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The Chartered Banks

BANK OF MONTREAL.
(ESTABLISHED 1817.) Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00
Reserved Fund, - 6,000,000.00
Undivided Profits, - 856,348.19
<ul> <li>Undivided Profits, - 356,348.19</li> <li>HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL, BOARD OF DIRECTORS:</li> <li>Sin D. A. Smirni, G. C. M. G., - President, Inov. Gro. A. DRUMMOND, - Vice-President, A. T. Patorson, Esq. W. G. McDonald, Esq. Ingb McLennan, Esq. R. B. Angus, Esq. Ed. B. Greenshields, Esq. A. F. Gault, Esq. W. W. Oglivica, Esq. E. S. CLOUSTON, General Managor, A. Macnider, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches. A. B. Buchanan, Insp. of Branch Returns, W. S. Cloueton, Asst. Insp. James Aird, Scc. Brancas in Ganada.</li> </ul>
Sin D. A. SMITH, G.C.M.G., - President,
HON, GEO, A. DRUMMOND, Vice-President,
Ingh McLennan, Esq. R. B. Angus, Esq.
Ed. B. Greenshields, Esq. A. F. Gault, Esq.
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
A. Macnider, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches.
W. S. Clouston, Asst. Insp. James Aird, Sec.
Branches in Canada: MONTREAL, II. V. Meredith, Manager. "West End Branch, St. Catherine St. "Galenaurs St. Branch.
MONTREAL, H. V. Meredith, Manager.
oughents of pranch.
Almonte, Ont. London, Ont. St. John, N.B.
Bellevillé, "Ottawa, "Amherst A.S. Brantford, "Perth, "Halifax, N.S.
Brockville, "Peterbore, "Calgary, Alta.
Goderich, "Toronto, "ter, B.C.
Montreal, Que. Hamilton, "Quebec, Que. "Vancouver, B.C.
Kingston, "Chatham, N.B. Vernon, "
Hamilton, "Quebec, Que." Vancouver, B.C. Kingeton, "Chatham, N.B. Vernon, " Lindeay, "Moneton, N.B. Victoria, " IN NEWFOUNDLAND:
St. John's, Nild , Bank of Montreal,
IN GREAT BRITAIN:
IN GREAT BRITAIN: London, Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C. Alex, Lang, Man. IN THE UNITED STATES: New York-Walter Watson and R. Y. Hebden, Agents, 59 Wall Street. Chicago-Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager.
IN THE UNITED STATES:
New York-Walter Walter and K. Y. Henden, Agents, 59 Wall Street.
Chicago-Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager.
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN:
" The Union Bank of London.
" The London and Westminstor Bank,
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN: London—The Bank of England, '' The Union Bank of London. "The London and Westminster Bank. "The London and Westminster Bank. "The National Provincial Bank of England, Liverpool_The Bank of Liverpool, Ltd. Scotland—The British Linen Company Bank and Barandae
Scotland-The British Linen Company Bank and
Branches. Branches. BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES: New York-The Bank of New York, N.B.A. "The National City Bank, "The National City Bank, "The Third National Bank, Boston-The Merchants' National Bank, J.P. Morge & Co.
New York-The Bank of New York, N.B.A.
" The National City Bank, " The Third National Bank.
Boston-The Merchants' National Bank.
Bongton—The Autoratics National Bank, "J. B. Moors & Co. Buffalo—Bank of Commorce in Buffalo, San Francisco—The Bank of British Columbia, "The Anglo-Californian Bank, Portland, Oregon—The Bank of British Columbia,
San Francisco-The Bank of British Columbia.
Portland, Oregon—The Bank of British Columbia.
Montreal June, 1896.
THE BANK OF TORONTO
CANADA.

#### INCORPORATED 1855.

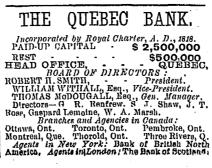
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Head Office,	-	-	Toronto,
Paid-up Capital, -	-		- \$2,000,000
Reserve Fund, -	-	• •	- 1,800,000
	סשראים	'ORS:	-,,,
GEORGE GOODI	CRHZ	M, Esq.	, President.
WM. II. BEATTY	, Esq	., Vic	e-President.
Henry Cawthra, Eeq.	, w.	G, Go	oderham, Esq.,
Robt. Reford, Ed	sq., C	leo, J. C	ook, Esq.,
GEORGE (100DE WM. H. BEATTY Henry Cawthra, Eeq. Robt. Reford, Ea Charle	98 Stu	art, Esq.	
DUNCAN COULS JOSEPH HENDERSO Toronto	ON	i à	anaral Mar
	N N		Inspector
OUDBUR HENDENSU	w	R Wade	month Manages
Toronto Press	5.° A	I Cothh	ortaon Manager
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Cobourg Collingwood	** * 1.1.1		Skeeff, "
Collingwood	w	. A. Coj	peland, " \
Gananoque	0	J. <u>V.</u> Ke	tchum, "
Gananoque London Peterboro'		John F	ringle, "
Peterboro'		P. Cai	nphell, "
Port llove		E. B.A	ndros, "
Point St. Charles (Mo	ntrea	1)J.G	. Bird. "
Port llope Point St. Charles (Mo St. Catharines	0	I. W. Ho	dretts. "
Di ontini interneti intern	nko		
London, Eng		The City	Bank, Limited
London, Eng New YorkThe N	atior	ual Bank	of Commerce.
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RANORE	VI	lututi-	MARTE.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL,
Oapital Authorized, \$500,000
Capital Subscribed, 500.000
Rost, 10,000
DIRECTORS-W. Weir, Pres. and Genl. Manager
E. Lichtenhoin, Vice-Pres.; A. S. C. Wurtele, F.W.
Smith and Godfrey Weir, F. Lemieux, Accountant.
Smith and courtey work's Lemianx, Accountant, Branch at BerthierA. Garlepy, Manager Branch at Lachuta
Branch at Lachute Ily. Frost, "
Branch at LachinoC. Langlois, "
Branch at Nicolet L. Belair, "
Branch at Ste. Thereso M. Bolsvert, "
Branch at Pt. St. Charles [city]. W J Wall, "
Branch at Hochelaga [city]., D. P. Riopel, "
Branch at L'EpiphanieJ. H. Dusseault, "
Branch at Portneuf.,J. II. Theoret, "
Branch at St. Laurent O. W. Legault, "
Branch at LaprairieT. J. Bourdeau,
Dianch at Dapratication
Agents at New York-The National Bank of the

Republic and Ladoburg. Thalmann & Co. London Benk of Montreal) Paris-La Societe Generale,

ANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMME
The Chartered Banks.
THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
<ul> <li>Established in 1886.</li> </ul>
Incorporated by Royal Oharter in 1840. Paid-up Capital, £1,000,000 Stg. Reserve Fund, 275,000 "
London Office, & Clement's Lane, Lombard St., E.C. COURT OF DIRECTORS;
J. H. Brodde. Ed. Arthur Hoare. John James Cater. H. J. B. Kendall. Gaspard Farrer. J. J. Kingeford. Henry R. Farrer. Frederick Lubbock. Richard H. Glyn. George D. Whatman, Secretary, A. G. Wallis. Head Office in Canade - St. James St. Montreal H. STIKEMAN, General Manager. E. STANGER. Inspector. Branches in Canada
Richard H. Glyn. George D.Whatman, Secretary, A. G. Wallis. Head Office in Canada - St. James St. Montreal
H. STIKEMAN, General Manager. E. STANGER, Inspector. Branches in Canada:
Brantford Montreal Brandon, Man.
<ul> <li>Paris Quebec Rosslaud, B.C.</li> <li>Hamilton St. John, N.B. V Sandon, B.C.</li> <li>Toronto Fredericton, N.B. Victoria, B. C.</li> <li>Kingeton Hallfax, N. S. Vancouver, B.C.</li> <li>Agents in the United States:</li> <li>Nzw YORK, (52 Wall St.) W. Lawson and J.</li> <li>C. Waleb</li> </ul>
McMichael and J. R. Ambrose. LONDON BANKERS-The Bank of England, and
Resers. Givin & Co. Foreion Agents-Liverpool-Bank of Liverpool. Australia-Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand -Union Bank of Australia, Bank of New Zealand, Colonial Bank of New Zealand. India, China and Japan-Chartered Mercantille Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies-Co- lonial Bank. Parls-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss & Co.
Japan-Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West India-Co- Jonial Bank, Parls-Messrs, Marcuard, Kraues & Co-
Lyons-Credit Lyonnais. 237 Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.
والكالكافي بخوذ والفاقي فالمتحد والمتحد
THE MOLSONS BANK
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital. \$2,000,000
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital, \$2,000,000 Rest Fund, 1,400,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. 22,000,000 Rest Fund, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOIN H. R. MOLSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Rameay.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. 22,000,000 Rest Fund, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOIN H. R. MOLSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Ramaay. Henry Archbald. Sam'l Finley. W. M. Macphereon. J. P. Cleghorn. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. DURNFORD, Inspector. H. LOCKWOOR, Assistant Inspector.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOIN H. R. MOLSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Ramsay. Henry Archbald. Sam'l Finley. W. M. Macphereon. J. P. Cleghorn. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. DURNFORD, Inspector. H. Lockwoon, Assistant Inspector. BRANCHES: Aylmer, Ont. Montreal, P.Q. St. Thomas, Ont. St. Catherine St.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capidal, \$2,000,000 Rest Fund,, 1400,000 BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOIN H. R. MOLEON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Macpherson. J. P. Cleghorn. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. DURNFORD, Inspector. H. LOCKWOOD, Assistant Inspector. BIANOUES: Aylmer, Ont. Montreal, P.Q. St. Thomas, Ont. St. Catherine St. Brockville, Morrisburg, Ont. Toronto, "
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital,
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOIN H. R. MOLSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Ramsay. Henry Archbald. Sam'l Finley. W. M. Macpherson. J. P. Clegitorn. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. DURNFORD, Inspector. H. Lockwood, Assistant Inspector. BRANOHES: Aylmer, Ont. Montreal, P.Q. St. Thomas, Ont. St. Catherine St. Branch. Brockville, Morrisburg, Ont. Toronto, " Calgary. Norwich, " Toronto Jc. " Cillinton, " Clawa, " Trenton, " Exoter, " Owen Sound, " Waterloc, " Hamilton, " Ridgetown, " Winnipeg, Man. London, " Sorel, P.Q.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital, BOARD OF DIRECTORS: JOIN H. R. MOLSON, President. S. H. EWING, Vice-President. W. M. Ramsay. Henry Archbald. Sam'l Finley. W. M. Macpherson. J. P. Cleghorn. F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS, Gen. Manager. A. D. DURNFORD, Inspector. H. Lockwoon, Assistant Inspector. BRANCHES: Aylmer, Ont. Montreal, P.Q. St. Thomas, Ont. St. Catherine St. Branch. Brockville, Morrisburg, Ont. Toronto, " Calgary. Norwich, "Trenton, " Calgary. Norwich, "Trenton, " Calgary. Morvich, "Winnipeg, Man. London, "Sorth P.Q. Exter, "Owen Sound, Waterloc, " Hamilton, "Ridgetown, "Winnipeg, Man. London, "Sorth P.Q. AGENTS IN CANADA: Quebec-Eastern Townships Bank. Ondario-Dominion Bank, Imperial Bank of Ca- nada, and Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital,
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital,
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital,
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855. HEAD OFFICE: MONTREAL. Paid-up Capital,

Hamburg-Hiesso, Nowman & Co., UNTED STATES; New York-Mechanics' National Bank; 'National City Bank: Messre. W. Watson, R. Y. Hebden, Agents Bank of Montreal; Messre. Morton, Biles & Co. Boston-The State National Bank. 'Port-land-Clasco National Bank. Chicago-Firet Na-tional Bank. Cleveland-Commercial National Bank. San Francisco - Bank of British Co-lumbia. Detroit - Commercial National Bank. Buffalo-The City Bank. Milwankee-Wisconsin National Bank. Toledo-Second National Bank. Butte, Montana-First National Bank. Great Falls, Montana-First National Bank. Great Falls, Montana-First National Bank. Minnea-polls-First National Bank. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and re-turns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange, Commercial Letters of Credit and Travellers Cir-cular letters issued available in all parts of the world.



The Chartered Banks.						
THE	MERCHAN					
	OF CANA					
Capital Pa Rest, -	id-up,	• \$6,000,000 • \$,000,000				
Head O		- Montreal,				
ANDR) HECTOR Robert Mac Jonathan I John Cassil	BOARD OF DIRE EW ALLAN, Esq., MACKENZIE, Es kay, Esq. II. Iodgson, Esq. J. Is, Esq. T. Sir Joseph Hick	CTORS: President. 9., Vice-President. Montagn Allan, Esq. P. Dawes, Esq. H. Dunn, Esq. kson. General Monace				
	GUE. F. HEBDEN, Supt					
BRANCI	HES IN ONTARIO	AND QUEBEC.				
Belleville, Berlin, Brampton, Ohatham,	Kincardine, Kingston, London.	Preston, Quebec, Renfrew, Sherbrooke, Que Stratford,				
Galt, Gananoque, Hamilton, Hespeler, Ingersoll,	Napanee, Ottawa,	St.Johns, Q., St. Jerome, Que				

Ingérsoli, Prescott, Walkerton, Walkerton, Montreal West End Branch, No. 2456 Notre Dame St BRANCHES IN MANTOBA: Minnipeg. Brandon. Brandon. Bankers in Great Britain.—London, Glasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Clydesdale Bank [Limited]. Liverpool, The Bank of Liverpool [Ltd]. Agency in Netw York-52 William et., Messra. John Gault and John B. Harris, Jr., Agents. Bankers in United States.—New York, American Exchange National Bank; Boston, Merchants Na-tional Bank; Cliicago, American Exchange Nationa Bank: St. Paul, Min., First National Bank; De troit, First National Bank; Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo San Francisco, Anglo-California Bank. Of Maifax. Nova Scotia and Merchants Bank of Halifax. British Columbia.—Bank of British Columbia. A general banking business transacted. Letters of Credit Sender Mila Indra, Japan. and other foreign countries.

ST.	STEPHEN'S BANK.
	Incorporated 1836.

## St. Stephen, N. B.

Capital, Reserve,	•• .	••		••		••		••	•••	\$200,000 25,000
Reserve,			••		••		••		••	25,000

F. H. TODD, President. J. F. GRANT, ... Cashier.

AGENTS.

AGENTS. London - Mesere. Glynn, Mills, Currie & C.o. New York.-Bank of New York, N.B.A. Boston-Globe National Bank. Montreal-Bank of Mont-real. St. John, N.B.-Bank of Montreal. Drafts issued on any Branch of the Bank of Montreal.

## THE WESTERN BANK

## OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA	, Ont.
Capital Authorized Capital Subscribed	- \$1,000,000 - 500,000 - 872,400 - 105,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:	
JOHN COWAN, Esq., Presider REUBEN S. HAMLIN, Esq., Vice-P	nt. resident.

REUBENS. IIAMLIN, Esq., Vice-President. W. F. Cowan, Esq. W. F. Allan, Esq. Robert McIntosh, M.D. J. A. Gibbson, Esq. T. In. McMilland, J. Seq. Branches-Whithy, Midland, Tilsonburg, New flamburg, Paisley, Penetanguishene, Port Perry. Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange hough and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed Collections solicited and promptly made. Correspondence at New York and in Canada-Merchants Bank of Canada. London, England-Royal Bank of Scotland.

Transmin Daula of Coundo
Imperial Bank of Canada.
Capital Authorized \$2,000,000
Capital Anthonized
Capital Paid-Up 1,953,600 Rest 1,156,600
Rest 1,156,800
DIRECTORS.
II. S, HOWLAND, President.
T. R. MERRITT, Vice-President.
Wm. Rameay, Hugh Ryan,
Robert Jaffray, T, Sutherland Stayner,
Hon. John Ferguson.
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D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.
Essex, Niagara Falls, Sault Ste. Marle
Basex, Ningara Falls, Sault Ste. Marle Fergus, Port Colborne, St. Thomas. Galt, Rat Portage, Welland, Ingereoll, St. Catharinee, Woodstock. (Cor. Wellington St. and Leader Lane.
Galt, Rat Portage, Welland,
Ingersoll, St. Catharines, Woodstock.
Con Wollington St. and Lauder Land.
Tonouro (Vonce and Queen Sta Branch
TORONTO Yonge and Queen Ste. Branch. Yonge and Bloor Ste. Branch.
· I onge and bloor Sts. branch.
BRANCHES IN NORTH WEST. Brandon, Man. Portage La Pratrie, Man.
Brandon, Man. Portage La Prairie, Man.
Calgary, Alba. Prince Albert, Sask.
Edmonton, Alb'a. Winnipeg. Man.
BRITISH COLUMBIA,-Vancouver,
Agents-London, Eng., Lloyd s Bank, Ld. New
York, Bank of Montreal.
A general banking business transactsa. Bondt
and debentures bought and sold.

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL

CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMI	ERCE. 1023
The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.
BANK OF HAMILTON. CAPITAL (All Paid) S1,250,000 REBERING FUND. 875,000	UNION BANK OF CANADA. Capital Paid-up, - \$1,200,000
HEAD OFFICE . HAMILTON.	Res!, 300,000 HEAD OFFICE, - QUEBEC
JOHN STUART, President, A. G. RAMSAY, - Vice-President, John Proctor, Geo Rosch, Wm. Gibson, M.P., A. T. Wood, A. B. Lee, (Toronto.) J. Turnbull, Cashler.	Board of Directors.
H, S, STEVEN, Assistant Cashier, BRANOHES: Alliston, Listowel, Owen Sonnd, Simcoe, Chesley, Lucknow, Orangeville, Toronto, Witcher	ANDRET TROMSON, Esq. President. Hon. E.J. PRICE, Vice-President. D. O. Themson, Esq. E.J. Hale, Esq. Ed. Girojx, Esq. James King, Zeq., M.P.P; Hon, John Sharples. E.E. Web, Gen. Manager J. G. Billitt, Inspector
I Barton Street Carmon Man. Winniper, Man. I	Branches: Alexandr/a, Ont. Bolsseval <sup>2</sup> , Man. Carberry, Man. Carberry, Man.
Correspondents in United States New York- Fourth National Bk, and Hanover National Bk, Buf- falo-Marine Bank of Buffalo. Detroit-Detroit Na- tional Bank, Chicago-National Bank of Illinois. <i>Correspondents in Great Britain</i> National Pro- vincial Bank of England [Ltd]. Collections effected at all parts of the Dominion of Canada at lowset retes. Careful attention given and	Hastinge Ont. Shelburne, Ont. Lethbridge, N.W.T. Smith's Fally, Ont.
Canada at lowest rates. Careful attention given and prompt returns made.	Manager N.W.T. Virden Man
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JAS. AUSTIN President. SIR. FRANK SMITH - Vice-President. WI. Ince, Edward Leadlay, E. B. Osler, W. B. Brock, Willmoth D. Metthewa	London, far's Bank Limited. New York, National Par Bank. Boston, Lincoln National Bank.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.	Minneapol <sup>18</sup> , - National Bank of Commerce St. Paul, - St. Paul National Ban Great Fal <sup>g</sup> , Mont. First National Bank
Lindsay, Napanes, Oshawa Orilla, Seatorth, Uxbridge, Whitby, Toronto, Queen St. W., cor. Esther: Dundas St., cor. Queen St. W., cor. cor. College St.; Sherbourge St., cor. Queen: Mar- ket Branch, cor. Kling and Jarvis Sts. Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Bleth and the Corticat of Fusion burght and	Chicago, 11. Globe National Bank. Buffalo, N.Y. Ellicott Square Bank. Detroit, Mich., First National Bank
Britain and the Continent of Europe bought and sold. Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of Europe. China, Japan and the West Indies. R. D. GAMBLE, Gen. Manager.	The Standard Bank of Canada Capital Paid-up \$1.000,000 Reserve Fund - \$000,000
MERCHANTS' BANK.	σπατράταση στη στη στη στη στη στη στη στη στη σ
OF HALIFAX. Capital Paid-Up. \$1,500,000	W. F. COWAN, President. JOHN BURNS, Vice-President. V. F. Allan, Fred. Wyld, T. R. Wood, Jas. Scott.
Undivided Profits 23,520 BOARD OF DIRECTORS: TROS. E. KENNY, President, THOMAS RUTURE, Vice President,	AGENGIES. Bowmanyile, Canaington, Kingston, Branfford, Chatham, Markham, Bradford, Colloppe, Parkdala Toronto
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Agencies in Frovince of Quebec: Montreal, E. L. Pease, Manager. "West End, Notre Dame St. West. "Cote St. Antoine, Green Avenue. In Maritime Frovinces: Anticate N.S.	New York-Importers and Traders National Bank, Montreal-Can. Bank of Commerce, London, Eagland-National Bank of Scotland, All banking budness promptly attended to. Cor
Bathurst, N. B. Newcastle, N. B. Bridgewater, N. S. Picton, N. S.	respondende solicited. GEO. P. REID, General Manager.
Guysboro, N. S. St. John's N'f'd.	Traders Bank of Canada (Incorporated by Act of Parliament (885). Authorized Capital,, \$1,000,000 Capital Paddup,, \$1,000,000 (200,000)
Londonderry, N. S. Sydney, N. S. Lonenburg, N. S. Truco, N. S. Maitland, N. S. Weymonth, N. S.	Capital Pa <sup>(d, U</sup> p,, 700,000 Reserve Fu <sup>d, U</sup> ,, 85,000 <i>Roard of Directors</i> ; WM jiell, Eau, of Guelph, President, C. D. Warren, Ecq Vice-President.
, Correspondents: Dominion of Canada, Merchants Bank of Canada, New York, Chase National Bank, Boston, the National Hide & Leather Bank.	W. J. GAAF, ESQ. JOHN DRYNAN, ESQ. J. W. DOWD, ESQ. ROBT. THOMSON, ESQ., of Hamilton.
Correspondents: Dominion of Canada, Merchante Bank of Canada, New York, Chase National Bank, Boston, the National Hide & Leather Bank. Bermuda, the Bank of Bermuda, Ltd. Chicago, American Exchange National Bank, London, England, Bank of Scotland. Paris, France, Credit Lyonnais. Collections made at lowest rates and promptly re- mitted for.	Heal Office, - Toronto. H. S. STRATHY, General Manager. J. A. M. ALLEY, Inspector.
Telegraphic transfers and drafts issued at current rates.	Ayimer, Ont., Ingersoll, Ridgetown, Drayton, Leamington, Sarnia, Bimira, Newcastle, Strathroy, Glancoa, North Bay, St. Mary's,
BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA. Oapital Paid-Up, \$800,000. Reserve Fund, 345,000.	Guelph, Orillia, Tileonburg, Guelph, Port Hope, Windsor, BANKERS, Great Britiin-The National Bank of Scotland, New York-The American Exchange Nat. Bank, Montreal-The Quebec Bank,
F, X, ST. CHARLES, President. Chs. Chapte, Hon. J. D. Rolland, J. A. Vallancourt M. J. A. PRENDERGAST, Manager	
<ul> <li>A. W. BLOUIN,</li></ul>	Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-Up,
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Meesrs. Ladenburg, Thaimann & Co. Noecon- National Bank of Redemption, Third National Bank, Cbicago-National Live Stock Bank. Illinois Trust and Savings Bank. Collections made throughout Canada at the	A. ALLAN, Inspector. ACENORES-Nova Scotla: Hallfax, Amherst, An- tigonieh, Bac'ington, Bridgewater, Caning, Locke- port, Luard Durg, New Glasgow, Parreboro, Shel- burne, Sprifeill, Truro, Windsor. New Brung- wick: Sackville, St. John. Connesson Sprife-Domiulon of CanMolsone Connesson Sprife-Domiulon of CanMolsone
Collections made throughout Canada at the cheapest rates. Letters of credit issued available in all parts of the world, Interest on Deposits allowed in Savings Department;	wick: Sackville, St. John. CORRESPONDENTS-Domiuion of CanMolsons Bank and B/anches. New York-Fourth Nationa, Bank, Beston-Suffolk National Bank London; Bank, Beston-Suffolk National Bank London; Bugiand-Part's Bank Limited;

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Blenheim,	Hamilton.	S Ste. Marie,	Waterford,				
Brantford,	London,	Seaforth,	Waterloo,				
Cayuga,	†Montreal,	Simcoe,	Windsor,				
Chatham.	Orangeville	Stratford.	Woodstock,				
Collingwoo	d, Ottawa.	Strathroy,	Winnipeg,				
Dundas.	Paris.	Thorold,	,				
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Gollingwood, Otawa, Strathroy, Winnipeg, Dundas. Pris. Thorold.
 \*Head Office, 19-25 King St., W. City Branches:
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Peterboro	2
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BANK OF OTTAWA. HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA. Capital (fully paid up) Rest, CHARLES MAGEE CHARLES MAGEE Hon. Geo. Bryson, Jr., M.L.C., Alex. Fraeer, IJohn Mather, David Maclaren, D. Murphy. George Hay, Charles Magee, Branches-Arnpiror, Carleton Place, Hawkes-bury, Keewatia, Kemptville, Matawa, Pembroke, Parry Sound, Portage ia Prairie, Rideau Street, Bank Street, Ottawa, Renfrew, Ont., Rat Portage, Winnipeg, Man. GEO. BURN, General Manager D. M. FINNIE, Local Manager

#### Eastern Townships Bank.

## Dividend No. 74.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the car-rent half year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after SATURDAY, and DAY OF JANUARY NEXT.

The Transfer books will be closed from the 15th to 31st December, both days inclusive.

## By order of the Board,

WM. FARWELL, General Manager. Sherbrooke, 2nd Dec., 1896.

## BANQUE D'HOCI

Loan Societies.

#### The Chartered Banks.

1024

La Banque Jacques Cartier.	ĺ
1861-HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL-1896	Ĺ
Capital all Paid-up'\$500.000 Reserve Fund	
Hon. ALPH. DESJARDINS, President. A. S. HAMELIN, ESq., Vice-President. DUMONT LAVIOLETTE, A. L. DEMARTIGNY, G. N. DUCHARDE.	
TANCREDE BIENVENU, GER. Manager. E. G. St. JEAN, Inspector.	
BRANCHES.	{
Montreal, St. Jean Bte. "St. Henry. St. Cunegonde. Cutoriaville. Beauharnols P. Q. Sto. Anne de la Férade. Edmonton, N.W. T Sto. K. Uyacinthe. Multy Sto. Hull, P.Q. Sto. Anne de la Férade. Hull, P.Q. Sto. Anne de la Férade. Hull, P.Q. Sto. St. Uyacinthe.	
Ste, Anne do la Pérade.	L

Savings Departments-At Head Office and Branch

Ches. *Boreign Agents*—London, Eng., Credit Lyonnais, Comptoir National d'Escompite de Paris, Paris, France; Credit Lyonnais; Comptoir National d'Es-compte de Paris; New York—National Bank of the Republic; Bank of America; Boston—Morchants National Bank; National Bank of the Common-wealth; NationalBank of the Republic; Chicago– Bank of Montreal.

Letters of Crodit for travellers, etc. lesued avail-able on . Il parls of the world. Collections made in all parts of the Dominior.

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American Bank Note Company,

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EAGLIAVERS AND FAILS AND FAILAND OF BANK NOTES, SHARE CERTIFICAT'S BONDS FOR GOVERNMENTS AND COR-PORATIONS, DRAFTS, CHECKS, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, STAMPS, &c., in the finest and most artistic skyle FROM STEEL PLATES.

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Deposits received and interest allowed at the highest current rates and paid half-yearly.
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St. Lawrence Hall Building. Large Block of Fall & Winter Suttinge just received. Mail orders promptly attended to

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THE CENTRAL CANADA				
Loan and Savings Company of Ont.				
TORONTO.				
Head Office, cor. King and Victoria Streets,				
GEORGE A. COX, President.				
Capital Subscribed, \$2,500,000 00				
Capital Paid-Up, 1,250,000 00				
Reserve Fund,				
Contingent Fund				
Total Assets, 5,454,720 84				
Debentures issued in currency or sterling payable in Canada or Great Britain. Money advanced on				

Real Estate. Mortgages and Municipal Debentures purchased. Executors and Trustees are authorized by law to invest in the debentures of this Company.

FRED. G. COX, Manager. E. R. WOOD, Secretary

## The Dominion Savings & Investment Society. Dividend No. 49.

Dividend No. 49. Notice hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent. ber annum upon the paidup Capital Stock of this Society has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Society, opposite the Gity Hall, Richmond Street, London, on and after Salarday, the second day of January, 1897. The transfer broks will be closed from the 15th instant to the 31th of December, 1895, but days in-clusive. NATHANIEL MILLS.

NATHANIEL MILLS,

London, December 11th, 1896. Manager.

## THE HAMILTON Provident and Loan Society. Dividend No. 51.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent, upon the paid up capital stock of the So-clety, has been declared for the half-vear ending site Docember, 1880, and that the same will be pay-able at the Society's banking house, liamilton, Ont., on and after

SATURDAY, JANUARY 2nd, 1897.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st December, 1596, both drys inclusive. By order of the Board.

C. FERRIE, Treasurer.

30th November, 1896,

## The Western Loan and Trust Co'y., Ltd.

INCORPORATED BY BIFOIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE. Authorized Capital, - \$2,000,000 Assets, - - - - 1,500,000 Office-No. 13 St. Sacrament St., MONTREAL, P.Q.

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Grateful and Comforting to the Nervous or Dyspeptic.

Nutritive Qualities unrivalled. In Quarter pound Tins and Packets only. Prepared by

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For CHARLESTON, S. C., the South and Southwest. For JACKSON VILLE, FLA., and all Florida Points.

Appointed sailing days from Pier 29 East River, N.Y. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 p.m.

The only Line between

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his oil is made after the Norwegian process; , being drawn through ice in the process of nufacture, is non-freezing. While retaining all virtues of the original liver, it has been deprived nost entirely of all its nanecous properties, so t it can be easily entertained by the most icate stomach, and it is on this account an invalu- obten to will invelve.		PORT HOPE
nufacture, is non-freezing. While retaining all virtues of the original liver, it has been deprived		F. J. French, Q.C.
t it can be easily entertained by the most	GEORGE F. HENDERSON, Solicitor. &c	F. J. French, Q.C. SARNIAA. Web SAULT STE MARIE. Hearst & McKay
teate stomach, and it is on this account in invalu- e boon to all invalids. Vholesale agent for the oil in Newfoundland,	Solicitor, &c., 18 Scottlsh Ontario Chambers.	SHELBURNEJohn W. Dougla SMITH'S FALLSLovell & Farrel
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have examined and tested samples of E. B. Dougall's refined frost-drawn Cod Liver Oil, and	A W WARTON R E WOOD BA.	TEESWATERJohn J. Stephen THORNBURYWilson & Dyr
Ind it to contain all the properties characteristic the purest and most superior article. AD. NELSON, Supt. of Fisheries. St. Joha's, Nfid., Sept. 20th, 1885.		TILSONBURG
AD, NEILSON, Supt. of Fisherles. St. Joha's, Nild., Sept. 29th, 1895.	W. A. STRATTON, B.A., LL.B., Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.	TORONTO Jones Bros. & McKenzi TORONTOArch. J. Sincla
(From The Lancel, London, March 25th, 1896.)	W. Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.	UXBRIDGEJ. A. McGillivra
Cod Liver Oil (Cold Drawn.) E. B. McDougall, John's, Newfoundland. "The feature of this		VANKLEEK HILL, F.W.Thistlethwalt WATFORDFitzgerald & Fitzgeral
(From The Lance, London, March seth, 1806.) Cod Liver Oil (Cold Drawn.) E. B. McDourgall, John's, Newfoundland. "The feature of this eparation consists in its having been expressed in the liver in the cold. It is a chear and brillant lof a pale straw color and its specific gravity was und to be 0.229. To test paper it is neither acid or alkaline. Whatever may be the particular ethou of its preparation it is certainly as free om disagreenble flavor as cod-liver oil pure and mple can well be. It is well borne, without the pleasant eractations which follow the ingestion alls of a less degree of reflavment.	Seaforth, Ont.	WELLAND L. Clarke Raymon WESTON & TORONTO Joseph Naso
und to be 0.929. To test paper it is neither acid r alkaline. Whatever may be the particular	MCCAUGHEY & HOLMESTED, Barristers, &c.	WINGHAM Myer & Dickinso
ethol of its preparation it is certainly as free om disagreeable flavor as cod-liver oil pure and	IVI. Barristers, &c.	WINDSOR, Patterson, Leggatt & Murph WALKERTONA. Collin
mple can well be. It is well horne, without the pleasant eractations which follow the ingestion	Simcoe, Ont.	QUEBEC.
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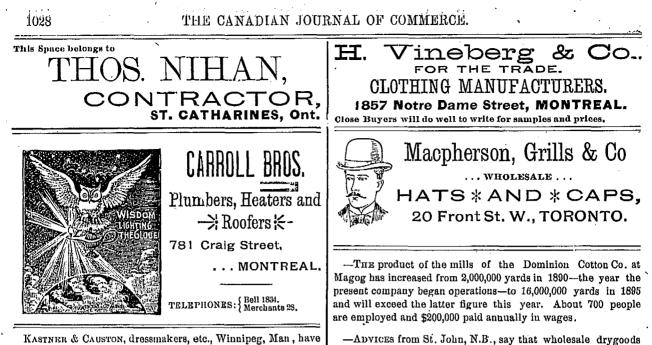
Agents for the Province of Quebec,

THE LAURIE ENGINE CO.,

St. Catherine Street, MONTREAL

ONT.





month-with board.

ago.

houses in that city report a very large business this fall in camp blanketing and other supplies in their line for lumbermen.

Wages for men in the woods this season are from \$16 to \$18 a

count during November was \$838,507, as against \$362,325 in November last year, and for the five montes \$1,581,454, as com-

pared with \$1,783,942 for the corresponding period of a year

-BERLIN, ONT., advices indicate that the town's growth in

manufacturing and consequently in population has outstripped the fire system which however adequate it may have been 10

years ago is now quite inefficient. It is proposed to put the fire

Receivers General there and in other cities, and that these offices

will be abolished, and also that the Savings Bank Department

--- TORONTO advices indicate that the nail manufacturers of Canada have been feeling the effect of competition from the

manufacturers of the United States, the dissolution of the Am-

erican nail combine resulting in a heavy cut in prices. At the

Toronto meeting it was agreed to reduce prices in Canada by 45

-TORONTO advices indicate that the Canadian Bank of Commerce will presently do the duties now performed by the Deputy

department into the hands of an energetic board.

will be merged in the Postal Savings Bank system.

cents a keg to meet the cut in the United States.

-OTTAWA advices note that the expenditure on capital ac-

KASTNER & CAUSTON, dressmakers, etc., Winnipeg, Man, have endeavored to compromise with creditors, offering 50 cents in the dollar, but being unable to do so have assigned.

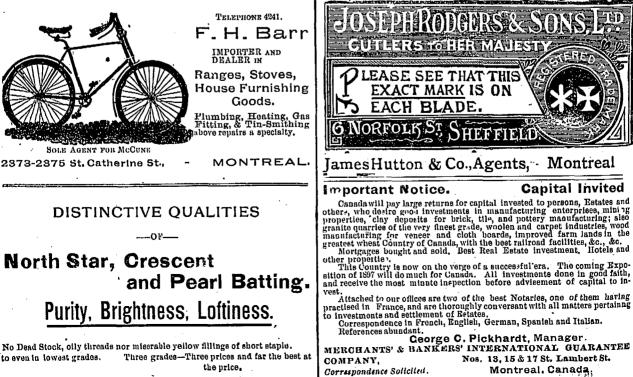
-STEPHEN E. GARLAND, hotel, Elgin, N.B., has assigned owing some \$1,200 or \$1,500. There is a bill af sale against his effects for \$525-The Grogan Co. Kouchibouguac, N.B., has assigned for benefit of creditors. Assets \$500, liabilities \$1,200.

-J. O. FILTEAU, stationer, Quebec, has made a voluntary assignment to D. Arcand, with liabilities of \$1,200; and assets about \$600'. He is offering to compromise at 25 cents in the dollar. The business is an old one.

-THE bank clearings at Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal, and Halifax aggregated last week \$24,882,000, a decrease of about 6 per cent compared with the previous week, and about the same amount as in the corresponding week of last year, but 14 per cent more than in the corresponding week of 1894.

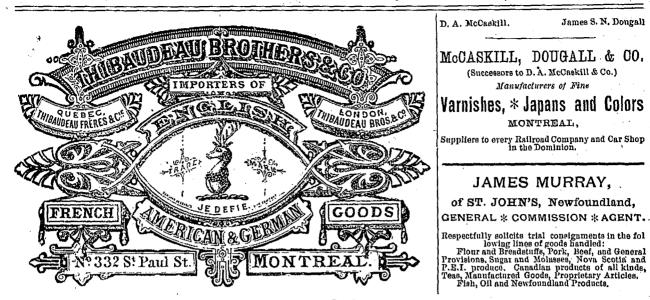
-ABOUT 25,000 lbs. of wax are produced in Ontario a year. A considerable portion is made from the cappings broken from the colls when the honey is extracted, some from clean comb, and a varying proportion from old comb, which before rendering con tains some pollen and other waste material.

-Ar an early date the Ogilvies will crect a new elevator in Montreal having a capacity of 500,000 bushels, and another in Winnipeg able to contain 150,000 bushels. This makes the company's total elevator capacity for Manitoba wheat 4,500,000 bushels.



Nos. 13, 15 & 17 St. Lambert St. Montreal, Canada,

**Capital Invited** 



#### STANDARD W. Ross & Co., TRAIL CREEK MINING BROKERS, ETC. TORONTO, MONTREAL, VANCOUVER, ROSSLAND, B. C.

Owing to the increasing demand for B. C. Gold Mining Stocks, we have ened a branch office under the management of Mr. R. Meredith at 15i St. mes St., Montreal, where we shall be pleased to give information and quo-tions on all Standard Stocks. See our samples of ore and descriptive literature. tations

**A**.

-EARLS as directors of stock companies come high in London. A broker who recently obtained two of them for a cycle company received \$25,000 as his commission. As he kept the money himself instead of turning it into his firm's account his partners have brought the case before the committee of the Stock Exchange, thus making public the market price of the commodity.

-THE steamships of the Canadian-Australian Line, running between Vancouver and Sydney, are unable to carry the goods which are offered so greatly has the traffic increased of late between Canada and Australia. In consequence business is seeking an outlet via sailing vessel from New York-which is greatly to be regretted. Canada should find a way to get her goods to Australia,

-THE Canadian-Australian S.S. Co. is meeting with considerable success. Their boats of late have had as much freight to carry as they could hold. The Warrimoo left Vancouver for Sydney, N.S.W., last week with all available freight room occupied, the cargo amounting to 2,200 tons, consisting of flour, feed, beer, typewriters, bicycles, machinery, and agricultural implements.

-THE news that German manufacturers, in order to encourage trade in the East, have decided on publishing a trade journal in the Japanese language, has moved the French Minister of Commerce to address a circular letter to the various Chambers of Commerce in France, offering all the assistance of his department for the publication of a similar journal in order to extend French trade in Japan.



No. 2 St. Helen St., MONTREAL

MINING STOCKS.

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SAWYER, MURPHEY & CO.,

Canada Life Building, 108 St. Francols Xavier St., TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL, QUE.

-ADVICES from British Columbia indicate that the Pacific Province is doing a good business in the exportation of red cedar boards. Cedar doors have been shipped to England. When varnished they present a very handsome appearance. A carload of the boards-16 ft. long and 28 inches wide-was recently shipped to Quebec trunk makers. Chests made from this wood are believed to be proof against moths and other insects.

-DURING the ten months ending October 31st Great Britain exported locomotives to the value of £865,000, against £620,000 same time last year, and £572,000 the year before. The largest shipments were to South America, amounting to £224,000 in 1896, £135,000 in 1895 and £126,000 in 1894. The next largest customers for English locomotives were the British East Indies, Australia, and South Africa.

-ADVICES from Boston, Mass., note that representatives of newspaper manufacturing establishments in all parts of New England and some from New York met in Boston recently to consider the plan to form a gigantic newspaper trust to control the output of that product. The main fact which makes the combination likely to be a success, is that there is an overproduction of the enormous amount of 300 tons per day of newspaper in the United States at the present time.

-A. & H. FOREMAN, grocer and shoes, Collingwood, Ont. recently held a meeting of their creditors, at which they submitted statement showing assets of \$6,700 and liabilities of \$8,-

# PURE BELTING

The J. C. McLaren Belting Co., Montreal and Toronio Tel. No 875 Tel. No. 868.

1029

James S. N. Dougall

(Successors to D. A. McCaskill & Co.) Manufacturers of Fine

MONTREAL,

JAMES MURRAY,



000, on which they made an offer of compromise of 40c in the dollar, secured by their own notes, 2, 4, 6, and 8 months—Mills Bros., hatters, Peterboro, Ont., are in financial difficulties, and offering to compromise. This firm was originally an offshoot from Kingston, and has always had excessive competition.

-ON account of the scarcity and high price of gum arabic mucilage makers are now buying potato dextrine and senegal gums in its stead. At the opening of hostilities in the Soulan, it was thought by some importers that the English would speedily subjucate the country, and that the gum arabic industry would be systematized by the introduction of skilled labor and the output enlarged, thus forcing unprecedently low values. Recent events, however, make such a view untenable.

<sup>†</sup>—PIERRE PARENT, grocer, Quebec, has assigned. A small affair. Liabilities are under \$1,000—J. M. Bousseau, teas, Quebec, owes \$2,000, the principal creditors being T. Doherty & Co., and Stroud Bros., Montreal, former \$800, latter \$900. Balance of the liabilities made up of small amounts, including \$500 rent. Is now offering to compromise at 25c in the dollar, 1, 2, 3, and 4 months, last payment secured. Assets only foot up to \$1,000, which, under forced sale, would hardly cover the landlord's claim.

-THE growth of the textile industry in the German Empire is shown in the result of last year's census of mechanics. In this industry over one million persons are employed and the interesting fact is noted that there has been a yearly decrease of male and a corresponding increase of female employes. The exact number of employes was 1,017,112, against 932,592 in 1882. Since 1883 the males decreased from 582,070 to 552,230, a change of 29,840. Their places have been tilled by females, whose number grew from 850,522 to 464,316 in the same period.

-THE British Consul at Batoum, Russia, makes the following report on licorice root: "The floods which occurred in the early part of June inundated the whole of the district in which licorice root is collected, and seriously interfered with the operations, both of the natives who dig the roct and of the factory owners who buy it. The former could not gather the root on account of the state of the land, while the latter, owing to bridges and roads being washed away, could not convey any root to their factories.

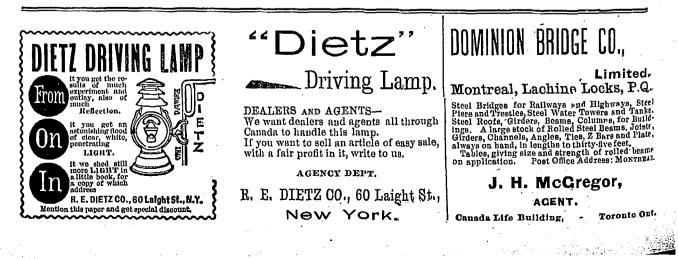
-THE iron ore production of Italy amounted to 183,371 tons valued at 2,028,566 lire, or 4,357 tons and 60,600 lire less than in 1894. The loss is shared equally by the mines on the island of Elba and those in Lombardy. The export in Elba ore amounted to 145,629 tons, against 176,393 tons in 1894, 66 per cent. of the export went to England 25 per cent to Prussia, via Holland. During 1895 seven blast furnaces were in operation, producing 9,218 tons of pig iron, valued at 1,039,738 lire. The iron and steel works produced altogether 214,138 tons, valued at 54,000,000 lire.

-The statement of revenue and expenditure for November and for the five months of the fiscal year which appeared in the last issue of the *Canada Gazette* shows that the net results of the month's transactions are a decrease of \$382,095 in revenue, an increase of \$1,275,809 in expenditure, and an increase in the debt of \$5,819,644, as compared with November of last year. For the five months the receipts are \$219,229 less and the expenditure \$530, 841 more than for the same period last year. The expenditure for November was \$4,886,767, as against \$3,610,958 in November, 1895.

-A. C. DIONNE, grocer, Montreal, has assigned. Was of firm of Pelletier, Dionne & Co., who failed last week. Their affairs are in the hands of the assignee. Between the two firms they owe a considerable sum—Patrick Donnelly, lumber, Montreal, has filed consent to assign, on demand of J. R. Pair, who has also been named provisional guardian. This is his second failure, he having made a compromise some years ago, while of the firm of P. & F. Donnelly. In 1877 he took over the business. Mr. Donnelly has felt the effects of the very small and few building operations in the city of late.

-GuM arabic values have reached a high level, due to scarcity. The sources of supply for this gum are Southern Egypt, the Soudan, Arabia, and Hindostan; but the two first named regions are depended upon for the bulk of the crop, says the *Paint Oil* and Drug Review. The Eastern wars have reduced the supply, and the trouble among the Turks, who handle the commodity, have tended to further increase its price, which is likely to remain high as long as the trouble continue. This gum is indispensable in the manufacture of emulsions; it is also an important article with confectioners, tobacco manufacturers, and mucilage makers.

-ADVICES from the City of Mexico state that the organization of a European syndicate for the establishment of a cotton and print factory near Mexico City has assumed such a tangible





form that drygoods merchants no longer entertain any doubt as to the ultimate consummation of the project. The capital of the new company will, it is stated, be over \$2,000,000, and while the bulk of the capital will be found by Englishmen and Frenchmen, a number of Mexicans and Spaniards will also contribute. The driving power will be obtained from one of  $\cdot$  the waterfalls that abound a few miles out of the city. The machinery will, it is said, be purchased either in Manchester or in Marseilles.

-Tur position of the public debt of Canada on 30th ult. as compared with a year ago was :--

	1895	1896
Gross debt	\$321,723,839	\$326,941,933
Assets	70,549,897	69,878,847
· ·		
Net Debt	\$251,243,442	\$257,063,086
Debt on 1st Oct	250,585,201	254,352,598
Increase during Nov	\$658,241	\$2,710,488

On account of its peculiar geological position at the turning out of the Paleozoic strata and the appearance of the Laurentian beneath, almost every mineral from building stone to gold has been discovered in Hastings, one of the central counties of Ontario. Lithographic stones, marbles, micas, iron in abundance, very lately corundum, and large quantities of gold. An English company is making extensive preparations for working the gold ore, freeing it from arsenic, that bugbear of the past, by some chemical method. It will be of great interest to note their progress.

-A VERY interesting problem was submitted awhile ago to the Kew authorities, England, by the Treasury Department, "Does natural sugar occur in tobacco ?" was the question and striking facts were brought to light. The Treasury authorities were interested from a fiscal point of view, the duty on tobacco (other than cigars) being a little over \$1, except in the case of sweetened tobacco, which is higher, while sweetened cigarettes are not altowed at all. Before this investigation it was generally admitted that tobacco did not contain more than a trace of saccharine matter. A scientist made a thorough examination of the subject. Commercial samples of tobacco, free from adulteration, were found to contain over 15 per cent of sugar, while sundried leaves grown at Kew contained over 2 per cent, others 9 per cent.

-Two Norwegians have succeeded, it is said, in making briquettes of solidified petroleum. These briquettes are nonexplosive, contain three or four times more heat than coal, will not liquefy in the grate, burn slowly, and give a long and intense flame. One small briquette, weighing about 25 grams and costing only 2 centimes, will suffice to light a charge of coal, and is, therefore, especially suitable for lighting domestic fires. Briquettes of larger size would give excellent results for heating machines. They would be highly valuable also as a fuel for

## British Columbia Mines.

## A. W. ROSS & CO., Mining Brokers.

R. MEREDITH, Manager,

154 St. James Street, or 4 King Street East, MONTREAL. TORONTO.

Buy and Sell Mining Stocks on Commission. Organize Companies, etc. Agents for the Colonna Mine.

torpedo boats. The Norwegian Minister of Marine has pronounced favorably as regards the new discovery, and has given orders to experiment with them.

-THE following is an estimate of the European beet sugar production for 1895-95 as compared with the two previous

	1896-97	1895-96	1894-95
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Germany	1,800,000	1,617,812	1,844,586
Austria	1,650,000	791,405	1,055,821
France	780,000	667,853	792,511
Russia	750,000	780,000	615,058
Belgium	265,000	230,000	243,957
Holland	145,000	106,829	84,597
Other countries	17,000	130,000	156,000
Total	4,960,000	4,328,890	4,792,530

-ADVICES from Sydney, N.S.W., note that the Australian colonies are about to make a bid for the tobacco markets of Europe. Last year the Victorian Government engaged the services of an expert, who reported very highly upon all essential conditions except handling. His instruction has given an impetus to the industry, and we now note that the Minister for Agriculture in Victoria has decided to encourage the export of locally grown leaf: He is about to have some tons packed in tierces and hogsheads, and sent to British markets as a trial shipment. The department intends to place the leaf on the market to the best advantage, so it should shortly be known whether the Australian article is likely ever to enter into formidable competition in the tobacco world.

-CALCULATIONS made by experts show that at least 65 per cent of all the spruce cut this year on this continent will go to the pulp mills. The exportation of wood pulp to Great Britain will be largely increased during the coming year in consequence of the proposed advance of price by the Scandinavian manufacturers. Formerly Scandinavian pulp held the monopoly in Britain, but our product has been making headway in that direc tion for several years. The growing demand in this country, with the addition of an increasing foreign outlet, renders it probable that within a few years all the spruce that can be cut in this country will be converted into pulp. The interest is becoming an immense one, and the draft on Canadian spruce by American concerns will be increasingly necessary. The converting into pulp should be done on this side of the line-not on the other.

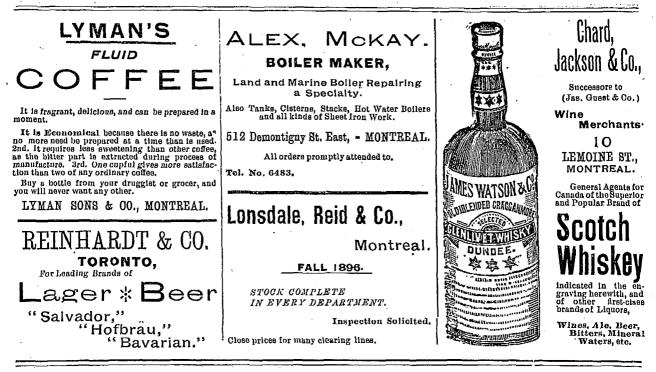
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Office, Room 75, Canada Life Building, Toronto., and 411 Board of Trade Building, Montreal. Mine Office, Main St., Rat Portage.

paying concern.

We are now offering a block of \$150,000, treasury stock for sale at par. Applications will be received until further notice is given. This affords a rare opportunity to invest in an active



-ONE curious result of the increase of female employes in the textile industry in Germany is the improved sanitary surroundings and comfort provided for the employes. Their every interest in this way is being considered to encourage good and satisfactory labor. Wash rooms and lockers for non-working apparel are provided, and dining-rooms where coffee and potatoes (the latter one of the chief components of the luncheon), are roasted and boiled in a special wire receptacle. There are also special lunch rooms for whole families employed in the factories where they can distribute food from the family basket and enjoy together the recreation afforded by the noon-day meal. Some of the larger factories have a buffet where can be purchased at a merely nominal price, beer, sausages, rolls, coffee cake or any little luxury in the form of pastry.

1032

-A. ARON, jeweller, Montreal, has made an offer of 35 cents in the dollar, cash. The liabilities are \$400, and assets nominally \$358-J. Barsalou & Co., grocers, Montreal, whose assignment was reported last week show liabilities of \$2,002. The principal creditors are, St. Armand & Clement, \$460; P. Grace & Co., \$261; O. Leferriere, \$225; A. G. Valiquette, \$200. -A FRENCH chemist makes a new kind of candle by dissolv-

-A FRENCH chemist makes a new kind of candle by dissolving five parts of colorless gelatine in twenty parts of water, adding twenty-five parts of glycerin and heating until a perfectly clear solution has been formed. To this he added two parts of tannin dissolved by heating in ten parts of glycerin. A turbidity is produced which should vanish on further boiling. The boiling is continued until the water has been driven off. The mass is then cast into ordinary glass candle molds. The candles obtained in this way are said to be as clear as water and to burn quietly, and without odor.

-D. CLAYTON, harness, Collingwood, Ont., has assigned with liabilities of between \$2,000 and \$3,000, and assets, of half this amount. Since beginning business bere a few years ago, when he succeded J. II. Hill, he had been doing a limited trade, which of late, has been considerably cut up. Has also been dealing in horses, in which he has lost some money—F. J. Steinmetz, fruit,



European Office: DRESDEN, A. GERMANY,

and confectioner, Hamilton, has succeeded in compromising with his creditors at 27½ cents in the dollar cash. Liabilities amount to about \$900; and assets were between \$200 and \$300—Macdonald Bros. men's furnishings, Ottawa, Ont., held a meeting of creditors recently in Montreal, at which they offered 10 cents in the dollar, cash, to unsecured creditors. They were recently burnt out, making a heavy loss, and only insured for \$6,500, which was absorbed by chattel mortgages held by Glover & Brais, and Tooke Bros. of Montreal. There was no salvage of the stock, and part of their books, showing petty accounts, were considerably damaged. Their liabilities in all are \$14,000, principal creditors; Tooke Bros., \$4,300; Glover & Brais, \$4,000; Greene & Sons Co., \$1,300. Their stock was estimated to be worth \$14,000.

-THE following is a detailed statement of drygoods entered for consumption at the port of Toronto for the months of November, 1896 and 1895 :--

	Nov. '96.	Nov. '951
Cottons, dyed and undyed	\$ 21,985	\$ 28,674
Cotton, clothing	. 8,645	6,785
Thread		7,888
Manufactures of cotton	. 9,470	8,659
Fancy goods	. 25,711	29,205
Laces	. 4,520	6,146
Silks		48,852
Carpets, Brussels, tapestry	. 3,844	7,098
Clothing	. 9,018	20,049
Cloths	. 12,871	28,790
Dress goods	. 10,120	26,143
Knitted goods	. 1,261	1,980
Shawls	. 329	473
Yarns		613
All other woollen manufactures	7,904	15,284
Total	\$141,781	\$286,589
Decrease for 1896, \$94,808.		

# D. McCall & Co. Millinery, Mantles & Fancy Dry Goods,

TORONTO, MONTREAL, 12 & 14 WELLINGTON ST., EAST. 1831 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Our Travellers are now on their respective Routes with Fall and Winter Samples.



-HOOVER & Co., general store. Franklin, Man., has assigned o C. C. Black.

-T. B. DANE & Son, tailors, Yarmouth, N.S., offer a composition of 20 or 25 cents in the dollar.

-A. BIENVENU, grocer, Montreal, has assigned with liabilities of \$700. He had no practical business experience or capital. The estate should pay a fair dividend.

-OTTAWA advices say that the Inland Revenue receipts for November were \$689,015, as against \$736,311 during the same month last year. There was a diminution both in tobacco and spirits excise.

-THE Department of Agriculture has decided that a dairy school for the Maritime Provinces shall be conducted in January February and March at Sussex, N.B. Courses of instruction will be provided in practical butter-making, cheese-making, and milk testing. The school will be under the charge of Mr. J. E. Hopkins, Superintendent of Dairying for Nova Scotia.

-L. A . Houle, grocer, Valleyfield, Que., has compromised at 28 cts. in the dollar, cash. His liabilities are \$2,137, and assets \$1,000 insurance. Book debts about \$400. He was burnt out in November and lost heavily.

--THEODORE POULIN, hotel, Marlow, Que., has assigned to the court and Irenee Belanger has been appointed provisional guardian-Geo. F. Ramsay, hotel, Lennoxville, Que., has assigned to the court on demand of Nutter & French, Sherbrooke. The liabilities are about \$7,000. Meeting of creditors to appoint curator has been fixed for the 18th inst. He did mainly a bar business.

-MRS ED. FAUTEUX, dry goods, Montreal, is offering to compromise at 25 cts. in the dollar, cash .- Jos. Robert & Fils, lumber, Montreal, have assigned to the Court, on demand of Dame Ann Sully, liabilities, unsecured \$58,416; secured \$96,800. Total, \$145,316. The principal creditors are : J. C. Robert, \$25,892; Bank British North America, \$8,500; Est. James Mc-Laren, Buckingham, \$5,714; J. A. Grier, Montreal, \$2,190; Wm. Mason & Son, Ottawa, \$1,479; Buell, Hurdman & Co., Ottawa, \$1,038; W. C. Edwards & Co., Rockland, \$680; N. A. Grandbois, St. Césaire, \$583; Can. Lumber Co., Clarenceville, \$406; Ottawa Transportation Co., Montreal, \$340; Thos. Baril, Arthabaska, \$290; E. J. Maxwell & Co., \$273; Dufresne & Frere, \$236 ; J. R. Booth & Co., Ottawa, \$216 ; Alex. McLaren, Buckingham, mortgage \$69,000; Est. Coleman, Montreal, mortgage \$8,000; Est. Lynch, mortgage \$7,000; Mrs. Jas. Fairie, mortgage, \$4,500; Sœurs de la Congregation, mortgage, \$8,300. This is a very old firm, whose standing has always been good. Their difficulties have been brought about through the failure of Banque du Peuple, to whom they owed a large amount at time of its failure. It was said then thatthey had succeeded in effecting a settlement which would enable them to continue, but apparently this has not been the case. A meeting of creditors is to be held in a few days.

China Cuspidors, Tea Seis, Toilet Ware, Fruit Jars,

## JOHN L. CASSIDY & CO., IMPORTERS OF China, Crockery and Glassware.

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Street Lamps, Lanterns, Station Lamps, Headlights, &c. Of the Celebrated C. T. HAM MFG. CO., Rochester, N.Y. Offices and Sample Rooms, 339 and 341 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL,

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1.

491, 493 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

## 474 Craig St., MONTREAL. J. P. O'SHEA & CO.,

Practical - Glass - Workers.

ALL LATEST DESIGNS Made in Wheel Cutting and Sand Blast Frosting for Door Lights,

ALSO Grinding, Drilling, Bevelling, Mirror Making and all kinds of Job Work.

Bordering and Lettering, Gas Globe, Lamp Chimneyeand Table Ware Cuiting. Orders Promptly attended to at bottom prices.

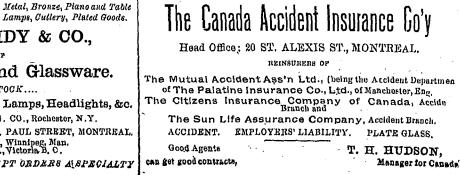
THE Philadelphia Record Almanac for 1897, just to hand, is replete with the usual variety of information interesting not only to Americans but to people the world over. It is indeed an enclopaedia in miniature of current and general subjects, from the platforms and questions of the late election to the most approved cookery receipts, while an up-to-date compendium of sporting events, wheeling and racing records &c., will recommend it to all who take an interest in these matters.

-FITZSIMMONS & BRO., groceries and liquois, Brockville, Ont., have assigned. This is a very old established business, having been founded in 1834, by Robt. Fitzsimmons. In 1862 he admitted his son W. F., the style then being changed to R. Fitzsimmons & Son. They were succeeded in 1873 by the firm of R. M. Fitzsimmons & Bro. After this R. M. F. removed to Montreal, where he opened up in a wholesale way, but still retaived his interest in the firm here. This venture did not prove successful, and he closed up the Montreal branch'; afterwards he retired altogether from the firm, leaving H. T. Fitzsimmons to continue; Chas. F. was then admitted a partner. The trade gradually dwindled down, and in 1894 Fannie Fitzsimmons was registered as the only partner, and she is believed to own the business.

-OUR mail advices from Yokohama under date of 21st ult. note with respect to tea that a small business has been transacted. purchases since last advices amounting to 1,925 piculs. Grades most in demand have been Common to Good Medium. Stock remains at about 2,500 piculs, and holders are very firm. Total settlements of the season to date amount to 210,210 piculs, against 280,190 piculs at the corresponding date tast year.

Quotations:-Common	\$14 to 15	Fine	\$22 to 23
Good Common	16 to 17	Finest	24 to 25
Medium	18 to 19	Choice	26 to 27
Good Medium	20 to 21	Choicest	Nom.

In referring to raw silk our correspondents mention that only a moderate enquiry exists for this article, and owing to the pressure, increasing stocks and the close approach of the New Year. holders have been anxious to realize. A decline in prices has taken place of about \$20 to \$30 on Fine Sized Filatures, \$30 to \$40 on Filiatures coarse sizes, and upon Re-reels in general. Kakedas being lower by \$20 per picul. At the close there is very little business doing.





THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.	
	'ASSESSMENT SYSTEM." "MUTUAL PRINCIPLE."
Knabe.	Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association. It Leads (INCORFORATED) It Leads Where Others Follow.
Bell.	Edward B. HARPER, Founcer. Frederick A. BURNHAM, President.
A POPULAR TRIO OF Williams.	The Motto of the Management .s and will continue to be: Good Work at Honest Cost: Frue Eccoomy and not its Shadow. Dec. 31, 1581. SUCCESS IS THE ART OF SUCCEEDING. Dec. 31, 1895.
When the merchant or other man of business—he who is blessed with the musical sense—returns to his home, fatigued with "The Cares that infest the day,' he naturally asks his accomplished wife or daughter to discourse sweet music on the planoforte.	1,609       Number of Policies in Force.       105,878         \$31,552       Income during Year       \$5,575,282         None       Death Claims Paid during Year       \$4,636,025         None       Reserve or Fmergency Fund.       \$2,435,026         \$15,616       Gross Assets       \$5,576,282         None       Reserve or Fmergency Fund.       \$2,435,026         \$15,616       Gross Assets       \$5,576,000,000         None       Total Death Claims Paid.       \$25,000,000         \$7,750,000       New Business during Year.       \$69,025,695         \$7,633,000       Incurance in Force.       \$305,669,371         Fifteen Years Completed.
Much depends on the instrument. If it be one of the above makes, under well trained fugers, the said Cares will "Fold their tents like the Arabe, and as silently steal away."	1895 Shows: An Increase in Gross Assets, An Increase in Income In Forcese in Net Surplus. An Increase in Busines in Force.

WILLIS & CO., 1824 Notre Dame Street, Montreal, slways maintain a select stock of these planos, and prople are welcome to test them at their convenience, in their warerooms at the above number.

censurable on both the grounds of morality and prudence, which, after all, are identical. He is alleged to have defended the appropriation of city funds voted for one specific purpose to the payment of other claims, or to provide for obligations other than those for which they were set apart, on the ground that such misappropriation " was done every day" by business men.

Mr. Robb's knowledge of the practices of merchants and others having the distribution of money in their power, must be very peculiar and limited to a class whose example is rather a warning than a justification. Any person who deals with his own money is at full liberty to devote it one day to a special purpose, and next day to change that purpose as he thinks convenient. But, if any man who is acting in a position of trust, who is an administrator of funds not his own, receives authority and instructions from those legally entitled to control such funds to expend them for a particular purpose, he is bound in honor to observe such instructions, and not to usurp and set that authority at nought. If he does this he is clearly guilty of a breach of trust. The Finance or any other Committee, or any officials of a municipality, are as much bound by this rule of honor as any private trustee. To secure a vote of money for one purpose, and then to spend such money for something else, is dishonest. If the committal of this wrongful act could be proven, every participator in it could be made to refund the money so misappropriated. Mr. Robb's rule, that what is "done every day" is thereby made justifiable, would repeal the criminal law, as every offence named in the Statute Book is committed every day.

It is really startling, and alarming to hear such a grossly dishonorable policy apologised for by Aldermen and other civic officials. There is something very rotten indeed in a corporation which tolerates, excuses, or condones so scandalous a breach of trust. This city may well be troubled with debt embarrassments if so loose a system prevails. One of the plainest duties of a City Treasurer, and a City Comptroller, is to restrain —indeed to absolutely stop—any money being spent which has not been duly and formally appropriated for the special purpose for which it is being proposed to be expended. Unless those officials discharge firmly their

duty in this respect, the public chest is left open for the use of a knot of audacious and unscrupulous aldermen who are bold enough to use the money of the citizens as though it were theirs to dispose of. We commend the Municipal law to Mr. Robb's attention and to the attention also of Aldermen who approve of getting money for one purpose and spending it on something else. We invite their attention also to the strict business-like rules under which all the expenditures of the Federal Government are made, all of which must conform to the specific votes of Parliament. This city needs an officer like the Auditor General who, if he were worth his salt, would put a summary and absolute stop to such misappropriations of public money as have been so common at the City Hall as to be spoken of with almost flippancy, and excused as though wrong became right by repetition.

Montreal Office, 12 PLACE D'ARMES, D. Z. BESSETTE, Gen.-Man.

AGENTS WANTED.

Home Office, 805, 807 & 809 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

The Mayor's proposal, that every expenditure to be made out of the temporary loan suggested, must be first endorsed by a two-thirds vote of the Council, is an admirable precaution which it would be wise to extend to the entire system of spending the income of the city

The fate of the Montreal Civic Bill to amend the charter is being roughly handled in Quebec and will have a hard road to travel before it passes through the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council, where, if we may judge by the past, it may be still further dealt with so that when it finally emerges from the chrysalis stage its putative fathers will scarcely recognise it as their own production. Serious as the matter is to the citizens of Montreal, it is not altogether devoid of humour. As an instance,-when the opposition to the Bill, the other day, proposed that hereafter no franchise affecting general interests should be given except by public tender and that then the highest offer should be accepted-the representatives of the city council added a Rider to the effect that no tender in such cases should be accepted if the price offered therefore should be less than its value! What a farce ! and what a restrained smile there must have been on the faces of the civic dignataries when securing the adoption of the Rider ! What franchise is left to dispose of anyway ? From

the abattoir Deal to the present time the city aldermen have---to say the least, had the wool drawn over their eyes.

The very moderate suggestions of the Mayor for tiding over the emergency with which the city is confronted ought to, and probably will, be finally adopted. Some of the aldermen say that to accept that will be humiliating. Perhaps it will be---to those who desire that the methods which have brought about the present financial conditions should be continued.

It is difficult to obtain from official sources the real position of the finances,—the various statements made from time to time vary so much, without clearness. From a statement prepared by a gentleman of high standing and familiar with financial affairs, it appears that the floating debt of the city beyond authorized powers exceeds \$3,000,000. Supposing the power to borrow another two million dollars had been granted, how would that have evened up things? The mayor proposes that the modest sum for which he asks authority to borrow, should be so safeguarded against being used except for the specific purposes mentioned, but the natural question remains, How will that relieve the pressure of the floating debt?

This is an awkward matter. How it has come to reach such large dimensions, might well form a subject of enquiry. The existing provisions of the charter provide—and have for years provided—that, beyond loans for specific objects, the city shall only spend the amount received as revenue for the preceding year, reserving five per cent for unforeseen expenses; any balance from what remains at the end of the year to be used the following year. To ordinary mortals this provision would appear sufficient to protect the city.

How has this wholesome law come to be so glaringly violated? The officials—who must have known of it —had doubtless to obey orders from the aldermen, who must also have known of it. It must surely have occurred to some one that it could not have been healthy or wholesome financing to use for ordinary purposes the proceeds of Bonds authorized for a special purpose —for instance the Harbour Bonds—without knowing that the money could be replaced when wanted.

No good citizen would care to repudiate any debt that has been incurred for legitimate purposes, but the irregularity that has brought it all about will sooner or later have to be explained, and the blame for it put on the right shoulders.

## THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

The Grand Trunk has just completed its fortieth The great railway has done more for Canada vear. than Canada has done for the Company, but it is to be hoped and expected that under the new regeme an era of prosperity is about to dawn, and that hereafter it may be the pleasing duty of the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE to chronicle from time to time the payment of substantial dividends. Being a pioneer road the Grand Trunk was a difficult and expensive road to build. Owing to the fact that railways are now more scientifically, and consequently more cheaply, built a smaller capital is required. In competing with these more cheaply built railways the Grand Trunk is necessarily at a disadvantage. But its valuable connections, the large bussiness tributary to it, and the ability displayed in its

managementare factors which promise abundant success in the next decade of its existence. The difficulty of making the necessary changes and economies under the old order of things can easily be appreciated. Having decided on the necessity for new measures, the Directorate proceeded to do its work with that thoroughness which is eloquent of the vitality which animates and informs the Company. In its forty years of service the Grand Trunk has absorbed no less than twenty-four distinct railways and now has a mileage in Canada of 3,161.

In 1850 there were 66 miles of railway in operation in all Canada. Chiefly by the building of the Grand Trunk—in which 15,000 men and 2,000 horses were engaged—the mileage in 1860 amounted to 2,065 miles. Taking all Canadian railways together the average cost of construction per mile was \$59,500. The average net earnings have been \$1,055 per mile. The net profit in 1893 on every \$500 invested in Canadian railways was \$8.64. The annual loss, that is the difference between the net profits and the interest on capital, is about \$20,-000,000. The saving in freight at 10 per cent on imports and exports would be \$25,000,000 per annum, which more than covers the loss. Whichever way of estimating the beneficial effects of the Grand Trunk to Canada it is clear that it is a great saving to the people.

In 1867 the Grand Trunk, the Great Western, the Nova Scotian, the Northern, and the Midland railways which carried 87 per cent of the passengers (2,412,496) and 90 per cent of the freight (2,051,088 tons) earned from the first source \$3,987,467 and from the second \$6,545,932. The average charge per passenger was \$1.63, and per ton of freight \$3.19. In 1895 the receipts from passengers carried by all the Canadian railways amounted to \$13,311,440, and from freights, including mails and express freight, \$31,743,950. If the rates of 1867 were applied to the freight and passenger business of 1895 the result would be passengers \$22,799,755 and freight \$68,662,902. The cost to the average passenger for railway transport in 1895 was \$1.95 1-5, and the cost of transporting one ton of freight averaged \$1.47. The difference is the gain to the country in its transport bill for goods carried by railways. The average passenger is carried for 41 per cent less than the charges of 1867, and the average cost of freight is 54 per cent less. The saving effected by the public in the one year, 1895, caused by the reduced rates, and taking 1867 as the standard, would pay the interest charges-4 per cent-for 14 years on the \$154,000,000 which the Dominion Government has granted in the way of aid to the various railways of the country.

In 1895 the Grand Trunk System carried the largest share of freight, the percentage being 32.5 of the total as compared with 34 in 1894, and 33 in 1893. Last year the Grand Trunk carried over 7,000,000 tons of freight of which 428,503 tons were flour; 1,064,452 tons were wheat, and 965,550 tons were lumber. The railway now keeps busy about 800 engines, about 500 first class cars beside the second class and smoking cars. There are nearly 17,000 freight cars and about 7,000 flat cars. The revenue which in 1854 was barely \$500,-000 is now about \$17,000,000.

. It is not easy to estimate the greatness of the service to Canada which the Grand Trunk Railway has been.

Opening up Ontario and Quebec to colonization and providing the necessary facilities for the rapid transportation of freight and passengers it gave an impetus to the development of the country which only those conversant with the state of affairs prior to the building of the railway can rightly appreciate.

## PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S MESSAGE.

Uncle Sam has still left in him something of the school-boy; he enjoys nothing so much as thrusting his fists in the face of one of his companions. Last year, at this season, he was squaring up to John Bull with bellicose threats which were treated by his elderly relative with amused disdain. That little affair having ended—though the small boy, called "Venezuela," whom he championed, says he has been badly sold— Uncle Sam just now is bullying Spain.

The effect of the message of President Cleveland at the close of 1895, was a panic worse than that of 1893, a disturbance which cost Americans almost as much as a foreign war. This year the threats fulminated against Span are very seriously disturbing the commercial conditions of the States at a time when quietude is essential to their recovery from acute depression. The greatest blessing that could happen to the States would be some movement to compel Uncle Sam to mind his own business—which stands in grievous need of his most devoted care.

The President, in his recent message, opens it with a high falutin' eulogy of the free institutions of the States and of the fitness of American citizens to enjoy popular rule. The result of the recent elections is doubtless satisfactory, but those vaunted "free institutions" ran the United States so perilously near to overwhelming disaster as literally to have scared the more clearsighted of its citizens into fits of dread. One of the ablest New York papers said of the Presidential contest, which is one of America's proudest of "free institutions," " The agitation frightened this country more than it would have been by a foreign war, and brought it within range of a catastrophe even more to be dreaded than such a calamity." As this agitation is threatened to be renewed in four years, the glory of the free institution which brings periodical peril to the States is not so brilliant as to justify the President's eulogy.

Mr. Cleveland is to be commended for pointing out so clearly that, " the pretence that civil government exists in Cuba, except so far as Spain is able to maintain it. has been abandoned." This declaration knocks on the head the demand for the recognition of Cuban rebels as belligerents. Before any nation can formally recognise a rebellion, that movement must be under the direction and control of a central governmental authority which is recognised by the rebels, and in a position, as such, to treat with foreign governments. The Southern States rebellion was so organized ; hence the recognition accorded to them as belligerents by Having conceded this, the Spain and other powers. President proceeds to describe Cuba as being given over to anarchy which threatens "the utter ruin of one of the most fertile lands on the globe." The pecuniary interest of the States in Cuba is declared by Mr. Cleveland to be "second only to that of Spain," some 30 to

50 millions of American capital being invested in Cuban enterprises, and the trade with that island amounting to \$103,000,000 yearly.

The President has some hope of being able to reconcile the difference between Spain and Cuba by securing an arrangement to provide a large measure of self-government for the Cubans. If Mr. Cleveland imagines that Spain will grant Cuba the free institutions he glories in, such as an incessant series of election contests for chief ruler, sub-rulers, judges and a host of officials, he is in a fool's paradise of vain expectations. If, too, he supposes the great mass of Cubans capable of self-government, he has much to learn about the intellectual, moral and social condition of those people. Freedom to Cuba would probably eventuate in its becoming another Hayti, or worse; the island would be in perpetual turmoil with a garnishment of blood. The President, then discusses a scheme which would be highly appropriate were the Cubans not largely what they are, utterly unprepared for selfgovernment. This done he turns to the Jingoes of America, to pacify whom he throws out distinct threats of war against Spain should the rebellion continue. He says that in case Spain does not suppress the rebels: "Our obligations to the sovereignty of Spain will be superseded by higher obligations which we can hardly hesitate to recognize and discharge." In plain English -Spain must either put an end to the rebellion in Cuba, or the United States will declare war against that power, or, what is in effect the same thing, commit an act of war against Spain by interfering by force of arms between that country and one of her colonies. These words have caused intense excitement amongst the sympathizers with Cuban rebels resident in the States, who are now demanding that war shall be at once proclaimed. Had Spain been more powerful she would not have listened so quietly to such language. The Spaniard is proud and quickly resents insult, but just at present-he has to pocket his pride-a receptacle so empty as to give it ample storage' room.

The President dismisses the Venezuelan question curtly as though its settlement were of small moment. The latter sections of the message, dealing with the financial outlook of the States, its currency arrangements, the growth of combines, and the need of more rigid economy by the government, we are unable now to discuss. We have no doubt that Mr. Cleveland will feel delight at being relieved from office when war is a possibility—indeed will be a necessity, unless the Cubans are subdued by Spain, which—now the rebel leader, Macco, is dead—may be near at hand, though many think who know Cuba well, that the rebellion will never end until the flag of Spain is hauled down throughout the island.

## GOLD MINING STOCKS.

Advices from Colorado Springs indicate that there is a great deal of manipulation of mining stocks going on. 'This operation is confined to a few stocks which are "fluctuated beneath the mask of popularity." Genuine strikes are emphasized and imaginery ones are "created" for the edification of those who actively participate in the dealings on the various exchanges. Those who are unfortunate enough to place confidence

in the latter and to be drawn into the maelstrom generally encounter disaster and have occasion to remember it with regret. But as this is common in all speculative matters it does not call for any special remark. Another feature particularly relating to the cheaper stocks which must not be lost sight of is that unless bona fide strikes are made in the properties represented they will not advance as they are lacking in local support. As there are few indications of outside assistance coming to their rescue the probable result is too evident for comment. But the stocks of producing mines, where net profits not only show to an advantage but are expected to increase, will hold their own and possibly gain strength as the shares become scattered and the stock is absorbed by strong holders of the investment class.

Turning from Colorado to West Australia advices from Melburne say that the mines of Australia's west now have a capitalization equal to the Rand's and a gold yield equal to about one-twelfth of the Rand's. Last year Victoria exported more sovereigns to Westralia than Westralian produced gold for. And what are the prospects of the fields? As far as the London "investments" are concerned, they are mostly doomed. There is a great auriferous country there, with great prospects and no water. The present Government is pushing ahead with railways and water schemes, and for three years at least there will be money to spend. Meanwhile the gold yield shows a decrease. For the first nine months of 1895 the Melbourne Mint (Westralia's market) got 160,949 oz .- for the corresponding period of this year the amount was only 152,259 oz. This decrease of 8,690 ounces has an ominous look, says a correspondent of the New York Chronicle, but it detracts a little from its importance when we remember that the larger yield was affected by the surface finds of alluvial (placer?) gold, the patches quickly exploited by "fossickers." Now some of the mines are on the reefs, working honestly and doing well. A singular phase of the subject was illustrated during the present year, when several parcels of "gold" were received at the Melbourne Mint from the West, which were valued at from eighteen to fifty cents per ounce. Such parcels would not pay freight, and illustrate the slap-dash manner in which many of the mines do their work. Some of them are in occupation by callow university men from England, whose chief knowledge about gold is its ratio to champagne. Last year the country produced 231,513 ounces-this year it will be about 220,000 ounces-but at present most of the properties that are any good are unworked for want of machinery and water.

Victoria's yield for the past three quarters was 586,-510 ounces. This augers a year's yield of 780,000 ounces, which shows very favorably against 740,086 ounces for last year.

The New South Wales output is reckoned under ordinary circumstances from the mint and export statistics. During the past nine months 128,632 ounces were minted. Bullion to the value of £230,348 was exported—say 57,560 ounces. This would make a production of 186,192 for the nine months—averaging out to something over 250,000 ounces for the current year. At first blush this indicates a severe falling off from last year's output of 360,165 ounces, but the United

States demand for gold has influenced Sydney bankers to withhold bullion pending negotiations. During the present month the Bank of New South Wales lodged two tons of gold at Sydney Mint for coinage. This amount (say 60,000 ounces) will probably represent gold held over, and for that reason should be added to the amount calculated in the ordinary manner. New South Wales will therefore be represented for the current year by probably not less than 310,000 ounces. This amount is considerably smaller than last year's total, although the general returns do not indicate decadence. But it would be safer to leave the estimate at a low figure pending the conclusion of the present extensive dealings with San Francisco. Tasmania minted 47,436 ounces in nine months, and will show 60,000 ounces for the year-i. e., an advance of something less than 6,000 ounces. South Australian returns are peculiarthe amount that has come forward to coinage being much smaller than usual-but it would be safe to anticipate a yield of 40,000 ounces. Queensland, which produced 631,682 ounces last year, will this year produce about 650,000 ounces. South Australia will fall short of last year's product by about 2,000 ounces, the amount expected being 40,000 ounces. New Zealand's contribution will equal 300,000 ounces, an increase of more than 8,000 ounces over the amount of last year. The estimate fine gold yield for all Australasia is therefore 2,171,200 ounces.

Readers will make the application for themselves.

## BUYING AND SELLING DRY GOODS.

In an article on the dry goods trade a fortnight ago we had occasion to remark that if at the beginning of a season the wholesale men had sufficient foresight to hit upon the precise article for which everybody would soon be enquiring and to lay in a full supply, the opportunity for doing a lucrative trade would be more frequent. To these words may be added the assurance that some measure of this foresight would have prevented several failures which have occurred in the wholesale dry goods trade as a direct result of getting stocked up with goods which nobody wanted and for which even the wildest cutting of prices would excite no demand. One is prompted to ask, How is it that these unsaleable goods were bought for the Canadian trade? Were the requirements of the market understood by those responsible for the selection of the goods? Was the prevailing taste of the people sufficiently studied? Were the peculiar conditions of the trade rightly appreciated? In short, did the buyer know how, when, and what to buy-did he understand his business? That is the question.

There is something that may be said by way of apology for the buyer's buying the wrong things. It is easy to understand that by the present necessity for the early placing of orders in the foreign markets the home market is likely to develop some new phase even before his purchases are received. But this new phase is not the growth of a night, or a week, or even a month. Some indications of the coming change are bound to have been visible to the buyer whose wits were about him, and whose horizon was not confined to the four walls of the warehouse. Do all our wholesale houses give their buyers the opportunity to study

the signs of the times in the matter of changing taste and need? These signs cannot be studied by the man who is obliged to hang about the warehouse all the time which is not occupied by his business trips abroad. He must have the opportunity of personally visiting the neighborhood of the firm's chief customers and studying the taste and requirements of the various localities. As American styles are affected in some quarters these trips through different parts of Canada should be supplemented by an occasional run across the lines in order to keep in touch with popular tastes But keeping "in touch" is not so easy a there. thing as some people may imagine. A story is told of a certain traveller for a large Canadian house, who used to complain that he could not sell the goods the buyer used to procure abroad. So the firm arranged that on his next trip the buyer should be accompanied by the traveller who should give him points on what to buy. In visiting together a cloth manufacturer in England, the buyer had a joke at the traveller's expense, by arranging beforehand with the manufacturer that a certain line of goods should be offered to them at ten per cent. below cost. The traveller d'splayed his large knowledge of goods and prices by at once poo-poohing the price quoted as being much too high. The same goods, he asserted, could be had at another establishment for 10 per cent. less. Thereupon the buyer began to smile, and he has not ceased yet to smile when he recalls the visit of that traveller.

A similar instance was furnished by a fault-finding traveller and another buyer, whose ideas of the relative position of himself and the firm they represented did not exactly coincide. The two met in the warehouse of a customer of the firm. The buyer offered as in the former case, a certain line at a reduction below cost. The traveller said he would not allow his (the traveller's) customer to be dealt with so, and offered the goods at another cut. Explanation followed with result as aforementioned. Travellers have their troubles; so have the buyers.

The art of the wholesale buyer is a difficult one, and success in it can be achieved only by those whose taste and judgment are not only highly developed and trained, but whose faculties are constantly alert to note every indication of a change in the likes and dislikes of the people in the matter of what they wear. Were more regard paid to the cultivation of these attributes on the part of the buyers, it is safe to say that goods intended originally for the South African or Australian markets would not be bought for Canada simply because they were cheap and that the buyer had been impressed with the idea that he was securing a great bargain. Purchasing a large supply of one line of goods and that line intended for a market between which and the Canadian there is little, if anything, in common is displaying none of those essential attributes which we have indicated nor knowledge of the peculiar conditions and difficulties with which the domestic market abounds. The buyer for the Canadian trade is hampered by these peculiar conditions and difficulties-which are the result in large part of the proximity of the neighboring republic the fashions of whose citizens are not without considerable effect upon the people of this country more particularly those who dwell along the boundary line. In Montreal, Quebec,

and Halifax American styles have little influence, English styles prevailing in a marked degree. But in St. John, and in those parts of New Brunswick which adjoin Maine, in Ontario along the shores of Lake Erie, and in the southern parts of British Columbia the influence which, a larger community has on a smaller when contact is constant is seen the effect of American styles and modes. Instances of this influence of the larger nation upon the smaller in matters of dress is seen in the effect of French fashion upon the Belgians, and of the English upon the Irish. In Switzerland the fashions of the various nations which touch its borders are reflected in the dress and manners of the inhabitants so that it is easy to tell in which part of his little country a Swiss may happen to live.

It is difficult for the uninitiated to guess how far the influence of this or that American fashion will extend. But this is only another reason why wholesale buyers should study the environment and habits of their clientele. There is always an element of speculation in buying for the drygoods trade. But if some efforts were made in the direction here indicated the speculation would not so often turn out an unsatisfactory one.

## BRITISH SAVINGS BANKS AND THEIR LESSON.

The efforts made by our chartered banks to secure a reduction in the rate of interest allowed on deposits in the Government Savings Banks, is having a parallel in Great Britain where, owing to similar pressure, the Chancellor of the Exchequer is proposing to reduce the rate of interest on the public money held by the National Debt Commissioners. That fund amounts to \$805,-000,000, which comprises the deposits of close upon 9 millions of individuals, giving \$89.44 as the average deposit. This sum is the aggregate of the deposits in the British savings banks which most closely correspond to those in Canada in charge of the Government, the average amount of each deposit here being about \$235. The deposits in Canada however include those of a higher social grade than those in the old land. The treatment of these large funds here differs materially from the practice of the Imperial Government. In England the State invests the bulk of the government savings banks deposits in Consols, much in the same way that the people of France have their savings in Rentes.

What is the most advisable course to follow in dealing with savings banks money seems to be an agitating question in several European countries. These funds are gradually enlarging' everywhere, the tendency of the age is towards more thrifty habits, and the prolonged peace of Europe helps to further the accumulation of deposits. These conditions cannot fail to lower the interest on such funds. Governments will not keep on paying rates to attract deposits when they no longer need them, and no longer can invest them in their own securities at a profit. The process going on in England is exceedingly significant of changes that do not appear on the surface. The vast sum we have named, and as much again deposited in non-government savings banks, is finding an outlet in Consols. That is, the richer classes with whom Consols have long been a favorite investment, are withdrawing their funds from

that quarter, and the operative, or artisan classes are taking their places as creditors of the nation. There is this difference: the more well-to-do investor held his Consol certificate direct, in his own hands, whereas the working men place their money in savings banks whose managers, the government, use it to buy out the Consols held by richer people. 'This state of affairs, with savings bank deposits increasing rapidly, is giving rise to a discussion as to how far the government is justified in paying interest on them which exceeds the return they get from the Consol investments.

The high price of Consols there is to some extent owing to the constant presence in the market of the National Debt Commissioners as buyers. The complaint is rife that, as the money for these purchases comes from deposits which are too costly to allow any profit on their conversion into government securities, indeed involve, as some allege, a loss to the revenue, the working class depositors are drawing interest on their savings partly out of the taxes levied by the government; in plain words, they are recipients of public charity to the extent by which the rate of interest they draw exceeds its strict market value. The same thing is said in Canada by the bankers, who consider the rate of interest paid on government savings banks' deposits higher than what the money is worth. Against this view it is argued that, the promotion of thrift is so desirable as to justify some outlay by the country. We admit the value of thrifty habits, but we doubt whether the difference between paying, say 4 per cent. on deposits, and paying 3 per cent, means, in one case encouraging thrift and, in the other, discouraging. Taking \$100 as the average deposit the owner in one case gets \$4 a year interest, or 33 cents per month, and in the other only \$3.50 a year, or about 30 cents a month. Is it reasonable to suppose that so small a difference of interest makes any difference whatever to the habits of the saving classes? Besides this it is well known to those in official positions that the money of a very large number of depositors is almost worthless, as it costs as much to handle as it earns when invested. The manager of a large trustee savings bank in Glasgow has stated that 100,000 of their deposits are so small as to entail an annual loss of no less than \$25,000; the profits on them were \$10,000 and expenses \$35,000. This exactly tallies with the case of our government savings banks, so that, the rate of interest on such small deposits is certainly beyond the worth of the money.

In Canada the government need not act as a socimissionary by giving a bonus to encourage thrift. Nor do we regard it as at all desirable for deposits to be specially attracted to the government banks. Those funds are really so much added to the national debt; as they have been, and are, used for the same permanent investments as the loans made on lengthy terms for government public works. The days when "coddling" the public by governments is over, especially in Canada. The British people are realising that savings bank interest is best left to settle itself by business considerations alone, and that as money accumulates its value decreases for investment purposes. The reduction in England of the rate on government savings bank deposits will be a precedent for Canada.

## THE FURNITURE TRADE.

The furniture trade in Montreal, and indeed throughout the Dominion, has, been quite depressed of late. Some of the older houses who retired voluntarily, or because they could not help it, have been replaced by agents or others handling a cheaper class of goods made chiefly in the States, but even these, with the inducements of installment and other plans, seem to have ' much time on their hands of late. Furniture being largely a luxury, is one of the first to feel the effect of dull times. People get the old articles repaired, and will postpone buying new furniture to another day. The reputation attained by such men as the late James Thomson, it was believed, would lead again ere long to the organization of a joint stock establishment in which the skilled workmen of the old shops should find employment and adequate remuneration, but the shoddy or slip-slop articles of cheap factories-of materials imperfectly seasoned and hurriedly put together with glue-have largely replaced the heavy, solid and artistic furniture of ten to twenty and thirty years ago, and discouraged the idea. It is well within the memory of men yet young among us, that Canadian made furniture was, not many years ago, quite in demandover in England. People will not hesitate to pay from \$200 to \$600 for a piano which really costs no more to make than one of the drawing-room or dining-room pieces of Thomson's make. The department stores now make a feature of household furniture also, and would seem to be largely chargeable with the dullness that is felt by those exclusively in the business. Machine-made furniture like machine-made lace and machineclothing and boots and shoes has come made to stay; it is to be regretted that it is not as durable or desirable otherwise as are the garments and foot-wear. "Cheap and nasty" describes most of the furniture of the day. Wherever it is in use the gluepot and the family hammer must not be far away. The value of the furniture imported last year was \$262,778 on which the duty-30 per cent-was \$78,833.40

### DRY GOODS AND THE TARIFF.

The representatives of the Montreal Drygoods Association who waited upon the Tariff Commissioners at the Board of Trade on Wednesday asked for no appreciable reduction in the tariff, but recommended that specific duties be abolished ontirely, making the duties purely ad valorem. It was urged that goods which had gone through a process of manufacture and which were then imported and used as elements in other manufactured goods should not be admitted free of duty. But if admitted free as raw material the goods should be kept in charge of the Government until cut up for manufacturing purposes. The point, however, on which especial stress was laid was the necessity for correcting certain anomalies and difficulties existing in the tariff owing to the various rates of duty imposed on the same classes of goods. The tariff should be altered so as to make the duty the same on all the different articles which belong to one class of goods. The classifications advised were :-- 1. White and unbleached cottons; 2. coloured and printed cottons; 3. dress goods and woollens (women's wear); 4. woollens (men's); 5. linen and jute goods; 6. silks; 7. notions and haberdashery (buttons, tapes, hooks and eyes, etc.); 8. knitted goods, hosiery, and gloves; 9 carpets; 10. hats, caps, and bonnets; 11. ready-made clothing. The appraisers themselves do not appear to understand the subtle distinctions in the tariff

1.15

with respect to bed quilts, linens, buttons, collars, stockings, knitted goods, capes, etc. Linens pay three different rates of duty; blankets, two; and buttons, seven. As frequently pointed out in these columns, the appraisement of duty may differ at different smaller ports, and while concessions for discounts are made at one port they are not allowed at another. The ports of entry are too numerous and should be materially reduced, and the tariff so corrected that uniform appraisement of duty may be obtained throughout the Domminion. The Montreal merchants are not a little pleased at the comprehensive knowledge displayed by the Ministers in discussing the large number of subjects brought before them. The Commission is composed of Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce ; Hon. J. I. Tarte, Minister of Public Works and Hon. W. Paterson, Comptroller of Customs.

## COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' BENEFIT SOCIETY.

At the 11th annual meeting of the Dominion Commercial Travellers' Mutual Benefit Society held last week in Montreal the report submitted showed that 34 members were admitted, the present membership being 1,029. The reserve fund now amounts to \$10,679, the twelve deaths which occurred during the year necessitating the withdrawal of \$1,958. The income for the year was \$9,828, and the expenditure \$12,002, leaving a deficiency of \$2,174. But in the working expense account the income had been \$1,096.83, and the disbursements \$880.78 an excess of income of \$216.05. The hope was expressed that the increased rates of assessment would augment the surplus, but the necessity for an accession of members was especially dwelt upon. Such an eminently useful and worthy society should experience little difficulty in securing enough members to bring the roll up to the number desired-1,500. The new president is Mr. Fred. Birks.

### THE MONTREAL HARBOUR PLANT.

Since the Harbour Works have shut down for the season the whole of the large fleet of dredges, derricks, and tugs along with all the rest of the plant have been placed in a position in the harbour below the locks of the Lachine Canal. To many the advisability of crowding all this costly plant into one spot is open to question. Under certain conditions a fire might break out and the whole fleet be burnt to the water's edge and the hulls sink to the bottom of the river. It is not likely that the fleet will again experience the costly ills of an ice shove such as it had to contend against last winter, the conditions in that respect being now somewhat different, but the danger from fire remains and is enhanced by the crowding together of the entire plant. The vessels are further from the wharves, where they are frozen in hard and fast, and in certain states of the ice the fire engines would be unable to reach them. It may perhaps be too late now to change their position for this season, and in that case the risk must be run. But in placing the fleet in its winter quarters next autumn it would be wiser not too crowd the dredges, the derricks, and the tugs all into one spot. The authorities cannot be too careful in guarding against a danger from which nothing that will burn is ever secure.

## LITIGATION AND INSURANCE COMPANIES.

In the course of delivering judgment in the recent appeal case of Bensande vs. the Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Co.— the point at issue being the precise application of what is known as the "loss of time" clause in a chartered freight policy—Lord Esher, Master of the Rolls, is reported to have remarked that "underwriters no doubt try to get out of their obligations." In commenting on this unfortunate and ill-advised remark

our London contemporary the Post Magazine and Insurance Monitor says that such an utterance will doubtless be taken as applicable to all branches of insurance indifferently. For there is no reason to suppose that Lord Esher intended to attach a special mark of villiany only to the underwriting fraternity, whose dealings concern those who go down to the sea in ships and do business in great waters." This illjudged observation, which will go far to accenuate the erroneous conception of the insurance profession obtaining amongst certain unthinking sections of the community, is the more regrettable because absolutely at variance with experience and facts, and condemned by common sense.

Lord Esher cannot be ignorant of the fact that many of England's judges are directors or trustees of insurance companies whose reputation for honourable dealing is beyond question. His recent utterance, therefore, places him in strong contrast with his immediate predecessor, the late Sir George Jessel, whose name will ever be held in respectful remembrance by the insurance profession on account of his perfect mastery of the many intricate details of insurance law and practice.

The English papers have been making merry lately, in paragraphs headed "Things the Judges don't know," for it seems to be the fashion for some distinguished occupants of the bench to blandly profess ignorance on many points which come within the ken of ordinary mortals. The late Mr. Corney Grain used aptly to caricature this propensity in his song about "Mr. Justice Dimple" who was "so simple," Yet granting all charming simplicity, it may surely be assumed that even a Master of the Rolls must occasionally have encountered the expression "ex gratia payment" in connection with a liberal settlement in an insurance claim. Whether it be a fire, life, accident, or marine claim, the loss registers of our insurance companies are full of entries of payments made in cases where no legal obligation could have possibly attached. The reason of this is obvious. It does not pay to be litigious. It does pay honourably to strive to acquire and retain a reputation for liberal and generous dealing. We may feel very sure that no well-established insurance office, with an eye to the growth of its business, would venture into a Court of Law unless convinced that honour and public policy alike compelled it to resist an unfair claim. It would have much to lose and very little to gain by resisting payment on other grounds.

### UNIFORM POLICY CONDITIONS.

Many advantages are hoped to accrue all round from the legislation about to be promoted concerning Policy Conditions in fire insurance. It is high time that the various laws for the regulation of fire insurance business adopted in the various Provinces should be made more agreeable, or codified, if we may invoke the term. Some of the Provincial Conditions are oppressive, and anything but creditable to those who framed them. It is to be hoped that the Committee on Legislation may succeed in securing a set of uniform policy conditions, such that every policyholder may know exactly what he is buying, wherever the goods may be, every insurance agent what he is selling and, that there may be uniformity in these matters throughout the Dominion.

## CHEESE AND BUTTER BRANDING.

The Hon, Mr. Fisher's bill proposing the compulsory branding of butter and cheese was discussed by the Butter and Cheese Association on Monday last. The bill provides for the branding of the word Canadian or Canada together with the number of the factory and the date on which the article is made. The Association approves of the bill in part only, and will correspond with the dairying societies of Canada on the matter. It also wishes the bill referred to the provision trade of GreatBritain.

## NEGLIGENT AGENT MUST STAND THE LOSS.

Our New York namesake has the following in its issue of the 16th inst: "The case of the Southern Insurance Co. of New Orleans vs Frank C. York has just been decide! in the Federal Court at Topeka, Kansas. The verdict, which favored the Plaintiff, established the liability of an insurance agent for loss caused to his company by his own negligence. Frank C. York, while acting as agent for the Southern Insurance Co. at Salina, Kan., issued a \$2,500 policy on a building. He received instructions from headquarters to cancel the contract, but delayed doing so, and while he was procrastinating the building burned. No alternative remained for the company but to pay the assured. Suit was instituted, however, to secure the \$2,500 from York, on the grounds that his negligence caused the loss to the Southern. The case was tried before Judge Foster. The insurance company secured judgment for \$2,500 and interest, the total aggregating \$2,637.50."

-THE Temple building in St. James Streethas been sold for \$\$800,000 to a syndicate of Montreal and Toronto capitalists of which Hon. Senator Geo. A. Cox, President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, is the head.

-THE recent decision of Judge Burton concerning the free entry of street rails favors the claim of the Toronto Street Railway. The subject has been already discussed here.

-THE Allan Line flect is to be increased sportly by the construction of a new freight vessel of about 10,090 tons. Two more ships are contemplated.

-To all its readers far and near the JOUNNAL OF COMMERCE sends holiday greetings, with best wishes for a Merry Christmas and a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

-THE first of the season's Calendars comes to us from the old established firm of G. Ross Robertson & Sons, insurance brokers. The illustration is "Beautiful Venice" by moonlight, showing the Campanile and the Chiesa di Sau Marco with a gondola in the foreground. As the Venetian streets are all water, fires are easily fought; hence the suitability of the s\_bject.

-MR. JOHN MACLEAN, of the late firm of John Maclean & Co., wholesale milliner, leaves for Europe shortly to procure new stock wherewith to resume business.

-GRO. HERRENOER, general store, Mildmay, Ont., has assigned. A meeting of creditors is called for the 26th inst.— Halfpenny & Co., shoes, North Bay, Ont., are offering to compromise at 30 cents in the dollar. Their statement showed assets of \$4,000, and liabilities of \$3,000. This settlement is practically carried out at the above rate, cnsh-N. D. Thomas, stationory. etc., North Bay, Ont., has assigned. Liabilities are believed to be in the neighborhood of \$1,000—T. Phillips & Co., hardware, Orillia, Ont., has assigned. Firm is composed of Harry Greeland and T. Phillips, and the business is an old established one, they having started many years ago. He failed and compromised in the spring of 1888 at 75 cents in the dollar. A couple of years ago they showed a fair surplus.

--P. DONNELLY, mfr. boxes, Montreal, assigned to the court on 15th inst., liabilities \$98,818. Principal oreditors, J. A. Grier \$360, J. & G. Grier \$200, V. E. Traversy \$360, O. Dufresne & Frere, \$480, T. Prefontaine & Frere \$800, D. Cream & Co. \$250, J. A. Bulmer & Co. \$450, L. A. Rodier \$313, Bank of Commerce \$8,000, W. Mason & Sons \$347, Alex. Baytiste, Three Rivers, \$300; J. McLaughlin, Avonmore, \$360; Patmenter & Bulloch, Gananoque, \$260; Imperial Lumber Co., Tøronto. \$400; A. Bell & Co., Shawbridge, \$400; Pembroke Lumbrøoke Co., \$1,800; Mrs. Donnelly, rent, notes and marriage contract, \$40,000; Miss Donnelly, notes, etc., \$18,000; Cau. Invest. & Agency Co., mortgage, \$3,600; British Empire Ins. Co., \$18,000 mortgage.

-ANNIE BUNYAN, general store, Salmon Arm, B. C., has assigned.

-Louis DEMERS, general store, Marieville, Que., has assigned. Liabilities are \$3,500, and assets \$3,100-Ed. Coulombe, general store, etc., St. Edouard de Lotbiniere, Que, has called another

meeting of creditors, with a view to offering a composition. He owes McCall, Shehyn & Co., Quebec, \$1,700; T. G. Bussiere & Co., \$1,097; N. Thibaudeau, \$450; Wm. Doyle, \$373; Amiot & Frere, \$229; Seybold, Son & Co., Montreal, \$284; and several other small amounts, bringing liabilities up to \$5,579, besides some mortgages on the property. Shows a deficit of something like \$2,700.

### THE FIRE RECORD.

At Quebec on the 13th inst. fire broke out in the Sacristy adjoining the chancel of the Basilica. The Sacristy was gutted as well as the St. Louis Chapel just above it. The interior of the Basilica is injured by smoke. Damages amount to about \$30,000 —covered by insurance.—The store of John Cloy or rather George D. Cloy, his son, at the new canal lock at Thorold, was destroyed by fire on the 11th. This makes in all five stores loss by Mr. Cloy. by fire.—The turning factory of Frank Mungar, about 10 miles from Si. Thomas, Ont., was destroyed by fire on the 16th inst., with its valuable contents.

### BUSINESS CHANGES.

ONTARIO-W. L. Cameron, hotel, Chatham, sold out; J. P. Kelly, shoemaker, Hamilton, dead; Chaudiere Press Co. Ltd., Ottawa, applying for incorporation; R. D. Conger, fancy goods, Peterboro, advertises selling out; C. B. Routley, fancy goods, &c. Peterboro, quitting business; Neepawa Gold Mining Co. Ltd. Rat Portage, applying for incorporation, Rupert Land Mining Co. Ltd. Rat Portage, applying for incorporation; Thessalon Gold Mining Co. Ltd., Thessalon, applying for incorporation; J. D. Ivey Co. Ltd., wholesale millinery, Toronto, incorporation granted; Keeley Institute Co. Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation; D. McCall & Co. Ltd. wholesale millinery, Toronto, incorporation granted; Sovereign Gold Mining & Development Corporation Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation; Owners Agency Co. Ltd. Windsor, applying for incorporation; G. W. Emmerson, grocer, Ashbuinham, stock sold; Hay & Coghill, tailors, Listowel, dissolved; Tobias Dorland, livery, Milverton, dead; S. Timmins & Co. grocer, Peterboro, moved to Lindsay; S. Holden & Son, grocer, Stirling, dissolved; Michael Bros. optical goods, Toronto, advertise retiring from business ; J. D. Wilson, oggs, Forgus, dead; I. M. House, general store, Gravenhurst, stock sold; Peacy & Mossington, general store, Gravenhurst, closing out business; J. F. Weiland, hotel, Harriston, advertises business for sale; Albert Meigs, hotel, Masonville, commenced business; Kate R. Wheeler, fancy goods, Ottawa, stock sold; J. E. Morrison, produce, &c. Toronto, committed for trial on charge fraud; John Wigle, hotel, Windsor, sold out: J. H. Stelss grocer, Berlin, stock sold to Dunke & Co.; A. Stein, tailor, Denbigh, moved to Montreal; D. L. Schultz, tobacconist, &c., Guelph, offering business for sale; F. Bowman, sporting goods, Hamilton, offering to compromise; R. W. Medley, insurance agent, Orangeville, dead; Fort Erie & Bridgeburg St. Ry. Co. Ltd. Fort Erie, applying for incorporation ; London Box Mfg. & Lumber Co. Ltd. London, applying for incorporation; Lady of the Lake Gold Mining Co. Ltd. Ottawa, applying for incorporation; Colcleugh Gold Mining Co. Ltd. Rat Portage, incorporation granted; Mecca Sanitarium Co. Ltd. Sandwich, applying for incorporation; Mississaga River Gold Mining Co. Ltd. Thessalon, applying for incorporation; Ambrose Mining & Developing Co. Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation; Bannockburn Gold Mining Co. Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation; Ontario Water & Sewer Purification Co. Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation; River Rouge Oil Co. Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation; Toronto Tudor Mining Co. Ltd. Toronto, applying for incorporation.--Richardson Bros. one of the largest general stores in Norwood has sold out to Kirkpatrick & Buck. Mr. H. G. Euck is a successful lumberman .- J. Baskin contractor, Norwood, has settled here returning from Coe Hill.

QUEBEC-J. P. Blais & Co., general store, Kamouraska, assets sold; R. Barrie, tailor, Montreal, bailiff's sale advertised; S. V. Carter & Co., mnfrs. agents, Montreal, out of business; Geo. Parker, grocer, Montreal, bailiff's sale advertised; J. B. Vosberg, dentist, Montreal, bailiff's sale advertised; L. A. H. Hogle & Son, general store, Pike River, assets to be sold; Joseph Gouin & Frere, general store, St. Norbert, dissolved; G. D. Lussier, drygoods, Sorel, stock sold; Eusebe Delongchamps, contractor, Montreal, real estate sold; De Mesle & Co., drugs, Montreal,

John Wilson ceased doing business under this name; Fortier & Ethler, hotel, Montreal, stock sold; Remi Guertin, sash and door factory, Montreal, seeking an extension of time; Zotique Roy, hotel, Montreal, assets sold; G. M. Petitclerc, grocer, Quebec, bailiff's sale advertised for 18th inst.; L. Champagne & Co., carriages, St. Dorothea, new co-partnership; A. F. Duclos, general store, Duclos, stock sold; Robitalile & Lachance, shoes, Levis, dissolved; Beauchamp & Dery, real estate agent, Montreal, dissolved ; Valleyfield Lumber Co., Valleyfield & Montreal, meeting of creditors called for 28th inst.; Chas. Smith & Son, general store, Clifton, dissolved; J. L. Cassidy Co., Ltd., wholesale crockery, Montreal, seeking incorporation granted; Mrs. S. Deriger, milliner, Montreal, stock sold; Temple Invest. & Loan Co., Montreal, applying for incorporation; D. Denis, general store, St. Simon, stock sold; Sherbrooke. Cigar Co., Ltd., Sherbrooke, commenced business; C. J. & F. W. Odell, brewers, Sherbrooke, dissolved; W. K. & E. A. Baldwin, mpfrs. condensed milk, Baldwin Mills, commencing business; Barrie & Johnston, mnfrs. insulated wire, Montreal, dissolved; Alex. Barrie & Co. mfrs. rubber insulated electric wire, Montreal, new co-partnership; J. Coogan, grocer, Montreal, giving up business; J. H. Dubois, fancy goods, Montreal, assets sold; A. C. Leslie & Co., mnfrs. agent, Montreal, dissolved; McMartin, Campbell & Co., wholesale clothing, Montreal, dissolved, succeeded by A. S. Campbell & Co.; Fickler Bros., drygoods, Quebec, dissolved; L A. Papineau, grocer, St. Henri, dead.

BRITISH COLUMBIA-Ethel Group Gold Mining Co., Rossland, incorporation granted; Montezuema Gold Mining Co., Rossland, incorporation granted; Queen Victoria Gold Mining Co., Rossland, incorporation granted; Est. of Henry Collins, drygoods, Vancouver, stock sold; Grand Forks Gold Mining Co. Ltd., Grand Forks, incorporation granted; British Columbia Tunnel & Development Co. Ltd., Rossland, incorporation granted; Two Friends Mine Ltd., Vancouver, incorporation granted; Hogan Bros., hotel, New Westminster, out of business; Davidson Bros., jewelers, &c., Victoria, selling off stock here at auction; Victor Jensen, saloon, Victoria, dead; Walker & McDonald, hotel, Victoria, dissolved.

NOVA SCOTIA-F. W. Borden Co. Ltd., lumber, Canning, application to change name to the R. W. Kensman Co. Ltd.; E. S. Sweet & Co., general store, Country Harbour, disselved, E. S. Sweet continues at Cross Roads & S. Burton Sweet at Country Harbour Mines; Jas. H. Eaton, grocer, Freeport, dead; Michael Farreil, general store, Glace Bay, dead; D. J. Smallwood, feed, Halifax, possession taken under bill of sale; A. J. Morrison & Co. tailors, &c., Middleton, sold out; John Lewis & Son, mnfr. lasts, Truro, John Lewis Sr. dead; Est. E. T. Sibley, mill, Wittenburg, sale of mill, plant and stock advertised by sheriff.

MANITOBA & N.W.T.-Reid & Morris, flour mill, Lauder, dissolved; Est. to R. Cochrane & Co., vehicles, &c., Winnipeg, stock advortised for sale.

NEW BRUNSWICK-Bain & McKay, general store, Wellington, advertise retiring from business.

### LEGAL RECORD, &c.

#### Week ended Dec. 16, 1896.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judgments Rendered for sums of \$300 and upwards, (Montreal, from \$100. and upwards), and Chattel Mortgages and Bills of Sale for sums of \$550 and upwards, as taken from the public records. It will be understood that the actions or items do not necessarily affect the credit and soundness of the persons or concerns named, as they may have been paid or otherwise settled, and that good defences may exist in cases of writs, &c : .

#### WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

#### Dec. 11.

Dec. 11. Laurentides-Banque Ville Marie vs J. A. Lambert.... \$1,500 Montreal-D. Lalonde et al vs G. Belanger, \$3,807; J. P. Bam-ford et al vs S. Belander et al, \$101; A. Gauthier vs N. Courtemanche, \$110; P. Vanier vs Dme. A. McNab, \$827; G. W. Stephens vs J. Monteith, \$1,002; J. Chalifoux vs D. St. Onge, \$117; J. Fisher et al vs J. Singer, \$109; L. Le-doux vs G. H. Tate, \$204. Quebec-Bank of Commerce vs J. E. Alain, Jr. et al (contested) \$305; A. J. Auger, esql. vs Jules Dorion et al, \$300,00; A. Dumas vs La Society Bienveillante de St. Roch, \$1,000. Soulanges-Delle Amanda Tessier vs Jean Leroux...... 522

Soulanges-Delle Amanda Tessier vs Jean Leroux ... . 522 Dec. 14.

1013

\$201.

Dec. 15.

- Sherbrooke-Mrs. J. T. L. Archambault vs Mrs. M. M. McCarthy, \$529.

#### Dec. 16.

- A. Lafortune vs J. L. Michaud, \$100; Irust & Loan Co. vs Miss H. Phelan et al, \$300; J. McCrea vs G. Reinhardt et al, \$1,363; C. H. Stephens et al vs De H. C. Ricard et vir, \$203; Trust & Loau Co. vs A. St. Martin, \$2,809; Dme. A. M. Tabb vs O. Tessier et al, \$2,140; C. Heigham et ux vs Florence Trudel et vir, \$7,082; Richmond Industrial Co. vs G. Vallancourt et al, \$560; A. Saunders vs T. J. Vipond et al \$255. T. Patananda vs Dme E. Whelan, \$216 et al, \$355; T. Patenaude vs Dme. E. Whelan, \$216.
  - WRITS ISSUED, ONT.

. Dec. 10.

McCarney et al,

Cumberland Tp-W. Shaw vs Jas. & Susan Shaw ..... \$ 1,066 Deseronto-S. Fraser vs Rathbun Co..... 1,000 Hamilton-W. Ambrose vs John & Sarah A. Pearson, \$673; Mary

 A. Hodgetts vs John & Sarah A. Pearson, \$520.
 a-Ann E. Percival vs F. H. Cluff et al, \$1,664; F. X. St. Jacques vs Hon. Robt. Sedgewick, \$828. Ottawa-

Dec. 11.
Algoma-Freehold L. & S. Co. vs Arch. Haney \$2,033
Clinton-Bennett & Wright Co. vs S. S. Cooper
Coldwater—R. Greene Mfg. Co. vs Smith & Orton
Collingwood—Canada Mut. L. & I. Co. vs C. W. Lee 449
Drummond Tp—Audrew Doyle vs Thos, Doyle
Ellice-R. R. & R. W. Puddicombe vs Wm. Middleditch,
\$1,120.
Ottawa-G. R. Blyth, Sr. vs Wm. & Laura Cochrane, \$6,093;
Kyle, Cheeseborough & Co. vs H. H. Pigeon, \$464: Olivia
L. Oliver vs John Shepard, \$2,049, Helier V. Noel vs T.
J. Walters, \$3,459.
Papineau Tp-Lewis Bros. vs Antoine Lalonde
Peterboro-T. May & Co. vs Miller Bros
Sarnia—Can. Mut. L. & I. Co. vs F. W. & C. J. Nesbet. 6.679
Toronto—A. & S. J. Royce vs Jas. Hunter, \$606; H. J. Wickham
et al vs Wm. McLeish et al, \$2,306 ; J. Waldie vs Rich.
Tew, \$2,558.
Windsor-F. P. Anderson vs F. A. Neithoff
York Tp-Davidson & Hay, Ltd. vs W. H. Lucas 927
Dec. 14.
Brockville-A. R. Clark & Co. vs Thos. Clearihue 2,643
Niagara Falls—Louisa Durham vs O. D. Glasgow et al. 315 Ovillia Trusta Corps. vs I. O. & M. E. Bogall
Orillia-Trusts Corpn. vs J. O. & M. E. Revell 7,849

-G. 0.

\$1,000.

Napanee

Uxbridge Tp-M. J. Paul vs W. L. Davis Woodstock-Oxford P. L. & S. Socy. vs W. D. Clement. York Tp-E. C. Pearson vs Jno. Rogers, Jr	854 1,059
L. Boulet et al vs L'Union St. Thomas	1,000
Dorchester N-D. McKay vs John McKay Hamilton-G. Awrey vs Pigott & Ingles Michigan-A. McGillvray vs S. & Evangeline North	4,160 5,000 568

Vanblaricorn vs Anthony

3,196 Welland-Quebec Bank vs E. A. C. Pew et al..... Dec. 16. Huron Tp-T. Yeman vs D. & J. McLeod...... 448 Peterboro-Western Can. L. & S. Co. vs A. P. Pousette et al,

- \$528. 99 F
- Rama Tp-W. Langley vs G. & F. Cleavely..... Toronto-D. F. Jessop vs W. H. & H. M. Essery..... 2,068 WRITS ISSUED, MANITOBA & N. W. T.

## Dec. 16.

Winnipeg-Imperial Bank vs A. & G. McBean..... 1,288 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Dec. 11

Montreal—Dme. Sophie Goss agt L. J. Ethier, \$1,227; C. H. A. Guimond agt J. E. Glackmeyer et al, \$162; E. K. Greene agt Jas. Kilgour, \$125; F. Poitras agt Dme. Donald Mc-Farlane, \$736; D. Watson et al agt C. A. Nelson, \$877; Montreal L. & M. Co. agt V. J. St. Arnaud, \$104; R. White agt A. Sabiston. \$4.000. agt A. Sabiston, \$4,000.

JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Dec. 10.

Lochiel Tp-Hon. Donald McMillan agt John Cameron. \$1,872 Toronto-D. Blackley agt Jas. Goodwin, \$318; A. Fraser agt Peter Ryan, \$418.

### Dec. 11.

- Dec. 14.

#### Dec, 15.

Carrick Tp-Mary Armstrong agt Wm. Dickison (Costs) \$750; Jemima Robertson agt Anthony & Agatha Rich, \$1,159. Chatham-M. Wilson agt C. R. & Kathe. B. Atkinson. 1,597 Niagara Falls, N.Y-J. Calcott agt Robt. & Emma Hardy 340

Dec. 16.

- Chatham Tp-W. J. Martin agt John McDonald et al.... 536 Toronto-A. W. Freer et al agt J. H. Matthewson, \$2,460; J. W. Cowan agt A. P. Scott, \$1,015. Woodstock-Sterling Bros. agt J. & T. Grant...... 1,375 .....-Freehold L. & S. Co. agt J. A. Fowler...... 4,581 Buffalo, N. Y.-J. G. Harris agt Geo. McCoach....... 3,976
- JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NOVA SCOTIA.

## Dec. 14.

#### JUDGMENTS RENDERED B. C.

#### Dec. 16.

New Westminster—Vancouver Land & Security Corpn. agt, Hugh Youdall, \$088.
Vancouver—Elzth. Kirkland agt T. J. Beatty, \$833; B. C. Land Land & Invest. Agency agt J. E. Crane, \$2,088.

#### CHATTEL MORTGAGES, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Dec. 10.

#### ..... \$2,025 650

Dec. 11.

\$1,179.

#### Dec. 14.

\$1,078.

- Dec. 16.

- Woodslee S-H. C. Rees to Sutherland-Innes Co..... 35,000
  - CHATTEL MORTGAGES, MAN. & N.W.T.

Dec. 16.

Dauphin-Lamont & Co. to G. F. Stephens...... Winnipeg-J. J. Egan to Bank of Ottawa..... 750 7.403

## CHATTEL MORTGAGES, B.C.

### Dec. 16.

Vancouver-Cariboo Gold Fields, Ltd. to A. Cundell et al, \$50,000.

BILLS OF SALE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Dec. 11. 

Dec. 14.

Cayuga-David Thompson to W. J. Quinsey ..... 1,525

Dec. 15. Huntsville-John Whitside to G. McCormack ..... 3.000

BILLS OF SALE, ' ANITOBA & N.W.T.

Dec. 16.

Portage La Prairie-Liberal Printing & Pub. Co. to C. B. Halpin, \$600.

#### BILLS OF SALES, B.C.

Dec. 16:

Rossland-J. A. Manley to G. Waverill ..... 5,677

-In last week's issue under date 7th inst. under heading Noteof Manitoba chattel Mortgages against the following in Winnipeg: R. Sinton, R. & A. Cochrane, & J. C. Gilker, should have read as writs.

## THEATRE FRANCAIS.

" My Partner," the play that made the fame of Louis Idrich as an actor, will be the production at Theatre Francais this week. It was first produced at the Union Square Theatre in New York about a dozen years ago, and it made such an emphatic hit that it remained at that famous place of amusement for more than a it remained at that famous place of amusement for more than a year. It was written by Bartley Campbell, and was one of the best works of this gifted dramatic writer. It was selected as the very best bill obtainable for Christmas week at Theatre Francais and the production will be one of the most notable ever made in this house. A new addition to the company will appear in the person of Mr. John R. Armstrong, a very capable actor who will succed Mr. Joseph Desberger. The vandeville bill will be headed by a clever musical trio, the Cosmopolitan, who it is said present one of the very cleverest specialities known to the vande-ville stage. The Phantascope will be continued with new views; Lavender and Thomson, acrobatic comedians and Joe Lewis, An-tipodean marvel will appear. tipodean marvel will appear.

Dec. 15.



## Financial.

Thursday Ev'g., Dec. 17th, 1896.

Compared with last week, there have been but few alterations in volume or prices, on 'Change. Gas has been steady, while Cable and Postal are firm, although transactions are only of a holiday charac-The maintained earnings of the ter. Montreal Street Ry. Co. have led to an improved enquiry for the stock from investors, and it is expected that after the holidays, with a continuance of favorable money rates there will be a brisk business done. The city claim of some \$90,000 i likely to prove valid. Money is easy and offers pretty freely at 41/2 per cent. on call, no loans being lower, though anticipated by brokers: News from outside markets is generally encouraging, and in New York although investors are holding off a little, a better demand for railroad bonds is reported and an improved feeling in other securities. The European markets are generally firm and fairly active. Locally Sterling · Exchange rates are as follows : Between banks-New York funds 1-32 discount to par; Sterling, 60 days, 8 11-16 to 8 13-16 ; demand, 9 7-16 to 91/2 ; and cables, 91/2 to 9 9-16. Counter rates are as follows :-- New York funds, 1-16 to 1/2 premium; Sterling, 60 days, 8% to 9; demand, 95% to 934; and cables, 93% to 9%. Appended is the usual comparative table of quotations as compiled by C. Meredith & Co .:- .

BANKS.	Shares.	Highest	Lowest.	Average Last Year
Montreal Hochelaga Merchants Toronto Ontario	163 25 37 53 23	228 124 169 228 81	$227\frac{1}{24}$ 124 168 $\frac{1}{228}$ 80	1274
MISCELLANEOUS.	-			
Cable Gas Mt. St Ry Toronto Ry R. & O Duluth prfd Duluth com Mont, Cot. Co Postal Halif'x Tram. Co	$\begin{array}{c} 970 \\ 75 \\ 796 \\ 3517 \\ 988 \\ 50 \\ 100 \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ 660 \\ 105 \end{array}$	166 ¥ 55 ¥ 183 ¥ 220 ¥ 220 ¥ 80 ¥ 91 ¥ 128 93 ¥ 75 ¥	55 -	$\begin{array}{c} 225 \\ 7638 \\ 10058 \\ 1158 \\ 534 \\ 127 \end{array}$

If you want something exquisite in every respect try "Wolff American" High Art Cycles They surpass every thing that is made. For thoroughly good and reliable high grade machines we advise you to ride "McCune" Cycles We can also offer low priced machines of various large manufactories. DORKEN BROS. & CO.,

140 McGill St., - - MONTREAL.

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.

Total for Week End-	
ing Dec. 17, 1896. Clearings.	Balances.
\$11.930.895	\$1,506,563

## Corresponding

	1894 1898	11,873,088 10,354,448	1,963,359
	1895	11,968,976 11 873 088	1,801,854

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

#### Thursday Ev'g., Dec. 17th, 1896.

The visit of the Tariff Commission to Montreal is about the only feature of importance to note this week. Most of the principal wholesale houses were represented before the commission, and its members got a great deal of information, which will doubtless be used for the good of the country. The nail manufacturers at their meeting held as we announced last week, took the very action we had anticipated. They decided to make a very material reduction in the price of cut nails and accordingly made the base price \$2.80, with 10c per keg allowance, as compared with the old list price of \$2.75. In other lines there is only a moderate business doing and prices generally hold steady.

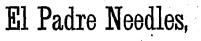
ASHES-Receipts have been moderate and demand light. We quote pots \$3.40 for first sort and \$3.05 for seconds; pearls \$4.50 for first sort. Received since 1st January 1898 bris. pots, 295 bris. pearls. Delivered since 1st January, 1938 bris. pots, 283 bris. pearls. In store 16th December at 6 p.m., 120 bris. pots, 65 bris. pearls.

BOOTS AND SHOES—It is said that orders are coming in quite freely on spring account, although the fall sorting business is small. Prices are very firm, and after the New Year it is thought that the market will be much more brisk than it is at the moment, as some firms are still busy stocktaking. Collections are fairly good.

CEMENTS AND FIREBRICKS — Business continues very slow but prices are steady. There is little or no outdoor work now in progress, hence the quietude. Prices are firm, however, at \$1.90 to \$2 for Belgian cement; \$2 to \$2.10 for English cement and \$16.50 to \$22.00 for fire-bricks.

DRESSED HOGS-Receipts continue quite ample for all requirements, and with a fair demand prices generally hold steady. The range is still large, however, and present quotations are from \$4.75 up, according to weight and quality.

DRY GOODS—The trade at the moment is principally in fancy goods, the demand for staples being very light, as is commonly the case at this season of the year. Some



10 cents.,



5 cents.

The Best ⊱

## CIGARS

that money, skill, and nearly half a

century's experience can produce.

Made and Guaranteed by

## S. DAVIS & SONS

good spring orders are coming in and prospects are reported by travellers as being very favorable for the early part of the next year. Collections are fairly satisfactiory, although with respect to some sections there is still said to be room for improvement. City and suburban retailers report a fairly satisfactory business, the cold weather having stimulated the enquiry for heavy goods, and in anticipation of the approaching holiday season, far.cy goods are moving freely. An English report gave the following interesting particulars : Bradford—Wool—The wool market continues active, and prices all round show an advancing tendency, though not to the extent anticipated after the Presidential election in America. In the yarn trade there is very little animation in regard to new business, yet the position of spinners is strong, owing to a number of old contracts running which enables them to keep up recent hardening values. Pieces generally are not so much in request as makers had hoped for at this season, and except where specialties are in decided evidence there is no weight of business passing either for home or export. Leeds and Huddersfield—Transactions on the average in these districts are fairly active and makers of the principal classes, such as fine and medium vicunas, plain and fancy worsted coatings, etc., continue well employed. Prices steady. Dewsbury—The heavy woollen trade is well maintained and much speculation is noticeable in the light classes of serges, vicunas and tweeds. Army cloths dull. White and coloured blankets are selling well, a few makers running overtime. Carpots improved. Rochdale—Flannels— There is little or no change to report in this market.

Fish—The advent of cold weather has stimulated general business, and country orders for frozen fish are coming in quite freely. Arrivals are fairly large, and the range of prices is about as follows: Whitefish,  $7\frac{1}{2}$  to 8c lb.; haddock,  $3\frac{1}{2}$ c lb.; j pike, 5c lb.; dore, 7c lb.; smelts, 5 to 6c lb.; tommycods, \$1.75 to \$2 per brl.; herrings, \$1.25per brl. Salt fish shows few changes from a week ago, green cod is as firm as ever and said to be scarce. Distributors' prices are now \$4.50 to \$4.75 for No. 1, \$5 for large and \$5.50 for draft. In smoked fish, finnan haddies sell well at  $6\frac{1}{2}$  to 7c, and bloaters at from 90c to \$1.20.

FLOUR-A fair enquiry is still noted on export account, but locally the market is only slow with prices unchanged. It is said that several fair-sized quantities have been worked for export via St. John, N.B., and for Australia. The meal market shows no improvement, although prices are steady. In feed, a moderate enquiry for bran and shorts is noted, and prices are unchanged.

GRAIN—Locally the markets are unchanged and very quiet. In fact it is not thought that there will be much improvement before the New Year. Oats are casier, as are peas, but the demand is slow. Cable advices to the Board of Trade said : Cargoes off coast, wheat dull, maize quiet; cargoes on passage, wheat easy, maize rather easier; mixed American maize, sail grade terms, 13s 7½d. Liverpool spot wheat quiet, spot maize steady. Minneapolis first balcers' flour, 25s. Futures, wheat, 6s 7d Jan., Feb., 6s 8½d March; 6s 2d April maize steady, 2s 9¾d Dec., Jan., Feb., March, 2s 9¾d April, May. Paris wheat, 21.95 Dec.; 21.80 January; flour, 46.15 Dec., 46.40 January. French country markets steady.

GREEN FRUIT—A fairly large holiday trade is in progress, and arrivals by way of New York are ample to supply all demands. The apple export trade by way of Portland is fairly brisk, although markets in England are still said to be unfavorable. Present quotations are about as follows: Lemons, Messinas, per box, \$3.00 to \$3.50, Malagas, in chests, \$6 to \$7; bananas, \$2.25 to \$2.75 per bunch; apples, 75c to \$1.50 per bbl.; Famense apples, \$1 to \$1.50 per bbl.; Catawba grapes, 5 lb. baskets, 16 to 17c; cocoanuts, bags, \$4 to \$4.25 per hundred; sweet potatoes, \$2.25 brl.; Cape Cod cranberries, \$5 to \$6 brl.; new chestnuts, 10c lb.; oranges, California navels, per box, \$4 to \$4.50; Jamaica oranges, \$6 to \$6.50 brl., do boxes, \$3.75 to \$4; pinoapples, 20 to 25c; Malaga grapes, \$4.50 to \$7 per keg; new figs, fancy, 13 to 17c; choice, 10 to 12c, and Spanish onions, in crates, 80 to 85c; walnuts, Grenoble, 11 to 12c lb.; new dates, 6 to 7c lb.

GROCERIES -- Very little can be reported this week. A fairly satisfactory trade is being done, and very few changes in prices have been noted. In sugars, there is absolutely no change. Business is very light and refiners report their prices unchanged as follows: --granulated, 3% to 4c, as to size of lot, and yellows, 3% to 3% c, according to quality. The raw markets are generally steady and about the same as a week ago. In canned goods the feature is the strength and continually advancing prices of tomatoes. Packers are now asking 75 to 80c. Salmon is not moving very freely. In dried fruit, wholesale business is practically at an end for the season, and quoted prices are more or less nomina<sup>1</sup>. Coffee, rice and spices show little change. In teas we heat of several sales of small lots, but prices hold as firm as ever. A report from London, Eng. had the following to say of the market: --Indian--The offerings at public auction in November were 238,000 packages, against 175,000 packages in the same month of 1895. This extremely large quantity was only put through by means of auctions that twice broke the record for quantity printed in a single day. In spite of the heavy offerings, the market maintained a wonderfully strong and steady tone until the last week, when it was rather quieter. Good liquoring teas were keenly competed for throughout the month, and the only class that can be quoted somewhat lower is that of inferior cup teas in the lower grades. Some exceedingly choice samples from Darjeeling fetched very high prices. The general run of the quality was very useful and the value offered seems to have induced a good trade in the country, while some improvement was experienced in the demand for export. Ceylon-The offerings at public auction were 73,000

packages, against 63,000 packages in the same month of 1895. The quality generally was of a desirable character, although there were some falling off in a few of the choice marks. The market was animated throughout, with strong prices for all grades. The ayerage for public sale prices was 9d per lb., against 9d per lb. for the corresponding month of last year. The imports were 7,020,000 lbs. and the deliveries 7,145,000 lbs. leaving in stock on 30th November, 17,958,000 lbs.

HARDWARE—The meeting of nail manu facturers to which we referred a week ago took the action we then predicted, that is, they made a material reduction in the base price of cut nails. This was brought down from \$2.75 to \$2.30. Horse shoes, although quoted by manufacturers at \$3.50, are selling freely at \$3.85, and horse shoe nail discounts are still 50 per cent. General trade is still very quiet, with prices other than those named, steady. Collections are still said to be only moderate. An English exchange gives the following as showing the maximum and minimum production there of the last fifteen years (divided into four different periods), will be interesting as showing the repeated expansion and contraction which is continually going forward :—

1896 (Estimated Tons	1) 1895 Tons	1894 Tons	1893 Tons
Expansion			
, 8,650,000	7,895,675	7,804,745	6,829,841
	1892	1891	1890
	Tons	Tons	Tous
Contraction	.6,616,890		7,875,180
	1880	1888	1887
	Tons	Tons	Tons
Expansion	8,245,336	7,898,684	7,441,927
Contraction-	1886	1885	1884
	Tons	Tons	Tons
	6,870,665	7,297,295	7,528,966
	1883	1882	
•	Tons	Tons	
		8,463,287	•

HAY—Trade is only moderate and receipts fairly large. Prices, consequently, have a slightly easier tendency, and sales of No. 1 have been made at \$10.50 to \$10.75, and of No. 2 about \$1 less. Country markets are quiet and steady.

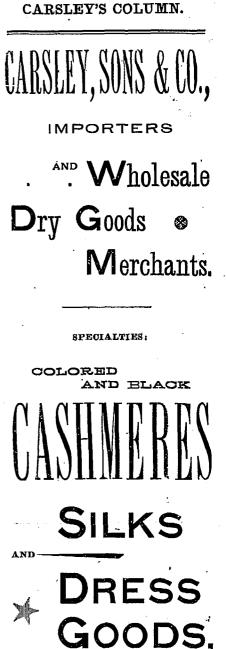
HIDES—A fair enquiry from tanners is noted, and prices of beef hides are steady at the decline noted last week. This, it will be remembered, made prices 7c, 6c and 5c, for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively. Lambskins are firm at 75c, with other lines quiet and unchanged. American markets are reported dull and fairly steady.

LEATHER—The local business still continues moderate, and the bulk of attention this week has centred on the visit of the tariff commission. The new year is expected to see a decided improvement in this branch of business. Prices hold firm, while the export trade is satisfactory. The English markets are reported firm, and good-sized shipments are going forward by way of Portland and St. John, N.B.

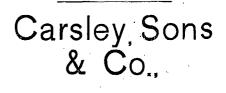
PAINTS AND OILS- Further changes in prices are reported, but business is very quiet. Glass and castor oil are firm, the latter costing about 9% c to lay down here. Collections are said to be fairly satisfactory. Turpentine shows no change.

PETROLEUM—A brisk business is in progress and prices hold steady. Following is a fair range : W W., 19 to 20c, American benzine,  $21\frac{1}{2}$  to 25c; Canadian benzine, 14 to 15c; astral, 21 to 22c. Refined in Petrolia quoted at 10c in bulk, and  $12\frac{1}{2}$  in barrels, in car lots, f.o.b. there.

POULTRY-A moderate business is reported, but arrivals are quite equal to all



Mantles and Jackets.



113 St. Peter Street,

## MONTREAL.

Substitution the fraud of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand Carter's Little Liver Pills.

## Winter's Coming!

'Tis best for you to know the facts about heating apparatus if you are considering about a plant for your home. "Safford" Radiators are the only heating apparatus in the world that has imitators; and why? Because they are the simplest and best in construction and durability.





SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Tubular Boilers for the Eastern Block, Ottawa," will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 31st December, 1896, for the supplying and placing of 3 tubular hollers, in the Eastern Block, Ottawa.

for the supplying and placing of 3 tubular boilers, in the Eastern Block, Ottawa. Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, on and after Friday, the 11th December, and tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of amount of tender, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, E. F. E. ROY, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 10th December, 1896.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

requirements. Following is about the present range of prices : Turkeys,  $6\frac{1}{2}$  to  $7\frac{1}{2}$ c; chickens, 6 to  $6\frac{1}{2}$ c; ducks, 7 to  $7\frac{1}{2}$ c; and geese, 5 to  $5\frac{1}{2}$ c.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS—The cheese market continues quiet, and in the absence of influential business prices are merely nominal. A good deal is still being shipped, however, but these are mostly taken from cold storage. Butter shows little change, and some fair-sized sales of creamery have taken place at 18 to 18½c, although in one or two cases it is claimed that even more has been realized. Rolls are still coming in freely and move well around 13 to 14c, while dairy is quiet and nominal. The egg market is steady and fresh stock sells well at 22c, with limed fairly active at 14 to 14½c. Provisions are quiet and prices steady:

WANTED-An active man well acquainted with the wholesale dry goods trade. Address in writing (confidentially) Wincey." P. O. Box 576, Montreal.

WANTED—An active, steady man, well acquainted with general store trade. An excellent opening for a good man. Salary and commission. Address, giving detaila-(in confidence)—"Departmental," care of Journal of Commerce, Montreal.

WANTED—An active, steady man to introduce a new article to the Dry Goods Trade. Address, giving age and experience—VELOURS, Care Journal of Commerces Montreal.

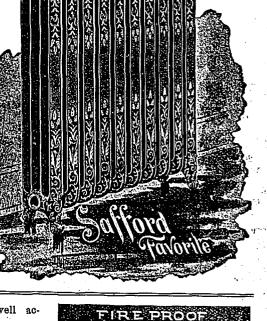
TO GO TO EUROPE-An active, experienced business man, willing to go to Europe for about six months, te introduce a new Canadian article, is wanted by the undersigned :

> HUDDERSFIELD, Care of Journal of Commerce, Montreal.

WANTED—A young man of some experience in general business, to assist in compiling market reports. Address, giving experience — GRENOBLE, care of Journal of Commerce, Montreal.

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

"As an evidence of the growing popularity of our artistic products, we take pleasure in recording the sales, IN THE SAME WEEK, of three PRATTE PIANOS, the best in every respect that the Pratte Piano Co. can turn out. One was shipped to VANCOUVER, B.C., to adorn one of the finest houses on the Pacific Coast ; another to LONDON, England, to be placed in one of the fashionable mansions, and the third to PARIS, France, ordered by a musician."



1047



TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.

(Revised by Telegraph). TORONTO, Dec. 17, 1896.

There is some improvement in certain lines of heavy wear, while notion houses are busy with the Christmas trade. The retail trade is better also, with a good business reported by the large departmental stores. General wholesale trade is quiet, and many merchants have begun to take stock. Good snow roads in the country are needed to stimulate business. Payments are fairly satisfactory and prices of leading staples rule steady. Money is easy at 5 per cent. on call, and prime commercial paper is discounted at 6 to 6½ per cent. Sterling exchange is firmer. The stock market is very dull and easier for the leading speculators. Last sales: Postal 93, Cable 164%, Toronto Elec. 126, Toronto Ry. 70, Imperial Bank 178, Toronto 228, Western Canada Loan 106, Union 88.

BUTTER, &c.—There is a quiet trade with prices generally unchanged. The best dairy tub is offering at 14 to 15, large

## Trappers' Receipts

or catching Fur Bearing Animals and Tanning Raw Furs: Copyright secured under the Game Laws of Canada, 15%. Only \$ 1.00 by



	CANADIAN VOUL								
Leboeuf & Hurtubise.			STOCK	S AND	BOND	3, 			
Accountants, Real Estate Agents and General Brokers,	NAME.	Par Val'e.	Capital Sub- scribed.	Capital paid-up.	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms	Dates of Dividends.	Yer Cent Price pec 17.	Valu
Room 54, Montreal StreetRallway Bldg. MONTREAL.	British North Am Can. Bank of Commerce Commercial, Windsor Dominion	2435 50 40 50	4,865,666 6,000.000 500,000 1,500,000	8,000,000 288,640	1,388,333 1,600,000 95,000 1,500,000	8	Apl. Oct. June Dec May Nov	105	243 62 42 110 8
JAMES BAXTER, NOTE BROKER, Buys and Sells Commercial Paper, &c., &c. 157 St. James Street, MONTREAL	Du Fenple Bactern Townships Hamilton Hochelaga Jacques Cartier Merchante' Can Molsons Molsons Notreal Notreal	50 100 100 100 25 100 100 50 200 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1,500,000\\ 1,250,000\\ 800,000\\ 1,963,600\\ 500,000\\ 6,000,000\\ 1,600,000\\ 2,000,000\\ 1,200,000\\ 1,200,000\\ 500,000\end{array}$	1,499,905 1,250,000 800,000 1,962,3°0 500,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000	750,000 675,000 345,000 1,156,175 235,000 3,000,000 976,000 1,400,000 6,000,000	31/4 4 & 1 31/4 4 & 1 83/4 4 & 1 31/4 4 & 1 4 & 1 4 & 1 5 & 2 1/4	Jan July June Dec June Dec June Dec June Dec June Dec Aug Fet April Oc June Dec June Dec	145 162 178 124 178 121/3 xd 168 162 162 162 162 162 80	72 123 124 178 121 168 162 91 455 80 249
H. S. PHILLIPS & CO., 61 St. James Street, Journercial Paper Bought, Advances made on Warehouse Receipts.	New Brunswick Ontario People's of N. B. Quebec. St. Stephen's Standard Toronto Traders Union Italifax) Union Italifax Ville Marie		1,000,000 1,500,000 150,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 500,000 1,200,000 500,000	1,000,000 1,500,000 180,000 2,500,000 1,900,000 1,900,000 2,000,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 1,	50,000 1,000,000 115,000 500,000 45,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 1,000,000 1,500,		June De June De Jan Jul; June De April Oc June De June De June De June De June De Apil Oc	c 781/2 c 115 c 115 c 162 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 228 c 27 c 228 c 20 c 70 c 70	77 158 115 115 81 225 97 61 100 70
Romeo Prevost & Co., accountants auditors, curators and commissioners Liquidation of Insolvent Estates a speci- ality. Money to lend. Offices Nos. 41 & 42 Montreal Street Railway Building, Montreal.	App, Sav, and Loan Co Bell Tel - phone Co Brit. Can, Loan & Inv. Co Brit. Mortg. Loan A sesoe Can. Clored Cot, Mills Co Can. Landed & Natl Inv'tCo Can. P. rm, Loan and Sav Can. Sav. & Loan Co Centr-1 Can. Loan & S.v. C Dominion Sav. and Inv. Co	$ \begin{array}{c} 100\\ 101\\ 100\\ 2\\ 100\\ 100\\ 5\\ 50\\ 100\\ 50\\ \end{array} $	500,000 630,000 8,168,000 1,620,000 450,000 2,700,000 2,000,000 5,000,000 7,500,000 1,000,000	$ \begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$	120,000         120,000           800,070         112,000           31         75,000           32         75,000           31         75,000           32         75,000           350,000         124,077           350,000         1,450,000           350,000         1,95,000           325,000         325,000           2         10,000	0 3½ 0 3½ 5 3 0 3½ 0 5 0 3½ 0 3½	July Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul June De Jan Jul July De	y 100 y 100 y 50 y 100 y 50 y 10 y 128 y 128	··· 15 10 10 ··· 11 3 10 10 12 5 12 3 6
rolls 12½ to 14c, and pound rolls 15 to 17c. Creamery is unchanged at 17 to 18c, for tub and 19 to 20c for rolls. New-laid eggs bring 20c, and cold-storage 16c per doz. in case lots. Cheese 10 to 10½c. DRESED HOGS — The offerings are fair and prices continue to rule firm. The best packers bring \$4.75 to \$4.85 in car lots and heavy \$4.50.	Dominion Telegraph Co Dominion Colon Mills Co Farmers' Lown and Sav. Co. Free eloid Loan and Sav. Co. Hamilton Prov. and Lown. Huron & Erie Loan & Sav. C Imperial Loan ard Inv. Co. Landed Banking and Loan J. Lond, & 'an, Loan and Ag London Loan Co Manitoba & North-W. La C Manitoba & North-W. La C Montreal Telegraph Co	- 100 - 50 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 50 - 100 - 50 - 100 - 40 - 40	1,000,00 3,000,00 1,057,25 3,223,50 1,500,00 2,000,00 3,000,00 5,000,00 5,000,00 679,70 2,750,00 1,500,00 2,500,00 2,500,00	0         3,000,00           0         611,43           0         1,319,10           0         1,100,60           0         1,100,60           0         1,337,00           0         1,337,00           0         674,385           00         674,385           00         674,385           00         659,065           00         550,00           00         375,00           00         375,00           00         3,497,77	0 146,11 0 659,57 0 339,81 0 190,00 0 164,00 164,00 164,00 0 11 145,00 0 0 164,00 0 164,00 0 164,00 0 11 145,00 0 0 11 145,00 0 0 164,00 0 11 145,00 0 0 164,00 0 164,00 0 164,00 0 11 145,00 0 0 11 145,00 0 0 164,00 0 11 145,00 0 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 145,00 0 11 11 150,00 0 11 11 150,00 0 11 11 150,00 0 11 11 150,00 0 11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Mar-Qtly i May Ne June De Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Mch Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan Ju	ec 100 Iy 110 Iy 156xd Iy 162 Iy 100 Iy 162 Iy 103 Iy 162 Iy 165 Iy 162 Iy 165 Iy 1	0 8 4 10 11 10 11 8 9 9 11 4 5 9 9 6 7
FLOUR AND GRAIN — Flour is dul and unchanged; good grades of Straight roller sell at \$4.00 and choice at \$4.10 Toronto freights. Ontario patents are quoted at \$4.25 to 4.30. Manitoba patents \$5 and strong bakers \$4.75 to \$4.85. Bran is dull at \$7.50 west. Oatmeal \$3.20 to \$3.25. Wheat is very dull; red sold outside at	Montreal Street Ry. Co Montreal Cotion Co Merchants M'rg Co Montreal 1 oan and Morig Ont. Indus. Loan and Deb, Co People's Loan and Deb, Co. People's Loan and Dep, Co. Real Eet, Loan Co Richeleieu and Ont, Nav. Co. Toronto Electric Light Co Toronto Electric Light Co Toronto Street Rallwwy Un on Loan and Sav. Co. Western Con. Loan and Sav. Western Loan & Trust Co.	100 100 25 100 50 50 40 100 100 100 100 50 50	466,8 2,000,0 500,0 581,0 1,359,0 500,0 6,00 1,000,0 3,000,0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	x0         500,0           x0         500,0           x0         190,0           x0         190,0           x0         115,0           x0         50,0           x0         250,0           x0         20,0           x5         260,0           x0         770,0		March-Qtly Feb A Mch S Jan Ju Jan Ju Quarterly Ju Ju	ug 90 ep 134 ily 30 ily 118xd ily 25 ily 60 85	

4 St. Lawrence St.

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Room 9 and 15 Fabre Bidg

#### J. O. FRAPPIER R.

**E**lectrical Contractor, and Experimentalist in Electrical Works.

#### FRAPPIER, S.

Architect, Measurer and Valuator, Mechanical Designing a Specialty.

N.B.--Patents Agency for all Countries

the same prices. Good butchers' cattle are at 3c to 3¼c, medium selling 21/2 to 21/4c and inferior 2 to 21/4c. Milch cows firm at \$25 to \$45 each the latter for choice. Calves \$3 to \$6,00 per head. Sheep sell at 32 to 34c for choice exporters and 21/2c for butchers. Lambs at \$2.50 to \$3.50 each. Hogs firm, the best baccon lots selling at 3% to 4c; thick fats 3% to 3%c, and light 3% to 3%c. Sows 2% to 3c, and stags 1% to 2c par lb per lb.

PROVISIONS - Trade is quiet and and prices unchanged, Mess Pork

short cut is quoted at \$10.75 to \$11, \$11 to \$11.50, and shoulder mess \$9.50. Bacon 51/2 to 60 \$9.00 to for long clear. Breakfast bacon 10 to 101/2c and backs 9 to 91/2c. Smoked hams 10 to 11c. Lard 634 to 71%c per 1p. the latter for pails. Dried apples 2 to 21/c, and evaporated 4 to 5c. Beans 60 to 70c per bushel. Potatoes are 28 to 30c per bag for car lots.

Woon - Trade is very dull. Combing fleece is quoted at 201% to 211%, and re-jections 17c. Pulled supers 20 to 21c, nd extras 22 to 28c.

FLO and m roller Toron quote paten to \$4 Oatmeal \$3.20to \$3.25. Oatmeal \$3.20 to \$3.25, Wheat Western Go is very dull; red sold outside at Western Lo 80c and White at 91c, No. 1 Manitoba Mandesor Hotel hard 93c Toronto freights, and No. 2 is quoted at 90 to 91c. No. 1 hard at Fort Wil-liam 80c. Barley dull at 34c for No. 1, 28c for No. 2 and 20 to 21c for feed. Oats easier at 18c for white and 17c west for mixed. Peas steady at 40c north and west -Roy 84c cast, conv 25c and buck-Rye 34c east, corn 25c and buckwest. wheat 29c outside east.

GROCERIES - There is a fair trade with changes in prices. Granulated sugars are selling at 4c to 41/2, and yellows at 81/4 to 3%c. Rio coffee 15 to 17c. Canned goods firm ; tomatoes 67 to 75c ; peas, 60 to This, connects of the subset, peak, or to 75c; corn, 55 to 70c; salmon, Cohoes \$1.10. to \$1.25. Valencia raisins, off stalk  $5\frac{1}{2}$ to  $5\frac{1}{2}c$ , and selections  $6\frac{1}{2}$  to 7c; Prunes  $6\frac{1}{2}$  to  $6\frac{1}{2}c$ . Currants,  $4\frac{1}{3}$  to  $4\frac{1}{2}c$ .

HARDWARE-A fair trade is doing in seasonable goods. Nails are lower,

HIDES AND SEINS - The hide market is dull, with cured quoted at 71 to 7%c. Dealers are paying 6%c for No. 1 6½c for No. 2 and 4½c for No. 3. Calf-skins 6 to Sc. Sheepskins rule at 75 to 80c, Tallow dull at 3 to 3%c.

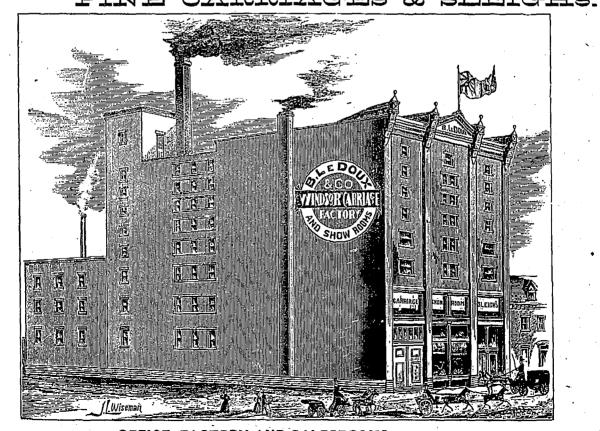
LIVE STOCK-The cattle market is fairly active and firm. Exporters are selling at 3% c to 4c and prime Christmas cattle at

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1048

#### MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAYS DEC. 17, 1896 Wholesale. Name of A rticle. Wh olesale Name of Article. Wholesale Name of Article. Mens. \$ 0 60 0 50 0 90 1 40 1 00 1 50 1 60 2 00 1 40 2 00 2 03 5 00 2 03 5 00 0 6 full \$ 75, Womens. 0 70 1 00 0 80 1 12 1 25 2 00 1 25 5 00 1 25 5 50 1 00 2 20 Boots and Shoes. Brogans or Cobourgs Split Balmorals Klp " or Congress Split Boots Buff " or Congress Split Boots Grain " \$2,00 to \$8.00, Felt Sox ... Felt Boots, half for ...... \$1 60 2 10 Youths. \$0 60 \$0 85 1 00 1 20 1 00 1 25 1 10 1 50 1 25 1 50 1 50 2 00 Boys. \$0 55 \$0 80 0 70 0 80 0 75 1 00 0 90 1 15 0 85 1 10 1 00 1 00 *Binder Twine.* Good mixed ..... Pure manilia..... \$ c \$ c. 50 2 00 2 80 2 50 0 70 0 80 1 50 2 00 \$ c. \$ c. 0 00 0 061 0 071 Soda Ash..... Soda Bicarb..... Sal. Soda..... "Concentrated ... Brooms. Bit optimize Bit optize Bit optimize Bit optimize</t \$2 50 Mie: 0 70 0 80 0 85 0 85 1 15 1 00 1 90 1 00 Dyestuffs. Archil. con.... Gutch... Ex. Logwood ..... Chips... Indigo (Bengal)... Indigo (Bengal)... Indigo Hadras... Gambler... Madder... Madder. Childe Childs. 0.55 0.85 0.65 0.75 0.70 0.80 0.50 0.70 0.80 1.35 0.90 1.35 1.40 1.75 0.75 0.90 0 80 1 00 0 90 0 90 1 50 1 75 2 50 1 50 Sumac.... Fish. Fish. Distributors prices. Cape Brit. Herring, Labrador Herrings Sea Trout No. 1 split p.b. " half brils.... " Nova Scotla... Mackerel No. 1. kitts.... " ' ' ' barrel. Green Cod, No. 1 ..... Green " large Draft " bartel. Largedry" per quintal. Salmon No. 1 bris Lab... Salmon Hardes..... Mens' Calf, Bals. Cong or Batt. Goodyear Welt ...... " Tan Russia Calf, Bals. Cong or Butt, Goodyear Welt ...... " Trench Pat. Calf or Enamel Leather Bals. Butt. and Cong. Ladies' Glaze Dong. Butt. and Bals., Goodyear Welt ..... " " " " " " " McKay Sewn ..... $\begin{array}{c} 2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 8 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$ 8 50 2 50 2 50 2 50 4 50 3 00 3 00 2 50 Drugs & Chemicals Acid Carbolic Cryst medi. 0 80 Alum 1 50 Boraz, xtis 0 71 Boraz, xtis 0 60 Camphor, Eng, Ref oz, cks 0 80 "Ref Rings 0 60 Copperas, per 100 lbs 0 75 Cream Tartar 0 32 Epom Salts 1 50 Gyperine 0 24 Gum Arabic per lb. 0 24 Gum Arabic per lb. 0 24 "Trag. 0 50 Morphia 0 65 Phosporns 0 65 Strychnine 0 75 Strychnine 0 75 Tartar. Acid 0 70 Yatash Bichromate 0 11 Phosports 0 65 Strychnine 0 75 Tartartc Acid 0 75 Strychnine 0 75 Thartarto Acid 0 75 Strychnine 0 75 Thartarto Acid 0 75 Thartarto Acid 0 75 Thortastas 0 20 Drugs & Chemicals $\begin{array}{c} 85\\ 0&85\\ 0&0&85\\ 0&0&85\\ 1&0&75\\ 1&0&75\\ 0&0&85\\ 1&0&75\\ 0&1&85\\ 2&200\\ 0&85\\ 1&0&75\\ 0&0&0\\ 1&25\\ 2&76\\ 0&0&0\\ 0&25\\ 0&0&0&0\\ 0&0&0&0\\ 0&0&0&0\\ 0&0&0&0\\ 0&0&0\\ 0&0&0&0\\ 0&0&0&0\\ 0&0&$ Wholesale Wholesale \$c. \$c. 1 15 1 35 2 00 2 35 4 15 0 000 14 50 10 00 3 30 0 00 6 40 0 00 1 35 2 10 1 35 2 10 1 30 0 00 0 00 2 00 1 35 2 10 1 20 0 00 2 00 2 30 1 35 2 10 1 20 0 00 2 00 2 30 1 35 2 10 1 20 0 00 2 00 2 30 2 00 2 30 0 00 2 30 0 00 2 30 0 00 0 30 0 07 0 07 2 25 0 00 Name of Article. Wholesale. Name of Article. 1-lb ..... 2-lbs ..... 4-lbs ..... 6-lbs ..... 14-lbs ..... Canned Goods. Corn Beef 46 66 66 LunchTugs 1-lb per doz. "2-lbs" Flour. 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 40 0 00 2 00 2 00 0 70 1 00 Heavy Chemicals. Bleaching Powder..... Bine Vitriol. Brimetone.... Canatic Soda 60...... "70...... 2 25 2 75 5 00 6 50 1 75 2 25 1 90 2 25 2 15 2 50 Roast Chicken 1-lb tins.. Roast Turkey, 1-lb tins.. 2 25 2 25 0 00 0 00 ESTABLISHED 1852.





Montreal.

OFFICE, FACTORY AND SALESROOMS:

93, 95 & 97 OSBORNE STREET,

N	IONTREA	L WHOLESALE P	RICES C	URRENT-THURSD.	AY DEC.	17, 1896.	•
Name of Article.	Wholesale.		Wholessie.		Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholessle
Farm Products.	\$ c. \$ c.	Barley, malting	\$ c. \$ c. 0 00 0 00 0 32 0 84	Molasses (Barbados)img Porto Rico		Vermicelli, Canadian Macaroni, "	\$ C, \$ C. 0 05 0 08 0 05 0 06
BUTTER: Creamery, Townships, dairy, Western Lower grades	0 15 0 17	Peas, per 60 lbs, afloat new In store Rye No. 2	0 00 0 00	Trinidad Cuba	0 00 0 00	Macaroni, " "Italian Peel-Citron. Orange Lemon	0 10 0 18 0 18 0 20 0 18 0 15
Rolls CHEESE: FinestOatsrio	0 18 0 14	Corn, in bond " duty paid	0 00 0 00	Raisins: Sultanas Loose Musc. California	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 071 & 0 & 101 \\ 0 & 062 & 0 & 082 \\ 1 & 50 & 0 & 002 \end{array}$	Chocolate	
Finest Ontario Quebec Quebec	0 00 0 00	Croceries.	0.1-2 0.15	Con. Cluster Extra Dessert Royal Bucking'm Clust	2 25 0 00	Vanilla, yel, wrap. 24 x ½ lb do Chamois do do do Pink do do do Blue do do	0 48 0 48 0 50 0 56 0 58 0 66
Baus: Montreal limed held Shipped as strictly tresh	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Japan, com. to med., b "good med. to ine choicest fancy	0 22 0 25	per fb Valencia off stalk " "Layers " Currante, Provincials "	0.06 0.061	i lp. Van. Green do do o do Lilac do do o do Bronze do do	0 50 0 56 0 58 0 66 C 65 0 74 0 78 0 88
Порв: per 16 " Old		Y. llyson, com. to good fine to finest, lb	0 11 0 20 0 30 0 45	Filiatras	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0.6 \\ 0 & 0.7 \\ 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$	do do White do do Uneweet'd blue prem do Starch: Can. Laundry	0 38 0 42
Hog PRODUCTS: Bacon, smoked, per D Hams, city cured, "	0 084 0 09 0 09 0 10	Gunpowder, Moyune" "good" Pingeney, med to good." "fine to finest" Oolong"	0.24 0.49	Figs in bags, " new layers Sh. Almonds, bxs	3 50 5 00 0 09 0 17 0 19 0 25	Benson's Prep. Corn Can. Pure Corn	0 00 0 07
Pork Ca. s.c. per bbl.clear do ness Lard, per b	10 00 11 00 1n 50 11 50	Congou, common " "good common. " "med. to good " "ine to finest "	015 020	S. S. Tarragóna Walnuta	0 091 0 10 0 10 0 14 0 12 0 00 0 071 0 10	Vinegar: Imp Trip, 1 brl Cote D'or Crystal Pickling W. W. XXX W. W. XX	1028 0.00
SEEDS: Clover, red, per lb	0 00 0 00	Darjeelings	0 17%0 80 0 35 0 45 0 16 0 35	Spices: Cassiamats Macechests Cloves	0 12; 0 09; 0 90 1 20 0 07; 0 09	W.W.X	0.00 0.20
Alsike, per b Timothy, (Can'n) per bsh. "Western Flax 56 lbs	2 50 <sup>°</sup> 2 75 2 00 2 50	Ceyfon Java	0 23 0 28 0 18 0 20 0 17; 0 18;	Nutmegs	0 85 0 75 0 184 0 21 0 154 0 184 0 08 0 10	Matches: Telegraph	0 27 0 00 0 06 0 06 0 02 1 0 05 3 30 8 50
Potatoes, per bag Honey, strained	0000000	Chicory	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	African """ Pimento"" Pepper, Black" White"	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 07 \\ 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 12 \\ \end{array}$	" Parlor	170 $175260$ $280$
Spring Rye BEANS: white ordinary bus hand-picked	1 20 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	Ex Granulated, brls Off grade gran'd	000 0037 000 000		0 72 0 75 0 23 0 25 <u>1</u> 0 65 0 70 0 22 0 24	Sovereign	260 000
		Ex Ground, in bris " " in bxs Powdered, in bris Parle Lumps, in bris	0 041 0 00 0 041 0 00 0 041 0 00 0 041 0 00	Rice, large lots, standard B	0 00 3 45	Royal Lily do Rose Globa	1 20 0 00
0.0010		" " half bris " " 100-lb bxs " 50-lb bxs	0 041 0 00 0 041 0 00 0 042 0 00	" Japan Standard " " Crystal Japan " " Carolina	4 25 4 40 4 75 5 00 6 50 7 50 0 04 0 06	Improved Globe	
Grain. Bard Man. No. 1 Ft. Wm. "No. 2	000 000	Branded Yellows Syrup	0 031 0 033 0 015 0 025	Gelatine, 1 qt pk"	0 03 0 04 1 15 0 00 1 75 0 00	Antimony. Tin. Block.L&F, FD Straits	0 00 0 15 0 00 0 15 0 141 0 00 0 16 0 161
Cats No. 2	0 251 0 251			" 2 qt pks "	280 000	Corper: Ingot "	0 11 1 0 12

SUGARS.-Refiners prices to the wholesale trade ; jobbers would have to pay %c additional.

# A Moment with the Thoughtful

Several manufacturers of house heating boilers are vising with each other in an attempt to see how cheaply their product; can be made, and give no thought to their endurance, efficiency or economy.

INFERIOR GOODS ARE DEAR AT ANY PRICE.

We ask that you compare the excellence in construction and finish, ar ngement and quality o heating surface, largergate are as, case in cleanin Minimum amount of space with maximum power as embodied in the



After a careful investigation of these features we feel safe in leaving the decision to our best judgment.

Montreal.

NOT HOW CHEAP, BUT HOW GOOD.

The Gurney-Massey Co., Ltd.,

Job Printing of all kinds done at this office.

## ACETYLENE FOR PHOTOMETRIC PURPOSES.

At a recent meeting of the French Physical Society, M. Violle recommended the use of acetylene for photometric purposes. The gas, after being compressed in a bomb, leaves it under a pressure equivalent to a 30-centimetre water column, and passes through a small conical mouthpiece, where it absorbs enough air for combustion, which takes place in a burner of the Manchester type. The flame is protected against the surrounding air by a double metallic casing. By using only a part of the flame photometrical values ranging from 5 to 20 candle-power are obtained, The total flame represe .ts 100 candles, and can be increased to 125 candles by increase of pressure. Two diaphragms, one on each side of the burner, are provided with scales which indicate the lighting power of the flames measured. The color of the flame can be changed, and consequently its power of incandescence. If the pressure is increased the flame adopts a rosered tinge which is noticed in the combustion of carburetted substances if occurring at high temperatures.

MONTREAL	WHOLESALE	PRICES	CURRENT-THURSDAY,	DEC.	17	1896

	JNIREAL	WHOLEGALLE FR		KRENI-THURSDA	.1, DEC.	11 1880	
Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesals.
Hardware-Continued.	\$ c \$ c	Sharpand fist pressed nails 3 inchextra 2½ and 2½ " . " . "	1 35 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 65 0 00 1 85 0 00	IX Charcoal IXX " D C "	Usual Trade	No. I, ordinary sole No. 2 " " " Buffalo Sole, No. 1 " No. 2 Zanzibar	0 23 0 24 0 21 0 22 0 19 0 20
Base-50d and 60d, f.o.b., Cut Nailsper keg Steel nails	2 30 0 00 2 30 0 00 2 30 0 00 2 30 0 00	Horse Shoes	2 50 0 00 8 00 0 00 2 50 0 00 8 85	DX " DXX " Terne Plate IC, 20x28 Russ. Sheet Iron	Extras, 5 75 6 00 0 09 0 10	Buffalo Sole, No. 1 Zanzibar. Slaughter. No. 1 No. 2 Harness.	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 24 0 25 22 0 23
Cut nails, fence and cut ppikesHot cut. 400extra 804 204.16d and 12d. 104 8d and 9d 6d and 7d 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Coll Chain—X chain Coll Chain—X chain Goil Chain—X 6-16 7-16 X	0 20 20 00	Anchors, per 1b. Lion & Crown tin'd sh'ts 22 and 24 guage. Zeaz. Pig, per 100 lbst. Sheet, wi Shot, per 100 lbs. Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs. Zita: Sheet Spetter per 100 lbs.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Upper, light Grained Upper Scotch Grain	0 35 0 82 0 35 0 82 0 82 0 85 0 83 0 85
4d to 5d	60 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 50 0 00 0 50 0 00 0 90 0 00	Gaivanized Iron: Morewoods Lion, No. 28 Queen's Head, or equal. Common Pig Iron: Siemens No. 1. Summeriee	. 8 75 4 00	Scrap Iron-	0 00 1 5 00 0 00 13 00 2 00 0 00	English Canada Kip Hemiock Calf French Calf Splits, light and meaning " heavy i easther Board, Canada	C 18 0 21
adextra. 2dextra. Casing and box, flooring shook. and tobacco bo nalla- 12d to 30dextra.	x 00 000	Gartenerrie Gartenerrie G.I.F.T.Riv.Chercoal iro No. 1 Ferrona	. 18 50 19 00 18 50 19 00 n 26 50 28 00	Bright No. 7, per 100 lbs Annealed No. 7 "" "olled "" Galvd, No 5," Trade discount on above	315 000	Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain - B. Calf Brush (Cow) Kid Buff (Cow) Kid	011 018
100	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Bar Iron, per 100 lbs.           Ord, Crown	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 per cent. Barbed Wire- 2 and 4 barbs Plain Twist 2 and 8 wrs. Staples Wire NailsOnt. 75¢10 p.c 10 keeg up to 25c p t for	1000ibs deid	"heavy" "heavy" "No. 2" "Saddlers' Imt, French Calf Enclish Cak	0 26 0 30 0 20 0 25 0 500 9 00 0 70 0 75
3         inch         extra.           2½         to         2¼         "         "           3         to         2¼         "         "         "           1½         to         1¼         "         "         "         "           1¼         to         1¼         "         "         "         "         "           1         -         "         "         "         "         "         "	- 0 85 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 85 0 00 1 75 0 00 2 25 0 00	Boiler Heads, steel	n 0 00 2 25	kege.		Rough Dongola, extra "No. T " ordinary Colored Pebbles " Calf	
Siating nails— 5dextra 4d	0 85 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 75 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 75 0 00	Wro't Iron pipe, ½ to 2 70 p.c., over 2 in 67% pc Imported iron pipe, ½ 10 c. 2 c. 3	2 40 2 50 In 0 00 0 0	"No. 8 Fanners pay \$1 extra fo sorted, cured & inspect'd Sheepskins	B 0 00 7 00 0 00 6 00 0 00 5 00 r d 0 70 0 75 0 00 5 00 r	Olls Cod Oll, Newfoundland, "Gaspe S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oll Nad	0 35 0 36 0 32 0 35 0 45 0 46 0 33 0 35 1 00 1 10
I month and a second se	2 25 0 00 0 85 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00	70 & 5 p.c. Steel, cast per lb Spring, 100 Ibs Tire, "	0 074 0 0	If or so fides west., each         ""City         Itallow, rendered         Itallow, rendered	. 0 00 1 50 . 0 00 0 00 . 4 50- t 00 . 2 00 2 50	Lard Oil, Extra "No. 1 Linseed, raw Ulue pure	0 631 0 19 0 60 0 65
214 and 224 " " 2 and 224 " " 124 and 124 " " 114 and 124 " " 114 " "	1 35 0 00 2 00 0 00 2 50 0 00	IC Coke	2 50 2 7 8 00 3 5	0 Leather No. 1 B. A. Sole No. 2 " " No. 3 " "	0 22 0 24	" pts. do " ½ pts. do " ½ pts. do Spirits Turpentine	2 40 2 50 2 70 3 60 C 42 0 43

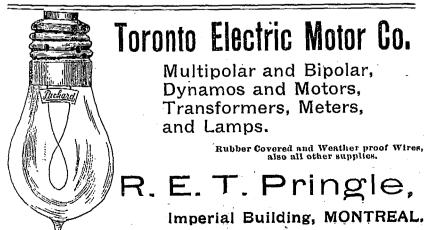
Disconnte on Nails applyonly for immediate delivery, and for quantities named of each kind separately. Terms for Cut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrel, Clinch and Pressed Nails, four months note or 3 per cent. off for cash within 30 days. Discount on Bolts; Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 76 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or to per cent. off for cash Nails and Horse Shoes, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nails and Spikes, four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. Oils, Turpentine, Lead, Glass, eic mos. or 3 per cent. off in 30 days.

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One Dynamo, of Toronto Motor Co Manufacture. Fifty-Light. Address Journal of Commerce, Montreal.

FOR SALE

WHEN TOBACCO PASSED AS CUR-RENCY.

The first loan made by the United States was made payable in tobacco. This is one of the curious facts brought into prominence in the recent report of the Register of the Treasury. The loan was authorized by a resolution of the Continental Congress on Dec. 23, 1777. The length of the loan was indefinite and the amount authorized was \$10,000,000. The amount loaned was \$181,500, which sold at par, with interest at 5 per cent. This was received June 4, 1777, from the Farmers General of France. The purpose to which the loan was applied was "the purchase of supplies and to aid in the building of cruisers to prosecute the war of the revolution." The interest on \$153,584.89, the balance of this loan, ceased Dec. 31, 1793 when it was merged into the general account of the French debt. In those days tobacco passed as currency between the colonies.

## MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY DEC. 17 1896.

Name of Article.	Wholesale,	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale
Joal Oll:         Car Lots Store, [2. p.c. off]         1 to 20 brls         American P.W.         do         Merican P.W.         Benzine American	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 164 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ $	Spi Cheese Salt p bag 200 lb Turk's Island per bush <b>Tobacco</b> duty paid. No. i Black Chewing, cads. No. 2 do Old Chum bri't do sol. 8s. Navy, Bright Smoking 3s. do do do 5s. Derby Plug Smk'g sol. 12s. do do do 7s. do do do 7s. do do do 7s. do do do 8s. Myrtle Navy Plug Smkg sol Old Chum Plug Smk'g sol. Old Chum Plug Smk'g sol. Smoking sol. do Cut Smoking. 9s. Myrtle do do 9s. Can. Chewing do Smoking, Plug Wool. Fleece comb. ord Moc Combing	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 13 & 0 & 15 \\ 1 & 25 & 1 & 15 \\ 0 & 80 & 0 & 33 \\ 0 & 46 \\ 1 & 0 & 51 \\ 1 & 0 & 45 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 56 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 56 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 56 & 0 & 00 \\ 0 & 50 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 50 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 50 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & $	Dublin Stoutqts do dopts Spirits Canadian—per gal. Alcohol	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Kilty Morning Dew. And. Usher. House of Common	$\begin{array}{c} 9\ 00\ 0\ 00\\ 9\ 00\ 0\ 00\\ 9\ 025\ 10\ 25\\ 9\ 25\ 12\ 00\\ 9\ 75\ 0\ 00\\ 8\ 40\ 3\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 6\ 50\ 12\ 50\\ 7\ 50\ 8\ 50\\ 9\ 50\ 10\ 00\\ 9\ 50\ 9\ 75\\ 4\ 75\ 5\ 000\\ 9\ 50\ 0\ 10\ 50\ 7\ 50\\ 9\ 50\ 0\ 10\ 50\ 7\ 50\\ 9\ 50\ 0\ 10\ 50\ 7\ 50\ 10\ 50\ 7\ 50\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 10\ 1$

## MONTREAL

# Merchants' and Manufacturers' Directory.

### Manfrs. Boots and Shoes.

Ames, Holden Co., Ltd....47 Victoria Sq. Jas. Linton & Co.....37 to 45 Victoria Sq.

Builders' and Contractors' Supplies. W. McNally & Co......50 McGill St.

#### Butter and Cheese Exporters.

### Clothing, Wholesale.

Doull & Gibson......138 McGill St. Friedman Bros......1835 Notre Dame St. McKonna, Thomson & Co. 428 St. James St. McMartin, Campbell & Co. 256 St. James St. H. Shorey & Co......1866 Notre Dame St. E. A. Small & Co.....1 Beaver Hall Hill

### Drygoods, Wholesale.

### Grocers, Wholesale.

Laporte, Martin & Co.....72 St. Peter St.

Hatters and Furriers. James Coristine & Co. 471 to 477 St. Paul St. Mnfrs. Hosiery and Underwear. Flannels, Dress Goods, &c.

Granite Mills.....St. Hyacinthe.

Importers and Manfrs Laundry Blues and Stove Polishes.

Tellier, Rothwell & Co. 24 & 26 St. Dizier St.

Men's Furnishings, Manfrs. and Importers, Wholesale.

Matthew, Towers & Co. 73 Board of Trade.

Manfts. Lubricating Oils. The Beaver Oil Co....... 391 St. Paul St.

Shirt Manfrs.

Montreal Shirt & Overall Co. 1835 Notre Dame St.

Manfrs. Shirts, Collars, Overalls, and Blouses.

Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co. 1794 Notre Dame St.

Stoves, Enamelled Ware, Tinware and Furnaces.

American Tobacco Co. Ltd.....47 Cote St. Woollens and Tailors' Trimmings.

John Fisher Son & Co. 442 & 444 St. James. M. Fisher, Sons & Co. 25 Victoria Square.





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AND

WINE MANUFACTISHE

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We produce them from the pure juice of the grape. Our wines are highly recommended throughout the Dominion by eniment physicians for their medicinal qualities. We can specially recommend our

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for the use of convalescing patients; and for those preferring a drier wine, we would recommend our

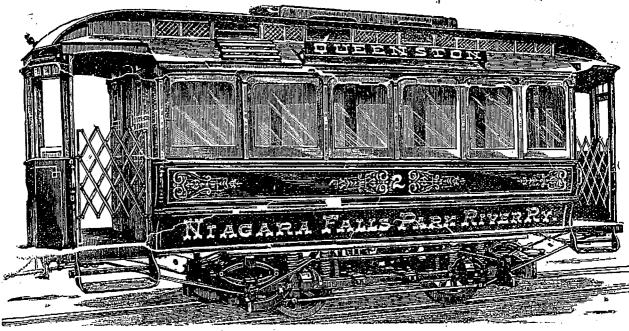
### DRY CONCORD.

Ask for our goods, or write us direct.

The Ontario Grape Growing and Wine Mfg. Co. ST, CATHARINES, ONT,



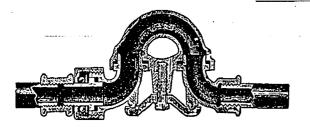
## Fine Electric Street Cars OUR SPECIALTY.



also manufacture HORSE and TRAIL CARS of every description.

PATTERSON & CORBIN, **ST. CATHARINES**, ONT.

SUYDAM FLEXIBLE METAL PIPE JOINT



## WHAT IS THIS FLEXIBLE JOINT ?

It is an absolute steam joint under any steam pressure It is a practical flexible coupling for metal pipe

It will allow the joining of iron pipes so that the sections may be easily moved in any direction at will or rotate on a swivel.

It is more durable and less expensive than rubber hose

THE GILBERT BROS. ENGINEERING CO., LIMITED, SOLE MANAFACTURERS FOR THE DOMINION 2666 Notre Dame St., MONTREAL



## WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS are superior,

## Opera's, Waltz's, Nocturne's, Etc.

The Symphony is an instrument which will repro-duce automatically any piece of music. You simply insert in the opening over the key board the roll of music you want to hear, draw the stops, which are toned like flutes, clarionets, violins, etc., and imme-diately the music pours forth in a manner beyond con-ception. The time is governed by a stop also, leaving nothing to be desired. You draw the stops according to your own taste thereby becoming the ception. The time is governed by a stop also, leaving nothing to be desired. You draw the stops according to your own taste, thereby becoming the conductor, so to speak of your own orchestra. Thousands are in use giving constant pleasure to as

many happy owners.

Any piece of music can be obtained and nothing is too difficult for the SYMPHONY to execute in the most surprising manner. You can also use the key-board.

PRICES, \$175.00 TO \$800.00. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet, showing hundreds of names of purchasers and full description of this musical wonder of the nineleenth century. Address:

Wilcox & White Organ Co., Established 1876, 128 Fifth Ave. New York.

If you have not seen it you should do so, REFERENCES:

LAURENT, LAFORCE & BOURDEAU, 1887 Notre Dame St., Montreau, JAMES COOPER, GEO, WOOLSON, GEO, JAMES COOPER, 164 St. James St., Montreal. WM. LASH, St. Johns, N.F. and thousands of others.



ROSSIN HOUSE, TORONTO, Canada. A. Nelson, Proprietor.

The proprietor has found necessary owing to the increased patronage of this popular Hotel to increase its capacity by an addition of 75 rooms, elegantly furnished en suits with baths, now ready for occupation. The latest exposed sanitary plumbing has been adopted throughout. THE ROSSIN is admittedly the largest, best appointed and most liberally managed hotel in the Province, having accommodiation for 500 guests.

A. NELSON, Proprietor.

# 400 Acres of Land,

Situated in HOCHELAGA WARD, beginning at Frontenac Street,

FOR SALE in lots to suit purchasers. This property is well located for factories. The Canadian Facilic Railway passes through its centre, and "sidings" may be constructed to any point on it. Easy of access by Electric Cans. FERMS EASY.

Apply to HENRY HOGAN, Prop. St. Lawrence Hall, MONTREAL.

## THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA.

THE PALACE HOTEL OF CANADA.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern etyle, is now re-opened. The Russell contains accommodation for over Four Hundred Guests, with passenger and baggage elevators and commands a splendid view of the City, Farilamentary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet the leading public men. The entire Hotel is supplied with escapes; and in case of its there would not be any confinsion or danger. Rvery attention paid to Guests.

F. H. ST. JACQUES, Prop

## BAYLIS MNFG. CO'Y

Manufacturers of Varnishes Japans, White Lead, Colored Paints

Drv Colors, Printing Ink, Machinery Oils and Axie Grease. And Deslers in

ainters' & Printers' Materials Generally 16 to 28 NAZARETH STREET.

MONTREAL

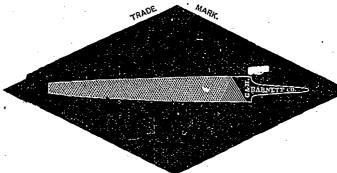
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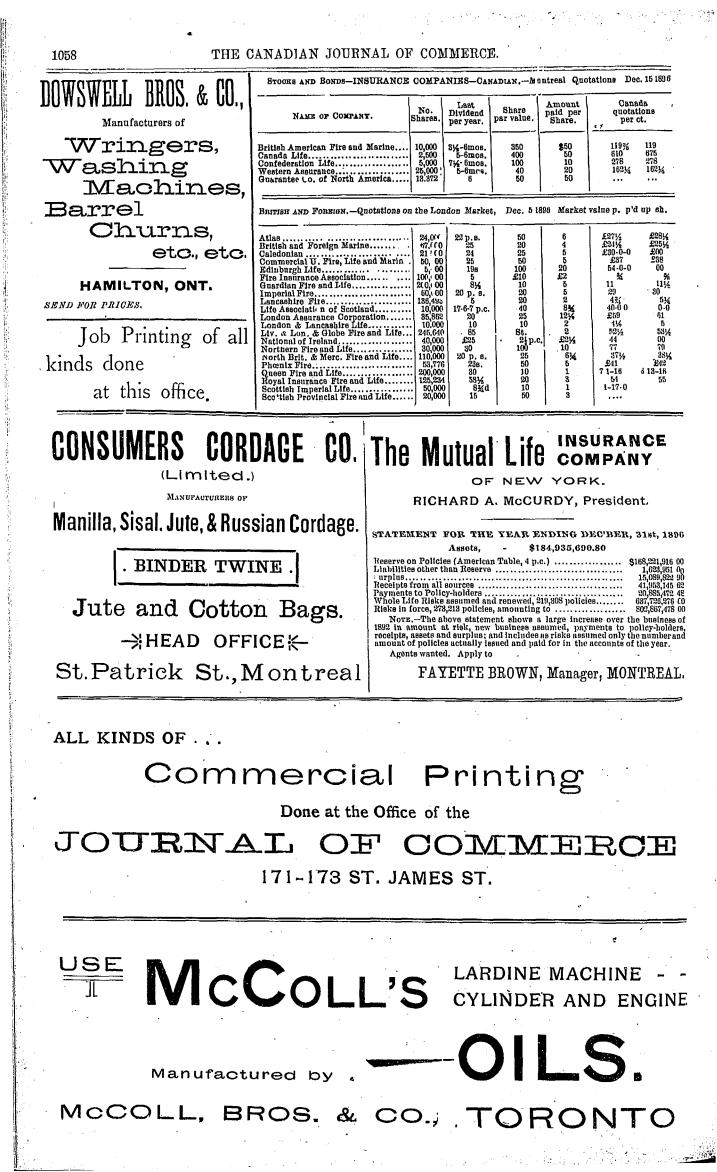
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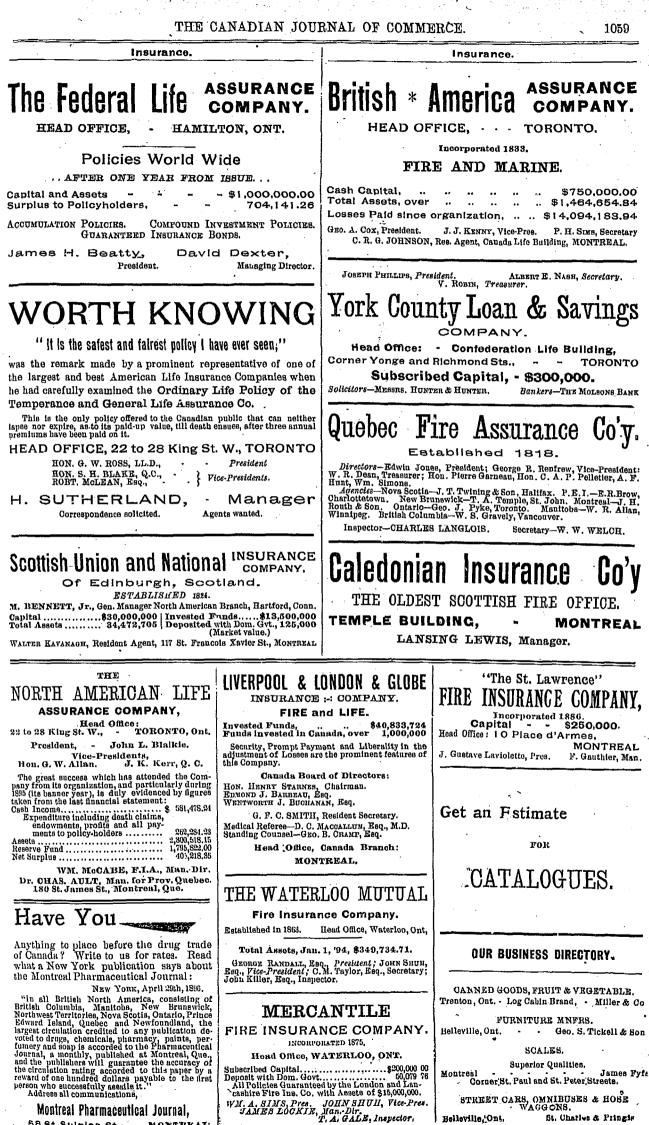


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