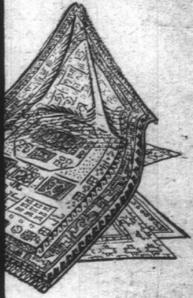


# NEWS

Business is proven beyond the doubt the practical working out of the new plan you now pay for bad purchases or to pay one cent the LOWEST POSSIBLE.



# LEUMS

Presented up a beautiful line of LINOLEUMS, in both 12 and 18 inch squares. Prices 65c., 75c., 85c. and \$1.25. Heavy, \$1.00, \$1.35. 75c. per square yard.

Carpeting, in Swiss, Nottingham Curtains at special prices.

Rugs! Rugs! Brown, Persian, etc., colors, \$1.00.

For Style, Fit and Comfort THE

# D. & A. Corset

It will content you in every point that makes Corset comfort. The comfort of perfect style, of shapely fit, of graceful design, of ease for the woman who wears it. Every corset that bears the D. & A. mark is thoroughly made, whatever the price. The D. & A. corset is the Corset for solid comfort, and at prices in reach of everyone.

Well made and finished with deep Lace and long hip, White or Grey. Trading price \$1.25 pair. Quality Costill and finished same as above, long hip, garters attached, lace trim. \$1.25 pair. Best for the stout figure. This is one Low bust, long hip, garters attached. \$1.75 pair. Left, at 35c. per pair.

# te Sale

each. Saturday, 10c. each. Each customer.

days!

g Co. LIMITED

Our Stock of Two Piece Suits, New Hats and New Spring Shoes are all in Stock. Have a Look Through C. H. GORDON & CO.

# The West.

COME AND SEE US Give Us a Trial. We Think you will do Your Trading Here. C. H. GORDON & CO.

VOL. 10 No. 8

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1908.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 PER YEAR

**To the Insuring Public:**  
Please note the QUALITY of the Fire Insurance Companies we represent and the SECURITY they offer. Current rates. Honorable dealing. Prompt settlements.

**Statement January 1st, 1908**  
(Securities valued at current market rate)

<b>New York Underwriters Agency</b> Established 1884 Representative for This District, P. McARA, Jr., Regina, Sask.	POLICIES SECURED BY	
	Assets	\$10,000,000 00
	Capital	\$2,000,000 00
	Outstanding Loans	1,000,000 00
	Reserve for Reinsurance	11,000,000 00
	All Other Liabilities	\$75,000 00
	Net Surplus	\$2,800,000 00
	Surplus to Policy-holders	\$2,800,000 00

The New York Underwriters Agency has a notable record of nearly half a century of honorable dealing with the insuring public.

**Imperial Bank of Canada**  
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO

Capital Authorized \$10,000,000  
Capital Paid Up \$4,000,000  
Reserve \$4,000,000

D. B. WILKIE, President  
HON. ROBERT JAFFRAY, Vice-President

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN—Lloyds Bank, Ltd., 11 Lombard Street, London.

BRANCHES IN PROVINCES OF MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA, QUEBEC, ONTARIO, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Farming and general business transacted.

Savings Bank Department—Interest allowed on deposits from date of deposit and credited quarterly.

REGINA BRANCH  
J. A. WETMORE, Manager.

**Photography is Simple Now**

Take a KODAK with you, press the button—the TANK DEVELOPER does the rest.

No Dark Room No Spoiled Pictures

We have all sizes of Kodaks and Tank Developers

And everything else in the line of PHOTOGRAPH GOODS, both professional and amateur.

Seed Plates	Stanley Plates
Royal Plates	Velox
Sello	Ariato
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**Canada Drug & Book Co. LIMITED**

**Silverware**

We have added to Our Immense Display of SILVERWARE

AND NOW we have the most complete Stock in the West.

For Wedding Gifts or Gifts for any occasion.

GOOD VALUE IN CUT GLASS.

Repairing Quickly and Neatly Done

M. G. HOWE - Jeweller and Graduate Optician

Save Your Fuel

BY HAVING A Steel Furnace INSTALLED IN YOUR HOUSE

THE "Torrid Zone" FURNACE

Will Save You 20 Per Cent. on Fuel.

A good Furnace, properly installed, is a paying investment for you.

**Armstrong, Smyth & Dowswell LIMITED**  
30 ARTHUR STREET REGINA

**REGINA WINS EXPENSIVE HOLE**

Local Lacrosse Team Defeats Calgary Players on Victoria Day Here.

What was expected to be a close game of lacrosse was played in Halfway Park on Monday afternoon, between the Calgary team which is the champion of the Western Canada League and the Regina team. The game was not a good exhibition of Canada's national game. In fact it was a poor game. There were only a few examples of good combination play, while there were many instances of rough work.

The Regina team had the better of the game all the way through. Their goal keeper saved many a ball from being scored. Regina scored 2 in the first quarter, 4 in the second, one in the third and 3 in the last. Calgary only succeeded in scoring once and that was in the last quarter.

**Driving Club Races**

The races conducted under the management of the Regina Driving Club drew a large crowd to the exhibition grounds on Victoria day in the forenoon. Only local horses contested.

W. Pettigall acted as starter, and Dr. Armstrong and Thos. Hunter acted as judges.

Class A and Class B are mile heats, while Class C is only half-mile heats. The races resulted as follows:

Class A—1, Glendor; 2, Madura; 3, Little Cora.

Class B—1, Dan Alertohn; 2, Emily M.; 3, Margold.

Class C—1, Bon M.; 2, Lou Richmond; 3, Le Bleu.

**Situation at Ottawa.**

The position of affairs at Ottawa do not appear to have changed very much. Sir Wilfrid at one time appeared to be very willing to back down on the Aylesworth Election Bill, and by parity gained time until Clifford Sifton arrived in Ottawa from his holiday jaunt to Mexico. His appearance in the capital seems to have encouraged and strengthened the western Liberals in the demand for the iniquitous bill, and Sir Wilfrid now does not appear willing to make the required amendments. The opposition are putting up a strong case and will not pass supply until they get a fair measure of justice.

**ELECTION PROBABLE**

There is every indication that the provincial government will go to the country before this fall. The redistribution bill has been brought down and the Liberals are dividing the province into 30 seats. The country is made up into constituencies of almost every conceivable shape. They are of course drawn up in such a way as to give the Liberals the most advantage. The play of some of the members for to guarantee the bonds of the C.N.R., the Free Text Book and other matters are indications of an early appeal to the country. The position of affairs at Ottawa also has a tendency to make the provincial government secure a favorable verdict before the Ottawa government falls.

**Successful Convention**

First Provincial Convention of Educationalists a Great Success.

The educational convention held in this city last week was highly gratifying in every respect. The attendance was very large, there being over four hundred teachers present besides a large number of school trustees and others interested in education.

From the primary and elementary sections the teachers no doubt would derive much benefit as some excellent papers were read, followed by interesting discussions.

The administrative section however, was the one in which the most interest was shown. The paper by Mr. Greer of Oxbow on Inspector's Reports drew some very useful discussion which cannot fail to benefit both inspectors and trustees as well as teachers.

On Thursday evening the visitors to the city were entertained by the associated school boards of Regina, when a very pleasant evening was spent.

The convention throughout was attended by Dr. W. A. McIntyre, principal of the Manitoba Normal School. His address was interesting and are bound to leave a deep impression on all those who heard them. His ideas and style are similar to those of Dr. Goggin, who was at one time superintendent of education for the North-West Territories. In fact he was a pupil of Mr. Goggin's and in many ways is a reproduction of that gentleman in educational matters.

Mr. Daniel McIntyre, superintendent of the Winnipeg schools was also present at the convention and took part. A large number of the students who took normal training in Regina since 1892 were at the convention. Those who remained in the city over Saturday were entertained at an At Home in the Normal school on Saturday evening.

**THE REASONS**

There are plenty of Reasons why you should buy a "Campbell" Suit

The materials used are always first-class and the patterns new and stylish. The tailoring in these suits is as good as money can pay for. Much of the work is done by hand by the most skilled workmen. The style and fit of these suits are perfect and the price is a THIRD LESS THAN YOU PAY A TAILOR.

"Campbell" Suits, \$15.00 to \$22.50

**SUMMER VESTS**

A dozen or more Pretty Patterns in Summer Vests

Some very handsome Flannel Vests, in Stripes and Checks, at \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Linen and Marseilles Vests, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 to \$3.00.

**R. H. Williams & Sons, Limited**  
THE GLASGOW HOUSE

**The McCarthy Supply Co. LIMITED**

Regina's Greatest Departmental Store

Regina, Sask.

**"Green Ticket Sale" Still in Progress**

<b>Dry Goods Department</b> Main Floor 16c. Fast Colored Prints, 12 1/2c. 17c. Muslinettes, unlimited line of colors, at 12 1/2c. 40c. Ladies' Cashmere Hose, 25c. pair.	<b>Rug Department</b> First Floor \$3.25 large size Reversible Rugs for \$2.25.
<b>Boot and Shoe Department</b> Main Floor \$3.00 Men's Fine Shoes, special \$1.75. \$2.75 Ladies' Shoes, special \$1.75.	<b>Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Dept.</b> First Floor Ladies' Summer Vests, 3 for 25c.
	<b>Drapery Department</b> First Floor 25c. Silklike, 36 inches wide, beautiful range. Special 15c.

Let Us Save You Money in Giving You Goods at Right Prices

For the Housewife!

**"YOUNG TOM"** IS YOUR BEST FRIEND

TO REMOVE STAINS produced by coffee, tea or fruit on table linen there is nothing better than "YOUNG TOM" WASHING POWDER. Half fill a boiler or tub with water and after dissolving a tablespoonful of "YOUNG TOM" add it and put in soiled linen to soak over night. In the morning allow wash to simmer a short time and after rinsing in clean water the table linen will be perfectly clean and stains entirely removed.

How Easy When You Use "YOUNG TOM"

**Regina's New Furniture Store**

In the Darke Block

Will be Open for Business on and after Friday May 29th FRIDAY, MAY 29th, 1908.

We will carry in stock a full line of Up-to-date Furniture in all lines that are carried in an up-to-date furniture store, including Mirrors, Pictures, Room and Picture Mouldings, Chair and Plate Rail.

OUR MOTTO is to give a dollar's worth for every dollar received.

YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED

A Cordial invitation is extended to All to Attend Our Opening on Friday Afternoon and Evening, May 29th

**J. H. JOHNSTON**



### AFTER THE SETTLERS

#### Boards of Trade on Arcola Line Organize for Mutual Benefit.

The representatives of the boards of trade on the Arcola and Regina extension met in the fire hall, Arcola on Wednesday afternoon. Owing to a misunderstanding as to date of meeting there was not as many present as was anticipated. However a good meeting resulted and those present were enthusiastic in entering upon and adopting a scheme that would tend to advance the interests of this line. The object of this meeting was to form a joint association, whose duties it would be to advertise the districts along this line and place its advantages before intending settlers. Delegates were present from Francis, Howard, Creelman and Arcola and all were unanimous in favor of the proposed organization. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Gough and Robinson of Francis, Adams of Howard and Youngblood of Arcola pointing out the benefits that would result from such a scheme.

The following are the minutes of the meeting which give a good idea of the work done.

W. G. Robinson was asked to take the chair and state the object of the meeting, this he did after which they proceeded to form an association.

Moved by C. G. Gough and J. M. Adams—that the Boards of Trade of the Arcola and Regina extension of the C.P.R. organize an association of the Boards of Trade for the purpose of promoting the general interest of the towns and districts tributary to the railway.—Carried.

Moved by A. D. McLeod and C. R. Gough that the officers of this association be president, vice president and secretary treasurer and that the president of each board of trade of the several towns with these officers comprise the executive committee.—Carried.

Moved by T. C. Yeoward that W. G. Robinson be president.—Carried.

Moved by J. M. Adams that A. McLeod that T. E. Throner be vice president.

Moved in amendment by T. C. Yeoward that J. M. Adams be vice president.

On ballot Mr. Adams was declared elected.

Moved by C. R. Gough that T. Yeoward be secretary treasurer.—Carried.

Moved by C. R. Gough and A. D. McLeod that the annual meeting of this association be held on the third Wednesday in January of each year.—Carried.

Moved by A. D. McLeod and C. R. Gough that the name of this association be The Associated Board of Trade of the Arcola-Regina railway.—Carried.

Moved by J. M. Adams and A. Grainger, that five of the executive constitute a quorum.—Carried.

Moved by A. D. McLeod and C. R. Gough, that each Board of Trade send one delegate for the first fifteen bona fide members and one additional delegate for every ten or fraction of ten paid up members to a general meeting.—Carried.

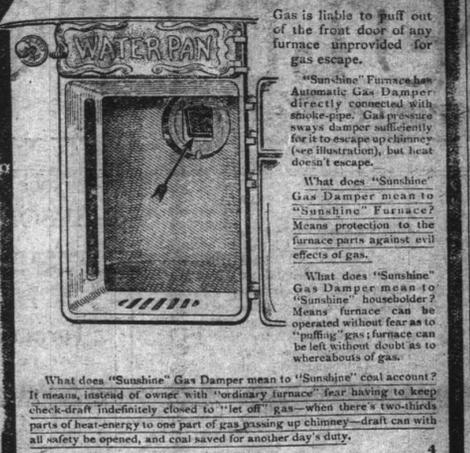
Moved by A. D. McLeod and C. R. Gough, that the executive draft a constitution and present it at the first general meeting for approval.—Carried.

Moved by J. M. Adams and C. R. Gough, that matters of finance be left to the executive with full power to act as they see fit till the next general meeting.

Moved by C. R. Gough, and J. M. Adams, that the secretary notify each of the boards of trade giving full particulars of the meeting.

Moved by A. Grainger and Adams that we adjourn—Moose Mountain Star.

## Heading off a Risk



Gas is liable to puff out of the front door of any furnace unprovided for gas escape.

What does "Sunshine" Gas Damper mean to "Sunshine" Furnace? Means protection for the furnace against all effects of gas.

What does "Sunshine" Gas Damper mean to "Sunshine" householder? Means furnace can be operated without fear as to gas escaping into the house.

What does "Sunshine" Gas Damper mean to "Sunshine" coal account? It means, instead of owner with "ordinary furnace" fear having to keep check-draft indefinitely closed to "let off" gas—when there's two-thirds of furnace energy to one part of gas passing up chimney—draft can be all safely be opened, and coal saved for another day's duty.

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg

McClary's

Vancover St. John, N.B. Hamilton Calgary

PEART BROS. HARDWARE CO. Ltd. Local Agent

then come a dissatisfaction with their present state, and their will follow a spirit of unrest, which will manifest itself in the hunger for the ideal. This has been the history of the church.

It is only after the church has prepared the way by sending its best men and women into darkened lands—who often suffer death—and poured millions of dollars into these fields, that the professional social agitator steps in and builds upon the foundations already laid by the church.

Then in all likelihood, he will turn around and denounce the church for its non-effectiveness. He never lays the foundation. He never makes the sacrifice. He is simply the irresponsible critic, whose very safety and comfort has been made possible by the devotion of martyrs whose blood was sacrificed for him.

Have you ever heard of a social propagandist going into a cannibal island to build up an ideal social system? Try, surely need his help. But not much! It's easier and safer

too, to remain in even "so-called" Christian land, and do business there.

**Bryan and Labor.**

The leaders of the Republican party are fearful lest John Mitchell should consent to accept the Democratic nomination for the vice presidency on the ticket to be headed by William Jennings Bryan. Already two unsuccessful attempts to sidetrack him by giving him an appointment have been made, but our John remains free from any entanglements, and states that he will refuse all such offers from those now in power at Washington, writes Editor Charles W. Fear in the current issue of the Missouri Trade Unionist.

The Republicans are well aware of Mitchell's strength in debatable States and realizes that if he consents to accept the Democratic nomination for Vice President, along with Bryan, their chances for success

especially with Tall at the head of the ticket will be very meager indeed. The Democrats too, are well aware of Mitchell's strength with the voters and are hoping that the former president of the United Mine Workers can be prevailed upon to accept the second place on the ticket to be nominated at Denver.

Bryan and Mitchell would do more to solidify the labor vote against Tall than any other combination that could be picked. Just imagine the wave of enthusiasm for the Bryan and Mitchell ticket would sweep through the Republican strongholds of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and other states where thousands and thousands of union miners swear by "Our Johnny Mitchell!" And in the cities—in factories, where Mitchell's name is revered where even little children have learned to love the name of John Mitchell and tell stories of his efforts in their behalf. And on the railroads—the train crews, all for John Mitchell.

There is no wonder "Uncle Joe" and "Strenuous Teddy" strive to find a berth for John Mitchell, for they fear his strength. For should the Democrats succeed in securing John Mitchell for the second place on their ticket with Bryan, the result would be a complete victory for the Democrats. Labor organizations would become political clubs for the time being, and union men of all party affiliations would undoubtedly break away from their party moorings long enough to cast one vote for "Our John."

Mitchell's hold on the people is stronger today than when he was successfully guided the movements of the United Mine Workers. Firm, powerful, a giant intellectually, there need be no fear that the vice presidency would not furnish ample opportunity for Mitchell to exert a powerful influence over national legislation. And Vice President Mitchell could continue his efforts for humanity's uplifting—the life ambition of the lion-hearted breaker boy who can wage battle with the strongest, yet who becomes as gentle and meek as a lamb at the voice of a prattling innocent child.—Exchange.

**CLAIMS INVESTIGATED**

W. L. Mackenzie King Investigates Claims of Celestials Resulting From Riots.

Vancouver, May 26.—In examining the \$25,000 of claims of Chinese residents of this city for actual and consequential damage to the September riots, today, Commissioner W. L. Mackenzie King announced that the government would not pay for the guns or ammunition purchased by the celestials for their protection, "not unless you can show me that the police were wholly unable to give 'tort' protection," said the commissioner.

The announcement followed the discovery of an item for \$18 for a gun in Merchant Soan Key's claim for \$500. "Besides you could hardly ask the government to pay for the gun when you have it now," said the commissioner.

"Oh, no," replied the merchant, "the police they take it, I no get it back."

The merchant said a similar item would appear in all the claims. The items will all be disallowed, in other respects the total claims will likely be approved as presented.

By every instance they are much less than the claimants say they can actually prove, and the evidence of the police officers is that the damage to the Chinese quarters was four times as much as the damage in the Japanese quarter. The amount paid to the Japs by the Dominion government was over \$2,000.

Chief of Police Chamberlain, in speaking of his efforts to stamp out gambling in Chinatown, declared there were fully fifty dens, which collectively took in \$5,000 a day. Some prominent citizens thought that the police should not interfere, under the belief that they were gambling among themselves, but the police declared that in nearly every case the money was obtained from local patrons and tourists. The latter frequently came to him for redress, but as they were unable to identify the Chinamen it was impossible to secure convictions. Although no part of the enquiry, the commissioner commended the chief's efforts to stamp out the evil.

**PROVINCIAL NEWS**

Yorkton, May 21.—The provincial license commissioners are sitting here and the Balmoral hotel is having trouble getting its license renewed, a petition having been presented by over a hundred ratepayers claiming that the proprietors, Bronfman Bros. are not proper persons to run the hotel, having twice been convicted of breach of the liquor license laws.

The hearing took up most of the day. R. A. Bonnar, of Winnipeg, appearing for the defence. The case was going on last night. Licenses were granted to the Leland hotel, Theodore hotel, Dacotah; Sheho; Imperial hotel, Langenburg; Central hotel, Churchbridge; Queen's hotel, Saltcoats; Royal hotel, Yorkton for

three months on probation and the Hudson's Bay store, Yorkton.

The court resumed last evening, and after hearing the evidence of the various persons on the Balmoral hotel application, the license commissioners retired for 15 minutes, and on their return stated that although the charges of gambling were not proved, still from the evidence of the proprietors, it was clear that he was not a fit person to keep a hotel, and therefore the license would be refused.

Piles are easily and quickly checked with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. To prove it I will mail a small trial box as a convincing test. Simply address Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. I surely would not mail it free unless I was certain that Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment would stand the test. Remember that it is made expressly and alone for swollen, painful, bleeding or itching piles, either external or internal. Large jars \$5. Sold by Regina Pharmacy Stores.

"Why is she getting a divorce?" "On the grounds of misrepresentation. She says that before they were married he claimed to be well on."

"And what does he say?" "He says he was, but didn't know it."—Lippincott's.

It is reported that Architect G. E. Nobles will see the High School Board of Prince Albert for the full amount of the contract the school board had with Nobles & Anderson for plans and superintendence of construction of the high school. The amount involved is over \$8,000.

Minards Liniment for sale everywhere.

Asquith is to have a large grist mill. The Asquith Milling Co. is being formed to carry out the project.

Weak women should read my Book No. 4 For Women. It was written expressly for women who are not well. The Book No. 4 tells of Dr. Shoop's "Night Cure" and just how these "soothing, healing, antiseptic" properties can be successfully applied. The book and strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Night Cure is sold by the Regina Pharmacy Stores.

strength, life, vigor, and ambition. Try it and be convinced. Sold by Regina Pharmacy Stores.

"If I had any use for a brother," she replied sweetly, "I could reach under the sofa and get one right now."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Every time you knock a competitor you miss a good chance to keep still.

Even if you only borrow trouble, it is yours after you get it.

Minard's Liniment used by physicians

The man who is too smooth often becomes slippery.

Tired nerves, with that "no ambition" feeling that is commonly felt in spring or early summer, can be easily and quickly altered by taking what is known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. One will absolutely note a changed feeling within 48 hours after beginning to take the Restorative. The howls get sluggish in the winter time, the circulation often slows up, the kidneys are inactive, and even the heart in many cases grows decidedly weaker. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is recognized everywhere as a genuine tonic to these vital organs. It builds up and strengthens the worn out nerves; it sharpens the failing appetite, and universally aids digestion. It always brings renewed

**STRAYED.**

From Regina on Saturday, May 16th ONE RED COW with some white marks. Cow was giving milk. When last seen had rope tied around horns and had red string tied on tail. Any information will be thankfully received and rewarded by Nicolas Mags, Block 8, Lots 6-7, Broder St., Regina.

**Regina**

Edmonton

ONE WAY FIRST CLASS FARE \$15.30

ROUND TRIP 30-DAY FARE \$25.50

CANADIAN NORTHERN

F. J. HURKETT

Ticket Agent REGINA

**FEDERAL BUSINESS COLLEGE** Bank of Ottawa Bldg., Regina

One month's salary pays the entire cost

It is not necessary, nor is it wise for young people to spend years of the best portion of their lives in preparing for professions which are not so remunerative as is the work for which they may prepare in a few months. The majority of our graduates receive as much for their services in one month as would pay the total amount of their college fees. Our courses form a short cut to business success. During the last six months the Regina Federal Business College has placed more than sixty students in excellent situations; with initial salaries ranging from \$50 to \$60 per month. Every capable student is guaranteed a good situation upon graduation. The Federal Schools are open the year round and students may enter for instruction at any time. Free catalogue. Write today

GEO. S. HOUSTON, Manager

**Another Modern Miracle**

**Paralysis Permanently Cured**

**The Sufferer Paralyzed From Waist to Feet—Encased in Plaster of Paris for Nine Months—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cure After Four Doctors Had Failed—The Cure Vouched for by a Well Known Clergyman.**

Paralysis, no matter how slight, is a terrible affliction, but to be paralyzed from waist to the feet, to be a helpless cripple, totally dependent upon what others do for you, is a condition as wretched as man could possibly bear. Such was the state of Mr. Allan J. McDonald of Rice Point P.E.I. For over a year he was a helpless invalid. He was paralyzed from his waist to his feet and for nine months lay in bed encased in a plaster paris case. Four of the best doctors in Prince Edward Island were unable to help him and he seemed doomed to a life of misery and despair. But hope came to him when he read of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done for other sufferers from paralysis. He procured a supply of the pills and began taking them. Gradually they broke the chains of disease that bound him, and filled his whole body with new blood, life and vigor. Mr. McDonald says: "I am a farmer and in consequence have a great deal of hard work to do. One day while about my work I injured my back, but at the time I paid little attention to the injury and continued my work. As time went on, though, the pain became more severe and I soon found myself unable to lift anything no matter how light. It was not long before I had to stop work altogether and consult a doctor. He treated me but his treatment did not help me and I rapidly grew worse. I had to take to my bed, and in the hope that my spine might receive strength I was encased in a plaster of paris cast. This did not help me and I could feel the paralysis slowly creeping over me till I was totally paralyzed from my waist to my feet. I lost all control over my bowels and bladder and my legs had no more feeling than if they were made of wood. Three other doctors tried to cure me, but their treatment also was a failure, and for over eleven months I lay in bed unable to move. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were then advised and I was shown testimonials of others who had been cured of paralysis through them. I bought a supply and in less than three months

they made a remarkable change in me. I was able to get out of bed and crawl along the floor on my hands and knees. Gradually my limbs became stronger. Soon I could walk with the aid of a cane and inside of nine months after I began use of the pills I was totally cured, and am once more able to do light work. Now I am as strong as ever I was and can do my work about the farm without the least trouble. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are without an equal, for besides my own case, I know of two other cases of paralysis cured by them. Two young girls who had been crippled and whom I advised to try the Pills."

In corroboration of what Mr. McDonald says, the Rev. D. MacLean of Charlottetown, P.E.I., writes: "I visited Mr. McDonald many times during his illness. He was attended by three or more doctors and put in plaster paris, and everything imaginable which might be of benefit, was done for him without success. He had lost all power of his body from his waist down and I think he was nearly a year under treatment before he began to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was with him from the day he first moved his big toe and from that time on he gradually improved and for the last few years he has been perfectly well. I can vouch for the cure Dr. Williams' Pink Pills effected in his case."

If you are sick and the treatment you are now taking does not help you, give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. They have cured thousands after doctors and other medical treatment had failed. These pills actually make new, rich, red blood, feed the starved nerves and bring health and strength to every part of the body. This is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure such apparently hopeless cases as Mr. McDonald's, and is why they have cured thousands and thousands of sick, discouraged people in every part of the world. Sold by all medicine dealers in every part of the world. Sold by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**Social Unrest.**

(By Rev. Charles Stelzle.)

At a sociological conference held recently, a speaker made the assertion that during the last twenty-five years social unrest had increased three fold. He said, furthermore, that during the same period the church had increased in the same ratio. Therefore, he concluded, the church had been absolutely non-effective in keeping down the spirit of social unrest. Then he began a tirade against the church because of its apparent failure.

Granted that his statements concerning the development of both the church and social unrest are true, and granted that the church has not retarded the growth of social unrest, there is yet another viewpoint.

The speaker seemed to imagine that it is the business of the church to keep down every protest against the present social wrong. This promise is altogether wrong. Rather is the opposite true. It is the business of the church to create social unrest.

And the church is doing it! There are no labor troubles in Darkest Africa. But the Christian missionaries who are being sent there will create it. They will point out to the natives their low standard of physical, mental and moral life. They will then show them the higher ideals of Jesus Christ, and urge them to attain to the splendid possibilities of the better life. Naturally there will

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1908

**The Premier Caught**

Either Sir Wilfrid Laurier does not always stick to the truth or else his colleagues deceive him. In the debate on the election bill it comes out that the Aylesworth bill was prepared about four years ago by some of the ministers at that time, but not introduced because, it is said, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, the then minister of justice refused to become responsible for it. However, Mr. Aylesworth did not appear to fear fathering it and its consequent inequities.

Sir Wilfrid in the debate this session defends the bill as original, and said: "The hon. member for Marquette (Mr. Roche) stated the other day, and his statement was repeated by the hon. member for Souris (Mr. Schifner), that in 1904 an act had been drafted to deal with the province of Manitoba, that the act had been printed, not only drafted, but printed. If such a bill had been prepared I would have known something of it, and I have to say here that no act was drafted in 1904 but the act which was brought down by the minister of justice and which became law. No such act as has been suggested by the hon. member for Marquette and the hon. member for Marquette even was contemplated, although the suggestion may have been made."

W. J. Roche—Does the Prime Minister say that no act was contemplated, no bill was drafted?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—No act was contemplated by the government, and no bill was prepared—that I say most decisively.

Mr. Staples—Was such a bill prepared in 1903?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—So far as my memory goes, I say with all candor to my hon. friend that no act was prepared in 1903 or 1904, except the act which was brought down in 1904.

What led up to this specific denial of the allegation that a bill had been prepared was the following exchange of statements in the house the day before:

Mr. Schifner—I do believe this bill was suggested by the same man who suggested the bill that was printed and ready for introduction in 1904. The right hon. gentleman shakes his head. Does the right hon. gentleman mean that the bill was not printed?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Since my hon. friend asks me the question I say most decisively that no bill was presented in 1904, except the bill which came before the House.

Mr. Schifner—The right hon. gentleman misunderstood me. I did not say it was presented, I said it was printed.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Did not misunderstand my hon. friend.

Mr. Schifner—I said a bill was printed.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—My hon. friend is altogether in error.

Mr. Schifner—All right; before we get through with this question we will see whether it was or not.

On the day following Mr. Staples presented in the House a copy of the bill in the form for which it had been printed for the government.

If Sir Wilfrid Laurier knew that this bill had been printed he is nothing short of a base deceiver. If he didn't know it was printed, he should have known.

Does he command his colleagues or do they command him?

**Calder-Morang Contract**

This is the way the Moose Jaw News sizes up the situation:  
 The indefensible position of the Commissioner of Education on the matter of the Calder-Morang contract has made necessary resorts to disparate measures in order to make some show of defence. For this purpose the Regina Leader has been asking itself a number of easy questions and replying in an equally facile manner. Every one who has indulged in this juvenile pastime knows how easy it is and how many times even the elect may be deceived

thereby. For of course, no one will ask one's self a question, which to answer would be difficult. Of all things self embarrassment is out of the question. Indeed, it is for the purpose of escaping from the awkward predicament of being called upon to answer difficult questions that this method of self-catechism has been adopted. It is answering made easy. Who would not adopt it? What student would spend hours, days, weeks or months arming himself against the uncertainties of an examination if he could submit himself his own questions? To this much-to-be-desired state has the Leader taken itself, where no questioner fully cognizant of the Calder-Morang contract can interrupt to embarrass it.

The Leader—rather the Misleader—will have it that "The Morang tender included a specific exchange offer." Of that point let the reader judge. The Morang statement on Requirements, section 14, says:

"As the question of an exchange of books will depend largely on the style of manufacture adopted, the price allowed and discounts fixed, we would much prefer to leave this open for future arrangement. We may say, however, that we are quite prepared to meet the wishes of the department in connection with the exchange, believing that they will not ask anything unreasonable. We do not anticipate that there will be any difficulty in arranging this matter so that both patents and booksellers will be put to as little expense and inconvenience as possible."

Can anyone who has regard for veracity, draw a "specific exchange offer" from this statement? None but the Leader.

Compare the Morang "offer" with the following from the Canada Publishing Company:

"We are willing in case our books are adopted, to exchange new readers for any complete books of the Ontario readers that have been in use in your schools for one month prior to the authorisation of the new series. The new books to be delivered free to your department of education upon receipt of any of the old authorized series of the corresponding grades that are complete as to paging, and accompanied with certificate of teacher in charge of the school from which they came stating that such books were in actual class use by bona fide pupils one month prior to the authorization as stated above."

It would be superfluous to comment. As the asking of questions seems to be easy work, we will indulge in the Leader's "pastime" and put this one: "If the Morang Company were willing to meet the wishes of the Department in the matter of exchange, why was it not asked to exchange new readers for the old ones? Very probably the department did not desire to be "unreasonable." There is good reason for surmising that the Morang offer was made in the full assurance of faith, believing that the department would not ask anything unreasonable. But this exchange would have been worth to the province a sum estimated at considerably over \$100,000. Was that a sum not worth the asking? Was it unreasonable to ask the Morang Company to do what the Canada Publishing Company offered to do? Was it unreasonable to take the money out of the pockets of a company rather than out of the pockets of the people? These are slightly more difficult questions than the Leader has been putting to itself, but we are only rehearsing public opinion.

The Leader makes much of the fact that "The Morang Company not only quoted prices, but was the only tenderer who submitted itemised cost of manufacture."

What of it? That it did so and other firms did not should not count for anything in the argument. The conditions of the competition did not require it. It was not considered essential. Section 12 of the memorandum of requirements sent to publishers reads:

"Each publisher shall furnish a statement setting forth, (a) The initial cost to the publisher of each book; (b) The amount of

royalty he will be required to pay on each book in case it is authorized; (c) The cost of manufacturing book in editions of 3,000, 5,000, 10,000 and 20,000.

The Canada Publishing Company complied with the request with the exception that it did not submit a price for a 20,000 edition. As a matter of fact the Morang Company did not make a definite statement on the "initial cost to the publisher of each book." It said:

"We can, if it is considered necessary for the Department of Education give a statement part of which, however, will be an approximation, showing closely and definitely the amount actually expended in connection with the initial cost of our readers. However, we do not think the Department will require this in full, but we state that the initial cost for the five books, including the editorial expenses, illustrations and the manufacture of plates, would be over \$18,000."

Talk of the cost of manufacture is altogether aside from the point. The truth is that the Morang Company could give complete information on everything but what was actually wanted.

**Editorial Notes**

There is genuine pity for the New Brunswick deputy minister who took his life rather than face the shame of having drawn largely from public funds for his own use. This pity is mixed with wonder that former ministers of that province should have established a system under which their deputies could keep personal and public accounts mixed and should be able to withdraw indefinite amounts of public money. As the former secretary and attorney general of New Brunswick under whom these systems developed is now in charge of the second largest spending department at Ottawa, his record as an administrator is in point. This is the most interesting in view of the announcement by Provincial Secretary Fleming of New Brunswick that at the end of October last the suspense account of the province contained the record of an overdraft of Mr. Pugsley of \$4,331.64 on his salary of \$2,100 a year.

**Press Comments**

(Winnipeg Tribune)

There is not another government in the United Kingdom nor in Europe that would attempt to defend or stand up against such a scandal as has been exposed at Ottawa in connection with the alienation of the vast timber resources of the Northwest. It has been charged on the floor of parliament, and proved from the records that during the period over the Department of the Interior, his brother-in-law, Theodore Burrows, M.P., was allowed to make of through himself and associates, with an area of select timber lands in the Northwest large enough to extend from Montreal to Winnipeg one mile wide. It was charged on the floor of the House by Mr. Ames, M.P., that Mr. Burrows himself owns this vast tract of land. It was all secured from the government at a figure so ridiculously low as to constitute a joke. For his half interest in just one of the twenty odd berths which the magician Burrows, was allowed to secure, he received eighty thousand dollars, or more than eight times what he paid for the entire parcel. It was shown that out of nineteen tenders which this Aldin-like brother-in-law put in for timber berths, eighteen of the number were just the psychological figure to obtain the berth. What a dandy slot machine man Theodore would make? He could put the average cigar gambling device out of business and break the bank of Monte Carlo in no time.

**Doctors Too Partisan**

Hamilton, May 31.—The jury listening to the evidence in the case of Giuseppe Greco, charged with the murder of Antoni Rizzo, returned a verdict of murder after being out six hours. Chief Justice Mulock in his charge strongly favored the prisoner and it was thought the verdict would be stabbing with intent to kill. The affair was the result of a quarrel at a quarry.

In addressing the jury, the judge made remarks about the medical testimony which was very contradictory. He considered it an unnecessary commentary on education of the medical profession that they frequently partisans and did not assist the courts in getting at the truth. He would not say that doctors in this case had not tried to tell the truth but their attempts at telling the truth were unsuccessful. His lordship told the jury that if they had the least doubt as to whether the wound induced pneumonia they should give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt.

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**Judicial Sale.**

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF SASKATCHEWAN JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF REGINA.

THE MATTER OF THE LAND TITLES ACT and in the matter of a certain mortgage made by William Henry Coard, dated November 10th, 1906, to Thomas W. Cunliffe, upon Lot Number 18 and the South Half of Lot Number 9 in Block 340 in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan, registered as Number 1-5246.

PURSUANT to the order of the Honourable the Chief Justice made in the action of  
 Thomas W. Cunliffe Plaintiff  
 and  
 William Henry Coard and The Union Bank of Canada Defendants  
 There will be offered for sale at the Sheriff's office in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan at Twelve O'clock noon on Saturday, June 27th, A.D. 1908. All and singular the following lands, viz: Lot Number Ten (10) and the South Half of Lot Number Nine (9) in Block Number Three Hundred and Forty (340) in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan.

TERMS: The purchaser shall pay Twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money at the time of sale and the balance upon delivery of the transfer duly confirmed within one month after the sale and subject to further conditions of sale approved. All particulars may be had from the undersigned.

ALLAN, GORDON & BRYANT, Solicitors for Plaintiff  
 REGINA, SASK.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF SASKATCHEWAN JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF REGINA.

THE MATTER OF THE LAND TITLES ACT and in the matter of a certain mortgage dated the 29th day of May, 1906, made by Peter Johnson to The Great West Life Assurance Company upon Lot 33 in Block 318 in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan, registered as No. L-988.

PURSUANT to the order of the Honourable Mr. Justice Lamont made in the action of  
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TERMS: The purchaser shall pay twenty-five per cent. of the purchase money at the time of the sale and the balance upon delivery of transfer duly confirmed within one month after the sale and subject to further conditions approved herein. Full particulars may be had from the undersigned.

ALLAN, GORDON & BRYANT, Solicitors for Plaintiff  
 REGINA, SASK.

**Judicial Sale**

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF SASKATCHEWAN JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF REGINA.

THE MATTER OF THE LAND TITLES ACT and in the matter of a certain mortgage dated the 29th day of May, 1906, made by Peter Johnson to The Great West Life Assurance Company upon Lot 33 in Block 318 in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan, registered as No. L-988.

PURSUANT to the order of the Honourable Mr. Justice Lamont made in the action of  
 The Great West Life Assurance Company Plaintiff.  
 and  
 Peter Johnson and John Ernest Salmon Defendants  
 There will be offered for sale at the Sheriff's Office in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan at Twelve O'clock noon on Saturday the 20th day of June, A.D. 1908.

All and singular the following land, viz: Lot Number Thirty-Three (33) in Block Three Hundred and Thirteen (313) in the City of Regina in the Province of Saskatchewan.

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ALLAN, GORDON & BRYANT, Solicitors for Plaintiff  
 REGINA, SASK.

**A. DUNCAN**  
 MEDICAL HALL  
 Wishes to announce to the public that he has purchased the stock of the O. A. ANDERSON DRUG CO. and solicits a share of your patronage

**Formalin Now in Stock**

P. O. Box 504 Phone 7

**Qu'Appelle Flour Mills**  
 QUALITY THE BEST

**NOTE PRICES:**

Hungarian Patent	Per sack	\$3.20
O. K. Patent		5.00

Every Sack Guaranteed. Prompt Delivery

**THE MOORE MILLING CO., Ltd.**  
 Eleventh Ave., between Rose and Broad Sts. Phone 563.

**REGINA EARTH LOOKS GOOD**  
 TO  
**The North American Life!**

This Company, which is solid as the continent, has assets of eight million dollars, and is prepared to lend on first mortgages on good farms in this district.

They will insist on your having fire insurance on your buildings. Is your life not much more valuable? Certainly. Then see us at once about a policy that will protect your family and your home.

W. D. McBRIDE, Provincial Manager. H. T. CROSS, City Agent.  
 Northern Bank Offices. P.O. Box 1025

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A complete line of Imported Papers from Germany, France and America, also full line of Canadian goods, at prices ranging from 5c. to \$7.25 per roll.

**BURLAP'S MOULDINGS AND ART GOODS**

Large stock of Plate, Muranese, and Window Glass in all sizes

**PAINTERS' SUPPLIES IN GENERAL**

**F. M. Crapper**  
 Decorator and Sign Painter  
 1735 Scarth Street. PHONE 51 BOX 7

**The "Quality Stores"**

DO you ever look at our window display? We aim to make them interesting and at the same time show goods that are wanted every day. We carry well assorted stocks and the prices are moderate.

**Zam-Buk**  
 Display This Week

**THE REGINA PHARMACY**  
 1719 Scarth St. 1846 Broad St. Qualified Dispensers

**BANFF HARD COAL**  
 Sizes for all purposes

**Banff Briquettes**  
 The ideal coal for use during the hot weather. Give a hurry-up fire. No waste. The price is \$9.00 a ton

**Whitmore Bros.**  
 South Railway St. Agents for "EXTRA CEMENT"

**Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.**

**Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.**

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

CHAIK SASK

**Asses Ex**  
**Extravagant Water Small Made**

MONDAY.  
 The assembly met in the evening. A petition from others asking for a Liquor License Ordinance. Mr. Haultain moved in connection with a petition of one White. Dr. Ellis moved respecting the improvement of the reservoir. Dr. Argue moved respecting certain bridge. Dr. Argue rose in privilege and called attention to a misrepresentation in a report on the division of the amendment to the Bill. The report had refrained from a statement of fact, he was having been called in left no doubt in the members of the House. He reported that he was amendment. He certainly have supported the contract. Mr. Calder moved of the Rural Telephone. Haultain moved a strike out certain following: "This is the principle of operation of the rural portions where the greatest vicinal system exists. In supporting his Haultain said that year had committed principle of government and operation of a principle to a certain been adopted by the ter an enquiry, as lines, but when it important phase of question, that all portions of the people was not adopted made for the form small independent of the long distance they were a luxury of the province were to secure these while telephones for the was left to small as Mr. Calder made quoting authorities was inadvisable for to undertake the operation of rural Dr. Ellis in support ment stated that the small company principle of government. Mr. Motherwell of ment and claimed ment was helping providing poles for pangs. The amendment on a straight party. Mr. Wellington reading of a bill to law so as to provision in the spring swans. Mr. Motherwell opposed the bill on it might tend to ducks as well, and that wild water for too scarce in the Mr. Gillis, Dr. He favored the bill it was voted down one. Messrs. Gr voting with the opposition. The rest of the up with committee. Before the House Haultain asked regarding the so which had been la. Mr. Turgeon, but moved. Mr. Scott papers which would be brought tain asked the speaker and the speaker had been must remain the member. TUESDAY  
 The presentative speech was the ch today. The provin Calder spoke for the finances of years and a half he said, without t racting debt, but coming when deo sary, for expendi to capital account be paid out of c Deducting the have been made from the current er claimed a surp and said that months the prov ventures to the lion dollars. Total revenues stated at \$2,42 sures for ordin



## PROBING INTO THE TIMBER DEALS

Opposition Bring to Light Some More of Turiff's  
Questionable Actions--Speculators Made Rich  
at Country's Expense.

Ottawa, May 26.—Yesterday afternoon in the house of commons, J. G. Turiff took exception to the recent speech by H. B. Ames in Halifax as reported by the Evening Mail of that city, to the effect that as soon as the Saskatchewan Land Co. had taken over the lands of the Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Railway and Steamship Co., the area from which the lands were to be taken would be enlarged.

He said the original grant was in 1884, and after selecting 3,000,000 acres, Messrs. Osler Hammond and Nanton said that no more good land was available in the area from which the selection was made. Two years before the sale of the land grant, some correspondence had passed between Hon. Clifford Sifton (then minister of the interior) and R. Creelman on behalf of the company, regarding a larger area to make selections from. Mr. Turiff quoted a letter to Mr. Sifton enclosing a map of the lands granted to other companies, to the effect that they might select any available quarter sections. Subsequently other blocks of land totalling twelve million acres, from which selections might be made, were thrown open. When the Saskatchewan Land Company was formed, they urged that they should choose from a similar area, but instead they were only allowed to choose from 4,500,000 acres. Out of the original land grants 2,900,000 acres had been selected along the C.N.R.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster complained of Mr. Turiff's discourtesy in bringing up the matter without notice, saying that he must not complain if he got a Roland for his Oliver. He cited section 23-6-2, originally a school section, but now developed as a coal mine.

Applications were received from G. H. Gilmore, in 1906; J. F. Howard in 1901; and S. F. Griffis in 1902. These applicants were told that the land was not available for lease. In June 1902, an order in council was passed permitting the lease, which was granted to Griffis, the last applicant, in November, none of the applications having been renewed. Gilmore was dissatisfied, and forwarded \$69 for six months' rent which was returned when he brought suit.

Mr. Turiff produced all of the correspondence, as directed, from the three applicants. Among these was a letter from Mr. Howard, relinquishing the claim, provided that the lease be granted to Griffis, and four letters of a similar tenor, desiring to know when they would be granted and urging haste. Mr. Turiff replied to John F. Howard, on Oct. 23, 1902 as follows: "Form of lease before department of justice. Am hastening the matter as much as possible."

Mr. Foster said that Mr. Turiff swore at his examination, that this was all the correspondence which had passed in regard to the lease. Mr. Foster, however, produced three more letters marked private.

The first of these, written by J. G. Turiff to Mr. Howard, on Sept. 15th, 1902, was as follows: "The way the matter stands, is that Gilmore might be considered the most entitled, although after the order in council providing for leasing were passed, your application and his are on even dates. It will, however, be more satisfactory if Griffis can do as he says, and get an assignment of withdrawal from Gilmore, and we will issue a lease to him for a whole section. I trust that you can get together and arrange this satisfactorily. If not, let me know, and I will see if we cannot do it in any way. But I would much prefer to have Gilmore withdraw."

Two days later Mr. Turiff telegraphed to Mr. Howard: "Do not act on my letter of the 15th. Writing you today." His letter was as follows: "Just wired you today not to act on my letter of the 15th until you saw Griffis. I have just seen a friend of his here who tells me that possibly Gilmore will hold you up for a quarter or one-third interest in the business, and I do not want to put you in that position. And unless Griffis can get Gilmore's withdrawal for a very trifling amount, it would be better not to go near him at all, and we will issue the lease to Griffis."

Mr. Foster commented in these terms: "What right had the commissioner of lands (Mr. Turiff), who occupied a judicial position, to interest himself as between Howard or Gilmore, or Griffis. No more right than a judge would have to write to one litigant discussing how to get another litigant out of the way. What right had he to interfere to save save Griffis from being held up for a fair price by Gilmore or his right in the concession?"

Mr. Turiff admitted the facts as

stated. He scarcely knew Gilmore, but had met him once. Howard was a friend who had failed in business, and wanted to start coal mining. The question was whether the applications, prior to the order in council would stand. At any rate, two of them were withdrawn. He never had the slightest doubt but that they formed a coalition between themselves. He had no interest in the concession. He was dealing absolutely in an official manner.

Turning to Mr. Foster, he said: "A man told me in Winnipeg that Gilmore had two compromising letters of mine, which would be published if he did not get the concession. I replied, 'Tell Gilmore to go plumb to—'"

On going into supply, Mr. Ames said that within three and a half years more than 3,000 square miles of select timber of more than half the area under lease, had passed into the hands of speculators. Of this one-half or one-quarter of the entire area fell into the hands of what he characterized as the Burrows-Frazier combination. According to the returns, 80 berths supplied all the sawn timber in the provinces. The Imperial Pulp Co. never lost a bid. It was wholly unnecessary to dispose of the outlying limits, for the country's needs. About 25 per cent. of that, with transportation facilities was sufficient. The people's property had been stolen, and steps should be taken to regain it.

Mr. Burrows replied that the enclosing of two cheques was customary, and the fact of the communication being dated before the date of the opening of tenders was a sufficient guarantee.

Mr. Ames compared his successful bids, totalling \$59,069, to that of \$48,759 the next bidder, to show that he had given a margin of 21 per cent. over competitors. The holdings were exaggerated. There were 17 berths from the government, and of those he had only a half share in six, aggregating 534 miles, in addition to the half interest in the holdings of the Imperial Pulp Co.

In answer to Mr. Ames, Mr. Burrows said he was not counting 571A. This was acquired from business rivals, who secured it from the Conservatives. In two timber berths there was no timber, and it was returned to the government after paying \$5,500 for nothing.

He pointed out that the timber business was highly speculative, and is subject to fires and other heavy losses. He claimed that his holdings had cost him an average of \$115.50 per mile, while the average of other limits bought while he was dealing had been only \$60 per mile.

He stated that the Imperial Pulp Co. had paid \$114. He also cited figures to show that the former's mills had turned out a great deal more than his, which could not hold up the former's prices, and he quoted many figures to show that the business was not all profit. He declared that the figures quoted by the opposition were absurd, and after an argument with Mr. Ames on prices paid to Shaw Bros., which Mr. Ames said was \$100,000, Mr. Burrows said the price was based on the cut, and had not yet been paid. He declared that Mr. Ames' authority knew as little about it as Mr. Ames himself about something he said.

Mr. Burrows stated that the other half of the Imperial Pulp Co.'s holdings was owned by Sir Daniel MacMillan. The pulp business was found to be impractical in the west, and the limits would be used as timber producers. The company did not advertise its shareholders any more than other companies did. Mr. Ames knew he was connected with the company, but has refrained to call him in case he would give some information. He quoted the other large limit holders, which were not interested in them. He had been in the business since 1879 and had lots of advantages.

R. S. Lake followed, criticizing Mr. Burrows' statements. He claimed the latter had paid \$59,000 for 534 miles and sold a small tract for 80,000 dollars. He closed with a motion to the effect that the House regrets the alienation of timber lands, which were held for speculative purposes, and that they were of the opinion that an investigation should be made, and proceedings taken to recover any timber lands in respect of which fraud or imposition had been practiced.

Mr. E. M. McDonald, of Piefou, took up the original for the government, declaring that it was simply an attempt to revise dead issues.

Mr. Lake's resolution was defeated at 2.45 by 91 to 46.

### Canada

(By Dr. Albert D. Watson, Toronto.)

Hail to the great Dominion, Her flag in splendor flies Upon the wind's wild pinion— Neath blue Canadian skies And when the breezes bear it Aloft on tower or flood, It wakes the kingly spirit, It stirs our Viking blood.

The Fathers of our nation Have builded sure and strong On broad and deep foundations Of valor, truth and song. They came while yet 'twas morning, They thronged the true and best, And bonds and barriers scorning, They dared the dauntless West.

Our might shall melt the mountains, Our commerce gird the seas, Our forests, fields and fountains Give music to the breeze; Here Scotia's purple thistle With England's rose shall stand, The fleur-de-lis shall listen To the harp of Ireland.

Never may blight of battle Or thundering steel-girt host, Sword-clang or war-drum's rattle Disturb our peaceful coast. The bulwarks of our own land God and the right shall be Our Canada's homeland Of power and liberty.

Build thee a flaming altar And with its sacred fire Of love and praise exalt her, The Land of our Desire. OH HAPPY CONSUMMATION, OH DESTINY SUBLIME, TO BE A RIGHTEOUS NATION, THE STANDARD FOR ALL TIME.

### SOUND HEALTH FOR ALL CHILDREN

Disease attacks the little ones through the digestive organs. Baby's Own Tablets are the best things in the world for all stomach and bowel troubles of children. They act quickly and are absolutely safe. If necessary the tablets can be crushed to a powder and dissolved in water. Mrs. Wm. F. Gay, St. Eleonore, P.E.I., says: "I know of nothing to equal Baby's Own Tablets for the cure of stomach and bowel troubles. I cannot speak too highly of this medicine and do not feel safe without a box of Tablets in the house. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

### Assembly Discusses the Expenditure of Province

(Continued from page 1.)

opposition party in everything which affected the C.P.R.

Mr. Haultain said that there had not been a session of the house in which the matter of railway taxation had not been brought up by himself; there had not been a session in which the government had not been invited to come out and meet the question of C.P.R. exemption; there had not been a session in which the government has not been criticised for sitting still, and there has not been an occasion which he has spoken in public on the political questions of the day when he did not take up the C.P.R. exemption. So far as the inference that there was any connection between the party for which he spoke and the C.P.R., he would say there was not now and never had been any connection between the party and the railway company. During the years in which he had been in power he had always fought the C.P.R. and he brought test cases. Everyone knew what had become of the test cases and they would have gone through if the federal government had kept faith with the territories.

He was in favor of taxing all railways, but he thought it was a mistake to leave the fixing of the rate in the hands of the governor in council. That might leave room for the suspicion that the premier had endeavored to fix upon him.

Personally he would be very glad to see anything that could be taxed belonging to the C.P.R.

The committee reported the resolution to the House.

During the day Mr. Turgeon announced that the Workmen's Compensation Act would not be proceeded with as the old law was found to be good enough.

The afternoon session was spent chiefly in supply after the conclusion of the debate on Mr. Calder's resolution.

On the vote for jails some increases

were granted. Mr. Grant stated that a man which he had sent down to Regina to secure a job wasn't getting as much as was provided for.

Mr. Donaldson suggested an increase for the Prince Albert jail as he was the man who under the protection of the court had stated that he had written up the gaules in the now famous northern polls, and the government should recognise his services to them.

On the vote for the license department the great cost of the license commissioners was discussed. Though it was pointed out that the present system was not a good one, the government wanted more time to thoroughly try it.

On the vote for the railway commissioners department, the government's choice of a deputy came in for some criticism. It was pointed out that Mr. Porter had never any more railway experience than that obtained by being a baggage man and consequently had not the technical qualifications required.

FRIDAY, MAY 22.

The day was spent in Committee of Supply. During the discussion it came out that the government had spent \$12,000 exploring for coal and had only found about ten tons. This amount was expended on sinking a shaft fifty feet and tunneling a level for 100 feet.

On the educational vote Mr. Calder announced that \$4,000 was being set aside for training foreign teachers. A school was to be established which would train teachers who would go into the foreign districts

to teach. He also announced that no effort had been made to collect school taxes from the C.P.R.

On the public works vote a grant of \$4,000 is to be given for a provincial fair at Regina. This is to be a permanent institution for the capital.

On a vote for the new parliament buildings Mr. Scott stated that tenders would be called for soon. It was expected that the buildings would cost about \$1,500,000 or thereabouts. It was to be built of brick and stone. So far \$17,718 had been spent on the grounds exclusive of the purchase price of the site.

On the item regarding the Moose Jaw court house it was said that the site had been turned over to the government at a profit to the seller of \$2,900 within a few weeks. It looked as if someone had been used to secure a rake-off.

Mr. Scott also announced that a provincial asylum was to be built in the northern part of the province, but not at Saskatoon. The plans are being prepared for the building. Dr. Ellis pointed out that it would be better to have more than one of these built to prevent congregating too many of these unfortunates together.

Mr. Scott accepted the suggestion and promised when more accommodation was necessary to build in different places.

The vote for the Battleford bridge brought out some interesting facts. The contract was let to Kelley Bros. for \$79,000 but they threw up the work and it was given to Wm. Newman at \$118,000 and the total cost is to be \$350,000 before it is completed.

There was some difficulty encountered in securing a good bottom for the piles. It was hoped to have the bridge completed next season.

The proportion of the cost of the Prince Albert bridge which the government has to pay has already amounted to \$105,000. The bridge is for railway and traffic purposes combined, and it is proposed that the C.N.R. line to Shellbrook shall go over this bridge.

The government had absolutely no guarantee that the work will go ahead.

The tender price for Albert street bridge Regina is \$13,000 the government supplying the concrete and steel. The Parsons Construction and Engineering Company has the contract. The Broad street bridge is to cost \$30,000 and prison labor is to be used in the building of the bridge. The government is having difficulty said Mr. Scott in keeping the prisoners at work, as farm labor does not employ them all. Both bridges will be up in this season.

There is a Pink Pain Tablet made by Dr. Shoop, that will positively stop any pain, anywhere in 20 minutes. Druggists everywhere sell them as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets, but they stop other pains as easily as headache. Dr. Shoop's Pink Pain Tablets simply coo blood pressure away from pain centres—that is all. Pain comes from blood pressure—congestion. Stop that pressure with Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets and pain is instantly gone. 20 Tablets 25c. Sold by the Regina Pharmacy Stores.

Has been running for only 30 days and already has reached hundreds of customers hundreds of miles away. Good goods at HALF the regular price is sure to bring the buyers.

Here are Leaders for  
Thursday, Friday and Saturday

Get into line and have your money ready for the following Bargains:

**Groceries**  
CANNED GRAPES—60 cases, 2 lb. tins. 3 tins for ..... 25c.  
CANNED PLUMS, 75 cases, 2 lb. tins. Sale price, 2 tins for ..... 25c.  
APPLES—160 cases, 1 gallon cans. Per case, 6 cans ..... \$1.60  
PRUNES—60 boxes, 25 lb. box, good quality, at, per case ..... \$1.50

**Crockery**  
120 dozen DINNER PLATES—Size 10 in. Regular \$1.50. Sale price, per dozen ..... 90c.  
80 dozen 8 in. PLATES—Regular \$1.25. Sale price, per dozen ..... 70c.  
LAMP CHIMNEYS—30 dozen, large size, sale price 3 for 25c. 40 dozen, medium size, sale price 4 for ..... 25c.  
BUTTER CROCKS—200 only, from 1 to 4 gallon sizes. Regular 25c. per gallon. Sale price ..... 15c.

**Hardware**  
5 dozen COAL OIL CANS—35c., gallon size. Sale price ..... 20c.  
6 dozen COAL OIL CANS—4 gallon size. Regular 20c. Sale price ..... 10c.  
SCRUB BRUSHES—150 dozen. Regular 35c., for 20c. Regular 25c., for 15c. Regular 20c., for ..... 10c.  
MURESCO—In all colors; an excellent article for tinting walls. Regular 60c. a package, now ..... 40c.  
PAINTS—All colors. About 1200 tins in every size. Regular \$2.25 to \$2.75 per gallon. On sale at, per gallon ..... \$1.50.  
ALUMINUM WARE—This line is indistinct and retains its appearance. We save the following 150 Sauce Pans; 60 Kettles, 40 Tea Pots, 75 Coffee Pots. Your choice at exactly HALF PRICE.

**Dry Goods**  
90 LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS—In plain and fancy weaves, from best makers, all sizes.  
Regular \$8.00 quality for \$4.80.  
" 6.00 " 3.60.  
" 5.00 " 3.00.  
" 4.00 " 2.80.  
DRESS GOODS—250 patterns, in Blacks and colors.  
Regular \$1.50 per yard, for 90c  
" \$1.00 " " 60c.  
" 75c. " " 40c.  
" 50c. " " 30c.  
FLANNELETTES—1200 yards, plain and stripe, 36 inch. Regular 15c. Sale price 10c. 700 yards. Regular 8c. Sale price ..... 5c.  
COSTUMES—37 only, mostly Novi Modi manufacture.  
Regular \$20.00, for ..... \$12.00.  
" 15.00, for ..... 9.00.  
" 10.00, for ..... 6.00.

WINDOW SHADES—Plain, lace and fringe trimmed, Hartshorn roller, 37 in. by 6 ft. Worth up to \$1.50. Sale price ..... 60c.  
MEN'S OVERALLS—25 dozen, plain and striped, extra heavy drill, full size. Regular \$1.25. On sale, per pair ..... 75c.  
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SAILOR AND TRIMMED STRAW HATS, 12 dozen, ranging in price up to \$1.50 and \$1.75. Your choice of the lot for, each ..... 25c.  
MEN'S SHOES—We have thousands of other bargains in this department in Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Men's. We mention this one here: 75 pair Men's first quality Working Shoes. Regular \$2.50 to \$3.00. On sale at one price, per pair ..... \$1.75

The sales of this store are increasing daily because we are giving price reductions that cannot be attempted elsewhere. Always bring your money; a little goes a long way at this store. Come Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

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G. R. McColl & Co.

Phone 168

R. E. H. MAN

K. H. GOLLNICK, Manager

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All kinds of Moving done on short notice. Mail or done promptly attended to.

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Stemhorn's Old Stand  
Phone 167

## Ideal Meat Market

Broad Street

For Choice Fresh and Cured Meats give us a call.

We are headquarters for the above

Try our Fresh Sausage.

Phone 168

R. E. H. MAN  
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## ELECTION

Chinamen, Whether or not, Have Some Penalties.

The new election bill submitted to the House contains some drastic provisions which are sure to evoke discussion. By it Chinese are disqualified from franchise. Registration provided for in the city the penalties have been created. The persons who vote are: Indians, judge, preme and district court men. The expression must be in accordance with the law laid down in this such irregularity, failure or mistake did not suit of the election.

No person who is indicted in accordance with the law laid down in this such irregularity, failure or mistake did not suit of the election.

No person who is indicted in accordance with the law laid down in this such irregularity, failure or mistake did not suit of the election.

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ELECTION BILL

Chinamen, Whether Naturalized  
or not, to Have no Vote—  
Some Penalties.

The new election bill which has been submitted to the legislature contains some drastic proposals which are sure to evoke spirited discussion. By it Chinamen and Indians are disqualified from exercising the franchise. Registration of voters is provided for in the cities. Some of the penalties have been greatly increased. The persons disqualified to vote are: Indians, judges of the supreme and district courts, and Chinamen. The expression "Chinamen" means any native of the Chinese empire or its dependencies not born of British parents, and shall include any person of the Chinese race, whether naturalized or not.

No election shall be declared invalid by reason of: (a) Any irregularity on the part of the returning officer in any of the proceedings preliminary to the poll; (b) Failure to hold a poll at any place appointed for holding a poll; (c) Noncompliance with the provisions of this act as to the taking of the poll or the counting of the votes or as to the limitations of time; (d) Any mistake in the use of forms contained in the schedule hereto if it appears to the tribunal having cognizance of the question that the election was conducted in accordance with the principles laid down in this act, and that such irregularity, failure, noncompliance or mistake did not affect the result of the election.

No person who is incompetent to vote or who, within eight years has been convicted of corrupt practices, shall act as agent for a candidate. Persons otherwise qualified to vote and who have resided in the province for one year immediately prior to the closing time of registration, but have not been resident of such electoral district for three months immediately prior to the date of the closing of registration, may register in the constituency within which he was last a resident for three months during the period of one year.

The qualification for registration is British citizenship by birth or naturalization, 21 years of age, three years residence in the province and three months residence in the constituency. The residence of a person shall be the place in which his habitation is fixed, and to which, if absent, he intends to return. A person shall not lose his residence who leaves home for another part of Canada for temporary purposes only. Temporary residence in the province with the intention of making it his home shall constitute residence.

The residence of a single man shall be where he usually sleeps; he can have only one residence.

A list of the voters shall be made and revised on or before the first of July, and annually thereafter on or before the first of May the Lieutenant-Governor in Council shall appoint by commission proper persons to act as registrars in and for the several electoral divisions of the province; (2) court judge to be a revising officer for each electoral division.

The hours of registration shall be from 9 a.m. till 9 p.m. with intermissions from 12 till 2 o'clock and from 6 till 7.30 o'clock. The time from 7 till 9 o'clock shall be as far as possible set apart for the registration of workmen.

Provision is made for the registration of sick and absent persons. Within five days after the closing of the registration the deputy registrar shall prepare a list of the persons registered and post a copy in the municipal council's place of meeting and, at least, two conspicuous places in the polling subdivision to which it refers. The list shall remain posted up for fifteen days after the closing of registration. Objections to registrations may be made within ten days after the posting of the list.

The judge of the district court shall be the revising officer for the electoral division for which he is appointed, and he may appoint a notary in his place.

The Lieutenant-Governor may appoint a notary not more than twenty days nor less than sixteen days from the date of the writs of election for the nomination of candidates; polling to be seven days later.

In the case of a general election the nominations shall be held on one and the same day for all electoral divisions.

Bribery is punishable by a penalty of \$200 and imprisonment for six months with or without hard labor. A candidate convicted of corrupt practices shall be disqualified for eight years from sitting in the assembly and being entered on any voters' list or registered as a voter or of holding any office at the nomination of the crown or of the Lieutenant-Governor or any municipal officer.

A returning officer or deputy who, having the custody of a poll book or registered list of voters makes an alteration or insertion in such a way as to falsify it, shall incur a penalty of \$2,000 and imprisonment for one year.

Offences relating to ballot papers shall be punishable by disqualification from voting for eight years, and election officers are liable to imprisonment without the option of a fine, for a term not exceeding two years nor less than six months. Persons

unlawfully destroying documents relating to elections shall incur a penalty of \$2,000 and imprisonment for one year, if the offence is liable to a like penalty. L.

The most pleased man in the Weyburn district is Mr. Hill. He has now a family of ten healthy boys. This number was reached on Sunday last, when his wife presented him with triplets, three splendid boys, who are in the best of health. Dr. Eaglesham and Nurse Humble were the attendants at this interesting event. Mr. Hill is receiving the congratulations of his many friends and the Herald joins in them, hoping that the three brothers may be as good citizens as their father—Weyburn Herald.

The following appointments have been gazetted:  
Justices of the Peace:  
W. A. McLeod, of Alandale.  
William J. French, Daysville.  
Einar Thomas August Johannes Schionemann, of Stockholm.  
Samuel J. Gould, of Gladwin.  
Robert Ewart, McTaggart.  
Arthur M. Smith, Marshall.

Gazette Appointments

Notaries Public:  
Alexander Cameron of Rocanville.  
Hugh C. MacColl, Regina.  
George Wyatt, Puynton.  
H. W. Wadsworth, Swift Current.  
A. W. Schumke, Nokomis.  
Ferdinand Breker, Engleford.  
Commissioners for Oaths:  
A. H. O'Brien, Ottawa, Ont.  
Norman F. Black, Regina.  
Hugh M. Barrett, Moose Jaw.  
Chas. Nivins, Oxbow.  
J. F. Hutchison, Prince Albert.  
Henry H. Smith, Saskatoon.  
John Howgill, Moosemin.  
Augustus H. Ball, Yorkton.  
Elihu B. Hutchinson, Regina.  
Duncan P. McGill, Regina.  
A. C. Garner, South Qu'Appelle.  
Harry Chawner Adams, Battleford.  
Thomas M. Sloper, of Uia.  
W. J. Ferguson, Luxemburg.  
H. T. Bryce, Brycelton.  
Ounfrey Zilinsky, of Beresina.  
Arthur J. Boyer, Mairie.  
S. J. Burns, Yellow Grass.  
William Ney, Beeston.  
Abner Hamilton, Willow Hill.  
Donald Mitchell, Francis.  
Thos. W. Anderson, of Disley.  
Frederick A. Cantrell, Hirsch.  
Robert McCool, Buffalo.  
W. J. Schmitt, Muenster.  
Jas. M. Scott, Yellow Grass.  
Wm. A. Monck, Kutawa.  
Alding Wilson, St. Antoine.  
James Seguin, to be Deputy to the

Local Registrar of the Supreme Court for the judicial district of Prince Albert, and deputy to the clerk of the district court, and deputy to the clerk of the surrogate court.  
Inspector of Land Titles and Legal Offices:  
C. J. Milligan, Regina.  
Elias J. Shaver, Arcola.  
Jas. F. MacLean, Yorkton.  
Official Trustee:  
A. E. Benge, Lanigan.  
Official Auditor:  
E. Challen Clerk, Fort Pelly.  
Official Assignee:  
J. P. Walker, Saskatoon.  
A. M. Matheson, Arcola.  
Process Issuer:  
John Hewitt, Lumsden.  
Reginald J. Gwynne, Orenfell.  
Leon Delorme, Duck Lake.  
Issuer of Marriage Licenses:  
Robert Buchanan.  
J. R. Maline, Melville.  
Thos. R. Preston, Glen Ewen.  
D. Jamieson, Nokomis.  
Samuel J. Latta, Govan.  
Coroner:  
George H. Carlisle, of Grayson.  
Councillors L. I. D.  
John Mathew, Prairie Rose.  
Arnold Dank, Annahelm.  
Game Guardians:  
Eugene Androchowitz, of Vondra.  
Robt. Cruickshank, Saskatchewan Landing.  
Fire Guardians:  
R. Cruickshanks, Rush Lake.  
B. Benson, Saskatchewan Landing.  
H. B. White, Saskatchewan Landing.  
G. Valentine, Saskatchewan Landing.  
M. Wilson, Swift Current.  
H. Atkinson, Swift Current.  
Jno. Owen, Swift Current.  
E. McArthur, Swift Current.  
J. L. Benson, Swift Current.  
Fred Hansman, Swift Current.  
W. H. Woolsey, of Webb.  
Thbs. McCauley, Walpole.

Resignations and Retirements:  
D. S. McGregor, official trustee of marriage licenses.  
A. G. McLean, of Govan, issuer of marriage licenses.  
J. J. Hamm, of Rosthern, justice of the peace.  
Wm. C. Fletcher, of Kleshey, herd pound keeper.  
Geo. Cargo, Fort Qu'Appelle, herd pound keeper.  
Jacob Purdy, North Portal, herd pound keeper.  
Michael Krauss, of Krauss, herd pound keeper.  
Frank Cooper, Indian Head, game guardian.  
A. Hemingway, Strassburg, game guardian.  
Henry D. Kusch, Saskatoon, herd pound keeper.  
Hugh Smith, Nutant, herd pound keeper.

Keep Minard's Lignum in the house

THE WEEK'S WORK

Synopsis of the Important Business Done in the Legislature.

The principle matters of interest that came before the legislature this week were the budget speech of the provincial treasurer, convening of the committee on redistribution, the rejection by the government of a motion for government rural telephones and the debate on the taxation of railways, out of which grew a general demand for the guaranteeing of the Canadian Northern bonds. This demand came from the rural members of the government.

An important ruling was given by the speaker on the subject of papers once laid on the table of the House, which merits mention, as it may have an important bearing on subsequent events. It will be remembered that in the file of papers, relating to the Calder-Moring readers contract which was laid on the table last week, was a copy of the report on the proceedings of the joint committee on school readers, which it will be further remembered was, at the request of the Deputy Minister of Education prepared by Secretary Black. The opposition members have been very anxious to scrutinize it, but had not much opportunity for suddenly it disappeared. Mr. Haultain referred to the matter and, as the members of the government did not return—a very satisfactory answer, he asked the speaker for a ruling as to whether or not such returns were the property of the House. The speaker ruled that once a paper was laid on the table it was the property of the House.

The provincial treasurer's budget speech was a short and dry presentation, containing nothing which had not already appeared in reports. He estimated the total expenditure at \$4,164,157 and the total revenue at \$3,771,079. Of the expenditure \$1,169,564 is chargeable to capital account, in other words it is to defray the cost of permanent undertakings, of which \$250,000 is for long distance telephones. This is an increase of \$1,749,757 over last year's expenditure. The increases are as follows: actual expenditures are as follows: Civil government \$58,000; Justice \$14,082; Public works chargeable to income \$15,416; public works chargeable to capital \$82,842; Education \$250,000; Agriculture \$85,742; Telephones \$250,000. The decreases in the estimated over actual expenditure of last year aggregated \$88,000. Among the items is \$200,000 for legislative buildings; \$98,000 for court

houses at Moose Jaw and Arcola, \$70,000 for the Moonomin goal; \$68,000 for land titles offices at Moose Jaw and Saskatoon; \$100,000 for an insane asylum; \$140,000 for Battleford bridge; \$105,000 for Prince Albert bridge; \$90,000 for Regina bridges.

As for the estimated revenue the provincial treasurer maintained that there was a surplus of \$329,194; but his statement showed that there was only \$1,167 in the bank. Of this so-called surplus \$328,326 is money spent out of current revenue on capital account and which is expected to be paid back when a loan is floated. So that \$328,326 of the total revenue exists only in expectancy. Of course the money will come in, but to place it at credit before it is received is bad book keeping. The estimated receipts from the supplementary revenue tax are placed at \$300,000, which is \$30,000 less than last year's estimate. Already the fund is \$170,000 behind, or at least it was at the end of the financial year. The railway tax is expected to yield \$50,000. The announcement is made that a loan would be negotiated or debentures sold to raise probably about \$2,000,000. Of this amount \$328,326 has been spent already, while this year's capital expenditure will eat up another \$1,489,564.

The provincial treasurer claimed a great deal of credit for what he called the splendid financial position of the province. But he did not explain that the small balance on hand was due to the fact that the expenditure had been cut nearly \$1,000,000 below the sum voted last year. Nor did he mention that slightly over \$200,000 of the receipts came from a quarter, unexpected as far as his estimates were concerned. Further he did not tell the House that the actual current expenditure for the year exceeded the actual revenue by \$124,391. These facts were only ascertained by examination of the returns.

The committee on redistribution agreed that the number of seats in the new legislature should not be less than 38, or more than 42. A seat has been given to Saskatoon city and all the country north of a point about 50 miles beyond Prince Albert is included in one seat. The unit of representation will be about 8,000, on the estimated population at present. No other information will be available until the committee meets again next week.

On the motion for a second reading of the Rural Telephone Systems Bill Mr. Haultain submitted the following amendment: "This House regrets that the principle of provincial ownership and operation of telephone lines has not been applied for the rural portions of the province where the greatest need for a provincial

system exists." Speaking to his motion, Mr. Haultain said that the last session the House had committed itself to the principle of government ownership, asking however, that action be deferred pending investigation. Since then the report of an expert had been received committing the House still further to the principle. But in its telephone measures the government had practically rejected the public ownership and operation principle as it related to rural parts, and was bringing into operation a large number of independent companies. The long distance part of the system was important, but it was a secondary matter to the average farmer who wanted connection with his neighbors and the town or village storekeeper. Mr. Calder and Mr. Metherell combated the opinion of Mr. Haultain saying that last year's resolution called chiefly for a more equity which, he said, had not endorsed the proposal of government control and operation of rural systems. Mr. Ellis replied laying particular stress upon the argument that the government's policy was antagonistic to the principle of government ownership, since it endeavored to bring into existence a number of private companies. The amendment was lost.

The proposal to guarantee the bonds of the C.N.R. came up on resolution of Mr. Calder moving the House into committee to consider a resolution for taxing of railways. The bill provides for the taxing of the gross earnings of all railways in so far as received from operating in the province. Lines in operation under five years are exempt; on lines in operation between 5 and 7 years the tax is not to exceed 1/2 per cent, over that period not to exceed 3 per cent. The contention of those who favored the guarantee proposal was that the settlers were suffering great hardship and financial loss through the lack of railway connections, which in many instances would be supplied by the C.N.R. had it the necessary capital to build and the government should come to the railway's assistance. Some members were very outspoken on the matter. The premier said the government had done what it could do; the guaranteeing of railway bonds was a big question on which he could not pronounce an opinion.

As a result of a motion supported by an able speech from Mr. Wylie the government will increase the amount of wolf bounty. The member from Maple Creek brought a formidable argument well supported to bear on the minister, who agreed with the opinions of the mover and promised an increase.

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## Local and General

Mrs. S. J. Donaldson of Prince Albert is in the city this week.

J. B. Hawkes, ex-M.L.A. of Balgonie spent Victoria Day in Regina.

C. W. Blackstock arrived in the city from Victoria last week and will spend most of the summer here.

The I.O.O.F. grand lodge of Saskatchewan will meet in Regina on June 3rd.

The charge against Mack Sing for keeping a common gambling house has been dismissed.

J. Edward Fisher will give an organ recital in Prince Albert on June 4th.

W. S. Grey, manager of the Dominion Bank, left on Sunday evening for Toronto.

The Sons of England attended church parade to St. Paul's church last Sunday afternoon.

The Philharmonic Society will produce the oratorio "Elijah" in Knox church on the evening of June 4th.

Mrs. R. J. Timming and daughters, returned on Tuesday from spending the winter at the Pacific coast.

Read the advertisement of G. R. McColl & Co. They have many bargains to offer.

Wm. Whyte, second vice president of the C.P.R. has returned to Winnipeg from his trip to Europe.

Mrs. W. F. Eddy who has been seriously ill is reported to be somewhat improved.

The Victorias of Regina played a draw game of football with Moose Jaw at Moose Jaw on Monday.

The Knights of Pythias hold their grand lodge meeting in Moose Jaw on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

At a Liberal rally in the city hall on Monday night, Hon. J. A. Calder was presented with an enlarged photograph of himself.

There is considerable small pox in Alberta and Saskatchewan. The latest outbreaks are reported from Edmonton and Swift Current.

McCartney, Fowler & Co. who have the contract for the new school at Francis went down there last week to commence operations.

The judge has decided that Harry Thaw is still insane and that he is not to be released from confinement at Mattawan.

Pense defeated Balgonie at football on Monday. The game which was played at Pense resulted in a score of 2-1 in favor of Pense.

Only one man voted against the bylaw to raise by debenture sale funds for a collegiate institute in Moose Jaw. The vote was taken on Tuesday.

The Grey baseball team of Regina were in Craik on Monday for a game but got defeated by the northern boys, the score being 7-0 in favor of Craik.

Harold Nelson and his company will be in Regina on Thursday and Friday nights of this week and will produce "Richelleu" and "Graustark."

Chief Justice Wetmore left last Saturday for Fredericton, N.B. where the university of that province will confer on him the honorary degree of LL.D. on May 28th.

The Regina Fair board has the prize list for the summer fair compiled and it will be in the hands of the printer in a day or two, and it is expected to be issued in ten days.

The provincial government is calling for tenders for the proposed parliament buildings. Tenders must put up a marked cheque for \$100,000. To inspect the plans and specifications contractors must pay \$100.

The first cricket match of the season played between the R.N.W.M.P. and the city took place on Monday, the city players getting the worst of it. The players were entertained at a smoking concert at the barracks in the evening.

E. Meadows and Geo. Mollard left last week for Waterloo, a new townsite on the G.T.P. to secure lots and erect a building for the Waterloo Trading Co., of which firm they are chief shareholders. They expect to be ready for business in a couple of months.

The town of Moosomin to encourage the planting of trees within the town limits has passed a bylaw whereby provision is made for the allowance of fifty cents per tree for every tree planted and kept in a healthy condition, on the tax account of the retpayer who plants them in front of his property.

A meeting of the board of governors of the University of Saskatchewan, was held in the City last Thursday. Mr. A. F. Angus, of Regina, was selected chairman of the board and D. P. McColl, secretary. Steps are being taken to secure a president and that was practically the only question discussed at the meeting.

Six cars and caboose of the east-bound way freight were derailed at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon one mile east of McTaggart. The exact cause of the accident is not known, the bed is soft from recent rains and the train was going fast. One man was slightly hurt. The wrecking train from Moose Jaw soon arrived and the derailed cars rolled away, and a new track laid around the wreck. By eight o'clock the line was all clear.—Yellow Grass Journal.

D. J. Wylie, M.L.A. spent Victoria Day at Maple Creek.

The Knights of Columbus had a great day in Regina on Monday last. A class of thirty-five candidates were initiated into the mysteries of the three degrees of the order. The work commenced at eleven o'clock in the morning. In the evening the local council entertained the visitors, who were present from points between Edmonton and Winnipeg to a banquet at the King's hotel. Among those present from outside points were P. J. Nolan, territorial deputy of Calgary, and Territorial Deputy T. E. Deegan of Winnipeg.

It has been proposed to hold a Provincial "Sangerfest" or Musical Festival for Saskatchewan this fall, such as has been held with so much success and enthusiasm at Edmonton Alberta. All those in sympathy with the enterprise are requested to meet at Regina City Hall at 2.30 p.m. on the 28th inst. Mr. Edwin Jackson, secretary of the Regina Philharmonic Society, will be pleased to hear from all musical people in the various towns throughout the province who are not able to be present but who are in sympathy with the enterprise. Any suggestions from them will have careful consideration at the meeting.

### CITY OF REGINA

#### New General Hospital Competitive Plans

The Corporation of the City of Regina invite Architects to submit complete competitive plans and specifications for a new General Hospital to be erected on Block 428 of said City, and to be of such a character as to embrace the present Regina Victoria Hospital with the front of the Buildings facing Scarth Street, as well as a separate Infectious Diseases Hospital at a cost altogether not to exceed \$100,000.00. A sketch of Block 428 can be obtained on application to the City Clerk.

Plans and specifications to be left with the City Clerk not later than 15th June 1908 in order that they may be submitted to Mr. Meyer J. Sturm, Consulting Hospital Architect, Chicago, for his final selection and advice.

All plans and specifications to be designated by motto only to be placed in a sealed envelope marked "Motto for New General Hospital plans" with the motto outside the envelope and the motto and signature of Architect enclosed inside.

J. KELSO HUNTER, City Clerk. Regina, 27th May 1908.

#### STRAYED

One dark bay standard bred filly, two years old, branded J lightly on right shoulder. Anyone returning the above filly to Traynor Bros, on Sec. 10-19-20, will be suitably rewarded. 8-10.

#### NOTICE

The City Stores will close at 1 p.m. every WEDNESDAY during June, July and August. Patrons will greatly assist in this movement by making their purchases early. 7-9

#### NOTICE

To Whom it May Concern: The undersigned desires it to be distinctly understood that neither John Hawkes, or any other person bearing similar names, has any control financially or otherwise, over the columns or business of The "Broadview Express" other than myself. 6-8 Mas. E. E. HAWKES

### CITY OF REGINA

#### Assessorship

The undersigned will receive applications for the office of Assessor of the City of Regina until 2 o'clock p.m. on Friday 29th May 1908. J. KELSO HUNTER, City Clerk. Regina, 27th May, 1908.

### REGINA MARKETS

#### Regina Flour Mill Prices

WHEAT—	
No. 1 Northern	94
No. 2 Northern	91
No. 3 Northern	84
No. 4	72
No. 5	59
No. 6	47
Feed No. 1	32
Feed No. 2	25

OATS—	
No. 2 White	34
No. 3 White	31
Rejected	27
Barley	35

PRODUCE—	
Butter	20
Eggs	20

Potatoes	55
Turkeys	50

# THE TRADING CO. WEEKLY STORE NEWS

## There is Sound Satisfaction in Spending Money at the Regina Trading Co.'s Store

For the assurance is certain of receiving full money's worth and more for every dollar spent. Everything is priced low--wonderfully low--considering the quality. Every man and woman desires to pay the lowest price for reliable goods. That's thrift and thrift leads to happiness. So low prices and good goods is the greatest boon that this store can offer its patrons.

### SPECIAL IN MEN'S WATERPROOFS

Regular \$10.00, for \$6.95

A manufacturer's mistake is responsible for this Bargain. The wrong material was made up to fill this part of our order. It is just as good as the sample according to the maker's idea, but it was not made according to sample. We have just had the matter adjusted. The difference in price represents what the manufacturer loses and you gain.



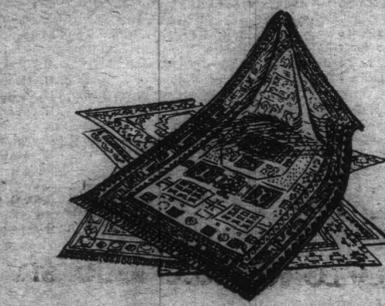
MEN'S WATERPROOF COATS of Oxford Grey Covert Cloth, thoroughly rubberized and waterproofed, double stitched seams and rubber trimmed; all sizes, 36 to 48. Regular \$10.00. While they last... \$6.95

### MEN'S SAMPLE RAINCOATS

Are you thinking of buying a Raincoat? If so, come in and look over our stock. It represents the best that is made in smart, dressy styles. All our Raincoats are made with broad well-padded shoulders, close fitting collars, long lapels and the bodies are roomy and comfortable. Just now we have in stock about 50 Sample Raincoats which we are clearing at a 25 per cent. discount.

Men's Raincoats from \$7.50 to \$2.50

## An Inspection of the Carpets and House Furnishings Will Repay You



Thousands of dollars worth of new stocks of Carpets and House Furnishings keep piling on us. Every opportunity is offered the buying public from points of assortments, qualities and prices. An inspection of this department will repay you. Come to see--not necessarily to buy.

**Nairn's Celebrated Linoleums**  
Splendid assortment of Nairn's celebrated Linoleums. What Crum's Prints are in staples, Nairn's Linoleums are in floor coverings. We cannot here give space to tell you why, but these two makers are absolutely supreme in their particular lines of manufacturing. Nairn's goods always have a fine lustrous finish and the patterns last as long as the Linoleum is fit for service.

**Inlaid and Cork Carpets**  
A good range of Inlaid and Cork Carpets in printed and plain.

**Select Your Wall Papers Now**  
Make a selection of the Wall Paper you will need this spring and of course make that selection from our stocks. We have immense assortments to choose from and they represent the very best designing skill and ingenuity that the largest paper makers in Canada can offer you.

### Rich Colorings, Artistic Designs in Carpets and Rugs

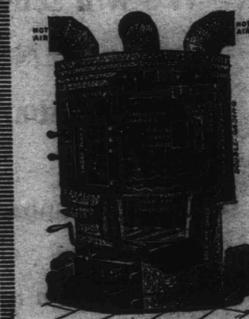
What a wealth of rich colorings. What a scope for the designer's artistic hand is offered in the manufacture of Carpets. The time is not so far away when highly artistic designs and something rich in color tone could only be obtained in the most high priced Carpets. Today what a change! Why there are Tapestries at 75c a yard that convey beauty of weave shades and design that is irresistible and would equal a dollar and a half or two dollar qualities of a few years ago.

**Endless Assortments of Rugs**  
Good designs in Axminsters, Wiltons, Brussels.  
Axminster Rugs, size 8.3 x 11.6, \$35.00 and up.  
Wilton Rugs, 9 x 9, 9 x 12 and 11.3 x 13.6. Prices ranging at \$33.00, \$35.00, \$50.00.

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## How About a Furnace? The "Fused Joint" is the Only Satisfactory Joint

We handle and recommend the "HECLA" FURNACE, which has many points of superiority, including the "Fused Joint."

From a sanitary standpoint the first essential in a warm air furnace is that it be gas tight and dust tight. The system of warm air heating consists in conveying warmed air from a chamber surrounding the furnace to the different rooms to be heated, and unless the furnace is so constructed that it is impossible for the gas and smoke to escape from the furnace to the warm air chamber, most disagreeable and dangerous results will follow. It does not matter how much warm air a furnace generates or how well it distributes it, results will be unsatisfactory if its joints are not tight enough to prevent the escape of gas to the warm air chamber and thence throughout the house.

The "Fused Joint" is made without the use of bolts or cement. It is made as its name indicates by fusing the iron and steel together at a white heat by a patented process. You have seen a blacksmith welding two pieces of iron so that they form to all intents and purposes one piece. The "Fused Joint" brings about an exactly similar result.

The "Fused Joint" necessarily adds considerable to the cost of a furnace, but you figure how it is a safeguard against the discomfort and danger of gas, dust and smoke. Price is not so important as safety. This is a point of vital importance to every purchaser and should have the utmost consideration in deciding what furnace to buy.

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