively, the day and the night Policeman.

2. On the mornings when the Civil Court meets, or there is any criminal business, the day Policeman, shall be in attendance on the Court.

3. The day Policeman shall report himself at the Clerk's office, each day, at nine o'clock, to receive and carry out any orders, and every two hours throughout the day, thereafter until four o'clock, P. M., and shall remain on duty, until ten o'clock, P. M., or as much longer as may be necessary.

4. The night Policeman shall report himself at the Clerk's office, every day at one o'clock and three o'clock, P. M., and remain on duty until one o'clock, A. M., and as much longer as may be necessary.

5. They shall arrange between themselves, subject to the approval of the Police Committee, their beats within the limits of the Town, but each Policeman shall know where the other is to be found at any time, in case the aid of one should be required by the other in any emergency.

6. Each Policeman, each day shall enter in a book, to be kept for the purpose, and to be called the Police book, any matter that it may be necessary for the Police Committee to be apprised of, together with the state and condition of his beat, and the names of any persons he has reason to believe, are selling liquor without License, or violating any of the bye-laws of the Town.

7. The Policeman shall order the removal of any nuisance on the Streets or Sidewalks, together with any obstruction placed on the same, and in the event of the neglect or refusal of the proper person to remove the same, shall enter a complaint against the said party in the Police book.

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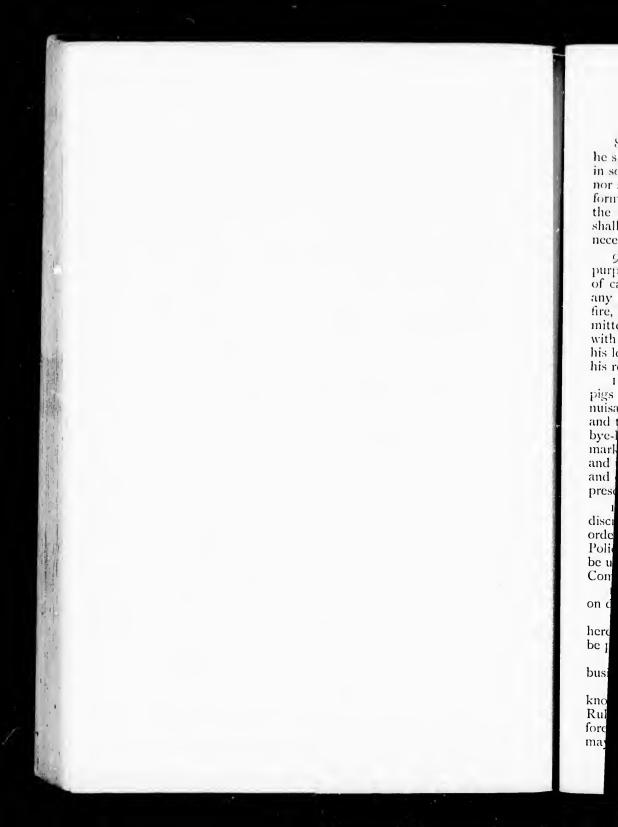
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POLICE RULES.

8. The Policeman shall not loiter on his beat, nor shall he speak to, or engage in any conversation with any one, except in so far as it may be necessary in the performance of his duty, nor shall he enter any shop, tavern or house, except in the performance of his duty or when ordered to do so by the Mayor, the Police Committee, a Councillor or the Recorder. And he shall remain in such Tavern or house no longer than is absolutely necessary for the performance of his duty.

9. The Policeman when obliged to leave his beat for any purpose, such as conveying a prisoner to the Jail, the impounding of cattle found at large, to put down any disturbance or riot, in any other part of his beat, or in consequence of any alarm of fire, or in obedience to any order of the Mayor, the Police Committee or Councillor, or the Recorder, shall return to his beat with all dispatch, and shall enter in the Police book, the cause of his leaving his beat, and the time when he left it, and the time of his return to it.

10. The Policeman shall impound all cows, horses, goats, pigs or geese going at large, shall report all disorderly houses, nuisances in the Streets or yards, breaches of the License law and the bye-laws of the Town, violations of the regulations and bye-laws made for Truckmen, all trucks, sleds and carts not marked as required by the bye-laws, trucking without License, and use any other means in their power to enforce the bye-laws and ordinances now in force, for the government of, and for the preservation of the quiet and good order of the municipality.

11. The Police Committee may from time to time in their discretion change the duties of the Policemen, and make such orders from time to time, as they deem necessary, which the Policemen shall be bound to carry out, and shall in all matters be under the orders and control of, and responsible to the Police Committee.

12. Any Policeman found guilty of being intoxicated when on duty shall be dismissed.

13. No violation of these regulations or any others, to be hereafter made, or of any orders of the Police Committee shall be passed over.

14. No policeman shall be permitted to engage in any business, or any duty unconnected with his office.

15. When only one policeman is employed he shall be known as the day policeman, and shall perform duty under Rule 3, and shall also attend to the requirements of the other foregoing Rules, until ten o'clock, p. m., or as much longer as may be necessary.

APPENDIX A.

FORMS.

ASSESSMENTS.

SCHEDULE A.

Column 1.---Names of taxable party.

- 2.---Name of ward and street in which the real property lies.
- " 3. Description of real property, whether house, land, &c.
- " 4.-- Quantity of land.

+4

" 5.—Annual value of each separate value.

" 6.— Actual value of all the real property of the party assessed.

" 7.—Total value of personal property of party assessed.

8. Annual value of the same.

SCHEDULE B.

.1ppellant.	Respecting whom.	Matter complained of.
A. B.	Self.	Overcharge on land.
C. D.	E. F.	Name omitted.
G. H.	J. K.	Undercharge on land.
L. M.	N. O.	Undercharge on per-
&с.	&с.	sonal property, &c.

SCHEDULE C.

SIR,—Take notice that you are requested to attend the Court of Appeal and revision on the day of in the matter of the following appeal : Appellant

Subject.

To....., Town Clerk.

SCHEDULE D.

You are hereby notified that you are rated and assessed for the current year 18..in the sum of dollars and cents for town, county and poor rates, and that unless the amount be paid at the office of the Town Clerk within thirty days from the date hereof, ten per cent. will be added thereto, besides all charges and costs of collecting, and a warrant of distress will be levied.

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assessed. :d.

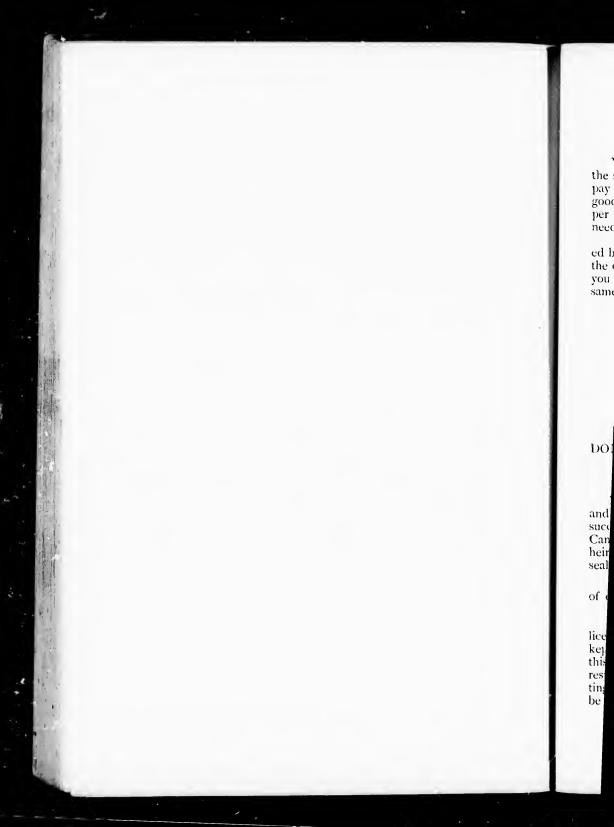
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sed for the cents for paid at the hereof, ten s of collect-

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APPENDIX A,-FORMS.

SCHEDULE E.

Whereasis indebted to the Town of Truro inthe sum offor rates for the year 18.. and has failed topay the same, you are hereby required immediately to distrain thegoods and chattels of the saidfor the said sum, and tenper cent. additional andfor the cost of collection, and ifneed be to remove them to some place for safe-keeping; and if within

days after distress made, the property so actained is not redeemed by payment of the said sum, with the ten per cent. thereon, besides the cost of collection, and any necessary additional charges be not paid, you shall sell the goods and chattels so distrained upon to satisfy the same.

То....

SCHEDULE F.

DOMINION OF CANADA, PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Town of Truro, Colchester, N. S.

Know all men by these presents, that are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady the Queen, her heirs and successors, in the sum of Two Hundred Dollars of lawful money of Canada, to which payment we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, and administrators, by these presents sealed with our seals.

Dated at Truro the day of in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and

Whereas the above bounden has been granted a license for the sale, by retail, of intoxicating liquors in the kept by the said on Now, the condition of this obligation is such, that if said shall in all respects conform to the Laws in force respecting the retail of intoxicating liquors, and connected with such License, then this obligation shall be void, but otherwise shall remain in full effect.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered, (in the presence of

APPENDIX A,-FORMS

LICENSE3.

AUCTIONEER'S LICENSE.

LICENSE OFFICE,

License is hereby granted to to carry on the business of Auctioneer in the Town of Truro, for one year from the date hereof, he complying with the Bye-Laws and regulations of the Town, made or to be made, pursuant thereto, and having paid to the Town Treasury the License duty.

Given under the hand of the Mayor and Town Clerk this day of in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and

\$

License duty paid this

..... Mayor.

TRUCKMEN'S LICENSE.

(FORM OF LICENSES.)

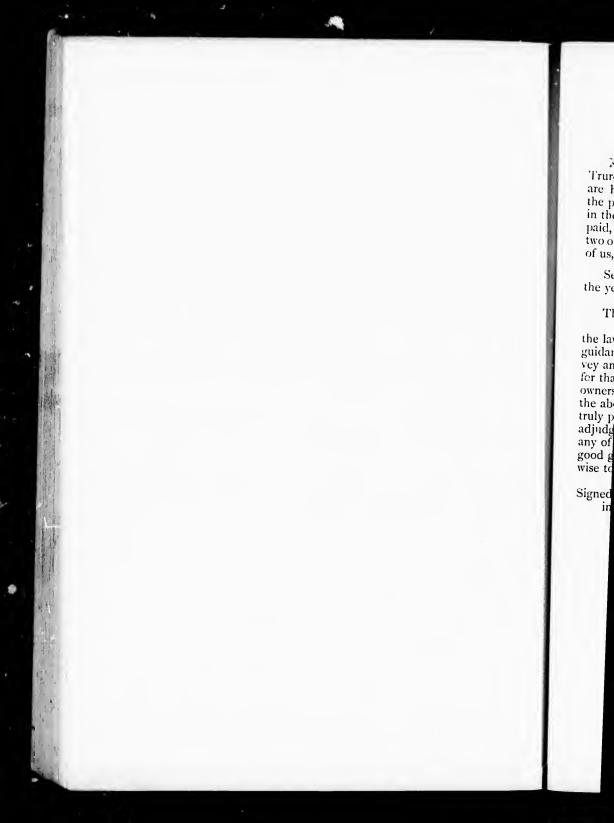
OFFICE OF CLERK OF LICENSE,

License is hereby granted to to drive a cart. truck or sled, (number as per margin) and to keep horses for trucking, for hire in this town of Truro until the first day of March 18 he complying with the Laws of the Province, bye-laws of the Town and regulations of the Council and Committee of Licenses made or to be made, and having paid to the Town Treasury the License duty, said to occupy stands.

..... Mayor.

....., Clerk of License., Councillor.

. 18. . the busi-the date e Town, ne Town nd Eight Mayor. ...,18.. rive a cart, horses for of March aws of the enses made cense duty, , Mayor. Councillor.



APPENDIX A,--FORMS.

FORM OF TRUCKMEN'S BOND.

Know all men by these presents that we of the Town of Truro, of the same place and of the same place are held, and firmly bound unto the Town of Truro the said in the penal sum of eighty dollars and the said and in the sum of forty dollars each, for which payment well and truly to be paid, we jointly and severally bind ourselves and each of us, and any two of us, and the heirs, executors, and administrators of us, and each of us, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and

The condition of this obligation is such that if the above bounden shall well and truly abide by, observe, perform, and keep the laws, bye-laws, and ordinances which are or may be in force for the guidance and government of truckmen, and shall carefully receive, convey and deliver as required, all such articles as he may take in charge for that purpose, so that no injury come to the same or damage to the owners thereof, by or through his neglect or misconduct, and also if the above bounden and shall well and truly pay, or cause to be paid, all such fines and penalties as may be adjudged against the said for the violation of any of the said laws, bye-laws or ordinances made for the guidance and good government of truckmen, then this obligation to be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed and delivered) in presence of

L. S L. S. L. S.

APPENDIX B.

Judgment of County Court Judge, His Honor George A. Blanchard, in Certiorari Liquor Suits, delivered at Truro, February Term 1879.

CAUSE (ED. S. BLANCHARD, Clerk of License, 75. (JEREMIAH MURPHY.

This action was brought in the Towp Court of Truro to recover a penalty for the alleged sale by the Defendant of intoxicating liquors contrary to law.

Before trial a *certiorari* was granted therein by George Keading Esq., a commissioner of the County Court, upon affidavit made by the defendant, by which the proceedings were removed into this Court. A rule *uisi* was granted by me for setting aside the *certiorari* upon the several grounds set forth in said rule of which there were a great number but most of them of a formal character. There were two other similiar causes brought by the same plaintiff in the Town Court against Charles Schroeder and Alexander Carter respectively, removed before judgment by *certiorari* into this court in which similar rules were obtained. Upon my suggestion the present was argued as a test case, as the same principles are involved in all, and the decision in this will apply to the others also.

The seventh ground mentioned in the rule *nisi* for setting aside the *certiorari*, is that the said writ was without sufficient cause allowed and was improvidently issued. This will cover the whole ground intended to be discussed by me at present, as I think it unnecessary to deal with any of the formal and technical objections raised, the most of which I consider of little value. The main question is, under the affidavits now before me, had the defendant sufficient reasons or grounds for sucing out his *certiorari* and such as would commend themselves to the sound discretion of the court to sustain it?

These grounds as set forth in Defendant's affidavit so far as they have any bearing on the case are substantially as follows :

I group and epitomise them and do not give them in the order in which they appear in the affidavit.

Ist. The writ in the Court below is not conformable to the requirements of the Statute, "Of Licences for the sale of intoxicating liquors" ch. 75 Rev. Stat. (4th series) and amendment thereof Ch. 1 (acts of 1876), and has not the seal and signature of any magistrate thereto.

2nd. The Clerk of Licence, who is plaintiff in the suit, and the Town Clerk, who issued the writ, are one and the same person.

3rd. The alleged interest and presumed bias of George Campbell, Esq., the Stipendiary Magistrate, who presides in the Town Court, from the relation which he bears to the incorporated body that appointed him, and the source from which his salary is paid, which Incorporated body the Defendant alleges to be the real plaintiff, represented by their agent the Clerk of the Licenses and the Plaintiff herein.

4th. That the said Stipendiary Magistrate had expressed an opinion that the defendant would be compelled to testify against himself and convict himself, if subported and produced at the trial; and that he, the said magistrate, would not allow him lawful protection against criminating himself, asserting that such protection does not exist. alty for the

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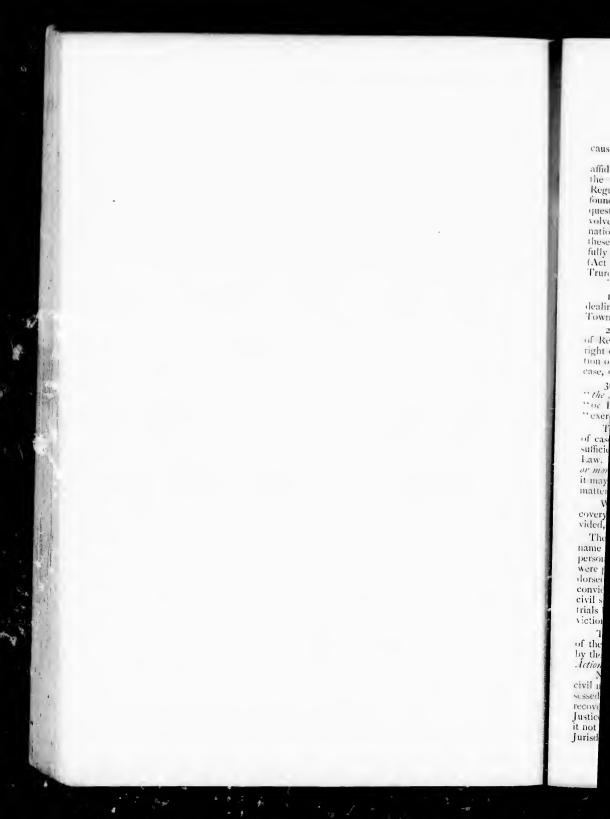
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Town Clerk,

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5th. That difficult question of law and fact would arise on the trial of this cause.

In addition to the above, S. E. Gourley, Esq., the attorney of defendant, in an affidavit made by him, states that on applying for the writ of *actiorari* he brought to the notice of the commissioner the want of jurisdiction in the said Town 4 out. Regularly this should have been stated in the affidavit on which the *actiorari* was founded, if relied upon as a ground for removing the cause to this Court ; but as the question of jurisdiction lies at the very root of the proceedings and is necessarily involved in some of the grounds set out in Defendant's affidavit ; and, as its determination is of great consequence to the Court below, where a considerable number of these suits have been instituted. I thought it desirable that this question should be fully argued and I have since given it much thoughtful consideration. By Ch. 40 (Act of 1876) Sec. 5 (being "an act to amend the act to incorporate the Town of Truro") the jurisdiction of the Town Court is defined.

That section gives to the Court, power.

1st. To try and determine in a summary way without a jury all civil actions or dealings *ex contractu*, in which the whole cause of action shall have arisen in the Town of Truro in which the cause of action does not exceed eighty dollars, &c. &c.

2nd. To try in a summary way without a Jury Actions *ex delicto* in the nature of Replevin, trespass to land or buildings or other real estate, in which the tide or right of possession is not the object of controversy, provided the cause of such Aetion originated within the limits of the Town, and the damages claimed in any such case, do not exceed sixty dollars.

3rd. "Such Court shall have and possess all the powers in *civil matters within* "the Municipality, conferred upon one or more Justices of the Peace, or Stipendiary, "or Police Magistrate by any Act of the Province of Nova Scotia, or hitherto "exercisable or held by them or him."

The Jurisdiction of the Court then, under this Section, extends to three classes of cases. Let us examine the last of these and ascertain whether the language is sufficiently comprehensive to include suits for penalties for breach of the License Law. What is the meaning of the expression "power in matters conferred upon one or more fustices of the Pace t" Can there be any doubt that, however much more it may breach, it, at the least, means their powers, conferred by Statute, to deal with matters within their Jurisdiction by way of civil suits?

What then is the nature and character of the proceedings required for the recovery of penalties under Chapter 75, Rev. Stat., 4th series? Is the remegly provided, a civil remedy?

The 23rd Sec. provides that "penalties under this chapter may be recovered in the name of any of the Clerks of Licenses in their respective districts, or of any other person who will sue therefor in the same manner and with the like costs as if they were private debts." And though the Statute gives a form of conviction to be endorsed upon, or annexed to the original summons, when the offense is proved, this conviction is in the nature of a Judgment to be followed by an execution, as in a civil suit. The appeal is to be granted in the same manner as in case of summary trials before Justices of the Peace. In different parts of the Chapter also, the Conviction itself is designated a Judgment.

The whole process is civil in its character, issued and carried on before Justices of the Peace as a civil Court, the penalty being regarded as a debt to be recovered by the person who sues therefor. It is, in fact, in the nature of an ordinary *qui tam*. *Letion* which is purely a civil process used for the recovery of penalties.

Now if the Municipal Court of the Town of Truro possesses all the powers in civil matters, within the Municipality, which one or more Justices of the Peace possessed under any Act of the Province, as it clearly does, and if the suits for the recovery of Penalties under Ch. 75, Rev. Stat., are civil suits prosecuted before two Justices of the Peace—as a civil Court, which appears to me to be indisputable, does it not follow conclusively that the Municipal Court within the Town of Truro has Jurisdiction to try these suits and to issue the necessary process therein?

The question of Jurisdiction is however settled in another way. By Sec. 13, Ch. 49, (Acts of 1876) the bye-laws and ordinances of the Town of Truro, approved by the Governor in Council on the 3rd day of August, 1875, except so far as the same are amended by this Act, are confirmed as the bye-laws of such town, and may be acted upon and enforced as if the same were enacted and published with, and as part of the Act of Incorporation of such town.

One of these bye-laws (See, title "Prosecutions") among other things, provides "that all fines and penalties for any breach of any provision of any Act of the Pro-"vince, now or hereafter to be in force respecting the sale of intoxicating liquors, "may be enforced in the Civil or Police Court of the town."

This bye-law, it will be seen, gives either Court Jurisdiction—but after the Act of 1876, a bye-law was passed, duly approved by the Governor in Council, under which forms of process were provided for carrying on these prosecutions in the Civil or Town Court only assimilating the mode of proceeding as nearly as possible to that pursued under Ch. 75, Rev. Stat., and the Acts in amendment thereof, by two Justices of the Peace.

I have no hesitation, therefore, in saying, after having deliberately considered this question and the principles to be observed in the Construction of Statutes, that I consider the Town Court of Truro to have ample Jurisdiction to try these causes.

Now, as regards the first ground for *certiorari* mentioned in Defendant's affidavit, viz :—" That the writ in the Court below is not conformable to the requirements of the Statute of Licences for the sale of intoxicating liquors, Ch. 75, Rev. Stat. (4th series) and amendment thereof, Ch. 1st (Acts of 1876), and has not the seal and signature of any Magistrate thereto," it may be remarked :

1st. That such form in its integrity, with the signature and seals of two Justices of the Peace, would not be suited to the new condition of things.

2nd. By Ch. 49, (Acts of 1876) see. 6, it is provided that " The Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate shall, until otherwise directed by the Council, frame and make all rules, orders and regulations, respecting the practice in the Town Court for the trials of Civil Causes, and shall make, order, and declare, adopt, and from time to time vary and alter the various writs, processes and forms to be used by the Municipal Courts."

3rd. Sec. 3 of said Act provides that "such Court shall have a seal of such form and design as the Recorder shall adopt, and all writs, process and other proceedings shall be signed, sealed and issued by the Town Clerk, and shall be directed to the police constable or to any constable of the County of Colchester."

4th. By one of the bye-laws of the Town of Truro under the title of "Liquor License" approved by the Governor in Council, 5th March, 1878, and made under the authority of the last mentioned Act, it is provided that "The form of License, Bond, Summons, etc., shall be the same as now in use under Ch. 75 Rev. Stat., and the Acts in amendment thereof, with such alterations in the wording of such forms as to render them applicable to the Town, and the carrying out and enforcing the provisions of the said laws within the precincts of the Town—such form of Summons to be made as provided in the Act regulating the Town Court.

5th. In pursuance of the authority thus given, a form of Summons was provided containing in substance all that is contained in the form used in prosecutions before two Justices of the Peace.

Now the writ in this Cause is sworn to be in the form provided under the law. It is sealed with the proper seal of the Court by the Town Clerk and signed and issued by him, as the law requires, so that (with the Jurisdiction of the Court undisturbed) I must pronounce the objections to the writ entirely groundless.

The second ground for *certiorari* mentioned in Defendant's affidavit is "That the Clerk of License, who is plaintiff in the suit, and the Town Clerk, who issued the writ, are one and the same person," I will dismiss this objection with a very few observations. By the laws of the Incorporation the Town Clerk and the Clerk of License must be the same person. The plaintiff in the present case was legally appointed to both offices. All writs issuing out of the Town Clerk. Under Ch. 75 Rev. Stat., the only party recognized as the proper party to sue for penalties for breach of a 13, Ch. roved by the same 1 may be id as part

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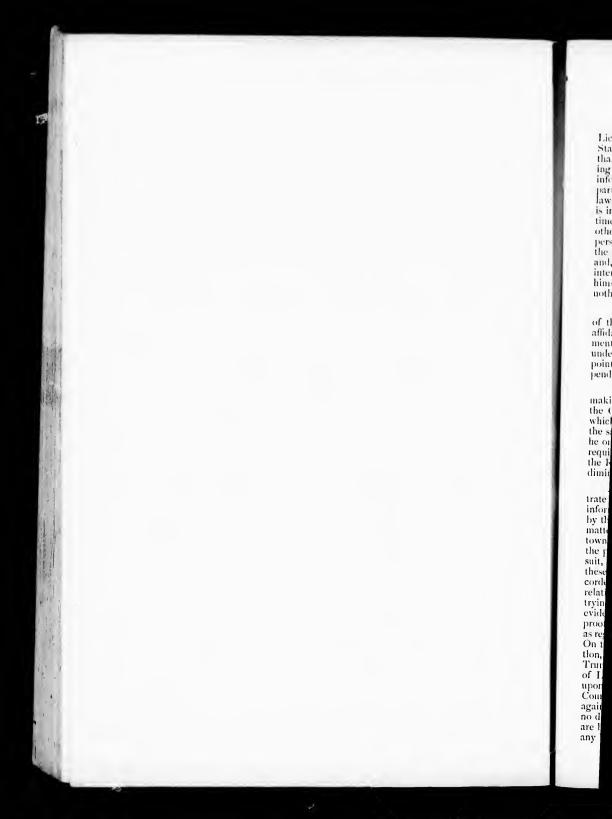
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License Law, is the Clerk of the License, within his proper district, and though the Statute also provides that a private person may sue therefor, yet it absolutely requires that the Clerk of the License, on information being given to him in writing, on having his costs guaranteed by two or more respectable parties, shall prosecute the person informed against, under penalty of the same amount as would be imposed upon the party informed against if convicted. It follows, as a matter of necessity, under the law, that if the Clerk of the License sue for penalties under Ch. **75** Rev. Stat., as he is in some cases compelled to do, the person who holds that office and at the same time holds the office of Town Clerk, must in the one capacity be plaintiff, and in the other issuer of the writ. Let it be remembered that he is acting, not as a private person, but as a public officer throughout—that he is merely an instrument for putting the law in operation, in his double capacity of Clerk of License and Town Clerk, and, so far as I can ascertain under the laws of the corporation, he has no pecuniary interest in the result. Indeed this is quite clear from the affavit of the defendant himself and from reference to See 4 Chap. 49 (Acts of 1876). I can therefore, see nothing in principle, really objectionable to this mode of proceeding.

As to the third ground for *certiorari* viz; the alleged interest and presumed bias of the Stipendiary Magistrate who presides in the Town Court, having compared the affidavits on both sides in reference to this point and carefully considered the arguments and cases cited by the counsel of defendant, as well as the relation which under the law the Stipendiary Magistrate bears to the Incorporated body that appointed him, I may at once remark that I fail to see any interest or bias in the Stippendiary Magistrate to disqualify him from trying the cause.

He has no *permiary* interest. The Defendant in his affidavit with a view of making it appear that the Stipendiary Magistrate had such interest states "that by the Constitution and bye-laws of the Corporation, the fines, costs, and penalties which arise from prosecutions, and suits of this nature go to form a fund out of which the salary of the said Stipendiary Magistrate is paid; but it seems disengenuous that he omitted to state the further fact, that any deficiency in payment of the salary, is required by the law to be paid out of the general funds of the town. The salary of the Recorder and Stipendiary Magistrate is fixed and can neither be increased nor diminished by the result of the suit.

Again, there is no satisfactory reason shown to me why the Stipendiary Magistrate should be considered as having any bias. The Defendant asserts that (as he is informed and believes) the Town of Truro is the real plaintiff in this case, represented by their servant and paid agent, the Clerk of License. This is evidently merely a matter of inference, from the fact that the penalties recovered are appropriated to town purposes. The Defendant also states that if judgment should be given against the plaintiff, the incorporation would be compelled to pay all the costs of the said suit, as he is informed and believes. Now the defendant wishes me to infer from these statements, and from the fact that the Stipendiary Magistrate, who is also Recorder and appointed and paid by the Incorporation, must, from his very position in relation to the town, be under such influence and bias as would disqualify him from trying this cause. I am not disposed to draw any such inference. There is no evidence to show that such influence was ever attempted to be exerted-there is no proof that the Stipendiary Magistrate, as Recorder of the town, ever gave any advice as regards these prosecutions or performed any act which would indicate partiality, On the contrary, there is evidence to show that he has always, in trials of this descriptlon, acted with the utmost impartiality. There is nothing to show that the Town of Truro in its Corporate capacity or the Council representing it, ever directed the Clerk of License to institute these suits. But even were this the case am 1 to be called upon to say that they were exceeding their duty? The Corporation or the Town Council is bound to look after the welfare of the town, and to see that offenders against the law are duly prosecuted. If the law had so provided, I should have seen no difficulty in the suits being instituted in the name of the Town of Truro, as they are by law authorized to be for the recovery of fines and penalties, for violation of any bye-law of the Town, and before the same Stipendiary Magistrate. The objection to such a course if it prevailed, would strike at the Administration of law in other Municipalities as well as this—and in my judgment it cannot be entertained for a moment.

The original Act incorporating the city of Halifax provided "that penaltics for breach of any part of the License Laws or of the bye-laws and ordinances of the city, made in reference thereto, shall be recovered before the Mayor's Court, in the name of the city as plaintiff;" yet I never heard of any exception having been taken to the trial of these causes before the Mayor, because his appointment emanated from the city, and his salary was paid out of the city funds, or that the Recorder, who was also a paid official of the city, allowed or assisted him in the administration of the law.

The fourth ground for *certiorari* mentioned, is "That the Stipendiary Magistrate had expressed an opinion that the defendant would be compelled to testify against himself and convict himself if subpressed and produced at the trial; and that he, the said magistrate, would not allow him lawful protection against criminating himself, asserting that such protection does not exist."

By the expression " Criminating himself" in this connection, is no doubt meant, answering questions which would tend to his conviction.

I will not enter into the discussion of the question, whether the opinion alleged to be given by the Magistrate is right or wrong ; because I consider it unnecessary to do so. It is sufficient for me here to say, that the expression of such an opinion, whether right or wrong, is not a sufficient reason for defendant obtaining this writ. It is time enough for the defendant to seek a remedy when aggrieved. He is not aggrieved by the expression of the legal opinion of the magistrate on the question of evidence which might not arise, or with regard to which before it should actually arise, the opinion if wrong, might be rectified. In arguing this ground, moreover, the defendant is in effect saying to me that if he is compelled to be a witness, and the protection desired is not granted to him, the evidence that he would be obliged to give would be injurious to himself by tending to his conviction. If, otherwise, why should be fear, or seek to be exempt from examination? In connection with this let it be remembered that if he were convicted, whether on his own or independent testimony, he could not have an appeal without making an affidavit that he was not guilty of the offence alleged ; and we thus see more clearly the position he occupied in regard to merit in applying for the certiorari. Should he be allowed this writ, if he cannot take the oath required in order to entitle him to an appeal? Is he to be permitted to evade the stringent provisions of the law by resorting to a certiorari before judgment, because he fears that he will be called upon to testify that which would, after judgment prevent him from getting an appeal. This would seem to me to be such an evasion of the law as ought not to be tolerated.

The only remaining ground of the defendant for obtaining his *certiorari* was "that difficult questions of law and of fact would arise on the trial of this cause."

The defendant has not pointed out, and I have not been able to see any difficult questions of law or of fact, as likely to arise in this case, other than is likely to arise in all such prosecutions, and if this ground were to prevail, all causes of this description might be removed into this court before trial and the occupation of the courts below be gone.

This and some of the other grounds mentioned in Defendant's affidavits are based on the assumption that when these causes are brought up by certiorari before trial, this court will proceed to try them. Indeed, the object of removing this cause is stated in the affidavit to be that it might be tried before an impartial and disinterested tribunal. In other words the defendant for the reasons set out in his affidavit is asking this Court to try a cause which has not been adjudicated upon by the Court below. So far as I have been able to ascertain, whatever may be the practice in England, it has not been the practice of the Supreme Court of this Province to deal with such cases in this way. I am not acquainted with a single instance of the kind, and I have reason to believe that it does not exist.

The County Court now holds the same position with regard to the administration of the law in these cases as the Supreme Court did before the County Courts were established; and I am to be governed by the practice in existence so far as I can ascertain it.

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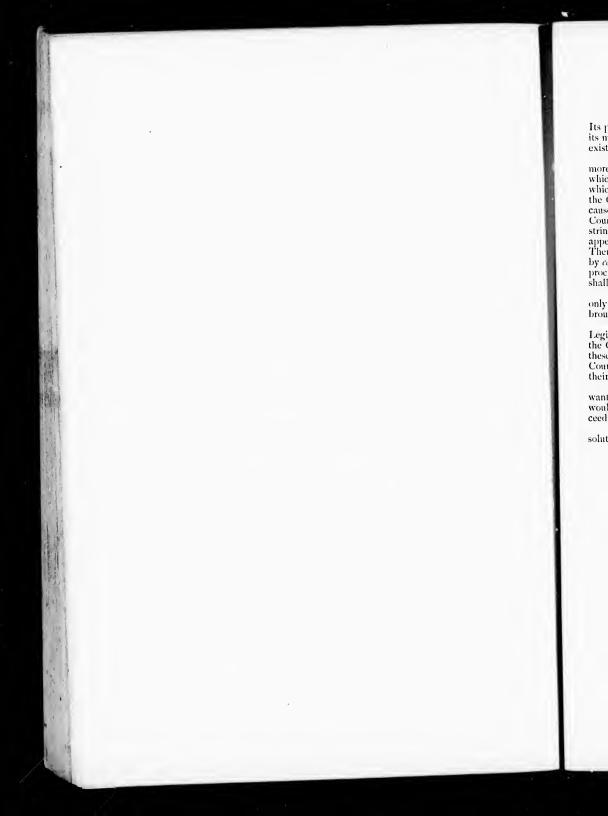
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The law respecting the sale of intoxicating liquors is in some respects *sui generis*. Its provisions are peculiar to itself. The restrictions and penalties it imposes, with its modes of redress, are intended to secure the community from great evils or, when existing, by vigorous prosecutions to exterminate them.

From time to time the law has been amended with a view, if possible, of striking more effectually at the illicit sale of intoxicating drink. It indicates the courts in which suits for the violation of its provisions are to be commenced and the mode in which these suits are to be carried on and tried. With regard to such prosecutions, the County Court has no original jurisdiction. If the plaintiff were to initiate his cause here, he would inevitably be nonsuited. The only jurisdiction which the Court possesses in these matters is by way of appeal or *certiorari* around which stringent checks and guards are thrown to prevent defeat of the ends of justice. The appeal is necessarily after judgment and the trial in the Court above is *de nove*. There is a *statutory* provision also for trying *de novo* if need be, causes brought up by *certiorari*. By Ch 94 Rev. Stat, See 58 it is enacted that "in all causes and proceedings brought up by *certiorari* this court may inquire into a... facts *anc*are if it shall seem to them to be necessary."

The use of the word *aneto* in this clause evidently shows that it has reference only to causes in which a trial has been had in the Court below. If the cause is brought up by *certiorari* before judgment, there is no *statutory* law for trying it.

For all infractions of the License Law, I am satisfied that the policy of the Legislature is to give not only a summary but a speedy remedy. This can be had in the Courts in which the law contemplates that the process should be conducted. If these courts are properly constituted and are proceeding regularly in this matter, this Court should not interpose and defeat the ends of justice by taking the trial out of their hands.

In the present case if I had found sufficient reasons for sustaining the *certiorari* from want of jurisdiction or legal incompetency or gross irregularity in the Court below, it would have been my duty, not to try the cause, but to set aside or quash the proceedings in the inferior Court. These reasons I am satisfied do not exist.

I think therefore that the rule *nisi* to set aside the *certiorari* should be made absolute with costs on the ground that the writ was improvidently issued.

APPENDIX C.

An Act to further Alter and Amend the Act to Incorporate the Town of Truro.

Be it enacted by the Governor, Council and Assembly as follows :—

1. The Town Court for the trial of Civil causes, may be holden, when business in the Court requires it, on every Tuesday in each month, beginning at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and may sit by adjournment from day to day until all the causes for trial are called.

2. So much of the existing laws, or bye-law or regulation of the Town of Truro, as may be inconsistent with this Act is repealed.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF ASSEMBLY, 23rd April, 1879.

I do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of an Act, which having received the sanction of both Branches of the Local Legislature, was assented to by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor on the 17th day of April instant.

HENRY C. D. TWINING, Clerk of Assembly.

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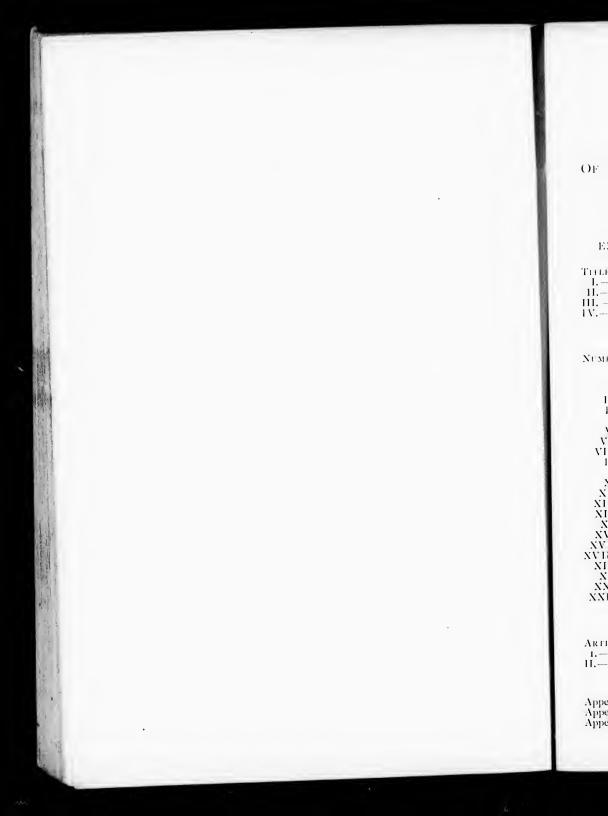
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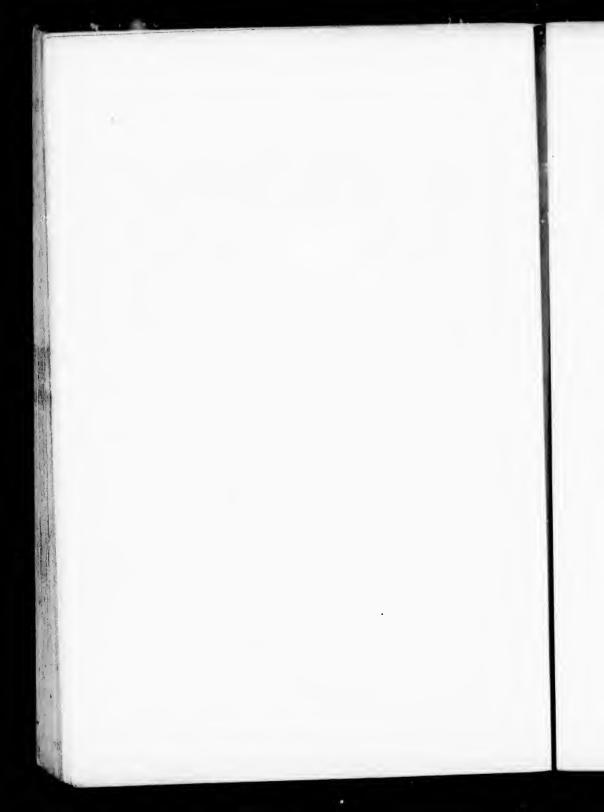
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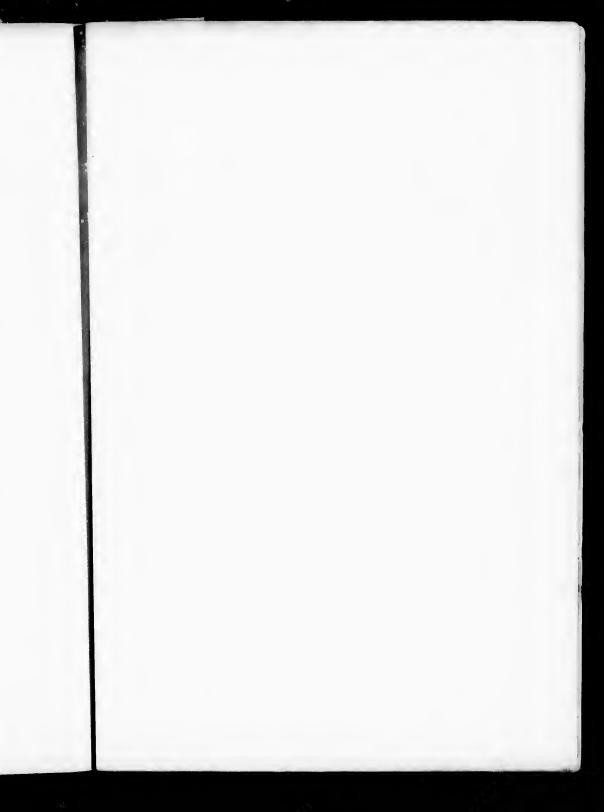
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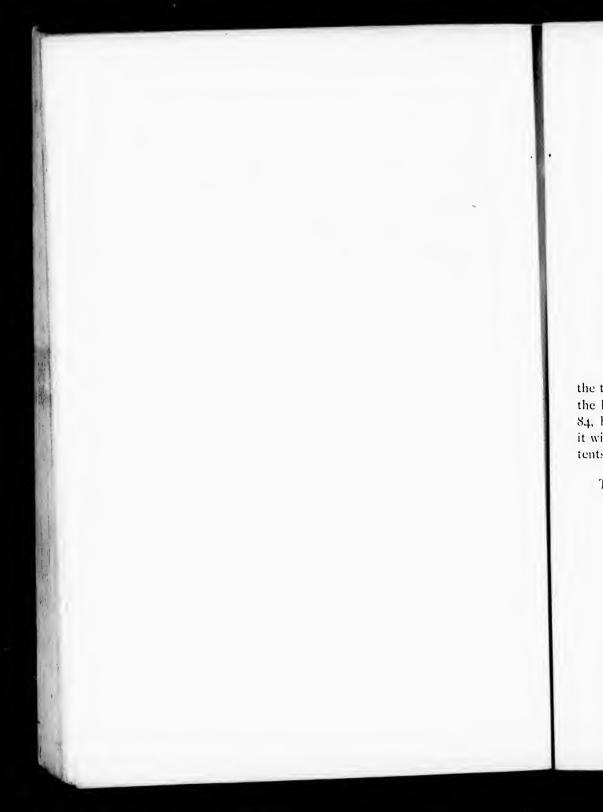
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POST-SCRIPT.

An important Act, under which the Town Court for the trial of civil causes can be held every Tuesday, having passed the Legislature since this work went to press, Schedule C, page 84, has been appended for its reception. And, supposing that it will prove serviceable, an index furnishing a summary of contents, has also been added.

TRURO, May 17th, 1879.

I. L.

