

ICEBERG SINKS WHITE STAR LINER TITANIC AND ABOUT 1300 PERISH

ONLY 866 SURVIVORS OF THE 2,200 ABOARD

World's Greatest Ship Went Down Four Hours After Collision—Other Liners Responded to Wireless Calls for Help from Doomed Craft, and Hurried to the Rescue, But Evidently Arrived Too Late—Steamer Carpathia Has Rescued Aboard Bound for New York.

The White Star Liner Titanic, the greatest steamer ever built, struck an iceberg 400 miles south of Cape Race, Sunday night at 10.25 p. m., and four hours later sank with 1300 of the 2200 that sailed from Liverpool on her.

Details from wireless reports are meagre, but the White Star officials admit the greatest marine disaster in the world's history.

The survivors are aboard the steamer Carpathia bound to New York.

866 Rescued. Boston, April 16—A wireless message picked up late tonight relayed from the Olympic, says that the Carpathia is on her way to New York with 866 passengers.

Carpathia Has Survivors. Cape Race, Nfld., April 16—The steamer Olympic reports that the steamer Carpathia reached the Titanic's position at 4:40 a. m. today but found boats and wreckage only.

1300 Passengers Aboard. The Titanic left Southampton on April 10 on her maiden voyage for New York. The Titanic, when she left Southampton, had about 1300 passengers on board.

The Sun Parlor and Restaurant. "A striking and at the same time a pleasant feature of the promenade deck is the glass-enclosed section.

Strongest of Ships. Already intimated, nothing has been so chance in the construction of these ships, and besides the crown plates.

Dimensions of Titanic. The double bottom referred to extends the full length of each vessel, varying from 3 in. to 6 ft. 3 in. in depth.

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Some other terrible marine disasters. New York, April 15—Among the important marine disasters recorded are:

- 1866, January 11—Steamer London, on her way to Melbourne, foundered in the Bay of Biscay; 229 lives lost.
1868, October 3—Steamer Evening Star, from New York to New Orleans, foundered; about 250 lives lost.
1874, October 29—Royal mail steamer Rhone and Wye and about fifty other vessels driven ashore and wrecked at St. Thomas, West Indies, by a hurricane; about 1,000 lives lost.

Many Multi-Millionaires Aboard. Untold wealth was represented among the passengers on the Titanic, there being on board at least six men each of whose fortunes might be reckoned in tens of millions of dollars.

Wide Information. Vice-President Franklin positively refused to give out the full text of the message which he received from Captain Haddock.

Titanic Bank in Mid-open. New York, April 16—The following statement was given out at the White Star offices.

Charles M. Hays. Seven sons of Meyer Guggenheim, who founded the American Smelting & Refining Company, the great mining corporation, and is a director of many corporations.

First-class Passengers. London, April 15—The Titanic's first-class passenger list includes 318 names as follows:

Some of the Rescued. Cape Race, Newfoundland, April 15—Following is a partial list of the passengers rescued from the Titanic.

Belle of Winnipeg Underworld Strangled. Winnipeg, Man., April 15—With her hands tied behind her back by a towel...

Beautiful Homes Are... Y BOA... ern Wall Lining... builder Can Afford Utility Board... Tonnage, registered 45,000... Length over all 862 ft. 6 in... Breadth over all 92 ft. 6 in... Height from bottom of keel to top of funnels 105 ft. 7 in... Dimensions of Titanic, Largest Ship Ever Built... Perhaps the best description of the giant Titanic is that which was furnished by the officers of the White Star line at the time of the Titanic's launching, on June 16, 1911.

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FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Saturday, Apr. 14. - Fredericton of Dr. and Mrs. Steeves, Mr. and Mrs. Rice, guests of Professor and Mrs. Day...

Netherwood school, in the guest of Mrs. L. B. Knight, King street east. Mrs. Claude E. Bailon, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. H. Lawson...

CHATHAM, N. B., April 10-11-Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Forsythe spent the Easter holidays in Sussex...

WOODSTOCK, April 10-Miss Jennie Robb, of St. John, was the guest of Mrs. D. J. Dalnois...

DALHOUSIE, N. B., April 10-Miss Muriel Brown, of Jaquect River, is the guest of Miss Lena Hadock...

ROTHESAY, April 11-Among those who from Rothersey attended the ball on Tuesday evening given by the Daughters of the Empire...

ST. ANDREWS, April 10-Among those who spent the Easter holidays were Miss Gladys Thompson, Miss Rhoda Stickney, Miss Lelia and Edith Dick, from Normal school...

HAMPTON VILLAGE, April 10-All the church services on Easter Sunday were well attended. In the morning service...

BATHURST, N. B., April 11-Among those who attended the ball on Tuesday evening given by the Daughters of the Empire...

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph is issued every Wednesday and Saturday by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

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Authorized Agents The following agents are authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz: MRS. E. S. MCKOY, W. D. GOUGH.

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 17, 1912.

A DUCAL NIGHTMARE By the Apostle Paul, shadows tonight Have struck more terror to the soul of Richard Than can the substance of ten thousand soldiers.

It falls to the lot of Lord Haldane, the British War Secretary, to dispense the nightmare of many a man in England who sleeps ill at night, or does not sleep at all, because of the dread of invasion.

There was a case of the sort the other day in the House of Lords, when the Duke of Bedford, K. G., the owner of Woburn Abbey, lord of 40,000 acres of English soil, and a multi-millionaire, rose in his place to interrogate the government.

With almost suspicious meekness the War Secretary admitted that the government as yet had formulated no plans to take care of a situation so terrible.

army across the frontier. Lord Haldane mildly replied that it required no great ingenuity to imagine a situation with which no nation could cope, but that under such circumstances the British Empire would be compelled just to do the best it could.

Mr. MORINE DROPS OUT Mr. Borden is receiving compliments for his expedition in accepting the resignation of the chairman of his "purity" commission, but before getting too enthusiastic, it is well to remember that the resignation is received when Mr. Morine had finished his work.

It is not only a question of Mr. Morine's integrity but of Mr. Borden's. The chairman of the purity commission is not chiefly involved in Mr. Carvell's charges, but the First Minister of Canada, in making this judicial appointment with the knowledge he had, Mr. Borden has, at the same time, handed over his reputation to the mercy of his opponents.

AN ACID REACTION It is a well-known rule of physics that action and reaction are equal, but it is difficult to realize what combination of acids produced blue litmus red for Kipling and produced the extraordinary reaction that finds expression in the poem he calls "Ulster".

GRASPING AT THE SHADOW It is hard to find a better illustration of the process of throwing away the substance and grasping at the shadow, than in the present activity of Mr. Foster in the cause of reciprocity.

THE PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS It is expected by many that Premier Fleming will bring on the elections soon after the Legislature has been prorogued. In that case we may have the campaign in May.

INDUSTRIAL SLAVERY The largest and most typical of tariff trusts in the United States Steel Corporation. Its outstanding capital is over a billion and a half. The Senate's committee reports it for maintaining a "brutal system of industrial slavery," and in many

other particulars it focuses it of most of the crimes that are within the scope of a colossal and heartless organization. One paragraph of the report says: "This government is bound to interpose between the strong and the weak. No man can meet the obligations and discharge the duties of citizenship in a free government who is broken in spirit and weakened in body through such industrial poisonage."

RECREATION CENTRES Chicago is not generally regarded as a city noted for its civic spirit, but on the continent has built such elaborate and carefully planned parks and recreation centres. It has twelve of these centres, varying in extent from ten to sixty acres.

MUST SERVE THE PUBLIC Those who reason that combination is natural and inevitable in the development of trade and commerce stand on ground that is absolutely incontrovertible. Combination is of the essence of organization, and organization is the great device for increased power by those who are brought into association for a common purpose.

NOTE AND COMMENT Dr. Landry's long speech was a sort of vaudeville. He knows what is coming in Kent. Premier Fleming's temper isn't to be depended upon these days. It takes a big man to face troubles smiling.

\$7,000 FIRE IN LOGGIEVILLE Chatham, N. B., April 12.—(Special) Fire yesterday destroyed the freezer at Loggieville belonging to O'Leary & Montgomery. The loss will be about \$7,000. The wind was very high, and for a time the town was in danger. An engine was sent from Chatham, but was upset in a snowbank and did not reach Loggieville for three hours, meantime the fire was under control.

service. The trust that is going to survive must become a public servant. The others will perish.

There are indoor gymnasiums and assembly halls for meetings and social gatherings, and small club-rooms for the use of small gatherings and societies. The restaurant in connection provides food at little cost, and a reading room is maintained as a branch of the public library.

John Griswold, a Scotch-Irish furnace man, told Mr. Fitch of his work at the furnace: "Mighty few men have stood what I have, I can tell you. I've been twenty years at the furnaces and have worked a twelve hour day all that time, seven days in the week. We go to work at seven in the morning and get through at night at six. We work that way for two weeks, and then we work the long turn and we change to the night shift of thirteen hours. The long turn is when we go on at seven Sunday morning and work through the whole twenty-four hours up to Monday morning."

But a little while and Hon. Mr. Fleming will be asking for another term in order to "finish his work." The resources of this province are not inexhaustible, but they have been bled extensively during the last four years, and they are scarcely equal to another period of Fleming extravagance.

The Hon. John Morrissey's long and troubled speech would have been much more valuable had he told in a few words why his government is not willing to give the public the games of the individuals who get the bridge money and the various reasons why they received it. All the government's protestations about its honor and its honesty fall flat before the fact that it hides these facts from the people who pay the bills.

Where then will his majority come from? Can Slipp and Woods win Queens against Will the incomparable Percy and Glazier had over Sunbury once more? The opposition crowd in those counties smile when you ask them and say: "Wait. You count up, you friend of the government, St. John county and Westmorland, Albert, Queens, Sunbury, Victoria, Madawaska sure to add to the North Shore contingent. Carleton county confident and splendid fighting chances in Kings and Charlotte.

MORRISSEY'S LIBERAL MASK TORN FROM HIM

Hon. John Can No Longer Pose as the Coalition Link in the Fleming Government—General Elections Likely in June if the Tories Can "Repair Their Fences"—Opposition Welcomes the Fray, Confident That the People Will Reject the Conservative Spendthrifts.

Fredericton, April 13.—The pro-tyechnical of the session are over. John Morrissey, chief commissioner of public works for New Brunswick, has spoken. The roof is still upon the legislative structure but the pillars of his neighbors' ears are broken. In tones of triumph he crushed the criticisms of his reckless squandering of public money, with reckless phrases he hurled insinuations at his opponents and the use of the dressing room being absolutely free. The sand piles and wading pool for children have seats surrounding them, so that the mothers can be comfortable while the children play. The playground is divided into different parts for younger and older children, so that each group may have just the sort of apparatus and games adapted to its particular age.

There are indoor gymnasiums and assembly halls for meetings and social gatherings, and small club-rooms for the use of small gatherings and societies. The restaurant in connection provides food at little cost, and a reading room is maintained as a branch of the public library. For none of these facilities except the restaurant is there the slightest charge. All the space and facilities are at the disposal of the people of the neighborhood for any reasonable use except political and religious meetings.

And the public is taking advantage of these opportunities. A million people use the shower-baths, and as many the swimming pools every year. The club-rooms are in much demand, the skating rink and ball grounds are in use all the time in their respective seasons. The Chicago Park Commissioners have worked out the ideal park for industrial centres. They have provided facilities which serve not only the children but the whole family, and every member of the community, young and old. They have the playgrounds for the children, and grass where the workman's wife and children can sit during the hot afternoons. Tables and seats and abundance of light are provided where the man after a hard day's work can find a pleasant place during the evening hours, and one in which, if he so desires, he can take his evening meal. He can have hand concerts and parties, a stadium and indoor and outdoor gymnasiums, shelter from the rain, and heat and light during the winter evenings.

One or two recreation centres of this nature should be considered an essential in a modern city. There is a pitiful lack of opportunity in congested centres, for children to play, and hardly any opportunities at all for men. One such centre in our city with free indoor and outdoor gymnasiums, swimming pools and shower-baths, would do more for the cause of temperance and public morals than restrictive legislation for a generation. A lamp will drive out darkness when a club of knotted oak would make no impression. Well-equipped recreation centres are true reformatory agencies, and not the most costly.

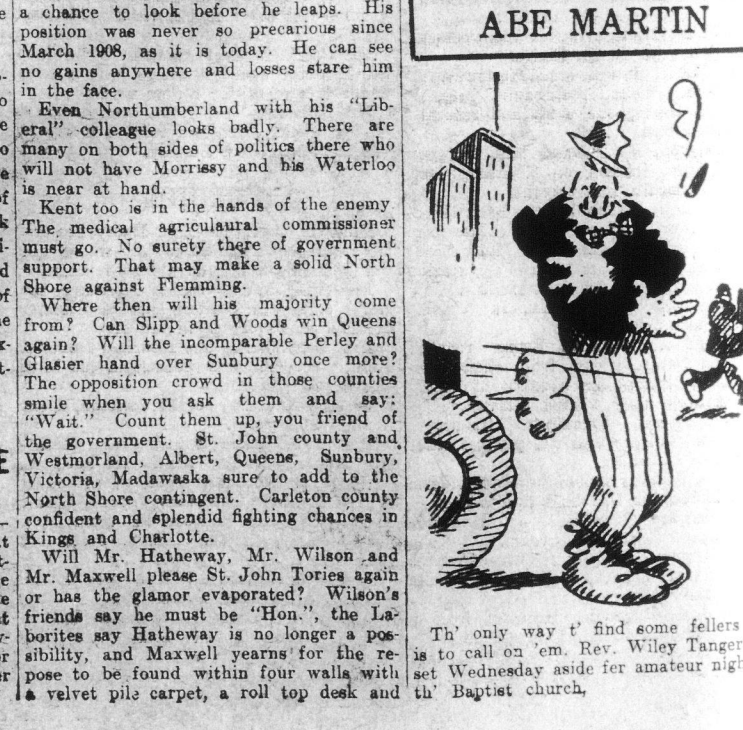
NERVOUS DISEASES IN THE SPRING

Cured By Toning the Blood and Strengthening the Nerves.

It is the opinion of the best medical authorities, after long observation, that nervous diseases are more common and more serious in the spring than at any other time of the year. Vital changes in the system, after long winter months, may cause much trouble that the familiar spring weakness and weariness from which most people suffer as the result of indoor life, in poorly ventilated and often overheated buildings. (General review of the records of the Fleming government, and some comparisons of their record with that of the much abused old government.)

And yet Mr. Copp warned the government again and again that the people would not judge them by what the old government had done, but by what they would do upon their own record. Their promises and their performance would be placed side by side and the people would decide what kind of stewards they had been.

ABE MARTIN



THE MAKING

Specially Adapted Milk is Limited—The Best Kind

(By Miss McLaughlin, for McDonald Agricultural.) Soft cheese are specially manufactured for the purpose of weighing from a few ounces to a few pounds each. Small quantities can be utilized to advantage, but soft cheese may be made in a large scale also. The cheese of the largest French dairies from one to two thousand days during the season. The cheese is made in a great variety of ways, differing from each other in consistency and in flavor, and in the process of manufacture, and in the amount of preservative added to the curd, and in the amount of cream or less creamy consistency of the process of manufacture.

ANOTHER CASE OF SMALLPOX IN MEDUCTIC

Lower Woodstock, April 13.—Another case of smallpox has developed in Meductic. Mrs. Jacob Porter, the mother of the young man who was stricken the other day, had been bitten from all the houses except Jacob and Jerome Porter's before the second case developed.

ONE GALLON MILK, RETAIL 26 CENTS

The only way to find some fellers out is to call on 'em. Rev. Wiley Tanager set Wednesday afternoon for amateur night at Baptist church.

INTERESTING AGRICULTURE READER FOR OUR COUNTRY READERS

GENERAL

From the Coalition Link in the General Elections Likely in June Their Fences—Opposition Ident That the People Will Re-thriffs.

a massive cuspidor, all supplied from the government stores.

The people, of course, will have something to say about it, but the average Tory loves the "machine" better than the primaries, and "lates" these days are more convenient than popular.

The situation is brighter for the opposition party, and the Tories are in readiness to marshal. But provincial or federal or county leaders can do little without the help of parish committees. There lies the strength of our progressive political party. The men who win or lose elections, who make and unmake governments are in the parish committees. In their strength they have organized the candidature, a ticket or a party. The moral to friends of the opposition is clear. Get ready with your parish or town organizations, begin to think and talk of the work ahead, and when the word is given be prepared for the fray.

With the opportunities this government has had, with a budget overflowing revenue, with assistance from every quarter, there is no doubt that with capable leadership and economic measures (carrying out all their reform pledges the government might have had a long lease of power. But with every promise broken, with the patronage used and abused to the limit, with the unwarranted dismissal of their Liberal allies, with extravagance on every hand, and useless officials increasing with their salaries, with a huge deficit after a year's receipts that have never been equalled, the people have had faith and stand ready to condemn where they approved.

New Brunswick is a small province—so small it could be placed in one corner of enlarged Ontario or Quebec. Its resources bear similar comparison. There is only one of any magnitude, the crown lands, and one would think governments would be jealously careful of any depletion of them. It is like himing the goose that lays the egg. And yet there has never been a decrease in the size of the saw log was the sign of the lumbermen, that they have never been equalled, the people have had faith and stand ready to condemn where they approved.

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The antiquated custom of taking purgatives in the spring is useless, for the system really needs strengthening, while purgatives only gallop through the bowels, leaving you weaker. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine, for they actually make the red, rich blood that feeds the starved nerves, and thus cure the many forms of nervous disorders. They cure also such other forms of spring troubles as headaches, poor appetite, weakness in the limbs, as well as remove unsightly pimples and eruptions. In fact, they unfailingly bring new health and strength to weak, tired and depressed men, women and children.

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ABE MARTIN

Lower Woodstock, April 12—Another case of measles developed in Medicine Hat, Mrs. Jacob Porter, the mother of the young man who brought the disease from the west, has been stricken. The quarantine had been lifted from all the houses, except Jacob and Jerome Porter's before the second case developed.

STOCK

A COLT TROUBLE

Goals Frequently Lost Through Ailment of the Intestines.

Each year many foals in the stable, and on dry feed; and each year throughout the country several foals are lost because of inability to rid their systems of the conditions that exist in the intestine. The dry food seems to provoke the trouble, but it is often seen when the foal is on milk. The most favorable condition for the mare is a free run on grass, but during the early season this is not possible, so some precautions are necessary to keep her digestive organs in good condition, and at the same time make it easier for the foal's digestive apparatus. The best is normal function, but when this is not possible, the trouble is by feeding the pregnant mare a considerable quantity of rather soft food, such as clover, alfalfa, timothy, carrots, turnips, mangolds, fed one or two daily, will be found beneficial.

The colt, under normal conditions, a few weeks after the birth, will begin to pass small, black, waxy lumps of material which are formed during the last months of foetal development. These lumps are made up of mucus and secretions, which mix with mucus of the membranes of the small intestine, the whole remaining in the small intestine until after the colt is foaled. A healthy colt should relieve himself of all this material in about 24 hours after birth, at which time the faeces excreted should be of a yellowish color, indicating that the dam's milk is being digested, and all intestinal obstruction has vanished.

The colt, suffering from inability to relieve himself of this purged substance, will be noticed in a humped position, with the tail elevated, and straining to pass stool. Repeated attempts are made, but nothing passes the bowels. The colt becomes restless and shows signs of colicky pains, which, if not relieved, may lead to death. In some cases, immediately found, become more severe, inflammation sets in, and death ensues.

THE MAKING OF SOFT CHEESE ON THE FARM

Specially Adapted for Manufacture Where the Supply of Milk is Limited—A Great Demand for Small Cheese—The Best Kind of Milk.

By Miss McNaughton, formerly of Macdonald Agricultural College.

Soft cheese is adapted for the manufacture where the supply of milk is limited, because the cheese are small, weighing from a few ounces to one or two ounces each. Small quantities of milk can be utilized to advantage in this way, and soft cheese may be manufactured on a large scale also. The output of some of the largest French factories averages from one to two thousand cheeses per day during the season. The term "soft cheese" includes a great many varieties, differing from each other in the method of making, in size, in shape, in consistency and in flavor, but resembling each other in being subjected to little or no pressure during the process of manufacture and being, therefore, of a more or less creamy consistency when ripe.

SMALLPOX IN MEDUCTIC

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DAIRY

SEPARATOR CREAMING

A Few Rules That Comprise Important Points to Observe

When a hand-separator on the farm is used, it and the cream are given proper attention, we have the most likely conditions for the production of first-class butter. But in spite of this it is rather significant fact that some creamery operators are not very enthusiastic over the machine because of the careless way in which it is handled upon some farms and the lack of proper storage given to the cream after separation. No butter-maker can make good butter from tainted or over-ripe cream, and the use of the hand-separator has shifted to a large extent the responsibility of making good butter from the creameryman to the farmer. Even if one is not a creamery operator, the necessity of intelligent and careful work is just as great. The following rules are brief, but they comprise many of the most important points to be observed:

1. The Separator.—See that it stands perfectly level and firm.
2. When not in use, keep it well covered so as to prevent dust and sand from getting into the bearings.
3. Clean all the wearing parts thoroughly, not less than twice a month.
4. Grease the bearings with even regular speed. Turn the crank at the indicated number of revolutions.
5. Have the cream screw set so as to receive a cream of 30 to 40 per cent butter-fat.
6. When the milk has all been separated, flush the bowl out by pouring into it some water, and keep the bowl from overflowing. After separating, take the milk and cream-pans off; take the bowl apart and wash all parts, reservoir and pans; wash the bowl and cream-pans with clean water, dipping powder in water, then wash in scalding hot water, and put in the air and cream to dry.
7. Wash thoroughly after each time it is used.
8. Never put the bowl together until wanted for separating.
9. Always strain the milk before pouring it into the reservoir.

DAIRY COWS THAT PAY

How to Know Them—More Than Good Looks Needed.

Cow testing is one of the most important questions affecting dairy farmers. A man may be a good feeder, may study carefully his cows and be well posted in the care and breeding of his herd, but unless he keeps an individual record of each cow and uses the Babcock test as well as he is not at his best. We have been using the scales and testing our herd for three or four years. Previous to this we were not raising any calves, but by using the scales we have bought none but good cows as appears on record. We soon discovered, however, that something more than "good looks" was needed, and we began to keep records. We had scales placed in a convenient place near our separator room, and the weight to this room with each cow's milk the milkers took. The record of weight on sheet and at once leaves the milk in the room where it is entirely shut off from the stable. This record book told us the value of the product, even the cow with the ideal dairy type, was not, in every case, the best paying cow. We were convinced that if we wanted to grade up our herd we must raise our own cows, so we discontinued buying cows, and for the past three years, we have been raising the calves from our best producers. We were able, also, at the end of each year, to take stock intelligently and to value our cows at their proper worth, and knew exactly what cows to get rid of.

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Cow testing is one of the most important questions affecting dairy farmers. A man may be a good feeder, may study carefully his cows and be well posted in the care and breeding of his herd, but unless he keeps an individual record of each cow and uses the Babcock test as well as he is not at his best. We have been using the scales and testing our herd for three or four years. Previous to this we were not raising any calves, but by using the scales we have bought none but good cows as appears on record. We soon discovered, however, that something more than "good looks" was needed, and we began to keep records. We had scales placed in a convenient place near our separator room, and the weight to this room with each cow's milk the milkers took. The record of weight on sheet and at once leaves the milk in the room where it is entirely shut off from the stable. This record book told us the value of the product, even the cow with the ideal dairy type, was not, in every case, the best paying cow. We were convinced that if we wanted to grade up our herd we must raise our own cows, so we discontinued buying cows, and for the past three years, we have been raising the calves from our best producers. We were able, also, at the end of each year, to take stock intelligently and to value our cows at their proper worth, and knew exactly what cows to get rid of.

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DAIRY

SEPARATOR CREAMING

A Few Rules That Comprise Important Points to Observe

When a hand-separator on the farm is used, it and the cream are given proper attention, we have the most likely conditions for the production of first-class butter. But in spite of this it is rather significant fact that some creamery operators are not very enthusiastic over the machine because of the careless way in which it is handled upon some farms and the lack of proper storage given to the cream after separation. No butter-maker can make good butter from tainted or over-ripe cream, and the use of the hand-separator has shifted to a large extent the responsibility of making good butter from the creameryman to the farmer. Even if one is not a creamery operator, the necessity of intelligent and careful work is just as great. The following rules are brief, but they comprise many of the most important points to be observed:

1. The Separator.—See that it stands perfectly level and firm.
2. When not in use, keep it well covered so as to prevent dust and sand from getting into the bearings.
3. Clean all the wearing parts thoroughly, not less than twice a month.
4. Grease the bearings with even regular speed. Turn the crank at the indicated number of revolutions.
5. Have the cream screw set so as to receive a cream of 30 to 40 per cent butter-fat.
6. When the milk has all been separated, flush the bowl out by pouring into it some water, and keep the bowl from overflowing. After separating, take the milk and cream-pans off; take the bowl apart and wash all parts, reservoir and pans; wash the bowl and cream-pans with clean water, dipping powder in water, then wash in scalding hot water, and put in the air and cream to dry.
7. Wash thoroughly after each time it is used.
8. Never put the bowl together until wanted for separating.
9. Always strain the milk before pouring it into the reservoir.

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POULTRY

TRAINING A HEIFER

Cows vary a great deal in their milking capacity, not only in the aggregate yield during the milking period, but in the way they give it. Some produce a large quantity of milk during the first few weeks after calving, and then rapidly decrease their yield, and dry off early, while others give a much smaller quantity at the beginning of the milking period, but increase their yield as the milking period progresses. The cow that gives a moderate quantity, and keeps it up, wins on the aggregate.

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Heifers mature give so much milk per pound of mature cows, and prolonged milking is a very much matter of training. For this reason it is considered desirable by every means to keep the heifer in milk as long as possible—longer than you would the mature cow, and to keep on stripping, even after the milk production becomes so small as not to be worth, from a commercial point of view, the time and labor spent in getting it. However, the heifer is dry now, has been dry a month, and one time will prove whether she will last longer at her next calving. It has not been good training to let her become dry, but next time she heifers generally do, she may stay in milk longer.

POULTRY

WHY MANY FLOCKS ARE UNPROFITABLE

The reason many people fail in the raising of poultry is that they do not give their birds the best of care. It is not so much the quantity of food as it is the quality of the feed. The food should be such as will give good care and plenty of good, palatable food. It must be remembered that it takes a certain amount of food to raise a young chick, and that the more food is given, the better the chick will be. The food should be such as will give good care and plenty of good, palatable food. It must be remembered that it takes a certain amount of food to raise a young chick, and that the more food is given, the better the chick will be.

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BRUCE'S GIANT ROSE FEEDING BEET—The most valuable Field Root on the market; contains the rich qualities of the Sugar Beet with the long keeping, large size and heavy cropping qualities of the mangold. 1-4 1/2 lbs. 1-8 1/2 lbs. 2-4 lbs. 3-6 lbs. 4-8 lbs. 5-10 lbs. 6-12 lbs. 7-14 lbs. 8-16 lbs. 9-18 lbs. 10-20 lbs. 11-22 lbs. 12-24 lbs. 13-26 lbs. 14-28 lbs. 15-30 lbs. 16-32 lbs. 17-34 lbs. 18-36 lbs. 19-38 lbs. 20-40 lbs.

BRUCE'S MAHONET INTERMEDIATE SMOOTH WHITE CARROT—The best of all field carrots. 1-4 1/2 lbs. 1-8 1/2 lbs. 2-4 lbs. 3-6 lbs. 4-8 lbs. 5-10 lbs. 6-12 lbs. 7-14 lbs. 8-16 lbs. 9-18 lbs. 10-20 lbs. 11-22 lbs. 12-24 lbs. 13-26 lbs. 14-28 lbs. 15-30 lbs. 16-32 lbs. 17-34 lbs. 18-36 lbs. 19-38 lbs. 20-40 lbs.

BRUCE'S GIANT YELLOW INTERMEDIATE MANGOLD—A very close cropper to our Giant Feeding Beets and equally easy to harvest. 1-4 1/2 lbs. 1-8 1/2 lbs. 2-4 lbs. 3-6 lbs. 4-8 lbs. 5-10 lbs. 6-12 lbs. 7-14 lbs. 8-16 lbs. 9-18 lbs. 10-20 lbs. 11-22 lbs. 12-24 lbs. 13-26 lbs. 14-28 lbs. 15-30 lbs. 16-32 lbs. 17-34 lbs. 18-36 lbs. 19-38 lbs. 20-40 lbs.

BRUCE'S NEW CENTURY SWEDEN TURNIP—The best shipping variety, as well as the best for cooking; handsome shape, uniform growth, purple top. 1-4 1/2 lbs. 1-8 1/2 lbs. 2-4 lbs. 3-6 lbs. 4-8 lbs. 5-10 lbs. 6-12 lbs. 7-14 lbs. 8-16 lbs. 9-18 lbs. 10-20 lbs. 11-22 lbs. 12-24 lbs. 13-26 lbs. 14-28 lbs. 15-30 lbs. 16-32 lbs. 17-34 lbs. 18-36 lbs. 19-38 lbs. 20-40 lbs.

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FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

(Continued from page 3)

day from Shelia. While there Mrs. Lamb was the guest of Mrs. J. D. Weldon. James Smith is spending a few days in Petticoat, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Price.

and enjoyable function. The decorations were very handsome. In the assembly chamber, where the ball was held, the raised dais and thrones were completely covered with many beautiful flowers. Yellow and white were the predominant colors with tall, exotic all around.

remains her studies at the Ladies' Presby- terian College at Halifax. The Misses Adams and Gladys Kitchen will leave in May for a trip to the Pacific coast and will be gone several months.

sons were also away from home. The buildings were insured for \$1,500. A portion of the potatoes stored escaped destruction. The potato storeroom, Mrs. E. B. Black and Mr. H. S. Richards were 'at home' at the Barker House tonight from 6 o'clock till 11.

Villa, Hortiavon, spent the Easter holidays at his home here. Miss Nellie O'Regan spent Sunday in the Victoria Hotel, St. John.

Robert Stewart, R. S.; Miss Lizzie Irving, A. R. S.; John Atkinson, F. S.; F. W. Beers, treasurer; Mrs. Bliss Stewart, Chap. Hamilton Irving, Chap. Clarence Allenh, A. C.; Vaughan Long I. S.; Edward Lawton, O. S.; Mrs. Bliss Stewart, S. G. P. W.; Miss Annie Curwin, organist; An Haines, Sr., is past worthy patriarch.

ST. JOHN MARKETS

Business since Easter has been very dull and the wholesale prices of goods have remained practically the same as last week. The St. John wholesale prices Thursday were as follows:

Table with columns for various market categories including COUNTRY MARKET, FRUITS, ETC., and GROCERIES, listing prices for items like Beef, Pork, Eggs, and various oils.

WANTED, AGENTS WANTED, SALESMAN WANTED, and FARMERS FOR SALE advertisements.

Among those in St. John the first of the week were Mr. and Mrs. S. H. White, Mrs. Harley White, Mrs. Della White, Mrs. Landowen, Mrs. S. A. McLeod, Miss Grace Kirk, and Mrs. L. W. White.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Howes and little son, of Fredericton, spent the first of the week here, guests of Mrs. J. D. Weldon.

In the Holy City, which will be given in the Methodist church on Sunday afternoon those taking solo parts are Mrs. F. Wood, Miss Margie Masters, Dr. H. V. B. Good, Mr. H. G. Smith, and Mr. Rodpath.

John and Quebec Railway Bridge Com- pany's bill passed consideration. In this connection Premier Fleming sug- gested that bond issue be limited to ninety percent for the new and twenty per cent to be carried by the stockholders.

Westfield, April 12.—Miss Evelyn War- ing, of St. John, spent Easter with her friend, Miss Ella Crawford.

Salisbury, N. B., April 12.—Passenger traffic on the Salisbury & Harvey Rail- way during the holiday season was less than in former years.

Hopewell Hill, April 12.—The roads throughout the country have been very dull the past week. The carrier of the mail to Alma reported the road in that section in such wretched condition that it was not safe to travel at night.

Advertisement for Cures You No Doctors, featuring a product called 'Oxygen Cure' with claims of curing various ailments.

Fredericton, April 10.—Easter week which is always a time of much rejoicing, has this season been especially gay and interesting at Government House.

The engagement of Miss Annie Hazel Edgecombe, daughter of Mr. Albert W. Edgecombe, to Mr. Kenneth Randolph Chestnut, son of Mrs. Henry Chestnut, has been announced.

Yarmouth, N. S., April 11.—Among those in town for Easter Sunday were: J. M. Owen, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Spinnery, Varley B. Fullerton, LL. B.

Richibucto, April 11.—Wm. Denham, principal of the Grammar School, returned on Tuesday from St. John, where he had been spending the vacation with his mother, Mrs. Robert Allenh.

Harcourt, N. B., April 12.—George Call and Gordon Campbell left on Wednesday night for Vancouver.

Agatown, April 11.—The ice in Ga- getown Creek still continues quite firm, the cold nights adding to it. The wild geese and ducks are beginning to come. R. Reid and Frank Duvernet had the good luck to capture six geese from one flock a few days ago.

FREDERICTON (Continued) Mrs. G. L. Kinmore, of Shedia, was the guest of friends here the first of the week.

Advertisement for 'USE HAWKE'S Balsam of Tars and Wild Cherry' with text 'It Will Cure Any Cough and Cold'.

On Easter Monday Governor Wood gave a second double dinner of the session which was a very brilliant affair.

The accounts in connection with the suspension bridge repairs at St. John were given on Tuesday evening.

Yarmouth (Continued) Mrs. J. W. McCreedy, Miss Lydia, Miss Cooper, Mrs. Allen Wheeler, Miss Stella Sherman, Mr. W. W. McLellan, Mrs. Wm. Thomas, Mrs. Hope, Mrs. Alcorn, Miss Stewart, Mrs. John C. Allen, Miss May Hilliard, Mrs. Harry Chestnut, and Miss Jeannette Beverly.

Richibucto (Continued) Miss Purcell and Miss Shannon, of Chatham, spent the holidays with friends in town.

Agatown (Continued) The report showed the finances to be in good condition, with a balance on the right side of the account.

HARCOURT (Continued) Miss Dorothy Dunn, a student of Ab- ertown High School, Moncton, spent the holiday season at her home here.

FREDERICTON (Continued) The Masons of Zion Lodge A. F. and M. E. gave a very pleasant dance Wednesday evening.

Advertisement for 'NEW COMPANY' with text 'John H. McBride, D. G. Porter, Charles T. Merrett, H. V. Belyea, all of St. John'.

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Advertisement for 'NEW COMPANY' with text 'John H. McBride, D. G. Porter, Charles T. Merrett, H. V. Belyea, all of St. John'.

On Monday Governor Wood gave a second double dinner of the session which was a very brilliant affair.

The accounts in connection with the suspension bridge repairs at St. John were given on Tuesday evening.

Yarmouth (Continued) Mrs. J. W. McCreedy, Miss Lydia, Miss Cooper, Mrs. Allen Wheeler, Miss Stella Sherman, Mr. W. W. McLellan, Mrs. Wm. Thomas, Mrs. Hope, Mrs. Alcorn, Miss Stewart, Mrs. John C. Allen, Miss May Hilliard, Mrs. Harry Chestnut, and Miss Jeannette Beverly.

Richibucto (Continued) Miss Purcell and Miss Shannon, of Chatham, spent the holidays with friends in town.

Agatown (Continued) The report showed the finances to be in good condition, with a balance on the right side of the account.

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ST. JOHN'S MARKETS

Business since Easter has been very dull and the wholesale prices of goods have remained practically the same as last week. The St. John's wholesale prices Thursday were as follows:

COUNTRY MARKET.

Table of country market prices for various goods like Beef, Pork, Butter, etc.

FRUITS, ETC.

Table of fruit and other goods prices like Apples, Nectarines, etc.

GROCERIES.

Table of grocery prices like Choice seeded raisins, Fancy do, etc.

SUGAR.

Table of sugar prices like Standard granulated, United Empire, etc.

PROVISIONS.

Table of provision prices like Pork, domestic mess, American corn, etc.

GRAINS.

Table of grain prices like Oatsmeal, Standard oatmeal, etc.

FLOUR, ETC.

Table of flour and other grain products like Middlings, car lots, etc.

CANNED GOODS.

Table of canned goods prices like Salmon, cod, etc.

FISH.

Table of fish prices like Small dry cod, Medium dry, etc.

OILS.

Table of oil prices like Pratt's Astral, White Bosc and Chester, etc.

WANTED

WANTED - A second class teacher for St. John's... WANTED - Early in May, a competent woman to do the work in a country house...

AGENTS WANTED

RELIABLE representative wanted to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees... AGENTS WANTED - Reliable representative...

SALESMAN WANTED

SALESMAN wanted for our Improved Automatic Sprayer... SALESMAN WANTED - Reliable representative...

FARMS FOR SALE

FARMS FOR SALE - Along the St. John's river, on the Woodhead, Bellefleur, etc...

COGNAC

COGNAC - The following are the wholesale quotations per case... BALSAM OF TOLU AND WILD CHERRY...

Advertisement for S. KERR'S Balsam of Tolu and Wild Cherry, featuring a logo and text describing its benefits.

NEW COMPANIES

NEW COMPANIES - John H. McRobbie, D. C. Clark, John P. Tooy, etc. forming a company...

DEATHS

DEATHS - WILBUR - In this city, on the 12th inst., Mrs. Jane Wilbur, in the seventieth year of her age...

FOREIGN PORTS

FOREIGN PORTS - New London, Conn., April 11 - Arr. schrs. Mrs. Jane Wilbur, from Nova Scotia; Ernest T. Lee, from Calais, Me....

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived - Thursday, April 11. Stmr. Astrate, 717, from Parrsboro, N. B. via St. John's... Arrived - Friday, April 12. Stmr. Manchester Exchange, 2489, from Parrsboro, N. B. via St. John's...

CANADIAN PORTS.

CANADIAN PORTS - Digby, April 10 - Arr. schrs. Loran B. Snow, Banks; Harvestor (Am), from Port Ward, etc...

BRITISH PORTS.

BRITISH PORTS - London, April 9 - Steamed 5th str. Tokomaru, Kelly, for St. John. Barry, April 7 - Arr. str. Baron Ardrossan, from Liverpool...

A RELIABLE MEDICINE

FOR YOUNG CHILDREN - Baby's Own Tablets are a safe medicine for the little ones...

USE HAWKERS' Balsam of Tolu and Wild Cherry

USE HAWKERS' Balsam of Tolu and Wild Cherry - A reliable medicine for young children, featuring a hawk logo.

REAL ESTATE CIRCLES

REAL ESTATE CIRCLES - The site for the new grain elevator has been decided upon and the railway company will commence work on the structure...

ADVERTISEMENTS

ADVERTISEMENTS - Various notices and advertisements from local businesses and individuals.

CONTRACT FOR LIGHTEED'S STAIRS

Provincial Secretary Says Government Leader is Wrong

About Toll Bridges on the Valley Railway - Several Bills Discussed in Legislature on Saturday, and House Resumes Monday Afternoon.

Provincial Secretary says government leader is wrong about toll bridges on the Valley Railway. Several bills discussed in legislature on Saturday and house resumes Monday afternoon.

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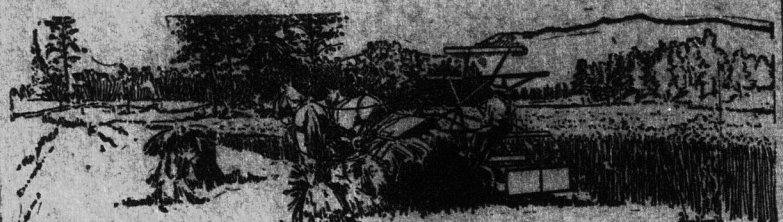
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Buy A McCormick Binder This Year. To the McCormick agent in your town, before the harvest season begins, and have him set up a binder for you to inspect.

STAFF TO OCCUPY OFFICES IN EAST ST. JOHN ON THURSDAY. Courtenay Bay Contractors Rushing Preliminary Work and Rapid Progress Will Be Made—Engineer Says He Has Heard Nothing of Municipal Home Proposal, as Reported.

Courtenay Bay Contractors Rushing Preliminary Work and Rapid Progress Will Be Made—Engineer Says He Has Heard Nothing of Municipal Home Proposal, as Reported.

Friday, April 13. The death took place yesterday at the residence of Alderman Potts, 170 1/2 Duke street, his mother-in-law, Mrs. Anna Fleming, widow of John Fleming, a former well known citizen.

Friday, April 13. The death occurred at Musquah on April 13, of Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Moody has been ill for some time.

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LOCAL NEWS

For Blood Impoverishment—Depressed Nerve Force WILSON'S INVALIDS' PORT (A La Quina du Perou)

SACKVILLE TOWN COUNCIL NOMINATIONS. Mayor Fawcett and Some Aldermen In by Acclamation—"Back to New Brunswick" Scheme Endorsed.

LUMBER PRICES FIRM; FREIGHT RATES VERY HIGH. Dunsen & Ewing & Co. in their weekly timber circular dated Liverpool, April 11, have the following in regard to New Brunswick and Nova Scotia spruce deals:

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WEDDINGS. Duffus-Ross. Montreal, April 11—The marriage of Miss Agnes, daughter of the late W. Jerrard Ross, to J. Norwood Duffus of Halifax, was celebrated yesterday afternoon in the church of St. James the Apostle by Rev. Allan Stafford.

TEMPERANCE RALLY IN NEWCASTLE. Newcastle, April 13—A temperance mass meeting, will fill the town hall, was held last night immediately after civic nominations. Rev. W. J. Dean occupied the chair and gave the opening address.

FUNERAL OF MRS. J. N. WATHEN. Harcourt, April 10—The funeral of the late Mrs. J. Neale Wathen was held yesterday afternoon. A large number of people assembled to pay their last respects to the departed.

TRINITY CHURCH, ANDOVER, EASTER MONDAY MEETING. Andover, N. B., April 12—The annual meeting of the parishioners of Trinity church, Andover (N. B.), was held on Easter Monday, April 8, in the parish church, when the following officers were elected:

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN. A little white sugar in hot water, two lumps to a basinful, is efficient stiffening for delicate laces.

TRAGEDY END OF FOUR P. E. I. CHILDREN. Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 13—The whole community of St. Marys Road and in fact the whole province has been stirred to a feeling of deep sympathy as a result of the tragedy which has befallen the family of Patrick and Mrs. Magee, who reside at the aforementioned place, about six miles from Montague.

STREAM DRIVERS' BOOTS AND HIGH CUT BOOTS FOR Farmers, Teamsters and All Exposed to the Elements. French Kip Hand Made \$8.25

French Kip 16 inch, \$7.00 English Kip 10 inch, \$4.00 Chrome Kip 10 inch, \$4.00 Oil Grain 10 inch, \$3.00

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