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# The Standard.

## OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E variis sumendum est optimum. — Cic.

No 40] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1854. [Vol. 21]

### LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS

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### RED COAT vs. RED SHIRT.

Not long since, a convivial party, at which Mr. Webster and other distinguished lawyers were present, the conversation happened to turn on the legal profession. Mr. Webster related the following story. We do not pretend to give it in his own peculiar and delightful style:

"When I was a young practitioner," said Mr. Webster, "there was but one man at the New Hampshire bar of whom I was afraid, and that was old Barnaby. There were but few men who dared to enter the lists against him. On one occasion Barnaby was employed to defend a suit for a piece of land, brought by a little, crabbed, cunning lawyer, called Bruce. Bruce's case was looked upon as good as lost when it was ascertained that Barnaby was retained against him. The suit came on for trial, and Barnaby found that Bruce had worked hard, and left no stone unturned to gain the victory. The testimony for the plaintiff was very strong, and unless it could be impeached, the case of the defendant was lost."

"The principal witness introduced by the plaintiff wore a red coat. In summing up the defence old Barnaby commenced a furious attack upon this witness, pulling his testimony all to pieces, and appealing to the jury if a man who wore a red coat was, under any circumstances, to be believed. 'And who is this red coated witness,' exclaimed Barnaby, 'but a descendant of our common enemy, who has striven to take from us our liberty, and would not hesitate now to deprive my poor client of his land by making any sort of a red coated statement.'"

"During this speech, Bruce was walking up and down the bar, greatly excited, and half convinced that his case was gone, knowing, as he did, the prejudices of the jury against anything British. Whilst, however, Barnaby was gesticulating, and leaning forward to the jury in his eloquent appeal, his shirt bosom opened slightly, and Bruce accidentally discovered that Barnaby wore a red under shirt."

"Bruce's countenance brightened up. Putting both hands in his coat pockets he walked the bar with confidence, to the astonishment of his client and all lookers on. Just as Barnaby concluded, Bruce whispered in the ear of his client, 'I've got him; your case is safe,' and approaching the jury, he commenced his reply to the slaughtering argument of his adversary."

"Bruce gave a regular history of the ancestry of his red coated witness, proving his patriotism and devotion to the country, and his character for truth and veracity. 'But what gentlemen of the jury,' broke forth Bruce, in a loud strain of eloquence, while his eye flashed fire, 'what are you to expect from a man who stands here to defend a cause based on no foundation of right or justice whatever; of a man who undertakes to destroy our testimony on the ground that my witness wears a red coat, when gentlemen of the jury—when, when, when gentlemen of the jury?'—Here Bruce made a spring, and catching Barnaby by the bosom of the shirt, tore it open, displaying his red flannel. '—when Mr. Barnaby himself wears a red flannel coat concealed under a blue one!' The effect was electrical; Barnaby was beat in his own game and Bruce gained the cause."—N. O. Picayune.

**Agricultural Fairs.**—State Fairs seem to be fast growing into the Great Annual Festival, in many of the States eclipsing all other gatherings by their comprehensive character, bringing in contact and communion men of all occupations and tastes, from the most remote portion of the State and by the great aggregation of stock, vegetables, fruits and implements for exhibition, illustrating the perfection to which, by skill and care, and observance of physiological and mechanical laws, animals, vegetables and fruits, and the rude implements of the farmer can be brought. They sweep away the film of prejudice like cobwebs. They infuse into the mind of the young farmer an ambition to excel in his profession. They teach the money loving votary of the profession, what fearful wastes, what exhaustion of his soil, what deterioration of his crops and stock, have been the consequence of persisting in dogged, and selfish, and unnatural courses, because his father did before him. They impress in ten thousand different ways, the superiority of intelligence, over mere brute labor, and tell with ten thousand illustrations that a sharp intellect is as necessary at one end of the plough as a sharp coult at the other; in a word the supremacy of mind over matter. — Toledo Blade.

**A Chinese American Citizen.**—To-day, there was issued by the State Department, a passport for Yang Wing, Esq., who has just graduated at Yale with the highest honors. Mr. Wing is a young gentleman of fine talents and great learning for his age, and has been eight years among us. He is about returning to China to see his friends for the first time. — Wash. Star, 26th.

ents and great learning for his age, and has been eight years among us. He is about returning to China to see his friends for the first time. — Wash. Star, 26th.

**THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE.**—New York Implicated.—We apprehend that it is pretty generally known that most of the fast sailing vessels engaged in the African slave trade are built either in Maine, Massachusetts, or New York. They bring good prices, and the cash down, and our Northern people are ever ready for a good profitable cash business though it may occasionally embrace the shipment of negroes from Africa to Cuba. Of late several slavers have been captured, said to have been built in New York or some other Northern port. At present we are informed that, acting upon certain discoveries recently made, our vigilant District Attorney, Mr. McKean, in prosecuting an investigation before the Grand Jury, the results of which will astonish the unsuspecting Quakers living in this community. Only think of a slave ship, with all the necessary fixtures, materials, supplies, provisions, papers in several languages, &c., being fitted up and despatched from this port, as if the traffic were a legitimate business. The law declares it piracy—a capital crime—and we should not wonder if the results of the present examination were to involve the personal safety of various enterprising individuals. The public may rely upon it that the District Attorney will sift the matter to the bottom. — N. Y. Herald.

**A Curious Recovery.**—A letter received here from ship Logan, of New Bedford, states that a sailor lost overboard a sheath knife about 5 o'clock on the morning of the 23d of August. At 1 o'clock on the same day two dolphins were caught from the ship, and upon opening one of them, the same knife, known by the name upon it, was taken out!

**Sydney, C. B., Sept. 23.**—We learn that the prisoners have been transmitted to the Sheriff of this County, relative to Mr. Martin, who our readers are aware has remained in custody since his late trial, awaiting the decision of the Executive as to his future disposal—the purport of which decision and directions, we understand to be, that he is for the future to remain in custody, either in the County Jail, or some other safe place, during the pleasure of the Crown.

**Fugitive Case.**—A man of high standing in Williamsburg, well known as a gentleman of science, was taken into custody yesterday by officer Patterson, of the lower Police Court, on the complaint of Mr. John Steadman, a resident of the province of New Brunswick, who charges the accused, with forging his (Steadman's) name to a receipt for two hundred and fifty shares of stock in the Asphalt Mining and Kerosene Gas Company—the same being in full of his share of the stock in said company. The defendant who denies the charge in toto, was conducted before Justice Osborn, when he gave bail to appear for examination. The complaint will be investigated some day next week. — New York Express.

**ROMANTIC SUPERSTITION.**—The Paris correspondent of the New York Times, one of the best in Europe, has the following:— "Alexander Dumas has just received from an admirer in Russia, the most precious talisman known in Europe—a fragment of a hanged man's rope. This admirer was formerly, according to his own story, the most unlucky being alive; but no sooner was he in possession of the rope than his uncle died, and left him a large fortune, by which he was enabled to marry a lady with whom he was in love, and who had just given him an heir, the image of herself. Learning that Dumas was still poor, in spite of his fourteen hours of labor a day, he determined to cut him off a piece of his rope and reinstate him in the good graces of the blind goddess. The way the Russian himself came into possession of the rope was singular. The father of the lady with whom he was in love, was governor of a city, and upon his daughter's imploring him to obtain for her a suicide's rope, he summoned the warden of the political prisons, and acquainted him with the young lady's desire. The warden said that there was certainly a great deal of hanging and suicide going on, but it was usually done with an old cravat or a pocket handkerchief, not in a state to be presented to a lady. Besides the superstition is explicit—the instrument of suspension must be a rope. The governor told him to drop a rope in the way of the prisoners, some of whom would doubtless put the occasion to profit. This direction was followed, and the young lady was soon in possession of an elegant new rope, from which had dangled an enemy of the State. She sent it to her lover, who was soon enabled by it to marry her. The piece sent to Dumas is three inches long. He says

he hopes that it will have an effect upon the quarter's subscription to the *Mousquetaire*, for if it does not, he shall throw it into the fire."

**NAUTICAL AMUSEMENTS.**—Captain Cookin of ship Richmond, at this port yesterday from New Orleans, reports that on the 15th inst., lat. 31 deg. 10 min., lon. 79 deg. 50 min., he caught a large booby, with a tally around his neck, marked—"sch. Rose, Ruddle, from Matanzas for Halifax, 15th, 8 A. M. lat. 31 deg. 10 min., lon. 79 deg. 50 min., all well." Capt. G. tied a tally on the same bird, with the ship's name, latitude and longitude, and let him go on the 16th, after giving him a breakfast of Dolphin. The bird was again caught same day by barque Robert Mills, at New York, when in lat. 32 deg. 10 min., lon. 77 deg. 10 min. — Boston Daily Advertiser.

**LORD ELGIN.**—A report is current in Canada that Lord Elgin, instead of being appointed Governor General of India, will succeed the Earl of St. Germain as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

**CIVILIZING RUSSIANS.**—A few Russian prisoners on board the Devonshire have shown, experimentally, the relish which Russians are likely to have for English prison fare; they are to have two thirds of the A R allowance; a bill of fare comprising biscuit or soft bread, sugar, tea, or chocolate, oatmeal, mustard, pepper, vinegar, fresh meat, or fresh vegetables, salt pork or salt beef, peas, flour, suet, and currants or raisins, when fresh meat cannot be procured. They will be also furnished with washbasins, soap, towels, &c. Think of Russian fishermen or peasants living on this fare! The prisoners on board the Devonshire have but one want—that their families could come to share with them English captivity on such terms. It is true that, if they were to penetrate into the land, they might discover Englishmen enjoying something less than two thirds of the A R allowance; but nowhere would they discover Englishmen, who slaves to a Czar or a landlord, are consigned to a Russian farm without power to use even exertion itself for improving their condition. — London Spectator.

[FOR THE STANDARD.]

4th October, 1854.

Mr. Editor,  
SIR,  
HAVING pondered deeply on the communications of your talented correspondent "CIVIS," and as you still adhere to the principles promulgated by the respectable party who first established the "STANDARD," and which has made it so useful and beneficial to the town; (they are the only ones that can make a periodical advantageous to the community—that is to give to all sides a fair hearing, so that the inhabitants may not make up their minds hastily, but maturely;) I have been induced to send you the following:

No one will attempt to deny that the frequent changes of the Boards of Directors are in more ways than one prejudicial to the interests of the Company. The parties that elect the Directors having little or no pecuniary interest in the undertaking, their few of them having paid any calls on their shares, they care very little who is in or who is out. To obviate this, which is the crowning difficulty the Company have to contend with, let the Board at home exert themselves to abolish the Directorate here; insist upon the calls being immediately paid up by those parties able to pay; sue them if they refuse; those unable to pay, forfeit their shares. It is far better for the Company to have no shareholders, than have nominal ones, who have it in their power to injure the Company in various ways, without having any power to benefit it. How true "Civis" remarks about the Directors spending the money of the English shareholders. It is difficult to get mortals to take as much care of other people's money as they would of their own.

Were the above suggestions carried out, the result would be, £10,000 would immediately be raised on the Class B Stock, which would finish the road 35 or 40 miles into the woods, which I assert is all that is required at present; the traffic on the road would then pay sufficient profit to finish the line to Woodstock.

If such is not done, it appears to me the result must be deplorable! A winter or two more, with works in their present unfinished state, and you will require to put your spectacles on to find the track.

So yourself, Mr. Editor, in advocating the above measures; desperate diseases require desperate remedies; and you will earn the gratitude of every lover of his country.

I am your obt. servt.,

Z E R O.

**FORGERIES.**—There are counterfeit one pound notes on the Bank of British North America circulating in this community. We have been shown one of the notes, and it is a very good imitation. The numbers on the notes are partly printed with a pen and partly lithographed (according to the original)—some of the letters in the words "New Brunswick" on the end of the note, when turned lengthways, are badly executed, and if examined closely must lead to detection. Any one desirous of knowing more about this counterfeit, will be informed where one may be seen, on application at this office. The public should be put upon their guard, but at the same time there is no occasion for the least excitement. — (Morning News).

**THE LEGISLATURE OF P. E. ISLAND.**—The Legislature was called together on the 26th ult. The Lieutenant Governor's speech contains as follows, in reference to the Elgin Treaty:

"Two events have recently occurred, either of which, I feel assured, you will consider of sufficient importance to justify this early meeting of the Legislature. The one is the result of negotiations between Her Majesty's Government and the Government of the United States, in the mutual ratification of a Treaty which offers very considerable advantages to this Island, both in a Commercial and Agricultural point of view; in order to secure which, with the least possible delay, a measure will be submitted for your immediate consideration. The Legislature of this Province ought to be called together at as early a day as possible. The cost is nothing compared with the advantages to be gained by prompt action. — [15.]

**THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.**—The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says:

"It appears to have been supposed by Lord Elgin, that the Reciprocity Treaty would be carried into effect at once in regard to Canada, and that President Pierce would take the responsibility of issuing his proclamation accordingly. But the act of Congress by which the treaty was carried into effect, is dependent upon the required action of the four Provinces. The President has on discretion, therefore, even as to the trade with Canada; and New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island are yet to confirm the arrangement, before it can take effect as to Canada. The Legislature of P. E. Island, now in session, will assent to the treaty, and there can be no doubt that the other two Provinces will fall in with it, especially inasmuch as the part of the bargain beneficial to them is alone subject to their acceptance. While the provisions in regard to the fisheries have already taken effect."

**HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**—An Excellent Remedy for Impurity of the Blood, and General Derangement of Health. Many persons of robust habits frequently suffer from a dangerous determination of blood to the head, bewitched feelings in the limbs, heaviness and drowsiness, arising from the blood being in a bad state; the stomach in such cases is generally out of order, with little or no appetite. Such individuals should take a course of Holloway's Pills. Thousands who had been given up as incurable by the faculty, have been thoroughly re-invigorated in constitution, and restored to the uninterrupted enjoyment of good health by this admirable remedy.

**MODEL CERTIFICATE.**—Dear doctor, I will be 176 years old next October. For ninety-four years I have been an invalid unable to move except when stirred with a lever; but a year ago last Thursday, I heard of the Granular Syrup. I bought a bottle, smelt of the cork, and found myself a new man. I now run twelve and a half miles an hour, and throw nineteen double summersets without stopping. P. S.—A little of your salve applied to a wooden leg reduced a compound fracture in nineteen minutes, and is now covering the limb with a fresh cuticle of white gum pine bark. — (New Orleans Delta).

**STEALING ONE'S OWN PIG.**—Not long since a man employed in the mill of St. Ay, England, heard some one outside calling him by his name. He looked out and saw two men standing near a horse and cart, and was asked by them to come and give them his aid to place in the cart a pig which had fallen out. He descended, but the animal was so large they were unable to lift it. He then went and brought his master, and together the four men got the animal into the cart, and the two strangers, after returning thanks, drove off. The next morning, when the miller's man went to feed his master's pig, he found its place empty. He immediately gave notice of the loss to his master, and both were convinced that in the night they had unwittingly placed their own pig in the stranger's cart.

**Wreck of Schooner Ontario, of Rockland—Four Lives Lost.**—Schooner Ontario, Capt. H. G. Pennington, sailed from this port for Rockland, about 6 o'clock on Friday afternoon. The wind soon after evening round ahead. Capt. P. put back, and at 10 P. M. owing to a defect in the compass, the vessel ran ashore on the "Devils Back," about three miles below Long Island. The schooner was going at the rate of seven knots and was driven high up on the reef. She hung by the middle, the bow and stern being afloat. After thumping heavily for three hours, she was struck by a heavy sea, which broke the vessel in two, and swept all on board overboard. They made out to regain the wreck, but all were again swept over, when two of the crew almost immediately perished. Two others, Mr. Beale, mate, and a seaman named Reed, clung to pieces of the wreck for about two hours, when they both dropped off and perished. Capt. Pennington held on to a portion of the wreck from about one to six o'clock, when he was rescued by a fishing boat, and landed on one of the islands where he remained long enough to dry his clothing, and arrived in Boston about one o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

When the vessel first struck, all on board could easily have saved themselves by the boat but they were in hopes that the vessel would float off with the rising tide, when they might either get into port or run her on the beach. A sea soon after filled the boat, rendering it useless. While his vessel was ashore, Capt. Penn. hailed an incoming topsail schooner, but she passed on without rendering any assistance. The following are the names of those lost:—David Beale, of Rockland, mate, aged about twenty; Charles Reed, of New Orleans, about 23; George Kees, of St. George, Maine, about 19; an Irishman, name unknown, who shipped in Boston the day before the schooner sailed from Boston. The Ontario was a good schooner of about 93 tons, valued at \$2,400, and is insured in Rockland for \$1,200. She had a general cargo of flour, corn meal, groceries, &c., which was not insured. Capt. Pennington, from whom we learn the above facts, is very much bruised from pieces of the wreck chafing against him; the sea was almost continually breaking over him, and his escape under the circumstances may be considered almost miraculous. — Boston Post.

**A SINGULAR WAGER.**—A young woman had laid a wager she would descend into a vault in the middle of the night, and bring from thence a skull. The person who took the wager soon after hid himself in the vault, and as the girl seized a skull, cried in hollow voice:

'Leave me my head.'

'There it is,' said the girl, throwing it down and catching up another.

'Leave me my head!' cried the same voice.

'Nay, nay,' said the heroic lass, 'you cannot have two heads; so she brought up the skull and won the wager.'

**LEARNED ELEPHANT.**—'That's a werry knowing banimal of yours,' said a cockney gentleman to keeper of an elephant.

'Verry,' was the cool rejoinder.

'He performs strange tricks and hanticks, does he?' inquired the cockney, eyeing the animal thro' the glass.

'Surprising!' retorted the keeper. 'We have learnt him to put money in that bar you see away up there. Try him with a dollar.'

The cockney handed the elephant a dollar, and saw enough he took it up by his trunk, and placed it in a box high up out of reach.

'Well, that is werry hextrodinary—hasn't he?' truly! Now let's see him take it out, and hand it back.'

'We never learnt him that,' retorted the keeper with a roguish leer, and then turned to see up the monkeys and pounce the hyenas.

**Spirit of the Times.**—1854

**HEAVENLY LIFE.**—Ah! this beautiful world! Indeed, I knew not what to expect. Sometimes it is all gladness and joy, and heaven is not far off; and then it changes suddenly, and it is dark and sorrowful, and the clouds shut out the sky. In the lives of the saddest of mortals, brighter days like this, when we feel as if we could take this great world in our arms. Then come the gloomy hours, when the fire will neither burn in our hearts or in our hearths, and all within or without is dismal, cold and dark. Believe me, every heart has its secret sorrows, which the world knows not; and oftentimes we call a man cold, when he is only sad. — Longfellow.

**CONSCIENCE.**—Bishop Taylor has this striking image:—'Conscience is a clock, which in one man, strikes aloud and gives warning; in another, the hands point silently to the figure, but strikes not; meantime hours pass away, and death has come, and death comes judgment.' There is something unspeakably appalling in this image.



# COMMUNICATION.

[FOR THE STANDARD.]

Mr. Editor,

**SIR,**  
Your Editorial notice respecting my two former letters, encourages me to resume my pen on the subject of our Railway. It must be obvious to you that I take a deep interest in the welfare and progress of the undertaking, and I think it must be equally apparent that I have given my best attention to the various statements and circumstances relating to it, which have from time to time been made public.

In reviewing the facts, whether of the late or the present Board, and in examining the affairs and position of the Railway Company, no far as they have come to my knowledge, I have at all events formed my opinions independently—uninfluenced by any fear or favor from either party—and therefore in propounding those opinions through the medium of your columns, I may hope that they will carry the full weight of an impartial judgment, not only with the public at large, but also with that section of it more immediately interested in the consideration of all matters pertaining to the Road, either from their being Shareholders in the Company, or merely residents in this vicinity.

It is certainly very generally felt, and I believe also pretty freely acknowledged, that we must depend on the means of the Class A Shareholders, assisted by Government, as our only hope of ever having the line finished. It appears, therefore, of importance to consider, whether the construction of the Board here is such as to secure the confidence of these two important bodies; and this consideration has led me to examine and reflect how the present acting Members of the Board stand, or have been appointed—of the non-resident or distant Members I need not speak as they have, I believe, never been more than dummies.

After the General Meeting in June last, we find that the late President, and those that had acted with him, though proper to resign and I have heard it said, that one of the principal reasons for their so doing, was that Mr. Wilson stated, openly, at that meeting, that unless he came in again with his own control, that he would petition against the issue of debentures, memorialize the Home Government, and agitate in every way he could to injure the concern. This being the case, I think the old Board displayed great good sense in manifesting a different spirit; and determining, if the Shareholders thought proper to elect him after such a declaration, to let him have a fair trial at his own way, without any obstruction from them. This is, however, beside the question; my present object being, as I stated, to consider, the construction of the present Board, and to prove that Mr. Wilson "got it all his own way." The question will then be for the Class A and the Government to decide whether he enjoys their confidence, and is the fittest person to be virtually, if not nominally, at head of such an important undertaking.

The Board now consists, in addition to the old dummy Members, of Mr. Wilson, Mr. Hatch, Mr. Frye, Mr. Hill, Mr. T. B. Wilson, Dr. Gove, and Mr. Ed. Wilson. There are also the Government directors, but as they are nominated by the Executive, independently of the Company, they cannot on the part of the Government at least, be any want of confidence in them, and therefore it is only necessary to speak of the Shareholders' Directors alone named.

The four first were duly elected by the Shareholders; Messrs. Edw. and T. B. Wilson were nominated at one of the first meetings, and Dr. Gove has since been appointed.

I think every one in the community is perfectly acquainted with Mr. Hatch's weakness of character, and how little able to cope with Mr. Wilson's superior shrewdness. Mr. Frye deserves severe rebuke for deserting the policy of the old Board, when he came, from having been a sufficiently frequent attendant at their meetings, have been perfectly cognizant of it; but his motives, I believe, thoroughly well appreciated, and to require no remark from me. Mr. Hill has always been a member of the Board, but has rarely attended or taken part in its proceedings, and, being an old ally of Mr. Wilson's, it is easy to divine at whose instigation he has now so suddenly become such a prominent member, that within the last ten days he has formed one of a deputation to the Executive. Mr. Thos. Wilson's unstable disposition is certainly relieved by his doubtful submission at all times to the behests of his father—so I may dismiss him as the ready tool of his venerable parent.

Wilson has, I believe, never attended the Board, and he is known to be of too independent a character to be a party to measures he does not approve; it is therefore probable that his efforts from attending the meetings, I am at a loss to account for his having been appointed, unless it was to strengthen the family compact by the addition of his name; and I should like to know whether he was consulted on the matter before being appointed. I confess I have my doubts. There only remains the late nomination of Dr. Gove; and this I consider the most objectionable and improper of the whole if I am correctly informed as to his position with the Contractors. I understand, Sir, that he is the endorser of certain bills of Mr. King, which have been procured, and that he holds a mortgage on all the plant and on some of the iron, belonging to the Messrs. Sykes & Co., as well as on some private property of Mr. King. Under such circumstances I conceive he cannot be interested alone for the Company, which as a Director,

he ought to be; and though it may perhaps be very polite for him to accept a position which enables him to look after his own interest, I think the others are highly blamable for acquiescing in his appointment.

Now, Sir, I ask how can either the Class A or the Government have any consideration or reliance on a Board so constructed, and therefore I again say, that the sooner the present men yield up their offices and make room for better and firmer men, the better for our hopes of getting the Railroad finished. In my next I will give you an account of the statements which have reached me of the contradictory nature of some of the late transactions of the Board; and if I have time enter into an explanation of the policy which I think ought to be pursued.

I am your obdt. servt.,

CIVIS.

**TRADE WITH THE BRITISH PROVINCES.**—The trade with New England and the British Provinces is steadily increasing, and under the influence of the new treaty, will grow to great importance. The arrivals from the Provinces, at this port only, for the past two days, number fifty-seven vessels, all of which bring cargoes of coal, lumber, wood, fish, plaster, &c., and in return they will take more or less of our productions. The trade is one of profit to both parties, and is yearly extending to new points of intercourse along the coast of New England.—*Boston paper.*

**TERRIBLE DEATH OF A MOLDER.**—We have already recorded the accident which befell Mr. John Brady, a molder in Algier's Foundry, South Boston, on Thursday last. He, with a number of other men, was engaged in swinging a ladle of melted iron from the furnace to the mould, when the ladle was upset, and Mr. Brady, who was holding the handle, was, by some accident, thrown into the fiery fluid. He was burned in a shocking manner, and yesterday, after intense agony, he died. He was one of the best molders in Mr. Algier's employ, a good citizen, and he leaves a young wife to mourn his untimely death.

**CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.**—The Rev. Wm. Donald has received by last mail—from Wm. Young Esq., W. S., Edinburgh, Secretary to the Church of Scotland's Colonial Committee, and Treasurer of the funds contributed by the Church in aid of the wives and families of the soldiers and sailors engaged in the eastern war—the following acknowledgment of the collection made for that purpose in St. Andrew's Church of this city:—*Edinburgh, 13th Sept. 1854.*—Received from the Rev. Wm. Donald, £65 2s. 2d. (79 11s. 7d. ex. gr.) being a collection made in St. Andrew's Church, N. B. in aid of the wives and children engaged in the Eastern War.

W. Young, Treasurer.

In his letter to Mr. Donald, Mr. Young says:

It will be gratifying to you to know that the St. Andrew's Church collection is the largest I have yet received. It will also be gratifying to the friends of the Church of Scotland in this Province to learn that Mr. Young intimates to Mr. Donald, that the Colonial Committee have made two appointments of Missionaries to New Brunswick, namely, the Rev. Robert Stevenson, and the Rev. Peter Keay, and that Mr. Stevenson is now on his way out by the Europa, which was to leave Liverpool on Saturday last.—*Nbr.*

**CAPTAIN COOK'S CLOCK.**—United Service Institution.—To the many attractions with which this institution abounds, one that will be highly appreciated, has lately been presented by Rear Admiral Sir Thos. Herbert, K. C. B. It is a valuable chronometer by Laurence Kendall, London, 1771, which was carried out by Captain Cook, on his voyages to the Pacific, and was taken out again by Lieut. Bligh, in 1787. When the Bounty's crew mutinied, it was carried by the mutineers to Pitcairn's Island. In 1808 it was sold by Adams to an American, Mr. May Fletcher, who sold it in Chili. It was purchased for 50 guineas by Sir T. Herbert from M. Goldclough, at Valparaiso, in 1840, and has now, owing to Sir Thomas's generosity, found its appropriate resting place among the valuable relics deposited in this institution.—*British Army Despatch.*

**A POOR MAN'S WISH.**—I asked a student what three things he most wished.—He said, "Give me books, health and quiet, and I care for nothing more." I asked the miser, and he cried, "Money—money—money." I asked a pauper, and he faintly said, "Bread—bread—bread." I asked the multitude around me, and they lifted up a confused cry, in which I heard the words, "Wealth, Fame and Pleasure." I asked a poor man, who had long borne the character of an experienced Christian. He replied, "All that I wish is Health, Wisdom, and to have a constant Love for my Maker and Redeemer."

**EVENHANDER JUSTICE.**—In Sacramento recently a man was tried for the wilful murder of a Chinaman, and notwithstanding the testimony was positive against him, he was acquitted. A poor Chinaman, however, stole \$200; the money was recovered, but he was tried, convicted, and sentenced to five years imprisonment at hard labor.

The performances of a new repeating pistol, patented by Messrs. Down and Adams, were tested recently at Woolwich, Eng., when 1000 successive shots were fired from one barrel, without cleaning, oiling, or otherwise regulating, until the whole series was

completed, and without a single miss—fire, or the slightest derangement.

## Arrival of the "Atlantic."

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The steamship Canada, which sailed from Liverpool on the 23d Sept., arrived at New York yesterday morning.

It is officially announced by the French and English Governments that on the 14th Sept., 58,000 of the Allied Forces landed at Eupatoria, without opposition, and immediately marched on Sebastopol. The Transports at once returned to Varna for 14,000 more French soldiers.

It is reported that the Czar, at the last moment, had consented to terms, but it was not generally credited.

It is said the Russians have only 38,000 of a disposable force in the Crimea.

The Allied fleets were off Sebastopol.

The news from England is unimportant.

Spanish affairs unchanged.

MARKETS.—Breadstuffs buoyant; Flour had advanced 2s; Wheat 4d; Corn 1s. 6d.

Provisions were dull. No change in fish. Tea had advanced. Consols 95.

## THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11, 1854.

### MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

We learn from St. John papers that the Legislature is summoned to meet on Thursday, the 19th inst. "for the despatch of business."

There cannot be a doubt, that the first business of the "Collective Wisdom" will be to decide on the acceptance or rejection of the Reciprocity Treaty concluded between Great Britain and the United States—but there are other weighty matters which demand attention—viz: the Election law.

The time has fully come, when a sound measure should be introduced not only for registration of voters, and vote by ballot, but also to extend the franchise. A majority of the new Members, pledged themselves at the hustings in the different Counties, to advocate some such measure, and we look forward to them trusting that they will redeem their pledges. There is no necessity to clog a bill with cumbersome machinery—we trust that Mr. Brown will take up the matter and bring it before the House without delay.

**THE ENGLISH NEWS** received by the Steamer Canada, which arrived at New York on Friday last, will be found in another column. It appears that the allied forces landed at Eupatoria without opposition, and marched on Sebastopol. In the course of a fortnight, news of an important nature will be received, as the season will not permit much more being done after that period.

**TO CORRESPONDENTS.**—We again inform Correspondents that unless their letters reach our Office on Monday, their favors cannot be published until the following week. And further we beg leave to inform them, that we will not insert an anonymous letter, unless the writer sends us his name, which he may rest assured will be kept strictly secret. Amicus must give us his name, "Zero" and "Cris" will find their letters in our columns.

**SHIP BURNED.**—A fine ship of about 600 tons, ready for launching, at Red Beach, near Robinson's, was destroyed by fire, on Sunday night last, together with the shed containing the carpenter's tools. The vessel was owned by Mr. Lowe, of that place, we did not learn whether she was insured. The cause of the fire is unknown.

**LOSS OF THE ARCTIC.**—The American Steamship which sailed from Liverpool on the 20th Sept., for New York was lost off the Banks of Newfoundland having run into a French steamer. A number of the passengers were lost, among whom were Mrs. Collins (wife of the owner), and six children. The captain also perished with the steamer.

**NEW YORK ILLUSTRATED JOURNAL.**—Our thanks are due to Mr. B. O'Brien, of St. John, for the October number of this popular work, containing 80 pages and 40 illustrations. As a work of Art, the Journal is not excelled on this Continent. Published by P. D. Orris, New York—price \$2 per annum, exclusive of postage. Mr. B. O'Brien agent, St. John. Specimen copy may be seen at the Standard Office, and subscribers forwarded to the agent.

**England's Battles by Sea and Land,** including the present expedition against Russian aggression in the East, by Lt. Col. Williams. We have been presented with part No. 1, of this interesting work, published by the London printing and publishing com-

pany—price 1s. 3d. each part, illustrated with two steel engravings. Subscribers names received at this office. Mr. George Gay, agent.

**LABORER'S WAGES.**—We notice by St. John papers that owing to the shortness of the days and the fall in the price of flour—laborers' wages have fallen to 4 shillings a day, in St. John, and on the Railroad at the Bend. Flour is also reported to be falling in price rapidly—only a few speculators who have a quantity on hand, are desirous of keeping up the price, viz: 88.

**Arrival of our New Governor.**—The Steamer Governor arrived on Thursday last at noon from Portland, having on board His Excellency J. H. Mannors Sutton and Lady, with five children and suite. On the steamer's approaching the wharf, a salute was fired from the ships John Bannerman and Joseph Tarratt, belonging to the Black Ball Line of Liverpool Packets. His Excellency was received at the landing by the principal officers of Government then in the City, and a number of respectable citizens, and proceeded on foot to the St. John Hotel, escorted by the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, and Col. Gardiner, the senior Military officer in the Province, Colonel Hayne, &c.

In the afternoon His Excellency visited several parts of the City, and some of the Ship yards, and seemed to be much interested in what he saw. On the following morning His Excellency and family, with the Members of the Executive Council and other official personages, proceeded by steamer to Fredericton, where His Excellency took the oath of office at noon to-day.—*Courier.*

**MEETING OF THE LEGISLATURE.**—We have just heard by telegraph from Fredericton, that a Royal Gazette extra was issued to-day, containing His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor's Proclamation, summoning the Legislature to meet on Thursday, the 19th inst. "for the despatch of business."

Nearly all grades of flour are declining, notwithstanding the severe drought, and the prediction, that prices would reach \$15 to \$20 per barrel during the Fall and Winter. The receipts from the South and West are rapidly increasing; producers have become pretty well satisfied that present high prices cannot be sustained for any length of time, are pushing forward their stocks with considerable vigor. There is no demand for export, and each succeeding steamer from Europe confirms the impression, which has now become pretty general, that not a single barrel of flour will be wanted from this country either in Europe or on the continent.

The best grades have declined \$1.50 per barrel within a week, and holders can only make sales by continually submitting to lower prices.

Although the receipts of wheat are small, yet in the absence of any foreign demand, prices are gradually sinking.—*New York Paper.*

**STORE BREAKING.**—On Thursday night, not less than four stores in Dock Street, and on the North Market Wharf were entered by burglars, who ransacked the premises and broke open desks, &c. The stores entered were those of Mr. T. S. Magee, and Mr. A. Hastings, on Dock Street, and Messrs. Thorne & Lee's, and Mr. James N. C. Blacks on the North Market Wharf. The robbers entered from the rear, and ransacked the several stores, their object being to obtain money; but with the exception of the change found in the drawers, which was very small, the thieves carried away nothing of much value. We understand that they did not succeed in obtaining more than about five pounds altogether. Their attempts to open the safes, in which the money was deposited were unavailing. We believe that this city has been visited by a gang of thieves, and the people should be on their guard.—*New Brunswick.*

**RECIPROCIITY.**—A telegraphic despatch received at the News Room, from M. H. Percy Esq., and dated Washington, Oct. 4th, says:—"The American Government cannot bring the treaty into operation without Colonial Legislation. Nothing else will do. There is great desire here to put the treaty in force instantly, but the Colonies must act first. The question of Colonial produce in bond, to be duty free when the treaty is perfected, is under consideration to-day."—*Ibid.*

**FRIENDLY ADVICE.**—A lady desired Dr. Johnson to give his opinion of a work she had just written, adding, that if it would not do, she begged him to tell her, for she had other irons in the fire; and in case of its not being likely to succeed, she could bring out something else. "Then," said the Doctor, after turning over a few leaves, "I advise you, madam, to put it where your irons are."

### DEATHS.

On the 6th inst., Mr. JOHN McLACHLAN, aged 58 years, a native of Scotland. Mr. McLachlan was formerly a Merchant and Magistrate, in this place, and for some time editor and proprietor of the "Charlotte Gazette," which was discontinued last year.

On the 29th ult., Percy Charles, the infant son of Charles A. Thomson, Esq.

Suddenly, on Friday evening, at Indian Town, John S. Taylor, Esq., of Sheffield, Sunbury Co. He has left a circle of friends to mourn their loss.

## Public Notice.

**WHEREAS** William Babcock, Administrator of Frederick Augustus Babcock late of Saint Andrews in the County of Charlotte, deceased, has this day filed his Petition duly verified, in the Court of Probates for the said County, for Licence to sell the Real Estate which the said Frederick Augustus Babcock died seized of, for the payment of the debts due from the said Estate. Notice is hereby given, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration at a Court to be holden at the office of the Clerk of the Peace in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday the seventh day of November next at the hour of noon. Dated the third day of October 1854.

By the Court.  
GEO. D. STREET,  
Clerk.



CROWN LAND OFFICE, Oct. 2, 1854.

**THE** undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the seventh day of November next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May 1843, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber under Licences applicable previous to the applications for the purchase of the Land.)

(No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)

By Deputy Clerk, at St. Andrews.  
100 acres, division A of lot 101, west side Grand Manan, John Wilson.  
100 acres, division B of lot 101, west side Grand Manan, John Wilson.  
100 acres, division C of lot 101, west side Grand Manan, John Wilson.  
125 acres, division D of lot 101, west side of Grand Manan, John Wilson.  
(5w) R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

## Ships' WHEELS and CAPSTANS.

**THE** subscribers inform Shipbuilders, and all others whom it may concern, that they have commenced manufacturing STEERING WHEELS and CAPSTANS, of a superior make and finish, at their shop on Peters' Wharf, which they will sell lower than articles of the same description can be purchased for at any other establishment in the City.

WHEELS and CAPSTANS will be kept constantly on hand. Orders from all parts of the Province will be punctually attended to.

Orders left with Mr. WILLIAM GUNSON, St. Andrews, will receive prompt attention.

HUGHES & GIBSON,  
St. John, Oct. 10, 1854 3a

## C. C. AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

**SEALED** tenders will be received by the undersigned, until Tuesday the 31st October, instant, at 10 A. M. for the purchase of the Entire Horse ECLIPSE, (belonging to the C. C. Agricultural Society,) to be kept in this County till 1st May 1857, under the penalty of \$300, to be secured by bond with approved sureties. The tenders to state the Parish in which the person tendering proposes to keep the horse. Tenders will also be received until the same time, for keeping said horse till 1st April next, subject to the regulations imposed by the Society as to the manner of keeping him; which tenders must also state where the proposer intends keeping him.

The Society reserves the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders received. An adjourned Meeting of the Committee of the above Society will be held on the 31st October, at 11 A. M. at the Office of the undersigned, when the tenders will be opened.

By Order of the Board,  
ALEX. T. PAUL, Sec'y.  
St. Andrews, Oct. 10, 1854.

## To Let,

And possession given on the 1st November. THAT commodious D. W. E. L. I. N. G. HOUSE, at present in the occupation of Mr. Hatch, corner of King and Queen streets. Rent moderate.

ROBERT ALEXANDER,  
Sept. 27, 1854.

## Bricks for Sale.

**MANUFACTURED** and for Sale at Chamcook, a quantity of BRICKS, low for Cash: Apply to subscriber. THOS. B. WILSON, Chamcook, Sept. 27, 1854.

## Notice to Farmers.

**THE GRIST MILL**, to grind Country GRAIN—in operation at Chamcook.—Also, BARLEY MILL. THOS. B. WILSON, Chamcook, Sept. 27, 1854.



BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.



**THE HYDROMAGEN,**  
OR  
**WATERPROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE,  
CORK SOLES.**  
Manufactured by  
**HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,**  
44 MARKET ST. MANCHESTER.  
Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street,  
Cheshire, London, England.  
American Establishments, 35 Ann Street  
and 102 Nassau Street, New York,  
United States.

The Hydromagen is a valuable discovery for  
protecting the feet from damp or cold, and there-  
fore a preventive of many Lung diseases, such  
as *any doctoring whatever*. The Hydromagen is  
in the form of a sole, and worn inside the boot or  
shoe. Its medicated character is a powerful anti-  
dote to disease.

For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable, warm,  
and healthy, to wear in the coldest or rainiest  
weather, as the foot cannot become wet if the Hy-  
dromagen is inserted. Ladies may wear the light-  
est soled boots or shoes in the most inclement  
weather with impunity, while Consumption, so  
prevalent among the young of our country, may  
be thwarted by their general adoption. They en-  
tirely supersede over-shoes, as the latter cause the  
feet to perspire in a very unhealthy manner; and,  
besides, are not dangerous wear to pedestrians in  
icy weather, like India rubbers. While the latter  
cause the feet to appear extremely large, the Hy-  
dromagen, being a mere thin slice of cork pre-  
pared, peculiarly placed inside, does not increase  
the size of the foot, or cause the foot to appear  
untidy. To Children they are extremely valuable,  
as they may engage in exercise with comfort and  
healthy effects. Their expense is so slight as to  
scarce need mention; besides, those who patron-  
ize them will find their yearly doctor's bills much  
diminished thereby.

As the Hydromagen is becoming more known,  
its sale is increasing to an almost incredible extent.  
Last year in London, Manchester, Birmingham,  
Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin, Paris, Ant-  
werp, Hamburg, and Berlin, our sales reached  
1,732,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This year the num-  
ber will far surpass that.

Ask the Faculty their opinion of their value as  
a preventive for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS,  
ASTHMA, and CONSUMPTION.

Men's Size, per pair, 35 Cents.  
Ladies' do. do. 20 do  
Boys' & Misses' do. 25 do

NOTICE.—From the Retail Prices we make a  
very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Wholes-  
alers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine pro-  
fit on their sale, while they are an article which  
may be kept in any store, among any class of  
goods.

For terms, apply to  
**HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,**  
35 Ann Street, New York.

#### THE CHEST

**Sir Astley Cooper, Bart.,  
M.D.,**

THE EMINENT MEDICAL PRACTITIONER, HAS LEFT A  
VALUABLE LEGACY TO THE WORLD IN HIS  
Great Preventative of Consumption,  
AND

**INFALLIBLE CURE FOR PULMONARY DISEASES,  
WITHOUT THE USE OF MEDICINE.**  
By A. C. BART, invented and advised the use of this  
MEDICATED FUR CHEST

**PROTECTOR.**

To all persons of all ages and conditions, as  
certain and a safe shield against those  
fearful diseases, Consumption, Bronchitis,  
Asthma, Coughs, Colds, and other affec-  
tions of the Lungs, which arise from the ex-  
posed state of the chest, according to fashion,  
and the continual changes of our climate.

"The Protector" is simply a chemically pre-  
pared fur, lined with silk and padded, which,  
suspended from the neck, covers the chest, in so  
agreeable a manner, that, once worn, it becomes a  
necessity and a comfort.

"The Protector," although but recently  
introduced into America, is making rapid  
progress through the United States, the  
Canadas, South America, and the West  
Indies. It has for a long time been a staple  
article in England and on the Continent of  
Europe, while it has grown in many coun-  
tries to the position of an article of dress.

To demonstrate these facts require of any En-  
glish resident in your vicinity of his knowledge of  
the beneficial effects of wearing the Protector,  
without recourse to doctoring of any kind. The  
cost of wearing these articles is a mere trifle, and  
one will last some years. No one who values the  
health of himself or his family will be without  
them. The Hospitals in this country are not alone  
recommending them, but rapidly introducing them.  
Harcourt, Bradley & Co. of London, and Man-  
chester, England, were originally entrusted with  
the manufacture of the Protectors, by the inven-  
tor Dr. Cooper, and continue to manufacture ac-  
cording to his original instructions, and therefore  
recommend those who would wear "The Pro-  
tectors," to see to their being genuine.

REMEMBER THIS IS A STAPLE ARTICLE, and  
no Patent Medicine.

#### RETAIL PRICES.

Gent's Size, \$1.50 each.  
Ladies' do. 1.00 do  
Boys' & Misses' do. 75 do

**HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,**  
35 Ann Street & 102 Nassau Street,  
NEW-YORK, U.S.

**PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSE, 102 Wood Street,  
Cheshire, London.**  
**MANUFACTORY, 44 Market Street, Manches-  
ter, England.**

H. B. & Co. are establishing Depots for the  
sale of "The Protector" in all parts of America.  
Physicians, Surgeons, Druggists, Clothiers, Dry  
Goods Merchants, Hatters, and Milliners, also  
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store-keepers, are en-  
trusted with the wholesale and retail distribution of  
them, and to whom most liberal terms are of-  
fered for their enterprise, and a splendid oppor-  
tunity opens to them for safe and profitable busi-  
ness.

For terms, apply to  
**HARCOURT, BRADLEY & CO.,**  
35 Ann Street, New York U.S.

## ALBION HOUSE, SAINT ANDREWS.

Pet Packet Ship "John Bannerman," and steamship "Niagara."

**MESSRS. STORR & CO.,**

Have received a considerable portion of their

**FALL STOCK,**

Which is Opened and ready for Inspection.  
THE Subscribers would respectfully intimate, that having commenced business this year  
with a supply suitable only for the SPRING TRADE, it does not devolve upon them, to make  
the usual announcement of "a few additional Novelties," but to inform the Public that they  
are now receiving the first delivery of a large

### WINTER STOCK,

that will be composed of "NEW GOODS" exclusively. The present arrival contains princi-  
pally an assortment of the following Goods:

**BROAD CLOTHS,**

IN EVERY COLOR.

**DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, BEAVERS, PILOTS,  
WINTER SHAWLS, COBBOURG CLOTHS, &c.**

**WHOLESALE & RETAIL.**

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT is replete with novelty. Some splendid  
designs in FANCY DOESKINS, WINTER CLOTHS, &c. Gentlemen leaving their orders  
may rely upon having them promptly and faithfully executed.

MESSRS. STORR & CO. return their sincere thanks for the very extensive  
patronage they have received during the past season, and trust from the advantages they  
are enabled to offer, that this may be continued and extended.

**R. STORR & CO.**

Oct'r 4, 1854

#### SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Saturday the 23d day of December  
next, at 12 o'clock, will be sold by Public  
Auction, at the Court House in Saint  
Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest and claim  
whatsoever of Otis Turner, to the  
following properties situate in the Parish  
of St. Patrick, viz:—

The northern quarter of the southern  
half of Lot No. 8, bounded by the Digde-  
guash grant, and by lands owned by Sarah  
Hanson and Isaac Turner, containing 50  
acres, more or less; and

The Lot at present occupied by the said  
Otis Turner, containing 25 acres, more or  
less, with the buildings thereon.

The same having been seized and taken  
by virtue of an execution of *Fieri Facias*  
issued out of the Supreme Court, at the  
suit of George Hobbs, endorsed to levy  
£53 7 10, with interest on the sum of  
£53 16 10, from the 26th May, 1849,  
besides Sheriff's fees.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte  
Sheriff's Office,  
13th June, 1854.

#### Brandy.

Ex the "Robert" from Charente:—  
FIFTY Hhds. & Qr. Casks "Hennessy's  
& Martell's BRANDY, vintage  
1851.

J. W. STREET.

#### MAIL STAGE

BETWEEN  
ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHENS, &  
UPPER MILLS.

The Subscriber having taken the con-  
tract for the conveyance of the Mail be-  
tween the above named places, will run  
daily (Sundays excepted) leaving Upper  
Mills at half-past 4, A. M., St. Stephens  
half-past 5, A. M. Returning will leave St.  
Andrews at 12 o'clock, noon. Having  
quick horses, a comfortable Wagon, and  
covered Carriage, he is prepared to carry  
Passengers to whom every attention will be  
paid. He trusts by punctuality and  
care, to merit a share of patronage.

Books kept at Bradford's hotel, St. An-  
drews, L. Ryder's, St. Stephen, and at his  
own house, Upper Mills.

JOHN O'BRIEN.

August 28, 1854

#### CAUTION.

I HEREBY forbid all persons, purchasing  
or negotiating a Note drawn by me in  
favour of George Hobbs, for \$270 55 dated  
April 21, 1854, as I never received any value  
for the same.

ROBT. P. McFARLANE.

Digdegush, May 2, 1854.

#### Woodstock Pipes,

EX "CARNATIC" from LIVERPOOL,  
12 Boxes WOODSTOCK PIPES.  
J. W. STREET.

Sept. 19, 1854.

Tea, Crushed Sugar, Starch, &c.

May 24, 1854

EX the "Star of Freedom," from Liverpool,

just arrived:

12 half Chests 1st best Congou Tea

3 tierces Crushed Sugar

6 boxes best Portland Starch

11 bags 44—64—84—104 wrought Nails,

&c &c J. W. STREET.

#### NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD at the Court House in St.  
Andrews, on Tuesday the seventeenth day  
of October next, at twelve o'clock noon,  
THAT certain piece of LAND situate  
in the Parish of Grand Manan, in the  
County of Charlotte, known as the North-  
ern half of Lot numbered "Twenty Three,"

in the first division of lots in said Parish,  
with the buildings and improvements there-  
on.—The same lately owned and occupied  
by Stillman Gupitt of Grand Manan afore-  
said, and now vested in the undersigned as  
Trustees for his Creditors.

ALEX. T. PAUL,  
W. HATCH,  
JOHN PARKINSON,  
Trustees for the Creditors of  
STILLMAN GUPITT.  
St. Andrews, 18th Sept. 1854.

#### Brandy Cherries.

Ex MARINER via New York.  
12 Cases 1 doz. bottles each Brandy Cherries  
direct from Bordeaux (in Bond.)  
For sale by J. W. STREET.

July 21 1854.

#### NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against  
the Estate of John McVicar, late of Saint  
George, in the County of Charlotte, deceased,  
and also against the estate of Archibald McVicar  
late of the same place, deceased, are requested to  
present the same duly attested within 3 months  
to the undersigned; and all persons indebted to  
said estates, are requested to make immedi-  
ate payment to

JOHN McVICAR,  
Administrator of the Goods of  
John McVicar, and  
Administrator of the Goods of  
Archibald McVicar.  
St. Andrews, Sep. 7, 1854.

#### Calais Marble Works.

THE Subscriber has opened a Shop on  
Milltown street, three doors south of  
Main street, where he carries on all kinds  
of MARBLE WORK, such as  
MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES,  
CHIMNEY PIECES.

CENTRE TABLES,  
in Italian and American Marble. Having  
worked in some of the best shops in the  
States, he offers to the public as good work  
as can be bought in the New England  
States.

All kinds of Marble work executed cheap-  
er than at any other establishment in the  
country. FRED. G. SMITH.  
Calais, L. J. CHASE,  
Sep. 12, 1854. Agent.

#### DENTAL CARD

**Dr. E. N. Harris,  
SURGEON DENTIST**

CALAIS, MAINE.  
GRADUATE of the Baltimore College of Denta  
Surgery, respectfully offers his services to the  
public of St. Andrews and vicinity, in all cases  
of disease of the Teeth and Mouth.  
Full or parts of sets of

MIXED TEETH,  
inserted on Gold or Platinum, so perfectly imi-  
tating Nature as to deceive the keenest observer.  
Teeth cleaned, filled, and extracted in a skill-  
ful manner.

Particular attention given to regulating chil-  
dren's teeth.  
Office in SAWYER'S BLOCK, Main Street,  
recently occupied by Dr. Adams, Opposite  
the Post Office, Calais.

Dr. H. has the pleasure of referring to his  
numerous patrons in Calais and St. Stephen, to  
C. K. Fiske, M. D., Dentist, St. John, and to  
the Professors of the Baltimore College of Den-  
tal Surgery.

July 11, 1854.

#### Valuable Farm for sale.

THAT well known and valuable FARM,  
within five miles of St. Andrews, on the St.  
Stephen Road, called "Woodburne," belonging  
to the estate of the late Alex. McDonald, con-  
taining 100 acres, 80 of which are under cultivation.  
The farm bounds on the St. Croix River, and  
runs back to Chamecock Lake; the land is under  
high cultivation, with out offices, and two large  
Barns, with cattle sheds, &c.

The above presents a good opportunity for any  
person desirous of purchasing an excellent Farm,  
within a short distance of the Shire town, and  
in a pleasant neighbourhood.

If not disposed of previous to the 19th Novem-  
ber next, it will at that time be sold as Public  
Auction. JAMES RUSSELL,  
St. Andrews, Sept. 29, 1854. xipd.

#### NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands a-  
gainst the Estate of Henry Polley, late of  
Saint David, deceased, are requested to  
render the same to the undersigned, duly  
attested, and all persons indebted to said  
Estate, to make payment to the undersigned  
within three months from this date.

SUSANNAH POLLEY, Executrix.  
WILLIAM TOWERS, Executor.  
Saint Andrews, 3d October, 1854. d.

#### LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the St. Andrews Post Office  
15th Sept. 1854.

Baker, Thomas	McDonnell, John
B. H. David	McDonnell, James
Cairn, Walter	McClough, Thomas
Derby, George	McClintock, Mrs.
Faye, John	Mason, Thomas
Good, Elizabeth	O'Leary, Timothy
Goldsmith, Mrs.	Russell, William
Graham, Cornelius	Reidy, Mrs. Lucy
Hughes, W. F.	Reed, William
Hays, Mary	Stewart, Mrs. Eliza
Leary, Dennis	Sampson, Miss Louisa
Lundy, Elizabeth	Wilson, Capt. Chas
Lathorp, Sam.	Wilson, Miss Mary A

Persons calling for any of the above will please  
say advertised.

GEO. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.

#### Meeting of Courts.

The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and  
General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius for the  
said County, will be held at the Court  
House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 31st  
day of October next, at 12 o'clock.

At which time and place all Magistrates,  
Coroners and Constables of said County,  
and all persons required to be at the  
Courts, are hereby Publicly Notified to give  
their attendance.

By Order of Her Majesty's Justices,  
THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
St. Andrews, Sept. 5, 1854.

#### BRITISH HOUSE, ST. ANDREWS.

#### NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber respectfully returns his ac-  
knowledgments to the Public, for the patron-  
age so liberally extended to him for upwards of  
twenty years; and can state with confidence, that  
he is now

RECEIVING AND OPENING  
The most Extensive and Select  
STOCK OF  
Dry Goods.

Ever offered in this Market.

And in addition, he begs to state, that these Goods  
have been selected from the best cash establish-  
ments in London, Manchester, Leeds, Bradford  
and Glasgow, which his Patrons will find from the  
extraordinary change in prices this season. His  
present stock being so much more extensive than  
any previous year, he will be satisfied with the  
large amount of many of the Goods, although the prices  
are from ten or fifteen per cent. less than goods  
purchased in this Province.

The Goods from Leeds have been received by  
the packet ship "Liberia"; from Bradford by the  
"Midleton"; from Manchester per "Dundonald";  
via St. John, and direct to this port per ship "Star  
of Freedom"; and from London, by the steamship  
"Canada," via Boston. The Goods from Glasgow  
are daily expected by the "Salica".

(Stock advertisement in our next No.)

St. Andrews, May 31, 1854. D. BRADLEY.

#### THE ALL-HEALING REMEDY!!!

#### Holloway's Ointment.

A most astonishing cure of Scrofulous Ul-  
cers—a case certified by the Mayor of  
Boston.

Copy of a letter from J. Noble, Esq., Mayor  
of Boston, Lincolnshire.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,  
Dear Sir,—Mrs. Sarah Dixon, of Liquor-  
pond street, Boston, has this day deposed  
before me, that for a considerable time she  
was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores  
and Ulcers in her arms, feet, legs, and other  
parts of her body; and although the first  
of medical advice was obtained, at the cost  
of a large sum of money, she obtained no  
abatement of suffering, but gradually grew  
worse.

Being recommended by a friend to try  
your Ointment, she procured a small pot,  
and a box of the Pills, and before that was  
all used, symptoms of amendment appeared.  
By persevering with the medicines for a  
short time longer, according to your direc-  
tions, and strictly adhering to your rules,  
to diet, &c., she was perfectly cured, and  
now enjoys the best of health.

I remain, dear Sir, your truly,  
(Signed) J. NOBLE.

Dated August 12th, 1852.

An extraordinary and rapid cure of Erysip-  
elas in the leg, after medical aid had  
failed.

Copy of a letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeates,  
of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, near  
Bognor, Sussex, dated Jan. 12th, 1853.  
To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Sir,—I suffered for a considerable period  
from a severe attack of Erysipelas, which  
at length settled in my leg, and resisted all  
medical treatment. My sufferings were  
very great, and I quite despaired of any  
permanent cure, when I was advised to have re-  
course to your Ointment and Pills. I did  
so without delay, and am happy to say the  
result was eminently successful, for they  
effected a radical cure of my leg, and re-  
stored me to the enjoyment of health. I  
shall ever speak with the utmost confidence  
of your medicines, and have recommended  
them to others in this neighbourhood simi-  
larly afflicted, who derived equal benefit.—  
I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful servant  
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEATES

A dreadfully diseased Ankle cured after  
being given up by the Faculty at Malta  
and Portsmouth Hospitals.

The following important communication  
has been forwarded to Professor Holloway  
for publication, by Mr. B. Dixon, Chem-  
ist, King St. Norwich.

Copy of a letter from Captain Smith, of  
Great Yarmouth, dated January 19, 1853.

To Mr. DEXTER.

Dear Sir,—I send you the particulars of a  
cure effected by Professor Holloway's in-  
valuable medicines.—Mr. John Walton,  
late in Her Majesty's Service, in the British  
fleet at Malta, had a very bad ulcerated  
ankle, and after being in the Malta Hospital  
for six months, was sent to England as an  
invalid to Portsmouth Hospital, where he  
remained an inmate four months, there, as  
at Malta, refusing to have the limb amputat-  
ed, he was turned out incurable. He then  
came to Yarmouth, and was under a medi-  
cal gentleman for about three months but  
his ankle became so much worse that all  
hope was lost. At this period, by my advice  
he tried Holloway's Ointment and Pills,  
which by unremitting application, healed  
all the ulcers, and restored him to per-  
fect health and strength.

I remain, dear Sir, your very truly,  
(Signed) JOHN SMITH.

Albert Hotel, Great Yarmouth.

Surprising cure of a bad Breast, Nervous  
Debility, and general ill health.

Copy of a letter from Mr. T. F. Ker, Chem-  
ist, &c., Lower Moss lane, Manchester,  
dated Feb'y 12th, 1853.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

Dear Sir,—I have great pleasure in for-  
warding to you the particulars of a very  
extraordinary cure of a bad breast, effected  
solely by the use of your celebrated Oint-  
ment and Pills. Mrs. Maria Bell, of Pri-  
street, in this town, had been for a con-  
siderable time labouring under nervous debi-  
lity, loss of appetite, and general ill health,  
occasioned by ulcerated wounds in the  
breast. She had much experience in the  
use of all the known remedies for the cure  
of ulcers, but without any beneficial result,  
in fact she had nearly lost all faith and  
hope of a cure being effected. In this dis-  
tressing and painful condition of body and  
mind, she was persuaded to have recourse  
to your invaluable Ointment and Pills,  
which she immediately did, and in the  
course of a very short time the effect pro-  
duced was most astonishing; her appetite  
was speedily improved, the sores and ulcers  
in the breast gradually healed, and the  
nervous excitement of her system was  
wholly removed.

I remain, dear Sir, your faithfully,  
(Signed) T. FORSTER KER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the  
Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad Legs	Chicago-foot
Bad Breasts	Chilblains
Burns	Chapped hands
Bunions	Corns (soft)
Bite of Mosquitoes	Coughs
Cancers	Contracted and Stiff
Coco-bay	Joint
Elephantiasis	Fistulas
Gout	Glandular Swelling
Scoury	Lumbago
Sore Throat	Piles
Tumours	Rheumatism
Ulcers	Any new Sores
Wounds	Sore Nipples
Yaws	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor  
Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar)  
London, and by all respectable Druggists  
and Dealers in Medicines throughout the  
Civilized World, in Pots, at 1s. 4d., 5s. and  
5s. 6d. each.

There is a considerable saving by  
taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of  
patients in every disorder, are affixed to  
each Pot.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines, at  
New Brunswick, and by J. H. Thomp-  
son, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport,  
and

ODELL & TURNER,  
Of St. Andrews.

Wholesale Agent for the County Charlotte,  
July 11, 1854.

#### Flour, Sugar, &c.

NOW LANDING, ex UTICA from  
BOSTON:—

60 Bbls. Extra Superfine FLOUR,  
made from new Wheat and  
warranted.

20 Hhds. bright Muscovado SUGAR,  
4 Qr. Casks triple grape PORT WINE,  
(in Bond)

J. W. STREET  
Sept. 19, 1854.



