

Carleton Place Herald.

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VOL. XV.

Friendship and Love.

Two exquisite jewels of feeling
Are set in the circle of love,
Bright glimpses of Heaven revealing,
The joys of spirits above.
Through friendship shines first in the ring,
A smile is the emblem of this,
My heart owns the holier thing,
Which ever lies hid in a kiss.
Wherever my spirit is weary,
And longing for rest from its strife,
And all the future is dreary,
And dark is the pathway of life;
If friendship will smile it will cheer,
As feebly I struggle along,
But a kiss from the lips that are dear
Will render me twice as strong.
Life's duties it changes to pleasure,
Its trials can bravely be met,
For my heart in itself was a treasure,
Since love mid its jewels was set.
My pathway is dotted with flowers,
Which seem at each step to unfold,
For love leads its wings to the hours,
And tints them with *coteur de rose*.
Though friendship an exquisite feeling,
A breath from an angel above,
Which over the spirit comes stealing,
And wakens the first notes of its love;
That stirs all the depths of the soul,
As the waters of mighty old ocean
Are moved by the moonlight's control.
And if ever to mortals are given
A feeling approaching to bliss,
Which spirits experience in heaven,
'Tis felt in the thrill of a kiss.
A smile may be given to many,
'Tis only of friendship a part,
But give not a kiss unto any
Who has not the love of your heart.

Snipe and duck shooting are getting worse
and worse every year in England.
The Prince of Wales has given 100 guineas
in aid of the Licensed Victuallers
Building Fund.
The Surrey Theatre in London was
burnt during a performance. The audience
escaped without loss of life.
The Duke of Cambridge has issued an
order that all those in Her Majesty's service
who were in front of Lucknow in 1857 are
to be granted one year's service and pay.
The consent of a noble and wealthy Earl
to his niece's marriage with an officer in the
Life Guards, was sent by telegraph last month.
For some years about 1,000 houses have
been built annually in Hull, and the inhabitants
are estimated to increase at the rate
of 2,000 per annum.
With this year the British Parliament has
been in existence 600 years, out of which
Lord Palmerston has had a tenth as his share.
It is said that the weight of paper written
upon at the mathematical riddle examination
at Cambridge in the eight days is about
eight stone.

By a recent death in high life, a young
lord, son of the Earl of B., who is on
the verge of his majority, will, upon attain-
ing it, become possessed of £20,000 a
year.
A young Hibernian friend of ours,
who is desperately in love, says that he
has been electrified with a gal-vanic battery.
A soldier who was wounded in battle,
set up a terrible howling. An Irishman
who lay near with both legs shot off, im-
mediately sung out, "What luck to the likes
of ye do ye think that nobody is kilt but
yerself!"
A footman who got a situation at the
west end of London, on entering a room
where there was a vase of gold fish, exclaim-
ed, "Well, this is the first time I ever saw
a red herring alive."

Little three-year-old Mary was playing
very roughly with the kitten carrying it by
the tail. Her mother told her that she
mustn't hurt the kitten. "Why, I won't,"
she said, "I'll carry it by the handle."
In the streets of Leicester, one day,
Dean Swift was accosted by a drunken
weaver, who, staggering against his rever-
end once, said, "I have been spinning it out."
"Yes," said the Dean, "I see you have, and
you are reeling it home."

A descendant of Nabel having put a
crown piece into "the plate" in an Edin-
burgh church on Sunday morning, by mis-
take, instead of a penny, and when he
went back, he was refused. In ones for ever.
"Well, well," grunted he, "I'll get
credit for it in heaven."
"No, no," said James, the door keeper,
"ye'll get credit only for the penny, ye
meant to give."

A pleasant story is told of a rather aged
lady who has recently married a young and
fast man, quitting him at the station where
he was going on a journey for some important
private affairs. After an embrace of the
most loving character, she put her head
into the carriage and said, "Dear Charles,
remember that you are married!" To
which he replied, "Dear Caroline, I will
make a memorandum of it," and at once
tied a knot in his handkerchief.

"STUCK COAL" IN STILLWATER, N.Y.
—Some of the labourers engaged in blasting
rock a few days ago, for the purpose of
widening the Champlain canal at a certain
point in Stillwater, struck coal at a distance
of three or four feet from the surface.
The excitement is said to be great. Several
persons have tested its burning qualities
and pronounced it equal to Lakawanna.
Forming companies is the order of the day.
Stillwater is in Saratoga County, ten or
twelve miles north of Troy, and on the line
of the Champlain canal between Whitehall
and the Hudson river.—*Albany Atlas*.

A barrister had been puzzling and per-
plexing a lady some time with questions,
when in one of her replies she happened to
use the word *knave*. "Madam," says he,
"you must not talk unintelligibly; what is
the jury or the court to understand by the
word *knave*?" The lady hesitated. "I
must insist," said the barrister, "before
you proceed further with your evi-
dence, that you state plainly and openly
what you understand by *knave*."
"Why, then, sir," said the lady, "I know
not how to exemplify my meaning better,
than by saying, that if I were to meet any
persons, who, being at present strangers to
you, should say that they expected soon to
meet you in some particular company, and
I were to tell them to be prepared to see a
remarkably *knave*-looking man; that
would be a *knave*."

Crime in New York.

During the past year the police of New
York made 54,761 arrests, 18,478 of which
were females—nearly fifty-five thousand
people, enough to form a great city of them-
selves. More than fifty per cent of the
number arrested were Irish, twenty nine
Americans, and the rest various nationalities,
the Germans coming next in order.
Eight thousand eight hundred and sixty
were boys and girls between the ages of 10
and 30 years. Among the occupations of the
prisoners, literary and professional men
were largely represented: Lawyers, 67;
authors, 2; artists, 33; actors, 17; actresses,
23; clerks, 1336; copyists, 5 editors, 5;
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23; clerks, 1336; copyists, 5 editors, 5;
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and also a sufficient quantity of matting to cover the passage and stairway in the Court House.

All of which is respectfully submitted:
S. LYNN, Chairman.
JOHN A. McLAUREN,
A. CODE,
WM. BURTON.

Mr. W. Doran submitted the Report of the committee on Roads and Bridges, which was read and adopted as follows:
To the Warden and Council of the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew in Council assembled.
Your committee on Roads and Bridges have leave to submit their Report.

Your committee having had before them two By-laws of the Township Council of Lanark, for the stopping and sale of a portion of the Third concession line in said Township, and your committee having been satisfied that the requirements of the law have been complied with, recommended the passing of a By-law by the Council, confirming said By-law of the Township of Lanark.

Your committee have also had before them the petition of the Reeve, and Deputy Reeve of the Township of Montague, praying for the sum of \$100, to repair the Killarney Bridge.

Your committee cannot recommend the prayer of the petition.

WM. DORAN, Chairman.
WM. HARRIS,
PETER GUTHRIE,
PETER CLARK.

Committee Room Jan. 27th, 1865.
(Concluded next week.)

Minutes of Horton Council.

Minutes of the second meeting of the municipality of the township of Horton, held in the Town Hall, according to adjournment, on Monday the 6th day of March, 1865.

Present: the Reeve, Eady, McNab, Airth and Farrall.

The former minutes were read and approved of.

A letter from School Section No. 4, read. A letter from county treasurer on lands liable to be sold for arrears of taxes, read.

A letter from James Poole, Esq., read. A policy from Beaver Mutual Insurance office, read.

Mr. William Childhouse's petition, read. Mr. Wm. Payne's petition, read.

Moved by Mr. Farrall, seconded by Mr. Airth, Resolved, That Mr. Childhouse be heard at the bar of this Council.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. Airth, Resolved, That the Auditor's Report now read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. Farrall, Resolved, That there be an order drawn on the Treasurer in favour of the Auditor for the sum of four dollars each.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Farrall, seconded by Mr. Airth, Resolved, That this Council do now adjourn (to meet) on Monday.

In accordance with the adjournment, the Council do now meet again.

Present: the Reeve, Eady, Airth, Farrall and McNab.

Moved by Mr. Eady, seconded by Mr. Farrall, Resolved, That the Council do here appoint Messrs. Henry Airth, and Allan McNab, commissioners to go and view cedar timber, drawn out for a bridge on the 5th concession line, and arrange with Mr. Childhouse for delivering a sufficient quantity on the ground to erect said bridge.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. McNab, seconded by Mr. Airth, Resolved, That the following gentlemen be, and they are hereby appointed Pathmasters, Poundkeepers and Fenceviewers for the Township of Horton for the current year:—

PATHMASTERS.
First line, first beat, James Stewart; 2nd beat, David Barr; Fourth line, first beat, John McNab, second beat, Gregor McIntyre; Town line, first beat, David Carwell, 2nd beat, Thomas Lindsay; Government line, first beat, William Blackburn, and William Childhouse for the 5th line; North side of the Bonaventure, first beat, Robert Ferguson, second beat, John Payne, third beat, David Price; first line, first beat, Andrew Crozier; second line, first beat, Francis French, third line, first beat, William Montgomery; side road, Henry Williams; Garden of Eden, James Smith; Town line, Philander Smith; fourth line, first beat, Jas. Halliday, second beat, James Humphries; side road, Andrew Palmer; fifth line, first beat, Joseph New, second beat, William Cook; third beat, Edmund Bell; side road, first beat, John McCallum, second beat, Young New; side road, Alexander McFavish.

POUNDKEEPERS.
Lake Shore, John Warnock, Henry Shields, Thomas Edwards, James New, Jas. Smith, William Costello, John Stewart and John Miller.

FENCEVIEWERS.
William Eady, Thomas Clark, James McArthur, Robert McLaren and William Hickey.—Carried.

The Council stands adjourned until further notice.

JAMES JOHNSON,
Clerk.

Dated, March 6th, 1865.

The following additional insolvents appear in the Gazette:—J. Craigie, Queenston; J. A. Clarke, Toronto; Alexander Thompson, Scarborough; John Orine, Geis; James Mills, of Fitzroy; Charles Boyd Taylor, Stratford; Charles Elliott, Cobourg; Philip Clapp, Canfield; Geo. Hawkins, township of Halimand; Joel Merriman Webster, Brighton; Andrew Starrat, Chinguaous; W. H. Perrin, Clinton; G. G. German, Belleville; Robert Crann, Augusta; Robt. Richardson, Quebec; Joseph Boudet, Gendry; Edw. Hough, Ottawa; J. B. Vesina, Quebec; Orville A. Spoor, Harrisburg; William Roberts, Southampton; John Patterson, Rogersville; Abraham W. Taylor, Hamilton; Colin Sinclair, Goderich; Wm. Maume, Montreal; G. W. Macfarlane, Cobourg; Ed. L. Perkins, Ottawa; Noah J. Adams, Moffat.

Dundas, March 7.
At the close of the poll here to-night, Dunkin's Temperance Bill was defeated by a majority of 65.

Whitby, March 7.
Township of Whitby—close of poll second day—Dunkin's Bill lost by ten majority for whiskey.

PARDONED.—In consequence of the delicate health and shattered frame of William Fox, a prisoner in the county goal, who was undergoing sentence for attempted arson, His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased, on representations being made to him, duly authenticated by medical and other testimony, to remit the sentence and order the discharge of the prisoner.—Owen Sound Advertiser.

NO GOOD FROM PASSION.

"Will putting one's self in a passion mend the matter?" said an old man to a boy who had picked up a stone to throw at a dog. The dog only barked at him in reply.

"Yes, it will mend the matter," said the passionate boy, and quickly dashed the stone at the dog.

"The animal, thus enraged, sprang at the boy and bit his leg, while the stone bounded against a shop window, and broke a pane of glass.

Out ran the shop keeper, and seized the boy, and made him pay for the broken pane.

He had mended the matter finely indeed. Take my word for it, it never did, and it never will, mend the matter to get into a passion about it. If the thing be hard to bear when you are calm, it will be harder to bear when you are in anger.

If you have met with a loss, you will only increase it by losing your temper. There is something which is very little minded and silly in giving way to sudden passion. Do set yourself against it with all your heart.

Try, then to be calm, especially in trifling troubles; and, when greater ones come, try to bear them bravely.—Ex. paper.

THE ST. MARY'S SUICIDE.—The excitement which has been reigning at St. Mary's about the desecration of the grave, and the removal therefrom of the body of the girl Eliza Rollison, is still lively. A scene inquest has been held, but nothing of importance has been elicited. Several witnesses were examined, but little except hearsay evidence was adduced. After sitting two days, the jurors brought in the following verdict:—"We, the jurors who have been empanelled, and sworn to inquire as to the identification of a body found on the common, in the town of St. Mary's, on the 1st day of March, 1865, do say that the said body was that of the late Eliza Rollison, and that a former investigation has been taken place on the said body had been most wantonly exhumed, by some person or persons to the jury unknown. The jury recommend immediate steps to be taken by the magisterial bench to ascertain who the parties are who were engaged in this diabolical outrage." The case took a new phase on Tuesday last, and Dr. Stephen P. Smith, of St. Mary's, was arrested, charged by a woman named Catherine Esery with having assisted in the removal of the body. The case was heard before the Mayor and the two justices of the peace, but they are of opinion that the evidence in the said case was not sufficient to support the information against Dr. Smith. A reward of \$425 is now offered for the conviction of the parties who removed the body from the grave.

Rebel officers say, so great is the devastation caused by St. Stephen's march through South Carolina, that not a house is left standing in his track.

The Herald.

CARLETON PLACE.

Wednesday, March 15th, 1865.

The circulation of the C. P. Herald is now very large and constantly increasing. Merchants, business men and all who desire to communicate with the public will secure a wide publication for their notices, by advertising in its columns. Charges as low as those of other papers of like class, and half the circulation. No charge for publishing birth marriages and deaths.

The question of defence is, at present, occupying the best attention of statesmen and politicians, both here and in England. Whether well founded or not, the idea has got abroad, and obtained credence, that there is a bad feeling in the United States, towards England and that hostilities, open or covert, may be expected.

Canadians very naturally feel surprise and uneasiness, on learning from the debates in the House of Lords, that it is not the intention of the Imperial government, to appropriate more than £50,000 for the defence of Canada,—this sum to be spent on the fortifications of Quebec, while the strengthening of Montreal and the rest of the country is to be left to the charge of the Canadian exchequer.

The mother country, apparently, seems determined that we shall learn to trust on our own resources and work for ourselves. The appropriation of £50,000 is only one-fourth of what Colonel Jervis estimated as necessary to fortify Quebec alone. Lord Derby and others spoke strongly in favor of a larger sum, but their ideas did not seem to meet with favor and will probably not carry in the Commons.

In the meantime our securities are depressed and the holders of bank and other stocks in this country, are showing an uneasiness to get rid of them. It is very unfortunate for us that we are threatened with war, or that the idea should be entertained that the great American Eagle has any notion of gobbling us up.

We learn from the speech of the Hon. John A. Macdonald, that Parliament may be prorogued the moment the Confederation resolutions are passed. He intimates that certain members of the government will proceed to England with the resolutions, and will consult with the Imperial government on the course to be adopted as to Confederation, the Defence question, and with respect to commercial relations with the United States. The Ministry will again meet Parliament in June. This announcement indicates the paramount importance which the Defence question has assumed. It has already been intimated that the administration looked upon the matter of the defence of the deepest moment; and now in view of complications and possibilities, in view of the obstructions which the plan of unification is meeting, to the detriment of our defensive strength, the magnitude of the issues to be met are surely increased.

The responsibilities of the government are, plainly, very heavy, and it is natural and wise that in this critical juncture our Ministers should seek counsel of the Imperial authorities, who, like ourselves, are concerned with the maintenance of British connection and the upholding of the inviolability of our territory. At this conference of Ministers we may look forward to the achievement of what one of our public men,

who has devoted much attention to the matter of defence, has declared to be an indispensable preliminary to undertaking any scheme of military organization, namely "that it is indispensable to have a distinct understanding—most probably a formal convention, treaty if any like to call it so—with the Imperial government, in which the contribution which Canada, as a Province of the Empire, ought to make towards her own defence, should be precisely defined." Supplementary with this, it is also right that the Imperial authorities should declare the extent, if they are disposed to limit it, to which they are prepared to contribute money for the construction of defensive works and for the maintenance of regular troops in this colony. A distinct understanding on these heads will be of the greatest service on a starting point from which to measure our own duty and to know what is expected of us in the exigency.

It is now quite evident that parliament is about to adjourn until summer, and it is equally evident that the Federation of the British North American Provinces will have to be postponed for a much longer period.

The defeat of the Administration in New Brunswick, and the condemnation of the Federal policy, by the rejection of its leading advocates at a general election, render it impossible to perfect the scheme on its original basis, at least for the present. The House, as it stood before the election, was divided by twenty-six in favor, against sixteen opposed to the question. Already the minority have lost five, and these the leading advocates of the measure, which is equivalent to a gain of ten to the opposition, and renders the passage of the necessary resolutions an impossibility. It is not improbable that the success of the Opposition in New Brunswick will so much strengthen the same party in Nova Scotia, and that if Federation is approved, it will be a majority so small as to render its success doubtful. Under these circumstances, the Imperial Parliament, however decisions it may be for the success of the scheme, will hardly attempt to enforce it. The delay will afford its opponents in Canada an opportunity to exhibit its disadvantages; and we are not sure, considering the state of political parties, whether our parliament at another session will be as favorable to the measure as it is at present. It is therefore more than likely that the rapidity with which the scheme has advanced will be succeeded by a progress correspondingly slow. That it may be eventually accomplished not many doubt; but that it will come into operation in time to solve the political, financial, and commercial problems which the altered condition of affairs now present, is exceedingly doubtful.

The administration in Victoria have introduced a bill into the colonial Parliament for the extension of the savings' bank system to the post-office. Post-office savings banks have worked admirably in England, and it is a conviction of their great value in stimulating the thrift of the industrial orders that has induced the Ministry of Victoria to attempt their introduction in Australia. The colonies in the southern hemisphere are taking the lead of the North American in this laudable species of imitation; and it will be a matter for regret if the apathy of our government or the indifference of individual members of Parliament contributes any further to the delay which has already taken place since the post-office savings' bank system has been proved to be a success, and its extension to this colony demanded by the people.

We are sorry to hear that a good deal of damage has lately been done in the neighborhood of Perth, by mad dogs running at large, and biting sheep, cattle and other animals. Some mischief has also been done in Elmsley and other places.

The Perth Courier says "one of the dogs paid a visit to the barnyard of Mr. Ralph Smith, Elmsley, and bit thirteen sheep and several geese, all of which shortly afterwards showed symptoms of hydrophobia when a fine Newfoundland dog belonging to Mr. Smith attacked the terrible intruder and killed it, but not before the noble animal was bitten, on account of it too had to be sacrificed. Mr. Edward Tovey, of Bathurst, also lost heavily by their depredations: One night a mad dog paid a visit to his barnyard, and the result is, that he has already killed three cattle, four sheep, one pig and named geese, all of which were in advanced stages of hydrophobia. More are expected to be in the same pitiful condition.

We regret to say Widow Bell and Mr. Porter at the toll gate, are both losers from this cause, the former to the extent of nine sheep, and the latter of some cattle. Mr. Buell also lost several cattle."

COUNTERFEIT BANK BILLS.—The Toronto papers say that there are well executed counterfeit \$3 bills of the Commercial Bank of Canada, in circulation. As that Bank has never issued a \$3 bill, all of that denomination must be counterfeit. A bogus \$20 bill, purporting to be of the "Suspension Bridge Bank," is also passed round. There is no such Bank in Canada. Both these bills seem to have been more or less distributed in the country round about Toronto. They are evidently a Yankee contrivance; being intended, like Dickens' "American notes for general circulation," for the neighboring republic.

By an Order in Council of the 2nd March, it is declared that toll tobacco or tobacco blane en role does not come within the meaning of the 4th section of the Excise Act, and is therefore not subject to duty.

More Fires.

Montreal, March 11.
About 12 o'clock last night a fire broke out in a shed, and stables adjoining the Presbyterian Church, St. Joseph street.

From a number of wooden houses around the people removed their furniture. By prompt efforts, the fire was confined to the stable. About three hours afterwards, a false alarm was given of another fire. The flames were just returning, when the alarm was given from the corner of McGill and Notre Dame streets. The fire was on the premises of Messrs. Tabb & Thompson, hardware merchants. The fire originated from a coal stove at the foot of the stairway. The damage to stock is about \$12,000. It was insured in the Liverpool & London, London & Lancashire, British America and Imperial insurance offices.

The building was insured in the Royal. A family living next door, who suffered in Papa's fire of the 4th of January, also suffered on this occasion. The fire alarm never was shown to such advantage as last night. A few minutes' more delay, and two conflagrations more would have resulted.

FIRE IN WHITBY.
Whitby, March 11.
About 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in Mr. O'Donovan's carriage factory. In about an hour 15 buggies and carriages, 7 cutters, all the tools, blacksmith's shop, sheds, and everything were burned to the ground. Mr. O'Donovan's loss is \$3,000. The buildings, belonging to Messrs. Easton & Watson, were not insured. Mr. O'Donovan had his stock insured for \$2,000.

FIRE IN MITCHELL.
Mitchell, March 11.
About two o'clock this morning the large new wheat storehouse, lately built by John Fishley, was discovered to be on fire, and was burned with its contents, except 500 barrels of flour. The building contained 4,000 bushels of wheat, 500 barrels of flour and a large quantity of other goods. The total loss is estimated at \$10,000, nearly covered by insurance. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

We regret to have to announce the death of Mr. Wm. Rodgers, which took place on the 7th inst., at the age of 55 years. He was the founder of the Poland Post Office, and contributed much towards the welfare of that section of the country. He was a native of England, and died much regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and it will be long before his memory is effaced from the hearts of those with whom he sojourned so long.

Windsor, March 11.
Collector Isbel, of Detroit, received the official notice of the repeal of the passport order last night. There is no further trouble in crossing over, and the United States Consul's office here is closed this morning. There is a general feeling of rejoicing on both sides of the river.

The deaf mutes at Hartford have formed a company and drill freely.

William Delany, a private in the 30th Regiment, was tried at Montreal on the 1st, and convicted of desertion, for which he was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

The House Committee for the District of Columbia, have discovered that seventy persons committed to the District Jail have been recently bailed out and sold to substitute brokers.

Pakenham Council.
Monday, January, 16, 1865.
The newly elected Councilors met in the Town Hall, at twelve o'clock, noon. All present.

Each of the officers made and subscribed the declarations required by law, and took their seats. The clerk in the chair.

Mr. Forsythe moved, seconded by Mr. Hartney, Resolved, That Young Scott, Esq., be, and he is hereby elected Town Reeve of the Township of Pakenham for the current year, which was carried unanimously, and he declared duly elected.

Mr. Scott made the declaration required, and took his seat as Reeve.

The Council now adjourned until Monday the 6th day of February next, at ten o'clock forenoon.

Monday, Feb. 6th, 1865.
The Council met at ten o'clock. The Councilors all present, and the Reeve in the chair.

The minutes of the last sitting were read, approved, and signed.

Petition of James Faughnan, praying for a grant to improve a certain road, was read.

Mr. Snedden gave notice that he would at the present meeting of Council, introduce a By-law to appoint all the several township officers for the current year, read.

Mr. Burrows moved seconded by Mr. Forsythe, Resolved, That Mr. Alex. Moran be heard before the bar of this Council, respecting arrears of taxes due upon his land, which was carried, and he was heard.

The Council then adjourned for one hour.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Council met. All present.

The petition of E. Ring, and others, praying for relief for Thomas Cartwright and family, in judgment circumstances, read.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Snedden, Resolved, That the sum of \$1 19s 5d, received from Alex. Moran, as the arrears of taxes in full, against lot No. 25, in the 9th concession of this township, be paid to the said Alex. Moran, and the taxes on said lot in 1862, have been paid, that amount will be refunded to him.—Carried.

Petition of Patrick Farrell, respecting statute labor—Read.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, Resolved, That on the Petition of E. Ring, and others, that \$5 be granted to Thomas Cartwright and family, which was carried.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Snedden, Resolved, That Mr. William Tait, nominated by the Reeve, and Mr. Richard H. Davis, nominated by the Council, be, and they are hereby appointed Auditors of public accounts for this township for the current year.—Carried.

Mr. Snedden moved, seconded by Mr. Hartney, That the petition of Patrick Farrell, and James Faughnan, be laid over until appointing the statute labor.—Carried.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, Resolved, That the Treasurer do pay to John Elliott, \$3.25, being for cord-

wood, saved, and for a broom for the Hall.—Carried.

The Council now adjourned until Monday the 20th February, at the hour of ten o'clock, forenoon.

Monday, Feb. 20th, 1865.
The Council met at ten o'clock, a.m. Councilors present: Burrows, Forsythe and Hartney. The Reeve in the chair.

The minutes of the last sitting were read, approved, and signed.

Petition of the Trustees of the Grammar and Common Schools, requesting the use of the Town Hall for the Grammar School department, was read.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the By-law for appointing the several Township officers, for this township for the current year, be now brought up and read a first time.

The By-law was read the first time.

The Council now adjourned until two o'clock.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Council met. Present, the same.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Burrows, That this Council do now proceed to open the Tenders for the constructing of the Bridge, forthwith, and with closed doors.—Carried.

Six Tenders were opened.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Burrows, That the Tender of Bernard Donohue be accepted, being the lowest, by his signing the contract, and giving security for the work.—Carried.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Burrows, Resolved, That the petition of James Dunnet, and others, Trustees of the Grammar and Common Schools be granted; provided that the Trustees arrange with the Provincial Insurance Company, and pay an extra premium that may be demanded by said Company, on account of the school being held in the Hall, and also be accountable for any damage the Hall may sustain by the said Grammar School.—Carried.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Burrows, That Robert Clark be appointed Inspector of Shop and Tavern Licenses in this Township, for the current year.—Carried.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That Robert Dickson be, and he is hereby appointed Assessor, for the present year, at a salary of Forty dollars for the full discharge of his duties according to law.—Carried.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That William Scott be, and he is hereby appointed Collector, for the current year, at a salary of Fifty dollars for the full discharge of his duties according to law.—Carried.

The Council now adjourned until Saturday the 25th February, at the hour of ten o'clock, a.m.

Saturday, Feb. 25th, 1865.
The Council met at 10 o'clock.

Councilors present: Burrows, Forsythe and Hartney. The Reeve in the chair.

The minutes of the last sitting were read, approved and signed.

Petition of the Trustees of School Section No. 5, praying authority to borrow money for building a School House, was read.

William Dickson, John McAdams and John McManagle, each presented a requisition signed by thirty electors of this Township, praying that each of said parties might receive a License to keep a house of public entertainment in Pakenham Village, which were read.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Hartney, Resolved, That Mr. Connery do receive the security, and also the fees for the Licenses, from all the parties, and keepers who have qualified according to law.—Carried.

Mr. Burrows gave notice that he would introduce a By-law at the present session of Council, for the purpose of granting power to the Trustees of School Section No. 5, to borrow money for the purpose of building a School House in said section.—Read.

The Council now adjourned for one hour.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Council met, present, as above.

Petition of Hilliard & Dickson, and others, praying the Council to grant a sum of money to repair a bridge upon the Town line, on Shaw's Gully.—Read.

Mr. Forsythe moved, seconded by Mr. Burrows, That the By-law appointing the Township officers be brought up and read a second time, and that the blanks be then filled up on the schedule, and that it be then a third time and passed.

And the By-law was then read the second time, the names filled in, and was then read the third time and passed.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Hartney, That the By-law for appointing the Trustees of School Section No. 5 in this Township, to borrow a certain sum of money, be now read a first time.

And the By-law was read the first time.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Forsythe, That the By-law now read, be read a second time, and also a third time, in order, and that it do then pass.

And the By-law was read the second and also the third time, and was passed.

Mr. Burrows moved, seconded by Mr. Hartney, Ordered, That the sum of twenty dollars be granted to repair the bridge on the Town line, and that Mr. Thomas Ellis, do take charge of the outlay.—Carried.

Mr. Forsythe moved, seconded by Mr. Hartney, Resolved, That Robert Dickson be, and he is hereby appointed Assessor for the current year, at a salary of Fifty dollars for the full discharge of his duties according to law, for the same purpose, is hereby rescinded.—Carried.

Mr. Hartney moved, seconded by Mr. Burrows, That the culvert, and filling of the hollow at Russell's Gully, on the 11th line, tendered for by William McMan, be given to Bernard Donohue, on the same conditions, and at the same price, namely, the sum of \$55.—Carried.

The Council now adjourned until Thursday the second day of March next, at one o'clock, P.M.

The names of the Township officers, appointed by By-law, in the Township of Pakenham, for the year 1865, are as follows:—

William Tait and Richard H. Davis, Auditors.

John Elliott and Robert Clark, Inspectors of Licenses.

Robert Dickson, Assessor.

William Scott, Collector.

EVERS OF HIGHWAYS.
James Dundas, John Cunningham, Chas. Miller, Peter Headrick, George Parker, Jr., William Ellis, Denis Shanahan, Daniel Keith, Michael Reilly, Francis Daniel, J. Miller, Richard Ryan, Michael Lowe, S. Reed, Samuel Dickson, Thomas Simpson, Michael McCaffrey, James Snedden, John Combs, James Loftus, Francis Cockburn, William Sadler, Alexander Bayne, George Clark, Wm. Parker, D. Shaw, John Elliott, John Lofton, Thomas Ellis, J. W. Williams, Green, Denis Ryan, Ingram, Scott, John O'Neil, John Russell, Robert Riddell, T. Elliott, Sr., James Dickson, John Callwell and Thomas Andrews.

POUNDKEEPERS.
William Dickson, John McManagle, R. Ellis, John Lindsay, Henry Geison and D. Smith.

FENCEVIEWERS.
William Woods, William Shannon, Alex. Lindsay, William Scott, Thomas Burrows, Allan Carwell, William Mooney, Joe Green and Denis Shanahan.

JAMES CONNERY,
Town Clerk.

Provincial Parliament.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Quebec, March 8.

Hon. Mr. Christie presented a petition from John McMillan and 640 others, of the city of Toronto praying against the passing of the bill to exempt the Rossin House Company from payment of taxes.

Hon. Mr. Campbell brought down returns relating to the militia enrolment in Chicomouti and Charlevoix, and the Port Dover and Port Dore Railway Road.

In answer to Hon. Mr. Mills.

Hon. M. Campbell said that the Government was not then in a position to state whether the appropriation for the support of the militia would be increased, and that it and other institutions would receive every consideration when the estimates were made out. The general superintendence of the institution would remain as the law directed in the hands of the local superintendence in the hands of one special person.

The following bills were read a second time, and referred to: To facilitate prosecutions under the liquor sale act, Hon. Mr. Olivier; To amend the act relating to the Assembly, to amend the act for the prevention of agricultural abuses, Hon. Mr. Olivier, London and Huron Saving Societies amalgamation bill, Hon. Mr. Leonard.

The bill to provide for the statistical returns from insurance companies (Hon. Mr. Bull's) was passed through the Committee of the whole, and reported with several amendments, consisting in the striking out of the Money clauses, making it a mere statistical bill.

The amendments were adopted, and the bill read a third time and passed.

The House adjourned at a few minutes past five.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Quebec, March 6.

Hon. Mr. Dorion presented eight petitions against Confederation, and Mr. Perault two petitions.

The following bills were introduced:—Mr. Parker, to amend the law relating to the practice of Physic and Surgery in Upper Canada.

Mr. Cowan, to alter the limits of the incorporated village of Berlin, county of Waterloo.

PETITIONS.
Messrs. A. A. Dorion, Laframboise, Perault, and other Lower Canada members, presented petitions against Confederation.

Mr. Rankin presented a petition from Catholics of Amherstburg, praying that in view of Confederation the same educational privileges be extended to

