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Volume 49--No. 25.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1920.

Whole No. 2523

RAGES POSTPONED

Owing to rain the Glencoe races have been postponed until Tuesday, June 22nd when the full program, including the concert, will be carried out as advertised.

MEN WANTED

Men wanted to work on Currie Drain. Apply to Jas. M. McGregor, Glencoe.

OPPORTUNITY

Position open for girl of about 20, with private family of three, general house work; no children or washing. An ideal position with interesting salary. Write or phone immediately to W. M. Gray, Chatham, Ont.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

Canada Petroleum & Refining Co., Ltd. are offering a limited amount of stock, strong directorate, good locations, splendid prospects, liberal commissions. What about your territory? For particulars address R. McLelland, 81 Victoria street, Toronto, Ont.

TEACHER WANTED

Second-class professional, with considerable experience preferred, for S. S. No. 4, Ekfrid. Attendance about 40. Salary \$900 to \$1,000 according to qualifications. Duties to commence Sept. 1st. Apply stating qualifications and experience and salary expected to R. P. Eaton, Secretary S. S. No. 4, Ekfrid, Appin, Ont.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE

The undersigned, owing to poor health, is forced to retire from business and offers his stock for sale. This is a splendid business chance for a live man. The store is furnished with Electric Lights and will be let for reasonable rent. Stock can be seen at any time.

D. McRAE

PROPRIETOR WARDSVILLE

PIANO INSTRUCTION

THEODORE R. GRAY, Organist and Choir Director Glencoe Presbyterian Church, teacher on staff of Institute of Musical Art, London. Junior and senior pupils accepted in piano and theory, temporarily at Presbyterian school room Saturdays. Pupils prepared for examinations.

GARDEN PARTY LIGHTING

Committees in charge of this work will do well to make early arrangements for good lighting.

THE DELCO LIGHT

is the only satisfactory light for this purpose. Terms on application. Satisfaction guaranteed.

M. C. Morgan,

Delco Light Products Kerwood

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe.

H. J. Jamieson

INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE
Main St., Glencoe

Leading companies represented for Fire, Life, Accident, Illness, Weather and Automobile insurance. Properties for sale and to rent. Saturdays office days.

PASTURE FARM FOR SALE

In the 1st concession of Ekfrid, lot 16, consisting of 95 acres; 10 acres of bush; has pond and windmill; situated on main road between Glencoe and Appin. Apply to Elizabeth Harris, Glencoe, or Thos. Harris, Snyder, N. Y.

MRS. W. A. CURRIE

Teacher in Oil Paintings
Studio and Residence: Symes Street, Glencoe, Ontario.
Artists' Materials Kept in Stock.

J. B. COUCH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

Johnston's DRUG STORE

Bring in Your Films!

Developing, printing and enlarging done correctly.

Eastman Kodaks and Films.

Phone 35

Glencoe



Vulcanizing and Repairing!

Bring in that old tire of yours which you think beyond repair and we will advise you honestly if it is worth repairing.

All work positively guaranteed.

J. ROSE
GLENCOE'S RUBBER MAN

Real Estate Exchange

ALSO FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT AND AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE

Have now for sale—

Farm of 57 acres; good clay loam, adapted for sugar beets; 1/4 mile from school; 3/4 mile from railroad station; first-class buildings, consisting of frame house with 8 rooms, good barn 36x78, horse stable 24x32, drive barn 20x38; all buildings on cement foundation; 8 acres wheat; 14 acres plowed for spring crop; balance hay and pasture. Price, \$5,000.

A. B. McDONALD

GLENCOE PHONE 74
Office and residence, South Main St.

We Carry A Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetrouting, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
GLENCOE Plumber
Tinmith

WEDDING AND SHOWER GIFTS

Silver
Tea Spoons, Berry Spoons, Meat Forks, Olive Spoons, Tomato Servers, Cake Plate, Butter Dishes, Casseroles, Cream and Sugar Sets, Bread Trays, Sandwich Trays, Fern Dishes, Tea Sets.

Cut Glass
Berry Bowls, Water Sets, Cream and Sugar Sets, Bon Bon Dishes, Spoon Trays, Vases.

We have a complete stock of Hand Painted China, pieces 25c up and No. 10 War Tax.

Mantel Clocks—\$6.75 to \$15. No War Tax.

G. E. DAVIDSON
JEWELER OPTICIAN
Marriage Licenses Issued

White cotton thread has advanced 100 per cent in price the last few weeks in Windsor, the reason for the rise being that Detroit stores virtually have exhausted their supply and no more is arriving. Ordinary thread that sold a month ago at retail for five cents a spool is up to ten cents, and only a limited supply is obtainable at that price. A further rise is predicted by Windsor dry goods men.

The manager of the Dutton Hydro-Electric System has been notified that the Hydro-Electric Power Commission has made a reduction in the rates for Dutton, taking effect immediately. The rates are now as follows:—Domestic lights, 3 cents; commercial, 7 cents; street, 12 cents; power, \$40, being a reduction of 25 per cent. Dutton now has the lowest rate of any of the smaller municipalities. The minimum charges are now 75 cents.

An important feature of the Presbyterian assembly was the passing of a motion which practically does away with the indeterminate term of pastoral of Presbyterian ministers. It was decided to send to Presbyteries for their recommendation a motion which recommended a seven-year term for ministers. It is agreed, however, that should there be one application, from either the minister or the congregation, that there should be no change.

CREAM AND EGGS WANTED
Cream received, tested and paid for daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Phone 73 if you want our delivery truck to call. Cash for eggs.

LAMBTON CREAMERY CO.
Alex. McNeil, Local Manager.

INSURANCE
The Ontario Farmers' Weather Insurance Mutual Co., Grand Valley, and the Great-West Life Assurance Co.—Mac, M. McAlpine, agent, Glencoe, Ont.; Box 41.

DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Arrangements are being made to hold the liquor referendum for Ontario on October 25th.

R. A. Finn of the Western Ontario Agricultural Department says that a strange disease is threatening the early potato crop in the district. At Hamilton the Women's Independent Labor Party ask that vendors be required to stamp on eggs sold on the market the date on which they were laid.

When digging in his garden at Chester, Pa., a man found a diamond ring he lost twelve years ago. It is worth \$100 more now than when it disappeared.

A union of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches at Bothwell is proposed. A vote taken in the Presbyterian church resulted in an overwhelming majority in favor of union.

After a perilous voyage of 26 years the Wisconsin Enterprise will cease publication at the end of June. This will be the seventh paper to drop out of the Lambton field within the past few years.

A new experiment in sheep shearing is reported to have been successfully tried on a sheep ranch near San Francisco. A large safety razor weighing over thirty pounds was used in place of the shears to remove the wool.

The United States Department of Agriculture has announced that hereafter the term "milk" cow shall be used instead of "milch" cow. It is fondly hoped that the word "milk" will drop out of use now and forever.

Hundreds of acres of corn in Kent county have been destroyed by grub during the past few days. According to reports the most damage has been done in Harwich township. The appearance of the grub, farmers say, is a result of the prolonged dry spell.

Elgin county council will expend \$200,000 on county good roads improvement this year. About \$20,000 has been set aside for the purchase of modern road-building machinery. A steam roller is being purchased, gravel trucks, a motor roller and several scrapers.

Dread of a hospital is believed to have caused William Irwin, a well-known resident of Zone township, about seventy years old, to commit suicide by jumping into the River Thames. His body was found floating in the river about three miles east of Thamesville.

A meeting of the St. Clair District Press Association was held in Watford, where the rapidly increasing cost of publishing a newspaper was the principal topic discussed. It was the unanimous opinion of those present that a two-dollar-a-year rate must come into effect almost immediately.

Operations for the removal of the vermiform appendix are going out of style, according to views expressed at the annual convention of the Oregon State Medical Association. Much that was called appendicitis in recent years was not that at all, but plain stomach ache in varying degrees of intensity, according to these physicians.

Warden Clark and County Clerk Stewart were appointed by the county council a committee, with power to add to their number, for the purpose of procuring the names of all the Middlesex soldiers and nursing sisters who fell in the war, for the purpose of having them inscribed on a suitable tablet to be placed in the wall of the new main arts building.

The Toronto Methodist Conference was rather startled to hear the statement of Rev. Dr. C. E. Manning, who said that it was a plain matter of mathematical calculation that in forty years, at the present rate of decline, there would be a minister left in a Canadian Methodist church to preach the gospel, so rapidly were the ranks of the Methodist ministers being depleted.

W. R. Davies, editor of the Renfrew Mercury, was elected president of the Canadian Weekly Press Association at the annual convention held recently in Toronto. Mr. Davies was formerly president of the Thamesville Herald and has been one of the most energetic members of the Press Association for several years. In naming him as president the association made a good selection.

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BASEBALL NOTES

Great interest is being taken in the town league games. The first game was played on Friday evening, when the Anglican team defeated the Presbyterian team, score 13 to 1. On Monday evening the foundry team defeated the Methodist team, score 9 to 8. Both games developed some real snappy work. The next game will be on Monday evening, when the Anglicans and the Methodists will make the air quiver.

In an exhibition game at Alvington on Thursday evening the locals defeated the Appin nine of the Middlesex-Elgin league by a score of 14 to 2. Games in the Middlesex-Elgin league played last week resulted as follows:—At Appin—Appin 8, Strathroy 7; at Dutton—West Lorne 5, Dutton 3. West Lorne now leads the league, with Dutton a close second.

PICNIC AND REUNION

The third picnic and old boys' reunion of the North Aldborough Big Bend Old Boys' Association will be held on Wednesday, June 23, 1920, in T. W. Dykes' grove, con. A. Crinan, Hon. Manning Doherty, M. L. A., Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, and the following will give addresses:—Hon. F. G. Macdunn, Peter G. Cameron, M. L. A., M. A. McVicar, M. L. A., J. G. Lethbridge, M. L. A., Rev. Dr. Stalker, D. D., Rev. D. Currie, D. D., and Arch. W. Campbell of Highways Department, Ottawa.

The program will consist of band and pipe music, Scotch dancing, Scotch singing, readings, comic character singing, and sports. Music by Henderson's Juvenile Pipe Band of London, the greatest in America. Piping, Scotch dancing and singing by the Munro children of London—Sam Munro, Juvenile Harry Lauder, and Dorothy Munro, singing and dancing. Bob Wilson of Toronto, Canada's greatest and best comedian. Miss Grace Bonnick of Toronto, reader and entertainer. Wardsville brass band in attendance. Grounds open all day. Program begins at 1 o'clock. Come and bring your baskets and spend the day. Refreshment booths on grounds under auspices of G. W. V. A. At conclusion of program there will be a number of athletic sports.

Admission, 25c. Children under 10, free. Peter Stalker, president; J. A. Matheson, corresponding secretary.

JEFFERY-STOCKING

A quiet but pretty wedding took place at 12 o'clock on Wednesday, June 17th, at the Methodist parsonage, Glencoe, when Rev. R. Garbutt united in the holy bonds of matrimony Annie Gladys Stocking, youngest daughter of Mrs. Samuel Leach, and William James Jeffery, only son of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jeffery, Commercial House, Newbury.

The bride was suitably attired in navy blue charmeuse silk suit and ivory georgette blouse hand embroidered and beaded, and wore a light tulle mohair hat, also bouquet of sweet peas, fern and roses.

The witnesses were Miss Pearl Stocking of Wright's Bridge, cousin of the bride, and Robert Stocking, brother of the bride.

A lovely wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride, 2 1/2 miles west of Newbury, with only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom present. They left on the 6:05 p. m. train for London and St. Thomas. The many gifts were useful and handsome.

BUMPER LAWN SOCIAL

A lawn social under the auspices of the Women's Institute of No. 5, Mosa, will be held on the school grounds on Friday, June 18. The Brunswick Trio of London will furnish the whole program, consisting of songs, duets, violin and bagpipe music and Scotch dancing. Refreshment booth and lunch booth on the grounds. Admission, 35c and 15c. Proceeds of social for supplies for Children's Shelter Home in London. Lawn lighted by Delco lights.

RARE MUSICAL TREAT

A real musical treat will be given at the annual garden party of the Tait's Corners Guild on the school grounds, Tait's Corners, Friday evening, June 18, by the following artists: Imperial Male Quartette, London; Ladies' Elite Quartette, London; Miss Marie J. Westland, elocutionist, London; Miss Dora C. Bradley, violinist, London, and the Fisher Orchestra of Strathroy.

A fast game of baseball at 6 p. m. Refreshment and lunch booths on the grounds. Delco lighting. Admission—adults, 40c; children, 20c.

A FARM HALF-HOLIDAY

The "bired man" is at last coming into his own. After looking enviously for years at the city man donning white ducks on his afternoon off, the country cousin is about to follow suit. For throughout the county of Middlesex the United Farmers have proclaimed every Wednesday afternoon a half-holiday, a day when spudding, thistles, hoeing corn, or thinning mangles, is taboo. Other counties are preparing to follow, and the "half holiday" idea is spreading throughout Lambton.

On Wednesday the Middlesex farmers meet together and have a day of sports. Baseball teams are being organized by the various clubs, and perhaps for the first time in the history of the movement a U. F. O. baseball league will be established. The games are to be played off on the half-holidays.

MEMORIAL UNVEILING

The memorial tablet and honor roll of the township of Ekfrid will be unveiled at the Town Hall, Appin, on Wednesday, June 23. Service will be conducted by the resident ministers, assisted by Col. C. M. R. Graham of London, who will unveil the tablet, and others. At the conclusion of the ceremony of unveiling a good program will be rendered in Recreation Park, consisting of readings, music by Klitte band of London and others, and addresses by men of widely-known reputation. The program will be followed by luncheon. Come and bring your baskets. This is a holiday for Ekfrid.

SECURES \$3,000 GRANT

Reeve Allan McPherson succeeded at the county council last week in securing a grant under the provincial and county good roads system of \$3,000 for the improvement of Glencoe's main street, which is a connecting link between two parts of a county road. At the January session of the council Mr. McPherson secured a grant of \$300 towards our high school, which has since been paid over to the municipal treasurer. Both these amounts are straight grants, not merely loans, we are advised.

HONORS FOR ALMA STUDENT

Miss Cleo Sutton, a former student of the Glencoe high school, has been successful in obtaining at Alma College at the recent examinations two certificates in vocal, with first and second class honors respectively, also a certificate in M. E. L. (Mistress of English Literature), and by a vote of the faculty was appointed valedictorian out of twenty-five graduates for the closing exercises, which is the highest honor the class bestows on any of its graduates.

DISCUSSES MILL PROJECT

At the regular monthly meeting of the Glencoe Board of Trade on Monday evening the matter of establishing a flour and grist mill in the town occupied considerable attention. One of the propositions was to form a joint stock company, chiefly among the farmers of the district. A number of farmers were present and expressed their views. A committee was appointed to deal with the matter.

Reeve McPherson addressed the board and explained the conditions under which he had secured a three thousand dollar grant from the county council for street improvement. The board passed a resolution expressing appreciation of Mr. McPherson's good services in this regard.

HOME OIL FOR STREETS

After a long wait for road oil, which was ordered early in the season, Glencoe council decided to try out the crude oil from the wells near town, and on Monday the first application was made, covering two blocks on Main street. This oil is being delivered here at about one-third the cost of the regular road oil and from all indications is likely to prove just as effective in keeping up the dust.

CHAUTAQUA AT ALVINSTON

Watch for full particulars of the great four-day Chautauqua event beginning July 9th at Alvington. It is the talk of the community and everybody is going. You cannot afford to miss this splendid treat.

WINS GOLD MEDAL

The Macklin, Sask. Times has the following reference to the son of a former well-known resident of Glencoe and grandson of Mrs. Elliott of Glencoe:—Another honor has been bestowed upon one of our young scholars, Alex. G. Elliott, son of Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Elliott, who was awarded the gold medal in Political Economy and the degree of Bachelor of Arts, at Winnipeg, on Friday last, when the results of the University of Manitoba were announced. Alex's standing is 1A and his percentage was over 90 per cent. on all subjects. He was only one point behind the winner in Gold Medal for Latin.

Alex. is to be highly congratulated on his wonderful progress. He has the distinction of being the youngest scholar to receive the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the West.

IS SUING FOR \$10,000

Mr. G. H. Annett, J. P. of Cairo, Lambton County, has succeeded before the master in chambers at Toronto in having his action for \$10,000 for illegal imprisonment against the Home-wood Sanatorium, Guelph, again placed upon the trial records, and the case will come up shortly before the assize court at Guelph.

The case is one of exceptional interest because Mr. Annett claims to have been detained in the sanatorium as a lunatic without legal right or justification. He is a farmer in Lambton County and is widely known. A feature of the case is that he has been conducting it before the courts himself, and his ability as a layman has brought surprises more than once to the august court.

The action was lodged in 1914 but owing to the war trial was postponed.

A girl who asked \$50,000 for the loss of a man's love was awarded six cents. That jury should be allowed to fix the price on food stuffs.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

SENATOR HARDING OF OHIO CHOSEN AS REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

Calvin T. Coolidge, Governor of Massachusetts, is to Run as Vice-President.

Chicago, June 12.—Senator Warren G. Harding of Marion, Ohio, was nominated for President of the United States by the Republican party represented by its delegates assembled in National Convention at the Coliseum this afternoon. Calvin T. Coolidge, Governor of Massachusetts, was nominated for Vice-President.

The nomination of the Presidential candidate came on the tenth ballot. In the ninth ballot the whole trend of the convention sentiment was toward Harding. When New York, with its heavy representation, went to him on the tenth, everything was over except the shouting—and the shouting began immediately.

Senator Harding's nomination was the outcome of a complex situation that did not begin to clear until last evening. After four ineffective ballots yesterday the convention had adjourned until this morning. Four additional ballots in the forenoon and early in the afternoon of today had developed Harding strength, but General Leonard Wood and Governor Frank O. Lowden had remained in the lead. A recess was taken for two

hours, and during that short period combinations were formed that made Harding's nomination certain. Warren G. Harding, choice of the Republican party for the Presidency of the United States, is a native of Ohio, having been born near the village of Blooming Grove, Morrow county, of that State. He was the eldest of eight children, and his father was a country doctor. The Hardings are of Scottish stock, and his mother was descended from a Dutch family. He is the publisher of a prosperous newspaper, The Marion Star.

Harding is said to be of the McKinley type—"safe, sound, courageous, and always ready to listen to counsel." He is an ardent and practical preparedness man while others were clamoring for peace at any price. He sponsored the bill for preparedness which had the endorsement of Colonel Roosevelt, and it is said that Roosevelt regarded him as the coming man. Mr. Harding has travelled extensively in Europe to study conditions and government there, and was brought into touch with foreign affairs more while on the Committee of Foreign Relations.

COMBAT HOPPERS IN WESTERN PROVINCES

Manitoba and Saskatchewan Have Started Systematic Campaign.

Winnipeg, June 13.—The week-end has found grasshoppers in spots over a very wide territory, both in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, says The Manitoba Free Press. The Manitoba Department of Agriculture announced an abundant supply of material for poison bait and has a large staff of men at work investigating reported outbreaks and mixing and distributing the bait.

The department has experts on the ground, issued a warning for people not to be carried away with new-fangled schemes for killing the hoppers, but to stick religiously to the spreading of the poison and to keep repeating the dose.

A very careful test has been made of the coal oil spraying machine, but the results are not satisfactory and the asphalt burner sent out has not proven effective, but sure and satisfactory results have been obtained by the use of the poison bait, and all are earnestly entreated to concentrate on its use.

The Deputy Minister of Agriculture of Saskatchewan, F. H. Auld, says: "The recent reports of hoppers hatching indicate that the area affected last year is extending considerably this year, and, in general, the situation is more serious. It is rapidly becoming more apparent that a uniform, prompt and thorough poisoning campaign during June is the only means of saving a big crop loss here. Municipalities are showing a fine spirit of co-operation, and fighting machines, organized previous to the appearance of the nymphs, are working smoothly and effectively."

"Hatchings so far are principally

on the roadside and the sodlands, and the hoppers are just beginning to move onto the crops, emphasizing that the most economical fight is at that stage, as they are concentrated in small areas."

Eugenie at 94 Years Able to Read Again

Madrid, June 14.—Former Empress Eugenie of France is able to see much better than for years past, thanks to an operation for cataract, performed since her arrival in Madrid, where she is the guest of her nephew, the Duke of Alba. Despite her 94 years, the former Empress consented to undergo the operation.

The frailty of Eugenie permitted the use of only a local anesthetic. The surgeon made a slight incision in the cataract, applied cocaine, and then the delicate instrument, which acts on the suction principle was used. When the bandages were removed, Eugenie was able to read for the first time in many years.

New Governor-General Named for Australia

London, June 14.—Baron Forster has been appointed Governor-General of Australia. He succeeds Sir Ronald C. Munro-Ferguson.

Henry William Forster was created Baron Forster in 1919. He was financial secretary to the War Office in 1915-1916.

Autumn Session of British Commons

London, June 14.—Right Hon. Bonar Law announced in the House of Commons to-day that an autumn session of Parliament was inevitable. The House would adjourn, he said, at the end of July.

CANADA AND DENMARK AT ODDS REGARDING THEFT OF HIDES

Musk-oxen in Canadian Territory Carried Off During Close Season by Danish Eskimos.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Where not being days of open diplomacy in Canada, few Canadians are aware that a tiny little tiff has been taking place of late between Canada and Denmark. It concerns depredations made by Danish Eskimos from the northwestern end of Greenland on the musk-oxen of Ellesmere Island, a possession of Canada's about which many Canadians know nothing, but which is a territory larger than the British Isles.

Some time ago Canada declared a permanent closed season on musk-oxen living in Canadian territory. On this island, so far north that it does not appear on most maps of the Dominion, the musk-ox has his habitat. Danish Eskimos cross the intervening

waters, and, according to evidence given before the Musk-ox Commission, kill it for its hide. Leaving the dead bodies strown about the valuable furs are taken over to Greenland and thence exported.

The Canadian Government, though it keeps tight lips on the matter, is believed to have drawn the matter to the attention of the Danish Government. It is understood that the Danish official who replied gave no satisfaction, his reply practically being to the effect that the matter was none of Canada's business. He evidently thinks the land in question so far north that it is outside of civilized reckoning.

Meanwhile the next step is up to Canada so far as the musk-ox is concerned.



CONVOCACTION AT THE PROVINCIAL UNIVERSITY

Once again the commencement exercises of the University of Toronto have been celebrated with due pomp and ceremony. In Convocation Hall on June 4, over five hundred received degrees. General Sir Charles Townshend, of Mesopotamia fame, attended the ceremonies. Photo shows the head of the procession going to Convocation Hall, showing a few of the pretty graduates heavily laden with flowers from congratulators.

NO TERROR IN RUSSIA EXCEPT HUNGER, REPORTS BRITISH LABOR MEN

British Workers' Delegation to Moscow Urges Resumption of Trade With Russia and Cessation of Aid to Her Enemies.

A despatch from London says:—Fifty per cent of the people of Soviet Russia are hungry, although everybody is getting a certain allowance of food, declared Benjamin Turner, member of the British Labor delegation to Russia, in the course of a graphic declaration on conditions in that country as he had observed them.

Mr. Turner, with another delegate, Thomas Shaw, M.P., returned to England recently.

"There is no terror in Russia, except hunger, and that is a very real terror in the cities," said Mr. Turner. "There had been a Red Terror, according to the British Labor man, and official figures showed that 8,500 per-

sons had been shot, mostly he was informed, for acts of treachery behind the lines during the Denikine and Kachak campaigns. This terror had ceased, but the Bolshevik leaders told Mr. Turner that force would be used as long as there was the possibility of a counterrevolution and while the war with Poland lasted. They said they were surrounded by spies and supporters of the old regime.

Messrs. Turner and Shaw brought an interim report of the Labor delegation, urging the British Government to abolish the blockade, resume trade and make peace with Russia, and cease assisting Poland or any other enemies of Russia.

BRITISH TROOPS TO LEAVE BATUM

Safety of 2,000 Soldiers Endangered by Seizure of Baku.

London, June 15.—The British are about to evacuate the Black Sea port of Batum, according to the Daily Mail, which says the 2,000 soldiers there are to be removed to Constantinople on British warships within a fortnight. Their safety, it declares, has been endangered by the recent overthrow of the Azerbaijan Government and the seizure of Baku by the Bolsheviks.

Belief is expressed by the newspaper that an additional reason for the evacuation is the recent treaty between Georgia and Soviet Russia, whereby the latter recognizes Georgia's right to Batum.

POLISH FORCES EVACUATE KIEV

Take Up New Line of Defense in Ukraine.

Warsaw, June 13.—The evacuation of Kiev has been completed, the Poles withdrawing to the region of Zhitomir.

News of the evacuation of Kiev reached Warsaw Saturday night, which was the first report from Kiev in several days. Just prior to the cutting off of communication by the Bolsheviks, General Rydzynski, the Commander at Kiev, sent a despatch that he would make a stand unless otherwise ordered. With difficulty the Poles got through a personal order from General Pludski, the Commander-in-chief, to the Kiev Commander to evacuate immediately.

General Budenny, the Russian Commander, who fought against Denikine, is bringing up reinforcements, the despatches say, but the military authorities assert that the fight for Kiev is not yet ended by any means.

North of Kiev the Poles are battling against the Bolsheviks, who are endeavoring to cut the Korosten-Kiev Railroad to join forces with the cavalry of General Budenny, which is striking northward from the region southwest of Kiev. Fighting is general all along the Berdichev-Pastova-Kiev Railroad.

According to the latest reports, the territory in this region is changing hands daily. In a dash to the north-west the cavalry of General Budenny passed Berdichev, killing peasants en route. It proceeded as far as Zhitomir, where, it is alleged, the cavalry killed several wounded Poles in a hospital.

Fighting on the northern front has brought victory to the Poles, who have ousted the Bolsheviks from territory gained in the recent offensive. The Poles are consolidating their lines from the Dvina southward along the Beresina.

Plans to Restock Canadian Farms

Ottawa, June 14.—With the object of restocking Canadian farms which have suffered through excessive drought in the past two years, an order-in-Council has been passed which, in effect, removes the duty from cattle entering the Dominion from the United States from the present time to February 7, 1921.

Upper Canada Endowment Fund

The boys of Upper Canada College have organized an "Earn and Give Campaign" for the summer holidays in connection with the Endowment Fund which the college is endeavoring to raise. Over 90 per cent of the senior boys have voluntarily promised to earn at least \$10 during the summer, and give it to a fund for building a new cottage for the janitor.

If they carry out their good intentions it will be a fine example of their loyalty to this famous institution.

ALBANIA PRIME MINISTER SHOT

Assassinated by Student in Streets of Paris.

Paris, June 13.—Gen. Essad Pasha, Prime Minister of Albania, was shot dead this afternoon in front of Hotel Continental by an Albanian student named Avni Rastani, 26 years old, who fired two pistol shots into Essad's chest as the latter, accompanied by his nephew and a woman friend, was stepping into his limousine to go to the races. The crime is believed to be the culmination of a political plot originating among a group of Albanian students in Rome, from which city the assassin came to Paris on June 6.

Essad Pasha, who headed an anti-Italian movement in Albania, and who has been living in France since the Italian occupation rendered his stay in Albania impossible, came here to plead with French and British statesmen against continued occupation of Albania by Italian troops. The assassination appears to have been timed to prevent the possible return of Essad to his country, now that the popular revolt has about succeeded in driving out occupants.

"Luxury Taxes" Considerably Modified

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The changes which it is proposed to make in the luxury taxes are in brief:

1. Boots and essential articles of clothing to be taxed fifteen per cent on the excess, instead of ten per cent on the total selling price.
2. Expensive furniture, walking sticks and expensive china to be subject to luxury tax. They were not previously included.
3. Exemption limit increased on furs, coats, caps, muffs, neckpieces, robes and rugs.
4. Modifications in the tax of sporting goods, velvets, velveteens, lace and braid, ribbons, and carpets.

German Army Down to 200,000 Men

A despatch from Berlin says:—It is announced that the reduction of the German army to 200,000 men has been accomplished. This is in accordance with the Versailles Treaty.

ALLEGED PROFITEERS ARE LISTED

List of Persons Indictable for Sugar Overcharge to be Published.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Board of Commerce proposes at an early date to issue a list of persons and firms liable to indictment for sugar profiteering. The list contains the names of retailers and wholesalers who are scattered in many parts of Canada, chiefly in Ontario and Quebec.

Whether prosecution will follow depends upon the action of the Attorney-General in each of the Provinces. These officials will be furnished with particulars of the profiteering alleged by the board, and it is up to them to indict the offenders under the Criminal Code as provided for in the Combines and Fair Prices Act.

Weekly Market Report

Grain Prices.

Toronto, June 15.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$3.15; No. 2 Northern, \$3.12; No. 3 Northern, \$3.08, in store—Fort William.

Man. oats—No. 2 CW, \$1.33; No. 3 CW, \$1.33; extra No. 1 feed, \$1.33; No. 1 feed, \$1.32; No. 2 feed, \$1.31.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, \$1.90; No. 4 CW, \$1.64; rejected, \$1.60; feed, \$1.60.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$2.40; nominal, track, Toronto, prompt shipment.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, nominal.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, \$2 to \$2.01; No. 2, \$1.92 to \$1.93; No. 3 do, \$1.92 to \$1.93. F. O. B. shipping points, according to freights.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Spring, per car lot, \$2.02 to \$2.03; No. 2 do, \$1.98 to \$2.01; No. 3 do, \$1.95 to \$2.01. F. O. B. shipping points, according to freights.

Peas—No. 2, \$3.00.

Barley—Malt, \$1.87 to \$1.89, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.

Rye—No. 3, \$2.20 to \$2.25, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$14.85, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, \$13.25, nominal.

Milled—Car lots, delivered, Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$54; shorts, per ton, \$61; good feed flour, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$50; mixed, per ton, \$25, track.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$16 to \$17, track, Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale.

Cheese—New, large, 32 to 35¢; twins, 22½ to 23½¢; triplets, 22½ to 23¢; Stilton, new, 34 to 35¢; old, large, 32 to 35¢; Do, twins, 33 to 34¢.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 45 to 50¢; creamery prints, 55 to 57¢.

Margarine—43 to 50¢.

Eggs—Now laid, 52 to 55¢.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 80¢; roasters, 25¢; fowl, 35¢; turkeys, 53 to 60¢; ducklings, 38 to 40¢; squabs, 40¢, 50¢.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 70¢; roasters, 25¢; fowl, 27¢; ducks, 35 to 40¢.

Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bus, 55 to 55.50; primes, 44.50; Japan, 55;

Madagascar Limas, lb., 15c; Japan Limas, lb., 11c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$3.50 to \$3.75; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.25 to \$2.50. Maple sugar, 23 to 24¢.

Provisions—Wholesale.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 43 to 45¢; heavy, 34 to 35¢; cooked, 40 to 45¢; rolls, 22 to 23¢; breakfast bacon, 45 to 50¢; back, plain, 50 to 52¢; boneless, 55 to 58¢.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 28 to 29¢; clear bellies, 27 to 28¢.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 28 to 28½¢; tubs, 28½ to 29¢; pails, 28½ to 29½¢; prints, 29½ to 30¢; Compound tierces, 27 to 27½¢; tubs, 27½ to 28¢; pails, 27½ to 28½¢; prints, 28½ to 29¢.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, June 15.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, \$1.43 to \$1.45; No. 3, \$1.40 to \$1.41. Flour—New standard grade, \$14.85 to \$15.00. Rolled oats—Bags, 90 lbs., \$5.50 to \$5.60. Bran, \$54.25. Shorts, \$61.25. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$28. Cheese—Finest easterns, 22½¢. Butter—choice creamery, 54¢. Eggs—Fresh, 49¢. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$6 to \$6.25.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, June 15.—Choice heavy steers, \$15.50 to \$16; good heavy steers, \$14.75 to \$15; butchers' cattle, choice, \$14.50 to \$15; do, good, \$13.75 to \$14; do, med., \$13 to \$13.50; do, com., \$11.75 to \$12; bulls, choice, \$12.50 to \$13; do, good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do, rough, \$8 to \$8.50; butcher cows, choice, \$12.50 to \$13.50; do, good, \$11 to \$11.50; do, com., \$7.50 to \$8; stockers, \$9.25 to \$11; feeders, \$11 to \$12.50; canners and cutters, \$4.50 to \$6.25; milkers, good to choice, \$100 to \$165; do, com and med., \$65 to \$75; springers, \$90 to \$165; lambs, yearlings, \$13 to \$14; do, Spring, per lb., 18 to 20¢; calves, good to choice, \$16 to \$18; sheep, \$6 to \$10.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$10.25; do, weighed off cars, \$19.50; do, f.o.b., \$18.25; do, do, country points, \$18.

Montreal, June 15.—Butcher heifers, med., \$11 to \$13; com., \$8 to \$10.50; butcher cows, good, \$11 to \$12; med., \$8 to \$10.50; canners, \$5.50 to \$6; cutters, \$6 to \$7; butcher bulls, com., \$9 to \$10.50. Good veal, \$14 to \$15; med., \$10 to \$13. Ewes, \$8 to \$12; lambs, good, \$18 to \$20. O.P. car weights, select hogs, \$20.50; sows, \$16.50.

DRIEST SEASON IN 27 YEARS

Gowganda Forest Fires Destroy Considerable Property.

A despatch from Cobalt, Ont., says:—The fire is still burning, but slowly, in Gowganda, according to the latest advice, however, much of the danger is passed and, if the wind does not change, there is a good chance of the fire dying out. The report that the Big Four mining plant had been completely destroyed is confirmed, but it is learned that the O'Brien mine power line had survived, but was in danger on Thursday as there was a fire burning not far from the O'Brien plant. The T. C. mine opposite the Big Four, lost a huge amount of wood used in their plant, and the Silverado and Bonall will be in danger if the wind changes. It has been a hard battle and every worker and visitor in the camp turned out to help keep the fires from the mines.

Cobalt presented an unnatural appearance owing to the dense clouds of smoke passing between the bright sun. Clouds and leaves are falling as a terrific fire has again sprung up at Clear Lake west of here. As yet no settlers are in danger and the only sufferers are Cobalters from smarting eyes, so thick is the smoke.

A personal of weather statistics show this spring to be the North's driest in 27 years, less than half an inch of rain having fallen since May first. The driest spring previously was in 1914, when three quarters of an inch of rain fell but the period of drought was much shorter.

The outlook now is that the North will have practically no crop. When the bush, sheltered as it is, is so dry as to make excellent fire tinder, the conditions of the crops in the open fields can be judged.

Led 500,000 Troops; Now Plays With Pebbles

London, June 14.—Gen. Vassili Denikine, the ill-starred hope of the Russian anti-Bolsheviks, is now working out tactical problems with pebbles on the beach of Pevensey Bay, Sussex. From a respectful distance small crowds of villagers gather and watch him, as seated on the seashore, he marshals the pebbles into companies, battalions, armies, and then deploys them in battle order. The gray-headed, solitary stranger, who was known to his half-million soldiers of Southern Russia as "Fat Papa," is living in complete seclusion in a six-roomed cottage. While he is devising with pebbles new moves to defeat the Reds, his faithful wife and daughters sit at a window, dressmaking.

Mine Reopens and Flies After 36 Years

Fort William, June 13.—A British flag which Captain A. Cross packed away 36 years ago, when the Silver Island Mines was closed, was again unfurled yesterday over the shaft, indicating that the mine has been reopened. The Captain always had faith in the mine, and when he was forced to stop operations in 1884 he hauled down the flag, determined never to use it again, except at the mine. His hopes have been realized, since a Duhay syndicate recently took charge of the works.

British Massacred in Asiatic Turkey

A despatch from London says:—Two British officers, all the Government officials and a number of townspeople were killed in an attack by Samar tribesmen on Telfer, near Mosul, Asiatic Turkey, according to Bagdad advices, coming by way of Bombay. The Government building was damaged also in the attack, which was made on June 4. A punitive column is reported to have been sent from Mosul.

Place Wireless on Same Basis as the Telephone

A despatch from Paris says:—France will be the first country in the world to place wireless on the same basis as the telephone, according to plans announced by Minister of Posts Deschamps. Under the scheme outlined, a chain of wireless stations throughout the country would replace all telegraph lines and stations, probably within the next few years.

Children Are Barred From the U.S. Mails

Washington, June 14.—Children may not be transported as parcel post. First Assistant Postmaster-General Koons ruled, in passing upon two applications for the transportation of children through the mails.

Mr. Koons said children did not come within the classification of harmless live animals which do not require food or water while in transit.

One of the applications here was from a nine-year-old girl, who asked that she be sent to Kentucky.

Heavy Rain Falls Jamaica Crop

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says:—The severe drought which has caused anxiety to the Government, planters and traders, has been broken. Heavy rains are now falling throughout the island, and are causing less of life by overflowing the rivers in some parts.



SOME OLD BELIEFS AND CUSTOMS

WHY SHIPS ARE OF THE FEMININE GENDER.

Flag at Half-Mast Leaves Space for Banner of Angel of Death.

When some illustrious person dies, flags are lowered to half-mast. If the average man in the street was interrogated for an explanation he would probably say it was just the usual custom. However, there is a distinct meaning in this, for the space above is left for the flag of the Angel of Death.

Again, a ship is invariably spoken of as the feminine gender; this is traced to the ancient Greeks, who called all ships feminine names out of respect to Athene, Goddess of the Sea. Friday is believed to be an unlucky day by those who are superstitious. It is derived from the fact it was the day of Our Lord's Crucifixion, as well as the one on which Adam and Eve ate the forbidden fruit.

Few, perhaps, are aware why a weathercock is frequently attached to a church steeple. This is believed to remind people of Peter's denial of our Saviour.

"The Fourth Estate." Journalists are spoken of as "members of the Fourth Estate." Burke is generally credited as being the originator of the phrase, for while addressing Parliament one day he said there were three branches of Government, the King, the House of Lords, and the House of Commons, the Three Estates; but, turning round to the reporters' gallery, he added, "There sits the Fourth Estate, far more important than the others."

The barber's pole has also a curious history. In other times barbers were also surgeons, and practised the art of phlebotomy, and a pole was given to the patient to hold in his hand in order to let the blood run more freely. The pole should have a line of blue paint, one of red and one of white, winding round its length, blue representing the blood in the veins, red the blood in the arteries, and white the bone.

"Uncle" adopts his familiar sign of three balls over his shop because the balls form part of the old Arms of Lombardy, the people there being the first pawnbrokers in existence.

It is a common belief that "peacock's" feathers are lucky. This is due to the tradition that the bird opened the Gate of Paradise to the Serpent. The bird in a coat has been a puzzle to many. It is said to date back to the time of Napoleon. A general named Moreau had many followers, but they were afraid to openly express sympathy with him. It was therefore agreed to put a nick in their coats as a secret sign. The letter M can be seen in the lapel, representing the initial letter of the general's name.

The word "tip" finds its origin in the fact that restaurant keepers used to place a box with the words, "To insure promptness," the initials of which spell the new familiar term for gratuity.

Care of Farmhouse Telephone.

Much of the poor telephone service of which we hear is due to ignorance as to how to use the telephone. This is particularly true of rural subscribers. There is no one who is more dependent on the telephone than farmers, except the farmers' wives. When the telephone is out of order, both are isolated from town and from their neighbors. This condition lasts sometimes for weeks because of lack of knowledge of how to care for the telephone. The following simple rules, if followed, will not take much time and will avoid many service troubles:

Keep the telephone clean, inside and outside. Dust and moisture permit leakage of current and make conversation over the telephone less clear.

Do not remove the mouthpiece from the transmitter. The mouthpiece is carefully adjusted to feed the sound waves to the transmitter most effectively.

Do not leave the receiver off the switch hook. It ruins the dry batteries.

If the telephone fails to operate satisfactorily do not try to make it work by jarring or pounding it. This will not accomplish the result, and may make the trouble worse by breaking some of the delicate parts of the instrument.

If the ringing generator crank will not turn easily, do not force it. It is probably due to a ground on the line and forcing the crank is likely to injure the generator.

The line should be well insulated with glass insulators, should be kept clear of the ground, and should not touch branches or leaves of trees. If these precautions are not taken it will be impossible to talk in wet weather.

If you are a subscriber on a "switch-board line," pay the management of the central office the small amount, in addition to the switching charges, necessary to cover the cost of maintaining the telephone and line. It is well worth the money as the attention of a trained telephone lineman will make it possible to get good service at all times.

Buy Thrift Stamps.

NEW SUMMER FROCKS



9534—Child's Dress, Price, 20 cents. In 7 sizes, 2 to 10 years. Size 6 requires, figured, 2 yds. 36 ins. wide; plain, 1/2 yd. 36 ins.

9526—Girl's Dress, Price, 25 cents. In 5 sizes, 6 to 14 years. Size 8 requires 2 1/2 yds. 36 ins. wide; sash, 3/4 yd. 36 ins. wide.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezons costs only a few cents.



With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!

The glory of work—yours, mine, everybody's—is the chief glory of life. It is not gold or silver, or education or culture; it is not honesty or virtue, or anything which we may possess, which makes our lives worth living. Our success or failure depends on what we do with what we have.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

A Typhoon in Hong Kong Harbor

I had been anxious to see a typhoon," says a tourist, who has spent some years in the East, "and I had my wish gratified in Hong Kong more than once. The strength of the wind at such times is greater than one would have thought possible. It whirled ships helplessly adrift from the nearest moorings and with sudden blast takes away the corners of houses and sends projecting verandahs flying across the street.

"During the night of one gale the residents for the most part shut themselves closely in their houses, carefully securing their doors and windows, and so remained with constant apprehension and dread lest the dwelling should be swept away and themselves be entombed in the ruins.

"Once, while the storm was at its worst, I ventured down to the Praya to see the crowd of Chinese boats that had been blown inshore and piled up in a mass of wreckage just below the city. The sky was of dark leaden color, and the wind caught up the crested waves and sent them in long, white streaks of vapor across the scene, through which the dismantled ships were dimly descried drifting from their moorings.

"The heavy, stone-faced wall of the

JOY AND GLADNESS FOR THE CHILDREN

Every child—whether it be poor or rich, is entitled to joy and gladness. Health is the birthright of all and there is absolutely no doubt that the healthy baby is a happy baby. It is the baby's nature to be happy—not cross. Only the sickly baby is cross. The well child is a joy to the home—it is laughing, gurgling, happy little piece of humanity which drives dull care from the household. The sickly baby is the opposite—he is cross and peevish; cries a great deal and is a source of constant worry to the mother. But mothers there is no need of your little ones being sickly. Regulate the baby's bowels and sweeten his stomach with a gentle but thorough laxative and he will soon be well and happy again. Thousands of mothers have proved this through their use of Baby's Own Tablets—there is a smile in every dose of the Tablets. Give them to your baby and make him happy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Telescopic Photography.

Once upon a time, presumably, the planet on which we dwell was very much larger than it is to-day. It was still hot, and all the waters of what are now the oceans were suspended in the atmosphere in the form of vapors.

As the earth has cooled, it has shrunk; and, doubtless, the same thing will happen in the course of ages to Jupiter and Saturn, which are in just such a hot and steaming condition as that above described. They are unfinished worlds, incapable of supporting inhabitants until they have had time to cool and solidify.

Few people have had an opportunity to look at those huge, far-distant planets with a first-class modern telescope. It is now possible to obtain photographs of Jupiter and Saturn, seen as one beholds them through such an instrument. They are, of course, telescopic photographs.

This is long-distance photography with a vengeance, considering the fact that Jupiter (greater to us than Saturn) is on the farther verge of the enormous gap of space that separates the inner group of planets (Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars) from the outer group.

All the other seven planets put together would not make a mass as great as Jupiter. That planet's equatorial diameter is eleven times that of Saturn; but the distance between its poles is 5,000 miles less, because its rapid whirl causes it to bulge at the middle, giving it a pumpkin shape.

As with the stars, the telescopic Jupiter looks like a brilliant, yellow and golden cloud. It is, indeed, hidden from sight by masses of vapor thousands of miles thick. The giant planet, or rather its clouds, can actually be seen to whirl, revolving as it does once in ten hours.

Jupiter, relatively to size, is much lighter than the earth. The terrestrial

Praya had given way, and the great granite blocks had been washed in on the road. Half-blinded by the waves as they leaped over the road and dashed in angry foam against the houses, and buffeted by the wind, I made slow headway to the east end of the settlement, where a number of foreigners were attempting to rescue two women from a small Chinese boat.

"We had to cling to the lampposts and stanchions and seek shelter against the doorways and walls. Advantage was taken of a slight lull in the storm to fire off rockets, but these were driven back like feathers against the houses. Then, long lifeboats were dragged to the pier, but the first was broken and disabled the moment it touched the water, while the second met a like fate and its gallant crew were pitched out into the sea.

"In short, every effort proved abortive, and as darkness set in the unhappy women and their boat were reluctantly abandoned to their fate. "Next morning, the whole length of the Praya presented a scene of wreckage and desolation. Many of the Chinese, notwithstanding their shrewdness in predicting storms, had been taken quite unawares and hence the fearful sacrifice of life and the loss of property which ensued."

ONE OF PEKIN GATES FALLS.

The Hatazeme, one of the three main gates to Peking, collapsed recently, killing four persons. Among the majority of the Chinese, who are an extremely superstitious people, the collapse is an omen of dire result to the nation.

The majority of the cities of China are surrounded by ancient walls of large hand-cut stones. The city gates are closed each night, in accordance with the old custom. In some cities parts of the walls are falling and being torn down, while the stones and bricks are being utilized for building purposes.

The new buildings of the Nanking University, Nanking, are being built out of brick taken from the Tartar city walls—walls which were built within the outer city walls as a symbol of the power of the conquerors.

BREEDING FOXES

In some countries the fox is hunted and killed for sport, but if one killed a fox in Prince Edward Island he might wipe out three or four thousand dollars of the assets of some citizen. For they breed foxes in Prince Edward Island. It is estimated that there are about 500 foxes on the various ranches in that province, and it was recently estimated that in one year \$250,000 changed hands in the fox industry.

The success that has attended some breeders of foxes has caused very many others to enter the ranching business, and there have been incorporated several fox-ranching companies. While the particular fox it is sought to produce is called the black fox, it is really the animal known to the fur markets of the world as the silver gray. It was the pet of a fox from Prince Edward Island that brought the world's record price of \$2,000 in the London market some years ago.

The explanation of the high price paid for the skin of the so-called black fox is that the quantity offered in the big fur markets of the world has fallen in thirty years from 2,000 to about 200.

In the old days the wilds of Canada, through the Hudson Bay Co., virtually supplied the world with furs, but now semi-domesticated animals furnish many pelts.

Lusitania Salvage Will Total \$15,000,000.

If the refloating of the Lusitania proves successful it will result in the division of at least \$15,000,000 between a French salvage company, the British Government and the Cunard Line, according to an announcement made here by the directors of the steamship line, says a Paris despatch. Although extensive preparations are being made for the venture, the Cunard Company does not expect success, pointing out that the size of the vessel, and the depth to be overcome will make the operation the costliest in the history of such work. Nevertheless, the wealth of jewelry, gold and silver bars known to have gone down with the ship offers an unprecedented inducement to the salvage company.

Experts have decided that it will be necessary to cut the vessel into five portions, exclude the water under pressure and then bring the sections to the surface. It is estimated that at least a year will be required for the work, if successful. The largest vessel raised heretofore by this system had a tonnage of only 8,000.

The French navy officials are interested, for, if successful, the Government may consider seriously the project for the refloating of many valuable ships sunk in shallow water by submarines.

A Scotch Blessing.

"If after the kirk you bide a wee, There's some wad like to speak to ye. If after kirk you rise and flee, We'll all seem cold and stiff to ye. The one that's in the seat w' ye Is stranger here than you, maybe; All here see got their fears and cares; Add your soul unto our prayers; Be ye our angel unawares."

Joe Left. A negro was trying to saddle a fractious mule, when a bystander asked: "Does that mule ever kick you, Sam?" "No, sah, but he sometimes kicks where I've jes' been."

CONSECRATION.

"In full and glad submission I give myself to Thee, Thine utterly, and only. And ever more to be Reign over me, Lord Jesus, Oh, make my heart Thy throne; It shall be Thine, my Saviour, It shall be Thine Alone!"

Looked Intelligent. "Describe the man you saw talking to the prisoner," said the judge to the witness.

"I don't know how to, sir." "Did he look like any of these lawyers," inquired the judge. "Did he look like me?"

"Oh, no, sir," said the witness; "he looked like an intelligent gentleman."

All living creatures except plants are grouped by science as animals. The flea is really a fly, the glow worm a beetle, and the black beetle a cockroach.

ED. 7 ISSUE No. 25-20.

HAVE YOU ASTHMA?

Do you endure the misery of Asthma with its agonizing attacks, difficult breathing and loss of strength? How ever bad your case, quick relief is guaranteed by the use of

TEMPLETON'S RAZ-MAH CAPSULES
This preparation is the result of years of experimenting and study. Thousands have derived the greatest benefit through its use. Write for free sample to Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto.
Sold by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.04 a box.

TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES

For seven years the standard specific for Rheumatism, Neuritis, Gout, Lumbago, Neuralgia. Many doctors prescribe them. Write to Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto, for free sample. Sold by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.04 per box.

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BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE

Right at That. "What is obscurity, Tommie?" the teacher asked.

"It's a place, I guess," Tommie hazarded. "No, No! Why do you say that?" "Must be, because that's where a lot of candidates go back to after an election."

A Blessing Reversed. An Irishwoman, looking for a tip from a tourist, began showering blessings on him thus: "May the blessing of Heaven follow you all the world over."

Then, as the tip was not forthcoming, she completed the sentence thus: "And may it never overtake you!"

All That. "Oh, Paul, if only you were like the brave knights of old—if you would do something reckless, daring, with no thought of consequence, to prove your love for me!"

"Great Scott, Mabel! Haven't I asked you to marry me, and my salary only \$22 a week?"

No Hurry About It. A Scotch minister one misty evening fell into a deep mudhole from which he could not climb out and shouted for help.

A passing laborer hearing him, looked down and asked who he was and then remarked: "Weel, weel, ye needna kick up sic a noise. Ye'll no be needed afore Sabbath, an' this is only Wednesday night."

MONEY ORDERS. It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Quite Clear. "Now, Tommie, what do we get from sleep?" the teacher asked, reviewing yesterday's lesson.

"Batter!" Tommie suggested doubtfully.

"Oh, no! Try to think. What is your coat made from? Now tell me, what do we get from sleep?"

"Father's old trousers," Tommie responded eagerly.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

From Their Own Ashes. Villages in the vicinity of St. Quentin, France, are literally rising. Phoenixlike, from their own ashes. Confronted by a lack of stone and building materials, the artisans have established a big grinding machine in which the debris of the shell-shattered houses is remade into mortar.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

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Classified Advertisements.

FERTILIZERS. STEVENS COMPLETE FERTILIZER will pay you. George Stevens, Peterborough, Ontario.

FOR SALE. WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,000. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 24, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

SOFT ELM WANTED, 2 IN. AND 3 IN. THICKER, SHIPPED GREEN FROM SAW. Do not sell until you communicate with Keenan Bros. Limited, Owen Sound, Ont.

REGISTERED TRAINING SCHOOL for Nurses: St. Elizabeth Hospital, 304 South Broad Street, Elizabeth, New Jersey. Complete course. Monthly allowance, first year \$4.00, second year \$3.00, third year \$2.00. Address: Superintendent.

HELP WANTED. WANTED, FIRST-CLASS BENCH carpenters to work on interior fittings. Good wages, steady work. Laidlaw Lumber Company, 2120 Dundas W., Toronto.

LET "DANDERINE" SAVE YOUR HAIR. Get rid of every bit of that ugly dandruff and stop falling hair.

To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub well into the scalp. After several applications all dandruff usually goes and hair stops coming out. Every hair in your head soon shows new life, vigor, brightness, thickness and more color.

To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub well into the scalp. After several applications all dandruff usually goes and hair stops coming out. Every hair in your head soon shows new life, vigor, brightness, thickness and more color.

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To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle

SAVE \$1.60---

The Designer and Woman's Magazine 80c instead of \$2.40 for a Few Days Only at J. N. Currie & Co's.

Since the Designer and New Idea Co. amalgamated their forces the new magazine is much enlarged and improved. No other magazine offers anything like as much for the money.

We expect to more than double our list of subscribers on account of the extraordinary offer, but we must do it in a few days.

If you wish to take advantage of this subscription offer and cannot be at the store this week, call phone 17 and ask to have your name included to take advantage of this price.

After the time expires the price for subscriptions instead of being 80c will be \$2.40 with no chance of getting a lower price.

The new Designer and New Idea Pattern at 20c and 25c include charts and full description. Makes amateurs professionals in dressmaking. Even though you procure a dressmaker you will get better style and more perfect fit by using properly cut patterns. These Patterns and Magazines are fully demonstrated all this week by a competent person sent here by the company.

A Wonderful Collection of Hot Weather Materials on Sale This Week

Fancy Voiles, Plain Voiles, Anderson's Zephyrs, Batiste, Gingham, Crashes, Galateas, Chambrays, etc. In many cases our prices are below present wholesale prices.

Great Collection of All Styles and Qualities in Underwear

For ladies, separate and combination, also teddy bear and envelope styles in silk, muslin or cotton.

Large Shipments this week, just opened.

Include Men's Panama and Sennet Hats, Men's Underwear in combination and athletic style, Men's and Women's White Canvas Oxfords and Slippers. Another lot of Waists in new short and three-quarter sleeves in voiles and georgettes. Very smart styles. All reasonably priced.

Another shipment of Clothing marked to escape the "luxury tax"—Grand values at \$28.50 to \$42.50.

This store gives bigger values in Working Men's Outfits than most places. The quality is right; the fit is proper, the workmanship shows expert tailoring. Full line of Overalls, Smocks, Shirts. We are selling more than ever because of our good values.

Mrs. Dunbar of Chicago will be at this store all week in the interests of Designer and New Idea Patterns and Magazines.

J. N. Currie & Co.

LATE POTATO SPRAYING

Best Fungicides and Insecticides For This Work.

Bordeaux Mixture for Late Blight and Rot — How and When to Spray Effectively — How to Increase Crop Yields.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

EARLY spraying with Bordeaux mixture and Paris green or arsenate of lead protect potato plants from Early Blight and Potato Beetles. Later sprayings are required as an insurance against Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes, which is the most serious disease of potatoes in Ontario. This disease usually appears about the middle of July if the weather is at all damp. Therefore, it is necessary to begin spraying for it about the 10th of July. Bordeaux mixture is the only satisfactory fungicide for the control of Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes. A poison should be added when necessary for Potato Beetles, arsenate of lead paste, 3 1/2 lbs. to each 40 gallons of the liquid spray, or Paris green 2 lbs. to 40 gallons, or a mixture of 2 lbs. of arsenate of lead paste and 1 lb. of Paris green to 40 gallons. The number of sprayings required will depend upon the season, the weather, the weather the larger the number. In wet weather spraying should be done at least once every ten days or two weeks. Do not put off spraying because it is so late in the season. If the spray is on the plants half an hour before the rain comes it will be dry and sufficient of it will stick to prevent infection which takes place during or soon after rain. Most of the failures to get results from spraying are due to the fact that the spraying is done after rather than before rain. Thorough spraying only is effective, and this requires a good Bordeaux mixture. For the late sprayings from 75 to 100 gallons or even more should be applied per acre at each spraying. Thorough spraying means the covering of every portion of the potato plants with Bordeaux mixture in the form of a fine mist. This can only be done when the solution is applied with a good pressure so as to insure covering every portion of the plant. The best results are obtained when a potato sprayer is used fitted with a T-joint attachment so as to insure covering both surfaces of the leaves at each spraying. When the plants are large it has been found that it pays to go over each row twice at each spraying. Spraying must be continued throughout August and part of September, even though the plants close in and cover the ground between the rows. Not as much harm as might be expected will be done by the weeds and the increase in yield and soundness of the crop will more than compensate for whatever loss there may be. For convenience in spraying, rows of potatoes should be at least thirty inches apart. Spraying for Late Blight and Rot is an insurance which few can afford to neglect.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Lime to Increase Crop Yields.

The soils in many parts of the province are so depleted of their lime that they are becoming sour or acid. This is an important fact as few, if any, of our farm crops can make their best growth on a soil carrying an insufficient supply of lime. This is especially true of leguminous plants and it is probable that the frequent "killing out" of clover during the first winter is due to lack of sufficient lime.

Lime acts in several ways. It neutralizes the acids formed in the soil through the decay of organic matter; it overcomes the tenacity of clay soils, binds sands together and thus improves the physical condition of both types of soil. Lime is not only an essential constituent of the food of plants, but it also tends to liberate plant food, especially potash, from the insoluble forms in the soil, bringing them into an available state. The nitrogenous plants that live on the roots of the nitrogen-gathering plants cannot work in an acid soil, nor can some other forms of organisms whose function it is to gather nitrogen. Consequently if a soil is so acid that it is devoid of lime or even very low in lime cannot produce maximum crops. Coupled with these facts, we have the happy condition that lime is one of the cheapest fertilizers, if we may call it such, that can be purchased.

Lime or Quick Lime is made by heating limestone rock or carbonate of lime, to a sufficiently high temperature to break up the compound into the oxide of lime and carbon-dioxide. The former substance is what we know in common terms as "fresh burned lime" or "quick lime." If the limestone rock is ground to a fine powder we have "ground limestone" or "agricultural lime." It requires about two tons of this latter substance to be equal to one ton of quick lime, and the prices charged for them are in about the same proportion. Furthermore two tons of the former to one ton of the latter are about the right quantities to apply.

The ground limestone rock is safe on any land in almost any quantity, and may be applied at any time of the year. On heavy clay soils quick lime, slaked before applying, may give quicker results; but it should not be applied to light sandy soils. Few materials or fertilizers can have so many good things said about them as lime and none of them cost so little money. Try out a little yourself this year.—Prof. R. Harcourt, O. A. College, Guelph.

As a rule the earlier maturing pullets are the earlier and most profitable layers. By marking these the best breeders may be selected.



Triplex Springs

Take the Jolts Out of Canada's Rough Roads

To appreciate fully what an improvement Triplex Springs are, you must ride in the Overland and see what they do.

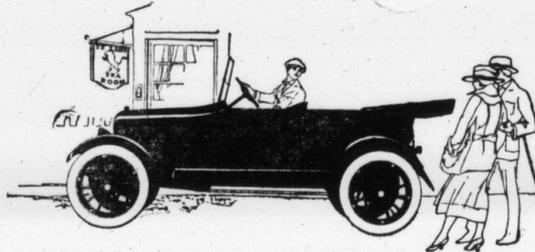
To light weight and economy of 100-inch wheelbase they add the steadiness and road flexibility of 130-inch Springbase.

It is a new sensation to ride in a light weight car with the com-

fort formerly confined to the heavy car of long wheelbase.

—To be relieved from nerve-racking jolts and to go confidently ahead over rough roads at a good roads' speed.

The made-in-Canada Overland is a striking example of the new strides being made by Canadian industry.



WM. McCALLUM, DEALER, GLENCOE

Head Office and Factories: Willys-Overland Limited, Toronto, Canada
Branches: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg and Regina

A FOOD SHORTAGE COMING

A century ago less than nine per cent of the people in Canada and the United States lived in cities. Today over fifty per cent are crowded into urban centres. If we were dependent upon the sickle flail to cut and thresh our grain, as our grandparents were, we would be unable to feed the multitude in the cities. Even as it is we are rapidly approaching a period like that which preceded the downfall of the Roman Empire. The decline and fall of that great Empire was traceable to this cause—the people flocking to the cities until famine stalked in the land. Unless we are greatly mistaken, next winter will see a food shortage—not necessarily in Europe—but in this land of plenty. Politicians, the Big Interests, Governments and the mass of the people in the city refuse to believe there is any danger. They imagine we are trying to frighten them by crying wolf! wolf! They will have a rude awakening come day.—Farmer's Stan.

Half-empty churches and unopened Bibles have a great deal to do with the present unsettled frame of mind in Canada, says Mr. Cockshutt, M. P.

Internally and Externally it is Good.—The crowning property of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is that it can be used internally for many complaints as well as externally. For sore throat, croup, whooping cough, pain in the chest, and many hundred ailments it has curative qualities that are unsurpassed. A bottle of it costs little and there is no loss in always having it at hand.

BY-LAW No. 267

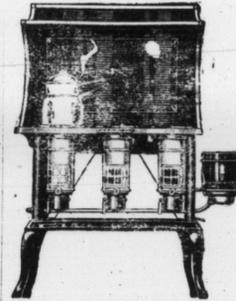
A BY-LAW to REGULATE THE PARKING, LIGHTING AND TURNING OF CARS ON THE STREETS IN THE VILLAGE OF GLENCOE.

Whereas it is deemed necessary to regulate the parking, lighting and turning of cars on the streets of the Village of Glencoe, the municipal council of the Village of Glencoe enacts as follows:—

- First—That all parties parking cars on the streets of Glencoe shall park the same on the right hand side of the streets. They shall park them inclining the front towards the sidewalk at an angle to allow a car to be parked by its side, running the right front wheel to touch the curb.
- Second—No party shall park a car within 25 feet of a street crossing.
- Third—All cars parked on the street at night shall have front and rear lights lit.
- Fourth—No car shall be parked behind another car.
- Fifth—Parties wishing to turn their car must go to the street crossing to do so. No turning in the middle of the block will be allowed.
- Sixth—Any party or parties violating any clause of this by-law shall be liable upon summary conviction before a magistrate or a justice of the peace to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

This by-law received its three readings and was finally passed in council this 31st day of May, 1920.
CHAS. GEORGE, A. McPHERSON, Clerk. Reeve

New Perfection Stoves!



They are safe and simple and will save fuel.

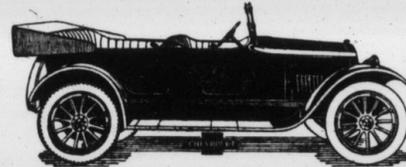
MARTIN - SENOUR 100 PER CENT. PURE PAINT

Will put the shine on your home. Use our Floor Paint, Floor Varnish, Wood Lac and Varnish.

R. A. Eddie

HAYING TOOLS

DEERING REPAIR



A Chevrolet Car

Won the classic racing event of the motor world, the 500 mile race in Indianapolis. It took Chevrolet stamina to do the trick.

Buy yourself one and get 1-4 to 1-3 more mileage out of your gasoline.

Several travellers have called here lately and report 30 to 32 miles average to the gallon of gas. One car driven over 90,000 miles is doing nearly 24.

The Fleischman Co. of New York are replacing their 1,400 cars of all makes with Chevrolet 490 models. The Singer Sewing Machine Company is doing the same thing. Many large mercantile houses in Toronto are equipping their salesmen with Chevrolets exclusively.

Buy one and show yourself some real economy. Be convinced of the foregoing truths by interviewing any of the users.

N. & A. M. Graham

Children Cry for Fletcher's



Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Saves Work for Mary Saves Work for John
The handiest helper on the farm is a Leader Home Water System. It means less daily work for the women folk and the men folk. More time to do the things that insure bigger profits on the farm. 50,000 now in use. Be a happy Leader farmer from now on.

Plenty Fresh Running Water **Citify Your Farm Home**

For Sale by: **DR SALE BY I. T. WING & CO., LIMITED**
Windsor - Ontario

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—In Canada, \$1.50 per year; in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

Advertising.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted at moderate rates. Prices on application.

Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programs, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. A. E. Sutherland, Publisher.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1920

The shortage of sugar is becoming a very acute problem, especially in view of the fact that the canning season is only a few weeks distant. Thrifty people will endeavor to dry all the fruit they can, especially apples, to be sweetened when used in the winter months after the price of sugar has been forced down to normal. There is ample evidence that profiteering has been going on in connection with the handling of our sugar, and this method should help materially to mete out a little well-deserved punishment to the robbers of the people.

TO EXTEND HYDRO

Messrs. R. E. Lawler and J. W. Purcell of the Ontario Hydro Power Commission visited Kent county a few days ago giving information to farmers in the county with a possible view of the extension of the hydro system to the various sections of the county when more power is obtainable. With this end in view meetings were held in Dover, Louisville, Blenheim, Ridgeway and Highgate. With such a proposition materializing, power will be distributed over the county by means of small district stations and incidentally rates will be struck favorable to such districts.

THEY STILL RULE

Our so-called luxury tax is merely the American proposal to tax sales when made by the retailer or wholesaler. It is merely an adaptation of the American proposal. The sales tax is a direct method of collecting revenue but it must not be coincident with a customs duty. Where it is, it merely adds to the burdens of the consumer and this will be its effect in this country. The protected interests still rule in the Dominion and will continue to do so until the voters forget party, racial and national appeals and vote for a square deal for themselves.—Ottawa Citizen.

When in a fix, sweating will get you out quicker than swearing. If you have half an hour to spare, don't spend it with some one who hasn't.

The prohibitionist who declares that cars are popping in hell probably means that hell is popping in Cork.

What is New in Wall Paper?

This will soon be a leading question in the home; but we can answer it for you if you will drop in and let us show you the *Newest Designs* of two of the largest Wall Paper manufacturers in America. Over two hundred new designs carried in stock. Get your papering done early and avoid the rush.

P. E. Lumley

Store Phone 54 Home Phone 77

KEITH'S CASH STORE

DRY GOODS MILLINERY GROCERIES

Best quality, and fair prices ensured

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. G. S. Lloyd, M. A., Minister
SUNDAY, JUNE 20
Anniversary services, conducted by Rev. James Wilson, B. A. of Toronto.

Railway Trains at Glencoe

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Main Line

Eastbound—No. 20, Toronto express (daily) 3.25 a.m.; No. 12, accommodation (except Sunday) 9.37 a.m.; No. 13, express (daily) 2.55 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer (daily, no local stops) 6.05 p.m.; No. 116, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 10.40 p.m.
Westbound—No. 7, Detroit express (ex. Sunday, no local stops) 4.45 a.m.; No. 17, Sundays only, stops at Glencoe and Chatham) 5.45 a.m.; No. 75, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 7.30 a.m.; No. 115, Detroit express (daily, stops at Glencoe, Bothwell, Thamesville and Chatham) 12.35 p.m.; No. 11, accommodation (ex. Sunday) 6.37 p.m.; No. 15, International Limited (daily, stops Glencoe and Chatham) 10.05 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, 9.37 a.m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12.15 p.m.; No. 354, mixed, 4.20 p.m.
Westbound—No. 351, mixed, 9.25 a.m.; No. 3, Wabash, 1.44 p.m.; No. 353, mixed, 2.50 p.m.
Nos. 2 and 3, Sundays included.
Kingscourt Branch
Leaves—7.35 a.m., 6.40 p.m.
Arrives—7.05 a.m., 5.55 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Eastbound—No. 634, 12.25 p.m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, 4.17 p.m.; No. 22, stops for Toronto passengers, 5.45 p.m.
Westbound—No. 635, for Windsor, 4.48 a.m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, 9.20 a.m.; No. 633, 8.16 p.m.
Trains 22, 634, 633 and 635, Sundays included.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G. T. R. East, 9.05 a.m.; G. T. R. West, 6.05 p.m.; London and East, 7.00 p.m.
Mails received—London and East, 8.00 a.m.; G. T. R. East, 7.00 p.m.; G. T. R. West, 9.45 a.m.
Street letter box collections made at 8.30 a.m. and 5.30 p.m.

Farmers and Dairymen

Get our proposition re cream; highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. We pay cash. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe
House, 30r2. Store, 89.

Geo. Highwood

Successor to F. G. Humphries

Purveyor of all kinds of

FRESH AND SALT MEATS

Deliveries from 8 to 10

Saturdays all day

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

Sold all over the world. Shop in every city. See your telephone book.

Singer's best Rotary No. 115-1 Machine price \$78, payable \$5 cash, balance \$2 per month, or a discount of 20 per cent. allowed for cash.

Machines always kept in stock. A few second-hand machines for sale. Needles, Belts, Oil and all repairs kept in stock.

A few six-octave piano-case organs for sale, suitable for schools or practice. Apply

W. A. HAGERTY

Miller's Worm Powders are sweet and palatable to children, who show no hesitancy in taking them. They will certainly bring all worm troubles to an end. They are a strengthening and stimulating medicine, correcting the disorders of digestion that the worms cause and imparting a healthy tone to the system most beneficial development.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF RHEUMATISM

Entirely Well After Six Weeks' Treatment With "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



MR. AMEDEE GARCEAU

82 Hickory St., Ottawa, Ont.

At Middlesex county council last week a resolution of condolence was passed to the family of the late D. D. Graham of Mosa township. The late Mr. Graham was reeve of that municipality for many years and at one time occupied the warden's chair. The resolution was moved by Councillor C. C. Henry and seconded by Councillor E. F. Reyraff.

An exchange says:—In cooking rhubarb much sugar may be saved by the use of baking soda. Dissolve the soda in boiling water, in the proportion, say, of a good-sized teaspoon to a quart and pour it over the rhubarb. Let it stand for five minutes and then turn into a colander to drain. Stew with not much more than half the quantity of sugar you have been accustomed to use.

The Glencoe section was visited by refreshing showers on Tuesday, and at night there was an unusually heavy thunderstorm with torrents of rain and a broadside of hail such as has never been experienced here before. Many shade trees in town had limbs twisted off by the wind and some windows were broken. But little damage was done to gardens and field crops, while the rain was greatly needed and will be worth millions to the country.

Mr. Alexander Sutherland, one of the oldest residents of Mosa township, passed away at his residence in the third concession on Thursday, June 10th, after a brief illness. He was 71 years old. Mrs. Sutherland was formerly Miss Jean McKee and had resided in Mosa since May, 1871. She is survived by four sons and four daughters. Her husband predeceased her 17 years. The funeral was held on Monday to Oakland cemetery, Rev. Mr. Lloyd of the Glencoe Presbyterian church conducting the funeral service at the residence.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Miss Etta McIntosh of Sarnia is on a visit to Glencoe friends.
—Mrs. (Dr.) McIntyre and children were in London for a few days last week.
—Mrs. Anderson and Miss Martyn of Alvinston are visiting their sister, Mrs. Luckham.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McPherson and little son Kenneth spent the weekend in London.
—Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Lethbridge left for Toledo on Tuesday to visit their daughter, Mrs. Marsh.

—John W. McKee of London was here over the week-end attending the funeral of the late Wm. C. King.
—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rice of Central City, Nebraska, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Waterworth.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stinson have returned home after spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Detroit and Windsor.

—J. A. Ferguson of Detroit is spending a few holidays at his home near Alvinston and was calling on Glencoe friends this week.

—Dr. and Mrs. Schofield and baby Mary Lenore of Ottawa are visiting Mrs. Schofield's mother, Mrs. Wm. Tait, Main street south.

—Miss Kathleen Blackburn, who has been in London several weeks recuperating her health, returned on Monday and is much improved.

—Alex. Duncanson of Windsor is in town for a few days. Mr. Duncanson was in the real estate business and reports things looking in that line.

—Miss Ethel Simpson and Savil Simpson left on Wednesday for a lake trip to the Saull and Blind River to visit their brother, Mr. Simpson.

—Among those who attended the graduating exercises at Alma College on Monday evening were Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sutton and daughter Elva, Mrs. M. Annett, Milton Holman, Miss Florence Westcott and Will Brown.

—Mrs. Steele and son Murray and niece Miss Marjorie Steele of Stratford motored to Glencoe and spent the week-end with Miss Steele and Miss Gillies of the high school, who returned on Monday with them to spend the holidays.

A local social event of more than usual interest last week was that on Wednesday when Mrs. Gordon Dickson received for the first time since coming to Glencoe. There were nearly a hundred callers during the afternoon, and the affair throughout was delightfully pleasing. The rooms were tastefully decorated in bridal green and iris. Mrs. Arthur Sutherland received with Mrs. Dickson, who was also assisted in the drawing-room by Mrs. E. A. Mayhew. Mrs. J. N. Currie invited to the dining-room, where the decorations were spirea and sunflower, the table being centred with pink carnations. Mrs. M. J. McAlpine poured the tea and Mrs. G. E. Davidson cut the loaves. L. Simpson assisted in the serving by Mrs. R. M. McPherson, Mrs. Freese and Miss Oldreive. Little Miss Margaret Dickson attended the door, and Miss Jean Sutherland presided at the piano. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. Dickson entertained at supper the Royal Bank staff and those assisting at the reception, and afterwards a very enjoyable few hours was spent with eight tables at cards.

EXTRAVAGANCE IS SIN

Economy is something that people practice only when they have to. We are reaching that point with considerable speed. So we are being driven by force of circumstances to economize in our expenditures. If this could be any process of education, it would be a great blessing to the country. Those who have money should set the example, and give a portion of their surplus to worthy causes. It would prove a much more satisfying way of spending than the purchase of unnecessary decorations for their persons, and it would do a great deal to halt the craze for personal adornment that has run to an extreme. After all, the durable satisfactions of life are to be found in the simple things. Unfortunately there are few who can be persuaded of this. —Toronto Sentinel.

The girl who wears furs in summer doesn't look like a summer girl or like a winter girl, but quite like a silly girl.

PRESERVATION OF FOOD

Essentials in Saving Vegetables and Fruits.

Sterilizing Preparatory to Canning Described—Drying Methods and the Cold Pack Also Described.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

It is a universally known fact that foods not properly preserved will spoil. They will ferment, decay, putrefy or become mouldy. These changes are brought about by the development of bacteria, yeasts and molds on or in the food. If these micro-organisms can be prevented from growing on or in the food it will not spoil. Therefore, the question of food preservation resolves itself into the problem of preventing these bacteria, yeasts and molds from growing or multiplying on or in the foods. This is done in various ways according to the nature of the food to be preserved.

In the preservation of such vegetables as green peas, beans, asparagus and green corn, cooking and sealing are necessary. These are green and juicy, and if stored in the fresh condition they will either wilt or ferment and rot. This fermentation and rotting is due to the development of the bacteria which are present on the vegetables. There will be sufficient moisture present in the mass to enable the bacteria to multiply and feed on the material and thus induce the rot.

So in order to preserve such vegetables in the fresh condition the bacteria present have to be killed and all other bacteria prevented from getting on the material until it is to be used. In order to accomplish this the process of canning is resorted to. To get satisfactory results from canning vegetables it is necessary to have:

- 1st. Good sound healthy vegetables.
- 2nd. Good clean sealers with tight-fitting tops and good rubbers.
- 3rd. Wash the vegetables and fill into the sealers.
- 4th. Cover with water salted to taste.
- 5th. Put on the tops and leave slightly loose.
- 6th. Place sealers in a steamer or boiler half filled with cold water and heat to the boiling point for half an hour.
- 7th. Remove sealers from boiler or steamer and tighten down the tops.
- 8th. After 24 hours loosen the tops and return to the boiler or steamer and give another half hour's steaming.
- 9th. Repeat this process after another 24 hours. Then tighten down the tops and place away.

This treatment should destroy all micro-organisms present, and if the top is hermetically sealed no others can get in until it is opened.

Another method of sterilizing is to give one boiling to the filled sealers for two to four hours. This, however, cannot be depended on to give as satisfactory results as the above.

Another method is to heat in steam under 5 lbs. pressure for thirty minutes. This is the commercial way for which special strong steamers (auto-claves) that can withstand internal pressure are necessary.

Another method of preserving vegetables is by drying in special ovens. This drying process extracts sufficient moisture from the vegetables to prevent the bacteria present from having the power to multiply unless the materials should get moist before being used. If sufficient moisture is not extracted, or should the dried materials get moist during storage, then decay or rot will rapidly develop, as the bacteria are not killed in the drying process and only require moisture to enable them to develop.

Such fruits as strawberries, raspberries, plums, peaches, currants, blueberries, etc., which are soft, cannot be kept any length of time without fermenting or moulding unless they are canned.

The canning process is simple for the purpose of killing all mold spores and yeast cells that are on the fruit and preventing others getting on until the material is to be used.

Canning fruits is not so difficult as canning vegetables because it is easier to kill yeasts and molds which affect fruits than it is to kill bacteria that affect vegetables.

Fruit sealers must be cooked in a fruit kettle, sugar added to taste, and filled hot direct from the kettle into sterilized sealers removed direct from scalding water. The covers, rings and rubbers should be put on at once direct from scalding water and screwed down tightly.

Another way to preserve such fruits is by the cold pack method. In this method the fruits are not cooked before putting into the sealer. Sound fruit not overripe should be used. This is picked over and filled directly into clean sealers. Stone fruit should be pitted.

A syrup of sugar and water sweetened to taste is then filled into sealers so as to completely cover the fruit. The tops, rubbers and rings are put on but not screwed down tightly. The sealers are then placed in a boiler containing cold water sufficient to reach three-fourths up the sealers and this is brought to a boil and kept boiling for half an hour. The sealers are then removed and the tops screwed down tightly at once. When cooled, store away.—Prof. D. H. Jones, O. A. College, Guelph.

Feed Plenty to Hens.
Feed plenty of the foods you have on hand. Hens prefer rolled oats and barley to whole grain. A ration of one-third each of oats, barley and cracked corn gives first-class results. Supply plenty of tender green feed, shade and clean drink. Water should be given in abundance and must always be clean and fresh. Barnyard war is extremely bad. Sore skimmilk is excellent.

Strayed—on Tuesday, 15th, hay mare; seen going past C.P.R. Please notify Sam Hart.

Party who borrowed a pair of snips from S. Hills is requested to return them at once.

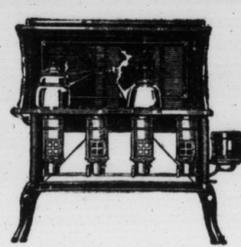
Remember June 24th is Lees church social at J. W. Reyraff's, two miles north of Muirkirk. Nineteen miles of beautiful road to Reyraff's.

Car owners, attention! We now have in stock Noble's Standard Polish, for automobiles, phonographs, furniture, etc. Try it.—Wright's Hardware.

An especially interesting program, and refreshments served, at the anniversary entertainment of Glencoe Presbyterian church next Monday evening.

Social entertainment in connection with anniversary, Presbyterian Sunday School hall, Monday evening, June 21. Special feature, Miss Lottie Martin, soprano soloist of All Saints, London, and good program by local artists. Ice cream and cake will be served. All for 35 cents.

New Perfection Oil Cook Stoves!



This year they are better than ever before, with several distinct improvements such as reversible glass bottle reservoir, wider top, etc., are made in three sizes—2, 3, and 4-burner.

Screen Doors and Windows

SCREEN DOORS—\$2.25 and up

SCREEN WINDOWS—45 cents and up

SCREEN WIRE—30 cents yard up

HAMMOCKS—\$3.50 and up



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W. A. CURRIE'S NEW GROCERY STORE EXTENDED

Now occupies the large store formerly occupied by Mrs. Currie with Millinery—Main street W.

This store is now filled to overflowing with a newly assorted stock of Fresh Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Special this week Toilet and Laundry Soap 10c.

A large and well assorted stock of Christies and other popular makes of Cakes, Sodas and Confectionery always in stock.

Parnell's, London, Bread sold here.

Fresh Eggs, Good Table Butter and all marketable produce taken at highest price in cash or trade.

W. A. CURRIE

TELEPHONE 25

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In a public garage your car will quickly lose its spot-and-shine appearance. There's only one place to keep a car—its own garage—preferably in one of our **PRESTON PORTABLE GARAGES**.
The makers have kept in mind the importance of "appearance" as well as the need of a sturdy, weather-proof garage. The result is an easily-erected building, that comes in sections.
Investigate the Preston Garage before you build a home for your car. For Folder write to **METAL SHINGLE & SIDING CO., LIMITED**
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Unexcelled Dining-car Service. Sleeping Cars on night trains and Parlor Cars on principal day trains. Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto. C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; telephone No. 5.

Empty Rooms

By EFFIE MAURINE PAIGE.

PART I.

Mother's hand lay quietly on father's arm as the heavy car rumbled over the rough country road, and every now and then she would look up at him for reassurance.

The chauffeur wondered what sort of wild goose chase this would turn out to be—two old fogies out joyriding in the early morning—but a generous gold-colored bill lay softly in his pocket and he should worry, his job was to drive the car!

Over the brow of a hill, along a smooth stretch of road into the cool of a wood and just beyond, was the house. The car, slowing up at father's order through the tube, came to a stop before a low, gabled building overgrown with vines and roses, its yard tall with grass mixed with stray sweet william, heliotrope, pinks, verbenas and hollyhocks.

The chauffeur was doubtful—should he leave these two old folks here alone at 9 o'clock on a summer morning? He looked at the shuttered windows, at the overgrown path, at the tall elms that bent protectively over the roof. Just an old broken-down house—an empty house, long deserted. He sighed and was about to offer protest when father smiled and announced:

"It's our old home. We'll go in by and by!"

There was no need for further questioning even by a boy so young and inexperienced as the chauffeur. The eyes of the old man, the straightening of the drooped shoulders, were enough; but when he saw mother's little hand still resting confidently on father's sleeve, looked into her radiant, memory-filled eyes, he lifted his cap again, reverently, and returned without a word to his car.

They were still standing outside the gate when the car slipped over the last hill-top and out of sight.

"It's the same old home, Bess—the same old home," he said.

"Yes, father, it is!"

They stood like two children looking at a Christmas tree—hearted too full of joy to speak, wishing they might dance and romp to clear away the intensity of feeling. But, being in the seventies, they simply stood quite close together and looked and looked at the old home.

"Thousands of pictures kaleidoscoped before their eyes with memories that came with the fragrance of spice pinks—the gold of the climbing rose—the sunset door step and the tall elms. No one had stood in pictures at a great painting with more reverence and appreciation than these two whose hungry hearts saw every trail of the great artist's brush on this canvas of their life."

The quiet early morning of a summer day made a beautiful setting. Birds twittered happily in their tree homes, cow bells tinkled in pastures beyond, a distant train whistled; all a part of the quiet, unheard, unnoted, except as part of the great picture.

Mother, looking lovingly up at father, followed his gaze to the branches of the elm, which hung over the west bedroom, and, seeing what he saw, laughed happily.

"It wouldn't be home, Dan! If there wasn't a nest on that branch!"

A beautiful orchard oriole flew over the side of the nest and off across the fields, and father looked questioningly down at mother, whose eyes met his with the same expression.



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Farthing Newspapers.

Do you know how we first came to have our daily newspapers?

We are said to be indebted to the Italians for their introduction.

The first newspaper was written and published in Venice, and was called the "Gazetta," the name of a farthing of that country, and the price of the paper.

Some say, however, that the name "Gazetta," from which we get our "Gazette," was derived from the word "Gazzera," meaning a magpie, or chatterer. Still, the world's first newspaper was a Venetian one, was mouthed, and under Government control.

It has been commonly supposed that the first English newspaper made its appearance in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and that its publication took place in order to convey to the people the tidings of the approaching Armada with Spain.

"The English Mercurie," published by "Authentic," was first printed at London, by her Highness's printer, 1588. Its mission was to contradict false reports, and although it is preserved in the British Museum, this newspaper is said by one authority to be a forgery of the eighteenth century.

No genuine newspaper, it is added, has been preserved of the sixteenth century, excepting for some pamphlets under the title of "News from Spain."

At one time an attempt was made to crush the newspaper press of England, and in 1712 a tax, or stamp duty, was imposed—a halfpenny on a newspaper of half a sheet or less, and a penny on papers of a single and above half a sheet.

Positively the Last Word.

Do you know the last word in the dictionary?

It begins with the last three letters in the alphabet, placed in their reverse order, and it means an "Indian libel; dragon fly having a large head, narrow face and very large eyes." The word "zygonma." This is in the New Standard Dictionary.

Webster's New International stops one short of this, listing its final word as "zythum," explained as being "a kind of ancient malt beverage," which the Standard calls a "very excellent beer that Diodorus, though wholly unaccustomed to it, affirmed to have been superior to the juice of the grape."

Together, then, the two dictionaries, with beer and a dragon fly, make fairly unimpaired endings.

Reading up the Z column from "zygonma," one must traverse strange territory for a distance of sixty-two words before one reaches "Zuter Zee," the first—or rather the last—fairly well-known term in the dictionary.

Between this Dutch sea and the libel; fly is a semidesert country studded numerously with such thorny obstructions as "Zygaenidae," "Zygonmaeidae" and "Zygonmillaire."

No wonder you were unacquainted with the last word in your dictionary. You are excused.

Wealth of the World.

It is reassuring to learn on high authority that the world's wealth is still expressed in twelve figures—that, if it were possible to realize it, it would represent over a hundred thousand and millions in good gold; and that this colossal sum John Bull can lay claim to nearly a sixth, says a London newspaper. He still remains the richest man on earth, with the solitary exception of his cousin Jonathan.

Figures that run to thousands of millions convey nothing to the unaided mind; and if we would gain any conception of the world's riches we must juggle a little with them. Let us in fancy convert them into gold; we shall then find them represented by a cube, being nearly as high as Nelson's monument in Trafalgar Square—a cube more than 40 yards in each dimension, and containing as much gold as all the mines of the world could yield in a thousand years.

So heavy would our cube be that it would outweigh three times the population of Australia, and that in England to-day could not raise it a fraction of an inch from the ground; and its transport by rail would tax the powers of twenty-five thousand locomotives.

Of the world's wealth it is interesting to know that towards every dollar of it farms contribute, approximately, 30 cents; houses, 20 cents; railways, 8 cents; and merchandise, 6 cents; leaving 36 cents in the dollar for wealth of all other descriptions.

No Taxes There.

Can you imagine Canada a country with no taxes? Think what a Utopia we should live in if we were free from Income Tax and all other similar burdens! One can hardly help being envious of a State with no taxes, even though it is, in point of size, the smallest republic in the world.

San Marino is the oldest, as well as the smallest, republic, and it only covers an area of twenty-three square miles.

This tiny republic is to be found in central Italy, on the Italian coast, and at no great distance from Rimini.

It differs from all other republics in another point, which, while finding favor in the eyes of a certain section of the public, would hardly do so in the eyes of the majority. Not only has it no taxes, but it has no crime.

The heart of this little State is as big as itself, for it took its part in the Great War by declaring war on Germany in 1915.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.



Woman's Interests

Means to Govern the Child.

To claim that a child can be governed entirely by love and moral suasion is to set at variance the wisdom of one supposed to have been the wisest man who ever lived. Yet there is a growing theory which is being borne out by actual practice that children do best to gentler influences than those advocated by the aforesaid wise man, and that by appealing to the better instincts, commending the good qualities rather than arousing antagonism by direct opposition when undesirable tendencies are manifested, the child is led along in the desired direction, unfolding and developing its life as no doubt nature intended.

It is impossible to say what would have been the result in any given case had an opposite course been pursued, but it is undoubtedly true that many children possessed of a violent temper had it made worse instead of better by being ruled by force. A case of this nature calls for rare good judgment and self-control on the part of the parent. If by any degree of tactfulness an outbreak can be avoided and the child safely guided past the danger signal, it is the far better method to pursue.

There are occasions, however, when a firm hand is necessary, even so far as to follow the wise man's advice. Yet it is doubtful if whipping a child ever did any real good, although it usually furnishes a convenient safety valve for the temper of the parent.

The older one grows the more sympathy one has for children. This is why grandparents are usually not in favor of much punishment. Things look different than they used to, and minor offenses seem insignificant enough even to be overlooked entirely rather than to indulge in a hand-to-hand encounter which some otherwise excellent parents seem to consider a necessary accompaniment to good government.

One little girl who is of a rather nervous, excitable temperament yields instantly whenever matters are approaching a crisis if it is suggested that she go and put on her very best dress. While engaged in this fascinating occupation every vestige of temper vanishes and she becomes the most tractable child imaginable. Her mother considers this better than having a scene or trying to conquer her by reason of superior physical strength. Often the suggestion of a visit to the barn to see the calves or little lambs or even to gather the eggs, answers every purpose in routing the gathering storm cloud.

I am reminded of a six-year-old who quite inclined to make things lively if crossed in his wishes. Left to himself he was goodness personified. Yet he could not always be left to himself. Lying on the floor of the living room he was amusing himself by lifting first one foot then the other and letting it drop heavily on the carpet.

His mother said nothing for a few minutes, evidently thinking he would turn his attention to some other direction. Finally, without even a suggestion that he stop making the noise, she said: "John, do you know there are some roses out there on that bush? Don't you want to go and pick some for a bouquet?" John scrambled eagerly to his feet, his face fairly shining, and was off after the roses. When he came back he was too busy arranging them in a bowl his mother provided for the purpose, to even think of resuming his former occupation. Who shall say this is not a better way than so many "Don'ts"?

We are all of us more or less susceptible to the law of suggestion. Any physician knows this, and it is made use of in many ways by the medical fraternity. Praise is better than fault-finding. Emphasize the good, be generous even to a child with "Thank you, dear," and nine times out of ten it will respond readily to a parent's wishes. I cannot believe any parent looks back with satisfaction upon severe punishment of children.

When You Start Cleaning.

For the inexperienced housekeeper, here is a good rule for cleaning agents. Use one tablespoon borax, two tablespoons of ammonia, or one teaspoon of lye to each gallon of water.

For scouring—Use whitening mixed with water for iron and porcelain, with water, alcohol or ammonia for silver.

Use rottenstone mixed with sweet oil for brass, copper and pewter. Use bathbrick for steel, iron and zinc.

Use fine steel wool for aluminum or hard metal surfaces and wood. For Woodwork—Painted, use a cloth wrung out of suds made with white soap. Soap applied directly dulls the paint.

Enameled—Use hot water only. No soap. Oiled, Varnished or Shellaced—Use oiled dusters and mops. If very dirty, wash as painted wood, then rub with a cloth sprinkled with linseed oil or furniture polish.

Waxed—Use dry cloths and mops. Oil softens the wax. Linoleum, Oilcloth and Cork Carpet—Dust daily with covered broom, soft brush, or dry mop. When in need of washing, wring cloth fairly dry, from

soggy water. Too much water gets underneath and rots floor and covering.

In wiping down walls, use light strokes with broom covered with cotton flannel bag or a lamb's wool brush. If you bear on hard you rub in the dirt.

Home Queries.

I have no recipe for butter crackers as the sale ones are called—but am sending one for Graham crackers.

Graham Wafers—One cup of butter, one and one-half cups of sugar, the whites of three eggs, and one and one-half teaspoons soda, six teaspoonsful cream of tartar, one and one-half cups water, Graham flour to knead. Sift soda and cream of tartar together six times, then sift with the flour. Cream butter and sugar, add eggs slightly beaten, then water and flour alternately. The Graham flour may be sifted into the mixture to incorporate the soda and cream of tartar, and the bran which remains in the sieve may be added last of all. Roll very thin, cut in squares with a sharp knife and bake until a delicate brown on a cookie sheet. Prick each wafer with a fork after they are laid on the sheet.

Reader—Flat wall paint may be used to renovate window shades. To use it, remove the shade from the roller and tack tightly to a table or smooth surface large enough to hold the curtain. Apply the paint evenly, and then go over with a dry, clean brush to remove streaks.

Riming Traders.

When the company are seated in a circle, the player who begins the game says to his neighbor on the right: "Let me trade you my—?" naming any article that he chooses. "What will you give me for it?"

The other gives as his answer the name of an article that rhymes with the first. For example, if the first player says, "Let me trade you my hat," the second player may answer, "I will give you my bat."

The buyer then becomes seller in his turn and proposes to the neighbor on his right another article—for example, "plate," to which the answer might be "skate."

If any player is unable to think of an article that rhymes with the one proposed, he pays a forfeit, provided the one who proposed the article is able, when challenged, to give a rhyme himself. If he cannot he, and not the other, pays the forfeit.

The Staff of Life.

Ordinary white bread contains 40 per cent of water.

The "fat" in bread is just 1 per cent of its total ingredients. The rest is made up of protein (the basis of life), starch, sugar, dextrin, cellulose (indigestible) and mineral matter.

New, moist bread is extremely hard to digest, because it produces no appreciable flow of saliva in the mouth during mastication. A slice of ordinary day-old bread is not digested until it has been in the stomach two and a half hours.

During the process of baking, bread loses a large quantity of its nutriment. Just about three-quarters of the "fat" is lost, and an inroad is made on the protein, etc.

Wheat can be eaten in its entire state if soaked for a long time in water, then boiled in milk, and sugar added. This is "trumentary."

Real brown bread is made from stone-ground flour, manufactured from the whole grain.

An expert has stated that if this wholemeal bread had been eaten and white bread forbidden the present national decay of teeth would never have happened.

Flour made from the whole grain has twice the protein and only a third of the water in ordinary "white" flour. Bread is such an excellent food be-

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We have a lot of used Military Tents, Government standard, with pegs and poles. Price, \$30. Order Now

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GREAT WAR SECRET NOW MADE PUBLIC

WORK OF MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY.

Engineering Professor Throws Light on the Famous Depth Charges.

A writer in The London Daily Mail says:

Although the depth charge was the most powerful of the weapons that checked the operations of the U-boat, thus leading indirectly to the collapse of the central powers, I imagine that not more than ten people in every thousand would be able to explain just what a depth charge is. Jack Tar himself, who knows most things, could not tell you how and where it came to be constructed.

Manchester University did, in fact, make the first depth charge. It would be inaccurate to say it was invented by us; like the tank, the depth charge is nobody's child. But we can honestly claim that it was our Engineering Department which experimentally developed the depth charge to the commercial stage.

It was one of the many "odd problems" set us by the Admiralty. They asked us for a 15 in. bomb-thrower which would project a weight of 1 cwt. a distance of 500 yards by compressed air. We supplied it. They asked us for a shackle which would stand a pull of 1 ton and melt after being immersed in the water for a certain length of time.

New Use for Toffee.

It was a novel request, and probably the Admiralty thought they had set us a poser. The object was to discover a contrivance which would shackle a mine and its stoker together on the bed of the sea until a mine-laying submarine had dropped all its "eggs," when, with the melting of the shackles, each mine would rise to the determined height.

We solved that particular problem with a sugar shackle—by pouring molten toffee into a cavity dovetailed in a metal shackle. It was so devised that it could stand a pull of one ton and a third during the forty-five minutes that the sugar took to melt.

After the first year of war several men from our laboratory took up responsible positions in H.M.S. Vernon, the next year a section department at Portsmouth, and it was through the Vernon that the investigations into the question of how to conquer the U-boat first came back to the Engineering Department at the university.

Two alternative designs of mechanism causing a heavy charge to explode at a fixed depth under water were sent to us for criticism, modification and experiment, and, after some months of patient experimenting, we were able to hand over to the university instrument maker the final design from which under our supervision, the first fifty depth charges were made.

Knocked Out U-Boats.

Our aim was to produce a simple mechanism—thoroughly fool-proof, which would go off at the pressure at which it was set. The depth charge consisted of a case containing 200 lb. of T.N.T. (trinitro-toluol) with an attached mechanism provided with a flexible diaphragm and a piston which depressed a spring in such a way that the spring was compressed in proportion to the depth below the surface of the sea. By a simple arrangement worked by a lever on the outside of the depth charge the amount of compression required to fire the charge could be adjusted to suit any depth—in practice one spring was released at forty, a second at eighty feet.

The firing gear was so arranged that a trigger was released when the spring was compressed by the amount corresponding to the desired depth. The trigger fired a detonator; the detonator exploded the T.N.T., and—that was the end of the U-boat.

Facts.

Stone cannon-balls were used as late as 1589.

The Turks massacred over 300,000 Armenians in 1915.

The sun rotates on its axis in about twenty-five days seven hours.

The popular garden plant, the Michaelmas daisy, is really an aster. Nearly all Australian railways are State, or Government, owned.

The arteries of the human body have walls consisting of three thicknesses.

Jerusalem artichokes are very fruitful, and immune from frosts and insect pests.

Articles of War were drawn up for the British Army as early as the 16th century.

West Australia, the largest State in the continent, has an area of over 975,000 square miles.

The earliest cannon were made of leather or wood, strengthened later on with bands of iron.

All clouds are within six and a half miles of the earth. Above that height they do not exist.

A mechanical arm and hand made in 1599, and still in working order, is preserved at Nuremberg.

The shallowest of the four great oceans, has an area of 30,000,000 square miles.

The great dam across the Nile at Assuan is one and a quarter miles in length, and has 150 sluice-gates.

Cut Your Fuel Bills in Half by Using "CLEAN ALL" DOLER COMPOUND. Manufactured by The Allen Food Water Purifier Co., Limited, 21 Camden St., Toronto.

COARSE SALT LAND SALT. Bulk Carlots. TORONTO SALT WORKS. C. J. CLIFF. TORONTO.

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Fleet Foot Shoes are Dominion Rubber System Products. The Best Shoe Stores Sell Fleet Foot.

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

Managing the Corn Crop

The summer's work in the corn field is a battle with weeds and drought. A decided advantage may be gained by harrowing the field soon after it is planted. Every field may be benefited by a thorough harrow within a week after it is planted. Indirectly this aids subsequent cultivation by filling up the wheel tracks of the planter, so that the shovels can run closer to the plants without rolling huge chunks of dirt over them. Good stands of corn are so difficult to secure that the use of the harrow after the corn is above the ground should not be encouraged. A weeder will do just as effective work without dragging clods, corn butts and bits of trash over the tender plants. The weeder should be used early to prevent the weeds getting a start, and not later when the deeper work of the cultivator is needed to destroy them.

The first cultivation of the corn is the weeds. Weeds that are not destroyed at this time are sure to cause trouble later in the season, especially if they are growing close to the hills. The shovels should be run close to the hills and sufficiently deep to stir the soil thoroughly. Later cultivation should be more shallow close to the hills. The young plants have few long roots, so they suffer little injury from deep cultivation that would seriously interfere with the root development of larger plants later in the season. By running the shovels three or four inches deep, and as close to the hills as possible without injuring the plants, one can get the soil in condition so that the plants will develop enormous root systems and make a rapid early growth. Do not run the shovels too far from the rows and depend upon the inward falling of loose dirt to kill the weeds about the hills. Not all of the weeds will be covered, and those that are covered will not all be destroyed. It is comparatively easy to destroy the weeds in the centre of the row later in the season, but not so with those about the hills.

The second cultivation should begin as soon as the first is finished. Unless rains interfere with the work, so that a desperate fight must be waged with the weeds, small shovels should be used. The smaller shovels that do effective work and keep the soil loose and friable give the best results on the ordinary corn field. To meet the requirements of the different cultivations many corn growers have cultivators with several sets of shovels that may be changed when the occasion demands. The cultivation of corn requires implements that are adapted to the crop at different periods of growth. Conditions are so seldom alike that one must exercise judgment in every step of the work. Whatever the type of the cultivator used, one must bear in mind that under the ground is a network of roots that are gathering plant food, and that the wholesale destruction of these roots means a big decrease in the yield.

Three results are gained by cultivation, i.e., killing weeds, making plant food available, and conserving soil moisture. The killing of weeds is very important; they exact a heavy toll when they gain a foothold in a field. Manipulating the soil reduces and refines the particles and makes plant food available. Thorough cultivation develops a wonderful amount of plant food.

Next is conserving moisture. We

all know better than we do. Experience teaches us that moisture has a limiting effect upon yields of corn. Tillage is the only successful method of combating serious effects of long periods of drought. The proper way to check the loss of moisture is to keep a mulch of loose soil on the surface by going over the field after every rain to prevent a hard crust from forming.

Low Bacterial Count in Milk

A great many articles have been written advising the farmer how to reduce the number of bacteria in milk to the minimum, but most of the methods were so complicated and expensive that the ordinary farmer has paid very little attention to them. There are, however, many simple methods of sanitation which any farmer can apply, that will aid greatly in decreasing count as well as making things more pleasant and profitable for himself.

There is no dairy in the country whose efficiency in producing clean milk cannot be raised to a standard far above that of the present time. Some farms are far beyond redemption, but on the main dairy farms, whether those of small farmer class with a herd of a dozen cows or less, or a score of cows, are capable of a great improvement and this is of simple and inexpensive means.

The very fact that milk is a food, not only for infants but for grown people as well, will suggest to every man that the rules of cleanliness are far below what they should be. The need of clean precautions is increased because milk has a peculiarly active capacity for absorbing all odors, and is a very favorable medium for the growth and development of disease bacteria; its color and taste are by no means an indication of its quality.

The number of bacteria which contaminate the milk at milking time vary immensely with the conditions of the stable. If milking takes place immediately after feeding and cleaning the stable the number of bacteria from this source is very high. Fresh air out-of-doors does not contain many bacteria, and if milking could take place in the open, free air, this source of contamination would be almost excluded.

Milk is the only article of food in which nearly all bacteria grow rapidly, and in it they multiply in an almost incredible manner. From a single germ as many as two hundred may be produced in three hours, ten thousand in six hours, and two million in eight hours, and as the bacteria grow and increase in number they impair the nutritive value of the milk, and produce new substances which in many cases are poisonous.

In order to produce better milk we must improve our sanitary conditions. The practice of enclosing cows in a small yard between two buildings, or in a narrow, filthy pen should be abandoned. If a man cannot dispense with the small, undesirable enclosures, he should at least keep them sanitary, so not only the herd, but also the members of the family may cross it without suffering contamination. A soft and muddy surface should be drained, the pools filled in, and a new surface made with some available material at moderate cost, such as crushed stone, gravel or cinders.

The sanitary conditions must travel from the yards on down the path to the stable. It would be of no value

to have a clean yard without a sanitary stable, when the farmer, on the approach of winter, puts his herd indoors to afford them shelter against cold and stormy weather, he exposes them to danger hardly less fatal. Even if the buildings which may be described as a cow barn is constructed to suit the needs of the dairy cattle in a majority of instances the winter quarters are a combination structure used for feed storage, horse stable, wagon shed, and general rubbish disposal, and generally the herd will be allotted the basement or ground floor beneath a low, dirty ceiling, with scanty window space and poor ventilation, keeping in circulation the foul air for months.

Inside the barn the manure is the common source of contamination. The sight of a dairy cow with manure flanks is so common that it has come to be accepted as the distinctive badge of a dairy animal. It denotes neglect and shameful laziness on the part of the animals' keeper and the man who stands by and watches the noxious stuff thicken day by day, is unfit to associate with the dairy cow.

It is accepted that if an animal is dirty, the keeper, and not the animal is to blame. In summer when he is pastured and at liberty to follow her own devices, she can select her own bed, and it is a clean one; she uses the brush for a comb, and water provided by nature and aided by her tongue, washes and grooms her own body, keeping it free from bacteria.

The milker should take all possible sanitary measures as well as forcing them on the cow. Before milking he should thoroughly wash his hands and arms in warm water well supplied with soap, dress in special jacket and cap in order to avoid all dusting and distributing of undesirable organisms. Before beginning to milk the milker should wipe off the teats with a towel which should be kept in the pocket of the jacket at milking time. The milker should be careful not to handle a dirty milking stool, wipe the udder or teats, or brush the side of the animal with the naked hand. The practice of leaning the head against the cow's body should be abandoned, and the practice of using covered milk pails should be encouraged.

In general, few articles should be used in the ordinary dairy routine, and these should be of simple construction. Every surface which milk touches offers an additional chance for contamination, so in the passage from the cow to the consumer the fewer vessels it touches the better. All utensils should be washed at once after use, as the milk thickens on the sides and bottom of the vessel, while the bacteria are increasing at a tremendous rate.

A very common practice, and yet a poor one, is to store apples, vegetables and other products in the dairy rooms, with milk, milk products, and utensils. The dairy room should be reserved for its set purpose because of the necessity of its being always kept scrupulously clean, no storage should be permitted, and all small animals should be excluded.

Good milk can no longer be decided on the grounds that it contains a required percentage of solids and is free from deleterious chemicals, but it must also be subject to the test of bacterial contamination. Since bacterial contamination may result in the conveyance of contagious diseases, such as typhoid, diphtheria, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, it will be admitted that it is a factor deserving of attention.

Cheapness is the one consideration, and low-priced milk is accepted, regardless of the condition of the dairies, the health and treatment of the cows, and the unclean person handling the milk.

Improving the sanitary condition of the dairy is like helping people who will not help themselves, but in the progress of the movement for clean milk this phase of it must sooner or later receive attention. It is so great and affects so large a proportion of the population that eventually the state will have to grapple with it. Until then, let us see what we can do.

Remarkable Year of Progress Shown by the Merchants Bank

Growth of Assets During 1919-1920 Was Almost as Large in Proportion as Increase in Capital Stock. Shareholders Had a Very Satisfactory Year. Balance Sheet Exhibits Bank in Strong Position.

The Merchants Bank of Canada enjoyed a very remarkable year of progress during the twelve months ended April 30th. The paid-up capital of the Bank was enlarged during that period by \$1,400,000, representing an increase of 20%. Not only did the new capital immediately justify itself, so far as earnings were concerned, but it was accompanied by a growth in the total volume of business which was sufficient to keep the ratio of capital to assets unchanged for the year. The assets of the Bank are 18.49% greater than they were at the beginning of the year, having increased from \$166,725,404.95 to \$197,387,855.14. Of this growth \$24,900,000 is accounted for by the remarkable expansion in deposits which largely represent the savings of the clients of the Bank and which are now over \$163,000,000.

The Bank was able to maintain a strong liquid position throughout the year. Quick assets at the end of April were over \$72,697,546.36, and were at a ratio of 40.81% to the total public liabilities, amounting to \$179,688,209.94. The Bank's share in the task of financing the commercial and industrial business of the Dominion was well attended to, the sum of \$112,198,913 being devoted to current loans and discounts in Canada. The sum of \$3,687,491.69 was loaned to Canadian cities, towns, municipalities and school districts, and \$1,117,268.51 loaned otherwise than in Canada.

The shareholders benefited largely by the prosperity of the institution. The annual distribution of profits was increased by the addition of 1% bonus to the 12% dividend regularly in force, while the shareholders also enjoyed the privilege of acquiring a large issue of new stock at much less than its market value.

The distribution of profits was, however, moderate in comparison with the earnings, which were at the rate of 29.48% on capital stock, or 10.64% on the actual investment of the shareholders, when the Rest Fund is taken into consideration. Of the remaining profits \$100,000 was written off the Premiums Account, and \$700,000 added to the Rest Fund, but a portion of the latter amount was derived from the profits of previous years, as the Assets carried forward now stand at \$269,774.

Both the shareholders and the general public are indebted to the management of this old and conservative, yet enterprising institution, for the constantly increasing services which it is rendering to Canadian business. Its progress during the past year must be highly gratifying, not only to the shareholders, but to Sir H. Montagu Allan, President, Mr. D. C. Macarow, General Manager, and to the members of the Board of Directors.

Financial Notes

A bonus of 1 per cent. has been declared by the directors of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation in connection with the current quarterly dividend of 2 1/2 per cent., payable July 2nd to shareholders of record June 19th.

Net profits of the Producers and Refiners Corporation for the month of April show an increase of almost 700 per cent., the figures for this year being \$403,705 as compared with \$52,050 last year. Gross earnings totalled \$616,793, compared with \$224,823 last year.

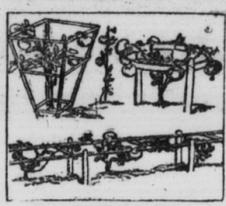
The belief is gaining ground that the reported finds of radium in the district between Burke Falls and Algonquin Park are of greater significance than at first thought. Work is at present being done by hand and the progress is slow, but many claims are said to be of an affirmative character. The statement is made that an American syndicate has options on several claims.

Montreal.—Carl Riordon, who is to be Vice-President and Managing Director of the Riordon Company, Limited, which is the outcome of the recent merger, gives a review of the outlook and resources of the company. He estimates about 25,000,000 cords of

pulpwood and about 1,200,000,000 feet of white pine are owned by the company and adds that the keynote is increased output at a minimum cost. Goldman & Company, Toronto, are about to offer privately a \$175,000 issue of Paramount Kitchener Theatres, Limited, 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock carrying a bonus of common.

Application is made to the Government by the Continental Wood Products Company, a subsidiary of the Continental Paper and Bag Mills, for the right to increase its capital to \$500,000 preferred and \$1,500,000 common. In conjunction with a large tract of freehold timber lands recently acquired in the Sudbury district of Ontario, the company is now erecting its second pulpwood-preparing plant and sawmill and for that purpose a site is being cleared. The C.N.R. is arranging for sidings for the new mill.

Brent, Noxon & Company, Toronto, are the successful tenders of a \$100,000 issue of Town of Sarnia debentures. The issue bears interest at 5 1/2 per cent. and is 20-year serial, \$5,000 maturing each year from 1920 to



Profs for Tomato Plants.

1939. The price was 93.11, meaning a cost to the town of slightly over 6 1/2 per cent. Other tenders were: Dominion Securities Corporation, 92.389; C. H. Burgess & Co., 92.03; A. E. Ames & Co., 91.68; Wood, Gundy & Co., 91.63; and R. C. Matthews & Co., 90.60.

Eight rabbits are estimated to eat or destroy as much grass as one sheep. A fly walks, in proportion to size, thirteen times as fast as a man can run.

HOME OCCUPATIONS FOR CHILDREN

A woman who overheard her small daughter discussing mothers with her playmates was gratified to hear her triumphantly conclude the argument with the words, "Well, your mother isn't such a play mother as mine!" Being a "play mother" evidently meant one who did not permit household duties to crowd out companionship with her children. The "play mother" had not known before how fully her efforts were appreciated.

Grown people sometimes fail to realize how children delight in their companionship. Every mother should employ care and insight as well as love for her child when she selects his occupations. Given an eager desire to enter the child's world, he will welcome her with countless suggestions. It is often the mother's privilege to modify these ideas, to make a quiet occupation more attractive than a noisy one, to offer materials that are large and easily handled when little fingers show signs of restlessness, or to direct active games when repression becomes unkind.

If limited to the simplest of materials with children, I should choose paper. Used with pencil, scissors and paste, it has limitless possibilities, and to adults who puzzle their way through toy departments, I should say, "When in doubt, buy paper." Colored paper, cut in various sizes, a large plain tablet, the child's undisturbed possession, the wrapping of a kodak film pack or any colored advertisement will all be hailed with joy. One four-year-old was made happy for days with sample coffee wrappers, bright colored and glazed. The little child should have the opportunity to experiment freely with new material, expressing his own ideas; he should also have suggestions from the mother as he needs them and her appreciation of every achievement. Child direction and adult suggestion should be wisely balanced in order that the child may make the greatest progress.

For more active play, there are games which can be carried on with only a little help while the mother is busy. The simple hiding or guessing games can be played by very young children. One game which trains in observation consists in placing different common household objects such as a pencil, a thimble, a spoon, scissors, etc., on a tray, covering them, then allowing the guesser a brief glimpse, after which he is to tell what he has seen. It is wiser to begin with two or three objects, increasing the number with each turn.

Physical feats also fascinate children. I recently saw a small girl amuse herself for an hour walking away from a full length mirror with a block balanced on her head. Each time it fell she marked the spot, then began again at the mirror, watching the block as she backed away. The same little girl has her happiest play times being tossed and swung by her father, "walking wheelbarrow" and various improvised feats being equally entertaining to both.

Why not substitute an extra fifteen minutes of games or stories for the more elaborate "treats" in offering rewards? Is it not an ideal worth striving for to be considered a good "play father or mother"?

Chivalry and Etiquette

Chivalry and etiquette seldom exist in the poultry yard. In farm flocks where old and young chickens, ducks and probably a few geese, turkeys and guineas are allowed to run together, some provision must be made for feeding the young stock without molestation from the grown birds. Otherwise strong fowls will bully and persecute the weaker, younger poultry until they are half-starved.

A practical plan for this protection is to contrive a portable framework of wood covered with wire netting, about six feet square, under which only the small poultry can crawl. Feed is scattered on the ground within the sides of the frame. The sides are built to extend within a few inches of the ground, making just enough room for the clearance of the bodies of the young stock.

It is hard to fatten a stunted chicken and seldom profitable. The runt cuts just as much as the bird of normal size; it is, therefore, unprofitable to keep the runt.

If chicks are given unlimited range on a grassy tract they are almost certain to thrive, even though the feeding system is seriously defective. Witness sturdy farm broods which thrive on a grassy tract they are almost certain to thrive, even though the feeding system is seriously defective. Witness sturdy farm broods which thrive on a grassy tract they are almost certain to thrive, even though the feeding system is seriously defective.

In confinement chicks would surely die on a corn diet. On range they get away with it, because pasture is the greatest panacea in the world for livestock. Insects, worms, mineral substances, tidbits of greens and such like which the chicks hunt for constantly, and in so doing gain exercise, constitute those elements which make up a balanced ration.

England now has women's unions which enable even the poorly paid school teachers to demand a minimum wage.

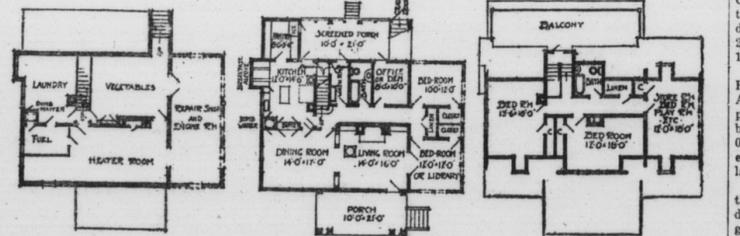
Model for a Farmhouse

In order to have the greatest amount of light and sunshine in the rooms most used, the ideal house faces south. In the accompanying illustration is shown floor plans of a dwelling suited to the needs of the Canadian farmer. That important room, the kitchen, is of good dimensions. A large cupboard or buffet is built between the kitchen and dining room; this will furnish ample space for dishes, silverware and linen. This cupboard acts as a serving-window, with

a storage cupboard; on the other side is a refrigerator and a broom closet. Opposite the broom closet is a built-in ironing board. A fuel-box could be made under the hot-water tank to the left of the stove, and could be filled from the basement stairway. The washroom may be entered from the hall, kitchen or screened porch. Thus the men can pass through to the dining room without going through the kitchen. The office has an entrance from the same porch, also from

once. The main part, shown in solid black, could be put up first; then, some years later, the two bedrooms could be built downstairs, with store-room above, as shown by the dotted lines.

If there were no water system in the house, the washroom could have a bath tub and pump set in it, near enough to the kitchen to run a pipe across under the stairs from the open hot-water tank in the cook-stove. In that case the bathroom and office



Basement
The dishes can be carried to this cupboard, where they are convenient to the kitchen sink. A small breakfast-closet is built to the west; two windows in it, and two above the sink, furnish ample light. To the right of the cupboard, as one stands in the kitchen, is a dumb waiter. The work table will extend to the floor and will have two bread boards, two drawers for cutlery, a large space for kitchen utensils, and a bin for flour. In the pantry, on one side, is

the hall.
The living room has a large fireplace with built-in bookcases on each side. It would be wise to install a pipeless furnace, and have the register here, as it is pretty nearly in the centre of the house. The room opening off the living room may be either library or bedroom; French doors are built between these two rooms, while a colonnade is between the living and dining rooms. This house need not be built all at

could be thrown together, making a bedroom.
The screened back porch will make a splendid sleeping porch; cots and bedding can be folded up during the day and kept in box-seats over the outside cellar stairs.
For a small family, this house could be built as a pure one-floor bungalow; the two first floor bedrooms would be quite sufficient. If a sanitary couch were put in the den for emergencies.

Makes Harness and Axles LAST LONGER

Imperial Eureka Harness Oil

remains in the leather (unlike vegetable oils) and prevents cracking or breaking of stitches. Keeps straps and tugs pliable and strong—preserves the harness against the action of sweat, moisture and dust—wards off insects. Imparts a rich, black lasting finish.

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smooths the surface of axle and hub with a filling of fine mica—relieves the cause of friction—coats and cushions with a layer of high-grade lubricating grease. Lessens the strain on harness and horses. Cuts down repair bills. Sold in sizes from a 1 lb. tin to a barrel.

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If you do not use Imperial Mica Axle Grease and Imperial Eureka Harness Oil ask your neighbour about them. They are the highest quality made. You cannot get better at any price. Used by farmers and teamsters in every community.

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Game as Their Name

APPEARANCE is often deceptive—and no one can tell how much service a tire will give by looking at it.

In buying tires you must rely almost entirely on the integrity of the manufacturer who produces them.

You can depend absolutely on Partridge Tires because the factory is back of every tire they make.

Milking Time

Don't You Dread It?

THE morning and evening drudgery on that hard, shiny milk stool, the tired arms and aching wrists—the daily grind of an uncomfortable distasteful year 'round chore? Small wonder you dislike it. And the cows like hand milking no more than you do. But with

The Macartney Machine Milker
THE COW'S ADOPTED CHILD

It's different. For the Macartney Milker not only takes all the drudgery out of milking time and makes it the most pleasant work on the farm, but it is a big money-maker and a big labor saver. The Macartney does its work thoroughly and completely and pays for itself in a short time. Furthermore, it is so natural, uniform and gentle that the cows are quieter—more contented, the milk flow is greater (thus under hard hand treatment).

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Right here is where people are in agreement—that there is nothing like the Mayhew Service and Mayhew Values. Yes, they all agree on this. You, too, are going to find that the Mayhew store is the one real store for values.



Satisfied

Discriminating dressers demand Peck's Shirts because they are so completely satisfying in style, workmanship, quality and price.

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Perfect Fitting Shirts are roomy and comfortable; generous in length and girth—never "draw" across chest. Latest patterns now shown by



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Special—SILK SKIRTS, \$8.95 UP

Original variations in pocket and belt designs. Suitable for every summer occasion.

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Regular \$3 value.

WHITE GABARDINE SKIRTS

White separate skirts of good quality. Made in neat tailored styles—\$3.95 up.

Extraordinary indeed are the values presenting genuine economies of from \$5 to \$15 and no tax to pay! All shades and sizes in every kind of *Silk Dresses* as follows—\$14.95 and \$22.95.

BOYS' WASH SUITS

For the lads from 2 1/2 to 10 years. A wonderful group of sturdy material priced at about the cost of material—98¢, \$1.28 to \$2.50.

Announcement:

Our Children's and Misses' Ready-to-Wear Department was never more ready for your inspection. Why sew these hot days?

See Our Big Window This Week

Full of Blouses of all kinds at terrific reductions.

The Store where Men like to do Their Shopping

That is because there is never any guessing about it. The men and young men of the town know Mayhew's clothing and furnishings stand without a peer for quality and value. If we say it is new, it is new. 1-4 off all Men's Clothing.

PANAMA HATS

The coolest summer hats for men, in several good shapes—\$2.00, \$3.75 and \$5.

Annual June Sale of

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S PUMPS AND OXFORDS

An event eagerly awaited each year by the people of Glencoe and vicinity.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1920

WARDSVILLE

Miss Farrington is presiding at the Mt. Brydges examinations. Dan McRae is on the sick-list. Sacramento will be administered in the Presbyterian church next Sunday. Mrs. McPherson of Rodney is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. Archer. Miss Edith McLean of New York is visiting her old home here. Miss Randles and Miss Muriel McIntosh have returned from Chatham. Mr. and Mrs. Gifford of Detroit spent a few days with the latter's father. Mrs. Robert McLean has returned home. No. 11, Aldborough, and Wardsville Institute ladies held a joint meeting in the town hall Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Macoun of Campbellford, district secretary, addressed the meeting. A good program was rendered. Lunch was served and a social time spent. Mr. Campbell, principal of the Glencoe high school, is presiding at the examinations here. Mrs. Coburn of Nanapanee is visiting her sister, Mrs. Corneil. Miss Aitchison spent the week-end with her brother in London.

CAIRO

A grand social was held on the 10th under the auspices of the Presbyterian church, proceeds amounting to \$125. The Strathroy orchestra was present and rendered excellent music. Vocal selections were rendered by Misses Heatherington and Duffey of Thamesville, Miss Misner of Bothwell and Rev. A. E. Waghorne and Mrs. Milson of Bothwell. All contributed to delight the large audience. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Young are Warkerville visitors at present. Russell Eddie and friends motored from Glencoe on Wednesday and spent the evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Smith. John Barron was in Sarnia on Friday. H. S. Bliton and family motored to West Lorne on Sunday. Mrs. Ila Hayward is visiting friends in Glencoe at present.

MOSA

David A. Bobier has sold his farm of 100 acres, lot 22, second range north, to George Wilson. Price, \$5,000. Possession in the fall after the crop is off. George Wilson has sold his farm, west half south half lot 17, second range north, to C. Sheppard of Detroit. Price, \$3,000. The cement culvert opposite lot 8, between concessions 3 and 4, which has lain in bad shape, having fallen in, is now raised up and made passable for travel. Thos. Henderson is busy putting in a cement foundation for his fine new residence which he intends erecting this summer.

Try a little advertising!

Wedding invitations printed in the latest style and with neatness and despatch at The Transcript office.

MELBOURNE

One of the prettiest weddings that has taken place at Melbourne for some time was solemnized at the home of A. H. Brown, when his daughter, Jean, was united in marriage to Mr. Thornicroft of Appin, on Thursday, June 10, at 6 o'clock. The marriage took place under an arch of evergreens, ferns and white lilies, the drawing-room being decorated with ferns, snowballs and lilacs. The bride, who was unattended, looked charming in a gown of white satin trimmed with lace and pearls. The wedding march was played by Miss Christine Thornicroft. During the signing of the register Miss Lillian Brown, sister of the bride, sang "O Promise Me." The ceremony was performed by Rev. John Elder, pastor of the Presbyterian church. After the wedding dinner was served the bride and bridegroom, accompanied by friends, left for Glencoe, where they took the 10 o'clock express for points west. On their return they will reside at their home near Appin. Miss Elizabeth Cornelle entertained a number of friends to an afternoon tea on Wednesday. The occasion was in honor of Miss A. Bole, B. A., teacher in the Continuation school, who has resigned her position and will leave the end of June. Frank Brown of Collingwood is spending a few days at his home here. Miss Anna Bell Parr entertained the Girls' Club on Thursday evening prior to the departure of two of its members, Miss Bole and Miss Holmes. The latter has resigned her position as teacher in the public school. Her intentions are to accept a position in the West. J. D. Carruthers has sold his house and lot opposite Dr. Dewar's to Mrs. Brown of Detroit. We understand that the house will be remodeled and that Mrs. Brown will make her home here. George Huston has purchased the lots adjoining his property here from J. D. Carruthers. Two of the most severe storms that the people of this community have experienced for some time passed over this section last week. Silos were blown down, the barn on Andrew Hager's farm was blown down and we are informed is a total wreck, one horse being in the building at the time but in some way escaping with only injury by breaking the halter. Considerable excitement was caused in one of the schools near by during the storm by the room filling with smoke. Thinking that the building was struck and on fire, the children were dismissed. As they hurried out from the building they each received an excellent shower bath as the rain was coming down in torrents. After a good drenching they discovered that there was no fire and that there was no damage done. Ernest Stevenson spent the week-end with friends in Strathroy. Mr. and Mrs. Gladman of Windsor were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis recently. Walter Robinson spent Sunday at his home here.

How it's done.—The manufacturer is taxed and he just passes it on to the retailer; this fellow adds a generous profit to the tax, and the consumer is touched and never knows what hit him. It's a painless death.

NEWBURY CASH STORE

New Potatoes 10c per lb.
Cocoanuts 20c.
Lemons, Oranges and Bananas.
3 brands of Soap still 10c.

W. H. PARNALL

NEWBURY

CASHMERE

Mr. and Mrs. Wed Clark of this place and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dark and daughter Clela of Bothwell motored to London on Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Allen Sittler spent Sunday with relatives in and near Bothwell. We are glad to note that Miss Florence Webster, who has been seriously ill, is mending slowly. Miss Jean Tunks has returned home after spending a few days with her aunt, Mrs. McLellan, at Glencoe. Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Sittler attended the Jeffery-Stocking nuptials near Newbury on Wednesday, June 9. Miss Mildred Taylor left on Saturday for Walkerville. Before returning she will take a trip by boat to Goderich. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gardner and son Bramwell spent Sunday with friends near Walkerville. We are glad to hear that Sam Smith is recovering from a severe attack of typhoid fever. Mr. and Mrs. Storey and sons of Wardsville spent Sunday with the former's sister, Mrs. Cyrus Smith. Mrs. J. E. Taylor and two children, Grace and Donald, left for Windsor, where Mr. Taylor has purchased a home.

SCHOOL REPORTS

Wardsville Public School
II.—Carlyle Bliton, Garnet Husser, Norma Willis, Albert Holloway, Nora Henderson.
Sr. I.—Edna Holloway, Alice Walker, Louisa Simpson, Madeline Fisher, Carlyle Husser, Ben Senior, Audrey Willis, Ailie Hubbard.
Jr. I.—George Willis, Emerson Paulds, Gladys Walker, Minnie Moore, Arthur Brammer, Pearl Wilson, Glen Walker, Lynn Henderson, Gerald Bliton.
Primer No. 2.—Glen Harold, Lawrence Willis, Henry Holloway, Wm. Wilson.
No. 1.—Murray Fisher, Archie Stinson, Joe Jacques, Harry Walker, M. McKee, Teacher.

NEWBURY

Mrs. Graham of Toronto is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Moore. Mrs. Lamb and daughter, Miss McLean, arrived home from London on Wednesday last. Mrs. A. B. Dohbyn and Master Hobby accompanied them, remaining until Saturday. Councillor Moore was acting reeve last week during the absence of Reeve Holman, who was in London at county council.

The Church of England garden party to be held at the home of Mrs. J. W. Hammett, promises to be a splendid one this year. The Elgar Ladies' Quartette, with others of London, will furnish the program. The bazaar booth will be well supplied with useful and fancy articles for sale. Posters with full particulars are out.

Owing to the extreme heat on Sunday Rev. C. D. Papuharson introduced something new in Knox church by suggesting that the men remove their coats. The suggestion was promptly acted upon. The monthly meeting of the W. M. S. was held at the home of Mrs. J. W. Hammett. There were twenty members present. Mrs. J. G. Bayne led the meeting in the absence of the president, Miss Etta Telfer. Mrs. D. Fletcher gave an interesting paper on the "Religious Life of the Chinese," and Mrs. W. Parnall on "The Physical Life of the Race."

Don't Submit to Asthma.—If you suffer without hope of breaking up your chains which bind you, do not put off another day the purchase of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. A trial will drive away all doubt as to its efficacy. The sure relief that comes will convince you more than anything that can be written. When help is so sure, why suffer? This matchless remedy is sold by dealers everywhere.

NORTH EKFRID

North Ekfrid, June 9.—We are glad to learn that Mrs. Hiram Carman is around again. Adam Roemmele and family motored to St. Marys Sunday. Henry Pettit and daughter Meta accompanied them. Will Howe has been very ill for the past week. They took him to Strathroy hospital Saturday. Miss Lizzie Pierce is engaged as clerk in Thomas Hardy's store. Miss Violet Chisholm was married on June 2nd to Mr. Bell.

North Ekfrid, June 15.—Will Howe died in Strathroy hospital June 12th, after a three weeks' illness. Sam Ramey spent the week-end in Windsor with his daughter, Mrs. Floyd Webber. Henry Pettit is putting a cement foundation under his barn. Born June 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. Archie Campbell, a son. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Howe spent a few days in Windsor visiting friends. George Chisholm motored to London Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hardy spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Down. A number in this vicinity attended the picnic at Appin on Saturday. The anniversary services here were well attended both afternoon and evening. The church was filled and a large number sat in the cars and listened to the sermon through the open windows. Rev. Mr. Stuart was the speaker and his addresses were much appreciated.

EUPHEMIA

June for June brides and June bugs. After all, us fellows having no income and less luxuries are the lucky dogs. "Praying for rain" is the general occupation among the farmers these days. Birds, beetles and grubs co-operating with the adverse weather conditions bid fair to make the 1920 crop very uncertain. "Don't kick. Every time you pay a war tax you're just handing out the worth of the punch that put a Fritzie out on the light."

Yes, indeed! What's the world coming to? Right inside our township line-fence, so a reliable pioneer tells us, where thirty years ago six hundred acres were under cultivation, today but fifty are producing only grass, and no doubt this is duplicated elsewhere both in this and other townships far and wide. In a word, the acre under the plow, where all appears centred on the accumulation of the almighty dollar, it is almost a relief to discover a community like Shetland where during the business season of the year find time to lay aside their daily work in remembrance of their sacred dead. Last week hundreds of people gathered in the old cemetery there and snatched over every foot of the sod. For days the work continued, and whether the grave of friend or forgotten stranger, each received its care. We understand the work is to be continued and all that can will be done towards making the grounds neat and clean. We suggest that in other localities might the example of Shetland be adopted. How different our old cemeteries would look if people looked after their lots as they do their bank accounts.

I arrived at the station the other night just as the 8.45 was pulling out and was startled to see a man, a big fellow, racing over the ties in desperate pursuit of the departing rear coach on which stood the figure of a woman with what looked like an umbrella handle raised in a threatening attitude. The fellow had the stride of a giraffe and the wind of a steamboat whistle, but the locomotive, having better footing, greatly out-gained the lead. How far the race would have continued we could not say but suddenly a switch rod interfered, and amid an explosion of gravel, dust and cinders the woman gave up the race. To my enquiry the agent replied: "Oh, some fools never know a good thing until they lose it. He beat her, worked her, treated her rotten, and she's left him at the station." He tried apologies but it was too late. Didn't you hear him hollering? She served him darn right." I've been wondering since if she didn't.

The most obstinate corns and warts fall to resist Holloway's Corn Cure. Try it.

MOSA COUNCIL

A meeting of the Mosa council was held at Glencoe on May 29th. All the members were present.

Moved by J. D. McNaughton, seconded by E. Hurdle, that the petition signed by Wm. Munro, Archie Burke, D. D. Campbell and others, requesting that the council take the action necessary to cause the area described in the petition to be drained, be accepted, and the clerk is hereby instructed to request James M. McGregor, C. E., to make an examination of the said area and report to this council. Carried.

After further consideration on the engineer's report on the Lethbridge drain, it was moved by E. Hurdle, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that the report be adopted and the clerk be instructed to prepare a by-law in accordance with the said report. Carried.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by E. Hurdle, that E. F. Reygart, Wm. Thomson, J. T. Lethbridge and F. M. Siddall be paid \$2 each and Wm. Hurley \$1 for assistance in surveying the Lethbridge drain, and that Geo. Walker, Frank Abbott and Andrew Gardiner be paid \$3.50 each for assistance in re-staking Gov. Drain No. 2, and that A. Gardiner be paid \$3.00 balance of commissioner's fees due from 1919; C. C. McNaughton, \$5.46 and \$180, for corrugated steel culverts; John A. Leitch, \$115, for services as assessor; Municipal World, \$2.84, blank forms. Carried.

Moved by J. D. McNaughton, seconded by E. Hurdle, that John Leitch be paid \$5 for damage to his buggy owing to defective road. Carried. Moved by Ed. Hurdle, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that the clerk be hereby instructed to notify the C. P. Ry. Co. to have all twist grass dug out and destroyed along their right-of-way in Mosa township, as it is spreading to the farms adjoining the said right-of-way. Carried.

After hearing both parties in connection with the altering of the boundary between school sections Nos. 8 and 12, and after fully considering the matter, it was moved by J. D. McNaughton, seconded by E. Hurdle, that the council take no further action. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at Newbury on Saturday, June 19, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

C. C. McNaughton, Clerk.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always Bears
the
Signature of
Chas. H. Wittich

SIZING UP LIFE

It is not easy for a young man to understand how inexorable life is. A fellow may save up money in dimes and dollars by practicing self-denial for three or four years, and then, by being foolish only for one moment, lose it all. A man may make a hundred speeches in public, all sound, sensible speeches that mark him as a man of force and ability, and then, by two minutes of foolish speech on some important occasion, queer himself for good and all.

It is possible for a fellow to get into more debt in ten minutes than he may be able to get out of in ten years. It takes half a lifetime to learn that a man is judged by the mistakes he makes rather than by the general run of his conduct, which may be of a high average.

It is much the same in everything else as it is in a matter of homicide. A man may never hurt a fly until he reaches the age of fifty, yet if he then kills anybody they hang him for murder and his whole history is that of a murderer. So it is and it can, of course, never be otherwise. But men, when they are young, ought to reflect upon the fact that reputation is a thing that takes long to make, but which an hour can destroy.—Toronto Star.

Wedding cake boxes at The Transcript office.

NOTICE

The Imported Standard Breed Stallion BOAVISTA will make the season at his own stable, lot 6, Longwoods Road, Ekfrid. He is a powerful-built horse, standing 15.3, and a square trotter, and for beauty, size and speed he is one of the finest of the breed. Inspection invited.—D. A. McLEAN.

NOTICE

WIARM, the thoroughbred Stallion, will stand for the season at lot 15, range 2 south of Longwoods Road. He is a dark chestnut, stands 16 hands high, well built and a good goer. Inspection invited. Insurance fee only \$10.—James McFarlane, Proprietor, Ailsa Craig; D. McTavish, Manager.

NOTICE

The Pure Bred Imported Clydesdale Stallion BRANTON SURPRISE, enrolled Form One, will stand for the season 1920 at his own stable, lot 15, range 2 south Longwoods Road, Ekfrid. Insurance fee only \$10.

D. McTAVISH,
Proprietor and Manager.

NOTICE

GOLDEN GLOW will stand at the following places this season:—David Eddie's, North Glencoe, Monday noon; John Simpson's, Wardsville, Wednesday noon; Joseph Armstrong's, North Newbury, Friday noon. Balance of week at his own stable.

JAMES GILBERT.

Notice

Having opened our garage for service on all makes of cars, with Wm. Kirkwood of Simcoe in charge, he having a long and successful experience in carburetors and electrical systems, we would invite a share of your automobile repairing.

GALBRAITH BROS.
Phone 172-20 Appln. Ont.

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We are now prepared to handle all kinds of wiring. No job too large, none too small.

Investigate our prices and consider the service we are prepared to render not only now but in the future.

Auto, Tire and Battery Service Garage.

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Perhaps You Need A Bicycle—But Don't Know It



If you are a workingman you need a bicycle. It will save you long waits and tiresome rides in jammed street cars.

If you are a carpenter you can carry your kit from job to job and save valuable time. A collector can collect a very much larger amount of money.

With a bicycle you can make double, often triple, the number of business calls in a day. You can call on out-of-the-way prospects off the car lines.

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The bicycle solves the emergency delivery problem of the grocer, butcher, druggist and other merchants. It is the cheapest form of quick transportation.

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Do you need a bicycle? If you do, you'll want one that you can depend on.

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