

THE DAILY MAIL

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WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto (noon)—Strong winds and gales from East and South, with occasional rain or sleet.

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ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1914.

PRICE:—1 CENT.

SENATOR DECRIES REPEAL OF THE TOLLS ACT

Characterises the Attempt as an Offering to Appease Foreign Powers Regarding Mexico.

CALLS ON THE SENATE TO FAVOR AMERICAN SHIPS.

Says that to Repeal the Tolls Act Would be Merely to Play into the Hands of Canadians.

Washington, March 19.—A return to skirmishing on the Panama Canal (this controversy will occupy the Senate today as a result of an effort made yesterday by Senator Jones of Washington to have passed his resolution calling upon the president for information as to what Foreign Governments have protested against toll exemption for American coastwise ships and for the correspondence between United States and foreign powers relating thereto.

In urging his resolution Senator Jones charged that the exemption repeal was the price to be paid by the United States for non-interference in Mexico and that President Wilson's plea to Congress for the repeal followed negotiations with Great Britain whereby that nation had agreed to support the principles of the Monroe Doctrine.

Senator Jones assailed the views of the President in this matter, declaring that to revise this policy of the Government would be a humiliating cowardly, and craven action.

He argued that the repeal would be a great economic blunder and that it would benefit Canadian interests and transcontinental roads and no others, and injure more or less every other interest in this country.

"Suffragette" Slanderous Name

Cologne, Mar. 18.—For calling a woman school Principal, a suffragette, the wife of a physician in a neighboring village was to-day convicted and fined on a charge of slander, according to The Cologne Gazette.

Decisive Defeat For General Villa

El Paso, Texas, Mar. 18.—Mexican refugees, belonging to President Huerta's political following, last night claimed that General Villa had been decisively defeated at Escalon.

Dr. Grenfell is now lecturing in England. He leaves on April 18th by the Mauritania for New York, and will spend a few weeks in the States. He is expected to reach St. John's about May 1st.

Former Canadian Minister is Dead

Passing of Wm. Paterson, One-time Controller of Customs Under Laurier.

Brantford, Ont., Mar. 19.—Mr. W. Paterson, Minister of Customs in the Laurier Cabinet, is dead in his seventy fifth year.

The late Mr. Paterson, statesman and manufacturer, was recognised as one of Canada's leading platform orators.

He first entered the Canadian House of Commons in 1872 as member for South Brant and represented that electoral division for twenty-four years.

Subsequently he was elected from North Grey and from North Wentworth.

He entered the Laurier Cabinet in 1896 as Controller of Customs and in this capacity had much to do with the framing of Canadian tariffs of 1897 and 1907.

He was one of the Canadian delegates to the Imperial Colonial Conference in London, 1902 and has served on a number of important commissions. More recently he was associated, in 1911, with Mr. Fielding in negotiating a Reciprocity Treaty between Canada and the United States.

ULSTER LEADERS MAY BE ARRESTED

This is Inferred From the Fact That Large Forces of Constabulary are Being Drafted to Northern Stations.

London, March 18.—The temporary relief of the Irish situation when Asquith's proposals were offered to Ulster has now been dissipated, the effect of Churchill's speech at Bradford being to harden both Government and Opposition forces. The atmosphere in the Commons yesterday was full of foreboding and rumors concerning Government interference in Ulster by the arrest of the leaders of the Volunteer movement, against whom charges of conspiracy may be laid.

This belief seemed to arise from the fact that a large number of the Royal Irish Constabulary have been drafted to northern stations.

Eva Booth Back In Harness Again

Toronto, March 17.—Though but recently recovered from an acute attack of bronchitis, tonsillitis and peritonitis, Miss Booth has again started on her lecture tours. She spoke for the first time since her illness in Detroit. Last week she addressed her second audience in Massey Hall, and though she has not yet entirely recovered her former strength, she feels able and anxious to speak.

GREAT BRITAIN IS DETERMINED TO MAINTAIN NAVAL SUPREMACY

Winston Churchill Makes a Two-and-a-half Hours' Speech in Introducing the Naval Estimates

POINTS OUT IMPORTANCE OF NAVY TO THE EMPIRE

Says It is the One Great Force That Assures Our Own Safety and the Peace of the World.

London, Mar. 18.—In introducing the navy estimates in the House this afternoon Mr. Churchill said it was the largest estimate for the navy ever presented in the British Commons, but it was to be remembered that except in one respect to which he would refer later, there was no change of policy from that adopted two years ago.

Churchill drew attention to the fact that the growth in expenditure was due to increases in the pay and number of the personnel of navy; to increase in the number of large guns and to the increased cost of ammunition.

The Admiralty sought to complete eight battle squadrons by the time the next strongest naval power had completed five battle-cruisers.

There would be a proper proportion of destroyers and other craft and ships for foreign stations which did not come into the calculations. He considered these standards of establishment were reasonable and moderate.

Not Completed.

He was glad Admiral Von Tripitz had taken occasion to say that no nation had completed its naval organization. That was quite true. It would be possible for Britain to complete her developments at a somewhat earlier period than was now proposed.

The development of Germany's fleet organization had not been so rapid as was contemplated two years ago when it was thought the new third German squadron would be completed by the end of the financial year of 1914-15, but, apparently owing to manning difficulties the second squadron would be reduced by three ships temporarily so there were three less ships in the organization of the German fleet than had been anticipated and the British Admiralty had postponed the completion of the Gibraltar squadron which now consisted of four ships. Every delay accidental or deliberate by next strongest power said Churchill will be watched by us and we shall only complete our organizations as or when needed.

Will Be Lower

He thought it reasonable to predict that the absence or any new departure from the policy of the estimates of 1915-16 would be substantially lower than present estimates.

Discussing various contributory causes for the increase in expenditure he mentioned the use of oil. Churchill emphasized the advantages of oil

NAVAL SUPREMACY IS INDISPENSIBLE.

Our naval strength is the one great balancing force we can contribute to our own safety and the peace of the world. Causes which might lead to a general world war have not yet been removed. The world is arming as it was never armed before, and all attempts at arresting it have been ineffectual.

Often situations occurred which made it necessary that the forces at their disposal should be such as could be rapidly counted upon on such occasions.

"The responsibility resting upon the Admiralty comes home with brutal reality to those responsible, and unless Britain's naval strength were solidly, amply and unwaveringly maintained, the Government would not feel they were doing their duty to the country."—Winston Churchill.

for ships, and said there was no difficulty in obtaining oil. The difficulty was to get it at a good price. The Admiralty must look for sources which are independent of the existing combinations and to the development of the home production of oil. The principle upon which they were proceeding was that oil would be used as the sole fuel only for small craft, light cruisers and capital ships of exception speed. But for line of battle-ships coal would remain the motive power.

Approves of Air Craft.

Turning to air craft, Churchill affirmed the value of seaplanes for scout purposes, and said they would also be extremely useful for watching the coast while the heavy seaplanes which the Admiralty were now developing would carry heavy explosives.

Regarding airships, he said there were fifteen vessels now built or building of which ten were of the larger or medium size, with a speed of forty-five miles an hour.

He hoped to bring six of them to cruise over the House of Commons the coming summer.

He must, however, avow his belief in the future of the aeroplane, although the airship had a greater radius of action, greater carrying power and was more effective at night time.

Plenty Men Available.

In regard to the manning of ships, the First Lord declared that if war broke out to-morrow every ship could be sent to sea with its full complement. The increase of five thousand

OUTLINES A BIG PROGRAMME FOR THE GENERAL EXPANSION OF THE BRITISH NAVAL FORCES.

NEW WEAPONS OF WARFARE HAVE BEEN ADOPTED

Appeals to all the British Overseas Dominions to Back Up Mother Country With Contributions.

men provided for in the estimates was for the war fleet of 1915-16. There was no difficulty in obtaining men.

Dealing with the question of promotion from the lower deck and also with promotion generally, Churchill announced it was proposed to introduce a series of regulations for accelerating the retirement of senior officers. In future a lieutenant of eight years service would be termed a lieutenant-commander.

He also declared himself increasingly convinced of the power of the submarine.

Merchant Vessels Armed.

Already forty merchant vessels had been armed, and by the end of 1914-15 seventy would be armed, but only for defensive purposes against attack by other merchantmen.

Touching on the question of the seizure of private property at sea, Churchill said there was no reason to suppose that a single torpedo boat less would be built by foreign powers, if the policy of Great Britain were changed.

Churchill then came to the main question, namely, the building standard relating to the construction of capital ships. There had been various disputes as to what should be included in that standard. Two years ago he said he gave a whole series of future programmes and after a full survey of the position the Admiralty were satisfied that the provision for new ships was sufficient.

Independent Guardian.

He now asked the House to confirm in the third year the proposal which he submitted in the first year. He declared, with emphasis, that Great Britain should remain the independent guardian of her interests in the Mediterranean. The Government proposed to place in the Mediterranean during 1914 a battle squadron of eight ships, six of which would be Dreadnoughts or Lord Nelson's centered on Malta.

They would make the British fleet for Mediterranean consist of eight ships and four large armoured cruisers.

The First Lord avowed a preference for aeroplanes instead of airships, but admitted that the latter possessed a greater radius of action and carrying power, and were more effective at night.

It is the intention of the British (Continued on page 5.)

Two Drowned At The Wreck

Two Stevedores Are Thrown Into the Water and Lose Their Lives.—Ship Going to Pieces.

Halifax, Mar. 19.—Two stevedores, named Burns and Snow, of here, were drowned last evening by the upsetting of a dory, while engaged salvaging cargo from the wrecked City of Sydney.

Outside of deck fittings, practically nothing has been saved from the ship. She will likely go to pieces to-night, as a heavy storm with rain is raging.

Makes Sealing Prognostications

Thos. O'Neil, of Whitney Pier, an old Newfoundland sealer, was talking to the Sydney Record recently of this season's prospects. Northern seals, Mr. O'Neil says, will be found this year along the Labrador coast, but will be principally young. Gulf seals will mainly frequent Anticosti.

Wonder how near the truth his forecast will prove to be.

ANOTHER WOMAN IN THIS CASE

Shooting of the Parisian Editor Seems to Have Been Inspired by Motives of Jealousy

Paris, March 18.—Mme. Caillaux's act in killing Calmette, appears to have been dictated by other motives than her desire to shield her husband's political reputation.

Besides being one of the ablest financiers in Europe, Caillaux enjoys the reputation in Paris drawing rooms of irresistible gallantry.

A great beauty is said to have stood between Caillaux and Calmette and this is said to have accounted for the relentless attacks of The Figaro on the Finance Minister. Calmette's avowed purpose, it is said, was to stop at nothing in his campaign against his rival.

This is given as the secret of the most startling political tragedy in France since Charlotte Corday killed Marat.

The Monsignor also referred to the introduction of immoral dancing which he termed sinful and disgraceful. These dances have lately come amongst us and have been practiced in the public ball-rooms, but he was pleased to state not to any great extent. Like scandalism and bad literature such dances are a menace to the healthy body and soul, and must not be tolerated.

By referring to it at the present time he thought that he might prevent further sin in this respect. These imported dances are but the forerunner of a coming evil, and by thus bringing them under notice he hoped that those who are familiar with them would discontinue their practice, and also those who as yet have

(Continued on page 5)

Canada Claims Sum of \$6,000,000

Washington, March 16.—Numerous cases of importance, involving mooted questions of international law, are to be decided by the International Tribunal of Arbitration, which is now in session in Washington.

The commission, created by treaty to adjust all outstanding pecuniary claims between the United States and Great Britain, is expected to hear argument on twenty-six cases, ten American and sixteen British, involving damages aggregating nearly \$6,000,000.

(Continued on page 5)

PREACHER SCORES SOME IMMORAL TENDENCIES

Mons. Roche Preaches an Impressive Sermon at the R. C. Cathedral On Some Modern Evils.

IMMORAL TENDENCIES IN LITERATURE AND DANCES

Some Present Day Practices Tend to Destroy Our Young People, Body and Soul.

"Ho, ye who scandal; it would be better that a millstone were tied around your necks, and you were cast into the depths of the sea."

The above was the text upon which Rt. Rev. Mons. Roche preached a powerful, impressive and timely sermon from the pulpit at the R. C. Cathedral last night before a large congregation.

The Reverend preacher for fully half an hour held the closest attention of his hearers whilst he denounced the sins that are daily committed by scandalism. Those who commit them, stated the preacher, are but the servants of the devil. They are as a people of wolves in sheep's clothing, and through these sins alone innumerable souls are being cast into hell.

He implored those inclined to indulge in scandal or to speak ill of others to desist and divert their attention to other matters. They, in most cases, commit crimes that are irreparable, as in so doing they bring sin along to others with the result that it may mean for them and their victims eternal damnation.

Immoral Literature

The Reverend preacher also dealt with the practice of buying reading, or in any manner dealing in immoral literature, which is finding its way into many homes and ruining the body and soul of man, who was made into the image and likeness of God.

War is waged against such papers or periodicals in every civilized country, and even in our island home we are afflicted with the curse which has caused the downfall of many.

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(Continued on page 5)

Bringing Up Father.

By Geo. McManus





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Is the Best CEYLON TEA that can be bought, and is only procurable at two seasons in the year.

In 1lb. Tins From All Grocers.

## Our Daily Mail.

**NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.**—Owing to the amount of space given over to the reports of proceedings of the House of Assembly day by day as well as to the information on public matters secured during the session and published in our columns, we have got somewhat behind in the publication of the great mass of correspondence that has found its way to our office.

With the closing of the House of Assembly, however, we shall have more space to devote to this correspondence and shall publish all letters of general public interest that are sent to us.

Our columns are open to all our readers. Any man who has something to tell the public is quite welcome to their use. Write us, if you wish to, whether you are adept at writing to newspapers or not. We'll see that your letter when it gets in the paper is in good shape.

We are especially anxious to get notes of news from our many friends in the Outports. Let us know of the thousand and one little things happening in your neighborhood. Keep your own town and townspeople before the public. The Daily Mail is yours to use for this purpose. It costs you nothing save the little time taken to write your news, a bit of paper and a postage stamp.

We look to our Outport readers to help us keep up the reputation of the Daily Mail as being the brightest and most newsy paper in Newfoundland.

### AUNT SARAH'S DREAMS

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—We are having a very blustering winter this way, and that a-coupled with the extreme tardiness of the mail-boat, makes life on this rock-bound coast extremely monotonous indeed.

There was a time, Mr. Editor, when the mail-boats seemed to be possessed with the life and push of greyhounds, but now it seems to have dwindled down to that of the medusa—what "illiterate" fishermen vulgarly call "squid-equal".

The result is that important matter becomes stale and sadly out of season long before it reaches us.

After what seemed an age waiting, we received a very large mail a few days ago, from which we culled the most modern, and then started in to find out what had been going on outside and around us during the latter part of the last decade. First we scanned all the items of news from far and near, and then we started in to find out what has been going on in the House since the opening.

#### Josiah Interested

In the latter, Josiah, my dear life partner and most affectionate husband takes more than a lively interest. He often says to me, says he, "Sarah Ann, I feel I am a born politician, and I know that some day I shall be a member of the Assembly." "And if I should," he says, "I will be sure to anticipate the likes

of Phil Moore by having a Prince Albert coat nine inches longer than the usual style ready by the time the House opens."

I read out loud to Josiah until after the kitchen clock struck twelve, when I had a cup of tea, and Josiah had a tumbler of something a little stronger. I then went off to bed where Josiah quickly followed me after he had a short whiff of his pipe.

We were no sooner well covered up and had our feet fairly planted on the hot-water bag than Josiah ups and says to me, says he, "Sarah Ann," says he, "what have you to say to my offering myself as a candidate next general election or sooner?" says he.

I did not want to hurt Josiah's feelings, but I thought I would just throw a little cold water on his ardor. So I says, says I, "Josiah, I am afraid that you as a member would not be able to successfully hold up your share of the end of your party's plank," says I. "You know you are not practiced in speech making," says I.

"Why," says Josiah, "and would I have to make up speeches myself?" "Is there not one there to make up people's speeches for them?" he asks.

#### Closed Down

"It was said that in the last House there was a kind of speech factory run by a certain P. T.," says I, "but it appears the said factory is not working in the present House," says I. "and perhaps," says I, "that is the cause of the complaint that so many

dummies exists there at the present," says I.

"Well," says Josiah, says he to me, says he, "Sarah Ann," says he, "if the subject of preservation of partridge berries came on the carpet, I could keep the floor for more than a week, I could," says he.

"I doubt not but you could, Josiah," says I. "And I notice, dear Josiah," says I, "that the partridge berry subject has been the only purely popular subject to date. Even the chronic disagreeables softened their voices a bit and relaxed their soured countenances. It appears," says I, "that not even an insulting word or remark was heard to come from them while the House on both sides dealt with the important—subject. It was a pure case of 'birds in their little nests agree,'" says I.

When I had finished the last sentence I noticed that Josiah was snoring. I at once drew up my feet and spread my wings and quickly glided into slumber too.

And Mr. Editor, I dreamed a beautiful dream, or rather, a part of one. I dreamed that Josiah was Premier, and it was the day for opening the House. And oh! what a glorious day! I dreamt that we—Josiah and I—drove up to the House in a costly sleigh drawn by two horses (one of them that commands great big hire) and there were the policemen mounted and unmounted, standing in line so nice, and saluting us. Oh! I was so proud of Josiah then in his new long Prince Albert coat, and I said to myself that Phil Moore could not poke fun at Josiah's dress, for one, as by all accounts his own had become quite shabby.

#### What He'd Do.

I thought that as we were walking up the stone steps of the House, somebody called to me from behind, and I turned round quickly to see who was calling me and awoke to find Josiah calling me and asking me what I would wish him to do if he was the Premier.

"Well, Josiah," says I, "if you were Premier I should expect you to serve the people faithfully who placed you in the position. 'I should expect you,'" says I, "to be straightforwardly manly," says I, "saying what you mean," says I, "and meaning what you say," says I. "You should never stoop to coddle or bluff people," says I. "I should expect you," says I, "to fill the vacant ministerial offices at once," says I, "and thereby show that you have a little strength of character," says I.

"I should also expect you to have the election petitions tried as soon as possible," says I, "and thereby have justice done to all concerned," says I, "even if it meant the loss of the

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Government to you," says I. "It would be far better to win the respect of your country with the loss of the Government," says I, "than to gain its disgust with the possession of the Government," says I. "And I should expect you to practice a little discipline among the members 'And finally, and lastly,'" says I, "of your party," says I, "and not allow any of them to act unseemly on the floors of the House, says I.

#### Clear Them Out.

"And finally, and lastly," says I, almost asleep, "I should expect you rid your country of the hundreds of parasites that to-day drain the life-blood from her almost broken back. 'I should expect you,'" says I, "to have all government offices filled with honest and capable men," says I, "and have no man under government pay," says I, "who could not give value to the public for his salary," says I. "And further," says I, "I should expect you to keep absolutely aloof from rich corporations and government contractors, and have nothing on earth to do with them in any personal business way," says I.

"If you were Premier and followed this advice, Josiah," says I, "and without that," says I, "even the Premier's position is but a farce," says I. "There is a lot in this world besides gold," says I, "but," says I, "many people get gold and plenty by very unquestionable means, and then starve for the true respect which

### BAY WINDOW MAGISTRATE

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—The publishing of the public accounts so far as they relate to the enlargement of the Magistrate's office; his grab at the election; his outrageous charges while paying visits to Herring Neck, has come like a cyclone to the unsuspecting public, who looked upon the occupant of the office of magistrate as one who could not stoop to such means to secure a fat pocket book. But of course, others who are better acquainted with the occupant are not at all surprised to find him making his grab.

#### Surprising Revelations

I am doubtful, sir, if the annals of our expenditure will reveal a more bare-faced transaction than what has been revealed by the published accounts of the present Government. If the Government was not previously aware of Scott's actions, now, that it is publicly known that the Sixty-three dollars expended on Scott's office was to add another bay-window to his house; an investigation should be held.

If ever there was a graball, I think he will be found in the person who occupies the position of Magistrate at Twillingate.

#### Easy Money

Just imagine the Government paying him Five dollars per day for every trip he fancies he should take to outlying places! Undoubtedly there are no restriction as to how many visits he makes, and yet while in the estimates you find the magistrate's salary \$750, he is paid \$1,000. Why, Mr. Editor, for \$500 you could secure plenty of men just as capable and who, I am sure, would uphold the honor and dignity of their position.

The public sir, are indignant over the present exposures of wanton waste of public monies.

In conclusion may I ask the Minister of Finance if it takes three gallons of paint to paint a bay-window, how many gallons would it require to paint a dwelling? Undoubtedly W. J. Scott will help to solve the problem. He will undoubtedly go down to posterity as the Bay-window Magistrate.

—UNION.

Twillingate.

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money and possessions fall utterly to bring to them," says I.

—AUNT SARAH.

West Coast, Feb. 26, 1914.



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### THAT PEYTON DISMISSAL

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—That letter in a recent issue of The Daily Mail, signed "Poor Man's Friend," N. D. Bay, Feb. 10th, 1914, aroused my attention. I read Mr. Clapp's speech in the House of Assembly, where he pointed out that Harry Weir was appointed mail carrier on the 18th of October, 1913, but he voted for the defeated candidate and John Peyton's substitute. I missed Mr. Clapp's speech that this "Poor Man's Friend" referred to and I understood that John Peyton had the mail again this winter.

Now one might wonder why Harry Weir did not have the mail the last four years I will tell you, as I am a native of that place, and lived next door to Harry Weir for eighteen years. When John Peyton took the mail in 1898 Harry Weir would not carry it. He would not have taken it this winter only since the Morris Government have been in power they have changed a lot in St. Barbe District. They have changed the route of the mail carriers in that district. I guess it was like I heard in the House one night re Trinity District, a bait for the return of Mr. Mott, but as you can see the people of St. Barbe District don't take such bait.

When John Peyton took the mail he went to North West Point in Hare Bay. On his first trip he was gone five weeks waiting for the mail. We did not know what had happened him. There was no way of finding out. He had to go about thirty-six miles, by way of the White Hills, and he took his life in his hands.

#### Conditions Changed

He got, I think, about \$60 for the winter. Now things are changed and the mail carrier only has to go about sixteen or eighteen miles; he gets \$10 a trip, and can stay home and find out where the mails are and know just when to leave. The Government takes the work from the man who carried the mail when things were far behind, and now gives it to another.

I venture to say when John Peyton took the mail there was no other man in the place to carry it. I say the Postmaster General was not troubled with applications for the mail in that part of the district before the route was changed. I don't think it was an honorable act on the part of the Government to give the mail to Harry

Weir, a man with no person to support but himself and wife. His daughter has the Government telegraph office in that place also. I suppose he got it just because he is a supporter of the present Government.

#### Summer Mail Route

I want to say a few words on the summer route in that part of St. Barbe. On arrival of the coastal boat Prospero John Peyton would take the mail and go from Griguet to Cape Norman in a little open boat (nine foot keel) by himself from Griguet to Quipon, about seven miles along a rough shore with no liveyers. Then all the way up the Straits to Cape Onion, calling at several places; then from Cape Onion on to Ha Ha Bay, a distance of seven or eight miles—a very rough shore with only one or two little coves where a person can land when it is calm; from Ha Ha Bay to Cape Norman, across Pistolet Bay, a distance of seven miles with nothing before him but the open Straits on one side, no land on the other within thirty miles, so that if he did not reach his destination he had to drive off.

Now when the summer service is done by a steamer they take it from him and give it to Harry Weir. Why? Because when the Government telegraph office opened there he sent a message congratulating Mr. Mott for same, and you know the good Government never forget that even if the candidate did get defeated again.

But John Peyton would have had the mail again this winter if it had had to go around Pistolet Bay, because I don't believe Harry Weir would have asked for it.

#### Hard Experience

I remember once I was going around Pistolet Bay in the fall about the middle of November with John Peyton. Now that Bay takes three days to travel where there are no liveyers and I judge there are twenty-five or thirty rivers, not one of them bridged. I saw that man crossing them to his waist in water with the mail on his back, then take it off and come back for me.

I was a hardy boy at that time, about sixteen years old. I remember that day; we travelled all day, up to 4 p.m., and we were then about two miles from the Government camp when we came to the last river. That day it was too high and we could not

(Continued on page 3).

A WORD TO THE WISE!

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In all size tins, from 2 gallons to 1 lb.  
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All colors in stock.

**Paints Ground in Oil**  
All colors in stock. 28, 14 and 7 lb. Tins.

**Burrell's Genuine Linseed Oil**  
In Casks and all size Drums.

PHONE 647 FOR PRICES.

**Steer Brothers.**

**A WORD OF PRAISE**

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—Mr. Coaker proved to be just as apt as a debater in the Assembly as he is as an organizer and business manager outside. None of the bluster, wrangling and mud-throwing predicted by some of the Government paragon concerning him and his few "ignorant" outport "illiterates" manifested itself, but all the examples of impropriety came from the noisy unrepresentative, unintelligent and ungentlemanly members on the Government side of the House.

**Word of Warning**

We would warn these "vociferators" to be careful in the matter of what they say respecting the Fishermen's Union, its members, or its sympathizers, as every insulting or disparaging utterance having reference thereto will be strongly resented by Unionists. Already there are a few unmistakable sounds in the air. Even the whistling of the winter winds and the noise of the maddened sea seem to shapen themselves into the words, "ignorant" and "illiterate."

The fishermen of this coast will be as ready to resent these epithets as those of the North, as soon as a favorable opportunity offers.

**Different Now**

It has always been a general complaint that the Government was wasting lots of money in having the debates published, the reason given being that nobody read them. But we venture to assert that, if an extensive reading of them will justify the Government's expenditure in that direction, this year such a complaint would be absolutely out of place.

The debates of the present session will be read and coured by at least twenty thousand more readers than during any other session since the advent of responsible government in this country. And this is due to Mr. Coaker. Well done, Coaker! Your enemies will not admit that you raised the price of fish. Will they admit of the truth of the above assertion, which is a far greater innovation?

**Provokes Amusement**

But what provokes the most amusement (politically) just now, is the Hon. John Anderson's reasons given for his becoming a Morris man. No doubt we Newfoundlanders are a little green and over credulous, but if we were so to such an extent as to accept his puerile and nonsensical "reasons" as good and sound, we should be well worthy of the epithet "too green to burn." We believe that Mr. A., like many others in St. John's, is afraid of Coaker's growing power, and that is the true reason why he supported the party that was moving heaven and earth to crush Coaker.

Those who supported Sir Robert Bond on this coast, regret exceedingly his action in withdrawing himself from the political arena and leaving his faithful few followers there to fight the complicated battles that he himself had provoked.

They think his action traitorous inasmuch as it strengthened the Government both directly and indirectly—and what to many seems worst of all are the hypocritical eulogies of Bond indulged in by the members of the Government. It is gall and worm wood to them. What must it be to Bond?

—MASTER MARINER.  
West Coast, March 10, 1914.

**IF I WERE PREMIER**

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—If I were Premier, with so hard an Opposition against me, with such a good smart leader as Mr. Coaker, I would prepare to resign my seat; or, I would throw out a few thousand dollars to the Government members (grabs), including Crosbie, especially if he had another spar or two to sell.

Then instead of taking any salary myself I would take seven or eight thousand dollars (\$7,000 or \$8,000) out of the chest, and go off for a pleasure trip to London or Scotland, or Holland, or perhaps I would go to the Hague for six or seven months. Then when I came back, if Johnnie Crosbie, Cashin and the other big grabbals did not have all the money taken out of the chest, I would get a few motor engines made with the following names: "Forget-me-not" (with Donald's photo on it), "Ignorance" with Cashin's photo on it, and "Whisky Bottle" (with Woodford's photo on it), and if there was anything left I would raise the Governor's salary four or five thousand more, and then I would leave the country, because I would be too ashamed to stay in it.

—SUGGESTION.  
Boyd's Cove, N. D. Bay.

**A CORRECTION**

(Editor The Daily Mail)  
Dear Sir,—Please allow me space to deny a statement which appeared in your paper on Jan. 30th or 31st, saying that I, Fred Horwood, was

given One hundred and thirty dollars (\$130) for making a road to my house.

I may say, however, that I sent for \$50, but only got \$30, instead of One hundred and thirty, as stated in your paper.

—FREDERICK HORWOOD.  
Exploits, 1914.

**KEELS CONGRATULATES**

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—Keels' Local Council wishes to tender congratulations to Mr. Coaker and his colleagues for their noble stand in the House of Assembly, in showing up the waste of public money.

The people of this place elected their Road Board last spring, which Board received Ninety-four dollars for local use.

The money was spent and returns sent in; but thanks to The Daily Mail and Advocate we find that One hundred and eighty dollars are now in the hands of private commissioners at this place that three-fourths of the people knew nothing about.

**Law and Deed**

I thought, Mr. Editor, that there was a law on the Statute Book that all moneys received in any one year should be spent and returns sent in by the end of said year. This money was surely sent as election bait, but it failed to catch the electorate and injured those who sent it.

The Morris Government took duties off last year to the extent of \$380,000.

**IF YOU WANT**

Returns for your money, place your WANTS in the DAILY MAIL.

**You Can Make Big Money Selling Our Fountain Pens**

Standard make, self fillers, 25c. Standard make, plain, dropper fillers, 40c. Standard make, fancy carved, dropper fillers, 45c. Standard make, German Silver Cap, unbreakable, 49c. Standard make, Pearl mounted, dropper fillers, 70c.

Our White Stone Rings, made to resemble the real Diamond, are beautiful. (A handsome Tie Pin free with every ring). Ladies', 1, 2 and 3 stones, 50c. each. Gents', 1 stone, 50c. each.

Knife Sharpeners, 15c.; Potato Peelers, 15c.; 5 yards Stickem, 5c.; Glass Pens, in case, 5c.; Combination Field, Opera and Reading Glasses, 50c. each; the world renowned Hone (Asco Brand) (free razor with hone), price \$1.00, and other Novelties too numerous to mention.

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Wholesale and Retail.  
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The no-warping, no-swelling, no-cracking Wall Board.

Get Better Walls and Ceilings in less Time, and cheaper than plastering.

Bishopric is the only Wall Board with Lath reinforcing, it is the Lath that keeps Wall Board stiff, Klin dried Laths are imbedded in toughened Asphalt Mastic and pressed with a surface of heavy sized fibre board, is water proof, moisture proof, sound proof and fire resisting; will not crack, shrink, warp or pull loose; comes in sheets 4 ft. x 4 ft. ready to apply.

A carload received, before the extra duty was put on.

Send for Samples and Pricess.  
**W. & G. Rendell.**  
mar14.61.t

**The Right Place To Buy—**

**Provisions, Groceries, Oats, Feeds, Wines and Liquors**  
—is at—

**P. J. Shea's,**  
Corner George and Prince's Sts.  
or at 314 Water Street.

Outport Orders promptly attended to.  
Twillingate, 1914.

and this year they are taxing us extra to the extent of \$770,000, and are going to raise a loan of Two million dollars at the rate of four and a half per cent, and if raised on Government bonds valued perhaps at 90, that would mean thousands of dollars out of the taxpayer.

Where are we drifting? The money given to private individuals tends to the bankruptcy of this country. Four thousand dollars added to the Governor's salary, and take Eight hundred thousand taken from the taxpayer. How can a poor laboring man live. We can't live—but as the great Napoleon said—we merely exist.

George Hann got \$8,000, Dan. Green \$7,000, L. Carew \$4,000, L. Moss \$3,000, J. Winsor \$1,000 and so on and so forth.

**Up and At 'Em**

Well done Windsor, hit them hard; show determination. Abbott, spare them not. Show them that we are not "illiterate," "ignorant" or "cul-lage," but are determined to fight to a finish.

We understand the two defeated candidate, Blandford and Squires, have been placed in the two important offices of Department of Justice and Department of Agriculture and Mines, notwithstanding their defeat in Bon-avista and Trinity. This has been done in defiance of the people. Morris will have to take the consequences. The burden already upon us is intolerable. This provokes an outraged people to the limit, and Heaven only knows what may be the result.

—H. HOBBS.

Keels, 1914.

**TWILLINGATE EN FETE.**

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—It is a long time since I have seen anything in your paper from Twillingate, but I can tell you readers that we are still going ahead by leaps and bounds.

We had our annual parade on the 11th day of February. It was a grand day, the best for the month. It seemed as if the smile of nature was upon us.

Ten members joined on the morning of our parade. This makes about forty who have joined since New Year's Day.

**The Parade!**

We left the Orange Hall, headed by two drums, kindly lent us by the Army Brigade. We marched down to the Union Store and after giving three cheers for the Union Trading Company and President Coaker, we marched across the Harbor to the South Side where an arch was erected near the Chairman's house, with mottoes of the King and President Coaker. We then wended our way to the Salvation Army Barracks where we were given a hearty welcome and listened to an eloquent sermon preached by Ensign Earl who took for his text, "Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit you like men, be strong." Referring to the great men of old who stood up for right, he pointed out how they conquered the sins that surrounded them. He then took us right down to the present time when President Coaker formed the Fishermen's Protective Union and asserted that if it was right and every member standing firm, it would be sure to conquer.

After leaving the Barracks we marched across the bridge to the hall where the kind ladies had everything provided for the inner man.

About 350 sat down with smiling faces to steaming cups.

**For a New Hall**

Again drawing your attention to our work here. We are still collecting a few dollars towards a Union Hall and as St. Peter's School is for sale, we have put in a tender for it.

What a waste of public money you have revealed to us through The Advocate and The Mail about Magistrate Scott's bay window and the other big grabs that he got for visiting around to Herring Neck and other places.

Now, sir, why should a Government servant that is paid big wages get so much for extra jobs? Take for instance the elections. W. J. Scott, One Hundred and Fifty Dollars for Returning Officer; Seven Hundred and Nine Dollars and Seventy-Eight Cents for going about to those places above mentioned. No wonder we have to pay Forty Cents for a pound of brads.

**Word of Encouragement**  
Go ahead Mr. President, shake them up in the Government House. Reveal all you can to us through our papers. I see some of the Government members called us "illiterate" and "cul-lage," but I expect he finds our Union members No. 1 Large Merchantable instead of cullage.

Go for them Mr. Jennings, you are a trump. I know Mr. President you have another good fighter in Mr. Stone. I had the pleasure of meeting him once in Twillingate. You can tell a good man at first sight. As for your other supporters in the House I never saw them, but judging from what I hear they are trumps.  
—SOLID UNION.  
Twillingate, 1914.

**CASINO THEATRE!**

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY.

PAULINE CUSHMAN, THE FEDERAL SPY—A Selig drama with many exciting situations.  
IN 2—REELS—2.

TWO BOYS—Comedy-Drama, interesting and amusing.  
THE PANAMA CANAL (Instructive)—Showing the various methods of work in connection with America's greatest undertaking.  
And 2 Other Feature Reels.

COMING—FROM THE MANGER TO THE CROSS—A great feature in 5 Reels.

**FREE GIFT PRIZE!**

**SEALING VOYAGE, 1914.**

A Free Gift Prize of \$5.00 Cash will be given to the person who foretells the date of arrival of first steamer from the icefields this spring with number of seals such steamer brings into port. In the event of no person stating exact number of seals the prize will go to person stating nearest number. Condition of the gift, is as follows:—

The Coupon attached must be sent or mailed to our store and 10 cents enclosed for purchase of an article to this value. City and Outports are alike entitled to enter for this Free Gift Prize and competition will close on 25th of this month. Every Coupon reaching us by this date will be accepted and competition will apply only to steamers reaching destination after midnight of 25th, in the event of a steamer arriving previously with or without seals before this date.

Here is the Coupon, cut it out, send 10c. and receive an article to this value.

**FREE GIFT-\$5.00 COUPON**

I predict that the first arrival from the 1914 Seal Fishery after 25th March will be the S. S. \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ Seals.

**J. M. Devine**  
**The Right House**

Water Street - - St. John's, N.F.

**FOR SALE!**

**Fishing Boat "Helen E. Connors,"**  
**27 Tons,**

with Cod Trap and other fishing gear, as she now lies at Placentia. Will be sold cheap. Apply to  
**THOS. CONNORS, Placentia, or**  
**BAINE JOHNSTON & Co.**

THE DAILY MAIL—The Best Advertising Result Getter.

**"I've Got Wise--Know Enough Now to Wear Gloves."**

"Used to have my hands all crippled up—  
"Everlastingly peelin' my knuckles—always scratching my hands on the edge of metal plates—  
"But now I wear gloves; and say, it's far better than nursing hurt hands. These are

**"Asbestol" Gloves.**

"I've worn 'em every day for Lord knows how long—Don't look like they'd ever wear out, do they? Not a sign of a rip any place.

"I'm just as nimble-fingered as can be, and they fit well too.

"Wash like cloth—dry soft as new  
"Never get hard or stiff, sweat, oil, grease, or water don't injure them.

"You certainly get splendid value every time in these "Asbestol" gloves. Look for that "Asbestol" trademark—it's the only way you can be sure of the genuine. The prices are low. See them today.



**Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's**

**OUR DAILY MAIL**

**THAT PEYTON DISMISSAL**

(Continued from page 2)

I saw that man walk off in the water until he nearly floated, then we stayed on the river bank all night and next day we walked down to the other side of the Bay to Ha Ha Bay where we got a boat. The slob ice was driving out the Bay when we crossed to Cape Norman, where we had to stay a whole week before we got a chance to get back.

**Faithful Servant Dismissed**

Now things are changed and the Government takes this work from the man who endured all this and gives it to this other man.

I don't claim that Mr. Peyton of Griquet was dismissed on account of the way he voted, because when I was home he would never vote and I don't think many people knew what party he was supporting.

I understand he has a little money with the Union Trading Company, perhaps that is the reason for his dismissal. I hope that when Mr. Clapp goes back to St. Barbe District again he will get full power to rule. Perhaps there won't be many interested enough to read this letter because it is written by a person who belongs up North.

I was in a Government office last fall when the counts were coming in from Bonavista and a man came in there, looked on the count and said he was ashamed he came from the North; but I learned afterwards he had a Government farm and perhaps he was expecting to get a bull this year.

—ONE FROM THE NORTH.  
Mar. 30, '14.

**ADMIRE THE DAILY MAIL.**

(Editor The Daily Mail)

Dear Sir,—As a constant reader of The Daily Mail since its inception, I cannot but admire the firm attitude you have taken in relation to all public matters; especially is this so in reference to the recent General Hospital exposures, and the defalcations of food supplies from that Institution by the Resident Physician, Dr. Keegan.

I am sure to begin with that the public in general, owes a deep debt of gratitude to President Coaker, of the

F.P.U. through whom we are in a position to know the facts as outlined in the enquiry.

The knowledge that has come to light through The Mail, shows clearly that Dr. Keegan should have known he was committing an injustice when he transferred to his private use certain supplies which were solely intended for the use of the Hospital only.

**Feared the Disclosures**

What seems to me a further injustice is the fact that the investigation was not brought to the House in writing until practically the eve of the closing of present session, which prevented the desired discussion by the Opposition of the serious charges as disclosed in the report. Such delay can only be attributed to one motive, viz., that the Government knew the charges were only too true, and that they feared public opinion on the issues involved.

What steps have been taken to prevent a repetition of such conduct?

Is a change contemplated, or have the Government decided to increase the Resident Physician's salary in lieu of the fact that the allowances in question have now been discontinued?

**May Copy the Example**

Something should be done one way or the other or it will be found that other civil officials will contend that they have as much right as Dr. Keegan to look for extra emoluments either by fair or foul means.

Surely his salary is more than commensurate with his position, for you will find other Doctors, (and Newfoundlanders at that) would be only too pleased to take over the work of the Institution for the same salary, and appointments, together with upkeep of horse, stable, etc., as at present allotted to the Resident Physician.

I hope you will find a prominent place in the columns of your interesting journal for this communication which might be the means of drawing out further discussion on our public institutions, especially the general hospital.

Thanking you in advance,  
—PRO BONO PUBLICO.

**DR. LEHR,**  
DENTIST, 203  
WATER ST.  
BEST QUALITY TEETH AT  
\$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED—PAINLESSLY—25c.

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**NEW 18 H.P. ENGINE**

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ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., MARCH 19, 1914

## OUR POINT OF VIEW.

### HOUSE OF REFUGE.

This Country possesses a House of Refuge.

Not a public house of refuge but a house of refuge for public men who fall by the way in the political race.

It is commonly known as the Legislative Council.

Politicians who are chased from public life by the people find it a hiding-place from the storm of popular disapproval.

M. P. Gibbs found it a useful back door to the public life of this Colony. In his case the various electoral districts he contested slammed the front door in his face.

John Alexander Robinson, for the same reason, was also forced to avail himself of the same convenient, even if undignified, mode of entrance.

Into this port of political delinquents also drifted P. T. McGrath for whom there was never any prospect of a haven in an electoral district for there was no body of electors "so poor as to do him reverence."

And now the roll of political orphans in the Legislative Council is increased by the appointment thereto of Sydney D. Blandford and Richard Anderson Squires.

By utilising it in this way the Legislative Council is being perverted from its original purpose.

It was intended as a sort of brake on the legislative machinery of the Country. It was created for the purpose of winnowing out the chaff from the wheat of legislation passed by the House of Assembly.

The Country looks to it to take a dispassionate, non-partisan view of public measures submitted to its consideration by the Assembly.

This, we believe, is the spirit in which the Old Wing of the Upper House are prepared to act. It is but reasonable, though, to expect that the New Wing of Councillors, appointed for reasons of party expediency, will be but little less partisan in the Legislative Council than they would be in the House of Assembly.

In this way the Legislative Council bids fair to be perverted from its original purpose.

But this is by no means the most serious aspect of the question.

A body created to serve the public has been transformed into a means of flouting the public.

No matter how emphatical the expression of popular disapproval of a public man may be there is no longer the certainty that an adverse verdict at the polls will drive him from public life.

Instead of being forced to hide his head in dismay at the disapproval of the electorate, he may at the will and pleasure of a political party be exalted to a place of the highest dignity.

Such a line of conduct is, of course, inevitably bound to lower the dignity of the Legislative Council and to bring it into absolute contempt amongst our people.

More than this, they are bound to conceive a deep and lasting resentment against an institution that is utilised time and again as a means of flouting their judgment and setting their expressed will at naught by parading before them the very men they refused to accept as their representatives.

To what avail the voice of the people declaring "We will not have these men make our laws," if on the other hand a band of politicians declares, "It is necessary and expedient to us that these men remain in public life and, therefore, we will place them where they will have as much to say in the enactment of legislation as if you had elected them to the fustian of Assembly?"

Evidently we are far—very far—removed from those specious days

"when none was for the party and all were for the state."

We have a Government to-day that specialises in partisan administration. Everything is so ordered that the party may not suffer.

If the will of the people-run counter to party interests then the will of the people must be defied.

If the people show a practical desire to oust a politician from public life, and this expressed desire does not accord with party expediency, then it must be ignored.

If popular opinion dictate a course of action that would jeopardise party safety, then popular opinion must be disregarded.

This is the essence of partisan government. It is the principle of autocracy that excludes the people from the direction of public affairs.

It is the species of politics that uses the people to boost a party into power and then does not hesitate to act as if the people were absolutely non-existent.

To argue that the people of this Country will tolerate such an unbearable condition of things is to presume the non-existence of a public conscience.

We repudiate such an insulting contention and we look for a general expression of popular indignation at the action of the Morris Government in placing R. A. Squires and Sydney D. Blandford in the Legislative Council and at the same time making them Ministers of the Crown.

And the Government will surely learn to their sorrow, that no party ever offended the public conscience, but first or last, it was revenged upon them for it.

### ROMANCE AND REALITY.

The pronouncement of the self-interested political camp-followers of the present Government would persuade us to believe that the three great lights of this Country are, first the sun; second the moon and third, Sir Edward Morris.

And the speeches and writings of the Premier himself aim at creating the same impression.

And we are entirely of the opinion that, if you discount them one hundred per cent, the claims made on behalf of the present Government are perfectly correct.

"The present Government," says Sir Edward Morris, "has done more for the people than any Government which preceded it."

Sir Edward was always particularly good at telling old wives' tales.

This is one of his masterpieces of fiction.

During the period of six years that the Morris Government have held office they have done absolutely nothing to stimulate or foster the industrial life of this Colony. There is not a single new industry that they can point to as of their creation; not one established industry that they can claim to have encouraged to increase its output and so to add to its staff of wage earners.

They have spent close on a Quarter of a Million Dollars on an Agricultural Policy that has not stimulated agriculture in any way. In fact they cannot point to a single acre of land cleared and put under cultivation because of the institution of the Morris Agricultural Policy.

There has been no development of our forest wealth. Exploitation of this great natural resource there has been, but it has tended to the advantage of Party favorites and not to the advantage of the people.

No movement whatever has been instituted to create new avenues of employment by the development of our mineral resources.

And the fishing industry, the great industrial stand-by of the Country has not been helped or encouraged in any way.

Not a single new market has been opened up.

Not a single improvement has been made in conditions in our old markets.

Nothing has been done to encourage the adoption of modern methods in the catching and curing of our codfish or our herring.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries is as useless to the fishermen as it has always been.

The Bait supply problem has been absolutely untouched.

To quote Sir Edward himself, there has been a state of "stagnation and depression" ever since the Morris Government assumed the reins of power.

More than this, Sir Edward's own supporters have actually stood in the way of the accomplishment of necessary reforms in our industrial conditions.

Thus we have P. T. McGrath, nominated to the Legislative Council for reasons of party expediency disparaging the Coaker Sealing Bill, the most beneficial measure introduced into our local legislature for many years.

And we have the same Morris mouth piece defending the action of our Upper House in administering its quietus to the Coaker Logging Bill which aimed at the reform of conditions at the

loggers' camps and in the lumber-woods.

So that the specious claim advanced by Sir Edward Morris is empty and hollow, absolutely lacking the substance of truth.

It, indeed, amounts to nothing more than that species of unmerited self-praise that

"Seeks to enhance his value in the eyes Of those with whom he mingles."

## BRITAIN WATCHES OVER INTERESTS OF HER SUBJECTS

No Matter Where They Are in Wide World—That is Why Old Land Is Stirred By

THE BENTON MURDER INCIDENT  
Notable Instances of the Nations Which Have Been Punished For Harming British Subjects.

The killing of Mr. W. S. Benton, a British subject at Juarez, by the Mexican Constitutionalists, and the cabled despatches that great indignation thereat is being felt in the Old Country, remind one that, time and again, within comparatively recent years, the

people of Great Britain have evinced a very resolute determination that the rights of British citizenship shall be respected throughout the world. The whole question of what are the rights of a subject resident in another, is one as to which authorities differ. But, at least, it is plain that the Governments of civilized nations extend the mantle of their protection, to a very large degree, over their subjects in foreign countries, and, in fact, in extreme cases, they are wont to demur to the denial, or to the application, of the laws of such countries, when denied, or applied, in a manner which subjects of such countries might have to endure without protest.

Nor is this only so in the case of manifest harshness. But the doctrine holds good even in respect of laws which are not, in themselves, unreasonable. For instance, no Government will allow one of its subjects resident in a foreign country to be compelled to serve in the army or navy of that country, even though conscription be in force there. Were we living in the days when Lord Palmerston was at the British Foreign Office, it is not improbable that he would have found occasion, without too careful an enquiry into the merits, for a repetition, of the Benton case, of his famous "Civics Romanus Sum" speech.

Don Pacifico.

That speech was made not in connection with any killing of a British subject, but with regard to the attacking and plundering, in the year 1847, of an Athenian mob, in the living of Don Pacifico, a Portuguese Jew, living in Athens, but, nevertheless, a British subject. The attack was lawless, and Don Pacifico received no aid from the Greek authorities. He estimated his losses at something around a hundred and sixty thousand dollars. And, as it happened, Great Britain had several other complaints against Greece, while Lord Palmerston also suspected both France and Russia of intriguing against Great Britain in that country. Outrages on Ionian subjects of Great Britain, an arrest (by mistake) of a British midshipman, and other matters, all swelled up the total of the British claims. These were all lumped together, converted into a national claim, and the demand made that Greece must pay up or take the consequences. Greece was dilatory, and the British fleet proceeded to the Pireaus and seized all Greek vessels. The Greek Government appealed to France and Russia.

The subject came up in the British House of Commons, and gave Lord Palmerston the opportunity of making the speech of his life. He spoke from the dusk of one day to the dawn of another, concluding by a powerful appeal to the House to say that just as the Roman was free from indignity when he could say "Civis Romanus Sum," ("I am a Roman citizen"), so also a British subject should feel confident that the watchful eye and the strong arm of his country would protect him against injustice. The whole affair was really of a trumpery description, but Palmerston's speech saved the Ministry at a critical moment. As regards Don Pacifico, his claim was ultimately settled by arbitration, and he was found to be entitled to about a thirtieth of it. But he nearly brought on a European war.

Summary Vengeance.

It is impossible to read the history of the reconquest of India by the British after the Indian Mutiny without, as it has been well said, coming to the conclusion that in the minds of many of them a temporary prostration of the moral sense took place, "under the influence of which they came to regard

the enemy's guilt as the standard for their right of retaliation."

Against this doctrine Disraeli vehemently protested, calling on his fellow-countrymen not to make the fiend, Nana Sahib, a model for their imitation. One act of summary vengeance, committed by a British officer, stands out particularly.

A young officer named Hodson of "Hodson's Horse" discovered that the King of Delhi and his family had taken refuge in a tomb—its size of a village—with a vast crowd of armed adherents. With but a few troopers, Hodson daring called on them to surrender—and surrender they did. Hodson tried, condemned, and killed three princes on the spot. Borrowing a carbine from one of his troopers, he shot them dead one after the other, with his own hand, and exposed their corpses on the gates of Delhi. In Great Britain his act was generally applauded, though it aroused not a little criticism.

Nana Sahib's lieutenant, Tanita Topee, when captured, was tried for his share in the Cawnpore massacre and hanged, while the King of Delhi was transported.

Against Abyssinia

In 1868, a successful punitive expedition into Abyssinia was conducted by Great Britain. A number of British subjects, both men and women, had been seized and held in dures by Theodore, the king of that country. Among these was Captain Cameron, the British Consul at Massowah, with his secretary and servants. They were made prisoners while actually engaged in official business of the British Government, and the expedition was formally charged to recover them, as well as other captives held by Theodore, including a number of missionaries. It was said that this monarch, who claimed descent from the Queen of Sheba, had been desirous of marrying Queen Victoria. At any rate, he fancied himself slighted by Great Britain.

The expedition against Theodore was completely successful. His rock fortress of Magdala was completely destroyed, nothing being left of it but blackened rock. Five hundred Abyssinians were killed, and fifteen hundred wounded in the engagement in front of Magdala, while not one of the British force was killed, and only nineteen wounded.

The Ashantee War

In 1870 a punitive expedition was despatched to the Red River region to put down the Riel rebellion. Riel, however, eluded it, but it was successful in establishing the authority of the Canadian Government in that part of the world. Lord Wolseley (then Colonel Wolseley), was in command of this expedition, and he also commanded another expedition on a much larger scale, which was despatched to Ashantee two years later. The Ashantee king had been harassing British settlers, and Mr. Gladstone's Government determined to inflict a blow on him. Accordingly, Lord Wolseley's expedition was despatched. The British defeated the Ashantees everywhere they could get at them, and ultimately forced their way to Comassie, the Ashantee capital, where they compelled the king to come to terms, one of the conditions being the prohibition of human sacrifices.

IMPORTANT MEETING

An important meeting of the Grenfell Association will be held in Boston on Saturday, 28th, and Monday, 30th.

A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

I look for the new teacher that shall follow so far the shining laws, that shall see them come full circle; shall see their rounding complete grace; shall see the world to be the mirror of the soul; shall see the identity of the law of gravitation with purity of heart; and shall show that the Ought, that duty, is one thing with science, with beauty and with joy.—Emerson.

POEMS OLD AND NEW.

WHO GUIDES THY FLIGHT?

Bird on the wing, who guides thy flight? Who trims thy course aright Across morass and sea? Who taught thee thy felicity Of flight, maternity and song, Thy love unquenchable and strong, Thy wealth of service to the human cause?

Who taught thee circling midst the clouds, to pause, And, like an arrow, twanged from bended bow, Winged to thine eyrie down below? Bird on the wing, who taught thee how thy nest to twine, To choose just colors that combine, To please thine artist eye?

Who taught thee, Bird, thy love-call and thy cry? Who mapped for thee the cloud-realm of the sky?

—George Klinge.

## Important Notice!

The Fraser Machine & Motor Co. for the purpose of reorganizing and enlarging their plant, lately went into voluntary liquidation; the organization is now complete, much more capital has been subscribed to meet the growing demands of the business, and this year double as many FRASER engines will be built as last year. There is no other engine so popular in Newfoundland or Canada as the FRASER, and with the New Company we can promise better service and deliveries than in the past, when many had to wait for their engines, as we could not get them from the factory fast enough. All orders now booked we can ship at a moment's notice. FRANKLIN'S AGENCIES, LTD., St. John's, Newfoundland, Agents.—Feb 28

## FINE FAT HERRINGS

NO. 1 TINNED SALMON SELLING CHEAP.

Smith Co. Ltd. Smith's Wharf, Water Street West.

ADVERTISE JUDICIOUSLY IN THE DAILY MAIL.

## FORGING AHEAD.

The most vital phase of your business is its present relative position to its past records. Your self-interest demands that the days that are coming should be the best. The vitality of your business lies in your records and their careful preservation. Plans for scientific construction of office equipment are keeping pace with the times but in this race the "Globe-Wernicke Co." notwithstanding the many rival competitors for public favor, is easily in the lead and, like yourself, is always forging ahead. The Globe-Wernicke "safe-guard" system of taking care of valuable papers is the last word in simplicity and effective and economical equipment. Mr. Percie Jamison will be glad to illustrate this system and also send you the latest Globe-Wernicke catalogues.

## NORTH SYDNEY COAL.

Due to arrive on Wednesday, January 14th, ex BEATRICE a small cargo of SCREENED.

W. H. HYNES, East End Coal Dealer

## TENDERS for Furness Line Pier

The date for the receiving of Tender for the above work has been extended to Saturday, March 21st, noon.

A. Montgomerie, Furness Withy & Co., Ltd.

## IN ONE WEEK OF MUDDY WEATHER

A good Door Mat will pay for itself. We Have the MAT You Need.

Also just opened

Axminister Hearth Rugs  
Newest Patterns and Colours.  
**\$3.00 & \$7.50**

## ROBERT TEMPLETON

## The Canada Accident Assurance Company, of Montreal,

is prepared to quote rates and issue policies for Personal Accident, Employers' Liability, and Health in Various Forms. Apart from its own strong financial standing its liabilities are guaranteed by the

Commercial Union Assurance Company, of London, England.

With assets of over Eighty-Six Million Dollars. All particulars will be given by

JOHN COWAN, Agent for Newfoundland.

Jan 21, 3m.w.f

## Our Prices Will Interest You.

We offer the following NEW MEATS just landed:

- 100 brls. Special Fam. Beef
- 100 barrels Ham Butt Pork
- 150 barrels Fat Back Pork
- 75 barrels Fam. Mess Pork
- 150 barrels Boneless Beef
- 100 barrels Ex. Family Beef
- AND—
- 1000 brls. Am. Gran. Sugar

## HEARN & COMPANY

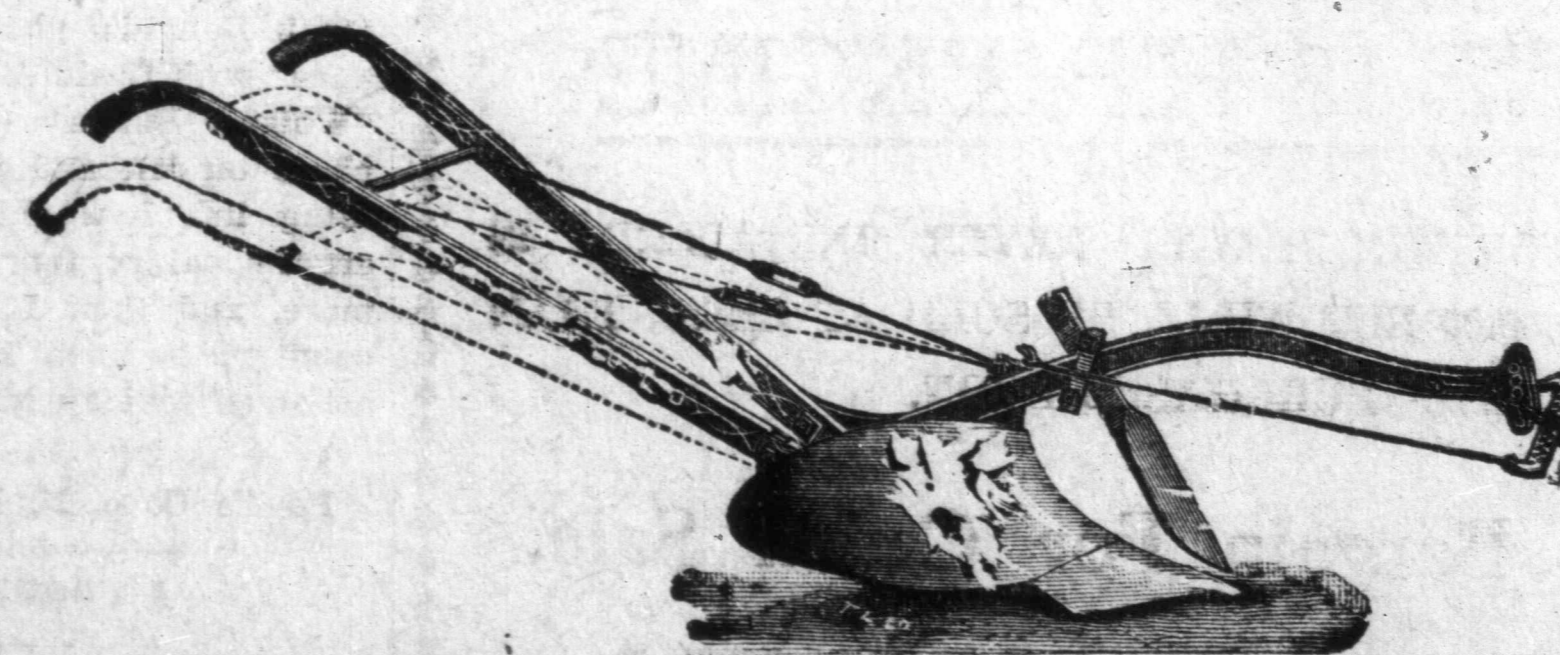
## For the Lenten Season

- 100 bbls. Pickled Trout
- 150 Cases Salmon

Job's Stores, Ltd. Grocery Department.

## MASSEY HARRIS PLOWS!

We are now prepared to supply the above Plows at Our Usual Low Prices.



MARTIN HARDWARE CO., Agents.



# NEWS OF CITY AND OUTPORTS

## PERSONAL.

Magistrate Way left for home by the Prospero yesterday.

Mrs. (Dr.) Jones, of Avondale, is visiting the city at present.

Messrs. Jacinta and Manuel Lago, of Iviza, Belaric Islands, arrived by the Digby and will open a wholesales business in St. John's.

Mr. Reg. Harvey met his mother and father in Paris and spent a few days with them.

Mr. Harvey will not return to St. John's until early in the summer.

Hon. A. F. Goodridge does not leave for England until the return of the Digby from Halifax. He will be accompanied by his daughter, Miss Grace Goodridge.

LT-Col. Renouf, a well-known Newfoundland, has been requested to offer himself as a candidate in the Municipal elections in Montreal, which take place shortly.

Messrs. E. Templeman and J. Duff, who had been visiting the Mediterranean fish markets, reached Halifax last week. They intended coming on to St. John's by the S.S. City of Sydney.

Mrs. T. Peel left by the Digby yesterday to visit her daughter, Mrs. C. McCarthy, at Plymouth. She will spend the summer there.

In July Mr. Peel hopes to visit England again.

Mrs. Stone, wife of Mr. J. G. Stone, M.H.A. for Trinity, who underwent an operation at the General Hospital a few days ago, is not doing as well as wished for. We hope to be able to report an improvement in her condition shortly.

Mr. Leonard Woolston, who had his eye injured at Knowling's hardware a couple of months ago, left by the Digby yesterday to consult a specialist in London.

The injured eye is doing well but he is losing the sight of the other, and he has been advised to have the treatment of a specialist as soon as possible.

Mr. Thomas Shearer, representing the Reid Newfoundland Company, is at Glace Bay superintending the installation of a new boiler and consumer at the machine shop. Mr. Shearer is a well known and successful mechanic and the consumer is one of his own patents.

The apparatus was installed by Duncan Kennedy and Mike Degoust of the shop staff, under the supervision of Mr. Shearer, and will be tested to-day—Sydney Record.

Mr. A. E. Hickman, M.H.A., left by the Digby yesterday, having received a telegram the day before calling him to England.

Mrs. Hickman intended accompanying her husband, but on reaching the steamer became ill and was advised to abandon the trip. Her illness is only temporary and to-day she is much better.

Mr. Hickman returns in a month's time and will then proceed to New York with his wife.

## SHIPPING

**EASTER GOODS GONE**

The City of Sydney was bringing a large quantity of Easter goods. Business people here have repeated their orders by telegraph.

The Talisman, which leaves on the 26th, will bring a full cargo.

S.S. Eaglepoint left Liverpool yesterday for St. John's.

**FURNES**

S.S. Morwenna leaves New York tomorrow for St. John's. She brings a full cargo.

**RED CROSS**

The Red Cross Co. has chartered the S.S. Talisman a cargo steamer, and she will leave New York on the 26th for St. John's. She can carry about 16,000 barrels.

## COASTAL BOATS.

**BOWRINGS.**

Prospero left St. Joseph's at 7.40 a.m.

**REIDS.**

**REPORT FROM "BRUCE"**

S.S. Bruce left Port aux Basques 8 a.m. yesterday and arrived at North Sydney at 3.55, having crossed the Strait in 7.55 hours. She left North Sydney at 9 last night, and at midnight Capt. Taylor wired the following to the Reid-Nld. Co.:

"Ship 15 miles N. E. by E. of Low Point; ice slack with wind N. E. Light. Making good progress."

The Bruce arrived at Basques at 6.15 a.m., after a run of 9 hours. Lintrose left Basques at 5.05 a.m.

**EXPRESS AT 3.30**

The incoming express is due at 3.30 this afternoon.

**A GOOD SEND-OFF**

Commander and Mrs. Atlay left by the Digby yesterday for England. The commander and his wife were very popular and the men of the Calypso, while sorry they are leaving, made up their minds to give them a good send-off.

They serenaded the Digby in the Calypso's launch and accompanied her outside the heads, firing rockets all the time, while the warship's string band rendered appropriate music.

The Commander and Mrs. Atlay take with them the best wishes of their many friends.

**MR. GRANT RECOVERING**

Engineer Grant is doing well at the hospital.

It is believed that he will not lose his feet which were frostbitten.

**SUBSCRIPTIONS "WIDOW" FUND**

Friend	.....	\$1.00
"L. H."	.....	1.50
		\$2.50

## LATE SEALING NEWS NOT ENCOURAGING

Stephano Has 600, Beothic 300—Other Steel Ships Excepting the Nascopie Clean.

Below we publish the latest sealing news. It is anything but encouraging. As will be seen by the message only two ships have seals, the Stephano 600 and the Beothic 300.

The man on the street thinks the seals have gone out to the Eastward, which means that the ironclads have missed them. Of course, the man on the street knows.

The messages are:

Bellaventure (last night)—"Bella-venture off Cape Bauld, in company with Beothic, Nascopie and Stephano. Nothing doing with seals. Other ships in clear water, making for Cape Bauld. RANDALL."

Adventure—A wireless was received from the Adventure last evening that she was passing Conche and expected to reach Cape Bauld by midnight.

Beothic—"Struck small patch whitecoats, estimated patch to contain one thousand. Killed and panned 300. Nascopie 8 miles north; struck small patch whitecoats also. Position 15 miles East by South White Islands (Cape Bauld). W. C. WINSOR."

Nascopie—"Struck small patch whitecoats 6 p.m. yesterday 15 miles south Belle Island. Whitecoats averaging 45 lbs. The following ships in patch and appear to be working. Beothic, Stephano, Bellaventure. No other steel ships in sight."

Stephano—"Took first whitecoat 6 p.m. yesterday. On board and stored 600; unable to estimate the patch. Darkness; 15 miles S. E. by E. Cape Bauld. A. KEAN."

Florizel—"Ice open, making good headway by St. Julien's. Bonaventure and Bloodhound in company; everything working well; good prospects. J. KEAN."

## ST. ANDREW'S CONCERT WAS GREAT SUCCESS.

Interesting Programme of Good Things.—Performers Did Well. Some Announcements.

The concert in the Presbyterian Hall last evening was most successful.

Mr. J. Browning, who occupied the Chair, announced that on Monday night, Dr. Tait will give an illustrated lecture on "Brains."

The programme was an interesting one. Miss Strang, Mr. Evans, Mr. Chaplin, Mrs. Sheriff, Mr. A. Summers, Miss Colton, Mr. C. Hatcher, sang; Miss Hanlin and Mr. P. H. Cowan gave selections.

Miss Dixon recited. The Merry makers gave a clever musical extravaganza.

Next Wednesday there will be a smoker at the club rooms.

**MAGISTRATE'S COURT**

A woman summoned her husband for assault; deft, has to sign bonds for his good behaviour.

Another assault case between a woman and her husband was withdrawn.

A Chinaman, of the steamer Easington, drunk and disorderly, was fined \$2 or 7 days.

## GREAT BRITAIN IS DETERMINED TO MAINTAIN NAVAL SUPREMACY

(Continued from page 1)

Admiralty to introduce regulations accelerating the retirement of senior officers and giving the rank of Lieutenant to Lieutenants with eight years of service was announced by Churchill.

**New Battleships.**

In regard to new battleships for the navy, Churchill said that three would be of the Royal Sovereign type, and one of the Queen Elizabeth type. All of them are to carry 15-inch guns which would be, according to the First Lord, the best weapons ever possessed by the British Navy, and would be capable of hurling projectiles weighing a ton, a distance ten or twelve miles.

Britain, added Mr. Churchill, will have ten ships armed with these powerful weapons by the time any other nation could have two.

Churchill, referring to the absence of three Canadian ships from the British Naval programme, said, "We are not without hope, however, that Canada will meet her share of naval defenses. Canada is a great and wealthy community with interests ever spreading more widely over the face of the globe. She has made no provision for her own naval defence. If she were annexed to the United States she would, no doubt, contribute in taxation to help upkeep the United States navy. If she were independent she would have to take provision at least equal to that of the most powerful American State."

**Spirit of Independence.**

"We do not wonder at all that Canadians of every party, think it not consistent with the dignity and standing of the Dominion that she should depend on the British taxpayer, who often is much less well off than the average Canadian."

Turning to the situation in the Pacific Churchill remarked that the British alliance with Japan had been renewed until 1921, and added that it is not to be expected that Japan will be less in need of her powerful friend at the other end of the world at that date than she is to-day.

The First Lord considered that Australia and New Zealand both, had acted with profound wisdom in establishing fleet units, and urged the importance of both Canada and South Africa also having naval stations, docks and repair plants in order to allow the Imperial squadrons to operate in those waters.

He said: "all of them should establish destroyer and submarine flotillas to defend their naval stations."

Churchill again suggested the formation of the Imperial squadron of fast ships, capable of moving rapidly all over the world, while each of the Dominions maintained its own flotilla of small craft for protection of its commerce.

Churchill concluded his two-and-a-half hours' speech with an appeal to the House to give him its united support in this programme.

## PREACHER SCORES IMMORAL TENDENCIES

(Continued from page 1)

not practiced them, would not indulge therein.

**Appeal to Parents**

The reverend preacher impressively appealed for the help of parents and guardians to stamp out all sources of these great evils before they gained any headway. He asked the people present to help the church in its work of protecting the youths of this city and country, by guarding their homes and public halls against all such acts as scandalism, immoral literature and objectionable dancing, which would not only send souls to hell, but also corrupt the minds and bodies of those living who take part.

**LANDING PROHIBITED.**

Scared by the amazing increase of cheap Chinese labor, the United States was the first country to put an embargo upon free immigration. It was in the year 1882 that Congress passed an Act suspending Chinese immigration for ten years, and making the penalty \$200 and a year's imprisonment for any shipmaster landing Chinese at any United States port.

Since that time all the Overseas Dominions have passed more or less stringent laws of a similar kind.

These restrictive Acts vary very considerably. The New Immigration Act passed by the Cape Colony Parliament is a typical one. It forbids immigration by land or sea of any person:

- (1) "Unable to write out and sign a sentence in the characters of some European language."
- (2) "Who is not in possession of visible means of support."

Australia won't have a yellow man at any price, but Canada does not exclude them entirely. Chinese are admitted by paying a poll tax of £10, and Japs come in free. All the same, British Columbia is very anxious to bar the Chinaman altogether.

Advertise in The Daily Mail, the Brightest and Best Paper in Newfoundland.

## REFUSED \$1200 FOR TWO FOXES

The Brothers Miller of Fleming Street Were in Luck on St. Patrick's Day—How They Effected The Capture.

Messrs. J. and M. Miller, brothers, of Fleming Street, caught two red foxes at the head of Twenty-mile Pond, on St. Patrick's Day.

They had been watching the animals for some time and Tuesday they saw them enter a hole and throwing a coat over the entrance they soon after captured the valuable pair.

One is in young.

Last night the brothers were offered \$1200 for the pair but refused to sell.

**R. MORGAN INJURED AT GLACE BAY.**

Was Caught by a Fall From the Roof of the Colliery—Will Likely Recover—Companion Badly Hurt.

Two accidents, one that will probably end with fatal results, occurred at No. 9 colliery yesterday afternoon about four o'clock, when Richard Knight (colored) and Robert Morgan, who work together and are employed as shooters and loaders, were struck by a fall of stone.

It appears that both men were working at what is known as the face and without any warning a fall came from the roof catching both men unaware.

Knight's leg was badly crushed and will require amputation. Morgan's injuries are not so bad, he having sustained only a crushed arm and minor injuries to his face.

Morgan is a native of Newfoundland.—Glace Bay paper.

**EVERY BOY AND GIRL** can play Snap, Old Maid, Happy Families, Peter Coddie and similar Card Games. We have them all from 5c to 25c. Give your children all available home amusements, it will keep them off the street. GARLAND'S BOOKSTORES.

## NOTICE!

All postmasters are asked to open all parcels of Daily Mail and Advertisers arriving at their office.

The Mail and Advocate are addressed individually and placed in one parcel addressed to a settlement and all Post Masters should open the parcels and hand each individual his paper.

**HOW ABOUT THIS!**

The brighter side of a fire disaster is the self respect enjoyed by the man that is insured. Is he not glad of this fund in his hour of distress? Are you, my friend, thus protected? If not, Mr. Percie Johnson can insure you for so little that you won't feel it, and you are always sure of your claim being promptly paid.

## Boy to learn Pressing.

Good opportunity to willing boy. UNION CLOTHING FACTORY, 167 Water Street.

**LOST, A Pair of Spectacles** between Freshwater Road and General Post Office, via Carter's Hill and New Gower Street. Finder would oblige by returning to Telegraph Office, General Post Office.

## SALESMAN WANTED.

Wanted, experienced Dry Goods Salesman; one who has been associated with a Clothing Department preferred.

Address application to THOROUGH, this office, stating salary expected. mar9,t

## King George the Fifth SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE,

St. John's, Newfoundland.

**PATRON:**—His Majesty the King.

Bedrooms can be booked at all hours; night porter in attendance. Small rooms 20 cents, and large rooms 35 cents per night, including bath.

Meals are served at moderate prices.

Girls' department (under the charge of a matron), with separate entrance.

## Tailoring by Mail Order

I make a specialty of **Mail Order Tailoring** and can guarantee good fitting and stylish garments to measure. A trial order solicited.

Outport orders promptly made up and despatched C.O.D. to any station or port in the Island, carriage paid.

## JOHN ADRAIN, MERCHANT TAILOR, ST. JOHN'S.

(Next door to F.P.U. office.) jan20,s,tu,th

## For Sale! Schooner "Atlanta."

Vessel is 106 tons gross; in good condition; almost new; well found in every particular.

Apply, **R. HICKS, Catalina.** mar10,1m

## MR. BRYAN'S ADDRESS.

United States Secretary of State, William Jennings Bryan, has made a number of speeches in New York lately. Perhaps his office has blunted his oratorical edge. Perhaps he has turned his attention toward the most serious subjects as he grows older. But it is quite certain that his addresses have not pleased the ribald and jocund element among his hearers.

"Not long ago," said a friend, "Mr. Bryan was invited to address the National Geographical Society in Washington. 'You have travelled widely,' said the gentleman who extended the invitation. 'Therefore, Mr. Bryan, we will ask you to select your own subject—anything within geographical lines.'"

"So that Mr. Bryan addressed the National Geographical Society in Washington. He selected as his topic for the evening 'The Kingdom of Heaven.'"

# Important Announcement For Union Fishermen!

## THE FRASER MACHINE & MOTOR COMPANY, OF NEW GLASGOW,

We have entered into an agreement with the FRASER MACHINE & MOTOR COMPANY, OF NEW GLASGOW, for the manufacture of a large number of two cycle engines, which we will sell to F. P. U. Members at prices that will stagger the sales of all other first-class engines. We have used the FRASER engine for two years and found it satisfactory as a two cycle engine, and the engines to be built by FRASER for us will be supplied with the latest improvements in engines. No carburetor will be used with our engines. An adapter and igniter has been invented that does away with the carburetor, and our engines will all receive the fuel from the top of the cylinder, instead of from the bottom. Only one tank will therefore be necessary. No gasoline tank will be required. The engine will start on gasoline, supplied through a starter, and as soon as started will use kerosene oil. A Circular Letter describing the engines and giving prices and terms has been mailed to every Council and Union Store. Those U. T. C. and "The Advocate," for 1914 and 1915, and during the last two weeks we have received 100 orders and 250 enquiries. Consequently we are safe in asserting that the F.P.U. will handle 75 per cent. of the Motor Engine business transacted in the Colony. Union Members buying from the Trading Company save the following amounts: On "The Coaker" \$75.00, on "The Advocate" \$65.00, on "The U. T. C." \$55.00, on "The F. P. U." \$50.00. Not only are those amounts saved but any poor member is enabled to purchase for two years payment, while Agents of other engines require full payment within six months after delivery of engines.

## We Also Sell "The Coaker" 4 Cycle 6 h.p. Engine on Easy Terms

For Further particulars apply to

# The Fishermen's Union Trading Company, Limited,

Water Street, St. John's.





## World of White Exposition!

AYRE'S exposition of White Goods has for years been looked forward to as one of the principal merchandizing events of the year. A distinguishing feature of our display is that the goods shown are entirely new, many of them having been imported expressly for this event. This season we have been particularly fortunate in securing exceptionally good bargains in many lines, in both the English and American markets—values our patrons will appreciate. We list some of them on this page. **SALE NOW ON.**

### Curtains.

Just in time for fixing-up for spring. We show handsome styles and special values, **35c.** to **12.50** per pair. **Curtain Nets and Madras.** We show many very effective patterns in the newest materials, **10c.** to **75c.** per yard.

### St. Gall Embroideries.

We have, in the past, offered many good lines of embroideries to our customers, but our importations this year surpass anything yet shown. For delicacy and beauty of design these goods have never been equalled in Newfoundland. Prices from **6c.** to **50c.** per yard.

### Wash Goods

For several seasons "White" has been the favorite in summer dress fabrics, and this season it will be more popular than ever. Our stock is a good criterion of what is "correct" in this line, embracing as it does the accepted styles for 1914. Special offerings in Mercerized Brocades and Madras at

**15c. and 20c.**



### Shirt Waists and Blouses

Correct English and American designs; some very attractive styles this season at

**60c. 75c. 80c. \$1.30**  
**\$1.50, \$2, \$2.60**  
A big special at **50c.**

### Neckwear.

2,500 Lace Collars in favorite shapes, such as Gibson, Dutch, Coat & Stock

**8c, 20c, 25c, 40c.**  
**AMERICAN SKIRTS** in Pique and Ratine, with high waist line, removable buttons, pocket, **\$1.40**

### HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES.

These are all standard goods, considerably below regular prices.

54 inch Sheetings . . . . .	40c.
58 inch Sheetings . . . . .	37c.
90 inch Sheetings . . . . .	45c. & 55c.
100 inch Sheetings . . . . .	56c.
90 inch Linen Finish . . . . .	40c.
42 inch Circular Pillow Cotton . . . . .	27c. & 34c.
44 inch " . . . . .	30c.
Bleached Tabling, 28 1/2 c. . . . .	34c. & 37c.
50c. 70c. . . . .	
Half-Bleached Tabling, 30c. . . . .	35c. & 40c.
32 inch Twilled Night Short Cloth . . . . .	14 1/2 c.

36 inch Double Warp Night-Shirt Cloth . . . . .	22c.
30 inch Perfection Shirting . . . . .	10c.
36 inch Superior Shirting . . . . .	13c.
36 inch Lonsdale . . . . .	16c., 18c., 22c.
36 inch Lawn, in 2 to 6 yard lengths . . . . .	9c. per yard
Fine American Lawn, 4 to 8 yard lengths . . . . .	9c. & 12 1/2 c.
American Madras, 4 to 8 yard lengths . . . . .	12 1/2 c.
Household Shirting in 6 yard lengths . . . . .	8 1/2 c. & 10 1/2 c.
Brilliant, 5 & 6 yard lengths . . . . .	12 1/2 c.
American Pillow Slips . . . . .	20c., 25c.
Face Cloth . . . . .	6 for 25c.

### Embroidered Dresses!

Made of Swiss Muslins, in the latest styles; handsomely embroidered, **\$5.50, \$8.00 to \$15.00.**

**MUSLIN DRESSES** Special at . . . . . **\$2.00**  
Child's Muslin Dresses—  
**\$1.30, \$1.70, to \$3.00**

### CORSETS.

For the next few days we offer our well-known "Pearl" corsets made of fine quality coutil, daintily trimmed, Directoire style dble. supporters, Sizes 20 to 28, at a special price,

**\$1.00**

### Lingerie Underwear

In Underwear we show an exquisite assortment of the daintiest creations in English, American and French (hand-embroidered)

Camisoles . . . . . **40c., 60c., 85c.**  
Lace Slips . . . . . **\$1.00**  
Camisoles and Knickers to match . . . . . **85c. each**  
Knickers . . . . . **45c., 60c., 85c.**  
Corset Covers . . . . . **40c., 60c., 80c., \$1.20**  
Princess Slips . . . . . **\$1.60, \$2.20, \$2.70**  
Night Dresses . . . . . **90c., \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 to \$5.80**



### Handkerchiefs.

A fortunate purchase enables us to offer the surplus Christmas stock of a big dealer in England, at prices that we are positive will appeal to all who see them. They include:—

H.S. Initial, 6 for . . . . .	15c.	Child's H.S., 3 for . . . . .	8c.
Embroidered, 6 for . . . . .	45c.	Embroidered Sachets, some with 3, others with 6 Hks. . . . .	70c.
H.S. Embroidered Initial 6 for . . . . .	40c.	H.S. Special . . . . .	40c. ea.

### APRONS

In various patterns . . . . . **15c., 25c., 30c.**

### TABLECLOTHS, Etc.

Values that should appeal to every housekeeper: Damask Tablecloths, **70c., \$1.00, \$1.40, \$2.10, \$2.90, \$3.20.** DOYLEYS, with scalloped edges, **25c.** per doz.

**Napkins** Table Napkins, put in 1-2 dozens, at **70c., 75c., 90c., \$1.08, \$1.20, 1.50**

Mail Orders Filled



### NAINSOOKS

36-inch Fine Nainsock, 13 Pure Cambrics in 4 to 6 yard lengths . . . . . **10c., 12c. 15c.** per yard

### TOWELS

SOFT TURKISH TOWELS. Special at . . . . . **10c., 15c., 20c. to 30c. each.**

## News of the City and the Outports

### CANADIAN CHAMPION A NEWFOUNDLANDER.

Leonard C. Outerbridge Scored a Big Sporting Win in Squash Racket at Toronto Last Week.

Leonard C. Outerbridge, of the University Club, won the Canadian Squash Racket Championship at the University Club Courts, Toronto, last week. He met J. B. Robinson, his club mate, in the finals, and although the result was a surprise to the gallery he played much the better squash and won by a decisive score of three games to one.

Mr. Outerbridge is a native of St. John's, Newfoundland. He was educated at Marlborough College, England, where he gained a fine reputation as a fives player. He is attending Osgoode Hall.

J. B. Robinson, although beaten in the finals, showed fine form all through the tournament, beating, in turn S. C. Kerr, Major Bickford, R. V. Hickson, and Phillip McKenzie (former champion). Three of these matches went to five sets, and as Outerbridge had been winning his games easily in the other half of the draw, the strain of these hard games undoubtedly, told in the final.

As previously announced, by *The Daily Mail*, Leonard, who is studying law at Toronto, is a son of Sir Joseph and Lady Outerbridge.

### OPORTO MARKET

Mar. 18	Mar. 11
Stocks (Nfld) . . . . .	24,250 28,260
Consumption (Nfld) . . . . .	3,520 3,530
Stocks (Norg) . . . . .	3,115 2,000
Consumption (Norg) . . . . .	1,460 1,060

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY MAIL.

### DR. H. BROWN HONORED BY HIS PARISHIONERS

Was Presented With an Illuminated Address and Typewriter.—Was Well Known Here.

An illuminated address and a Jost typewriter of the latest design was presented to Rev. Dr. Heber Browne, L.L.D., by the parishioners of Clist St. George (a very pretty place about four miles from the City of Exeter) where he had been Vicar for the past three or four years but now has accepted the charge of St. Michael's, Paddington, which was offered to him by the Bishop of London.

A crowded congregation was present to hear his farewell sermon on Sunday, the 22nd of February. Dr. Browne will be remembered by many in St. John's as Canon of the Cathedral here and also for his eloquent sermons and lectures.

Dr. Browne has been one of the Exeter Diocesan Missioners for the past nine years and has conducted some very successful missions in that diocese.

### MR. MARSHALL'S FUNERAL

The funeral of the late Mr. W. A. Marshall, who died at Manchester, took place yesterday afternoon, interment being at the General Protestant Cemetery.

The mourners included the employees of the store and a large number of citizens.

Rev. J. A. Whitmarsh, pastor of Cochrane Street Church, conducted the service at the house, and Rev. Dr. Curtis, Rev. Dr. Fenwick and Rev. J. S. Sutherland, of the Presbyterian Church, officiated at the graveside.

### BLUES DEFEATED REGALS MONDAY NIGHT

Score at the Finish Stood Five to One in Favour of the Winning Team.

At the Princes Rink, Monday night, a hockey match was played between the Blues and Regals. The game was fast at times and at the end of the first half the score stood two to one in favor of the Blues.

In the second half the Blues put on a spurt and added three more goals, leaving the score at full time five to one in favor of the Blues.

The players were:  
**Blues.** C. Hunt, J. Elliott, R. Doyle, Point, R. Voisey, Cover, E. Chafe, Rover, J. Bugdell, Centre, R. Field, Left, A. Rendell, Right, H. Rendell, Mr. M. Churchill was referee.

### BONSPIEL CANCELLED

Season Too Far Advanced for the Event.—Only Eighty Had Entered.

The curlers' bonspiel for the annual dinner, will have to be cancelled this year, as the season is now too far advanced.

Only eighty members had signed their intention of taking part.

### DISLOCATED HER SHOULDER

Mrs. O'Driscoll, of Bay Bulls, arrived yesterday for treatment at the hospital. She fell and dislocated her shoulder and was advised to come here for treatment.

### ICE HAS DRIVEN FISH FROM THE GROUNDS

Western Reports State That the Fishery Prospects Are Not So Good. Ice Moves Off.

The following report, dated March 7th, was received yesterday by the Board of Trade, from Mr. R. Furneaux (Rose Blanche to Petites):—The total catch of codfish is 6,930 qtls., and for last week, 25.

Seventy-two dories and skiffs with 9 boats and 46 bankers are fishing. Prospects are poor this week. Frozen herring forms the bait supply.

E.N.E. winds prevail with fine weather, and up to Wednesday the coast was packed with drift ice.

The boat went out on Thursday and Friday and found the fishing grounds practically clean. Several of them did not get one fish, and others got only from 10 to 20.

The cod evidently took a sheer off on account of the ice going over the grounds, but now the ice has gone out of sight, all the men are hopeful of the return of the fish in a few days' time.

### "FROM THE MANGER TO THE CROSS."

The greatest religious picture ever presented by the movies will be given in St. John's on Monday next at the Casino Theatre. It is entitled "From the Manger to the Cross," and tells of the life of the Saviour in a most impressive manner.

The scenes are all laid in the Holy Land, and the photographs were procured at an enormous cost. No one should miss this great story. It has been presented in London, New York and the large cities of Europe with great success. Millions have seen it and spoken favorably of it.

Dr. Charles Parkhurst, after seeing the film said: "I yielded myself unreservedly to the influence of the occasion, and came away from the representation with the feeling that the transactions in our Lord's life had been brought nearer to me."

### USE FLYING MACHINE TO TAKE OBSERVATIONS

Aeroplane Will Be Used ON This Coast This Summer to Determine Atmospheric Conditions.

Efforts will be made to obtain from the Government at Washington and from the Canadian authorities the assistance of Meteorologists in making observations from an aeroplane which will be flown off the coast of Newfoundland the coming summer.

The purpose is to determine the force and direction of air currents at various altitudes at the starting point of the proposed flight across the Atlantic by the Wanamaker aeroplane.

### ITEMS FROM GRAND FALLS

Winter has settled down in good shape. Loggers are busy making their harvest. Those thrifty people living at the station are doing well this winter hauling fire-wood into Grand Falls, and selling the same for \$4.00 a cord.

C. W. Stewart took two fine horses from S. Goodyear for debt a few days ago. I understand he intends placing the pair on the road hauling pulp and firewood.

I have been informed that there are over twenty families living at the station. A man by the name of Burry being the pioneer of the place. I am told.

The A. N. D. Co. and Badger Lumber Works are still wanting men for the woods. Good food and good wages are offered, with plenty of good work.

### TRAVELLER.

A case of diphtheria was reported from Mundy Pond Road Tuesday. The patient is being nursed at home.

### ANNUAL MEETING OF HR. GRACE DOCK CO.

Held Yesterday at the Board of Trade Rooms.—Reports a Successful Year of Operation.

The annual meeting of the Marine Railway Docks Co. took place at the Board of Trade rooms yesterday.

The past year was a successful one but financial matters will not be adjusted until the June meeting.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Hon. J. J. Murphy; Vice-President and Managing Director, Mr. J. Tapp; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. E. Slimmons; Directors, Messrs. J. S. Munn, R. S. Munn, J. McRae, R. Duff, J. R. Goodison, A. Goodridge, C. A. Jerrett and Hon. J. Ryan.

### CHINAMAN INJURED.

A Chinaman, one of the stokers on the S.S. Eastington, fell yesterday and dislocated his shoulder.

### M. C. L. I.

Mr. S. P. Whiteway to Lecture to the Members on the Teachers' Tour of England.

Mr. S. P. Whiteway will lecture to the members of the M.C.L.I. this evening.

### BIBLE CLASS LECTURE.

Dr. Tait to Address the Wesley Church Class of Socialism.

Dr. Tait will lecture in the basement of Wesley Church on Thursday evening next, under the auspices of the Bible Class.

His subject will be "Socialism—its significance and tendency."

### PIERCED HIS EYE WITH A HAT PIN

Eighteen-Month Old Son of James Chalker Meets With a Serious Accident—Sight May Be Saved.

The little eighteen-month old son of Mr. and Mrs. James Chalker, who met with a serious accident last week, is doing as well as can be expected.

The child picked up a hat pin at his home and drove the point into his eye. The ball of the optic was pierced and the aqueous humor ran out.

### TWENTY-EIGHT DAYS OUT

Barqt. Earlshall, Capt. Coward, is now 28 days out from Pernambuco to this port.

### THE MAILS SAVED.

P. M. G. Woods had a wire from Halifax yesterday that the mails on the City of Sydney had been saved.

### SOCIAL EVENING.

The members of Cochrane Street Bible Class have cancelled their dinner and instead will hold a social evening next week.

### STEAMERS FREE.

The steamers Coban, Louisburg and Cabot, which were jammed in the ice near Louisburg, are free again.

The Bay de Grave Mining Syndicate, Limited, is applying to the Governor-in-Council for the right to use the waters of North River, Conception Bay, for the purpose of driving machinery.—Guardian.