

RUSSIA READY TO STRIKE

Signs That Blow Against the Turk Is Soon to Fall

Czar's Long-cherished Dream of Taking Constantinople - Macedonia's Trouble - Excuse for Action - Sultan Preparing to Fight Back - England's Attitude.

(Cable to the Sun.)

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Each day's news tends to strengthen the belief that the day of the Turk's last struggle to retain his foothold in Europe is close at hand. Russia's determination sooner or later to acquire Constantinople has, of course, been one of the recognized primary factors in European politics for many years.

The truth is that the whole situation is only just beginning to impress itself upon Englishmen. There has been no sign thus far of any popular demand that Great Britain should interpose forcibly to thwart Russia's ambition. It is assumed, of course, that Egypt will fall to England's lot, but it is probable that France will graciously acquiesce. If she does where will she get a liberal share of the spoils, which it is certain she will demand? Even her boasted friendship for Russia can hardly be relied upon to induce her to remain empty-handed.

But Russia is not yet in Constantinople, and if the Turkish gentleman above quoted is right in his judgment, it will be a long time before she gets there. The point for immediate consideration is the indication, which grows stronger every day, that she is now ripe for the realization of her long ambition, and that she intends in the present year to extend her domain to the Bosphorus. This belief is undoubtedly shared by the "Turk himself," and today's news of the Sultan's decision to mobilize nearly a quarter of a million men is a partial evidence thereof.

It is about a month since it was announced that Count Lamassoff, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, and Count Goluchowski, the Austrian-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, had arrived at "a complete understanding" in regard to an Austro-Russian scheme of reform for Macedonia. The details of which have not been published, although it is now practically too late to avert the rising which they were ostensibly designed to prevent.

The Turkish view of the situation is decidedly set forth in the Fall Mail Gazette by a staff officer who served in the last Russo-Turkish war. He says: "There have been many false alarms, but this spring trouble will come. The one convincing sign is to be found in the circumstances of Count Lamassoff's tour of the Balkans in commemoration of Russian victories, which were not a sufficient motive for his appearance in the Balkans. He did not improvise those speeches or make them on his own responsibility. That is not the Russian way. What follows that in fomenting trouble he was carrying out the settled policy of the Russian foreign office. It is reasonable to infer that the trouble he made publicly was not all the trouble he made."

"What one has to remember is that Macedonia is always ready to rise whenever she sees a chance of foreign assistance, but the leaders know perfectly well that without foreign assistance their case is hopeless. The Turkish assistance is not enough. The Turks are quite capable of stopping the Bulgarians without bringing a single man from Asia Minor. This fact is well known in Macedonia, Bulgaria and Russia. There will be no serious rising in Macedonia until Russia gives the word. If Russia gives the word, the Bulgarians will be because she is sure of a free hand without interference from the other powers. Has Russia a free hand? The present everything depends on the answer to that question; and I believe it can be answered in the affirmative. "Take the powers one by one. First Lord Salisbury's speech about putting money on the wrong horse, Russia has held that England does not count in Balkan politics. France is steadily quiet, and the alliance may be presumably relied upon to keep Germany quiet. Some small concession on the Adriatic coast would easily compromise any objection that Italy might be disposed to raise.

CRIMINOLOGY

The Study of Faces and of Crime

Criminology is one of the most interesting subjects which the labor and study of a few great minds ever raised to the dignity of a science. Lombroso in Italy and Bertillon in France are the names which must be forever associated with it. From discoveries made by these men, the recognition of criminal tendencies as expressed in physical peculiarities and the identification of the criminals themselves have become as certain and precise as chemical formulae. Their research so far to establish the theory that crime is a disease or an ancestral trait, to Lombroso and Bertillon, is what patients are to the ordinary doctor. They are studies. When a disease is understood a great step has been made in the direction of its cure, so that it is not absurd to look forward to that dim future day when hospitals and sanitariums will supplant jails and reformatories.

It is an instinct with those who take the ground that though a man cannot be blamed for going mad, he is in the interests of society to destroy him.

GOOD AND BAD FACES. Closely allied with the study of crime is that most fascinating of subjects, physiognomy. Among the convictions to which man has almost accredited belief that there are such things as good faces and bad faces, cruel, cruel eyes, sweet, brutal, and grotesque. Despite the shock and disillusionment of which they have been the victims, the charlatanisms of the "face" experts in graphology have almost the status of medical experts before some courts of law. True, their deductions vary surprisingly, but so also do the deductions of medical men.

CHARLATAN PALMISTS. None of these sciences has suffered so much from ignorant and dishonest exponents as palmistry. Their extravagant boasts have been discredited. No one but the weakly credulous will believe that the lines of his hand foretell his marriage or his death, or the fact that he means to marry a fortune. Until such claims are abandoned, palmistry must be content to exist without the support of reputable scientists. The "face" experts of the hand, far shape is a very fair index of character. The long thumb, well separated from the first finger, is a capital sign of integrity and honesty. Signs of the artistic temperament. Short, spade-shaped digits are supposed to denote a material disposition with probably a decided mathematical bent. The appearance of the nails is often of use to the palmist in diagnosing, and is an unerring indication of the probable condition of the teeth and hair. This much at least will be conceded to palmistry.

THE BRAIN DEPARTMENT. Phenology and physiognomy may be classed together, inasmuch as the former should include the latter. From them it would appear that the human brain is like a department store. From one quarter comes an impulse to listen to a grand opera, from another the craving to attend a dog fight. One part of the brain will hand over the counter a large donation to home missions, while over another, around the corner, comes the refusal to give the smallest sum for the relief of the suffering. That all these impulses sometimes culminate in anomalous actions in the same individual only goes to prove that the brain is developed and organized as a physical peculiarity. One part of a man's brain, and only one, occupies itself with mathematics. As this part is exercised it develops and enlarges like a muscle. It manifests itself on the outer surface of the skull, just as a powerful biceps shows through a man's sleeve. The larger the brain strength may be as obvious as so much brawn. The higher intellectual faculties are situated in the front of the head, the animal instincts in the back. A perfect head would show a beautiful balance of all.

READING THE FACE. It is the face, however, from which most people form their opinion of their neighbors. This study is as true a science as botany. The face is the index, the whole face, and every part of it. Many physiognomists, who have had a wide experience, recently attended the trial of Higgins, the young New Brunswick murderer, and made some interesting notes of his observations in the St. John Telegraph. He found the face of the murderer more "neatly intellectual than that of the informed Goodspeed, whom he considers "one of the most marvelous examples of criminal precocity." The countenances of both were crafty and cruel, but not more so than those of the friends of the young ruffian who crowded round the dock. "Never," he writes in the Telegraph, "have I encountered so many criminal types as I have seen in the face of St. John."

CRIMINAL CHARACTERISTICS. Criminals do not look alike any more than horses, and yet they differ only as a breed, and not as a species. There are a hundred facial characteristics which may be regarded with suspicion. The ears that fan far out and fan like from the side of the head belong to the degenerate. They were never meant to look forward, but to be used as a million years ago, whose ears were movable. The eyes that are set closely together present a sinister appearance; the mouth that curves downward is an omen of cruelty; flattened features are a result of avianism. The nose is a fat face and a round bald head. The large, loose mouth indicates indecision; the small mouth, vanity; the well marked angle of the ear of the cultivated man, the ear without a lobe

What shrank your woollens? Why did holes wear so soon? You used common soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

HARCOURT'S PLEA FOR KAFFIR.

British Liberal Leader Against Forced Black Labor

Demand by Mine-Owners—Question Likely to Be Raised by Opposition in Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—An eloquent and powerful letter from Sir William Harcourt raises a question which must soon engage the serious attention of parliament. Sir William protests in language which will command the assent of many who do not agree with him in politics, against the introduction of compulsory black labor in the Transvaal for the benefit of the mine-owners. He points out that the government of the late South African Republic, which was never accused of any tenderness of the native races, expressly refused the demand that Kaffirs should be forced to work in the mines. He quotes Lord Milner, who said that the administration "did nothing whatever to do with the control of the labor market, and, on the other hand, he cites the significant admission of Lionel Phillips, the leading magnate of the Rand, that he and his fellow-capitalists cannot afford to employ British miners at good wages. There is, of course, no danger that slavery as such will be recognized in any British colony. Mr. Chamberlain has strongly condemned the introduction of Chinamen, but was much less clear on the subject of exercising practical compulsion upon the Kaffirs by the mine-owners. By a curious and significant coincidence Sir Edward Grey, addressing his constituents on Wednesday night, followed exactly the same line as Sir William. Sir Edward, who belongs to the opposing wing of the liberal party, put the case with admirable clearness and precision. It was right, he said, that the Kaffirs should be taxed like other inhabitants of the colony in return for the legal protection which they enjoyed. It would be altogether wrong to allow the mine-owners to employ KAFFIR POWDER. Wanted—A case of Headache that KUMFORD Powder will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

OTTAWA

Binder Twine Men Want Higher Protection.

Want Free Rural Mail Delivery—Want a Railway Commission Established to Control Rates.

OTTAWA, Feb. 11.—Anderson Black, of the Richelieu Cordage Co., St. John's, P. Q.; P. R. Hall, Canadian Cordage Co., Peterboro; W. W. Conners, of the Montreal, waited on Hon. W. P. T. Flanagan, Hon. C. Sifton, Hon. Mr. Patterson and Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick today and asked for a protective duty on binder twine. The reason is on account of the United States factories being able to obtain Manila from the Philippines 3-8 of a cent per pound cheaper than Canadian. The ministers promised consideration.

The Farmers' Association delegation now in the city had an interview with Hon. W. P. T. Flanagan this afternoon in favor of free rural mail delivery. The postmaster general said he sympathized with the movement. The delegates of the farmers' association were generally to the premier and the members of the crown as being against the granting of assistance in any form whatever to the farmers. The delegates either to the Pacific extension of the Grand Trunk or any other railway. The association believes that sufficient has been done in this direction already by the dominion. The time has now come to call a halt. Public assistance was no longer necessary to this end. Further building was no longer speculation; it was an ordinary business enterprise. Manitoba last year produced fifty million bushels of wheat; the whole Northwest last year will produce one hundred million bushels. Something like 30,000 American settlers have gone into the Northwest the last year. Three times that number should, therefore, be a paying enterprise, and there is no justification for the granting of subsidies in any year past.

The following delegation arrived here today and interviewed the premier, Sir Richard Cartwright and Messrs. Flanagan, Blain and Patterson in favor of appointing a railway commission which would control railway rates both freight and express: L. E. Annis, J. Locke Wilson, Harry I. Smith, secretary of the Farmers' Association; Robert Munro, J. O. Thorne and J. R. Young, of the Canadian Manufacturing Association; J. McMillan, J. H. Hunting, H. W. Dawson and D. D. Wilson, of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association; H. P. W. Fisher, representing the Dominion Grange; Eben Blain and J. D. Allan, of the Board of Trade, and Alderman Dunn, of Toronto, representing the Dominion Live Stock Association.

ELECTION TACTICS. Big Batch of Provincial Appointments Just Gazetted.

Twesdie and Pugsley Know Their Men—Lafitole Out With Bridge Tenders Galore.

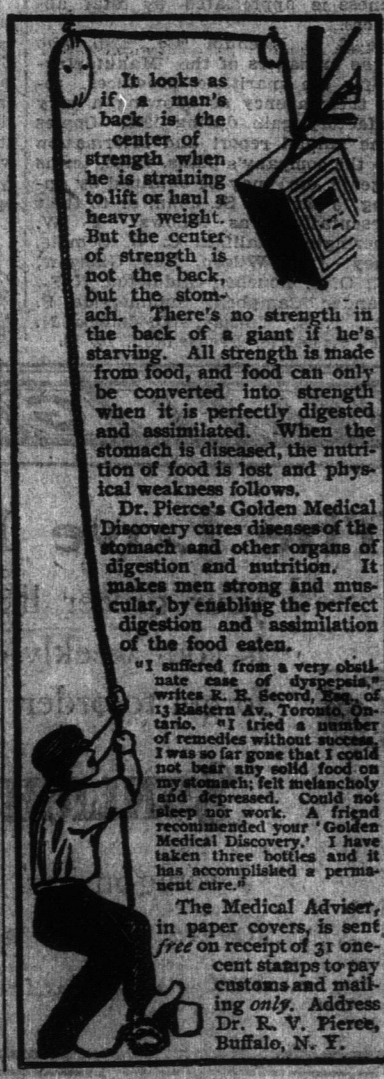
FREDERICTON, N. B., Feb. 11.—The following government appointments have been made: James Doyle, a member of the board of school trustees, resigns; Edward W. P. Flanagan, resigned; James McQueen, police magistrate of the newly incorporated town of Shediac; Edward R. McDonald, acting magistrate of Shediac; Daniel Jordan, returning officer for Shediac; George Hennessey, to be commissioner of the parish of Kingsport, Kings Co.; Charles D. Fairweather, resigned; Wm. D. Mull, of Kings; Everett Harold Carleton, of Kings; George H. Hennessey, of Kings; John I. Hennessey, of Kings; Wm. H. McKee and Geo. N. Kennedy, of Kings; Fred B. Hill of Charlotte, Jas. O. McMillan of York, and William T. Chandler of Kent, to be justices of the peace; James P. Kelly and George M. Taylor of Victoria, commissioners for taking affidavits to be read in the supreme court, and James P. Kelly, commissioner for taking special bail in the supreme court; William Murray, judge of probate for the parish of Kings; Chief Commissioner Lafitole has instructed the department of public works to build a bridge over the Fredericton river, the following mentioned bridges:

Craig's over Christopher Hook, Reservoir Co.; Lower Burpee, Millstream, parish of Shediac, Sunbury Co.; Upper Burpee, Millstream, Sunbury Co.; Sherwood, parish of Hammonds, Kings Co.; masonry and sub-structure and approaches for Ward's Creek bridge, Sussex; Arsenault bridge, Gloucester Co.; Meane bridge, Kings Co.; Monague, bridge, Carleton Co.; Polemonick, Gloucester Co.; Central parish bridge, Gloucester Co.; Oddy's mill, over Salmon Creek, Queens Co.; Bell, over Trout Brook, Kings Co.; unimproved approach to the Kings bridge, Sunbury Co.; Harvey, over Nass Creek, Westchester Co.; Reid's, over north branch Charles River, Westchester Co.; Loy's, parish of Kent, Carleton Co.; Foster, over Kings river, Carleton Co.; masonry and sub-structure, covered foot bridge, superstructure over S. W. Miramichi, Northumberland Co.; Porter, over Belton river, Carleton Co.; Shaw's, over Kings river, Northampton, Carleton Co.

LARGEST VESSEL IN THE WORLD. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11.—The new White Star line steamship Cedric, the largest vessel in the world, sailed today for New York via Queenstown. The Cedric is a gross tonnage of 23,000 tons. Capt. H. J. Macleod, R. N. R., formerly master of the White Star steamer Germania, is in command of her. It is expected that the Cedric will make the trip to New York in about eight days.

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND. If the salt cure, reliable regulator on which woman has depended for two generations, is by far the best dollar medicine known, Cook's Cotton Root Compound, three dollars per box. Ladies—ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other salt cure. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and recommended by all druggists in the Dominion. Call to any address in receipt of price and four 2-cent postage stamps. The Great Salt Cure, Windsor, Ont. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in St. John by all druggists.

VIGILANT NEST. BUILDING—ADJUSTABLE. The only nest in the world which positively prevents heat from escaping their eggs. No spines—Eggs are kept warm and safe from any lower section. Prevents loss, or, if necessary, can be adjusted to any degree. For particulars, write to L. P. BROWN & SONS, 115 St. John Street, St. John, N. B. Price 45c each. Shipped safely in crates of 12.



It looks as if the center of strength when he is standing is heavy or light. But the center of strength is not the back, but the stomach. It is the stomach that gives strength to the back of a giant if he is starving. All strength is made from food, and food can only be converted into strength when it is perfectly digested and assimilated. When the stomach is diseased, the nutrition of food is lost and physical weakness follows. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It makes men strong and muscular, by establishing the perfect digestion and assimilation of the food eaten. It is sold by a very cheap name of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, 1033 Western Ave., Toronto, Ont. I tried a number of pills so far as I could get, but they did not help me. I felt sick and my stomach was not working. I tried Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and it has accomplished a permanent cure. The Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 3 one-cent stamps to pay postage and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKEAM, Manager. NOTICE. When a subscriber wishes the address on the paper changed to another Post Office, the OLD ADDRESS should ALWAYS be sent with the new one.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 14, 1903.

ST. JOHN COUNTY. The nomination of Mr. Miles B. Agar by the opposition delegates from the western parishes completes the St. John county ticket. Mr. Agar is better known as a business man than as a politician. Beginning in a modest way he has made for himself a good position and an honorable reputation in the mercantile community. What he says on a matter as business or a question of politics will be believed by those who are acquainted with him. He has a good knowledge of public affairs, for he has always taken an intelligent interest in political questions. In federal politics Mr. Agar is and has been a conservative, and occasionally he has addressed public meetings, setting forth his views plainly, in good forcible English. There need be no question whether Mr. Agar will be a useful member of the legislature. He is one of the kind of men who are needed there, one able to present a case well, and not likely to have any personal schemes to promote, by the use of political influence. The interests of the county cannot suffer by the election of Mr. Anderson and Mr. Agar.

VICTORIA. The repeated announcements of the government press that the opposition would be able to form no ticket in Victoria because Mr. McCluskey was not in a position to accept a nomination did not require an answer when they were made. The answer was coming in due time, as if the answer to similar boasts in respect to other counties. It will be known throughout the province today, that if Mr. McCluskey could not make it convenient to be a candidate he would find time to assist in the selection of another, and to give him active support. The candidates in Victoria are T. J. Carter, barrister, and Mr. Charles Curless, proprietor of the Grand Falls Hotel. Mr. Carter came within fifty votes of election four years ago. He is a capital speaker, will be able to hold his own on the stump or in any assembly. Considering Mr. Curless, we can say nothing more to the point than the account given in the paper of Mr. McCluskey to Mr. Hesse.

QUEBEC. The county of Quebec was formerly considered a pretty safe Conservative government constituency. So late as 1886 no opposition was offered to the government candidates. There was also an election by acclamation in 1890, and in 1892 a government majority of some three hundred. But four years ago the condition had been changed that Mr. Harry Woods came within 126 votes of Mr. Harris and Mr. Hetherington was not far behind his colleague.

At Gasqueton yesterday Mr. Woods was again nominated. It was the general hope that he would see his way clear to resign the campaign, as he is admittedly one of the most popular and influential men in the county, and would be second to none in his efficiency as a representative. A Gasqueton county contest in which Mr. Woods is a candidate must be a serious campaign for the other party, no matter how strong that party may be. The colleague of Mr. Woods is Captain Camp of Cambridge, who is making his first venture in provincial politics on his own account, though he has always been an important factor in the

politics of his parish. Mr. Camp more particularly represents the agricultural interests, though he has a considerable acquaintance with the other activities of the river counties. It is thought that he will prove a strong candidate, not only in his own of the extensive county but throughout the whole constituency. This winter campaign, for which there was no possible excuse, since the election might as well have been held months ago, will make it difficult in a county like Queens for the candidates to meet all the electors. In such circumstances it is fortunate that the opposition has been able to secure two men who hardly need an introduction, and who have nothing to explain away, since nothing but good has been spoken of them.

Mr. Hetherington, who was the colleague of Mr. Woods in 1890, and to whom the opposition owes a heavy debt for his organization work, was, we believe, a strong advocate of the nomination of Mr. Camp, though his own name had been mentioned in connection with the nomination. There is fair reason to expect that Queens, after having been represented by supporters of the Blair, Mitchell, Emmerson, and Tweedie governments for some twenty years, will now send two supporters of Mr. Hazen's government. Such a change will not be a surprise, in view of the recent political history of the county. We rather think that Mr. Camp is himself largely responsible for some of the former government victories mentioned, since he was at one time a strong supporter of the government led by Mr. Blair. But Mr. Camp was never a supporter of the Tweedie government.

THE TWEEDIE MANIFESTO. Premier Tweedie has issued a manifesto. It covers eight columns of the Telegraph. The document does not appear to be very instructive, but we may gather from it a few items of information. In the first place it does not appear that the leader of the government has yet heard that the election is to be run on party lines. If he had heard he might have found room somewhere in these eight columns to mention the circumstance. The only mention of party that we can find is the paragraph which has also caught the attention of the Globe. Mr. Tweedie says: "I have sometimes felt that in the consideration of questions of provincial interest there is exhibited 'too much of a party spirit.'" Mr. Tweedie evidently adheres to the North Shore or no party policy. The St. John or straight liberal policy is left to be handled by that trusty member of the party, Dr. Pugsley, who is a liberal on that month whatever he may be in March.

As the Muskooska deal is supposed to be a matter which received the personal attention of Mr. Tweedie, his long apology for that scandalous transaction may be noticed. It is a column story and more, but that is not long enough to clear the matter up. The fact remains that the Campbell of Toronto were allowed to hold for some nine years, without operation, during nearly the whole time, a large block of timber lands, while the law required annual operation, and that having held the limits until other operators were ready to pay a high price for them, the investors said out at a profit of \$200,000. Mr. Tweedie says that the interests of the province did not demand the operation of these limits, and therefore the holders were not compelled to carry out their contract. He adds that the timber lands were all the time increasing in value "by reason of the timber being allowed to grow," and further explains that timber lands have often been offered in Restigouche without finding bidders, as there was no demand for them.

All this is vain palaver. If it was in the interests of the province that the timber should be left to grow why should not the province get the benefit of the growth? Why on earth should two Toronto capitalists sit in their office and gain twenty or thirty thousand dollars a year by holding, contrary to law, a block of New Brunswick crown lands? And what possible sense is there in the statement that there was no demand for the Restigouche limits when men here in St. John were ready to pay some \$200,000 for the Campbell limits? In all that Mr. Tweedie says he does not show why the \$200,000 deliberately handed over to the Toronto capitalists should not be now in the provincial treasury. Nor does the premier mention the fact that while by disregarding the law, the contract, and the word of his colleague, he turned \$200,000 of New Brunswick money into the hands of Toronto men who were already rich, he enforced the law strictly in another case, when relaxation would have brought money into the treasury and when severity closed down an important local industry. The money which Mr. Tweedie would have shown to have a large industrial establishment, he was ready to exhibit the benefit of outside capitalists. There is evidently an inside history to these two transactions. The provincial secretary, who cheerfully hands over a fifth of a million out of a public domain to a firm

whose business relations with himself are not yet fully understood, is eager to say that he is pressing for more money from Ottawa. With some assurance Mr. Tweedie says that "all the provinces have united with us in a demand for a readjustment of the 'subsidies.'" It is of course remembered that this identical demand, word for word and letter for letter, was prepared fifteen years ago at the instance of Mr. Mercer, that it then had the fierce opposition of Mr. Tweedie, that a short time ago the demand was renewed by the present premier of Quebec, and that the government of New Brunswick joined with the other six ministries, grip and tory, in carrying forward the Mercer resolution. It does not thus appear that Mr. Tweedie and his associates have figured extensively in the transaction. The result of the appeal will be the same whether Mr. Tweedie stands or falls, but if he falls, the additional subsidies will not be given away to capitalists from another province to reward them for breaking their own contract.

A GREAT MEETING. It is not often that such a political meeting is seen in St. John as that held at York Theatre last evening. In the first place it was a remarkably large political gathering. All the seats were occupied both down stairs and in the galleries, and many stood in the passages, while probably hundreds were turned away for want of room. There were a few ladies, probably not more than a dozen, and scarcely any boys. It is doubtful whether so large a number of St. John electors was ever before within the building at one time, and it has been many years since so many gathered anywhere to hear local speakers.

Something may also be said of the character of the audience. It was not what might be called a political assembly. The meeting probably contained a larger proportion of working men than was ever before seen at such a gathering. Nor was there ever within the walls a more attentive and serious audience. There was, of course, a certain campaign cheering on general principles, and more than a warm welcome for the candidates, and the opposition leader. That was expected of a meeting on what is undoubtedly the popular side in this campaign, but at the same time the arguments made and the facts stated were followed closely, and every point presented quickly caught.

If it is claimed by the government that a large proportion of the audience was liberal, that claim is just. Hundreds were there who do not attend conservative meetings, and who have not until now opposed the local government. They went to the local hall for some purpose. It was certainly not to interrupt or oppose. The entire absence of any word or sign of dissent or disapproval was a feat of the meeting. We have no right to assume that all came or that all went away intending to support the opposition candidates. But from no audience anywhere could the speakers of last night, expect or a better encouragement reception or a better hearing.

THE TWO DAMS. A despatch to the Sun of Tuesday told of Mr. Costigan's action at Ottawa against the proposed Allagash River dam in Maine. In the headline the Allagash dam was referred to as "William Pugsley's Scheme." This headline is incorrect. The smaller dam which is liable to divert the waters of the Allagash, a tributary of the St. John, is not Dr. Pugsley's scheme. It might be a serious injury to Mr. Pugsley's project if it should reduce the waters of the St. John river. Both Mr. Costigan and the attorney general are opposing the Chamberlain Lake or Allagash project. They have no share in it.

The project of which the attorney general is a promoter is no Allagash affair. It takes in the whole river, the main body, as the Telegraph would say. Dr. Pugsley and his associates, of whom Mr. Costigan is reported to be one, propose to dam the St. John at Fort Kent, below the source of supply of some of our largest mills. This is the scheme which has so alarmed the lumbermen. It was a matter of surprise when it was found that the chief law officer of the province, who should have been the first to take steps against this obstruction, was one of the first to take shares in it. That surprise will not be any less when it is known that Dr. Pugsley has been quite alert in taking action against the construction of the other dam. We have no desire to implicate Dr. Pugsley in any dam except his own. The present situation seems to be that

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA. Congressman Geo. H. White's Case. A Noted Sculptress Cured.



The world of medicine recognizes Grip as epidemic catarrh. Medical Talk. A GRIPPE is epidemic catarrh. It attacks no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to it. None are exempt—all are liable. Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip." Without intending to do so a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. (As if some hideous giant with awful Gnar had

Mrs. Celeste Covell writes from 219 N. avenue, Aurora, Ill.: "Only those who have suffered with the grippe and been cured can appreciate how grateful I feel that such a splendid medicine as Peru-na has been placed at the door of every suffering person." Mrs. C. Covell. Noted Sculptress Cured of Grip. Mrs. M. C. Cooper, of the Royal Academy of Arts, of London, England, now residing in Washington, D. C., is one of the greatest living sculptors and painters of the world. She says: "I take pleasure in recommending Peru-na for catarrh and la grippe. I have suffered for months, and after the use of one bottle of Peru-na I am entirely well." Mrs. M. C. Cooper. D. L. Wallace, a charter member of the International Barber's Union, writes from 15 Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.: "Following a severe attack of la grippe I seemed to be affected badly all over. 'One of my customers who was greatly helped by Peru-na advised me to try it, and I procured a bottle the same day. Now my head is clear, my nerves are steady, I enjoy food and rest well. Peru-na has been worth a dollar a dose to me.'" D. L. Wallace. Lieutenant Charles Hunt, of the Salt Lake City Barracks of the Salvation Army, writes from Ogden, Utah: "Two months ago I was suffering with so severe a cold that I could hardly speak. 'Our captain advised me to try Peru-na and I procured a bottle for me, and truly it worked wonders. Within two weeks I was entirely well.'" Charles Hunt. Congressman White's Letter. Tarboro, N. C. Gentlemen—I am more than satisfied with Peru-na and find it to be an excellent remedy for the grip and catarrh. I have used it in my family and they all join me in recommending it as an excellent remedy. Geo. H. White, Member of Congress. Mrs. T. W. Collins, Treasurer Independent Order of Good Templars, of Everett, Wash., writes: "After having a severe attack of la grippe I continued in a feeble condition even after the doctors called me cured. My blood seemed poisoned. Peru-na cured me." Mrs. T. W. Collins. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peru-na, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

MANUFACTURERS' LIFE INSURANCE CO. The annual report of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co. will be found elsewhere. It will be seen that there were magnificent increases over the business of 1901 in every part of the report. The policies issued in 1902 amounted to \$2,982,236, and exceeded the amount of 1901 by over \$1,000,000, and despite this the surplus was increased over \$100,000.

DEATH OF THOS. A. BECKWITH. Thomas A. Beckwith, a former resident of Oromocto, Sunbury Co., died at East Somerville, Mass., on the 11th inst. He was the eldest son of the late Hon. John A. Beckwith of Fredericton, and is survived by three half brothers, Harry, ex-mayor of Fredericton; Adolphus, for years chief engineer of the provincial public works, Fredericton; and Charles W., city clerk of Fredericton; also by one sister, Mrs. George Beady of Oromocto, and three half sisters, Mrs. Fanny Burnside of Fredericton; Mrs. Harry Leitch of England; and Mrs. J. D. James of St. John. Mr. Beckwith was married to Miss Charlotte Whitehead of St. John who with a family of three sons and three daughters, mourn his loss. For some years Mr. Beckwith had business in Oromocto, but later removed to Somerville, Mass., where he prospered in a business way to a high degree. He was a man of genial disposition, the type of the old school of gentlemen, and his death will be regretted by a large circle outside of the household.

DEATH OF N. S. CAPTAIN. HALIFAX, Feb. 12.—Captain J. P. Arsenault, one of the best known mariners of Nova Scotia, died suddenly tonight. For many years he was master of the steamer "St. Pierre" between Miramichi and St. John.

SUNLIGHT SOAP. The Love Letter your grocer likes to receive is your weekly order. Don't forget to order SUNLIGHT SOAP—octagon bar. It's good as lovers' kisses at the end of true love letters.

THE LOCAL

The opposition have gained two in Charlotte county. All persons who were willing to go from Sussex to the government convention at Hampton today were provided with free tickets over the N. E. One of the prospective candidates was handing out the tickets on the last day of the month in time to strike, to strike quickly, to strike strongly against further administration of our provincial affairs—Chatham Commercial. Mr. Tweedie is opposed by two new papers in his own town. The supporting list is edited by a government official. Hon. William Pugsley is advertising to address the electors of Albert county, on Tuesday the 17th inst. The government party there is sorely in need of help.

RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY. CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Feb. 11.—While Campbellton audiences are as a rule demurely reserved, the crowd which assembled tonight to hear Messrs. McLatchey and Lablouis was the most unenthusiastic audience here for many years. Mr. McLatchey opened with a lame and labored defence of the Muskooska deal. He called upon the liberals to oppose Mr. McLatchey because in the domain which he had courage enough to take part in the campaign. He asked for support, so that Mr. McLatchey might be able to save Restigouche from being a member in the house of commons. His next appeal to the people was to hold on to the present department, and he intimated that might be able to secure an inter-provincial bridge across the Restigouche here for many years. Mr. McLatchey with the past policy of the government, but must have regard to its policy for the present and future. Mr. Lablouis followed with a series of his usual pleasant little speeches with nothing in it. He called upon the conservatives to support him as he is a conservative stood by the government.

WESTMORLAND'S FOUR GOOD MEN. SACKVILLE, N. B., Feb. 11.—The opposition convention was held this afternoon and it was attended by three hundred delegates. All the parties were well represented. Mr. Black acted as chairman, and J. Boyd of Moncton as secretary. Brief addresses were given by W. Humphrey and G. M. Johnson, after which a nominating committee composed of three delegates from each parish and three from the city of Moncton, was appointed. After careful deliberation this committee reported the nomination of Messrs. Humphrey, McLachlan, E. B. Black and P. O. Mahoney. Short speeches were given by the candidates and much enthusiasm showed the candidates are going to put a stiff fight and are confident of success.

The opposition convention held yesterday was largely attended from every parish, about two hundred and fifty being present. Joseph L. Black of Sackville presided, Great enthusiasm prevailed and the reports from all sections indicate opposition gains are commensurate with the last contest. Among those present, a great number of influential men who supported the government in the last contest, including Mr. G. M. Johnson, ex-mayor of Sackville, and Mr. P. G. Mahoney, ex-mayor of Sackville. These gentlemen all have large interests in the lumber and mill factories, merchants and lumbermen and their election by a large majority is confidently expected. After the convention a statement was made for carrying on the work of the campaign which is entered upon with the greatest enthusiasm.

DEAL IN CHARLOTTE CO. The St. Andrew's Beacon publishes a resolution, signed by leading liberals and conservatives of Charlotte county, in which they agree that each party shall select two men and thus avoid a contest. Each side is to select the two names by the other in convention, and all pledged themselves to support the man if anybody opposes them. The names of Hon. George F. Hill, J. D. Chapman, W. F. Todd, George J. Clarke, F. M. Christie and James Colman, the men of both federal parties are signed to this agreement. Both parties held conventions today to select their candidates. There is nothing in the resolution to bid the candidates either to support or oppose the government. It is simply a plan to avoid an election contest. It is also a confession of weakness on the part of the government party, and gives the Telegraph's pet candidate, Black, eye. There is no division on federal lines in Charlotte. The government was evidently afraid to put a straight ticket. Where's the main body? The Beacon says: "Consideration for Hon. Mr. Hill, who was known to have been opposed to the calling of an election at this time, due influence to some extent the feelings of the party representative." Evidently Mr. Hill is getting back on his colleagues.

Reports of a cheerful character come from Albert, and a strong opposition ticket is in process of formation in Kent, among those mentioned as likely candidates being Dr. Keith of Harcourt, John Fadden of Hexton, Dr. Bourque of Richibucto, ex-Warden Leger of Cocagne, Richard O'Leary of Richibucto, and others. The Kent ticket will be announced possibly tomorrow. LABILOIS AND McLATCHY. (Special to the Sun.) CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Feb. 11.—The government's nominating convention met this afternoon under the chairmanship of William Murray, and selected Hon. C. H. Lablouis and H. P. McLatchey as candidates. There would have been more people at the convention if the roads were better, but the most striking fact was the absence of many representative business men.

RU-NA.

ase.
ovell writes from St. J.
who have suffered with
and cured can appreciate
that such a splendid
man has been placed as
suffering person.

THE LOCAL CAMPAIGN

The opposition have gained two seats in Charlotte county.
All persons who were willing to come from Sussex to the government convention at Hampton today were provided with free tickets over the I. C. R. One of the prospective candidates was handing out the tickets.

RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY.
CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Feb. 11.
While Campbellton audiences are not as a rule demonstrative, the large crowd which assembled to hear Messrs. McLatchey and Lablouis was the most unenthusiastic audience seen here for many years.

WESTMORELAND'S FOUR GOOD MEN.
SACKVILLE, N. B., Feb. 11.
The opposition convention was held here this afternoon and was attended by three hundred delegates. All the parties were well represented.

DEAL IN CHARLOTTE CO.
The St. Andrew's Beacon publishes a resolution adopted and signed by leading liberals and conservatives of Charlotte county, in which they agree that each party shall select two men and thus avoid a contest in that county.

LABILOUS AND McLATCHY.
(CSpecial to the Sun.)
CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Feb. 11.
The government nominating convention met this afternoon under the chairmanship of William Murray, and selected Hon. C. H. Lablouis and H. F. McLatchey as candidates.

who at former elections were found at the provincial government nominating convention. At this convention it appears that government officials took a leading part. The true weakness of the government in Restigouche was made manifest today by the issue of a printed appeal to the electors calling upon them to "fight to retain the office of Commissioner of Public Works in Restigouche."

IN KING'S COUNTY.
MECHANICS SETTLEMENT.
KING'S CO., Feb. 11.—A successful meeting in the interests of the opposition to the present local government was held here last night. The three candidates, F. M. Sprout, J. D. O'Connell and J. A. Moore, addressed the meeting.

RULERS OF THE WORLD.
Meat Eating Nations Are the Leaders in Every Branch of Human Achievement.
The ruling nations of the world are meat eaters and history records that they always have been.

DEAL IN CHARLOTTE CO.
The St. Andrew's Beacon publishes a resolution adopted and signed by leading liberals and conservatives of Charlotte county, in which they agree that each party shall select two men and thus avoid a contest in that county.

LABILOUS AND McLATCHY.
(CSpecial to the Sun.)
CAMPBELLTON, N. B., Feb. 11.
The government nominating convention met this afternoon under the chairmanship of William Murray, and selected Hon. C. H. Lablouis and H. F. McLatchey as candidates.



Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Resolene.
Established 1879.
Cures Whooping Cough, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup, Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever.

TO OBEY A COLD IN ONE DAY.
The Laxative Broom Tablets. All druggists return the money if it fails to cure in 24 hours. Price 25c.

Shopping By Mail.
Is so satisfactory nowadays that many people do all their shopping that way thereby saving the trouble and expense of a personal visit to town, where large stocks are shown.

On making our selections of goods for the coming season we have always kept in mind the needs of Mail Order Buyers, who expect and are prepared to pay for the very newest things to be had.

ROBERTSON, TRITES & CO.
Charlotte St., St. John.
Mention this paper.

LANTALUM SELECTED

By the Government Convention Last Wednesday in Berryman's Hall.
John L. Carleton Put up a Good Fight, but Purdy and the North End Were Not at His Back.

Wednesday's meeting of the government party at Berryman's Hall was not an extra strong demonstration. It began with the balloting by the ward delegates selected on Monday night. That business proceeded in one of the lower rooms of the hall.

TO OBEY A COLD IN ONE DAY.
The Laxative Broom Tablets. All druggists return the money if it fails to cure in 24 hours. Price 25c.

Shopping By Mail.
Is so satisfactory nowadays that many people do all their shopping that way thereby saving the trouble and expense of a personal visit to town, where large stocks are shown.

On making our selections of goods for the coming season we have always kept in mind the needs of Mail Order Buyers, who expect and are prepared to pay for the very newest things to be had.

ROBERTSON, TRITES & CO.
Charlotte St., St. John.
Mention this paper.

THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

16th ANNUAL REPORT.

At the annual Meeting, held in the offices of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, Toronto, on Thursday, the 5th day of February, 1903, the following report was presented—

The Directors take pleasure in reporting that the year's transactions have been in every way the most successful in the history of the Company. Applications were received for \$6,542,336, and Assurances issued thereon for \$6,052,536, being an increase of more than \$1,000,000 over any previous year.

The net Cash Income from new premiums was \$217,160.56, from renewal premiums \$887,655.16, and from interest \$186,074.11, making the total net premium income \$1,054,815.72, and the total cash receipts \$1,240,889.83. This is an increase over the previous year of \$177,249.25.

The payments to policy holders aggregated \$316,556.63, and after providing for working expenses and all other payments, the excess of income over the expenditure was \$600,063.12. The ratio of expenses to premium income shows a further decrease.

The Death Claims for the year were \$160,216, of which \$31,195 was in the Temperance Section, \$115,895 in the General Section, and \$13,207 in the Foreign. In each department the death losses were well under the expectation, and the total was \$44,646.00 less than in 1901.

The assets have increased \$639,851.94, and now amount to \$4,406,329.19. The small amount of interest due and outstanding, \$4,083.24, is sufficient evidence of the excellent quality of the investment. The policy reserves have been increased by \$549,756, and the surplus over all liabilities and capital stock on the Government standard of valuation was \$307,118.56, being an increase of \$103,107.00.

The Auditors have given careful attention to their regular monthly audits, and their report is appended to the financial statement.

GEO. W. ROSS, President. J. E. JUNKIN, Managing Director.

GENERAL STATEMENT

For the Year ending 31st December, 1902.

CASH ACCOUNT.
Income.
Net Premiums on New Policies... \$217,160.56
Net Renewal Premiums... 887,655.16

Expenditure.
Mutual Endowments and Investment Policies... \$25,649.30
Death Claims... 160,216.00

BALANCE SHEET.
Assets.
Municipal Debentures, Bonds and Stocks... \$2,456,329.89
Loans on Debentures, Bonds and Stocks... 267,806.00

Liabilities.
Policy Reserves (Government Standard)... \$3,753,593.07
All Other Liabilities... 45,313.63

NOTE:
For Security of Policy-holders the Company holds:
(a) Surplus as above... \$ 602,118.56
(b) Reserve as above... 3,753,593.00
(c) Uncalled Capital Stock... 1,200,000.00

The following Directors were elected for the coming year:
HON. GEO. W. ROSS, Toronto.
LEWIS COLE, H. M. PELLATT, Toronto.
LLOYD HARRIS, Esq., Toronto.
J. E. JUNKIN, Esq., Toronto.
R. R. WOOD, Esq., Toronto.
R. J. LENNOX, Esq., Toronto.
A. J. WILKES, Esq., K. C., Toronto.
JAMES MILLS, Esq., Quebec.
R. L. PATTERSON, Esq., Toronto.
HON. J. A. OULMET, Montreal.
R. B. McLENNAN, Esq., Cornwall.
WILLIAM STRACHAN, Esq., Montreal.
ROBERT ARCHER, Esq., Montreal.
HON. J. D. BOLLAND, Montreal.
HON. F. W. LARUE, Quebec.
D. D. MANN, Esq., Toronto.
LEWIS COL. JAMES MASON, Toronto.
ROBERT JUNKIN, Esq., Toronto.
S. G. HEATLY, Esq., Toronto.
E. F. PEARSON, Esq., Halifax.
A. F. BARNHILL, Esq., St. John.
N. B.
WM. MACKENZIE, Esq., Toronto.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

CHIPMAN, N. B., Feb. 9.—Since settling last Friday night, William McColman, his wife and one of the daughters have developed amplexes. Mrs. McColman is up about the house today, but the other two are no better. They are all at McColman's boarding house which is used as a pest house, though only about 25 feet from the Hanson boarding house. Angus Dalgle has been doing a police duty during the quarantine since last Saturday. The three women at the pest house are doing well. School and other public places of resort will not be opened up for at least two weeks.

James Barnes, M. P., left here last Friday, expecting to be gone for the rest of February. During these campaigns work in Kent. This morning the construction train started for work, but getting stuck in the snow returned to the town house. Halifax, last 24 hours a snow storm has been raging. About a foot of snow has fallen, but owing to the wind, can't be measured. It is now fine.

RICHMOND, N. B., Feb. 9.—It is rumored that Donahoe Richard, inspector of weights and measures, will be superannuated shortly, to be succeeded by F. K. LeBlanc, at present in the I. C. R. office at Moncton. The latter is a son-in-law of Hon. O. J. LeBlanc, M. P. for Kent.

Several heavy snow storms have occurred in the past few days and the snow is beginning to pile up. A. E. R. Logie shipped a carload of smelts this morning.

NORTHWEST, Northumberland Co., Feb. 8.—The storm of the evening began on Tuesday morning and continued until Thursday night. Friday was fair and bright, but quite a depth of snow had fallen. The roads are impassable here and there. The lumbermen will receive the snow as it has been too deep all winter for good work. Hundreds of men are out of the woods.

MEMPHIS, COOK, Feb. 10.—The semi-annual examination which has been conducted here for the last two weeks was brought to a close on Friday evening.

SHOULD WASH UP. LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Morgan, a member of the British industrial commission, which has recently returned from making an exhaustive inquiry into the industrial and business possibilities of South Africa, spoke tonight at the Royal Colonial Institute.

Baby's Own Soap. Specially adapted for children on account of its absolute purity. It is used by young and old alike and commends an immense sale. Don't trifle with imitations. ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL.

S. S. MANCHESTER CITY. Had a Tempestuous Voyage to Halifax—Struck by a Tidal Wave. HALIFAX, Feb. 11.—Steamer Manchester City arrived this morning from Liverpool, after a most tempestuous voyage. The steamer is in command of Capt. Martin Forrest.

THE PAIR ESTATE. The Wife's Relations Likely to Win Their Case. NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—A most important point, according to the American, Paris correspondent, has been scored for Mrs. Hannah Neson, of New Jersey, and the other claimants to the estate of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fair.

WEDDING AT FREDERICTON. FREDERICTON, Feb. 11.—St. Paul's Presbyterian Church was the scene of a pretty wedding this afternoon, when Miss Gertrude, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Whitehead, and Miss Hob. Justice and Mrs. Gregory, was united in marriage by Rev. W. Macdonald to Harry Stewart, eldest son of Donald Campbell, one of Fredericton's popular young men and manager of Nelson Campbell's shoe store.

A RUMOR. An interesting political rumor reaches us from Albert county. It is to the effect that Dr. Lewis Higgs, M. P., is likely to retire from political life at the close of the present parliamentary term, and that Hon. A. R. McLean, M. P., will probably be the liberal candidate in that constituency in the next election.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Most Sure Signature of Scott's Emulsion. Very small and so easy to take as sugar. FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION, PURE SICK HEADACHE.

ACADIA COLLEGE. (Messenger and Visitor). A meeting of the board of governors of Acadia College was held at Wolfville on the 4th inst. There were three sessions. The meeting was called for the special purpose of considering the report of the president, Dr. Trotter, who has some modifications to be made corresponding with John D. Rockefeller, chiefly through his secretary, Dr. Trotter in respect to an arrangement call he had received from the First Baptist church in Dayton, Ohio.

WINDSOR AUDIENCE. Judge and Mrs. Charles E. DeWolfe appear on the Platform. WINDSOR, N. S., Feb. 8.—The following is a synopsis of a lecture on The World of Spirits and the People of the Earth, delivered in the Opera House here by Judge and Mrs. Charles E. DeWolfe.

NEWFOUNDLAND. In the Grip of an Arctic Blizzard. ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Feb. 11.—Four more deaths, due to the recent blizzard, are reported today. The first train for six days reached the city this afternoon. Railway traffic is still delayed by heavy snow drifts.

FLOODS IN SCOTLAND. GLASGOW, Feb. 3.—The river Clyde burst its banks above Glasgow this morning and inundated the industrial district of Rutherglen, where a dozen extensive works were flooded to the depth of several feet. The main road was ten feet under water and many houses were rendered uninhabitable.

PILES. To relieve you of the Piles, Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain cure for each and every form of itching, hemorrhoids, and all other ailments of the rectum.

SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED. Cures Croup, Coughs, Colds. 50 YEARS IN USE. Price 25 cents a bottle. BAIRD & PETERS, St. John, N.S., SELLING AGENTS.

DEAFNESS. It Will Tell You The Way To Regain Perfect Hearing. BOOK FREE. A work that will bring relief to all deaf people is now being distributed absolutely free of charge. It contains new and valuable information in regard to the new cure of deafness. It was written by a specialist celebrated throughout North America for his cure of the afflicted. He wrote this book as a gift to humanity.

ST. JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. 4,992 Columns a Year. 8 Pages Twice a Week. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. If Paid in advance, 75 Cents. The Best Family Paper for old and young in the Maritime Provinces. RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS. FULL SHIPPING NEWS. TALMAGH'S SERMONS. STORIES BY EMINENT AUTHORS. THE TURF, THE FIELD AND THE FARM.

HANDSOME WATCH FREE. A Gold Watch or Gentle Watch. Don't Run Away. If you want a WATCH that will equal for size any Gold Watch, send us your name and address at once, and we will send you a handsome watch with a gold face and a gold case. It is a beautiful timepiece and a valuable possession. It is a watch that will last for years and years.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TOUGH J. An Angry Discussion With Deputation of Boers. The British Colonial Secretary Than Holds His Own—De Using His Tongue as Freely as His Sword. LONDON, Feb. 8.—South Africa again fulfilling her traditions as a land of perennial unrest. English placency has been considerably shaken by the speech of the chairman of exchequer last week, in which he warned British taxpayers not to expect much relief in the coming budget. The latter stages of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's progress through South Africa furnished abundant indications that government at Pretoria and Bloemfontein by English officials can be carried out only by continued large disbursements over period of time on which it is as impossible to meet the bill, as it is in Natal and Johannesburg where Chamberlain with leading men on spot had a satisfactory issue, and constructive honesty that the task was foreseen before he started. The Orange River Colony, where the war was fought and where a regnum more fixed than ever, hatred of Great Britain of which Chamberlain's special high commission to South Africa, wrote at the time the early unsuccessful peace negotiations.

USERS FORMULIN TO CURE CONSUMPTION. Philadelphia Doctor Tells of Apert Success With a Patient. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 8. H. F. Roller, an instructor in the local department of the University of Pennsylvania, has been using Formulin for the treatment of tuberculosis, and with the most successful results. He has treated many cases of acute pulmonary tuberculosis, and in all cases has secured a permanent cure. He has also treated many cases of chronic pulmonary tuberculosis, and in all cases has secured a permanent cure.

SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED. Cures Croup, Coughs, Colds. 50 YEARS IN USE. Price 25 cents a bottle. BAIRD & PETERS, St. John, N.S., SELLING AGENTS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TOUGH JOB

An Angry Discussion With a Deputation of Boers.

The British Colonial Secretary More Than Holds His Own - De Wet Using His Tongue as Freely as He Did His Sword.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—South Africa is again fulfilling her traditions as a land of perennial unrest. English complacency has been considerably shaken by the speech of the chancellor of the exchequer last week in which he warned British taxpayers not to expect much relief in the coming budget, and not to suppose that the expenditure of British public money on the conquered republic was nearly at an end.

The later stages of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's progress through South Africa furnished abundant indications that government at Pretoria and Bloemfontein by English crown officials can be carried out only by continued large disbursements over a period of time on which it is as yet impossible to set the limit. It was only in Natal and Johannesburg where the fluctuations with leading men on the spot had a satisfactory issue, and the comparative easiness of the task there was foreseen before he started. But over the vast tracts of the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony, where the war was fought, and where martial law was administered, there still reigns, more fixed than ever, that hatred of Great Britain of which Lord Milner, the special high commissioner to South Africa, wrote at the time of the early unsuccessful peace negotiations.

SITUATION CHAMBERLAIN HAS TO FACE

The utterances of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, reported from Bloemfontein yesterday, amount to a recognition of the fact that this is the situation which he has to face. After he heard grievances upon grievances, a demand for full redemption of military notes for commandeered property, full amnesty for all men who have borne arms against Great Britain during the war, the restoration of farms and the rebuilding of homesteads, he retorted angrily that if they had determined already to tear up the terms of the Vereeniging treaty on which the peace rested, other terms would be substituted which would be his, and would be harder to translate into practical execution. This would be an enormous undertaking. It would mean the maintenance of a large armed force for an indefinite time to control a hostile country, in addition to feeding nearly half the population on government rations, or employing them on public works.

It is evident that the synd of the Dutch Reformed Church, who are co-operating with the chiefs of the Atrikander Bond and were supported by the bulk of the burghers, have decided not to attempt to help the voluntary subsidizing of their country, except under representative institutions. Mr. Chamberlain sought every opportunity to have persons taking issue with the ministers of the Dutch Reformed church, who are all powerful among the agricultural Boers. He found them invariably prejudiced against the present government. They still refuse to accept the terms of the Vereeniging treaty, and the heads of which fought on the British side as national scouts in the later stages of the war.

At Friday's conference with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, Gen. Christian De Wet, calling his brother, Piet De Wet, who is an Anglophile, and who was a national scout, a sounder, and a man whose conscience can never be won over. Mr. Chamberlain repeated against this language, and Gen. Christian De Wet abruptly left the conference. He said he would not stop until he had caused a rebellion, not an armed one, but one of agitation and discontent against the government. The deputation rendered and returned to Secretary Chamberlain, which he refused to accept on the ground that it was insulting. Then members arose and detailed their grievances, demanding amnesty for all who took part in the war. Mr. Chamberlain, in reply, said the terms of the Vereeniging treaty had been carried out, and he would not be bound to do more. The expectation is that the deep resentment of the Boers against all whom the British government is befriending, financially, and otherwise, will become more outspoken, as Mr. Chamberlain traverses the strongholds of the Atrikander Bond in Cape Colony.

USES FORMALIN TO CURE CONSUMPTION.

Philadelphia Doctor Tells of Apparent Success With a Patient.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 8.—Dr. B. F. Roller, an instructor in the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, has been using the formalin injection treatment upon the wife of a prominent physician in Jenkintown.

In discussing the case tonight Dr. Roller said: "When I was called in to see the patient she had been given up to die by the attending physician. She was in the advanced stages of tuberculosis, and with the complication of acute puerperal septicemia, her condition seemed hopeless."

"She had been delirious for several days. Her fever had been 103.5, her pulse was almost too rapid to be counted and the marks of death had already settled on her face."

her pulse to ninety-six. She spoke sanely enough to us all. "At the end of eighteen hours her temperature was entirely normal, and her pulse remained between 100 and 110. The next three days the temperature and pulse rose, being worse between the hours of two and four in the morning. On the fourth day the operation was repeated, with the same result. At the end of two weeks, the patient suffered virtually no pain and no delirium. Her temperature and pulse were very much better than they had been."

Twenty-five days after the first operation, the woman is sitting up, and she tells me that she feels well. I scarcely dare to hope that in her case a complete cure can be effected, but I have every reason to believe that the formalin solution will cure tuberculosis before it has reached the last stage, and that it will prove of great relief even in the most extreme cases. "In my opinion the pus-micro-organisms in the lungs are responsible for most of the symptoms of consumption. Their toxins break down the cell tissues and form a favorable culture medium for the growth of the tubercle bacillus. They are responsible, also, for the high temperature in late consumption."

"Dr. Roller said that he was treating several tuberculous patients in the earlier stages of the disease with the formalin solution, but was not yet ready to make a report on the cases."

MANY CHILDREN OUT OF SCHOOL WITH COUGHS AND COLDS

And Parents Everywhere Are Proving the Wonderful Curative Powers of DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF Linseed and Turpentine.

When grown people neglect their ailments and allow them to develop into serious diseases, they have no one to blame but themselves. With children it is different, because they do not realize the seriousness of a neglected ailment or the means of obtaining relief, and many a child has grown older and made himself a victim of pneumonia, consumption, bronchitis, asthma or throat trouble, cannot but see that his parents were responsible for neglecting treatment when his ailment began in the form of a cold.

Today the schools have many a vacant seat on account of coughs and colds, and many children who are there should be at home. What treatment are these children getting? Do their parents realize the seriousness of neglecting to cure a cold? Have they proved the merits of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine as a cure for coughs and colds, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, and all kindred ills?

Very many have, for there is no preparation for throat and lung diseases that has anything like the sale of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. Be careful when you buy to see that the portrait and signature of Dr. Chase is on the wrapper. If you send the children to the store, warn them not to accept any imitation or substitution. Children like to take Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and there is no remedy so prompt and effective as this bottle, family, family, six, three times as much, 60 cents; at all dealers, of Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

TUBERCULOSIS FROM A COW.

Prof. Von Hansen Throws New Light on Prof. Koch's Theory.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—At a meeting of the Berlin Medical Society yesterday the question was again discussed as to whether bovine tuberculosis could be transferred to human beings. Prof. von Hansen showed the strength of Prof. Koch's theory from prolonged observations, and declared that tuberculosis certainly could be transferred through food, which contained tubercle bacilli of the intestines. This frequently heals itself, but sometimes spreads to other parts of the body. He added:

"In no case, however, does the infection cause ordinary tuberculosis of the lungs, which results in phthisis, and since the fact that bovine tuberculosis of the human intestines is never by itself fatal, Prof. Koch's assertion, to all practical intents and purposes, has turned out quite right. It would therefore be harmless to feed children with uncooked milk, but the milk which is commonly sold contains a number of other dangerous micro-organisms, which frequently lead to catarrh of the intestines."

DOES YOUR BABY CRY AT NIGHT?

If so, it is well to know the great value of Nelson's Neryline, a household remedy for stomach pains, the manifold ills peculiar to children, cramps, toothache, sick headache, and all other ailments of the young. It is a simple, pleasant, and never fails to quickly relieve. Neryline is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c a bottle. Get Neryline from your druggist today. Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake Pills for Headache.

RIVER DE CHUTE

RIVER DE CHUTE, Feb. 8.—About 14 inches of snow fell here last night and it is still snowing. Miss Celia Shaw of Avondale has taken charge of the school at this place. Miss Geo. McPhail has been quite sick for the last two weeks, and Dr. Brown is in attendance. Samuel Brown has taken charge of Dr. Fraser & Son's mill at this place and is getting all the lumber he can handle. The roads are in a terrible condition with not much prospect of them being any better for some time.

BOSTON LETTER.

Forty Deaths from Pneumonia in One Week.

A Former Sussex N. B. Divine, Making an Extended Trip Through Egypt and Palestine.

Recent Deaths of Former Provincialists - The Lumber and Fish Markets - Fetched in a Blizzard - General News.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—The epidemic of pneumonia, grip and kindred diseases which was so noticeable during the latter part of January continues unabated. The death rate from the first named malady, which is pronounced by many physicians to be more contagious and deadlier than consumption, is very high, as many as 35 or 40 deaths occurring in the city in a single week. Much of the general sickness is due to the weather, which has been very changeable and unseasonable. There has been no snow for some time, and the dust has had full sway before the high winds, creating anything but healthful conditions. Judges Layton and Harris in the Middlesex county superior court at East Cambridge on Saturday heard arguments of counsel for George W. Hughes, alias Edward Carter, who asked for a new trial on the charge of having murdered Patrolman Thomas Keefe of the Everett police, a year ago. Last fall Hughes was convicted in the second degree. John J. Walsh argued at length on alleged improper testimony and on the circumstances connected with Hughes' arrest as a suspicious person immediately before the shooting. The defence contended that the charge against the prisoner cannot be other than manslaughter. Policeman Keefe suspected that Hughes was a burglar and was about to take him to the station when a shot was fired which resulted in the officer's death. The counsel for Hughes also objected to testimony given at the trial by Thos. McDonald, an officer of the Dorchester penitentiary, Detective Power of the Boston police, and a witness in the case. The judge refused to grant a new trial, and the case was set for a full trial on the charge of manslaughter. The case was set for a full trial on the charge of manslaughter. The case was set for a full trial on the charge of manslaughter.



The finer the dinner is the greater is the need of good biscuits. Good oysters must not be marred by poor biscuits. Delicately flavored Biscuits must be eaten with good soup. The very best Confectionery Biscuits with dessert. Crisp, fresh ones, with cheese and coffee. And for all these courses no better are made than "Christie's."

Over 600 varieties. At all grocers. Christie's Biscuits

THE SOCIETY UPON THE STANISLAUS. By Bret Hart. I reside at Table Mountain, and my name is Stanislaus. I am not up to small deceit or any snafu game. And I'll tell in simple language what I know about the row. The broke up our society upon the Stanislaus. But first, I would remark that it is not a proper plan for any scientific gang to whale his fellow man. And if a member don't agree with his peculiar whim. To try for that same member for to 'put a head' on him. Now nothing could be finer or more beautiful to me than the last six months' proceedings of that same society. Till Bro. Brown of Calverton, brought a lot of 'toss' home. That he found within a tunnel near the station of Jones. Then Bro. Brown read a paper, and he reconstructed there from those same bones an animal that was extremely rare. And Jones then asked the Chair for a suspension of the rules. Till he could prove that those same bones were one of his lost miles. Bro. Brown he smiled a bitter smile, and said he was at fault. He was a most sarcastic man, this quiet Mr. Brown. And on several occasions he had called out Bro. Jones. Now I hold it is not decent for a scientific gang to whale another in an age-at least, to all intent. Nor should the individual who happens to be a member of the gang, be held out for a scapegoat. Then Aber Dean, of Angel's, raised a point of order—when Bro. Brown said that a chunk of old red sandstone took him in the abdomen. And he smiled a kind of sickly smile, and carried up on the floor. And the subsequent proceedings interested Bro. Brown. For, in less time than I write it, every member did engage in a war—'with the remnants of a paleontological society. And the way they heaved those fossils in their hands was a sight. Till the skull of an old mammoth caved the head of Thompson in. And this is all I have to say of this same society. For I live at Table Mountain, and my name is Stanislaus. And I've told in simple language what I know about the row. That broke up our society upon the Stanislaus. H. B. Hetherington of Cody's is at the vice table.

FREDERICTON EXHIBITION NEXT FALL.

The Fredericton exhibition, agricultural and industrial fair and stock show, open to the maritime provinces, will be held on September 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th, 1903, at Fredericton, N. B. The executive will spare no effort to make this the largest and most successful fair ever held at Fredericton. With this object in view, more land has been purchased for the purpose of enlarging the grounds and increasing the accommodation for live stock. Plans are being prepared for extensive additions to the present buildings, and an attractive permanent list, containing new features and generous prizes in all classes is being prepared and will shortly be issued. Negotiations are pending for novel special attractions, and all indications point to a great week.

Advertisement for Laxa-Cara Tablets. Features an illustration of a man carrying a large sack on his back. Text: 'YOUR MONEY BACK IF, AFTER A TRIAL, YOU FIND THAT LAXA-CARA TABLETS'. 'It is not so claimed, a cure for constipation, you can get your money back. That shows better than anything else the faith we have in this medicine.' 'It will promptly correct and permanently cure any case of constipation with all its attendant evils.' 'This is guaranteed to the very letter.' 'Purely a vegetable compound, put up in tablet form, small and easy to take, and pleasant in operation.' '35 cents a box at all druggists, or by mail on receipt of price.' 'FRANK WHEATON FOLLY VILLAGE, N. B. SOLE AGENT FOR CANADA'

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on city, town, county security, in amounts to suit, at low rates of interest. H. H. PICKERS, Broker, 50 Princess Street, St. John, N. B.

I. T. KIERSTEAD, CITY MARKET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Commission Merchant and general dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Orders made promptly.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Agents to buy Soap-Roll and take orders for salted butter, etc. For information write P. O. Box 125, St. John, N. B.

HOME WORK AT KNITTING given to honest industrious families in every district. Good wages. Ten dollar outfit required. Write for CATALOGUE and full particulars to W. J. OSBORNE, Principal, 100-102, St. John, N. B.

NOTICE.

The subscriber will up to 21st February, receive orders from previous deliveries of Christie's Biscuits, containing about 2000 pieces, and take orders for salted butter, etc. For information write P. O. Box 125, St. John, N. B.

After Christmas

A large number of young men and women of the Maritime Provinces are coming to FREDERICTON for BUSINESS COLLEGE and we are enlarging our already spacious and well equipped quarters to accommodate them. Hundreds of graduates of this institution are holding good positions throughout Canada and the Empire. Business College is as good as theirs. Send for catalogue. Address: W. J. OSBORNE, Principal, Fredericton, N. B.

\$3 a Day Sure

DR. BROWN'S Great Cure for BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. The only medicine that cures the above ailments. It is a simple, pleasant, and never fails to quickly relieve. It is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c a bottle. Get it from your druggist today.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, Sept. 21, 1902, says: "If I were asked which single medicine should prefer to well known remedies, I should be likely to recommend Chlorodyne to the greatest number of ailments. It is a simple, pleasant, and never fails to quickly relieve. It is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c a bottle. Get it from your druggist today."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera. CAUTION.—Genuine Chlorodyne bears the name of J. COLLIS BROWNE, and is sold by all chemists and druggists. Beware of cheap imitations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE

Solely by J. T. DAVENPORT, LTD., 114, St. John, N. B.

J. T. DAVENPORT, LTD., LONDON

NOTICE.

The canvassers and collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The Manager hopes that all subscribers in arrears will pay when called on.

Edgar Canning is in ALBERT COUNTY.

F. S. Chapman in Kings County N. B.

J. E. Austin in the Counties of Queens and Sunbury, N. B.

SCHOONER LOST SAIL.

Sch. W. R. Huntley, Capt. Wasson, which left Passmore some days since for Boothbay with a cargo of coal, is at St. John. While off the Wolves on Monday morning, in a dense snow storm, her foremast was blown to pieces. She headed for St. John and reached the Beacon city in the afternoon. Yesterday morning she came up to Walker's wharf. She will have to repair her sail before proceeding.

Advertisement for Dr. Chamberlain's Coughs, Colds, Years in Use. Features an illustration of a bottle of Chamberlain's Coughs, Colds, Years in Use. Text: 'CHAMBERLAIN'S Coughs, Colds, Years in Use. It is a simple, pleasant, and never fails to quickly relieve. It is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c a bottle. Get it from your druggist today.'

