

The Sun-Weekend Telegraph

and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1911

NO. 44

VOL. L

CARVELL LAIDS RECIPROcity IN A CONVINCING SPEECH

Member for Carleton Shows the Benefits it Will Confer on Maritime Provinces

Declares the People Are Almost a Unit for It—Pays His Respects to Manufacturers and Bankers Who Are Not Hurt in Trade Agreement, But Are Conducting a Disgraceful Campaign Against the Government—Mr. German, of Welland, Condemns Freer Trade, as it Will Abolish Protection on Small Fruits.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, March 2.—The reciprocity debate, as continued in the commons today, developed, as was expected, opposition to the agreement from another Liberal, W. M. German, of Welland, who followed the lead of Hon. Clifford Sifton, and whose reasons for deserting his party were in the main the same as those advanced by the minister of the interior.

His argument was, however, not nearly so compact or effective as that of the former and was most effectively answered by Mr. Carvell, who followed Mr. German. He said that the straight Tory doctrine of protection throughout.

Mr. German, after declaring his adherence to the doctrine of protection, said he did not agree with all that had been said by the member from Brandon or the opposition speakers. The scare of annexation he thought was absurd. He did not believe in a single night. All these were already this year Mr. McIntosh, one some work in the city looking for the moth, and has visited several schools. Of course his movements depend a great deal on the nature of the weather, but much of his time will be up for the next six weeks traveling in the John and Charlotte counties, and in the line of the C. P. R.

Has No Fear of Annexation.

He thought that opposition speakers had no right to impugn the motives of their fellow citizens or to make predictions which they had no right to make. He said that Canada's loyalty was more substantial than commercialism, and more enduring. He said that Canada's loyalty was more substantial than commercialism, and more enduring. He said that Canada's loyalty was more substantial than commercialism, and more enduring.

Says Nobody Wants Freer Trade.

Mr. German declared that he was not speaking for what the party had stood for and the party was leaving him. Nobody wanted this agreement except the president of the United States, and to the envoys which the president sent, Sir Wilfrid should have used the words which he addressed to the Canadian fruit growers when they came to see him. He should have said: "You come too late. You are now wanted reciprocity. We do not want it now."

Manufacturers Not Hurt.

In regard to manufactured articles affected there was in the whole list only three items in which the new duty would be lower than the British preference rate, and two items on which the duties would be equal. If Canadian manufacturers were able to compete with the British manufacturer under the preferential tariff he could not see how, with the same protection accorded under the new tariff, there could be any harm done.

Reciprocity Resolution.

J. E. Porter, ex-M. P. of Andover, took the platform and endorsed reciprocity in an able address. He moved that the association endorse it officially. The motion was seconded, but on the suggestion of J. L. Stewart, of the Chatham World, Mr. Porter was induced to withdraw his motion on the ground that it dealt with a political subject. A majority of those present seemed to favor the resolution.

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Reciprocity Resolution.

Hartland Observer hears of a project for an alleged short line to tap the National Transcontinental—Has Mr. Flemming Promised a Bond Guarantee?

COULDN'T VOTE ON RECIPROcity

Resolution of Approval Before Farmers' Association Withdrawn

OBJECTION TAKEN

Chatham Editor Says That the Matter Was a Political One and His View Prevailed, Although Majority Favored Trade Agreement—Officers Elected and Sessions Ended.

Canadian Press.

London, March 2.—Four days of the most unsparring debate ever given to a measure involving a great constitutional reform came to a conclusion tonight, when Premier Asquith applied closure and the second reading of the veto bill was passed by a majority of 125, the vote being 308 to 243.

The figures on the veto bill were greeted with groans, after which the bill on the premier's motion was sent to the committee of the whole house. This stage is likely to be deferred for some time to enable the government to dispose of financial business. The opposition leaders are drafting an elaborate series of amendments.

The appearance of Mr. Balfour in today's debate gave a temporary fillip to the otherwise dull proceedings, and although not in the best of form the former premier kept the interest alive, not always, however, to the complete advantage of his party. For instance, expatiating on the value of the reciprocity principle, he complained that the Nationalists by their denunciations of its usefulness in all parts of the province was also passed.

A resolution of Morris Scoll, that pure bred stock be licensed, was referred to the stock committee.

E. A. Dickson, for the committee on representation, submitted a lengthy report, which was adopted after a long discussion. The report recommended that the farmers of the province take steps by calling a convention to have at least one bona fide farmer nominated in each county for the provincial legislature. The report recommended also that a provincial organizer be engaged to carry on this work. W. W. Hubbard inquired concerning the ways and means of paying such an organizer, and was told there was none.

On motion of Mr. Jensen it was decided to attempt to induce agricultural societies to obtain more students for agricultural colleges.

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BILL TO CURB LORDS PASSED

Given Its Second Reading in Commons by a Majority of 125

PEOPLE MUST RULE," SAYS ASQUITH

Upper Chamber to Be Reduced in Number and Its Powers Will Be Consultative—Balfour Charges the Measure is a Fraud on the Country at Irish Bidding.

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LOCAL LEGISLATURE OPENS; STIRRING SESSION LIKELY

Speech from Throne Indicates Government Has Little Important Legislation

Hon. Mr. Robinson Attacks the Administration for Its Extravagance, Spending an Enormous Revenue With Little to Show for It—Public Moneys Wasted to Fatten Tory Followers—Leader of Opposition Repeats His Charge About the Albert Southern Rails—Mr. Hazen Hazy on Valley Railway Yet, and Spars for More Delay.

TRAGIC MURDER OF ITALIAN LADY

Beautiful Princess Di Triglona Slain by Cavalry Officer

Canadian Press.

Rome, March 2.—Princess Di Triglona, a lady-in-waiting to Queen Helena, niece of King George, and cousin of Prince Di Sciole, secretary of state in the foreign office, was murdered today in a small hotel in this city by Lieut. Baron Paterno, a cavalry officer, who then shot himself.

Paterno was still alive when the room occupied by the couple was entered by hotel employes, but the princess was found lying on a bed dead. She had been stabbed in the neck and death was almost instantaneous.

Princess Di Triglona was one of the most beautiful ladies-in-waiting to the queen, and her tragic end has caused a tremendous sensation. She was at the court ball on Monday night attracted more than ordinary attention and general admiration. She had a disagreement with her husband, which deeply grieved the queen. Her majesty used every influence to reconcile the couple, but without success.

Baron Paterno, who had been in close attendance on the princess for some time, had engaged a room in a small hotel in the morning. She was accompanied by Princess Di Triglona and they remained together until the afternoon. A waiter passing through the hall heard a pistol shot fired through the door. An attempt was made to break in the door, but this proved too strong to be forced, and employes entered the room by a window.

The princess, half dressed, lay on a bed in a pool of blood. A dagger had severed the blood vessels in the neck and she had bled to death.

The princess was outstretched on the floor. There was a bullet wound in his breast, made in an evident attempt to commit suicide, but he was still alive and was quickly moved to other quarters.

The princess had been summoned to appear before the courts today in separation proceedings brought by her husband. Both she and Paterno were Sicilians. Last summer the princess was at Saint Moritz with her two daughters, who are seven and fourteen years old, when she received a letter from Paterno, explaining that his debts prevented him from joining her. She was touched by Paterno's recital of his embarrassment and sent him a check, which he turned over to one of his creditors. The creditor, it is said, instead of cashing the check, used it for blackmail purposes against Prince Di Triglona, thus revealing the scandal.

It seems that the princess intended the meeting today to be the parting with her lover.

When Queen Helena was informed of the tragedy she fainted.

STRIKERS' RIOT AT SPRINGHILL

Men Who Returned to Work Stoned—Troops Galled Out After Many Were Hurt—Strange Action of Police.

Canadian Press.

Springhill, N. S., March 2.—The troops stationed here on account of the strike by coal miners, have at least found something serious to do today. They were called out today to suppress a fierce riot. The trouble began by the stoning of the houses of men who were strikers, but who have returned to work during the past few days. The stoning continued for some time, becoming worse and worse till the crowd numbered several hundreds and the disorder was tremendous.

Manager Sharpe and other officials did what they could to protect the company's property and to protect the men who were being assaulted. In the melee Mr. Sharpe was somewhat badly cut about the head. The town police took a hand and the arrests they made, strange to say, were of those who had been trying to preserve the peace while the men who caused the riot were unmoisted.

The troops were then called out and were restored. What will occur tomorrow it is hard to predict, but that there will be further trouble seems sure for there is a great deal of ill feeling.

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TRAGEDY IN HOTEL

Couple Found in Room With Woman Dead and Man Dying—Victim Was Lady in Waiting to Queen Helena, But Separated from Husband.

Special to The Telegraph.

Fredericton, N. B., March 2.—With spectacular display quite the equal of that seen in Fredericton on such an occasion in many years, Lieut. Governor Tweedie opened the fourth session of the present legislative assembly at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

In the speech from the throne, reference was made to the Campbellton fire and the propose to grant aid to the people. The death of King Edward and congratulations to King George as his successor were referred to. There was considerable about agriculture.

Reference was made to the abundant crops of the last year, and the increased number of agricultural societies. The importation of pure bred stock from Great Britain was touched upon. The higher prices for potatoes in Canada than in the United States had affected the trade with Cuba, but the farmers had been able to make up for this by sending their produce to the Canadian markets.

The successful fruit show in St. John last November was referred to, as well as exhibitions of New Brunswick fruit in Great Britain and Nova Scotia. It was expected that many more fruit trees would be planted this year.

The appointment of a poultry expert was mentioned as well as the immigration policy of the government and the work of A. Bowser, provincial agent to Great Britain.

Mention was made of the acceptance of the Jewish property at River Glade, for a sanatorium for tuberculous patients, and of a bill to assist local institutions.

The completion of the survey of the province of the Northern New Brunswick & Seaboard Railway from the iron mines in Gloucester county were referred to.

The question of maritime representation was touched on, also it was stated that the territorial revenue had greatly increased, that the price of school books would be reduced, and the work of the department of fisheries claims were unsettled.

The legislative programme will include a bill to amend and consolidate the public health, the public utilities act, and with regard to the Northern New Brunswick & Seaboard Railway, and a bill to authorize

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"The die is cast," said one of the Republican senators after returning to the capitol. "Mr. Taft has decided that there must be an extra session and that he will call it earlier than April 4."

It was announced that a conference would be held on the subject, probably Monday, to decide upon a date. March 20 was the date now talked about today at the capitol.

There was a feeling of confidence among friends of the Canadian agreement that within a week after the convening of the special session. It was suggested today that Representative McCall's name would not be carried on the bill, but that some Democrat on the new committee on ways and means would claim the right to report the measure and take charge of it on the floor.

Extra Session May Last All Summer.

Washington, March 2.—Democratic leaders in the house differ in their views as to the length of an extra session if the president should call one, but all the estimates are that the session will continue until some time between July 1 and Oct. 1.

Speaker-elect Champ Clark declared that four or five months would be ample, and the adjournment might be realized during July. Chairman Underwood, of the ways and means committee of the next house, feels that an extra session could wind up its business by Sept. 1. Representative Henry, of Texas, who will be one of the leaders in the next house, thinks the session might run on until Oct. 1.

Democratic leaders say that the reciprocity measure if not passed by the senate at the regular session will pass the house if the president should call an extra session.

Forty-Year Sentence for Robber.

Kansas City, Mo., March 2.—Andy Spaulding, known in police circles as a "daylight robber," today was sentenced to forty years in prison for robbing a house of jewels valued at \$100. Spaulding, 46, is years old. He has spent 25 years in prison.

WILL SEARCH FOR BROWN-TAIL MOTH

McIntosh to Look for Insect in This Province

LINE SAID TO BE SUFFERING

Advices Are That in Spite of Strenuous Efforts to Prevent it the Pest is Spreading Throughout the Annapolis Valley—Last Year's Conditions.

William McIntosh, of the Natural History Society Museum, will today commence a systematic search for traces of brown tail moth along the border of the province. This search is being undertaken at the request of the department of agriculture, and will probably last six weeks or longer. In addition to the work of examining all the orchards and other trees for traces of the egg cluster, Mr. McIntosh will address the pupils in the schools on the pest, exhibiting slides showing its life history in detail. Mr. McIntosh says that advices from Scotland are to the effect that in spite of the most strenuous measures adopted to prevent it, the brown tail moth is spreading through the Annapolis valley, and, however, the border country near the province is reported clear of the pest, especially in the southern portion, is suffering greatly from ravages of the moth, hence the vigilance necessary to keep it from coming into Brunswick from that quarter. Entomologists are busily engaged just now trying to find out a parasitical enemy of the moth which might kill it off. This has been successful in the case of the San Jose scale and other pests, which are disappearing wherever the parasite has been introduced. So far they have met with varying success, but it may be that finally something will be found which will effectually destroy this troublesome pest.

Has No Fear of Annexation.

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EASTER MILLINERY

Artistic styles will prevail in this year's Easter millinery. Helmetts of straw and lace styled directly from those of the olden days. Pictures of scores of antique hats in the museums are being used by the milliners. One helmet of straw, having very high polka-trimmed only at the back with two ostrich plumes in deep blue, would be a good metal helmet by a casual eye. Another most novel prediction is made of black straw, with set in



pieces of black and white striped simulating the plait mail of armor, wings used to trim some of these. They are made wider at the side by ribbon of the same color arranged in a bow. There is nothing fussy, flaring or soft or flowery about this style of millinery. It is severe and dry in the extreme.

LISH PRIESTS ON IMPORTANT MISSION

Father Seizinger, of England, who has been preaching the Mission on Sunday, did not arrive in the city yesterday afternoon, having been at Halifax since Saturday. He is on his way to the mission in Mirfield, Yorkshire, England, and will be in the steamer Corcoran. He is joined here today by Rev. Father Rev. Father, of the same mission. The latter is the superior of the community, having succeeded Bishop of Birmingham.

Three came out to this country for the purpose of conducting missions on behalf of the Holy Spirit, and will leave tonight for their respective destinations, where they will conduct their mission, commencing on Ash Wednesday, in St. Thomas' and St. Mary Magdalene churches. Before returning to their country they will tour Canada and the United States cities.

Speeches on the Address.

There was nothing of importance to mark the speeches that followed the reading of the address, those of the mover and seconder were of the usual colorless material, but well prepared and delivered. That of Hon. C. W. Robinson, leader of the opposition, was moderate but critical and convincing. Mr. Robinson spoke for nearly an hour, and in his review of the acts of the administration, touched upon many matters of importance which he promised to discuss more fully later. He did not spare the government in his reference to the administration of departmental affairs, and while many of his remarks bordered upon the humorous, they were none the less effective.

Premier Hazen, though he spoke for some time, was very general in his statements, and while critical of the opposition, made no statements out of the ordinary. Even his references to the Valley railway were of the usual unsatisfactory character, indicating a policy rather than a plan, and while the federal government might do. He will continue his speech tomorrow, and Mr. Copp will probably follow.

Tonight the usual state dinner was given by Governor Tweedie in the Queen hotel, and was attended by members of the government and the opposition, the members of the House, the members of the address, ex-Governor McCall and others.

There are some absentees from both sides of the house. Messrs. Young and Robinson are not here yet, the former being detained by illness. The same reason accounts for the absence of Messrs. Currie and LaBillon. Messrs. Lowell, Byrne and Sormany will arrive Monday.

This evening at the Queen Hotel, Lieut. Governor Tweedie gave the usual state dinner. Covers were laid for thirty-two. The banquet table was furnished with music and songs. The Lieutenant Governor, Hon. J. K. Fleming, Hon. John Morrisey, Hon. W. C. H. Grimshaw, Hon. Dr. Landry, Hon. C. H. McLeod, Hon. Robert Maxwell, the Chief Justice, the Bishop of Fredericton, Justice McKeown, Justice Barry, Hon. George J. Clark, Speaker H. B. Rainford, Clerk of the Legislature, the Sheriff and others were present.

(Continued on page 6, fourth column.)

LITTLE HOPE OF VOTE ON RECIPROcity

President Taft Will Call Extra Session March 20, if Senate Doesn't Act.

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CHINESE FAMINE GROWS ALARMING

Missionaries Estimate 1,000,000 Will Starve to Death Before First Crop is Harvested.

Peking, March 2.—Famine and the plague are sweeping over China. The known deaths from the plague number 30,000, and according to the official statistics the death rate averages 200 daily. But the officials have little knowledge of the conditions of the interior, or if they have, they are not permitting the facts to be known. There are few or no foreigners in the interior, and conditions there, for this reason, are not attracting much public attention. It is impossible even to estimate the number of deaths that have resulted from the lack of food. Dr. Samuel Cochran, an American who is engaged in the work of relief, writes:

"One million people will die before the first crop is harvested. This will be scanty because the people have not the strength to till the soil, and no animals remain for ploughing."

Physicians engaged in combating the disease are of the opinion that warm weather will kill the germs, although this may be only a temporary respite. If the plague were of the bubonic type, the summer heat would serve to suppress it, bubonic being conveyed by fleas, rats and other vermin, which thrive in warm atmospheres. The pneumonic type, on the other hand, is transmitted through the respiratory apparatus and as a consequence when the Chinese emerge from their winter quarters into the open air they will escape much contamination. It is said by the medical authorities that such an epidemic as the present one, which is entirely pneumonic, has not visited the world since the middle ages.

The missionaries who are distributing relief lists of many tragic occurrences, are on his way to meet them dying on the road; another falling by the wayside as he was returning to his family with a packet of rice. They describe the people as horrible skeletons, some of them with limbs hideously swollen. From the famine the death rate is several thousand daily.

NEW PAPAL DELEGATE AT OTTAWA MAR. 25

Ottawa, March 2.—Mgr. Stagni, the newly appointed papal delegate to Canada, will arrive in Ottawa on the 25th of this month. He will bring with him the decrees formulated by the plenary council held at Quebec two years ago, which only now have been approved by the Vatican.

His coming will be made the occasion of an official reception, the details of which have not yet been decided. It is probable, however, that the archbishops and bishops of Canada will again be invited to attend that the address will be presented.

INTERESTING AGRICULTURAL FEATURES FOR OUR COUNTRY READERS

ORIA

ght, and which has been borne the signature of been made under his perservation since its infancy...

STORIA

ate for Castor Oil, Pareps, It is Pleasant, It hines nor other Narcotic...

ORIA ALWAYS

ature of Patcher Always Bought for 30 Years.

S OF PROSE

liberty to do just what a man likes, he himself. I call him free who fears...

bird in the bush is worth in the bush

idea worth two coats of poor paint, that in buying a cheap best on the market...

WILLIAMS VARNISHES

Sherwin-Williams Varnishes are made from the best gums, pure linseed oil, pure turpentine, and are thoroughly aged.

Walt Philosopher

ing and snowing, and soon gentle hey for the raking and hoeing for our onions and squashes...

DAIRY FEEDING DAIRY COWS

Some General Suggestions—Care Before and After Calving.

In order to secure a large yield of milk, it is quite important that the cow or herd should be properly cared for...

Care of Fresh Cows.

The first meal for the cow should be about half a peck of white or, preferably, ground oats which have been allowed to stand covered for half an hour after pouring hot water over its contents...

CARE PREVIOUS TO CALVING.

ten days preceding the time for calving, the cow should be kept in a comfortable, well-ventilated box-stall or pen, in which there is no draught. The feed should be given in a box or basket, which should be removed after the feed is taken...

GENERAL SOIL CULTIVATION

The Importance of Good Tillage and Friable Seed Beds.

Crops depend upon the preparation of the ground to receive the seed as much as they do upon the nature of the soil. Soils that are naturally heavy require a larger crop than superior soils because they have been given better tillage...

GOOD SEED

It is a recognized fact that good seed is of vital importance in the production of good crops of any kind. It has been amply demonstrated that, for the main part, the crop grows from the seed of the preceding year, as a rule, the best source from which to secure seed.

HORTICULTURE STRAWBERRY CULTURE

How and When to Plant—Varieties and Cultivation.

The soil for strawberries should be a deep rich loam, capable of holding much moisture. Whether it be for family use or for market, it should be made deep and rich by the application of a heavy dressing of manure, well rotted if possible, and plowed under...

POULTRY BROODERS FOR CHICKS

After the Incubator This Machine Should Be Used.

If one is to use an incubator in hatching chickens, then he certainly ought to have a brooder to raise them in after they are hatched. If the desire is to raise broilers for the early market, then one ought to have a brooder house artificially heated...

STOCK WATERING ANIMALS

Water consumed by farm animals varies greatly. Many factors influence the amount of water consumed, such as the proportion of concentrates and roughage, the character of the feeds, the age, weight and condition of the animal...

WATERING ANIMALS

Water consumed by farm animals varies greatly. Many factors influence the amount of water consumed, such as the proportion of concentrates and roughage, the character of the feeds, the age, weight and condition of the animal...

MEAL HARD TO EARN

Tramp—"Kin I get a bite to eat here?" "No—Yes, if you'll wait till pile of wood."

OWNERS KNOW THE REASONS WHY IHC CREAM HARVESTERS PAY BEST

Let them tell you about the many profit-advantages of IHC Cream Harvesters. They know IHC superiority by actual experience. The local dealer will give you the names of some owners near you...

IHC Cream Harvesters

Look over the IHC separators they are using every day. Then consider these facts: The wearing out of parts and many other cream separator troubles are largely due to dust and milk getting into the gears...

WALTON'S

Walton's is a popular, it takes all the back-breaking labor out of wash day and sweetens the household's temper. It also thoroughly cleanses the clothes by forcing the water through them.

Suffragette vs. Aunt Salina

The Canadian housewife is much more interested in lightning household drudgery than in securing the right to vote. That is why the New Century Washer is so popular.

NEW CENTURY WASHER

is so popular. It takes all the back-breaking labor out of wash day and sweetens the household's temper. It also thoroughly cleanses the clothes by forcing the water through them.

ABSORBINE

Will reduce inflammation, alleviate pain, relieve itching, cure hemorrhoids, cure hemorrhoids, cure hemorrhoids, cure hemorrhoids...

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OFFICERS CHOSEN FOR REGIMENT OF DRAGOONS

Colonel McLean's Staff for New Cavalry Force Nearly Completed—The Composition of the Regiment—Some of the Officers Have Been Under Fire.

The organization of the 28th New Brunswick Dragoons, the new cavalry regiment composed of men from Queens, Sunbury, York, Charlotte and St. John counties, has been authorized under general orders of the militia department issued March 1.

The regimental headquarters will be in the city and there will be four squadrons, divided as follows: A-squadron, with headquarters at Oranmore; B-squadron, with headquarters at Gagetown; C-squadron, with headquarters at Fredericton; D-squadron, with headquarters at St. John.

The latter squadron will be composed of two troops from St. John county and two troops from Charlotte county. The uniforms will be very showy, including a tunic of scarlet, with facings of yellow.

The officers will be in command of the regiment. Colonel High H. McLean, M. P. The second in command will be appointed.

The squadrons will be: A-squadron—C. Herbert McLean, of St. John; B-squadron—Frank P. Day, of St. John; C-squadron—C. Herbert McLean, of St. John; D-squadron—Don S. Fisher, of Alban Sturdee is an increase of that preference to forty per cent.

Mr. Fisher, in making this agreement, had been too careful of the privileges of the Canadian manufacturers and the thanks he got was an organized campaign against the government, engineered by the manufacturers and aided by the banks, who were taking the savings of the Canadian farmers and loaning them in New York to finance the cotton crop and American industries generally.

The trouble with the Canadian manufacturers was that they were twenty years behind the times in management and plant. If their production were reduced to adopt modern methods and both they and the consumer would benefit.

The agricultural implement makers had built up the greatest manufacturing business in Canada on protection of twenty per cent. or less and this showed what could be done.

This treaty was just what the people of the maritime provinces had been praying for ever since he was a boy. It was just what the whole of Canada wanted. Mr. Middlebro followed with a condemnation.

IN THE COURTS Probate Court. The will of Joseph Marcus, merchant, was proved yesterday. He gives all his real estate to his wife, Ethel Marcus, who he nominates as executrix, and who was sworn in as such. The real estate consists of a freehold, No. 338 Union street, assessed at \$2,000; freehold, No. 48 Mill street, assessed at \$4,000; half interest in the Odd Fellows hall, assessed at \$14,000, subject to mortgages; leasehold, No. 189-193 Brussels street, assessed at \$1,800; and other personal property, amounting in all to \$5,800, besides life insurance. Burton L. Gerow is executor.

DANCE AT KINGSTON (N. B.) On the evening of Monday, Feb. 27, 1911, a social dance took place at the home of Mrs. George Bruce, at Kingston (N. B.), and the guests had a most enjoyable time. There were present Mr. and Mrs. J. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. Clair Scribner, Mr. and Mrs. Adino Wetmore, Mr. and Mrs. William Hennessy, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Earle, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Chase, Mrs. Peter, Mrs. Belyea, Mrs. Blanchard, Misses Helena Northrup, M. Saunders, Hazel Flewelling, Eleanor Dickson, Irene Dickson, Nellie Brunadage, Ethel Thompson, Hazel Wetmore, Annie Peters, Hannah Shampier, Effie Flewelling, Nellie Belyea, Vera Bruce, Phyllis Scribner, Messrs. White, Colville, White, J. Burgoise, Peters, Eddis Flewelling, L. Moffat, Linda Belyea, Edgar Shampier, Ronald Bruce, Aubrey Northrup.

School frocks for little girls show a continued adherence to the front panel effect, finished either with scalloping or braid.

SEVERAL CHANGES IN PROVISION MARKET PRICES

Flour Takes Another Drop and Oatmeal is Also Lower—Sugar Advances and Pollock is Higher—Quotations for the Week.

Business has been somewhat firmer in the market during the week, more especially in the provision markets. A few days ago oatmeal and flour took a drop, while sugar is on the advance. Manitoba high grade flour is now selling at \$6.25 and \$6.45 per barrel, while Ontario is offering at from \$5.15 to \$5.40. Cornmeal also took a slight drop during the week. Standard registered sugar is now selling at \$4.35 and \$4.65 and No. 1 yellow at \$4.55 to \$4.15. In the fish market pollock has advanced to \$4.30. Fresh haddock is 4 cents per pound. In the grain market prices remain practically about the same. Bran is very scarce at the present time, there being little or none offering on the local market. The following are the quotations for the week:

COUNTRY MARKET. Beef, western, per lb. 0.094; 0.11; Beef, butchers, per lb. 0.06; 0.1075; Beef, country, per lb. 0.0825; 0.094; Mutton, per lb. 0.09; 0.19; Pork, per lb. 0.0975; 0.10; Spring chickens, pair, 1.00; 1.20; Pork lamb, per lb. 0.12; 0.13; Veal, per lb. 0.08; 0.10; New potatoes, per bbl. 1.90; 2.09; Eggs, henney, per doz. 0.30; 0.30; Eggs, case, per doz. 0.00; 0.27; Tub butter, per lb. 0.20; 0.22; Roll butter, per lb. 0.21; 0.24; Lard, per lb. 0.08; 0.09; Hides, per lb. 0.24; 0.24; Calves, per lb. 0.00; 0.15; Ducks, per lb. 1.00; 1.25; Fowls, pair, fresh killed, 0.90; 1.25; Spring chickens, pair, 1.00; 1.25; Fresh milk, per gal. 0.10; 0.10; Turkeys, per doz. 0.25; 0.28; Pork, per lb. 0.35; 0.50; Celery, per doz. 0.00; 1.20; Maple syrup, per gal. 0.00; 1.25; Maple sugar, per lb. 0.12; 0.14; Bacon, per lb. 0.00; 0.16; Ham, per lb. 0.00; 0.16; Canned corn, per bbl. 0.00; 0.90; Beans, per bbl. 0.00; 1.25; Mushrooms, per lb. 0.50; 0.00; Squash, per lb. 0.00; 0.04; Turnips, per lb. 0.00; 0.00.

FRUITS, ETC. New walnuts, per lb. 0.12 to 0.13; Greenish walnuts, per lb. 0.14 to 0.15; Marbot walnuts, per lb. 0.18 to 0.00; Almonds, per lb. 0.13 to 0.14; California prunes, per lb. 0.08 to 0.09; Filberts, per lb. 0.11 to 0.12; Brazil, per lb. 0.14 to 0.15; Pecans, per lb. 0.14 to 0.16; New dates, per lb. 0.05 to 0.06; Peaches, per doz. 0.00 to 0.04; Bag figs, per lb. 0.04 to 0.05; Lemons, Messina, box, 3.00 to 3.25; Coconuts, per doz. 0.00 to 0.70; Bananas, per doz. 0.00 to 2.50; California oranges, navel, 2.75 to 3.00; Val oranges, per doz. 3.75 to 4.50; New onions, case, 0.00 to 1.40; New onions, bag, 0.00 to 1.40; New figs, box, 0.08 to 0.12.

PROVISIONS. Pork, domestic mess, 23.50 to 24.50; Pork, American plate, 22.75 to 26.75; Corned beef, 20.25 to 20.50; Corned beef, extra, 19.25 to 19.50; Lard, compound, tub, 0.12 to 0.125.

FLOUR, ETC. Oatmeal, standard, 4.55 to 4.90; Standard oatmeal, 5.35 to 5.40; Manitoba high grade, 6.35 to 6.45; Ontario medium patent, 5.15 to 5.20; Ontario full patent, 5.35 to 5.40.

CANNED GOODS. The following are the wholesale quotations per case: Salmon, cohoos, 6.50 to 6.75; Spring fish, 7.00 to 7.50; Finnan haddock, 4.40 to 4.50; Kipped herring, 4.25 to 4.40; Clams, 4.00 to 4.20; Oysters, Is., 1.35 to 1.45; Oysters, 2s., 2.25 to 2.50; Corned beef, 2s., 3.25 to 3.50; Peaches, 2s., 1.95 to 2.05; Pineapples, graded, 1.80 to 1.90; Singapore pineapples, 1.65 to 1.80; Lombard plums, 1.20 to 1.25; Raspberries, 1.85 to 1.90; Corn, per doz., 0.90 to 1.05; Peas, 1.20 to 1.30; Strawberries, 1.85 to 1.90; Tomatoes, 1.50 to 1.60; Corn, per doz., 0.90 to 1.05; Squash, 1.20 to 1.25; Spring beans, 1.05 to 1.10; Baked beans, 1.20 to 1.30.

GROCERIES. Choice seeded, Is., 0.084 to 0.084; Fancy do., 0.084 to 0.084; Malaga do., 2.35 to 2.35; Currants, cleaned, Is., 0.084 to 0.084; Cheese, per lb., 0.134 to 0.134; Rice, per lb., 0.054 to 0.054; Green tart, pure, box, 0.28 to 0.28; Bicar soda, per keg, 2.10 to 2.10; Molasses, fancy Barbados, 0.27 to 0.28; Beans, hulk picked, 2.15 to 2.15; Beans, yellow eye, 2.50 to 2.50; Split peas, 5.75 to 5.75; Pot barley, 5.80 to 5.80; Cornmeal, standard, 2.75 to 2.75; Granulated oatmeal, 4.66 to 4.66; Liverpool salt, per sack, ex store, 0.70 to 0.75.

SUGAR. Standard granulated, 4.55 to 4.65; United Empire granulated, 4.45 to 4.55; Bright yellow, 4.45 to 4.45; No. 1 yellow, 4.65 to 4.65; Paris lump, 5.50 to 5.60.

FISH. Small dry cod, 4.00 to 4.25; Large dry cod, 5.50 to 6.00; Pollock, 4.50 to 4.50; Grand Manan herring, 5.25 to 5.25; Half-bbl., 2.75 to 2.75; Fresh haddock, 4.50 to 4.50; Grand Manan herring, 5.25 to 5.25; Pickled haddock, 8.00 to 8.00; Fresh cod, per lb., 0.034 to 0.034; Boaters, per box, 0.85 to 0.85; Halibut, 4.35 to 4.35; Finnan haddies, 0.06 to 0.06; Kipped herring, per doz., 0.00 to 0.00.

LOCAL LEGISLATURE OPENS; STIRRING SESSION LIKELY

(Continued from page 1.) Howe, Hon. C. W. Robinson, Thomas A. Hartt, mover of the address, Mayor Thomas, Auditor Humphrey, D. O. C. W. McLellan, ex-Governor; Rev. Mr. McLaughlin, Chaplain of the Legislature; Dr. Mackenzie, coroner; J. Howe Dickson, Clerk of the Executive Council; Carter, Chief Superintendent of Education; D. P. MacLachlan, recorder of the address; Major Doull, R. C. R. Lieut. Col. Good, C. O. Lieut. Col. McKenzi, A. D. C.; Lieut. Col. MacLaren, P. A. M. C.; Capt. Guthrie, Commander of the Guard of Honour.

Mr. Hartt, in beginning his speech, referred to the death of King Edward and paid tribute to his successor, King George V. He said that the large hay crop in the province last year was a great success that had been in farming. He was very sorry, he said, that more attention had not been given to stock raising, but was glad to know that the farmers were interested in horticulture and in poultry raising. He thought New Brunswick ought to raise enough poultry to supply its own needs. He was glad to see that the province had been successful in raising eggs and beef, much of this had to be imported. He claimed some credit for the government in opening up the Cuban market for the shipment of eggs and poultry. He said that more than 300,000 barrels of potatoes had been exported to Cuba from New Brunswick last year. This year the Canadian market was more profitable, but the shippers at St. John had brought in potatoes from Maine, where the prices were not so high as here, and had shipped them to Cuba.

He said that the government had done something, and he was glad of it. He was glad of the opportunity. He had said that not only should the price of school books be lowered, but that they should be as far as possible. He did not, however, approve of the methods adopted by the present government in handling the school books. He thought that the system of school books scattered everywhere and many bad accounts would result in heavy loss to the province. He refused to accept a temporary loan of \$150,000 from the Dominion government, and he thought that the province should have a road work law, and that the government should have a road work law, and that the government should have a road work law.

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THE POTATO TRADE

Regarding the potato trade, the government is great credit to itself for encouraging the farmers of certain portions of the province to export potatoes to the Cuban market through the port of St. John. It is a good thing that there were more farmers in the houses.

There was a tremendous larger cut in Restigouche and other North Shore counties, most of which is from crown lands. He believed that the crown lands should be divided into districts with an inspector in each district. He did not say that under the old government the stumpage was all collected. As a matter of fact, he did not think it was, and he had so stated on more than one occasion. Until we had a more accurate system of scaling and accounting, it would not be possible to get full and accurate returns of the lumber cut on crown lands. He believed that in some cases an injustice had been done some operators and others had not paid as much as they ought. He had also been informed on good authority that the government had collected \$10,000 stumpage on logs cut in the province of Quebec.

Mr. Robinson—That is not so. No such transaction ever took place. Mr. Robinson—I do not myself know of the transaction, but I have it from what I consider reliable authority. Mr. Robinson—Nothing of the sort. Mr. Robinson said that the government should announce its policy with regard to crown land leases so that the lumbermen might know what to expect. He made a definite announcement should be thought at once.

Valley Railway. He felt that he could endorse the policy laid down by the government with respect to the St. John Valley Railway and he thought the government justified in guaranteeing bonds of the railway up to \$1,000,000. He thought that the time was ripe for the railway, and that it would go as far as was necessary to build a road of \$8,000,000. He thought the province should move very carefully in this matter and not involve the credit of the province in any way. He thought the road built and operated as a part of the Transcontinental system. He was very sympathetic with the residents of the district in which this railway was intended to serve.

As regards immigration, he hoped that the efforts being put forth by the government to bring in desirable settlers would be successful. He felt that the time was ripe for the province to receive immigrants, and that the government should be encouraged to bring in immigrants. He thought that the government should be encouraged to bring in immigrants.

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REPEATS CHARGE ABOUT ALBERT SOUTHERN RAILS

At a recent public meeting at Hampton he had made some statements with reference to the Albert Southern railway, and had been severely criticized for such statements. He had some papers supporting the government but he did not care to say that he would not dare repeat those statements when in the house face to face with the attorney-general. He was not sorry for what he said at Hampton and he was not misled by those sharp Kings county lawyers, Fowler & Jonah. If he read the report of the province had a mortgage on those rails and the government should never have permitted them to be taken up and sold. Mr. Pugsley, when attorney-general, said he would not allow the rails to be sold, and he had taken the proper stand. He believed that the province had a lien and it should have been enforced. Some steps should now be taken by the attorney-general to see that the creditors of the railway were protected. He should see who the creditors are and what became of the money. He would not care to take the mere word of Fowler & Jonah for it, or Mr. Trueman.

The creditors of the railway and the public do not know many things that were going on in the attorney-general's department, and particularly under Albert county, and it was high time the attorney-general took steps to make the public aware of the administration of justice and other matters. They do queer things in Albert county, such as arresting a man at his father's grave, and the other did not even arrest him in the village of Albert, but waited until he got to Harvey because that meant more mileage for him.

A great deal had been said by the government about their sales of bonds, and he had been severely criticized because he went to Montreal and made a temporary loan. He did so because the manager of the Bank of British North America had sold bonds of the province on a rising market and if he had waited he would have received a better price, but because of his hurry to sell the province had lost a good many thousands of dollars.

There were many other matters to be discussed, but he would not take up the time of the house today and would defer them for a future occasion.

Hon. Mr. Hazen. Hon. Mr. Hazen congratulated the mover and seconder of the address upon the exceptionally able manner in which they had performed their duties. He also congratulated the leader of the opposition upon the speech he had just delivered which, in his moderation, showed that there was apparently nothing in the address with which he could find serious fault.

The leader of the opposition had suggested that the reason so much attention had been given to agriculture in the speech from the throne was that the farmers of the province were in financial straits. He thought that the government should have a road work law, and that the government should have a road work law, and that the government should have a road work law.

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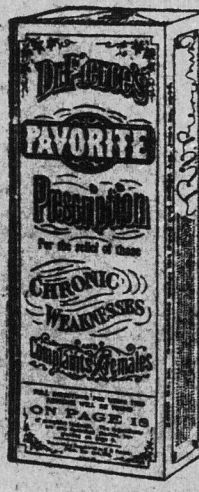
WANTED—A teacher to take school, Sisson Ridge, N. B. Apply to Percy Elliott, secretary, 177

Blasting Powder

Single and double tape fuses detonators.
Electric fuses, batteries.
Cast steel for drills.

W. H. THORNE CO., Limited
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Honored by Women



When a woman speaks of her silent sufferer she means Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the only medicine that has been honored by women of all ages and in all climes. It is the only medicine that has been so widely used and so highly recommended by the medical profession. It is the only medicine that has been so long and so successfully used. It is the only medicine that has been so widely and so successfully used. It is the only medicine that has been so long and so successfully used.

**IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG
IT MAKES SICK WOMEN WELL.**

No woman's appeal was ever misdirected or her confidence misplaced when she wrote for advice, to the **World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. J. C. Pierce, Resident, Buffalo, N. Y.**

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

"SICK AND ASHAMED"

(Toronto Globe.)
Sir William Van Horne, who is stated to have "just returned from Cuba," says regarding the reciprocity agreement: "I am sick and ashamed—too sick and too ashamed to say anything about the subject."

We do not wonder that Sir William is ashamed. He has been spending his time in Cuba, just like any other absentee landlord, and on his return home finds that the tenants of the old estate are getting out of hand. They have not yet reached the stage of insisting on wintering in Cuba, but they do insist on what is likely to prove the "farthest south" for most of them, an occasional trip to Buffalo or Detroit to dispose of a load of hogs or try their luck at swinging horses with some adventurous Yankee.

And on whom should the blame be laid for this unholiness to do business with the people of the north? Sir William recognizes himself as one of the culprits. He does well to be ashamed. He and Sir Edward Walker and Sir William Mackenzie have been making the path to the south straight and level for the farmer and the lumberman. Sir William some years ago took to Cuba a part of that ample fortune of his—made in Canada—and his splendid abilities as a railway administrator, and joining with him a number of United States capitalists whose fortunes had not been made in Canada, he built the Cuban railway, of which he is unquestionably President and possessor. A Canadian bank is treasurer of the railway, and it is reasonably certain that a good deal of Canadian money followed Sir William Mackenzie. This broad Dominion is not broad enough to keep this doughy railway knight on east and west lines. He has been a chief factor in the crea-

tion of the great railway light, and power systems of Rio Janeiro and Sao Paulo in Brazil and of the City of Mexico. Thousands of Canadian investors have forgotten all about the east and west theory of development, and have followed him and E. R. Wood and the rest of the new discoverers of South America.

Then there is Sir Edmund Walker. He is truly a saint above all that dwell in Jerusalem. For he is the controlling spirit in a great bank that gathers the savings of tens of thousands of Canadian farmers and does business on north and south lines. He has a very large seal and the southern end of the bank. But he is tainted money, for no real patriot would give Canadian farmers' savings to move crops north and south instead of east and west.

Sir William Van Horne is right. The men who, forgetting the sanctity of boundry lines, have used fortunes made in Canada and funds drawn from Canadian deposits to do business in Cuba and Brazil and Mexico and Porto Rico and the southern States, may well be ashamed of themselves. They have unwittingly aroused in the farmers of Canada the belief that business south of the border without imperiling the future of their country. Sir William Van Horne can show the true spirit of repentance by stopping his flirtation with Cuba. Sir Edmund Walker, by closing all his branch banks in the United States, Sir William Mackenzie by withdrawing from his South American ventures. We have simply got to keep business flowing in east and west lines or go to everlasting east.

MAKING SUCCESS OF SHEEP RAISING

Probably few people outside of the stock breeders are aware that within the last year a large sheep farm has been established in the vicinity of Sussex, and that the success that has attended the venture is likely to have the effect of inducing others to go more extensively into this line of work.

This pioneer of sheep raising on a large scale in New Brunswick, is James A. Teller, formerly a partner in the firm of Teller Bros., of Paris (Ont.), probably the largest sheep breeders in Canada. Mr. Teller is located in the meantime back of Sussex, overlooking the village of Markhamville.

As a member of the firm of Teller Bros., he traveled practically all over Canada, and the larger part of the United States, attending fairs and exhibiting stock, and he expresses the opinion that nowhere has he seen land more suitable for sheep-raising than right here in New Brunswick. He looked into two or three properties, any one of which he considered suitable for his purpose and ultimately decided to purchase three separate farms in the hills surrounding Markhamville, having a total area of about 750 acres. On this land he expects before very long to have about 500 sheep and to raise sufficient corn, alfalfa and other products necessary to help winter the sheep as well as supply his own private wants. At present his flock is hardly one-half of that number and he is laboring under certain disadvantages as the farm was uncultivated last summer

and he is unable to supply the diversity of diet to the sheep that he would like. So far the sheep have wintered well, but he most sanguine about his prospects. It is worthy to be able to do a little. Mr. Teller formerly lived in Paris, the home of the Penman Manufacturing Co. He says that this firm was very independent in spirit and that he preferred to send their representatives to the maritime provinces and get wool here which is admittedly of better fibre. It is understood that Mr. Teller secured the property at a very low price and represented the value of the buildings thereon, to say nothing of the timber available and he is firmly of the conviction that in the side of ten years he will be valuing his holdings at more than ten times the purchase price and this will be less than half what similar land would bring in Ontario. It is contended that sheep raising is not only profitable in itself, but that it is a sound and the cheapest and most efficacious way of fertilizing up-land. Mr. Teller is finding that the short-haired sheep are doing much better than the long-haired.

At the winter fair in Amherst, Mr. Teller won more than a fair share of the prize money, and he expects to come out all at the top this year. It is claimed that there are a lot of other good farms available for this industry and Mr. Teller was offered several others that he considered excellent for the purpose, and it was only after considerable thought that he decided upon his present location.

POND STREET MAN FOUND DEAD IN BED

John H. Doherty was Last Seen Alive Monday Evening—Coroner Decides That No Inquest is Necessary—Was in Ill Health.

Thursday, Mar. 2. Yesterday afternoon John H. Doherty, a resident of Pond street, was found dead in his room. The police were notified and Coroner Berryman was also summoned. After fully investigating the circumstances he decided that no inquest was necessary. It appears that Doherty, who was between 60 and 65 years of age, lived all alone. It is said that he was subject to epileptic fits.

As near as can be ascertained he was last seen alive on Monday evening when he was noticed going into his room. Yesterday afternoon some of the neighbors becoming alarmed at his non-appearance, went in and he was found lying on the

bed with his mouth buried in the pillow. It is supposed that the unfortunate man while getting ready to retire, was seized with a fit and fell where he was found, and was suffocated to death. Doherty leaves no close relatives.

REV. G. D. MILBURY WILL GO TO PARRSBORO, N.S.

Thursday, Mar. 2. At a largely attended meeting of the congregation of Tabernacle church, Haymarket square, last evening, the resignation of their pastor, Rev. G. D. Milbury, was accepted, as a result of a call which he received from Parrsboro (N. S.) a few weeks ago, and which he decided to accept. At a meeting which took place last week a vote was taken to reconsider. This he consented to do, but at last night's meeting he reaffirmed his decision and said he intended to accept the call from Parrsboro. A vote on his resignation was taken, and resulted in its being accepted. At the close of the meeting several speeches were made in which great regret was expressed at the departure of the pastor.

Mr. Milbury will continue in charge of the Tabernacle church until April 16. On April 23 he will take up his new duties in Parrsboro.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Daniel Russell.

Newcastle, Feb. 28.—The funeral of Mrs. Daniel Russell, took place from the home of her son, Daniel G. Russell, yesterday afternoon, interment in St. James' cemetery. Rev. S. J. MacArthur conducting services. There was a large attendance. The pall-bearers were: James Delano, Jared Tozer, P. Hennessy, John Foran, George Stables and O. Nicholson. Mrs. Russell was nearly 82 years of age. She had been blind the last seven years, but was otherwise quite strong and healthy, being seriously ill about a month. Deceased was a Miss Jane Firth, of Indiantown, in this county. Her husband died January 1, 1898. She was predeceased by Mrs. Allan Davidson, of Upper Derby, and the following sons: John W. Russell, Samuel A. Arthur, J. and Daniel G., all of Newcastle. She was a respected member of the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. Mary Perkins.

On Sunday, Feb. 26, at the bell of old Trinity, Kingston, was ringing to evening, there passed peacefully away at her home whither, seventy years ago, she had been brought a happy bride by her late husband, Moses J. Perkins, Mary T. Perkins, in the ninety-eighth year of her age. Mrs. Perkins, one of the oldest inhabitants of Kings county, was well known and beloved by her many friends and acquaintances. Her memory of the days of her youth was, up to the very last, remarkably strong, and her stories of the olden times were consequently of a most interesting character. She was predeceased by her husband and other, in the United States, Melvin and Edwin, in Kings county, and two daughters, Matilda, widow of Zechariah Parlee, of Parleville, and Louisa, wife of John G. Paddock, of home. She was the grandchild of and five great-grandchildren to mourn the loss of an affectionate and loving parent.

Mrs. Jeremiah Harrington.

Friday, Mar. 1. Mrs. Mary J. Harrington, wife of Jeremiah Harrington, died yesterday morning at her home, 49 Adelaide street, after a short illness. Many friends will read of her death with regret and will sympathize with the bereaved family in their loss. Mrs. Harrington is survived by her husband, five sons and three daughters. The sons are: Matthew, of Durango, Cal.; Michael, J. New Haven, Conn.; William, Robert and Phillip, of St. John. The daughters are: Mrs. Martin Dolan, of Golden Grove; Mrs. T. L. Murphy, and Mrs. J. McCann, of St. John. There are also three nephews—Phillip, of St. John, and William Graman, all of St. John, and one sister, Mrs. Hugh Morris, of Boston.

Mrs. Margaret Spearin.

Thursday, Mar. 2. The death of Mrs. Margaret Spearin occurred yesterday at her home, 19 Hammond street. She was seventy-two years old, and is survived by two sons—P. Alton, of this city, and Frank S., of Boston.

Murray Lodge.

Thursday, Mar. 2. Complaining that he was ill, Murray Lodge, a deck hand on the Eastern line steamer Calvin Austin, retired an early hour yesterday morning and died, less than an hour. The Austin arrived yesterday and docked at her berth at Reed's Point. That death came with awful suddenness is evidenced from the fact that he was working about up to 2 o'clock yesterday morning, apparently in his usual good health. He was retired to his cabin, and of feeling ill and his symptoms were such that word was sent for a physician, but before Dr. Walker arrived, Lodge was dead. Death was due to heart trouble, as a result of a severe cold. The coroner, Coroner Berryman decided that an inquest was unnecessary and gave permission to take the body to the dead man's home, Eastport (Me.).

John W. Nichols.

Thursday, Mar. 2. John W. Nichols, of 126 Adelaide street, foreman millwright employed in Sayre & Holly's mill, died yesterday morning after an illness of about four months from heart trouble. He was sixty years of age and leaves his wife, six daughters and one son. His wife is a daughter of Joseph Arnold, of Fredericton. The daughters are: Mrs. A. P. Simpson and Mrs. George Lynch, of this city; Thomas, of Boston, and Misses Susie, Mamie and Sarah, at home. The son is Guy, also residing at home. Mrs. Jane Hannah, of this city, is his sister, and William McDade is a half brother.

George Fairweather.

Thursday, Mar. 2. George Fairweather, an aged and respected resident of Hatfield's Point, Kings Co., died yesterday morning at his home. He was eighty-five years of age and was a native of Norton, Kings county. He was well known as a well digger and was very highly esteemed by all who knew him. He is survived by four sons and seven daughters. The sons are: William and John S., of St. John, and Abasalom and George, of Boston. The daughters are: Miss Maude, Mrs. Annie Dow, of Hanis, N. S.; Mrs. Robina Dow, Mrs. E. Allingham and Miss Alice, of Boston; and Miss Josie, of Redville, Pa.

Herbert M. Akerley.

At Kars, Kings county, (N. B.), Feb. 25, after a brief illness, at the age of twenty years, Herbert M. Akerley, died. He was much beloved by those who knew him. He is survived by his father, John M. Akerley, of St. John, and five brothers, John, of Denver (Col.); Dawson, of Boston; Eldon and Thos. Kars, at home, of St. John. Also three sisters, Mrs. Metan Monteith and Mrs. R. H. Dicks, of Cambridge (Mass.), and Mrs. Amos Clark, of St. John.

Stephan Clark.

Sackville, N. B., March 1.—(Special.)—Tonight at the residence of his daughter-in-law, Mrs. William Clark, the death took place of Stephen Clark, at the age of eighty years. He was born in Minidie (N. S.) and at an early age went to Wood Point, where he started a store, which he continued to run until about two years ago, when he suffered from serious illness which caused total blindness. He spent last winter in St. John as guest of his daughter, Mrs. John Campbell. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. John Campbell, St. John, and Mrs. Edward Johnson, West Sackville, and one sister, Mrs. James Purdy, Vancouver (B. C.). He also leaves a wife, formerly Mary Dugan, who as a young girl came to this country from Ireland. Deceased was a kind husband and father and a worthy

citizen, whose death will be heard with regret by many friends.

Mrs. Henry Galbraith.

After three days' illness, Mrs. Henry Galbraith, of Lorneville, died Wednesday. She was eighty years old and is survived by six daughters and two sons—Thomas and John, of Lorneville. Mrs. J. Sempie and Mrs. Lindsey, of Fairville, are daughters, as are Miss Jennie, Miss Agnes, Mrs. Jas. McLaughry, of Lorneville, and Mrs. Dalzel, of Grand Manan.

Mrs. Margaret Hopewell.

Gagetown, N. B., March 1.—Miss Margaret Hopewell, youngest daughter of John and Ruth Hopewell, died last evening. Deceased had been subject to epileptic fits for some time, which had become frequent of late and the effects of which proved fatal. Her sorrowing parents at home in their son, James. The funeral will take place tomorrow and burial be made in the Church of England cemetery.

Charles Scully.

Fredericton, N. B., March 2.—Chas. Scully died in the Victoria Hospital last night after a brief illness of pneumonia. He was seventy-two years of age, and a bachelor. One brother, John, resides in Portland. Mr. Scully served as alderman for Carleton Ward some years ago. He leaves considerable property, including Scully's Grove.

Jeremiah Crowley.

Word of the death of Jeremiah Crowley who died in East Boston after a lingering illness, has reached the city. Mr. Crowley was a son of the late Martin Crowley, of this city, and leaves a wife, two sons and three daughters. He was seventy-one years of age.

George McDermott.

Friday, Mar. 3. After an illness which had lasted since last June George McDermott died at his home, 230 Sydney street, yesterday, aged 68 years. A native of this city who had lived here all his life, he was well known and popular. He is survived by his wife, four sons and one daughter. George A. John, Joseph P. and Greg, all of this city, and Philip, of St. John. The daughter of this city, is a sister, David McDermott, of this city, is a brother, and Mrs. J. Brennan, of Boston, is a sister.

Mrs. Henry King.

Monday, March 2.—(Special.) The death of Mrs. King, wife of Henry King, Sunday Brae, occurred in the City Hospital this morning, following an operation about three weeks ago. Deceased was 29 years old and is survived by her husband and infant child, a few weeks old.

WEDDINGS

Mullaly-Griffin.

Wednesday, Mar. 1. In the Cathedral yesterday morning a pretty wedding was solemnized in the marriage of Miss Griffin, of this city, and Wm. O. Mullaly, of Queens County, N. Y., who now residing in this city. Mr. Mullaly was supported by Thos. Cogger, while Miss Jennie Griffin acted as bridesmaid. The bride was neatly attired in a travelling costume of blue, and wore mink hat and furs. Her bridesmaid was being comely young woman in green panama with hat to match. Following the wedding ceremony, at which Rev. A. W. McLaughry officiated, luncheon was served at the home of the bride's sister-in-law, Mrs. John Cogger, 375 Haymarket square, and later Mr. and Mrs. Mullaly left for a wedding trip to Montreal. In their absence they will reside at the Narrows, Queens county.

Moody-Odell.

The marriage took place in this city Tuesday of Albert E. Moody to Laura Jane Odell, both of Musquash. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Raymond, of St. Mary's church. He also officiated at the marriage of John C. Stewart, of Garrettsville, of Simons, to Miss Margaret Springle daughter of William Springle, of St. John. The bride was bridesmaid and W. B. Emery was best man.

McLeod-Seeds.

A pretty home wedding took place Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. T. W. Seeds, 145 Duke street, when her daughter, Miss Eleanor A., was united in marriage to Herbert W. McLeod, of Penobscot, a member of M. R. A. Ltd. office staff. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. A. Armstrong, rector of Trinity church, and there were no attendants. After a wedding breakfast and Mrs. McLeod left for the Boston train for a trip to New York. They will reside here.

LOCAL NEWS

Correspondents who send letters to The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and who wish to have them returned if they are not printed, must send stamps for return postage.

A Montreal paper says: The marriage of Miss Winifred Penney, eldest daughter of the late Colonel Alexander Temple Cox, Indian army, and of Mrs. Cox, Belgium, Hobart, Tasmania, and Captain Clad Hardings Hill, the Royal Canadian Regiment, was celebrated at the home of the bride, Mrs. W. H. Hill, of Halifax (N. S.), has been announced to take place in June.

A meeting of the creditors of T. H. Sommers took place Tuesday afternoon in the office of J. Roy Campbell, the assignee. The liabilities were placed at \$88,000, and the assets at \$32,000. S. G. Gervoy, C. H. Ferguson, J. King Kelley, and A. A. Wilson, K. C., were appointed inspectors. The meeting was adjourned to meet again in April.

George Robertson, deputy receiver-general and manager of the Dominion Savings Bank here, received word from Ottawa Wednesday of the new regulations affecting government savings banks in regard to deposits. The maximum amount any one person has been allowed to have on deposit is \$3,000, including interest, and \$1,000 all that could be deposited in one year. These amounts have been increased to \$5,000 and \$1,200 respectively.

MAIL ORDERS A SPECIALTY

If You Want Really Good UNDERMUSLINS At Low Prices Buy them from this store by mail, or if in the city call and examine the garments and prices themselves

Underskirts

WHITE LONGCLOTH UNDERSKIRTS in a huge variety of styles, with deep Valenciennes or Torlon lace. Price range 60c. to \$1.50 each.

Corset Covers

LAWN NAINSOOK OR LONGCLOTH CORSET COVERS, handsomely trimmed in a huge variety of styles, with lace or embroidery, many with deep embroidery and beading with ribbon run through. Price range from 25c. to \$2.00 a yard.

Dress Goods

FRENCH BROADCLOTHS, 52 inch, \$1.55 a yard.
ORIFLON BROADCLOTHS, 48 inch, \$1.35 a yard.
STREET CHERIOTS, 44 inch, 75c. a yard.
ALMA CLOTHS, 44 inch, \$1.10 a yard.
SANTOY SUITINGS, 42 inch, \$1.30 a yard.
TWEED SUITINGS, 44 to 56 inch, 75c. to \$1.75 a yard.
SHEPHERD PLAID SUITINGS, 42 to 56 inch, 55c. to \$1.20 a yard.

Night Dresses

Fine Longcloth or Nainsook Night Dresses, made with V neck, Dutch neck or high neck, flannel, trimmed with fine tucks, Val. or Torlon lace or Hamburg embroidery cut full and all full length. Price range, 75c. to \$1.50 each.

Drawers

All desired shapes, made of superior Longcloth or Cambric elaborated in a wide range of styles, with fine tuckings, lace or embroidery. Price range, 30c. to \$2.00 each.

Wash Goods

GINGHAMS, 27 inch, 15c. to 35c. a yard.
ENGLISH CAMBRICS, 31 inch, 15c. a yard.
BRAHMA LINENS, 27 inch, 38c. a yard.
VOILES, 27 inch, 28c. to 35c. a yard.
DIMITIES, 28 inch, 25c. a yard.
BELLOCORE SUITINGS, 42 to 56 inch, 25c. a yard.
OTTOMAN CORDS, 27 inch, 55c. a yard.

TRIMMINGS to match all dress goods.
SILKS for dresses or linings, etc.
NOTIONS and small wares to meet all requirements.
UNDER MUSLINS OR CORSETS to suit all figures.
MILLINERY—The most stylish and up-to-date.
LACES OR EMBROIDERIES for wash dresses.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY in big varieties.

PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO. King St. St. John, N. B.

FARMERS SORE AT THEIR TREATMENT

Government Turns Down Proposal of Association to Aid Dairying. Many Speakers at Fredericton Meeting Favor More Representation in Legislature So That They Can Get Fair Play.

Fredericton, March 1.—The Farmers and Dairymen's Association at tonight's meeting devoted their attention to dairying, the greater part of the sessions being taken up with a discussion of the industry and means of bettering it. President Hatheway introduced the subject of discussion, stating that a committee had been appointed at a previous session to wait upon the government and ask that a system of bonusing dairy cows be adopted, the remains of both the province be tried. The experiment would cost about \$5,000. E. A. Schofield, of St. John, reported on behalf of the committee, which was composed of dairymen from two counties of the province he tried. The experiment would cost about \$5,000. E. A. Schofield, of St. John, reported on behalf of the committee, which was composed of dairymen from two counties of the province he tried. The experiment would cost about \$5,000.

AGED SISTERS DEAD IN HOME

Sad Occurrence in North End; Sudden Death of Mrs. Margaret Looney and Miss Mary A. Ferrie.

Wednesday, Mar. 1. In their home, 25 Moore street, this city, two sisters who from childhood have been almost constantly together, lie side by side in death. Only a week ago both were apparently in the best of health. They are Mrs. Margaret Looney, widow of William Looney, and Miss Mary A. Ferrie, who lived with her. On Wednesday last Mrs. Looney contracted a heavy cold which developed into pneumonia and on Saturday evening she passed away. Night and day during the illness her sister attended to her wants. In the faithful discharge of her painful duty Miss Ferrie contracted a severe cold and last night, the eve of her sister's burial, succumbed. The already stricken home was plunged into greater grief and in the same room the remains of both were laid side by side. Both were elderly women, Miss Ferrie, who died last evening being in the 73rd year of her age. She was very well known in the North End. She was born in this city. The funeral of her sister, Mrs. Margaret Looney, will take place this morning to St. Peter's church, where requiem high mass will be sung.

SHOT HIMSELF

Andrew S. Foster Selected Old Graveyard as Place in Which to Die. Had Been Troubled With His Head Since Receiving an Injury About a Year Ago—Left Message of Farewell to His Wife—Leaves Two Children.

Thursday, Mar. 1. Andrew S. Foster, who lived at 3 Leinster street, committed suicide yesterday morning in the old graveyard by shooting himself through the body with a revolver. No reason can be assigned for his act except that he had been troubled with his head since receiving an injury about a year ago. This, with the fact that he had been troubled with his head, the result, it is said, of a fall he sustained about a year ago. He thought prepared upon his mind to such an extent as to drive him to the commission of self-destruction. In one of his pockets was found an instant message addressed to Mrs. A. S. Foster, his wife. This was taken care of by the coroner, who took it to the widow during the afternoon and read it to her. Neither the coroner nor Mrs. Foster, however, would say anything of the contents except that it was in the nature of a farewell to his wife. Besides his wife Foster is survived by two daughters, Miss Hilda, of Boston, and Mrs. Walter Boyce, of Winchendon (Mass.). About 10.10 a. m. the neighborhood of the old burying ground was startled by a shot which was fired from the body of Andrew S. Foster. The shot was among the first to reach the scene. They found Foster lying across a stone tablet with his head hanging over the edge. Sergeant Campbell, after ascertaining that there was life in the man, hurried over to the central police station and telephoned to Dr. Berryman. In the meantime those who were left straightened the body. Detective Killen was the next to arrive and he was closely followed by Dr. Berryman, who had been visiting a patient in the Edward Hotel. Life, however, was removed before then and the body was removed to the morgue. Up to that time there had been no clue to the man's identity. Detective Killen found in the pockets a small leather card case containing an identification card bearing his name and a certificate of membership in the Royal Arcanum, 1890, of Springfield (Mass.). Besides the letter addressed to his wife, other articles found were a tobacco pouch, one cent, a small leather pocketbook and a gold watch and chain bearing a charm with the initials 'Y. M. C. The man was between 60 and 65 years of age and of powerful build. He was a native of Sussex, but had lived for many years in Springfield (Mass.), coming here about a year ago to take up the position of foreman in the employ of T. S. Simms & Co. Ltd. L. W. Simms, when seen, said that deceased had been an industrious workman while in their employ but had complained of his head being affected on various occasions. It was learned yesterday that Foster had left his home about 10 o'clock with the declared intention of seeing a doctor. It is thought probable that he had bought the revolver. He was seen by several people walking slowly up and down the path of the old burying ground, and Sergeant Hastings, looking from the window of Police Clerk Henderson, saw him probably just one minute before the fatal shot was fired. The matter caused considerable excitement, especially since the identity of the dead man was in doubt for a while, and many rumors were afloat. The unfortunate man does not seem to have been well, but externally, there was blood on his face, but this, it was thought, was from an injury sustained by falling over the tombstone on which he sat. The body was taken care of by Undertaker Charles Berlin, who removed it to the home of Leinster street late in the afternoon. Mrs. Foster was naturally almost overcome with grief at the sad ending of her husband's

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

LORNEVILLE MAN BADLY INJURED AT SAND POINT

Wednesday, Mar. 1. With his jaw broken, and otherwise badly injured, Samuel Wean, of Lorneville, was taken to the General Public Hospital last evening as the result of an accident while at work on the Allan line steamer at Sand Point. As the unfortunate man fell a distance of about thirty-five feet between the steamer and the wharf, his escape from instant death was miraculous. The accident occurred about 4 o'clock, and went with other longshoremen was at work loading the Corsican, which is at No. 3 berth. He was standing on the landing stage while cargo was being lowered into the hold, when in some manner he lost his balance and fell headlong between the steamer and the wharf. His head struck the side of the dock as he fell. Although he fell into the water, the speed seemed scarcely sufficient to allow him to go down. Willing hands soon had him on the dock and he was carried into the shed in an unconscious condition. A coach was summoned and the man hurried to the General Public Hospital where it was found that his jaw was broken and he was otherwise badly injured. Wean is thirty-eight years old and has a family in Lorneville. He boarded at 10 Queen street, West End. It is not believed that his injuries will prove fatal.

E. RAY TO SUCCEED E. S. KIRKPATRICK IN CUBAN COMMERCIAL

Ottawa, March 6.—J. E. J. and E. S. Kirkpatrick as a result of their departure to Cuba, who has a number of department of commerce.