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## is

 FOUR ahend of them. Dg not iet him getKiked when he is too young if you can
help it, and with care and patience you wiil teach your top to mind you at

 help full driver,
Collio
dogs often make good raters and wate dogs Amys keay your they will very seldom get to running
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

The Collie
$\qquad$ stock, and especially young stock, but
the pure bred Scotch Collie, if properly trained, is worth many times his cost
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ not treat the collie the same way if you Some people seem to think that a pup should grow up and know almost every-
thing without being taught anything. I have raised, trained and worked
collies for several years, and I think they are the best breed of dogs for the ways pick one of the smaller ones of the litter. I don't know why, but the
larger pups in the litter seem to twe harder to train and more apt to be of a roving disposition than the smaller
ones. Never pick a quiet pup. Alway, get one that is somewhat mischievous
and willing to make friends with vou. If a dog is not friendly with his master Play with the pup and pet him, but do not et him jump up against you.
firm with him, so he will keep still when
you tell him to. Never whip him, but you tell him to. Never whip
if heeds punishing just box or pinch
his ears or nose, or step on his toes. his ears or nose, or step on his toes.
The collie is of a timid nature and
if you beat him he becomes afraid of if you beat him he becomes afraid of
you. By shaking your foot at the pup he will hoarn to grab it and chew at and in this way he will learn, when
gets older, to go at the heels of you
horse or cow. When the pup gets ol horse or cow. When the pup gets oll
enough to follow you about the place,
break him to lead and put light rope break him to lead and put light rop
on him, and take him when you go t
drive up the stock. Talk to your do and always use the same words when you want him to "go"" or to "stop." and make him mind by jerking the
rope when you say "here" or "stop." rope when you say "here" or "stop,
By leading him, the pup will learn to
drive the stock instead of running drive the stock instead of running

THE GRAIN GROWERS'GUIDE

\section*{The aim Guide

## F. OHIPMAN, Editor

## F. OHIPMAN, Editor

Published under the auppices and employed as the oflcial Organ of the Manitoba
rain Growers' Association, the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, and the United Farmars of Alberta. WORLD OF THOUGGHT AND ACTION and honest opinions thereon, with the object of aiding our people to form correct Views upon economic, social and moral questions, , \&o
that the growth of society may continually be in the direction of more equitable, kinder that the growth of society may continually be in the direction of more equitabie, kinder
and wiser relations between tis members, resulting in the wisest possible increase and
differ and wise
$\qquad$ THE GUIDE IS THE ONLY PAPER IN OANADA THAT IS ABSOLUTELY ne dollar of political, capitalistic or special interest money is invested in it. Al. opinions expressed in The Guide are with the aim to make Canada a better country
and to bring forward the day when "Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to

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Advertising Rates may be had upon application
Change of advertising copy and Now Matter must be received not later than
Friday noon each week to ensure insertion.
Published every Wednesday at Winnipeg, Canada. Authorized by
General, Ottawa, Canada, for transmission as second class mail matter.
Guide, Winnipeg. Do not send anything but personal letters to individuals.
Volume IV. 2obember 1st, 1911 Number 14 .

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Thousands of music-rolls to select from. The Heintzman \& Co. Piano has been the choice of Canada's music al cultured for over sixty years.

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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTI WEST LAND REGYLATIONS
A $^{N Y}$ person who is the sole head of an or any mate over 18 years old,
fandy, may homestead a quarter seection of avail:
nble Dominion land in Manitobn, saskatehe-
wan or Alberta. The applicant must appear wan or Alberta. The applicant must appear
wa person at the Dominion Lands Agency or
in in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or
Sub.Agency for the district. Entry by proxy Smay be made at any agency, on certain con
mations, by father, mother, oon, daughter ditions, by father, mother, non, daughter,
brother or sister of intending homesteader. Duties-Six months' residence upon and
cultivation of the Innd in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of
his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres
solely owned and occupied by him or by his
or In certain districts a homesteader in good
standing may pre empt a quarter section standing may pre empt A quarter seetion
alongside his homestead. Prico $\$ 3$ per nere.
Duties-Must reside upon the homestead Dutics-Must reside upon the homestead
or premption six monthe in each of six
years from date of homestead entry (includyears from date of homestead entry (includ-
ing the time required to earn homentead pat-
ent), and cultivate fifty acres extra. A homesteader who has exhausted hin emption may enter for ${ }^{\text {a }}$, purchased home
stend in certain district, Price $\$ 3,00$ per acre. Duties-Must reside six monthe in
each of three years, cuttivnte fifty neres ind

Deputy of the Mininter of the Interior
N.R.- Unauthorized publication of this ad!

MUNICIPAL SINGLE TAX
The Single Tax was discussed at the convention of the Alberta Union of Municipalities, which met at Macleod last week, and there was substantial agreement that the exclusive taxation of land values rather than improvements
was the best system for western municiwas the
palities.

WHERE HUNTERS LOSE MONEY
Thousands of hunters, traders and trappers are losing money every year because they do not know how to get the highest prices for their trophies. Men will slaughter an animal and mutilate the hide so that it is impossible to use it for any-
thing but the most common fur. But the wise hunter saves the hide, turns it over wise an expert taxidermist so that he can sell the mounted specimen for a large sum There is a constantly growing demand for mounted animals, birds and fish to be used as decorations in the home, den and
office. Even the most common animals office. Even the most common animals
are often used in this manner. That little squirrel that you disregarded on your last hunting trip might have brought you
$\$ 10$ or $\$ 15$ if you had had it mounted. Taxidermists demand large sums for mounting animals, birds, heads, fishes,
ctc But paying these large prices can easily be avoided. Learn taxidermy yourself. There are schools which teach you casily, quickly and perfectly right in your own home during your spare time. They are endorsed by the best taxidermists and naturalists and museums in the
country. You can make your rod or your country. You can make your rod or your
gun pay for your hunting trip or your gun pay for your hunting trip or your
vacation. You should investigate the possibilities of this most fascinating possibilitics of is a money maker.
profession. It is a money saver

## ONTARIO PRISON FARMS

It is at first sight somewhat surprising to people in England to read that Sir James Whitney and his colleagues in the
cabinet were all present at the laying of cabinet were all prenent at central prison the corner stowe fune new, The function, however, was of great importance as marking the triumph of a system of prison treatment inaugurated not long ago by Ontario, and now a lesson to the world. Acting on the view that imprisonment is intended not merely to punish, but to reform, Sir James Whit ney established a new type of penal settlement near Gueph. Active occu-
pation in the fields there replaces solitary pation in the fields
confinement in a cell. The convict comes there to be taught that he can be of nome use in the world. The new system has proved completely successful. The criminal, finding that real interest is shown in his wellare, responds both physically and morally, and leaves Guelph with the chance of again taking his place in the ranks of society. Thus has Cecidivist grappled with the probiem of ae copeless.
which Britain has given up as ho which Britain has given up as hopeneration, the British system of preventive detention a confession of despair. Canada.
$\square$
will keep your sons and daughters under the parental roof. And the greatest home attraction is'music. A Piano will chain the children to the house, where the lack of one sends them elsewhere to seek entertainment. Let us interest you in the purchase of a first-class instrument on easy terms. We guarantee the superiority of our Pianos to every purchaser. Prices will please those interested.

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andertised in The Grain Growers
Guide. NAME
ADDRESS

## W. DOHERTY Piano \& Organ Co. Ltd. G. L. STANWOOD 282 Harrarae Street, Himinipe for their natural products and it must procity his dying administration would gain a fresh lease of life <br> question cousd have to feel that if this on its naked merits as a question of trade, reciprocity would have carried the day. But the moment people associated with the fortunes of a party and a government it had to share notably this aspect of the situation colored the struggle was shown by the nationalist

Homesteads for Women By "ISOBEL"
$\qquad$ TAKING: OFF HER CROP
Dear Isobel:- What is your latest
movement in regard to Homesteads? Is there any fresh hope from this governMou will perhaps remember my telling you when 1 last saw you in Winnipeg
last May, that I still had some of my 1910 crop on hand. I did very well on it, having sold it all at $\$ 1.00$ a bushel for No. 1 Nor. This year I am frozen rather
badly over an 80 acre summerfallow, but the stubble crop will grade No. 3 or 4 Nor. 1 thought I was going to bring off a great
haul this year, and could have interviewed a whole cabinet on our Homesteads with confidence-but the Gods won't have these
hasty arrivals. hasty arrivals. Last year I had quality, this year I have quantity, and next year perhaps
both. Though a woman farmer, I did not find Jack. Frost less courtcous to me
than to my men neighbors. Providence than to my men neighbors. Providence
does not seem to object to homesteads for women.
I thresh this week and am then going through to the coast to report on some women farmers to the English press. I go to England in November for the
winter and should like so much to have a winter and should like so much to hav
chat with you when I reach the city. Kind grectings to you and yours.
GEORGINA BINNIE-CLAR

Note-Miss Binnie-Clark is a woman of pluck and determination. She came for her own benefit but also for the benefit of single women of her own social level left behind in England. Unable to persuade the Dominion government to grant her a free homestead she courageously ful Qu'Appelle Valley and started in to pioneer, with the great financial handicap of being compelled to buy her land while her men neighbors got theirs free. Nevertheless she is "making good" and would make a great immigration agent to the old land among women like herself, women
of culture and some means, when the Canadian government grants free homedo wonc.

THE AMERICAN VIEWPOINT Springfield Republican
"Reciprocity's defeat in the Canadian elections is a political fact whose magni tude cannot, perhaps, be fully appreciated at the present time. It has an immediate
and possibly a remote significatice. Amerand possibly a remote significatce. Amer
icans will observe at once that it is decided rebuff to their advances in favor
of closer trade relations and that the of closer trade relations and that the general relations between the two countries cannot be improved by it, although
it would be unwarranted to assume that it would be unwarranted to assume that
the present ficiendly intercourse between Canada and the United States can be in the least strained by the development.
" Trade across the International bound"Trade across the International bound
ary will continue, everyone may be sure There will be much buying and selling. It is impossible to seal up the imaginary
line that divides the continent, and we have no doubt that ultimately the conti-
nental forces implanted by Nature will nental forces implanted by Nature will
override all the obstacles now interposed override all the obstacles now interposed
by selfish interests and national or imperial prejudices. But for the time being,
and one dares not say how long in the future, reaction triumphs.
in Canada 10 years have been carried in Canada 10 years ago. Unfortunately ment which had been in power 15 years
mor and had a tremendous burden of political disaffection to contend with. The
Laurier regime was approaching a natural Laurier regime was approaching a natural
dissolution when a republican president dissolution when a republican president
of the United States made his offer of a commercial pact reducing tariff duties. had desired freer entrance to our markets


## WRITE : FOR : THE : 1912 DINGWALL CATALOGUE

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evolt in Quebec under Mr. Bourassa, which Mr. Taft now confronts must tax Laurench politician, formerly in the his abilities to the utmost. feat of the ministry wes enspired whe by motives as remote from the question of trade as his own aspirations for French supremacy in the valley of the St. Law-
rence are antagonistic to the imperialist sentiments of his Conservative allies in Ontario.
"The i
defeat upon Aediate effect of reciprocity's to be considerable. It appears tot be a heavy blow to President Taft. What had seemed to be his greatest achievement is
suddenly struck dead and all the strain suddenly struck dead and all the strain
and labor of the special session of Conand labor of the special session of Congress that grew out of it are gone to
waste. He is left with the burden of his tariff vetoes and his widened breach with the insurgents of his own party, while he has been deprived of the one great success which had crowned his career in the presidency. The Canadian result
seems to throw our political situation
into a degree of confusion that hitherto has not distinguisged it, and the conditions

ONTARIO ELECTIONS DEC. 11 Elections of the Ontario legislature
will take place on December 11, with nominations one week earlier.

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CANADA.

# The $\mathfrak{G r a i n}$ Gromers' $\mathfrak{G u i d e}$ <br> (x)imipeg, oleomesday, Zobember 1st, 1911 

## DISCOUNTING THE HARVEST

## Reports from all over the West this fail

 how that there are agencies at work which will still further discount the profits of the grain growers for the season of 1911. There is a very serious shortage of cars. This is handicapping the farmers in several ways. In some cases the grain is being piled in heaps upon the ground waiting for cars and is thus liable to severe damage. A car short-age has the tendency to compel the farmers age has the tendency to compel the farmers
to put more grain through the line elevators. The elevator companies, on the other hand are frequently able to secure what cars they need in their own business, despite the strict regulations of the grain act re the car order book. It is even being suggested that the car shortage may, in some cases, be a device to assist the line elevator companies. The railway companies, it is well known, have no love for the loading platform. To them it is an unmitigated nuisance, while the handling of grain through the elevators is a pleasure. It matters not to the railway companies that the farmer can save from $\$ 30$ to $\$ 100$ per car by loading his wheat over the platform. The railways are operated for profit and the line elevators likewise. With a serious car shortage, and an uncertainty as to when any cars will arrive, many farmers are compelled, for financial reasons, to put their grain through the line elevators. The leopard has not changed his spots; the elevator companies have not forgotten the methods that made their business so lucrative in years gone by. The spread between street and track prices has been very wide in many places throughout the West this year. In low grades this may be excusable but not in contract grades. Farmers must be continually on their guard against such schemes. The elevator companies are making hay while the sun shines and it is a very easy matter for them to take from 4 to 10 cents per bushel out of the farmer's pocket by reducing a grade and setting heavy dockage.

These conditions which we have pointed out are not only seriously injuring the farmers of the West, but also militating against the farmers' company, the Grain Growers' Grain company. Hundreds and hundreds of farmers who wish to send their wheat to the Grain Growers' Grain company are compelled to'put it through the elevators for lack of cars. Another method which the line companies have followed far more than usual is to purchase the farmers' grain for usual is to purchase the farmers grain for
future delivery. Information at hand is to future delivery. Information at hand is to
the effect that the line elevator companies have been buying grain from the farmers for future delivery ever since July, endeavoring to convince the farmers that by so doing hey would get a better price for their crop This is a debatable question, but there is no doubt that by yielding to the various inducements of the elevator companies the farmers are injuring their own cause. The elevator companies are not more friendly to the farmers than they have ever been and they are equally determined that the farmers company shall not prosper. Despite this, the Grain Growers' Grain company is doing better business this year than ever, and with the loyal support of the farmers in the West, will continue to grow and become an ever stronger factor in improving conditions. The terminal elevator companies have announced that they will not accept any liability for tough grain. This, of course, looks very well on the face of it, but it should not be forgotten that such an announcement will tend to make the loading platform less popular. In order to secure as much infor mation as possible, we will be glad to have the farmers all over the West write to us im
mediately and tell us of conditions at their shipping point. Is the supply of cars satisfactory? Has there been more than were needed? What has been the spread between strect and track prices upon the various grades of wheat? Let us know all the handicaps that the farmers are laboring under. Publicity will aid materially in the solution. If this information is sent in to us immediate$l y$, it will be of value in assisting towards the remedy of present conditions.

## THE LUMBER COMBINE

Readers of The Guide were no doubt greatly interested in the report which ap peared in our news pages on October 18 of the result of the deliberations of the members of the Coast and Mountain Lumbermen' associations, who met in convention at Cal gary recently. The fact that the lamber combine is one of the most powerful and highly organized in Canada has long been known, but hitherto its plans have been kept secret and the public have known little of secret and the public have known little of
its operations, except that the price of lumber its operations, except that the price of lumber has been steadily and continually increased.
Now, however, we know a part at least of the Now, however, we know a part at least of the methods by which the humber kings propose to plunder the public. In the first place, it was decided to restrict the output of lumber by abandoning camps and shutting down mills. This will cause a scarcity of lumber and will enable the mill owners to raise prices. The lumbermen figure no doubt that f they can get the same amount of money for a smaller amount of lumber, reducing operating expenses by leaving some of the mills idle, the profits will increase and they will wax fat. The people will have to get lumber at any cost, and even though they restrict their building operations to absolute necessities, the smaller quantity of lumber used will not cause a loss to the mill owners, so long as they are able to raise prices. The restriction of the output of lumber will also enable the mill owners to reduce the wages of their employees, especially those who depend upon the lumber camps for their winter work, for many of these men, who are en ployed on the land during the summer, would rather work for their board than be idie through the winter. In order that the plunder may be equally shared among the members of the combine, all lumber is to be sold to retailers through one office at a price fixed by the association, and any mill owner who refuses to join the association is to be put out of business by cutting prices tem porarily at any point where his output is for sale. The only source from which the lum ber combine anticipates trouble is the comp tition of the United States mills. Undressed lumber and lumber dressed on one side only and not further manufactured is admitted to Canada free of duty, while lumber which is dressed on one or both sides and jointed, or tongued and grooved, is subject to a duty of 25 per cent. under the general tariff and $17^{1 / 2}$ per cent. under the British preferential tariff. As a matter of fact, there is very little lumber imported to Canada from the United States because that country, with its immense population and its depleted forests, provides a sufficient market for all it can produce, but if the Canadian lumbermen continue to raise priecs, the consumers of lumber of this country will buy from the United States. To be sure of having Canada as a private preserve for their own ex ploitation, therefore, the Canadian lumbermen are endeavoring to induce the new government at Ottawa to place a duty on rough lumber. The "Retail Lumberman," published at Winnipeg, in its last issue says
is a likeport from Ottawa states that there is a likelihood of the new Conservative governStates equal to the amount at present charged by the U.S. on rough lumber from this side of the line. That there will be some changes in the lumber tariff in favor of home mills is confidently beliesed at the Coast, as British Columbia has sent a solid phalanx of government supporters, who would, no doubt, support any
move to prevent the American mills having any move to prevent the American mills having any

Lumber is one of the prime necessities of Canada, particularly Western Canada. It enters into the construction of every home, every factory and every farm building. The high cost of lumber is one of the great drawbacks with which our farmers have to contend. It makes them live in small homes, prevents the erection of proper buildings for live stock and for the protection of implements. And there is no good reason for the high prices at which lumber is sold today. Canada has vast forests, which but a few years ago belonged to the crown, but have been given away or disposed of for a mere song by governments of both political parties to people who are now holding up the public and making them pay extortionate prices for what was once their own. Now the lumbermen are asking for tariff increases in order that they may bleed the people still more. It is said that while the government may not dare to place a duty on rough lumber by act of Parliament, it may accomplish the same object by instructing the customs officials to classify as "dressed," lumber which is sawn by a fine saw but not planed, a class of lumber which is now being imported as "undressed" and free of duty. If the government increases the lumber duties, either by this means or directly and openly, it *will be a distinct encouragement to trusts and combines and a wilful disregard of the interests of the people. The investigation of the lumber combine will be interesting work for the tariff commission which the new premier has announced his intention of establishing.

## THE TENDENCY OF THE TIMES

## Students of economic and social conditions

 in various countries of the world must come to the conclusion that Anglo-Saxonism in the New World is lagging behind the other branches of that progressive race. In Australia, New Zealand, and in Great Britain itself, social and economic questions are receiving very careful consideration at the hands of the governments. In these countries the lives of the people are considered of more importance to the state than the property of the wealthy minority. New Zealand affords a number of striking examples of progressive legislation, and Australia is also a leader in the same great work. The migration from the Old World to the new was a step taken primarily to secure religious freedom, and it was the intention of the found ers of government in the New World that the North American continent should be the cradle of liberty, economic, social and political The first great object of the New World's founders was accomplished and religious free dom is a fact. But the condition of affairs today in Canada and the United States, drives home the striking truth that "government for the people, of the people, and by the people" does not exist in the New World. Legislation in the United States and in Canada for the past half century has been very largely for the bencfit of a very small percentage of the population, who, by controlling a very large portion of this world's goods, were enabled to exercise undue influence in legislative circles. United States, though technically a democracy, has in reality been a plutocracy. The wealthy clas ses in the United States have controlled legis-lation. In Canada, on a somewhat smaller scale, the same situation has existed. The unprejudiced student of Canadian history since Confederation will look in vain for an example of real democratic government either at Ottawa or in any of the provinces. Both political parties, provincial and federal, have been directly or indirectly influenced by the plutoto see in Cainada a government We have yet to see in Canada a government that places the welfare of the people above the prestige
and spoils of office. We may look through the and spoils of office. We may look through the
history of every Parliament in Canada and we history of every Parliament in Canada and we
can see the mark of the handiwork of Special Privilege. But we search in vain for a voluntary recognition of the underlying principles of true democracy. The big interests of Canada have incessantly knocked at the doors of federal and provincial Parliaments and have not knocked in vain. Their pleadings have been listened to and their prayers have been granted. Year by year provincial and federal Parliaments have handed over the natural resources of the nation into the hands public treasury to the same insatiable elements. The voice of the people has not been dominant in Canadian Parliaments.

There have been several causes which have contributed to this most unsatisfactory and contributed to this most unsatisfactory and
undemocratic condition. One of these has undemocratic condition. One of these has been our party system of government. It is
the best we have at the present time, but it the best we have at the present time, but it
certainly is not satisfactory and cannot be certainly is not satisfactory and cannot be
regarded as the ultimate democratic solution regarded as the ultimate democratic solution
of national politics. The party system has of national politics. The party system has
resulted in blinding the people to their own resulted in blinding the people to their own interests and consequently has placed them in the hands of designing individuals and corporations. It must be very gratifying to all earnest workers for democracy to note that in the federal elections last month, there was a greater evidence of independent voting and the break ing down of party ties than mer before in Canadian history. Both parties suffered considerable by having a real issue placed before the people. Another factor which has contributed to the slow growth of the democrati spirit has been the tremendous and umparal elled material prosperity in Canada. Probably no country in the world has advanced so rapidl in the last generation as has Canada. Tremendous administrative tasks have fallen upon our governments in order to meet the needs of the rapidly growing population, and the eye of the people have been kept rivetted upon the expansion of our commercial life. Consequent social and economic questions have been kept in the background. But today there is a remarkable awakening taking place among The Anglo Saxon people of this continent The people of the United States are in open rebellion against the regime of plutocracy and the citadel of Special Privilege in the great Republic to the south is tottering upor its unstable foundation. In Canada also particularly in Western Canada, public spirit is beginning to assert itself. The people are realizing that the tendency of present legis hation is strongly opposed against the welfar of the common people. Entil recently, how ever, there has been a deplorable apathy on the part of the pablic. One of the chief reason. for this has been the lack of a free and independent press. In Canada today there are not more daily a handful of progressive, independent absence of weekly and monthly magazines, independent of political parties and corpora-解 democracy. In the United States there are large number of such magazines doing a won derful work in educating the people along progressive lines. Then meveral millions and they have been culation of several millions and they have been the greatest factor in opening the eyes of the people to the dangers which confront them. There are also in the United States a number of very able and progressive statesmen who have refused to bow the knee to Special Privilege, and who are fighting the battle of the people day and night. We have a great dearth of such men in Canada. We hav

THE GRAIN GROWERS GUID
not a single example in Parliament of an unselfish statesman fighting boldly for democracy The only hope in Canada is to educate the common people to a realization of their dangers and their needs. This can be done by the for mation of organizations for the study of political questions and by the dissemination of progressive literature. We have a great and biding faith in the wisdom of the common people and we sincerely believe that they are democratic in their instincts. Their temporary lapses from the true path of democracy have been due rather to their lack of information than to their deliberate reactionary instincts. It is the duty of those who see the light to assist in carrying the gospel of democracy to those who are yet without a true realization of the needs of their country. The demand of the times will produce the men and the journals special Privilege is always educating the people for its own ends and the soldiers of democracy must never be idle.

## THE CALIFORNIAN REVOLUTION

The newspapers are giving very little at cention to the result of the California elec tions on October 10, when the people declared
for the Initiative, Referendum and Recall by an overwhelming majority, and also gave an overwhelming majority, and also gave
a smaller majority in favor of woman suffa smaller majority in favor of woman suff
rage. Why do the newspapers give so tittle trmon advance of democracy Here is the way The Public, that democrati weekly of Chicago, views it
ritable revolution has occurred. Yet news paper readers without reading glasses of hig magnifying power would hardly know it but for private correspondents. Yon can tell from the fearst newspapers that something importan happened and the Hearst did it; but if you want detail and color you must turn to were strong symptoms of highly sensationa dispatches, but as soon as it appeared that woman suffraze hat not been defeated but had
won, these symptams rapidly receded. Had California voted down woman suffrage, the Recall and the Initiative and Referendum, it thay be inferred from past experience that
common to attribute this kind of newspaper
reticence to Big Business control. That is rate the control is probably not direct At any likely explanation is the incompetency of news gatherers and news editors. Trained, more or
less consciously, to regard certain business interests as the classes to be served by news reports, they have formed the habit of magnify ing and coloring what they think those interests would like exploited and of minimizing what such interests do not like, until competency for from news servie wants of business interests news reports or none, good ones or poor ones, uffrage, legislatures will pass laws sube full eople want, and judges will go into partner This is revolution. But it is a republican, demo cratic, beneficent and characteristically Amer can type of revolution.
The same applies well in Canada. But the progress of reform cannot be stopped. Plutocracy may put obstacles in the way but The general educational work now being lone will overturn them all. Women now
 daho, Utah, Colorado and Washington. Th women are justly asking for a larger share i
the government -and they are getting it.

## ONTARIO REFORM MOVEMENT

The Tax Reform League of Ontario, which
ncludes within its membership many in-

Auential supporters of both political parties the provincial government to secure a change in the assessment law, making it optional on the part of municipalities to tax improvements more lightly than land values. Over three hundred municipalities in Ontario have petitioned for this change, and 168 news papers of both political parties have either petitioned the government for it or editorial ly approved of it. The amendment asked for would not compel municipalities exempt improvements from taxation, either wholly or partially, yet Sir James Whitney, the all-powerful premier of Ontario, will not permit the passage of a bill to allow those municipalities that wish to do so, to make a change in their methods of taxation. This is a situation which forcibly illustrates the need of the Initiative and Referendum.

## EAST AND WEST

The people on the land in Eastern Canada have much in common with those in the West. Here is a letter in proof

## The Grain Growers' Guide

Winnipeg
Enclosed please find the sum of one dollar $\$ 1.00$ ), the same being subscription in advance for The Grain Growers' Guide. I have read find that it gives views on many of the leading public questions f the day, but to those of a great many others ieel here. We of the East, who till the men of the West, who are engaged in a like occupation. I am fully convinced that the farmers have not an adequate representation fact their just rights are ignored by both political parties. Wishing yo work, I am

Yours very truly

## wen Sound, Ont.

When we can organize as a unit the proressive forces of the East and the West

Many thousands of men in this Western country are deeply and sincerely interested in the work of reform in which the organized farmers are engaged. They realize thorough$y$ how necessary it is to have sound pro gressive reading matter placed in the hand of the people. These men are the friend who have aided in making The Guide the great success it is today. By bringing it to the attention of their friends they secure new subscribers and at the same time new re ruits to the ranks of the organized farmers The enemies of The Guide and the organized farmers are active and are working against us all the time. It will need all the vigilance and energy of the friends of democracy to keep the work going. Any friend who lends a hand to secure new subscribers to The Guide is bringing the day of better things nearer

There is talk of a short session of Parlia ment being held before Christmas and another one being called early in the New Year. The only benefit such a move will be to Canada will be that each of the members will draw his $\$ 2,500$ salary twice instead of once.

More than half the increase in Manitoba during the past ten years has been in the cities and towns. It will require strenuous efforts on the part of the provincial authorities to see that rural Manitoba does not rapidly go into decay.

## Saskatchewan’s Opportunity

By E. A. PARTRIDGE

## NOTE-MR. PARTRIDGE HAS PREPARED THE FOLLOWING DRAFT OF AN ORGANIZATION SCHEME FOR THE SASKATCHEWAN GRAIN GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, AND HAS SET FORTH THE OBJECTS TO BE ATTAINED THEREBY. THIS SUGGESTION WILL BE DEALT WITH BY A FULL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AT MOOSE JAW ON NOVEMBER 1ST. MR. PARTRIDGE IS ONE MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO PREPARE SUCH A SCHEME.

To the Directors of the Sask
Grain Growers' AssociutionGenitemen:-
A satitisactory plan of campaign for the thorough organization of our farterst se members of the Grain Growers' association
would appear to require the following would appear
particulars1.- An up-to-date statement of the
general objects of the assocition ns under-eneral objects of the association ans under-:
tood by the leaders in the work of orkani-$\underset{\text { zation }}{\text { and }}$.The featuring of some immediateobjects of association to stimulateinterest while organization work is inprogress and make the or
effective when completed.
3.-Method of proceduthe work of organization and in trying toaccomplish the special objects of associa-4.-The systematic pushing of the LifeMembership feature of the associationwhich, if developed, will insure the per-manence of the organize of useful functionsby the Central Office
-IMMEDIATE OBJECT OF OR GANIZATION SPECIALLY EMPHAWHILE ORGANIZATION WORK IS G PROGRES AND MAK. TRECOR WHEN COMPLETED. To secure the enactment of a Provincial
Direct Legislation law including such essential features as:-
(a) The Initiative, whereby, say, 8 per cent. of the electors may, by petition. propose a law which must be enacted forthwith by the members of the legislaure or submitted by them to the people, to be made law or rejected as a majority
vote decides, not later than the next general election
(b) The Referendum; whereby, say, 5 per cent. of the electors may, by petition,
compel a measure passed by the legislature to be submitted to the people and approv(c) a majority vote before becoming law. (c) The Recall, or right of, say, 85 per of the legislature to appear before his constituency for re-election or dismissala provision emabling the people to summarily discharge an unfaithful public (d) The Publicity Pamphlet-a device for equipping the electors to intelligently exercise their franchise, and consisting of an official publication mailed to every or the taking of any Initiative or Referendum vote containing among other things the title and text of each measure to be voted on. In this pamphlet the proponnts and opponents of the proposed laws have the right to insert, at the actual cost to themselves of paper and printing only, such arguments as they may see fit to

## Dire

instrument ever devised by most effective Democracy to enable the people as a whole to make laws suited to the needs of the many, instead of being forced to live
under laws made by so-called representaunder laws made by so-called representatives in the interest of the few. In short, it stands for Peoples Power as opposed
to The Rule of the Rich. Direct Legislation
by the organized farmers of the three Prairie Pravinces. There is an active
Direct Legislation League with headDirect Legislation League with head-
quarters at Winnipeg. Many states to the south of us have adopted it or are agitating for it. It has the approval of
most progressive thinkers. The time most progressive thinkers. The time
seems most opportune to make it the censeems most opportune to make it the cen-
tral motive of an organization campaign. tral motive of an organization campaign-
The census returns show that the rural and village population of Saskatchewan five to ons or the towns and cities
Any legislation of benefit to the farmers
would therefore be of benefit to an overwould therefore be of benefit to an over-
whelming majority of the population. whelming majority of the population.
Hence the justicas well as the desiatioility of farmers taking a leading part in the
making of laws. Direct Legislation is an implement
peculiarly adapted to render the association effective in securing the passage of
laws desired by its membership. laws desired by its membership.
The Annual Convention expr
The Annual Convention expresses the
consensus of advanced opinion among the farmers in matters calligg for legislative
action. The Central Executive stands ready to formulate Bills in accord with such opinion and prepare petitions to
secure the bringing of these Bills before the Iegislators, and where not enacted by them
to the direct vote of the people. The local associations scattered over the length and
breadth of the provinee are in a position breadth of the province are in a position
to speedily circulate the petitions for xignature and afterwards to give such aid in moulding public opinion in favor of the
Bills as will assure majorities in their favor when the vote is taken
The Central Executive would always see that arguments in favor of these
Bills were inserted in the publicity pamphlet and the locals would provide plenty of
champions to combat any opponents of the Bills who mis.
neighborhood.
neighborhood.
This weapon of Democracy once on the statute book of the province and a majori-
ty of the farmers once included in the ty of the farmers once included in the
membership of the association, and the association would be the dominann tactor
in the shaping of Provincial legislation. in the shaping of Provincial legislation.
Surely this is a consummation worth striving for: One that the tariff reformer, the free trader, the single taxer, the believer in public ownership among them, may enthusiastically unite with one
another to bring about as a means to the another to bring about as a means to the
special end each has in view special end each has in
Another immediate object to use as a
stimulus to organization work might be suggested, namely a concerted effort throughout our membership by personal requests, deputations and petitions to
induce the Provincial fovernment, indrue the Provincial Government,
through the Departments of Public Works, Education and Agriculture, to co-operate
with the Central Executive of ciation to make the rural school house an educational and social centre for the development of good fellowship, for recreation of a cultural character and for instruction in civies, co-operative enter-
prise and the arts pertaining to domestic prise and the arts pertaining to do
science and the work of the farm.
This would involve movable school furniture, seats for adults, ample stabling,
text books, and an itinerant staff of demontext books, and an itinerant staff of demon-
strators and lecturers. Also a commission should be appointed composed of depart mental officers and representatives of the association to visit progressive old-world farming communities and study thei organizations, their methods of work and business, their social activities and other
interesting features of community or individual life with a view to assisting the progress of our own people.
3.-METHOD OF PROCEDURE IN CARRYING ON WORK OF ORGAN IZATION AND IN TRYING TO AC COMPLISH THE SPECIAL OBJECT The fintion
The first step, should this plan be adopted, would be to publish it in The ship to individually do something to bring shipp to individually do someching to bring
about the complete organization of the farmers within the Provincial boundaries Some might furnish time, others teams, others again money or kifts of pen or speech. Still others could extend their hospitality to workers or at least offer a little praise and exhibit a little enthusiasm for their encouragement.
Next an effort might.
the sister provinces to adopt an mimilur the sister provinces to adopt a similar
program. The breadth of the flame program. The hreadth of the hame be sent to cach secretary of a sub-ansocia tion and each secretary of a school district inviting renewer activity in the xisting sub-associations and efforts to start new ones in unorganized territory.
Short pithy references to Direct Legisation as a means of making the gover nent responsive to the will of the organized
unrmerx should be inserted in The Guide from time to time. Leterers, too, dealing with the question of making the school
house a social and educational centre for stults as well as school children should The co-operant to Thine.
The co-operation of the members of the Direct Legislation League should be nvited and their writers, speakers and literature utilized as much as possible.
Data should be collected from Switzerland. Oregon and other places where Direct Legiilation is enjoyed. County organiza-
tion centres should be established in every Provincial electoral division, financed by voluntary contributions of the members of the locals situated within its boundaries and designed to undertake or provide for
the organization of any territory not deale with by committoes appointed by the COMMITTEES WILL BE DEPENDED OPON TO ACGOMPLISH MOST OF

THE ORGANIZATION WORK OF can PLAN a campaign: the SOLDIERS can PLAN a campaign: the SOLDIERS
must do the FIGHTING. For the furtherance of the work of or-
ganization the Central Executive is asked to advise the subordinate associations as follows:-
Each sehool district is to be regarded as the area from which a local association may draw its membership, but where it expedient to enlarge the arrea, two or more adjacent districts up to four, may be dines shall mark the limits of the membery ship area for that subordinate association.' The purpose of definitely fixing
boundaries is to enable the Central boundaries is to enable the Central
Offica to distinguish organized from unorganized territory by reference to departmental maps showing the
boundaries of school districts, and to boundaries of school districts, and to
know definitely from the reports of subassociations what percentage of farmera within their respective districts remain outside the organization. The membera encouraged by published comparisons to do better still, white poorly organized districts may be incited by the evidence of the intherrity of their work as compared with
others, to do better work in the future. The plan of campaign involves an attempt by the members in each and their membersaip until it includes every active and retired farmer and the adult members of his family, resident therein; also such other persons as are known to be in sympathy with the farmers' aims; but at the same time, as far as may be,
TO EXCLUDE EVERYONE ELSE. A list of eligible persons should be agreed upon by a committee, and these invited in members. Committees should even be
appointed to undertake a house to house appointed to undertake a house to house canvass for this purpose. Also meetings of a social character should be held and
non-members invited to attend with the non-members invited to attend with the
same end in view. same end in view.
The use of rural
The use of rural school houses or other rural places of meeting, where adequate,
rather than town halls, for the holding of association meetings, is strongly recommended.
It is further expected that each subordimate association after a period of vigorous internal organization work, will undertake the task of endeavoring to organize adjacent to their own membership area, by the holding of organization meetinga, byerein, preceded as far as practicable therein, preceded as ar as practicabie tees selected for this purpose and assigned small definite arceas. Small leaflets, briefly and in bold type, setting forth the plan to completely organize the farmers of the province and the mediate and ultithe hands of these committees to inspire the handm of these committees to inspire them with a sene of the importance of
the part each little group was playing in a concerted and widespread movement. To again refer to County Associations, it has been suggested that those subassociations, anxious for a County organDivision and to be used for the purpose ond education along lines recommended by the Central Association and undertaken by the Central Executive, should send such a request to the Central Office. When a sufficient number of such requests has been received the Secretary
could call a meeting of the delegates to could call a meeting of the delogates to
be held in some suitable place in the Division to to be attended by a represent-
Dinable in the Division to be attended by a represent-
ative of the Central Association. The ative of the Central Associntion. The
bavix of representation of locals might be one to ten. the Electoral Division, A map of the Electoral Division,
showing the school districts should be Contunued on Page 21

## Tom Spencer's Match

By HILDA RICHMOND

 spencer heard as she openen her heyes
and, with $u$ shuddder and $a$ kroan canused

 down her hweaks, and the doctor who was working over the injured log gave Tom
Spencer al ook that dhbuld have withered hime "It wasn't carclessness, Mrs. Spendeath rap and it is in wonder youn escapped as casily as you did. For a man of your itrcumstanceston tollow hir wife to ket an
 was again unconscious and "eceld say what he pleased. "Shell get Test nyw, nay way
解y to comfortable home and Spencer indignantly. - "To hear you talk one would think Ibeat her or staryed her. Youll meet your match some day, said the doctor secing signs of returning
consciousness in hiis patient. "You'll have to get a trained nurse to look after warmi enough but not overheated." A trained nurse!" gasped Tom ant afford a trained nurse. I though "A trained nurse is cheaper than a funcral," said the physicia
"You can take your choice."
Sarah Ellen Green positively refused to minister to the stricken household II know all about you, Tom Spencer',' she said grimly. "Weighing out three pounds of butter for your wife to use.
I don't put my head into no trap like that. It takes good milk and cream and butter and cges to keep house with, and I can get my three dollars a week and nothing said about skimping and saving. high in the air, and the remarked that Sarah Ellen Green wasn't the only person when he had made the rounds of the whole unity and had interviewed every body he began to be discouraged. The Mrs. Spencer until help could be found, and the three children had been sent to of affairs could not last always, More over, it was very expensive to allow of the household he had succeeded in eleven years of married life in partially training his wife in hatits of economyof system. Finally his second consin, Mrs. Lettic Nelson, said she would come for accommodation, provided he would
get a trained nurse, and this the worried man was forced to do
heavy just now," he said as that capable woman tied a big blue-checked gingham apron over her dress and preparedt to lay
hands on the articles strewn about the disorderly kitchen. "Try to be as saving "Trust me for that, Tom," said Mrs. omy That afternoon as Mr. Spencer started to town she handed him a list of things to buy, as the household supplies were
never very well kept up, and in the days when various ladies prepared meals every thing had run down sadly "Be sure to get the Golden Star coffee, Tom," she said. "I see Abbie has been using the Silver Blend. The Star is it's just as good. And bring a pail of it's just as good. And bring a pail of
that baking molasses, for it's better for sweetening than sugar and costs less. Sugar's awful high just now."
Mr. Spencer beamed with delight as Mr. Spencer beamed with delight as
he found his grocery bill thirty-five cents less than it would have been haling. Mrs.
to his regular place of dealing Nelson knew of " "bargain" store where things were very cheap, and he resolved, as he handed the money over the counter,

$\qquad$
time that Tom. Winter is money awa leisure carrying in wood and put in your wood box holds a good supply and you can fill it every day right after breakfast
I never did go out in the snow anter and I never will. It's a man's place to
do such work". for Abbie,", said Tom, slowly rising from
his insufficient breakfast and going to his tasks. It took an hour to carry enough water for the family washing and to fill that there was no more wood cut and ready for use, so he prepared to spend the rest of the day at that work. Ther
was no wood house in which to work and it was cold and stormy out of doors, but there was nothing else to do, as the
wash boiler remained on the stove all wash boiler remained on the stove all day and consumed wood like a furnace.
He longed to rest his aching limbs by the He longed to rest his aching limbs by the
comfortable fire in the sitting room, but every time he sot foot in there the nurse Mrs. Nelson found some pretext for dislodging him.

## THE FARMER

You may tell of the world's great heroe Of its conquering men of might; Whose deeds of old in stone are told, And their clam to heaven-sent right That for virtue can compare
With the strength and skill of those who fill, The needs that all men share. The needs that all men share.
So here's to the man whose labor So here's to the man who
A goodly harvest yields; A goodly harvest yield For better than they who rule
Are the men who fill the field.

The crowds in our busy cities Year in, year out may toil; But they all depend for their labor's end On the workers of the soil So all the skilful trading And the wondrous works of thought Should not avail should the harvest fail Where the farmers' hands have wrought oo here's to the men whose labor A kindly harvest yields; For better than they who rule or slay Are the men who fill the fields.

Our earth is wide and wealthy But few its sons must be If the fruitful land uncultured stand While they wander, labor-free. So home, and art, and knowledge The best that life can win Can only grow where the plow shall go And with seedtime thought begin. So here's to the men whose labor I precious harvest yields; For better than they who rule or slay Are the men who fill the fields.

## Hastings Coulee, Alta

very nourishing, and with syrup on them Meat is stay by you till dinner time:
"What makes the fire pop and sizzle
mate in this wash bale remarked Mrs. Nelson. "That is the water runs into the fire box and puts out the fire. By the way, Tom, you may water for me. It hurts my back to bend over and dip up water."
"I'm going to get a pump for that cistern the first time I go to town." said the man of the house firmly. "I meant
to do it long ago and just put it off."
I'll buy a new one," he said as he saw
her bringing it out the next morning.
"It wastes more wood than anything."
" Wood is cheap, and it's good exercise
to get it ready. And, anyway, I must
wash this morning. An invalid in the
honse makes a lot of extra work.".
Hard work with the axe in the cold
reduced Tom to absolute weakness and
he sought the house for food and warmth.
I can't wait till dinner time, Lettie.
I'm starved. Have you any cruflers or
pies?
"Crullers! Pies! They are unhealthy
and expensive. It isn't healthy to eat
between meals, but if you think you can't
nentine
 bettad and a dish to hold the thick corn compound that he had heard fifty, blimes at least was cheaper than anything else syrup." 1 don't care much for no more until I churn and we'll have No more until I churn. It seems to me, delicate that you can't eat good food. and then you find fault with everything
"Abbie used to-"
"Yes, but look what Abbic spent She told me just the other day that she never gave you a list that you didn't
grumble over it, and you haven't done that since P'ye been here haven't done likes to liave a man finding fault and growling all the time "
Fifteen minutes later Tom Spencer in the wawn his axe and started to town was a good restaurant. "Cive me some sausage and cakes and ham and eggs," his first square meal in dayy Pe made he rose and paid his bill without a feeling of ill treatment and hurried to the hardware store where he laid in enough utensils to astonish his wife, but he left the back part full of coal. Then he drove home led burst in upon the astonished Mrs. Nelson with a new wash boiler and several other new utensils.
gasped as he look your senses?" she boiler from the stove and uncermoniously pitched it into the back yard
if we I I put up the take the fire out of here and we're going to burn coal. Hereafter frozen with this poor wood ," I'm nearly please you," to do my best and it doesn't please you, said Mrs. Nelson with her
apron over her head. "Before you anything else take me home. You said your wife was extravagant and now you
don't like the way I do. I only came for accommodation and I'll leave if my ways don't suit you."
Of course Tom Spencer begged her to
stay and finally she said she would stay and finally she said she would a
little longer. "It's all folly getting those little longer. "It's all folly getting those
things," she said over and over, "and I knew just how to manage with the old poorhouse, Tom. could take ancer rejoiced to think he chopping, and he joyfully hauled coal back yard. To be sure it was out in the snow and the mud, but he determined as soon as Lettic Nelson went home to
build a coal house. He was sick and tired of the word cconomy, and in his heart he resolved never to say it again
when his wife was well. The meals still continued on the saving order, though
he bought a lot of good things unsolicited, and he longed for the time when the capable cousin could go back to her own town, but she kept him on the move had the chance to make his cscape rarely "Lettie has offered to stay after I get, about and show me her ways, Tom,"
said Mrs. Spencer to her husband during one of his visits to the sitting room as
she began to improve. "She says ahe can teach me how to save-" "Abbie, I never want again," said Mr. Spencer solemnly, have had it for breakfast, dinner and supper since your accident and many
times in between, and $I$ am sick and tired
of it. Have I worried you to death with my constant talks about economy?" "Tom," said a voice at the door,
"there's a man ont here with a new corn sheller. I hope you haven't spent a lot
$\qquad$ said Mrs. Settie, hes thoroughly repentant," unable to keep the

## Lloyd-George: A Spent

 Star or a Growing Force?By H. LINTON ECCIES

> must be changed, but you, the people, are the tribune; you have to decide
whether it shall be changed now, and
forever it is you who, forever. It is you who, through your
innorance and inaction, have allowed
these things to develop into abuses, and these things to develop into abuses, and them. I and the men I can trust will
do our best, sacrifice our lives if need be, part. I have colleagues and friends who do not know you and your lives as I do;
their friends are among that class whose their friends are among that class whose
interests, whose pockets, are bound to be affected, though nothing to the extent in the face of strong opposition, of per-
sonal abuse, of physical weakness. You must show me that, working in your behalf, I can rely upon your loyalty,
your votes, your moral as well as your financial support. If 1 spoke the truth I should tell you you will be fools to your own interests, risking your own salvation as a free, democratic people, on the threshold of these, under God, my
greatest achevements, at this time most significant in our country's domestic history
It is because the Chancellor of the Exchequer believes all that and lives up the influcnce in the Government and the support in the country which he has, and that he will probably achieve more and have wider authority than any man who has come to the front in political Britain since the days of Pitt.
Lloyd-George a spent force? Pray Lloyd-George a spent force? Pray
God, no, say his real friends; Providence God, no, say his real friends; Providence,
grant it, say his most devout enemies. Spent? I think not. It may be that he Poppes Budget will Perhaps he will not have the physical ability to carry over as tremendous obstacles as that met with anything else biggest litte greater. But the life of the other times will never be tost. or any arved his bume on the statute book it is engraved on the hearts, in the homes, and upon the lives of his fellow-country men. The mere sound of it may be its achievement will always be felt.

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Hor., Luad.


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## Farm Problems

| Any reader of The Guide who wishes an answer to any problem on the farm can have them answered in this column. These questions are valuable to all farmers, and shouid assist them to a more profitable return for out charge. Answers by the Correspondence School of Sclentific Farming, Winnipeg. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

RUST ON GREEN OATS
will find sample of dust which collected on binder when I was cutting green oats.
Oats were sown July 5 and cut Oct. 6 . They are intended to be fed in the sheaf. Kindly let me know what this dust is and if it is injurious to horses.
Answer--Upon the examination of the sample under the microscope shows only particles of dust and rust, so no danger in feeding the oat sheaves to your stock. I think that when you cut these sheaves the ground must have been rather wet and that the dust had settled
$\square$

## ${ }^{\text {For }}$ INDIGESTION

AND ALL STOMACH \& LIVER

TROUBLES TAKE

Indigestion means torturing pain, intense wearinese wretched days and wakeful nights. It means starved blood, starved muscles, a starved body and a starved brain ; in short, it means shattered health and a broken constitution unless you root it out without delay. Mother Seigel's Syrup has no rival as a remedy for indigestion, biliousness and all disorders of the stomach; liver and bowels. Try it to-day I
may be fed to horses or cattle without doing them any harm unless the fodder quantities of slightly affected straw seem harmless, but very badly infected straw is liable to cause some ill results. The examination of the sample you submitted, however, did not show enough rust spores to necessitate any doubt

## ERADICATING MUSTARD

F.M.E., Rouleau, Sask.-Is there any other way besides pulling which will kill damaging the crop
Answer.-In eradicating mustard hand pulling gives undoubtedly the best results wherever possible. After the crop
is taken off, fall and spring discing followed by harrowing the growing crop when the plants are from 2 to 6 inches in height, aid considerably. Summerfallow and after cultivation with a this weed completely.
A good method in districts where this weed is very plentiful and where the average rainfall is 20 inches or over, is to dise in the spring to encourage germination, and harrow a little later to kill the young crop of weeds when about in the second leaf. Plow about the begining of June and sow a heavy seeding of beardless barley. The bar-
ley crop is harrowed when about 4 to 6 ley crop is harrowed when about chokes inches high, and the thats that escape the harrow. Beardless barley matures early and generally ripens, but if caught by the frost, being beardless, can be cut and used as green feed, without danger of the mouths of the-stock eating it being injured by awns.

WORLD'S CROP FIGURES
A.T.B., Souris, Man. -The other day I saw some figures giving the yields
of the various wheat growing countries in the world for this year as compared with the last, and as I faired to secure a copy of them I would be very much publish them for me in your valuable publish
paper. Answer.-Perhaps the most reliable Answer.- Perhaps the most rese lines can be
information along these lige
taken from the figures published by the taken from the figures published by the International Institute of Agriculture, with head quarters at Rome, Italy. This institution carefully compiles every year through government figures, information dealing with agricultural matters in every country in the world that is member of the institute. As practicaly al might be taken as representing the it might be taken as representong
best source of agricultural information for the entire world. Under recent issue this institute has issued the following figures for wheat yields of northern hemispheres, which were published in The Guide on October 4:

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
1911 & 1910 \\
\text { bushels } & \text { bushels }
\end{array}
$$

France
$320,141,000$ bushels

## Gt. Brita

120,11,000
$254,363,000$
Russian Empire $633,916,000 \quad 56,593,000$
Russia $\quad 17,821,000 \quad 39,375,000$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Ageria } . . . . . . . & 38,048,000 \\ \text { Egypt } \ldots \ldots . . & 86,187,000 & 87,798,000\end{array}$
Belgium ........ 86,167,000 $814,817,000 \quad 12,449,000$
Denmark $\ldots . .4,4,393,000 \quad 4,550,000$
Spain ......... 156,650,000 137,449,000
Hungary ...... 192,691,000 181,398,000
Italy .......... $192,170,000 \quad 153,339,000$
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Luxemburg } \ldots & 64,000 & 624,000 \\ \text { Roumania } & 95,534,000 & 110,828,000\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Roumania } \ldots . . & 95,534,000 & 110,828,000 \\ \text { Switzerland } & 3,535,000 & 2,756,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Switzerland ... } & 3,535,000 & 2,756,000 \\ \text { United States... } 656,762,000 & 695,443,000\end{array}$ United States. . 656,762,000
Brit. India.... $370,413,000$
$359,137,000$ $\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Brit. India.... } & 370,413,000 & 358,137,000 \\ \text { Japan ......... } & 20,572,000 & 23,728,000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{rrr}\text { Tapan } \ldots . . . . & 20,572,000 & 23,728,000 \\ \text { Tunis.......... } & 6,625,000 & 4,042,000\end{array}$ Canada ........ 204,634,000 149,990,000

## FRESH AIR CURE

A.C.T., Cardston, Alta.-When the nights began to get cold a few weeks ago I put my pullets, which had been roosting in trees, into a poultry house at night to keep out the cold and rain. Lately the pullets have almost all taken cold in spite of this precaution and I do not seem to be able to cure them.
Answer.-All you need to do in this case is to remove the cause of the colds, which means, in other words, to leave the windows open at night and let in customed to roosting outdoors could not be expected to get along without fresh

## DE LAVAL

The most expensively built cream separator but the cheapest to buy. It won't cost you anything to try the De Laval beside the best of other makes and may save you money and annoyance.
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located.
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air, and when confined in the house immediately became over-heated and caught cold.
Spray the inside of the house with some disinfectant to kill the cold germs and keep the windows open until zero weather comes. The sharp cold will not affect pullets and will, in fact, be more conducive to egg laying than a warm stuffy hen house. It would be well to have some chopped straw in the bottom of your chicken house so that by sprink ling a small amount of crushed grain the chickens will be induced to tak scratching for this grain.
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naid by Bax Will Form Co. 275 H College St., Toronto.
accomplished. Again, being up to the
eyes in work, one would have thought eyes in work, one would have thought
they would appreciate the efforts to lighten the load, instead of which they turned
them down with a promptness and a
find finality sunfficient to dampen the ardor of
the most enthusiastic I have maintaist
I have maintained that there has been at this point, and Mr. Langley gives a
his reason the isolated nature of the pro posal. How long would such a poin
remain isolated: How long need it
isolated if a litte isolated if a little organizing energy judiciously expended along this line
To ask is to answer. Were this compan restricted to ten or a dozen houses per
year, by financial causes, there might year, by financial causes, there migh
be a little ereasonin Mr. Langleys conten-
tion. As it is, lack of inclination is the tion. As it is, lack of
only perceptible one.
Your correspondent states that there were six men engaged in orgarizing, and
while I bow to his superior knowledge I
would like to suggest that he give them a while like to suggest that ha enve them a
would
gentle hint to hump themetves a little or, gentle hin to hump themselves a little or,
judging by past trogress with 120 points to cover, this bran or the work will not
in the dim and distant future.
The executive, according to Mr. Langley, are anxious to run this institution on business lines-a perfectly laudable am-
bition-but where the business sense of bition-but where the business sense of there are a number of competitors already on the ground is very hard to see. Noth-
ing suits the existing companies better than ing suits the existing companies better than
to get in at points where there is little or to get in at points where there is little or
no competition, as we know to our cost, but Mr. Langley and his colleagues are prepared to jump in where it is hottest,
and where there is nothing like the same necessity as there is at other points.
Such a business policy would hardly be Such a business policy would hardy be
creditable to the proprietor of a peanut creditable to the propielor the that
stand. Tisdale has already an elevator, but he loses sight of the facts, that 21 of his
points have from one up to five, and that points have from one up to five, and that
this is a street wheat point, where competition is a vital necessity. He also takes tition is a vital necessity. He also takes
great credit for the establishing of initial elevators at 24 points. There is no one
likely to cavil at such an arrangement likely to cavil at such an arrangement
although some of them are track wheat although some of them are track wheat
points, where private companies did not points, where private companies did not
deem it profitable to build. But I hold that the matter of attending to points that are exclusion of places not so fortunate in that regard, is not in accord with the
spirit of the act, nor with the fundamental spirit of the act, nor with the fundamental
principles of business. Sylvania, Sask. WM. RATCLIFFE, JR.

## ALBERTA BY-ELECTIONS AND

Editor, Guide:-During the last campaign 1 listened to a speech by the Hon.
A. L. Sifton, Premier of this Province. It was a well delivered regulation pol-
itical campaign spech and moved along itical campaign speech and moved along
smoothly until I suddenly felt the speaker smoothy until entiddeny fett the speaker
changing his entire attitude. In a moment the man superceded the politician;
mith all the pathos springing from conviction he made a statement, and it seemed to me that he was swayed by several emotions, while so doing.
Prominently, it appeared to
Prominently, it appeared to me, he
spoke as one who had earnestly strive spore attin a purpose but failed; failed
to atcount of a condition of affairs which on account of a condition of affairs which had only just forced itself upon him as
obtaining beyond question of a doubt obtaining beyond question of a a doubt
and being absolutely irremediable. These were his words:-"There is no measure nor policy the government can devise
that will meet with the sanction of the opposition." hardly a reader who has not laughe landing answered the auestion upon landing answered the question stating "I'm agin the government."
How do you like it, you intelligent voters for party politics, that your leader as a Conservative has assumed Pat's
political faith until September 11, and that since that day the members of the former government cannot attain to aa
higher political ambition than Pat's: No regard for public business, no desire to set Canada in the front rank, but
simply by opposing and impeding the government to produce an opportunity to obtain the fats of office for the Party.
To rale and exercise authority is the To rule and exercise authority is the
aim of the party in power, to oppose at aim of the party in power, to oppose at
any cost that of the other side. The any cost that of the other side. The
peoples yoice is not sought and not
considered. It is high time that Can-
adians and party politics came to a part-
ing of the ways.
ing of the ways.
We are told in the Bible that for the
great ones to exercise authority is wrong, great ones to exercise authority is wrong,
but it shall not be so among you, but
whosoever will be chief among you let whosoever will be chief among you let
him be your servant." The old Book also states that a house, no matter of
what description, divided against itself what description, Civided against itself
cannot stand. Could not these words be taken to mean the great value of
Direct Legislation with the Right of Recall? Wherever Direct Legislation has been introduced it has been an unqualified another great State, Califorinia, has also adopted the great principle by a large
majority, even going so far as to adopt the recall of the judges.
By-elections for the provincial house are upon us, and would it not be in order for some man to arise at each political
meeting and ask the chairman to allowed to make a motion, and then propose that it is the sense of the house standing upon melf to introduce, or a in introducing, a direct legislation measure
during the next session of the legislature during the next session of the legislature
and that the meeting, irrespective party affiliations, will vote for the candithis action, Meanwhile we can most organization Yours for the uplift of Cada. Strathmore, Alta.

## CAPITAL AND UNEARNED

Editor INCREMENT
a John R. Symons in which he says that
"I am not well acquainted with Prof. Huxley's writings, and whether land is called wealth or not is immaterial, long as it is used as such.
Allow me to
Allow me to say in reply that it is
the first time I ever heard that Prof. Huxley was an authority on political bution. The names of Adam Smith John Stuart Mill, Jeramy Bentham and David Ricardo are often referred to as
authorities on economics, but the name of Huxley, never. But I have beside me Huxley's chapter on "Natural Rights and Political Rights" in which he argues the earth, that people have no rights by nature, by virtue of their being human, and that any rights that are ours, we are
indebted to the governments for them. o when any person takes this positio in opposition to the teachings of Christ-
ianity and the highest instincts of human nature it is useless to argue with him.
Henry George in advocating the Unwas really championing the natural rights of mankind. Huxley argued that mankind have no natural rights.
Again, land is not " wealt""
Again, land is not wealth and cannot terms to mean different things. Grain oil, wealth produced by labor from the soil, but the grain is not soil and we mis-
understand each other unless we use words that always mean the same thing. If we aim to secure a just distribution
of wealth then we should first have a clear dea of what wealth is, the very thing we are discussing. But just there is where many well meaning people fall downwhat it is That the distribution is monstrously unjust, a foul blot on our civilization, a disgrace to humanity is
evident from the following from Mr Symon's letter-" $95 \%$ of the farms
around Battleford are under mortgage and $85 \%$ all the farm are mortgaged. Canada. I can readily understand how the homes of the lazy and slothful should be under mortgage
but is it nota national disgrace that the homes of the diligent and sober should
be owned by mortgage corporations? be owned by mortgage corporations:
This is the condition that reformers protest against. But before we can imcause and the remedy. And to this end etfort. The first step is to aim to use
eforen Plumas, Man.

WORRY IS A disease. Work the only

## Why You Should Own a Gas Tractor

It's the ideal power for all heavy farm work.

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Two men and a sixty horse power tractor can do the work of six men and thirty horses-better, quieker, easier.


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These -and scores of other good reasons prove
that for heavy farm work there is that for heavy farm work there is no economical Any man mechanically inclised can easily learn to run one.
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 cheaper; how a gas traction engine will lessen
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During the recent confict in Liverpool against the forces of law and order, extraordinary scenes of riot and deliberate hooliganism were witnessed, and the trade of that grea commercial centre was almost complotely stopped. The above picture shows the armored motor-wagon which accompanied the prison vans, containing those arrested for
interfering with the police, to Walton Gaol. In the fore-ground is the escort of infantry passing along Scotland Road. Two months previous to this few people in Eng
land would have thought such an outcome of the then existing labor troubles an utter impossibility.


THE FRENOH BATTLESHIP LIBERTE
That was blown up in Toulon harbor on Soptember 25 . Several hundred were killed. Bodies were hurled high in the
air, and other batteships near were infured.


THE BURMESE SUBJy Tady of quality at Rangoon. $G$


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shrubs, seed potatoes, etc. Out fit free, exclusive. territory, pay weekly, whole or part time engage.
ment apecial cerma for fall or winter months.
Write,
terlhem Nursery Co., Toronto, Ont. SCRIP FOR SALE AND WANTED WE SELL VETERAN SCRIP ON FARM Mortgage security at cash prices. Give
particulars and write for loan application.
Canada Loan \& Realty Co., Ltd., Win. Canada Loan \& Realty Co., Ltd., Win.
nipeg. SOUTH AFRIOAN VETERANS' SCRIP FOR
sale cheap; a few always on hand. Farm sale cheap; a few always on hand. Farm
lands, improved and wnimproved, for ante,
and listr wanted. W. P. Rodgers, 608
McIntyre Block, Winnipeg.
SCRIP


## STOCK BREEDERS' DIRECTORY

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weokly at the rate of $\$ 4.00$ per line per year.
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Uonaider the in in this column compared
carying a card in to
with the results that are sure to follow, and
make up your mind to send us a card today. BERKSHIRE SHOW BOAR FOR SALE-A
Berkhire boar bred from champion sire
 POPLAR PARK GRAIN AND STOOK FARM,
Harding, Man. We breed our show stock
and show our breeding. For sale, Shorthorn
bulls, Yorkshires, Americann bred B. Rock
Cockerels, Choice B, Orpington, registered
Red Fife wheat and unregistered, free from
noxious weeds.-W. H. English, Harding.
nes. 4 SHORTHORN HEIFERS 14 - ORDERS taken for Clydesdale colts and Yorkshire
pigs at weaning. Seven litters nearly due.
A few spring pigs left. Work horses, apd A few spring pigs left. Work horses, apd
milk cown comparatively cheap. Apply to
J. Bousfield, MacGregor, Man.

CLYDESDALES, YORKSHIRES AND AB, P. P and fillies. Boars and Sows from early aprink
liters, and eboice lot oo cockerele, all tor anle
At oreato at reasonable prices. Shippingatations, Carman,
Roland and Grham. - Andrew Graham, Pom.
eroy P.

## STOCK BREEDERS' DIRECTOAY

ORKSHIRE BOARS AND SOWS FOR SALE. April and September litter., C. M. Brownridge

\& Sons. Browning C.N.R., Station and P. Arcola C.P.R., Station.
D. MCDONALD, BREEDEE OF PURE bred Yorkshires and pure bred Shorthorns;
young bull for sule. Sunnyside Stock Farm,

BRAEBURN FARM HOLSTEINS-HERD headed by King Canary six nearest dama
average 24.52 pounds of butter in 7 days. Benj. H. Thomson, Boharm, Sask.
HEREFORD CATTLE AND SHETLAND Ponies-Pioneer prize herds of the West.
Pony vehicles, harnes, saddles.-, W. E.

REGISTERED BERKSHIRE SWINEYoung stock for nale. - Steve Tomecko,
Lipton, Sank.

WA.WA.DELL FARM, BHORTHORN OAT do, thatd, Man.
BROWNE
Breeders of Aberdeen Angua Oattle. SABE, Stock
REGISTERED B.ERKSHIRESWINE
Young stock for sale,-J. Mel herson, Wa
dena, Sakk.
W. J. TREGILLUS, OALGARY, BREEDER

The Mysterious Hog Cholera

Mysterious are the ways of the disease known as hog cholera, which has lately appeared in Manitoba. No other one
disease has so fully occupied the attention of veterinarians, scientists and farmers in the hog growing world. Many are the cures that have been Generally it comes in the fall of the year and disappears in the spring. It
is not peculiar to countries where hogs are kept in large numbers. It is common in foreign countries. It is found in Ireland, where more than half a dozen on a farm is a rarity.
At the present time it prevails very largely in Iowa and Illinois, and in Kansas a very great number of herds are
infected. Mr. Charles Dillon, of the nfected. Mr. Charles Dillon, of the
Kansas Agricultural College, writes: Kansas Agricultural College, writes:
"Cholera is everywhere. The hogs are dying so fast that the anti-hog. cholera serum cannot be made fast enough to save them. The disease has been unusually widespread and excep. ionally fatal this year.
Doctor F. S. Schoenleber, state veter-
inarian at the Kansas Agricultural Col Inarian at the Kansas Agricultural
lege, says:
iThis year the dry, hot summer kept "This year the dry, hot summer kept
the germs alive, so that the cholera went on almost unchecked. Intermittent dry and wet weather might have killed
the germs. Usually cholera breaks out in the fall, but this year the big out-
break came early in August-one or two months ahead of time."

Vaccination the Remedy
Kansas has been taking the most active measures, however, to prevent the
spread of the disease. The legislature spread of the disease. The legislature
appropriated three thousand dollars as a special fund to provide the anti-cholera serum at the agricultural college; while
the college loaned twelve thousand dolthe college loaned twelve thousand dollars more out of its own funds to in-
crase the amount of serum to be produced. This amount has been repaid through the unprecedented demand for
the serum. In 1905305,536 hogs died in Kansas. This year that number is likely. to be exceeded. The serum plant at Manhattan is manufacturing five thous and doses of serum a week, and in six
weeks this will be increased to fifteen weeks this will be increased to fifteen
thousand doses.

Doctor Schoenleber gives the follow ing advice to farmers: "If cholera is within a few miles of a farmer's drove, his hogs, and, if possible, do it bofore his hogs, and, if possible, do it bofor his own animals. If the cholera should break out in his drove, he should call on the sanitary commissioner promptly, and as quickly as possible apply the serum, remove the well hogs, leave those that are sick where they ate, so that the disease will not be scattered.
It really seems as if nothing but the anti-hog-cholera serum as it has been worked out by the Department of Ag. riculture is of any use in dealing with manufactured by the various stes manufactured by the various states,
the best thing a man could do when the best thing a man could do when to sell to the shipper every hog that was to sell to the shipper every hog that was
fit to sell and that showed no signs of the disease; kill off and burn every. thing under six months, and take chances with his brood sows. He might lose half of them, but the other half would be cholera proof.
Now that a serum has been prepared which, if properly used, will save 90 per cent. of the animals, the first thing of the disease. It usually follows along railroads and down streams of water. Wallace's Farmer

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF HIM? Edward Matt, who recently married Miss Gertrude Ellis at Chicago, sought to avoid future domestic infelicity by filing
with the county recorder a guarantee to we as nearly the model husband as possible. The guarantee, signed and witnessed by notary, promised:
"She may do as she pleases. She is free to go and come when she likes, to go with whom she chooses and I will not be jealous. I will not go gunning for a fellow because he admires her beauty and because she smiles when he npeaks
to her. I will not interfere with any of her plans. will give her all my earnings and it will be her privilege to do with my income as she likes, so long as she feeds me well.
" When we have a surplus and it goes

## POULTRY BREEDERS' DIRECTORY

Cards under this heading will be inserted weekly at the rate of $\mathbf{8 4 . 0 0}$ per line per year Payable in advance. No card accepted for leas Consider the smiallness of the cost of carrying card in this column compared with the results that are sure to follow, and make up your mind to aend us a card today

## POULTRY AND EGGS

FINE PURE BRED S.O.W. LEGHORN Cockerels from prize winning stoek, $\$ 8.0$
and $\$ 1.50$ each.-Eva 1B. Patterson, Now

SEED GRAIN, GRASSES, POTATOES ETG., FOR SALE AND WANTED
 SALE AND WANTED HONEY FOR SALE-WHY NOT BUY THIS who keepn the bees $\$ 7.75$ buys a 60 lb, can. 2 for $\$ 15.00$ F.o.b. Dominion
City. B. Browster, Dominion Oty, Man. 14.
City.-B. Brewster, Dowinion FOR SALE SIX BHARES IN THE G.G.C

## PLOWING WANTED

WANTED-OONTRAOT TOR BREAKING. Have eight furrow Cockshuts engine gang
-Murdy McKenzie, Wellwood, Man. 42 -t

NOTICE OF MEETING
LAURA GRAIN GROWERS' ABSOOIATIOX meets every second Baturday, ${ }^{7}$ p.m., be
ginning June 17.-0. Jay. Bec.Treanurar

## DICKILED <br> OpLAR <br> POSTS

## For Fencing

Are estimated to last 20 yeara. They are waterprool, weatherproof and wormproof. They are treated right through with C. B. Preservative Oll, and then with a fire-retardent. They are flatted two siden to a minimum three inchen, barked, pointed and wire bound. Club your ordera and get carload rates. Fall and apring orders must be booked at once to ensure delivery.

## CarbonOil Works, Ltd.

WINNIPEG, CANADA.

to the bank I agree not to hold the keys The checks may be signed by either of us. I agree to come home at a proper hour each night of give ber a valid excuse. her get a divorce if I fail to behave a a kind loving, gentle, considerate husbend should." We suarantee had been duly
When the guarantee had been duly placed on record the couple sought
minister and were married.
succession, the Province of Alber ational Dry Farming Congr of class prizes and awards, and the riumph has been further emphasize next place for the Congress, Lethbridge aving casily won no for the next twelve months the sec retary of
Mr. John Canada
The work done by this Congress is world, and must of necessity tend to better farming operations, in either the
dry or wet belts of any country, and the district which can consistently visi hase of the prizes and trophics receives dvertising value many times greate than the expenditure necessary to secure the prizes and prepare the exhibits.
The actual list of the prizes won cannot be given just at present, but it is a large one, and the train load of delegates from
Alberta came home proud of their provinc and more than ever convinced that it
is by a long way the best portion of the American continent.
Not only did Alberta win out in the contest for awards and place of meeting, being elected on many committees, and now that the Congress is to be held in Alberta it is especially fitting that some on the high honors should be bestowe with the result that the Hon. Duncan Marshall is one of the vice-president.
of the Congress, while Mr. Geo. Harcourt, Deputy Minister of Agriculture is the Corresponding Secretary for Alberta
and is besides this the Chairman of the and is besides this the Chairman of th
Board of Governors (or Executive Com mittee as they would be known here),
and will therefore have a great deal to do in arranging all the details for th next Congress. Seeing that this will be
held in Alberta it is especially gratifying held in Alberta it is especially gratifying
that a man from the province has been chosen
men of the proper calibre were available to take up the work
In some parts of the province the work of the Dry Farming Congress is still
ignored and the need of practicing the ignored and the need of practicing the
plans outlined generally laughed at, but it is admitted that all parts of the country will benefit by the work and that even
those parts which complain of the exthose parts which complain of the ex
cessive moisture will find that much can be done by practicing a system of gratulating Lethbridge in its successful attempt to capture the biggest plum all and in assuring a hearty support t make the hat Congress the biggest an The holding of
mean much for Alberta. It will be attended by thousands of practical farmers and by representatives from almost every advertisement thereby gained all part. of the country will be bound to benefit. To make this congress the biggest
and best will mean much hard work on the part of a large number of the
residents of Alberta, and in this work recognizing that it will be splendid opportunity to spread the knowledge
of the work the U. F. A. is doing, it is to be hoped that all of our members will hand at the 1918 Congress. But on this part of the question more anon.

WHAT THE UNIONS ARE DOING We would like to have a visit from an
organizer of the U.F.A. We have some bumper crops at Caristadt and no means
of handling our grain except to load on cars. We have been promised an elevator by various companies and concerns, but
up to date nothing has been accomplished. up to date nothing has been accomplished.
This would be an excellent place for an up-to-date Farmers' Union, there being
 Carlstadt, Alta.

Millerdale Union now numbers sixteen members, all fully paid up. The majority of farmers in this district are frozen out
this year and will have little or nothing to thresh. Herd law prevails and now
that the people are disappointed with their attempts to grow wheat petitions
for fence law are circulating. We hope for fence law are circulating. We hope
to debate this subject at our next meeting to debate this subject at our next meeting
in November and would like to opinions of those who have experienced oppmions of those who have experienced
fence law. The argument held out
against it here is that pasturage will not against it
be sufficient

## V. NOR . Alta.

## Streamstown, Alta.

Note.-Will any reader who has had experience with fence law kindly let me Zenith Union discussed the proposed
Rural Municipalities Bill at the last regular meeting, with the result that
the following resolution was adopted:to having any Municipal Act forced upon to having any Municipal Act forced upon
us; we are well satistied with the Local Improvement Act as it applies to our
district and we are in favor of continuing the present acreage tax. The Secretary Post Office Inspector at Calgary requesting that the mail delivery day be changed Wenith, Alta. A. McGILLIVRAY, Sec'y

The regular mecting of Strathmore Union was held on October 14, when the following resolution was adopted to act in accordance therewith. Resolved that we, the United Farmers of Strathmore, urge upon Premier Borden and
his cabinet the immediate consideration his cabinet the immediate consideration
of the question of allowing cattle to be of the question of allowing cattle to be
imported free of duty for a period of three months to allow farmers of this locality to purchase cattle from places
in the Uuited States where feed is scarce, further that the Secretary place the matter in the hands of our member, Mr. Rediate action. It was also decided to present the following motion for con-
sideration at the annual convention, "Resolved that should it be impossible for the farmers in the prairie provinces
to get such reduction on tariffs as they find necessary for carrying on their farining operations it will then only remain Yor farm to see that the duty is paid on
all farm machinery, thereby enabling the government to get larger revenues
for the development of the country. Strathmore, Alta.

Mewassin is the nafne of the latest union of the U. F. A.f this organization
being effected on October 14, when fifteen being effected on October 14, when fifteen
members signed the roll. the first members signed the roll. the first
officers elected are president, L. Shaw,
secretary-treasurer, R. P. Shaw, both of secretary-tr
Mewassin.
Onoway Union held a very quiet meeting on October 7, as most of the members are still busy harvesting. It was decided
to secure an additional number of copies of the Saskatchewan Municipal circular as we want to discuss this very fully at our next meeting.
A. A. BROWN, Sec'y

Onoway, Alta.
 tice of motion for a change in
stitution which reads as follows:
"Whereas the present annual member-
ship fee of one dollar is absolutely ind ship fee of one dollar is absolutely inade
quate to carry on progressive quate to carry on progressive work, both
in the locals and in the executive office of in the locals and in the executive office of
the U.F. A., it is hereby resolved that the
so astoread "of not less than two dollars." would be possible to collect two dollars or even more at the present
the reading of the constitution

## Noble, Alta.

My own opinion is that under the
onstitution, us it now reats, it would be be quite possible to collect two or even ten any local union. The section reads
"not less than one dollar," and as there could be collected it is only reasonable to suppose that any union could make an should so decide, the only point in question being that one-half the amount collected whether one dollar or more, should be

The following resolution was passed at the last meeting of Stretton Union, the U. F. A. has been declared to be a by the secretary to some person in Lloydminster re Mr. Jackman's candidature, and printed in full page copies of the
Lloydminster Times, did considerable harm to the farmers' cause, resolved, that f in the future the central executive decide onfine their rema neutral they show issues." We would like to have this resolution sent to The Guide for publicaWM. ASHWORTH, Sec'y.

## I think, in fairness to the central, that t should be known to our members that

 he central office did not write thers that o any person residing at or near Lloydminster, during the late political campaign,for publication, and that if any letter appeared in the columns of the Lloyd minster Times or any other paper, bearing hat letter appeared without the consent of the writer and the publishing of same traight breach of trust. It is true several private letters were written to members of the U. F. A. generally, and
these letters were written under the imthese letters were written under the im-
pression that the views contained therein pression that the views contained therein
were for the private information of the parties addressed, certainly not for publication. In view of the rather serious nature of the resolution passed by Stretton
Union it is only fair that this explanation should be made.

## SOMETHING ABOUT LUMBER

In a very quiet manner, without any
big attempt to secure public notice, the lumber manufacturers of British Columbia recently met in Calgary to decide upon
a policy to be adopted in governing the operations of practically every saw mill in that province, as both the Coast and
Mountain Associations were represented It may therefore be taken for granted that the result of these deliberations, If acted upon, will give some idea of
the future policy of the lumber millers,
and this action, we are told, could be summarized as follows:-
mills, some of which will remain closed till 1913 to abandon lumber camps and sell off the horses.
and price cutting in the sale of lumber To that end it is proposed to sell the product of all mills through one office and as a result many lumber travellers
will be out of employment, and lumber will be out of employment, and lumber
dealers will be forced to buy direct from the one office at the one price, while to buy at all except through the local 3. To meet all cuts in price made 3. To meet all cuts in price made
by American mills until these competitor



4. To apply to the govermment to

 5. Not to make any adrance in price He onee but to sel off surplus stak first then have enonother meteting of the emembers and alop, a new price iitit In the meant

 It is not so very lone wio sine the

 appear that this tesoson has been Iorgoteten apparat that this tesoon has been torgster
 dipan her exidentes
Werere the conditions in the markel Here the B.C. . millmen sell their prou ducts underese canditions, the decisions is an, ete of prusenee with which the and ior popplution wans at at as stanandstitil
 Stagnant or shrinking there mighth bo Lie reverse of these. The popplatioio
 ken, and will probently inereatese cout Siderally during the next year
Bearinn this in
Bearing this in mind the olly conIt the millmen is that their decision antempt to take tur coul
 umber costs more to manufucture, bu becuive the demand is so keen is it to pive Le market, and it woild anpear the dide miliberate scheme is beining prenared to bring atout tan antificial searcity of lumber Ior the sale purpose of making it posisible jinerase e te price of humber mille avedone Tor thoint himing tue milmen is that they havese stateced precietisy what
 in and no one would blame then tor
 existing law allows them they intend ame with the consumer in about the the lemon, and where the existing law will not allow this, as in the absence or none of this material is brough little Alberta anyway, they will try to get it amended to suit their purpose. It is going to be up to the consumer
 measure forearmed, and as we are always at home in an fight wall if in nothing ise t the time has arrived when the armor Must be gired on and hat ight agaims At present tumber is too urgenty neeceded
 by and facept what in fiven us and the prices charged are hizh enough now:

 their armor which can be butucrece, by
 commodity on a mere equitube Eldist


Saskatchewan's Opportunity
supplied by the Central Office, the bound aries of the existing local associations
fixed, and the unorganized territory portioned out for propaganda and organization work among the locals, and where necessary a County Committee or an
outside organizer would be given ter outside organizer wo nld be given ter-
ritory not practicable to be covered by ritory not practicable to be covered by
the work of local associations. Co-incident, or immediately following the work of organization, should be underpolitical associations with farmer memGrowers' association. Wherever there is a Grain Growers association and
no local rural political associations, these should be immediately formed and officerhimself with the party organization for which he feels a preference or where preference exists with one suggested by It is expected that the farmers will take their views, unified by discussion
in their non-partisan association meetings, in their non-partisan association meetings,
into both political camps at the same time, into both political camps at the same time and by sheer force of numbers, due to party organizations will make these
views to be accepted as the views both parties. A party, as a party, will the best organized and most numerous class that takes active part in the work
of its local association, particularly the work of selecting delegates to, attend the party conventions, and nominate the
party candidates. At present this class party candidates. At present this clas
is a coalition of petty office seekers
middlemen and hirelings of Big Business The farmers in the past have failed to secure adequate representation in the
legislature because they were neither well organized as a class, nor took any
conspicuous part as a class in the work of the local party associations. Few of them were members of the local party any part in the framing of a policy or the selecting of a candidate
neither of whom we have candidates is not exercising the franchise. The exercise of the franchise begins with selecting and instructing delegates to or better sto is concerned it might a cand taking part in a direct primary. dominnant class influences at work in the
local organizations, make of it. With enough intelligent class conscious farmers, actively participating in the work of the
locals, both parties in Saskatchewan might easily take on all the characteristic It is proposed instead of taking many questions of policy into the party conunanimity of opimion on even the least
debatable of them as yet, should content themselves in their first trial of strength candidates for the local legislature on both sides of politics, shall be believers in, and pledged supporters of a Direct Legislation measure prepared under the Executive. And this one measure if secured, puts
power into the hands of the organized

Page 2

leaders everywhere will give aid with WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTIEERS voice and pen as ability and opportunity PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE make possible.
This is a missionary movement, and like all missionary movements must
depend upon the zeal of those who have the vision. Those devices which are resorted to by the churches for the raising of funds beyond those contributed by individuals and institutions, must be employed in this campaign. These will suggest themselves to each community according to local ability and preference
It is hoped that the Grain Growers Grain Company, the Direct Legislation Grain Company, the Direct Legislation
League perhaps Joseph Fels, "the League and perhaps oseph Fels, "the
inspired millionaire," may give financial support to the seheme.
All of which is respectfully submitted
E. A. PARTRIDGE.

Members of Committee
Explanatory Note. - The foregoing
article was prepared by Mr. Partridge as one member of the committee of the board of directors of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' association. It was to have been submitted to the other mem bers of the committee, in the hope that it might be made the basis of their re port, but it was found impossible to have the committee deal with it on ac count of the shortness of the time between its completion and the date of the directors' meeting. For this reason, though it appears as the report of thi committee, it is really Mr. Partridge's own personal suggestion. As such, it Wire dealt with by the board of

So far, the success of the movement to
tablish a satisfactory fund has bee
interfered with to some extent by the
many other appeals for money made at our meetings, both large and small. It appears desirable that at our annual
conventions, provision should be made for systematically soliciting those present association also, where there are life members, these could be formed into
a committee to secure additional members. We should make it our aim this coming ten life members from each subordinate association district. This would furnish a revenace sufficient to enable the Associe ation to maintain a staff of employees Mana the supervision of a well paid Managing Director, competent to supply locals attractive centres for to make the ment of social relations and education in practice of voluntary co-operation practice of voluntary co-operation.
5. TIIE SECURING OF ORGA IZATION WORKERS.
is proposed that the planning shall be done by the Directorate and the work by the members of the subordinate be made to our members directly and try and give the campaign the spirit


You Can Buy "dOMINION PRIDE" RANGE At Factory Price Direct From The Largest malleable Range Works in Canada
I ${ }^{\mathrm{F}}$ you want to save from $\mathbf{y}_{2}$ to $\$_{30}$, and at the same time get the most satisfactory kitchen range made, write Tor our Catalogue and look into the merits of the "DOMINION PRIDE," at from \$44 to 849 .
If we sold you identically the same range in the usual way, through a dealer, you would
fom 699 to 878 for it. You would be paying two extra profits- -10 wholesaler and retailer-which would had
 \$25 to $\mathbf{y}_{30}$ to the cost of your range, but aboolutely nothing to 3 value. Moside contip much les, than other range in the clase the strong, malleable iron and the beot blue politiohed atoel-materials which will crack or break.
cloth. With its cold rolled steel plate oven-sectionalifron fire over winith a with air chamber: and doultic walled flues lined with astextos the tests have proved that it savest over $30 \%$ of fuel, burning either wood
or coal.

## WE PAY THE FREIGHT

A "DOMINION PRIDE" Range, with high cioset heif sadelevated tank or flush reservolr, with zinc sheet to ko und range, s sections


Canada Malleable \& Steel Range Mfg. Co., Limited, Oshawa, Ont.

## SASKATCHEWAN SECTION

SASKATCHEWAM GRAII GROWERS' ASSOCIATIOM

Hon. Lift Providiant:


IS The ballot a failure?

Not so very long ago, an American
orator of wide reputation, had this to say:
"The American people have now become extremely conscious that the ballot the panacea for the evils that afflict
.humanity: that it has not prevented in justice. They have discoveredeventhat politi-
cal equality, doess not consist in social fratcruity: that moter demosracy the the
concentration of kreater political power concentration of greater political power
in fewer hands, the accumulation and aggregation of greater amounts of wealth
ing individualk, are more possible than muder a monarchy, and that there is a
tyranny more fatal than kings. Our political system has developed a speculative
class. They toil not, neither do they class. They toil not, nether dom ticy
spin; yet solomon in all his, glory was ont
arrayed are not socinalist, anesechists or com-
amuists; but they are secing that speculators infest the social system of every country on earth, that they have no
nationality and no politics but plunder, no phtry where this plunder has been per-
couited to a
mreater extent than in our own, from Washingtor's day until now, is an experiment it is the most terrible commentary on the page of time. We
are used to speaking of this land as the tand or the fhee and the h hame of the brace:
but it is fast becoming the home of the but it is fast becoming the home of the
rich and the land of the slave, We point at Great Britain and denounce aristocracy.
We thought we had abolished these thinga, but we are in a condition compared with
which the accumulated fortunes of Great which the accumplated fortunes of Great
Brittin are puerile and insignificant. about $7,000,000$ bales, yet the New York about $40,000,000$ bales-speculative deals. profitable, remuncrative, enabling them to
pile up great accumulations, thus pitting of the country. The same prevails in every dollar, over cost of production and
interest on capital invested, is plunder interest on capital invested, is plunder.
violently filched out of the earning of the labor operatives and farmers; and yet
goes on in the name of speculation, eulogised, defended, and its advocates and
perpetrators entitled to respect and apperpetrators entitled to respect and ap-
probation. The appalling condition of poverty and wret chedness prevailing,
cannot be found in maturat canses but lies at the door of these artificial hindrances
to fair play The remedy is in legislation.
 different liness, Soon the alignment wil
be the contents and the discontents. me ${ }^{\text {misorisy }}$ Thiss cannot cont Tinue. The
inevitable must come. The discontents will see that in the control of the legis-
hature lies the remedy, and there will be a revolution of law by law, for equitable
laww

## LEGISLATION DIRECT

 If Direct Lepislation will do even fiftyper cent of what is claimed tor it by its
advocates, by all means let us have Direct Legistation.
the Initiative, the Referendum and the Recall. The right of petitioners to pro all the people, and recall any representa-
tive who refuses to act to suit them. Live who refuses to act to suit them.
In other words--To give any small group
of men the opportunity of proposing a of men the opportunity of proposing a
change in existing la sus, or making new ones, and to present sa me to all the peophe
for their approval or rejection, and that
the man who refuses to obey the will of the man who refuses to obey the will of
all the people thus expressed. may be called down from his high office, whoever
and whatever he may be, and replaced by ${ }^{\text {another. }}$ Initiative:-Right of eight per cent of electors to propose a law by means of
petition." $\quad$ Referendum:--Right of five petition." "Relerendum:-Right of five
per cent. of eleters to demand of the
logintures, sebmesion may pass, to the people, or or any law the
legislature may desire to submit, to the

his constituency for re-clection,
clam is set up, that with the machinery, the people, in spite of the
legislature, can initate good lase, reject
bad ones, dismiss unfaithful or incombad ones, dismiss unfaithful or incom-
petent representatives, and thus make
the whole suc whar vient to the the will of the peopple. It
further presumes that the people's will thus expressed, will more readily secure that which ought to prevail. What say

## THE BIG SASKATCHEWAN

> CONVENTION The following letter and
may be interesting to many of our local
officers and members in

$$
\underset{\text { October }}{\substack{\text { Spy } \\ \text {, }}}
$$

Fred W. Green, Esq.,
Dear Sir:-
Would you please let me know what questions you think are likely to come
up for discussion at the coming convention, and oblige,

## (Sgd.) H. J. PERRIN, Sec'y

H. J. Perrin, Esq.,

Your request of the 9th inst. re ques-
tions likely to be under disusion next big convention, is here. Up to the present, no new question has been pres
ented at this office, other than those of ented at this office, other than those of
which notice has already been given. Which notice has already been given. providing for county associations and questions involved therein. Such as,
Shall the county area correspond to the Dominion, or the provincial electoral boundaries: To the crop, or our organi-
zation districts, ... so some other more satisfactory unit? ." Then "shall the mone of representation to central convention
remain as at present, one to ten, or be remain as at present, one to ten, or be
made one to twenty-five?"
Or "shall the proposed new county body select the
delegates to the central; if so, on what basis?" "What fees will be required to
operate the county? How raised?" "Shall locals forward fees to the county, and the county forward a part to central,
or vice versa? ". Shall we aim for a
 federal control?" "County or provin-
cial?"
There are principles involved in these questions.
Then the life
in earnest, or shall we build fifteen other things and let our association die? The
hail insurance question is still unsettled. but much crop wastetted by hail. Direct
Legislation is said by Legislation is said by many, to be the
one thing that will enable with much wickedness in politics. We endorsed this system at last convention,
but it is not a weed and will need careful, earnest work to secure it, we are told.
What we shall further do, will depend on the delegates at the convention. Then, our convention for the business of the the
convention? Shall we permit the thatls convention? Shall we permit the stalls
of four or five different companies to be erected in our corridors for sale of stock and promulgation of pet schemes, and
have our delegates hounded from pillar to post (until they have no time to swallow their spittle) about every conceivable thing on earth but the thing for which
our members sent them there? Then, are Cur members sent them there? Then, are
we to introduce party politics into our
association inderin association, independent politics, or any
other politics? What move, new or old, shall we make to meet the cunning work ings of the Special Privilege party? Do
we need any more by-law machinery for the proper conduct and regulation of our
local association, and where should centre of authority be located as to inter pretation of these by-laws and constitu-
tion, and how enforced tion, and how enforced'Should we have
any part in the control of any part in the control of our official
organ? If so, how should it be secured, and how applied?
1 think this, with a careful study of the constitution, and the proposed amend-
and they are important. Doubtless other
questions will be coming in from the
locals round about soon now, and will be eported in The Guide. COAM LAKE GETTING BUSY red W. Green, Esq. Foam Lake, S Moose Jaw, Sask. Oct. 10, 1911
Dear Sir:-

## know the result, would it mot be a good

idea to fire a few resolutions at our repres entatives in regard to some of the points sitting of Parliament The $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{B}$ R ne point that is likely to come B. R. i first point that is likely to come up at the know that Mr. Borden has pledged himself to "the immediate construction of
the H. B. R. and its operation by an inthe H. B. R. and its operation by an in-
dependent commission." Now this is a point that appeals to me very this is especially the operation of it. Then the terminal elevator question is another very important question now, especially since reciprocity has been defeated. We must our wheat there, as cheaply as possible and without mixing. Now our represen-
tative, or rather, the man that was elected in the Humbodt Division (Dr. Neely),
has declared strongly against government operation of either terminal elevators or the H. B. R. I have been thinking that it would be a good idea to pass resolutions
in all the associations and ask Dr. Neely to support the measure, or at any rate,
not to oppose it. Besides there may be not to oppose it. Besides there may be
other members of the same belief as Dr. Necly, so I am just making this suggestion as these are questions $I$ am greatly interMy opinion is that Mr. Borden will meet with some opposition from the
Eastern members, in regard to the H. B. R. Eastern members, in regard to the H. B. R.
and we should try and get all the Western

Will send in membership fees as soon
as I get time to straighten up my books. as I get time to straighten up my books. LEESON KIDD. ning up. A directors meeting is bein held November 1. Action may be expected. ROZILEE BRANCH HAS A HARVEST HOME DANCE
Rozilee Branch

Dear Sir:-
I thought you would be interested supper and dance, given by the above It is the intention of the directors to. make this an annual affair, and it is hoped by these means to bring our branch
into prominence. It took place at the into prominence. It took place at the
Rozilce School House on Sept. 29 and some sixty guests sat down to supper, Great credit is due to the committee
of ladies for the artistic way in which the tables were set, also to the ladies
who supplied the good things placed on who supplied the good things plac
the tables; in fact, to the ladies that we owe the success of the evening
After supper dancing was indulged in until the early, or rather late, hours of he morning. A vote of thanks is ex tended to the committee of members first harvest home. We hope to reap the benefit of this,
by a much larger membership next year. BERNARD H. BUTLER.

## Bernard H. Butler, Esq., $\begin{gathered}\text { Rozilee, Sask. }\end{gathered}$

Dear Sir:-
Yours of the 9 th inst. with the report of annual harvest home, to hand, for large new membership roll to be the result of this gathering, with a large
number coming in for life. Doubtless number coming in for life. Doubtless Such a chance to pick a wife, should bring
members in for life. I trust you people

\section*{| Directors at Large <br> E. A. Partridge, Sintaluta; G. Hawkes, Percival. Fangley G. Hawkes, Percis Nutana. <br> District Directors |
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will get busy to extend the membership to some hard thinking, do not let it end in dancing. "Life is real, life is earnest" There are important matters for farmers, Canadian citizens, to deal with. Weeds growing wild must be destroyed: Ground
must be cultivated, to prod. crop of useful vegetation. This applies to legislation: and farmers are cultivators in the legislative field, just as well as
in the agriculturat field, both as to des truction as well as production. Yours truly,
F. WR. GREEN THE PRICE OF COAL Regina, Oct. 14, 1911 Dear Mr. Green.
In compliance with your telephone request of yesterday, I beg to present
herewith some information respecting the coal situation. iogheny steam coal may be and Yough from any of the reliable wholesale dealers named below for $\$ 3.20$ per ton unscreened and $\$ 3.50$ per ton screened. Anthracite
coal from the same dealers. coal from the same dealers would cost Adams Coal Company, Winnipeg; Windatt \& Company, Winnipeg; Harstone
Bros., Winnipeg; Osler, Hammond \& Nanton, Winnipeg. The above prices are f.o.b. Fort William, and the freight
rate from Fort William to Moose Jaw is $\$ 4.60$ per ton. Two mining
Nest district are now operating their plants and are in a position to supply steam coal to the domestic trade. These
companies with their daily output are as follows:-West Canadian Collieries, Blairmore, Alta., 300 tons daily; Leitch Collieries, Passburg, Alta., 550 tons
daily. The prices of this coal daily. The prices of this coal are $\$ 2.50$ freight rate from Blairmore and Passburg per Leading dealers in lignite coal mined as follows:-The Western Dominion Collieries, Ltd, Taylorton; The Manitoba Maple Leaf Coal Company, Estevan. The price for mine run or unscreened
coal from the above named mines is coal from the above named mines is
$\$ 1.75$ per ton, while screened coal is
$\$ 2.25$ per ton. The freight
Estevan to $\$ 2.25$ per ton. The freight rate from
Estevan to Moose Jaw is 81.60 per ton.
Yours faithfully, (Sgd.) A. F. MANTLE.
Deputy Mind

SAME OLD TRICK
A farmer called today with the old,
old story of "Elevator Man and his tricks." This farmer took three loads The loads averaged two bushels difference in weight between elevator weights and city scale weights. He had to sell wheat at No. 2 price. He loaded two cars of the
same wheat and sent them to Fort William, where they graded No i Northern, Netting 5 ce
price or a total on each car of .... 855.00 Save 28 bus
dockage
 him how to stop the game. He joins the association, gives them one dollar and

## The Home

THE ORDINARY CHRISTIAN It does not take deliberate wickedness to wreck the peace of a home. Uncontrolled temper and unchecked self-will
can do it. It does not take an almost angelic spirit to make happiness; the orwho display cheerful unselfishness, daily sympathy, and kindly tolerance, can build up its foundations. The famous epitaph,
"She was so pleasant," ought to be applicable to every Christian woman's life; as Wordsworth says he should be, by Wordsworth says he should be, by
$\because$ His little, daily, unrecorded acts
Of kindness and of lov lovely harmony would replace all the is too often part and parcet of our home life.

## SPARROWS

Little birds sit on the telegraph wires, And chiter
Maybe they think that for them and their sires
Stretched always on purpose those And perhaps the thought that the world Did plan for the birds among other things.
Little birds sit on their slender lines, And the news of the world runs under How value rises and how declines, How kings with their armies in battle meet;
And all the while, 'mid the soundless signs sweet. Little things light on the lines of our live Hopes and joys and acts of today; Ind we think for those the Lord contrives,
Nor catch what the hidden lightnings Yet from end to end His meaning arrives,
 Ans.

 he planned for the birds with the
larger things.

## THE CALIFORNIA VICTORY

 PRAISE GODTHIS IS the telegram Mrs. Elizabeth Lowe Watkins sent out to the National President, Mrs. Anna Howard Shaw, sure that every woman in Canada as well as California will thank God that the
women are winning their freedom, and women are winning their freedom, and
that the men who are their supporters are that the men who are their supporters are
the clean honorable men of these states. Men who have been instrumental in bringing about the best laws in every case
for the protection of the women and children.
The Woman's Journal writes as follows:
"This is in one sense the greatest
victory in the history of the movement, since it enfranchises more women than having a much larger number of women having a much larger number of women
citizens than any other of the suffrage states. Furthermore, social conditions in California approximate those of the great body of the country even more
nearly than is the case in Washington, and the results from equal suffrage there will be regarded as more conclusive than in the states where women are in the
minority and social conditions have a somewhat special character. Everywhere California songs been suffrage picture have been shown at all entertainments."

HOME MADE FIRELESS COOKER A correspondent writes a note on the
pondent of the New York Globe and Thmercial Advertiser. was made from two covered white agatewate pails, the smaller a two quart milk pail, with a tight fitting cover, the larger tin pot cover.
A three-inch layer of crumpled newspapers was tightly packed in the bottom then placed upon the centre of this pad
ther and strips of newspaper folded length wise were wrapped around the small pail until the space between the two pails was filled, packing the newspaper very
closely. A pad of newspaper was made closely. A pad of newspaper was
to fill the remaining space at the top In using the cooker less water is used than in ordinary cooking, no water being lost by evaporation. The food is heated to the boiling point, covered and immedipad and tin cover, weighted down by a flat iron.
Rice cooks in one and one-half hours, dried fruits in four hours, meat in two inch cubes in eight hours, though meat should

9044. A Stylinh Coat for the Young Miss.
Girl's Coat (in either of two lengthy) with without Coff and with Straighto on Notched Closing.
This desirathe model has a prettily shaped
collar which may be over haid with velvet or satin. This desirable model has n prettily shaped
collar which may be over haid with velvet or satin.
The coat sleeve in two pieces, is finished with $n$ shaped cuff. The Pattern is cut in five sizes:
6. 8, 10 , 12 and 14 years. 14 requires $31-8$ yards
of 30 inch material lor the 10 year size. be removed and reheated after four hours. Cereals put in the cooker at night are thoroughly cooked and at the right te perature for breakfast next morning.
Experiments prove that newspape Experiments prove that newspapers
give better results as packing material give better resuls as packing material
than hay or excelsior, as they do not sour than hay or excesior, as they do not sour
and are easily renewed. White pails retain heat longer than dark-colored ones, tain heat longer than dark-colored ones, or wooden box will answer, provided
always that there are at least three inches of packing at top, bottom and sides.

Paper Bag Cookery
Another correspondent writes:-
I am much interested in the new paper bag cookery. It is the invention of ous London club. The articles to be cooked are placed each separately into bags of waxed paper, put into the oven
and left there till finished. It does away with washing up of saticepans zand is said o be very economical of heat. Those
dishes which can be cooked in this fashion are very delicate and delicious in flavor The New York Evening Post reports Regis Hotel, New York, lately served a luncheon cooked in this fashion. It included a thick soup, a baked kingfish, a roast chicken, corn on the cob, and a rice pudding. The fish and the chicken came out perfect, but both the soup and
the pudding were died up. The corn was
well flavored, but not guite evenly cooked

However, the new process is in its infancy, and improvements will doubtless be made. It certainly preserves both the flavor and
the nutritious qualities of the food, does away with fumes, saves a great deal of labor and is pre-eminently clean. The cost of these bags is so small that even simple households may avail them-
selves of this opportunity of giving this style of cookery a good trial. It has been proved to be more convenient, more economical, more tasty and more convenient than the older forms of coo
Here are seven of its advantages: Here are seven of its advantages:

1. The fullest retention of all nutritive qualities in food. shrink in weight.

No dirty saucepans to be washed No contamination of foodstuffs. The cooking is done

## TESTED BY RESULTS

Do not trust to the theory that can't be made to work. Do not live in a visionessness, every time that you have to face a practical question. Test yourself, as

## WHY NOT YOU?

All the ideas haven't been appropriated All the deeds that might help the world have not been accomplished. Somebody whead. the ideas which will push the word which will make mankind wiser, happier and better. Why shouldn't that some-
body be you?

## ALMOST SUCCESSFUL

The most helpless failures, perhaps, are the people who come so near success
that they are convinced that their missing that they are convinced that their missing
it is due to adverse luck, and not to a lack in themselves. Such young folks need to gealize that almost to succeed is to fail failure cannot alter the fact of its existence

## PLANNING AND BUILDING

It does not matter how splendidly the rehitect of a building has conceived his plans, provided the bricklayer fails in
his part. The loftiness of his ambitions will not save you if you fail in the commonplace, every day duties. It is your business to see that the bricks are laid right,
as well as to make the plan of your life ofty and symmetrical.
WHERE MAGNIFYING GLASSES ARE NEEDED
Cheeriness is very largely the habit of making the most of pleasant things, and the least of those which are unpleasant. Put on your magnifying glasses
when you are considering your blessings, when you are considering your blessings,
and look over or around your troubles. Most lives have sorrows enough to shadow

8893. A Smart Shirt Waint Model. A type of shirt waint that is easily made and
beoming to most women is here showa. The becoming to most women is here hown. The
poket is a mart tanture that may be omitiod.
The teeve is the eregulation abirt sleeve with atraight The seeve is the regulation hirtsleeve with straight
cuff and hap. The Patern is cut in 6 sizes: 38 .
4, $36,38,40$ and 48 inches buat measur

BRAINS --ENERGY =SUCCESS
Nothing will keep a business man
in better hustling trim than a daily in better hustling
It reaches the spot quickly - (there's a scientific way of saying it)-and fatigue is forgotten and the brain
quickened.
Take it before lunch or before re-
tiring at
BOVRIL
Contains all that is good in beef
them if the sorrows get the emphasis And most lives, too, have joys enough put in the foreground.

## THINK FIRST

Be watchful of saying "no" too quickly Do not make up your mind that you cannot help and that you will not accomnecessary. And on the other hand do not be too prompt with your "yes," People who make many promises without stopping to think, are pretty sure to break some of them. The two little words that bind us to a course of action are casily there should be some hard thinkooring

## BE GLAD OF THE HARD VICTORIES

Do not be satisfied with easy victories That which you can win without trying is not worth winning, as a rule. No one gets sar whose dy work does not cos becomes strong which does no character resistance to temptations which grow by fiereely. Even the friend who is best worth having is not won till you have proved your worth. Be glad of the hard victories. Leave the easy ones for those

## MORE THAN LACK OF JUDGMENT

To go in debt for a necessity is a misfortune. But to go in debt for a luxury is a greater misfortune. The man out of work may ask credit at the butchers, or call in the doctor when his children are sick, in hopes of paying such indebtedness when he is on his feet again. But if he such circumstances, he is dishouest under The young man who is earning ten lars a week, and cultivating tastes which go with an income ten times that amount. is very likely to flatter himself that it will be easy enough to pay the tailor's little bill some time in the future. There is something worse than lack of judgment.
To incur debts without knowing how they To incur debts without knowing how they are to be paid,
actual dishonesty.

## THE FASHIONS

It is rather difficult to decide what is to be the reigning color this year. I am very blad to know the chicf colors for children blue young girls. The navy blue tailor-made costume for girls from 14 to 18 , and the sailor dresses with red, white and blue braidings are the most charming dresses or school children. Of course as the winer advances, the darker shades will prevail, such as indigo blue, dark brown and he grey shades.
but is a very ugly shade very fashionable, but is a very ugly shade, and very trying
to most complexions. The evening gowns to most complexions. The evening gowns are particuarly pretty, especially the
eau-de-nil with the fish-wife tunic turned


## WELL, WELL!



## (2) चित्रो

 episemis: ofloigoCor. Portage and Edmonton St. Winnipeg, Man
Fall Term Now Open students may enter at ANY TIME Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Spelling,
Penmanshlp, Law, Shorthand and Typewriting
Write for large Free Catalogue

## Success Business College

 WINNIPEG, Man.

Favorite Old-Time Songs
 15 Cents

 but you cannot govery far of in buying
a plain smart tailor-made costume for fall weart hats are small with fancy plumes. It would be very hard to give any idea
of the reikning fashion in hats, as almost
 ssitst the faec, and the color harmonize
with the costume you can wearalmotian shape that suits the fancy. I always feel
so sorry that there is practically no change one can advise for the boys'suits. With the
exception, of course, of the smart sailor exception, of course, of the smart sailor
suit or Norfolk, there is very little change SILK EMBROIDERING Dear Mary:- I am enclosing a sample of nunsveiling and I wish to ask what
two shades of silk would be best to em-
broider upon this shade. I am planning
 Ans.- You could PRAIRIE GIRL, either robins Ans.- You could use either robins
egg blue combined with wool browns or
mignonette green, or preen or brown in mignonette green, or green or brown in
any combination. It is always best to choose the colors according to your own
complexion. If you are fair, of course, complexion. If you are fair, of course the lighter shades.
Dear Mary Flannel
Dear Mary:-I am writing you con-
cerning a grey flannel piece of dress goods cerning a grey flannel piece of dress goods
that I bought for my daughter sixteen that 1 bought for my daughter sixtce
years of age. Would this be suitable for sailor dress, and what color would you
suggest for the trimmings. I hope you can help one this matter
Ans.-This would be very suitable for a sailor dress, but would advise the sailor dress with bodice attached for a girl of
that age. If your daughter is dark, red and grey would make a very smart, com-
bination. I have also seen dark blue used bination. Thave also seen dark blue used
with very pretty effect, but so much with very pretty effect, but so much
depends of course on your daughter's complexion.
HARD LUCK He had a prophylactic beat, And led a sterile life.
Had hygienic caildren and A sanitary wife.
Lived in a fumigated house
And wore aseptic suits,
Ate germicidal food and smoked
Denicotined cheroots.
His milk was always pasteurized He drank denatured water;
He ne'er forgot to swat the flies, He ne'er forgot to swat the flies,
Mosquitoes he would slaughte Mosquitoes he would slaughter.
He screened his doors and windows

His office disinfected; Against microbes of every kind
He felt himself protected.

He exercised; he slept by rule His health was excellent and he Defied disease and death. His plan was admirable, no doub
But darn the measly luck But darn the measly luck, Ae went and got run over by A WORKING CHURCH UNION The people of Proctor, Vt., seem to have
achieved a church union that works with since 1889, too. At that time the question of church building along modern lines
came up among the Methodists and the Congregationalists, the sects which pre-
dominated in Proctor, and as there was feeling against the waste which new church buildings
would ent

## undertaken

A modern church edifice, built of marble
valued at $\$ 45,000$, including a valued at $\$ 45,000$, including a beautifu
parish house, exists in Proctor The policy is independent and undenomi-
national. The financial organization national. The financial organization is
an incorporated body, whose membershi an incorporated body, whose membership
includes some who are not members of includes some who are not members of
the church. The regular business i perpetuating a title and an office peculiar to Methodism. Thus there is a perfect
blending of Methodist and Congregational blending of Methodist and Congre
methods in the governing board.
Questions or cred and sects are result is that the membership contains former Congregationalists, Baptists, Epis-
copalians, Presbyterians, members of the copalians, Presbyterians, members of the

## Buying Blue Ribbon Goods

 Is Economical

When you buy Blue Ribbon Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder or other Blue Ribbon lines you save money. Not only do you get goods of better flavor but they last longer. And you are safe in buying Blue Ribbon lines for they are guaranteed. Your grocer will refund your money if you are not fully
satisfled. We only ask that you return the balance of the article bought. satisfled. We only ask that you return the balance of the article bought.
But we feel sure you will be delighted with these goods when once you try them.

40 POPULAR SONGS WITH MUSIC, ONLY 2c


Fo:ty of the ch icest musical sems in our lan-
uage, words and music all complete, with full
cu: parts for both hands, clearly printed and atly bound in colored covers. To get ac quainted with you in a business way I will send postage. Such an offer has never before been made, and this is good only till the few thousand copies of this book that I have now are gone. address and a. 2c stamp at once. A. M. Jury, formed Church of Hungary, Disciples, In addition to this waste, there is conThe Proctor Church began with a by another Methodist minister and he by Congregationalists. But, as all these men worked, not to build up a sect but to evangelize a community no one knew would have preferred, if any. The Church
is out of debt, is very much alive and is a factor in the social life of the place. The present pa

PRACTICAL RANGE ECONOMY In these days when everyone is feeling
the high cost of food, it is remarkable how many sensible, practical, coonomical housewives fail to practice economy
in the right spots. For instance: so many
housewives continue month housewives continue month after month,
year after year, trying to get good results
out of the old cook out of the old cook stove or range one
that uses up twice as much fuel as is nec that uses up twice as much fuel as is nec
essary to attain the best results-and the imagine they are practicing economy merely because they save, for the moment,
the price of a new range. Is that real It don't take much figuring to econgement It don't take much figuring to work ou that it is a false standard of economy a new range
$\qquad$ with stove bolts and putty and from whice the putty has dried up and crumbled through which open seams all over it
knife anywhere insert a table

In addition to this waste, there is con-
stant waste of high priced food which has
not had a square deal from the old, worn not had a square deal from the old, worl

WONDER WHAT SHE MEANT Baby had been displayed in tis best callers. The and to a number of admiring and was evidently trying to think of something nice to say. Finally she re-
marked: "Dear me, how much he "ike It's ronly the warm we ther," repid his mother, somewhat testily replied child is usually right cheerful and hand-
some."

eadquarters for Everything Photographic
Steele Mitchell, Limited 213 Rupert Ave., WINNIPEG, Man. WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS
PLEABE MENTION THE GUIDE

## "Young Folks Circle"

Dear Boys and Girls:-Remember that the competition "When I grow up" will close on November the 15 th; the letters are coming in fast, grout not fast enough. I always knew the girls could talk better than the boys, and now I am doubly sure of it, because the girls are away ahead in the numbers of those who have written and sent in their stories. Perhaps the boys don't want to grow up; yet I feel sure they do, and that they are all planning great and noble deeds, and the high standard of manhood they are going to reach when they grow up.

Boys of thought! be up and stirring,
Night and day
Night and day
Sow the seed-Withdraw the curtain
Men of action, aid and cheer them,
As ye may!
There's a fount about to stream
There's a light about to beam
There's a warmth about to glow
There's a flower about to blow;
Men of action, men of thoughtit
Men of action, men of thought
Clear the way
dread plague of tuberculosis. Dr. Ernest Hutchinson and Dr. Easton, two very time to the prevention of tuberculosis, have stated with commendable courage that it can be "stamped" out, and further go on to say that the real infection is only in the fifth year. It is of vital importance that hope and
courago should be instilled into the minds of the women and children so that should they be called upon to face the problem of saving their dear ones
from the horror attending the very name of tuberculosis, they would not look upon it as a hopeless case, but would upon it as a hopeless case, but would
know that by prompt methods in the early stages a permanent cure could

## MY DOG

I have no dog, but it must be Somewhere there's one belongs to A little chap with wagging tail, And dark brown eyes that never quail,
But look you through and through. But look you through and through, and With love unspeakable, but true.

Somewhere it must be, 1 opine, There is a little dog of mine With cold black nose that sniffs around In search of what things may b
In pocket, or some nook hard by, In pocket, or some nook hard by,
Where I have hid them from

## Somewhere my doggie pulls and tugs

 The fringes of rebellious rugs, Chews all my shoce of the pup And, when he's done it to the up With when he s done it to the core,Weads for more

Somewhere, upon his hinder legs, My little doggie sits and begs, Pleads for the pleasures of the I pray it be his owner's whim To yield and grant the same

Somewhere a little dog doth wail It may be by some garden gate. With eyes alert, and tail attent You know the kind of tail that's meantWith stores of yelps of glad delight
Tolbid me welcome heme at night.

Here are some of the very best books that boys and girls ever read They are interesting stories of other boys and girls and of horses and dogs

Black Beanty - a talking hors
Beautiful Joe a talking dog.
Little Lord Fauntleroy.
Robinsoe Crusoe.
Swiss Family Robinson.
Alice's Adventures in Wonderland.
Gulliver's Travels
Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm
For the best letter we get from a boy entitled "When I Grow Up" we will give any three of these books he selects as a prize. For the second best we will give any two books and for the third best one book. For the best letter on the same subject from a girl we will let her chose any three of these books; for the second best two books and for the third best one book. Here are six prizes for our boys and girls. Don't make your letter more than 200 words long nor less than 150 words. We have decided to extend the time for receiving these letters till November 15. Address your letters, " Young Folks Corner, The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg."

## MOTTO:

ONLY ONE
Hundreds of shells on the shore together Hundreds of birds that go singing by, Hundreds of flowers in the sunny weather Hundreds of dewdrops to greet the dawn,
Hundreds of bees in the purple clover, Hundreds of bees in the purple clover, But only one mother the wide world ove

You will never know your strength Just by Better Street at length
$\qquad$
KEEP SWEET
A Helpful Poem for My Members' Album
Sings all the livelong day
Keep sweet! Keep swet
A blessed roundelay.
modest little brown-clad bird
All day upon the wing,
Yet failing not to sing.
Oft when some trifle hard to bear
Provokes a hasty word,
Keep sweet!' comes floating on the air,
A chiding from the bird. A chiding from the bird.
Keep sweet! Keep sweet!' now here
This song just meets my need,
The blithe note wakes in me the prayer,
May I keep sweet indeed
When Andrew Mack, the actor, was by a beggar in Dublin, who held out a much battered Derby hat and whined: "Plase, sor, drop a sixpence in this "American hat
American hat?" asked Mack.," Why "Sure," said the beggar, "there's no

THE WORLD'S ALL RIGHT
I AM GLAD to see that a halt ha children, and even grown ups, by the

## \$20 OVERCOAT

## to measure

 FOR 8.60 Curzon's 88.60 Overnoat has All Curzon clothing is sold with guarantee (satisfaction given or money returned) and is produced from genuine British Textiles.M IDE FROM REAL BRITISH MATERIAL8.
Greatest attention is paid to the cutting of every individual order, and the style of production is equal to anything sold anywhere at twice and thrice the moneyat least, this is what the Curzon clientele say about the Curzon $\$ 8.60$ Overcoat.
Then there is the tailoring. As is well known, London is the hub of the tailoring craft, and Messrs. Curzon Bros., as practical tailoring experts themselves, are in a position to secure the most qualified Curzon tailoring is sold with the following guarantee:

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY RETURNED IN FULL
One Silver and Two Gold Medal Awards.
Our methods appeal to the thoughtful man : that is perhaps why we number among our clientele such well-known men as the following: Rev. R. J. Campbell, Hon. G. E. Foster, M.P., Horatio Bottomley, M. P Lieut.-Col. A. E. Belcher, Lieut.-Col. Dr. S. H. Glasgow, Hon. R. M.P., W. H. Doyle, M.P., Hon. F. W. Aylmer, Mr. Eustace Miles, Dr. T. R. Allinson, Major-Gen. J. C. Kinchant, Mr. Matheson Lang, Mr. Montague Holbein.

Fill in a post card and address same to us as below, asking for our latest assortment of materials. Together with patterns, we send you fashion-plates and complete instructions for accurate seff weasurement tape measure, all sent free and carnio within seven days, and if you do not approve, return the goods, and we will refund the money.

```
GENUINE WHIPCORD RIDING BREECHES to measure,
CARRIAGE AND DUTV PAID, FROM 17
```


## Addrese for Pattome:

CURZON BROS., o/o CLOUGHER SYNDICATE (Dept. 160 ) 449 Spadina Avonue, TORONTO, ONTARIO.
\$20 SUIT OR OVERCOAT TO MEASURE FOR \$8.60
Ioantiago \& outy paid.


60/62 CITY ROAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.
Went End Depot: PEMBnoke house, 133 \& 135 OXPORD At., London, Engl.ani
Pieave mention this paper

## Bonnar, Trueman \& Co.

 BARRISTERS, ETC.[^0]Officen: Suite 7 Nanton Block
WINNIPEG
Officen: $\underset{\text { WinN }}{\text { Suite }} 7$ Nanton Block


MCEWAN, 608 Unlon Bindipeg, MAN


The Brunswick
$= \pm=2=$


Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day

##  <br> Sunshine Guild Conducted by

 OBJECTS: To feed and clothe some hungry child
To gratify the wish of some invalid. To gratify the wish of some invalid.
To give a day of joy at the Toy Mission.


CHILDREN'S BADGE FIVE CENTS on't you, want on мотто: GOOD CHEER Then make more.
, joy of thine own taking?
heat not thy life of gladness; Spare thy tears;
Why cherish thoughts of sadness:

Have cheer of thine own making Bay by day;
Bliss of thine own free taking,
Thine alway.

Bliss of unselfish living
Nobly won;
The joy of gee
Like the sun
SHARE UP


.

## Margaret's Letter Box

 ship card. It is good to know that your
crop has been a good one. Many thanks
for the five cents.
MARGARET.

ove
one
 $=-=$ threshing around here now. We have
a fairly good crop this year. I enclose
five cents for a badge five cents for a badge. BARNSTABLE. Estevan, Sask.
Dear Alta:--Hearty welcome to our
Guild Guild. I am sending button and member-
ship card. It is good to know that your

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { H1 } \\
\text { at } \\
\text { in }
\end{gathered}
$$

an
Lillian Todd.
 work. Yes we are glad of Sunday Papers
and cards specially now the ongevenings
are coming. Hearty welcome and thanks are coming. Hearty welcome and thanks
to Hester Mumford, Elizabeth Mumford and Ruth Mitchel.

## Glad you enjoy the page. margaret.






- mary anderson.
 semding tuitton and merind tadaty. Your good wishes are a joy to me MARGARET.

Sad case mentioned oct.f.
This family has been reported to the
nearest Sunshiner and I hope to hear neares few days exactly what ine necessary, and I will write to cach reader who has
sent in offering help, telling them what would be the best thing to send, so that these people
the winter.
Dear Margaret:-I MRE
Dear Margaret:-I often read your
pages, and think you are doing a very noble work. Helping those in need and giving joy to others, is surely working for a good cause. I would like to become
a member of your Guild, and I am enclosing 50 cents for a Ladies' Internationai ing so cents Sunshine Badge which I think would be a helpful reminder to have. 1 will
close wishing you success in your work Fersy Puint Alt ANAE KENNEDY. Fersy Point, Alta.
Dear Anne:- - You are heartily welcome and 1 will enroll you as a member. The
badge will be forwarded at once. The price was reduced to 35 cents in the hope that we might sell more, and thus help
the Sunshinhe work. If yon wihh I will the Sunshine work. If you wish 1 will in the emergency fund Thanks for
wishes for the success of our Guild
MARGARET. EVERY CHILD SHOULD JOIN THE Sign SUNSHINE GUILD
Dear Margaret:- I should like to be come a member of your Sunshine Guild.
Please send membership card. I enclose two-cent stamp for its postage

THE K Mow of FARM BOOKKEEPING

$\qquad$ fare, wisdom Second: Because "knowledge is production, of the causes of losses, o
the profit on a staple or side line, of th net gain for the year, of the relation be tween the profits and losses of this year
as compared with last year and the before, of the effect of the change of farm, and the unlimited store of know ledge which is deducible from system-
atically recorded facts, this gives a
farmer power makes him realize that he is at the head work. Physical strength a farmer must have, but not more so than mental alertness, and this must be developed financial business, as obtained through a proper system of farm book-keeping
is the best food for developing business brains. Therefore, a farmer should keep
books.
 To keep books properly, a man must know
how to keep books poperly. More than
that to keep farm books properro a farmer
must know how to keep farm books properly
There is a difference between book keeping and There is a difference between bookkeeping and
farm bookkeeping A farmer who has studied
a practica. simplified and concise system of
farm bookkeeping prepared by at praction acto bookkeeping prepared by a practical
accountant, who hak made farm bookkeeping
a speciat study for years, is able to keep a
complete and retighte




## F. E. Werryrs School of Farm Accountilig <br> BRANDON. MANITOBA

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

## Canadian Northern Railway

TWO TRAINS DAILY
WINNIPEG, PORTAGE, SASKATOON PRINGE ALBERT, EDMONTON
The CAPITAL CITIES EXPRESS
brandon and regina the day train
THE ALBERTA EXPRESS
gladstone and dauphin THE NIGHT TRAIN
All Tralns Connect at Winnipeg Daily to Eastern Canad via P Daily "The Duluth Expreasa".
via Duluth and Chic "The St. Paul Night Flycr'
Daily via St. Paul and Chica


## News from Ottawa

## Will there be a Referendum on the Navy



## Dysthe's Face Protector






## DYSTHE FACE PROTECTOR

as you tan look into the snowtorm and blizzard
a, hroukan window.
Write acrat oor tree book today and see what
our home doctor and ministers say about them.
post paid to any point roh si
Martinius Dysthe 279 fort street, winnipeg, man.

Mr. Taylor is already slated for a seat
in the Upper House when a vacancy occurs and few will be inclined to be-
grudge it to him so long as the Senate is maintained for its present purposes
because he has always been a member because he has always been a member
whose services in the house have been in the interests of the country, Last
session Mr. Tayyor half seriously suggested to Sir Wilfrid Laurier that on
way to reform the Senate would be b way to reform the senate would be by
the appointment to it of some of the older
members of the house irrespective of
party, such as Hon. Wm. Patterson, Dr. T. S. Sproule and himself. Sir Wilfrid
laughingly agreed that the suggestion was not without its merits and rather intimated that he would like to adopt
such a policy were it not that the pressure such a policy were it not that the pressure
from his own political associates was too strong.
There is no doubt as to the election of Mr. White in Leeds county despite
the grumblings of Toronto Conservatives who object to him as a "butter in" and a former Liberal. It is one of the safest
Conservative seats in Ontario and on Conservative seats in Ontario and on
Nov. 6, the date fixed for nominations, Mr. White is almost certain to be elected by acclamation. Mr. Cochrane, too, is sure to be elected in Nipissing by ac-
clamation. His nomination day has been clamation. His nomi
fixed for November 8 .
The net effect of the whole arrangemeat as to seats for the ministers is that Premier Borden will be able to meet Parliament with all his colleagues in their places.
They will all "go into action" together They will all "go into action" together
and although no business of very great importance is likely to be taken up before Christmas the public will be able to form an opinion as to how they compare with
the cabinet "of the $\$$ gidents" of 1896 and the less brilliant group of mimisters

## The Canadian Navy

There is considerable speculation in the eastern press at the present time as adopt in regard to the navy. The policy of the old government is on the statute book and the half dozen tenders for the eleven ships which it was proposed to build as a nucleus of the future navy are still in the possession of the Navy Branch, each being accompanied by a cheque
for $\$ 100,000$. The Nationalist press confor $\$ 100,000$. The Nationalist press con-
tinues to call for a plebiscite and declares that Premier Borden has been commited to the referendum idea. The Montreal Star favors the giving of two or three
dreadnoughts while the Hamilton Herald advocates an annual contribution to the exchequer of Great Britain to help defray the cost of the defence of the
Empire. The Ottawa Journal, a paper Empire. The Ottawa Journal, a paper
which supported the Conservative party which supported the Conservative party
in the recent election, on the other hand in the recent election, on the cther hand
comes out flat-footed in favor of a Can-
adian navy along the lines suggested in the Naval Bill. It has no objection to a contribution provided it does not
interfere with some definite naval policy
for the Dominion. For the annual coninterfere with some definite maval policy
for the Dominion. For the annual contribution it has no use because it smacks
of tribute. Of a Canadian Navy it says in part: "Possibly money sent to the
British Admiralty would be, for a while, British Admiralty would be, for a while,
more effective in sea power than direct Canadian expenditure. But as such
money subsidy would not mean Canadian
national education, nor Canadian industries nor Canadian crews, nor Can-
adian pride, it would speedily be an adian pride, it would speedily be an
infinitely poorer thing for the Empire. Canada's motto should not be either
gifts or tribute. It should be co-operation upon a basis of national self-respect, self contidence and self effort." opinion none of which representey of opimion none of which represents any
authoritative dictum as to what the authoritative dictum as to what the
government's policy will be. In many
quarters it is doubted if anything will qe done for, some months and it is believed that the ministers will secure a breathing spell for themselves by announcing that
after the next session of Parlianent after the next session of Parliament in
over a couple of members of the govern ment will cross the Atantic to confer h the Admiralty.

Government's Appointments
At the close of last week the govern-
ment announced a batch of new appoint
ments, the most important being that of Major Reuben E. Leonard, of St.
Catherines, to the chairmanship of the National Transcontinental Railway Coma former Quebec Liberal premier, who resigned subsequent to the defeat of the Laurier government. It is perhaps a good augury for the future of the commission that the appointment came as
a complete surprise and that when the annoancement was made nine people out of ten asked: "Who is Leonard?" post had not been given to a defeated or broken down politician. Major Leonard may, or may not, be a better chairman
of the N. T. R. commission than was his predecessor who was reputed to be at least a good business man, but at any
rate, if not widely known, he started out with the advantage of being an
engineer and of having had practical experience in railway building
The other appointments in
tinction to that of Major Leonard were quite in keeping with political traditions of the past. They were: A. A. C. La-riviere,ex-M.P., Provencher, to the Senate,
and A. C. Bell, ex-M.P. Picton, N.S. and A. C. Bell, ex-M.P. Picton, N.S.,
ditto. Two old party war horses gone to their reward in the safe refuge of the Upper Chamber

> OUR NEW COVER DESIGN We trust our readers will be favorably cover page this week. It is from the pen of Arch. Dale, a young Scotch artist, whose cartoons in The Guide in the past have been so much appreciated. The design is intended to portray in a vivid manner the goal toward which the organized farmers of Western Can ada are striving and the means by which
they will achieve their object. The stone entrance and the massive pillars cause in which the arguized farmer are enlisted Man-made thines may crumble to dust, but the underlying principles of the great democratic kamzation of the West will ever be a Guiding star to all men who believe in lege to none.', Over the entrance, carved in the solid stone, are the words, "Organization, Education and Co-operation," illustrating the agencios by
which the great work will ultimately he which the great work will ultimately bi
accomplished. On either side of the en

## A Missionary Worker

## Orders are being received every day for our Progress number. A great many for our Progress number. A great many of our readers have already shown their desire to assist in the circulating of this very fine issue which will be published on December 6. We have already had orders to send copies to almost every part orders o send copies to almost every part of the English speaking world, but we want more orders. We want every reader of the Guide to send from 1 to 10 copies of the Progress number of the Guide to of the Progress number of the Guide to friends who will appreciate the work riends who will appreciate the work that is being done by the organized farmers of Western Canada. Our previous announcements showed very clearly that progressive issue of the most progressive journal ever published. This special issue will tell the whole organization, what it is doing, how it's work is being conducted and the ultimate work is being conducted and the ultimate aim in view. It will contain authoritative articles on the tariff, Direct Legislation, <br> co-operation, taxation of land values and practically every other subject of interest to Western farmers. If this progrees <br> If this progress number of the Guid is going to receive the circulation that it should it must be done by our readers They alone know where to send it so that it will be appreciated. It will contain more reading matter and better reading reading matter than the average book of 150 pages that sells at $\$ 1.50$, yet we will mail a copy of the Progress Seven copies will be sent for $\$ 1.00$. Stamps or post office orders are equally aceeptable. Be sure that every member of the House of Commons and the provincial legislature are supplied with copies. Let us have your orders now ail out the coupon below and send it in at once with money or Post Office order. The Progress number will be the best literature to do missionary work <br> Please send one copy oh the great "Progress Number" of The Guide to be published on December 6, to each of the addresse for each copy or seven copies for $\$ 1.00$.

rance Equity holds aroft the scales need of the tempering hand of Equity in the administration of justice. The he is designed to kaep over berere the readers of The Guide those great the ground work of every democracy The poet says:
whall usher in for those who build and those who spin, and those the grain who garner in-a brighter day
attested to by the rising sun of "Pro and is diseerned by the readers througl the portals of the temple of our future hope. By theic own acts the men of We trust that our new cover design wil onlist the sympathies of all those who

## HOME RULE BILL

London, Oct. 30.- A cabinet com officials, has drafted a home rule bill. The bill provides that the Irish parlia Irelat Dublin shatl have control ove and that it shall the authority of the Imperial parlia ment in Westminster. This is a sop to those ' Imperialists', who believe that Ireland is seeking separation from the The Irish parlin
fere with the ling's must not inter not be permitted to make terms of peace, or declare war, or make treatie with foreign powers.
The king, through his proxy, the lord lieutenant of Ireland, shatl have the power to summon, proregue and dissolve bill. This does not mean much, how ever, as the Nationalist party will have a permanent majority in the Irish par liament, and if the lord-licutenant vetoes I bill on whic! the Nationalist party ': heart is set, the government will resign, The only way impossible oo replace it he for the lord lioutemant to surrender Irish Peers
There will, of course, be a first and second chamber, as in Westminster, and ond chamber wil

Province

Name of Remitter
Post Office

> Post Office

Province

Buy Your Hair Goods At be Irish peers. The Nationalists are MAM. HAIR 60008 CO. 344 Portage avenue, Winnip SAIISFAC TIOI CUARANTEF 0
Combings made up, any whade Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

DAINTY DRESSED DOLL GIVEN FREE
FOR SELLING XMAS BOOKLETS This large and beau-
fful dol in about two
feet in height and is atent menced in the yery
Raris direct from atert style direct from
Paris. Her oostume is
made up of fine silk,
trimmed with Irish lace,
 ever hown. Given abs
solutely Ire for sellig
only $\$ 3.00$ worth il our
onsint duinty art Chrlstmas
Bookcies at 3 for 10
cents each in an envelope
 they nell, as everybody
will buy. Write now for


## TYPEWRITER FREE



Thin dandy Typewriter, whth all letters of




aiven frete

WhEN WRITING TO ADVERTISEILS please mention the guide
ine Irish peers. The Nationalists are
insisting that the Irish peers shall have

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& \text { def } \\
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\end{aligned}
$$ That is, they shall not have the power to veto. The cabinet wiil probably

defer to the Nationalists in this matter The big question with which the com mittee is struggling is: "What are
purely domestic affairs?," It is under purely domestic affairs ", It is under
stood that in the tentative draft the
 customs and excise, which constitute
seventenths of rrish taxes. If this
clanse is incormorated in the bill when
clation it is passed incorporated in the bill when
law, it will be a biig Matters of Finance give Ireland $\% 50,000,000$ with which
tart in the business of ruling itself. There has been a good deal of wrang reland is to pay to the British treasury
for imperial purposes, and the questio has been left open. The payment is not
to begin until Ireland has "r recovered itself," whenever that may be.
The Royal Irish constabulary and
and the Dublin metropolitan police force abolisfed, and municipal police bodies will be established instead. Existing
officials at the time of the change will either be retained or pensioned.

HON. ROBT ROGERS M.P. FOR Alexander Haggart, K.C., who was Clected member of parliament for Win-
nipeg by a majority of nearly 5,000 , has
亚 been uppointed postmaster of Crewe, Mratoba, at a salary of 835 a year
Mr. Hagkart, however, will not Mr. Haggart, however, will not sell posage stamps and hand out mail the
the good people of Crewe. On the appointment of Hon Robert Rogers as
Minister of Minister of the Interior it was necessary
for him to secure a seat in Parliament, for him to secure a seat in Parliament, permit Mr. Rogers to be elected member
for Winnipeg. Mr. Haggart could not or Winnipeg. Mr. Haggart could no
legally resign until the House met and a Speaker was appointed, but his appoint
ment to a government position and ment to a government, position made his
seat vacant at once, and allowed Hon Robt. Rogers to be elected before partian minn assembles. Mr. Rogers was elected
member for Wind on Friday last and on the same day was
tendered anation of Winnipes reception by the Mayor bridge where he had been in connection

Chinese emperor yields
Pekin, Oct. 30.-The demand of the
national assembly for a complete constitutional government has been granted by the throne. An imperial edict was issued today apologizing for the neglect of th
thronce in the past, and pranting an immed iate constitution with a cabinet from which nobles shall be excluded. A second edict grants pardon to political offenders connected with the revolution of those compelled to join in the present rebellion. Meanwhile the revolution is proceeding and several big battles have reen fought
loyalist troops.
american tobacco trust
The hearing of the anti-trust suit of the American Tobacco Co. has been commenced at New York, and the government has submitted a plan of re-organiza
tion the main points of which arethe corporations among which the properties and business in the combination are to be distributed for a period of five
years shall not have any officers or ordirec tors in common. These companies shall stock interest in each other.
They shall not employ the for purchase of leaf tobacco same agencies ar purchinse of eaf tobacco, or other raw
material, or for the sale of tobacco, or other products. They shall not retain or employ the
same clerical or other organization or same cerrical or other orgaization,
occupy the same effice or offices No one of them shall hold capital stock in any other corporation, any part
of whose stock is also held by any of the other corporations among which the
properties of the combination are disproperties
tributed.

## GRAIN GROWERS <br> ARE YOU SATISFIED? <br> ARE YOU CONVINCED?

The reliability of the Commission Merchant who handies your grain is of utmost importance to you. There have been several changes in the personnel of the grain trade during the past year. Some have come and gone, but we are still at your service with a clear record of twenty-nine years in Western Canada.
INVESTIGATE and send your grain and option orders to the Pioneer Grain Commission Merchant.

Box 1746
S. SPINK

Winnipeg
References : Union Bank of Canada, Royal Bank of Canada.

Maclennan Bros. Limited, Winnipeg Wheat, Oats $\begin{gathered}\text { car } \\ \text { Lots } \\ \substack{\text { Option } \\ \text { Trading }} \\ \text { Flax, Barley }\end{gathered}$ NET BIDS wired on request. CONSIGNMENTS sold to the highest bidder

## FAIRBANKS-MORSE SKIDDED ENGINES



Price is only one of many important factors which deserve your attention when selecting an engine. If it is the only one you consider, your judgment is not fair to yourself.

FAIRBANKS-MORSE Engines have more to commend them than an apparent saving of a few dollars in first cost. The name is a guarantee of the best there is in engine construction, and it carries to you an assurance of getting something really worth while-years of efficient service.

FAIRBANKS-MORSE Engines are simple, powerful, economical and absolutely reliable. They are easy to start in cold weather, convenient to operate, and are strongly built throughout to withstand severe service. These are points of merit which have won for them the confidence of the whole world, and they are everywhere the standard of progressive farmers, elevator companies and railroads.

Send for a copy of our catalogue GE-102
The Canadian Fairbanks-Morse Co. LIMITED WINNIPEG

Calgary
Saskatoon
The Farmer's Cash Register

SWISS RADICALS WIN day's elections returned a Radical victory to the national council. Of 170 seats
filled, 110 are Radicals, 44 Conservative, 9 Socialist and 7 Independent. Elections
to the national council are held every three years.


## WINNIPEG MARKET LETTER

(Office of The Grain Growers' Grain Company, Limited, October 30) Wheat.-For another week our wheat has held comparatively steady with some sharp fluctuations in the October option, due to speculative influences. The demand
for the contract grades has been very good, but for No. 4, 5, 6 and Feed the demand has slackened considerably and the price dropped, as it has been felt in some quarters that the Standards Board unintentionally hurt the intrinsic value of these grades by broadening their scope. Those in the East who were "short" on the market, naturally have carried on a very heavy "bear", campaign in the last few days to get the price of the lower grades down. In our opimion, however, the real value of the lower grades is altered but little, and the price will adjust itself somewhat in time. The tough and off grade wheats have been in poor demand, with constantly widening spreads. Farmers will do wefore shipping. Experienced farmers continually tell us that they have on more than one occasion saved wheat from going tough by leaving it somewhat exposed to frosty winds, and turning it over a little. The volume of sales made for November delivery will, however, in our opinion, make a very good market for all the straight grades for the next fortnight

Oats.-Our oats have declined sharply during the past week, as the big Eastern parties have failed to support the market, and oats have gone down, with heavy receipts, to a more merchantable basis. We look for receipts in oats to increase now, but farmers
need have little fear of the oats being very low at any time at this season. We would need have little fear of the oats being very low at any time at this season. We would suggest that those having high chass clean oats, keep over a good part of them, for they
will be wanted for seed. The percentage of oats free from frost is steadily diminisning. be wanted for seed. The percentage of oats free from frost is steadily diminisning.
Barley.-Barley has been dull, with only occasional quotations, although the Eastdemand for malting barley has, we believe, improved.
Flax.- The sensation of the past week has been the drop in flax, but we should not
Fisprised if this turns out to have been only speculative, and not really based on the be surprised if
world's needs.

WINNIPEG FUTURES

$$
\begin{gathered}
\hline \\
(\mathrm{N} \cdot \dot{\sim}) \\
\text { May } \\
99 \\
100 \\
100{ }_{3}^{3} \\
98 \% \\
97 \frac{1}{2} 0 \\
\ldots \\
\cdots \\
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\end{gathered}
$$

The quotations for May wheat in the
first column are for future delivery first column are for future delivery
under the old style contract, in which No. 2 Northern may be delivered at
cents and No. 3 at 10 cents below the contract price. The second column gives tracts, which may be fulfilled by de-
livery of No. 3 at 8 cents below contract livery

MINNEAPOLIS CASH SALES
$\qquad$

> No. 2 Nor. wheat, 4 cars


No. 2 Hard winter, 1 car, yellow No. 3 Hard winter, 1 car
No. 3 Hard winter, 1 car

3 Hard winter, 1 car
3 Hard winter, 2 cars, Montan Hard western, 1 car, frosted. 1 Durum wheat, 1 car
No. 3 Durum wheat, 1 car
No. 3 Durum wheat, 1 car f.o.b.
No. 4 Durum wheat, 1 car
Screenings, 1 car

## Timothy, esacks

No. 3 white corn, 1 car
No. 3 yellow corn, 1 car
3 yellow corn,
3 corn, 3 cars
4 corn, 1 car
4 corn, 2 cars, new
No. 3 white oats, 1 car
No. 4 white oats, 1 car f.o.b.
.3 oats, 1 car
3 oats, $z$ cars
$q$ rye, 1 car
z rye, $z$ cars
z rye, part ear
2 rye, 3,000 burr.
2 rye, 30 sacks
4 barley, 1 car
4 barley, 1 ear
4 barley, 1 car
4 barley, 1 car
4 barley, 1 car
4 barley, 1 car
4 barley, 1 car
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1 flax, 7 cars
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flax, 1 car, dockage
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1 flax, car
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1 flax, 1,000
1 flax, 1,000 bu. to arr
Llax, 200 bu to to ar
2 flax, 1 car
2 flax, 1 car
2 flax, 1 car
Somple flax, 69 sacks
Same

## CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 30. Wheat.-The early news was rather depressing, spring wheat markets being wech this was outweighed cables marked improvement in onweighed situation. A leading cash broker who recently sold 500,000 bushels claims that his sales today were the largest of the season. In addition to above, export clearances were also very heavy. While much of the buying was of excellent character, indicating reinstatement of long lines, the majority of support on advance was due to covering by local Ghorts Gral trade was light in volume, but gradually broadened as session advanced While we would advise going slow on bulges until the condition of financial and industrial world becomes more settled, we strongly advise purchases of wheat on all sentimental and forced depressions, as the underlying situation in our opinion warrants higher prices ultimately.

## MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT

Minneapolis, Oct. 30.-The Tribune says: Int the northwest a period of long awaited far weather has made it possible posed in the fields to wet weather. Roads that have been impassable have improved so as to permit hauling from the farms. The enlarged movement coming on the market already heavy with accumulated stores of wheat has put an additional weight, through hedging sales, which has proven heyond the capacity of the mining cession in price.
Nevertheless underlying conditions afrecting the full aeasons supplica have Rocky Mount manternily. crop was moderate. The liberal marketing of the first few months of the crop year has built up large reserves, but consumption must soon begin to draw upon these stocks. The taking in of
hedges and the close readjustment behedges and the close readjustment be
tween supply and demand is expected to manifest itself in the market by much higher prices. In spite of the large supplies in sight and the free farm movement, the cash market holds very firm, implying a broad commercial demand.

## BRITISH LIVE STOCK

Liverpool, Oct. 30.-John Rogers \& Company, Liverpool, wire that the market in Birkenhead held firm, and there was a better demand for best cattle, although there was no advance on Saturday's quotations which were: States steers to $123 / 4$ cents, and ranchers 11 to $113 / 4$ to $128 / 4$ cents, and
cents per pound.

## NO NEW GRADES

Afer mature deliberation the grain standards board has decided not to make an additional grade of feed wheat. Numbers 5 and 6 have been slightly lowered, and all wheat not fit to be classed an straight "feed" will be taken care of in
these grades.

Since July 1 this year $48,000,000$ bushels of grain have passed inspection
at Winnipeg. Of this total $6,148,754$ bushels have been sold by farmers through the Grain Growern' Grain Co.

The recent sovere break in wheat, and particularly low grades, and tough, ful attention to the phompt and care on the part of commission agents. The Simpson-Hepworth Co. Letd., 449 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, fearing a break in wheat as the end of October approachod, sold their customers wheat immediately inspections were received, and thus saved them hundreds of dollars. You will find the Simpson-Hepworth Co. a good firm to ship to.-Advt.

## Page 30

Winnipeg Live Stock

| Stockyard Receipts Week Ending October 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| C. P. R | 4388 |  |  |
| CRR | 508 | 18 |  |
| G. T. P. | 37 |  |  |
| Total last week | 27 | ${ }^{576}$ |  |
| Total prev. week |  | 85 |  |
| Total year ago |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Exporters east this week |  |  |  |
| Butchers east |  |  |  |
| Peeders cast |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Local consumption |  |  |  |

The only change in the cattle situation since lass week is the improved demand
for feeders. The unusually large amount for fecdess. The unusually large amount
of low grade grain in the country this of low grade erain in the coentry
fall and the expectation that much of i
will the feeding of cattle an antractive prooPosition, and castern buyers are taking
all the feeders they can get at prices up to
no all the feeders they can get at prices up to
84.40 ac cmt , which is an advanee of 40 cents a ewt. during the past two weeks
Prices for beef catlle are unchanged sine last week. The market has been a little more active, but the demand has not been strong enough to raise prices, which look
like bring a fixture for the next few weeks like being a fix are for hie next few week or until the Eastern markets- improve
The local buyers took the greater part of the cattle on the market last week. Hogs
The supply of hogs has águin been very
light but prices bave gradually bee working lower following the Toronto and Montreal markets where Winnipeg packers are purchasing. The top price att Toronto
last week was $\$ 6.40$ per cwt. off cars The best hogs are fetching 87.75 at Winni peg this week.

## Sheep and Lambs

Sheep are fetching 50 cents more this
week, the best selling for 85.00 cwt . hoice lambs 8550 to 86.0

## Country Produce

 ButterThe butter situation is unchanged and
pries are the same as tast week 66 cents pricess are the same as tast week, 26 cents
for fancy dairy and 23 . for No. The The Yor fancy dairy and 23 . for No. 1 . The
bulk of the butter being received by dealers is of the lower grades, and there is a big demand for high quality butter.

Eggs
The cold weather has reduced the
supply of ekgs, and good stock are now

$\qquad$
worth 28 cents a dozen to dealers, while
triitly fresh gathered are bringing 92
centh.
Potatoes
Iarge qeantities of potatoes are now
teing maiketed and dealers are paying
frem 45 to 50 cents a bushel delivered
Winnig.g. A lot of potatoes have been
ficeen in cars this last week and will be
a loss to the shippers.
Milk and Cream
Stocks of Oats
Ex. $1 \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{W} . \ldots$
No. 1 whiteNo.
Mixed white.
s $\begin{array}{r}47,079.07 \\ 685,648 \\ 151,896 \\ \hline 91\end{array}$9.499 .02
639.79507

13,672
$768,564.30$Fort William
Shipment ..... Oats
This year
ctaryed and will remain at the present
fikires for a fow weeks. Fresh milk is95 cents per 1 b . of butter fat
cream 28 cents. Live PoutryThe packing hoossen and dealers in
woultry are Luvigh freely and good sup-plies are coming in Prices are about thesame as the last two or three weeks, 12. to13 cents for spring chickens, 9 to 10 cents
for fowl, 12 cents for ducks, 10 cents forfor fowl, 12 cents for ducks,
geese, and 14 cents for turkeys.
CANADIAN VISIBLE
Tivasible ..... Last wrek $7,429,6594,910,674604,433$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { Tast year } & 11,030,440 & 8,508,208 & 867,934 \\ \text { Ft. William } & 4,300,929 & 884,167 & 209,659\end{array}$  ..... Dep. Harbor
Mid. Tiffin. ..... $\begin{array}{ccc}240,926 & 1,355,755 & 47,500 \\ & 70,940 & 13,639\end{array}$ ..... Sarnia, Pt.
Ed. ..... Pt. Colbne
Kingston
Prescott
P. Montreal
Quebec
Victoria HarTERMINAL STOCKSTotal wheat in store Fort William andPort Arthur, on Oct. 27 , was $6,133,461.00$,
as against $5,898,110.50$ last week, andas against $5,898,110.50$ last wek, and
$7,721,003.20$ last year. Total shipmentsfor the weck were 4,981,240, last year
4459,859 . Amount of each krade was4.459,859. Amount of each grade was:No. 1 Hard $\left.\quad \begin{array}{l}5,429.40 \\ \text { 23,922. } 10\end{array}\right]$$\begin{array}{rrr}5,499 & 40 & 23,922.10 \\ 302,419.10 & 1,397,242.20\end{array}$$302,419101,397,242.20$
$844,790.302,666,117.80$$1,226,438.002,110,969.30$$\begin{array}{ll}728,967.50 & 637,772,40 \\ 383,472 & 30 \\ 212,712 & 20\end{array}$$\begin{array}{rrr}383,472.30 & 212,712.20 \\ 2,641,943.80 & 1,072,466.30\end{array}$$6,133,461.007,781,203.20$

Shipments of Barley This year
Last year
Shipments of Flax
This year
Last year
WORLD'S SHIPMENTS

| Total world shipments of wheat, 10 , 704,000 against $10,160,000$ last week and |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| $15,424,000$ last year. Comparison by |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| America | countries was as follows: |  |  |
|  | 4,440,000 | 3,320,000 |  |
| Russia, | 2,456,000 | 1,824,000 | 6,248,000 |
|  | 1,880,000 | 2,094,000 | 2,600,000 |
| Danube | 680,000 | 344,00 | 0 |
| ${ }_{\text {Argenti }}$ | 400,000 | 624,000 | 968,000 |
|  | 696,000 | 912,000 | 648,000 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Austria Hun | 152,000 |  | 0 |
| LIVERPOOL WHEAT |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Liverpool, Oct , 30.-Today's quotations |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Manitoba N | No. 2 Nor |  | hausted |
|  | No. 3 Nor |  | hausted |
| $\underset{\text { Manitoba }}{\text { December }}$ N |  |  | 81.071 |
| December March |  |  |  |
| May |  |  | 1.0 |

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK Chicago, Ills., Oct. 30.-Cattle-Receipts
Q3,000; market mostly 10 cs. highe1 ${ }^{8, e e v e s}$, 84.50 to 88.75 ; Texas sters 84 to $85.80 ;$ western steers, 84.15 to 87 ;
stockers and feeders, 88.80 to 8.70 ; stockers and feeders, 88.80 to $\$ 5.70$;
cows and heifers,, $\$ 1.90$ to 85.75 ; calves.

Hogs-Receipts 30,000; market slow at
opening prices. Light, $\$ 5.80$ to $\$ 6.45$; mixed, $\$ 5.80$ to $\$ 6.60$; heavy, $\$ 5.80$ to
$\$ 6.60 ;$ rough, $\$ 5.80$ to $\$ 6.05$; $\$ 6.60 ;$ rough, $\$ 5.80$ to $\$ 6.05$; good to
choice heavy, 86.05 to $\$ 6.60 ;$ pigs, $\$ 3.75$ choice heavy, $\$ 6.05$ to $\$ 6.60$; pigs, $\$ 3.75$
to $\$ 5.65$; bulk of sales, 86.15 to $\$ 6.45$. Sheep-Receipts 58,$000 ;$ market steady.
Native, $\$ 2$ to $\$ 3.70$; western, $\$ 2.30$ to $\$ 7.50$ yearlings, 83.50 to 84.25 ; lambs, native


WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE MINNEAPOLIS BARLEY MARKET Minneapolis, Oct. 28.-The barley market was steady again today. Demand grades, fair for the medium and slow for the feeding. Offerings were heavy and composed largely of the poor grades. Prices closed in the same range as Friday. Receipts 95 cars, last year 60 cars; ship-
ments 101 cars. Closing range, 68 . to $\$ 1.18$.

THE MARKETS AT A GLANCE


| Cash Wheat |
| :---: |
| No. 1No. 2 Nor.Nor. |
|  |  |
|  |
| No. 4 |
| No. 5 |
| No. 6 |
| Feed. <br> Cash Oats |
|  |  |
|  |
| Cash Barley |
| No. 3 |
| Cash Flax <br> No. 1 N.W. |
| Wheat Futures |
| October |
| November |
| December |
| May (old style) |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { May (new style) } \\ \text { Oats Futures } \end{gathered}$ |
| October |
| November |
| December |
| May.... |
| Flax Futures |
| Oetoher |

CORRECTED TO TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31

| Tuesday | $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ \text { Ago } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Agor } \end{aligned}$ | COUNTRY PRODUCE | Tuesday | $\underset{\text { Ago }}{\substack{\text { Week }}}$ | Year Ago |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 c. 8 c . | 8 c .8 c | 8 c .8 c |  |  |  |  |
| 4. 85-5.10 | 4.85-5.10 | 5.00-5. 25 | Butter (per lb.) |  |  |  |
| 4.50-4.75 | 4.50-4.75 | 4.50-4.75 | Fancy dairy | ${ }^{26 \mathrm{c}}$ | ${ }^{26} \mathrm{c}$ | 24c |
| 4.75-5.00 | 4.75-5.00 | 4. 60-5.00 | Good round lot | ${ }_{18 c}^{83 \mathrm{c}} \mathrm{P0}$ | - | ${ }_{81 \mathrm{c}}^{22 \mathrm{c}}$ |
| 4.25-4.50 | 4.25-4.50 | 4.95-4.50 | Eggs (per doz.) |  |  |  |
| 3. 30-3 90 | 3.50-3.90 | 3.10-4.85 | Strictly Fresh | ${ }_{88 \mathrm{c}}^{32 \mathrm{c} .}$ | ${ }^{37 \mathrm{c}}$ | ${ }^{355}$ |
| $4.00-4.25$ | 4.00-4.25 | 3.75-4.25 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. 35-3.60 | 3. $35-3.60$ | 3. 95-3. 50 | Potatoes |  |  |  |
| ¢. $50-\mathbf{Z} .00$ | 2.00-2.50 s.00-3.95 | \&. $50-3.25$ S. $25-3.50$ | Per bushe | $45 \mathrm{c}-50 \mathrm{c}$ | 43c | 55 c |
| 8.50-2.75 | \&.50-9.75 | 2. $50-3.00$ | Milk and Cream |  |  |  |
| 4 00-4.40 | 3.75-4.25 | 4.40-4.65 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. 00-3. 50 | 3.00-3.50 | 3. $00-3.50$ | Sweet cream (per lb butter fat) |  |  |  |
| 5. 00-5.50 | 5.00-5.50 | 4.50-5.00 | Cream for butter-making pur- | 35 c | 35 c |  |
| 4.25-4.75 | 4.25-4.75 | 3.25-4.25 | poses (per lb. butter fat) Sweet milk (per 100 lbs .) | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \mathrm{c} \\ & 8800 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $840 \cdot 850$ | 840-850 |  | Live Poultry |  |  |  |
| 825-835 | 825-835 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chickens } \\ & \text { Fowl } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Old Roosters |  | ${ }_{9 \mathrm{c}}^{\text {c }}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Ducks | 12 c | 12 c | 12 c |
|  |  | ${ }^{8.00-8.95}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{10 \mathrm{c} \\ 14}}{ }$ | $\underset{14}{10 \mathrm{c}}$ | $\underset{15 c}{11 c^{1}}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5.75-7.85 \\ & 4.75-5.75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.00-7.50 \\ & 5.00-6.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 650-7.50 \\ & 5.00-6.00 \end{aligned}$ | Turkeys |  | 14 c | 15 c |
|  |  |  | Hay (per ton) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | No. 1 Wild |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5.50-6.00 \\ & 4.50-5.60 \end{aligned}$ | 5. 50.6 .00 | ${ }_{\text {c }}^{6.50-6.75}$ | No. \& Wild | ${ }_{* 11}^{811}$ | 811 815 | ${ }_{816}$ |

IPE



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it stays there alway. Air tikht jointra and pure asbestos
lining assure an even baking heat anvin lining assure an even baking heat, saving one-half the fuel.
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 ing whatever they contain.

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