

**Jewellery & Cutlery**  
I received an assortment of  
**W. L. CUTLERY**  
**IA METAL**  
**E. & Co.**  
**Articles**  
It be sold for cash  
Jewellery,  
PAIRED AND CLEANED.  
**ES. and**  
**GLASSES**  
adjusted and furnished.  
Goldians, repaired, cleaned  
**GEO. F. STICKNEY**

**S. PORK, &c.**  
Le Tang from New York  
classes.  
New York New York  
Extra  
Subscriber.  
**JUSTUS WETMORE**  
**LET.**  
now occupied by Mr. W.  
nine miles from Saint  
ARMES attached. Apply  
remises, Mr. D. McCallum  
Office of this Paper.  
**RACHAEL TURNER**  
Frederick.

**MAIL STAGE**  
**TWENTY**  
**S. ST. STEPHEN**  
**AND BAKING**  
has contracted to run  
see ST. ANDREW'S  
**MILLTOWN**  
and as week, according to  
quent, viz:  
Andrews on Mondays  
days, at 6 o'clock, &  
yfe, Thursdays and Sa  
k A M and St. Stephen  
e same days.  
disposition of the Sub  
ny years has driven up  
ence every attention to th  
ience of Passengers, will  
a full share of public  
is will remain open  
ne Hotel, St. Andrews  
Stephen; and Ray  
**THOMAS HARDY**  
e 4, 1850.

**Stoves!**  
I received on consignment  
Boston, a large supply of  
**IT.**  
or **STOVES**,  
his store, in the Market  
**W. MacLEAN**  
tober, 1850.

**RUNSWICK**  
**HIDING SOCIETY**  
**ING'S FUND**  
John, 50th Sep 1847  
right, Robert F. Haze  
Andrews, Geo. D. Strev  
ephens, J. G. Stevens,  
e 4, 1850.

**lasses, Flour**  
e. &c.  
Defiance, from Boston  
**MOLASSES.**  
**SUGAR.**  
Canada Superfine  
arrels Extra Genessee  
mily use, &c. &c.  
Java Coffee,  
**J. W. STREET.**

**NTS, OIL, &c.**  
3, 1850.

Liverpool, via St. John  
& Raw Linseed Oil,  
e Paint, 14, 28 & 56 lb  
Kegs.  
allow 14 & 28 lb Kegs.  
u Tea,  
st Cognac Brandy  
& from Boston,  
Muscovado Sugar,  
LSO.  
SULTAN from Liverpool  
Starch.  
**JAMES W. STREET**

**TICE.**  
tra have entered into  
ship in Trade and Mer  
the style and Firm of  
**id TURNER.**  
hat lately occupied by  
John Wilson, in Saint  
**THOMAS T. ODELL**  
**LIZA TURNER.**

**The Standard,**  
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY  
**A. W. Smith.**  
At his Office, Water-Street, Saint Andrews, N. B.  
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15s, if not paid until the end of the year.  
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First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line  
Each repetition of Ditto 1d per line  
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#### WINTERING STOCK.

Mr. Editor.—For some days I have been thinking how my poor neighbour's cattle will fare this coming cold winter! Not but that I have enough to occupy my thoughts in my own immediate affairs, but when these poor animals meet my gaze, cold and shivering as they are, in consequence of having been taken from liberal allowance of green food, and put immediately upon dry, and perhaps coarse meadow hay, or weather-beaten corn-fodder, with not a spoonful of grain nor a root to lay their jaws to,—poor creatures! no wonder they dry up their milk, for they have nothing to make milk of, and no wonder they stand upon a piece of ground not larger than a half bushel, with all four feet almost together. And when Spring opens, and the warm sun strikes their skin, the certain begin to work, and cause them to feel so miserably, they would fain run away from themselves, and surely they have no difficulty in running over the hills and rocks at an alarming rate, with their tails high in the air to receive the cooling breeze; their bodies being light, they are better adapted for a race than anything else! But to their relief, the grass soon springs up, and they begin to look a little more like cows than skeletons, yet the hard winter they have passed, has nearly unfitted them for any profit to their owners during the Summer season. And as they cannot afford to buy grain to give them the coming Winter, so both the poor cows and their owners will see hard times! Now who is to blame? are the cows to blame! They have done as well as you could have expected under these circumstances. Surely the farmer who manages thus, must expect to see hard times, and he deserves it. "He that will not plough by reason of the cold," must expect to beg in harvest!

If you have not the means to keep your stock well, reduce it; two cows well fed, are more profit to the owner than half a dozen long-legged, weak-legged, looking animals, and some people call cows, which look like steers wintered out in the woods on browse. Brother farmers, get you a good hay, straw and corn stalk cutter; cut your feed, put in a little grain, soften the same with a little water; it will make mastication easier, and consequently will digest better and afford more nourishment to your stock; besides, your poor hay, and corn fodder is turned to good account, and been sweetened by a little grain, goes off well, leaving no waste. By this mode of procedure, and measuring out to each his feed, you will be able to discover if each has enough in order that he may escape the doom of those before named, and a little more to his or her necessity if needful, taking care at the same time that they are not robbed by their more avaricious neighbours. Green meat of some kind should be given, if you would expect perfect health. Feed three times a day with chopped feed; let their stomachs have time to digest what they eat. It is a mistake that they need be eating all the while. Solid feed is unlike green grass, you must remember; some people stand in the barn floor nearly half the time to dish up a little at a time to keep their appetites good, forgetting, that, if the health is preserved, though they feed but three times in twenty-four hours with the proper quality and quantity, they will clean all up, and even lick the floor. Try it, farmers. If I can get a handsome profit from one cow, well fed, you, who have half a dozen, by the rule of three, can get six times as much.—(Boston Cul.)

#### RECIPROCAL FREE TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The question of reciprocity with the United States in certain articles, the product of either Country, has found many friends in influential quarters during the past season, and will come before Congress at its approaching session, with more strength and a greater number of advocates than it has ever had heretofore. We should not be at all surprised to find the question brought forward prominently in the President's Message to Congress next week, as a Commercial proposition now ripe for consideration and adjustment.

Very recently, the Hon. Samuel Lawrence (brother to the American Minister in London) has visited Canada, Nova Scotia, and this Province, with the view of obtaining accurate information in each, with reference to reciprocal free-trade. After visiting Montreal, Mr. Lawrence proceeded to Halifax, and thence came by land all the way to this City, travelling only by daylight, in order to view the country, enquire into its fertility and capabilities, and see the line of country over which the proposed Railways are to pass. From hence, Mr. Lawrence proceeded by land to St. Andrews, as usual visiting and conversing with many intelligent persons on the route.

Mr. Lawrence expresses himself greatly pleased with this Province, which he considers equal in every respect, from its numerous

ous and diversified advantages, to any State in the Union. With these Colonies, as a whole, he professes himself quite astonished, and at the next session of Congress he will probably be found at Washington advocating, with his powerful influence and ability, more extended and liberal commercial relations with these Provinces.

Mr. I. D. Andrews, U. S. Consul for Canada and New Brunswick, whose first volume of Colonial Statistics has received such marked and well deserved commendations from all quarters, is now engaged under the order of the American Government, in collecting materials for a second volume, which will be submitted to Congress during the coming session. We anticipate, that the two volumes of Mr. Andrews will furnish the greatest amount of Colonial statistics and general information ever yet published, and form the groundwork for all statistical tables and works of the like character hereafter.

The first volume presented by Mr. Andrews has had great effect in the United States, not only from the well-digested arguments in favor of Reciprocity, contained in his opening dispatch, but from the numerous and carefully compiled tables of trade, which prove so strikingly, and in such an undeniable manner, the benefits which would flow from placing the trade between the United States and the Colonies on the most liberal footing, and quite free from the restrictions which now embarrass and diminish it.—(New Brunswick.)

#### Good Reasons for Political Distinction.

Paul Poltax was a quiet, inoffensive fellow, not burdened with intellect, but still with some glimmering hope of future glory in the political line; for Paul had taken, and bless his memory, had paid for, the County newspaper for many years; besides, he had been appointed Vote Distributor to more than one town meeting, and had paid moreover his Capitation Tax, and "why was not he as good as the Squire?" One day Paul went to Farmer B.—one of the committee chosen to nominate candidates for Representatives, in the town of D.—. He found the worthy farmer in his cornfield, and asking him to step aside, as he had something particular to say to him, frankly asked the committee man to put the name of Paul Poltax upon the nomination list; "for," says he, "sitting the action to the word, and putting his hand to his shoulder, "this rheumatism of mine is so bad I can't lay stone wall nor split rails, and I could go just as well as not, and though I can't make speeches, to be sure, I have got as good a suit of clothes as any of them."

A Sea Foundling.—The following touching incident is related in a private letter from Yarmouth, Eng. written by a lady, and giving an account of the disastrous results of the late shipwreck upon the coast coast:—"Last Friday, a dear little babe, supposed to be about four months old, was picked up in the roads, off Yarmouth. Its long clothes prevented it from sinking; it was fast asleep, and almost benumbed with cold. There was no trace of any ship in sight, or of any boat for miles around, and it was supposed that the vessel from which it had been thrown had sunk, and that all hands perished. The captain who picked it up lives at Yarmouth, and intends to rear it as his own. He allows the people, who come in crowds, to see it, and I have seen it among the rest. It is a sweet babe."—(Hall Advertiser.)

A GRAND REGATTA OF ALL NATIONS.—The superiority of the yacht America over the English yachts, seems to have produced a very wide sensation in England. An officer of the Royal Navy, in a letter, after assigning various reasons for the defeat of the yacht squadron at Cowes, proceeds to make a bold proposition for testing the maritime capacities of all nations. He says:—"Is England, the greatest naval power the world ever knew, to allow herself beaten in her own element? Our security, perhaps our very existence as a free nation, depends greatly upon the speed of our ships. Let us then challenge the whole world to compete with us in naval architecture at a grand regatta of all nations—comprehending men of war, merchant ships, and yachts—in like manner as we have done this year in arts, sciences, and manufacture. Let the different kinds of vessels be classed, and let every vessel which enters for the competition pay a certain sum of money towards a grand vase for the winning nation (having an appropriate inscription,) as art. Of course there might be, in addition, other prizes, honorary or otherwise, for each. I will venture to say that such a grand regatta of all nations would do more to improve ship-building in one year than it has been improved comparatively, for the last hundred years."

THE TURKISH.—The Turkish Government has consented to the construction of the Railroad across the Isthmus of Suez, and granted certain facilities towards it.

# The Standard.

## OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Evans sumendum est optimum.—Cic.

No 48] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1851. [Vol. 13

#### POETRY.

##### A Reverie about the Crystal Palace.

Dream of splendour, bright and gay,  
Disenchanted all too soon,  
Dimly fading fast away,  
Like a half-remembered tune.  
Lo! my spirit hark is sad  
For the end of earthly things,  
And refuses to be glad  
While I touch its trembling strings.  
Fountain, gushing silver light—  
Sculptures, soft and warm and fair—  
Gems, that blind the dazzled sight—  
Silken trophies rich and rare—  
Wooden works of cunning skill—  
Precious miracles of art—  
How your crowding memories fill  
Mournfully my musing heart!  
Fair giant! choicest birth  
Of the beautiful sublime,  
Seeming like the toy of earth  
Given to the dotard time—  
Glacier-diamond, Alp of glass,  
Sindbad's cave, Aladdin's hall—  
Must it then be crushed, alas!  
Must the Crystal Palace fall!

Yes! as autumn's chequered hues  
Thus are tinted with decay,  
As the morn's primrose dews,  
Glimmering, exhale away—  
So with thee: in beauty's pride  
All thy brightness must depart,  
Nature's fair consumptive bride,  
Fragile paragon of art!

But not all of thee shall die,  
O not all shall perish thus!  
Thy sweet spirit, ever nigh,  
Will remain to gladden us!  
Thy sweet spirit—brotherhood!  
This was in thee like soul,  
Every part to give with good,  
And to glorify the whole!

#### FOR THE STANDARD.

##### RAILWAY ROUTES.

Mr. Editor.—I submit the following queries for the benefit of a large portion of my fellow Colonists who are deeply interested, not only in the success, but in the particular route which may be determined on for the great Trunk line of Railway between the Nova Scotia and Canadian lines:—

Do the people of Upper Canada know, that the distance from the River De Loup to the Bay Chaleur is 250 miles, through a poor, barren country, with very few inhabitants, and subject to snows of six to seven feet deep?

Are they aware that the Railway line explored by Major Robinson, following the valley of the Metopiedia, has, from its own report, almost insuperable engineering difficulties; and that the distance from Quebec to Halifax is 635 miles?

Do the people of Canada know, that a line of Railway has been explored from the River Du Loup to the Grand Falls on the river St. John, and thence to St. Andrews, is only 230 miles, or, adding the distance from Du Loup to Quebec 110 miles—340 miles, is only a little better than half the distance of the Halifax line?

Are the people of Canada aware, that there are no engineering difficulties over this short line, which passes through a very superior country for settlement, and thickly studded with superior timber, and where the snow is not half the depth of that on the North Shore line?

Are the people of Canada aware, that this South line, of about one half the distance to the ocean, at St. Andrews, possesses an open sea harbour all the year round, better markets for all Canadian products: that flour, can be shipped from thence to England or the West Indies, cheaper than from Halifax?

Then will Canada consent to appropriate a large proportion of her sixteen million dollars, lately voted, when one half the sum will answer her purposes so much better.

If I think Canada will never consent to this folly. But as the line will go to Halifax, let a branch from the St. Andrews Railroad pass to Fredericton and thence to the Bend of the Petitcodiac to Halifax; this is through the Centre of New Brunswick's best land, and fully one hundred miles nearer to Halifax, than Major Robinson's line.

And by the bye, with respect to Major Robinson's Report, I would ask, who will presume to assert the gallant Major ever visited a great portion of the line, or that any of his aids ever travelled over some parts of it. I may yet have something more to say upon this famous Report.

It is presumed a Committee from Halifax, New Brunswick and Canada, will meet to determine the route of the great Trunk Line.

Canada must be wide awake; be firm; and avoid an error and disgrace, if they submit to a North line, that will ever bring upon their names a reflection.

#### A NEW-BRUNSWICKER.

#### European Intelligence

[From papers by the Asia.]

Money is very abundant in London, and discounts easy at three per cent., or less.—The Funds had steadily increased in price during the week: the closing prices on the 14th, were for Money and Account, 93½ to 98½.

Freights to the United States have not varied but are well supported.

STATE OF TRADE.—There was unceasing activity in sales of goods and yarns at Manchester, with some slight improvement in prices. The general character of the Share Market during the week was unquestionably firm, indicating a healthy state of things.

Kossuth had made a triumphal progress through a great part of England. He attended large meetings at Liverpool, Manchester and Birmingham; and in the latter town he was present at a Grand Banquet, where 850 gentlemen sat down. It is now stated that he would not leave England for the United States before the 20th inst. He was also present at the Polish and Hungarian Ball at Guild Hall.

By returns just published by the Board of Trade, it appears that the declared value of exports from the United Kingdom to all quarters for 1850 far exceeded those of 1849, and that the British possessions, together with the U. States, take nearly one half of the whole. The returns of British Shipping also show a large increase up to the present period over the same period in 1850.

The Steamship Demarara, built at Bristol for the West India Steam Packet Company, in proceeding to Glasgow to receive her engines, was stranded in the Bristol river, and abandoned by the underwriters. She was insured for £48,000.

The American clipper ship Surprise had arrived at London from Whampoa in 107 days; and the ship Stormway, built at Aberdeen, arrived from the same place in 104 days. The arrival of these vessels had created considerable excitement.

Later news from New Zealand and Sydney gives the most glowing accounts of the success of the Gold diggers. The town of Sydney was almost deserted. The Gold is found in large quartz veins. In Frederick's Valley, several lumps of from 12 to 14 pounds weight have been found. Two men at the place realized in two days £250 worth.

IRELAND.—In Ireland the Catholic Clergy are particularly busy with matters both temporal and spiritual. The Primate of all Ireland is said to be organizing a regular onslaught against the Freemasons, and also arranging a plan of operation for the supporters of Papal aggression in Parliament, which it is thought will have the effect of upsetting the present Ministry early in the next session.

FRANCE.—The new French Ministry had been defeated on the reading of the new Electoral law, by a small majority still every thing was quiet in Paris. The Mountain party did not intend to try their strength until near the time of the general election.

AMERICAN CLIPPERS.—COTTON SAILS.—McMakin's Model Courier has an excellent article on this subject, in which it attributes the most prominent advantages possessed by our clippers (and the yacht America) over others to the use of Cotton Canvases. It says:—

We bear it stated that at the recent Royal yacht races at Cowes, the English yachts, to increase their speed with the America, had recourse to wetting their sails. Should Captain de Blaquiere, the present owner of the America, adopt the hemp duck, as used by all the British Yacht Squadron, and have her sails cut on the old fashioned balloon principle, there is fear that the laurels she so gallantly won, might soon wither in a contest with the Titania, in a suit of cotton sails made properly. The English method of cutting fore and aft sails differs materially from ours. For instance, they give the foot of their sails a greater circular sweep, which hangs below the footstep. The leeches are exceedingly hollow, caused by the stretching of the belt-gropes, thereby sustaining an extra extent of spar. The America's sails, like all cut here, are straight in leech and foot.

The cotton canvas has now almost entirely superseded all other duck. It was invented by Mr. James Maull, of this city, and first manufactured for him by Mr. John Simpson, then residing at Wilmington, Delaware, during the late war with England, in which time Russian, or any foreign canvas, it is well known to those in the trade, was selling at forty-five to fifty dollars per bolt.

The canvas was at first made by the handloom, which rendered it exceedingly soft and pliable; this was obtained by Mr. John C. Colt, of New York, who some thirty years since, commenced its manufacture with the powerloom. Mr. Colt, and Messrs. Craig and Seagrave, were all aware of the difficulty Mr. Maull experienced in securing its introduction, and it was several years before it was

#### LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

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at all noticed by other sailmakers, with the exception of Lambert Tree, who subsequently brought it into notice among our smaller vessels.

Mr. Maull early imbibed the impression that a vessel sailing against the wind would sail faster if her sails were constructed upon the principle of his Patent Horizontal system wherein the least resistance to the action of the wind is practically obtained—the seams being horizontal, or in the line of direction of the wind.

The celebrated Yacht Maria, owned by John C. Stevens, Esq. of New York, has been provided with three sails, and, although nearly four years in use, they are admitted to be the best fitting sails in New York. Her contest with the world renowned "America," the victrix of Johnny Bull, has settled her superiority even over that famous Yacht, a fact admitted by Mr. Schuyler and other members of the Yacht Squadron.—Mr. Stevens has stated that he was under the impression, ten years before Mr. Maull obtained his patent, that the principle was the best method of cutting sails, and he was the first to introduce them in New York on the "Maria." His other schooner, the Uncle John, of one hundred and fifty tons, has been provided with the patent sails, which have been in constant use four years, and from a statement of Capt. Baldwin, who commands her, we have learned that they have not been repaired with the exception of roping, and that he expects they will last two or three years longer.—(Scientific American.)

DISASTROUS CATASTROPHE IN NEW YORK!—A despatch from New York dated Thursday, Nov. 20th, gives the following account of a most disastrous affair, which occurred in that City on that day:—

One of the most frightful catastrophes that it has ever been our lot to record occurred in this city, this P. M. The following are the full particulars, as near as can be ascertained in the excitement. It appears that, about three o'clock, just before the people of Ward School No. 25, occupying the fine new building on Greenwich Avenue, near Sixth Avenue, were about to break up school, the Principal of the department in the third story of the building was seized with a sudden illness; of a paralytic nature which took such a curious effect upon her face that it caused the greatest alarm among the children, the majority of whom were girls, ranging from six to eight years of age. The convulsion gradually increased, and, in the midst of it, the alarm of fire was raised. The children at once made for the stairs, which, in their eagerness, they completely blocked up, and became wedged between the banisters, and the walls when suddenly, the banisters gave way, and scores of the children were precipitated to the ground, a distance of about thirty feet. The scene that followed baffles all description. The parents of the children quickly assembled around the building, and as body after body was taken out dead, or injured, the screams of the mothers were heart-rending.

The list of the dead numbers 48, which will probably be augmented. More than double that number are more or less injured. The school was one of the largest in the city, numbering 1833 scholars.

#### THE UPAS TREE.

While Mr. Brooke the Sultan of Sarawak, was making geological examinations in Borneo for coal, he with his friends discovered an upland upas tree, nearly forty feet high. Its trunk was almost straight, its head a dense mass of dark green foliage. The ground beneath its shade is crowded with tombs, yet vegetation flourished luxuriously around its roots.

In tapping it, no bad effects were experienced from the effluvia. But on cutting it to obtain a portion of the wood, bark and juice, a man was so much stupefied that he was obliged to desert. It is ascertained that the bread fruit tree, the mulberry, and cow tree of South America, belong to the same natural order as the deadly Upas.

Good Tools.—It is a bad sign to see a mechanic sawing away with a bad saw, taking two hours to saw a plank that could be cut up in one, by simple spending twenty minutes in sharpening his tool. It is a bad sign to see a broken window mended with an old hat; so it is equally as bad a sign to see a mechanic hewing away with a broad axe sharpened with a rasp.

It is just about as pleasant to be shaved with a file, as to plane a board with a notched planing chisel. Good tools neatly arranged, are evidences of skill, wisdom and taste.

THE BENEFIT OF A STRONG BEAVER.—Parron Brownlow, of the Jonesborough whig was attacked at night, while returning from church, and struck down by a club in the hands of John Ryland, whom he had published as a deserter in Mexico. The Rev. Editor after 15 days' confinement from his injuries, comes down on his assailant in a column of invective and characteristically says, in conclusion, "I owe my existence, under God, to a strong beaver-hat I had on at the time."

The parson's hat is equal to the famous one of George Buchanan. Perhaps he carries a sheet iron crown in it.



## THE LAW OF EVIDENCE.

The Act of Parliament which alters the law of evidence in England, so that both the plaintiff and the defendant in every cause may be examined as witnesses, came into operation on the first day of the present month. This alteration in the law appears to be very popular in England, and we give the following spirited and eloquent notice of this most important change from Dickens' "Household Words":—

**BRINGING OUT THE TRUTH.**—The first of November will be an epoch in the administration of justice in this country. On that day will come into operation the act which passed in the last session of parliament for admitting the evidence, in civil trials, of the parties to them—a change, the magnitude and importance of which can only be estimated by those whose duties as lawyers, or whose misfortunes as suitors, have made them familiar with the course of trial which has hitherto been observed in all our higher courts; and which, until of late years (when it has been, by the authority of the legislature, abandoned in the County Courts), was the general rule of our law. Thus, those who are in general best acquainted with the facts it is the object of the trial to establish, have been hitherto speaking in their own behalf, and from being questioned on behalf of their opponents. This rule of practice has been preserved in, from the assumption that the testimony of plaintiff or defendant was so sure to be false, that it would be a waste of time and a misleading of the judge and jury to hear it. Cross-examination—on which so much stress is laid, when it is desired to elicit the truth—was here rejected, as furnishing, it was thought, no safeguard. Moral and religious obligations to speak the truth were treated as of no power over the mind of the interested witness; and the law of England aspersed all men as being utterly untruthful; while, at the same time, it would have punished each for a libel if he had applied to individuals the stigma thus fixed upon the body at large. Eight years only have elapsed since the slightest amount (even to one farthing) of interest in a cause, disqualified any witness from being heard upon it; the law carrying the presumption of which we have spoken to its full extent. So far it operated logically and consistently, though not with wisdom; because, when a course is erroneous, inconsistency becomes an excellence; for it is better to be nearly right than wholly wrong.

The working of the County Courts Act in England, which enabled all causes under £50 to be tried before a single Judge, without the intervention of a Jury, or the necessity of employing either Attorney or Counsel, has been attended with almost unqualified success. At first the amount was restricted to £20, but the cheapness and simplicity of the form of procedure, and its prompt dealing out of justice, gave so much satisfaction, that the amount of the jurisdiction has been since extended to Fifty pounds, with equal advantage.

We trust some effort will be made, at the next Session of our Legislature, to adopt the new law of evidence, and summary form of procedure, in this Colony, or at least, so much as may be applicable to our situation and circumstances. (New Brunswick.)

**NEW YORK, Nov. 24.**—A Crash.—About noon to-day, a portion of the wall of Gregory & Harman's brewery fell upon the blacksmith shop of R. Hoe & Co., crushing it in, and instantly killing two men named McKay and Brown, and injuring Robert Sears and William Conquest. It was feared others were buried in the ruins, but we have not heard of any being discovered.

**FIRE.**—The Ithaca Falls woollen cloth mills, were destroyed by fire last evening. Most of the cloths were got out, some in a damaged state, but the machinery was all destroyed. The insurance amounted to \$21,500. The loss is estimated at 30,000 over the insurance. It is presumed to have been the work of an incendiary.

There has been a little more "stringency" in money matters the past week, owing in part, probably, to the failure of the houses of Harnden & Co., and Gardner & Barnott. These caused a temporary panic, but they are not of a nature to create serious alarm, or affect permanently the money market. The stock market is rather dull, and transactions limited. We think, however, that a better state of things will be felt when the cotton crop has more fully gone forward. (Boston Daily Mail.)

**STEAMER SUNK.**—The new steamship El Dorado, 1900 tons, built for the Chesapeake route, and advertised to sail on the 26th, capsized in the gale yesterday, at New York, and her windows being open, filled and sunk. She must have been rather cranky for an Ocean steamer. (Id.)

**French Officers among the Kafirs.**—It is stated that a French officer of distinction, named Parel, is among the Kafirs, as a leader of the forces against the English. He is said to have acquired a great ascendancy in the country by his bravery and intelligence. It is estimated that over sixty millions of gold will be received from California during the present year, 1851.

The London Times says, that there is now no doubt of the permanency of the Crystal Palace, her Majesty having expressed herself favorably to its remaining.

**A speck of War.**—The Emperor of Russia has just ordered 6000 carriages to be built for the different railways in his empire, in order to facilitate the conveyance of troops.

## The late Chief Justice Chipman.

Our obituary this day contains a name which, from various circumstances, is so associated with all our recollections of St. John, that we can hardly realize to ourselves that the bearer of it no longer lives among us; and while recording, with deep regret, the death of the late Honorable WARD CHIPMAN, we cannot but offer a passing but imperfect tribute to the memory of a man so justly entitled to any mark of respect which it is in our power to pay.

The late Chief Justice was grandson to the Honorable William Hazen, one of the earliest settlers of this place, and the only son of the Honorable Ward Chipman, a Massachusetts Loyalist, the first Recorder of this City, being nominated such in the Charter, afterwards for many years a Judge of the Supreme Court and Member of His Majesty's Council, and at the time of his death administering the Provincial Government which devolved on him upon the decease of Lieutenant-Governor Smyth. He himself held various important public offices, being successively Advocate General, and Clerk of the Courts—Recorder of the City, Solicitor General, and Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court. In 1834, he was appointed Chief Justice, which office he held until the close of the last year.

Born in this City, where his early education was also received, and in which, since the commencement of his professional career, he has constantly resided, except when absent on public duties, he has always taken a lively interest in its advancement and prosperity; and we may say with truth that no one has passed from us who possessed greater claims, by his many virtues and high qualifications, to the public esteem and veneration, and few, if any, have enjoyed, in a higher degree, the confidence and regard of all classes.

It is almost needless for us to say, how faithfully he discharged his various duties—as a zealous and able advocate, a learned, upright, and patient Judge, a discreet and diligent legislator, holding not merely the position of a member, but presiding in each Branch, first as Speaker of the Assembly, and afterwards as President of the Legislative Council.

He was a truly pious and consistent member of the Church of England, to whose doctrine and discipline he was warmly attached, and ever a liberal benefactor to her support.

It is well known that, feeling the increasing pressure of bodily infirmity, he retired, at the close of the last year, from his high office. The estimation in which he was held by his Sovereign, and the marks of regard and respect shown to him by the members of the Bar in the Province, on his retirement, we have before recorded.

The late Chief Justice has left no children; but his widow, his aged mother, and a large circle of relatives, are left to mourn the loss they have sustained in the death of one so justly endeared to them all.

At a meeting of the members of the Bar resident in this City, which took place yesterday at the Office of the Honorable the Solicitor General, it was resolved, that, as a mark of respect for the talents and urbanity of the late Chief Justice, they would attend his funeral this day in their robes. (Courier Nov. 29.)

**A line of Railway from Halifax to St. John City, and thence to Quebec,** following the St. John's valley, is an enterprise that should command support and the completion of a line from St. John to Calais and Bangor may be regarded as one of national importance, and within our own territory, should command the support and countenance of the General Government. It may perhaps turn out, that New Brunswick will prefer to make the European line, from her eastern frontier to Calais as part of the trunk line to Quebec, and make the St. Andrews and Quebec line a part of the scheme, with a branch to Fredericton. This plan has advocates and supporters. But the natural line from St. John to Quebec will take the valley of the Nepesic and the Orontio to a point at or near Fredericton, and thence on the most direct practicable line to the Grand Falls.

If the British Province however could be induced to disregard political considerations and be governed by the natural laws of business, the obvious laws of physical geography, they will seek to find the most direct route to Quebec, through the northern part of Maine. Our state would be then ready to grant them the way, and the jurisdiction over it, with the assent of the General Government, and in this way the city of St. John would at once become the natural market of the whole St. John valley. The nearer proximity of Bangor and Calais to Woodstock attracts this trade or a portion of it to our own ports.

At any rate, there seems to be every assurance of carrying out the plan of the European Railway; for we cannot believe that any hesitancy will occur in the movements of the people of Maine as the assurances of meeting our line at the boundary, are made certain. (Portland Advertiser.)

**MEXICO.**—The New Orleans Picayune has full details of the late Mexican news. Mr. Leicher had addressed a note to the Government enclosing the order of the executive department to Gen. Twiggs commanding him to use all available means to prevent military expeditions from the United States from the invading the Republic of Mexico.

During the late disturbances at Cordova 30 or 40 persons were killed and as many wounded. It is said that Durango is in a horrible condition. The inhabitants, driven by famine to the most desperate straits, are emigrating in large numbers, added to which the depredations of the Indians are carried on with increasing audacity.

The state of affairs on the Rio Grande has produced the greatest excitement in the interior. Many persons there, interested in the restrictive system, are fearful that the pressure will force the Government to abandon its tariff laws.

The Constitution says that the Government has already distributed \$170,000 among the soldiers sent to suppress the revolution.

The return of the Neptulon to Vera Cruz excited a good deal of alarm. The vessel reported that she could not enter the Rio Grande on account of the low stage of water.

Great fears were entertained at Tampico. It was thought that a garrison of 1500 men and a steamer of war would be necessary to defend the place.

## THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 3, 1851

The Railway Bills sent up by the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, to the Legislative Council, have passed without amendment. So far then, all is right as respects the railway in Nova Scotia and Canada.

It now only remains for the Legislature of this Province to take action in this important matter; but in doing so, much care will be required not to commit the Province. The selection of that part of the line which passes through New Brunswick, will be a subject of grave consideration. In fact, there can be but one opinion as to the locality, through the centre of the Province. The truth is, by adopting the Southern route, the greatest amount of good to the largest number of inhabitants will be effected, which is the great feature which should characterize the acts of our legislators. The Government are prepared to borrow a large sum from the British Government to carry on the work; and one thing we are assured of, that is, that the line which will receive the support of the Executive, is the Central line, or one by which our Railway Company will form a junction within 50 miles of St. Andrews. This is Mr. Howe's idea, let what will be said to the contrary.

**LEGISLATURE DEBATES.**—It will be seen from a notice in our advertising columns, that John Simpson Esq., has appointed agents for this County, to receive subscribers names for the Debates of the Legislature at the approaching Session. We are happy also to announce that the services of G. Blatch Esq., the able and talented reporter, and Mr. Grigor, have been obtained to report the debates of the Assembly, and Mr. Hogg to report the sayings and doings of the Legislative Council. The Debates, reported by these gentlemen, and published by Mr. Simpson, will be well worth, the low price of subscription and should be in the hands of every one who takes any interest in the public affairs of the Province. As the Legislature will be called together early next month, no time should be lost in subscribing for the Debates.

**LOW FARE.**—The Carleton Sentinel says: "The Stage Fare between Woodstock and Fredericton, is now down to 5s.—it was formerly 15s. A few days ago, Messrs. English & Turner started an opposition line, and Mr. Tupper, Mail Contractor, immediately reduced the fare to 5s; both lines now carry for this sum."

[Rather too low to last long. Live, and let live, say we.]

Owing to indisposition, we were prevented attending the lectures of the G. W. P. of the Sons of Temperance, who has been for the last few days on an official visit to this County. We are informed that the addresses of the G. W. P. were both entertaining and instructive, and will have a beneficial effect. It is to be regretted, however, that he found the cause of Temperance at so low an ebb as the published extracts from his "Journal" would indicate. The Divisions generally mustered a small but faithful band of brothers; this is attributed to the removal of the members to foreign lands, and the withdrawal of others from the Order. We copy the following extracts from his Journal as published in the Temperance Telegraph. On the 18th ult. he delivered a lecture in St. Stephens. He says:—

"As it respects the state of the cause here I do not wish to speak positively. The number of retail Liquor Stores and Taverns is immense in proportion to the population, but it must be borne in mind that under the operation of the Maine Law, this Village, as well as our whole frontier is likely to be turned into one general rum shop for the drinking men of that State; and when it is remembered that they have but to cross the Bridge, drink their fill, and then stagger back to Calais with their cargo,—there being no provision in the statute against the importation of liquor

in human barrels—it will be clearly seen that all the drunkenness observable is not attributable to the people of the British side."

In Milltown, however, Total Abstinence prevails in principle and practice throughout the entire population, with few exceptions; there are no places where intoxicants are sold in the Village; and the inhabitants are evidently determined as far as their ability extends, that none such shall be permitted to become established."

**NOVA SCOTIA.**—The Legislature of Nova Scotia was prorogued on Saturday last. The Crown Land and Emigration Bill, the Bill for incorporating Land Companies, the Railway Bill, passed the Legislative Council, without amendment, and received the assent of the Lieut. Governor, Sir John Harvey. Mr. Howe's labours have been crowned with success.

**NEWSPAPER DUNNING** appears to be the order of the day, and it is no wonder. Some people imagine that persons connected with types, can and do live on their shadows. We cannot conceive why subscribers who fall themselves patrons! should procrastinate, paying their debts to Publishers of papers; they must suppose, that work can be done gratis and type, ink, and paper, are paid, for in promises. We have some good and many bad paying subscribers. To the former we return our best thanks; to the latter we offer a word of advice. Pay before the close of the present year or you may be compelled to do so.

We learn from the Frontier Journal, that an attempt was made to rob the St. Stephen's Bank a few nights since, by cutting out the panels of the entrance door. No further damage was done.

The loss of the ship Unicorn, of St. John, mentioned in our ship news, will fall heavily on the Insurance offices. The Unicorn had 258 passengers, 90 were taken to New York in the Star of the West, and the ship Daniel Webster from Boston to Liverpool had taken the other 190 passengers. The Unicorn had a cargo of goods for St. John, valued at £25,000.

**ADVERTISING.**—Very few people seem to understand the benefit of advertising, or if they do, judiciously take advantage of it. Some men in our city have taken hold of the Press and made their business known, and themselves rich at the same time. Take for instance Mr. S. W. Fowle, the proprietor of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. His advertising and printing bills in the United States and in the British Provinces have amounted to what would seem to many an enormous sum—\$20,000 in a single year—and yet the profits on that article would have made him a rich man, independent of his other business. But some say that patent medicines are an exception to other articles of trade. It is not so. Look at George W. Simmons, the popular proprietor of Oak Hall. We think we hazard nothing in saying that he paid more for printing and advertising than was paid by all the tailors and clothes dealers in Boston, during the same length of time. What was the result? Why his business, as a matter of course, increased, and his wealth increased until he was enabled to launch out largely in speculations of a character foreign to his legitimate trade, and these proving unsuccessful he was for a time cramped. But he made his money from his enterprising manner in which he used the press. No man of common sense will pretend to deny this; and these old drones and slow coach chaps will find it out one of these days, when their trade all leaves them. No man can afford not to advertise. (Boston Transcript.)

**ST. ANDREW'S DAY.**—Sunday last being St. Andrew's Day, a number of Scotchmen, and other gentlemen, celebrated the anniversary of Scotia's Tutelar Saint, by dining together at Bradford's hotel on Monday evening. We understand that a number of loyal and patriotic sentiments were given, and several excellent songs sung; the party separated at an early hour, much pleased with the entertainment. Not having been furnished with a list of the toasts, we are unable to publish them.

**SUICIDE IN A LIQUOR STORE.**—A shocking affair took place yesterday morn at the liquor store of Peter Stockey, Cedar street. A man named Frederick Bragg came in and asked for a glass of liquor, which he drank and paid for; he went to another part of the store and settled himself in a firm position, between two standing casks drew a pistol from his pocket, and inserted the muzzle in his mouth. At this instant his actions were observed, but before any one could reach him he had pulled the trigger of the piece, and stood there a ghastly and horrible corpse. The charge from the pistol had entered the head at the extremity of the lower jaw, which was shot away and terribly lacerated; the charge had then entered the brain, and death was instantaneous. The deceased was middle aged; he arrived in this country from Hamburg on the 21st of October last, and has left a wife and several children to lament his untimely end. (N. Y. Herald, 18th.)

**CANDIDATES FOR THE PRESIDENCY.**—There are 12 candidates in the field for the Presidency of the United States. Judge Douglass is the youngest, being only 30 years of age; Gen. Lane is 50 years old; Fillmore, 63; Gen. Houston, 60; Gen. Wool, 60; Gov. May, 60; Gen. Butler, 60; Mr. Buchanan, 62; Gen. Scott, 67; Gen. Cass, 68; Daniel Webster, 68; and Henry Clay, 75 years of age.

**NEW YORK, Nov. 24.**—About noon, today, a portion of the wall of Gregory and Harman's Brewery fell upon the Printing Press manufactory of R. Hoe and Co., crushing it in, and instantly killing two men, named McKay and Brown, and injuring Robert Sears and Wm. Conquest. It was feared others were buried in the ruins.

In Russia there are forty millions of serfs, whose condition is not superior to that of the slave of the Southern States, and whose emancipation has never been attempted by any philanthropic associations in England or the United States. The cause of this is attributed by some to the fact that they are white.

The steamship Cambria, which left Boston on Wednesday and Halifax on Friday night last, carries home \$603,000 in American gold. About \$25,000 more coming from New York, did not arrive in time.

An editor out West says he hoped to be able to present a marriage and a death, as original matter for his columns; but that a thaw broke up the wedding, and the doctor fell sick and the patient recovered.

**RETURNING FROM AMERICA.**—We learn that an industrious farmer—Mr. Samuel Murphy, county Wexford, who, some three or four years ago, sold his farm and went to America, has just returned home, and again purchased his old homestead, for the purpose of residing in it. He advises no man to go to America who can make out a living in Ireland. (Waterford News.)

That man did not succeed in America—or he was more fortunate than most others.

**MARRIAGES.**—On the 13th ultimo, by the Rev. T. W. Saunders, Mr. Nicholas T. Wheeler, to Adelaide L., daughter of Mr. Z. Currie, all of Prince William.

At the Howard Settlement, Dumfries, on the 11th ult., by the Rev. Thomas Harris, Missionary, Mr. John Collicott, Jr., to Miss Rose Anna Johnson, both of the Howard Settlement.

**SHIPPING JOURNAL.** Arrived at St. Stephen.

Nov. 24.—Schr. Catherine, Cunningham Barrington, N. S.—Master, fish.

25th.—Barque Grace, Moara, Halifax.—Z. Chipman, ballast.

Shipwreck.—Intelligence has been received by telegraph of the loss, at sea, of the ship Unicorn, of and for this port, from Liverpool, with a general cargo. Her passengers and crew have arrived at New York.—No other particulars.—[Courier.]

The American schr. Monadnock, Colson, hence, for Boston, got on shore below Musquash, in the snow storm on the 26th inst.—Vessel and cargo lost: crew saved with difficulty.—[Id.]

**ENCAMPMENT, NO. 318.**

The regular Quarterly Meeting of the Encampment will be held at the Lodge Room, on Monday evening next at 7 o'clock.

By order of the C. G. Dec. 3, 1851.

## CONTRACT.

TENDERS will be received by the Subscriber at the Office of Messrs. Dimock & Wilson, until the 6th December next, for the repair of the Light House Wharf, at Indian Point, Saint Andrews, viz:—

To remove the top of the Wharf from the Light House Block to the Shed, two logs deep, and to rebuild the same three logs high, with good sound logs not less than 12 in. diameter at the top end, and to be covered with Cedar ballast poles, 20 feet long, not less than 6 inches at top end with sufficient stone ballast on the same; to be fastened with 1 1/2 inch iron bolts, and Haemastoc treenails.

The work to be completed to the satisfaction and approval of the Commissioners by the first of January next.

Information will be given to Contractors by the Commissioner on Tuesday morning at ten o'clock a. m. at the Light House.

JOHN WILSON, Commissioner.

St. Andrews, Nov. 29, 1851.

## LEGISLATIVE DEBATES.

THE QUEEN'S Printer having obtained the Contract for Reporting and Publishing the DEBATES of both Houses of the Legislature, requests all those who may be desirous of obtaining Copies, to send their addresses: forthwith to the Royal Gazette Office, or to either of the undermentioned Gentlemen, (who are respectfully solicited to act as Agents for the above publications) as no supply of complete Copies can be relied upon after the commencement of the Session.

## CANAL.

Ex Schooner "80 BLS. St. On Hand—A g. Shows, and Kulkers

St. Andrews, N.

## CLOTH.

(Sign of Water.)

RECEIVED London, "Jo and "Thames" in land" from Glasgow York and "Crest" etc, containing: BEAVERS, Pilots, in all shades a BROAD CLOTHS Tweeds, and de VESTINGS, some plain and 4 1/2; Thibet, fancy white Marcell, CLOTHING of every style and price far exceeding the Province; HATS, in satin, a ris, and new Ditto, in felt color black, and lap CAPS—Fur, plush made express mixed styles; LAMBS Wool, 3 1/2, heavy and fine KNIT Shirts and mostly called WHITE SHIRT bosoms, best in this market; RESATTA and "der" Shirts; ditto; BUFFALO and LAM ARVALO, Coon, a mounted bear de reasonable fur; GOODWEAR, a Water Proof out sleeves; Bags, Satchels, guns, Walking Boots, Life, CARRIAGE AND SEAMEN'S OUTFIT; LUMBERERS Goods; KERSEY FLAN, Hosiery, Cotton Stripes, and Swanset; Sattinette, Mole, and Gait Pla; etc. Silecia; Linnen and Cotton Table Covers and pocket H. Stocks, Muff, Small Wares, and The Prince approved paper, goods marked in standard prices. Wholesale and Retail. December 3

October 28, 1851

P. S. Mess of first rate ability men with neatness

## Mola:

Just received: 25 Hbds. prim 100 Hbds. Mus 100 Hbds. Extra 10 do do 5 Bags Corri which will be s Nov. 3, 18

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The Debates will be printed and published so as to constitute a distinct Volume of Reports, unconnected with other matter, and containing also the Resolutions, Amendments, and Divisions.

TERMS.—Five shillings per single Copy, or Seven shillings and Sixpence for the Reports of both Houses, which must be paid in advance.

AGENTS: Samuel H. Whitlock, Esq. St. Andrews, St. Stephen, Milltown, Megaguardie.

James Stevens, Esq. James Bowes, Esq. J. Wallace, Esq. Fredericton, Nov. 4, 1851.

THIS Institut for the direction Principal, a pap use the reputat scholars in l The Prince best opportunit various requi each year's ex It is design school for you the variou vern Langua and Painting. Young Gent here enjoy ever cal studies This Institut designing to be the patrons economical: the Village of in the most ed to make ed may be terms, in n notice will school, terms

St. Stephen, C

THE ANN AG. 1851 at Saturday th Oct 29, 1851

Original issues in Poor Condition Best copy availab



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JOHN WILSON,  
Commissioner.

1852 DEBATES.

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ENTS:  
St. Andrews,  
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1851.

## NO. 1 CANADA FLOUR.

Ex Schooner "Tomah" from New York:  
**80 BBLs. Superior CANADA FLOUR.**  
—ALSO—  
On Hand—A good assortment of **BOOTS,**  
Shoes, and Rubbers, &c. **W. WHITLOCK**  
St. Andrews, Nov. 19, 1851. nm

## NEW-BRUNSWICK CLOTHING STORE.

(SIGN OF THE GOLDEN LAMB.)  
Water-Street, St. John.  
**RECEIVED** per "Highland Mary" from  
London "John R. De Wolf" & "London-  
and "Thames" from Liverpool, "Henry Hol-  
land" from Glasgow, "Mary Turcan" from New  
York, and "Creole" from Boston—**117 Pack-  
ages,** containing:  
**SHIRTS,** Flannel, White and Canada Cloth,  
in all shades and every quality;  
**BROAD CLOTHS,** Cassimeres, Doeskins, heavy  
Tweeds, and double milled Kerseys, all colors;  
**VESTINGS,** embossed and plain—Silk, Velvets,  
plaid and figured Satins, fancy embossed  
Tulle, fancy Ottomans, tarantulas and  
white Marseil, damask and plain;  
**CLOTHING** of every description, and for quality,  
styles and prices cannot be equalled; quan-  
tity far exceeding any other Establishment in  
the Province.

**HATS,** in satin, silk and beaver; London, Pa-  
ris, and New York fashions;  
Ditto, in felt, colours red, green, brown, white,  
black, and fancy.

**CAPS—**Far, Plush, Sablet, Cloth and Glazed,  
made expressly for this Market in all the ad-  
mired styles; prices from 6d. to 3s. 6d.

**LAMBS WOOL SHIRTS** and **BLANKETS**, every  
heavy and fine quality.

**KNIT SHIRTS** and **Drawers**, Scotch make, com-  
monly called Life Preservers.

**WHITE SHIRTS**, newest styles, plain and fancy;  
borders, new description never offered for sale  
in this market.

**FLORIDA** and striped ditto, silk and Angola un-  
der Shirts; red, white and blue flannel  
ditto.

**VERMILION** and **LIMA FUR COATS**;  
**BUFFALO**, **Coon**, and **Wolf** **SKIN ROBS**, war-  
ranted best description, without seams, and  
seasonable fur.

**GOODYEAR'S** Patent Metallic India Rubber  
**Water Proof COATS**, Capes, with and with-  
out sleeves; Jackets, Carpet Bags, Navy  
Bags, Satchels, Hats, Caps, rowsters, Leg-  
gins, Walking and Riding long Boots, Fishing  
Boots, Life Preservers, Horse Covers, and  
Carriage Harness.

**SEAMEN'S OUTFITS**, of all kinds for every  
climate.

**UNBERRERS** supplied with every description of  
Cloth.

**KERSEY FLANNELS** expressly for Drawers,  
Blankets, Counterpanes, Rugs, Sheets, Shir-  
ting Stripes, White Shirtings, Grey Cottons  
and Swansdowns.

**Sartinas**, **Moleskins**, **Corduroys**, **Canvases**, **Wool**  
and **Gala Plaids**, **Druggists**, **Drabets**, **Black-  
etts**; **Silicas**; **black**, **coloured** and **fancy**  
**Linen** and **Cotton** **Blankets**, **Jeans**, **Oil Cloth**  
**Table Covers**; **silk**, **gingham** and **cotton** **neck**  
and **pocket** **SCARVES**; **silk** and **satin** **SCARVES** and  
**Stocks**, **Muffs**, **Braces**, **Umbrellas**, &c. &c.  
**Small** **Wares**, and **Tailors** **Trimnings**, &c.

The above will be sold **W**holesale for Cash or  
approved paper, and by Retail for Cash only. (All  
goods marked in plain figures, and positively no  
second prices.)

Wholesale department up stairs.  
Remember Sign of the Golden Lamb.  
**SAMUEL NEILL,**  
Proprietor.

October 23, 1851.  
P. S. Measures taken as usual by Foremen  
of 1st rate abilities, and made by the best of Work-  
men with neatness and dispatch. S. W.

## Molasses, Sugar, FLOUR, &c.

Just received per the **Defiance** from Boston.  
20 Hhds. prime retailing **MOLASSES**,  
10 Hhds. **Muscovado SUGAR**,  
100 Hhds. Extra "fine" **CANADA FLOUR**,  
3 Bn. du Rye **FLOUR**,  
3 Bags **CORNE**, &c. &c.  
Which will be sold low.

Nov. 3, 1851. J. W. STREET.

## St. Stephen ACADEMY.

MILLTOWN, N. B.

THIS Institution will be opened about the  
FIFTEENTH of NOVEMBER next, un-  
der the direction of Mr. ISAIAH DOLE, A. M.  
Principal, a popular and experienced teacher, who  
has the reputation of being one of the best classi-  
cal scholars in New England.

The Principal will be assisted by Miss EMILY  
DENSMORE, a lady who has enjoyed the  
best opportunities for attainments in the various  
branches required to be taught, and has also had  
several years experience in teaching.

It is designed to make this a very desirable  
school for young Ladies. Instruction will be given  
in the various English branches, in ancient and  
modern Languages, and also in Music, Drawing  
and Painting.

Young Gentlemen preparing for College will  
here enjoy every facility for pursuing their classi-  
cal studies.

This Institution will meet the wants of those  
desiring to become teachers.

The patrons of the school have recently erected  
a commodious and elegant Academy, situated in  
the Village of Milltown, St. Stephen. It is fitted  
up in the most approved style, and is sufficiently  
large to make it a favorable place for study.

and may be obtained in the vicinity, on moder-  
ate terms, in respectable private families.—Fur-  
ther notice will be given of the day of opening the  
school, terms of admission, &c.

**WILLIAM TODD,**  
**S. H. HITCHINGS,**  
**SAMUEL DARLING, Jr.**  
Committee.

St. Stephen, Oct. 10, 1851.

## NOTICE.

THE Annual FAIR of the ST. CROIX  
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,  
will be held at St. Stephen, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of  
Saturday the 29th day of November next.

G. B. GRIMMER, Secretary.  
Oct. 29, 1851.

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G. B. GRIMMER, Secretary.  
Oct. 29, 1851.

NOVEMBER, 1851.

## FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

## O'DELL & TURNER,

Importers of British and Foreign Goods,  
Water Street, St. Andrews,

Have just received from the Manufactories, per ship "Speed,"  
a part of their Fall and Winter supply of British Merchandise:—

—consisting of—

**SQUARE and LONG SHAWLS**, new st, les best quality,  
**BLANKETS**, **FLANNELS**, **SHIRTING** and long **CLOTHS**,  
**BONNET RIBBONS**, latest fashion; **HOSIERY** and **GLOVES**,  
A large supply of **SHEFFIELD GOODS**, per Montrose.

Per ships "Montrose," "Queen Pomare," "Themis," &c. —

Superfine Wool-dyed **BROAD CLOTHS**, **Black**, **Blue** and **Brown** **Beaver** and **Pilot**  
**Cloths**, **Doeskins** of every new design, **Gentian**, **Tweeds** and **Union** **Cloakings**,  
A very extensive stock of seasonable

**DRESS GOODS**,  
at lower prices than ever before offered, consisting of  
**ORLEANS**, **Plain** and **mixed** **Alpacas**, **Shots**, **Oregons**, **Coburgs** and **Scotch** **Prints**,  
**Gala Plaids**, **Band** and **4 Trims** newest styles, **Black** **Orleans**, **Lustras**, **Coburgs**, **Crepes**, &c.  
A large Stock of every description of **Haberdashery**. Also,  
**English** **Groceries**, **Loaf** and **Crushed** **Sugars**, **Teas**, &c. &c.  
**Hardware**, **Sheffield** **Cutlery**, and **Joiners** **Tools**, **Iron** and **Steel**, **Earthenware**, **Salt**, &c.  
**Fresh** lot of **LONDON STATIONERY**—**Superfine**, **laid** and **wove**, **Footslop**, **Satin**  
**Post**, **Note**, **Pot**, and **Blotting** **Papers**, **Blank** **Books**, **Ledgers**, and **Day** **Books**, **Steel**  
**Pens**, **Quills**, **Ink**, **Pencils**, **Wafers**, **Envelopes**, &c.

The above completely our **FALL** and **WINTER STOCK**, which is offered for  
sale at low prices, wholesale and retail.

St. Andrews, Nov. 5, 1851.

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

**HEREBY CAUTION** all persons from either  
purchasing or negotiating five certain Notes  
of Hand, drawn by me and made payable to one  
Joseph P. Hay, as follows:—one made payable  
for Twenty-five Pounds, in November 1851; one  
for Twenty-five Pounds, payable in November  
1852; one for Twenty-five Pounds, payable No-  
vember 1853; one for Twenty-five Pounds, pay-  
able in November 1854; one for Twenty-five  
Pounds, payable in November 1855; said notes  
being given to said Joseph P. Hay for a certain  
House and piece of Land, wherein the said Joseph  
P. Hay has no title whatever; therefore there has  
been no value received for said notes, and I will  
not pay them.

I also Caution all persons from purchasing a  
certain note of Hand, drawn by me in favor of  
Susan Sawyer, for six Pounds five shillings, pay-  
able on demand in 1850, having received no value  
whatever for said note.

**JOHN MITCHELL,**  
Dated at Milltown, St. Stephen,  
October 27, 1851.

## FRUIT TREES.

**THE NURSERY** and **ORCHARDS** of the Subscri-  
ber, consisting of nearly Forty Thousand  
Trees, are now offered for the inspection of the  
Public and for sale. Persons planning these Trees  
may be assured of success, as every possible pre-  
caution has been used in the selection of varieties;  
all that have not proved hardy, have been at once  
discarded, and those which have not yet fruited  
here have been propagated with the advice of the  
most distinguished cultivators of New England  
and Canada.

The Subscriber flatters himself that this assort-  
ment is unrivalled for this climate, as it contains  
nearly all the varieties of Apples and Plums which  
have proved valuable in cold and extreme climates;  
with many new and splendid sorts lately brought  
from Russia, England, Germany, Canada, and the  
Northern States.

Price of Grafted Apple Trees, assorted, one shil-  
ling each.—Any person or number of persons or-  
dering 1000 or upwards in one lot may, if desired,  
have a credit of two or three years for half the  
amount, and receive the trees free of freight at any  
place within the Province.

**FRANCIS P. SHARP.**  
Woodstock, Oct. 22, 1851.—31

## NOTICE.

**A DIVIDEND** of THREE PER CENT. on  
the Capital Stock of the Charlotte  
County Bank has been declared payable on or  
after the 4th proximo.

J. RODGER,  
Cashier.  
11th Oct. 1851.

## WHISKY.

Per "Sophia" from Greenock.  
1 Puncheon Best MALT WHISKY.  
Oct. 11, 1851. J. W. STREET.

## Earthenware.

Just received per the Olive, from Liverpool via  
St. John.  
11 Crates well assorted Earthenware.  
Oct. 11, 1851. J. W. STREET.

## HOUSE LAND FOR SALE.

**THE** Subscriber offers for sale, his Property  
on St. Andrews Island, consisting of 16  
Acres of excellent LAND, under cultivation,  
which cuts from 3 to 4 tons of Hay, annually.  
On the premises are the Frame of a new Dwell-  
ing, also, an old House. For terms, &c. apply  
to

**JAMES MELONEY.**  
October 15, 1851.

## NOTICE.

**ALL** persons having any demands a-  
gainst the estate of **JAMES HEGLY**,  
late of St. Andrews, deceased, are re-  
quested to present the same duly attested  
within three months; and all those indebt-  
ed to the said estate, are requested to make  
immediate payment to

**EILEEN HEGLY**, Administratrix  
St. Andrews, Sept. 16, 1851.

## NOTICE.

**ALL** persons having any demands a-  
gainst the estate of **FRANCIS NE-  
VENS**, late of St. Stephens, deceased, are re-  
quested to present the same, duly attested  
and all those indebted to the said  
estate, are requested to make immediate  
payment to either of the undersigned.

**William Eltes M. Allister,** } Execu-  
**James Bowes,** } tors.  
**Ingham Sutcliffe,**  
Milltown, St. Stephen, May 6, 1851.

## Wanted.

At this Office, **TWO BOYS** from 12 to 16 years  
of age, to learn the Printing business.

## JUST RECEIVED.

**Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses,**  
**Candles, Soap, &c.** For sale low, **Ships Articles** and **Manifests** for  
by **JOS. WALTON.**

## JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF

## CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,

FOR THE CURE OF  
**Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting  
of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma,  
Liver Complaints, and  
CONSUMPTION.**

DO NOT NEGLECT IT.  
**CONSUMPTION.**

Can be and has been cured in thousands  
of cases by this only certain remedy.

**JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF  
CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,**  
and no remedy has ever before been discovered  
that will certainly

**CURE CONSUMPTION.**

The most strongly marked and devel-  
oped Cases of Pulmonary Consumption,  
where the lungs have become diseased and  
ulcerated and the case so utterly hopeless,  
as to have been pronounced by Physicians  
and friends, to be past all possibility of re-  
covery, and at times thought to be dying,  
has been cured by this wonderful remedy,  
and are now as well and hearty as ever.

It is a compound of medications which are  
peculiarly adapted to and essentially neces-  
sary for the cure of

**COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION:**  
its operation is mild, yet efficacious; it  
opens the phlegm which creates so much  
difficulty, relieves the cough, and assists  
nature to expel from the system all diseased  
matter by exsorption, producing a most de-  
lightful change in the breathing and chest,  
and thus, after the prescriptions of the very  
best medical men and the inventions of  
kind-sorrowing friends and Nurses, have  
failed to give the smallest relief to the Con-  
sumptive sufferer.

**THOUSANDS OF CONSUMPTIVE**  
persons have been deceived in buying me-  
dicines which were said to be infallible  
cures, but which have proved only pallia-  
tives, but this medicine is not only a pallia-  
tive but a cure for ulcerated lungs. It con-  
tains no deleterious Drugs and one trial will  
prove its astonishing efficacy better than  
any assertions or certificates in curing con-  
sumption and all diseases of the Lungs,  
such as **Spitting of Blood, Coughs, pains  
in the side and chest, night sweats, &c. &c.**

About 1000 certificates of almost miracu-  
lous cures, performed by this medicine,  
from some of the first Doctors, Clergymen,  
and Merchants, have been sent us for this  
medicine, but the publication of these looks  
too much like Quackery, [will show them  
to any person calling at our office.] This  
medicine will speak for itself and enough  
in its own favour wherever it is tried.

**Caution.**—This medicine is put up in a  
large bottle and you must find the name of  
Comstock & Brother, Proprietors, New  
York, on the splendid Wrapper around the  
bottle. All others must be addressed to  
Comstock & Brother, No. 9, John St.,  
New York.

**TO OWNERS OF AND DEALERS  
IN HORSES.**

**CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENT.**  
For the cure of Founder, Split Hoof,  
Hoof bound Horses, and contracted and Fe-  
verish Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the flesh,  
Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scratches,  
Cuts, Kicks, &c., on horses.

**CARLTON'S RING BONE CURE.**  
For the cure of Ring Bone, Blood Spavin,  
Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Splint—a  
certain remedy.

**CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS  
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.**  
The changes of weather and season, with  
the change of use and feed, have a very  
great effect upon the blood and sinuous  
fluids of horses. It is at these changes they  
require an assistant to nature to throw off  
any disorder of the fluids of the body that  
may have been imbibed, and which, if not  
attended to, will result in the Yellow Water,  
Heaves, Worms, Boils, &c. All of  
which will be prevented by giving one of  
these powders, and will at any time cure  
when any symptoms of disease appears, if  
used in time. They purify the blood, re-  
move all inflammation and fever, loosen the  
skin, cleanse the water, and invigorate the  
whole body, enabling them to do more work  
with the same feed. The action of these  
powders is direct upon all the secretive  
glands, and therefore have the same effect  
upon the Horse, the Ox, the Ass, and all  
Herbivorous animals—all diseases arising  
from or producing a bad state of the blood,  
are speedily cured by them. Remember  
and ask for **CARLTON'S CONDITION  
POWDERS**, and take no others.

**CARLTON'S NERVE AND BONE  
LINIMENT FOR HORSES,**  
and for the cure of all diseases of man or  
beast that require external application, and  
for contracted cords and muscles, strength-  
ens weak limbs, and is also used for sprains,  
bruises, saddle galls, swelled legs, sores of all  
kinds on horses.

**CARLTON'S** articles for Horses and Cattle  
are prepared from the recipe of a very cele-  
brated English Farrier, and will cure in  
ninety nine cases out of one hundred any  
of the above complaints. They have been  
used by Farmers, liverymen, stage proprie-  
tors and others, with the most marked and  
decided success.

## CAUTION—None can be genuine unless you find the name of J. Carlton Comstock on the wrapper of each article.

## COMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

This is the most extraordinary remedy  
for Worms ever used; it effectually ex-  
cises Worms from both adults and children.  
It cannot harm the most delicate infant of  
strongest adult, and never fails to com-  
pletely root out and destroy all kinds of Worms.  
The egg, 25 cts. per bottle, puts it within  
the reach of all, and all parents who are  
without it are wantonly exposing the lives of  
their children to those fell destroyers of  
youth, "Worms." Look for the name of  
Comstock & Brother, proprietors, on the  
wrapper of each bottle.

**REMEMBER**  
**Comstock's Nerve and Bone Liniment**, is  
adapted to cure any "New Rheumatism," Gout,  
Contracted Cords, and Muscles, or stiff joints,  
strengthens Weak Limbs, and enables those who  
are crippled to walk again. Comstock & Bro-  
ther, Proprietors, New York, and now genuine  
without their name on the wrapper.

**Dr. Kline's Drops**, for the cure of the Tooth-  
ache. It is with confidence that we can recom-  
mend it as an infallible cure in all cases without  
any injury to the teeth or gums. Price 25 cts.  
**CARLTON'S LINIMENT FOR THE PILES**, &c.  
It is now used in the principal hospitals, and in  
the private practice in our country by an im-  
mense number of individuals and families, first  
and most certainly for the cure of the PILES, and  
also extensively and effectually as to baffle credu-  
lity unless where its effects are witnessed. Exter-  
nally in the following complaints:—

**For Drops.**—Curing extraordinary absorption  
at once. **Nodulities.**—Reducing them in a few  
hours. **Rheumatism.**—Acute or Chronic, giving  
immediate ease. **Sore Throat.**—By Canons, Ul-  
cers, or Colds. **Croup and Whooping Cough.**—Ex-  
ternally and over the chest. **All Bruires, Sprains,  
and Burns,** Curing in a few hours. **Sores and Ul-  
cers.**—Whether fresh or long standing, and re-  
solves sores.

Its operation upon adults and children in re-  
ducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs  
and tightness of the chest by relaxation of its  
parts, has been surprising beyond conception.

**CAUTION.**—All of the above named articles are  
sold only New York by Comstock & Brother, No.  
9, John Street, New York, and from Broadway.

Sold also in St. Andrews, by O'Dell & Turner,  
D. Clarke; S. L. Tilley, St. John; J. E. Ryder,  
Stephen; J. W. Brayley, Fredericton; W.  
Ferguson, Woodstock; G. Spear, Robbinston;  
also by our Agents every Town in New Brun-  
swick. Enquire for Comstock's Almanac for 1852  
which is given gratis.

## WATCHES, Jewelry, &c.

The Subscriber has just received an assortment  
of **WATCHES, JEWELLERY, CUTLERY**  
and **FANCY ARTICLES**, which will be sold  
low for Cash. Viz.

**Gold** and **silver** Patent **Lever** **Lapins**  
and **Vertical** **Watches**, **Gold**, **Silver**,  
**German** **silver**, and **Silk** **Guards**,  
**Steel** **Watch** **Chains**, **Gold**, **silver**, **Plated**  
and





## SHERIFFS SALES

to take place at the Court House.

Real Estate of William Porter Dec. 10

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the 15th FEBRUARY, 1851, at 12 o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE, in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand whatsoever, of WILLIAM PORTER, of and to the following properties, viz:

All that Lot of land situated in the Parish of St. Stephen, conveyed by John Dunn to the said Wm. Porter, by deed dated 13th Jan. 1847, beginning at the Eastern corner of the lot upon which Aaron Upton resides, 190 feet from the corner of the street, making the angle of the road leading from the main landing to the country Northwards, and the road leading down the river towards the bridge, thence running the extent of the side line of garden lot No 5, thence across the rear of lots No 5 and 6, thence on the back line to said Aaron Upton's lower line, thence on the line between the lot formerly owned by James Nicholson and the said Aaron Upton, to the first named boundary, containing about one acre and a quarter.

All that Lot of Land in the same Parish, conveyed by Mary Nicholson to the said William Porter, by deed dated 13th September 1839, bounded South by the main street leading through St. Stephen towards Oak Point, West by a lot owned and occupied by Aaron Upton, North by a lot belonging to the estate of the late Peter Christie, and East six feet from the house in which the said Mary Nicholson then resided, by the said lot purchased from John Dunn, containing one quarter of an acre.

All of those two lots of land in the same Parish, known as Lots No. 12 and 18 of the tract formerly belonging to Robert Pagan, Esq., the said Lot No. 12 fronting on the Ledge Road, and being 160 feet in width on the road, and 177 feet in rear, and 165 feet in length, the said Lot No. 18, fronting on a road 3 rods wide, laid off in rear of Lot No. 12, and extending back 165 feet to the line of N. Marks' land.

The Eastern half and front of a lot of land in the same Parish, in part occupied by Jas. C. Bixby.

All of that lot or parcel of land at the Ledge, so called, in St. Stephen, formerly owned by the late Joseph Porter, and purchased by him from Michael Young.

All of that lot of land at the Ledge, aforesaid, conveyed by Michael Young to the said Wm. Porter, by deed dated 3d of August, 1835, commencing at a point leading from the main road to Young's Point, and running at right angles with said road 120 feet, thence parallel with said road 160 feet to within 25 feet of Young's wharf so called, thence parallel with said wharf, to low water mark, thence past the end of said wharf up stream, until it meets the Eastern line of lands formerly of Joseph Porter, deceased, thence following said line to the said road, thence along said road to the first mentioned boundary.

All that Lot of Land at the Ledge aforesaid, conveyed by the said Michael Young to the said William Porter, by deed dated 27th January, 1840, on the south easterly side of a lane on the south easterly line of Lot No. 121, in the 5th Division of the Penobscot Grant, thence by said lane N. 15° 20' E. 17 rods, and 23 links to the south side of a road 3 rods wide, running S. 78° 30' E. 8 rods to a stake and stones, thence S. 2° W. passing 35 feet from the north east corner of Porter's Wharf, thence westerly by low water mark to the easterly line of said Lot, sold to Porter, and following the several courses of the Lot easterly, northerly and westerly, to the place of beginning, containing 3 acres.

All of that Lot of Land in the Parish of St. Stephen, conveyed by Thomas Hasty to Wm. Porter, by deed dated 31st July, 1832, being farm lot No. 29 in the 2d Division, granted to James Fraser, in the grant to Joseph Porter and others, containing 100 acres.

And also all other real estate belonging to the said Wm. Porter, situated in the County of Charlotte, not included in the above list. The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the Suit of the President Directors, and Company of the Commercial Bank of New Brunswick, indorsed to levy £1130, 16s. 8d. besides Sheriff's Fees, &c.

**THOS. JONES**  
Sheriff of Charlotte,  
July 31, 1850.

The sale of the above mentioned property is postponed until Wednesday the 28th May next, then to take place at 12 o'clock at the Court House.

**THOS. JONES**  
Sheriff of Charlotte  
St. Andrews, Feb. 15, 1851.

The Sale of WILLIAM PORTER'S Property is further postponed until Friday the 1st August next, at 12 o'clock.

**THOS. JONES**  
Sheriff of Charlotte,  
St. Andrews, July 1, 1851.

The Sale of William Porter's Properties is further postponed until Saturday the 13th September next, at 12 o'clock.

**THOS. JONES**  
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,  
St. Andrews Aug. 1, 1851.

The sale of William Porter's properties, advertised to take place on the 13th September, is further postponed until Wednesday, the 10th day of December next, at 12 o'clock.

**THOS. JONES**  
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, Sep. 10, 1851.

## NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

A SUPPLY of POSTAGE STAMPS has been received from England, and will be on sale at this Office on and after FRIDAY next, the 6th September. They are of the respective colors and values as under, viz:

Scarlet—Three Pence.  
Yellow—Six Pence.  
Pink—One Shilling.

Supplies will also be immediately forwarded to all Postmasters throughout the Province, and through them to the Way Office Keepers, from whom the Public will be able to obtain them at cost prices, in any quantities they may require.

N. B. The Postage Stamps should be affixed to the face, or direction side of the Letter, at the right hand upper corner.

**J. HOWE**  
Postmaster General.

GENERAL POST OFFICE,  
St. John, 1st September, 1851.

## REMOVAL.

**DR. SAVARD.**  
Has removed to the House formerly occupied by Mr. Sloan, situated between the stores of Messrs. Dimock & Wilson, and Odell and Turner.

St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1850.

## EQUITABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

CAPITAL £500,000 STERLING.

Board of Local Directors for New-Brunswick:

R. F. HAZEN, Esq.,  
WILLIAM WRIGHT, Esq.,  
EDWARD ALMOND, Esq.,  
JOHN H. BEAUF, Esq.,  
WILLIAM JACK, Esq.

PROPOSALS for Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, Farming and Agricultural Stock, &c., will be accepted, and Policies granted on application to

**GEO. D. STREET, AGENT.**  
No charge for Policies.  
St. Andrews, 25th Jan. 1851.

## Grand Manan Packet.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has commenced running the Packet

"Prince Albert," between St. Andrews, Campbell, Eastport and Grand Manan, leaving St. Andrews every Friday, if the weather permits, touching at the above mentioned places, and returning to St. Andrews every Monday.

Parcels left at the store of William McLean Esq. will be punctually forwarded.

**EDWARD SNELL,**  
St. Andrews, 4th June 1849.

## MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

Protection Insurance Company of N. J.  
CAPITAL, \$200,000.

Camden Insurance Company of N. J.  
CAPITAL, \$100,000.

WITH A SURPLUS OF OVER \$20,000.

**HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**  
OF CONNECTICUT.  
CAPITAL, \$150,000.

THE Subscriber, having received the Agency for the above-named Insurance Companies for Calais and vicinity, will receive applications and issue Policies on Vessels, Cargoes, and Freights, and Vessels upon the Stocks, Buildings, Furniture, and Goods, at the current rates, to the amount of \$10,000 on Marine risks, and \$20,000 on Fire risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid, or, in case of differences, the Courts of this State will be recognised.

**E. D. GREEN, Agent.**  
Refer to Wm. Ker, Esq., Agent, St. Andrews N.B.

## Sheet Iron, Tin Plates &c. &c.

Ex Columbus from Liverpool, Via St. John, the Subscriber has received,

40 Bundles sheet iron assorted,  
24 Stone Iron Wire,  
20 doz Single & Double cut mill Files,  
20 Pit & Hay saw Files, Marishes and Shepherds' make.

10 Bags best Horse and Ox Nails, &c. &c.  
**J. W. STREET.**

## CALAIS HOUSE, CALAIS, STATE OF MAINE.

THE subscriber, in tendering thanks to his former patrons and friends, the inhabitants of New-Brunswick, and especially of St. Andrews, for the patronage they have heretofore afforded him, respectfully advises them and the Public generally, that his Establishment, the CALAIS HOUSE, is again open for the reception of company, renovated and fixed up, he believes, to suit the taste of the most fastidious, where it will give him pleasure to serve his former customers, and the travelling public generally, and promises to use his best exertions for their comfort.

**HENRY BATES.**  
Calais, June 24, 1850.

## FLOUR.

Received per "VOLANT" from New York

100 BLS. No. 1 Canada Super-fine FLOUR, which will be sold low.

**J. W. STREET.**  
Aug. 5, 1851.

## HEALTH where 'tis SOUGHT!



## Holloway's Pills.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND STOMACH, WHEN IN A MOST HOPELESS STATE.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Matthew Harvey, of Chapel Hill, Ayrshire, Scotland, dated the 15th of January, 1850:

SIR—Your valuable Pills have been the means, with God's blessing, of restoring me to a state of perfect health, and at a time when I thought I was on the brink of the grave. I had consulted several eminent doctors, who after doing what they could for me, stated that they considered my case as hopeless. I was a last resource, got a Box of your Pills, which soon gave relief and by persevering in their use for some weeks, together with rubbing night and morning your Ointment over my chest and stomach, and right side, I have by their means, alone got completely cured, and in the enjoyment of myself and every body who knows me.

(Signed) **MATTHEW HARVEY**  
CURE OF A CASE OF WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY, OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Smith, of No. 5, Pitt Street, Sydney, dated 10th of November 1849:

To Professor Holloway—  
SIR—I beg to inform you that for nearly five years I have been in a state of extreme weakness and debility, with constant nervous headaches, giddiness, and sickness of the stomach, together with a great depression of spirits, I used to think that nothing could benefit me as I had been to many medical men, some of whom after doing all that was in their power, informed me that they considered that I had some spinal complaint, and the result of their treatment, together with a very disordered state of the stomach and liver, making my case so complicated that nothing could be done for me. One day being unusually ill and in a dejected state, I saw your Pills advertised, and resolved to give them a trial, more perhaps from curiosity than with a hope of being cured, however I soon found my sufferings by taking them, and so I went on persevering in their use for six months, when I am happy to say they effected a perfect cure.

(Signed) **WILLIAM SMITH,**  
(frequently called EDWARD)

CURE OF ASTHMA, OF TWENTY YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. K. Heydon, 78 King Street, Sydney, dated 10th of November 1849:

To Professor Holloway—  
SIR—I have the pleasure to inform you that many extraordinary cures of Asthma have been effected here by means of your Pills. One is that of a Lady residing near the "Roxburgh," who after having for twenty years been unable to make the slightest exertion, suffering very severely from shortness of breath, coughing, and spitting, but is now, to use her own expression, able to run up to the top of Cabot mountain. Another case is that of Mr. Eaton, Tailor, Hutchinson's Buildings, Clarence Street, who was so dreadfully ill that he was confined entirely to his bed-room for six months, prior to his coming to your Pills, and attended regularly by his medical man, who pronounced him to be in a dying state, yet he, likewise, to my knowledge, has been restored to perfect health by the use of your Pills, and rubbing your Ointment night and morning into his chest.

(Signed) **J. K. HEYDON**  
ASTONISHING CURE OF THE EARL OF ALBOROUGH.

By this Miraculous Medicine! after every other means had failed!

A Copy of a Letter from the Earl of Alborough, dated Villa Messina, Leghorn, 21st Feb. 1845:

To Professor Holloway—  
SIR—Various circumstances prevented the possibility of my thanking you before this time for your politeness in sending me your Pills as you did. I now take this opportunity of sending you an order for the amount, and at the same time, to add that your Pills have effected a cure of a disorder in my Liver and Stomach, which all the most eminent of the Faculty at home, and all over the Continent had not been able to effect. I wish to have another Box and a Port of Ointment in case any of my family should ever require either.

I remain, with much respect,  
Your most obliged and most devoted servant.

(Signed) **ALDOROUGH.**

TIME should not be lost in taking this Remedy for any of the following diseases—

Ague Consumption Fits Rheumatism  
Remission of Urine Ulcers Scalds  
Painful Dropsy Head-aches Sores Throats  
Venereal Affections Blotches on the skin  
Dysentery Indigestion Scrofula, or King's Evil  
Worms of the kind Erysipelas  
Bowels Complaints Female Irregularities  
Jaundice Stone and Gravel Colic  
Liver Complaints Secondary Symptoms  
Weakness from whatever cause Lumbago  
Constipation of the Bowels Fevers of all kinds  
Piles The Douleurux &c. &c.

These Medicines in England are sold at 1s. 12 2s. 9d. 4s. 6d. 11s. 2s. and 3s. each Box and Pot. There is a considerable saving by taking the large sizes.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

## FOUND.

PICKED UP between Nigger Point and Partridge Island, a small ANCHOR and CHAIN.

Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE, November 19, 1850.

## CARTS! CARTS! CARTS!

For Sale or Hire, on liberal terms, CARTS suitable for work on the Railroad.

Also, all kinds of BLACKSMITH work Apply to

**EDWD. STENTIFORD.**  
St. Andrews, June 26, 1850.

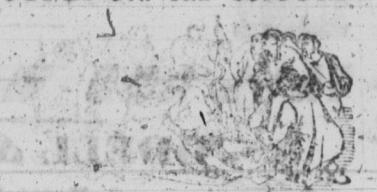
## BRANDY, GIN, WINE &c.

Ex Columbus from Liverpool, via St. John

6 Hhds. finest Pale HOLLANDS, fine old BOTT WINE,

1 Martell's finest Pale BRANDY,

## CURES FOR THE UNCURED



## Holloway's Ointment.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SCROFULA OR KING'S EVIL.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Hilday, 209, High Street, Cheltenham dated the 22nd of January, 1850:

To Professor Holloway—  
SIR—My eldest son, when about three years of age, was afflicted with a glandular swelling in the neck, which was a short time before he broke out into Ulcer. An eminent medical man pronounced it as a very bad case of Scrofula, and prescribed for a considerable time without effect. The disease then for four years went on gradually increasing in virulence, when besides the ulcer in the neck, another formed below the left knee, and a third under the eye, besides seven others on the left arm with a tumour between the eyes, which was expected to break. During the whole of the time my suffering boy had received the constant advice of the most celebrated medical Gentlemen at Cheltenham, besides being for several months at the General Hospital, where one of the surgeons said, that he would amputate the left arm, but that the blood was so impure, that if that limb were taken off it would be then even impossible to subdue the disease. In this desperate state I determined to give your Pills and Ointment a trial, and after two months, perseverance in their use, the tumours gradually began to disappear, and the discharge from all the ulcers perceptibly decreased; and at the expiration of eight months they were perfectly healed and the boy thoroughly restored to the blessings of health, to the astonishment of a large circle of acquaintances, who could testify to the truth of this miraculous case. Three years have now elapsed, without any return of the malady, and this boy is now as healthy as heart can wish. Under these circumstances I consider that I should be truly grateful were I not to make you acquainted with this wonderful cure effected by your medicines after every other means had failed.

(Signed) **J. H. HILDAY.**

CURE OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Pitt, Dudley 15th Jan. 1850.

To Professor Holloway—  
SIR—I was with the greatest pleasure that write to thank you for the benefit I have received from your Pills and Ointment, which have completely cured me of the Rheumatism, under which I suffered for this last four years, at times I was so bad as hardly to be able to walk. I had tried every kind of Medicine that was recommended without receiving any benefit. At last I thought I would give your medicines a trial, and purchased from Mr. Hollis, Chemist, of this Town, two Boxes of Pills, and two of Ointment, and in three weeks, through them and the blessing of God, I was restored to health and am now as well able to walk as ever I was in my life. I am well &c. in this parish, having been sixty-five years of age, and I have been twenty years in the 24th Regiment of Foot.

(Signed) **JOHN PITT.**

CURE OF A BAD LEG OF SIXTY YEARS' STANDING.

Mr. Barker, of No. 5, Graham's Place, Drypool, had had his leg from the thigh of eighteen years, and upwards of eighty, and although for many years he had sought the first advice in the country, nothing was found to cure them. He very often suffered most excruciating pain for long periods together, which incapacitated him from attending to his business. He had given up all hopes of getting a cure, when at last he was persuaded to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he did, and however wonderful it may appear, his leg was well, he has become in health so hale and hearty as now to be more active than most men of fifty.

N.B.—The truth of this extraordinary statement can be vouched for by Mr. J. C. Reinhard, 224 Market Place Hull, February 20th, 1850.

CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF KING'S WORM OF SIX YEARS' STANDING.

One of the most eminent Surgeons in Lima (the Capital of Peru) had a child covered with King's worm for more than 6 years; in vain he exhausted all his art in his endeavours to effect a cure. Not succeeding, he consulted among his brethren, the most celebrated medical practitioners of the City, but nothing was found to do the child service.

When he was persuaded by Mr. Joseph P. Hagne the English Chemist and Druggist, residing at No. 74, Calle de Palacio, to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which was done, and after using six large Pots of the Ointment, with a proportion of the Pills, the child was radically cured, to the surprise of the whole medical profession. The name of the parent, from motives of delicacy, is withheld.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases—

Bad Legs Bad Breasts Burns Bunions, Bites of Insects, and Sand Flies, Fistulas, Cane-bay, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sores nipples, Chieft-foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns (soft), Cancers, Contracted & Stiff-joints, Elephantiasis, Sore throats, Skin diseases, Scrofula, Sore heads, Tumours, Ulcers, wounds, Yaws.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Pots and Boxes, at 1s. 11 2s. 4s. 6d. 11s. 2s. and 3s. each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot or Box.

**ODELL & TURNER, St. Andrews:**  
Wholesale Agents for Charlotte County.

CAUTION—None are Genuine unless the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," are engraved on the Government Stamp, pasted on every Pot and Box; with the same words woven in the water-mark of the Books of directions wrapped round the medicines.

Should unprincipled Vendors recommend parties asking for Holloway's Pills and Ointment not to buy them, but to take something else in their stead, they do so only for the purpose of getting a greater profit by what they wish them to purchase

## Watches, Jewellery, &c.

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

**WATCHES, JEWELLERY, CUTLERY, &c. &c.**

with a great variety of

**Fancy Articles,**  
which will be sold low for cash.

Clocks, Watches, and Jewellery, PAIRED AND CLEANED.

**QUADRANTS, COMPASSES, and LOG GLASSES,**  
adjusted and touched.

Musical Boxes and Accordeons, repaired, cleaned, and tuned.

Nov. 5, 1850.] **GEO. F. STICKNEY**

## MOLASSES, PORK, &c.

just received ex Schr. Le Tang from New York

20 Hhds. Molasses,  
20 Hhds. New York Mest Pork,  
4 Boxes Tobacco,  
4 do do Extra,  
For sale low by the Subscriber.

**JUSTUS WEINCKE.**

## TO LET.

THAT Stand now occupied by Mr. Wm. Porter, nine miles from Saint Andrews, with the FARMS attached. Apply to Mr. Porter on the premises, Mr. D. McCullum Digguash, or at the Office of this Paper.

**RACHAEL TURNER.**  
Feb. 27, 1850.

## ROYAL MAIL STAGE.

BETWEEN ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHEN, MILLTOWN AND BARRING.

The Subscriber has contracted to run a Mail Stage between ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHENS, MILLTOWN, and BARRING, three times a week, according to the following arrangement, viz:

Leaving Saint Andrews, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 o'clock, A.M., and

Barring on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 6 o'clock A.M. and St. Stephen at 7 o'clock A.M. and St. Andrews at 7 o'clock A.M.

The well known disposition of the Subscriber, who for many years has driven up this mail route, to give every attention to the comfort and convenience of Passengers, to the trusts, secure him a full share of public patronage.

The Stage Books will remain open at a Bradfords Temperance Hotel, St. Andrews, Ryder's Store, St. Stephens, and Ryder's Hotel, Milltown.

**THOMAS HARDY**  
St. Andrews, June 4, 1850.

## Stoves! Stoves!

The Subscriber has just received on consignment by late arrivals from Boston, a large supply of

**COOKING, AIR-TIGHT, and other STOVES,**  
which are for sale, at his store, in the Marks Square, cheap for Cash.

**W. MACLEAN.**  
St. Andrews, 8th October, 1850.

## NEW-BRUNSWICK BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY AND SAVINGS FUND.

Established at St. John 9th Sep. 1847.

Trustees—Wm. Wright, Robert F. Hazen, H. Chubb.

Agent for Saint Andrews, Geo. D. Street Esq., Do. Saint Stephens, J. G. Stevens, Esq.

## Sugar, Molasses, Flour &c. &c.

Now Landing ex Defiance, from Boston

20 Hhds. Bright MOLASSES,  
10 do. Muscovado SUGAR,  
50 Barrels No 1, Canada Superfine FLOUR.

Also—a few Barrels Extra Genessee Flour, for family use, &c. &c.

St. Domingo and Java Coffee,  
**J. W. STREET.**  
May 26, 1851.

## TEA, PAINTS, OIL, &c. DEC. 3, 1850.

Ex "Olive" from Liverpool, via St. John

4 Hhds. Boiled & Raw Linseed Oil,  
8 Cwt. best white Paint, 14, 28 & 56lb Kegs.

3 do do Yellow 14 & 28lb Kegs.  
10 Chests Congou Tea,  
5 Pipes, 1 best Cognac Brandy

EX UTICA from Boston.  
5 Hhds. bright Muscovado Sugar.

ALSO.  
To arrive per the "SULTA" from Liverpool  
10 Boxes Blue Starch.

For sale by **JAMES W. STREET**

## NOTICE.

THE Subscribers have entered into Co-Partnership in Trade and Merchandize, under the style and Firm of

**ODELL and TURNER.**  
Place of Business that lately occupied by Messrs. Edward & Joseph Wilson, in Saint Andrews.

**THOMAS T. ODELL,**  
**ELIZA TURNER.**