

THE EVENING TELEGRAM.

Vol. 10.

Price—One Cent.

St. John's, N. F., Thursday, February 9, 1888

\$3.00 Per Annum.

No. 33.

By Telegraph

LANSLOWNE TO BE VICEROY.

Stanley Goes to Canada.

LORD DUFFERIN RETURNS HOME

A Permanent Apostolic Legate.

FAILURE OF FISHERY NEGOTIATIONS

HALIFAX, N.S., Feb. 9.

Lord Lansdowne has been appointed Viceroy of India. Lord Stanley, of Preston, becomes Governor-General of Canada in June. Lord Dufferin returns home for private reasons.

The Pope has decided to send to Ireland a permanent apostolic legate.

Gladstone returned home yesterday. The Russian official press declare that peace is assured.

It is reported that the negotiations in regard to the new fisheries treaty have failed. Sir Charles Tupper is arranging details for the enforcement of the old treaty.

Negotiations for a commercial treaty between France and Italy have collapsed.

Peter Jack, cashier of the People's Bank, Halifax, is dead.

FROM CAPE RACE.

(Special to the Evening Telegram.)

CAPE RACE, This Evening.

Wind E.S.E., blowing a light breeze with thick fog, but sea smooth.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Auction—beef, mutton, etc.....Clift, Wood & Co
Auction—groceries, soaps, etc.....J. B. Curran & Co
Choice New York flours.....Hearn & Co
Grapes, oranges, butter, flowers, &c.....Kennedy & Co
New meadow grass hay.....James Murray
Dwelling house and shop for sale.....C. B. Rankin
Night school open.....John Morrissey
Park, beef, jaws, hams, etc.....Hearn & Co
Readings, singing, etc.....St. Mary's Hall
Clearance sale of fruit, etc.....James Murray
Postponement of S.S. Festival.....A. C. Skinner
White and cut-loaf sugar.....Hearn & Co
Selected yellow corn.....at Brookings'

TAKE NOTICE:

ALL PERSONS wanting COALS for winter use can be supplied with the best North Sydney or English Household Coal from the People's Depot at Brookings', at the rate of TWENTY-FOUR SHILLINGS [24s.] per ton, sent home promptly for cash on delivery.
Jan 24, fp, eod JAMES MURRAY.

AUCTION SALES.

To-Morrow, FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock,
ON THE WHARF OF
CLIFT, WOOD & Co.,
59 quarters CHOICE FRESH BEEF,
10 cars CHOICE FRESH MUTTON,
50 Choice Geese.
feb 9

IMPORTANT TO SHOP-KEEPERS & OTHERS.

Great Clearing Sale.

To-Morrow, FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock,
AT THE SHOP OF
MR. T. J. MURPHY,
232 Water Street,
ALL THE STOCK IN TRADE, COM-
prising: A choice assortment of Groceries,
Soaps, &c., a large assortment of General
Hardware, Bench Anvils, Electro-plated Ware,
Iron Bedsteads, Brushes, Lamps, Chimnies,
&c., and an immense variety of household re-
quisites.
The sale will be continued on Monday and
following days, from 11 to 1 o'clock. Great
Bargains may be expected.
feb 9 J. B. CURRAN & Co., Auctioneers.

LOOK OUT FOR THE BARGAINS

offering at the sale of goods
belonging to the insolvent
estate of

MR. THOMAS MCCONNAN.

Sale commences
On Wednesday, the 8th instant,
And will be continued daily, Sunday
excepted, until the stock is cleared.
Lovers of Books will have a chance
on Saturday Night, at 7.30. p.m.
JOHN McL. FRASER,
Agent for Mortgages.
feb 7, 31fp

FURNITURE SALE.

On Tuesday, 14th inst., at 11 o'clock,
AT THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE
MRS. J. N. FINLAY,
Circular Road,
ALL THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Particulars before day of sale.
feb 8 JOHN S. SIMMS, Auctioneer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Corn-Corn

SELECTED YELLOW CORN.

Ex "Portia,"
200 SACKS

Extra Quality Picked Indian Corn.

The real thing for fattening stock of all kinds.
AT BROOKING'S.

feb 9, fp JAS MURRAY.

Just Received,

per "Portia" from New York, and for sale by

HEARN & Co.

350 Barrels New Mess PORK. [King's
100 Barrels Family Mess PORK, Figge's &
75 Barrels Small JOWLS, Figge's & King's.
75 Barrels New HEADS, Figge's & King's.
50 Barrels Halstead's Packet BEEF;

AND
10 BOXES CHOICE HAMS.
feb 9, 31fp, eod

Readings, Singing, &c

IN ST. MARY'S HALL, SOUTH SIDE.

AN ENTERTAINMENT, consisting of
Readings, Singing, &c., will be
held in the above Hall on SATURDAY
Evening next.

Door open at 7.30 o'clock. Entertainment to com-
mence at 8 o'clock. Admission: 10 CENTS.
feb 9, 31fp

Now Landing

Ex S.S. "Portia,"
500 BARRELS FRESH-GROUND

Extra Flours,

200 brls Fresh-ground Superfine Flour.

100 TUBS BUTTER,

17 Willow Grove Creamery.

ROTHWELL & BOWRING

feb 7, 31fp, eod

SMALL BUNDLES.

For Sale by Jas. & Wm. Pitts,

:- HAY :-

feb 8, fp In small bundles.

NIGHT :- SCHOOL.

I DO HEREBY ACQUAINT MY FRIENDS AND
the Public of St. John's, that I am now prepared to
open NIGHT SCHOOL on TUESDAY NIGHT, the
14th Feby., in Springdale Street, No. 87, head of the
New Line, opposite the former residence of Captain
Lawrence Gegan. I will teach Reading, Writ-
ing and Spelling, English Grammar,
Arithmetic, Geography, Bookkeeping,
&c. Terms will be reasonable, &c.

feb 9, 2w JOHN MORRISSEY.

SAIL CLOTH.

Just Received by

MARSHALL & RODGER,

—A FULL ASSORTMENT—

Woodbey Cotton Duck

feb 6, 31fp, mts

NOTICE.

The St. John's Steam Laundry Co.

are prepared to make special arrangements for

FAMILY :- WASHING.

Only a limited number can be accommodated.
feb 8, 31fp

REAL Canada BUTTER.

50 tubs Selected Townships FRESH
100 tubs Selected Kamouraska CANADA.
100 tubs Choice Morrisburg BUTTER:
of exquisite flavor, for sale by
jan 24 JAMES MURRAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

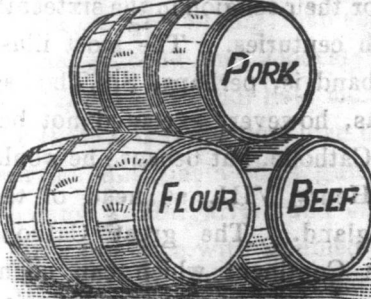
GRAPES, FLORIDA ORANGES, &c.

Huntly & Palmer's Fancy Biscuits.
Gray, Dunn & Co.'s Highland Cake.
Gray, Dunn & Co.'s Water Biscuits.
Gray, Dunn & Co.'s Abernethy Biscuits.

THIS (Fresh Butter, Fresh Flowers,
YEAR'S Fresh Celery, Fresh Rhubarb.

Connected by Telephone with all parts of city and suburbs.

KENNEDY & Co., 207 WATER ST.



Corned Ox Tongues

40, 45 AND 50 CENTS EACH,

At George E. Bearns', - - - Near Job's.

february 8, fp

AT PARNELL'S!

.. We have ..

A VERY .. CHOICE .. THREE-SHILLING .. TEA

Our 2s. 6d. TEA is the best in the market!

F. PARNELL,

181 WATER STREET.
january 30, fp

STANDARD - MARBLE - WORKS.



287 New Gower Street, St. John's, Nfld.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent stock

Headstones, Monuments, Tombs, Mantelpieces, &c.,

At rates sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guaran-
tee solid stock and the best of workmanship. Outport or-
ders solicited. Designs cheerfully furnished by letter or other-
wise. Special reduction on all goods ordered dur-
ing winter months.
JAMES MCINTYRE.

The London Guarantee & Accident Company,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Authorized Capital - - - \$1,250,000.

HEAD OFFICE FOR NEWFOUNDLAND: 132 WATER STREET, ST. JOHN'S.

The Bonds of this Company are accepted as security by the Home, Australian, Canadian, Indian and Colonial Governments. Blank forms can be had, and rates and other particulars given, on application to

June 9 T. W. SPRY, Agent for Newfoundland.

Heavy Black Oats.

As the cargo of schooner
"Ceylon" is now discharged,
we have no more Heavy Black
Oats in bulk. Our price in
bags is Three Shillings and
Nine Pence (3s. 9d) per bus.

feb 7, fp JAMES MURRAY.

Fresh Pollard

50-lb. Bags, One Dollar.
100-lb. Bags, Two Dollars.
125-lb. Sacks, Two Dollars fifty cents
or, in other words, 5s. per bus.

AT BROOKING'S and MCBRIDE'S HILL.

POLLARD is not Bran. It is called "shorts" or
"middlings," and consists of wheat meal which is very
nutritious for man or beast.

feb 8, fp JAMES MURRAY.

Grahame :- Flour.

JUST RECEIVED,
per S.S. "Portia,"

35 Barrels Grahame Flour.

G. C. FEARN.

feb 8, 31fp

TO LET,

A Suite of Offices

on the 2nd flat of TELEGRAM Building,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL BANK.
For terms, etc., apply at this office.
jan 12, fp

Dwelling House,

(IN BRITISH SQUARE.)

Yielding a yearly rental of Forty-Five Pounds. Perpetual Lease. Ground Rent Thirteen Dollars per annum. Apply to

C. B. RANKIN,
Estate Broker, McBride's Hill.
feb 1, 2w, ws

White Star and Bijou.

500 BARRELS EACH OF THESE FAVO-
RITE BRANDS

Superior Ex. Flour,

—FOR SALE BY—
JAS. MURRAY,
jan 24, fp

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Flour. Flour.

Just Received, per "Portia,"

NEW YORK FLOURS.

500 barrels Choice Supers.
500 barrels Choice Extra 2.
250 barrels Choice Extra 1.

feb 9, 31fp, eod HEARN & Co.

New Meadow Grass Hay!

Now Landing, ex "Viola" from Halifax,
1111 SMALLISH BUNDLES

New, Sweet, Meadow Grass Hay,

Last season's growth, free from weeds, and just the
thing for Horses and other cattle of superior breed.
Only 6s. 6d. per hundred weight, or £6 10s. per ton;
at BROOKING'S.
feb 9, fp JAMES MURRAY.

FOR SALE,

By HEARN & Co.'s,

100 Brls. White Sugar,

50 Brls. Cut Loaf Sugar,

JUST RECEIVED PER "PORTIA,"

feb 9, 31fp, eod

TURKEYS.

For Sale by Jas. & Wm. Pitts,

1 CASE TURKEYS,

Weight from 8 to 12 lbs., very prime, ex steamer
Newfoundland.
feb 8, fp

NOTICE!

A General Meeting of the Craft

will be held in the—
MASONIC HALL, ON FRIDAY NEXT,
at Seven p.m.,

for the purpose of attending the Cathedral Church of
St. John the Baptist, when a Sermon will be preached
by Rev. Brother W. Pilot, B.D., in aid of the Tasker
Educational Fund. (By order of President.)
E. ROTHWELL,
Secretary Committee.
feb 8, 31fp

FOR SALE.

Dwelling House & Shop

situate corner of Adelaide and George Streets,

LEASE:—Thirty-Five Years.

Ground Rent \$26.00 per annum.

Apply to C. B. RANKIN,
Estate Broker, McBride's Hill.
feb 8, 2w, ths

Clearance Sale of Fruit, &c.

WE WILL CLEAR OFF THE BALANCE OF
our stock of Fruit, &c., at the following reduced
prices for cash:
Nova Scotia Apples, 15s. per brl.
Sweet Oranges, 20s. per case.
Porto Onions, 20s. per case.

At MCBRIDE'S HILL
feb 9 JAMES MURRAY.

Notice of Postponement

THE COCHRANE STREET

Methodist Sabbath School Festival

IS POSTPONED UNTIL 23RD FEB.

Particulars in a few days.
A. C. SKINNER,
Sec. Com.
feb 9, 11

CANADA :- BEEF.

Ex S.S. "Newfoundland," and for sale by

JAS. & WM. PITTS,

30 qrs. Fat Canadian Heifer Beef.
feb 6, 31fp

WANTED:

A MATRON, for the Church of England
Girls' Orphanage. Application to be made (in writing)
to the
feb 7, 61fp REV. HENRY DUNFIELD, Hon. Sec.

WANTED:

about 200 more EMPTY MOLASSES
PUNCHEONS, at Brookings', immediately.
feb 6, fp JAMES MURRAY.

Cook's TOURISTS' Tickets

EMBRACE EVERY POINT OF INTEREST TO TRAVELLERS AND TOURISTS. DO NOT COMPEL the holder to travel in parties, are available by any train, or any day, and in most cases are issued at a material reduction from ordinary rates.

Intending travellers and tourists will find it greatly to their advantage to call upon the undersigned before purchasing their tickets to any part of the world. For full particulars as to single journey and tourists' rates, apply to

GEORGE LeMESSURIER, OFFICE: Opposite Commercial Bank, Duckworth Street. feb6,1m,31p Agent Thomas Cook & Son. Post Office address, Box 572.

Great Bargains in Blankets & Calicoes,

WILLIAM FREW'S, 191 WATER STREET.

JUST RECEIVED, PER "ASSYRIAN," AN IMPORTANT PURCHASE OF CALICOES, which we are offering at 5, 6, 7 and 8 cents per yd, strong and wide; BEST VALUE EVER SHOWN. Also, another Bale of ENGLISH BLANKETS, at \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

NOTE - Canadian and American Silver taken in trade at former value. WILLIAM FREW.

LIME. LIME.

A Great Boon to Farmers and Others.

THE SUBSCRIBER, WHILE RETURNING THANKS TO FARMERS AND OTHERS FOR THEIR patronage during the past summer, would beg to respectfully intimate that he is now prepared to make CONTRACTS with them for the coming season. LIME AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES. He will undertake to deliver, for agricultural purposes, on and after the First day of March next, at his LIME KILN, in Topsail, BEST ROACH LIME, at the exceedingly low price of -

Twenty Cents per bushel, or delivered by rail at the Rope Walk siding, or the Saint John's Depot at Twenty-five Cents per bushel.

He also agrees to take, in exchange for Lime, PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS, at market rates, from the coming season's crop, to be delivered at his Store, in St. John's, at the end of the season.

January 30, 1m John Score.

BUILDERS' SUPPLY STORE, Water Street.

200 M. SEASONED PINE LUMBER, 1, 1 1/2, 2 and 3-inch.

January 13 WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

Drink the Health-Giving Waters!

FOR SALE AT FORAN'S, ATLANTIC HOTEL.

Mineral Waters: from the Chalybeate Springs. A Genuine Blood Purifier. A certain and perfect cure for Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Debility.

The Newfoundland Consolidated Foundry Co., Limited,

Patterns for Grave & Garden Railings, & for Cresting of Houses,

Orders left with us for either of the above will have our immediate attention. J. ANGEL, Manager.

Candles, Candles

ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD & CO., 50 BOXES

Morrill's Celebrated Mould Candles.

FOR SALE BY John S. Simms, TWO TABLE PIANOS.

GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE, SITUATE 1 1/2 miles from Town.

I AM INSTRUCTED TO OFFER FOR SALE BY private contract - that desirable detached Residence, standing on about 30-acres of Land, with elegantly laid-out gardens and pleasure grounds, including flower and kitchen gardens, tennis, lawn and plantation, approached from the Portugal Cove and Torbay Roads by a very pretty and well-planted avenue. The residence is entered through a porch and vestibule into inner hall, out of which are spacious drawing rooms, dining and breakfast rooms, shut off from the hall are excellent kitchen, scullery and servants' rooms, on the upper floor there are spacious bedrooms, dressing rooms, nursery, bath rooms and servants' bedrooms. The out-buildings include stabling for two horses, large coach house, harness rooms, and stabling for four cows, cart shed, etc. There is an excellent coachman's house distant about 300 yards from the main residence. For terms and particulars of title, apply to T. W. SPBY, Real Estate Broker.

GOOD STORIES!

Ben-Hur by Lew Wallace, Hope Campbell by C. D. Bell, Mary Bhot by C. D. Bell, Kenneth & Hugh by E. Wetherall, The House in Town by E. Wetherall, Pine Needles by E. Wetherall, Little Camp on Eagle Hill by Louisa M. Alcott, Little Women by Louisa M. Alcott, Little Wives by Louisa M. Alcott, The Gold of Chicago by Alice Gray, Nettie's Mission by W. M. L. Jay, Holden with the Cards by the author of Queequeg, Diana by Susan Warner.

EGGS!

180 doz. P. E. I. Eggs, CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

Xmas Numbers and New Books.

XMAS NUMBER OF THE QUEEN. Xmas Number of Myra's Journal. Myra's Diary for 1888. Routledge's Year Book for 1887 and Almanac for 1888. Almsley's Nautical Almanac for 1888. The Queen Illustrated Almanac for 1888. Belgravia Xmas Annual. Children of Babylon, (Judith's Annual.) Les Miserables, by Victor Hugo. The Mysteries of Paris, by Eugene Sue. The Young Ladies' Journal for January 1888.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Fifty Cents per inch for first insertion, every continuation, 1st page 25 cents, 2nd and 3rd pages 10 cents per inch. Special arrangements made for three, six or twelve months.

The Evening Telegram.

ST. JOHN'S, FEBRUARY 9, 1888.

Persons desiring the EVENING TELEGRAM served at their homes can secure it by postal card request, or order through the Proprietor. Where delivery is irregular, please make immediate complaint to the office.

THE POPE'S SACERDOTAL JUBILEE.

On Saturday last the two hundred and sixty-third successor of St. Peter celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance into holy orders. The Pope's Sacerdotal Jubilee is of especial interest to Englishmen, since it is to be made the occasion of canonising a large number of our more or less famous countrymen who died for their religion in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. The most illustrious of the band is, perhaps, Sir Thomas Moore, who was, however, executed not because he was a Catholic, but because he would not recognise Henry VIII. as head of the Church in England. The great Catholic families of the Continent which can count saints among their ancestors are numerous. In this country they are very few; and it may be doubted whether the Jubilee canonisations, extensive as they are, will greatly increase the number. Many of the "English martyrs" were of comparatively humble origin, and, being priests, left no direct descendants. In the present Pope's own family there has been no saint; but it boasts of two Venerables - the Blessed Pietro Pecci and the Blessed Margaret Pecci. The house of Pecci has, indeed, long occupied a prominent position in Catholicism. It was at the instance of a member of it that St. Bernard of Sienna was canonised more than four centuries and a half ago, and it has given to Rome many priests and prelates. An elder brother of the Pope is at this moment a member of the College of Cardinals. Leo XIII. holds his family in high affection. The first letter he wrote, within an hour or two of his election, was to his brothers, to whom he sent the Apostolic benediction. He at once created his eldest brother, the head of the house (Carlo Pecci) a Count; and he provided money for the restoration and improvement of the quaint old house at Carpineto, which has for centuries been the home of his ancestors. But beyond this Pope Leo has not gone. No pontiff ever exhibited less nepotism. He is tenacious of the dignity of his family, as every man of honourable origin should be; but he has shown no desire to enrich either his relations or himself. The leading facts of the Pope's life are well known - his energetic clearance of the nests of brigands who infested the neighbourhood of Benevento, his nunciature at Brussels, his long tenure of the archbishopric of Perugia. During the three years that he was Nuncio at Brussels, Joachim Pecci gave many proofs that he possessed the diplomatic instinct; and it was perhaps an unfortunate thing for the Roman Church that Pius IX. condemned him to the occupancy of an Italian see for more than thirty years. At the same time it must be recognised that it would often have been difficult for him to further the policy of his predecessor. It is notorious that since the accession of Leo XIII. the relations of the Vatican with foreign Powers have been vastly ameliorated. The great triumph of his pontificate, so far, has been the re-establishment of cordial relations with Germany. It has been pretended that all the concessions upon that historic occasion came from Prince Bismarck; but it is absolutely certain that in abrogating the May Laws the Chancellor did not go to Canossa at all, and that quite as much was conceded by the Vatican as by the Radziwill Palace. It was inevitable that it should be so, since the Papacy had most to gain by the accommodation of its differences with Germany. The relations between the Vatican and the Quirinal remain in form what they were at the first occupation of Rome; but in substance they have greatly improved since Pope Leo succeeded to the chair of St. Peter. Whether an understanding will be arrived at during the present pontificate may perhaps be doubted, taking into consideration the reactionary tendencies of those by whom the Pope is surrounded and advised. But Pope Leo has from the first been careful to do nothing calculated to widen the breach between the civil and the ecclesiastical power

in Italy; and the avowedly pacific tendency of his policy leaves little room for doubt that he would welcome an arrangement which should put an end to the differences between the Church and the State. It is tolerably well known that the sullen fiction of the Pontiff's "imprisonment" is not much to his liking; and that he has not abandoned it before now has probably been the result of policy rather than of conviction. The Pope has given so many indications of his honesty and his desire for peaceful relations between his Church and foreign Governments, that it is all the more regrettable that his attitude upon the Irish question has hitherto been so half-hearted. The proceedings of the Irish priesthood have long been so obviously illegal and immoral that it is nothing short of amazing that they have never been sternly rebuked from Rome. Ignorance of the facts, and a confused notion of the issues, are the only easily discernible reasons for the Pope's reticence hitherto. But when his Holiness becomes aware - and Monsignor Persico's report must be a very strange document if it does not convey some notion of the feelings of loyal Irishmen - that the best interests of his Church are being imperilled by the proceedings of some of his subordinates in Ireland, it is hard to believe that he will maintain silence. He is believed to be anxious to establish diplomatic relations with England; and he could give no better proof of the sincerity of his friendly feelings than by condemning a propaganda which, it is fair to suppose, is repugnant to the principles of the Roman Catholic religion as it is opposed to the laws of the country in which it is carried on. - St. James' Gazette.

RECONSTRUCTING A SHARK.

WHEN the famous phosphate beds were discovered in South Carolina some years ago, vast numbers of bones and teeth were unearthed, showing that in early times this locality had been peopled by a great concourse of strange forms. Among the most abundant curiosities, as the workmen termed them, were quantities of enormous teeth triangular in shape, and serrated on the cutting edge. When shown to a naturalist they were immediately recognized as shark teeth and it became evident that at one time the vicinity of Charleston was the bed of an ocean, and that gigantic sharks flourished there in great numbers. Whenever the beds of the Ashley and Cooper rivers are dredged to-day numbers of these teeth are brought up, and one in my collection is nearly if not quite as large as my hand. As the bones of the shark are of cartilage, they have long since been destroyed, and only these beautifully polished teeth - for they are as fresh and glistening as when first discovered - are left to tell the story. It would appear to be an impossible task to restore this giant from a single tooth. But it is not so difficult as one might imagine. From the shape of the tooth of the great Carcharodon we can form some idea of its appearance by comparing it with existing sharks, and from its size we can determine how large it was. One day I attempted a rough restoration to gain some idea of the dimensions of the giant. I had in my possession the jaw of a shark, which I had caught in the Gulf of Mexico, which would at the time pass readily over my shoulders. The shark was about thirteen feet long, and the teeth about an inch and two-eighths wide, and an inch and a half in length. There were eight rows of these, each row being a little smaller than the last, until they dwindled down to mere points. I took as many of the fossil teeth as I had, and built up a jaw after the existing model, using teeth where I had them and leaving space where I did not. Gradually the great mouth grew on the floor until I found myself a small item in the area, and when completed I found that the largest fossil shark could have opened its mouth and allowed me to drive in a top-buggy, and that its length could not have been less in proportion than one hundred and twenty-five or thirty feet. - C. F. Holder, in Wide Awake.

CLEVER SPARROWS.

A SPARROW fell to the ground from the ivy that clings to the walls of Christ Church, in New Brunswick, N.J., and was found to be sick and crippled. Its little companions swarmed about it, expressing great anxiety, and tried to lift the bird by catching its wings in their beaks. "Presently," says a gentleman, who saw the little occurrence, "one of the birds brought a twig about four inches long, and the sick bird caught it in the middle. The others caught the ends, and flying away, carried the invalid triumphantly back to the ivy."

JUST RECEIVED,

100 brls. Kero Oil,

20 BRLS CHOICE APPLES.

JOHN A. EDENS.

More Cheap Books.

A Voyage in the Sunbeam, by Lady Brassey...15 cents. Theo. A Love Story, by Mrs. F. H. Burnett...15 cents. Nicholas Nickleby, by Charles Dickens...15 cents. Charles O'Malley, by Charles Lever...15 cents. The Island of Monte Christo, by A. Dumais...15 cents. Workers of the Sea, by Victor Hugo...15 cents. Ninety-Three, by Victor Hugo...15 cents. The "A.P." Book of Dialogues, Charades, &c...15 cents. Diprose Popular Comic Song Book...15 cents. Belcher's Farmers' Almanac for 1888...15 cents. The Headless Horseman, by Maine Reid...20 cents. The World of Cant (40th thousand)...30 cents. Life of Goldsmith, by A. Dolson...30 cents. Sartor Resartus, by Carlyle...30 cents. Essays by Ralph Waldo Emerson...30 cents. Essays by Lord Bacon...30 cents.

Choice Canada Butter.

Ex steamer "Newfoundland."

316 TUBS AND FIRKINS (selected)

JAMES R. KNIGHT, Commission Merchant.

CHEAP BOOKS.

PICKWICK PAPERS by Charles Dickens, 4 cents. Sketches by Boz, do do 4 cents. Life of Queen Victoria, do do 4 cents. The Discovery of Guiana by Sir W. Raleigh 8 cents. The New Pilgrims Progress, do do 8 cents. Weighed in the Balance, do do 8 cents. Harry Lorrequer by Charles Lever, do do 15 cents. Valentine Vox the Ventriiloquist, do do 15 cents. Diary of a Physician by Samuel Warren, do do 15 cents. Richelieu by G. P. R. James, do do 15 cents. Treasure Trove by Samuel Lover, do do 15 cents. Morning Bells by Frances R. Havergal, do do 20 cents. Elocution by T. R. W. Pearson, M.A., do do 30 cents. The Bible's Book, illustrated, do do 30 cents. Enderby (complete edition) by Disraeli, do do 30 cents.

COAL. Sydney COAL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED - TO SUIT THE TIMES - begs to intimate to the Public, that he has opened A COAL STORE, in the corner George Street and Williams Lane, where he is prepared to sell Wholesale and Retail. You can buy from 10-cets. worth to 10 Ton. -ALSO- A Cargo Afloat of a 130 Tons, Ex schooner "C. Tupper."

PTK. BUCKLEY.

Molasses. Molasses.

ON SALE BY P. & L. TESSIER, CHOICE

Barbados Molasses,

A Bazaar

OF FANCY AND USEFUL ARTICLES WILL BE held at Spaniards' Bay, in November next. Proceeds for the erection of a Methodist Parsonage. Any contributions in money or goods will be most thankfully received by any of the following Committee: Mrs. Josiah Gosse, Mr. Henry Gosse, Mrs. Robt. Gosse, Mrs. Stephen Gosse, Mrs. Josiah Gosse, (Robt.), Mrs. Mark Gosse, Mrs. Joseph Barrett, Mrs. David Barrett, Miss Mary A. Reader, Miss Sarah Gosse, Mrs. Snowden, Mrs. Frederick Gosse, Mrs. Captain Robert Gosse, Mrs. Josiah Gosse, (Nathaniel), Mrs. Ebenezer Gosse, Mrs. Leonard Barrett, Mrs. Herbert Barrett, Mrs. William Gosse, Miss Mabel Gosse, Miss Lydia Gosse, or by S. SNOWDEN.

Preserve: Your: Sight

by wearing the only FRANK LAZARUS, (Late of the firm of Lazarus & Morris),

Renowned Spectacles & Eye Glasses.

These Spectacles and Eye Glasses have been used for the past 35 years, and given in every instance unbounded satisfaction. They are the BEST in the world. They never tire, and last many years without change. For sale by R. HEFFER, agent for Nfld., 200 Water Street, St. John's.

J. & W. PITTS,

70 Quarters Fat Canadian Beef.

1 crate Fat Canadian LAMBS,

Crystallized SUGAR

Granulated SUGAR

10 brls Crystallized SUGAR,

10 brls Granulated SUGAR.

CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

The Destiny of Newfoundl'd

is to become the Britain of America under the protecting and fostering care of the Great Dominion.

LAND IS THE BASIS OF WEALTH!

A safe and valuable investment. Substantial Christmas and New Year Presents for your wife, your boys and your girls. Don't let this opportunity go by.

POTATOES AND OATS.

For Sale by CLIFT, WOOD & Co., The cargo of the schr. "Four Brothers," from Georgetown, consisting of:

ON SALE BY P. & L. Tessier OAK PLANK, 1 1/2, 3, 3 1/2 and 4 inch, long lengths.

FOR SALE!

I set Harness, I Sleigh, I set Bells. JOHN S. SIMMS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

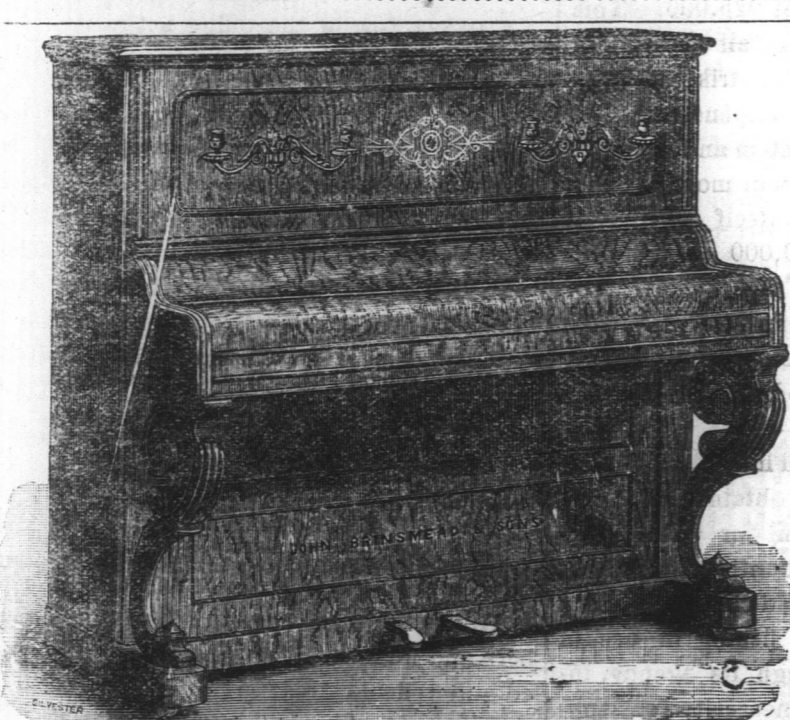
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The Northern Assurance Company,

FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Capital Three Million Pounds, Sterling £3,000,000

Table with 2 columns: Description of insurance and Amount. Includes 'Fire premiums in 1881 amounted to £444,596 13 7'.

Sun Fire Office, London.

[ESTABLISHED 1710.] Insurances effected upon almost every description of Property at the current rates of premium.

Walton Court;

OR ADELAIDE CAMERON'S "SHADOW LOVE."

By the Author of Dora Thorne.

CHAPTER XXXIV. (Continued.)

She rose as though the pain of her own words was almost greater than she could bear.

'I cannot tell you all, Margarita,' she continued; 'perhaps you will like me even less for what I have said.'

'How will you know?' asked Margarita, who began to feel interested.

'That I cannot tell you. Next June will decide my fate. It may see me the happiest of the happy, or content to live without love.'

'You will keep my secret, Margarita?' said Adelaide, as they walked slowly to the house.

CHAPTER XXXV. The Marquis of Hedington had been dismissed with all possible kindness and sympathy.

Lady Rylestone had received several letters from her husband, and had answered them, sending her replies to Marpeth, and having them posted from there.

'Then for the new life, Margarita!' he wrote. 'No more hiding in a village for my beautiful wife! I have worked hard during these two years, and I shall have my reward.'

She read that letter under one of the great spreading oaks at Walton Court, and when she had finished it a sudden pain seized her—a dreadful doubt as to whether she had done right or wrong—as to what he would say when he knew all—that the wife he loved and honored had stolen under false pretences into his home.

'It was for his sake, after all,' she thought. 'It was to try whether by some means or other I could not get his lost fortune back.'

Still he could not be angry; she had done no harm, and it had been all for him. It was true he said nothing in his letter about his disappointment, but it must be as keen as ever, and, if she could lessen it—if she could find some means of restoring his wealth to him—she would be so much the better pleased to see her.

So she took heart again, repeating to herself the magical words, 'It is for his sake, and then she looked at the matter in its worst aspect. He would return in November. Early in November she must go to her own home and be there to meet him; and then she must tell him what her love for him, her anxiety for his interests, had caused her to do.

There had been some slight sensation about the lost letter, but not so much as she feared. Miss Cameron had in due course of time received an epistle from Lord Rylestone, asking why she had not answered his questions; and she in her surprise read it to Margarita.

'The letter must have been lost,' said Miss Cameron; 'and yet in England our postal arrangements are so good that I cannot see how that can have occurred.'

'It must have been mislaid—something must have happened to it,' said Margarita, dreamily, remembering vividly the torture of the hour when she had written it.

Just as they were discussing the matter, Mrs. Grame entered the room, and Adelaide, who had not only a kindly affection for, but also great confidence in, the old housekeeper, told her how disappointed Lord Rylestone was at not having received a letter she had written.

'Lost!' said the old lady. 'No, ma'am, with all respect for you and to his lordship, I do not believe it. Her gracious majesty looks after those kind of things too well. She pays those who know their business. I do not believe it was lost.'

When she left the room, Mrs. Grame went at once to Gregson. 'Did you not tell me a story some time back about Miss Avenel's running after you on a dark night to put a letter in the post-bag?' she asked.

'Yes, he remembered the incident, and told the story over again for her gratification. 'Ah!' she said. 'I was struck at the time. I am even more struck now. I have my own thoughts.'

'What are they, Mrs. Grame?' asked Gregson, humbly. 'They do not concern you—they are for your betters,' was the sharp answer; but, as the man moved away, she said to herself, 'I shall track you yet, my lady! I shall track you and hunt you down! If you are not a spy, my name is not Martha Grame!'

To Margarita's great relief, no more was said of the lost letter, and she believed that it was forgotten. It was then May, and she thought often of what Miss Cameron had said, that in June her fate would be decided.

'Perhaps this man for whom she cares is coming then,' she said to herself; and she felt some curiosity about him.

She had lived so long with Adelaide now that she could not help feeling some affection for the girl she had once believed she hated; and she hoped, with all her heart, that this strange love-affair would end happily. She remembered, too, what Miss Cameron had said to Lady Langham—that she might, probably, in two years' time, lose all her money—so that, almost unconsciously to herself, she began to look upon the month of June as a critical time.

She could see how its near approach affected Miss Cameron. She was unsettled in her spirits—sometimes gay and brilliant, at other times low and depressed. She tried to control herself, but her efforts were all vain. Margarita saw that she suffered keenly in anticipation. More than once she found her with traces of tears on her face.

'I wish you would trust me a little more,' she said one day to Miss Cameron. 'I see you suffer, and you will not tell me why.'

To the Hon. Thomas Talbot, M.L.C., SHERIFF OF THE CENTRAL DISTRICT.

We, the undersigned citizens, respectfully request that you may be pleased to convene a Public Meeting of the inhabitants of St. John's, at an early day, to take into consideration the advisability of establishing a Volunteer Military Force, to aid in the defence of this Colony and for the protection of the inhabitants thereof.

- List of names: J. O'neill, M. Fitzpatrick, John Sharp, John Anderson, John West, R. Rendell, B. S. Williams, W. D. Black, M. Munroe, A. S. Smith, J. Gardner, E. A. Match, A. McDougall, J. Syme, J. French, G. A. Hutchings, T. S. Winter, A. Connors, L. Lambert, J. Angel, D. E. Archibald, W. B. Grieve, W. Hicks, E. Kelly, R. W. Bishop, J. Goodridge, Chas. Bowring, L. G. McGhee, J. J. Rogerson, E. H. Frowse, John Browning, E. B. Bowring, F. Doherty, R. Crossman, E. Kelly, G. McDonald, J. Rooney, J. Gilbert, G. Payne, A. C. Stewart, T. J. Allan, J. Healy, W. Cornick, W. G. Pippy, G. T. Parker, A. D. Hook, T. J. Jones, Geo. Taylor, T. S. Cook, A. W. Miller, Charles Hutchings, T. W. Spry, E. L. Chancy, M. H. Carty, J. Bugden, W. J. Barnes, J. H. Charlton, G. H. Williams, Z. Cox, E. J. Shaw, James Baird, W. E. Long, J. Webber, E. D. Shea, Charles Tessler, W. C. Cook, L. O. B. Furlong, G. E. Fawcett, H. J. Halley, John Barron, J. O'Neil, G. T. Rendell, George T. Carter, P. G. Tessler, A. S. Rendell, W. Horwood, A. Milroy, J. Pittman, E. J. Murphy, Allan Barnes, George McKay, Edward Shea, G. H. Dickinson, D. M. Browning, Geo. E. Bearn, W. Dickinson, A. Berteau, T. E. Smith, M. Furlong, T. W. Cragg, J. Simms, W. G. Meehan, W. D. S. Kelly, James Tobin, J. W. Dea, E. P. Morris, E. J. Hickey, J. W. Coleman, D. J. Connell, Jas. Devereaux, E. Simons, S. G. Knight, D. Munroe, J. Collins, E. Hamlyn, P. D. Scott, John Steer, C. Skeels, J. Pack, J. C. Mews, C. A. W. Pliscent, W. Hayward, A. Hayward, J. Furlong, M. McCarthy, E. Hamlyn, R. Pike, A. Churchhill, C. W. Ryan, T. Nunn, G. Purcell, John Harris, E. G. Doyle, John Gillard, A. J. Harvey, E. Flaherty, A. Hiscok, Garrett Byrne, J. Howell, J. Fletcher, A. Black, G. H. Dickinson, John Nash, John Cowan, Hon. John Syme, George Hunt, J. Evenson, E. Memory, T. Baker, W. Reid, T. Curran, J. A. Hump, F. H. Balfour, J. Mann, John Carnell, T. J. Regan, Andrew E. McCoubrey, R. A. M. McCoubrey, E. M. Noonan, R. Rankin, G. Nicholls, T. Chafe, J. McLeod, W. H. Parsons, J. Mercer, P. French, J. A. Duchemin, G. T. Smith, G. Shea, J. Power, J. Ryan, M. Kelly, B. Molloy, W. Donnelly, A. Rodgers, J. Kinsey, J. Almon, F. E. M. Bunting, N. Fraser, E. W. Parsons, J. Murphy, Francis Moran, J. Kenny, E. Walsh, T. Mulcahy, W. O'Neil, G. J. O'Neil, John Skanes, John Molloy, M. Ryan, G. Fleming, J. Foley, M. Dayley, John Doyle, John Byrne, P. Byrne, J. King, Ed. Corry, T. McGrath, M. Walsh, John Murray, Ed. Wall, G. A. Clift, H. H. Barnes, F. W. Rendell, G. H. Munroe, Thomas Oliver, P. Stamp, F. Vassour, A. Northcote, P. Gremm, F. M. Kelley, J. Gremm, Chas. Kemp, J. Rodgers, G. Gremm, J. Courtney, G. M. F. Hennebury, P. Rogers, P. Nelly, J. A. Sweet, C. Kavanagh, J. Aspell, J. Connors, G. Downton, M. Kearney, J. Fahey, J. Field, J. Fahey, R. Keats, J. Molloy, M. Macneil, J. Maher, P. Maher, N. Murphy, T. Clark, M. Barnes, J. Fitzpatrick, M. Kelly, A. Snow, R. England, J. Connors, J. Fitzpatrick, John Kemp, J. Hogan, P. Kavanagh, N. Power, T. Aldred, E. Connors, R. Field, J. Peters, A. Rooney, J. Curran, R. Templeton, J. Rolger, S. Williams, J. B. Mitchell, G. Molloy, Jas. Hunt, W. Clouston, S. J. McNeil, S. G. Colton, S. Earl, P. Forsey, E. Colton, Geo. Taylor, W. N. Gray, M. G. Leah, W. D. Morrison, M. Tobin, J. Hearn, Alex. Smith, R. Sanderson, John Dicks, W. Moore, G. Ayre, John Sheehan, st., John Sheehan, E. L. LeMessurier, E. B. Barnes, T. Bearn, A. H. Shears, J. Howlett, J. W. Boyd, Jas. Carmichael, L. Parker, W. Culliton, H. Graves, J. Williams, F. J. Barnes, J. S. Pitts, G. Taylor, E. W. Whiteway, C. F. Horwill, P. Burnham, W. Clouston, T. F. Lamb, J. W. Mann, G. S. Milligan, A. Diamond.

In compliance with the above requisition and for the objects therein referred to, I hereby convene a public meeting of the citizens of St. John's, to be held in the Court House on Saturday next, the Eleventh Instant, at Seven o'clock, p.m.

T. TALBOT, Sheriff of C. D. Sheriff's Office, Feb. 7th, 1888.

Bond and other Storage

TO BE HAD ON APPLICATION TO JAMES R. KNIGHT, Commission Merchant.

Notice of Copartnership.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm name and style of JOHN MAGOR & SON, succeeding to the business heretofore carried on in New York City in the name of Magor Brothers & Co. Dated at New York, October 1, 1887. JOHN MAGOR, WILLIAM ALBERT MAGOR.

The Evening Telegram

ST. JOHN'S, FEBRUARY 9, 1888.

WAR AND POLITICS!

Evidently We Must Have Both.

It is stated that our universally esteemed fellow-citizen, J. Outerbridge, Esq., the Boulanger of the present war movement here, has yielded to the imperative demand of his countrymen and consented to become a candidate for St. John's East at the next general elections. Hero and patriot as he is, Mr. Outerbridge can no longer gaze with indifference upon the scene which Newfoundland presents to his sensitive sight to-day—the scene of a once flourishing colony ground down under the heel of a remorseless politico-mercantile tyranny. Well, he certainly takes with him to the conflict our best benediction, and as his record so far is as “pure as the beautiful snow,” we don't see why he shouldn't win unfading laurels in both departments.

The Duke of Wellington was pre-eminently successful in the cabinet as well as on the tented field. Why, then, shouldn't Citizen Outerbridge achieve undying fame in like manner? Then, again, he may draw inspiration from the career of Lord Clive. The latter was once a book-keeper in the employ of the East India Company, but, by the mere force and power of his genius, he managed to ascend promotion's ladder until he became the vice-regal ruler of a great and gorgeous empire. Our peace-at-any-price party may declaim as much as they like on the present war policy; but we would have them remember that

War is honorable
In those who do their native rights maintain;
In those whose swords an iron barrier are
Between the lawless spoiler and the weak.

Talk about the “cock's shrill clarion and the echoing horn.” Pshaw! 'Tis not a circumstance compared with the bugle's martial strains, the clank of arms and the waving of “warlike plumes.” Furthermore, is it not a fact that, at this very moment, “a naval force is being organized at Cherbourg to protect the interests of French fishermen on the Great Banks and the coast of Newfoundland?” It is a fact, they say, and the opinion everywhere prevails that France has made up her mind to entirely disregard the Newfoundland Bait Act.

All things considered, then, is it not our duty to respond at once to the call to arms which the gallant Mr. Outerbridge is now sounding throughout the land? Why, of course it does, and prudence admonishes us not to wait till the “foe's in sight in dread array,” but to prepare immediately for the approaching campaign. Mr. Outerbridge hangs out “the ledger and cross-pens,” and, pointing with “index finger” thereto, exclaims: “By this sign conquer!” Let us be valiant, then, and follow him to victory or to death. We cannot be too heroic, especially

In these distracted times, when each man dreads
The bloody stratagem of busy heads.

THE OPERA “SORCERER.”

The opera “Sorcerer,” at the Star of the Sea Hall last night, attracted a very large audience, every available seat being occupied, so that the sum realized must have been quite handsome. The performance on the whole was excellent; but it is thought that the choruses lacked that volume of male voices which were heard on a former occasion. Some of the principals who were well up in their parts—particularly Mr. Flannery—acquitted themselves in real professional style; in fact, it would be difficult to surpass them on the stage. It must be said that the “Sorcerer” is nearly the oldest of Gilbert & Sullivan's operas, and although a comic piece, there is really very little humour in it, as compared with the “Mikado,” which seemed to have pleased everybody who saw it performed here. It is hoped that it will not be long, seeing the talent that Mr. Hutton has at his command, before the public will be enabled to enjoy another operatic treat.

OUR BONAVISTA BAY FRIENDS.

A BONAVISTA BAY correspondent, writing under date of the 16th ultimo, says:—“Will you allow me space in your valuable paper to notice the first concert given in Brooklyn. The proceeds were handed to the Rev. A. A. Bryant to help fence the Church of England Cemetery. It was a great success. Mr. D. Stares had charge of the programme, and managed the affair in a highly satisfactory manner. The building was well filled and every one seemed delighted. The ladies who took part in the concert—Mrs. Annie Howe, Miss Lucretia and Miss Selena Marshall—were greeted with great applause, while the comic songs by Mr. M. D. Stares and Mr. Thomas and Alberto Stares, brought down showers of applause from the audience, which showed that the entire programme was appreciated. At the close the whole audience joined in singing the National Anthem, thus manifesting their loyalty to our most gracious and beloved Queen.”

A PROTEST FROM THE BAY.

Harbor Grace Objects to the Volunteer Movement.

WHAT THE “STANDARD” SAYS ABOUT IT.

REFERRING to the volunteer movement here, the Harbor Grace Standard of Saturday last remarks as follows:—“We merely had space last week to allude very briefly to the fact that a movement was on foot in St. John's for the formation of a volunteer rifle corps in that city; and that a meeting with this object in view had been convened in the Commercial Rooms. We had not time to refer to the other fact, viz., that at this gathering of the leading citizens, including several members of the Legislature, two resolutions had been proposed and carried—one to the effect that ‘it was advisable to form a corps in St. John's,’ the other that ‘a delegation be appointed to wait on the Executive to solicit assistance for starting the volunteer movement.’ Now, to the first of these resolutions not the least objection can fairly be taken. No one would think of denying to St. John's the privilege of forming a volunteer rifle or any other kind of corps. That is her proud prerogative. No one would wish to prohibit her citizens from exercising to the full their love of martial and military displays. There surely can be no harm in that. A rifle corps is, no doubt, an excellent thing in its way, and would afford a means of recreation to especially the young men of the capital. But what practical utility would such be to the colony as a whole? Not the least. To the other resolution much solid, reasonable objection can be taken. And properly so, we think. For to solicit assistance from the Executive in support of any object such as the formation of a volunteer rifle corps for the benefit simply of the people of St. John's themselves, were, during the most prosperous times, an insult to every outport constituency in the island. But during times like the present, how must such a procedure be regarded? To use the public funds of the country—now—for any such purpose as the above is an outrage, and should not be tolerated for one moment. The lavishness of so many thousands of the general revenue last summer on the Jubilee celebration was bad enough in all conscience—was, in point of fact, money worse than thrown away—money which could and should have been put to a far better purpose than that. Surely, that were enough to waste in less than one short twelve months. Our readers will remember that we did not fail, when the matter of the outlay on the celebration was first proposed, to utter an indignant protest against it, and to dissent in toto from the expenditure of the public funds of the colony for any object such as that. We do the same now in the matter of the movement ‘to solicit assistance from the Executive for starting the volunteer movement.’ Such we regard as utterly indefensible. We would take the liberty of respectfully suggesting to the Government, therefore, their plain, palpable duty in the premises. In our opinion, it is this, viz., not to grant one cent from the public funds for any object such as the above. The general revenue, these times, can be devoted to a better purpose than starting volunteer rifle corps, laudable and all as these may be in their way. What all sensible persons will say is this, viz., that if St. John's wants the benefit of a Volunteer Rifle Corps, let its citizens pay for the luxury like men, and not expect the general revenue to bear any part of the cost. We do not venture to question the object the promoters of the present movement have in view. It possibly may be all right in its way. But here, too, there is room for difference of opinion. Of this more anon. What we question here and now is this, viz., the method which the friends of the volunteer movement seek to adopt in order to give shape and form to their pet project; this we regard as a bad, a wholly inexcusable one. Any portion of the general revenue allocated for any such object is, we submit, a perversion of the public funds of the colony from their legitimate purpose, for a thing whose usefulness or need will not be generally admitted by sensible men here, in St. John's, or elsewhere. For this reason we emphatically protest against it. We shall return to this subject next week.”

THE VOLUNTEER MOVEMENT.

Editor Evening Telegram.

DEAR SIR,—A good deal of comment, favorable and otherwise, is being excited just now over the attempt to revive the volunteer movement here, and for my part I scarcely see the necessity for making so “much ado about nothing.” If “the boys” want to amuse themselves playing at soldiers, why, let them do so. It is better for them to be spending their spare time in the drill-shed than in the grogshop or the gambling saloon. We all know that youths must expend their energies on something, and if they can at the same time set themselves up in good form, and with a soldierly bearing, not much harm can be done to anyone. If we could have our old forts remantled and our old garrisons repaired and manned at a small expense to the colony, the mere exercise would do some good. Anything is better than idleness, or that listless vacuity of mind and body which is unhappily the chief characteristic of the youth of this community for the greater part of the year. I know a card club in this city, the ordinary stakes of which are five dollars a point; and do you mean to tell me that young men might not be far better employed than in muddling their brains over the card-table, or robbing their employers for the means to do so. Why, sir, it is almost enough to make Satan indulge in a sardonic grin, to see the grizzled employer at home at night poring over his ledger or day-book to try and make both ends meet, while the gay clerk is at the same moment gambling away the contents of the till over brandy and water and games of “seven-up.” At a future time I may possibly tell you what I know about these festive goings-on. Meantime, let me say, Mr. Editor, that when the man in authority is dishonest, or when the employer is engaged in robbing the public treasury, he must not be surprised if his clerk is also robbing him. Dishonesty in the fountain-head breeds dishonesty right through the piece, while the opposite quality has a tendency in the opposite direction. I once remember reading an anecdote of the present Emperor of Germany, who is very strict in matters of personal etiquette, called “The One Button.” One day while the Emperor was closeted with a distinguished general, he heard a regiment of Guards approaching and immediately commenced to button up his tunic. The general expressed surprise that he (the Emperor) should think it necessary to stand on ceremony with his own guards. “My soldiers,” replied his majesty, “have never seen me with my coat unbuttoned, and I do not intend that they ever shall. For, let me tell you, it is the one button, left unbuttoned, that is the ruin of the army!”

Yours truly,
PRIMUM INTER PARES.
St. John's, Feb. 8, 1888.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

MR. CHARLES H. HUTCHINGS was admitted to membership in the Law Society yesterday.

THE lowest and the highest temperature of the air within the past twenty-four hours was 18° and 30°.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—“One of the People”—Your communication will appear to-morrow.

“Quick March”—We want the real name of the writer. “Justice”—Your remarks are a good deal too personal, especially in their reference to Mr. Winter and the Barcelona exhibition.

THE barquentine *Silver Sea*, Captain Day, was towed in here this morning from Cape Broyle harbor, a quantity of string ice along the shore and a head wind preventing the passage of the vessel under sail. She is from Cadiz with salt. The brigantine seen from Cape Race yesterday afternoon has not yet been in sight.

home and afterwards took it out to the livery stable, where it was identified as being the same which Mr. Murphy had engaged. His family were at once notified. Several relations and friends organised a search-party and proceeded to the spot where the horse and sleigh were found. They spent all night looking for him, but up to noon to-day nothing had been heard from them that they were successful. Business troubles has been preying upon Mr. Murphy's mind lately, and he complained very much of sleeplessness and mental worry. If, in a fit of aberration, he left the sleigh and wandered into the woods his tracks could easily be discovered, for there has been no snow-fall since he left, and he could be traced across the moors. It may be that he journeyed along the road on foot toward some distant settlement, and if that be so he may be in a place of safety, though his whereabouts would, for some time, probably remain unknown. This morning the constabulary were sent to join in the search. It should be mentioned that the missing man's coat and hat were found, the former in the sleigh, the latter at some little distance from where the sleigh was abandoned.

THE COLONY'S STAPLE INDUSTRY.

Artificial Assistance to Our Fisheries.

III.—WHAT PISCICULTURE CAN DO FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

OUR lobster fishery is one capable of great expansion by hatching and procreation. The lobster is not at all migratory, and this fact is to our advantage. The time is near at hand when legislation on this fishery shall become imperative. In 1885 the net value of our lobster catch was \$82,000. In the custom returns for 1886 it leaped up to \$145,491 or 75 per cent. in twelve months as an increase. In 1887 the value of the produce of this fishery was \$209,671. In P. E. Island, which has not one-tenth the coast, island, islet, rock and shoal facilities we have, this fishery alone in 1885 netted \$250,000. There is then in it for us at least \$1,000,000 annually. In Canada and the Maritime Provinces this fish is protected during certain seasons, and the capture of a fish under eleven inches subjects the fisherman to a penalty.

In this colony we have many useful fishery laws on our statute book, but owing to the want of a fishery bureau they remain there unenforced, unpromulgated and useless. For instance, our law regulating the size of mesh in codtraps, which is flagrantly violated in every settlement throughout the country. Our bait law, which will practically come into operation next summer, owing to the absence of such an institution, will remain a dead letter. The time has come when legislation on our fisheries is absolutely necessary and that legislation must be enforced through the proper channel—a fish bureau. In the Dominion those laws are strictly enforced in the following manner: Over every 100 or 150 miles of coast, lake and river there is placed an overseer with copies of all fishery laws and with full instructions from the fishery department how to act in all cases of violation. He is supplied with blank forms which he has to fill up and send in, giving accurate returns of all fish caught in his section. Not alone what is exported, but also what is consumed is ascertained in this way, and the real value of the year's fishery made known. In Newfoundland we can but know the value of fish exports. Under the overseer and subject to his instructions, are five or six wardens who have copies of the laws and who look out for their enforcement and all violations within a stretch of from fifteen to thirty miles. The overseers are paid from \$100 to \$150 a year, and the wardens about \$20. This money goes usually into the hands of school teachers and practical fishermen. In Nova Scotia this service costs about \$25,000. This includes hatching, fishways and all the work of the department. If we were to strike off \$20,000 from the \$60,000 police expenditure, we could have just as good a system and would be getting much more value for our money. In a few years it would pay for itself by what it would cut off from the \$200,000 or one-fifth of our revenue poor grant. All the species of fish caught in the Dominion could be introduced here. To give a list of these is unnecessary, but they can be found in the Dominion Fishery Report for 1886.

Our Fishery Bureau would have to collect all the scientific information obtainable of the different food fishes found in our waters, and of the food fishes of other countries that might be successfully introduced and climatised. The latest modern appliance for fishing in use in other lands would be, through its agency, introduced here. There is no necessity for sending abroad for a scientific help to the department, for there is nothing connected with pisciculture but a man of a practical turn of mind and a grammar school education could master in twelve months. A dozen pamphlets and reports with plates in them of the way these matters are managed in other countries will teach all that can be learned upon the subject. Such a man, with a dozen active and intelligent young fishermen in the different hatteries throughout the country, and with the necessary number of overseers and wardens, could manage easily the whole machinery of the department. If our large lakes were filled with valuable food fishes in the interior of the country, they, with the aid of a railway, would help very considerably the colonization of whatever agricultural lands we possess. Before concluding, there is a matter connected with our herring fishery which is worthy of notice. In Newfoundland, if the herring do not “strike in” on the coast, there is no fishery. Yet, as regular as the sun is in his courses through the heavens, so regular are the herring in their movements through the Straits and down the Labrador in the Spring of every year to the pastures and spawning grounds of the North, coming back over the same ground in the Fall. This fish, from the middle of September up to the last of October, is in the prime condition. If purse seining for the deep sea were adopted, there would be a certainty of a large herring fishery each year,

and a fishery too that would be carried on after the cod-fishery was over. Here is a splendid opening for our bankers after they have “wound up” their fishing for cod. I cannot say whether caplin has sufficient of nutriment to warrant its being put up as sardines in cans; but if it has the necessary nutriment, a great deal of money would be turned over to the labor of this country in preparing it for market. If our herring fishery were properly worked, even with the present labor and appliances that could be brought to it, the produce would be worth a million dollars annually.

(Concluded to-morrow.)

THAT SILVER WEDDING PRESENT.

Editor Evening Telegram.

DEAR SIR,—It does appear, in view of the prostrated condition of the operative classes of this colony, as if the hint contained in the following extracts from *London Truth* is especially applicable to our circumstances. If we have any largesses to give, better far to devote them to feeding the hungry and clothing the naked within our gates, of whom there are, I fear, tens of thousands—poor fishermen and their families needing such assistance. Were the island in a flourishing condition, as may be the case after the next fishery season, then all could cooperate in subscribing to a suitable gift to their Royal Highnesses, the Prince and Princess of Wales being especially popular in this colony since he paid it a visit in 1860. Were he indeed to know that we were straining a point in order to get up a testimonial to him, he would hardly feel complimented, considering the poverty-stricken circumstances of so many people and the forced character of the offering.

Yours truly,
MEMO.

“A number of silly, servile geese who call themselves the ‘personal friends’ of the Princess of Wales, are rushing about pestering people for contributions towards a ‘silver wedding’ present to her Royal Highness, and so indefatigable have been the exertions of the promoters of this nonsense that about £4,000 has been collected which is to be expended in jewellery, of which the Princess already possesses enough to stock a large shop.”

“I have no doubt that both the Prince and Princess will be perfectly overwhelmed with ‘silver wedding’ gifts, for the enthusiastic donors will look upon the money thus expended as bread cast upon the waters to be found after [few] days in the shape of Marlborough House invitations and similar ‘gratifications’ which are so much in request among the herd of society simpletons.”

LOCAL VARIETIES.

The *Silvia*, Captain Beavis, has arrived at Parnambuco.

The coastal steamer *Curlew* arrived at Channel at 4.30 o'clock this morning.

A DENSE fog in the ciffing set in this afternoon, and drift ice has been forced in the harbor by the S.E. wind.

At the regular meeting of Brookfield Lodge, of the Independent Order of Good Templars, held at Brookfield Good Templar Hall on Wednesday, Feb. 8th, the following officers were elected and installed by Bro. Wm. Cook, Lodge Deputy, for the ensuing quarter:—

- Chief Templar: Bro. Robert Hughes, elected.
- Vice Templar: Bro. Wm. Crocker, elected.
- Secretary: Bro. A. Crocker, elected.
- Fin. Secy: Sister Lizzie Cowan, elected.
- Treasurer: Sister Martha Hendry, re-elected.
- Chaplain: Sister Agnes Cowan, elected.
- Marshal: Sister Jessie Hendry, elected.
- Guard: Bro. Peter Cowan, elected.
- Sentinel: Bro. Benjamin Squires, elected.
- Ass't. Secy: Sister Maria Cowan, appointed.
- Deputy Marshal: Sister Lizzie Cook, re-appointed.
- Past Chief Templar: Bro. I. C. Morris, elected.

This lodge is in a healthy condition, in numbers and finance. The new hall is now finished and reflects great credit on the members, the most of whom are in the morning of life. With the noble mission of “templary” before them, their object can be truly said to be good.

SUPREME COURT.

(POST TERMINAL SITTINGS.)

Baine and Others, Toronto versus McPherson.

Special case submitted for opinion and decision of Mr. Justice Pinsent, D.C.L. In this case the right of property (a safe) remained in the plaintiffs under the peculiar agreement, upon which it was ordered until the conditions thereof were fulfilled, and did not pass to the Mortgagee or the Trustee, under the Insolvency of Parsons & Peach. The judgment must therefore be for the plaintiffs, the defendant, however, having the option of returning the safe or paying the balance due thereon. Mr. Greene for plaintiffs; Mr. McNeilly, Q.C., for defendant.

Studdy vs. Eales.

An action for the recovery of damages for trespass on plaintiff's farming land; defendant pleading that the piece of land in dispute forms part of his property. Plaintiff proved that it was included in his bill of sale. Judgment for plaintiff with sixty dollars damages.

DIED.

At Upper Island Cove, on Sunday, the 5th inst., after a short illness, Julia, relict of the late James Drover, aged 83 years.

Last evening, of paralysis, after a brief illness, Henry Duder, aged 67 years. Funeral from his late residence, Devon Cottage, Old Portugal Cove Road, on Saturday next, at 8 p.m.; friends and relatives will please accept this the only intimation.

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