Huron Signal.

DIEU ET MON DROIT

"The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

VOL. XXVI. NO. 27. GODERICH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1873. WHOLE NO. 1379.

The Huron Signal,

(ESTABLISHED 1848,)

One of the Largest Papers published in Canada, is printed and published at Goderich, Ontario, every WEDNESDAY MORNING, at the Office, Montreal Street, adjoining the Market Square, by

J. J. BELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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G. C. Shannon M.D. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c., Goderich, Ont. 1340-ly

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Dr. Cassady, C. M. McGill College, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., Office, Hamilton Street, Goderich, Ontario. sw102

Ira Lewis BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, AND Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Ont. Office in Court House.

Cameron & Garrow. BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Office, Market Square, Goderich. M. C. CAMERON w52 J. T. GARROW.

B. L. DOYLE, BARRISTER, AND ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR-in-Chancery, &c., Goderich, Ont. 1357

ELLIOTT & WATSON ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS, IN Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. Crabb's Block, Goderich. MONEY TO LEND. 1373

Sinclair & Seager BARRISTERS, &c., Goderich. J. S. SINCLAIR CHAS. SEAGER, Jr Goderich, Dec. 1st, 1871. ly.

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P. F. WALKER. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND SOLICITOR-IN Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c. Office, over Mr. C. E. Archibald's Store, Goderich, Ont. 1376-6m

G. CAMPAIGNE LAW CHANCERY AND CONVEYANCING. Office at Doxie Waters's, Official Assignee. sw7-tf Goderich, Ont.

Malcomson & Keating. BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, &c. &c., Clinton, Ont. MONEY TO LEND. w35

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A. M. CAMPBELL Veterinary Surgeon, FORMERLY of Cornell University, Ithaca, New York and Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. RESIDENCE, VARNA. Will visit Bayfield every Saturday. 1313 3m.*

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PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS EXPEDITIOUSLY & PROPERLY Secured in Canada, the United States and Europe. PATENT guaranteed or no charge. Send for printed instructions. Agency in operation ten years. HENRY GRIST, Ottawa, Canada, Mechanical Engineer, Solicitor of Patents and Draughtsman, Feb. 11th 1871. w-ly—

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Meetings.

GODERICH LODGE NO. 33 G. R. C., A. F. A. M. THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION is held on the first Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited. W. DICKSON, Sec. Goderich, 4th May, 1871. sw73-1y

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$25,000 TO Loan on FARM or TOWN property at 7 per cent. Apply to G. CAMPAIGNE, Solicitor, &c., Oct. 30th, 1871 41tf Goderich.

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST. FREEHOLD Permanent Building and Savings Society of Toronto. For particulars apply to A. M. ROSS, Agent at Goderich. Secretary and Treasurer, CHAS. ROBERTON, Toronto. 1343.

MONEY TO LEND. INTEREST LOW.—TERMS OF REPAYMENT EASY. THE CITY OF TORONTO PERMANENT BUILDING AND SAVINGS SOCIETY Advances money at reduced rates for from 2 to 20 years. Loans repayable in instalments to suit the borrower. Full information given on application. R. H. KIRKPATRICK, Agent at Goderich. 1378

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Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company. HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO, ONT. CAPITAL AUTHORIZED BY CHARTER..... $100,000 With liberty to increase to half a million. *Amount called in, 25 per cent.—all paid up.* INVESTMENTS LIMITED BY CHARTER TO MORTGAGES AND DEBENTURES. BOARD OF DIRECTORS: *President*: The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M. P., Q. C., &c. &c. Toronto. *Vice President*: Lewis Moffat, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. Judge of the County of York. W. H. Beaumont, Esq., M. D., M. P., Prescott. Arch. Cameron, Esq., Cashier Merchants Bank, Toronto. Wm. J. Macdonell, Esq., Manager Toronto Savings Bank, Toronto. Angus Morrison, Esq., M. P. *Secretary and Treasurer*: Arthur Harvey, Esq. Applications for Insurance in this first class Company received by J. J. BELL Agent at Goderich. 1342

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY. HEAD OFFICE TORONTO. CAPITAL STOCK.....$400,000 SURPLUS FUNDS.....208,369.60 RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th 1871, 357,858.26 HON. J. McMURRICH President. B. HALDAN Managing Director. FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE AT Lowest Current Rates. SPECIAL LOW TARIFF OF RATES, COVERING Insurance for one or three years on detached Dwellings; Churches and Schools with contents, in Cities, Towns and Country places. These rates and terms of policy particularly favorable to the Farming Community. First Class man wanted for a travelling Agency for the townships outlying this Town. Apply in writing with references to the undersigned for transmission to the Head Office. D. WATSON. Local Agent. Goderich 12th Sept. 1871 6

PIMPLES. I WILL send (free) recipe for my VEGETABLE BALM, removing PIMPLES, BLACK WORMS, BLOTCHES, FRECKLES, MOTHS, TAN and all DISFIGURES OF THE SKIN, leaving it clean and with a healthy glow. Also sure process for fine growth of HAIR on bald heads or smooth faces. THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 197 Broadway, New York. P.O. Box 5,128. 1371-3m

Hotels.

WRIGHT'S HOTEL, GODERICH, ONT. SITUATED ON THE HIGH BLUFF overlooking the Harbor, Lake and River. This house after being thoroughly renovated and furnished is now open for the summer season for the reception of guests. Parties going to Lake Superior by the *Manitoba* will find this house very convenient. Large families requiring rooms should engage previously either by mail or telegraph. J. J. WRIGHT, Proprietor. Goderich, 20th May, 1873. 1370

BRITISH EXCHANGE HOTEL, MARKET SQUARE GODERICH. CAPT. W. COX, - PROPRIETOR LATE OF THE HURON HOTEL. A continuance of the favor and support of the Commercial and Travelling public that was accorded before the fire, respectfully solicited. 1334

ANCHOR LINE. Steamers Sail Every Wednesday and Saturday. TO AND FROM NEW YORK AND GLASgow, Calling at Londonderry (Island Mail) and Passengers. £2 Sterling is booked and forwarded to and from all Railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, France, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America, as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply, as by any other Route. THE NEW DEPARTURES. From Quebec.—From New York. Sat., Sept. 20th...IOWA...Mon., Oct. 16th. Sat., Sept. 27th...CALEDONIA...Sat., Oct. 21st. Sat., Oct. 4th...ANGLIA...Sat., Oct. 28th. Sat., Oct. 11th...COLUMBIA...Sat., Nov. 4th. And every Wednesday and Saturday thereafter from Pier 20, North River, at noon. Rate of Passage PAYABLE IN CURRENCY. To Londonderry, or Glasgow or Derry. First Cabin, $65 and $75, according to location. Cabin Excursion Tickets (good for 12 months) $130. Intermediate, $35. Steerage, $28. Certificates LOWEST RATES. Drafts for sale by the undersigned, payable on demand at any place in Great Britain and Ireland. Prepaid Certificates from Liverpool, $20. Apply at the Company's Offices or to MISS WARNOCK, West St., Goderich, Ont. Goderich Oct. 24 1871.

THE STEAMER "BENTON" G. W. McGREGOR, MASTER, Will leave Goderich for SAGINAW and intermediate ports EVERY SUNDAY MORNING; And for SARNIA, PORT HURON, DETROIT and CLEVELAND EVERY WEDNESDAY. For Freight or Passage, Apply to WM. LEE. Goderich, 10th June, 1873. 1374

GODERICH AND NORTH SHORE LINE. In connection with the Grand Trunk Railway. Shortest, Cheapest, and most direct route. THE NEW STEAMER WM. SEYMOUR, EDWARD MARLTON, MASTER, will ply in connection with the G. T. Railway as follows: Leave Goderich on arrival of Express Train from the East, weather permitting, for Kincardine and Inverhuron at 3 p. m., every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. Returning: Leave Inverhuron at 6 a. m., and Kincardine at 8 a. m., every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Leave Goderich for Southampton and Port Elgin every Thursday, 3 p. m. Returning, leave Southampton 4 a. m., and Port Elgin, 4.30 a. m. every Friday. Arriving in Goderich each day as above, to connect with the train going East. SARNIA & PORT HURON. The above named steamer leaves Southampton for Sarnia and Port Huron at 4.00 a. m., Port Elgin, 4.30 a. m., Inverhuron, 6.00 a. m., Kincardine, 8.00 a. m., Goderich, 2.00 p. m., every Friday, weather permitting. Connecting with River Boats for Detroit and G. T. Railway Propellors from Sarnia to Chicago, Milwaukie, &c. Returning: Leaves Sarnia every Saturday at 8 o'clock, a. m., weather permitting. For further information, apply to Byron Wilson, Purser, on the Boat, or to Thos Lee, Southampton; J. Eastwood, Port Elgin; P. McIlao, Inverhuron; R. Robertson, Kincardine; W. B. Clark, Sarnia; A. N. Moffat, Port Huron. J. V. DETLOR & SON, General Agents, Goderich.

GODERICH AGENCY OF THE Trust and Loan Company of CANADA. *Incorporated by Royal Charter.* CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING. Funds for Investment. LOANS made on the Security of approved Farm or City or Town Property for periods of Five years or to suit the convenience of Borrowers, and either repayable at expiry of time or by annual instalments. Payments in reduction of Loans will be accepted at any time on favorable terms. Approved Mortgages purchased. G. M. TRUEMAN, Agent. 1317 Next Squares, Goderich

IMPORTANT NOTICE. F. R. MANN, House Sign & Carriage Painter DESIRES TO ACQUAINT THE PUBLIC THAT he has fitted up a shop on North street next to the Wesleyan Methodist Church, with vitreoln room attached where he is prepared to fill all orders promptly, and at reasonable prices. Thankful for the patronage of the last 7 years solicits a continuance of the same. Now is the time to Paint your Cutters Sleighs, and Carriages. Orders from country Carriage shops attended to with dispatch. Painting, Gilding, Graining, Glazing, Paper hanging, &c., &c. F. R. MANN. Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870 sw1

Poetry.

Harsh Words Hastily Spoken.

If I had known in the morning
How wearily all the day
The words unkind would trouble my mind
That I said when you went away,
I had been more careful, darling,
Nor given you needless pain;
But we vex our own with look and tone
We might never take back again.

For though in the quiet evening
You may give me the kiss of peace,
Yet it well might be that never for me
The pain of the heart should cease!
How many go forth at morning
Who never come home at night!
And hearts have broken for harsh words spoken,
That sorrow can ne'er set right.

We have careful thought for the strangers,
And smiles for the sometime guest;
But oft for our own the bitter tone,
Though we love our own the best.
Ah! lips with the cure impatient,
Ah! brow with the shade of scorn,
'Twere a cruel fate, were the night too late
To undo the work of the morn.

"Olive Varcoe."

:o:

A yellow shade passed over the dried countenance of Mr. Heriot.

'You take it coolly, Sir Hilton,' said he, 'is it your pleasure to gratify the hate of this venomous magistrate, by giving him a victim to tear to pieces?'

Mr. Heriot was not easily indignant now, since he was no longer paid for it; nevertheless, there was a touch of indignation at this moment in the tones of his clear voice. Sir Hilton heard him with some surprise. He had expected the world's condemnation for screening Olive; but to be rebuked for abandoning her, startled him.

'I do not forsake her,' he cried; 'it is she who forsakes me. She will not let me save her. I have kept a boat off this coast for three days in vain.'

The tone of pique in which he spoke surprised Mr. Heriot in his turn.

'I would advise you to go and try her again,' he remarked, drily. 'Does your boat still wait?'

'Yes,' replied Sir Hilton. 'Can you stay here till I return? I will go at once. I will but speak a moment to my brother first. The agitation of the last few days has laid him on a sick bed.'

'Then why bother him?' asked Mr. Heriot.

'Oh, his head is clear, and he will advise me how to persuade Olive,' replied Sir Hilton. 'He has a very patient, calm nature; a nature for which she has a wonderful respect, being herself passionate; a word from him will influence her more than any entreaty of mine.'

'Then it is a pity he can't go instead of you,' observed Mr. Heriot.

The old dame's tone was more caustic than ever, but Sir Hilton did not stay to reply to him. He took the key of the low-arched door from the drawer of the table, and in a moment his step might be heard ascending the spiral stairs.

As Sir Hilton approached his brother's bed, and looked down upon his pale, weary face, he read in every haggard line how great the love was which could cause such suffering. It was not without a pang of remorse and shame that he marked the change in features once so calm and placid. The calmness was gone; the eyes were wild and woe-worn; the cheeks flushed, the lips dry; the whole body restless, as though swaying to and fro in some great agony.

'John, I have something to tell you; can you bear to hear it?' asked Sir Hilton, in his kindest voice.

'I can bear anything. There is nothing can happen to me worse than is come already,' said John, closing his eyes wearily.

Then, in a few words, Sir Hilton told of Mr. Heriot's visit, and of Sir Anthony's resolve to arrest Olive; he related also his own plan for her escape; and lastly, he asked how he should induce her to listen to him.

'Try every argument you have in store,' replied his brother; 'and, lastly, if they fail, tell her that, if she will not let you save her, I must and will.'

'Is that all?' asked Sir Hilton, in a disappointed tone. 'If she does not listen to me, will she heed you, John?'

The sick man sighed heavily, and turned upon his side, hiding his face from his brother.

'Then I will write to her, if you like,' he said. 'Give me my desk.'

He wrote a few words with a nervous hand, his face flushed painfully with the effort; and when he threw down the pen, he fell back on his pillow, with eyes unnaturally fixed and haggard.

'My dear John, I fear you are worse than you think yourself,' said Sir Hilton. 'Let me send Dr. Burton to you.'

'No—the sight of medicine and doctors is hateful to me,' replied John. 'Seal that letter, Hilton, and promise me you will not give it her save as a last resource. I have written feverishly, so do not frighten Olive with my hot words, unless her obstinacy renders it necessary. Bring the letter back to me, if you spare her the pain of reading it. Give me your word for that, Hilton, before you go.'

His rapid utterance, his feverish aspect, impressed his brother painfully. He gave the required word, and was quitting the room when John called him back.

'There is brandy in that flask,' said he. 'Give me some, Hilton, before you leave me.'

'My dear fellow, you must not have brandy!' exclaimed Sir Hilton.

'Then I shall take something worse, Hilton,' said John—'I shall try opium. I must sleep, or I shall go mad!'

'And will brandy make you sleep?' demanded Sir Hilton.

'Lately it has, when nothing else would,' replied John. 'If it gave me sleep, I would take it, if it were poison.'

Sir Hilton poured out the brandy and held it to his lips.

'Did the girl Tamson give you Mrs. Maristowe's message?' he asked.

At the question John fell back on the pillow ghastly white.

'You have murdered my sleep now,' he said. 'The name of Maristowe is written on my brain. Hilton, is it true you saw Eleanor on the cliff that day? She should haunt me—not you! I loved her best. Yes, Olive's wrath is in the coffin. Poor Olive!' I dared not strew a flower on her bosom. She said she hated me. Why are you lingering here?' he added, passionately; 'there is scarcely time to get Olive safely away. She will comfort you when I am gone, Hilton. I do not think I shall trouble you long.'

He covered his face as if to sleep, and Sir Hilton, on his way out, stopped to speak to Lady Trewavas, and say that John's head was a little touched by fever and grief.

There was a small parlor in the Trewavas Arms, with a sanded floor, whitewashed walls, and honeysuckle covered casement. One large trunk, containing all Olive's wardrobe, rested in a corner, and she herself sat by the window, with eyes fixed anxiously on the quiet street, upon which the moonlight shone fitfully. Suddenly she started, and a deep, bright color flushed up over her face and neck. In another moment the door opened, and Sir Hilton Trewavas entered. She rose to receive him, and pointed to a chair silently. There was no greeting between them, beyond a slight bend of the head.

'Olive,' said Sir Hilton, in a low, passionate voice, 'I am come once more to entreat you to accept my aid.'

'I cannot renew that subject,' replied Olive. 'I have refused once and for ever.'

'You think, perhaps,' continued Sir Hilton, 'that the verdict of the coroner is final, and you are no longer in any danger? In that case you could afford to flout at my help; but you are mistaken: it is not so. You are liable, at any time, to be charged with the crime committed three days ago——'

'And what if I am?' interrupted Olive, fiercely. 'Do not fear that I shall call upon a Trewavas to own or to defend me.'

'You misunderstand me, Olive,' said Sir Hilton. 'You would be past helping then. If it comes to that, things must take their course, and the consequences to you would be more terrible than I dare to think of.'

Olive smiled in sorrowful scorn at his words.

'Are all the Trewavases cowards?' she said, bitterly.

'If I have shrunk, it has been for your sake, Miss Varcoe,' replied Sir Hilton. 'I cannot forget that you are my cousin, and that you were brought up at Trewavas.'

'Always for yourself and for the Trewavas name,' murmured Olive. 'You can deny that I am a cousin,' she said, aloud; 'and you could comfort yourself for remembering that I have quitted Trewavas for ever.'

'I am not come to you in a bitter spirit like yours,' said he. 'I am come to save you from shame, disgrace, and perhaps death. You will be arrested to-morrow, and taken to prison. Olive, will you let me save you to-night?'

'No,' she replied, resolutely. 'I am under too many obligations to the Trewavases already. They have overwhelmed me with benefits; I cannot accept any more of them.'

'Olive,' said he, 'at such a time these sneers are childish, and cruel both to yourself and me—'

'I am not sneering,' interrupted Olive; 'I speak in bitter earnestness. I have been clothed, and fed, and sheltered beneath the Trewavas roof for ten years; the best return I can make them now for this kindness is to refuse to let them meddle with my miserable fortunes. Let my fate and theirs henceforth be separate, let our names never be spoken by the same lips.'

'But this cannot be!' exclaimed Sir Hilton. 'You have lived with us so long; our connection is too well known. The disgrace of your crime and your punishment must fall on us also. How can we be other than linked together for over?'

Olive turned very pale, and her large eyes flashed on him a strange look.

'To spare the Trewavas pride a pang, I would do much,' she replied. 'But can it be hurt because a miserable Varcoe suffered too much?'

'Olive, it is for your own sake I ask,' cried Sir Hilton, passionately, 'and not for the family pride you scorn so much. Will you not take you away to-night?'

'Once more, no!' cried Olive. 'I would not go a step with you from this door, even to save myself from the scaffold.'

'Then it is from hate to me you refuse!' said Sir Hilton, and his color rose high in his face.

Standing by the chimney-piece, clinging to the mantel ledge for support, Olive turned her eyes full on him, and said dreamily, 'No, not for hate, though you merit hate from me. You made me love you when a child; and when I was a woman, you forced me to stand by and see you give your love to another—to one who had all the gifts that you most valued—the gifts that I could never hope to win. For such a prize as Eleanor Maristowe, you were right to fling me by as you would a reed. And because your love for me had been implied, not spoken, I had not even the right to complain.'

'Was I not wronged?' he said, bitterly. 'You or Eleanor? She lies dead in her mother's house, therefore I have let that woman heap contumely on my head; but I will not bear it from you. I will not let you utter Eleanor's name in my ears. How can you,' he added, as his voice broke down huskily, 'how can you dare to do it?'

'Are you my judge?' asked Olive, clasping her hands together. 'Have you pronounced me guilty, and condemned me unheard? A rare judge you make, Sir Hilton Trewavas! And, as to darting, I dare do more than you can dream of.'

'I believe you,' replied Sir Hilton, mournfully. 'You have proved that.'

'You insult me,' cried Olive, turning on him with sudden indignation. 'Leave me! I will bear this no longer!'

'I will not leave you,' he said. 'I must and will save you from a prison and a shameful death. You shall let me do this. You owe it to me. For you I have trampled on my honor; for you I wink at crime, and forfeit the world's respect. Will you let me do this in vain?'

'Not for me have you done this, Sir Hilton,' she replied, in a sad voice. 'But if I let you save me, what will the world say then?'

'It will say either that I connived at your escape, or effected it,' said Sir Hilton; 'and my best friend of yesterday will cut me to-morrow. It will say more; it will perhaps declare that I was secretly your accomplice.'

'And are you willing to suffer this,' said Olive in a softened voice. 'Can you bear this load of contumely for the sake of my safety?'

'Yes,' replied Sir Hilton, steadily. 'This pain will be a feather's weight compared to what I should suffer if you were brought to trial.'

'I believe you,' she responded. Her voice was very low, and she broke into weeping suddenly. Then she fell upon her knees, and held her clasped hands towards him. 'Hilton, if you can still give me your love you shall save me. I will yield myself to your guidance to hide where you will, till the shadow be overpast. And I will be content, for your love's sake, to let you suffer the world's contumely, the world's cruel scorn. But only for love—nothing else. Hilton, can you give it?'

Her voice rang out in agony, yet Sir Hilton remained dumb before it; and her clasped hands, resting on his knee, were left there untouched. Then he rose and stood beside them.

'No, Olive; you ask too much. The thought of love for you now makes me shudder. I will save you for pity's sake, and for the memory of my boyish affection—nothing more.'

The whiteness of Olive's face grew to the hue of death, and her quivering lips, standing apart, gave her a ghastly look.

'I am answered,' she said, in a whisper; as her arms fell down by her side, and her head drooped nearly to the ground. 'Sir Hilton Trewavas, I will never ask you for your love again.'

For a moment there was a breathless silence between these two; then it was broken by Olive's sobs. She sprang to her feet, brushing her tears away, though they fell faster than her hand could wipe them; and, standing thus with streaming eyes before him, she said in a low voice, a swift flush covering her face—'Hilton, we shall never meet again. Take me in your arms, and kiss me before I go. I shall remember that kiss in prison, in sorrow, in exile, in death. It will comfort me when my burden seems heavier than I can bear, and perchance I lie fainting beneath it. Hilton, you will not refuse me so slight a thing as a caress? A touch of hand, then!—a kind word? What! not even that? Then God's will be done. My heart is breaking!'

The stony look on Sir Hilton's brow relaxed as he saw her break down utterly, as he saw her cover her face with her hand's and turn away hopelessly, like one humbled to the dust.

'Olive,' he said, coldly, 'I should despise myself if I weakly yielded to your prayer. My lips can never touch yours again, either in love or in kindness. I have said, compassion is all I can give you now. But for pity I would not stand by your side a minute. What! will you ask for love, for caresses, for tenderness from me? Is it not enough that I criminally shield you from justice, I, who am bound by every tie of honor to punish the murderer of my affianced wife! Olive, you ask too much when you desire even a touch of my hand.'

Her face flashed upon his as he spoke, not humble, not sorrowful, but flushed, proud, and indignant.

'Do not fear that I shall ask it again,' she said. 'Sooner would I do anything more to say to me, Sir Hilton!'

'I have to explain to you my plan for your safety—'

'Your plan!' she cried, breaking in upon his speech passionately, her eyes blazing as in the days when no sorrow had touched them. 'I will not hear it! I will not owe my safety to your compassion; I scorn it! You have refused me even a kind word. Shall I take anything from your hands now? No! a thousand times no!' Sir Hilton Trewavas, Olive Varcoe will never live to be saved contemptuously by your pity.'

She was in earnest, bitter earnest, and he saw it. Still he importuned, he prayed, beating his words passionately against her fiery pride as against a wall; but they fell back useless upon his own heart, chilling it into despair.

'Then John must save you,' he cried at last.

'John!' exclaimed Olive. 'No, no, you are dreaming, Sir Hilton. John cannot save me.'

'He will rise from his sick bed, and die to save you, obstinate, ungrateful as you are,' returned Sir Hilton. 'He said, "Tell Olive if she will not let you save her, I must." Here is his letter; read it, and accept his help, since you refuse mine.'

Olive took the letter, with a wild terror shining out of her eyes, and a look of firm resolve upon her pale lips.

'I refuse your aid, because you give it to me upon the only terms on which I could accept it,' she said. 'I would let the man who loves me suffer for my sake, but not the man who loathes me.'

She broke the seal of the letter with trembling fingers, and read it hastily.

'Poor John!' she said; her eyes filled with tears, and crushing the letter in her hand, she turned a changed face towards Sir Hilton.

'Must I bear this too?' she murmured 'Oh Hilton, Hilton why would you not spare me? It is too late now. Wait, if you will, and see what I can do for John's sake.'

Perplexed, angry, weary, Sir Hilton watched her, as she burnt John's letter by the lighted taper; then she wrote hurriedly a tiny note, which she folded and tied with white silk. Sir Hilton thought this was John, and fancying she had yielded now, he waited every moment to hear her say she was ready to accompany him; but to his surprise, she walk ed to the window, and unhung from its hooks cage within which there rested a small white pigeon; she tied the note beneath its wing, and opening the lattice with a silver knife, she set the bird free. It flew swiftly upward into the darkness and disappeared.

'What folly is this, Olive?' cried Sir Hilton. 'To whom have you sent that carrier pigeon?'

'It is gone to Charles Vigo,' she replied.

A thrill like an electric shock ran through Sir Hilton's frame as she uttered these words. So young Vigo's disappearance was her doing, and she knew all along where he was hiding. Could any new proof of her guilt be needed, this seemed to give it; and added to the pang of this thought, came a sharp, burning pain, which he scarcely recognised as jealousy.

'And why to Charles Vigo?' he asked.

In spite of his horror at Olive's crime, his voice shook, and his hand trembled to seize her as she passed him.

'I have accepted his offer,' replied Olive mournfully, in a dreamy voice. 'Perhaps it is cruel to let him suffer so much for me; but he loves me, he trusts me, he believes in me, and love is happy when it suffers.'

A smile quivered on her lips—a smile so sad, that it seemed more mournful than the saltest tears ever shed.

'Does Mr. Vigo, for your sake, sacrifice home, name, and country?' demanded Sir Hilton in a sharp tone; 'and do you accept so much from him? His father is an old man; he will never live to see his son again. And with such a wife as you, he will scarcely wish it.'

'You are cruel!' said Olive, calmly.

For the first time her eyes fell upon Sir Hilton reproachfully, and again his restless hand half raised itself, longing only to touch her for a moment. Yet there was a burning anger in him now, quivering through every nerve in his flesh, holding down all kinder words that might have come.

'Cruel!' he echoed. 'No, not I. It is but truth I speak. So you elope with Charles Vigo? You do that boy this bitter wrong, rather than accept my aid—rather then let John save you.'

'Yes,' she returned, in the same dreamy, mournful voice. 'Tell John his letter decided me, and I leave England to-night with Charles Vigo. Tell him there was no other way for me to escape, you scorning me as you do; and let no anxiety for me trouble him; I shall be in safe hands. Give him this message, and say—yes, say, I prayed God to save him.'

Tears! Were these tears upon Sir Hilton's cheek, as the woman he deemed so guilty fixed her large eyes on him, filled with unutterable sadness?

'Olive!' he cried.

But there was no time for further speech, as a hand thrust the honeysuckled lattice aside, and Charles Vigo sprang into the room.

'Thank Heaven you have sent for me at last!' he exclaimed. 'Olive! I have suffered tortures—I have feared—'

He had seen but her at first, but now he perceived Sir Hilton Trewavas, and checked himself suddenly.

'Mr. Vigo, you disappear and reappear at opportune moments in Miss Varcoe's fate,' said Sir Hilton. 'I hope your presence to-night will be as happy a thing for her as your absence was to-day.'

The sarcasm cut Olive to the quick, not for herself, but for Charles Vigo; and she came hastily forward, and laid her hand on the young man's arm.

'Do not heed him,' she said, softly. 'There is no time for quarrels. Mr. Vigo, I promised you, that if all aid from the Trewavas family failed me, I would accept your most generous offer of assistance. It has failed; do not seek to know why or wherefore. Mr. Vigo, have you counted the cost of helping me? You will be exiled from home and country——'

'Let those scorn who do not understand,' interrupted young Vigo, eagerly. 'I know what I do. Olive, I am proud to suffer somewhat for your sake. The shame and pain of which you speak, will be to me a glory. You know what I feel—you know what I think; why should we talk further? All things are ready. Will you come?'

'This is infatuation indeed!' exclaimed Sir Hilton, angrily. 'Olive, I conjure you, by all you hold sacred, to pause ere you drag this young man into the shame of your guilt. Remember, he is the only son of his father—the sole prop of an ancient house.'

'How dare you speak to your cousin in such words as these?' cried Charles Vigo, drawing Olive towards him, and standing proudly by her side. 'Do you not see——'

'Stop!' exclaimed Olive, springing up, and putting her hand upon his mouth. 'Remember your promise to me, Charles Vigo. Do not waste words now; there will be time hereafter for all these things. Sir Hilton, I have reflected deeply on what I do, and on what I stand pledged to do, in accepting the aid of this true and generous friend. Mr. Vigo, at that future time of which we have talked, when you come to me, and say, "Olive, remember in the day of your shame and humiliation, when the dearest friends forsook you, and lovers stood aloof, I came, I understood, I pitied, I pardoned," then I will have the poor gift, I will put my hand in yours, and be your wife.'

She said this, not with crimson cheeks, and eyes flashing fire-light from their lashes, but with pale face, and head drooping forward, bowed humbly as if in shame. Her hand rested on Charles Vigo's arm—the hand that Sir Hilton had flung from his knee, and refused even to touch—and taking it in, he bent his lips upon it reverently.

'I shall never remind you, Olive of this time,' he said, softly. 'I shall make no claims on your gratitude; you do not think so meanly of me as that. No, a free-will offering—all your heart and soul, Olive, or merely a poor remembrance; I will take nothing between these two.'

Sir Hilton heard him, and his very soul seemed on fire. Either these were noble words, or they were the outpouring of the wildest, maddest infatuation that ever possessed an unthinking heart; surely they were these last, and this boy was crazed by his foolish passion for the guilty girl. This was not love, the sound, reasonable, moderate affection upon which the world bases its happiness; it was midsummer folly, that could not outlast a month; yet his blood burned with fiery heat as he heard it, and it seemed to him that he was being schooled in love by a beardless youth, whose mind had not yet reached the stature of a man's. He tried to stand by indifferently, and listen with a careless mien to Olive's answer, but his hand clutched the back of his chair, and his heart beat like a hammer against his side.

'I am not worthy of a gift, you,' said Olive. You give me a too generous love; it covers me with shame and pain. How can I ever repay you?'

Her head drooped down till it touched his arm, and the accents of her voice rang out in deep mournfulness.

'You pay me when you trust me,' replied Charles Vigo. 'Olive, we have lingered too long. The men wait for us Let us depart.'

'I am ready,' she said.

Her voice had the same sad, listless tone. It seemed she scarcely cared to save herself. Sir Hilton watched her as she put on her hat and cloak, and the moments to him now counted like golden sand, unutterably dear, fearful in their value and their pain. Suddenly he con strained himself to speak.

'I know not what arrangements you may have made, Mr. Vigo,' said he. 'I believe mine more safe, but my cousin prefers your aid and your plan to mine; so, of course, I have no right to interfere. Perhaps you would wish that both the Trewavas constables are in the kitchen of this little inn. I believe they would let mine pass unmolested; but whether you can—'

'They can have no right to detain me,' interrupted Charles Vigo; 'and there is no warrant out yet against

New Advertisements

The Red Store—Crefts & Johnston.
Building Lots for Sale—Davison & Johnston.
2 Houses and Lot for Sale—W. R. Squier or D. Gordon.
Dissolution of Partnership—Gledhill & McQuoid.
Extensive Auction Sale—E. Woodcock.
Chancery Sale of Farm in Hullett—T. W. Taylor.
Chancery Sale of Farm in Wawanosh—T. W. Taylor.
Important to Cheese Makers—John Andrews.

Law Respecting Newspapers

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals or newspapers, the publisher or publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid up; and subscribers are held responsible for all numbers sent.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take the periodicals or newspapers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their bills. Sending numbers back, or leaving them in the office, is not such notice of discontinuance as the law requires.
4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the Publisher, and their periodicals or newspapers are sent to the former directions, they are held responsible.

☞ Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 40 Park Row, and S. M. Pettingill & Co., 37 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

The date after each Subscriber's name on the address indicates the time to which his Subscription is paid. Thus, 'PETER SMITH, 1 March 72,' means that Mr. Smith's Subscription is paid up to 1st March and that he owes from that date. Subscribers will see it to be to their interest to renew promptly, as our terms are $1.50 STRICTLY IN ADVANCE, *otherwise* $2 *will be charged.*

Grand Trunk Railway.

GODERICH STATION

Trains leave as follows,—

Mail	7.00 a. m.
Express	10.00 " "
Mixed	12.30 p. m.
"	3.30 " "

Trains are due as follows,—

Mixed	9.30 " "
Express	2.00 p. m.
Mixed	5.10 " "
Mail	9.35 " "

Subscribers will confer a favour by notifying us of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

We shall be glad at all times to receive items of local news, reports of meetings, accidents, or any incident of interest either in the locality where it occurs or to the county at large. Such matter may be sent at the rate of a cent per oz. if marked Printer's Copy and not sealed. To ensure publication in any particular issue it should reach the office not later than Monday evening.

Our Agents.

North Huron—D. McLaren.
South Huron—S. T. Church.
Both these gentlemen are authorized to receive subscriptions and orders for job printing and advertising and to grant receipts.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, July 23, 1873.

Extra copies of this day's Signal can be had at the Office—price 5 cents.

G. W. McMullen's letter.

We devote a considerable portion of our space today to the reproduction of a letter sent by G. W. McMullan, one of Sir Hugh Allan's partners in the Pacific Railway negociations, to the *Globe*. The document speaks for itself and fully establishes Mr. Huntington's charges against the Government. We have all along hesitated to believe that the Government could be guilty of the charge brought against them. The publication of the correspondence between Sir Hugh Allan and his American friends showed there was something in the charge, and Mr. McMullen's letter fully establishes their guilt. Of course the *Mail*, which it must be remembered is partly owned by members of the Government, and interested in Allan as well, endeavours to explain it away and denounces Mr. McMullen as "A shameless rascal," but the public know which to credit most, the statement of parties implicated, backed up by letters and telegrams, or the stories told by the accused and their subsidized organ. Even the Montreal *Gazette* now demands a thorough investigation let who will suffer. A lively time may be expected when the house meets in August. It is said Sir John will advise a prorogation at once, but it is highly improbable Lord Dufferin will allow his ministers to continue under the imputation of having committed such frauds. They must either clear themselves or cease to govern.

George Brown and the Pacific Railway Scandal.

The Tory press has been endeavoring to show that George Brown of the *Globe* *must* be implicated in the Pacific Railway business and desires to get out of the way, because the announcement is made that he is about leaving for Europe. Our readers are aware that in Sir Hugh Allan's allotment of stock $50,000 worth was put down for Mr. Brown, but he refused to accept of it or to have anything to do with the road. Thereupon Mr. Howland's name was substituted for Mr. Brown's. This is proved by a telegram of Sir Hugh Allan. The Tory organs try to prove Sir John A. Macdonald's innocence by showing George Brown's guilt, and assert that it is *convenient* for the latter to get out of the way in order to avoid being examined before an investigating committee. We regret to learn that the *true* cause of Mr. Brown's journey is the fact that he is suffering from what is known as Bright's disease, to which literary men are peculiarly liable. In the hope that his health may be improved he is about to seek rest and change of air, and we sincerely trust he may return from his trip improved in health and more ready than ever to battle for the right. Will the Tory organs who have been circulating the slander as to the cause of his going be so good as to retract. The London *Free Press*, which we are happy to say is not so unreasonable as many of its Tory confreres, has already done so. Will the *Mail* and its satellites also make the *amende honorable*. We scarcely expect it from them.

General Prosperity.

The general prosperity of the country is shown by the fact that the convicts in the Kingston Penitentiary is much smaller now than it has been for some years. This is a healthy and happy state of affairs. The *Whig* says:—

"In the female department there are only 20 inmates, and one leaves next week. During the American war there were 850 male and 70 female prisoners. Now there are only 368 males, besides the 120 lately transferred to the Isle Jesus. The number is sensibly diminishing from the rise in wages and general prosperity, the more lenient sentences of the judges, the general spread of kindly feeling towards released convicts throughout the community, and partly, adds a Montreal writer, from the admirable spirit, combining firmness and humanity, infused into the institution by the present excellent warden, Mr. Creighton."

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The London *Gazette* announces that the Queen has given her consent to the marriage of Prince Arthur with the Grand Duchess Maria Alexandrina Christiana.

The Khan of Khiva has signed a convention to pay Russia two million roubels indemnity within two years, in virtue of which he is confirmed on his Throne.

An Irish team have carried off the Elcho shield at Wimbledon, being the first time that Irish Riflemen have carried off this prize from the Englishmen.

The Carlists appear to be gradually gaining ground in Spain.

Rev. Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Winchester, was killed by falling from his horse on Friday last.

Several thunder storms which did considerable damage, are reported from various parts of this province.

A fire occurred in Montreal last Saturday which destroyed 20 buildings. Loss $75,000.

LOCAL NEWS

Change of Name.—The name of the Post office at Devon has been changed to Centralia.

Cricket.—The Seaforth Club was defeated by the Stratford Cricketers on Saturday last by over 50 runs.

Crops & Journeyx, late Johnston & Bro. have received an immense stock of new Teas of a very superior quality.

Gone Away.—Mr. S. Furse, shoemaker, of this town, having disposed of the greater part of his stock, left town on Saturday last for St. Johns, Newfoundland, where his wife's friends reside. Mrs. Furse accompanied him. He expects to return to Goderich in the fall.

Death of Hon. W. B. Robinson.—Hon. W. B. Robinson, who has since 1852 been a Commissioner, and since 1864 Chief Commissioner of the Canada Company, died at Toronto on Friday last, aged 73. Mr. Robinson was for some years a member of the Government of Canada.

Committed for Trial.—A man named James Dunn was committed to jail here on Saturday last by the authorities at Clinton, on a charge of larceny. It appears he has been in the habit of helping himself to other people's property. He is also wanted at Bowmanville to answer to a charge for rape.

Accident.—The Kincardine *Review* is sorry to learn that Mr. R. Clergo, of Huron Township, got severly hurt by falling off a barn that was being raised, one day last week, on Mr. Finlay's farm. A beam on which he was standing gave way and he fell with it a distance of 12 or 15 feet. He was severely injured but is now recovering.

Railway Accidents.—The Stratford *Beacon* says the Grand Trunk Railway Co. have signified their intention to pay medical men for their attendance upon employees of the railway, who receive injuries while on duty. They have adopted a tariff of fees which is considered very satisfactory. Those injured have the right to employ any medical man they choose.

How well the Band plays, was remarked on all sides as the Brass Band gave one of their open air performances on the Square last Wednesday evening. They are certainly entitled to great credit for the diligence and perseverance with which they have practiced. They play very well indeed, but appeared to excel themselves on Wednesday evening, and the state of the air was such that they could be heard all over the town quite distinctly. Goderich has reason to be proud of its Band.

A Prosperous Business.—We understand the first year's operations of the Goderich Foundry and Manufacturing Company show a good return for the capital invested and that the shareholders have realized a handsome dividend. The company required more room, and have secured the premises on the opposite side of the street, formerly used as a foundry, for a moulding shop. If the present business continues they will require before long to erect much more extensive buildings. May they go on and prosper.

The Manitoba passed up on Friday morning last with a full cargo and a large load of passengers. She was unable to accomodate all who desired to take passage. Hundreds are far more applications for state rooms than the accomodations on board warranted. Twenty passengers were left behind at Sarnia, so several from here could not be accomodated, and there were also a number waiting at Kincardine, Southampton and other ports. The business of this line is so large and is growing so rapidly that increased vessel accomodation is urgently required.

Complimentary Address. — After leaving this port on her last downward trip, Captain Symes of the steamer *Manitoba* was presented with a complimentary address by Hon. Alex. Vidal, on behalf of himself and his fellow passengers, thanking that officer for the kindness and courtesy shown by himself and his officers to all on board and complimenting the captain on his ability as a commander. We know of no vessel which has a more capable and popular set of officers than the *Manitoba*, and we are pleased to learn that the business of the line is constantly on the increase.

Thieving.—One night last week a mean thief carried off from the garden of M. C. Cameron, Esq., a number of pots of green house plants which had been set outside for the summer, some of them being rare and valuable varieties. The thief *borrowed* Mr. Cameron's wheelbarrow to convey his booty home, returning it after having done so. In the morning the track of the wheelbarrow was traced up the Cambria Road to a house in the neighborhood of the foundry, and as there was no doubt where the plants had gone a search warrant was obtained. On examining the house in question the stolen property could not be discovered, it having no doubt been removed between the time when Mr. Cameron's son, with the gardener, were seen tracing the wheelbarrow marks to the house, and the procuring of the warrant. As there is no doubt as to who the thief is his subsequent movements will be watched, and it would be well for him to act more honestly in future if he wishes to keep out of trouble. It is very annoying to have one's garden robbed, and as this sort of thing is of frequent occurrence we trust the guilty parties may be secured and punished.

R. Hawley, Esq., has furnished us with a Detroit paper containing certain correspondence which he has had with W. M. Burwell, Esq., of New Orleans, on the subject of direct trade between Detroit and that city. The two places are connected by rail so closely that the journey may be made in 57 hours. Mr. Burwell points out the advantage of "longitudinal trade or exchange of commodities produced on different parallels of latitude." He thinks it would be to the advantage of Detroit merchants to import Southern fruits, sugars, coffees, dye woods, hides, &c., by this inboard route *via* the Hudson or St. Lawrence rivers. The correspondence has been laid before the Detroit Board of Trade, which has suggested to the merchants of Michigan that they may find it to their advantage to test the relative cost of merchandize referred to when purchased in the Atlantic cities or in New Orleans, and transported over the inland route. Should a direct trade spring up Western Canada would no doubt be benefited, and the advantages Goderich affords as a watering place might be brought more prominently before the people of the Southern States.

McKillop.

Sheep Killed by Dogs.—On Friday night last Mr. Thomas Govenlock, of McKillop, had some thirteen sheep badly worried and torn by dogs. Three of the sheep were dead when found, and some of the injured ones have since died. Two of the dogs suspected of committing the damage have been discovered, and have been dispatched by their owners.—*Expositor.*

Lucknow.

A Heavy Load.—Mr. Maxwell Stevenson, of Lucknow, owns a span of four year old colts, that are considerably noted for their strength. One day last week, he drew a load of lumber into Lucknow, and curiosity tempted some of the villagers to have it weighed, when to the surprise of the by-standers it was found to weigh 8760 lbs.—Whose colts can beat that?—*Review.*

Hullett.

House Struck by Lightning.—During the thunder storm on Thursday morning last, a frame dwelling house, on the 11th Concession of Hullett, the residence of Mr. Thomas Wilson, was struck by lightning. The fluid ignited the building which was immediately in flames. The house and contents were entirely consumed. Mr. Wilson and his family barely escaped with their lives. When they were awakened the whole back part of the house was in flames. The loss will amount to about $600. There was an insurance of $300 on the house.—*Expositor.*

Clinton.

Clinton Vital Statistics.—38 Births, 24 Marriages, and 14 Deaths, were registered in the office of the village clerk for the half-year ending 30th of June.

Flax.—We have received two or three samples of flax grown in this neighborhood that is of very superior growth. The tallest specimen was full four feet high, stout in proportion, and well balled. It was feared, at one time, that flax would be a failure, owing to the drought, but the rains fell at the opportune moment, and the seeds all germinated and sprung up at once, covering the ground from the sun, so that the moisture was retained in the ground, and soon produced a luxuriant crop. We understand that the flax factory in this village have some hundred and fifty acres sown, most all of fine growth.—*New Era.*

Exeter.

Narrow Escape.—On Monday of last week a little boy, son of W. H. Verity, Esq., of Exeter, accidentally fell from a window in the second story of his father's house to the ground. Though the distance was considerable he sustained very slight injuries.

Bazaar and Festival.—The Bazaar and Festival under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society in connection with Christ's Church here came of in the Drill Shed on the afternoon and evening of the 10th instant. The committee of management had evidently put forth every effort to make the affair a decided success, and its labors were amply rewarded. The Bible Christian, Wesleyan Methodist and English Church choirs were in attendance, and whom the musical talents of these three choirs united the pleasing effect produced was such it is said as has never been heard in Exeter before. The Zurich Band were also present and acquitted themselves admirably. The chair was filled by Rev. Mr. Barr, pastor of the church. Appropriate addresses were delivered by Rev. Mr. Gmeey of Usborne, Rev Mr. Lund of Exeter, Rev. Mr. Logan of Lucan, Rev. Mr. Holmes, and Rev. Mr. Hincks of Ingersoll. There were about 600 present. The total receipts amounted to to about $200, which goes towards the improvement of the Church.

Seaforth

A Horse Breaks its Neck.—Mr. B. Shantz of the flax mill lost a valuable horse last week. It was a young animal and pretty will and had been put through a course of training, and after having been learned pretty well threw himself down in the stall and broke his neck.

A Valuable House Bought.—Mr. Thos. Stephens, our enterprising townsman, has purchased that valuable two story brick house on the Huron Road (Goderich st.) from the late owner Mrs. Sparling for $3000. Mr. S. has got two acres of land at the back of the house in question. It is considered a good bargain, and with some improvements the property can easily be raised to the value of $4000 or $4500.

New Salt Works.—The new salt works owned by Carter Bros. was set in operation on Monday of last week and is working satisfactorily.

Examination of "Our School."—The Seaforth Common School was examined last week and we are happy to say that every department of our school is in a very satisfactory condition. The state of our school will compare favorably, we believe, with any school in the County. We have an excellent staff of teachers, consisting of two male teachers, Mr. Birchard, Principal—Mr. McFaul 2nd master, and three female teachers, Miss McKenzie highest of the female teachers—Miss Keltie 2nd according to departments and Miss Schofield teacher of infant class. The names of those who were successful in carrying off prizes appear in the *Expositor*. Great interest was manifested in the examinations.

Diseases.—There is a good deal of sickness in town at present. A good number cases of Diarhœa and Dysentery, especially among children; while we have a large number of children with Hooping-cough in very many cases complicated with Bronchitis, Inflamation of the lungs, Diarhœa and Convulsions. Two deaths occurred amongst the children last week.

Kidnapping at Fort Garry.

News from Fort Garry, Manitoba, represents the country as in a state of great excitement, caused by the forcible abduction from that place, by Yankee detectives, of a British subject. A person known as "Lord Gordon," reported to be connected with the Gould Fisk Erie ring, has been rusticating in that country for eight months. On Tuesday evening, lst inst. as he was sitting on the verandah of the house of Hon. Jas. McKay, he was seized, pistols held to his head, tied, and borne off to a carriage in waiting, and driven away towards Pembina. A telegram was sent to Mr. Bradley, Collector of Customs there, whoarrested the whole party. The two American detectives were returned to Fort Garry and lodged in jail preparatory to an investigation of the outrage. There have recently been several mysterious moves among the detectives between there and Fort Garry, and it is believed that Jay Gould has one set of men trying to get the bonds of his held by Gordon and that Roberts had another set looking out for his interests. On suspicion of being implicated in the kidnapping affair, the Hon. Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Merriam, banker, both of Minnesota, who were at Fort Garry at the time, and an American merchant, a resident of the place were arrested also. Lord Gordon is arrested at the Mutanoc of his bail, a Mr. Roberts; and it is claimed that in arresting and attempting to carry off a principal on foreign soil the bail breaks no International law, unless the statute of the country expressly forbids it. This will appear rather a novel exposition of International law to most people, and it may be considered doubtful if it will hold water.

Stratford has had its Muncipal loan fund indebtedness reduced to $63,436

A new R. C. Church was consecrated at Windsor on Dominion Day.

The corner stone of a new Masonic Hall was laid at Hamilton on Dominion day.

Mr. Charles Connell, M. P. for Carleton County, N. B., died at Woodstock on Saturday week.

The Windsor school board has raised the salaries of its female teachers $50 per annum.

Judge Johnson has declined the Lieut-Governorship of Nova Scotia on account of ill health.

Four men have deserted from the gunboat Cherub at the port of St. John, N. B.

The Pacific Scandal.

ASTOUNDING REVELATIONS.

LETTER FROM G. W. MCMULLEN.

THE "MONETARY CONDITIONS" REVEALED.

HINCKS ACCEPTS AN "INDEFINITE LOAN."

LANGEVIN GETS $25,000.

JOHN A. DRAWS ON ABBOTT FOR TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

SENATOR FOSTER CONFIRMS MCMULLEN'S STATEMENTS.

JOHN A GIVES THE CHARTER AFTER SEEING ALLAN'S LETTERS.

JOHN A.'S AND CARTIER'S OWN LETTERS AND DESPATCHES.

The following correspondence has been sent to us for publication:—

MR. M'MULLEN'S NARRATIVE

To the Editor of the Globe.

Sir,—So much has been said of late about myself, and my connection with the Pacific Railway negotiations that I think it better to lay a full statement of my position in regard to it before the public than to longer allow myself to be placed in so many wrong situations by those who are of necessity ignorant of many important facts. I have chosen, therefore, to place it in the form of an historical narrative, embracing the incidents that came under my own knowledge from the time I first engaged in the matter until the granting of the charter by the Government to its present holders.

I visited Ottawa in March, 1871, on a Chicago delegation connected with the enlargement of the canals, and while there met the late lamented Mr. Alfred Waddington and Mr. Wm. Kertsman, who were agitating the subject of a Canadian Pacific Railroad and who introduced the matter to my notice, with a view to organize a company to build the proposed road. After looking at the surveys and explorations of Mr. Waddington, who was well informed on the physical nature of the Pacific coast, I concluded to take the subject before some friends with a view to its serious consideration. In a few weeks, at my request, Mr. Waddington and Mr. Kertsman visited Chicago, and the result was, on their representations, that with my friends I proceeded to organize a company which would undertake to build a road, on terms approximating those which current rumour reported the Government as willing to recommend to Parliament. We visited New York and Philadelphia shortly afterwards, and in about six weeks later (being early in July, 1871,) we visited Ottawa with an informal proposal, from parties of the highest respectability for undertaking the work. The only members of the Government whom we met were Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Francis Hincks; and it speedily become apparent to myself and associates that Waddington had been over sanguine in his idea that the Government would be found to be entrusted to his hands. After some conversation which tended to make this clear, and which intimated that the Government would wish to incorporate prominent Canadian names in any company undertaking the work, we left our address with the Ministers, with the understanding that if occasion for it arose we were to hear from them. Some few weeks afterwards, Mr. Chas. M. Smith, who was my colleague in this matter, received a letter from Sir Hugh Allan, stating that Sir Francis Hincks had requested him to communicate with us in order to effect a union of Canadian and American interests in the Pacific Railroad Company that was to be formed.

I afterwards found that Sir Francis Hincks had visited New York in the early part of August, 1871, and at interviews with two prominent Railway Bankers, whose names will readily occur to him, had advised them and their associates to enter negotiations through Messrs. Smith and myself, and open them directly with Sir Hugh Allan, who, being a leading Canadian, was looked upon by the Government as a proper person to figure preminently in the matter. As the gentleman applied to were both unwilling and unable to change existing arrangements, Sir Francis, on his return, seems to have given the advice left with him in the letter to Hugh Allan, and his letter to us followed. The result was an interview, in Montreal, early in September, at which the first preliminaries were settled between Sir Hugh Allan, Chas. M. Smith and myself, by which Sir Hugh Allan was to take a large personal interest in the stock, and an amount for distribution among persons whose accession would be desirable, and that the cash instalments on such stock should be advanced and carried by others on interest. An interview was held by myself with Sir John A. Macdonald, at the St. Lawrence Hall, the day before we took leave, at which he expressed the approval of the Government at the proposed meeting, and requested me to meet him at Ottawa, after it was over, to let him know the result. I accordingly went to Ottawa and explained to him that Sir Francis had replied that at his time of life an absolute payment would be preferable to a percentage of ultimate profits, and thought he should have $50,000 in addition to the position of Secretary to the Company for his son, at a salary of not less than $2,000. My reply was that I supposed, as we were into the matter, we would have to meet, in some way, such demands, if we expected to proceed, but that large amounts could not be disbursed on uncertainties. As the session approached, however, Sir Hugh made application for money, and on March 26th, 1872, a supplementary contract was entered into by which a Committee of five were appointed, Sir Hugh being chairman, who were authorized to provide funds. This contract also contained a change in terms to meet the views, as Sir Hugh represented of the Government, and empowered this Committee to agree to the acceptance of $30,000,000 and 50,000,000 acres of land, exactly the amount the Government recommended, and exactly the amount he then told us they would recommend if we would accept. A levy of $50,000 was made on the American parties April 1st, 1872, and the amount placed to the credit of Sir Hugh. He drew $40,000, as follows:—$15,000 by cheque, dated May 2nd, 1872, and paid May 4th, 1872; and $25,000 by cheque, dated May 3rd, 1872, and paid June 6th, 1872. The only explanations which he made to me of the expenditure of this sum were the payment of $4,000 to *La Minerve* newspaper, and $3,000 each to three other French papers, whose names I cannot positively remember; $6,000 to Attorney-General Ouimet, for aid rendered in the matter, and an indefinite loan of $10,000 to Sir F. Hincks. I attended during the session of 1872, and assisted in the passage of the Canada Pacific R. R. Charter; and at its close paid the charges under the Private Bills regulation for the charters of it and the Canada Improvement Company—a charter which we suggested to Sir Hugh and Mr. Abbott, as a necessary attendant on the railroad legislation. In addition to the payments spoken of, Mr. Abbott was authorized to promise Mr. Langevin $25,000 to aid in elections about Quebec, on condition of his friendly assistance, and Mr. Abbott reported that he had done so.

Notwithstanding the repeated pledges we had received, and the apparently strong position we occupied, both Sir Hugh and myself had grave fears of the result, in consequence of the position taken by Mr. Macpherson and his friends and the animosity of the Grand Trunk Railway people to Sir Hugh himself. I met Sir John A. Macdonald in Montreal, after the close of the Session, while on his way to meet Lord Dufferin at Quebec, and he suggested that, as Allan had made so many enemies, I go to Mr. Macpherson and try to bring about an amalgamation, promising to write a personal letter to Macpherson to aid in the desired object. Sir Hugh and Mr. Abbott, however, both dissuaded me from doing so, as it would afford a pretext for the Intercoeanic Company to raise the American bogbear, which they had been trying to allay, and they promised to take the responsibility with Sir John of my failure to do so agreed.

I then went to Chicago to await developments; and in July, under date of the 16th, I got a letter from Allan which seemed quite discouraging in tone as he said Sir G. E. Cartier told him he was pledged dealing with either our Company or Mr. Macpherson's but would form a new one entirely under the control of the Government. But Sir Hugh, at the same time, was hopeful approaching, and then his French friends would make their power felt, and Cartier must either yield to Lever's wishes, or else he stood a poor chance to be elected. On August 6th, he wrote again stating that he had brought them to what he wished, as the Government had been forced to come to him, and he had secured an agreement for a majority interest in the company about to be formed to build the road; but that to do this he had to advance a large amount of money, some $280,000 already, and over $100,000 more still to be paid, and wanting to know what the New York friends would do. On the 16th September, he wrote again, stating that he had learned of the absence of several of our friends from New York, and that therefore, a meeting could not be held until November 15th, which was very unsatisfactory, as he was to have the contract signed within ten days, and wanted at once thereafter to go to England and raise money. He stated his expenditure to that date at $349,000 gold, with $13,500 more to pay, and he urged speedy arrangements for refunding this. I visited Montreal shortly after the receipt of this letter to ask him further particulars for the guidance of our friends, who were somewhat startled at the magnitude of the figures, and who proposed to have some reasonable explanation of how the money had been expended before they returned it to Sir Hugh. I reached Montreal about October 1st, and at the interview which followed, Sir Hugh reiterated, and explained the statements in his letter as stated. He said Sir George Cartier had been very loath to realize the fact that he held the controlling French influence, subject to a satisfactory disposition of the Pacific Charter, but that after awhile Sir George did come to believe it; and much against his will consented to yield his prejudices, and give Allan the control, with, however, certain provisions about Americans, which would be more of an apparent than real obligation, and on the understanding that Sir Hugh should advance more to aid the elections of Government supporters. After having Sir George sign an agreement, as stated in letter of August 6th, he commenced paying money, but as he told me, having Cartier's order in each case, and taking a receipt therefor. When making the agreement he had no idea that the amount of money would be excessively large, and when it had run up to between $100,000 and $200,000, he became alarmed, and told Cartier that he must stop paying the drafts which were coming in so rapidly unless he obtained a settlement for his personal advancement. Sir John said the Government arrangements had gone so far that they could do neither, and he said that from Allan's memorial, in answer to the Interoceanic Company, and from his assertions, since the session, they had supposed he had entirely broken off with us. I showed the most conclusive evidence—Allan's own letters—that such was not the case, and said if the Government were not in his power as he stated, they could better afford to take all the risk of his omission from the Company then to face the public when they knew all the facts, as they certainly would, if Allan was put in and allowed to break his sacred obligations with his associates—associates to whom the Government had directed him, and whodealt unreservedly with him in the express belief that he was the chosen representative of the Government, and who had the best of reasons for such belief. He requested a delay of a few days or more to enable him to communicate with Sir Hugh and Mr. Abbott. On the 23rd of January last I saw Sir John, at which time two of my friends accompanied me. We then went over the ground again, and added the letters which appeared as addressed to Mr. Smith, and after the interview I gave Sir John, at his request, copies of all these documents. Sir Hugh Allan's check for the $40,000, and the receipts of Mr. Todd for the Private Bill expenses of the Canada Improvement and Canada Pacific Railroad Companies paid by me, which must have been strange reading to him when compared with the memorial of the Executive Committee of the said C. P. Railroad Company, signed by Hugh Allan, J. J. C. Abbott, and Louis Beaubien, then in his possession, in which the following remarkable passage occurs, under date of October 12th, 1872, which memorial was presented to Parliament during the present session:

"With regard to the assertion that a belief 'exists everywhere' that the Canadian Company still intend to carry out the design of combination with American capitalists, it is only necessary to say that the gentlemen who say so no doubt speak truly as to some limited circle with which they are in immediate communication. But the Canada Company emphatically deny that beyond such a limited circle any such belief, or even any idea, of such a state of things is entertained.

"The Canada Company are aware that a negotiation was commenced during the summer of eighteen hundred and seventy-one, between Sir Hugh Allan and certain American capitalists for the formation of a company to construct and run the Canada Pacific Railway; but they are informed by Sir Hugh Allan, and have satisfied themselves by a full inquiry into the circumstances and details of that negotiation, that it was not initiated by Sir Hugh, and that it was commenced and supported by influential persons in Canada, as being the only combination that offered itself at that time for the construction and running of such a road, and they promised to take the responsibility with Sir John of my failure to do so agreed.

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FOSTER CONFIRMS M'MULLEN'S STATEMENT.

"Waterloo, July 16, 1873.

"G. W. McMullen, Esq.,

"Dear Sir,—I have had an opportunity to look over the statement you make in regard to your connection with the Canada Pacific Railroad submitted to me for the purpose mentioned in your letter of the 15th, and I have this much to say in regard to it. With the first part of your history of the matter I am personally unacquainted, as our intercourse did not begin until the opening of the session of 1872, when we were introduced by Mr. Abbott. My negotiations on the subject of the Pacific Railway previous to that time had been with Sir Hugh Allan and Mr. Abbott, though from the commencement I had been aware of the arrangements made with American parties whom you represented. I was associated during the session of 1872 with Allan, Abbot and yourself, in all the stages of procuring the charter of the Canada Pacific Railway Company, and in all the efforts made to secure to that Company the contract to build the Road, and as a consequence, was familiar with many points unnecessarily arising therefrom. I discussed with you my personal position under the proposed arrangements, and with yourself, Allan, and Abbott, all the main features of the legislation proposed and such as were deemed necessary for the object. As you state, there were difficulties in the way of closing matters, and I was aware of the agreement with Mr. Langevin, to which you refer, as it was frequently discussed between us and Mr. Abbott. I was alsoaware from the first of Sir George Cartier's opposition to Sir Hugh Allan, and of the means by which Sir George was forced to forego this opposition.

In regard to the payment of money for election purposes I was informed of the arrangement with Sir George Cartier, and was also shown a confirmatory telegram from Sir John A. Macdonald. I understand the affair to be substantially as you have related and I have reason to believe that large sums of money were actually expended for election purposes under the arrangement.

"Yours truly,

(Signed) "A. B. Foster."

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Huron Signal:

Sir,—You will please allow me a small space in your columns to reply to the cowardly manner in which the editor of the *Star* in its last issue has taken the liberty of making use of my name. He says "We have been handed a communication *for publication*, signed W. G. Smith, asking us to take his name off our list of subscribers, as he cannot conscientiously support a journal that tries to vindicate or apologize for so gross a scandal as that attempted against the Government in Mr. Huntington's motion." Now, as he appears to have no objections to its being made public, as he says he "will appear on exhibition for a short time at his office," of course he can have no objections to its appearing in the Signal. As I do not believe the literary public frequenting the *Star* office very often I have to request that you will publish it. It is as follows:—

To the Editor of the Star,"

"Sir, —You will please discontinue my paper as I cannot conscientiously support a journal that tries to vindicate or apologize for so gross a swindle as that perpetrated against the Government in Mr. Huntington's motion, and which I think is clearly substantiated by Sir Hugh Allan's own letters and telegrams. Having carefully read both sides of the question, I have come to the conclusion that the Government have been guilty of the basest fraud that was ever attempted in any country. No matter what the political views of any man in Canada may be his intellect and his manhood is insulted, and his country is scandalized and disgraced by such a Government. Mr. McDougall, Mr. Wm. McDougall said in his published pamphlet that *treason, bribery, and corruption set and ruled supreme at Ottawa.* When the members of our Government and such men as Sir Hugh Allan will conspire together with the citizens of a foreign country, as it appears by their own letters they did, against the interest of their country, to buy up and corrupt the electors and purchase our legislators, with many I think such conduct cannot be too strongly condemned by every true and loyal lover of his country. You are at liberty to publish this letter and make what comments you please by allowing me an opportunity to reply.

"W. G. SMITH."

Now, Mr. Editor, the above was my

FANS!

Forty Styles of New Fans

JUST OPENED

AT MOOREHOUSE'S.

JEWELRY,

A fresh stock of

BRACELETS, BROOCHES,

EARRINGS,

Solitaries, Studs &c, &c.

IN GOLD AND PLATED.

Offered 25 per cent below regular prices

At MOORHOUSE'S.

Goderich, July 15th 1873.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CONTRACTOR'S PLANT.

G. M. TRUEMAN, Auctioneer, HAS received instruction from Messrs. Harvey & Ross to sell by Public Auction (they having completed their Contract for the Harbor of Refuge at Goderich) at the Harbor Quay in

GODERICH.

ON

Wednesday, 23rd July, 1873,

Commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m.

The following plant, viz:—Large stone Scows; 1 locking Scow with rigging complete, a large amount of Rope, Chains, and miscellaneous kinds including Carpenters and Blacksmiths Tools, Also Horses, Waggons, Sleighs, Bedding and Bedding Roms. Plant, together with a large amount of Square and Flatted Timber and Lumber, with sundry other articles.

TERMS—CASH.

Goderich, July 15th, 1873. 1373-d.

TO RENT.

FOR the summer months, a Parlor and three bedrooms, furnished, with or without board. Apply at this office.

Goderich, July 16th, 1873. 1378-tf

FATHERS! MOTHERS!

HUSBANDS! WIVES!

YOUNG MEN & MAIDENS!

Now is the time to subscribe for a Book you all need

Prof. Fowler's Greatest Work on

SEXUAL SCIENCE

and the

Splendid Illustrated Family Bible

which can be obtained from

ALEX. GERRARD, Goderich P. O.

Travelling Book and Insurance Agent.

1378-1m*

GODERICH HIGH SCHOOL

WILL reopen on Monday the 18th August. The Entrance Examination will be held the same day beginning at 2 p. m.

All pupils admitted since August 1872 and wishing to continue at School will be required to pass this Examination the same as new pupils.

Applicants must notify the Town Inspector, Mr. J. R. Miller, not later than the 25th inst.

H. I. STRANG, B. A.
Head Master.

Goderich, July 15th, 1873. 1373-b

☞ *THE MOST*

POPULAR BUSINESS

OF THE DAY,

TAILORING

THE MOST POPULAR MOVEMENT,

CLOTHING!

MOVING OUT OF

A. SMITH & COS.'

Merchant Tailoring

ESTABLISHMENT.

JUST received by the subscribers a large stock of

SPRING TWEEDS,
BROADCLOTHS,
FANCY COATINGS,
VESTINGS, &c.,

We are determined to sell as usual good goods, and

A GOOD FIT GUARANTEED,

OR NO SALE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING

principally home manufacture. Just received the newest things in

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, SHIRTS,
COLLARS, AND TIES,

all of which will be sold as low as possible. Some say that opposition is the life of trade. Others say this is the place to get

Good Clothes Made.

We are bound by strict attention to business, with our facilities and experience in trade to throw all interlopers in the shade. "Cutting close *free of* Charge." ☞ Wanted two first-class workmen for which the highest wages will be paid. ☞ Remember the stand, next door to J. Bond's Drug Store, on the [ ]

ABRAHAM SMITH & Co.

☞ Now is your time to buy a first-class sewing machine. The new, improved "Osborn" is the best Family-Machine made in Canada. Abraham Smith, Agent.

Goderich, April, 15, 1873. 1365

CAUTION.

THE man who lost a pound of Tea from his waggon, got it (the Tea, not the waggon) from Ball. Loss caused by over-drawing. Time of Drawing, two hours, Graham's Hill the place of mourning, all among the thistle's flowers.

FOR DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES,

GIVE BALL A CALL.

MOORE & McKENZIE have

On hand a very large Stock

Of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, &c., &c.,

Received from the best markets, which

Everybody is invited to examine,

& which they offer at very low prices.

M & McK also make to order

Clothing for Gents and Youths, they

Keep a complete assortment of Tweeds and Cloths

Embracing everything in the line, they will

Not allow themselves to be surpassed, but will

Zealously endeavour to furnish the very best Clothing

In style and workmanship at prices that will give

Entire satisfaction to their Customers.

WINGHAM

Land Sale!

The Subscribers will offer for sale at

WINGHAM,

The Junction of the W. G. & B. and L. H. & B. Railways,

—ON—

FRIDAY, JULY 25TH,

At 1 o'clock, p. m.

50 Village and Park Lots

Beautifully situated on the rise of ground a short distance East of Josephine Street, and on what is known as "Leet & McKay's Survey," and part of them butting on the W. G. & B. Railway Station Grounds. For Private Residenes or for Manufactories this is undoubtedly superior to anything in the County, and now the only really eligible property for sale in the Village of Wingham, for the purposes aforesaid.

ALSO THE STORE OCCUPIED BY

T. G. JACKSON

And 17 Business Lots on Josephine street, North of said Store, and Dwelling House and Blacksmith Shop, the said property being in the centre of the business part of the Town, and known as Graham's property.

ALSO TWO COTTAGES ON THE

BLUEVALE ROAD.

TERMS:—Thirty dollars on each Lot to be paid on day of sale, half of the balance on the 1st of October next, and the remainder in one year from the day of Sale, with interest at Eight per cent., on all sums unpaid after the day of sale. Cash purchasers liberally dealt with. Vendors reserve one bid. Further particulars made known on day of sale.

The increase of population in Wingham for the last six months has far exceeded that of any Town or Village in Ontario, and its prospects are second to no Village in Canada. Fifty buildings have been put in course of completion within the last three months, and more than that number are now in contemplation.

LEET & NEELANDS, J. GRAHAM, G. C. CUNNINGHAM,—PROPRIETORS.

J. MOFFATT, AUCTIONEER.

Wingham, June 20th, 1873. 1377-c

THE "WEBSTER"

SEWING MACHINE,

The General Favorite Throughout the Dominion.

A Canadian Invention, and Unprecedented Success Attending it Everywhere.

IT IS STRONG AND DURABLE,

EASY AND LIGHT TO WORK,

HAS NO COGS OR CAMS,

And will do Every Kind of Work, Light or Heavy.

The most complete set of Attachments given with every Machine.

See THE WEBSTER before buying any other.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Canada Sewing Machine Co'y,

HAMILTON, ONT.

June 13, 1873. 1374-3m

Lands for Sale

BY

E. WOODCOCK,

CONVEYANCER

And Land Agent.

OFFICE—Corner of West Street, Goderich.

A Valuable Farm

SITUATED in the second concession of the Western Division of the

Township of Colborne,

about four miles from Goderich, containing 200 acres of good land, nearly half of which is cleared and free from stumps, with Brick House, Barns, Stables, Workshops, &c. There is a good bearing Orchard of the choicest fruit on the estate. Well watered. Title indisputable. Terms easy.

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

An Excellent Farm

SITUATE on the Lake Shore in the

Township of Colborne,

about six miles from Goderich, containing 247 acres of land, 75 acres cleared, with Cedar Log House, Barns, Stables, &c. Well timbered with Beech, Maple, and a quantity of Cedar. A good bearing Orchard, good well of water. Soil, black loam. This estate will be sold either entire or in two parts as may suit the purchaser. Terms very reasonable. Title clear. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Valuable Bush Lot.

BEING composed of Lot No 5, concession 10, in the

Township of Turnberry,

containing 100 acres. The soil is mixed from black loam to sandy loam, with a never failing creek running through the lot. Timber one-half Beech and Maple, the remainder Cedar, Pine and Hemlock. Soil heavy. This lot is very valuable, being situate within one mile of the Railroad, three miles from the village of Belmore, six miles from Wroxeter, and seven miles from Wingham. Title good. Terms to suit the purchaser. For further particulars, apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Good Farm,

SITUATE about six miles from Goderich, on the 5th con., E. D., of the

Township of Colborne,

containing 100 acres, 80 cleared and mostly under cultivation. The soil is good, varying from sandy loam to heavy black loam. There is a splendid creek running through the lot—also a small bearing orchard. To be sold cheap. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Valuable Bush Farm,

SITUATE on the 10th con. of the

Township Of Grey,

within 1½ miles of the Railway. Timber mixed, Beech, Maple, and a large quantity of good Cedar. About 5 acres cleared with a Log House, &c. Soil excellent. Title indisputable, the present holder being the Crown patentee. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Desirable Farm,

SITUATE on the 8th con., Western Division of the

Township of Colborne,

on the Northern Gravel Road, about 5 miles from Goderich, containing 50 acres of excellent land in a high state of cultivation. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Desirable Farm,

SITUATE on the Huron Road in the

Township of Goderich,

about 2½ miles from Town, within five mile of an English Church, containing 93 acres, about 70 of which are cleared and free from stumps, with good Brick House and Frame Barns, &c. Large bearing orchard, and well watered. Title good. This farm will be sold very cheap, considering its commanding position, and on reasonable terms. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Valuable Farm.

SITUATE on the Huron Road in the

Township of Goderich,

about four miles from Town, containing 100 acres of first-rate land, with good Frame House, Barns, Stables, &c. Good orchard of choice fruit trees and never failing creek running through front of lot. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Good Farm.

SITUATE in the Fourth Concession of the Eastern Division of the

Township of Ashfield,

containing 100 acres of land, one mile from Dungannon, 60 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. There is on the premises a good House and a log Barn. Soil, clay loam; front of lot light, well watered with small creek crossing back of lot. There is also a small orchard of choice fruit on the lot.

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Two Excellent Farms.

SITUATE on the Gravel Road between Walton and Brussels in the

Township of Grey,

containing each 100 acres. A good Log House, Barn and Orchard on each lot, 65 acres cleared. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. Soil excellent. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

BEING Lot 32 in the 5th Concession Township of Goderich, containing 80 acres, 62 acres clear, free of stumps and in a first class state of cultivation, 18 acres of good hard wood timber. There is on the premises a good house containing 8 rooms, first class frame barn, stables and driving sheds, well watered with good pump and never failing springs, good bearing orchard and every other accomodation suitable for a first class farm. This valuable property is within 7 miles of Clinton and 9 from Goderich. The above property will be sold very reasonable and on terms to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to

MRS. JANE McINTOSH,
Or to ISAAC ERVIN,
Nelson Street,
Goderich, Ont.

Goderich, June 27th, 1873. 1376-2m*

For Sale.

THE pleasant Homestead of the undersigned, consisting of 15 acres, on the Huron Road within 1½ miles of the Town of Goderich, with extensive buildings, large orchard and a beautiful frontage of shade trees consisting of maple, Norway spruce and plum trees, well grown. If not disposed of by private sale will be sold by public auction in connection with the estate of the late John Clark, on or about the 12th day of August next.

—ALSO—

Lot 105, Lighthouse Street, with new House at present occupied by F. Robertson, Esq., and Lot 1366, Brittania Road, near the Dominion Salt Block, Goderich.

For particulars apply to

COLIN CLARK,
Huron Road.

July 3rd 1873. 1376

FAIRBANKS' SCALES AT MANUfacturer's Prices—Large Platform Scales, including Hay Scales, promptly ordered and a discount for Cash allowed,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

CARRIAGE SPRINGS, CARRIAGE AXLES and PATENT WAGGON ARMS, for sale cheap

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

BAR AND HOOP IRON, SLEIGH SHOE and CAST STEEL, a full assortment,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

PATENT HORSESHOES & HORSE SHOE NAILS, by the keg or box,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

COAL OIL BY THE BARRELOR Gallon, and COAL OIL LAMPS,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT of TABLE, DESSERT, PEN AND POCKET KNIVES, PLATED SPOONS and FORKS in Goderich, to be had

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF LOCKWOOD'S Celebrated MILL SAW FILES, and Sorby's HAND and RIP SAWS, the best in the Market.

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

FLINT'S CHAMPION CROSS-CUT SAWS and SAW HANDLES at List Price.

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

CHOPPING AXES FROM THE best Makers, single and double steel

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LOCKS, HINGES, NAILS, GLASS, PUTTY, PAINTS and OILS, at Lowest Cash Prices, always on hand,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, from the best makers, at Lowest Cash Price,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID to the wants of the Farming Community, and orders from the country promptly attended to,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

MILL AND CIRCULAR SAWS at Maker's Price List, carefully ordered and discount for cash allowed,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE GOODS are offered CHEAP, CHEAP, for Cash,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

MILES' PATENT ALARM CASH Drawers, the best in the world—Price only $4 50,

At JOHNSON & KERR'S.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

HAMILTON ST.,

Sign of the Cross-Cut Saw,

JOHNSON & KERR.

Goderich. March 11th, 1873.

OPENED OUT AGAIN.

DOUGLAS McKENZIE

Watchmaker & Jeweller,

DESIRES to return his sincere thanks to the public for the patronage extended him in the past, and to announce that he has removed to the premises on Kingston Street, formerly occupied as a Saloon by Harry Reed, and directly opposite C. Crabb's store, which he has fitted up in first class style. He would call special attention to the

RUSSELL WATCH

for the sale of which he is Sole agent in Goderich. A large stock of Waltham, Merion, Elgin and Swiss Watches in Gold and Silver cases.

He has on hand a large and well selected stock of

JEWELLERY

of all kinds which he will sell cheap.

REPAIRING DONE AS USUAL

A CALL SOLICITED.

D. McKENZIE.

Goderich, March 28th, 1873 1363

A GRAND SPECIALTY.

J. W. JONES, Literary and Art Agency, London, Ont., sole agent in Canada for the sale of Perine's Fine Art Publications, and will give special terms and territory to agents. These works are universally admired and in order that all may see and judge for themselves he makes the following offer, For 25 Cents he will send free by mail, a beautiful Steel Engraving of Queen Victoria, size 10x12, and an eight page circular giving full and complete information to Agents.

DAVID LYON,
Varna, Agent in Stanley T'p.

JNO. A. NAFTEL,
Goderich, Agent for Egmondville.

For Sale or Lease.

THAT very valuable Town Property on the Market Square and East Street, known as the McCONNELL BLOCK. This is one of the best business stands in the town, and will be sold or rented at a good bargain. For further particulars apply to

GEORGE ROBERTSON,
Cabinet Maker, Agent, Goderich.

July 3rd, 1873. 1377

The Confessions of an Invalid,

PUBLISHED as a warning and for the benefit of Young Men and others who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying *the means of self-cure.* Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free of charge.

Sufferers are invited to address (prepaying postage) the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
1374-3m Box 153. Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE RED STORE, GODERICH.

TEAS, TEAS, TEAS,

A very large stock of the very best quality.

We can recommend them to our friends and the public generally with confidence.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Dundas Cotton, Cotton Yarn and Bags on hand.

HURRAH FOR

MAITLANDVILLE!

WILLIAM STANBURY,

THANKFUL for past favours, desires to inform the inhabitants of Maitlandville and surrounding country that he is to be found at the old stand, ready and willing to attend to the wants of his customers. He has on hand

A FULL STOCK OF GROCERIES

consisting of

TEA, SUGAR,
TOBACCO, CURRANTS,
RAISINS, SPICES &c., &c.

ALSO

Dry Goods, Nails,
Crockery, Glassware,

FLOUR & FEED.

Having been granted a Shop License for the sale of Liquors, he will keep on hand a full stock of

WHISKEY, ALE
BRANDY, RUM,
GIN, WINES,
&c. &c. &c.

IN BOTTLE OR ON DRAUGHT.

☞ The highest market price paid for Butter, Eggs and other produce.

Remember the stand, nearly opposite the School House, Maitlandville.

March 4th, 1873. 1359

H. DUNLOP

Merchant Tailor,

WEST STREET,

GODERICH,

HAS received his Spring Stock of Goods and is prepared as usual to make all kinds of Garments in the most fashionable styles and at the lowest rates.

Gents Furnishings

of all descriptions constantly on hand.

A CALL RESPECFULLY SOLICITED.

☞ Two good Tailors wanted immediately.

Goderich, 15th April, 1873.

ATTENTION.

HARDWARE. HARDWARE.

PARTIAL LIST

of goods for sale at Parson's & Co's new Hardware Store, opposite the Market House.

NAILS, GLASS, PUTTY,
CARPENTERS TOOLS,
SPADES, SHOVELS,
SCYTHES, FORKS,
RAKES,
GRAIN CRADLES,

MANILLA ROPE,
HEMP AND RUBBER PACKING,
LEATHER BELTING, all sizes,
WHITE LEAD, all prices,
BOILED AND RAW OIL,
BLACK OIL,
MACHINERY OIL,
TURPENTINE,

And all kinds of

HARDWARE.

For Sale Cheap,

BY

G. H. Parsons & Co.

Opposite the Market House,

GODERICH

June. 28. 1871.

Lost

A NUMBER of Parasols, on the Lucknow Road, a short distance from Goderich. The finder on leaving them with Abraham Smith, Goderich, or M. Campbell, Merchant, Lucknow, will be rewarded for their trouble.

May 19th, 1873. 1370

FOR SALE.

A House and Lot adjoining the residence of Wm. Seymour, Esq., commanding one of the best views of the Lake and Harbour.

Apply to

DANIEL GORDON.

Goderich, June 30th, 1873. 1376

THE EMPORIUM.

NEW SPRING HATS

AT

J. C. DETLOR & Co's.

NEW SPRING TWEEDS

AT

J. C. DETLOR & Co's.

20 CASES BOOTS & SHOES

Just received at

J. C. DETLOR & Co's.

3 BALES GREY COTTONS

Just Received at

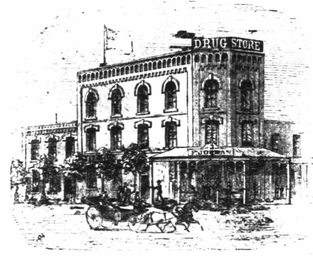
J. C. DETLOR & Co's

Special attention given to the TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

Goderich, 3rd March, 1873.

J. C. DETLOR & CO.

JORDAN'S DRUG STORE,



Market Square, Goderich.

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG TO SAY THAT THEY have just completed opening out an Entire New and

COMPLETE STOCK OF

HARDWARE.

of all kinds which will be sold at prices that defy competition. Before purchasing elsewhere. Please give us a call.

B.—List of Goods sold, next week.

G. H. PARSONS & CO

Opposite The Market House

Goderich Jun 25rd 1871. sw67-

REMOVAL.

PHILO NOBLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAMILTON STREET, GODERICH,

BEGS to inform his customers and the public generally that he has removed to that

COMMODIOUS NEW STORE

IN ACHESON'S BUILDINGS,

next door to Wm. Acheson's Harness Shop, and nearly opposite his old stand, where he will be prepared to offer greater inducements to purchasers than ever.

He has just received a beautiful stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

English and Canadian Tweeds,
Scotch Cheviots
Gent's Furnishings,
&c., &c.,

Which he will dispose of CHEAP FOR CASH.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In the most fashionable style and on shortest notice.

CALL AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES.

Goderich 27th May, 1873. 1371

DOMINION CARRIAGE WORKS.

R. J. WHITELY

BEGS TO THANK THE PUBLIC for the liberal patronage accorded him in the past and to announce that he still carries on

CARRIAGE & SLEGIH MAKING

in all its branches, at the old stand, opposite

E. MARTIN'S COLBORNE HOTEL.

Carriages, Buggies, Waggons

and everything else in his line kept on hand or made to order of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Goderich, 25th Feb. 1873. 1358

STOCK'S EXTRA

MACHINE OIL

Has been in general use for the past two years and giving the best satisfaction, as may be seen by testimonials from many of the leading houses in Ontario. It will not congeal in the coldest weather, it is therefore suitable for the lightest and fastest, as well as the heaviest machines in use.

TESTIMONIAL

From the Joseph Hall Machine Works, shows.

I consider Stock's oil cheaper at $1.00 per gallon, than olive oil at 50 cents. Yours respectfully,

O. GLEN, President.

For sale only by

G. H. PARSONS & CO., Hardware Merchants, Goderich.

SOLE AGENTS,

1318.

G. H. PARSONS & Co.,

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

MARKET SQUARE. GODERICH.

Have for Sale

MINK, FOX, and other traps, CROSS CUT SAWS, MILL SAWS, WOOD SAWS, AND BEST MAKES OF HAND SAWS, CHOPPING AXES, VARIOUS MAKERS

AND PRICES. BOY'S AXES, HAND AXES AND BROADAXES. COW TIES OF SEVERAL KINDS, LOGGING CHAINS OF ALL SIZES, GLASS, PUTTY, WROUGHT AND CUT NAILS &c. And a large assortment of all kinds of

HARDWARE,

At low prices for CASH. Opposite

MARKET HOUSE.

G. H. PARSONS & Co

Goderich, Nov. 28 1871

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offer for sale the undermentioned lands, belonging to the Estate of the late HERMAN R. HOSTETTER, viz:—

Also, the North-east quarter of Lot No. 12, in the Fifteenth Concession of the Township of Sombra, in the County of Lambton, 50 acres, more or less.

For terms and particulars of sale, apply to the undersigned, personally, or by letter, to St. Catharines Post Office, Box 408.

ANGUS COOKE, } Executors.
AARON READ, }

Grantham, 30th May, 1873. 1373

THURBER'S ROYAL ANTI-FRICTION BABBITT METAL.

PARTICULARS:

THURBER METAL, No. 1, is for Heavy Bearings and Railway Car Boxes, Shafting

" No. 2, is for Packing Rings and Journals running at high velocity.....50c per lb.

" No. 3, is for Ordinary and General Purposes.... 25c per lb

CANADIAN METAL, is for Cheapness, and better than ordinary Babbitt 20c per lb.

PHILADELPHIA METAL, is a very fine Metal at the Price.....15c per lb.

Large quantities of the Thurber Metals have been used during the past Ten years. They have been thoroughly tested and pitted against all other Metals, and finally have become almost exclusively used in all the large Lumber Districts, such as the Georgian Bay and Saginaw Valley Saw Mills, Northern Railway and Lake Simcoe Mills. Peterborough, Lindsay, Port Hope, Trenton, Belleville, Napanee, Brockville, Ottawa, Montreal, Three Rivers, Quebec, and Montmorenci Mills, &c., as well as in all the Principal Foundries and Manufactories, Railway Shops, Steamboats, Propellers, &c., &c.

For Sale everywhere in the Dominion at the above Prices.

F. P. G. TAYLOR & CO.,
Toronto

For sale by H. GARDINER & CO.,
Agents for Goderich.

Nov. 15th, 1872 1344

$5 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

NEW GROCERY!

James Brackenridge

HAVING bought out Mr. POLLOCK'S Stock of Groceries and added very largely to them, is now in a position, in the same stand, to sell

Groceries,
Crockery, and
Provisions,

CHEAP FOR CASH!

A Large Stock of

TEAS

On hand, and selling at reduced prices.

Bound to Sell Cheap.

GOOD BARGAINS IN

Raisins & Currants.

Everything that can usually be found in a Grocery Store can be found here.

Do not fail to call and examine goods and prices, if you wish to save money.

JAS. BRACKENRIDGE,

☞ Remember the stand, corner of North Street and Market Square.

Goderich, Jan. 6th, 1873. 1351

THE

Very Thing Wanted

NEW HARDWARE STORE

IN GODERICH

OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE.

SIGN OF THE CIRCULAR SAW

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG TO SAY THAT THEY have just completed opening out an Entire New and

COMPLETE STOCK OF

HARDWARE.

of all kinds which will be sold at prices that defy competition. Before purchasing elsewhere. Please give us a call.

B.—List of Goods sold, next week.

G. H. PARSONS & CO

Opposite The Market House

Goderich Jun 25rd 1871. sw67-

Goderich Harness Shop

W. A. MARTIN

HAS pleasure in announcing to the public of Town and County that he has purchased the Harness business of Mr. Isaac Halliday, on Hamilton St. After having served his apprenticeship with Messrs W. & H. Martin, Goderich. W. A. M. has worked for the last three years in the best Harness Shops in Chicago, and is now prepared to make up

LIGHT AND HEAVY HARNESS,

Horse-Clothing and Scotch Collars

in first-class style and with despatch Orders promptly attended to

Trunks, Whips, Curry-Combs, &c. &c.

N. B. Fly Sheets constantly on hand throughout the summer.

Goderich, June 20 1871.

IF YOU WANT

FINE ALE

OR

Brown Stout,

MADE BY

THOMAS SPENCER

OF

BRANTFORD,

GO TO

D. FERGUSON'S,

HAMILTON STREET,

GODERICH.

1369-6m

Seeds! Seeds!

Seed Potatoes,
Carrot Seed,
Turnip Seed,

BRUCE'S SELECTED EAST LOTHIAN PURPLE TOP.

This variety has been carefully selected and improved, so as to secure a globular shaped root, free from the least tendency to coarseness; it is very solid and heavy, and the flesh good in quality; it is particularly adapted to the richer description of soil; and for long keeping qualities can't be surpassed.

Per Pound 25 cents.

Also a General Stock of

GARDEN & FLOWER

SEEDS,

AT

D. FERGUSON'S,

Hamilton St., Goderich.

1369

Voters Lists

FOR SALE AT THE SIGNAL Office, Goderich.

L. S. WILLSON,

Sewing Machine,

PIANO, ORGAN, MELODEON,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

AGENT.

Showrooms, next door to the "Signal" Office, Goderich.

☞ Mr. MEGAW and myself are the

ONLY AGENTS

—{ FOR THE }—

"FLORENCE"

Sewing Machine in Goderich and vicinity. 1368.

The Hespeler

SEWING MACHINE

IS THE

PEOPLES' FAVORITE,

AND gives universal satisfaction, it is the most simple, durable and the lightest running machine now made (of the cheaper kind) and will sew much heavier material than any other, it is just what the farmers have long wanted and is warranted in every case and kept in repair free of charge for one year by the company. Take my advice and buy no other. Sewing machines of any other make supplied to order at regular rates. I am also agent for all kinds of Agricultural Implements. Office and show rooms at A. P. McLean's Clothing Store, East Street, Goderich.

J. W. WEATHERALD

1354.

SOMETHING NEW!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ESTABLISHED a branch of his Toronto Sewing Machine Repairing Works,

IN CLINTON,

where all kinds of

Sewing Machines

will be repaired, altered and put in first class running order.

Having had 16 years experience in some of the largest machine manufactories in the world he can guarantee satisfaction.

Workshop—Next door to *New Era* office, Clinton.

MR. L. S. WILLSON, next to SIGNAL office, Goderich, will receive machines and take orders.

THOMAS GOBERT.

Clinton, 10th March, 1873. 1360

SONG ECHO, FOR SCHOOLS.

KINKELS REED ORGAN.

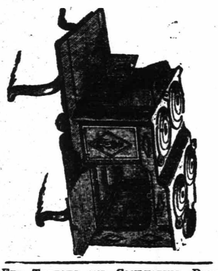
The following Music-Books are recommended as being the BEST of their class:

	PRICE.
The Song Echo, or Schools	60 75
Kinkel's New Method for Reed Organ. Will be ready August 25,	2 50
Peters' Electic Piano School.	3 25
Over 250,000 copies in use.	
Peters' Burnewes' Primer,	50
Worrall's Guitar School,	1 50
Festival Chimes, for Singing Classes,	1 50
Ne Plus Ultra Glee Book. With Piano or Organ Accompaniment,	1 50
Ludden's School for the Voice,	3 50
Peters' Art of Singing,	3 00
Witchtt's Violin Sch. (Peters' edition)	3 00
Kummer's Flute School,	3 00
Wimersteedt's Violin School,	75
Wimmersteedt's Flute School,	75
Peters' Violin School,	75
Peters' Flute School,	75
Peters' Parlor Companion, For Flute, Violin, and Piano,	3 00
Peters' Parlor Companion, For Flute and Piano,	2 00

Any Music will be sent, post-paid on receipt of the marked price.

ADDRESS, J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, New-York.

Stoves! Stoves!



EVE TROUGHS AND CONDUCTING PIPE CISTERN PUMPS, LEAD PIPES, &c.

PLAIN AND FANCY

TIN WARE,

COAL OIL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ Coal Oil Lamps, &c. Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings and Sheep Skins taken in exchange.

J. & J. STORY.

☞ Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barre

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 sw1

Goderich Marble works

Scott, Vanstone & Co.,

BEG TO INTIMATE THAT THEY HAVE opened a branch of their Kincardine

MARBLE-CUTTING WORKS,

in the old stand of Mr. A. M. Johnston Victoria st. Goderich, and will be able to supply

Tombstones,
Mantlepieces,
Window Sills,
&c., &c., &c.,

in the best style of workmanship and on reasonable terms.

GAVIN STUTHERS,
Agent.

Goderich 17th July, sw52-4

Noticeto Debtors

ALL PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE SUBscriber will please pay up to cash.

ABRAHAM SMITH,

Goderich, 17th Oct, 1871.

Moral Scale of Money.

Money is not happiness;
Wealth may co-exist with gout;
Buys the physic, no'ertheless,
Which you can't be cured without.

Money is not mutton; no,
Money is not beer or wine;
But to lack it is to owe
Grievous bills, or not to dine.

Money occupies the purse;
Happiness is in the mind,
Else its state is the reverse;
Woe with indigence combined.

Happiness you purchase through
Money that you wisely spend;
Money is the means unto
Happiness, and that's the end.

Who can keep a conscience clear,
Who can have a mind at rest,
That of rain lives with fear
Ever gnawing at his breast?

Others' happiness your own
Would you render if you could?
'Tis by money's aid alone
You can do your species good.

Happiness he may, below,
Find with money who abounds;
None else can until they go
To the Happy Hunting Grounds.

Money when a man decries,
Ten to one his bend is due,
And that presently he tries
Out of cash to swindle you.— *Punch.*

ODDS AND ENDS.

Natural slippers—Eels.

Stingy creatures—Bees.

Spirit of the press—Cider.

Beer fills many a bottle, and the bottle many a bier.

The most polite parts of a ship are the bows and the gallant yards.

A photographer requested that his sign, "taken from life" should be his epitaph.

What is the difference between an honest and a dishonest laundress?—The former irons your linen; the latter steals it.

An Irish paper states that the salmon in the Boyne are so numerous, that "they are shouldering each other out of the river."

Among the "conditions of sale" by an Irish auctioneer was the following:—The highest bidder to be the purchaser, unless some gentleman bids more."

Chemical joke from New Orleans *Herald*—"If Jupiter had not married Juno a chance would have existed of her becoming the 'Oxoyed' of Mercury."

Mrs. Partington has been reading the health officer's weekly reports, and thinks "total" must be an awfully malignant disease, since as many die of it as all the rest put together.

In a country churchyard this epitaph may be see: "Here lies the body of James Robinson, and Ruth, his wife;" and underneath, "Their warfare is accomplished."

A gentleman having a horse that ran away and broke his wife's neck, a neighbor sought to buy the animal as a means of diverce. "No no," said his owner; "I intend to marry again myself before long."

Harder Still!—Beggar (to dyspeptic old gentleman, whose temper is a trifle irritable). "Please give a copper to a poor fellow who hasn't tasted food all day." Dyspeptic old Gent—"All day! What's that! Why, I haven't digested any for a week!"

A young man says that his sweetheart, who lives on East street, called him a "birdie." At least that is what he supposes she meant, although she actually said, "You big goose."

A Portland man was caught fishing for trout on another man's land, the other day; the owner remonstrated, but retired in silence before the majestic answer, "Who wants to catch your trout? I'm only trying to drown this worm!"

In old times, an essential part of a bride's outfit was sand for scouring her kitchen implements. Now-a-days, they don't trouble about the sand; all that is required from father is that he shall come "down with the dust."

Irish Ideal of Themis.—Biddy (to Pat in charge about a difficulty):"Never fear, Pat! Shure y'ave got an upright jidge to thry yu!"—Pat: "Ah, Biddy, darlin', the divel an upright jidge I want! 'Tis wone that'll lane a little."

An aristocratic Fifth Avenue papa, on being requested by a rich, vulgar young fellow for permision to marry "one of his girls," gave the rather crushing reply: "Certainly; which would you prefer, the waitress or the cook?"

One of the latest cases of absence of mind is that of a man in Tennessee who used a roll of greenbacks as a stopper in his demijohn. If he would only keep the stopper there, he would probably find a profit even in this expensive stoppage.

A clergyman, who owed his situation to a titled patron rather than to his abilities, in visiting his parishioners for the purpose of catechising them, asked one stern old Presbyterian—"Who made Paul a preacher?" "It wasna the Marquis," replied the old man, with a grim smile and a shake of the head.

Scotch Frugality and Prosperity.—Scott was thoroughly acquainted with this class in his own age and country, and the pretexts which he ascribes to the miser in "Old Mortality," that a dip candle was good enough to see to die by, scarcely caricatured the frugal practices which have made Scotsmen prosperous through the world.—*Saturday Review.*

A Compliment.—Rector — "Well, Thomas, and what did you think of the bishop's sermon last Sunday?" Thomas —"Scorr, ol didn't leike it a bit; it was by fur too plain and simple to suit me: oi leikes a sermon whut jeomblin the joodgement and confeozles the senses, and oi never came aorest one to come up to yerself for preachin' they." ;

"You shouldn't be glutinous, Isaac," said Mrs. Partington, as, with an anxious expression, she marked the strong convulsive effort that young gentleman was making to bolt the last quarter of a mince pie. "You shouldn't be glutinous, dear. You must be very careful, or you will get something in your alementary canal or sarcophagus, one of these days, that will kill you, Isaac."

Modest Assurance.—Lady of the House, "Well, Millicent, how do you like your, new horse, 'Roland?'" Millicent: 'O, immensely! But he wants a firm hand, you know. He'd very soon run away with me, if I gave him a chance; wouldn't he, Robert?"—Robert (first cousin of Millicent): "Run away with you, if you gave him a chance? By George, if I can judge of 'Roland's feeling by my own, I should just think he would!"

The Town-Crier of Maybole.—Sandy Gordon, the town-crier of Maybole, was a character in his way. At one period of his life he had been an auctioneer and appraiser, although his "lewing drout" interfered sadly with the business, but neither poverty nor misfortune could blunt Sandy's relish for a joke. One day going down the street he encountered his son riding on an ass. "Weel, Jock," quoth he "you're riding on your brither." "Ay, faither," rejoined the son, "I didna ken this was ane o' yours tae." At a neighboring village, he had one day sold his shoes to slake his thirst. After the transaction he was discovered seated on the roadside gazing on his barefoot, and soliloquising in this strain—"Step forrit, barefit Gordon, if it's no on you it's in you."—*Book of Scottish Anecdote.*

Mr. Whiskytoddy's three reasons for not drinking are very characteristic of that gentleman:—"Take something to drink?" said his friend to him one day. "No, thank you," replied Mr. W. "Mol why nott" inquired his friend in great amazement. "In the first place," returned Mr. Whiskytoddy, "I am secretary to a temperance society that is to meet today, and I must show my temperance character. In the second place, this is the anniversary of my father's death, and out of respect for him I have promised never to drink on this day. And in the third place, I have just taken something."

Militia Drill.

The following orders with reference to Militia Drill for the year 1873–74 have been issued. It will be seen that Rural Battalions may assemble at their Battalion head-quarters for eight days if they so desire, and tents and blankets will be issued for their use, but no rations or ration allowance will be granted. A small transport allowance will also be made. This manner of putting in the annual drill is entirely optional. The following are the orders,—

1. Adverting to General Orders(12) of the 30th May, 1873, such Battalions of Infantry or Field Batteries of Artillery of the Active Militia, as many desire to perform the Annual Drill of 16 days for the financial year 1873-74 in eight days' continuous drill of six hours each day, at their respective Battalion or Field Battery Head Quarters, or at such other convenient central place of assemby adjacent thereto, as may be selected by the commanding officer, may be permitted to do so, always excepting such companies, the Head Quarters of which are not within a convenient distance of the Battalion Head Quarters, say half a day's journey.

2. In such cases eight days to be spent at the Battalion or Field Battery Head Quarters, during which drill for six hours each day is to be performed, with the exception of the days of concentration at and departure from, the place of drill, on each of these two days, drill of three hours only is to be exacted, the whol period of eight days to be *exclusive* of any Sunday that may intervene.

3. Tents and blankets will be issued if required, for such drill, from the Militia Stores under usual conditions, on application by the commanding officer to the Deputy Adjutant General of the Militia District through the Brigade Major.

4. As commanding officers of the Battalions and Field Batteries who may obtain tents and blankets for purposes of the drill, will be held responsible for their return into store in good condition on completion of the drill, such commanding officers will take steps to have the same returned to them before the men leave for their homes, and will assess all damages for losses, injury or deficiencies which may have occurred, certifying value of same upon the pay-lists, and amount of such assessment will be stopped from the pay of the corps. List of prices will be found on the pay-list.

5. Rations cannot be supplied at the public expense, but the non-commissioned officers and men who shall have performed the above duty will receive eight dollars each *before leaving for their homes*, and the officers will receive sixteen dollars each, subject under order of the commanding officer, to stoppages for necessary subsistence and all damages of, or losses, injuries to, or deficiencies in military stores which may occur during the period of drill.

6. Each mounted officer will receive an allowance of twelve dollars in addition, for a horse, if the same has been actually present and used by him at drill, on the certificate of the commanding officer, and the sum of twelve dollars will be likewise allowed for each Field Battery horse actually and necessarily present, provided such horses were present for the full period of drill.

7. Transport is not to be supplied on requisition issued by the Militia Department, but an allowance in lieu of transport for such portion of the distance necessarily travelled over ordinary roads at the rate of six cents per mile for each non-commissioned officer and man, whose Corps or Company Head Quarters are distant more than three miles from the place of encampment, will be allowed, the same rate to be allowed for the return journey.

8. In cases where the whole or part of the journey is by railway or water communication, half the above rates will be allowed in lieu of transport for such portions of the journey as may be over such railway or by water communication, and the amount of such allowance is to be added to the Company pay lists and paid with the drill pay.

9. Commanding Officers are under no circumstances to issue requisitions for transport by railway or steamboat to be made a charge against the public.

10. Officers commanding Corps desirous of performing the annual drill under these regulations must give timely notice to the Depaty Adjutant General of the District, through the Brigade Major.

11. The nature of the Drill and exercises for the respective corps, to be as far as possible, in conformity with the instructions laid down in the General Order (12) of the 30th May, 1873, the Rifle instruction and target practice being the most essential exercises for Infantry Corps; this is to be considered the Exercise of paramount importance, and the target practice returns must be rendered at the same time as the pay lists duly certified, to entitle corps to claim pay.

12. Regiments of Cavalry desirous of drilling as such, under the previsions of this order, may do so, on the understanding that no charge for transport will be allowed, and that the pay for horses will be same as for Field Batteries of artillery.

13. Corps of Active Militia performing the Annual Drill under previsions of General Order (12) of the 30th May, 1873, are not to be supplied with Tents or Blankets, nor will they be provided with transport at the public expense nor be paid any allowance therefor.

14. Such corps as turn out for drill on 1st July, (Dominion day,) under the provisions of the foregoing No. 1 General Order, and afterwards assemble at Battalion or Field Battery Head Quarters for the performance of the eight days drill under the provisions of this General Order, will be permitted to count the drill on Dominion day as one of the days of six hours drill provided for in this Order.

Prince Edward Island.

A GLORIOUS CELEBRATION.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., July 2.—Yesterday there was general rejoicing on the occasion of the admission of Prince Edward Island into the Dominion. Flags were displayed in all directions, on the public buildings, and many private houses were gaily decorated with appropriate mottoes. The volunteers paraded in the forenoon, and salutes were fired from H. M. S. Spartan and the shore batteries. At noon the flag of Canada floated in the breeze over the Provincial Buildings, and soon after Sheriff Watson read the Queen's Proclamation of Union before a large and enthusiastic assemblage. Governor Robinson was then sworn in, as His Honour the Lieut-Governor of the Province of Prince Edward Island of the Dominion of Canada. In the evening the shops and public offices were illuminated and the citizens gave themselves up to the enjoyment of the auspicious occasion: Preparations are being made to give the Governor-General a brilliant reception on his arrival at Charlottetown.

NO RISK.

Thomas's Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it? If not, time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case or Rheumatism Neuralgia or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications. Another who has had Asthma for years, says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more." Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N. Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev. J. Mallory, of Wyoming, N. Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this." It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. It is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. Thomas, Perry, N. Y., and Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont. Sole Agents for the Dominion.

Wm. Jennings—Scotland and Blackwood.—Sm

☞ Sold in Goderich by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; Jas. Bentham, Rogerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; H. Combs, Clinton; S. Second, Lucknow; H. Hickson, Seaforth; and all medicine dealers.

Goderich, Dec. 29, 1871. w 69 y

Special Notices.

Breakfast.—Epps's Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."—*Civil service Gazette.* Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each packet is labelled—"James Epps & Co., Hommopathic Chemists, London."

Manufacture of Cocoa.—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Epps & Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London."—*Cassell's Household Guide.* 1341.

CAUTION! FRAUDS ABROAD!

I BEG most respectfully to caution the public of the British North American Provinces to be on their guard against purchasing spurious medicines which are being sold as my genuine "Holloway's Pills and Ointment," by certain individuals, of little or no means, trading (for the last few months only) under the style of the "New York Chemical Company." Every artifice is made use of by them for the purpose of imposing upon the public; and the more effectually to deceive, they have the effrontery, in their advertisements, to issue the following caution:—

"The immense demand for 'Holloway's Pills and Ointment' has tempted unprincipled parties to counterfeit these valuable Medicines.

"In order to protect the public and ourselves "we have issued a new 'Trade Mark,' consisting "of an Egyptian Circle of a serpent with the "letter H in the centre. Every box of genuine "'Holloway's Pills and Ointment' will have "this trade mark on it. None are genuine "without it.

"To Dealers and Jobbers in Drugs and Medicines.

"We call your particular attention to the new "style of Holloway's Pills and Ointment "—none of the old style are manufactured by "us now, nor have they been for months. We "therefore caution all purchasers against re"ceiving from any Jobbers or Dealers the old "style of goods.

"Information concerning any such goods "being offered will be received with thanks.

"We ask the favor of all the information you "can give in regard to these counterfeits."

Now this Company is aware that your laws do not permit them to copy the precise getting up of my Medicines, but in order the more completely to blind the public, they have recourse to another piece of deception, viz. in stating that they deem it necessary, as they say, to make up the Pills and Ointment in another form, and that that they adopt a *New Label*, &c.

Besides the above-mentioned "Chemical Company," there is also a David Pringle of New York, who by consummate trickery is attempting to sell spurious imitations of my Medicines. Beware of him likewise.

This unprincipled Chemical Company has dared to say that I owe very large sums of money in the United States. What is the fact? A newspaper agent obtained, without my knowledge or consent, and by collusion with a party who held a limited power of attorney of mine, an order to advertise my medicines in South America for three years, to the extent of $400,000 in gold. He then sold his claim to a lawyer, who got it referred by the court to a friend of his who gave judgement against me to the amount of $171,237 gold, for profit which he said he could have made by it, had I not taken steps to repudiate this vile transaction the moment it came to my knowledge. This judgement will soon be set aside. It cannot be supposed, I am sure, that I owe a cent to any one that I would not immediately pay.

There is no truth whatever in the statement that, I ever authorized any person or persons to use my name for the sale of my Pills and Ointment, although great frauds have been practised upon me by unprincipled men in this way.

I would ask, as a favor, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made and sold in my name, that he be pleased to send me the name and address of the vendor who is selling the same, that I may, for the protection of the public and myself, prosecute him, and I engage to remunerate handsomely any informant without divulging his name.

Should any persons have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will oblige me by sending to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same.

My Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale net prices in quantities of not less than $20 worth, viz., 5s, 6d., 22c., 33c. per dozen boxes of Pills or Pots of Ointment, for which remittances must be sent in advance. These Medicines are not sold in the United States.

Each Pot and Box of my Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London."

(Signed) THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

533, *Oxford Street, W. C. London October 3, 1871.* 1347.

Dr. Wheeler's compound elixir of phosphates and calisaya.

Tamworth, June 20, 1872.

"My wife for a number of years has been suffering from Asthma and Disease of the Heart. Her sufferings were short and quick, at times causing great distress and apprehension of impending death, and she was greatly prostrated with general debility. At night she was constantly subject to attacks of great difficulty of breathing, the surface of the body becoming cold and she was apparently lifeless, being restored only by great exertion on the part of attendants. She began taking your medicine about a year ago, and she has not had an attack since, and is in the enjoyment of very comfortable health. I have great reason to be thankful for her extraordinary improvement.

W. Armstrong,
Landing Waiter."

DR. J. BELL SIMPSON'S Specific and Tonic Pills.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR NERVOUS Debility, Spermatorrhea Nocturnal Emission of the Generative Organs, Palpitation of the Heart, Tremblings, Sleeplessness, the effect of excess, indulgence in alcoholic stimulants and tobacco, &c. Dr. J. BELL SIMPSON'S Pills are the only effectual ones for the above diseases, and are never known to fail. They have already cured hundreds in this country. Robert Arthur, machinist, Hamilton, testifies to his recovery by their use. Safe, certain and rapid in action, a short trial will prove their efficacy. No sufferer need despair of being relieved from the frightful effects of Self-Abuse. The Specific Pills are sold by Druggists at $1.00 a box, and the Tonic Pills at 50c. a box, or they will be sent by mail, postage pre-paid, and securely wrapped from observation, on receipt of $1.00 for the Specific, and 50c. for the Tonic Pills by

J. BELL SIMPSON & CO.,
Drawer 91 P. O. Hamilton.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Pamphlets sent post-free on application.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

The power of arresting disease displayed by this preparation is honorably acknowledged by the medical faculty in every section where it has been introduced; and the rapidly increasing sale is the best guarantee of the estimation in which it is held by the public.

The Syrup will cure Pulmonary consumption in the first and second stages; will give great relief from bodily ills in the third. It will cure Asthma, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Coughs and Colds. It will cure all diseases originating from want of Muscular Action and Nervous Force, such as Enlargement of the Spleen, Dyspepsia, Rickets, Feeblemind Irregular action of the Heart, Local and General Paralysis, Aphonia or Loss of Voice. It will cure Leucorrhœa, Chlorosis, Anæmia, and restores the blood to purity and health

Sold By Apothecaries.

Price, $1.50; Six for $7.50.

JAMES I. FELLOWS, CHEMIST
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Goderich Sept. 4th 1871.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY

Job Moses' Periodical Pills

THIS INVALUABLE MEDICINE is UNFAILING in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited to their health, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills should not be taken by Females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all Cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue or slight exertion, Palpitation of the heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, does not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package which should be carefully preserved.

JOB MOSES, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

1.00 and 1.25 cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN
Newcastle, C. W., genera agents for Canada

☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; Jas. Bentham, Rogerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; S. Second, Lucknow; E. Hickson Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

AS A FAMILY MEDICINE, IT IS well and favorably known, relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
&c.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single dissatisfaction, where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effect.

We speak from experience in the matter, having tested it thoroughly; and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon it being a thorough Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing the diseases for which it is recommended and its wonderful effects in subduing the tortuous pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections entitle it to high rank in the list of Medicines. Orders continuing to be from Druggists Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it as Physicians order, and use it; and as family will be without it after trying it.

Price, only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

☞ Sold in Goderich, by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; Jas. Bentham, Rogerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; H. Combs, Clinton; S. Second, Lucknow; H. Hickson, Seaforth; and all medicine dealers.

Goderich, Dec. 29, 1871. w 69 y

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A Beautiful Assortment of JEWELLERY OF ALL KINDS

JUST RECEIVED,

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CHEAP AT BUTLER'S

Fishing Tackles,

OF ALL KINDS, CONSISTING OF REELS, BASKETS, BAITS HOOKS and LINES of a superior kind

AND

SELLING AT COST AT BUTLER'S.

Goderich, 19th Aug., 1870. sw104

THE RUSSELL WATCH

is made in all sizes suitable for Ladies and Gents, both in gold and silver. But the accompanying cut represents in proper proportions

THE $25 RUSSELL HUNTING LEVER WATCH,

In sterling silver case and gold points, full jewelled, warranted for five years—together with a gold plated Albert chain—which will be sent to any part of Canada on receipt of $25, or C. O. D., per express.

W. E. CORNELL,
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BUY ONLY THE

Genuine Fairbanks' Scales,

MANUFACTURED BY

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Standard Scales.

Stock Scales, Coal Scales, Hay Scales, Dairy Scales, Counter Scales, &c., &c.

Scales repaired promptly and reasonably

For sale, also, Trosmner's Coffee and Drug Mills, Composition Bells, all sizes Letter Presses, &c., &c.

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ALARM CASH DRAWER,

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FAIRBANKS, BROWN & Co.,

2 Milk St., Boston.

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THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION

which can be cured by a timely resort to this standard preparation, as has been proved by the hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. It is acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable preparation ever introduced for the relief and cure of all Lung complaints, and is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years. When resorted to in season it seldom fails to effect a speedy cure in the most severe cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Colds, Sore Throat, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Liver Complaint, Bleeding at the Lungs, &c. Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass.

And sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

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Can furnish almost all Canadian and American Maker's Instruments on terms to suit purchasers for cash or on time at less than Manufacturer's price.

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ERIC McKAY,

Cabinet Maker

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BEGS leave to return thanks to the inhabitants of Goderich and surrounding country, for their liberal patronage during the last two years he has been in business. He is now prepared to furnish all articles in his line, such as

FURNITURE

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

PILLOWS
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Cheap for Cash,

AND ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

PICTURE FRAMES kept on hand and made to order. Having on hand an assortment of

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I am prepared to make coffins on the shortest notice, and at the lowest possible terms. ☞ Remember the old stand,

WEST STREET,

opposite the Bank of Montreal.

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Extensive New Premises

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C. Barry & Bro.,

Cabinet Makers, Undertakers & Wood Turners,

HAMILTON ST.

Have removed across the street to the store next door to W. Ackeson's Harness Shop, where will be found

A GOOD ASSORTMENT!

of Kitchen, Bedroom, Dining-room, and Parlor Furniture, such as

TABLES,
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CUPBOARDS,
BEDSTEADS,
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MATTRESSES,
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WHATNOTS, LOOKING GLASSES

GILT FRAMING.

☞ C. B. & B. are prepared to sell everything in their line.

Cheap for Cash.

N. B. A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand and a Hearse to hire; at on reasonable terms.

A CALL SOLICITED.

Goderich, 15 Aug 1870

"A Large Soul in a Small Body."

The above cut represents our

$70 Organs.

While thanking our former agents and customers for their liberal patronage and confidence for the past year [and announcing to our friends in the country, we respectfully call their attention to our Style, No. 61. This Organ being a 6 octave, Double Reed (C Scale) is a very desirable instrument for advanced players, Pianists or parties educating themselves for the pianoforte; and as a parlor Instrument, it meets every requirement.—Our No. 30 is the same as 61, but different style, and more expensive. Our No. 32 is pronounced by all who have seen it to be the finest Instrument in the world for the price; this organ has two complete setts same as No 30, with two additional half setts, viz, Hautboy and Vox Celeste, making four setts from middle C up and also 1½ octaves of Bass Profundo. We are the first and only parties who make this line of Instruments, and the universal satisfaction they have given, and the immense sale of these Organs, show that they are appreciated and encourages us to make them a specialty.

Applications for agencies, where we have no agents, at all times confidentially solicited.

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This grand success, in addition to last year's record of a

Silver Medal,
3 Diplomas,
and 12 First Prizes,

Prove that our Instruments in the opinion of competent judges are incomparably superior to all others.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of the

ORGANETTE,

Containing Scribner's Patent Qualifying Tubes, acknowledged by all to be the greatest improvement yet introduced. Their superiority is executed by other makers from the fact that at Guelph they withdrew from competition, thus acknowledging their inability to compete with them.

Every instrument fully warranted for five years. Send for catalogue containing fifty different styles of instruments.

W. BELL & CO.

Guelph, Oct. 15, 1872. 1346.

NOTICE!

ALL PARTIES INDEBTED TO THE *Signal* Office for work done previous to the 31st Dec. last, are required to pay up at once to the undersigned.

ABRAHAM SMITH.

Goderich, Feb. 5, '72. sw983w3tf

H. GARDINER & CO.,

GENERAL DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

PAINTS, OILS, &c.

GLASS PUTTY &c.

OF ALL KINDS

W. & J. KAY

HAVE RECEIVED THIS MONTH

Silk Velvets, 24 and 30 inch.

Silk Repps and Poplins,

Twilled Flannels, White and Scarlet,

Nubias, White, Scarlet and Black,

Coloured Turquoise, different shades,

Sash Ribbons Cord and Watered,

White Brussels, Net Muslin Lace,

Green Kid Gloves.

Canada Yarns and Hose,

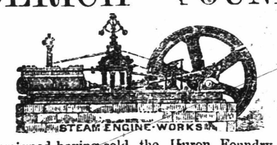
Also—Felt Overshoes & Fresh Fruits.

Goderich, 9th Dec., 1872 1347

COAL OIL AND COAL OIL LAMPS.

At H. Gardiner & Co's.

GODERICH FOUNDRY.



THE undersigned having sold the Huron Foundry property and Stock to the "Goderich Foundry and Manufacturing Company," begs to thank the public for their liberal support for the past nineteen years, and trusts that they will continue to send their orders to the New Company.

R. RUNCIMAN.

Goderich, 10th June, 1872,

Referring to the above Notice, the GODERICH FOUNDRY AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY beg to inform the public that they are prepared to contract for

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, FLOUR, GRIST & SAW MILLS, SAWING MACHINES, &c.

On Hand

IRON AND WOODEN PLOUGHS, with steel boards,
GANG PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS, STRAW CUTTERS, &c.,
SUGAR AND POTASH KETTLES, GRATE BARS, WAGGON BOXES, &c.,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES of various kinds.

SALT PANS Made to Order.

—ALSO—

Iron and Brass Castings, and Blacksmith Work.

BOILERS AND SALT PANS REPAIRED on short notice.

Twenty to thirty Horse-power Tubular Boilers

Generally on hand for Sale.

☞ All Orders addressed to the Company or Secretary will receive prompt attention.

ROBERT RUNCIMAN, General Manager. HORACE HORTON, President.

GEORGE NIEBERGALL, Manager Agricultural Department. ARCHIBALD HODGE, Secretary and Treasurer.

Goderich, Ont., 10th June, 1872. 1325

A Nice Variety of Plated Ware.

HARDWARE of all kinds in endless variety, and at the Lowest Rates

At H. GARDINER & CO'S.,

NORTH SIDE OF THE SQUARE, GODERICH.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly, cheaply and expeditiously executed at the office of the

HURON SIGNAL.

CARDS,
BILL HEADS,
NOTES,
RECEIPTS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
NOTICES OF APPOINTMENT,
OATHS OF QUALIFICATION,
PATHMASTERS LISTS,
VOTERS LISTS,
CIRCULARS,
JURY LISTS,
HEADINGS
DEEDS,
&c., &c., &c.,

Printed in the best style and at the lowest Rates.

GODERICH WOOLEN FACTORY.

SEASON 1872.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, WHILE RETURNING THANKS FOR PAST PATRONAGE, BEG LEAVE TO STATE that during the past winter, they have

Added largely to their Manufacturing Machines.

And all having been entirely refitted,

Are now Prepared to Execute Orders

In Tweeds, Full Cloth, Satinette, Flannels, Winceys, Blankets, Horse Covers, Stocking Yarns, &c., &c.

WITH GREATER DESPATCH, OF MORE DURABILITY, and Neater in Pattern Than Formerly.

They would also call attention to

CUSTOM SPINNING, ROLL CARDING, CLOTH DRESSING &c

For which their machinery is specially adapted. Parties coming from a distance with wool to get carded, by leaving the same with Mr. D. Ferguson, Merchant, Goderich, can rely on getting their rolls home with them the same day. Those wishing to exchange their wool for goods will find it to their interest to give the subscribers a call.

☞ N. B.—Prices Low. First-class work guaranteed.

JOHN INGLIS & SON.

For Sale or To Let.

FARM FOR SALE.

BEING LOT NO. 10, ON THE 2ND Concession, in the Township of Goderich, on the Bayfield Road, two and a half miles from the Town of Goderich, containing 80 acres, 75 cleared and under good cultivation, well watered with a never failing spring Creek running through the Lot, a large bearing Orchard of choice grafted Fruit, a good large hewed Log House a Frame Barn 34x32, stabling and driving shed with a large hay loft 52x27, with other out buildings and a good pump at the barn yard. This property will be sold Cheap for Cash or on terms to suit purchasers.

ALSO

Lot No. 1170, situated on the North side of East St., in the Town of Goderich, near the Railroad Station, containing one quarter of an acre of land with a good Frame House and Frame Stable and a few fruit trees and good well. This property will be sold Cheap for Cash. Apply to

G. M. TRUEMAN,
Goderich.

Or to C. SHANNON,
on the premises.

Goderich, 25th Jan. 1873. 1354

LANDS for SALE AT BAYFIELD.

LOTS NO'S. 71 & 72 BAYFIELD CONCESSION Township of Goderich, comprising 146 acres of the best quality of land, within about 2 miles of the Market place of the Town of Bayfield. There is a clearance of 28 acres which could readily be prepared for crop. The remainder of the land is closely covered with the best of beech and maple timber of splendid growth, an excellent road passes on two sides of the property, which is situated in an old and well settled neighbourhood.

ALSO.—Lot 14, Range A Township Stanley, containing 39 acres of well reserved timber land, which would produce a large quantity of firewood to the acre. The lot runs to the River Bayfield with a considerable water fall which can be made available for milling or manufacturing purposes.