4 P.M. EDITION

London Advertiser

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42ND YEAR. NO. 17406 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1905. PRICE TWO CENTS.

RUSS OFFICERS FOR JAP PRISONS

Generals and Admirals Refuse to Accept Parole.

CZAR TO BUILD A NEW NAVY

Russian Commission Securing Pointers From the Shipyards of the Continent.

Headquarters Japanese Army at Port Arthur, via Fusan, Jan. 8.—Lieut.-Gen. Fock and Shirnoff have decided to go to Japan as prisoners of war. Gen. Smirnoff was in command of the forts at Port Arthur, and Gen. Fock commanded the fourth division of the army there. Fifty per cent of the Russian officers will go to Japan and share with their men the fate of prisoners of war. There are five Russian admirals at Port Arthur, one of whom will go to Japan. Among the admirals is a prince. Twelve foreign naval attaches have visited Port Arthur and inspected the remains of the Russian fleet.

Tokio, Jan. 8. — Lieut.-Gens. Fock, Smirnoff and Gorbatowski and Rear-Admiral Willmann will be brought to Japan as prisoners of war. Lieut.-Gen. Stoessel will leave Dalny Jan. 12 on a Japanese transport for Nagasaki. He will be accompanied by the other parole officers. The Russians probably will remain in Japan a few days and then proceed on a French steamer to Europe, going by way of the Suez Canal. Gen. Nogi reports that the officers paroled to date number 441, and orderlies, 229. Reports previously received here were to the effect that both Lieut.-Gens. Fock and Smirnoff had been killed at Port Arthur. On Jan. 2, a St. Petersburg dispatch denied that Fock had been killed, but admitted that he had been wounded. A dispatch received from Mukden, Jan. 7, said that, while the death of Fock had not been published, it had for six weeks been accepted there as a fact. The report of Gen. Smirnoff's death had never been confirmed. The only prince admiral known to have been at Port Arthur was Rear-Admiral Prince Ouktomsky. A St. Petersburg dispatch on Saturday said that information had been received there from Che Foo to the effect that Rear-Admiral Prince Ouktomsky, disguised, had arrived at Che Foo on board a launch.

In a report received here last night, Rear-Admiral Katakoe reviews the attempts of the Russians to destroy the battleship Sevastopol and the coast defense vessel Otvashni, their sinking of vessels for the purpose of blocking the entrance to the harbor and the dash for freedom of the torpedo-boat destroyers Skory, Stratni, Vlastni and Serdity, which reached Che Foo, and the Smyrini and Boiki, which reached Tsingtau. The report says the Japanese protected cruiser Akitsushima and a flotilla of torpedo-boat destroyers followed the four first-named Russian vessels toward Che Foo, and that the protected cruiser Chiyda and a number of torpedo-boat destroyers followed the Smyrini and the Boiki to Tsingtau. In both ports the Russian vessels were compelled to disarm. The report, in conclusion, says: I beg to report our brilliant strategical movement in this direction was successfully completed.

Tokio, Jan. 9. — 4 p.m. — From well-informed sources, it is estimated that of the original garrison of Port Arthur, about 38,000 or 40,000 men, including sailors, were killed or died of sickness. The number of missing men is placed at over 10,000.

Nagasaki, Jan. 9. — Noon. — One thousand wounded Russian prisoners of war from Port Arthur have arrived at Dairei hospital.

Tokio, Jan. 9. — Noon. — It is believed that the Russian casualties at Port Arthur will total about 25,000.

Tokio, Jan. 9.—Noon.—The Japanese, who express great admiration for Gen. Fock and other officers for refusing parole and standing by the men of their army, are busily preparing to receive the Russian prisoners from Port Arthur. The first batch of 10,000 are expected to arrive at Moji and Shemonoseki shortly. After disinfection, they will be sent to Kure, and probably to Matsuyama, Nayogaya, Himeji, Kyoto, etc. The generals will be treated in the best possible manner. It is unknown if any of the prisoners will be brought to Tokio.

The Gazette announces today that the Russians have delivered five survivors of the third Japanese expedition to block the entrance to Port Arthur harbor.

New Navy for Russia.

Paris, Jan. 7.—Vice-Admiral Doubassoff (who succeeded Admiral Kaznakoff as Russian representative on the Russian international North Sea commission), arrived here today, and was received by Foreign Minister Delcasse. It is known that his service on the North Sea Commission is a mere incident, his chief mission being to preside at the meeting of the naval technical commission which is considering the complete rehabilitation of the Russian navy. This is not connected with the fall of Port Arthur or the present war, as the Russians recognize the necessity of recruiting their navy without reference to the contest with Japan. Therefore naval experts, consisting of Dolgoroukoff, Poreetkind, Brinck and others, have arrived here after visiting the shipyards of Germany, Holland, Austria, Italy and France, to learn their capacity for the execution of an extensive programme for naval construction. Admiral Doubassoff, who is chief constructor of the Russian navy, will go over the reports. Their visits included the shipyards at Toulon and La Sayne-Sur-Mer, where they viewed the progress made on four new Russian torpedo boat destroyers and a large model of the battleship Czarevitch, which is considered to be a favorable type for future construction. It is understood that the Russian programme contemplates the expenditure of $200,000,000 during the next three years on naval rehabilitation. The meeting of the experts leads to a coincident gathering of representatives of the leading shipyards.

Transferring the Prisoners.

Tokio, Jan. 8.—The transfer of prisoners

(Continued on page 3.)

ANOTHER STORY OF FAMOUS PLOT

Mr. Borden's Name Mentioned in La Presse Affair.

ALLEGED COMPACT WITH BLAIR

Strathcona and Mackenzie & Mann Assisted in Raising Money, According to Le Nationaliste.

Montreal, Jan. 8. — Le Nationaliste, the paper that first exposed the purchase of La Presse by the Graham-Russell syndicate, takes occasion today to forecast what would be the result if the counter-petition filed by Mr. Roche, of Halifax, against the petition by Mr. Borden to unseat Mr. Roche should be pressed. It brings Mr. Borden into what is now known as the "Blair-Russell conspiracy," and says:

"On Oct. 9 Mr. Borden, having returned to Toronto from his tour of Ontario, went in the evening to Mr. A. E. Kemp's house, and there, in conference with Mr. Kemp, Mr. Hugh Graham, of the Montreal Star, and Mr. J. B. Tressider, manager of the Star, agreed (1) to make Mr. Blair his Minister of Railways, (2) to buy for Government purposes the Inverness Coal Company's Railway, owned by Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann. Mr. Tressider caught the train for Montreal that night, and left the next day for England, where he passed several weeks with Lord Strathcona's former secretary, who is now general secretary of the Chamberlain electoral committee. What took Mr. Tressider to London? One day or other it will be known. Meantime Mr. Russell probably knows, because Mr. Russell in September last showed to all-comers a check for $40,000 signed by Donald A. Smith. If Mr. Russell should deny this statement we will produce among others who saw the check, Mr. Peters, one of Russell's old friends, formerly of St. John, N. B., but now of Record Foundry, Montreal. Mr. Russell appears to have played to a degree his friendship with Lord Strathcona. Indeed the check is not the only thing. When the great banquet at Caledonia Springs was organized in honor of Hon. Mr. Pugsley it was announced that Lord Strathcona would preside. He did not come, but sent a cablegram of regret, eulogizing Mr. Pugsley. Only three days after the conference at Toronto, at which the resignation of Mr. Blair was announced, La Presse was purchased. That Mr. Graham, patron of Tressider, was in company in this purchase of La Presse with Mr. Russell and Mackenzie & Mann we have undoubted proof. A note for $100,000, signed by David Russell and indorsed by Mr. Graham, was discounted at the Merchants' Bank, on collateral security supplied by a deposit of bonds or debentures of Mackenzie & Mann. Two notes for $50,000 each with the same signature were discounted at the Dominion Bank, Toronto, on securities and on similar security was discounted by the Union Bank of Quebec. Where did the rest of the money come from? Mr. Rodolphe Forget consented to subscribe $200,000, but retracted at the last moment.

"On Oct. 14, Senator Dandurand watched the Borden procession at Montreal in company with Mr. Graham. The senator joked Mr. Graham for his lack of enthusiasm and predicted greater demonstrations when Laurier should arrive. 'Very well,' said Mr. Graham, 'but we will make a bigger show after yours.' These words of Mr. Graham seemed precise enough, when one recalls that Mr. Blair and his friends had engaged Massey Hall, Toronto, for Oct. 24, and that meeting there would be the beginning of a triumphal tour throughout Canada. On Oct. 17, when Mr. B. A. Macnab, of the Star, treasurer of the Conservative committee, settled for the supply of music for the first parade, he asked Mr. Hardy to hold himself in readiness for another pow-wow in a few days. On the night of Oct. 21 Messrs. Greenshields and Russell left together for St. John, where on the 22nd they had a long conference with Mr. Borden. They submitted to the leader a most fantastic programme, as follows:

"1. Improvement of the Intercolonial. 2. Purchase of the Temiscouata Railway for the Government. 3. Purchase of the Mackenzie & Mann system in Nova Scotia. 4. Construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific on Mr. Blair's plan. All this was to be done stroke by stroke, but Mr. Borden was afraid, and saw the brigands' cavern into which Mr. Graham was trying to lead him. Mr. Blair was advised by telephone the next day that the whole affair had fallen through. The day following Sir Wilfrid Laurier asked Mr. Blair for an explanation and was told that his former colleague had no intention to undertake a campaign against the Grand Trunk Pacific."

Le Nationaliste adds that the foregoing is the reason for Mr. Borden's manifesto on campaign funds.

Croker's Interdiction.

London, Jan. 9.—Requests by Richard Croker for an explanation by the Jockey Club as to why it interdicted the training of his horses at Newmarket Heath, have been unsuccessful.

NORTH SEA CASE IS UNDER WAY

The Commission Reassembles at Paris and Elects Permanent President.

Paris, Jan. 9. — The international commission appointed to inquire into the North Sea incident resumed its sessions at the foreign office today. Admirals Von Spaun (Austrian), and Doubassoff (Russia), were present. The latter's appointment was officially announced, making permanent Admiral Kasenakoff's requirement on account of illness. Admiral Fournier (France), was unanimously chosen permanent president. In the course of his speech of acceptance, Admiral Fournier said he hoped the commission would be inspired with the same moderation and wisdom which induced Emperor Nicholas and King Edward to refer the question to arbitration.

NELLIE CUMMINGS DEAD

Leading Lady With McCulloch and Barrett Passes Away.

San Francisco, Jan. 9.—Nellie Cummings, an old-time actress of note, died here today in poor circumstances of asthma.

Miss Cummings was leading lady for John McCulloch and Lawrence Barrett at the old California Theater in this city during the palmy days of the drama. After that time she drifted east, playing with many companies, notably those of Richard Mansfield, Frederick Warde and Edna Wallace Hopper. She had been playing brief engagements of late until her health broke down.

SUNK IN COLLISION

Scottish and Spanish Ships Collide Off British Coast.

London, Jan. 8.—Stormy weather still continues on the British coasts, and several shipping casualties are reported.

The Glasgow steamer Stella Maris collided on Saturday night, seven miles off Holyhead, with the Spanish vessel Oris, and both sank. The crews were saved in the boats after drifting all night.

The Belfast steamer Dispatch collided with the Sunderland steamer Dinnington, off Ramsgate, this morning. The Dispatch was towed into Ramsgate, but the Dinnington is believed to have sunk with her crew of ten men.

Several other vessels were driven ashore at different points, their crews being rescued with great difficulty.

BLACK HANDERS ARRESTED

The Jersey City Police Capture Nine Leaders of the Mafia.

New York, Jan. 9.—In a raid yesterday the police of Jersey City captured nine Italians whom they believe to be leaders of the Mafia or "Black Hand" Society. The prisoners are all Scilians.

The house raided is said to have been the meeting place for from 60 to 80 Italians who went there every Sunday from all parts of Greater New York, and nearby places in New Jersey.

Angelo De Marco, one of the prisoners, is described by Chief of Police Murphy of Jersey City, as the brains and organizer of the whole "Black Hand."

Murphy says that other arrests will follow.

SPENCER ELECTROCUTED

For Revenge Had Murdered Official of Anti-Policy League.

Ossining, N. Y., Jan. 9. — Wm. Spencer, a mulatto, was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison at 5:57 o'clock today for the murder of Charles S. MacFarlane, in New York city, on June 15, 1903. Spencer shot MacFarlane, an agent of the New York Anti-Policy League, in the corridor of the criminal court building, in New York city. The motive for the murder was revenge. MacFarlane had been active in running down policy shops, and it was through his work that Spencer, who was employed as a writer, was arrested. On the day of the murder, Spencer was being led into court by two policemen, when he suddenly turned and fired two shots at MacFarlane, killing him instantly. Spencer's trial was one of the shortest on record in this city. He was about 40 years of age.

SENATE SPEAKERSHIP

The Hon. Raoul Dandurand Likely to Get the Position.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—It is understood that Hon. Raoul Dandurand, of Montreal, will be the new speaker of the senate, in which honorable office he succeeds Hon. Lawrence Power. Mr. Dandurand is a lawyer of prominence, with a keen mind, great energy and large business experience. He was called to the Upper House in 1898, and since then has completely mastered parliamentary procedure. He has taken a prominent part not only in debates, but in the committee work of the senate.

QUEEN SENT MONEY

Gave Fifty Pounds to Woman Who Gave Her Mats.

London, Jan. 9. — An elderly woman named Sarah Bart Azulay, who is suffering from consumption, has worked at a set of dinner table mats, and sent them, with an accompanying letter, as a present to the Queen.

She has received a reply from Miss Knollys, thanking her for her letter and the kind intention expressed therein, but as her Majesty is unable to accept presents from anyone with whom she has not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance, Miss Knollys was directed by the Queen to forward Mrs. Azulay a money gift, consisting of fifty pounds sterling, "for the pretty mats which she has been good enough to send."

The Queen has sent a donation of £100 in aid of the funds of the Church Army, which are at present greatly strained, owing to the work undertaken by the society for the benefit of the unemployed.

FREE TRADE WINS BYE-ELECTION

Chamberlain's Policy Defeated in Old Conservative Stronghold.

London, Jan. 7.—In the parliamentary bye-election at Stalybridge, Cheshire, today, J. F. Cheetham, Liberal, defeated M. White Ridley, Conservative, by a majority of 951. Hitherto for 20 years Stalybridge had returned a Conservative. The election, which was warmly contested, turned almost completely on free trade, as against Mr. Chamberlain's policy. Mr. Ridley announced that he was opposed to the taxation of food, but that otherwise he would support Mr. Balfour's programme. This capture of a Conservative stronghold has aroused great Liberal enthusiasm.

LAST CALL TO VOTERS!

Tomorrow night the booths for the registration of voters close.

If you do not register, and if your name does not appear on the municipal voters' list, you will have no vote on Jan. 25.

You should take no chances.

If you have any doubts about your name being on the municipal list, examine the latter. If it is not on, register.

The booths for the registration of voters will be open tonight from 7:30 to 9 o'clock.

Tomorrow the booths will be open from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; from 2 to 6 p.m., and from 7:30 to 9 p.m.

You owe it to yourself and your party to register. EVERY VOTE COUNTS. TAKE NO CHANCES. REGISTER!

Any information you may desire will be cheerfully furnished you at the Liberal Club, corner of Park and Queen's avenues. Telephone 781.

REMEMBER, Tuesday night the registration closes.

See that your name is on the list, or else register.

Reorganization of London Field Battery Effected

Corps Will Soon Be on a Good Sound Footing—Major Mills to Command

The reorganization of the London Field Battery, which has been defunct for many months past, has been effected, and there is every prospect of the corps having a full complement of officers and men before the summer is well advanced.

The effort to bring the battery into existence has been on foot for some time, one of the greatest difficulties being to find one who could take the command, as the latter will require a great deal of time, particularly until the corps is again on a good basis. Lieut. Mills, of the Twenty-sixth (Middlesex) Regiment, has consented to take the command of the battery, with the rank of major, and among the officers who will surround him is considerable young blood, including Lieut. Keith Cameron, son of Sheriff Cameron, and an officer of the Twenty-sixth. Lieut. Cameron is a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston. Other officers will include Capt. Archie Becher, adjutant of the Twenty-sixth, who will be surgeon of the battery; Charles Hunt, A. Zimmerman, James McNee and Leonard Powell.

These are among the list that has been recommended to the department at Ottawa, and about all that now remains to be done is the announcement of the reorganization in the Canada Gazette.

With such a staff of young officers, all of whom are well known in London, there is little doubt that the battery will be on a good footing, and that it will occupy a better position than it did at any time prior to its disbandment.

It is understood that new officers and equipment will be issued by the Government. The guns which were in use were of a very old type and altogether unfit for service.

OPERATION FOR NASH

Windsor Police Sergeant in Serious State, but Will Recover.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 9.—Police Sergt. Nash, who was shot on Friday by Burglar Samuel Jarvis, was taken to the Hotel Dieu yesterday afternoon on the advice of Dr. Cruickshank, who found that his patient was suffering from an aneurism of the right common carode artery. An operation will be performed today by Dr. Cruickshanks and Dr. McGraw, of Detroit. Nash, while in serious condition, is hopeful of recovery.

BOER LEADER IN COURT

Viljoen Before Chicago Magistrate Charged With Assault.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 7. — Gen. B. J. Viljoen, the Boer war veteran, appeared in Justice Richardson's court today on charges of assault and battery preferred by James J. McMillan. A number of Boers appeared for Viljoen, while as many English soldiers appeared in behalf of McMillan. It was alleged that Gen. Viljoen struck McMillan in a quarrel in the Coliseum. Justice Richardson reserved his decision.

DEMOCRATIC GREY

Anybody Can Attend Reception To Be Given at Montreal

Montreal, Jan. 9.—Democratic simplicity will pervade the civic reception to Earl and Countess Grey in this city at the city hall, on the afternoon of Jan. 14, when Montrealers will have an opportunity of meeting the new Governor-General. Col. Hanbury Williams, C.M.G., secretary to the earl, had a conference with city officials today respecting the arrangements, and it was decided that there should be no invitations, but that citizens would be welcome in business dress. Later in the day the board of trade reception takes place.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Fair and Colder.

London, Monday, Jan. 9.

Sun rises..7:50 a.m. Moon rises..10:00 a.m.
Sun sets...4:59 p.m. Moon sets....9:10 p.m.

Toronto, Jan. 8—8 p.m.

The weather is becoming decidedly colder in the Northwest Territories and Manitoba, and the outlook is generally cold. The heavy gale which prevailed in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces on Saturday has since subsided.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 32—42; Calgary, 4—20; Qu'Appelle, 16 below—zero; Winnipeg, 16 below—2 below; Port Arthur, 4—12; Parry Sound, 2 below—16; Toronto, 12—26; Ottawa, 8—12; Montreal, 12—24; Quebec, 10—26; Halifax, 34—36.

FORECASTS.

Monday, Jan. 9—8 a.m.

Today—Fresh to strong southerly winds, shifting to westerly and northwesterly; snowfalls, for the most part light.

Tuesday—Fair and much colder.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	2	—4	Cloudy
Winnipeg	—20	—22	Clear
Parry Sound	22	10	Cloudy
Toronto	10	10	Cloudy
Ottawa	10	4	Cloudy
Montreal	14	8	Fair
Quebec	4	2	Clear
Father Point	14	12	Cloudy

The sign — indicates below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.

Very cold weather prevails in the Territories and Manitoba. Elsewhere in Canada it is moderately cold. A shallow depression to the westward of Lake Michigan indicates moderate snowfalls for Ontario and Quebec.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Saturday were: Highest, 27°; lowest, 19.5°. Sunday: Highest, 23°; lowest, 16.5°.

FIRE IN FUR WAREHOUSE

The Bishop Plant at Sandwich Was Totally Destroyed.

Sandwich, Ont., Jan. 9. — The Bishop Fur Company's plant was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at $25,000, insurance being carried to the amount of $15,000. The cause of the fire is unknown. The building was filled with many valuable furs, made up into rugs, coats, and other articles of wearing apparel. There were also a large number of new pelts to be made up. Work was to have commenced on a fine new building for the company in the spring.

TEACH AGRICULTURE

What England is Doing to Prepare Rural Schoolmasters.

London, Jan. 7. — What is being done in the way of agricultural education in England in school, college, and university is set forth in a report issued by the board of agriculture. "Under the stimulating influence of the new regulations of the board of education," says the report, "the preparation of rural schoolmasters for the work of teaching subjects bearing directly on country life has assumed important proportions."

The course of instruction ranges from the study of flowers and grasses, the habits of birds and the like, in rural schools, to practical field experiments in the effect of manures, including dairying and horse-shoeing lessons. For these latter the students are taken to local forges.

LONDON'S UNEMPLOYED

The Subscription Fund to Help Grows to £30,000.

London, Jan. 9. — Some 14,000 men have registered themselves in London as unemployed, and the subscription fund at the Mansion House is now close on £30,000. Doles will not do much good to relieve the distress, but great hopes are entertained that the committee of borough councilors, etc., under Mr. Long, may do excellent service in providing work for the workless. Yesterday over 60 men were sent by this committee to the Salvation Army Farm Colony, at Hadleigh, in Essex, and in a few days some 200 will be employed there at farming and brick-making, and the men will have their board and lodging, while their wives at home will get 10s a week and 1s to 2s per week for each child. The borough councils are busy arranging contracts for municipal works, which will shortly employ a large number of men. But all that can be done in our congested areas is as nothing compared with what might be done for these workingmen if they were assisted with loans to enable them to emigrate to Canada, where, instead of temporary relief, they would get a permanent relief from the distress which periodically overtakes so large a section of workers here, where there is not enough to go around.

Uniform Regulations.

Toronto, Jan. 9.—Mr. S. T. Bastedo, deputy minister of fisheries, will go to New York next week for the purpose of attending a conference with the state fishery commissioners, with a view to the passage of uniform regulations to govern the waters on the international border.

Arbitration Commission.

Toronto, Jan. 9.—Hon. Sir James S. Winter, Hon. Sir E. P. Morris, Hon. A. B. Morine and Messrs. R. A. Reid and J. F. Fox arrived in this city from Newfoundland this morning. The arbitration commission, on the business of which these gentlemen are engaged, will sit tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Gave It Up.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 9. — A Manitowoc dispatch says Capt. James Reid, of Sarnia, with the wrecker, Manistuqua, and tug Diver, has abandoned the work of releasing the steamer Continental, wrecked on Twin River Point, and will not make another attempt until next spring.

MAYOR CAMPBELL WAS DULY INSTALLED IN OFFICE TODAY

His Worship Delivers His Inaugural Address at a Meeting of the City Council.

THE SESSION WAS A MOST HARMONIOUS ONE

Alds. Stevely, Forristal and Matthews Named as Committee Chairmen—Ald. Cooper Was Turned Down From All Civic Bodies—The Various Appointments.

The city council of 1905 held its inaugural meeting at 11 o'clock this morning in the council chamber, and Mayor Campbell was duly installed in his office. The various committees, committee chairmen and appointees to civic boards were made without any party feeling whatever, the Liberal and Conservative aldermen having come to an agreement on the matter on Saturday, and for the first time in three years the council was practically a unit on all matters pertaining to appointments.

The feature of the meeting was the manner in which the council dealt with Ald. Cooper. The latter, as is well known to all, is like a fish out of water unless he is placed on the board of works. Last year he was shelved on No. 1, but this year he felt it his duty to seek the chairmanship of the board of works, but, alas! he was not even placed on the board, but was again appointed to No. 1. Further than that, his name does not appear on the Western Fair board list, nor yet among the directors of the L. and P. S. R.

The meeting was a quiet and businesslike one, and was concluded in less than an hour. By this year's arrangement, the Conservatives secure two chairmanships, those of Nos. 2 and 3 committees, and the Liberals receive one, that of No. 1 committee. The committees are made up as follows: No. 1, two Liberals and two Conservatives; No. 2, one Liberal and three Conservatives; No. 3, two Liberals and two Conservatives. On the other bodies a rather fair political equality is maintained—a state of affairs vastly different to that of last year.

The proceedings were opened by the retiring mayor, Mr. Adam Beck, who congratulated the members of the new council on their election, and said he was especially glad to see so many of last year's council re-elected. For Dr. Campbell he asked the same loyal support which was accorded himself, and for which he cordially thanked last year's aldermen. He then introduced the new mayor, Dr. Campbell.

Mayor Campbell's Address.

The new mayor then took his place on the dais, and after calling upon Rev. W. M. Walker, pastor of the South London Baptist Church, to offer up prayer, he made his inaugural address. The address was not read, as is customary, but was given to the audience in a clever speech, and at its conclusion the mayor was loudly applauded. The address, covering, as it did, nearly all important civic matters, demonstrated that the new mayor has a thorough grasp of municipal problems, and that he does not go into the chief magistrate's chair without a complete knowledge of his duties. He said:

"Gentlemen—As your chief execu-

(Continued on page 6.)

MR. R. L. BORDEN MAY RUN AGAIN

Conservative Caucus at Ottawa to Discuss the Leadership of the Party.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 9.—A Conservative caucus of member will be held here tomorrow night. Borden's resignation as leader will be received. It is understood, however, that if the caucus so desires he will again sit for Carleton County. Mr. Borden intends coming to Ottawa to reside and practice law here.

BACK TO CANADA

U. S. Authorities Return a Convict Paroled at Christmas.

Port Huron, Mich., Jan. 9. — Matthew Jones, aged 78 years, who was sent to Kingston penitentiary for life from Sarnia for arson at Sombra, Ont., and who was paroled on Christmas after serving eighteen years, has been returned to Canada by the local immigration officers. Jones' wife married another man after her husband was sentenced to prison. Jones was ignorant of this fact until he returned here, and has no means of suport. The immigration officers sent him to Canada. His daughter and a sister made their appearance on Saturday, and when they found what had been done with Jones a lively scene ensued.

DIES SUDDENLY AT HIGH MASS

Dramatic and Pathetic Incident in a Catholic Church at Montreal.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 9.—John McNeil died yesterday in St. Anne's Church at high mass. Most of the congregation had left for home when he walked from his pew into the sacristy and told the brother in charge he was dying and wanted a priest. As the man seemed to be very ill Father Fortier was quickly sent for and administered the last rites of the church. A few minutes later McNeil lost consciousness and quietly passed away, while the priests and brothers present recited the prayers for the dying.

DEATH OF MRS. GUILLOT

Wife of Well-Known Military Man Passes Away at Detroit.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 9. — Mrs. Ellen Guillott, wife of Lieut.-Col. Guillott, R. O., ex-city treasurer, died at Harper Hospital, Detroit, on Saturday, after an operation. She had been ill for several months. Besides her husband, three daughters and a son survive her. Col. Guillott, who is one of the best-known retired officers in Canada is at present hovering between life and death and does not yet know of his wife's demise.

General Nogi,

The brilliant Japanese commander who was in charge of the siege of Port Arthur.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Mostly fair; colder at night.

15,000 SLAIN IN THE WAR

Russo-Jap Conflict From the Commencement to Date.

BATTLES ON LAND AND SEA

Two Armies and Navies in Sharp Engagements and Long Casualty Lists Result.

London, Jan. 8. — The war between Japan and Russia has been the overshadowing feature in foreign affairs in the last twelve months. Differences between the two countries with regard to Manchuria and Korea led to hostilities, which practically began Feb. 6, when the Japanese minister at St. Petersburg demanded his passports. Two days later shots were exchanged between ships of the two nations off of Feb. 8 a torpedo attack was made by Togo's fleet on the Russian squadron at Port Arthur, with disastrous results to the Czar's ships.

The next day the cruiser Variag and the gunboat Korietz were destroyed at Chemulpo, and with the virtual bottling up of the Russians at Port Arthur the way was made clear for the dispatching of Japanese troops to Manchuria.

The first land skirmish of the war took place at Cheng Ju, Korea, on the 28th of March, and the Russians were slowly driven northward across the Yalu River. From April 29 to May 1 the battle of the Yalu was fought. The Russians under Sassalitch were defeated at Chiulencheng and retreated to Feng Wang Cheng, whence they were driven on May 5.

Manwhile the Japanese had landed two additional armies—one at Pitsewo and Kinchow, the other at Taku Shan. Kinchow was captured May 26 and Nan Shan the following day, resulting in the severing of land communications with Port Arthur. After the Nan Shan fight Gen. Oku moved northward with a large force, while General Nogi began working his way southward toward the great Russian stronghold of Port Arthur. June 14 and 15 Oku won the battle of Telissu or Vafangow. He occupied Kaiping July 9, took Hai Cheng on the 3rd of August, and a few days later his troops entered New Chwang.

Gen. Nodzu, moving northward from Taku Shan, captured Siuyen, and Kuroki, advancing from Feng Wang Cheng, drove the Russians from Fenshuli, Motien and Ta passes, June 30 and July 1. A few days later the three Japanese armies effected a junction, and from Aug. 24 to Sept. 4 were fought the series of battles that put the Mikado's forces under Marshal Oyama in possession of Liao Yang.

The Russians retreated in good order across the Taitse River, and moved rapidly to Mukden, the Japanese pursuit lacking spirit and animation. Military critics have asserted that Oyama at this time missed his opportunity to defeat Kuropatkin's forces utterly.

Having received reinforcements, the Russian commander decided upon an attack and moved southward against the Japanese. On Oct. 6 the battles of the Shakhe River or Sha River were begun, along a line 40 miles in extent. On the 13th the Russians were again compelled to retire across the river, having suffered severe losses in men and guns. All told the Russian casualties were given at 40,000, while the Japanese losses approximated 35,000. Since that time the operations in the Liao Yang-Mukden region have been of a desultory character, severe cold interfering with army movements.

While Oyama and Kuropatkin were disputing foot by foot the territory north of the Taitse, exciting events were taking place at Port Arthur. Night after night Togo's fleet had bombarded the town from the sea, and after June 27 the attacks from the land side were begun by Nogi's troops. A ruinous disaster for Russia occurred April 13, when the squadron was decoyed from the harbor. In attempting to return the battleship Petropavlovsk was blown up, and Admiral Makaroff, the so-called "Cossack of the Sea," and 750 others perished.

On the 10th of August Russia met another great naval misfortune. The fleet made a sortie, and in a fight with Togo's ships was battered and scattered. Admiral Vitoeft being killed. Most of the fleet returned to Port Arthur, but three big vessels sought shelter in foreign ports, and the cruiser Novik, in attempting to reach Vladivostock was sunk by the Japanese. The gunboat Ryeshitelni, which had sought refuge at Che Foo, was forcibly taken from the harbor and added to the Mikado's fleet. The Vladivostock squadron, which on three occasions had made successful raids, was trapped on Ag. 14 in Korea Straits, and in the fight that followed the cruiser Rurik was destroyed and the Rossia and Gromoboi were badly damaged.

But all the naval losses up to this time had not been on the Russian side. On May 15 the fine Japanese battleship Hatsuse was sunk by a mine near Dalny, and the cruised Yoshino was destroyed by being rammed by a sister ship. The battleship Yashima also was blown up by a mine on June 6; the Miyaka suffered the same fate on May 15, the Haiyen on Oct. 9, and the Adsuma on Dec. 6. Other small craft were destroyed at various times, making serious inroads into the Mikado's fleet.

An important feature of the naval phase of the war developed in October, with the departure for the east of the Russian Baltic fleet. For weeks the Baltic ships had been sailing to Libau, to Reval, and back to Cronstadt, but finally, on Oct. 16, the start was made. An untoward event occurred the night of Oct. 21 in the North Sea, when the squadron fired into an English fishing fleet. One boat was sunk, another badly damaged, two men were killed and several wounded. The Russian excuse was that a Japanese torpedo boat suddenly had loomed up in the darkness and menaced the fleet.

The incident caused extremely tense relations for a few days between England and Russia, but arrangements were made to have an international tribunal investigate the matter. That tribunal is now sitting in Paris. The damage bill presented by England is $600,000.

Meanwhile the Baltic ships proceeded, one squadron going through the Suez Canal and another round the Cape of Good Hope. The place of rendezvous is believed to be the Chagos Islands, in the middle of the Indian Ocean, but it is said the fleet will be recalled before it reaches the China Sea. Late reports are to the effect that the Japanese ships already have made movements to meet and fight the Baltic fleet that is commanded by Admiral Rojestvensky.

Gen. Nogi continued to press the land siege at Port Arthur, and late in July captured Wolf Hill. Persistent assaults were made on the northern and eastern forts, and troops that had been landed at Pigeon Bay attacked the western fortifications. In the fighting thousands of men were killed on both sides. On the 17th of August the Japanese made a demand for surrender of the stronghold, but it was immediately rejected by Gen. Stoessel, the Russian commander.

For days at a time during August and September, Japanese shell was rained on the Russian works, and by means of trenches, sapping and parallels the main forts were gradually approached. What were reported as general assaults were of weekly occurrence during October and November, with the result that the Czar's men gradually were driven into the inner works.

On Nov. 30 the Japanese achieved the remarkable military feat of capturing 203-Meter Hill, but it cost them, as reported, 15,000 men. On three successive nights the Russians attempted to regain the position, but were repelled at each attempt. From the top of the hill Nogi's forces were enabled to bombard the harbor, and continued shell fire on Dec. 6, 7 and 8 resulted in the destruction of the Russian squadron and the burning of the greater part of the town.

After a number of minor attacks another grand assault was delivered on Sunday, Dec. 18. The Russians were routed from the East Keekwan fort, which had been mined and which was blown up with tons of dynamite. Another fort connecting with the Liaotishan works also was captured. In these assaults there were desperate fights with bayonets and hand grenades.

On Dec. 18, too, joyful news for the Japanese was published at Tokio. It was declared that all the largest ships of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur, with the exception of the battleship Sevastopol, had been practically destroyed by shell fire from 203-Meter Hill, and that the Sevastopol was in a badly-damaged condition. Another announcement was made two days later that a squadron under command of Admiral Kamimura had steamed southward to intercept the Russian Baltic fleet.

The fighting at the Port Arthur forts was continued daily. The heights east of Houyanshukon were captured on Dec. 24. This was followed by the loss to the Russians of their entire advanced position in front of the Japanese right. With these victories for the besiegers, however, came the tidings that Gen. Nogi had been seriously wounded in the storming of 203-Meter Hill. But the Muscovites also lost some notable leaders. Gen. Kondratenko and Gen. Irman were reported to have been killed, while Gen. Fock, Stoessel's chief aide, was badly wounded.

Another distinct advantage was gained by the Jananese on Dec. 28, when they captured the Rihlung fort after a desperate assault, during which hundreds of the assailants were slain.

But the final fall of the great fortress was still considered to be distant. The blockade, it was asserted, was being successfully run, and supplies were reaching the beleaguered town. What was considered to be still more significant was that foreign correspondents, writing under date of Dec. 27, said that Port Arthur was as strong as six Sebastopols, and might hold out indefinitely.

The war record for the year practically closes with the announcement that peace negotiations were probable, with France as the chief mediator; that Russia is planning to send regiments from Vladivostock down toward the Yalu River and to the eastern coast of Korea; that Japanese reservists are being mobilized rapidly, and that the Mikado's Government is preparing to land 500,000 reinforcements to Marshal Oyama, who confronts Kuropatkin's legions south of the Shakhe River.

The Manchurian territory practically conquered by Japan is about 25,000 square miles in extent. By special treaty Korea also virtually has come under the domination of the Japanese Empire.

GRAND OPERA BRIDGE COLLAPSES

Twenty Members of Carmen Chorus Seriously Injured During Performance.

New York, N. Y., Jan. 7.—More than twenty members of the chorus of the Metropolitan Grand Opera Company were seriously injured tonight by the collapse of the bridge in the street scene in the opening act of "Carmen." None of the principals was on the stage and sang on in an attempt to the uninjured members of the chorus heroically massed at the front of the stage and sang on in an atempt to prevent the public from learning what had happened. The curtain was rung down as soon as possible, and Heinrich Conreid, the impressario, prevented a panic by urging the great audience to remain seated and not be frightened.

The injured removed to hospitals were: Giovanni Rossi, two fractured ribs; Wanda Adamsky, fractured ribs; Natalie Cornolie, both legs fractured; Katherine Hahn, left hip injured and ribs bruised; Ida Robensteein, internal injuries and shock; Italio Langogari, dislocation of right shoulder; Desadora Paccettir, right leg fractured; Vincenzo Raggario, fractured ribs; Giovanni Maninoa, fractured ribs. All have residences in this city. In addition to these, twenty or thirty more members of the chorus were painfully hurt.

All the exits of the theater were opened immediately after the accident, but scarcely half a dozen of those in the handsomely-dressed audience left their seats. Within fifteen minutes after the crash, the performance was resumed, and few persons in the big theater realized how serious the accident had been.

At the close of the performance, Frank H. Palmer, master mechanic of the Metropolitan, was arrested and locked up, charged with criminal negligence. He refused to make any statement and will be arraigned in court tomorrow morning.

Madam Ackte was slightly bruised on the right arm and right foot by a piece of flying timber from the bridges, but she continued in the cast.

Dangerous

Sour stomach is dangerous and calls for prompt treatment. The quickest, safest and surest cure known, is Hutch. First take two before retiring, then one after each meal, until the foul gases and the sour condition of the stomach are neutralized. Hutch is a splendid thing for indigestion, dyspepsia. It removes that full sensation and that tired feeling. It is better than anything else in the world. It's a doctor for ten cents.

The rice paper tree, one of the most interesting of the entire flora of China, has recently been successfully experimented with in Florida.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. zxv

The real "harp that once through Tara's halls the soul of music shed" is in the museum of Trinity College, Dublin.

TO KNOW IS TO PREVENT.—If the miners who work in cold water most of the day would rub their feet and legs with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil they would escape muscular rheumatism and render their nether limbs proof against the ill effects of exposure to the cold. Those setting out for mining regions would do well to provide themselves with a supply before starting.

The best iron for gunmaking purposes is obtained from old horseshoe nails.

PLEASANT AS SYRUP; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Jan. 7-8.—At New York—Carpathian, from Naples; La Touraine, from Havre; Zeeland, from Antwerp.

At Southampton—St. Louis, from New York.

At Liverpool—Campania, from New York.

At Trieste—Slavonia, from New York.

At Halifax—Corinthian, from Liverpool.

BABIES AND CHILDREN.

A regular treatment of Angier's Emulsion in a short time makes a wonderful improvement in the general health and appearance of babies and children. It strengthens the stomach and promotes perfect digestion. They readily take and become fond of it. Try a 50-cent bottle.

CASSINI'S TALK TERMED A BLUFF

Experts Reject Prediction of Russian Success.

ENVOY IS NOT WELL INFORMED

Statement That 700,000 Men Will Be in Manchuria Next June Is Considered Ridiculous.

Washington, Jan. 9.—"Russia will carry on the war to the end," said Count Cassini, the Czar's ambassador to Washington, yesterday. "In fact, Russia has only begun to fight. General Kouropatkin now has nearly 300,000 soldiers. By March he will have 500,000. By May or June he will have 750,000. Russia's resources have hardly been touched. My government will throw into Manchuria a force large enough to overwhelm the Japanese. There is no talk of peace in St. Petersburg. I repeat what I have said all along—there can be no negotiations for peace till Russia has won a great victory. Your General Grant once said: 'I propose to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer.' Russia will fight it out on the lines already adopted if it takes several summers. So far as I am officially advised, there is no thought whatever at St. Petersburg of entering upon peace negotiations. All who have the idea that Russia is suffering discouragement are simply laboring under a delusion."

Asked as to the rumors of internal troubles in Russia, of discontent and threatened revolution, Count Cassini replied:

"That is all the work of the imagination. Russia is patriotic. Russian patriotism will support the government till victory perches on the national banner. There may be some criticism in the Russian newspapers, but in time of war and trouble there is criticism in the press of every country. Such criticism does not mean that the people are turning against the government. It is the veriest nonsense to talk of a revolution impending in Russia."

Count Cassini was asked if it is true that Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet is about to return to European waters.

"I have no official advices on that subject," he replied, "but I should not be surprised if the fleet were ordered to return. If it is it will be only for the purpose of combining it with a third squadron, now being prepared, and perhaps a fourth. When all is ready, early in the coming summer, the great fleet will proceed to the Far East in sufficient strength to give it more than an even chance of overwhelming the enemy. I do not know what my government has decided to do, but the return of Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet for this purpose would be the natural sequence of the loss of the base which we had hoped to relieve and occupy at Port Arthur. Now that Port Arthur has surrendered, there is no need of the fleet going on to the China Sea. It was going thither to relieve the fortress, to raise the siege. Now it would be only good tactics to bring it back, refit it and reinforce it, and then renew the war with redoubled vigor on both sea and land."

From the foregoing it will be seen readily that Count Cassini keeps up his nereve and his confidence. His hopeful view of the future, and of the probability of Russian military and naval successes, is not shared by military authorities nor by other diplomatists. Count Cassini's bold statements that peace is out of the question and that his government has no thought of entering upon negotiations may be true enough, but it is a matter of common gossip in diplomatic circles that the Russian ambassador is not really in touch with the situation at St. Petersburg. He says that which is loyal and proper for him to say, but too much significance should not be attached to it. For instance, it is known that for some weeks Count Cassini has had no communication whatever from his government with regard to the military or the internal situation. There has been no reason for communicating with him. There has been no business of that nature with which he had to do. He has inquired of this government if it has any intention of offering mediation and has been told that it has not, so far as the present or the immediate future is concerned.

Count Cassini's confreres in the diplomatic corps say he is quite in the dark as to what is going on behind the scenes at St. Petersburg. All he knows comes through his official advices, and as to the important matters of policy now pending among the Czar's councilors he is unadvised. It is a matter of common gossip that Count Cassini is much less closely in touch with affairs in his own country than most diplomatists. He is not a Russian at all, to start with, but an Italian. He has lived very little in Russia. He has few friends and connections there. Most diplomatists are kept informed of matters official and unofficial in their own countries largely by means of private correspondence with their friends in high places. They get far more in this way than through official advices, because the latter come only when there is actual business demanding their attention. Count Cassini, it is said by his friends, gets very little correspondence from Russia and is not half as well advised as one would naturally expect him to be. Notwithstanding the ambassador's blunt declaration that the war will be fought to the bitter end, the hope of peace is still bright among other diplomatists. They believe great significance may properly be attached to the news of internal troubles in Russia which comes in the cables. If so much leaks out of a country like Russia, the belief is that much more must lurk behind.

The Russian ambassador's statement that Kouropatkin is to have a force of 500,000 by March and three-quarters of a million by the early summer is received with incredulity in military circles. If his prediction is to be made good, the Russian Government must dispatch to Manchuria 200,000 troops in a little more than two months, or, say, 3,000 per day. According to reports on file at our war department, the Siberian Railway has never been able to carry more than about one-third that number of troops, with their horses, trains, paraphernalia, etc.

Some of Count Cassini's confreres hold a view of his remarks which is not altogether complimentary to that diplomatist. In other words, they believe he is bluffing about the tremendous armies which are to be sent to Kouropatkin. In their opinion the dispatch of Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet was a bluff, and this talk of huge armies to be sent to the front during the next few months is of the same piece. It would surprise no one if Russia were preparing to make as good a showing as possible of planned military aggression with the purpose of using it as make-weight in the expected negotiations with Japan for a settlement.

SHOT 80 NATIVES

Murderer of Ten Catholic Missionaries Revenged by Germans.

Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 9.—The steam yacht Sea Storm, belonging to the German Government, reports that 80 natives of the Bismarck Archipelago were shot for the recent murder of ten Roman Catholic missionaries.

Tomari, the leader of the attack on the mission, met with a tragic end. Great difficulty was experienced in tracking him down, but he was finally found, accompanied by his aged mother, hiding in the mountains.

The Government force sighted him behind a tree and opened fire, Tomari fought for life with his gun, and when his ammunition was gone, with bow and arrow and a sling.

A shot fired by the expeditionary party finally pierced his heart, and passing through his body, struck his mother, who fell dead beside him.

SERGEANT NASH BETTER

Windsor Officer Shot by a Burglar Will Soon Be Out.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 8. — Yesterday Sergt. Abe Nash, who was shot on Friday morning in Windsor by Samuel Jarvis, passed a very comfortable day and the chances are very good for his recovery. Dr. G. R. Cruickshanks, who is in attendance, says that the pain in the right arm is less than on Friday, indicating that the nerves were probably only grazed by the bullet instead of being cut. The wound itself showed no signs of inflammation, and there is no abnormal temperature. If all goes well, Sergt. Nash will be able to leave his room within two weeks.

J. P. WHITNEY AT INGERSOLL

The Opposition Leader Addresses Electors of South Oxford.

Ingersoll Ont., Jan. 7. — Mr. J. P. Whitney, in his stumping tour through Ontario, reached Ingersoll tonight, where he addressed a large audience of South Oxford electors. While the Opposition leader was given a close hearing, for enthusiasm, numbers and general interest, the meeting fell far short of the tremendous ovation given Premier Ross in the same building on Thursday night. Oratorically, Mr. Whitney is a pigmy compared with the Hon. George W. Ross. He lacks the magnetism and splendid vigor of the Premier, and frequently fails to rouse his hearers, despite well-intended efforts. To be sure, he is handicapped by the lack of a definite, vigorous, progressive policy, while the hypocritical assumption of Conservative purity is repellant.

Mr. Whitney's address was along the lines he has followed in previous meetings. He made a futile attempt to identify the Premier with Gamey's plot and practically admitted having formed an alliance with the Manitoulin man.

He stated matters had gone on until today almost any crime in the calendar could be committed for a political purpose here in Ontario and the perpetrator would go unpunished.

What was it that the Opposition were asking for? said Mr. Whitney. First, that the principles they had enunciated two years before should be carried out. These principles had received the indorsation of the people of the Province, he added, and the people were entitled to have carried out what they had approved. Then there was the educational system of the country, for which Mr. Ross claimed all the credit. Had he the time, he could show them how the system had outgrown itself, and would tell them something of the exorbitant prices they were compelled to pay for their school books.

Referring to the Soo loan, he made the old charge, that the Government was held up by two interested members.

Mr. Whitney wound up by appealing to the electors to send Mr. Sutherland to the Legislature.

The candidate also spoke, his address being a defense of Mr. Whitney's and his policy. He said the Opposition leader was a much maligned man, and claimed that he already held a popular majority in the Province.

Mr. Sutherland dealt at some length with the administration of the crown lands department, referring especially to the sale of timber limits. Mr. Ross had claimed a lot of credit for the increased value of the timber, he said, yet this increase was due solely to the adoption of the Opposition's policy of selling the timber limits in small lots. Also, it was but natural that as timber became more scarce it increased in value.

During his speech, Mr. Sutherland attacked the local Liberal press, claiming they had stirred up personal feeling between himself and his friends. He also denied Mr. Dowler's statement that he had refused to reply to communications in regard to joint meetings.

NOT JUST AS GOOD

When you go to your druggist to buy "Ozone" ask and demand "Solution of Ozone, the coupon kind." This will give you a 25-cent package of "Celery King." It will give you the best preparation of "Ozone" in the world and it gives you about twice as much for your money as other brands, sixteen ounces for 50 cents, over twice that much for a dollar, and a package of the well known remedy "Celery King" free.

We put "Celery King" coupons in our "Ozone" because the people know "Celery King," because it gives better results with "Celery King," and because no other firm can give "Celery King" with "Ozone." It cures, that's the reason we give you a package free and that's the reason you should never buy any other kind.

Ask for "Solution of Ozone, the coupon kind." Fifty cents and one dollar, at your drug store, and don't take any other kind, because if you do you won't get a package of "Celery King."

In the days when a snuff box was considered a necessary attribute to the perquisites of a beau—or a belle—much ingenuity was brought to bear upon the manufacture of these dainty trifles. Those with a taste for the morbid could buy boxes made from the wood of scaffolds, chairs that murderers had sat upon, or parts of their houses.

Among the personal effects of Thos. Jefferson exhibited in the Virginia building at the World's Fair was a clock which was in the Jefferson home for years previous to the Revolution. The timepiece is of Carrara marble and is 150 years old.

Some time ago it was decided to plant in the garden of Anne Hathaway's cottage at Shottery all the various shrubs, flowers and plants mentioned in Shakespeare's plays and sonnets. They are all in a flourishing condition.

50c and 75c Ringwood Gloves at 25c Pair.

The balance of our stock of Men's and Youths' Ringwood Gloves to clear at greatly reduced prices. Regularly sold at 50c and 75c pair. Tuesday morning only.....25c

Will also clear balance of our stock of Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, in large size. Regular price 75c to $1.25. Sale price only.....25c

Our January Linen Sale

Starts On Wednesday Morning.

Our 1905 January Linen Sale must be the greatest in our history. Preparations have been more extensive, reductions more liberal and the assortments are unexcelled. This small space displayed in printers' ink cannot contain the half of the bargain news we have prepared. Our former January sales will be recalled by many, and consequently hosts of people have been waiting for this announcement, not only in London, but from outside points as well. Mail orders will no doubt flock in in response to this announcement and there will be a repetition of the Christmas rush in the Linen Department. New shipments have and will continue to arrive specially for this sale. Keep your eyes on our "ads."

READ EVERY ITEM.

SPECIAL TRAY CLOTH BARGAIN—Over 10 dozen Irish Hand-Embroidered Pure Linen Trays, 18x27; 75c value, Wednesday, each .. 59c

SEE OUR HAND - EMBROIDERED BED SPREADS, AND SHAMS TO MATCH.

350 YARDS 56-inch, Half-bleached Tabling, John S. Brown & Sons' manufacture. Our regular 35c quality; January sale price, a yard 27c

8½ YARD—300 yards Heavy Pure Linen Roller Toweling, red border. Our regular 10c; January sale price, a yard 8½c

The Linens Advertised for This Sale Are the Qualities That Have Made This Store Famous.

$1.97 DOZEN—18 dozen 5-8 and 22-inch pure Linen Napkins (mostly Brown's Shamrock Brand); regular $2 50; January sale price ..$1 97

All Piece Table Linens Reduced.

$2.87 DOZEN—8½ dozen 3-4 size All-Linen Napkins; you've been buying these here regularly at $3 50; January sale price .. .. $2 87. A few dozen $4 Napkins for $3 29.

8½c 500 yards 22-inch Plain Tea Toweling. Regular 10c, for 8½c

9c EACH—Regular 12½c Striped Turkish Bath Towels, each.....9c

45c EACH—5 dozen Knotted Fringed Huck Towels, size 26x50, damask border, pure linen. Regular 60c; January sale price 45c

SHEER LINEN, correct for Shirtwaists and Suits, for this season; 36 inches wide, 40c yard; 45 inches wide 50c

Nearly 30 dozen Fringed Cream Damask Towels, some with red borders; size 20x42; pure linen; regular 25c quality; January sale price, each 15c

40c Unbleached Tabling, yard 36c

50c Unbleached Tabling, yard 46c
65c Unbleached Tabling, yard 56c
75c Unbleached Tabling, yard 66c
95c Unbleached Tabling, yard 83c

Hotels and Boarding Houses Should Not Miss This Opportunity. Sale Commences Wednesday.

12½c EACH—50 dozen Hemmed and Fringed Damask, Crepe and Huckaback Towels; worth up to 17c each; January sale price, dozen $1 50

SEE OUR WEST WINDOW DISPLAY.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM 149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

STOESSEL FOR ST. PETERSBURG

Touching Scene at Conference Between the Victor and the Vanquished.

Port Arthur, Jan. 6.—The meeting between Gen. Nogi and Gen. Stoessel at Plum Tree Cottage, which preceded the marching out of the Russian forces from Port Arthur yesterday, had nothing spectacular about it, but it was in many ways interesting. Gen. Stoessel, through a mistake, arrived an hour and a half ahead of the time set for the meeting. He rode a fine Arab charger, and was accompanied by three officers and a small escort of Cossacks. The lieutenant commanding the Japanese guard at the cottage immediately sent for Gen. Nogi. Meanwhile the Russians, who were in full uniform, sat on horseback chatting cheerfully. Gen. Stoessel's heavy face showed traces of strain and anxiety. Within half an hour Gen. Nogi, escorted by two troopers, arrived, and the rival commanders set eyes upon each other for the first time after eight months' incessant conflict. Both raised their hands in ceremonious salute. Each seemed to doubt whether the other intended to shake hands. Gen. Nogi dismounted and Gen. Stoessel followed. They walked to the cottage side by side, chatting easily and not noticing a fatigue party close by that was extricating corpses from the adjacent wreckage for interment. Their interview was, of course, private, but it is known that it was cordial. Each complimented the other upon the gallantry of their armies.

Gen. Stoessel touchingly sympathized with Gen. Nogi in the loss of his two sons, declaring that they were an honor to the Japanese.

Gen. Nogi gravely replied that they were not lost, as they had sacrificed themselves to the welfare of their Fatherland.

After a two-hours' conference, during which they lunched, the Generals emerged together.

Gen. Nogi admired Gen. Stoessel's horse, patting his neck, and remarking upon his beautiful proportions.

Gen. Stoessel asked the Japanese commander to accept the animal as a gift.

Gen. Nogi thanked him, but pointed out that he could not accept the horse personally, as it came within the section of the capitulation relating to the surrender of military material, but he said he would gratefully accept it on behalf of the Japanese army, promising that it would be treated with the greatest care, and would be treasured as a proud possession.

Gen. Stoessel then bade farewell to the horse, shook hands cordially with Gen. Nogi, and mounted an officer's charger, on which he galloped back to Port Arthur.

Tokio, Jan. 6.—Only 80 of the Russian officers who surrendered at Port Arthur were paroled. All the Russian regulars, on marching out of the fortress yesterday, went in the direction of Dalny. The Japanese took possession of all the forts. Gen. Stoessel and Gen. Nogi met and held a conference in a cottage at Yahuthwei. The conference lasted a long time. When they came out they shook hands. Gen. Stoessel subsequently gave his parole, and started for Russia by way of Nagasaki.

The Mikado ordered that all the military honors payable to a Japanese field-marshal should be rendered to Gen. Stoessel outside of Port Arthur.

There are 382,000,000 Chinese speaking the same language, making Chinese the most spoken language.

A lot that was bought for $55 a foot 37 years ago in Chicago is now worth $10,000 a front foot.

MRS. CAMPBELL TO RESUME HER TOUR

Actress, Doctor and Manager Confer in Philadelphia—To Reappear in March.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 9.—Charles Frohman, who is managing Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the English actress, who fractured her kneecap Tuesday evening, came over from New York Thursday night, and was in consultation with Mrs. Campbell and Dr. T. Hollingsworth Andrews, who is attending her. As a result of the consultation arrangements will be made for the resumption of Mrs. Campbell's tour in March, both Mr. Frohman and Mrs. Campbell being confident that she will be able to appear then.

Mrs. Campbell has agreed to cancel her London season in April and May, and will play another engagement in New York as well as in Philadelphia, before returning. Owing to her injury "The Sorceress," in which she was appearing at the time of her injury, will only be played a limited number of times, and in her New York and Philadelphia engagements she will appear in her old repertoire, those plays requiring much less heavy work on the part of the star.

GIVE HOLLOWAY'S Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

The country which sells most to Japan is British India, Great Britain coming next, with China third, the United States fourth, and Germany fifth.

1,800,000 People

Have Asked Us to Buy Them a 50c Bottle of Liquozone.

We offer to buy the first bottle of Liquozone, and give it free to each sick one who asks it. And we have spent over one million dollars to announce and fulfill this offer. Our object has been to let Liquozone itself show what it can do. A test is better than testimonials, better than argument. In one year, 1,800,000 people have accepted this offer. They have told others what Liquozone does, and the others told others. The result is that millions now use it. It is more widely employed than any medicine ever was—more widely prescribed by the better physicians. And your own neighbors—wherever you are—can tell you of people whom Liquozone has cured.

Not Medicine.

Liquozone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. This process has for more than 20 years been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Liquozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetal matter.

There lies the great value of Liquozone. It is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease. It is this fact that gives Liquozone its worth to humanity. And that worth is so great that, after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, we paid $100,000 for the American rights.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone attacks the germs, wherever they are. And when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anæmia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Scrofula—Syphilis
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas	Tuberculosis
Fevers—Gall Stones	Tumors—Ulcers
Goitre—Gout	Varicocele
Gonorrhea—Gleet	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist, for a full-size bottle, and we will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liquozone costs 50 cents and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

My disease is.....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

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302 Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS — NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN 10 CENTS

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.—Two cents per word each insertion.

MEETINGS.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

ARTICLES FOR SALE, TO LET, HELP WANTED, SITUATIONS WANTED, BOARD AND LODGINGS, LOST AND FOUND, ROOMS TO LET, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ETC.—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS.—One cent per word each insertion; six insertions for price of five; twelve for nine; eighteen for price of thirteen; one month for price of seventeen.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

BIRTHS.

MacGILLIVRAY—On Dec. 30, 1904, to Rev. and Mrs. A. J. MacGillivray, a daughter.

DEATHS.

BROWN—At Victoria Hospital, on Jan. 9, 1905, John Brown, aged 63 years.

Funeral from W. J. Smith & Son's undertaking rooms, on Tuesday, Jan. 10, at 3 p.m.; service at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

POWELL—In London Township, on Jan. 7, 1905, Anna Eliza, beloved and only daughter of Leonard and Sara Powell, aged 23 years.

Funeral will leave the family residence, con. 6, lot 14, London Township, on Tuesday, Jan. 10, at 11 a.m.; service at Episcopal Church, St. Johns. Friends please accept this intimation.

CLAMPITT—In this city, on Jan. 7, 1905, Ann, relict of the late B. G. Clampitt, aged 72 years.

Funeral from her late residence, 413 Bathurst street, on Tuesday, Jan. 10, at 2:30 p.m.; service at 2 o'clock.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Grand—Tonight—8:15

A Drama of Intense Emotion.

WHY GIRLS LEAVE HOME

A PLAY THAT WILL CREATE A LASTING IMPRESSION.

Popular prices: 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

THURSDAY NIGHT.

THE GREAT RACING DRAMA.

"The Missourians"

With Theodore Hamilton and an Exceptionally Capable Company.

Prices: 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Seats tomorrow.

LONDON VAUDEVILLE THEATER—Programme, week Jan. 9, 1905: Prof. W. O. Stevens' Orchestra; the Mathieus; the Johnsons; Morgan & Crone, Marie de Rossett; illustrated Songs; Lawrence Crane; the De Muths; Princess Chinquilla; Ed. Newell; the Sa-Vans; Kinetograph. 6i

FIRST ANNUAL CARNIVAL OF HORTON O. H. A. Club—Jubilee Rink, Tuesday, Jan. 10. Doors open at 7:15 p.m. Admission, 15c. Don't fail to see prize programme. 6u

W. C. T. U.—SOMERSET HALL, JAN. 10, 3 p.m. Dr. Chown, Toronto, on "The Present Temperance Situation," and the Toronto mayoralty contest. Public invited. 3u-wz

3,020 Miles In 5 days, 7 hours, 23 minutes. Highest day's run, 562 knots; Steamship Lucania, Cunard Line. F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street.

WESTMINSTER RINK—CADET BAND tonight. Grand ice. Admission, 10c. Open afternoons. b

ADVANCED CLASS EVERY WEDNESDAY evening. Open for a few more names. Class will be closed when limit number is reached. For circulars call or 'phone 1,774. Dayton & McCormick.

REOPENING — LONDON DANCING Academy, 212 Dundas street. Gentlemen, Mondays; ladies, Tuesdays. Wm. Dawe & Gruber.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY Mr. R. B. Millard. Waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching; low rates; lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 345 Princess avenue.

TONY CORTESE — THE ORIGINAL London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1,570.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS, DUNDAS street west. Open Saturdays until 9 p.m.; Sunday, until 1 p.m. A. P. Yeo.

625 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY Music last year. Mr. Barron hears all pupils play, and gives reports.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone, 1,265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

MEETINGS.

I. O. O. F.—MEMBERS OF DOMINION Lodge, No. 48, are requested to meet at Oddfellows' Hall, at 2 o'clock p.m., on Tuesday, Jan. 10, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, John Brown, P.G. Members of sister lodges invited. William Kendrick, N.G.; T. D. Hastings, secretary. b

THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE Women's Morning Music Club will be held Wednesday, Jan. 11. Miss Raymond and Mrs. Robb in charge of programme. b

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE shareholders of the Canada Spice and Grocery Company, Limited, will be held in the Masonic Temple, London, Ont., on Wednesday, Jan. 18, at the hour of 2:30 o'clock p.m. Election of directors and general business. 6u

EVANGELISTIC MEETINGS IN GOSPEL HALL, corner Horton and Colborne streets, each night at 8 o'clock, conducted by William Robertson, of Grangemouth, Scotland. All welcome. 6n

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

A BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS WOMAN, TO learn our business; thorough instructions given. Apply Viavi Office, Toronto Bank building. 6c

WANTED—A MAID FOR GENERAL housework, in family of two. Apply in the evening, Mrs. Graham, 624 Talbot. 5c

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO WORK IN store and keep books. Apply Frank Harley & Son, 487 Richmond street. 5c

WANTED—A MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply in evening. Mrs. Graham, 624 Talbot street. 5c

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant, who understands cooking; no small children; highest wages. Apply 40 Becher street. 4tf

WANTED—WOMAN WISHING QUIET home with aged couple; light housework; no washing; middle-aged person preferred. Address Box 11, Advertiser. 4tf

WANTED — COMPETENT GENERAL servant, for family of two ladies; no laundry. 310 Wolfe street. 4c

VIAVI.

VIAVI COMPANY, 31 TORONTO BANK building, 9 to 12 a.m., 1:30 to 5 p.m.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — ACTIVE BOY, AFTER school hours, to start on small wages and advance rapidly. Peerless Publishers, Lock Box 321, London. 6c

BOY WANTED. APPLY CATHOLIC Record office. 4c

WANTED—TWO SMART BOYS, 16 OR 17 years of age, for messenger service; good wages. Apply Dominion M. and S. Company, 3 Masonic Temple. 4c

THE MANAGER OF A FIRST-CLASS old line insurance company of the highest standing will visit London during next week, and will be pleased to receive applications for the position of manager of the district between London and Windsor, with headquarters at London. To the proper party, who can show a successful career, a good salary will be paid. Address at once, Insurance, Box 10, London Advertiser. 4c

BOY WANTED AS CASHIER AND office assistant; one who understands typewriter. Box 9, this office. 4c

IN FROM FOUR TO SEVEN MONTHS you can learn telegraphy and qualify for a position on one of the Canadian railways at from $40 to $60 per month. Our fine new illustrated book tells how. We send it free. Dominion School of Telegraphy, 9 Adelaide street east, Toronto.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH GOOD experience, to work in general store. Apply J. H., this office. 1n

CANVASSERS WANTED. APPLY 355-357 Clarence street, London.

WHO'S YOUR TAILOR? WE'RE TOP of heap in trouser game. Try us. English Woolen Mills Company, 150x152 Carling.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—STREET HORSE BLANKET. Reward if returned to 116 York street. 6u

STRAYED, FRIDAY NIGHT, FROM 59 Ridout street, South London, wire-haired bitch; answers name of "Maggie"; black spot on back and head; also blue ribbon on neck. Reward at 59 Ridout street. 5c

FOUND, IN CITY HOTEL—A PURSE, containing small sum of money. Call at Advertiser office. 6c

LOST—IN EASTERN SECTION OF city, about $11 in small bills. Reward at this office. 5c

LOST—COONSKIN, GAUNTLET, ON east side Maitland, between Dundas street and G. T. R. tracks. Kindly leave at this office. 5c

LOST, ON DEC. 30—LADY'S GOLD watch, either on Maitland street, between Dufferin and Dundas, or on Rectory street car. Liberal reward on leaving at this office. 5u

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

ROOMS AND BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED for two gentlemen, also married couple, at reasonable prices. Call at 478 Park avenue.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

DRESSMAKER WOULD LIKE WORK by the day. Apply 267 Dundas street. 4c

MILLER'S HAIR STORE—WIGS, TOUPEES, Bangs, Pompadours, Waves, Combings made into Switches. 223 Dundas street.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

W. R. KINCAID, VETERINARY SURGEON—Twenty years' experience. Office, 117 King. Residence, 365 Ridout. Telephone 455.

TENNENT & BARNES, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 137 King street; residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. 'Phones 638 and 273. Treatment of dogs a specialty.

C. S. TAMLIN, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, 351 Talbot; 'phone 965. Residence, 354 Oxford; 'phone 768.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOLS.

SUCCESS DEPENDS ON CAPABILITY —A course of instructions at the London Cutting School assures proficiency in cutting to measure, and copying ladies' costumes. Correspondence solicited. Address 243½ Dundas street, London.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE LONDON STUDIO OF ELOCUTION, Vocal and Physical Culture. Miss Mydra I. Lent. 288 Princess avenue.

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service commencing. 349 Princess.

OSTEOPATHY.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond street. 'Phone 1,573.

PROF. A. G. ADAMS & WIFE—Osteopathic and suggestive therapeutics for chronic diseases. Consultation free. 234 King street, London.

J. H. DUNN, MAGNETIC SPECIALIST —If you are tired of drugs, try this wonderful restorative. Rheumatism, St. Vitas dance, neuralgia, asthma, sleeplessness, stammering and all nervous diseases successfully treated. The desire for liquor and tobacco entirely removed. Consultation free. 553 Colborne street, London. 82tf

HOTEL CARDS.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

OFFICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT—Choice wines, liquors. Meals, all hours. 378 Richmond St. W. J. Wright, prop.

ORIENTAL HOTEL, 400 CLARENCE—Wines and liquors unsurpassed. Courteous treatment. T. M. O'Hagan, proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE — ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4½ to 5½% on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, 83 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN — EASY TERMS, lowest rates. Avery Casey, barrister, 98 Dundas street (upstairs), London.

MONEY TO LOAN—LARGE AND small amounts to loan at 5 to 5½%. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, 420 Talbot street.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES —M. P. McDonagh, barrister, 418 Talbot street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

T. EDWARDS & SON—FURNITURE, etc., packed, removed or stored. Furniture repaired, refinished. 85 Bruce street.

H. BONSER, WOOD TURNER—SHOP at Dyment, Baker's. Wood turning done to order.

STRATFOLD & BAWDEN, CONTRACTING Plasterers. Agents Parlstone Hard Wall Plaster. 'Phone 1,450. Henry Stratfold, 427 Waterloo; George Bawden, 191 Grey.

W. H. ROUGHLEY, FELT AND gravel roofer, 296 South street. Telephone 988. Repairing a specialty.

JOHN TOM—LAUNDRY, 312½ DUNDAS. Satisfaction guaranteed. Cheapest rates. Goods called for and delivered. Silk handkerchiefs for sale. 'Phone 1,909.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—BLACKSMITH SHOP AND tools; excellent stand; thriving village, on G. T. R. and C. P. R. Apply immediately, Box 209, London Advertiser. 96bn

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS, SEALdies and stencils made to order at Horton's, 179 Dundas.

TRY OUR MAGNOLIA, 15c; ALSO NEW line of Coffee Cakes, 10c. Chivas Bros. 'Phone 1,905.

EXCHANGE YOUR BEEHIVE SOAP wrappers for a set of silver-plated teaspoons, sold in the stores for 50c; 25 soap wrappers and 20c for a set. London Soap Company. 2tf

ALL KINDS OF GAS ENGINES AND machinery repaired, at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 293 Richmond. 'Phone 1,141.

FIVE-STATION CASH CARRIER SYSTEM—Good order; $25. J. H. Cunningham, 664 Dundas street, city.

SUNGLEE — GREATEST HAIR RESTORER. At leading drug stores or James T. Gleason, 205 Dundas.

FOOTSTOOLS—THE BEST IN TOWN, 50c. at Patton's, the upholsterer. 247 Dundas street.

GOOD COOKING EGGS, 18c DOZEN; fresh eggs, 24c; strictly new-laid eggs, 28c dozen. Good cooking butter, 15c and 16c pound. T. A. Faulds, 13 Market House. Phone 151. zxv

LADIES—WHEN IN NEED SEND FOR free trial of our never-failing remedy. Relief quick and safe. Paris Chemical Company, Wilwaukee, Wis. zwt

FISH OF ALL KINDS, FRESH DAILY. 'Phone your order to F. S. Onn, Fish Market. 'Phone 1,296.

TRUNKS, VALISES, TRAVELING goods. Trunks initialed free. J. Darch, 379 Talbot.

BASEBURNERS, RANGES AND ALL kinds of cook stoves and second-hand furniture at Keene's. 141 King street.

GO TO GREEN & CO., COAL AND wood dealers, 495 York street, for the best quality of hard and soft coal; good hardwood, in blocks or split; good mixed wood, $1 60 per load. 'Phone 1,391.

FOR SALE — ONE SECOND-HAND cutter. Collis Wagon Company, corner Oxford and Adelaide. 'Phone 1,812.

D. H. GILLIES & CO., EAST END COAL and wood dealers. Hardwood blocks, soft wood and slabs. 'Phone 1,312. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst.

FOR SALE — GOOD THREE-SPRING second-hand wagons; one Mikado carriage; buggies, cutters, sleighs. J. W. Smith, corner Richmond and Maple.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER — LARGE colored pictures of the Premier, in tubes ready for mailing, only 5c. For sale at the business office of The Advertiser. 29tf

ONE LARGE FULL-SIZED ROSEWOOD piano, 7 1-3 octaves, guaranteed 5 years $100, payable $3 per month until paid; $50 organ for $25, payable $2 per month Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas, corner Clarence

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. M. M. McGAHEY, HONOR GRADUATE Toronto University, 169 Dundas street. 'Phone 885.

DR. M. A. ROSS THOMAS, 310 DUNDAS, ground floor.

DR. HARRY SILK, DENTIST, 185½ Dundas street. Terms, cash. Telephones: Office, 1,248; residence, 1,244.

DR. WESTLAND, DENTIST—CHICAGO, post-graduate in Crown, Bridge and Porcelain work. Philadelphia, post-graduate, Porcelain. Masonic Temple, first floor.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Ellis Bros., over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 173 Dundas street. 'Phone 975.

DR. E. PALMER SMITH, DENTIST, Edge block—Special attention preservation natural teeth. 'Phone 1,778.

DR. A. G. FRASER, DENTIST, 189 Dundas street, Telephone 1,381.

HOUSE MOVING.

W. WATSON, HOUSE-MOVER—WORK promptly attended to, 194 Hamilton road.

DERMATOLOGY.

THE LONDON DERMATOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, 443 Park avenue, is again open for business. Try our face treatments for lines, pimples, etc.; scalp treatments for dandruff and falling hair; electrolysis, for the permanent removal of superfluous hair, moles, birthmarks, etc.; manicuring and chiropody. zxv

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, facial blemishes removed by electrolysis. Manicuring, shampooing, scalp treatment. Butler's Dermatological Parlors, 235½ Dundas.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago. Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 35, Bank of Toronto. tzx

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

ROSELLE POCOCKE, ORGANIST AND choirmaster King Street Presbyterian Church. Teacher of voice, violin and piano. 379 King street.

LILLIAN G. WILSON—VOICE AND piano. Concert soprano. Soloist Dundas Center Methodist Church. 356 King. 'Phone 1,270. 99tf

VOICE PRODUCTION AND SINGING, concert, oratorio and opera. J. Parnell Morris, 466 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1,561.

W. A. BLEUTHNER, TEACHER OF piano and harmony. Studio, Nordheimer's.

GEORGE C. PHELPS, ORGANIST First Presbyterian Church — Organ, piano, harmony, accompanying. Studio, 321 King street. Telephone 999.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST St. Andrew's Church — Piano, organ, harmony, singing. Studio, 429 Waterloo. 'Phone 1,527.

JAS. CRESSWELL, VIOLIN TEACHER, director Grand Opera House Orchestra. Studio, 523 King.

CYRIL DWIGHT-EDWARDS, BARITONE, late London, England—Instruction in art of absolute voice production, breathing and singing. Concert and other engagements. 341 Dundas.

E. W. GOETHE QUANTZ, ORGANIST New St. James'. Singing, piano, organ, theory. 435 Oxford street.

J. W. FETHERSTON, ORGANIST WELLINGTON Street Church. Teacher singing, organ, piano, theory.

LIVERIES AND HACKS.

KING EDWARD LIVERY, 422 TO 426 Wellington, opposite Y. M. C. A.—Rubber-tired hacks, coupes, Victorias, light livery. 'Phone 503. A. G. Stroyan.

DYER'S LIVERY — NEXT ADVERTISER. Telephone 1,277. Coupes, hacks, etc. Open day and night.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

AT 214 DUNDAS STREET, MY PRIVATE office. Young's Jewelry store. C. D. Johnston.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

AUCTION SALE

Of Household Furniture, Etc.

J. W. Jones has been instructed by Mrs. Baldwin to sell at her residence, Bishopstowe, corner St. James and George streets, on Tuesday, Jan. 10, at 10:30 a.m., house effects, comprising glass pipe chandeliers, 3, 4 and 6 lights, in good order; sofas, chairs, pictures, bookcases, center tables, Brussels carpets, oilcloth, bedroom suites, mattresses, springs, wardrobes, crockery, cooking range, mangle, refrigerator, lawn mower, etc. 5u J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY'S GARMENT CARE—CLEANING, dyeing, pressing, repairing. 392 Clarence. 'Phone 1,721. Wagon calls.

OLD STANDARD CLEANING WORKS, 343 Clarence—Pressing, cleaning, etc. No contract work. No chemicals used.

MEDICAL CARDS.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S. (England)—Specialist, surgical diseases only. 438 Park avenue. 'Phone 324.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SURGEON—'Phone 1,019. Office, 225 Queen's avenue. Residence, 191 Queen's avenue.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, 473 Park avenue, London, Ont. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. McLELLAN, SPECIALIST. EYE, ear, nose and throat only. Office, corner Maple and Talbot streets. 'Phone 1,789.

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., 587 RICHMOND street, 'Phone 338.

DR. J. B. CAMPBELL, 380 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4 and 6 to 8.

DR. KINGSMILL, MEMBER ROYAL College Surgeons and Licentiate Royal College Physicians, corner Park and Queen's avenues.

DR. G. McNEIL — OFFICE, 260 Queen's avenue. Telephone 266.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh), 461 Waterloo. Special attention diseases women and children. 'Phone 258.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 11:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. BALFOUR, QUEEN'S AVENUE, opposite St. Andrew's Church—Diseases of women and children. 'Phone 22.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street. 'Phone 510. Special attention diseases of women and surgery.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (England)—Office, 287 King street Telephone 839.

DR. BAYLY, 211 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of children. 'Phone 827.

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

IMPROVED VANS, BEST STORAGE, private rooms. Furniture for storage carted free. H. Porter & Co., 97 Carling. 'Phones 1,162 and 1,167.

FOREST CITY MOVING VANS, 357 Talbot street. Residence, 554½ Waterloo. Telephone 1,444. Broughton-McKim.

FOR RENT—738 COLBORNE, $6; 785 Colborne, house and stable, $6; 42 Dundas, $8; 6 Wilson avenue, $7; 8 Wilson avenue, $8. Houses for sale on monthly payments. Scarrow, 233 Dundas. 74tf

A. HENDERSON, PROPRIETOR PEOPLE'S Moving Vans, largest in city. Corner Colborne and Clifeapside. 'Phone 1,724.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VANS. Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—1½-STORY NEW BRICK house; 3 bedrooms and bathroom; good location, south of G. T. R. Price, $1,800. Will rent after the 15th if not sold. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

HOUSE—BRICK, FIRST-CLASS; MODERN in every respect; good barn; or will sell without barn. Apply 821 Dundas street. 12tf

FARM FOR SALE—70 ACRES, NICELY located, 14th concession Yarmouth; good soil, about 7 acres timber, good buildings and fruit. For particulars apply to John Martin, Belmont. 5c

LEGAL CARDS.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, etc., 83 Dundas street, London; 'phone 99. Money to loan, lowest rates. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London, Ont. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas, London. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London.

R. M. C. TOOTHE, BARRISTER, ETC., Robinson Hall, opposite Court House. Specialty, office work and consultations.

CRONYN & BETTS, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public, etc. Huron and Erie buildings.

EDMUND WELD— Barrister, 425 Richmond Street.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

STUART & GUNN, BARRISTERS, ETC. Office, 112 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; George C. Gunn.

ACCOUNTANTS.

JAMES McMILLAN, ACCOUNTANT and auditor, 10 St. George street, London.

ARCHITECTS.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT—Bank Commerce building, second floor. 'Phone 1,567.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

MOORE & HENRY— ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS. CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

G. CRADDOCK, ARCHITECT—ALBION building, London.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

MISS C. HORTON CONSULTS MONDAYS and Wednesdays, between 4 and 7 o'clock, at Harding Hall. 100n-zxv

RUSS OFFICERS FOR JAPAN PRISONS

(Continued from page 1.)

at Port Arthur was completed at 5:30 p.m. yesterday. The total number of officers transferred was 878. Four hundred and forty-one officers, and 229 orderlies have given parole so far. Gen. Smirnoff, Gen. Fock, Gen. Gorbatossky and Admiral Willmann preferred to be sent to Japan as prisoners, while Stoessel will leave Dalny for home on Jan. 12.

Gen. Nogi's report, received at 11 o'clock Saturday night, announces that the transfer of the Port Arthur prisoners was completed Saturday afternoon. The total number of officers and men transferred on Saturday was as follows: Gen. Stoessel's departing command, 48; Gen. Stoessel's headquarters, 21; engineers' company, 280; telegraph corps, 65; railroad detachment, 56; cavalry, 181. Officers and crews of the war vessels: Retvizan, 22; Pobedia, 22; Pallada, 11; Peresviet, 15; Bobr, 111; Storozhevoi, 56; Otvashni, 130; Gilliak, 77; Amur, 180; naval defense headquarters, 232; harbor office, 985; naval brigade, 90; torpedo brigade, 151; field posts and telegraphs, 56. Of this number 258 were officers and 2,654 soldiers and sailors. Three judges and three clerks of courts were also transferred.

It is understood that the San Yo Railway has been instructed to make preparations to transport 20,000 Russian prisoners from Shimonoseki to Kure. It is possible that the prisoners will be quartered near Kure. The most serious cases of sick and wounded will be left at Port Arthur in the field hospitals for the present. Those capable of being moved will be brought to Japan, when arrangements for housing them have been completed.

The Japanese intend to establish a naval station at Port Arthur. Vice-Admiral Y. Shibayama will probably be placed in charge of it. The military administration of Port Arthur will retain only a small garrison as soon as the prisoners are withdrawn and order is restored. The fleet is busily engaged in clearing mines, but, owing to their great number, navigation will be unsafe for a long time. Only Government craft will be allowed to enter the harbor. It is probable that Dalny will soon be opened up to neutrals. Japanese companies are preparing to establish weekly services to that port. It is proposed shortly to float a fourth domestic war loan under the same conditions as the third was negotiated.

More Peace Talk.

Berlin, Jan. 7. — The Sud-Deutsche Reichs-Korrespondenz, which, it is well known, maintains close personal relations with Chancellor Von Buelow, discusses the fall of Port Arthur as alleviating the progress towards peace. It thinks that the chivalry shown by Gen. Nogi in the details of the terms allowed Gen. Stoessel, will probably make an impression at St. Petersburg, which later will facilitate an agreement between the belligerents without the intermediation of a third power. It adds that while hostilities undoubtedly will continue in Manchuria, the almost conciliatory termination of the heroic drama at Port Arthur will make it easier to resume diplomatic relations at a suitable juncture.

Paris, Jan. 7. — After conferring with Foreign Minister Delcasse, a leading diplomatist, said today that mediation in the Japanese-Russian war would be as unacceptable to Russia now as it would have been to the north after the defeat at Bull Run. The belief is growing that Great Britain's anxiety for mediation is not entirely disinterested. A British official recently said: "If Europe or the United States do not intervene, Japan and Russia will make their own terms of peace without consulting Europe or the United States."

This leads diplomats to say that Great Britain is less desirous of peace than to secure a voice in the terms of peace.

Christmas at the Front.

Huanchan, via Mukden, Jan. 8.—The expected advance of the Japanese which the Chinese prophesied would take place on the Russian Christmas, has not occurred. Even the usual cannonading has not taken place. The troops celebrated Christmas yesterday quietly. There were Christmas trees in many companies and little celebrations in various officers' headquarters. Many men exchanged presents, mostly their own handiwork, quaint and curious gifts, there being little obtainable in the way of conventional presents.

SMASHED THE MACHINE

Dorchester Electors Give the Conservative Party a Hard Blow.

Dorchester, Jan. 7. — The municipal elections, which took place on Monday last, resulted in the complete smash of the Conservative "machine" in North Dorchester township. Out of five nominees only two "machine" candidates were elected. The chief interest centered in the contest for reeve, Mr. R. Bankes, being defeated by 46 votes by Mr. James Smith, a prominent farmer residing in the south part of the township. The campaign was remarkable for the circulation of all kinds of rumors for the purpose of defeating Mr. Smith. Mr. Bankes, besides being the "machine" candidate, had the indorsation of Mr. Neely, Conservative candidate for the Legislature, and was supported by such party stalwarts as Messrs. Wade, Webster, Dakin, Lane and Spring. The electors, however, determined to mark their disapproval of the system of "peddling" municipal offices by "machine" politicians. Further condemnation of the system will be recorded when Mr. Neely faces the electors of the township on Jan. 29.

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WANTED—BALED HAY; 100 TONS Nos. 1 and 2 timothy, delivered Slater's Warehouse, London, car or teams. Apply Slater's Warehouse. 6u

WANTED—MODERN HOUSE, WITH 8 or 10 rooms, central location preferred. Address Box 8, this office. 4tf-vzx

WANTED—AGRICULTURAL, CANADIAN and Ontario Loan Companies' stocks. John Wright, stock broker, London, Ont. 'Phone 693.

BUILDING LOT WANTED IN RESIDENTIAL part of city; state size of lot, price and location. Address B. L., this office. 78tf

HOUSE WANTED TO PURCHASE—Six bedrooms, all modern conveniences; north part of city preferred. Address, giving price, location, etc., Box E, Advertiser office. 78tf

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT, CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

SECRET BULL ON THE VETO POWER

Text To Be Made Public Upon the Death of Present Pontiff.

Rome, Jan. 7. — One of the most important acts thus far in the pontificate of Pope Pius X., has been embodied in a secret bull, the text of which will not be made public until the pontiff is dead, when it will be read as forming part of constitution in the next conclave to elect his successor. The bull is in connection with the claims of Austria, France and Spain as to their right to veto the election of any cardinal to the papacy. All the cardinals have not been informed as to the contents of the document, it having been drawn up in accordance with a decision reached in meetings held by the cardinals living in Rome, with the exception of Cardinal Rampolla, who is absent from the city. The bull is the direct result of veto against Cardinal Rampolla should he have been elected as successor to Leo XIII., which was presented to the conclave on Aug. 2, 1903, by Cardinal Puzyna, Bishop of Kraskow, Austria, at the instance of Emperor Francis Joseph. Briefly, the bull says that all cardinals are absolutely forbidden under penalty of exclusion from the conclave, and being not allowed to vote, to be the bearer of a message of veto.

JAPAN SHOULD BEWARE

German Says Korean Is Tough, Even If Ignorant.

Berlin, Jan. 8.—The German press is devoting considerable attention to the relations of Japan and Korea. Journals hitherto the best informed on far eastern politics, profess to believe that in securing her position in Korea, Japan weakened rather than strengthened herself. One writer in Der Tag goes so far as to call Korea the Achilles heel of Japan, and says it is most unwise of the Mikado's advisers to take from the Koreans their liberty, land and soldiers. Dr. Worth, the writer in question, is inclined to think that Korea will never be a field for emigrating for the Japanese, as it is populated thickly enough already. "The Korean," he says, "may be badly governed, retrograde, ignorant, but he is tough, hard as granite, harder than the Japanese, and let the Japanese beware."

MOUNT STEPHEN'S GIFTS

King Acknowledges Millions Given to the Hospital Fund.

London, Jan. 8.—Lord Mount Stephen, a peer, who began life as a herd boy, and whose bounties to charity from his romantically-won wealth, have been innumerable, has given over £200,000 to the King's hospital fund, and the King has promptly acknowledged the gift as a magnificent donation. The announcement is a happy sequel to the recent visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to Lord Mount Stephen's Hatfield residence. The complete list of Lord Mount Stephen's benefactions could not be compiled, not merely because they have been so numerous, but because many are known only to those who have benefited by them. A previous handsome donation was an endowment from Lord Mount Stephen and Lord Strathcona producing £16,000 a year, and is likely to increase in value. This was not the only occasion on which Lord Mount Stephen and Lord Strathcona have combined in the cause of charity. Together they built the hospital for Montreal, in 1886, at a cost of £200,000, and gave £100,000 for its maintenance. Lord Mount Stephen distributed £560,000 among relatives some time ago, preferring, he said, to see them enjoying life now, instead of waiting until after his death.

IT WAS COLD INDEED

Passengers Played Tag on the Train to Keep From Freezing.

Chatham News: With the snow drifting through the crevices in the window frames, the passengers on board the north-bound Pere Marquette train from Blenheim on Saturday morning, spent one hour and twenty-five minutes playing tag in the aisles to keep from freezing. When they had entered the cars at Blenheim, the chilly air which greeted them was anything but cheering, the fires in the stoves being quite out, or so much so as to give very little warmth to the would-be journeyers to Chatham and elsewhere. The cause of it all was that at Blenheim Junction a freight train going south with engine No. 236, broke down owing to the drawhead of one of the cars breaking. So full was the Blenheim yard of dead cars that there was no place to put the fore part of the train while the rear part was attended to by the crew, and consequently another engine had to be sent for while the delayed engine, with the fore part of the train, went on to Blenheim. The second engine then pulled the disabled car out of the way, after which the other came back, made connections, and went on. It was only when this had been done that the passenger train was enabled to go north, but instead of getting into Chatham at 9:25 it didn't arrive until nearly 11:30.

HOSSACK CHALLENGED

To Come Back to His Own Home and Make His Arguments.

Cobourg, Jan. 9. — A challenge to Rev. D. C. Hossack to come back to his old home and make his political arguments before those who know him best was boldly presented Saturday by Mr. Sam Clarke, who was unanimously renominated Liberal candidate in West Northumberland. Mr. Clarke devoted the greater part of his speech of acceptance to a reply to Mr. Hossack's famous "open letter," and presented new information on Mr. Hossack's record, which shows him to have had several ambitions for political preferment from the Liberals. In fact, as Mr. Clarke said, he "had fished the Grit pond dry," and had gone over and written the letter when he had nothing to lose from the Liberals and perhaps something to gain from the other side. The reception which the Liberal delegates gave to Mr. Clarke's remarks showed that Mr. Hossack is not taken with seriousness down here. The convention had a surprisingly large attendance, considering the storm, and the state of the roads, and Mr. Clarke has little to fear in this contest, unless it be the over-confidence of his own friends.

Several American war correspondents in Tokio, who have nothing much else to do, are said to be learning Japanese. It is thought that they intend to try to get to the front in disguise.

LAVENDER

OLD ENGLAND and all its historic memories flood upon us when the refreshing odor of Lavender greets our smelling faculties. The climate of England appears to be better adapted to the perfect development of this pure old favor

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LONDON, MONDAY, JAN. 9

That Gamey Letter to the Premier

Our local contemporary professes a renewed and reinforced conviction that Mr. Ross bought Gamey on account of three facts, pointed out by Gamey in his Glencoe speech.

These three tremendous facts, stripped of their Gameyism, are: First, the letter which Gamey signed and addressed to the Hon. George W. Ross, announcing his intention of supporting the Ross Government, was in Mr. Ross' possession at the time it was required before the commission; second, the letter was received in the early part of September; and, third, it was placed by Mr. Ross's instructions in a locked drawer in the desk of the Prime Minister's private secretary, along with letters from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright and others.

These three circumstances, according to the Free Press, exhibit the Premier as a conspirator to purchase the vote of a legislator. "Can there be any other conclusion?" the Free Press demands, and impotently declares that "the case made out against the Prime Minister is unanswerable."

Where would one expect to find a letter addressed and mailed to Mr. Ross if not in his custody? Who else would have it? There was nothing indicating corruption on the face of the letter. On the contrary, Gamey declared in the letter that his course was taken on account of Mr. Ross' development policy in New Ontario, and at the close of the letter he writes: "This is not a hasty conclusion that I have come to. It has been considered fully by me without any other motive influencing me than the best interests of my constituency." It may be inferred that the Free Press, after its recent experiences, feels that the very fact that Gamey declared there was no corrupt motive, is a potent reason why people should believe there was a corrupt motive.

The Free Press assumes that Gamey's letter is an agreement to support the Ross Government, and hinges an argument on this assumption. After hearing all Gamey could swear to, and all he could get his friends to swear to, and all his seven lawyers could aver, during the space of nearly two months, Chancellor Boyd and Chief Justice Falconbridge declare in their report:

"The letter has been called a contract, or an evidence or bargain and sale. It cannot be so regarded. It is a letter to the Premier defining Mr. Gamey's position as a supporter of the Government, and asking that as such his recommendations receive reasonable and fair consideration, and that he be considered and treated as if he had been elected to support the Government."

Yet, in face of this, because the Premier had such a letter sent him by a political tight-rope performer, a journal is found to declare that an "unanswerable case is made out" against the first citizen of this Province. The other accusations which are so freely bandied about as to the personal responsibility of ministers for wrong-doing, are just about as foundationless as this pretended "unanswerable charge." Following this letter of Sept. 10, Mr. Gamey wrote another letter to Mr. Ross, making the same declarations of intention to support the Government, but modifying his avowal by inserting in it the limiting phrase, "if you have a reasonable majority." This last letter he mailed from Gore Bay. This also was produced by the Premier before the commission—and from the same drawer. Does not this prove some other crime? If Gamey says so, the Free Pres will certainly pull in behind and yell.

The Quick and the Dead.

"The Reform party had a splendid record before Mr. Ross came into its leadership," said Mr. Whitney at Ingersoll.

It is the old story: the only good Liberal is a dead Liberal.

Sir Oliver Mowat was as much traduced in his life time as any public man in Canada. There was no crime in the calendar of political offenses of which he was not accused. His opponents had no kind word for "the little tyrant" or his record till the curtain fell. Then he was lauded as a great and good man by the tongues and pens that had defamed him.

Mr. Hardy, upon whom his mantle fell, was vilified almost to the day of his death. He was accused of complicity in the West Elgin bye-election frauds and in the accidental burning of the ballots. The Oppostion shrieked exultingly that he had been driven from public life when an incurable malady, to which he shortly succumbed, compelled him to lay down the burden of office.

Leaders may come and leaders may go, but the torrent of slander goes on apparently forever. It was directed as a matter of course against Mr. Hardy's successor. He is even charged with being the author of the crimes in West Elgin, for which Mr. Hardy was hounded to the close of his public career. Nothing has been said against the character of Mr. Ross which was not said against the characters of Sir Oliver Mowat and Mr. Hardy. When Mr. Whitney eulogizes the Mowat and Hardy administrations he rebukes the course of the Opposition for nearly 30 years. During all that time the Government of Ontario was condemned by the Opposition as corrupt and inefficient and utterly bad.

When Mr. Ross passes away the Whitneys of the day will eulogize his character and his public work and will abuse his successor whoever he may be. The name of Ross will be linked with the names of Mowat and Hardy, and the trinity will be pointed to as proof that the Liberal party has fallen from its high estate.

Nicholas and Louis.

History repeats itself, and the threatened political upheaval in Russia may suggest to the student of history an analogy between the present Russian Emperor and King Louis the Sixteenth of France. Louis, like Nicholas, was a young man of pure life, simplicity of character and liberal views, but wanting in power. It was his misfortune to come to the throne when the tempest which had been brewing for years was about to break. "He loved his people as a good despot might," says the historian, "and tried to mitigate their misery in famine times; his kindliness, however, was weakness—his simplicity, stupidity; he was obstinate, and yet not firm, and his good and bad qualities alike made him incapable of grappling with the new phenomena of society which broke on his astonished view."

The people of France were well-disposed toward Louis, as the people of Russia are toward Nicholas. If Louis had had more decision, had refused to allow his good impulses to be smothered by bad advisers, he might have become a constitutional sovereign and averted the revolution. He gradually alienated the people by his vacillating conduct, his alternate submission and resistance to demands for constitutional changes. "Had he been a man of any real vigor of character," continues the historian, "he might have held the movement entirely in his own hands, and have shaped the future constitution of his country, saving it from extreme measures, great excesses and savage civil war. This, however, was not in him; his amiable disposition drew him one way, the traditional belief in his irresponsible and divine right drew him the other; he became undecided; the people grew suspicious." The forces which he might have directed and controlled overwhelmed him, and France was deluged in blood.

The well-meaning young Czar is placed among conditions much the same as those with which the French king failed to cope. The movement for organic change springs from the middle classes and the lower ranks of the nobility, and embraces nearly all the intellect of Russia. It has become so defiant that public bodies and conventions of representative men are openly passing resolutions against the bureaucracy and even denouncing the war. The zemstvo, or local council of Moscow, went to this extreme and was disbanded by the police. The petition by the assembled representatives of the provincial zemstvos for some form of parliamentary government amazed the world by its audacity. The Czar replied angrily, just as Louis the Sixteenth spoke angrily to the Constituent Assembly, and hastened the revolution. The Czar is temporizing by piecemeal reforms, but treats the demand for responsible institutions as an impertinence. He is pulled in the wrong direction by reactionary counselors, in spite of the efforts of a few enlightened statesmen like M. de Witte, whose role may be compared to that of Mirabeau. The latter sought to save the monarchy by leading it into the safe path of constitutionalism, but Louis yielded to the influence of the court party, which clung to the system of the past. M. de Witte is reported to have told the Czar at an imperial council that revolution was the alternative of constitutional reform.

The crisis calls for a strong and enlightened ruler, one who can take occasion by the hand and adjust the institutions of the Empire to new conditions; but Nicholas is not the man. He deposed de Witte and became the puppet of the reactionary de Plehve, who ruled with a rod of iron. The assassination of de Plehve seemed to open the Czar's eyes, and he recalled de Witte to his councils. Altogether he cuts a sorry figure as he looks on helplessly at the rising tide of liberalism, which threatens to engulf him. His only bulwarks are the army and the passiveness of the peasantry, but the intellect of Russia is on fire and when it ignites the masses, the French revolution will be repeated unless wiser counsels prevail at St. Petersburg.

If you prize the franchise, see that you have a vote. It will be too late day after tomorrow.

Mr. Whitney has injected a new word into the campaign—"huggery-muggery." Like Mr. Whitney's ideas, the word is archaic.

Mr. Stapleton Caldecott had to decline the North Toronto Liberal nomination at the order of his doctors. The nomination has been accepted by Mr. Hugh Blain, of the firm of Eby, Blain & Co., wholesale grocers. Mr. Blain is one of the foremost citizens of Toronto, and a leader in many good causes. Between such a man and Dr. Beattie Nesbitt there is no comparison.

Farm Coming Back to Its Own.

[From Opportunity.]

Things on the farm are changing, and we already observe, if we watch the barometer of social life, that there is a tendency to get back to the country. Fifteen years ago, for instance, less than 50 per cent of the population were moving countryward; in 1890 the statistics show that 70 per cent were seeking out homes in rural districts, and it is likely that the population now going away from the city reaches 75 per cent. At last, with Solomon, they are discovering that "all is vanity" in the cities, that friendships are difficult, that neighbors don't know the names one of the other, that noise, dirt, confusion are there and the struggle to live is at the desperate stage all the time.

The telephone, the trolley line, free rural mail delivery—these are mitigating the unsocial side of rural life, and the beauty of nature is doing the rest.

A Fortune Teller.

[Cleveland Leader.]

Polly Prise—I went to a fortune-teller to find out whom I was going to marry.

Dolly Wyse—So did I. And I found out.

Polly Prise—Oh, what fortune-teller did you consult?

Dolly Wyse—Bradstreet.

Sunlight Soap

is guaranteed perfectly pure, genuine, and free from adulteration—all dealers are authorized to return purchase money to anyone finding cause for complaint. Therefore you lose nothing by trying Sunlight Soap and you will agree with millions of other women that the Sunlight way is the only way to wash clothes. 1122

Lever Brothers Limited
Toronto

A Skating Romance.

[McLandburgh Wilson, in The Smart Set.]

I saw the trim and rosy maid
When she began to skate;
The while, with swift and graceful glides,
She cut the figure 8.

I fell in love, right there and then,
As Cupid's victims do;
And felt convinced that we were meant
To cut the figure 2.

I wooed and won the lovely girl
So fervently I sought,
And ever since that glad event
I've cut the figure 0.

Proportionate Value.

[Philadelphia Bulletin.]

If a woman's mind's all on her clothes,
With her own importance fraught,
The part of her dress that sweeps the floor
Has of genuine value really more
Than belongs to her train of thought.

Object Lesson in Morality.

[Cleveland Leader.]

Never was it clearer than in this day of comparative laxity of social standards, in certain places and among limited classes in the greatest centers of wealth and luxury, that lasting happiness and contentment cannot be found in revolt against time-honored laws of morality and propriety, built up and fortified by the experience of many generations. Striking object lessons have lately emphasized the hopeless folly of trading the peace of a good conscience for the riotous self-indulgence which is impatient of restraint and defiant of criticism.

The Trailer.

[Houston Post.]

We have listened to the rustle
Of the home-made paper bustle,
And the leg-o'-mutton sleeves that caught our eye;
We have side-stepped crinoline;
And enraptured we have seen
The rainy-daisy skirts parading by.

We admit we have a passion
Just to watch the frills of fashion,
Fair woman's many shifts from toe to crown;
But the thing that plays the deuce is
This last freak that bars excuses—
The leg-o'-mutton sleeve turned upside down!

More Than Probable.

[St. Thomas Journal.]

Majorities are getting very close in London these days. Probably Mr. Beck will be cut off without any on Jan. 25.

Which Shall It Be?

[Exchange.]

Mrs. Gruff—What might be the matter, Mrs. McDuffer? You look puzzled.

Mrs. McDuffer—And I am that, Mrs. Guff. I want to buy a quarter of a pound of tea and a new glass butter dish, and by this and by that I don't know whether to buy my tea at the shop where they give away the butter dishes or to buy my butter dish at the place where they give away the tea.

Misconstrued Technology.

[Baltimore American.]

The visitors were being shown through the immense newspaper plant.

"Now," said the man whose task it was to explain to their uncomprehending comprehensions the mysteries of the place, "we will go to the make-up department."

"I'm so glad," murmured the sweet-young-thing to her mother, "for I've been perspiring so in that stereoscope department that I'm sure the powder must be all in streaks on my face."

He Has a Job Now.

[Detroit Free Press.]

Dixon—How is your artist friend getting along in New York?

Tomson—Oh, splendidly.

Dixon—Have you heard from him?

Tomson—No; that's the reason I know he's prospering.

Surprised.

[Washington Star.]

"The Romans had small regard for human life in their amusements."

"Yes," answered the man of violent prejudices, "It's a matter of great surprise to me that they failed to discover football."

The Skeptic.

[New York Sun.]

Stella—Mabel says she doesn't believe everything in the Bible.

Bella—Well, you see, her own age is in it.

TREASURE HUNTERS LOST

Message From Ship Captain Tells of Accident.

London, Jan. 9. — Earl Fitzwilliam's treasure-hunting expedition in the Pacific has met with a mishap. The Veronique, the old Castle liner, which Earl Fitzwilliam purchased for the trip, and which was subsequently transferred to the Yacht Register, left Southampton Oct. 22, under command of Captain Morrison, ostensibly for Valparaiso, the ultimate destination, however, being understood to be an island in the Pacific Ocean, where a vast amount of treasure was said to have been hidden many years ago.

The Veronique arrived safely at Montevideo Nov. 30, but since then until today nothing had been heard of her. This afternoon the following laconic cable dispatch was received from Captain Morrison:

"Accident, I am safe."

No station and no date are given. No other news has been received from any source. Whether an accident has happened and whether the other members of the crew are safe or not is left to conjecture. It is understood that several distinguished persons are on board, and on inquiry at Earl Fitzwilliam's house in London tonight it was found that much anxiety existed there because his lordship left England for Panama to join the Veronique Nov. 21, and it was understood that he was on board.

In consequence of the news received today the rates for reinsurance on the risk which had been placed at Lloyd's sprang up to 50 guineas per cent. The idea prevails that the Veronique had plenty of time to get through the Straits of Magellan, and it is thought she struck on one of the many islands between there and Valparaiso.

MR. CARNEGIE HAS GIVEN $39,325,240

Nearly 1,300 Buildings Pledged to English-Speaking People —$1,475,000 in Canada.

Beliot, Wis., Jan. 9.—At the dedication of the new library building of Beloit College, the fact was for the first time made public that Andrew Carnegie has given more than $39,000,000 for libraries. This, and other interesting figures, showing the extent of his benefactions formed the subject of an address delivered by Horace White, of New York.

Mr. Carnegie has, up to the present time, given or pledged himself to give, 1,290 library buildings to the English-speaking people. Of these 779 are in the United States. The aggregate cost of these buildings is $39,325,240, of which $29,094,080, or practically three-fourths of the whole, has been expended in this country, about $6,000,000 in England, about $2,000,000 in Scotland, and $1,475,500 in Canada. The proportion of the total population which Mr. Carnegie has supplied with library facilities is, for the aggregate of the English-speaking race, a little more than 18 per cent, and that is the percentage for the United States, for England and for Canada, taken separately.

STORM SWEEPS GERMAN COAST

Shorelands Flooded, Dykes Destroyed and a Norwegian Bark Founders.

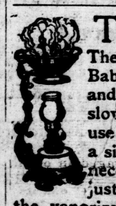
Berlin, Jan. 8.—A storm that is raging on the north coasts of Germany equals in intensity the one of a week ago, but shore lands are even deeper inundated by the inrushing waters from the sea. The flood threatened to destroy the protected dyke near the mouth of the River Elbe, and large detachments from the neighboring garrisons were set to work strengthening it. The damage is heavy. Shipping had been warned. At Cuxhaven the Hamburg-American Line steamer Pennsylvania was unable to take on board passengers for New York. The lightship at this place was torn loose from its anchorage and driven to sea, and the Norwegian bark Frey was sunk. As yet no deaths as a result of the storm have been reported.

NOTICE TO SHIPPING

With Naval Power Strained, Must Enter Harbor Cautiously.

London, Jan. 9. — Masters of British merchant vessels, says the Shipping World, have been served with the following notice by the marine department of the board of trade:

Masters of British merchant vessels are informed that in the event of relations becoming strained between this country and any naval power, an examination service will come into force at such points in the United Kingdom and his majesty's possessions abroad as are defended by means of mines or batteries. When the examination service is put into force masters will receive confidential notice of the ports at which it is established. Masters are warned that before attempting to enter such ports they must, in their own interest, strictly obey all instructions given to them by the vessels which will be charged with the duty of examining ships desiring to enter the ports, and of allotting positions in which the ships shall anchor. The pilots attached to the defended ports will be acquainted with the regulations to be followed.



The Baby Sick?

Then probably it's a cold. Babies catch cold so easily and recover so slowly. Not slowly, however, when you use Vapo-Cresolene. Then a single night is all that is necessary for a cure. You just put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and place near the crib. While baby sleeps he breathes-in the healing vapor. Cold loosens, inflamed membranes heal, and all trouble ceases. It's a perfect specific for whooping-cough and croup. 60

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of price. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including a bottle of Cresolene, complete $1.50. Send for free illustrated booklet. LEMING, MILES CO., Ltd., Agents, 298 St. James St. Montreal.

"What We Advertise Is So."

KINGSMILL'S

DRY GOODS STORES.
130 DUNDAS AND 131 CARLING STREET.
LARGEST CARPET HOUSE IN CANADA
(CARPET HOUSE, 128 AND 130 CARLING STREET)

Specials For Tuesday Only.

A greater interest is being taken more and more every day in our daily sales. We place on sale for Tuesday a great variety of Linens at bargain prices. Sale commences Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock.

HOUSEHOLD LINENS

REGULAR PRICE.		SALE PRICE.
$ .35	Tray Cloths, fringed.....	$ .21
.35	Tray Cloths, fancy borders..	.21
.75	Linen Napkins.....	.47
1.65	Linen Cloths, 2x2½.....	1.25
.75	Canadian 10-4 Quilts.....	.50
.60	Semi-Bleached Cloths, 30x30	.35

ON SALE TUESDAY ONLY.

REGULAR PRICE.		SALE PRICE.	REGULAR PRICE.		SALE PRICE.
$1.60	10-4 Marseilles Quilts....	$1.25	$ .50	Turkey Tabling, for.....	$ .35
	Towels, 18x36, at 2 for.	.25		Linen Crash, for.....	.
	Towels, 22x44, at each.	.15	.50	Unbleached Table Linen	.3
.60	Colored Tabling, Turkey	.43	.25	per doz. Doilies, for each	.

Come Quick and Get First Choice

A Queen's Birthday.

New York, Jan. 9.—A Rome dispatch to the Herald, dated Jan. 8, says: The city is decorated today in honor of the birthday of Queen Helena. She has received congratulatory dispatches from all important cities in Italy and abroad. Especially cordial was a message from Mme. Loubet. Special fetes were organized in Rome and other Italian cities. The Cercle Militare of Rome gave a banquet in honor of the occasion.

THE ELECTED CANDIDATE.

The breakfast food which will carry out its ante-election promises most faithfully is certainly "SWISS FOOD." Easy to digest, strengthening and palatable. P. McIntosh & Son, Millers, Toronto

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world.

IT IS EASIER to prevent than it is to cure. Inflammation of the lungs is the companion of neglected colds, and once it finds a lodgement in the system it is difficult to deal with. Treatment with Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup will eradicate the cold and prevent inflammation from setting in. It costs little, and is as satisfactory as it is surprising in its results.

There's as little heat about some coals as there is harmony about an eight-year-old girl's piano-playing.

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MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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Twenty dozen in the lot—every size can be had. Pretty olors, swell designs, made up in perfect style. We are going to lear them quickly, and this is how we will do it.

Neat, dark and medium color Waists, worth 75c, for 50c
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Come and see this lot if you want a bargain in stylish though comfortable Waists.

BAYLEY'S

DEATH'S 1904 CROP OF FAMED FOLK

Many Illustrious Names in the Necrology List Last Year.

Chicago, Jan. 8. — In the necrology of the year 1904 the name of Henry M. Stanley is that of greatest renown. Universally recognized as the greatest of modern explorers, the man who opened the Dark Continent to civilization passed away in London, May 9, at the age of 63. Had the death of Paul Kruger happened a few years ago it would have been a profound event in the affairs of the world; occurring, as it did, July 14, in the retirement of Switzerland, and with South African sovereignty incontestably held by Great Britain, only the unique personalty of the former president of the South African Republic appealed to the public.

In the death of Niels Finsen, discoverer of the Finsen light ray for the cure of lupus and other skin diseases, medical science lost one of its master minds. The passing of Sir William Vernon Harcourt in England was the most notable of deaths among statesmen of international repute.

In the United States the death of Senator Marcus Alonzo Hanna undoubtedly was of great political importance. A noteworthy name is also that of Senator Matthew Stanley Quay. Other names in the political register are those of W. C. Whitney, former secretary of the navy; Senator George Frisbie Hoar, of Massachusetts; former Senator George G. Vest, of Missouri; Henry C. Payne, Postmaster-General; Samuel M. Jones, the former mayor of Toledo, commonly known as "Golden Rule" Jones, and W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky.

Scholarship's most notable loss has been the death of Professor H. E. von Holst, the historian. Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Wormeley Latimer was well known as a translator and author. To educators the death of M. Greard in France is of importance.

The list of distinguished dead for the year is as follows:

Jan. 2—Gen. James Longstreet, the confederate veteran, 83.
Jan. 4—Mrs. Elizabeth Wormeley Latimer, translator and author, 82.
Jan. 7—Parks Godwin, the New York author and essayist.
Jan. 9—Gen. John B. Gordon, the confederate veteran, 72.
Jan. 10—Jean Leon Gerome, the famous French painter and sculptor, 80.
Jan. 18—George Francis Train, famous American traveler and writer, 75.
Jan. 20—Professor Herman E. von Holst, the historian, 63.
Jan. 22—Right Rev. Thomas Underwood Dudley, the Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Kentucky, 66.
Jan. 31—Josef Hoffmann, the well-known Austrian artist, 73.
Feb. 2—Former Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney, of New York, 63.
Feb. 7—James B. Colgate, New York, financier and philanthropist, 86.
Feb. 9—Erastus Wiman, journalist, author and promoter, 70.
Feb. 15—Senator Marcus Alonzo Hanna, of Ohio, 66.
Feb. 22—Sir Leslie Stephen, the English author, 71.
Feb. 24—Charles F. Mayer, formerly president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, 70.
Feb. 28—Gen. Sir Arthur Power Palmer, formerly commander-in-chief of the British army in India, 64.
March 3—Rev. William Henry Harrison Murray ("Adirondack" Murray), 64.
March 5—Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, who commanded the allied forces in China in 1900, 72.
March 8—Robert Taber, the actor, 38.
March 17—The Duke of Cambridge, formerly commander-in-chief of the British army, 85.
March 21—Former Mayor William R. Grace, of New York City, 72.
March 24—Sir Edwin Arnold, the English poet and Oriental scholar, 72.
April 1—Guy Welmore Carryl, poet and editor, 31.
April 9—Former Queen Isabella of Spain, 74.
April 13—Vasili Verestchagin, the Russian painter, 62.
April 14—Cardinal Pietro G. M. Celesia, Archbishop of Palermo, Italy, 90.
April 17—Samuel Smiles, author of "Self-Help," 92.
April 18—Sir Henry Thompson, Bart., distinguished English surgeon, 84.
April 25—M. Greard, the great French educator, 76.
April 26—Gen. Joseph Dickinson, last of the adjutant-generals of the army of the Potomac, 63.
April 30—Charles Storer Storrow, a distinguished American engineer, 95.
May 1—Antonin Dvorak, the Bohemian composer, 63.
May 2—Edgar Fawcett, the American novelist, 57.
May 5—Maurus Jokai, the Hungarian novelist, 79.
May 7—Andrew McNally, head of the Chicago printing and publishing firm of Rand, McNally & Co., 66.
May 9—Sir Henry Morton Stanley, the explorer, 63.
May 23—Col. Augustus C. Buell, a well-known author and civil engineer, 57.
May 27—Friedrich Siemens, the German industrial leader, 77.
May 28—United States Senator Matthew Stanley Quay, of Pennsylvania, 71.
June 9—Levi Z. Leiter, of Chicago, 70.
June 10—Laurence Hutton, the author and critic, 61.
June 11—Abner McKinley, brother of the President, 54.
June 25—Clement Scott, the English dramatic critic, 63.
June 26—Mgr. Guidi, apostolic delegate to the Philippines, 52.
June 28—"Dan" Emmett, the author of "Dixie," 89.
July 1—George Frederick Watts, the English painter and sculptor, 87.
July 7—Brigadier-General Thomas B. Howard, a survivor of the Seminole war in Florida, the Creek war in Georgia, the Texas revolution, the Mexican war and the civil war, 84.
July 10—Gen. Toral, the Spanish commander, who surrendered Santiago to the American forces, July, 1898.
July 11—Right Rev. Frederick Dan Huntington, Episcopal Bishop of Central New York, 85.
July 12—Mayor Samuel M. Jones, of Toledo, 58.
July 14—Paul Kruger, former president of the South African Republic, 79.
July 17—Very Rev. Stephen Kealy, of New York, general superior of the congregation of St. Paul of the Cross, known as the Passionist Order, of the Roman Catholic Church, 55.
July 22—Wilson Barrett, the actor, 58.
July 28—M. Plehve, Russian Minister of the Interior, 58.
July 29—Frederick Goodall, the English artist, 82.
Aug. 9—Ex-United States Senator George G. Vest, of Missouri, 74.
Aug. 10—M. Waldeck-Rousseau, former premier of France, 48.
Aug. 27—Very Rev. S. Reynolds Hole, Dean of Rochester, 85.
Sept. 5—James Archer, a well-known British portrait painter, 82.
Sept. 11—Leo Stern, the violoncellist.
Sept. 18—Prince Herbert Bismarck, 55 years.
Sept. 22—Walter Severn, the English landscape painter, 74.
Sept. 22—Chief Joseph of the Nez Perces.
Sept. 24—Neils Finsen, the Danish discoverer of the light treatment of lupus, 43.
Sept. 26—Lafcadio Hearn, the author, 54.
Sept. 30—Senator George Frisbie Hoar, of Massachusetts, 78.
Oct. 1—Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, late Liberal leader in the British House of Commons, 80.
Oct. 4—Frederic Auguste Bartholdi, designer of the statue of "Liberty" in New York harbor, 70.
Oct. 4—Postmaster-General Henry C. Payne, 61.
Oct. 14—King George of Saxony, 72.
Oct. 25—Cornelius Van Cott, postmaster of New York City, 66.
Oct. 31—Archbishop William Henry Elder, of Cincinnati, 85.
Nov. 6—Louis F. G. Bouscaron, civil engineer, 64.
Nov. 12—George Lennox Watson, the English yacht designer, 52.
Nov. 19—Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, 67.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN BACK AT WORK

Appearance on Platform Restores Confidence of His Supporters.

London Jan. 7.—For many weeks past, while Mr. Chamberlain was away in Italy recruiting his health, the free traders have had it all their own way, and the preponderance of their speeches may have conveyed the impression that the agitation for tariff reform was dying out, if not already dead. But this week the scene is changed. Mr. Chamberlain is back reinvigorated and as fit and as full of fight as he has ever been. The glamor of his powerful personality has again asserted itself, and the crowds have given him a tremendous welcome. Last Thursday night he spoke to some four thousand people at "The Edinburgh Castle" (once a "pub." and music hall and now a mission hall), in the heart of the Limehouse and Stepney districts—the poorest in the East End of London. So great was the demand to hear Mr. Chamberlain, not only in London, but all over the country, that the Tariff Reform League had no less than 40,000 applications for admission. Many visitors form the provinces and from the city and West End were in Mr. Chamberlain's audience, but there was also a large body of workingmen, and it was to them he addressed himself with all his old power and eloquence and sympathy with the aspirations and the needs of the great nation of the poor. His speech has been received in free trade circles with severe criticism, but also with more than usual respect, for it is universally acknowledged to be a masterly effort of argument and eloquent pleading, and even his strongest opponents are constrained to admit Mr. Chamberlain's good intentions and his lofty ideals. It is safe to say that London and the manufacturing centers of England have welcomed his speech, and most of the papers are enthusiastic at the return of the great "missionary of the British Empire." There can be no doubt that with Mr. Chamberlain again at the front, the free traders and the less numerous body of "Little Englanders," who have been making capital out of the fiscal issue and triumphing during Mr. Chamberlain's absence, will have a great force to reckon with now the people are once more under his spell. The appeal at Limehouse to workingmen was warmly welcomed by the East End workers, who fain would have their labor protected, because, as Mr. Chamberlain reminded them, they are suffering from the competition of foreign goods and also from the unrestricted immigration of those who make them. Mr. Chamberlain seized a powerful weapon against his opponents when he took up alien immigration, and as an election issue it will greatly strengthen the cause of preference for our own colonies and protection against dumped foreign imports.

Mr. Chamberlain had another powerful defense of his case for protection when he practically conceded to his opponents that the country is getting richer, but he argued the workers are not getting their share. They may have the big loaf, but without abundant employment they can't have the money to pay for it. This greatly impressed the workingmen, who see in Mr. Chamberlain a democratic leader, while some of them imagined him a leader of the capitalists. They cordially appreciated his eloquent references to Greater Britain, and they cheered loudly when he said: "If you believe in the unity of the Empire you will give the Government a mandate for the colonial conference." The notion that Mr. Chamberlain and the Government are not of the same mind on this question he quickly removed, when he declared Mr. Balfour is in sympathy with his Imperial aims, and that the great issue at the next election will be this, of sticking to a policy that is 60 years old, and no longer suits modern conditions—or of abandoning it for a policy that will lead to a reform of our relations with our colonies, and will check the flood of alien products and of alien immigrants to our shores to compete with our own workers. When room for the poor alien immigrants might be found elsewhere in our spacious Empire, Mr. Chamberlain has got even from the party point of view by far the most popular election cry, and his jubilant self-confidence on Thursday night was no doubt inspired by the belief that it must win. However that may be, the whole situation was changed with his reappearance on the political platform, and in such excellent fighting form, and we shall hear less of the recent preponderance of free trade oratory and Little England influence in the public press and on the platforms in the near future.

WAS A BLESSING IN DISGUISE

Fall of Campanile Showed the Condition of Art Antiques.

Venice, Jan. 9.—The report of Prof. Manfrede Manfredi the eminent architect, and Signor Luigi Marangoni, the engineer, on the condition of St. Mark's shows an alarming state of affairs.

It confirms the statement that the fall of the Campanile two years ago was a blessing in disguise, as it called attention to the Venetian antique monuments of art.

The greatest danger to St. Mark's is in the foundations which have been constantly giving away in divers directions. All the walls show such cracking and weakening that it leads to the conclusion that under the magnificent dress of marble and mosaic is concealed the most alarming decrepitude.

So bad is the condition of the vaults called the Paradise and Apocalypse that their complete and definite restoration is absolutely necessary. It is a miracle that they maintain their equilibrium.

The dome of the choir claims the most immediate and radical measures, as does also the great dome. Both are out of place and show fissures.

Restoration will have to be made of the walls and decorations almost everywhere to preserve intact their artistic and antique value.

Apart from the work necessary to rebuild the foundations, it is estimated that the cost of restoration will be $300,000, part of which is already in the hands of the administration of the Basilica, who have not always spent the whole of the $10,000 provided yearly by the Government for the up-keep of St. Mark's.

St. Mark's is one of the famous churches of the world. Mr. Ruskin was enraptured with the beauty of its coloring: "The color of glass, of transparent albaster, of polished marble, and lustrous gold." The church was first built in 829, and frequently remodeled thereafter, and enriched with decorations of lavish magnificence. It has 500 marble columns.

CANADIAN DOCTORS FOR THE TROPICS

Go to Investigate Tropical Diseases on the Danger Ground Including Yellow Fever.

London, Jan. 9. — Merchants of Liverpool have subscribed the cost of the largest expedition for the investigation of tropical disease ever sent from this country. It has been organized by the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine, and its energies will be distributed over a wide area. Prof. Boyce, Dr. Evans and Dr. Clark are going to Sierra Leone, Gambia; Col. Giles and Dr. McConnell (Canada) will pursue their researches on the Gold Coast, in Lagos and in Nigeria; Dr. Wolferstan Thomas, son of a Montreal banker in Canada, and Dr. Anton Breinl Craig will go to the Amazon to further investigate questions relating to yellow fever and malarial fever generally. It will thus be seen that Canadians, and also a medical man from Hungary, are associating with Englishmen and Scotchmen in the enterprise.

In order to wish the members of the expedition Godspeed, Mr. Lyttelton last week received them in his private room at the colonial office. Sir Alfred Jones, president of the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine, made the introductions. He observed that the King of the Belgians has sent a somewhat similar expedition to the Congo, and various attempts had been made to investigate the causes and cure of yellow fever by expeditions to the Amazon. Other bands of devoted men had gone from their own countries to the tropics to battle with diseases peculiar to the climate, but there had been no previous investigation of so comprehensive a character as that now contemplated.

The colonial secretary said no service could be more acceptable and honorable than that directed to making more safe and useful those regions to which Englishmen went out on behalf of the empire. He remembered that Canadian teachers were sent out to help to educate the Boer children; and the present instance of Canadians and Britishers working side by side was an outward and visible sign of cohesion and sympathy of the empire as a great whole. He had much pleasure in receiving the deputation, and heartily bade them Godspeed.

THEY CLEANSE THE SYSTEM THOROUGHLY.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills clear the stomach and bowels of bilious matter, cause the excretory vessels to throw off impurities from the blood into the bowels and expel the deleterious mass from the body. They do this without pain or inconvenience to the patient, who speedily realizes their good offices as soon as they begin to take effect. They have strong recommendations from all kinds of people.

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Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable | Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

MARIE TAKES CUE FROM DICKENS

Writes Christmas Story Which Resembles the Great Author's.

London, Jan. 9.—Marie Corelli's latest story is a sermon to the rich. She preaches loving-kindness and goodwill, pity and charitableness.

Just as Dickens preached the gospel of charity, in "A Christmas Carol," years ago, Miss Corelli preaches it in 1904 in "The Strange Visitation of Josiah McNason," which has been issued as a companion volume to the New Year's number of the Strand Magazine. The manner in which she has done, it, too, is extremely reminiscent of that which Dickens adopted.

McNason is a multi-millionaire, and a churchwarden. Yet, in spite of his wealth and his religion, he hardens his heart to the poor and lives only for himself. So, on Christmas Eve, "Prof. Goblin," of "Hell's United Empire Club," visits him and teaches him a lesson.

"I was once a churchwarden," says the Goblin, before he starts on a journey that is to work reform and to make McNason learn charity in a single night.

"We give a bloated millionaire fits, I can tell you," goes on the sprite. "When he has got enough gold to gorge himself with expensive foods and wine, we take away his digestion, and the doctors limit him to milk and soda. And when he marries for money only, we take away his hair. And when he is harsh and unkind, and uncharitable, we skin his soul."

"Christmas is a vulgar superstition born of barbarous idolatry," says McNason, before he learns his lesson. "There is no more peace and goodwill in it than there is in a public house beer fight."

In the entertaining story of his conversion Miss Corelli gives many proofs of gift for epigrams.

ON VERGE OF ANOTHER WAR

National Leader Says England and Germany Were Near It a Few Days Ago.

Berlin, Jan. 7.—The National Liberal leader, Dr. Paasche, addressing his constituents at Creuznach today, made the astonishing statement that Germany and Great Britain were on the verge of war last week, referring evidently to the representations which the German foreign office made to Great Britain regarding a bellicose threat against Germany in the Army and Navy Gazette.

Dr. Paasche's words were: "I know with absolute certainty that Germany and Great Britain last week were much nearer warlike complications than many people dream. Our diplomacy succeeded in averting the danger, though with difficulty."

Referring to the United States duty on German wines, Dr. Paasche said he had mentioned the matter to Chancellor Von Buelow, who had promised to do everything in his power to prevent it. Nevertheless, he added, the Americans were incensed against Germany because of difficulties thrown in the way of importation of American goods into Germany.

EXPERTS DIG UP REDMAN'S LINEAGE

Professor F. Starr, of Chicago, Thinks He Has Found Origin of Indian.

Chicago, Jan. 9. — Lo, the poor Indian! His untutored mind is about to be tutored. Poor Lo! The blissful mystery of his genealogy will soon be uncovered. In addition to the endless list of crimes charged to him in the past he will have to answer for an ancestry. He has one, and it has been discovered by Professor Frederick Starr, of the University of Chicago's anthropology department.

With the days of the endurance of his race numbered, the noble red man's fast-fading years are to be burdened through science lifting the curtain from his past. With his end almost in sight, his beginning has just been found. True, the facts are clothed in pictorial hieroglyphics, but these are as chaff before the prowess of an anthropologist bent on clearing up the records. And in the near future, when only a few of the children of the forest remain of a once mighty race, these few may proudly wear a crest in addition to the other ornaments which make up their attire.

There seems to be a hand of fate in Professor Starr's discovery. The blight that is about to be visited upon the redman is at present confined to an ancient Aztec manuscript, which, we are told, is yellow with age. It may be a "yellow" story, but what is more threatening, the manuscript may be the Indian's "yellow" peril." It would be timely, yet unfortunate.

Professor Starr only returned from Mexico yesterday, and the full purport of his find will not be known for a few days. The professor has a hunch (not a scientific term), that he has a good thing, but not until he has carefully interpreted the pictures and the legend will he be able to announce definitely what the world has waited 400 years to know—viz., the truth of the origin of the Indian.

As an incident to this latest discovery Professor Starr spent six weeks with his class on the "Pike" at St. Louis, presumably engaged in original research, and then it is recalled that he departed hurriedly for Tomola, in Southern Mexico.

To the credit of Professor Starr it must be said that he has not agreed with any of the uncertain theories heretofore advanced as to the first home of the Indian. It is a violation of ethics for scientists to be too much agreed on any one point.

Professor Starr doubted the theory that the redman gathered his war paint about him and waded across the Behring Strait from Asia to Alaska, and thence wandered down to the middle of the continent. Numerous other anthropologists, however, hold to this theory in substance.

Professor Starr has spoken to his classes of a mysterious race, never seen by white men, that came from an island in the Pacific, and populated South America in ancient times. The history of this race is said to be contained in the Aztec legend book, and thus may the professor again be vindicated in his theories.

Already the professor has begun the work of translating the pictorial stories in the book, and before long it may be expected that the Indian will stop his quest for "firewater" long enough to inquire whence he came. It is plain whither he goeth.

Again, lo, the poor Indian.

Wee Tablets for Wee Children.
Three months old babies may safely take
Menthol Worm Remover
They are purely vegetable—and harmless as water. The best laxative for children—a guaranteed cure for worms—and unequalled to relieve the troubles of teething.
25c a box—at all druggists.
The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Ltd., Toronto, Can.

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Great Lot of Bargains for This Week.

Only a few items mentioned, as our space will not contain them all.

LADIES' CASHMERE AND WOOL HOSE.
Ladies' fine All-wool Black Ribbed and Plain Cashmere Hose, all sizes.
Regular 25c for.....20c
Regular 45c for.....36c
Regular 50c for.....40c
Ladies' Wool Hose, ribbed, all sizes.
Regular 25c for.....20c

LAWN AND CAMBRIC EMBROIDERY.
1-5 off our entire stock of Lawn, Muslin and Cambric
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from 5c to 35c, at exactly 1-5 off regular prices.

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Ladies' Flannelette Gowns, in assorted stripes. Extra quality.
1-5 off—50c for.....40c
1-5 off—75c for.....60c
1-5 off—$1 00 for.....80c
1-5 off—$1.25 for.....$1.00
Children's Gowns—
1-5 off Regular Prices 1-5 off

Black Dress Goods—Colored Dress Goods—Lace Curtains—1-5 off regular prices.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
Men's Neckwear, Underwear, White Unlaundered and Laundered Shirts; Colored, Soft Front and Laundered Shirts; Gray and Black Socks; Men's and Boys' Wool Mitts.

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150 DUNDAS AND CARLING.

A NOBLE LADY ON LONDON'S POOR

Favors a Resolution Providing for a Co-operative Commonwealth.

London, Jan. 9. — "I feel strongly," said the Countess of Warwick, last week, "that anything would be better than that men and women, and, alas, children, should quietly starve."

Lady Warwick was addressing a large meeting in the Stratford town hall, convened by the Social Democratic Federation, on the unemployed question. She commented on the fact that the resolution she was supporting, calling for collective production and a co-operative commonwealth, had been carried in the same hall nearly two years ago.

"My friends," she said, "what have you been doing since? Are you going on like this? Are you going to ask me down in two years' time to support the same resolution again?" The large meeting shouted that it was in earnest.

The countess described the present state of labor as chaos, which those placed in authority were not capable of settling. "It will certainly settle them," was her opinion.

Striking were the facts about homeless London presented at a meeting held by invitation by the Duke of Westminster in the Rubens room at Grosvenor House.

It was to aid the rescue work of the Church Army that duchesses, dowagers, men and women of title flocked to this beautiful room. Looking graceful and charming in a white hat and a black and white dress, the young Duchess of Marlborough was quite a success in the chair and made a pretty little speech in reply to a vote of thanks moved by the Rev. Lord William Cecil.

Mr. Colin N. Campbell, honorary social secretary, said that the increase in the number of paupers in London was very serious. Probably there were nearly 200,000 people living on the verge of starvation. The figures showed an increase of 14,000 over two years ago, when the distress produced the unemployed processions. Mr. Long's committee could hardly deal with the fringe of suffering, when they did get to work.

What was the Church Army doing? It had provided 90,000 beds and 250,000 meals during December. The present rate was 125,000 beds and 370,000 meals a month. It had found employment for about 500 unmarried men daily at half a crown a day. The special relief work costs £125 a day.

There were sympathetic murmurs when the Rev. W. Carlile, founder of the Church Army, followed this statement of facts with illustrations of individual cases.

"Donovan, the poor chap who was hanged recently," he said, "asked me at Pentonville. 'Don't be too hard on the jail-birds, because, I have gone and let you down.' I could not help feeling that, ignorant criminal as he was, there was something good in him."

All over London there are signs of distress. Little knots of doleful men shamble listlessly under a dismal banner throughout the gloomy streets, shaking cigar boxes to stimulate charity. They are not allowed to beg by the policemen who accompany them."

TO STRENGTHEN FLEETS

116 British Ships Put Into Commission for Reserve Squadrons.

London, Jan. 8.—There were gay scenes at Devonport, Portsmouth and Chatham on Monday, when 116 ships for the reserve fleets were commissioned under Sir John Fisher's new naval scheme. Crowds waited to see, soon after dawn, the remarkable spectacle of pennants at three naval stations simultaneously breaking from the warships, while the guns thundered out salutes to the officers. The magnitude of the commission may be gathered from the fact that about 8,500 men of all ratings were either turned over or drafted from the naval barracks at the three ports. It has been decided to cut 7 feet 6 inches off the funnels of the cruisers of the county class, to reduce their rolling. At present all three funnels of the class are 75 feet above the water line.

DIVINE'S SUDDEN DEATH

Rev. Mr. Browning Expires Suddenly on the Street.

Toronto, Jan. 8. — Death came suddenly to the Rev. Arthur Browning, of 76 First avenue, on Saturday. Although not feeling strong, he was about as usual in the afternoon, and made several purchases. He was returning home about 4:30, when he fell suddenly to the sidewalk. Medical aid was summoned, but before the arrival of Dr. Rowan, Mr. Browning passed away. Rev. Arthur Browning was born in Cornwall, England, 71 years ago. He came to Canada in 1857, his first charge being at Picton, Ont., afterwards removing to Flesherton. He then engaged in mission work in British Columbia among the Indians and miners a number of years. Returning to Ontario, he continued to preach in different circuits. For the past sixteen years, Mr. Browning had lived retired. He leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter.

La Grippe can be immediately checked by taking one Hed-rite tablet with a glass of hot lemonade before retiring at night. Follow this up by a tablet every six hours for 3 days.—Daily Hints for Common Ills.

THEY ADVERTISE THEMSELVES.—Immediately they were offered to the public, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills became popular because of the good report they made for themselves. That reputation has grown, and they now rank among the first medicines for use in attacks of dyspepsia and biliousness, complaints of the liver and kidneys, rheumatism, fever and ague, and the innumerable complications to which these ailments give rise.

The world's population has more than doubled itself from 1880 to 1900. To this increase the Latin nations of the West and Southwest contributed the least, and the greatest growth was in the East.

THE LEATHER BELT TO BUY

THE J. C. WILKINSON BELTING CO. OAK EXTRA TANNED ESTD. 1856 MONTREAL TORONTO

Sold by A. Westman, 121 Dundas St.

GILLETT'S ABSOLUTELY PURE CREAM TARTAR.

Nearly all goods in this line at the present time are adulterated and in fact unfit to use.

GILLETT'S is used by the best bakers and caterers everywhere.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

GILLETT'S costs no more than the inferior adulterated goods.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

Suicide at Toronto.

Toronto, Jan. 7. — Miss Katherine Brisley, 328 Rusholme road, committed suicide today by hanging. She was about 30 years of age, and had for some time been subject to attacks of epilepsy. Her sister, Josephine, went out to attend church, and upon her return found her sister dying. When a doctor arrived, a short time later, he found Miss Brisley expiring in her sister's arms. The coroner is investigating.

RRR

Radway's Ready Relief

For External and Internal Use

CURES

Neuralgia, Coughs, Grip, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Throat, Colds, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism

For over fifty years this wonderful Remedy has proved itself the best, safest and surest antidote for pain in the world.

In every family this invaluable Specific Remedy for all inflammatory diseases should be constantly kept on hand. The expense is a mere trifle, and saves more than twenty times the amount in doctors' or druggists' bills. Sold by all druggists.

Ask your druggist for Radway's 1905 Almanac and Beauty Calendar.

RADWAY & CO., Ltd., Montreal.

ACCEPT ONLY

Labatt's (LONDON) INDIA PALE ALE

Brewed with exceptional care and watchfulness until just the right body and flavor are obtained. Its flavor is the true flavor of good malt and hops. One case in your house will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction that it is the best table ale brewed. All dealers can supply you.

F. H. BUTLER STOCK BROKER

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margins. Send for vest pocket manuel. Long distance 'phone 1,278. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

THE CPC LARD
THE CANADIAN PACKING CO. LONDON
AND BEEF FLUID
Lead All Other Brands.

N. S. WILLIAMS, Broker,
113 Masonic Temple.
Correspondents W. F. DEVER & CO. (established 1890). Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton bought and sold for cash or on margin.
Long distance 'phone 1,113.

LATEST MARKETS

LOCAL MARKETS.

London, Monday, Jan. 9.

There was not as much business transacted on the market today as was expected, owing to the light deliveries of hay and oats, which are the chief offerings on this day of the week.

There were 15 loads of hay offered; sales were brisk and higher prices were the rule; all the offerings sold at $8 50 to $9 per ton.

One load of black oats sold at $1 per cwt.

A carload of live hogs were purchased by Mr. D. McIntyre, who paid $4 50 and $4 60 per cwt for selects; a few heavy sows were purchased by the same buyer at $3 per cwt.

Tuesday's market should be a lively one, and there will be a good demand for all kinds of farm products.

STOCK MARKETS.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 9.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	132¾	132½
Canadian Pacific, new	130	129½
Winnipeg Street Railway	120	...
Montreal Street Railway	216¼	215¼
Toronto Street Railway	105¾	105¼
Halifax Railway	106½	104½
Twin City Transit	105	104⅞
Richelieu & Ontario	62	61⅞
Montreal Telegraph	160	158
Bell Telephone	159¾	158
Dominion Steel, com	19¼	19
Dominion Steel, pfd	65½	65
Montreal Power	82	81⅞
Nova Scotia Steel, com	66½	66⅜
Detroit Railway	78½	78
Laurentide Pulp	80	..
Montreal Cotton	103	101
Dominion Cotton	38	37
Mackay, pfd	74¾	74
Montreal Railway, bonds	104	103
Winnipeg Railway, bonds	105	104
Montreal Railway, new	216	214
Dominion Coal, com	62	61
International Coal	..	75
Laurentide Pulp, pfd	102	100½
Lake of Woods Milling	112	109
Bank of Montreal	257½	256
Molsons Bank	225	221
Merchants' Bank	160	..
Ogilvie Flour	..	200
Ogilvie Flour	133	129
Ogilvie Flour, bonds	115	112
Royal Bank	..	205
Quebec Bank	128	127½
Dominion Steel, bonds	82½	81¾
Montreal Heat & Light	101	99½
Laurentide Pulp	106	104
Toledo Railway	23½	22½

SALES: C. P. R., 10 at 131½, 200 at 132¾, 25 at 132½, 50 at 132¾; Twin City, 100 at 105, 10 at 105½, 50 at 105; Detroit Railway, 50 at 78½; Iron, common, 4 at 19¾, 25 at 19¼; Halifax Railway, 5 at 105½; Ogilvie, preferred, 10 at 130; Scotia, common, 25 at 66¾, 60 at 66½, 125 at 66¼, 25 at 66½; Dominion Cotton, 56 at 38, 36 at 38; Imperial Bank, 60 at 240, 18 at 240¼; Merchants' Bank, 10 at 166, 30 at 168; Bank of Montreal, 137 at 257; Bank of Commerce, 2 at 167, 3 at 166½.

London Electric
Fives and all standard investment bonds and stocks bought and sold for cash.
H. C. BECHER.
412 Richmond. Long Distance 'Phone 213.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 9.

	Ask.	Off.
Ontario Bank	131¼	130¾
Bank of Toronto	240	236
Bank of Commerce	166	165
Imperial Bank	245	240
Dominion Bank	254	250
Standard Bank	240	237
Bank of Hamilton	222	220
Ottawa Bank	220	215
Traders' Bank	132	..
Bank of British America	93	..
Western Assurance	93	..
Imperial Life	149	..
Toronto General Trust	213	211¼
Ont. & Qu'Appelle Land	100	..
Can. Northwest Land, pfd.	99	..
Canadian Pacific Railway	132¾	132½
Canadian Pacific, new	130	129¾
Toronto Electric Light	151	150
Canadian General Electric	172	..
General Electric, pfd	105	..
Dominion Telegraph	120	..
Bell Telephone	159¾	158½
Niagara Navigation	110¼	..
Northern Navigation	70	62
Toronto Railway	105¾	105
Twin City Railway	105¼	104
Winnipeg Street Railway	117	115
Sao Paulo Tramway	107	106½
Dominion Steel, com	19½	18¾
Dominion Steel, pfd	66	64½
Dominion Coal, com	62	61
Nova Scotia Steel, com	67	66½
Crow's Nest Coal	350	..
Mackay, com	39½	38½
Mackay, pfd	75	73¾
Salt	113	..
British-Canadian L. & I.	90	..
Canada Landed	109	..
Canada Permanent	123½	122½
Canadian Savings & Loan	120	..
Central Canada Loan	168	..
Dominion Savings & Invest.	70	..
Hamilton Provident	..	119
Huron & Erie L. & S.	..	185
Landed Banking & Loan	..	119
London & Canada L. & A.	100	98
Manitoba Loan	..	95
Toronto Mortgage	..	100½
Ontario Loan & Debenture	..	120
Toronto Savings	..	130
Dominion Steel, bonds	..	81½

SALES: Bank of Commerce, 2 at 165¾; Bank of Hamilton, 5 and 20 at 220; C. P. R., 25 at 132¼, 25 at 132½, 100 new at 129¾, 90 new at 129¾; Ontario Bank, 4 at 130¼, 80 at 130¾, 10 at 130⅞, 95 and 15 at 131, 50, 25 and 10 at 131¼, 25 and 50 at 131¾; Mackay, 3 common at 39, 53 preferred at 74, 80 at 73¾; Niagara Navigation, 25 at 110¼; Toronto Mortgage, 35 at 110; Imperial Bank, 115 at 239, 85 at 239¾, 18 at 240; Consumers' Gas, 20 at 212; Nova Scotia Steel, 55 at 66¾; Toronto Electric Light, 10 at 150½.

NEW YORK.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

New York, Jan. 9.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Amal. Copper	73½	74⅜	73¼	73⅞
American Sugar	142	142	141	141⅞
American Cotton Oil	34¾	..	..	..
Amer. Locomotive	25½	25½	25¼	25¼
American Foundry	33¼	33¼	33	33¼
American Refining	80	81	79⅝	80⅝
Atchison, com	87⅛	87¾	86⅞	87⅝
Atchison, pfd	100⅞	101	100⅞	101
Baltimore & Ohio	104¼	105	104¼	100⅞
Brooklyn Transit	59⅛	60⅞	59⅝	60¼
C. P. R.	132¼	132¾	132¼	132⅝
Ches. & Ohio	48	48⅝	48	48⅝
Chicago G. Western	22⅞	22⅞	22½	22⅝
Chicago & Alton	42¾	..	..	..
Col. Fuel & Iron	46½	47	46	47
Consolidated Gas	196¾	198¼	196¾	197¾
Delaware & Hudson	184¾	185¾	184¾	185¾
Erie	40	40¼	39¾	40
Erie, pfd	78⅜	78⅝	78	78¼
Illinois Central	156½	159¾	156½	158⅞
Kan. & Tex., com	31⅝	32¼	31⅝	31¾
Kan. & Tex., pfd	62½	63½	62½	63½
Louisville & Nash	139½	140¾	139¼	140¼
Manhattan	166½	169¼	166½	168½
Metropolitan St. Ry	115¼	115⅞	114⅝	115¼
Mexican Central	23⅞	24½	23⅝	24¼
Missouri Pacific	105⅞	107	105⅞	106½
N. Y. Central	144	144⅝	143⅞	144⅛
Norfolk & Western	79½	79⅞	79½	79¾
Ontario & Western	45⅛	45¼	45	45¼
Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	45	45¼	45	45¼
Pennsylvania	137⅞	138⅝	137⅝	138⅛
People's Gas	106½	..	..	..
Reading	82	82½	81⅞	82¼
Republic I. & S.	19½	16¾	16⅛	16½
Rock Island	36½	37	36¼	36⅝
Southern Railway	34¾	35⅝	34⅝	35⅛
Southern Ry., pfd	96⅝	97¼	96⅝	97¼
Southern Pacific	64½	65	64⅛	64¾
St. Paul	172⅛	173	172	172½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	70¾	71⅝	70¾	71
Union Pacific	114	115¼	114	114¾
U. S. Leather	12½	12¾	12⅛	12¾
U. S. Leather, pfd	101	101⅛	101	101⅛
U. S. Steel	29	29⅝	29	29½
U. S. Steel, pfd	91⅞	92⅜	91⅝	92½
Wabash, pfd	42¾	42½	42¼	42⅝
Western Union Tel.	93⅝	..	..	..
Wisconsin Central	21¾	..	..	..

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

Chicago, Jan. 9.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	1 15⅝	1 17⅝	1 15¼	1 17¼
July	98⅞	99¾	98⅝	99½
Corn—				
May	44½	44½	44⅛	44½
July	45	45⅛	44¾	45⅛
Oats—				
May	30⅞	31	30⅝	30⅞
July	30⅞	30⅞	30¾	30⅞
Pork—				
January	....	....	....	12 27
May	12 57	12 62	12 50	12 62
Lard—				
January	6 65	6 67	6 65	6 65
May	6 87	6 90	6 87	6 87
Short Ribs—				
January	6 25	....	....	6 25
May	6 62	6 65	6 60	6 65

PRODUCE MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 9.—Wheat—Very firm in tone; the demand is active, and holders are asking higher prices, some asking $1 04 to $1 05; some few sales are made at $1 02 for red and white; spring, 96c to 97c; goose, 88c; Manitoba wheat is steady, with a firm tone; No. 1 northern, $1 08; No. 2, $1 04; No. 3, 97c to 98c, at Georgian Bay ports, and 6c more grinding in transit. Flour—Ninety per cent patents, $4 20 to $4 35, in buyers' sacks, west; 15c to 20c higher for choice; Manitoba, $5 40 to $5 70 for first patents, $5 to $5 40 for second patents, and $5 to $5 20 for bakers. Millfeed—Unchanged, at $14 to $14 50 for bran in bulk, and $15 00 to $17 50 for shorts, west; Manitoba, $21 for shorts and $18 for bran for export. Barley—Steady, at 45c for No. 3, 43c for extra, and 41c for No. 4 malting, outside, Toronto freights. Rye—Firm in tone, at 75c to 76c for No. 2. Corn—New Canadian yellow, 42c; mixed, 41c, f.o.b., Chatham freights; new American No. 3 yellow, 51½c; mixed, 51c, on track at Toronto. Oats, 33c to 33½c for No. 1 white, low freights; No. 2, 32½c, low freights, and 32c north and west. Rolled oats, $4 for cars of bags and $4 25 for barrels, on the track at Toronto; 25c more for broken lots here and 40c more outside. Peas, 57c to 68c for No. 2, west. Buckwheat—Unchanged, but firmer in tone, at 52c to 53c west. Butter—Steady; receipts light; demand fair; prices unchanged. Eggs—Steady to firm; prices unchanged, at 20c for limed and 21c for fresh.

DAIRY MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Butter—Firm; creameries, 18c to 25c; dairies, 17½c to 24c. Cheese—Steady, 11c to 12c.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 7.—Butter—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 454 pkgs. Cheese—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 2,235 boxes.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Jan. 9.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures easy; March, 7s 1¾d; May, 7s 1¼d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 4d; do, old, 4s 11d. Futures quiet; March, 4s 1⅞d; May, 4s 2½d.

Peas—Canadian steady, 5s 10½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter steady, 9s 9d.

Hops (in London)—Pacific coast firm, £7 10s to £8 10s.

Beef—Firm; extra India mess, 68s 9d.

Pork—Easy; prime mess western, 70s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 41s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, quiet, 35s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, easy, 35s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, easy, 36s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, easy, 35s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, easy, 34s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, easy, 42s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, easy, 32s 6d.

Lard—Quiet; prime western, in tierces, 35s 6d; American refined, in pails, 34s 6d.

Butter—Nominal.

Cheese—Strong; American finest white and colored, September makes, 53s.

Tallow—Prime city steady, 28s 9d; Australian (in London) easy, 26s 6d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 38s 6d.

Rosin—Common firm, 5s 3½d.

Petroleum—Refined quiet, 6½d.

Linseed Oil—Steady, 15s.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot easy, 14s.

The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 7,000 quarters from Atlantic ports, 1,000 from Pacific ports, and 83,000 from other ports.

The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 4,100 quarters.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 26,000; market strong; good to prime steers, $5 60 to $6 10; poor to medium, $3 90 to $5 50; stockers and feeders, $2 40 to $4 25; cows and heifers, $1 25 to $5; canners, $1 25 to $5 50; calves, $3 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts, 40,000; market 5c to 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $4 40 to $4 70; good to choice heavy, $4 70 to $4 80; rough heavy, $4 50 to $5 60; light, $4 40 to $4 65; bulk of sales at $4 55 to $4 70.

Sheep—Receipts, 22,000; sheep strong, lambs 10c to 15c higher; good to choice wethers, $4 85 to $5 60; fair to choice mixed, $4 to $4 75; native lambs, $5 50 to $7 75.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Jan. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,500 head; active, steady and 25c higher; prime steers, $5 75 to $6; shipping, $4 75 to $5 50; butchers, $4 50 to $5 15; heifers, $3 25 to $4 50; cows, $2 75 to $4; bulls, $2 50 to $4 25; stockers and feeders, $2 75 to $4 35; stock heifers, $2 25 to $3; fresh cows and springers are $2 to $3 higher; good to choice, $43 to $52; medium to good, $32 to $40; common, $20 to $30. Veals—Receipts, 550 head; active, 50c higher, at $4 75 to $9 25.

Hogs—Receipts 25,500 head; active and steady; heavy, $4 95 to $5; a few at $5 05; mixed, $4 90 to $4 95; Yorkers, $4 80 to $4 95; pigs, $4 70 to $4 75; roughs, $4 15 to $4 25; stags, $3 to $3 50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 20,400 head; active; sheep steady, lambs 10c to 15c higher; native lambs, $6 to $7 90; Canadas, $7 25 to $7 50; yearlings, $6 to $6 75; wethers, $5 25 to $5 75; ewes, $5 to $5 40; sheep, mixed, $2 50 to $5 50.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Jan. 7.—Live cattle are quoted at 10c to 12½c per lb; refrigerator beef at 8½c to 9c per lb; sheep at 11c to 13c per lb.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—Baled Hay—The market continues to hold a fairly firm tone, and is quoted unchanged at $7 50 to $8 per ton for No. 1 timothy, and $6 50 for No. 2 and mixed clover, all on the track here.

Baled Straw—Firm in tone; car lots on track here are quoted unchanged, at $6 to $6 50 per ton.

FLAXSEED.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—Flaxseed—Northwest, $1 22½; southwest, $1 15; January, $1 15; May, $1 22.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 7.—Oil opened and closed at $1 45.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Jan. 7.—Credit balances, unchanged; average shipments, 75,276 barrels.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 7.—Sugar—Raw firm, refined firm.

LONDON.

London, Jan. 7.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 15s 9d, nominal; Muscovado, 14s 3d; beet sugar, January, 15s 4½d.

Teething Time

is a critical period in baby's life, but it can be passed over with much greater safety if a little special attention is given to his diet. If there are any symptoms of digestive disorder you can quickly correct it with Strong's Carminative. Promptly relieves colic, prevents white mouth, regulates the bowels and is absolutely safe and harmless. Price, 25 cents.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.
Strong's Baking Powder—used once, used always. Try it.

OLD MAN WAS FINED

Acted in a Disorderly Manner on a Belt Line Car.

Two hours of the police magistrate's time were taken up this morning by the hearing of a case brought against an elderly resident of South London by the street railway company. The defendant was found guilty of being disorderly.

George Cleland, a conductor, stated that the defendant boarded his car at the corner of King and Richmond streets and that he refused to give his fare when requested to do so, and used vile language towards him (the witness). The man wanted to alight at Railway street, and the car stopped, but the passenger did not get off. He also refused to get off at the next street. He abused the conductor and when the corner of Dundas and Richmond streets was reached the latter went for a policeman and had the man taken off the car.

The motorman of the car remembered the defendant getting on the car and said that he heard him call names all the way around the line. On one occasion he (the motorman) told the conductor to leave the man alone.

The defendant took the stand and stated that he had paid his fare on both occasions when requested, and that the conductor had struck him over the head with a fare box. A scar appeared on the defendant's head which might have been inflicted with such an instrument. He admitted he had been drinking.

The magistrate said that on the evidence he was compelled to find the defendant guilty, and he fined him $5, which was paid.

The evidence in the case of Boyd and Stevenson, accused of conspiring to defraud H. M. Douglass, was presented, and the defendants were committed. Bail was renewed.

John McKenzie was sent down for 20 days. Four first-timers were let go.

ORDER SUBMARINES

Britain Buying More of the Larger and Comfortable Boats.

London, Jan. 9. — The admiralty has placed orders with Messrs. Vickers, Sons, and Maxim of Borrow, for ten additional submarine boats of the B1 type.

This order is the result of the successful trials of the B1 in the Irish Sea recently, which showed that boats of this type could remain under water for a longer period, and with greater comfort, than the A class. Boats of the B class will be a hundred and fifty feet long, with a girth of 40 feet, and will embody all the improvements which experiments with the existing flotilla have suggested to Captain Bacon and other admiralty officials.

SOLD SACRED LAND

Prince Frederick Leopold Causes a Sensation.

Berlin, Jan. 9. — An unpleasant feeling has been caused here by news that Prince Frederick Leopold of Prussia has sold seventy acres of wooded land in the neighborhood of Potsdam to a syndicate of building speculators for £95,000. The land in question is one of the most beautiful spots near Berlin, and contained within its recesses the idylically-situated grave of Heinrich von Kleist, one of the most popular poets of Prussia in the last century, whose romantic death on the spot where he was buried made a deep impression on his contemporaries. The most singular part of this transaction is that a short time ago Prince Frederick Leopold presented Kleist's grave to the German nation as a gift.

WORLD'S PEACE HIS DREAM

Denmark's King Summons Monarchs to a Conference.

Copenhagen, Jan. 9.—King Christian, of Denmark, the "Father-in-law of Europe," the gentle mannered, kind-hearted old man whom everybody loves is going to try to render the civilized world another great service, before he is laid to rest at the side of his late beloved Queen in the Cathedral of Roskilde.

Universal peace is to become a fact, if his words carry any weight with the monarchs of Europe. Early in May, a most unique peace conference is to take place in this city. The participants are to come from the countries of Europe, but unlike those of other conferences, they are not to be delegates chosen by their nations to represent them at this particular occasion, but the heads of the nations themselves.

King Christian has sent autograph letters to every ruler, asking him to come to Copenhagen in the spring and arrange for the signing of the greatest and most important international treaty the world has ever known—a treaty which is to put an end to all war. Already the success of the old King's plan seems assured, as the Czar, the Kaiser, the Emperor of Austria and King Edward have promised to attend, and the ambassadors of Italy, Spain and Belgium have promised an early reply from their respective kings.

—You owe it to yourself and to your party to register. Take no chances. If you register, nobody can strike your name off the list.

Bishop Spalding Better.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 9. — The condition of Bishop Spalding, stricken with paralysis Friday night, was much improved today. His physicians announced that he passed a quiet night, and that sleep was natural, and not induced by opiates. He is slowly regaining the use of his limbs.

The hairs of the brown caterpillar, which is the caterpillar of the brown-tail moth, are full of tiny barbs, so extremely small that they are quite invisible. The barbs catch in the human skin and break off. This causes the skin to itch enough to lead the person to scratch. Inflammation follows, and sometimes this produces an eruption that is even worse than the blistering caused by poison ivy.

JUDGE REGRETS THE OFFENSES IN CONNECTION WITH ELECTIONS

Opening Remarks of Mr. Justice Teetzel at the Winter Assizes.

The January session of the high court opened at 1:30 this afternoon with His Lordship Mr. Justice Teetzel on the bench. A large number of spectators had gathered to witness the proceedings, which, on account of the length and character of the docket, promised to be of more than ordinary interest. There were 21 jury, and 3 non-jury cases on the docket when court opened, but some of these seemed capable of being arranged without further litigation. Mr. J. P. Mabee, K. C., of Stratford, is acting as crown prosecutor.

One of those whose names appeared on the grand jury list, namely, the late J. S. Atkinson, had died since the list was made out. Inspector Joseph Sanders was substituted. Mr. Henry Hardy was chosen as foreman of the grand jury whose names are printed in another column.

The court, in addressing the grand jury, said that their work would be comparatively light, there being but three criminal cases to be considered, namely, the charges of perjury and impersonation against Martin Quinn, now in jail, and the case of William Boyd and Hugh Stevenson, charged with being parties to an alleged conspiracy by which ex-Ald. Douglass dropped $10,000. His lordship went on to say that the crime of perjury was altogether of too frequent occurrence. People did not seem to fully realize its seriousness.

As to the crime of impersonation, the court remarked that it was not, perhaps, as common as some other offenses which took place during elections. Considering that Canada was a budding nation, it was particularly desirable that these crimes should be stamped out. The court was sorry that they were so common in this country. In both of the political parties. His lordship said that all classes of men, the preacher, the editor, and his hearers, should use their best influences to check these vices. The court thought that more active work should be done in this line. Less vilifying and slander should be hurled about the country. The corrupt practices, he said, were irrespective of parties.

The court then went on to explain at length the circumstances of the Douglass case, which he said were very intricate.

Business Begun.

When the grand jury retired, the case of Bentley vs. London Street Railway Company was called. Mr. F. Bartlett, for the plaintiff, told the court that the condition of Rosanna Bentley, the plaintiff, was so bad that she was unable to come into court. He submitted that an examination which had been made at the patient's bedside at the hospital should be allowed.

Mr. Ivey, for the defendants, said that the alleged condition of the woman was such that no proper examination could be conducted at present. Her memory would lapse every few moments and she would fall into hyteria. Defendants thought the case should be adjourned until spring.

Mr. Bartlett was unwilling to do this, since, he said, the woman might die before that time.

The court granted an order for a "de bene esse" examination, to be conducted at the patient's bedside before Local Master Cowan.

The applications of the following for naturalization have been granted: Wong Gibb, formerly of Canton, a resident of London for the past four years; Samuel Wolson, a native of Russia, now of Strathroy; Oscar Leibermann, of London, a Russian; Jung Bock, a Celestial living in this city; G. E. Dayton, of London, formerly of Seattle, U. S. A.; Wm. Brooks, of London, formerly of Chattanooga, U. S. A.; Augustus Mascaro, Italian; Henry Meyer, formerly of Prussia; Nicholas Pusso, Italian; Guiseppe Fontano Italian; W. H. Robinson, formerly of Detroit — all of this city.

The following are the grand jurors for the January assizes: John S. Atkinson, Biddulph; James Carruthers, Caradoc; James Douglas, Mosa; J. William Duncan, East Williams; Thomas Hunter, jun., North Dorchester; Adam H. Hodgins, McGillivray; Henry Hardy, Caradoc; W. H. Irvine, London, ward 4; Alfred Johnston, London, ward 1; Duncan McGugan, Caradoc; George Priddis, London township; Bartram Robson, London township; Christopher Meylor, Delaware.

LONDON POLICE OFFICER DEAD

John Boyd, Over Forty Years a Member of the Force, Passes Away.

The death occurred at his late residence, 198 Grey street, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, of ex-Police Constable John Boyd. The deceased, who was about 70 years of age, had been a member of the local police force for over 40 years, and during this period he held the confidence of the people of London and of his superior officers. Some years ago he was taken ill with a malignant disease, and was compelled to retire, being a pensioner of the police benefit fund.

Besides a widow, the deceased leaves four children to mourn his loss: Mrs. C. Colerick and Mrs. John Foley, of London, Mrs. Parrot and Mrs. Gilbert, of Glengoe.

The funeral arrangements have not as yet been decided upon.

INSTALLED IN OFFICE TODAY

(Continued from page 1.)

tive officer, I extend to you my best greetings, and best wishes for every attendant prosperity for our city. Though some of us have been elected by special influences which came to our aid, yet we all are here with a common duty to perform, and that is to work for the good of the city and the good of all the people of London, irrespective of creed or politics. It is a pity that we in London, in common with many other places, have allowed politics to creep into our municipal affairs, and I know that very many of our citizens would be glad to see politics wiped out of municipal matters. But unfortunately the state of affairs to which I have alluded exists in London, and each side fears to drop the politics, for fear of giving the other side an advantage But, it seems to me that the advantages to be derived from the introduction and maintenance of politics in municipal matters is often more fancied than real, and it is our duty, as representatives of the people of London at large, to do that which is right and fair by all parties and all persons—to work at all times for the common good—and I feel that the aldermen as a whole will give me every support in this work.

Many Important Matters.

"In addition to the observance of the ordinary rules of politeness shown by one alderman to another, I would ask you to strictly observe the rules of order, and I propose to strictly enforce these rules. Many important matters will come up before you this year, and I hope that we shall remember that the best legislative body is not always the one which creates and carries out radical changes, but rather that the body is the best which is content to do those things which are necessary and which leaves undone those things which we might do if we had more money. But there are one or two things we must do this year—things of the greatest importance. One of these is the construction of the West London breakwater. The people very properly empowered the council to go ahead with this very necessary work. In speaking of the breakwater before the election, I told the people they would not be called upon to pay for the total cost of the construction of the breakwater, and I have since had reason to reiterate these remarks. Your engineer will begin work at once on the breakwater, and I hope that, No. 2 committee will not wait for the work to be completed, but will at once take steps to make temporary provision for the offsetting of the usual spring floods, and thereby save the people of West London much inconvenience and suffering.

"Owing to a combination of circumstances, many streets have been in the past allowed to go unpaved, and several of them are in a very bad condition. I sincerely hope that as regards this matter you will be able to bring the interested property-owners together, and that you will be enabled to put the streets in the condition in which they should be.

The Bi-Centenary.

"This year, 1905, is a great year in the history of the city of London, because it is semi-centennial year. Fifty years ago, in 1855, London was incorporated a city. Since that time London has made giant strides, and when we contrast the London of today with that of 50 years ago we have very much to feel grateful for. In 1855 the city of London composed but 2,117 acres of land; now is covers 4,478 acres. In 1855, the population of London was but 10,000; now it is over 42,000. Of course at that time, our debt amounted to but $252,000, as against $2,800,000 now, but today our assets are greater, and we are relatively better off than we were 50 years ago, even though our per capita debt was then but $24 28, and it is now $60. In 1855 our taxes totaled only $47,776, whereas last year they ran over $462,000. In 1855 our taxes averaged but $4 72 per head of population, but now they average $11 per head. But it must be remembered that in 1855 we were making no provision to pay off our public debt as we are today, nearly half our taxes being taken up annually for this purpose.

"Taking all the facts into consideration, it is fitting that you should properly celebrate this bi-centenary, and give London such an advertising the world over as it never has had before. The Old Boys and the Old Girls will be coming back in thousands this year, and the Old Boys, who are away and the Old Boys who have remained at home, should join hands to make this celebration all it should be.

The Soldiers' Monument.

"There is another matter which I would like to bring to your attention, it is that of the monument which for four years it has been the aim of many Londoners to erect to the memory of the brave fellows from this city who died for their country in South Africa. This noble project has been allowed to lag, but it will be now pushed forward by the people who undertook it, and I would strongly commend it to you, and I hope you will give it such material assistance as your means will allow. It will be a fitting part of the programme of this year for you to honor those whose bones are now moldering on the African veldt.

"In conclusion, I will ask you to join with me in the hope that our relations may be pleasant and our works may be for the honor and prosperity of the people of the city of London." (Cheers).

Committees and Appointments.

"When Mayor Campbell had concluded his able address, Ald. Garratt, seconded by Ald. Saunders, moved that Alds. Gerry, Matthews, Stevely, Cooper, Wyatt and Forristal form a striking committee, and the motion carried, all adjoining to the anteroom with the exception of Ald. Cooper, who remained in his seat. The latter apparently knew what was in store for him.

In a short time, the aldermen returned, and Ald. Gerry moved that the following constitute the different committees, the motion carrying without opposition:

No. 1—Alds. Stevely, Cooper, Greenlees and Carson.

No. 2—Alds. Forristal, Wyatt, Garratt and Gerry.

No. 3—Alds. Matthews, Gillean, Abram and Saunders.

The committee chairmen were then named as follows:

No. 1—Ald. Stevely.
No. 2—Ald. Forristal.
No. 3—Ald. Matthews.

Then the work of making the appointments was proceeded with, and it was evident from the start that Ald. Cooper was "up against it."

The following, on motion of Ald. Garratt, were appointed on the London and Port Stanley Railway Board: Alds. Forristal, Wyatt, Gillean, Garratt, Stevely, Greenlees, Abram and Messrs. J. C. Judd and J. R. Minhinnick.

Ald. Cooper objected, and moved that his own name be substituted for that of Ex-Ald. Judd, but he did not get a seconder, and the names as proposed were adopted.

The semi-centennial committee was then named as follows: Mayor Campbell, the chairmen of the standing committees, and ex-Mayor Beck.

On motion of Ald. Matthews Mr. Robert A. Carrothers and Dr. W. J. Stevenson were appointed members of the board of health.

On motion of Ald. Forristal, Mr. Richard R. Bland was appointed as representative of the city council on the Public Library board.

On motion of Ald. Wyatt the following were named as Western Fair directors, Ald. Matthews, Saunders, Carson, Abram and Gerry.

On motion of Ald. Stevely, Messrs. George F. Jewell and Andrew Dale were appointed auditors for the year.

Manufacturers' Committee—Ald. Wyatt, Gerry, Forristal, Matthews, Abram, Greenlees, Garratt, Stevely, Sir John Carling, Major Beattie, Col. Garrishore, C. B. Hunt, A. B. Greer, John Stevely, J. R. Minhinnick, F. E. Leonard and J. W. Pocock.

Claim for Damages.

Mrs. Elizabeth Mitchell, wife of Mr. Peter Mitchell, of 451 Princess avenue, presented, through her solicitor, Mr. R. M. C. Toothe, a claim for damages for injuries sustained by her through an alleged defective sidewalk at the southwest corner of Colborne street and Queen's avenue, the accident occurring on the 7th of December last. Referred to No. 2 committee.

Frank E. Roberton, a fireman injured in the Sterling fire, again brought his case to the notice of the council. Referred to No. 3 committee.

Mrs. Sophia Roe, widow of the late Fire Chief Roe, sent in a petition to the council praying for such further assistance as the city may deem it wise to grant her. Referred to No. 3 committee.

J. Ross Robertson asked for financial aid for the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto. Referred to No. 1 committee.

More New Railways.

Chrysler & Bethune, of Ottawa, solicitors for the applicants, notified the city that at the next session of Parlament application will be made for a charter to construct a railway from some point on the Niagara River to the city of London, such work to be declared for the general benefit of Canada, with power also to acquire other railways and for other purposes.

Notice was also received of an application to be made to Parliament for a charter for a railway to be known as the St. Marys and Western Ontario Railway Company, with power to construct and operate a railway from a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway or its branches between the city of Woodstock and the city of London in a northern direction, through the counties of Oxford, Middlesex and Perth, or any of them, to the town of St. Marys, and thence in a westerly direction through the counties of Perth, Huron, Middlesex and Lambton, or any of them, to a point on Lake Huron on the St. Clair River, between Grand Bend in the county of Huron, and the town of Sarnia.

A. O. Graydon, city engineer, asked for certain alterations to the engineer's offices. Referred to No. 2 committee.

The mayor of Toronto wrote the city of London re certain amendments, which it is proposed to ask Parliament to make to all the telephone charters of Canada. Referred to No. 1.

The McClary Manufacturing Company asked for a fire alarm box in their yards at the foot of William street. Referred to No. 3 committee.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Mrs. C. S. Hyman is registered at the King Edward Hotel, Toronto.

—Miss Selina Graydon, of this city, left last week on a month's visit to New York.

—The registration of voters for the provincial election closes on Tuesday night. If your name is not on the municipal list, you must register. Make sure of your right to exercise your franchise.

—London bread is being retailed at 5 cents a loaf in Windsor, while the local bakers are charging 6 cents.

—Mr. Clive Walker, of Hamilton, is visiting in this city, the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Graydon, of "Connemara," Dundas street.

—Mr. C. Hensworth, of 14 Kitchener avenue, has taken out a building permit for a 1½ story brick house on Kitchener avenue.

—Miss Gwendolyn Langford, of Maple Grove, has left for her school in North Dorchester, near Thamesford.

—The Ionia (Mich.) Daily Standard, announces the death of Mr. Chas. P. Locke, brother-in-law of Mrs. J. C. Thompson, and first cousin of Mrs. Frank Lawson, of this city. Deceased was a barrister, and most highly respected.

—Unless your name appears on the list used in the election held on Jan. 2, you must register if you intend to vote in the approaching provincial elections. It may be that your vote will decide the election. Have you regist

COLD CURE

Price 25c

Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately.

I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS.
MUNYON, Philadelphia.

ALL FOR HER

Bertie looked up at him with a firmness which was almost obstinacy.

"You may bully me as much as you like, Faradeane," he said, and not without a certain quiet dignity, the dignity of conviction. "But you won't succeed in convincing me that you have not a great deal of influence over her. Why, I watched her—do I ever take my eyes off her?—every time you spoke; and, whatever she was doing or whoever she was listening to, she turned to you at once. Besides, don't you influence everybody? Haven't you always been able to do anything you liked with anybody? And Olivia—oh, I could see tonight that she thought more of you than anyone else."

The pale face seemed to grow hard and set as if with some hidden struggle, some suppressed pain.

"That is enough of this nonsense," he said. "Love works madness in some men's brains. It has worked madness in yours. I am no more to Olivia"—he stopped, and swept his hand across his brow, with a gesture of annoyance—

"I mean Miss Vanley, than the beggar at her gates."

Bertie rose, pale too, and with an expression of disappointment.

"Then—then you won't do this for me, Faradeane?"

"If you mean, will I go and ask Miss Vanley to accept you, go to her and propose for you, I certainly will not," was the swift, almost stern response. "Go to her yourself. Why, do you think I am made of wood, clay, iron, that I can bear any better than you the mockery of her laugh, the scorn of those eyes——"

Bertie stared at him.

"Why, what will it matter to you?" he said innocently. "You won't be telling her that you love her—won't be asking her to be your wife."

For the first time Faradeane's face grew crimson, and his dark, sad eyes drooped.

"Sit down," he said, pointing to the chair. "Your madness is affecting me. It is catching. Sit down." Bertie dropped meekly into the chair, and Faradeane paced up and down the room for a moment or two; then he stopped suddenly and looked down at the handsome, the girlish face, with its trusting patience. "You—you still persist in this insane idea of yours?" he asked, almost harshly.

Bertie nodded.

"Yes, I do, Faradeane, if you knew how much I rely on you—"

Faradeane uttered an impatient exclamation.

"But I do. See here; I have a kind of faith that if you—if you would tell her to—to accept me, that she'd do it. Laugh at the idea as much as you like, but you can't destroy it. It's there, and I can't get rid of it. Cly—I mean Faradeane, for heaven's sake say 'Yes!'"

Faradeane looked down at him with steady, yet dreamy gaze; then he seemed to strengthen himself, to brace himself, as it were, and said, slowly:

"Well, I will do it."

Bertie sprang to his feet, his face flushed with relief and gratification; but Faradeane held up his hand.

"Stop! No gratitude! No thanks! If you knew how I hated"—he stopped and bit his lip—"how I disliked it, you would not say a word."

Bertie seized his hand.

"But I must thank you, old fellow! The best, the dearest—"

"When am I to do this?" interrupted Faradeane in a strained, harsh voice.

"Soon! As soon as you can tomorrow!" replied Bertie, all in a fervour. "I can't wait any longer—I can't, indeed! Ah, if you knew how I love her!"

"Perhaps I can guess," caustically.

"But you can't. You see, she is nothing to you; just a pretty, lady-like girl—"

"Just a pretty, lady-like girl," echoed Faradeane in a strange voice; "exactly."

"But to me she is a goddess, an—an angel. Oh, dear old man, do the best you can for me. I leave it all to you. Tell her that I love her better than life itself; that I—but you will know what to say better than I can tell you. You won't be all of a tremble as I should be. You, not caring for her, will be cool and collected, and—and will persuade her. I should break down and stumble and stammer; but you—you see, it's a matter of perfect indifference to you!"

"Exactly," said Faradeane and his voice sounded almost harsh and hoarse; "and now—"

"Yes I'm going," said Bertie, seizing his hat. "I won't thank you—"

"Don't."

"I can't. I shall never be able to pay you—"

"I don't think you will," slowly, almost inaudibly, came the retort.

"But it's just like you. I knew you wouldn't refuse me, though you might not like it at first."

"I don't like it at last. But go now, Cherub," and he laid his hand half-protectingly, half-pityingly, upon Bertie's shoulder and gently led him to the door.

"Good-night, old fellow; and thank you a thousand—thousand— Look!" and he sprang into the bush. "Faradeane, there is someone—some man here in the garden!" he exclaimed in a hushed and startled whisper.

Faradeane sprang to the spot indicated by Bertie's pointed finger, and searched amongst the bushes.

"There is no one there," he said, quietly and calmly. "Your nerves are overstrained."

"Where is that dog of yours?" said Bertie.

Faradeane nodded towards the back of the house.

"In the kennel," he said.

"Let him loose—do now! I am sure—Come and let us get him."

They went round to the back and loosened the dog. Both of them went, which was a mistake, for if one of them had remained behind he would have seen Seth the gipsy glide out from amongst the shrubs and vault over the low palings.

The dog bounded across the garden, destroying the flowers, and growling angrily; but after sniffing about for a minute or two, he came back and licked Faradeane's hand.

"There was no one," he said. "Good-night."

"Good-night," said Bertie. "I trust you with my future happiness, old fellow."

"I shall not betray you," was the low-voiced response.

Then he sent the dog back to his kennel, and returned to the parlor.

For a minute or two he stood leaning against the table with his hand before his eyes; then he drew himself upright, and filling his pipe, smoked furiously.

"I must do it!" he murmured. "But—how hard! How hard! Oh, fool! fool!"

[To be Continued.]

CLEAN KNOCK OUT

Samaria Tasteless Remedy Kills Desire for Whisky.

Dear Sir,—Please find inclosed $3 00 for a bottle of Samaria Remedy. I will not use the second bottle, but want to have it handy if I need it. I found the one bottle sufficient, and am very glad we tried it. Yours truly,

WILLIAM B.

Inclose stamp for pamphlet and free sample of Tasteless Samaria. Will cure any case of drink habit secretly. Sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address, The Samaria Remedy Co., 21 Jordan street, Toronto, Canada. Also for sale by W. T. Strong & Co., London.

IS SUCH THING AS BASEBALL INSTINCT

Players Do Right Thing in Crisis, Without Reasoning Out Their Play.

Manager Kelley, of the St. Paul, Minn., team, is a firm believer in what has been called baseball instinct, where players intuitively do the right thing in a crisis, where they have no time to reason out what should be done. At a recent fanning bee held at the St. Paul baseball headquarters, he cited numerous instances of instinctive action by players, which was the right thing for them to do, but which they did without taking any time to reason out the situation.

The most striking of these instances was a play pulled off by Charlie Jones on the Minneapolis grounds on July 5 last. Corbett was pitching for the Saints, and at the end of the eighth the score stood 2 to 2. The Saints got busy in their half of the ninth and made three, putting them many ahead. Corbett started in bad in the last half of the ninth and two runs were scored after two men were out.

McNichols was in first, with Cy Coulter at bat. Coulter knocked out one of his long singles to right center and Charlie Jones started after it and got the ball on about its fourth bound, with one hand. When he caught the ball he was traveling at full speed, headed toward the right field fence. He stopped up short, turned and threw the ball straight as a die to Eddie Wheeler, who tagged McNichols at third by two feet. It was a throw where Jones had no chance to size up what he should do, and he let go the ball without taking time to take his bearings. The sphere went straight and true, however, and the merit of the play was missed by the home crowd, which was sore at losing the game in this manner. "At the time," says Manager Kelley, "I remarked to Bausewine that the play was one of the best I had ever seen on any diamond and he agreed with me."

"I have often caught high throws to first, more by instinct than anything else," continued the manager. "I would never see the ball that I remembered, after it had started, but somehow my hands went up to the right place, and I have often seen shortstops make unerring throws to bases without looking up to see whether the bases were covered or not. There is something about the game which gives players with the right baseball sense an unconscious prompting as to what to do, and they do not reason out the plays they make under these circumstances until after they have made it."

The talk drifted to unusual happenings on the diamond last summer, and the manager told of a remarkable play which came off at Columbus. Wrigley was on first, with no one out, and the next man up laid down a perfect bunt along the third base line, which did not roll fifteen feet from the plate. Wheeler was waiting for a bunt, scooped up the ball beautifully and retired the batter. Meanwhile Wrigley was headed for third for all he was worth with no one on the bag. Wheeler was tearing back to his station and Kelley took the only chance he had of retiring the runner. He looped the ball high in the air timing it to arrive with Wheeler. He judged the time and distance perfectly and Wheeler arrived just in time to catch the ball and tag Wrig. Umpire Kiem decided otherwise, however, and that game was one of about four which Columbus captured from St. Paul last summer.

"I have seen this play only twice in my baseball career," says Manager Kelley, "and, curiously enough, the only other time Eddie Wheeler was the victim. He was playing with Peyton in the Western Association and I was with Indianapolis in 1901. The same thing exactly happened, but this time the umpire called Wheeler out, although he had a much closer thing of it than did Wrigley."

A "SANE, SAFE AND MOST SENSIBLE EFFORT."

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The sanest, safest, and most sensible effort to legalize glove contests yet attempted in Illinois is to be made when the Legislature next get into session, and friends of the fistic game are sincerely hoping that the new measure will go through without holdups or delay.

The plan, as formulated yesterday by several friends of boxing, takes the question wholly out of the hands of the promoters and fight managers. They are not to be even considered in the campaign for a boxing law. Prominent C. A. A. members and backers of the new Illinois Athletic Club, together with citizens of good standing, who like boxing and hope to see it live, will draft and sign a petition, and the measure will be taken up as speedily as possible.

The text of the new bill wil contain even stronger measures against bare-knuckle fighting than the present statute offers, and will let in the glove men by specifying that limited-round contests, with gloves of not less than five ounces in weight, may be held before regularly organized and chartered athletic clubs. Safeguards in the way of physicians will be insisted upon, and it is said, in addition, that the new bill will contain a rider which will effectually bar out heavyweight champions from contesting in Illinois. It is recognized by the framers of the bill that heavyweight champions have managed to kill the game in many states, and that some provision must be made for their exclusion. Otherwise, the ink would not be dry on the new statute before some one would be matching Jeffries with somebody, and thereby causing a howl from the antis, which would kill the game for 20 years to come.

The negroes form one-third of the population of the entire South and 48.6 per cent of them are reckoned among bread winners, as against 46.9 per cent of the Southern whites.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR TUESDAY.

For Quick Clearing, We Offer for Tuesday the Following:

Clothing.

Children's Suits, regular $4 00, for $2 25
Children's Suits, regular $3 50, for $2 00
Boys' Suits, regular $4 00, for $2 10
Boys' Suits, regular $4 90, for $2 90
Boys' Suits, regular $2 60, for $1 70
Men's Tweed Suits, regular $6 50, for $3 75
Men's Tweed Suits, regular $13 00, for $7 75
Men's Tweed Suits, regular $11 00, for $6 90
Men's Tweed Suits, regular $10 00, for $5 50
Men's Tweed Suits, regular $8 00, for $4 10
Men's Trousers, regular $3 50, for $2 10
Men's Trousers, regular $2 50, for $1 50
Men's Trousers, regular $2 00, for $1 00
Men's Overalls, regular 90c, for 49c
Men's Overalls, regular $1 00, for 53c
Men's Smocks, regular 90c, for 51c
Men's Smocks, regular 50c, for 32c
Men's Overcoats, regular $16 50, for $10 50
Men's Overcoats, regular $4 90, for $2 90
Men's Overcoats, regular $11 50, for $6 75
Boys' Overcoats, regular $6 00, for $3 00

Suitings.

Tweeds in profusion, new goods, regular $1 75, for 99c
Tweeds in profusion, new goods, regular $1 10, for 60c
Tweeds in profusion, new goods, regular $1 30, for 70c
Tweeds in profusion, new goods, regular $1 20, for 65c
Tweeds in profusion, new goods, regular 80c, for 50c
Tweeds in profusion, new goods, regular 50c, for 25c

Men's Hosiery and Underwear.

Heavy Wool Socks (black), regular 30c, for 18c
Heavy Wool Socks (gray), regular, 30c, for 18c
Heavy Cotton Socks, regular 25c, for 12c
Heavy Cotton Socks, regular 20c, for 10c
Men's Unshrinkable Wool Underwear (Standfield's), regular $1 65, for $1 05
Men's Unshrinkable Wool Underwear (Penman's), regular $1 65, for 99c
Men's Fleece-Lined Underwear, regular 50c, for 35c
Men's Heavy Wool Underwear, regular $1 00, for 69c
Boys' Fleece-Lined Underwear, regular 50c, for 25c

Men's Shirts.

Men's White Shirts, laundered, regular $1, for....62c
Men's White Shirts, laundered, regular 85c, for....51c
Men's Colored Shirts, regular 85c, for....51c
Men's Neglige Shirts, regular 90c, for....55c
Men's Black Sateen Shirts, regular 85c, for....51c
There is a choice selection of Men's Shirts.
Men's Silk Ties, regular 50c, for..31c
Men's Silk Ties, regular 25c, for..16c
Men's Silk Ties, regular 20c, for..12c
Men's Linen Collars, regular 15c for....5c

Ladies' Underwear.

Ladies' Wool Vests, regular 25c, for 17c
Ladies' Wool Vests, regular 50c, for 32c
Ladies' Wool Vests, regular 65c, for 39c
Ladies' Wool Vests, regular 75c, for 40c
Ladies' Wool Drawers, regular, 50c, for 32c
Ladies' Wool Drawers, regular, 85c, for 49c
Ladies' Wool Drawers, regular, $1 00, for 57c

Furs.

Furs, Ladies' Caperines, Dogskin, regular $6 25, for $2 99
Furs, Ladies' Caperines, Seal, regular $7 00, for $3 10
Furs, Ladies' Caperines, black, regular $2 75, for $1 75
Furs, Ladies' Sable Stole, regular $11 50, for $6 00
Furs, Ladies' Sable Stole, regular $9 50, for $4 25
Furs, Ladies' Black Ruffs, regular $1 37, for 70
Fur Caps, Dogskin, regular $3 75, for $1 99
Fur Caps, Seal, regular $3 75, for $1 99

Shirtings, Sheetings and Cottons.

Shirtings, regular 15c, for 10c
Shirtings, regular 12½c, for 7½c
Shirtings, regular 10c, for 6c
Wide range and choice patterns.
Bleached Sheeting, regular 25c, for 16c
Bleached Sheeting, regular 20c, for 13c
Bleached Sheeting, regular 35c, for 21c
Bleached Sheeting, regular 30c, for 19c
Bleached Pillow Cotton, regular 22c, for 12½c
Bleached Pillow Cotton, regular, 25c, for 15c
Bleached Pillow Cotton, regular, 15c, for 10c

Tickings and Denims.

Ticking, regular 18c, for 12c
Ticking, regular 15c, for 9c
Ticking, regular 12½c, for 7½c
Denims, regular 15c, for 9c
Denims, regular 20c, for 14c
Denims, regular 28c, for 19c

Flannelettes, Eiderdown and Wrapperettes.

Flannelette, regular 12½c, for ..8c
Flannelette, regular 10c, for 7c
Flannelette, regular 9c, for 6½c
Flannelette, regular 8c, for 5¾c
Flannelette, regular 6c, for 5c
Wrapperettes, regular 12½c, for 9c
Wrapperettes, regular 10c, for ..7c
Eiderdown, regular 50c, for 29c
Eiderdown, regular 35c, for 21c
Astrachan (curl cloth), white and red, regular $1 90, for 99c
Canton Flannel, regular 12½c, for 9c
Canton Flannel, regular 10c, for 7½c
Canton Flannel, regular 16c, for 12c
Canton Flannel, blue, regular 15c, for 9c
Canton Flannel, red, regular 12½c, for 8½c

THIS IS A SALE TO THE FINISH!

$10,000 Worth Choice Winter Goods to Be Sacrificed.

C. B. KEENLEYSIDE, ..134.. DUNDAS STREET.

THE RAMBLERS GET TWO GAMES BY THE DEFAULT OF INGERSOLL

Hortons to Play Intermediates —Games in the East— Quebec Beaten.

The London Ramblers get two games by the default of Ingersoll in their home-and-home matches with the local team. This places the Ramblers second in the district standing, and leaves four games to be played. Woodstock will not play with London until Jan. 20.

A practice match will be played tonight at the Jubilee Rink between the Ramblers and the Hortons. This will likely prove a fast game, as it is doubted by some if the intermediate team will be able to beat the juniors.

The Ailsa Craig correspondent of The Advertiser says of the game with St. Johns: "Before a very large crowd the local seven defeated the St. John's team Friday night by a score of 9—4. Although Ailsa Craig lacked the services of their crack goalkeeper, W. Alexander, who is sick, they were masters of the situation from the start. Five minutes before time was called, when the score stood 9—2, the local boys let up, and London scored two more goals. London started the scoring by finding the nets in two minutes. Craig soon evened matters. London scored again in five minutes, but after that the locals ran right away from St. Johns. The score at half time was 6—2. In the second half Ailsa Craig found their nets, three times, and were always the aggressors until about five minutes before the finish, when they eased up. The game was devoid of roughness. Peel only penalizing three men, McFaden twice, and Cossie once. Peel gave excellent satisfaction as referee.

Quebec, Jan. 7. — The Montreal Victorias defeated Quebec, C. A. H. L. champions, here tonight by 5 goals to 3 after a hard game, which was in doubt until the last few minutes of play.

Toronto, Jan. 7. — The Marlboros defeated the Argonauts in a senior O. H. A. match tonight by 7 to 2. Half time score, 5 to 2.

Welland, nOt., Jan. 7. — The intermediate O. H. A. match, played here between Hamilton and Welland last night, resulted 7 to 5 in favor of Welland.

Otawa, Jan. 8. — The first game in the Federal Hockey League was played here Saturday night, when the Ottawas vanquished the Montreal seven by 9 to 3. The Governor-General and two daughters witnessed the game.

Montreal, Jan. 8. — The Shamrock hockey team defeated the Westmounts in the C. A. H. L. series Saturday night at the Arena by a score of 14 to 10. The playing at the outset was very fast and both teams put up a rattling good match, but the Shams had the better of it in the last half and won out.

BASEBALL.

SHORT CROP OF LEFT-HANDERS.

The new crop of pitchers that will be tried out in the National League next spring is comparatively short on left-hand men, the average not being as good as one in eight among the twirlers who will make their first appearance on the big circuit in 1905, says the Cincinnati Times-Star. Last season the Cincinnati Club enjoyed an unusual distinction in carrying two southpaws, both of whom won more games than they lost. One of these—Kellum—has been switched to Philadelphia, where he will have for company the collegian, Caldwell, and Jack Lush, who played first base for the Quakers after Jack Doyle was let out. The addition of Kellum will give the Phillies three left-hand pitchers—more than any big league team has had in years. The local club will allow Frank Hahn to attend to all the southpaw twirling necessary to the team. New York has a star southpaw in Wiltse, St. Louis a good one in O'Neill, Chicago one of the best in the business in Jake Weimer, Pittsburg a top-notcher in Flaherty, and there may be one or two others of lesser note. On the whole, however, the supply and prospective crop of left-hand twirlers in the National League is comparatively small, so that southpaws will be looked upon more as freaks next season than they have in many years.

THE BROWNS STRENGTHENING.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 7. — President Hedges has secured the signature of Bert King, an infielder, who hails from Vandalia, Mo., and Bert Voorhees, second baseman of Albuquerque, N. M., which increases the roster of the Browns to 35 men. King did some practice work with the Browns last season and made a good impression. Voorhees is rated as an exceedingly clever and promising young player.

MAY BE PERMANENTLY INJURED

Manager Selee, of the Chicago Club, fears that the accident which Frank Chance suffered recently, by which one of his arms was broken, may prove a permanent injury.

BURKETT FOR BOSTON.

Jesse Burkett, the heavy-hitting outfielder of the St. Louis American League, has been secured for Boston.

McGRAW GETS ANOTHER.

New York, Jan. 7.—Sammy Strang, who covered third base for the Brooklyn National League team for the past two seasons and was released by Manager Hanlon last October, has been signed by Manager McGraw to play with the Giants next year.

MAY PLAY IN SPRING.

Cincinnati, Jan. 7.—President Pulliam, of the National League, said today he was heartily in favor of the spring championship games between New York and Boston for the championship of the world, and believes they will be played. "There is much interest as to which club is the strongest," he said, "and it should be settled as soon as possible."

THE TURF.

SATURDAY'S WINNERS.

At New Orleans—Trepan, 13 to 1; Miss Cosetta, 7 to 1; Trapper, 9 to 5; Brooklyn, 6 to 5; St. Tammany, 7 to 5; Joe Lesser, 4 to 5.

At Hot Springs—Starline, 7 to 5; Buttons, 2 to 1; Massa, 4 to 1; Bill Curtis, 2 to 1; Baikal, 1 to 3; Payne, 1 to 3.

At Oakland—The Cure, 5 to 1; Gossiper, 20 to 1; Sir Wilfrid, even; Honiton, 7 to 2; Leila, 2 to 1; Ananias, 8 to 5.

RECORD BROKEN AT OAKLAND.

San Francisco, Jan. 7.—Sir Wilfrid knocked a quarter of a second off the California record for 3½ furlongs today, going the distance in :41¼.

BOOKS LOST HEAVILY.

Los Angeles, Jan. 7.—Every winning horse at Ascot today was played to an almost unlimited extent, and although favorites were not generally successful, the books which had laid the highest price against Oxford, winner of the Pasadena handicap, quit after the third race and paid out $12,000 on the winner.

HOCKEY.

PRINTERS AT PLAY.

The teams of Lawson & Jones and London Printing and Lithographing Company played a friendly game of hockey, Saturday afternoon, at the Jubilee Rink, resulting in favor of Lawson & Jones' team by a score of 3 to 2.

SWIMMING.

DEATH OF FAMOUS SWIMMER.

New York Jan. 7.—George W. Van Cleaf, the expert swimmer of the New York A. C. aquatic squad, is dead at his home in Bath Beach, Brooklyn, from an attack of typhoid fever. Van Cleaf during his career as a swimmer had won over 225 medals, besides numerous trophies.

WRESTLING.

A BOER DEFEAT.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—John J. Rooney, of Chicago, defeated Capt. Visser, the Boer wrestler, in a mixed match here last night.

THE RING.

FITZGERALD GOT DECISION.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 7.—"Willie" Fitzgerald, of Brooklyn, received the decision on points over Maurice Thompson, of Butte, Mont., at the end of a fast six-round bout here last night.

ONE BRITON WHO DOES NOT COUNT

Screams Loyalty and Is All the Time Going Down to Political Corruption.

The pulpit of the Wellington Street Methodist Church was occupied yesterday by Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent of the Methodist Church in Canada. At the morning service there was a very large congregation, as was also the case in the evening. The vigorous style of Dr. Carman held the attention of the hearers throughout the discourses.

Previous to announcing his text in the morning, Dr. Carman stated that he was present to serve the people of the church, of whom he had heard many good things. He believed that church association and church fellowship were more to a man than his British citizenship. This was the only thing to be put second or nearly second. The two—church fellowship and British citizenship—were the grandest bonds man ever knew. There was one kind of Briton who did not count, though, and that was the "howling creature" who screamed loyalty and all the while was going down to political corruption. As he was screaming loyalty he was doing deeds which would undermine the whole British Empire. What good did it do to scream of the country's power and then strive to tear it down? That was not the spirit.

The sermon preached was on the covenant God had made for man's salvation, even before man was made. Every range of the salvation of God was a matter of coverant. This covenant was stronger than the marriage vow, for the terms of salvation had been made before man was put on earth. The covenant was made by God the Father, with God the Son, and witnessed by the Holy Ghost. This agreement could not or would not be broken.

Dr. Carman said that when he considered the agitation, gambling, intemperance, he did not wonder that there were so many slums. The wonder was that there were not twice as many.

The poverty of people and their degeneracy were not to be wondered at when young fools smoked cigarettes and tried to imitate older fools by smoking pipes. The doctor said that if he had the managing of only one case he would use a cure in the form of shoe leather.

PHYSICAL DEFECTS CAUSE OF CRIME

Weakness of Mind and Body Largely Account for Wrongdoing.

London, Jan. 9.—That crime proceeds more often than not from physical or mental causes over which the criminal has little control, was the conclusion arrived at by a leading criminologist, who spoke last week at a meeting of the Ethnological Society, in the Zoological Society's rooms in Hanover Square.

Some remarkable instances where crime was due to physical and mental disease were given by Mr. Thomas Holmes, the North London police court missionary, who maintained that epilepsy, mania, and weakness of intellect were directly responsible for the making of criminals.

The cleverest thief he had ever met, he said, was a 13-year-old girl—a nice looking, modest and intelligent girl, but the daughter of an epileptic. At the age of 16 she was comitted to a lunatic asylum, where she now is.

Mania was in many cases responsible for crime. A young fellow of excellent character, the son of a man of position, had appeared in the dock four times on charges of stealing false teeth.

Mr. Holmes mentioned the case of a woman who was charged no fewer than thirty times with stealing boots. Never by any chance did she take anything else.

"The silence of the night, the strain upon the nerves, the elements of danger, the chances of success, I tell you, it is a thousand times more fascinating than gambling," an old burglar told Mr. Holmes, who helped him to get a comfortable little home together when he came out of jail. One night the ex-convict succumbed again to the old fascination, with the result that he is now in Portland.

During Pastor Lohman's recent journey in North Syria a coin of pure silver, excellently preserved, was offered to him, which on examination, proved to bear a perfect Aramean inscription of Panammu Bar Berub, King of Schamol, who reigned 800 years before Christ. It is the oldest known coin in the world.

Most people think too lightly of a cough. It is a serious matter and needs prompt attention. Take

Shiloh's Consumption Cure The Lung Tonic

when the first sign of a cough or cold appears. It will cure you easily and quickly then—later it will be harder to cure.

Prices, 25c., 50c., and $1.00. 311

Standard Telephone Sets...

FOR SALE

$5.00 Per Set.

Slightly used but in good order.....

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Apple, Black Currant, Pumpkin and Mince Pies

Fresh for the noon day luncheon, at
FRIEND'S Confectionery

R. K. COWAN,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldgs., next Court House, London

Wall Paper, Painting, Picture-Framing.

H. & C. COLERICK,
212 Dundas Street.

600 Pupils

and over attended the Conservatory last year. Reports sent to parents if desired. You need not know a note of music to study with any teacher. Diplomas and Certificates granted.
W. C. BARRON, Principal.
zwt

JEWEL STOVES AND RANGES
Furnace Work a specialty. Agent for Pease furnace.
H. J. BOYD, 256 Dundas Street.

J. O. ELLIOTT,
Embalmer and Undertaker
284 DUNDAS STREET.
Day 'Phone 1775. Night 'Phone 1907.
Res., 368 King. Terms moderate.

Crystal Dining Hall.
Go to the Crystal, 434 Richmond street, a new and up-to-date dining-room. Three regular meals served daily at 25c each. Quick lunches at all hours. Special rates to regular boarders.
D. B. STEWART, Proprietor.

HIGHEST GRADES OF
BURNING OIL, LUBRICATING OIL
—AND ALL OTHER—
Petroleum Products.
THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO.
LIMITED.
London Branch — York Street East.
Head Office — Toronto.

Spring Housecleaning
Will soon begin. Arrange to have your house wired while your carpets are up. No more blackened ceilings if you use INCANDESCENT ELECTRIC LIGHTS in your house. We can convert your gas fixtures to electroliers very cheaply. No trouble to give estimates.
London Electric Co.
359 RICHMOND STREET.

YESTERDAY IN THE LONDON CHURCHES

Bishop of Ontario Preaches at St. James', South London —Notes.

Rev. William Lennox Mills, Lord Bishop of the Diocese of Ontario, preached to large congregations at both services at St. James' Church, South London, yesterday, having remained over Sunday as the guest of the Dean of Huron. In the morning his lordship spoke eloquently and impressively upon the problem of the divinity of Christ. He emphasized the fact that the view held by many, whether they realized it or not, that Christ was simply a great and perfect man, was totally inadequate. He dwelt upon the necessity and the value of the incarnation. Christ showed himself to be a perfect man, but he also showed that he was the eternal God, manifested in human form. Yesterday was set apart for special missionary collections at St. James' Church.

The pulpit in the Church of St. John the Evangelist was occupied yesterday morning by the Rev. Principal Waller, of Huron College.

Rev. Mr. Munro, pastor of the Ridgetown Presbyterian Church, will take the pulpit in the New St. James' Church, Next Sunday Rev. A. J. MacGillivray will conduct the anniversary services to be held in the Ridgetown church on the same occasion.

The First Presbyterian Church will hold its anniversary services next Sunday. The pulpit will be taken in the morning by Rev. W. J. Clark, the pastor, and in the evening by Rev. Dr. Ross. The occasion will be marked by a special effort to lessen the debt on the church.

On Next Wednesday evening the first of the annual meetings of all the organizations of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will be held. With the exception of the board of managers, all the organizations will make their reports for the past year.

Special union services will be held in the Maitland Street Baptist Church this week for all the churches of that denomination in the city.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets. ten cents per box. All druggists.

At present fully 90 per cent of the negroes live in the Southern States and 77 per cent of them reside upon farms.

The imperial canal in China is the longest in the world, and connects no fewer than 41 cities in the course of its 800 miles.

A BOTTLE of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, taken according to directions, will subdue a cough in a short time. This assertion can be verified by hundreds who have tried it and are pleased to bear testimony to its merits, so that all may know what a splendid medicine it is. It costs you only 25 cents to join the ranks of the many who have been benefited by its use.

You Need Not Worry
About the Disposition of Your Estate if You Appoint As Your Executor
The Canada Trust Co
London, Ont.

DR. R. JARVIS,
DENTIST, DUFFIELD BLOCK.

ROSS' 196 Dundas Street.

Furs.

You can place confidence in the Furs bought at this store, being of the best workmanship and latest style that can possibly be produced.
Alaska Sable, Mink and Fox, in all styles.
Persian Lamb Jackets at lowest prices.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR RAW FURS.

LIPTON'S
Assorted Jams and Marmalade

HARRY RANAHAN,
515 Richmond St. Phone 1024.

Diamond Rings
In all of the newest and daintiest styles — Solitaires, Clusters and Hoops, set with first-class stones—at prices that will suit you. See them and know what you are buying.
W. G. Young
DIAMOND HALL.
214 DUNDAS STREET.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Have you registered yet?

—Miss Maud Parkinson has been visiting at the Methodist parsonage in Seaforth.

—Mr. R. Evans, of Maple Creek, N. W. T., is visiting his mother at 860 Richmond street.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cody, Evergreen Lawn, are visiting friends and relatives in Michigan.

—Mrs. J. L. Hennessy spent several days last week with her mother, Mrs. P. McGuire, Cobourg.

—Dr. W. C. Fawcett, of North Dakota, has returned home after visiting with his parents, Elmwood avenue.

—Mr. Peter Elson, M. P., left today for Ottawa, to be present at the opening of Parliament on Wednesday next.

—Miss Lizzie Blair, of Detroit, has returned home after visiting her sister, Mrs. J. F. Cody, Evergreen Lawn.

—Rev. Principal Waller will resume his usual weekly Bible class on Tuesday afternoon in the Y. W. C. A. rooms at 3 o'clock.

—Electors who registered for the Dominion election in November, must do so again in order to vote in the provincial contest on Jan. 25. Those who were entitled to be on the lists used in the municipal elections should also satisfy themselves that they will be able to vote on the 25th. 'Phone 781 —the Liberal Club—and satisfy yourself that you are on the list.

—Mr. Charles G. Williams has returned to the School of Science, Toronto, after spending the Christmas vacation at his home in this city.

—Mr. A. J. Elson, B. A., who has been the guest of his father, Mr. Peter Elson, M. P., for a few days, has returned to his pastorate in Otterville.

—Mr. William Graham, of concession 4, London Township, who has been seriously ill, is now much improved in health, and it is thought he is on the way to recovery.

—Mrs. Sarah Bradley, of 415 Dundas street, entertained the officers and members of Victoria Lodge, No. 1, Daughters of Rebekah, the other evening. A very pleasant time was spent.

Take Care of "Eyesight."
The one "sense" that we all most desire to carry to the end of life is "Eyesight."
Be wise, therefore—HUSBAND IT NOW for "the evening of life."
A splendid stock of Eyeglasses and Spectacles. Eyes tested free.
SUMNER, THE JEWELER, 380 Richmond St.

Our aim has been to give our customers value, and we are certainly doing so when we offer
French Peas
Put up by Teyssanneau, for 12½c per tin.
JOHN LAWSON,
GROCER, ETC.,
Phone 565. 261 Dundas St.

Furs Reduced
FURS OF QUALITY What we have now made up we will sell at a reduction.
BELTZ'S

SPOKE AT BANQUET.

Mr. George Campbell, the well-known representative of T. E. Esterbrooke, of "Red Rose Tea fame" in this city, was present at a banquet given the employes of the company at St. John, N. B. He replied to the toast of "Western Ontario," and his remarks elicited a hearty round of applause. Mr. Campbell is one of the most energetic of the firm's representatives.

DEATH IN LONDON TOWNSHIP.

The death occurred yesterday at the family residence, in London Township, of Anna Eliza Powell, a much-esteemed young lady. She had been ill for two years, and death was not unexpected. Deceased is survived by her parents and two brothers. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning from the family residence to St. John's Episcopal Church, where services will be conducted.

FIRE BRIGADE STATISTICS.

During 1904 the local fire brigade answered 187 alarms. Of these 120 were for fires, 40 chimney blazes, 20 were false alarms and 6 were test runs. The loss sustained on buildings totaled $28,274, and on contents $93,769. The insurance on contents amounted to $212,597, and on buildings $192,353. The serious fires of the year were those of Jan. 6, at Sterling Bros., Jan. 21 at Graham Bros., April 4 at F. E. Leonard's residence, July 1 at Greene, Swift & Co.'s, July 21 at Free Press building, Aug. 9 at street car barns, Oct. 3 at Barkwell & Co.'s, Oct. 14 at Somerville & Co.'s, Oct. 18 at Battle Creek Food Company's, Dec. 3 at Darch & Hunter's, and Dec. 21 at McCormick's factory.

REUNION RALLY OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Congregationalists Hold Pleasant Meeting in Southern Church on Sunday.

A very successful reunion of the Congregational Sabbath schools of the city was held in the Southern Church yesterday afternoon. It was the regular New Year's reunion rally—an event which each year is looked forward to with the greatest pleasure by scholars and teachers. Mr. Cannom, superintendent of the Southern Congregational Sunday school, presided, and he extended a hearty welcome to all, at the same time expressing regret that Mr. Alfred Anundson, the superintendent of the First school, could not be present, owing to the death of his mother.

The programme was an especially worthy one, the music for the occasion being supplied in an artistic manner by the First school orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. Chadwick.

Dr. McDonald, president of St. Andrew's Church Guild, gave a very interesting address, and he was followed by Revs. W. H. Claris and D. S. Hamilton, who also spoke on interesting subjects. Many beautiful solos were rendered, and there were also a chorus by Miss H. Moule's class, of the First school, a quartet by Messrs. Cannom and B. Imrie and Misses Claris and Cannom, and a solo by Master Gordon Imrie, of the Southern school.

Revs. W. H. Claris and D. S. Hamilton exchanged pulpits in the morning.

FOURTH "POP" AT THE AUDITORIUM

Miss Lillian G. Wilson, the New Soloist in Dundas Street Church, Assists.

The attendance at the fourth weekly "pop" in the Auditorium on Saturday night, was the largest since the series commenced, every seat being occupied. This looks as if the "pops" are growing more and more popular. The fine programme was heartily enjoyed. One of the features of the evening was the appearance of Miss Lillian G. Wilson, the new soloist of the Dundas Center Methodist Church. She was given a good reception which was well deserved Her voice is a light, but true and sweet, soprano, and she will prove a great addition to London musical circles. A little about the new-comer's past history will be interesting. Miss Wilson has been a resident teacher in the Ontario Ladies' College at Whitby, and holds two gold medals from that institution, for highest proficiency in vocal and piano music. Miss Wilson is an honor graduate of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, having taken a scholarship in singing. London music lovers will be glad that Miss Wilson has resigned her position in Whitby, to accept one in this city, where she will pursue her vocation as a teacher of piano and vocal music.

Master Frank Clegg was also well received on Saturday night, as were, indeed, all the well-known artists. The programme was as follows: "Song of Thanksgiving" (Allitsen), Miss Wilson; recitation, "The Innocent Drummer," Miss Lent, piano solo, "Dance of Gnomes" (Liszt), Mr. Charles Percy; solo, "When the Sunset Turns the Ocean's Blue to Gold" (Stern), Master Frank Clegg; illustrated songs, Mr. W. Spence; xylophone solo, overture, "William Tell," Master Frank Clegg; solo, "I Love You, Dear, and Only You" (Luders), Mr. M. Francis; reading, Miss Lent; solo, "I Wait for Thee" (Hawley), Miss Wilson; solo, 'In the 'Pale Moonlight" (Ludwig), Master Frank Clegg.

BRAIN POLISHER
Grape-Nuts and Cream
"THERE'S A REASON"

Drop in Whisky.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 9.—Following a general order which was issued from the headquarters in New York City last night, all the distilleries under the management of the so-called whisky trust will quote goods today at $1 22 as a basis price for the finished product. This is the lowest price in many years, and is a drop of 1 cent from the quotations which have been given out during the past few weeks.

The final census bulletin on the negro population shows that there are 9,204,531 negroes in the United States, including Alaska, Hawaii and Puerto Rico. Half of this number are under 19 years of age and from 11 to 16 per cent of them have white blood in their veins.

Good Olives.
We sell the finest Olives, in bottles and bulk, and have the largest assortment to choose from.

QUEENS, bottle	25c to 50c
STUFFED, bottle	15c to 25c
PITTED, bottle	40c
MANZANILLA, bottle	15c
QUEENS, quart	50c

T. A. Rowat & Co
234 DUNDAS STREET.
'PHONE 317.

Greater Interest Taken In Present Registration

Number of Voters Added Exceed Those of the First Two Days Last Fall.

Saturday was the second day of the registration of voters for the election to be held on Jan. 25, and 749 names were added to the list, making a total of 1,315 names for the two days.

Saturday the registrations were as follows:

Subdivision 1	168
Subdivision 2	178
Subdivision 3	121
Subdivision 4	106
Subdivision 5	120
Subdivision 6	56
Total for the day	749

On the second day of the registrations for the Dominion election, held on the 3rd of November last, only 583 voters registered, as against 749 on Saturday. On the first two days of the registration last fall, but 1,146 votes were registered, whereas on the two days of the present registration, 1,315 names were added to the voters' list, an increase of 169.

On the second day of the registration last fall the voters registered in each subdivision were as follows:

Subdivision 1	100
Subdivision 2	110
Subdivision 3	87
Subdivision 4	98
Subdivision 5	111
Subdivision 6	52
Subdivision 7	25
Total registered	583

Today and tomorrow the registration continues, and all who desire to vote on Jan. 25 must register unless their names appear on the voters' list used in the recent municipal election. If your name does not appear on the municipal list, you must register by Tuesday night or you will have no vote.

Take No Risk.

The impression prevails in some quarters that persons who registered in October last for the Dominion election will not have to do so again to enable them to vote in the Provincial contest on Jan. 25.

Such, however, is not the case, as their names do not appear on the lists to be used this month, and in order to exercise their franchise they will have to register.

Those who are entitled to vote in the municipal election would do well to examine the list and satisfy themselves that their names are on. If they do not appear on the list they will have to register before they can vote.

ELECTORS SHOULD TAKE NO RISK IN THE MATTER.

If you had to register in October last, it will be necessary for you to do so again. If you are entitled to vote at the municipal election, examine the lists. If you do not, you may go to the polls, only to find that your name has been omitted.

Do not take any chances.

REGISTER! REGISTER! REGISTER!

EVERY BRITISH SUBJECT, WHO IS 21 YEARS OF AGE, AND WHO HAS RESIDED IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ONE YEAR, AND IN THE CITY OF LONDON THREE MONTHS, IS ENTITLED TO A VOTE.

Call at the Liberal Club rooms, or telephone 781, and ascertain if you are on the list.

Where to Register.

The city is divided into six districts for the purposes of registration, as follows:

1. All that part of Ward 1, lying north and east of the River Thames, at the City Hall.

2. Ward No. 2, at Smith's carriage shop, corner of Richmond and Maple streets.

3. All that part of Ward No. 3 lying west of Adelaide street, at 241 Colborne street.

4. All that part of Ward No. 4, lying west of William street to Central avenue, and north of Central avenue, to the city limits, at Harding's hall, corner of Piccadilly and Colborne streets.

5. All that part of Ward No. 3 lying east of Adelaide street, and that part of Ward No. 4, lying east of William street and south of Central avenue, at the East End Hall.

6. All that part of Ward No. 1 lying south of the River Thames, over Shaw's grocery, corner Wortley road and Craig streets.

The hours for registration are from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., from 2 to 6 p.m., and from 7:30 to 9 p.m.

NEW BISHOP OF HURON CONDUCTS FIRST CONFIRMATION

Class of Thirty Presented at the Memorial Church—His Lordship's Address.

The Bishop Cronyn Memorial Church was, from its very name and associations, perhaps the most suitable to be honored by being the scene of the first official act of Right Rev. David Williams, fourth bishop of Huron. The occasion was the confirmation last evening of a class of 17 boys and 12 girls, and the sacred edifice was crowded to its doors long before the hour of opening. Numbers of people were turned away and many stood at the rear throughout the evening. Naturally, his lordship's every word and movement were followed with the most eager attention by the congregation, especially when it came to the sermon. This was delivered with the same strong, but simple eloquence, and the same deep evangelical feeling, that characterized his lordship's predecessor, and those that heard these first official words of the new bishop could not but be convinced that it would not have been possible to have chosen a more worthy successor to the late Rev. Maurice S. Baldwin.

The regular order of evening prayer was first conducted by the rector, Rev. Dyson Hague, assisted by Rev. Arthur Carlisle. The lessons were read by the bishop. The candidates for confirmation were seated at the front of the church, the boys on the left side of the center aisle and the girls at the other, the latter being dressed in the white attire which is usually worn on the occasion. After the service his lordship advanced to the front of the chancel, and, facing the candidates, said, in part, as follows:

"You have come tonight to the dividing point in your lives. Formerly others answered for you—your godfathers and your parents. Now you claim the right to come forth and assume all responsibility yourselves. Of whatsoever faults you may be guilty, you yourselves will now be the judges. You are tonight claiming your heritage in the kingdom of God.

"There are two aspects to this — the moral and the formal. The first, of course, is the more serious. God has two kingdoms — two to us, but one in his sight — the natural and the spiritual. They penetrate and inter-penetrate each other. At birth you enter the natural kingdom. The spiritual kingdom is our heritage through Jesus Christ, but a certain moral qualification is necessary in order to take possession of it. This is 'faith.' This word, like many in the New Testament, has lost much of its significance through use, so I will use other words with which to describe faith. I will describe it as an energetic sympathy with God, with Christ. The laying on of hands, the ceremony of this evening, is the formal part of your claim, but it means nothing if the moral qualifications to which I have referred is lacking."

The bishop then went on to describe those qualities which he said should mark the life of the faithful member of the church. The first thing was to be true—true as opposed to artificial, insincere; true in the sense of never being satisfied with public opinion, or one's family opinion of religious things, but being filled with the desire to get down to the fundamental principles and facts. How was this quality to be possessed? By knowing the One that was the perfect ideal of truth, namely, Christ. From no man, even from the lives of the saints, could we get even a tolerable idea of what truth was. Secondly, his lordship wished to impress upon the minds of his hearers that "whatsoever you sow, that shall you reap." This, he said, was a common maxim, but the principle it contained, the fact that there is an indissoluble connection between cause and effect, was sadly misunderstood by men. A man could not be a careless, idle, spendthrift, dissolute youth, and have a quiet, godly or happy old age. Thirdly, the bishop wanted his young hearers to comprehend fully that there were two parts to salvation, the first performed by God and the second by man. There was a great and glorious distinction between the two. The grand truth about salvation was that it was not dependant upon ourselves. We had been redeemed by the work of Christ. It was a transaction between God and Christ. All who were in sympathy with Christ, in the way treated of at the first, were partakers of this salvation. The other part of God's work was to give freely of the "enabling spirit," the power to partake of salvation. Man's part was to submit himself to the guidance of the Holy Spirit. Everyone felt the promptings of the Spirit in some degree. When a man had any desire to do better, or experienced any indignation at a wrong, or was moved to an act of kindness, it was the working of the Holy Spirit. "Do not let us call it by a natural name. Let us give it its true name," said the bishop. "It is the Holy Spirit." To submit ourselves to the natural forces of God was the way to get along best in our physical life. For instance, man did not create food and water, but it was by eating, drinking and exercising judicially that he became strong. So in the spiritual life, we did not create our own salvation; but the way to gain the fullest spiritual development was simply by submitting to the workings of the Holy Spirit.

And God had left us, said the bishop, certain means of strengthening ourselves. First was the Bible. "There is a lamentable lack of knowledge in this country with regard to the Bible," said his lordship. "Many knew who Adam, Samuel and others were, but they have failed to get any grasp of the spiritual wealth which is contained within the book's pages." He advised his young hearers never to let a day go past without reading at least a few verses of Scripture. Secondly, they should be regular attendants at public worship, as well as being constant in private prayer. The third and last was the Lord's Supper. His lordship closed his sermon with a strong appeal for a larger attendance at the communion table. The sacrament was the only rite which the church of today celebrated which was explicitly ordained by Christ himself. Then why was that communion so greatly neglected for other things not enjoined by Christ?

CONTINUATION of
SCREATON'S Pre-Inventory Sale
Second Week of Genuine Price-Cutting and Bargain Offerings.
FOR TODAY AND WHILE THEY LAST:

1 ONLY	Antwerp Oak Rocker, high back and arms slight defect in back, regular value $9 00. Sale price	$6 75
7 ONLY	Eiderdown Comfortables, real down filling, covering of French sateen, eyeleted, top framed, back plain, size 60x72 inches. Regular price $4 50. Sale price	$3 75
1 ONLY	Bedroom Box, double head, hinged top, covering of serviceable denim, in colors of green and gold. Regular $8 00, for	$6 75
1 ONLY	Bamboo Corner Bracket, 54 inches high, 4 shelves, and small cabinet. Regular $3 50. Sale price	$2 50
1 ONLY	Japanese Bamboo Table, 30 inches high, 21x21 inch top, 2 shelves at side. Regular $5 00, for	$3 75
1 ONLY	Veranda Chair, made from selected bamboo, high back and arms, cushion seat, a summer chair at a winter price, $6 00, for	$4 75
7 ONLY	Satin Damask Lunch Cloths, 36x36 inches, hemstitched hem and drawn border, fruit pattern. Regular $1 35. Sale price, each	90c
2 ONLY	Pure Linen Lunch Cloth, half bleached, 36x36 inches, hemstitched hem; nothing better for wear. Regular $1 65. Special at, each	$1 05
5 ONLY	Ends best Damask Table Linen, at Remnant Prices.	

Early Closing Notice — We have decided to close our store every evening — including Saturdays —at 6 o'clock sharp.

A. Screaton & Co.

Watch for Immense Lace Sale Coming Soon. WOODS' FAIR Watch for Immense Lace Sale Coming Soon.

SPECIAL PRICES IN PLAYING CARDS.
Playing Cards, smooth polished celluloid finish, with gilt back, also the Bicycle Playing Cards. These cards have been regularly sold at 25c, sale price now 15c
40c CARDS, SALE PRICE 25c.
Celluloid Finished Playing Cards, with gilt back and gilt edges, in six different designs, most wonderful value ever shown in playing cards, regular 40c, sale price 25c
We also keep a full line of higher-grade Cards, all the newest designs in Tally Cards, from, per dozen, 15c to 40c
"TARGET," SALE PRICE 15c.
The harmless game of Target, attractive and safe, gives great amusement for home parties, etc., sale price 15c
A complete set of Ping Pong, our regular 50c line, sale price 15c
GREAT CLEARING OF SLEIGHS, ETC.
We are clearing out our entire line of Babies' Cutters, Sleighs, Canadian Bobs, etc., all to be sold at half-price.

Watch for Immense Lace Sale Coming Soon. WOODS' FAIR Watch for Immense Lace Sale Coming Soon.

DEATH OF MRS. CLAMPITT

Highly-Respected Lady Passes Away After Lingering Illness.

After a lingering illness, the death took place on Saturday afternoon of Mrs. Clampitt, relict of the late B. G. Clampitt, who was killed in an accident in the city a little over a year ago. Mrs. Clampitt, who was in her 72nd year, and was born in Dundas, Ont., had been confined to the house for some years with a chronic ailment, and her death was not altogether unexpected. She was a lady of excellent qualities and was highly respected by all her acquaintances. She leaves a stepson, Frank Clampitt, of this city, and two sons and one daughter—Geo. Clampitt, of this city, William Effingham, of Strathroy, a son by a former marriage, and Miss Elizabeth Clampitt, of this city. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon to Mount Pleasant Cemetery from the family residence, 413 Bathurst street.

"WHY GIRLS LEAVE HOME."

The story of "Why Girls Leave Home," which will be the attraction at the Grand tonight, is said to be one of the unusual dramatic plays of great intensity. The story is that of a young and beautiful girl, whose character is misunderstood by her older brother. She is saved from the evils of that kind of a life by good friends and a constant lover, and all ends happily, with virtue triumphant and villany exposed and punished.

"THE MISSOURIANS."

Those who are interested in racing and the racing drama will find something to amuse them in "The Missourians." It is a drama of life in Missouri, and one of the most thrilling racing acts. A feature of this race is its historical interest, and the fact that the audience is able to see the movement of the horses throughout the contest. "The Missourians" will be at the Grand on Thursday night. Seats on sale tomorrow.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects. 38

The table on which the Declaration of Independence was drafted was exhibited in the Virginia building at the World's Fair. The chair in which Jefferson sat when vice-president was also exhibited in this building, which was a reproduction of Jefferson's home.

We have the best assortment of
HOCKEY SKATES
IN LONDON.
Hockey Sticks and Pucks
You can also obtain at Lowest Prices.
Wishing you all a Happy New Year.
The Purdom Gillespie Hardware Company,
118 Dundas Street. Phone 461.

ELECTS WARDEN ON 24TH

First Meeting of the County Council Set for That Date.

The January session of the Middlesex County Council opens on the 24th at 2 o'clock. Being the first meeting of the year, the election of a warden will take place on the opening day, and an interesting fight is anticipated.

The choice of a presiding officer for the council is always conducted on political lines, but after it is disposed of politics are banished for the remainder of the year. The standing of the parties in the present council is Conservatives 7, Liberals 5, but it is said that one of the former will support the Liberal candidate, who, it is believed, will be Mr. R. W. Jackson, of London Township, in preference to the choice of the Conservatives, Mr. R. M. Piper, of Westminster. In this event, a tie will result, and this can only be broken by the casting vote of Mr. Jackson or Mr. Clark, the representatives of London Township, the municipality which has the largest assessment in the county. As London Township's representatives were elected by acclamation, they would have to draw lots to decide who could give the final vote for warden.

IT HAS MANY OFFICES.—Before the German soldier starts on a long march he rubs his feet with tallow, for his first care is to keep his feet in good condition. If he knew that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil would be of much better service he would throw away his tallow and pack a few bottles of the Oil in his knapsack. There is nothing like it.

A New York physician says: "The greater part of the whisky, brandy and beer sold in New York today is chemically prepared and is absolutely unfit for the human stomach."

Why not stop having so many birthdays?
You must have had sixty at least! What? Only forty? Then it must be your gray hair. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops these frequent birthdays, and gives all the early, deep, rich color to your gray hair. Sold for over sixty years.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.