

Signs Appearing That Marshal Von Ludendorff Intends to Strike Shortly, Possibly in Flanders

The St. John Standard

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TWENTY-FOUR PAGES

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1918.

WEATHER—SHOWERY

PRICE TWO CENTS.

BRITISH ADVANCE IN FLANDERS; FRENCH MAKE BRILLIANT DASH

Attacking on Front of Four and a Half Miles French Make Gains

Southwest of Soissons, From South of Amblemy To the East of Mont Gobert They Capture German Positions and At Some Points Advance Their Line To Depth of Mile and a Quarter.

French Bring Down or Put Out of Action Twenty-Five Machines and Burn Four Captive Balloons Little Change in the Situation on Eastern Front.

Paris, June 28—Southwest of Soissons French troops in an attack over a front of four and a half miles from the south of Amblemy to the east of Mont Gobert today captured German positions and at some points advanced their line to a depth of a mile and a quarter, says the French official communication this evening. Prisoners to the number of 1,060 thus far have been counted.

The communication follows: "South of the Aisne we attacked this morning from the south of Amblemy to the east of Mont Gobert in order to acquire armed places on a seven kilometre front. We entered German works, took the fosses above Lavarsine and the heights northwest of Cutry and advanced our lines near the west of St. Pierre Aigle and also on the hill south of this objective.

"Our advance reached at some places a depth of two kilometres. We have taken until now 1,060 prisoners."

Huns Loss 25 Machines
Aviation on June 28-27—Twenty-five machines were brought down or put out of commission and four captive balloons were burned. Our bombing squadrons in the same period during the day and night dropped 58 tons of projectiles on aviation grounds along the Somme and Aisne and on communications and bivouacs at Rosieres-en-Santerre, Fismes and Guignicourt and the stations of Soissons, Fere-en-Tardenois and other places. Two munition depots were exploded and several fires were observed.

Army of the east—There has been continuous reciprocal artillery activity in the region of Doiran and west of the Ypres. The artillery has been normal in the region of Monastir. An enemy detachment which attempted to approach our line near Kravitsa was repulsed. Italian troops have carried out with success a surprise on an enemy position on Hill 1050.

There has been a bombardment by allied aviators of enemy bivouacs northwest of Givelli and of the depots at Cernate.

ALLIES STRIKE BEFORE ENEMY

Coming German Offensive Anticipated By Foch Who Orders Simultaneous Attacks At Points One Hundred Miles Apart.

(Undated war lead by The Associated Press.)

The British troops in Flanders and the French forces further south apparently have anticipated the proposed German drive toward the English channel ports or Paris and struck first.

Although slight details of the manoeuvres thus far have been revealed, the Allied troops caught the enemy unawares at salient points, and driving swiftly forward, took terrain which would have been of considerable value at the starting points of enemy attacks. In addition a comparatively large number of prisoners and machine guns were left in the hands of the troops.

British Attack.

The attack of the British was delivered about midway between Hazebrouck and Bethune on a front of nearly three and a half miles over territory which the Germans recently have

ANOTHER RAID!

Bulletin:—Paris, June 29—Some enemy airplanes flew in the district of Paris last night. A few bombs were dropped, but there were no victims. The alarm was sounded at 11.30 p. m. and the "All Clear" signal at 12.30 o'clock this morning.

NEW GERMAN ATTACK EXPECTED SOON ON WEST BATTLEFRONT

Field Marshal Von Ludendorff's Reserves Are So Disposed That He Can Throw Them Against Any Point Northeast or East of Rheims in Attempt To Get To Channel Ports, or He May Resume Movement Towards Paris, Lengthening Defensive Line—Americans Prepare To Figure Prominently in Fighting.

Special Cable to New York Tribune and St. John Standard. (By Arthur S. Draper.)

London, June 28—The new German attack, perhaps only a feint, is expected shortly. There are signs that Ludendorff intends to strike somewhere around Ypres, but his reserves are so disposed that he can throw them against any point northeast of Rheims, even to the eastward of the battered half encircled city. It is believed the next attack is a matter of hours rather than of days, its time and course depending upon weather which has been unusually changeable the last fortnight.

Ludendorff has these alternatives: First, to attack Ypres with the channel ports as objectives; second, to drive toward Amiens, with the hope of dividing forces and pinning down the bulk of the British in a narrow area; third, a resumption of the campaign for Paris with simultaneous attacks down the Oise and Marne; fourth, to push east of Rheims with the object of splitting the French army and lengthening his defensive line.

Divisions which fought at the Somme and Lys were withdrawn far from the battle area, rested, reorganized, trained and organized for offensive tactics and it remains a very serious menace. Ludendorff has benefited by the lull, but the same can be said of the Allied army. When the next crisis comes the Americans will play a larger part, and their fine work in the small but brilliant engagements have won them the confidence of their generals, who are certain to entrust them with heavier tasks.

Recent communiques contain few clues to the enemy's intentions. Whereas London enjoyed a long spell of immunity from aerial attacks, Paris and German Rhineland towns suffered considerably from assaults from the air. Metz has been bombed frequently during the past fortnight while the last enemy attack on Paris is reported to have been especially severe. These night raids attract most attention, but they are small in comparison with the nightly bombing expeditions behind the fighting line.

Bolsheviki Believed To Be Overthrown

Many Unconfirmed Reports Come From Russia of Further Revolutions in That Distracted Country.

London, June 28—According to unconfirmed reports today the Bolsheviki government has been overthrown, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen. Moscow, the report adds, has been captured by General Korniloff, supported by German troops.

Another Revolution. Metersdam, June 28.—Professor Paul Milukoff, leader of the Russian constitutional democrats, and Alexander J. Guchkov, Octoberist leader, have placed themselves at the head of a counter-revolutionary movement, according to the Vossische Zeitung, which is quoted in a telegram from Berlin to the Dutch press.

The Wolf Bureau's advises that Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich of Russia is at Omsk and is heading an anti-Bolsheviki movement. Grand Duke Michael, it is stated, has refused to assume the throne, preferring to leave the decision to an all-Russian population assembly.

NOTABLE SERVICE BY SERBIANS IN ENGLISH CHURCH

London, June 28.—Representatives of allied nations attended the solemn celebration of the Serbian National Day in London today. For the first time in history, priests of the Eastern orthodox church officiated at a service in an English Episcopal church. The service was held in the Church of St. Mary-Le-Bow, on Cheapside, one of the most ancient shrines of the churches of England.

Three Serbian priests of the Greek church in full robes and mitres and accompanied by incense bearers, officiated with the assistance of a bishop of the Church of England. The Eastern orthodox liturgy of St. Chrysostom was celebrated, for the repose of the souls of the warriors who fell for the cause of freedom on the field of Kosovo and for all the Slav and allied soldiers in this war who have together laid down their lives for liberty and mankind. The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs attended the service with their suites.

ELEVATOR FELL; WORKMAN HURT

Samuel Rolston Severely Shocked and Head Injured—Was Passenger in McAvity Elevator.

Samuel Rolston, 99 St. Patrick street, an employee of T. McAvity and Sons' Water street plant, was conveyed to the hospital yesterday as the result of an accident.

About 4.30 p. m. yesterday he was ascending in a elevator when he was struck by the elevator car which fell from the top of the shaft. He was violently thrown to the floor when the elevator struck the bumpers and hit his head on the floor, causing a deep gash back of his left ear.

He was unconscious for a time but soon revived. The ambulance was called and conveyed him to the hospital. Upon enquiry at this institution it was stated the injured man had received a bad shaking up but would be around again in near future.

RESIDENCE OF L. N. SCHOFIELD, NORTON, DESTROYED BY FIRE

Origin of Blaze Unknown—Total Loss Estimated At About \$5,000.

Special to The Standard. Norton, June 28.—The fine residence of L. N. Schofield near this place, with a number of outbuildings, was totally destroyed by fire a few days ago and the loss to Mr. Schofield will be heavy. The origin of the fire is unknown as at the time there was very little fire in the house. When the flames were noticed they had gained such headway that it was impossible to do anything to save either the building or its contents and the family were turned out with only the clothing they had on their backs.

NO STANDARD ON MONDAY

There will be no issue of The Standard on Monday, Dominion Day. Tuesday's edition will contain an account of the celebration in the province, including the horse races and games.

Much Territory Taken By British In Surprise Movement In Flanders

Surprise Advance of Nearly One Mile Made Between Belleau and La Bassee Over Front of Nearly Three Miles and a Half—West of Merris the Australians Capture Many Positions.

Offensive Was At Point Where Enemy Thrust Was Hardest in Flanders Battle In An Effort To Capture the Forest, Which Would Have Opened His Way To Hazebrouck.

London, June 28—A successful advance of nearly a mile was made today by the British troops between Belleau and La Bassee according to Reuter's British headquarters' correspondent. The correspondent says the captured ground lies at the most debatable point on the British front just west of the Bois D'Aval, which forms the northeast angle of the Nieppe Forest.

"The offensive was at a point where the enemy thrust was hardest in the Flanders battle in an effort to capture the forest, which would have opened his way to Hazebrouck, the capture of which would have entailed our retirement from Ypres," says the correspondent.

"The attack was launched at six o'clock this morning on a front of 6,000 yards from Vieux Becquin to Pont Tournai, its objective being the line of the small stream called the Plate Becque, 1,500 yards away. The objectives were completely attained and give us valuable ground for future attacks.

"Some 300 prisoners and six machine guns were captured."

A Wide Front. London, June 28.—British troops in attacks against the Germans have advanced their line over a front of nearly three and a half miles to an average depth of nearly a mile east of the Nieppe Forest, which lies between Bailleul and Bethune, according to the British official communication issued this evening. West of Merris Australian troops also captured enemy positions. On both sectors prisoners and machine guns were taken.

The text of the communication follows: "This morning English troops carried out a successful operation on a front of about three and a half miles east of the Nieppe Forest. Our line on this front has been advanced to an average depth of nearly a mile and more than 300 prisoners and 22 machine guns have been captured. All of our objectives were gained, including the hamlets of L'Epinette, Verterre and La Becque.

"The enemy was taken by surprise and our casualties are light."

At the same hour Australians attacked and captured certain hostile posts west of Merris, together with 43 prisoners and six machine guns. "On the remainder of the British front the situation is unchanged."

ITALIAN VICTORY WAS GRAND ONE

Special Cable to The New York Tribune and The St. John Standard. (By Hilaire Belloc.)

London, June 28.—The Austrian offensive being for the present a dead thing, we may now look into the events of the last few days with a clearer understanding of the extent of the enemy's ambitious scheme and how it was foiled by Italian strategy. Italy has won one of the greatest victories of the war. She has thoroughly punished the Austrian invader after he struck with the maximum force that that could be mustered. Not only has she held her own, but she has inflicted a defeat which taken into consideration with the internal situation in the Dual Monarchy, may have serious consequences.

The Italian high command is not becoming intoxicated by its victory. While Austria had several bridges destroyed (Continued on page 2).

NO CONFIRMATION OF REPORT OF NICHOLAS' DEATH

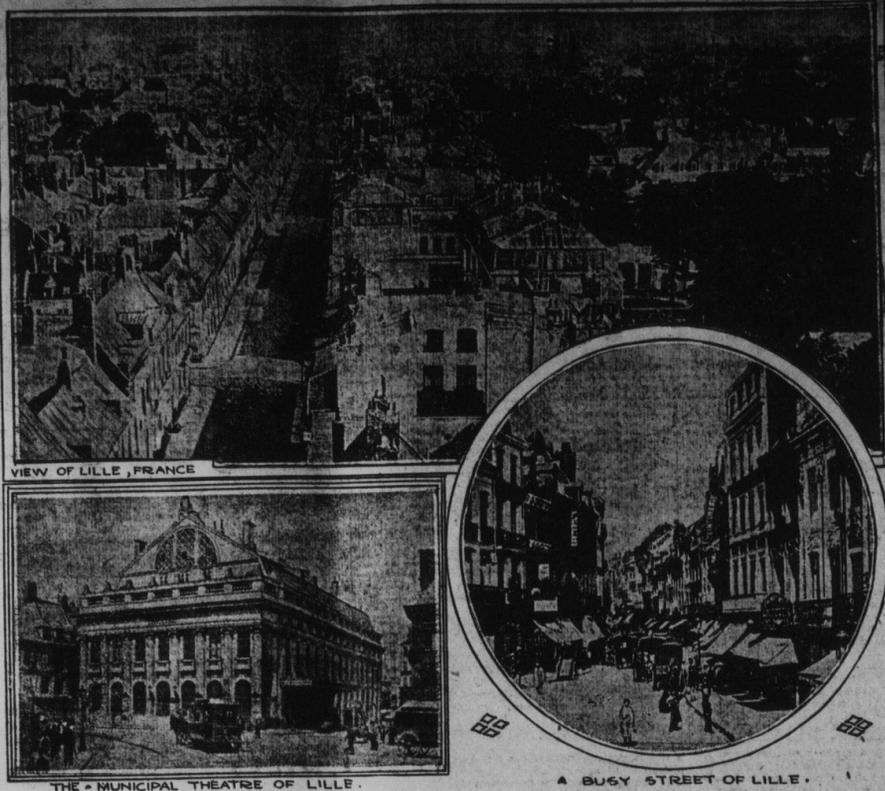
MORE UNVERIFIED REPORTS OF DEATH OF FORMER TSAR

Ukraine Newspaper Hears He Was Killed By Guard During Quarrel—Report of Death Received At Darmstadt, Germany, Former Home of Ex-Empress of Russia, Who Was Princess Alix of Hesse.

London, June 28—At the Russian embassy it was declared today that no official confirmation had been received of the report that the former Russian Emperor has been assassinated. If the report is true the crime is not a political one, according to the embassy officials, but merely an act of brutality on the part of an angry guard.

Regarding the unexpected appearance in London of Alexander Kerensky, the former premier of Russia, the embassy said it knew of his presence here for several days but chose to let him take his own time for revealing his identity.

The former premier left Russia under an assumed name because of the Bolshevik menace and on account of a price being placed on his head, it was stated. His flight, which lasted several months, was attended by adventures of all sorts. He embarked at Mourmansk for England. Members of the Russian embassy added: "Kerensky's political action will obviously consist of showing the Entente Allies the necessity of intervention in Russia."



VIEW OF LILLE, FRANCE

THE MUNICIPAL THEATRE OF LILLE

A BUSY STREET OF LILLE

POWER BOAT CLUB ANNUAL REGATTA ON DOMINION DAY

Fleet Leaves Marble Cove At Ten a.m.—Will Cruise To Belyea's Point — Programme of Sports Arranged.

The St. John Power Boat Club annual regatta will take place on Monday. The yachts will cruise to Belyea's Point where an excellent programme will be carried through. All returned soldiers and their families are invited to be present. The programme arranged is as follows:

The fleet will leave Marble Cove at 10 a. m. Commodore Chesley in command. The fleet will be reviewed by Commodore Chesley and prizes will be awarded to the best decorated boat in the cruise up river to Belyea's Point.

The racing course will be about two miles long, from Belyea's Point up to Carter's Point and return. A small boat will be anchored at Carter's Point as a turning buoy. In turning this buoy will be kept on the port side. Two small boats will be anchored at starting point about two hundred yards apart. All boats must finish race between starting boats.

Five minutes before starting race a flag (Blue Peter) will be run up on Commodore's boat "Get Ready". Two minutes before starting flag will be dropped half way. "Get in Line." Race will start when Commodore drops flag over side of boat. Recalling of boats on false start. "Flag will be waved back and forth by starting judge, on the bridge of Commodore's boat."

All members entering races are to have boats ready to be called upon at any time. Races may not be run as shown under.

First race will start at 2 p. m. sharp.

First Race—Cabin Cruisers.

"Quits" owned by F. Roberts
"Caledonia" owned by B. Roberts
"Terry" owned by A. P. Chesley
W. Bagnell

A Drop On a Touchy Corn

Instant relief! Then corns or callus lifts off with fingers.

Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without one twinge of pain. A Cincinnati man discovered this other compound and named it Freesone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of Freesone for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off. Freesone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the skin. Hard corns, soft corns, or corns between the toes, as well as painful blisters, are being dynamited out today. One large span was successfully blown out and safely landed to the shore. The work of tearing out the huge wooden structure will occupy some time.

Second Race—2-Cylinder, 6 H. P.

"Berton L. Palmer," owned by Geo. Palmer
"Cuta" owned by Walter Roberts
"Clara B." owned by Chas. Barton

Third Race—Class 6 H. P.

"Edna M." owned by Jas. Gorey
"Arcilla" owned by Cap. Colwell
"Albert" owned by Samuel Odell
"Elgin A." owned by F. Armstrong
"Chick" owned by H. Lemon
"Duck" owned by M. Bagnell
"Prize" owned by H. Vincent
"White Duck" owned by W. Bagnell

Fourth Race—3 and 4 H. P.

"Doo" owned by H. Pitt
Warren King

Fifth Race—Sixia Speed Boats.

"Toothpick" owned by H. Holder
"Speedway" owned by N. Harrington
"Mascott" owned by R. Belyea
"Margaret H." owned by R. Andrews
"Lens" owned by H. Vincent
"White Duck" owned by W. Edgett

Sixth Race—Speed Boats.

"Malin" owned by S. Harrison
"Dixie I." owned by J. Froelicham
"Dixie II." owned by W. Davis
"Solma" owned by C. H. Belyea

Seventh Race—Bang and Go Quick

Open to all members.

Eighth Race—Board Race.

Ninth Race—Tender Race.
(Club Members)

The sailing and racing committee request that all members and their families be present, accommodating as many of our returned soldiers as possible.

G. LAKE
Sec. Sailing and Racing Committee.

AMERICANS WILL EVENTUALLY BE IN OWN DIVISIONS

London, June 27.—Intervening in the debate on the new military service act and speaking of the urgency of obtaining men for a serious emergency, Premier Lloyd George said today it was true the Americans were coming and being brigaded with the allies, but that when men were obtained they should replace the Americans and enable the Americans to form their own divisions.

Socialists Hear News.

Washington, June 27.—German socialists heard of United States secretary of war Baker's announcement on June 10 that more than 700,000 American soldiers had been sent to France in time to use the information in heckling foreign Minister Kuehmann during his recent speech in the Reichstag.

Advice reaching France through a neutral country and received here by cable today, quoted the socialist deputy, Haase, as blaming the war on Austria, denouncing the policy of the German government and ridiculing the failure of the submarines to keep American soldiers out of France.

SEVEN KILLED

Chicago, June 28.—Seven persons were killed and a score injured tonight at Elmhurst by the wrecking of an Elgin, Aurora and Chicago Electric Limited four car train, which struck a truck at a grade crossing.

Moncton, June 27.—The old wooden bridge spanning the Petitcodiac at Moncton and which has recently been replaced by a steel structure, started by the Hursey government, is being dynamited out today. One large span was successfully blown out and safely landed to the shore. The work of tearing out the huge wooden structure will occupy some time.

WILL INSIST ON AN ENQUIRY INTO THE JESUIT INCIDENT

Presbyterian Minister Declares There Will Be No Let-up in the Agitation.

Guelph, Ont., June 28.—Rev. K. W. Palmer, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, and one of the most active men in the Jesuit Novitiate controversy on his return from Toronto, declared that there will be no let-up in the agitation for an enquiry. "We want first of all that report of Capt. Macaulay, and it will have to be published," said Mr. Palmer. Mr. Palmer declared that he has enlisted powerful Protestant aid in Toronto.

Public interest here in the controversy is dying out. Winnipeg, June 28.—Captain A. C. Macaulay, the man who was in charge of the raid on the Novitiate in Guelph, which has raised such a stormy controversy is to be the new provincial marshal for M. D. No. 10, it is stated.

TWENTY GERMAN AIRPLANES ARE BROUGHT DOWN

Intense Air Fighting Over Western Front, British Losing Fourteen Machines — Much Bombing.

London, June 28.—Twenty German airplanes were destroyed by British aviators in air fighting over the western front Thursday, according to the British communication dealing with aviation issued tonight. In addition nine enemy craft were forced to earth out of control. The British themselves lost 14 machines.

NICHOLAS ALIVE?

Basel, Switzerland, June 28.—(Havas Agency)—According to local newspapers the Russian embassy in Berlin is reported to have advised the court at Darmstadt that former Emperor Nicholas is safe.

Are You Master

or does your business master you? Does it insist on following you home and to bed and worrying you day and night until you are on the verge of nervous collapse?

A few weeks' use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food will do wonders for any business man or business woman whose nervous system has failed to stand the strain. It nourishes the nerves back to health and vigor.

MANY INDIANS ARE DECLINING TO SIGN REGISTRATION CARD

One of Six Nation Tribes Arrested and Test Case Will Be Made To Determine Status of Indians.

Brantford, Ont., June 28.—Wesley Martin, a member of the Six Nations Indians, was arrested today when the request of a constable of the city force he failed to produce a registration card. He declared at the mass meeting on the reserve against registration, he had been told that he had 30 days yet in which to register. Registrar Dowling, of Brantford Riding, states that he has received no notice of any thirty day extension for Indians.

A ST. JOHN WOMAN CHRISTENS SHIP

Steamer War Quebec Successfully Launched on St. Charles.

Quebec, June 28.—The wooden steamer "War Quebec" was successfully launched at the yards of the Quebec Shipbuilding and Repair Company on the St. Charles River today. The vessel was blessed by the Rev. Father Scully, C. S. S. R., while Mrs. Dan McLaughlin, of St. John, N. B., wife of the superintendent of the shipyard, christened the ship.

KIRBY—In this city at her parents' residence, 4 Cedar Grove Crescent, on the 27th inst., Phyllis Marion Kirby, age 3 years, 6 months, eldest daughter of Charles C. and Alice M. Kirby, leaving besides her parents, one sister to mourn.

ITALIAN VICTORY WAS GRAND ONE

K-Italian ... on land ranks ... heads across the river, the difficulties of supplying the forces on the western bank so that these might be maintained, were becoming increasingly difficult. The bridges across the river were destroyed by the rising of the Piave and allied armies.

An enveloping movement by the Italian army would have resulted in the capture of the greater part of the crossing forces. As it was the Austrians retired in good fashion, their losses in prisoners were only about 5 per cent. of the fighting forces engaged, a comparatively small amount when one considers the position in which the Austrian army was placed.

Miss Grace Fraser, accompanied by her friend, Miss Catherine O'Leary, Reston, are guests at the Royal, being here to attend the ordination exercises in the Cathedral this morning.

Dignity With Simplicity

These are suits which trim the figure but no trimming on the suit.

Dignified simplicity — just the idea for a high class looking business suit.

Grays in attractive variety. Browns in many shades. Rich mixtures. Fancy chevrons and striped suitings that show some novel effects.

Ready to finish to your measure at short notice — Priced \$18 to \$42.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

Open Friday evenings; close Saturdays at 1 — June, July and August.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

June—Phase of the Moon.
Last Quarter, 2nd 1h. 20m. a.m.
New Moon, 8th 7h. 3m. p.m.
First Quarter, 16th 10h. 12m. a.m.
Full Moon, 24th 7h. 38m. a.m.

Date	D. of W.	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	H. Water, a.m.	H. Water, p.m.	L. Water, a.m.	L. Water, p.m.
June 29	W	4:58	8:12	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
June 30	T	5:00	8:15	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 1	W	5:02	8:18	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 2	T	5:04	8:21	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 3	W	5:06	8:24	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 4	T	5:08	8:27	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 5	W	5:10	8:30	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 6	T	5:12	8:33	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 7	W	5:14	8:36	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 8	T	5:16	8:39	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 9	W	5:18	8:42	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 10	T	5:20	8:45	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 11	W	5:22	8:48	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 12	T	5:24	8:51	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 13	W	5:26	8:54	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 14	T	5:28	8:57	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 15	W	5:30	9:00	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 16	T	5:32	9:03	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 17	W	5:34	9:06	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 18	T	5:36	9:09	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 19	W	5:38	9:12	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 20	T	5:40	9:15	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 21	W	5:42	9:18	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 22	T	5:44	9:21	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 23	W	5:46	9:24	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 24	T	5:48	9:27	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 25	W	5:50	9:30	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 26	T	5:52	9:33	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 27	W	5:54	9:36	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 28	T	5:56	9:39	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 29	W	5:58	9:42	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
July 30	T	6:00	9:45	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 1	W	6:02	9:48	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 2	T	6:04	9:51	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 3	W	6:06	9:54	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 4	T	6:08	9:57	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 5	W	6:10	10:00	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 6	T	6:12	10:03	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 7	W	6:14	10:06	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 8	T	6:16	10:09	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 9	W	6:18	10:12	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 10	T	6:20	10:15	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 11	W	6:22	10:18	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 12	T	6:24	10:21	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 13	W	6:26	10:24	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 14	T	6:28	10:27	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 15	W	6:30	10:30	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 16	T	6:32	10:33	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 17	W	6:34	10:36	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 18	T	6:36	10:39	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 19	W	6:38	10:42	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 20	T	6:40	10:45	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 21	W	6:42	10:48	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 22	T	6:44	10:51	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 23	W	6:46	10:54	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 24	T	6:48	10:57	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 25	W	6:50	11:00	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 26	T	6:52	11:03	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 27	W	6:54	11:06	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 28	T	6:56	11:09	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 29	W	6:58	11:12	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Aug 30	T	7:00	11:15	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 1	W	7:02	11:18	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
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Sept 8	T	7:16	11:39	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 9	W	7:18	11:42	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 10	T	7:20	11:45	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 11	W	7:22	11:48	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 12	T	7:24	11:51	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 13	W	7:26	11:54	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 14	T	7:28	11:57	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 15	W	7:30	12:00	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 16	T	7:32	12:03	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 17	W	7:34	12:06	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 18	T	7:36	12:09	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 19	W	7:38	12:12	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 20	T	7:40	12:15	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 21	W	7:42	12:18	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 22	T	7:44	12:21	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 23	W	7:46	12:24	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 24	T	7:48	12:27	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 25	W	7:50	12:30	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 26	T	7:52	12:33	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 27	W	7:54	12:36	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 28	T	7:56	12:39	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 29	W	7:58	12:42	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15
Sept 30	T	8:00	12:45	10:15	6:45	1:15	7:15

THE WEATHER

Forecasts — Maritime—Fresh south and southeast winds, showery. Northern New England—Local rains and thunderstorms Saturday and probably Sunday. Moderate east to south winds.

Toronto, June 28.—The weather continues cool in the western provinces, and showers have been almost general in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, but not in Alberta. From Ontario eastward it has been mostly fair and warm, except in southern Nova Scotia, where it has been quite cool.

	Min.	Max.
Prince Rupert	48	56
Victoria	48	

TWENTY-FIVE CASUALTIES IN THE PARIS AIR RAID

ELEVEN LOSE LIVES WHEN ENEMY AIR SQUADRONS BOMB CAPITAL

Several Groups of German Machines Take Different Courses and Swoop Down on Sleeping City—Damage Done by Raids Considerable—Fire Chief Suffocated.

Paris, June 28, (Havas Agency)—Eleven persons were killed and fourteen others injured through the explosion of bombs dropped by German aircraft in last night's raid over the Paris district.

Reports of the raid indicate that there were several groups of enemy machines which took different courses in an effort to break through the defensive barrier of the city. During the bombardment again grew in intensity and then finally subsided. The damage done by the raiders is reported as considerable.

President Poincaré sent the victims messages of sympathy and solicitude on behalf of the government.

There were several cases of careless onlookers being wounded by fragments of shells from the anti-aircraft fire.

M. Teysiere, chief of the Paris fire department, died of suffocation while directing the rescue of victims of Wednesday night's raid.

London, June 28.—Considerable artillery activity developed last night on both sides in the region southeast of Commeacourt, southwest of Arras, the war office announced today. British patrols inflicted casualties upon the Germans in clashes in this area.

British troops carried out a successful raid yesterday near Mericourt, northeast of Amiens. An attempted raid by the Germans near Moyenneville, south of Amiens, was driven off with loss to the enemy. The statement follows:

"A raid attempted by the enemy Wednesday night against one of our posts in the neighborhood of Moyenneville, south of Arras, was repulsed with loss."

French Statement.

Paris, June 28.—French troops last night carried out an operation on the front southeast of Amiens, as a result of which their lines were advanced in Senecat Wood, on the Avre River, the war office announced today. In this war office announced today. In this action and in other fighting, between the Marne and the Ourcq, south of Dammar, prisoners to the number of 122 were taken.

REPRESENTATIVES OF CITY AND POWER CO. BEFORE COMMISSION

First Session Yesterday of Enquiry Into N. B. Power Company's Affairs—Company Makes Formal Request For Temporary Relief—Commission's Decision Later.

The commission appointed by the provincial government to enquire into the affairs of the N. B. Power Co., opened its hearing in the government rooms, Prince William street, yesterday morning.

Mr. Guy W. Currier presided, assisted by Mr. Henry Holgate and Professor Albert S. Rychey. F. E. Taylor, K. C., and Hon. Mr. Loring, of Boston, representing American investors, were present on behalf of the Power Co.; J. A. Sullivan, Boston, Dr. J. B. M. Baxter, K. C., and Dr. W. B. Wallace, K. C., represented the city.

Mayor Hayes, Commissioner Fisher, Commissioner Bullock, Mr. P. Barnhill, K. C., R. E. Armstrong, H. P. Robinson, H. M. Hopper, Percy W. Thomson, Scott Morrell and Joseph Bodell, of Providence, attended the hearing.

Mr. Loring.

Mr. Loring, for the company, gave a brief account of the history of the organization, capitalization, development and purposes of the Power Company from the days of the horse-drawn cars. He referred to the increased cost of operation on account of the war and said the cost of coal would be heavy during the coming winter. The company had received a demand from its employees for an increase in pay of seven cents per hour. The company realized that the employees should get more pay in order to meet the high cost of living. Six per cent. of the company's revenue, \$46,000, was paid to the city and county of St. John in taxes. Mr. Loring contended that the company should have a greater depreciation charge and should set aside a larger amount to cover possible actions for damages than it has. He said the commission had power, under section II of the investigation act, to grant immediate temporary relief, if such were deemed justified. He also said that the company had been assured by the Premier that the government would, if necessary, pass legislation to enable the company to declare the June dividends.

A reduction of 48 per cent. in the net income for the first six months of the year was reported, he said. The last six months of the year would be decidedly worse, owing to wages and coal. The net income would probably be reduced at the rate of \$100,000 a year. The company is faced by a desperate situation. The company's surplus is exhausted and the company is borrowing \$70,000. Unless there is prompt relief its credit is irreparably damaged. If it can no longer borrow, it can no longer properly serve its territory. The company urged for a prompt increase in the different departments, so that there may be an increase in revenue of at least \$12,000 per month.

It follows that there is no necessity of granting temporary relief on electric light. Turning to the railway department he said the net fare was 4.81. In the United States many railways would be glad to get this return. The question of increased fares would have to be gone into thoroughly. The city would have to check up the Sloan report.

Mr. Holgate suggested that a final statement be prepared from 1913 to date, and Mr. Hopper agreed to have this report made.

A bare increase in rates is not relief, Mr. Sullivan contended. How the proposed increase should be applied would have to be considered. It is doubtful if an increase in the street railway rate would bring any relief, but an increase in the cost of lighting would. Should we make the current rate "carry the passenger and the gas consumer on his back?" is a fair question. Then there is the question of relative justice. The user of electric light should pay only a fair rate. The public should not be found guilty in the first instance without evidence and fined for the benefit of security holders.

Mr. Sullivan said St. John was not considered wealthy and this would have to be taken into account in considering the proposed increases. If it is found that the present situation could be bettered, by more prudent and skillful management, this will have to be taken into account. Then there is the question of reorganization. The city might decide to take over the business and there is the alternative of having public trustees. If a company says it cannot go on at existing rates, the public has the right to demand that trustees be appointed to determine just what the conditions are. Mr. Sullivan said he was convinced that there was a very large inflation of capital by the N. B. Power Company, on which the company was expected to pay returns.

Mr. Loring, in rebuttal, said Mr. Sullivan had adopted a policy of delay. The argument aimed at "a corner rather than a physician." In support of his contention that the situation was desperate, Mr. Loring read a petition from the employees of the Power Company asking for increased wages.

So far as wages are concerned there has been no increase yet. If an increase is absolutely necessary the additional cost of operation can be taken into consideration by the commission later.

Dr. Baxter favored an independent examination of the company's books by a public utilities auditor.

Mr. Taylor, in reply, said Dr. Baxter had not taken into account, in referring to the Sloan report, the value of the water power holdings of the company.

Dr. Baxter remarked that surely the company did not expect the public to pay on undeveloped water power. Mr. Taylor contended that the undeveloped water power would have to be included. Mr. Taylor referred to a New York case in which water power was considered, and Mr. Sullivan pointed out that the case was an exception, in that the water power was included by statute.

Mr. Taylor held there was ample evidence before the commission to justify immediate temporary relief.

Mr. Holgate asked Mr. Sullivan what benefit would accrue in information from getting new reports on the Power Company other than the Sloan and Waterman reports, and the city's in a reduction of half a million of dollars on the value of the company's property, as shown in the Sloan and Waterman reports.

Mr. Sullivan said the public was entitled to prudent, skillful and honest management of company's properties, and if there was depreciation due to not being expected to make good the depreciation. The first duty of a company is to give good service, the second is to pay dividends.

Mr. Sullivan said that the company asked to be considered as a "going concern" and that the company stated it was "going into bankruptcy." The city counsel remarked that if the company was going into bankruptcy, it probably it would be easy to find a purchaser.

Mr. Loring asked for a fair deal for the bond and stockholders.

Mr. Sullivan pointed out that had

not the transfer taken place from the St. John R. R. Company to the N. B. Power Company, it would not have been necessary for the company to ask for relief at present. The cause of the request was the issue of stock in the transfer. He insisted that there had been no increase in physical property.

The session was adjourned to resume at a later date to be determined following a private conference of the commissioners and the counsel to decide on matters of procedure.

The members of the commission, Mr. Sullivan and Mr. Loring left last night for their homes.

SUSSEX

Sussex is to have a big patriotic demonstration on Monday, and among the speakers will be Sir George E. Foster, Lieut. Governor, Pungley, Lieut. Col. McAuliffe and Major Guy S. Kinneer. Preceding the programme at Riverside Park there will be a parade at 2.30.

St. Francis Xavier's church will hold a picnic on Monday on the church grounds.

Miss Doris Sloum spent the weekend with relatives in Havelock.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Creed motored to Hampton on Sunday and were guests of Mrs. Creed's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Brown.

His Honor Judge Jonah was notified this week that his son Arthur, had been wounded in the head. No particulars have been received.

Gunner C. D. Daly, St. John, spent the weekend with his sister, Miss Adeline Daley.

Miss Ethel Bradley, trained nurse, who is at present engaged on a case at Bangor, Me., was in Sussex this week, visiting her brother, Lew, who returned from France last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Smith, Maple Avenue, are being congratulated on the arrival at their home of a baby boy, born June 26th.

On behalf of the city, Mr. John A. Sullivan said he had learned from the chairman in Boston that the company had filed a request for temporary increases, to afford relief during the hearing. He said the detailed report of operations for the first six months of 1918 would have to be checked up. The deficit the company expects to incur in 1918 is about equal to the annual charge on the increased capitalization of the new company. There should be no increase in rates for stock which is not represented by physical value. The question is whether the stockholders should get returns on an excess value of \$1,152,000, or that the public should have to pay increased rates. Until there is a close search into the transfer from the old company to the new, there should be no action. That is the answer for the company's petition for temporary relief. We shall enquire into the entire history of the transaction and shall require and should have time for investigation. Before temporary relief is granted, there should be investigation of the validity and propriety of the excess stock of the new company. There can be no true base for consideration of increased rates until the city has been able, through experts, to check up the reports of the company. It may require the services of two engineers. The city is entitled to check up the work of experts in the employ of the company, through the medium of the city's own experts.

Mr. Taylor held the city had agreed to accept the reports of the experts engaged by the Utilities Commission. Mr. Sullivan replied that the city had not agreed to accept any report that was not satisfactory to the city.

Chairman—We will take the question up later.

Mr. Sullivan said the increase in gas rates had been in effect six months and there ought to be a fair period of trial to determine whether or not the increase is sufficient. For the present the commission ought to omit gas from consideration, as the matter had been adjudicated on by the Utilities Commission. The net revenue on electric power in 1917 was practically 2,938 cents per kilo-watt hour. Mr. Sullivan quoted from the Waterman report. It

Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Taylor argued that the city had accepted the expert appointment by the Utilities Commission to investigate the affairs of the Power Company, and now Mr. Sullivan advocated delay. He said Mr. Sullivan took the stand of "concern" and that the public should not be driven into insolvency so that the city could buy in the property at reduced cost.

Dr. Baxter.

The city solicitor replied that the commission was not concerned with personal views. Facts were alone to be treated of. When the gas rates were temporarily increased there were some evidence produced. However, the public thought the action of the Utilities had been "speedy" and without sufficient evidence, and that was one of the leading motives which led to the present commission.

Dr. Baxter held, with Mr. Sullivan, that physical value, not securities was what should be considered in discussing proposed increase in rates.

The public should not be bound by a mere transfer of securities which did not add one dollar to the physical assets, but which aimed to increase the public's liability.

The deficit shown in the Sloan report, Dr. Baxter said, was practically the amount due on the new securities issued.

You Will Pay Twice as Much For Suits Next Winter

Semi-ready Tailored Clothes

Today and while the Summer Sale lasts you can get genuine SEMI-READY SUITS at about half what they will cost in a year from now—if the wool shortage persists.

Prices are advancing every month—we have done what we can to stop it—and this Store has been given every cancelled order in the big Semi-Ready Shops to dispose of.

Surplus stocks such as these are hard to get—and were it not for our close alliance with the biggest and best tailoring shops in Canada it would be impossible to give values such as these.

Something better in high class tailoring—Suits which appeal even to the man who says: "I never buy anything at a Sale!"

Suits for Small Men and Youths. Sizes 32 to 36 inch breast only. Worth up to \$20. For \$14.75. Irish Serges, Scotch Home-spuns, British Tweeds and Worsteds, Plain and Belted Models.	Suits for Men in all Sizes from 35 to 44 inch breast, label price \$22.50—for \$18.00. This lot is chiefly imported British Tweeds and a few Don-egals and other weaves.	Suits for Men in Sizes from 36 to 46 inch breast, label price \$25—for \$20.00. All the latest and smartest Business Models and Styles—perfect fitting.
Suits for Men in Sizes from 35 to 45 inch breast, label price \$30—for \$24.00. Beautifully tailored garments—in Worsteds, Tweeds, and Homespuns.	Suits for Men in Sizes from 36 to 46 inch breast, label price \$35—for \$28.00. Designs for stout men, and for men of all types—in rare cloth value.	Suits for Men in all Sizes from 36 to 44 inch breast, label price \$40—for \$32.00. These are suits which a custom tailor would pay \$28 for the cloth alone.
A lot of fine Worsteds Suits, "Bond street" cloth value; worth 10 guineas in London—label price \$50—for \$40.00.	100 Pairs of Odd Trousers, sizes 32 waist to 44; shades to harmonize with any coat and vest. 20 p.c. off Label Price.	Suits for Big Men—for men who think that they cannot be fitted in a clothes shop. Extra large and roomy. We can show these at Summer Bargain Prices.

A Soft Drink that Satisfies

Red Ball

A True Patriotic Beverage

It chases thirst so quickly you'll almost forget you were thirsty; it cools, refreshes, revives, and gives you a rousing appetite.

A patriotic beverage is Red Ball, being food and drink combined, for choicest garden hops, the highest grade of malt and pure artesian well water—in just the proper proportions—are used in the making under clean and sanitary conditions.

Ask for it everywhere, and keep some at home on the ice for yourself, your family and friends.

LET US SEND YOU A CASE.

Made Only by
GEORGE W. C. OLAND
Successor to Simeon Jones, Ltd.
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Halifax Patrons Please Order Through Ward's Express & Import Co., R. T. Ward, Manager, Halifax, N. S.

The Semi-ready Store

King and Germain Corner

U. S. MISSION HAS DIVIDED THE SOCIALISTS OF FRANCE

Eyes of Party Members Opened By American Labor Envoys—Concrete Win-the-War View Shadows Opinion of Majority Leader Thomas.

(By Caspar Whitney.)
Paris, May 26.—Although many in France as elsewhere believe in the broader Socialist principles, Socialism in its narrow sense and the Socialist party as such have slight influence and cut no serious figure in French political life today.

One hears of it in public life only occasionally when a Deputy member tries unsuccessfully to spring a debate on a side issue of the main best-the-Chambers question which holds the Chamber's attention, or send some carping shaft at Clemenceau—France's vibrant war-to-a-finish champion—certain little politicians in and out of the Socialist party are ever ready to do—or when the notorious Lougeur, minority leader, breaks loose in his familiar manner in one or another of the irresponsible Paris newspapers.

All French thought, including that of the majority of the Socialists themselves, is directed upon saving France from the Hun. "First we must win the war in order to live," said one to me the other day, "and after we may philosophize."

Division of Socialist Party.

Speaking of the Socialist party here—at consists of the Majority, Centre, and Left or Minority groups.

Albert Thomas has been leader of the Majority and is the most widely known Socialist of France since Jaures (who was a man of stronger character and of greater force in the party), though in the eyes of the general public his stature has shrunk somewhat owing to his ever and too apparent endeavors to carry water on both shoulders, so to say.

The consensus of conservative, not unfriendly opinion of Thomas, is that he is a man of honest intent and personal convictions, but lacking the courage of those convictions to give him real leadership and therefore make of him a dominant figure in the Socialist world. He has the ambition to be such markedly. He has the wish to be a statesman, but his mind and his course is that of the party leader who follows the standard of the majority. Thomas is always so concerned to keep his party intact that he really neither leads nor does himself justice. At the outset of the war he wanted to join all wings of the party and declare for a national policy—a strong and patriotic thing to have done and one which would have placed him high in the estimate of the world—but being opposed, he promptly forsook his principles and joined the procession instead of maintaining a place in the van of nationalism.

Weakness in Effort To Hold Leadership.

His anxiety to retain this "leadership" and to hold the party together at almost any cost constitutes his weakness, while his favoring of the recently proposed Stockholm Socialist conference with the Germans and his failure to join the majority group, which on May 12 last sent a letter to the visiting American mission in Paris in favoring the repeated public announcement that the mission had made while here that there should be "no parleying with Germans until after the war," indicated a personal inclination which pleased neither the public nor considerable numbers of the majority Socialists.

New York, June 27.—A buying power greater than is generally realized is declared by well informed investigators to be under the market from the public. Every time prices decline, this

absorption appears in leading standards. It is discriminating, according to this testimony, but is acting with confidence, apparently feeling the securities are cheap with America going to war aggressively. "We are very optimistic on the steel outlook," says a prominent stock exchange institution. "We believe that R. B. C. U. S., L. K. and C. R. U. will exceed their highest quotations. For the present the general market is expected to be a trading affair."

Steady accumulation has been going on in Reading for two weeks, according to a prominent wire house which adds that the segregation talk is now being taken more seriously in the street than at any time in the past, perhaps because of a belief that the government is behind it. Progressionals seem to be reluctant as a rule to take a decided stand on the bull side of the stock market just now because of the warnings from London that another German drive of great power is about to be launched and it is desired to meet the possibilities before making important commitments. N. Y. P. B.

HIGH OFFICERS ARE PLACED ON RESERVE

Paris, June 27.—Transfer to the reserve of General Sarrail, who was recalled last December as commander-in-chief of the Entente Allied operations in the Balkans, was announced in an official list of staff changes in

used tonight. Eight other major generals and ten brigadier generals also are placed in reserve.

Among the officers promoted are Brigadier General Mordacq, head of the military cabinet of the Minister of War; Brigadier General Maxime Weygand, former member of the inter-allied supreme war council and now assistant to General Poch, the supreme commander; and Brigadier General Passaga. They are made Major Generals.

MAINE MAN ENLISTED AT FREDERICTON

Houlton, June 27.—Frank H. Putnam, son of Mr. and Mrs. Amos Putnam, who has been in France with the Canadians for the past three years has arrived home. Mr. Putnam has seen a good deal of the hard fighting and as a result carries several scars which were received at Lens and Vimy Ridge. The last wound was received at the taking of Passchendaele and was received in November 1917. The radius of the left arm was partly shot away and from the effects of this another operation will have to be performed in Montreal in the course of a few days.

NEW CANADIAN DAILY

Windsor, Ont., will soon have a new afternoon daily. A sufficient amount of capital already has been subscribed. It is understood to give the new venture a start. A Saskatoon man is one of the prime movers in the enterprise. A location on West Sandwich street, not far from the site of Windsor's present newspaper office has been obtained.—Fourth Estate, New York.

The Saskatoon man referred to in the above paragraph is F. Maclure Scandera, for some years secretary of the Saskatoon Chamber of Commerce and formerly engaged in newspaper work and as assistant exhibition director in St. John.

Washington, June 27.—Approval for increased passenger fares and freight charges on short lines and electric roads to conform with advances recently ordered by the railroad administration was given today by the interstate commerce commission.

Improve Your Complexion

Get your blood pure, keep the liver active and the bowels regular, and disfiguring pimples and unsightly blotches will disappear from the face. For improving the complexion and putting the blood in good order

BEECHAM'S PILLS

are safer, better and surer than cosmetics. They eliminate poisonous matters from the system, strengthen the organs and purify the blood—bring the health-glow to the cheeks, brighten the eyes, improve and

Beautify the Skin

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

INSURANCE

Of Every Kind

LIBERAL POLICIES REASONABLE RATES
SERVICE

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Official Analysis Proves Wholesome Properties of



CERVA
The World's Best Beverage

The official chemist of the State of Missouri made a complete analysis of CERVA.

Here is what he says: "A wholesome product, free from preservatives and yeast cells and by reason of the small amount of fermentable sugars present would say that no deleterious effects would be produced in process of digestion."

Drink all you want. It will help your digestion.

Forty United Profit Sharing Coupons (2 coupons each denomination 20) are packed in every case. Exchangeable for valuable premiums.

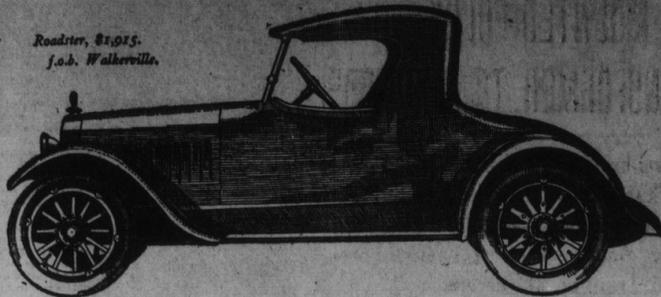


Put CERVA to the test of taste today. Ask for it at grocers, druggists, etc., in fact, at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers ST. LOUIS

G. E. Barbour Co., Ltd., St. John, New Brunswick, Sole Distributors for New Brunswick.

Roadster, \$2,925.
J.G. Walkerville.



THE MAN who admires a fine, smooth-running motor at once recognizes the merits of the new Chalmers.

Whatever he may demand in motor action, he will find the Chalmers a good car to drive, a car that "handles well"—smooth, efficient, and high-powered.

He will be surprised how quickly it "warms up"; how little it is handicapped by low grades of gasoline.

And this new Chalmers is sensibly priced.

Two Chalmers features—the Hot Spot—the Ramhorn Manifold—give the engine its fine action with low grade gasoline. They give it the quick "warm up." They avoid "raw gasoline" troubles.

No one need doubt these claims. The motor proves them conclusively on the road. Get in and take a turn behind the wheel. A demonstration will be arranged on request.

Chalmers Motor Co. of Canada, Ltd., Walkerville, Ont.

7-passenger - - - - \$1,990.00
5-passenger - - - - \$1,915.00
Roadster - - - - \$1,915.00
Sedan - - - - \$2,785.00
Cabriolet - - - - \$2,375.00

Chalmers

MADE IN CANADA

Limousine - - - - \$4,235.00
Town Car - - - - \$4,235.00
Limousine Landulet - \$4,315.00
Town Car Landulet - \$4,315.00

The Motor Car & Equipment Co., St. John.

The Austrian Drive a Confession of Starvation

The leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST for June 29th presents a careful summary of the most expert opinion in this country and Europe on the Austrian offensive. Beyond the Piave, Emperor Charles told his troops "glory awaits you and also honor, good food, abundant spoils and final peace." Many Austrian soldiers, with copies of this royal promise in their pockets, found at least food and peace in the Italian prison camps and told their captors that the Austrian drive which began June 15th might best be described as a "hunger offensive."

By a "hunger offensive" editors understand not a mere foraging expedition to get food from the valleys of Northern Italy, but a bid for victory to quiet the cries for bread in Vienna and Budapest.

Do not miss reading this interesting survey of the latest development of the great world war in this week's issue of THE LITERARY DIGEST.

Other topics that are covered in a comprehensive way are:

How to Avert the Expected Coal Famine

Practical suggestions from Dr. Garfield and other sources, designed to preserve the American public from the suffering of last winter.

Fanning the Fires of Revolt in Austria
The Problem of Intervention in Russia
Dropping Victory From the Air
Sign-Posts For the Thirsty in the Desert
How To Utilize Garbage
Posters To Sweep the United States
A New Atrocity
Where the Y. M. C. A. Money Goes
Outlived Puritanism
Personal Glimpses of Men and Events

The Ban on German Goods
Russia From Within
A Japanese Workshop With Yankee Ways
Willing the Heart To Beat Faster
Orpen's Official War Pictures
Enlisting Baedeker in the Army
Re-Educating the Crippled Soldiers
Bribery in Business
News of Banking, Finance and Commerce
Current Poetry

Many illustrations, including Half-Tone Reproductions, Cartoons, and Maps.

The People Who Read "The Digest"

The best test of any periodical is the class of its readers. Character in a magazine or newspaper attracts men and women of standing and judgment as inevitably as a flower draws the bee, and for the same reason. It suits their taste. Glance around you in the train, on the street-cars, in hotel lobbies, wherever your fellow humans congregate, and

note the people who read THE LITERARY DIGEST. They are the best type. They buy "The Digest" because they know it is accurate, impartial, wholesome, comprehensive, and up-to-date, because they can take it home to their children with confidence, and because it covers the world's news as no other periodical does. Are you with them?

June 29th Number on Sale Today—All News-dealers—10 Cents.



The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

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PASSING OF THE NORTH WEST MOUNTED POLICE

CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE TRANSFORMED TO WARRIORS

Most of Existing Force Have Joined the Colors and Remarkable Institution of Canadian West Has Practically Passed Away — Some of the Remarkable Achievements of Famous Force — Two Year Trip For Murderers.

A strong force of United States cavalry were once escorting to the Forty-Ninth Parallel a band of some 200 very disaffected Canadian Indians, who, fearing punishment for some misdeeds, had skipped the international boundary and run amuck in the northern States. After official correspondence between Washington and Ottawa, they had been rounded up, and were being returned to their own country. The Indians were angry, and sufficiently restive to make their escort anxious to be rid of the job; and the understanding was that the captives would be met by another escort at the border.

When the border was reached, three uniformed men met them—a non-commissioned officer and two rankers. Somewhat surprised, the officer in command of the cavalry asked, "Where's your escort?"

"We're it, sir," said the sergeant, tipping his hat.

"But where's the rest of you?"

"He's washing the breakfast dishes." This story is old, but it was the merit of being true. These four men were deemed by their superior, and proved themselves to be, a sufficiently powerful escort. The magic lay in the fact that they were the scarlet tunics of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. Here is another story.

Last summer two Esquimaux were arraigned at Edmonton, in the western Canadian province of Alberta, for the murder of two Catholic priests. Out of the frozen North a rumor, filtering from tribe to tribe down through thousands of miles of land uninhabited by white men, had come that a band of wandering Esquimaux were displaying an outfit of priestly robes; and it was reported that some years previously some Catholic missionaries had gone into the North and that no tidings had ever been received of them. On this slim evidence, an investigation was ordered, and in due course Sinnisak and Ululak stood before a Canadian judge. The trial, incidentally, was a peculiar one in criminal law, for Sinnisak's lawyer advanced the theory that an uncivilized aborigine who hunted for his daily food could not in common justice have his deeds judged by the standards of modern civilization; and that the court should descend to his level. To this the prosecution replied:

"We cannot try this man according to the principles of Esquimaux justice. If we did, Sinnisak should have been stoned by the Mounted Police when they discovered him. It was what he expected."

The interest, however, lies not so much here, or in the peculiar punishment that was meted out to them, as in the agency that brought these Stone Age men to secure their prisoners. They had pressed justice. It took 25 years old—the two constables detailed to help him two years to the soft carpeted tundra, crossed the barren lands, and emerged on the outer fringe of the world. They had tracked up specimens of spruce and willow, travelled their way north past the last dwarfed rivers, sailed or rowed bath-tubbed boats on Arctic lakes, packed behind dog teams. They had arrested their men in the midst of their tribe, and carried them, with Esquimaux witnesses and interpreters, for 15 months without chain or handcuff. When they reached Edmonton they had covered 6000 miles.

The Royal Northwest Mounted Police of Canada has been one of the most remarkable forces of trained men in the world. It is scarcely necessary to say that, for their exploits are famous; but unfortunately the past tense must now be employed. The Mounted Police have gone to war. After four years of disappointed hopes, during which they chased as hounds in leash, the scarlet-coated "riders of the plains," as the people among whom they have worked for 45 years affectionately call them, have been "permitted" to go overseas.

The announcement, suddenly as it came, did not bring such a shock to those who knew and loved the Mounted Police as it might normally have done for a little over a year ago the federal government of Canada abrogated its contracts with the provincial government of Saskatchewan and Alberta, where the Mounted Police exercised police jurisdiction over those provinces, and withdrawing the men from police work proper, detailed them for special war duties, such as watching disaffected alien districts. But the government still kept them at home, calling their services "indispensable," notwithstanding that every upstanding mother's son of them was itching to be off, and in spite of the fact that as fast as each Mounted Policeman's time expired he almost invariably enlisted. Any branch of the army was only too pleased to get an ex-Mounted Policeman!

However, now they're off. The ban has been lifted. To make up for the grievous losses, sustained by the Canadian cavalry in the rearguard action in Flanders, it has been decided that several squadrons of horses will be raised among the members of the world-famous force. As I write, nearly 300 men, practically the entire personnel, are already on their way overseas; and it goes without saying that they will show their mettle on the plains of France, as they have done on the prairies of Canada. Do you recall the Strathcona Horse in the South African war—that brilliant mounted corps of rough riders whose devilment shed one of the few bright lights on that unhappy yuletide campaign? The Strathcona Horse were all mounted policemen. Do you remember Dan O'Leary, the Irish-Canadian, who won

the Victoria Cross for conspicuous bravery in one of the most-chronicles stages of the war? He too was an ex-Mounted.

The passing of the police will leave a great blank. That of course goes without saying. The wild-west scenario writer, the serialist whose hero can't prove an alibi and is forced to fly the country, while his only brother (who really committed the crime) marries the girl, will be the poorer. Every traveller in the West will miss that startlingly picturesque figure, who, in these drab days, did manage to infuse a little color into life. They became very familiar with the trim, smart mounted policeman. His scarlet tunic, his Stetson hat, his tight riding breeches, his boyish, insouciant air, and his perfect poise of authority, will remain to them a picture simply delightful. He was the true glamor of romance. He was the bright boy, the little color into life. They became very familiar with the trim, smart mounted policeman. His scarlet tunic, his Stetson hat, his tight riding breeches, his boyish, insouciant air, and his perfect poise of authority, will remain to them a picture simply delightful. He was the true glamor of romance. He was the bright boy, the little color into life.

But the force had begun to suffer from its own friends. A little too much sentiment had crept in for perfect truthfulness. Not only was it beginning to be misrepresented as a kind of "Lost Legion" for any scamp and scallywag who was in disgrace, very even as the Foreign Legion of France suffered for so long from similar imputations, but its members in a month or two's service became paragons of virtue and paragons of valor.

Brave and upright they certainly were; but there was never room for the weak, or the incompetent. They were picked, resolute young men, "largely employed," as one commissioner wrote, "in independence duty far from the immediate control of their superiors, with important duties to perform and a high standard of conduct expected by the public." The would-be recruit was warned that the medical examination was very strict and searching, and that a certificate of exemplary character (italicized) was indispensable.

Here are the facts: Comprising about 800 officers and men, the force, in addition to policing the comparatively well-settled provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, had jurisdiction over the Yukon and the sparsely populated Northwest territories. The total area patrolled amounted to nearly two million square miles, with a population of nine hundred thousand. In other words, there was one mounted policeman to every 2400 square miles and to every 1400 people. Yet the land they patrolled was one of the best policed and law-abiding sections of the world. Crime statistics were low. The

had man," that eyes of those sections of the United States corresponding in longitude, characteristics and population to Western Canada, was unknown. The Indian once the terror of the settler, was quiet and becoming civilized. Before he was accepted, a recruit was required to ride well. During his probation, he learned the entire management of horses, stable duties, and the ground-work of veterinary science. Among the things he had to learn because he had to know them were cooking, shooting, the criminal code, the Indian customs, fisheries, railway, land and other laws, Federal and provincial, court procedure, map-sketching, first aid, and travelling by compass, stars and watch.

His daily round developed versatility. First and foremost he was a policeman not a soldier, despite his military uniform and discipline, but a member of the civil service. He patrolled the country, making a regular house-to-house visitation on the prairies between certain definite points, in a case of distress he was responsible for carrying provisions or for taking quick measures to cope with disease. To the scientific reports, he carried the valuable information. He would have to organize the countryside to fight a prairie fire if he encountered one, or to report himself if forest fires were unavoidable. He might be put on the trail of a horse thief or a cattle rustler, escort criminals to trial, serve criminal processes, or handle lunatics.

To innumerable Government departments he rendered service. The mounted police were called upon to furnish escorts for the payment of treaty money to the Indians. Upon them devolved some of the quarantine work of the department of agriculture. They saw that the game laws were obeyed, and rounded up sportsmen without licenses or violators of the proper agents, they collected timber dues and guarded timber limits. They patrolled the border continuously to prevent smuggling. They protected fisheries. When on patrol in a new section, they were required to furnish topographical and scientific reports. By arrangement with the postoffice they carried the mails into the far north on a regular dog-sled schedule. They turned in reports upon crops. Assuming them-selves, they were tacitly expected to cut a wide swathe as a social figure—and they generally did.

And all this for one dollar a day! The force was organized in 1873, and consisting of 150 men, was established at Fort Garry, since the city of Winnipeg. This number proving insufficient, a new division was raised and dispatched from Toronto in June, 1875, travelling by train to Fargo, N. D.—for there were no railways in Canada, west of the Great Lakes. These days, from Fargo they made the rest of their journey on horseback, two hundred; and as a preliminary they made a circle through the west to look the ground over.

It was an inspiring sight, that first ride of the Northwest Mounted Police. It symbolized what was then not so plausibly called the historic westward march of civilization, for the Canadian West in those days almost unknown, a kind of com-and-riding-land inhabited only by Indians, half-breeds, and a few degenerate white men. "Unexplored" was written over it. Even so shrewd a judge as the great Darwin of England, characterized it as "illimitable wilderness." True, the Hudson's Bay Company was there, trading groceries and firearms with the Indians in exchange for furs, but that famous "Company of Merchant Adventurers of England," founded by Charles II, with a blanket charter in 1670, were ubiquitous.

To stabilize their authority, the Government had given permission for the

mounted police to be raised, disciplined and conducted on a military basis. From the very first, the distinctive color of their uniform was red. There was a reason for this. The Indians, after many encounters with the United States military, had gotten a great hatred of blue. There is one case in the mounted police records of a policeman narrowly escaping death at the hands of Indians, because his red tunic was covered by a blue greatcoat.

The expeditionary train was from four to five miles long. Not the least important thing was that in the rear followed a number of cattle and mowing and other agricultural machines. Nearly two thousand miles were traversed in this expedition, in over four months on the trail. During the journey, detachments were left to establish posts at a number of points. These latter increased up at the time of their drafting, the force controlled twelve districts with nearly 200 posts. The furthest flung detachment was at Herschel Island, on the shores of the Arctic Ocean, 2500 miles from headquarters, and at Fullerton, on the northwest shore of Hudson's Bay.

The importation of law was not very popular among a large number of the early inhabitants of the Northwest. Not only among the Indians, who were disaffected by the imminent extinction of their buffalo, but by the white men, with fewer exceptions, of a wild and unrestrained type. Whiskey smuggling had become a large business, and the Indians were among the first things to demand attention.

But the success which the mounted police achieved in its administration in the space of only four years may be gathered from the utterance of a big chief when the Indians came together to discuss a proposed treaty. The police had protected us as the feathers of the bird protect it from the frosts of winter," said Chief Crowfoot of the Blackfeet. "I will sing."

A somewhat piquant aspect is lent to this in the fact that the preceding summer a historic character, in the person of the redoubtable Sitting Bull, fled into Canada after the massacre of General Custer's army. The old Sioux endeavored to rally the Canadian Indians in a sympathetic war. He managed to create some disturbance—nearly six thousand of his own braves were with him to overawe their red hosts—but he found it impossible to inflame the Canadian Indians against the red-coated riders of the plains. Sitting Bull remained an unwelcome guest of the Canadian West for nearly four years, until eventually the Mounted Police persuaded him to return.

The development of the West brought many problems. The rush of immigration, once it began after the construction of railways, brought a great number of undesirable characters after the Indians had been reduced to a state of comparative quiet. These parasites and camp followers had to be eliminated. Another of the problems that confronted the mounted police, and not the least delicate, was the proper treatment of that sterner, but peculiar sect of Russian Quakers who pass by the name of Doukhobors. These religious hold everything on a communistic basis; strongly anti-militarist; they are especially exempted from Canada's present conscription law in virtue of this agreement made between them and the Dominion Government, at the time of their immigration, that they would never be called upon to render military service. They disabooled in education, and will not send their children to school, even under compulsion. But their most peculiar quality it to have periodical Messianic crises in their mind, commanding their followers to commit various in-

fractious of the law in the name of God, one of which is to divest themselves of every vestige of clothing.

The records of the force are full of instance of unexampled heroism, of "patrols" running into thousands of miles, of enormous distances travelled and periods of time consumed for the apprehension of criminals. To impress upon the wrongdoer that the arm of the law is a long one, even though the crime were only a comparatively minor one, was from the first a function that particularly fell to the lot of the Mounted Police. Some of their exploits were so extraordinary as to have become almost legendary, and have, indeed, frequently formed the basis of startling fiction; but with-out selecting an invidious example mention can be made of the famous journey made by Constable Pedley stationed at Fort Chippewyan, in the extreme northern end of Alberta.

An evangelist striking into the Peace river country on missionary force is that it commanded the respect of all the diverse communities among whom it worked. Since the seventies, the greatest change that has taken place in the then unknown West has been the big influx of settlers. Thousands of immigrants, farmers, indus-

trialists, business men, have peopled the once silent prairie—immigrants from every country in the world, speaking scores of languages and inheriting political institutions and laws vastly different from Canada's. That these people have been absorbed with the minimum of social disturbance is due in an incalculable degree to the police.

For instance, the large number of Americans settled in Western Canada, whose attitude toward the British constitution has frequently been that of the bull to the red flag, entertain the highest admiration for the sureness and swiftness of British justice as personified here. The Royal Northwest Mounted Police were pioneers of civilization in a very unique sense. They treated at the beginning what no one has since wished changed—law and order, justice for the poor man, as for the rich. In doing so, they not only maintained the best traditions of the British race by doing it silently and unostentatiously, but made their own name a synonyme for efficiency, endurance and bravery.

"Look for the trade mark dog on it"



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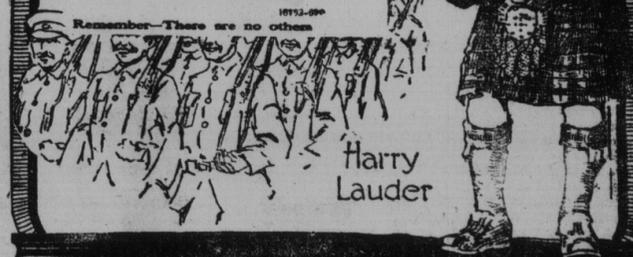
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Tube-Fit

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The tube shown was made by cementing together sections of two tubes of the same branched size—one a Michelin, the other a standard tube made in the ordinary way. This composite tube, slightly inflated, was then laid in a casing, cut in half longitudinally.

Note that the Michelin half fits the casing perfectly (because Michelin Tubes are made ring-shaped like the casing) whereas the other tube naturally wrinkles. Such tubes are easily pinched or flattened in spots; or break, where creased or folded, under the pressure of inflation and use.

In selecting tubes, therefore, it is important for you to know whether the tube is naturally straight or naturally ring-shaped. You can determine this by holding the tube up while deflated; straight tubes hang straight, while Michelin tubes, which are ring-shaped, hang in a decided curve.

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"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King. TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

WAR COMMENT.

After several days of comparative inactivity the western front is developing more action. There are as yet no indications of the expected German offensive but the British and French troops have been doing some aggressive work themselves.

on an equal footing with regard to saving, with the consequent assurance that the saving, because it is general, will be a really effective one, will remove any disinclination towards compliance with the order. All most people wanted was assurance that while they were saving food everybody else was doing it, too.

The French troops were also active. Southwest of Soissons they carried out a vigorous attack and in some points penetrated the German lines to the depth of almost one mile, capturing a number of prisoners and inflicting heavy casualties upon two hostile divisions which, for two months, had been holding the positions under attack.

The aviators were also busy over the western lines and a statement from London indicates that the British airmen succeeded on Thursday in destroying twenty German planes and driving some more to earth out of control. The British admit the loss of fourteen machines but even at that it will be seen that they inflicted twice as much loss as they suffered.

In Italy the British were active in the Asiago region, attacking the Austrian lines, taking positions, capturing prisoners and sustaining very slight casualties themselves.

As far as the Austrian offensive is concerned it is admitted now that it is a thing of the past. The positions from which the Italians dislodged the invaders have been consolidated and there is an opinion that an Italian attack is among the probabilities of the immediate future. The week has been a disastrous one for Austria for their military reverses, coming as they did at the same time as the revival of disturbance and dissatisfaction on the part of the civilian population, cannot but have a serious effect on the morale of the whole nation.

Strange reports are coming from Russia, mainly through German channels. It is stated that the Bolshevik government has been overthrown and that Grand Duke Nicholas has been proclaimed emperor at Moscow. Another report tells of the arrival at Harbin, Manchuria, of a mission of influential Russians who are attempting to incite another revolution. The Russian reports, however, are published with reserve and may prove to be unfounded.

THE NEW FLOUR LAW.

The new order of the Canada Food Board which goes into effect on Monday in all parts of Canada east of Port Arthur will compel Canadians to buy flour, and as its provisions will be compulsory on all the people it will probably prove far more useful than voluntary appeals in gaining the end desired.

From July 1 to July 15 every person buying for public or private consumption must use one pound of a substitute for wheat flour—corn flour, oatmeal, barley, rice, rye, buckwheat, tapioca or potatoes—with every nine pounds of wheat flour. After July 15 the proportion must be increased to one pound of substitute to every four pounds of wheat flour. The regulation applies east of Port Arthur, substitutes not being sufficiently available in the West at present.

Compliance with the order will be enforced largely through the provision for the sale of substitutes. Dealers must have on hand at all times a sufficient stock of substitutes, and they are forbidden, from July 15, to sell flour unless substitutes in stated proportions are bought by the customer at the same time.

In the past many people have made a real effort to conserve flour and other foods, but through selfishness or carelessness many did not. The result was that the family inclined to comply with the requests became dissatisfied and discouraged by the knowledge that neighbors, owing equal duty, paid no attention to the appeals. Under the new order the sacrifice will be exacted of all and the only way by which it can be evaded is by buying large quantities of flour and proportionate quantities of substitutes, using the flour and throwing the substitutes away. The cost of this plan will prevent it from coming into general use and if it were attempted the regulations against waste would speedily stop it.

The method of enforcement through regulation of sales looks to be an effective one, but, we do not imagine there will be any desire to evade the law. The assurance that everyone is

case that Germany is contemplating some sort of a peace offensive, but, at the same time it should be an eye-opener to any pacifists that may still exist in any of the Allied nations. Von Kuehlmann is unrepentant and defiant; while he suggests peace in one breath, in the next he indicates that it must be such a peace as Germany can approve. He does not indicate that the Teutons will accept a just peace but insolently demands that any peace terms to be considered shall be such as will leave Germany still in a position to attempt to impose her will upon the world.

With a flourish of rhetoric that suggests the "shining armor and mailed fist" of the Kaiser he sends this challenge to the world: "We wish for the German people and our allies a free, strong, independent existence within the boundaries drawn for us by history. We desire overseas possessions corresponding to our greatness and wealth; the freedom of the sea carrying our trade to all parts of the world."

Could the Prussian desire for domination be more insolently expressed? And while Germany's foreign minister, speaking with the authority of his government behind him, expresses such sentiments as those quoted, is there anything in his utterance to give hope that the Kaiser's advisors have experienced or will experience a change of heart? His speech contains no promise as to the future of ravished Belgium. Not a word as to German intentions in regard to Poland, no indication of a willingness to evacuate Russia or Northern France, nothing that by any stretch of the imagination is willing for any peace, save a peace that will guarantee to her the fillet-gotten gain she now holds.

There will be no tendency on the part of any of the Allies to give Von Kuehlmann more than passing notice and the only effect of his rhetorical bombardment will be to confirm the determination that this war must go on until the Hun is brought to earth to plead as a suppliant for a cessation of the punishment he has brought upon himself and which will be administered with increasing severity from now until the desired result has been achieved.

A BIT OF VERSE

IN THIS LAST HOUR. In this last hour, before the bugles blow, The summons of the dawn, we turn again To you, dear country, you whom we Through summer years of idle selfishness, We still have loved—who loved us in the ruthless savagery of the Hun vandals. The beauty of Venice has evoked many of the most thrilling tributes in literature. A writer in Blackwood's Magazine referred to the queen of European cities as "The city of St. Mark miraculous, a thing for giants to wonder at and fairies to copy if they could."

Walter Savage Landor hails Venice in male mood: "The ruler of the Adriatic who never was infant or stripling, whom God took by the hand and taught to walk by himself the first hour." From Elizabeth Barrett Browning's Letters we catch the stirrings of a poet's heart in response to the magic charm of the Water City: "I have been on heaven and earth since our arrival in Venice. The heaven of it is ineffable—never had I touched the skirts of so celestial a place. The beauty of the architecture, the silver trails of water up between all that gorgeous color and carving, the chanting silence; the music, the gondoliers—I mix it all up together and maintain that nothing is like it, nothing equal to it, not a second Venice in all the world!"

"Well might it seem," wrote Ruskin, "that such a city had owed its existence rather to a rod of the enchanter, than fear of the fugitive; that the water which encircled her had been chosen for the mirror of her nakedness; and that all which in nature was wild and merciless—Time and Decay; as well as the waves and tempests, had been won to adorn her instead of to destroy her, and might still spare, for ages to come, that beauty which seemed to have fixed for its throne the sands of the hour-glass as well as of the sea." Byron and Longfellow paid tribute to the beauty and charm of Venice. Longfellow's tribute is perhaps less generally known than that of Byron but its worth can be gauged from his description of that city as "White swan of cities, slumbering in thy nest so wonderfully built among the reeds." Byron's verses on Venice are familiar to practically every schoolboy and his lines are probably the most expressive of all. Who can forget—"I stood in Venice, on the Bridge of Sighs. A palace and a prison on each hand; I saw from out the wave her structure rise, As from the stroke of the enchanter's wand: A thousand years their cloudy wings expand Around me, and a dying Glory smile! O'er the far times, when many a subject land Looked to the winged Lion's makeable plume Where Venice sat in state, throned on her hundred isles."

A BIT OF FUN

A Sad Duty. Mother—Nellie, can you speed kitch-en? Nellie—No mother. Mother—Well, what do you go to school for? Nellie—Only because you make me. Journalists. "I see where seven Frenchmen on trial in Paris for espionage claim they are 'journalists,' but show no ability to write." "Ahem!" said the practical new-



A Sad Duty.

paper man. "That seems to describe a journalist pretty well." Economy. Husband—Have you done your best to economize this month, Mary, as I requested? Wife (Brightly)—Oh, yes; I spoke to the grocer, the butcher, and the landlord, and got them to put off sending in their bills till next month. Summer Plans. I shall not seek the ocean strand, Where tepid billows gaily roll. I'll go out to the mountains and Get leave to dig a ton of coal.

Little Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE. Pop was smoking and thinking after supper yesterday, and I sed, That's me, sed pop. I was yawning along this afternoon, I sed, and a little dog started to follow me as if he thavt he was my dog. That's a good sine, sed pop, as Shakespeare sed, if a little dog follows you while you're yawning, it's a sine that he likes you, it's no use yawning. Yes sir, he wagged his tale like anything, I sed. Good, if a things weath wagging its werth wagging wed, sed pop. And I patted him on the head and he jumped up and kissed me rite the eye, I sed. Which eye? sed pop. Sir? I sed. Never mind, sed pop, it was probably the eye he aimed for, because he was evidently an intelligent little dog or he wood never take such a fancy to you. Yes sir, he's out in the yard now, I sed. Wait? sed pop. Yes sir, I sed. Go rite down and put him out, we cant have any mongrels around the house, sed pop. O. G. pop, I sed, maybe he's lost and maybe he has a valuable dog, maybe I'll get a reward for giving him back, maybe. Wats he look like? sed pop. He's got a long curly tale without any hair on it, and long ears with hair on them, and he's a kind of a sort of yellow color with some spots, I sed. Go down and put him out immediately, sed pop. Wich I did.

stewed rabbit today, and the gun'nor he says the customers like to have the cat in evidence of these days. Still To Be Settled. Tourist—To what do you attribute your great age? Oldest inhabitant—I can't say yet sir. There are several of them pa-tent-medicine companies adicker's sending in their bills till next month.



Very Likely.

Wife—I saw such a duck of a hat today. Hubby—Yes, and like other ducks, it has a pretty big bill I suppose.

National Anthems. Teacher in French School—Marie, What is the national anthem of La Patrie? Little Marie—La Marseillaise. "Good! Now the national air of England!" "God Save the King." "Very good, mon enfant. Now the national air of the United States?" "Certainment! It's Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here."



A Drawback.

Jimmy—if men had four feet like horses look at 't lot of shoes we'd have to shun! Billy—Yes, an' if dey kicked like mules who would want to shine 'em! Taking No Chances. Customer—Why don't you drive this cat away from the table, waiter? Waiter—Well, you see, sir, it's

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Would Hold Head Down Face Was Such a Sight. Pimples are caused by the blood being out of order. Those festering and running sores appear on the forehead, on the nose, on the chin and other parts of the body, and although they are not a dangerous trouble they are very unsightly to both you and your friends.

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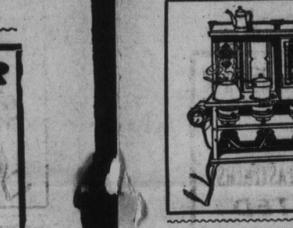
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ATMOSPHERE OF CONTENTMENT PREVAILS AT CAMP SUSSEX

Recruits Enjoy Life Under Canvas — Conditions Most Sanitary in Canada—Camp Commandant Lieut.-Col. McAvity Respected and Honored By All—Soldiers Eager For Trip Overseas.

While the Kaiser of Germany is endeavouring to propagate and eventually consummate an insincere peace, at Camp Sussex stands Lieut. Col. J. L. McAvity buckling on his armour. Associated with this veteran leader of the famous 26th Battalion are a body of intellectual and highly efficient recruits, that of crushing Germany and her allies.



LT.-COL. J. L. McAVITY, Camp Commandant

ent officers, whose war records have blazed red the pages of New Brunswick's participation in the colossal conflict, which threatens the liberty of the world.

No one can realize with any degree of accuracy just what camp life at Sussex is, until they have visited this tented city and by ocular observation and personal inspection interpreted for themselves what they have seen and learned. A representative of the St. John Standard took occasion to pay a visit and while there mingled with officers, non-commissioned officers and men, representing every walk of life and without one single exception, all enthusiastically expressed themselves highly pleased and perfectly contented with camp life.

True it is that Sussex is an armed camp, but it does not savour of that hated and despised militarism advanced by the materialistic and autocratic dynasty governments of Central Europe. One does not witness on the countenance of the new recruits, bitter sorrow, the most bitter pang of hopeless despair, a man's face can mirror as is the case with the German soldiers, but once a man discards his civilian clothing at Camp Sussex and dons the costume of liberty, life visibly rises like a new being of human cheer and happiness. In order to evidence the contentment existing at Camp Sussex it might be stated out of 3,500 men, a deserter from the ranks is seldom heard of.

It has often been stated that a patriot gives up the best years of his life to secure liberty for the world. The spirit of this expression breathes forth the name of Colonel J. L. McAvity. To him belongs the major credit for the atmosphere of contentment which reigns supreme at New Brunswick's mobilizing centre.

A perfect gentleman, a true patriot and a qualified soldier possessing a war record of which any man in the Empire might well be proud, he has won the confidence of the men, who would rather sacrifice life itself than do anything that would tend to discredit the unit, which he commands. To see him move to and fro among the soldiers and the manner in which he is greeted by all from the lowest to the highest, cannot but impress the visitor. Although he maintains the highest form of military discipline in the discharge of his important duties, yet he is an officer, who is approachable by all. A conversation with him convinces one that his whole energy and ability is lent to the country in the successful prosecution of the war.

He believes that this can only be accomplished by impressing upon the men the fact that he would not ask them to do anything that he would not do himself. The writer was struck with admiration while at the camp with the fact that the officers lines and the section of the area occupied by the men, showed no class distinction. Lieut. Colonel McAvity is destined to take a still more prominent part in the future of Canada.

All appears to be one big democratic community with but one aspiration in mind, that of crushing Germany and her allies.

The Commission of Conservation would find little to do with respect to the water and sewerage systems at Camp Sussex. The supply of water and sanitary sewerage is of vital importance to any community and this factor has helped to make the camp one of the most hygienic in Canada.

A pure supply of water as compared with one polluted by sewerage can scarcely be overestimated. The camp enjoys a water system, sanitary and pure in its distribution and powerful in pressure. At the rear of the tents there have been erected in addition to the customary ablution tables, shower baths which will accommodate the men as fast as they can throw off their mumps and pass through. Neither was it necessary to engage the services of carpenters and mechanics to construct these conveniences, for the ranks are rich with men of every trade and profession.

The sewerage system, which has been installed by the camp engineer, Lieut. W. B. Young, a man who has had considerable municipal experience, provides a sanitary source for the carrying away of refuse matter. Under these conditions illness and disease of all kinds have been successfully evaded. At this juncture it might be of interest to state that of the three patients who contracted spinal meningitis when the camp first opened, two have completely recovered and will be taken back into the ranks, while the third is recovering, but will likely be discharged. Although the quarantine did not meet with the approval of the men on account of the restrictions placed upon them, it had the effect of interest to state that of the three patients who contracted spinal meningitis when the camp first opened, two have completely recovered and will be taken back into the ranks, while the third is recovering, but will likely be discharged.

Concerning the food served to the officers and men, one only has to drop in at the cook "houses" and at a glance the situation can be summed up. The ranges are kept brilliantly shining, and the surroundings are immaculately clean. The writer was more than pleased with the courteous attention of the cook in charge of one tent. On being asked what the boys were going to have for supper, he called the writer over to the "range" and, dropped the browned hash showed a preponderance of meat, and from which ensued an appetizing odor, diet that would please the most fastidious met his gaze. "This is only the pan," cheerfully remarked the cook.

The same conditions prevail at the sergeant's mess. This building is situated on a small knoll, and is spacious and well ventilated. At present there are about one hundred and ten sergeants at the camp and many of them in civil life held very responsible positions. The same spirit of friendship and good feeling exists among the men, and the camaraderie with the men. However, there is keen, yet friendly rivalry among the men to out do the other in advancing their men to a state of military efficiency.

With respect to the tents and the general camp around, it is amazing how so many men can live in this territory without making some dirt in or around the tents. Yet is nevertheless true, that not one piece of paper or garbage of any kind is noticeable. The men are supporting the camp staff in making Sussex an ideal camp by their hearty co-operation and energy. The magnificent results have been obtained. And notwithstanding the fact that many of the first recruits, who took such pride in initiating a clean camp life, have been since drafted, the new-comers who arrive appear to inherit the same spirit of energy along this line. The grass, covering the entire camp area feels like carpet to the foot, and in one or two places where it has been trampled in growth, the officer commanding the camp had had grass seed sown, which is already sending forth leaves of grass. In this respect Camp Sussex surpasses many other camps in the Dominion. Instead of the men having to drill on sandy soil, breathing the contaminated atmosphere of dust and sand, they have at this camp acres upon acres of fresh green grass to become proficient in the art of war.

After glancing at a party of soldiers who but a few days ago enjoyed different places in the industrial and commercial life of the country, one is impressed with the progress they have made in the brief time of their training. Men undrilled, untrained and undisciplined upon entering the army, by interest and intelligence soon develop into soldiers of the first type. Not but dozed, but politely corrected by the officer in charge of their training, the raw recruits soon pick up the step of the old warriors and was the fact not known, after three weeks drilling and training, the march discipline of the boys, would convey the idea

tried in khaki breeches and shirts, and a "cow's-brother" hat, neatly turned up at the side, marched past the Standard representative. They were all in step, their hands swinging in unison and a cheerful smile playing around their lips. "Those boys appear to be quite happy," remarked the writer to an officer standing near. "Yes, they are always that way," replied the officer, and he continued "they certainly are a fine body of boys."

At the conclusion of the official day, there are plenty of amusements to occupy their time. A baseball league has been formed and within the camp there is as much interest in this league as there would be among the citizens. Pitching quoits is one of the main attractions among one faction, while others assemble in another part of the camp grounds, to witness a boxing exhibition. Any one in the province, who wrongly entertains the idea that camp life is not just to his liking, would have that fear so quickly dispelled



CAPT. G. EARLE LOGAN, D. A. A. G.

that they were all seasoned troops. In the afternoon about 750 men, after a visit to the camp at Sussex, that he would blame himself for dreaming.

As to the morale of the life, one only has to recall the manner in which two citizens of Sussex were dealt with for supplying liquor and extracts to men in khaki. These dealers were both fined heavily by the civil authorities, and it is stated that one of them stated after the conviction, that he would not sell another bottle of lemon extract during the remainder of his Christian life. Lieut. Col. McAvity has made it very plain that he will not tolerate this nefarious work, neither will he permit women of questionable character to undermine the health of the men. He realizes that a soldier must be in the best physical condition to stand the strenuous life of battle, and his efforts along this line are not going to be hampered with by votes of any description.

In both cases, Captain G. Earle Logan appeared for the military authorities and the success which attended the prosecution has been the subject of many congratulatory remarks by officers of high military rank.

It is stated that during the first week of July another 1,000 men will be called up for service and will be sent to Camp Sussex to train. The military needs overseas has resulted in keeping the number of soldiers at Sussex around the same figure, and it is expected upon the arrival of the new recruits, some of the soldiers now there, who have undergone a process of training will leave for another mobilizing centre. It might be noted with interest that on the staff at Sussex but two men of combatant service, have never been "over the top." They have volunteered to go on numerous occasions, but the opportunity never presented itself. However their desire is soon to be satisfied as they are to leave with the next draft.

The personnel of the administrative staff and other services at Camp Sussex is made up of a fine class of men. Cordial in their relationship, interested in their efforts, and anxious to assist the commandant in the work of bringing the forces to a state of efficiency, they enter daily upon their duties with noticeable energy. The barrier of religious difference, which some ambitious gentlemen, have in some sections of the country propagated and to their own ends has been swept aside and regardless of creed or race, everybody is united in the bonds of friendship to war on the battle of liberty against militarism. Provosts have been made at the camp for both Protestant and Catholic clergy, who administer to the members of their respective churches.

The following is a list of the officers of the staff:

- Command Staff
- Organization—Camp—Lt. Col. J. L. McAvity.
- Orderly Officer—Lieut. H. O. Evans, 1st Depot Batt.
- General Staff Officer—Lieut. F. L. Foster, R. C. R.
- Intelligent Officer—Lieut. G. K. Shells, 1st Depot Batt.

- Administrative Staff
- A. A. G. in charge of Administration—Major J. Hamilton, R. C. H. A.
- D. A. A. G. Capt. G. Earle Logan—1st Depot Batt.
- Services and Departments
- Camp Engineer—Lieut. W. B. Young, R. C. R. E.
- Officer in charge of Supplies and Transports—Lieut. H. Stead, C. A. S. G.
- S. M. O. and Sanitary Officer—Capt. G. Clogie, C. A. M. C.
- A. Paymaster—Capt. J. H. Ferguson, C. A. P. C.
- Ordnance Officer—Lieut. E. H. Smith, C. O. C.
- Camp Quartermaster—Lieut. H. O. Evans, 1st Depot Batt.
- A. D. A. P. M.—Lieut. J. C. Reade, Instructor.

- Musketry Officer—Capt. J. V. Kierstead, 1st Depot Batt.
- A. Instructor of Infantry—Major D. D. McArthur, 1st Depot Batt.
- Special Employment
- Ass. Sanitary Officer—Capt. F. A. Smith, C. A. M. C.
- Chaplain Services
- Senior Chaplain—Hon. Capt. E. Benson, Hon. Capt. R. H. H. Rutell,

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- MEN'S OUTING SHIRTS Worth \$1.75 For \$1.29.
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- MEN'S OUTING SHIRTS Worth \$1.00 For 79c.
- MEN'S BELTS At Special Cut Prices 25c., 35c. and 49c.
- BOYS' BLOUSES Prices only 59c. and 69c.
- BOYS' SPORT SHIRTS Only 69c., 79c., \$1.00. With or without collars, high or low neck.
- BOYS' BELTS Only 25c., 35c. and 50c.
- MEN'S POLICE BRACES Only 25c.
- MEN'S PRESIDENT BRACES Only 45c.
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Man Chosen By Wilson To Direct Building of Ships Won Way To Top By Pluck—Is Believer In Bonus System.

Charles M. Schwab, the steel-maker, chosen by President Wilson to speed up the shipbuilding programme, at 18 was earning \$2.50 a week in a grocery store, and at thirty-five was drawing a salary of \$1,000,000 a year—with commissions on the side—as president of the Carnegie Steel company. While Schwab's rise was rapid it was not spectacular. Schwab climbed the ladder of success step by step, and by sheer pluck, endeavor and merit.

"Influence" played no part in his advancement. He developed that peculiar faculty for doing things. A writer in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer says of the builder of Uncle Sam's sea-ships: "He never had any other pull than that of ability, unless it was for smiles. When he was picking up a few dollars shovelling snow in Williamsburg, Pa., his birthplace, he was known as 'Smiling Charley' Schwab, and the name has stuck to him ever since. It is said he can smile as easily, laugh as heartily and frequently and get as much enjoyment out of a brief vacation as any man living."

Builds Bigger Plant Than That of Krupp's.

"He has a genius for getting big things done, and if not hampered by the would-be big men, Schwab can be depended upon to bring order out of chaos, succeed where others have stumbled or failed altogether, and get more ships built in a short space of time than any man who could have been selected for director-general of the Emergency Fleet corporation."

"For years Schwab has had but one idea—steel. In a few years he has made of the Bethlehem plant a bigger institution than Krupp's at Essen, and he has done it without a bit of help from the government, while Krupp has always had unlimited support from the kaiser. He is now chairman of the board of directors of the Bethlehem Steel corporation, in which he owns a majority of the stock, and since he will have nothing to do with the letting of contracts, but will deal solely with the construction of ships, it is not expected it will be necessary for him to sever his industrial relations in order to accept the 'dollar-a-year' job with the government."

"But if it is necessary that he cut loose for a time from his big interests he will do it, for there was never any doubt about Schwab's patriotism. Some time before the United States entered the war Schwab said: 'If the United States should become involved in the war, the government of this country can have any product we manufacture—arms, plates or anything else—at any price it chooses to pay; and under such circumstances and regardless of price our entire plant will run twenty-four hours a day with every pound of energy we can put behind it.'"

Stock Ticker Has No Attraction for Him.

Schwab is a practical steel maker. He has no ambition to be a financial manipulator. The stock ticker has no attractions for him. Of this characteristic the writer in the Post-Intelligencer says:

"At one time he was head of the biggest combination of capital in the United States, the United States Steel Corporation, but when he found himself involved in the money market with Carnegie, Rockefeller, Gates, Frick, and others, he summoned his doctor, who prescribed that a vacation was necessary, and resigned from the presidency. When he came back he purchased the Bethlehem plant and returned to steel."

"A short time ago a writer said: 'The story of Bethlehem is a commercial epic, an "Iliad" of labor, a drama of industrial organization.' When Schwab purchased it for \$15,000,000 it was a wreck financially and physically, a site of buried fortunes and financial hopes. He made of it the greatest manufacturing establishment the world has known in recent years; he has been offered fabulous sums for his interest, but he refuses to sell. It is his and he proposes to keep it. He abandoned his million-dollar palace on Riverside drive, New York, hired a man to watch it, and moved to Bethlehem. There he resides."

"It is not too much to say that his men love him. This was shown when he was placed at the head of the United States Steel Corporation, which it has been said, was built by Morgan around Charley Schwab. On his shoulders was placed the job of constructing a new Homestead out of a sullen, beaten mob of 5,000 workmen, defeated in one of the greatest strikes of history, and machinery deteriorated by disuse. In six months he had turned the trick. Bathosism and comradeship did the work. And when, after resigning the presidency, he went to Homestead to bid the employees good-bye, the men shouted, 'Here's good luck to you, Charley!' and many similar expressions."

Schwab is Believer in Bonus System.

"Schwab was not especially fitted for his life-work. He was born of humble parents, obtained but a limited education in the public schools of Williamsburg and in St. Francis college, a friars' school, but he had indomitable will and abundance of energy. When driving stage for his father he usually had a book on his lap. When discharged by his employer at Lorain, where he worked as clerk at \$2.50 a week, because he couldn't tell gingham from calico, he struck Capt. Bill Jones of the Edgar Thompson Steel works for a job and got it, driving stakes for an engineering crew at \$1 a day. He then turned his attention to steel and he has stuck to it ever since."

Notwithstanding the fact that his own salary is among the topnotchers

in any field, Schwab does not believe in paying his employes large salaries, but he does believe that they should be able to earn more than their salaries, and he sees to it that they have this opportunity. Says the Post-Intelligencer:

"When he took over the Bethlehem plant and chose twelve men to assist him in putting it on its feet he did not pay any of them over \$100 a week. But he believes in the bonus system, and from the general manager to the humblest worker each has his chance to earn much more than his salary, and many of them do it. These bonuses are given for speed, for quality of product, or for efficiency, depending on the nature of the employe's work. When Morgan put Schwab at the head of the United States Steel corporation he offered him a salary of a million a year, but Schwab declined it—he didn't want to work for a salary. Learning how much Morgan expected the corporation to make all year, Schwab asked for 2 per cent of all that was made above that amount. His bonus was greater than the salary Morgan had offered."

Steel King Makes Own Opportunities.

"Schwab never waited for his oppor-

ties. He made them himself. Esau William wrote of him a few years ago: "When shipbuilding plants were white elephants in the hands of owners Schwab bought shipbuilding plants. When the great revival of shipbuilding came Schwab was ready and reaped profits in one year to repay his capital cost. When armor-plate did not pay 2 per cent a year on capital, Schwab undertook armor-plate. When the war came, Schwab was ready."

"Schwab plays as hard as he works. He is robust in physique, in voice, and in manner. He never speaks in a whisper. He never works in the dark. He dearly loves a good story. One of his favorites concerns Carnegie and one of Carnegie's employes. The man had been on a short vacation and when he returned asked for an extension in order that he might immediately marry a handsome, stout German girl who had consented to be his wife. Carnegie, not knowing anything about the girl, asked the man if the lady was tall and slender and willowy."

"Well, no, Mr. Carnegie," replied the expectant benedict, speaking after the manner of the steel-worker, "indeed, if I had the rolling of her I think I would have given her a few more passes."

"Schwab was 55 years old April 18."—Literary Digest.

TALES OF THE V. C.

Sergeant William Francis Burman, 16th Battalion Rifle Brigade.

(By Lieutenant J. P. Lloyd.)

Sergeant William Francis Burman was awarded the Victoria Cross for the gallantry and resource which he displayed during the British attack southeast of Ypres on the 20th of September, 1917. His company was advancing across No Man's Land towards the German trenches, when suddenly, from a group of shell holes some thirty yards away, a machine gun opened fire. His men were falling all around him, but Sergeant Burman had no thought for his own safety. Shouting "wait a minute, lads!" he signalled to his platoon to take cover, and dashed forward alone across the broken ground towards the machine-gun. The Germans saw him coming and swung round the muzzle of their gun to meet him as he ran, but they were not quick enough, and the bullets flew wide. Before they could recover from their surprise, he was upon them with the bayonet, and of the three Germans in the shell-hole not one survived. Now that this obstacle was removed from their path, the survivors of the company were enabled to continue their advance and Sergeant Burman rejoined his platoon. He took with him the captured machine-gun, and throughout the rest of the day used it with great effect upon its former owners.

It was not very long before he had a second chance of distinguishing himself. His company had driven the Germans out of their trenches, but the battalion of their right was still pinned down by heavy machine gun and rifle fire from the flanks. Fortunately Sergeant Burman could see the point from which this fire was coming, and he acted at once without waiting for orders. He called for two volunteers, and the call was answered immediately. The three men left the trench, and ran out into the open towards a low hedge a little distance away, firing their rifles as they ran. The Germans did not realize this new danger until Sergeant Burman and his small party had worked round behind them, and were shooting at them from the rear. Six of the Germans were killed before the remainder, who numbered no less than 31 including 2 officers, thought it wiser to surrender to the three Englishmen.

THE ALLEGEMEINE ELEKTRICITAETS GESELLSCHAFT

The big German combine which traded successfully before the war in electrical engineering is making a bid for after-the-war in a new direction, and one which both statesmen and business men in allied countries will do well to watch closely. The combine has no overseas trade now, so tries to develop trade in the air. It has applied to the Swedish Government for permission to establish an air service between Berlin and Stockholm, and has a number of aeroplanes ready to make an immediate start.

The Rhine towns will have their own opinion of their government when it sponsors a state-aided company aeroplane for any purpose other than defending the Rhine, but that is their affair and this enterprise is only incidentally a business one. With Germany, strategy goes hand in hand with business, and Germany's plans for air domination are as grandiose as her schemes for land domination. Germany is awake to the possibilities of aviation and this business proposal is the first overt move in her game. She has tried her old game of "The World in Shackles" by land and sea; the new game still is "The World in Shackles," but this time from the air. The Allies game is "The World Set Free," and every aeroplane worker,

CAREFULLY SEALED IN GERM PROOF TUBES

PURITY OATS

BRINGS TO YOUR TABLE THE DELICIOUS NUT LIKE FLAVOUR OF THE FAMOUS ALBERTA OATS

MANUFACTURED BY Western Canada Flour Mills Co. Limited

every business man, every leader in the allied countries must play the allied game against Germany and her agent the Allegemeine Elektricitats-Gesellschaft. There must be freedom in the air.

We Could Close Our 22 Stores And Tailor Shops With Profit If We Were Minded To Do So

WE could hoard up our woollens against the time when they would be in demand at treble the prices they command today. But we have never taken this view of the situation—we are in business to do business—in fact we take just a bit of personal pride in our wartime record—there has been no interruption to the good and satisfactory service we have been giving our patrons.



Today you should welcome an investment opportunity such as we are offering—and remember that our Made-to-Measure Garments will pay for themselves twice over—you will do well to order now for future needs while we are able to quote our present standard price.

Suit Or Top-Coat Made-To-Your-Measure

\$17

English and Scotch Woollen Co. More Quality Less Money

This \$17 line of fabrics does not interfere with our big \$16 Values.

WE were never as busy as now in our 22 Stores and Tailor Shops taking orders for and making garments to measure. Many of our customers are placing orders and are frankly telling us that they have no need for the garments until a year or more from now, but that they are ordering against the rise in price. We cannot urge with too much emphasis that our patrons fortify themselves now for future needs—woollen prices will be almost unbelievably higher in the very near future.

English & Scotch Woollen Co.

26-28 Charlotte St., St. John, N. B.

22 GREAT TAILOR SHOPS IN CANADA

Quebec Three Rivers St. Hyacinthe Grand Mar. Que. Amherst, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Moncton, N.B. New Glasgow, N.S. Charlottetown, P.E.I. Fredericton, N.B.

Out-of-Town Men Write for Free Samples, Fashion Plates, Self-Measure Form and Tape Line. Address: 601 St. Catherine Street East, Montreal.

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Baker's Cocoa

Pure Rich Delicious Wholesome

A leading authority on cocoa says:

"In order to have the cacao products most useful and to have the protein best appropriated, you must not take out too much fat. Hence, in my view, Baker's Cocoa (from which only the excess of oil is extracted) is an ideal food."

Its Use Saves Other Foods

TRADE-MARK ON EVERY PACKAGE Book of Choice Recipes sent Free.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited Established 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS. MONTREAL, CAN.

MARVEN'S WHITE LILY BISCUITS

Surely Satisfy Sister, Sweetheart, Many Lines

Soldier, Son, Everyone All Good

SOLD IN BULK -- IN PACKAGES -- IN TIN PAILS

J. A. MARVEN, LTD. BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS MONCTON HALIFAX ST. JOHN

"Canada Food Board License No. 5-928."

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SOLD FRESH EVERYWHERE

TAX EXEMPT TRUSTEE INVESTMENTS

To Yield (about)

City of St. John . . . 5.95 p.c.

County of Northumberland . . . 6.06 p.c.

Town of Edmundston . . . 6 1/2 p.c.

Ask for further particulars.

Eastern Securities Company, Limited

James McMurray,
Man. Director

St. John, N. B.

N. Y. QUOTATIONS.

(McDougall and Cowans.)

Open	High	Low	Close
Am Beet Sug	68 1/2	68 3/4	68 3/4
Am Car Py	85 1/2	85 3/4	84 3/4
Am Loco	68 1/2	69	68 3/4
Am Sug	112 1/2	113	112 3/4
Am Smelet	78 1/2	79	78 3/4
Am Steel Py	47 1/2	47 3/4	47 3/4
Am Zinc	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 3/4
Am Tele	95 1/2	96	95 3/4
Anaconda	66 1/2	67	66 3/4
A H and L Pfd	80 1/2	81	80 3/4
Am Can	48 1/2	49	48 3/4
Atchison	84 1/2	85	84 3/4
Balt and Ohio	54 1/2	55	54 3/4
Bald Loco	52 1/2	53	52 3/4
Both Steel	88 1/2	89	88 3/4
Brook Rap Tr	36 1/2	37	36 3/4
Butte and Sup	27 1/2	28	27 3/4
C F I	49 1/2	50	49 3/4
Chion Pa	40 1/2	41	40 3/4
Cent Leath	71 1/2	72	71 3/4
Can Pac	147 1/2	148	147 3/4
Distillers	59 1/2	60	59 3/4
Cruc Steel	89 1/2	90	89 3/4
Eric Con	15 1/2	16	15 3/4
Gr Nor Pfd	90 1/2	91	90 3/4
Gr Nor Ore	32 1/2	33	32 3/4
Indus Alcohol	124 1/2	125	124 3/4
Gen Motors	153 1/2	154	153 3/4
Inspira Cop	53 1/2	54	53 3/4
Kenne Cop	33 1/2	34	33 3/4
Lehigh Val	92 1/2	93	92 3/4
Mer Mar Pfd	102 1/2	103	102 3/4
Mex Petrol	101 1/2	102	101 3/4
Midvale Steel	52 1/2	53	52 3/4
Miss Pac	49 1/2	50	49 3/4
NY NH and H	38 1/2	39	38 3/4
Nor Pac	87 1/2	88	87 3/4
Penn	43 1/2	44	43 3/4
Reading Com	82 1/2	83	82 3/4
Repub Steel	92 1/2	93	92 3/4
St Paul	43 1/2	44	43 3/4
Sou Pac	83 1/2	84	83 3/4
Studebaker	49 1/2	50	49 3/4
Union Pac	121 1/2	122	121 3/4
U S Stl Com	108 1/2	109	108 3/4
U S Rub	58 1/2	59	58 3/4
US Ship	81 1/2	82	81 3/4
Westinghse	42 1/2	43	42 3/4
U S Steel Pfd	111 1/2	112	111 3/4

MONTREAL SALES.

(McDougall and Cowans.)

Montreal, Friday, June 28—Morning.

Steel Canada Pfd—25 @ 92 1/2 @ 92
Steamships Com—35 @ 40 1/2
Can. Cem. Pfd—5 @ 91 7/8 @ 91 1/2 @ 92
Steel Can. Com—10 @ 66
Dom. Iron Com—25 @ 61
Civ. Power—20 @ 76
Ottawa Light and Power—50 @ 82 1/2
1981 War Loan—500 @ 94 1/2
Bell Telephone—100 @ 130
Can. Car. Com—10 @ 30 1/2
Baronide Paper Co.—10 @ 118 1/2 @ 118 1/2
Laurentide Power—25 @ 54 1/2
Can. Cotton Pfd—25 @ 76
Afternoon.
Can. Cem. Pfd—15 @ 92
Can. Cem. Com—5 @ 60 1/2
Steel Can. Com—75 @ 65 1/2
Shawinigan—100 @ 113 1/2
Can. Car. Com—2 @ 32
Mo. Cotton—25 @ 55
Riorion—100 @ 118
Catholic Railway—20 @ 20
Leasr. Power—100 @ 53 1/2
Tram. Power—10 @ 23
Can. Cotton—100 @ 69 1/2
Royal Bank—10 @ 298

CHICAGO CATTLE

Chicago, June 28.—(United States Bureau of Markets)—Hogs, receipts, 18,000; market active, 10 cents higher than yesterday's average. Butcher's 16.70 and 17.10; light, 16.80 and 17.10; packing, 16.05 and 16.55; rough, 15.70 and 16.00; bulk of sales, 16.50 and 17.05; pigs, good and choice 16.40 and 16.90.

Cattle, receipts 6,000; generally steady with yesterday. Calves steady with yesterday's close.

Sheep, receipts 13,000; strong to steady.

COTTON MARKET

(McDougall and Cowans.)

High	Low	Close
Jan. 24.75		
Mar. 24.77		
May. 24.81		
July. 24.85		
Oct. 24.92		

NEW BRUNSWICK LUMBER IMPORTS AT BOSTON LESS

No Improvement in Ordinary Business At That Centre and General Tone Quiet.

COAL SITUATION HAS IMPROVED

Sales of 1 1/2-8 Inch Laths Are Reported At \$4.40, Shingles Unchanged.

Boston, June 28.—No improvement has taken place in civilian business but rather a falling off, as in many cases uncertainties as to great that few merchants and manufacturers care to risk taking contracts. The general tone is quiet and, except on government work, the outlook is not encouraging.

Improvements in the New England coal situation, particularly in bituminous, is perhaps the most favorable development of the week with mills and in almost nothing. Stocks of cotton and wool goods are small in all departments and are not easily bought, in view of the tendency of owners to hold on to them, as there is no prospect of lower prices. Textile manufacturers are forced to consent to wage increases, owing to the scarcity of labor and desire to keep all the help they have. At the same time, with operatives receiving higher wages than ever before, the mills find difficulty in maintaining full time. There is steady enlargement of military industry in the shoe and leather trades and the shoe factories are actively employed, though they are not taking on much new business, except in government orders. Supplies of leather are small and tanners report a shortage of hides. New clip wools are arriving more freely.

There is no improvement in the building situation or allied trades, and no active demand for pig iron has so far been reported. Sales of lumber are quiet, and shipments from New Brunswick have declined. Sales of 1 1/2 inch laths are reported at \$4.40, but there is no change in shingles. Clapboards are dull, but hardwoods are firm, while transportation difficulties still interfere with business in southern lumber.

Food costs continue high and the outlook is not encouraging for any material cheapening.—Dunn's Review.

TRUSTEES TAKE BOSTON ELEVATED

Big Corporation To Be Managed By State—Old Management Quits Tomorrow Night.

Boston, June 28.—Five public trustees to take over control of the Boston Elevated railway, which operates subway elevated and surface lines in this city, were nominated by Governor McCall. They are: Former Lieut.-Governor Louis S. Frothingham, North-eastern; Galen L. Stone, Boston; William M. Butler, Boston; John F. Stevens, president of the Boston Central Labor Union; and Stanley E. Miller of Winchester.

Under an act of the legislature the trustees will take charge of the property July 1.

NEWSPRINT PRICES

Ottawa, June 28.—R. A. Pringle, K. C., controller of newspapers in a formal order just issued, continues until September the price of \$2.85 per hundred for newspaper in carload lots. The order also continues the arrangement for the pooling of the Boston Central Labor Union, and Stanley E. Miller of Winchester.

PAPER WAGE RAISE

Washington, June 28.—An advance of ten cents an hour to pulpwood and paper industry workers was granted by the war labor board. The federal trade commission has been asked by the board to make another increase in the selling price of newspaper paper.

SALISBURY

Salisbury, June 28.—Miss Etta Taylor of Amherst, was the week-end guest of Mrs. S. H. Taylor.

Mrs. Margaret Burnett and daughter, Miss Laura of Petrolia, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Brown.

Sergeant J. Walton Trites, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Trites, who has recently arrived from overseas is being warmly welcomed by his many friends here.

Miss Bernice Jones of Moncton, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jones, who has been quite seriously ill will be glad to hear that she is improving.

Miss Lillie Brown who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. F. J. Gray, returned to her home in New York last week.

Ganner B. E. Force of St. John, spent the week-end with relatives here.

Mrs. O. W. Saunders of Godolita Point, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bent.

Mrs. J. Leslie Kennedy and daughter, Greta were the guests of Mrs. Mrs. Sam MacKee, Moncton.

Miss Jennie Bent, who has been in Rothesay for several months, returned home on Saturday.

Misses Annie and Dora MacWilliam of Moncton, spent the week-end with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James MacWilliam.

Mr. Burton E. Bartlett of Bangor, Me., is here superintending the shipment of lumber for the Bangor Lumber Co. He is the guest of the Depot House.

THE RUSSIAN SITUATION IS BEWILDERING

Dull Stock Market Ascribed To Dispatches From Abroad.

PRICES BECOME HEAVY AT TIMES

Copper Shares Brighten on Expectation of Rise in Metal. BIG TIME IN SUSSEX

New York, June 28.—For want of a more definite or specific reason, the dull and irregular course of today's market was ascribed to foreign dispatches on the Russian situation which were so bewildering as to limit trading to the professional element.

Prices were hesitant from the outset, occasionally becoming heavy on pressure against investment rails and recognized industries. Abrupt generalizations like General Motors, Sunatras Tobacco and other issues under pool guidance were not conducive to general improvement.

United States Steel was less prominent, and moved in a more limited area, closing at a loss of almost a point. Relativ shares were steel, a whole lot of shares of steel, forfeiting much of their uneven advantage in the stagnant final hour.

During the intermediate session, metals came forward briskly on announcement that the question of copper prices would soon again come before the war board. Several of the less prominent oil issues, notably Royal Dutch and Sinclair, were substantially higher, but the market was chiefly affected by a general rise in the price of oil.

Further relaxation was manifested by the war board call loans were easier than at recent week-ends. Forecasts of tomorrow's bank statement varied indications favoring an expansion of loans.

Bonds were irregular, mainly as the result of variations of small fractions in the foreign group. Russian exterior's 5 per cent 1917's gained from 3 to 4 points on the curb. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$8,250,000. Old U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

ANTIS MAKE REPLY TO CANADIAN CAR CO. MANAGEMENT

L. G. Beaubien and Michael Connolly Say Charges of Grave Nature Demand An Answer—Payments of Money Questioned.

Montreal, June 28.—The committee of shareholders acting in opposition to the management of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company, the local members of which are L. G. Beaubien and Michael Connolly, have issued the following reply to the action of the car board in connection with the demand for access to the books, and the court proceedings thereto, appended to which will be found the car director's statement.

"Evidently the directors persist in their policy of shutting out the light. Of two evils they choose the lesser."

"Charges of a grave nature are made against them. The gravamen of these charges bears upon dealings between the company and some of the directors, of which are L. G. Beaubien and Michael Connolly, the propriety of such payments is challenged. These charges have been made by five shareholders holding jointly three times as much stock as is held by the entire board."

Denials Made

"The charges have, in part, been denied. The evidence, which can fully establish such charges, is held by the very directors whose administration is challenged. They owe it to the shareholders, they owe it to themselves. Forthwith to give full access to such evidence. They have refused. They prefer the intricacies and delays of a law suit."

"They seek cover behind the alleged interest of the company. However, it is plain that the company is not attacked; the directors alone are called to account."

"The stand which they have taken is neither logical nor courageous. However, very shortly now the shareholders of the board will shed some light on the issues, notwithstanding the board's determined efforts to sit on the lid."

CHICAGO PRODUCE

Chicago, June 28.—Corn—No. 2 yellow, 1.77 to 1.78; No. 3 yellow, 1.70 to 1.75; No. 4 yellow, 1.61 to 1.85.

Oats—No. 1 white, old, 79 1/4 to 79 1/2; No. 2 white, old, 78 1/4 to 79 1/2; new, 78 1/2 to 79.

Rye—No. 2, 1.75.

Barley—1.00 to 1.20.

Timothy—2.00 to 2.50.

Clover—Nominal.

Flour—Nominal; pard, 25.57; ribs, 22.70 to 23.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET

(McDougall and Cowans.)

July	Close	Low	High
July 148 1/2			
Aug. 151 1/2			
Sept. 154 1/2			
Oct. 157 1/2			
Nov. 160 1/2			
Dec. 163 1/2			
Jan. 166 1/2			
Feb. 169 1/2			
Mar. 172 1/2			
Apr. 175 1/2			
May 178 1/2			
June 181 1/2			

SO-CALLED PEACE STOCKS ARE IN SOME DEMAND

Austrian Defeat and Berlin Developments May Hasten End of the War.

TREND OF MARKET CONTINUES UPWARD

Mexican Petroleum Expected To Reach 125 on Excellent Prospects.

(McDUGALL & COWANS)

New York, June 28.—The trend of the general market continues upward. We expect to see it broaden in the absence of disturbing foreign news. Good buying is found in several departments. Public interest would expand should a big successful counter-attack be delivered soon against the Hun. We think that purchases should be restricted principally to recessions, for the present.

Peace stocks are receiving more consideration. Investigations suggest that the Austrian defeat and the latest developments from Berlin, showing dissonance, are responsible for the new interest in issues which will show up as well in peace as in war. Predictions being made in speculative channels that Mexican Petroleum will gradually work up to the 125 level. New buying is understood to be based more on the improving outlook for speculation as a result of the building rush and the prospect of the marketing of oil on a larger scale.

Resumption of buying of American Locomotive of same class that was recently active on the long side of the stock at rising prices has been noted during the last week or two. The issues are reflecting an increasing outside interest, these being preferred speculative channels to the car issue.

N. Y. F. B.

FRESH STRENGTH IN CORN MARKET

Continued Hot Weather in Southwest Puts Prices Up—Oats Strong.

Chicago, June 28.—Fresh strength developed in the corn market today, largely as a result of continued hot dry weather in the southwest. The fact that arrivals of the best wheat are still further to make traders uneasy over possible difficulties in regard to deliveries on July contracts. Offerings were readily absorbed. Opening tended further to unchange of figures to 3-8 cent higher, with July at \$1.46 1/2 to \$1.47 and August \$1.49 to \$1.49 1/2, were followed by decided bid out that a large proportion of the corn and turpentine produced is needed for war requirements.

Oats reflected the strength of corn. Most of the business was local. After opening a share to 1/4 higher with August 68 1/2 to 68 5/8, the market scored a moderate additional upturn. Provisions advanced with corn and hogs. All wheat and government orders for hard were in sight.

NEWS SUMMARY

(McDUGALL & COWANS)

New York, June 28.—General Motors Corporation declared regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent on the common stock and 12 per cent on preferred both payable August 1 to stock record of July 15.

Austria said to be on verge of financial collapse and Paris hears that martial law will soon be proclaimed throughout the empire.

About 10,000 machinists and tool makers in Bridgeport plant are now on strike.

Prohibition amendment abolishing liquor traffic on June 30th, 1919 favorable reported by senate committee on agriculture will meet many obstacles in way of speedy passage if it reaches show down in senate.

Removal from office of Von Kuehlmann owing to recent speech in Reichstag expected in near future.

United States planning fifty million dollar loan to China.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

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All Outside Rooms
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Courtesy Management,
E. M. and E. R. HOSTETTER

Paul F. Blanchet

Chartered Accountant
TELEPHONE CONSULTANT
St. John and Rothesay

MARKET BECOMES DULL IN THE LAST HOUR OF TRADING

Copper Stocks Show More Strength Than Any Other Group of Stocks.

BOSTON EXPECTS HIGHER PRICES

United States Rubber Attracts Attention By Moving Up Two.

(McDUGALL & COWANS)

New York, June 28.—The market became dull in the early afternoon and continued so until the close. Copper stocks showed more strength than any other group. The apparent reason being expectation in the trade that higher prices for copper would be allowed later in the year. The question does not come before the War Industries Board until August 7.

United States Rubber attracted attention by moving up two points and Ann. Hide and Leather was again strong.

In general, however, the trading and price movements were both restricted by the confusing nature of the Russian news. In the afternoon London transmitted reports current in Vienna of a strong counter-revolutionary movement in Russia which was said to be chiefly of a monarchial trend. Another of the grand duke's was mentioned as having declined the throne. The stock market refused to put any construction upon this news until the situation becomes clear. Prices tended to ease off toward the close but there was no selling pressure.

E. & C. RANDOLPH

TURPENTINE RISES

Washington, June 28.—Rapid advances in the price of resin and turpentine and general disturbances in the trade have been caused by a false rumor that the government would declare their production non-essential industry. The war industries board announced today that no such danger existed, and pointed out that a large proportion of the resin and turpentine produced is needed for war requirements.

BOMBARDMENT INSURANCE

and protection against loss by Invasion, Explosion and General War Risk is now a business necessity.

NONE OF THESE ARE COVERED UNDER YOUR FIRE INSURANCE POLICY.

Telephone for rates and get an INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA protection.

Assets \$35,000,000.

NORMAN L. MCGLOAN,
46 Princess Street — Telephone Main 481

AN OBSOLETE COMPLIMENT

It used to be considered a compliment to appoint a friend as Executor of your estate. But the estate often suffered so much from the Executor's absence, illness or death that the compliment proved a very expensive one. In appointing a personal Executor the maker of a will ought to consider that matters pertaining to his estate will be given just what share of his time the Executor has to devote to them.

Why not appoint a corporate Executor?

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General Assets, \$10,000,000. Cash Capital, \$2,500,000.00

Notary Public, \$2,501,575.00

Peapack Building, Cor. Princess and Canterbury Sts., St. John, N. B.
Applications for Agents invited.

FURTHER DEMAND FOR RUSSIANS

Bonds Strengthened By Developments in Russian Situation.

New York, June 28.—Trading in Russian government external bonds on the curb market has been stimulated by the developments in the Russian situation. Yesterday reports of possible allied intervention in Russia caused the bonds to strengthen and today they made a further advance on the reports of the overthrowing of the Bolshevik government. The 6 1/2 per cent four points to 44 and the 5 1/2 per cent 3 points to 42.

Part of this gain was forfeited later on the confusing character of the Russian news.

MONTREAL PRODUCE

Montreal, June 28.—OATS—Canadian western No. 3, 96; No. 2 local white, 92.

FLOUR—Manitoba new standard grade, 110.95 to 111.05.

MILKFEED—Shorts \$85; middlings, HAY—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14.50 to \$15.00.

POTATOES—Per bag, car lots, \$2.

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Stmr. Champlain

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE Steamer will leave St. John on TUESDAY and THURSDAY at 12 o'clock noon and SATURDAY at 3 p. m., for Upper James and intermediate landings; returning on alternate days, due in St. John at 1.30 p. m.

R. S. ORCHARD, Manager.

The Maritime Steamship Co. Limited

On and after June 1st, 1918, a steamer of this company leaves St. John every Saturday, 7.30 a. m., for Black's Harbor, calling at Dipper Harbor and Beaver Harbor.

Leaves Black's Harbor Monday, two hours of high water, for St. Andrews, calling at Lord's Cove, Richardson, Lotots or Back Bay.

Leaves St. Andrews Monday evening or Tuesday morning, according to the tide, for St. George, Back Bay and Black's Harbor.

Leaves Black's Harbor Wednesday on the tide for Dipper Harbor, calling at Beaver Harbor.

Leaves Dipper Harbor for St. John, 8 a. m. Thursday.

Agent—Thorpe Wharf and Warehousing Co., Ltd., Phone 2581, Manager Lewis Connors.

This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the steamer.

GRAND MANAN S. S. CO.

After June 1st, and until further notice, boat of this line will leave Grand Manan, 7 a. m. Mondays for St. John arriving about 2.30 p. m.; returning Tuesday, 10 a. m., arriving Grand Manan about 6 p. m. Both ways via Wilson's Beach, Campello and Eastport.

Leave Grand Manan Wednesdays, 7 a. m. for St. Stephen, returning Thursday, 7 a. m. Both

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Modern Artistic Work
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ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
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Barrister, Notary Public,
Canada Life Building,
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St. John, N. B.

MILES B INNES
Solicitor, etc.
50 Princess St., St. John, N. B.
Money to Loan on Real Estate.

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E. J. McLAUGHLIN, 51 Brussels St.
Bread, Cakes and Pastry
Wedding Cakes a Specialty, Plain or Decorated.
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IZZARD'S BAKERY
Home-Made Bread, Buns and
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Sold at All Grocery Stores.
143 Victoria St. Phone M. 1980-11

ST. JOHN BAKERY
Standard Bread, Cakes and Pastry.
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V. J. DUNPHY
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Alterations and Repairs to Houses
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General Contractors.
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W. H. ROWLEY,
Carpenter and Builder, House Rais-
ing and Moving a Specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to.
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Carpenter and Builder
Estimates cheerfully furnished.
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Metal Weather Strip, guaranteed to
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Carpenter, Contractor, Appraiser, etc.
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Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired
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Satisfaction Guaranteed.
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Our Name a Guarantee of the
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ELECTRICAL GOODS
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Phone Main 573. 54 and 36 Dock St.
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J. P. LYNCH, 270 UNION STREET,
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Get our prices and terms before
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R. R. BRADLEY
Consulting Forester to The New
Brunswick Railway Co. Timber and
Fuelwood Estimates, Forest Maps.
Advice on the management of
Woodlands; Timberlands listed for
sale.
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P. O. Box 1, Ottawa, Ontario

FIRE INSURANCE
WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.
Incorporated 1881.
Assets over \$4,000,000.00
Losses paid since organiza-
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Main Office, Toronto, Ont.
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(OTHER ONLY)
Security Exceeds One Hun-
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Ask for Our New Policy.
**FIRE, THEFT, TRANSIT,
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—All in One Policy—
Enquiry for Rates Solicited.
Chas. A. Macdonald & Son,
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PHONE 1536.

WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.

Fire, War, Marine and Motor Cars
Assets exceed \$5,000,000. Agents
Wanted.
R. W. W. FRANK & SON, Branch
Managers, St. John.

GROCERIES
W. S. LOGAN, 554 Main St.
Phone M. 720.
Choice Groceries at Lowest
Prices. Native Strawberries.
Formerly
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J. W. HAMM
Groceries, Meat and Fish.
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Hay, Oats and Feed,
91 LUDLOW STREET, W. E.
Phone W. 237-21.

BARNES' GROCERIES

Fine Groceries and Provisions.
237 Union St., W. E.
Phone W. 16-11.

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Groceries and Meats
203 Queen Street, West End
Phone West 286

JOS. L. McKENNA
Groceries and Provisions
35 WATERLOO STREET
Phone M. 1412.

HACK & LIVERY STABLE
DAVID LOVE,
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Right opposite Union Depot.
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Coaches in attendance at all boats
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We Manufacture All Styles Harness
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HORSES of all classes bought and
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EDWARD HOGAN, 160 Union St.
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VICTORIA HOTEL
Better Now Than Ever.
87 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
SAINT JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD.
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40 South Side King Square,
Next door to Imperial Theatre.
DICKINSON & KING,
Proprietors.

IRONS AND METALS.
100 Brass Pumps, suitable for plum-
bers; 3 Tons Hope Eads, suitable for
binding strings; 1 Ton Hope, suitable
for clothes lines, etc.; Canvas, for cov-
ers, wagons, boats, engines, etc.; all
second hand.
JOHN McGOULDRIK,
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JEWELERS
POYAS & CO. King Square
Full Lines of Jewelry and Watches
Prompt repair work. Phone M. 2696-11

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**EXTENSION
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ALL SIZES
H. L. & J. T. McCowan, Ltd.,
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SECOND-HAND MACHINERY
Can supply for immediate shipment
any quantity of Mining Machinery,
Rails, Locomotives, Mill Machinery,
and all kinds of Electrical Equipment,
etc. Frank O. Garson & Co., Canada
Lite Building.

MANILLA CORDAGE
Galvanized and Black Steel Wire
Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Oils, Paints,
Flags, Tackle Blocks, and Motor Boat
Supplies.

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AND TINWARE**
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MACHINISTS AND ENGINEERS,
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Repair Work.
INDIAN TOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B.
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MEAT AND PRODUCE
J. I. DAVIS & SON
have opened a Cash Grocery
at 560 Main St.
Store formerly occupied by
R. McConnell.
Call us for CASH SPECIALS.
Phone Main 3185.

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S. GOLDFEATHER
148 MILL STREET
We Duplicate Broken Lenses
Without Prescription.
All Repairs Are Done Promptly.

PATENTS

PETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
The old established firm. Patents
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Plumber
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Plumbing and Heating.
Jobbing Promptly Attended To.
684 Main Street Tel. Main 17-21.

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Logan's Stove Exchange,
18 HAYMARKET SQUARE.
New and Second-hand Ranges, Oil
Stoves and Kitchen Hardware. Down
in the low rent district. Open evenings.
Tel. 228-21.

STOVES AND RANGES
PHILIP GRANNAN
PLUMBING AND TINSMITHING.
688 MAIN STREET.

Francis S. Walker
SANITARY & HEATING
ENGINEER
No. 14 Church Street

PAINTS
The "Brighten Up" season is again
here and everything necessary, Paints,
Varnishes, Stains, Enamels, Brushes,
etc., are carried in stock.
A. M. ROWAN
321 MAIN STREET. PHONE 398.

SHOE REPAIRING.
JAMES L. WRIGHT,
Custom Boot and Shoe
Repairing.
16 Winslow St., W. E.
Phone W. 154-11.

WHOLESALE FRUITS

A. L. GOODWIN
36-38 Germain Street
St. John, N. B.

FRESH FISH

Fresh Codfish, Halibut and
Gaspereaux
JAMES PATTERSON
19 and 20 South Market Wharf,
St. John, N. B.

Remit by Dominion Express Money
Order. If lost or stolen, you get your
money back.

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, June 28.—Mr. and
Mrs. Harper Allen and family of Mon-
cton, were guests of Mrs. Allen's par-
ents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McGorman
today.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. Smith and
son of Boundary Creek, spent the day
with Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Witton,
Riverdale.

Harry Fownes, postmaster of Hope-
well Cape, has accepted a position in
the wholesale grocery in Amherst. He
left last week. His family will re-
main at Hopewell Cape.

Frank K. Newcomb has been re-
commended for the position of post-
master, made vacant by Mr. Fownes'
removal.

Capt. Ronald V. Bennett, Mrs. Ben-
nett and little son, spent a few days
in the country last week. Capt. Ben-
nett has been in charge of a patrol
boat on the coast for several months,
but will remain in home waters for
the summer months, residing in Hal-
fax.

Miss Ada Calhoun of St. John, came
to spend the summer at the home of
Miss Lena Nichol on Tuesday. Her
mother and sisters, Mrs. Iva Calhoun, the
Misses Ruth and Annie Calhoun are
expected here next week.

A reception was held in Oulton Hall
on Tuesday evening by the Women's
Institute of that place in honor of Cor-
poral W. H. and Private Gordon Crook-
er, sons of Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Crook-
er of Albert, who have just returned
from overseas. I. C. Prescott was
chairman and the play "The Women"
Chancellor Jones of the U. N. B. G.
D. Prescott, M. L. A., Principal L. R.
Hetherington, Dr. S. C. Murray, Rev.
Richard Ople. The address of wel-
come was given by Dr. Murray, re-
sponded to by Corporal Crooker. Ad-
dresses were given by the above named
gentlemen and letters read from
Sergeant Major O. A. Reid and Sergeant
C. Wright of St. John, regretting their
inability to be present. Several musical
selections were given by the young
ladies, including a solo by Mrs. Fletcher
or Peacock of Fredericton (a sister of
the young men) which were much en-
joyed. Ice cream and cake were serv-
ed at the close of a very pleasant even-
ing.



TENDERS FOR DREDGING
Sealed Tenders, addressed to the
undersigned, and endorsed "Tender
for Dredging, Yarmouth," will be re-
ceived until 12 o'clock noon, on Tues-
day, July 16, 1918, for dredging re-
quired at the entrance channel and har-
bour at Yarmouth, N. S.
Tenders will not be considered un-
less made on the forms supplied, and
signed with the actual signatures of
tenders.

Combined specifications and form of
tender can be obtained on application
to the Secretary, Department of Public
Works, Ottawa. Tenders must include
the towing of the tender to and from the
work.

The dredges and other plant which
are intended to be employed on this
work shall have been duly registered
in Canada at the time of the filing of
this tender with the Department, or
shall have been built in Canada after
the filing of this tender.

Contractors must be ready to begin
work within thirty days after the date
they have been notified of the accept-
ance of their tender.

Each tender must be accompanied
by an accepted cheque on a chartered
bank, payable to the order of the Min-
ister of Public Works, for 5 per cent.
of the contract price, but no cheque to
be for less than fifteen hundred dollars.
By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, June 25, 1918.

NOTICE OF MEETING

The Annual meeting of the share-
holders of The Standard Limited will
be held at the Company's office, 82
Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.,
at three o'clock on the afternoon of
Tuesday July 9, 1918.
Thomas Bell,
Secretary.



Notice to Mariners

Notice is hereby given that the light
on Lettie Harbour gas and bell buoy
is reported not burning. Will be re-
lighted as soon as possible.
J. C. CHESLEY,
Agent, Marine and Fisheries Depart-
ment.



Extract from a letter of a Cana-
dian soldier in France.
To MRS. R. D. BAMBURCK:
The Rectory, Yarmouth, N.S.
Dear Mother—
I am keeping well, have good
food and well protected from the
weather, but have some difficulty
keeping uninvited guests from
visiting me.

Have you any patriotic drug-
gists that would give something
for a gift overseas—if so do you
know something that is good for
everything? I do—Old MINARD'S
Liniment.

Your affectionate son,
Ron.
Manufactured by the
Minard's Liniment Co. Ltd.
Yarmouth, N.S.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100.

THERAPION
The most powerful medicine ever
discovered for the cure of all
forms of Rheumatism, Gout,
Sciatica, Neuralgia, Migraine,
Headache, Toothache, Backache,
Stiffness of Joints, Sprains,
Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost-
bites, and all other forms of
Rheumatism. It is a powerful
antiseptic and disinfectant,
and is used by the medical
profession for the treatment of
all forms of Rheumatism.
It is a powerful antiseptic and
disinfectant, and is used by
the medical profession for the
treatment of all forms of
Rheumatism. It is a powerful
antiseptic and disinfectant,
and is used by the medical
profession for the treatment of
all forms of Rheumatism.

Plenty of Lasting Suds
Cleanses the Clothes
Quickly but Gently



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

One cent per word each insertion. Discount of
33 1/3 per cent. on advertisements running one
week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum
charge twenty-five cents.

HOTELS

CLIFTON HOUSE
110 COMMERCIAL MAN. HOME
Corner Germain and Princess Sts.
REYNOLDS & FRITCH

"THE PRINCE WILLIAM"
Transient and permanent guests.
House furnished in refined taste. Ex-
cellent table. Special rates for guests
remaining for week or over. Prince
William Street. Telephone Main 1194
P. St. J. Beard, Manager.

ROYAL HOTEL
King Street
St. John's Landing Hotel.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY, Mgrs.

HOTEL DUFFERIN
FOSTER & COMPANY, Proprietors.
King Square, St. John, N. B.
J. T. DUNLOP, Manager.
New and Up-to-Date Sample Rooms
Connection.

MISCELLANEOUS
FILMS FINISHED—Send your films
to Wasson's Main street, for best de-
veloping and printing. Enlargements,
\$2.00 for \$5 cents.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS,
and all string instruments and ac-
cessories repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS,
61 Sydney Street.

MAILED CONTRACT
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to
the Postmaster General, will be received
at Ottawa until noon, on Friday,
the 26th July, 1918, for the conveyance
of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed
Contract for four years, 6 times per
week on the Bloomfield Station Rural
Route No. 1, from the 1st October
next.

Printed notices containing further
information as to conditions of pro-
posed Contract may be seen and blank
forms of Tender may be obtained at
the Post Office of Bloomfield Station
and at the Office and at the Office of
the Post Office Inspector.
H. W. WOODS,
Post Office Inspector's Office,
St. John, N. B., June 28, 1918.

**Ten Valuable City Freehold
Properties in Milford
and Fairville.**
I am instructed by
Thomas Bullock, Esq.,
Commissioner of Her-
 Majesty's Lands
to sell by Public Auc-
tion at Chubb's Corner
on Saturday morning,
July 6th, at 12 o'clock noon, the fol-
lowing properties in Milford,
and in Fairville:
Butler Property with house 27x29
feet m. or l.; lot 100x50 feet, m. or l.
Milford Road.
Mulaney Property house 20x28 feet
m. or l.; lot 120x70 m. or l. Church
avenue.
Byers Property, house 25x29 feet,
m. or l.; lot 120x50 feet m. or l. Church
avenue.
Collins Property, house 20x20 feet
m. or l.; size lot 150x45 m. or l. Church
avenue.
Smith Property, Fairville, very
desirable corner lot, Beach and Hill
streets; lot 92x45 feet m. or l.
Black Property, 20x27 m. or l.; lot
105x50 m. or l. Church avenue.
Campbell Property, size of lot 220x
40 feet m. or l. Church avenue.
Grey Property, house 20x27 feet
m. or l.; size lot 210x40 feet m. or l.
Church avenue.
Monaghan Property, double house,
size of lot 100x40 feet m. or l. Mil-
ford Road.
The above properties are very desir-
ably located and in a section that is
rapidly growing, and affords a splendid
opportunity to persons wishing to own
their own homes. For plans and
further particulars, etc., apply to
F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer
Office and Saleroom,
26 Germain Street.

LOST.
LOST—Between Loch Lomond and
Dufferin Hotel, Gentsman's pocket
book containing temporary discharge
papers and other valuable papers.
Finder will be rewarded by returning
same to Standard Office.

LOST—Small receipt book, half
bound in leather. Valuable to
owner only. Return Standard Office.
Reward.

LOST—Somewhere between Stewar-
ton and Hatfield Point, June 14th, a
silver cased open faced Hamilton
watch. Finder please return to J. F.
Booth and receive reward.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—Four wheels (rims and
spokes only) new, of five passenger
Ford touring car. Apply Pension Of-
fice, 69 Prince William street, St. John,
N. B.

FOR SALE.
One second-hand Monarch Economic
Boiler, mounted on hard pine skids.
Admission King Furnace, with grate
cases, 17 feet, 2 inches, length of
Shell, 15 feet, 9 inches. 52 three-inch
tubes, recently renewed. Can be
used under steam or water pressure.
E. S. STEPHENSON & CO.,
17 Nelson St., St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—"Tag Leader" in good
repair. For particulars apply L. W.
Nickerson, Box 235 St. John, N. B.

Over The Top daily with the Rem-
ington Typewriter, on the string line
and in the front trenches. A Milne
Fraser, Jas. A. Little, Mgr., 37 Dock St.,
St. John, N. B.

Around the City

WEATHER—SHOWERY

NO STANDARD ON MONDAY

There will be no issue of The Standard on Monday, Dominion Day. Tuesday's edition will contain an account of the celebration in the province, including the horse races and games.

DOUBLE TRACKING.

The work of double tracking the C. P. R. from Fairville to Bay Shore is proceeding rapidly and the new line is nearly finished.

LEFT FOR SALEM.

Daniel Hogan, of Stoneham, Mass., for several years an employee of J. M. Humphrey & Co., left last night for Salem, Mass., where he will reside.

THE NEW PASTOR.

Rev. F. J. Appleman, the new pastor of the Coburg street Christian church, is expected to arrive in the city today and will take the services on Sunday.

FATHER O'DONOVAN'S WILL. In the matter of the estate of Rev. J. O'Donovan, letters of administration have been granted to his sister, Marjorie. Judge H. O. McInerney is proctor.

HAD PICTURE TAKEN.

Some of the young ladies filling an engagement at a local theatre had their photographs taken on Square yesterday, at the same "Fannies" hats. They made a nice appearance.

WHO OWNED IT?

An elderly man while walking along Charlotte street last night picked up a parcel and found the contents to contain a square face of gin. It is rather uncommon find in a prohibition city.

WAS ON VACATION.

Rev. Dr. Bambrick, rector of Holy Trinity Church in Yarmouth, N. S., was in the city yesterday, en route home after a vacation spent with his relatives in Boston, Mass. The reverend gentleman has a son in the service, having enlisted over three years ago.

COURTNEY BAY WORK.

Stanley E. Elkin, M. P., yesterday received a wire that Mr. Pratt, who is in charge of the work at Courtney Bay, and a number of those interested in the company, would arrive in the city about the middle of next week, and it is expected a start will be made at once on the ship-building and dry dock construction.

TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL.

George Bridges, who has a shop on Prince William street near the C. G. R. elevator, took suddenly ill in the store yesterday afternoon. A coach was called and he was conveyed to his home 19 Harding street. Stomach trouble is supposed to have caused his illness. His many friends hope for a speedy recovery, he being a very affable old gentleman.

BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL.

At the meeting of the council of the Board of Trade held yesterday morning at the port of St. John, Eastern S. S. connection, registration of fish and fire insurance were under discussion. The committee on seed wheat reported that the 25 bushels had been distributed among the farmers at St. Martins, Fairfield, Hickey Road, Manawagonish Road and Dipper Harbor.

LECTURE IN ST. JOHN.

"Judge" Joseph P. Rutherford, who succeeded "Pastor Russell" as head of the International Bible Students' Association of Brooklyn, N. Y., and who recently with others of the organization was sentenced to twenty years for conspiracy against the United States espionage law, has lectured in St. John and other places in the maritime provinces. One of his lectures was that a Christian could not take up arms and fight.

SOLDIERS IN HOSPITAL.

George K. Berton has received word that his son, Gunner Chas. Berton, had been admitted to hospital suffering from gas poisoning. Gunner Berton went overseas on the same boat as the 26th and since arriving in France has been a member of a trench mortar battery.

ACCIDENTS ON PARADISE ROW

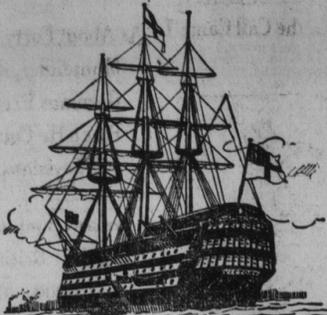
Clarence Parkins was Run Over By Sloven and Injured—Robert Harrison Collided With Automobile. Clarence Parkins a little over three years old met with a very painful accident yesterday afternoon about 2:30 on Paradise Row. He was playing on the street and was run over by a sloven owned and driven by Richard Ryder, 29 Magazine street. One of the front wheels passed over his left arm causing serious injury. He was taken into Hawker's drugstore and the injured arm was attended to. Robert Harrison while riding a bicycle on Paradise Row yesterday collided with an automobile, No. 3109 driven by Frank Jones. The front wheel of the bicycle was damaged, but fortunately the rider escaped injury.

Mr. Charles Fenney, accompanied by his sister, Miss Margaret, left yesterday morning, to spend a few weeks' vacation at their father's home Bedford, Nova Scotia. Among Frederick arrivals yesterday were Mrs. Harry Day and Mrs. E. P. Ryan.

NUMBER OF SCHOOL CHILDREN BECOME NAVY LEAGUE MEMBERS

Splendid Attendance of Boys and Girls At Mass Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon At Imperial Theatre Addressed By Colonel Sturdee—Fine Views of British Navy Shown—Hearty Singing By Children Who Composed the Enthusiastic Audience.

NELSON'S "VICTORY"



England Expects That Every Man Will Do His Duty.

One often hears the expression "An enthusiastic audience" but to truly see (and hear) an enthusiastic audience it should be composed of children who are viewing a patriotic entertainment of one kind or another. This was the case yesterday afternoon at the celebration arranged by the Navy League at the Imperial Theatre to educate the school children of St. John in the work of that Society which ministers to the wives and children of the men of the sea.

The Imperial was well filled and the singing of the children both in the song asked for on the programme and those in which they joined when the orchestra played a popular tune was most charming and hearty. They were attentive and interested throughout the programme. Each child was provided with a white ensign. Many of the girls were dressed in light-colored dresses and the flattering of the flags made a pretty scene.

On the platform were the executive of the Navy League, Mayor Hayes, Colonel E. T. Sturdee, the President, Captain Mulcahy, F. W. Daniel, R. S. Bridges, Harold C. Schofield, C. B. Allen. Several "Jack Tars" were present and as they went up on the platform they were greeted with applause from the boys and girls. Assisting with the distribution of flags and the enrollment were ten members of the Y. W. P. A., several Boy Scouts and Mrs. E. T. Sturdee. Mrs. Mulcahy, Mrs. Frank White. The very fine pictures of the Navy shown were donated for the occasion by the Specialty Film Import.

Colonel Sturdee acted as chairman and the ushering of the boys and girls upon the stage was managed by W. M. Golding, manager of the Imperial Theatre, through whose kindness the use of the theatre and the orchestra was made possible. Quite a number of boys and girls were enrolled as members of the League including several

youngful ones. One boy gave twice the amount asked for as his donation. It is hoped that more children will join today as another opportunity will be given at the Imperial Lobby this afternoon.

The programme was as follows: God Save Our King; Chorus—Oh Canada; British Navy Motion Pictures, Gun Chorus—We'll Never Let The Old Flag Fall. Address—Colonel Sturdee, President; Enrollment and presentation of badges.

In his address which was splendidly worked and very interesting Colonel Sturdee said: "I ask you boys and girls to look at the top of your programme. There you will see a picture of Lord Nelson the greatest Admiral of the British Navy. There is also a picture of the Victory upon which ship he uttered his famous message 'England expects that every man will do his duty.' That message is to be found upon every British ship today and it is the ideal of every British sailor."

The work of the Navy League in its ministering to the families of the sailors was briefly told. The entertainment was one which will not be soon forgotten by those who attended and it is certain to have made a lasting impression on the boys and girls who were present yesterday afternoon.

CLAYTON, OHIO, MAN FOR WINDSOR CLAMP

W. E. Brown Signs Up With Imperial Arm—Has Travelled Much on Business.

W. E. Brown, Clayton, Ohio, is a visitor here en route to Windsor, N. S., having signed up in the Imperial Officers' Training Corps. Before enlisting he was employed as a commercial man, and has been several times in Belgium. At one time he was in the Philippine Islands and Malay Peninsula.

One brother is in the American Navy, signing up in Los Angeles near two years ago. He spoke of a bill now awaiting ratification by the American Senate, where all British or Canadian born would be drafted into their respective armies. However, he added—the Irish are exempted, who have been born in America—but "Morton's Fork" catches them, as they will be drafted into the American army.

He spoke of food regulations in the Colony to the south, and of substitutes for sugar, now used in preserving. Formerly six per cent sugar was used in coatings, for chocolates, it finally became three per cent. Today only one and one half per cent. At a convention in Idaho recently he told where women had stated they could manufacture candy without sugar by utilizing this substitute.

FIVE LITTLE GIRLS

Five little girls in an effort to do something to help the boys overseas, held a patriotic bazaar on Friday at the home of Mrs. Herbert Crocker's back yard, 88 High street. They sold fancy articles and candy for the sale. Of this latter they had to get a permit, and realized the splendid sum of \$26. These little girls are all under eleven and made all the articles and did all the work themselves. They are Margaret and Dorothy Crocker, Victoria McLaughlin, Roberta Scott and Lillian Morrell. The proceeds will be given to the Soldier's Comforts Association.

GEORGE MILNE WAS HONORED BY THE KING

Presented With Handsome Medal For Faithful Service—Started Railroad on the European and North American.

A circular issued June 27, 1918, by the Canadian Government Railway, makes mention of a long service medal, presented to George Milne, of this city.

This was won by long and faithful service to the King. Mr. Milne was born in Shetland, N. B. When a small boy he was employed in the firm of Harper & Webster of that place. He remained here five years learning his trade. Then he started railroading under Louis Carvell on what was then known as The European and North American road.

His first service was firing on the Point du Chene wharf with Samuel Watson. Working up to an engineer he was assigned a run from Point du Chene to Truro, his first trip was a success. He fired and drove for the long period of 41 years.

A short while ago his services were acknowledged by the presentation of the medal mentioned above, and the following letter: Home Office, Whitehall, 22nd March, '18. Sir:—I am commanded by the King to transmit to you herewith an Imperial Service Medal, in recognition of your meritorious services as an engineer, St. John, N. B., Canada, and I am to request that you will acknowledge the receipt of the decoration and will sign the acknowledgement with your christian names in full. I am, Sir, Yours faithfully, R. F. RAYNARD, Sec. 8 of the

Imperial Service Order. The presentation was by I. W. McBeath, master mechanic of District No. 3, in the mechanical office, in the presence of a large number of the employees. Mr. Milne replied, making suitable remarks. Mr. Milne then received congratulations from the master mechanic and a number of friends who witnessed the presentation.

Mr. Milne resides at 9 Goodrich street and his many friends are glad to learn of this tangible recognition of his meritorious services. They wish him many years of good health to enjoy life, after so well spent a king and country.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME SCHOOL CLOSING

Display of Work and Pleasing Programme—Bountiful Dinner Served—The List of Prize Winners.

The closing of the school at the Protestant Orphan Home took place yesterday morning before a number of interested visitors, and the children who took part in the programme made splendid showing. After the closing exercises the children were served with a bountiful dinner kindly supplied by some friends of the institution. There was an exhibition display of needlework done by the girls at the home and this elicited many favorable comments.

The prize winners for the year were: grade 8, Adeline Armstrong and Allen Morrissey; grade 5, George Baird; grade 4, Alice Armstrong and David Chambers; grade 3, Helen Foran; grade 2, Gwen Gallagher, Frank Beading and Mildred Puddington; grade 1, Murray Puddington. David Chambers was awarded the watch given by T. H. Estabrook for the boy who tried the hardest during the year.

At the present time there are 46 children in the Home, and 41 of these are in the school. Among those present were Rev. Dr. J. H. Grace, Miss Grace, Miss H. H. Margaret Robertson of Halifax, Mr. and Mrs. W. Edmond Raymond, W. S. Fisher and Mrs. F. B. McLellan.

CITY SCHOOLS CLOSE FOR THE SUMMER

Pleasing Programmes At All Schools—Eight Thousand Scholars on Two Months' Vacation.

Yesterday the city schools closed for the summer holidays and the children laid away their books for an eight weeks' rest. Many of the schools held special programmes in the assembly halls, and others carried out the closing exercises in the several rooms. The parents and friends of the pupils turned out in force for the closing and a number of the trustees made short addresses at several of the schools.

At the High School the address to the graduating class was given by Rev. H. C. Fraser. The closing exercises of the St. Vincent's were held in the Y. M. C. Hall and were largely attended. The exercises were held in the individual rooms at the following schools: St. Michael's, St. Joseph's, Central, St. Thomas and St. Peters.

In the Alexandria, King Edward, King George, Dufferin, Winter Street, Aberdeen, Albert, LeTour, St. Patrick's, the exercises took place in the assembly halls.

All Y. W. P. A. members are cordially invited to meet, a moonlight sail July 1st, leaving Indiantown at 7. Guests of No. 7 Garrison Regiment, West Side.

Goodyear Tires Made in Canada. In the last year Goodyear manufactured and sold more pneumatic automobile tires than any other institution in the world. You will find that Goodyear Tires incorporate more than mere honesty of material and skill of construction; you'll find in them the goodness born of the intention of the maker to give you value unusual. We Carry a Full Line of Goodyear Tires and Motor Car Accessories. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.

Store open this evening until ten o'clock. TODAY AN IMPORTANT OFFERING OF ALL OUR HATS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Trimmed Hats \$1 up. Banded Sport Hats 48c. up. Panamas \$1.48. Note the good quality of these Hats and their very attractive styles and you will decide they are an extra good investment in summer smartness. Exceptional values right through the store. Marr Millinery Co., Limited

WEAR-EVER ALUMINUM KITCHEN UTENSILS. Progressive housewives are studying as never before—household economy—seeking to know what utensils are safe, and how the most satisfactory service may be secured from them. TEA KETTLES, TEA AND COFFEE POTS, SAUCEPANS, RICE BOILERS, PRESERVE KETTLES, FRY PANS, PUDDING PANS, MIXING SPOONS, ETC. Wear-Ever utensils are rust-proof, scale-proof and acid-proof. DISTRIBUTES HEAT EVENLY—LESS LIABLE TO BURN. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited. Stores open at 8.30. Close at 5.45. Fridays, 10 p.m. Saturdays, 12.45 p.m. Issued by the Canada Food Board. Important Millinery Event—Sale of Hats, Flowers and Ornaments continued this morning in Millinery Department, second floor.

Men's and Boys' Holiday Apparel. Whether motoring, fishing, lounging in the country or working in the garden, it will be more enjoyable if you are dressed in regular outing clothes. Our range of Outing Clothes is very Complete. Auto Dusters for the motor trip. \$2.75 to \$10.50. White Duck and Drill Trousers. \$1.50, \$1.65. Khaki Duck and Drill Trousers. \$3.50, \$3.25. Flannel Tennis Trousers. \$3.75, \$4.25. Tweed Trousers, light weight, belt loops and cuff bottoms, neat press. \$3.75, \$4.75. Boys' Wash Bloomers in Khaki Drill. \$1.50. Boys' Tub Suits—"Tommy Tucker" Junior Norfolk. Middy and various other fancy makes, neat patterns, 2 1/2 to 7 years. 85c to \$3.40. Boys' Blouses, sport collars. 85c to \$2.25. Men's and Boys' Caps. \$1.00 to \$1.85. Men's and Boys' Clothing Department.

Bathing Goods for Men and Boys. Reliable makes which add to the comfort of bathing. Shown in cotton, cashmere and knitted wool. One-piece. Also one-piece with skirt and two-piece suits in navy and Grey. Plain and with colored trimmings. Bathing Trunks for Men. 65c. Bathing Trunks for Boys. 40c. Bathing Suits for Men. 65c, 104.50. Bathing Suits for Boys. 60c, to \$1.25. Men's Furnishings Department. Irish Linen Handkerchiefs Centres or small handkerchiefs, 1-8 inch hems, fine sheer linen. Three qualities and sizes, 10, 11, 12 and 12 1/2 inch. 20c, 25c, and 30c, each. New Linen Handkerchiefs for Ladies, neat initials, fine quality. 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c. All Linen Mourning Handkerchiefs with narrow black hem. 25c, 30c, 35c, each. Plain Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 1-8 and 1-4 inch hem. 15c, to 40c. Front Store.

SATURDAY MORNING FINDS THE STORE "ALL SET" FOR DOUBLE-QUICK SHOPPING. Last minute holiday requirements, displayed aplenty at Dykeman's for Saturday only. Five dozen White Wash Shirts, with two pockets, splendid quality Repp, at 85c. each. Ten doz. Middy Blouses, plain white, two pockets, and belt, splendidly tailored at 85c. each. Complete stock of Skirts and Middies at other prices. Holiday display of new Neckwear, Sweater Coats, silk and wool, Cotton Dresses, Silk Blouses, etc. Store closes today at 1 p. m. DYKEMAN'S.

NOTICE TO DEALERS IN MATCHES AND PLAYING CARDS. All packages of matches and playing cards in the hands of dealers, wholesale and retail, on the 1st day of July, 1918, must be stamped with war tax stamps. Matches one cent per hundred or fraction thereof; cards, eight cents per fifty-four or fraction thereof. When the tax on matches has already been charged the dealer, he on producing an invoice of the goods with an affidavit of the vendor that the tax on the matches mentioned on the invoice has been paid will receive free of charge sufficient stamps to cover the matches of this invoice then in stock. Officers of Inland Revenue will immediately visit all dealers in New Brunswick to see that these provisions of the law are carried out.

THE CEDARS OPENS. The Cedars, the popular St. John river summer hotel, opens for the season today.

EXCURSION. Dominion Day, July 1st, take the steamer D. J. Purdy at 8.30 for Brown's Falls and intermediate stops, and return by steamer Majestic arriving at Indiantown 6 o'clock. This will give you a whole day in the country. Tickets return, adults, 75c; children, 40c.

JULY 1ST AFTERNOON SAIL. Stmr. Hampton will run an afternoon excursion to Brown's Falls, leaving Indiantown 2 p. m., return leaving Beulah Camp 6 p. m. Tickets, return, 50c.

P. E. I. SERVICE. On and after Friday, June 28th, through rail and steamship service between Prince Edward Island will be via Summerside and Point du Chene. S. S. Northumberland will leave Point du Chene at 5.30 p. m., after the arrival of train leaving Moncton at 4.15 p. m., affording connections for passengers from St. John via No. 14 express, leaving at 12.50 p. m.

Roughly Spoken by One Hundred Numbered From Monday Fifty Divisions Ypres and Somme, concentration

(BY CASPAR Paris, June 28.—German artillery, shell ammunition dumps, plants, aerodromes, element of which I have the duty of learning on a tire British front indicates that a reported daily of their continued efforts made April on the Somme.

Roughly speaking, approximately one hundred British divisions, of which 11 are in the LaBasse Canal, Ypres sector, thirty Somme, Arras and forty south of the Montdidier and Amfere Bulwark, Arras, didier are great concentration. As about forty are on the Montdidier, Alsace line, it is clear that the French intend to strike with can summit, or in or thereabouts of the has on the western front. In fact, this effort to recall that in the 21, to April 17 the British on the Arras front with about 42 divisions, including the didier and Noyon line divisions.

Against the fourteenth position the British, concerning the work and much unintelligent ment has been made since the evacuation of the forty-eight divisions the Fifth Army retreated had to contend p reinforcements in the Hun (42). By April 15 had taken prisoner fifty-three German divisions, without counting the April 15th to the morning of March 21 to the British about 110 divisions. Rheims, Soissons and the French front. The fresh troops arrived were 41 divisions at Somme, and eleven. These figures give an tude of the German relative strength of force against the French. It is remembered that the Verdun with twenty-five has a further enlargement of its intent and of the which he drives forward.

The Germans won in the Allies in March. It is better than able before Russia's need remains nevertheless. The Ukraine has been ment with the pair four to May 15, w tons was counted on. In Italy has up set call let no one believe it for an Allied wedge, uniformed pacifists to separate Austria

BRINGING UP FATHER BY McMANUS

FEATURES

Home Reading
Comics—Sport

The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1918.

FEATURES

Society—Fiction
Children's Corner

The Germans Have Prepared Still Another Gigantic Thrust In France

Roughly Speaking There Are Now Approximately One Hundred and Twenty Boche Divisions Numbering Nearly 1,500,000 Men on the Line From Montdidier To the Sea.

Fifty Divisions Are North of the La Basse Canal, Ypres and Bethune Sector, Thirty North of the Somme, Arras and Amiens Front—Great Concentration of Guns Before Amiens.

(BY CASPAR WHITNEY.)

Paris, June 25.—The disposition of German artillery, the creation of new ammunition dumps, and the field hospitals, aerodromes and road development of which I have had an opportunity of learning on a trip along the entire British front finished yesterday, indicate that a repetition may be expected daily of their gigantic and determined effort made last March and April on the Somme and Lys.

Roughly speaking, there are now approximately one hundred and twenty Boche divisions from Montdidier to the sea, of which fifty are north of the LaBasse Canal, Ypres and the Bethune sector, thirty north of the Somme, Arras and the Amiens front, and forty south of the Somme and Montdidier and Amiens line, while before Bethune, Arras, Amiens and Montdidier are great concentrations of guns and aeroplanes.

As about forty-two other divisions are on the Montdidier, Rheims or Aisne line, it is clear that the Boche intends to strike with all the force he can summon, or in a word, with 162 or thereabouts of the 208 divisions he has on the western front.

In facing this threat, it is profitable to recall that in the attack from March 21, to April 17 the Boche struck the British on the Arras front and Amiens front with about 120 divisions and used against the French on the Montdidier and Noyon line twenty-five more divisions.

Against the fourteen divisions composing the British Fifth Army, concerning the work and retreat of which much unattractive and unfair comment has been made, based on ignorance of the facts, the Germans launched forty-eight divisions which with the Fifth Army retreating, overwhelmed it to contend practically without reinforcements in time to stem the Hun tide. By April 17th these British had taken prisoners representing fifty-three German divisions, following and attacking without cessation. From April 17th to the month's end, the Germans used fifty divisions north of the La Basse canal during the Lys battle raging on the Bethune and Ypres front. Thus the Germans employed from March 21 to May 1 against the British about 110 divisions, while the Rheims, Soissons or Aisne push against the French began about May 27, was inaugurated with sixteen divisions, increased quickly to forty, which by June 17 had mounted to 66 identified as that battle line was extended toward Montdidier.

The fresh troops among these Boche were 41 divisions at Lys, six at the Somme, and eleven at the Aisne. These figures give an idea of the magnitude of the German attempt and the relative strength of the blows delivered against the French and British. And if we remember that the Boche struck Verdun with twenty-one divisions, we have a further enlightening gauge of his intent and of the furious pace at which he drives for a decision this year.

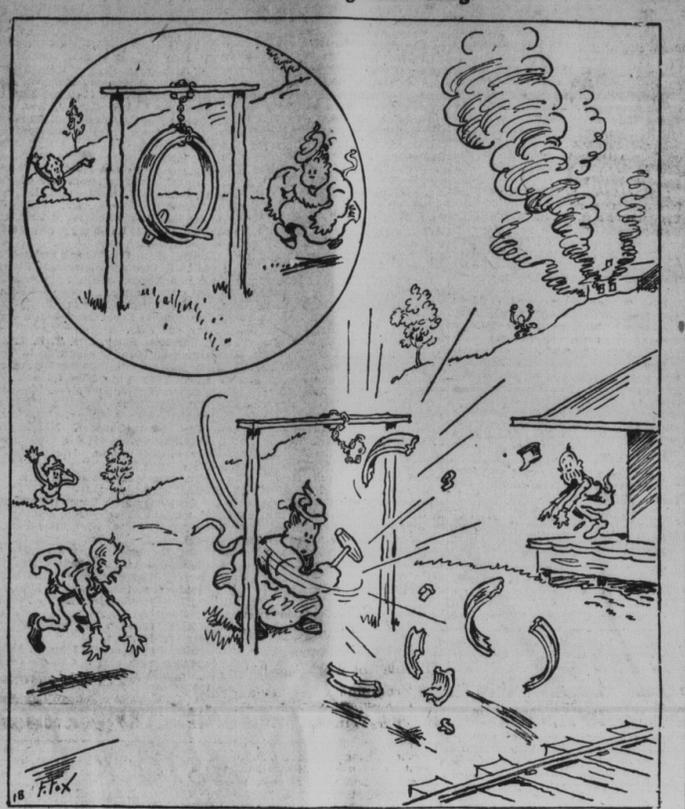
The Germans won the initiative from the Allies in March and a tactical position far better than was believed possible before Russia's collapse, yet their need remains nevertheless desperate. The Ukraine has been a disappointment with its paltry 40,000 tons of flour to May 15, where one million tons was counted on. Austria's failure in Italy has upset calculations, though let no one believe it has made a rift for an Allied wedge, such as certain uninformed pacifists have dreamed of to separate Austria from Germany.

There is no air work to compare with that of these eyes of the British army, without which any army is blind before its adversary. Apropos of which, let American keep in mind that the failure of its air programme has in this sense left its army in France as an army blind for the Boche and that only the amalgamation which gives its units the benefit of French and British "eyes" has enabled it to begin to serve the purpose for which it came to France.

In the space while the Germans are making ready their attack, I have been in the British area where at least one of the forthcoming two Boche blows expected simultaneously is sure to fall, touring and living in the lines and behind from Amiens, Arras, Bethune and Ypres to the sea and Nieuport where the Belgians hold stoutly, visiting the base, the reserves in the trenches, the schools, the supply and canteen and training stations, the infantry, cavalry, aeroplanes, tanks, meeting and talking with English, Scotch, Irish, Australians, Canadians and Americans of a number of different divisions, that I might have first hand evidence of the British organization of preparedness, and condition and morale of their troops, the spirit and enterprise of British and Americans training together. This particular to suggest the completeness of my survey and to give support to my deductions.

Apart from strictly military phases, the big impression one brings away from the British is their care of their men and the abundance and quality of their material and the efficiency of their transport service. I have seen nowhere—not even behind the German lines—the thoroughness and quality such as characterize the British organization. From its bases at the sea through a cross section of the new railroad beds, the omnipresent columns and lorries, the numerous field

The Powerful Katrinka Happened To Be On Hand When the Call Came To Sound the Village Fire Gong.



As About Forty-Two Enemy Divisions Are on Montdidier, Rheims or Aisne Line It Is Clear Germans Prepared To Strike With All the Force He Could Summon Or in a Word With 162 Divisions.

Germans Employed From March 21 To May 1 Against British About 70 Divisions, or About 1,325,000 Men—Against French May 27 Boches Used 66 Divisions or 800,000 Troops.

environment, for pessimism comes from within, not from without. You may even hear it in the war zone from newly arrived Americans. I recall one colonel who talked like a wet hen among a group of British officers that good naturedly disagreed with his ludicrous views and asked me after his departure if we had many Americans to whom the future appeal was so forbidding.

Tommy is fed up on the war, but not so fed up as to alter the determination to beat the Boche, not so fed up as to follow Lansdowne or any other advocate of a negotiated and therefore a temporary peace. Nor is the pollu, also fed up, to be satisfied with an indeterminate peace, nor is any other fighter in or out of the line. The whole world is fed up on war, but the sane part of the world realizes that only through war to victory shall we come to permanent peace.

Depression in the British army exists solely in the vapors of town gossip. From the clear-eyed, simple-minded, forceful General Haig down through all the officers and men with whom I came in touch, there is a quiet pride in the tenacious courage of the boys who could stand the overwhelming number of Germans flung at them and all confidence in their ability to beat the Boche in the end.

The British army has heads and tails up, as one of its generals once expressed it. In Germany, perhaps, there may be a real depression just about now, but not on this side of the line have I discovered signs either in the British or French trenches, and certainly not among the Americans, who are making for solidarity now and closer relations as they should be for all time between Great Britain and America. We shall find mutual profit in the association now as later. Such of our boys as bristled over the schoolbag or fancied prejudice which of course they do not really feel, lose it on getting acquainted with the Britisher.

Including their officers, some do not quite understand Tommy's "fed up" talk, but soon learn that if not so fresh and eager, Tommy is equally ready and determined and better equipped by experience and temperament to do his part in the trenches. Training shoulder to shoulder, talking their own language with these men who have gone over the top and faced the worse the Boche has to give is of inestimable worth to our soldiers who are doing excellently and means the saving of thousands of their lives through getting the benefit of experience for which the British paid so dearly and which they now give so freely with both hands.

Such is the significance of the amalgamation by brigading our men among the British and French, for which let us be thankful, because it is putting our boys into battle alongside and under veterans who have been through the ordeal of this hellish kind of warfare the Boche has forced upon us. The same amalgamation plan would operate equally to advantage of our cavalry and especially our tank battalions that should be sent as they may yet have to the British for training.

There are no such confirmed grouchers on earth as the pollu out of the line, yet contemplate his valorous fighting endurance and patient courage. To my is really fed up, however, on the newspaper accounts of him smiling happily and unconcerned under the galling shell fire as written by some long-distance reporters. It is not on the line you find the depression or hear the fawning gossip, faint-hearted or mischievous, but in the cities at the rear, particularly Paris, London and New York.

But if you have water in your veins or lead in your stomach you may develop pessimism in the most optimistic

The tank will play a tremendously important role in this war before it is settled and we should prepare our men at once with the British who stand ready to help should we use English-built tanks as we are now using English field kitchens, Enfield rifles, Vickers Machine guns and Lewis guns. England can now supply our mechanical needs. For us it is to supply the required man power. Therefore every training camp in America should be full now and kept full to double and treble here the numbers of first draft men as speedily as possible, for if there is to be hope of ending the war in 1919, America must have at lowest two million bayonets on the line by next spring, which means for us an army of at least three million effective in France.

THE SCARLET SUNSHADE FOR SUMMER DAYS.

Of only secondary importance to the hat for sunny days is the parasol. Did you ever notice the delightful effect of a red silk parasol carried by a girl? The red glow of sunlight through the silk is becoming to almost every one, especially the brunettes. Next to red for a practical parasol is one of vivid green taffeta, rivaling the leaves in brightness, while natural silk is practical for country use on a dusty highway. Not many women can afford to own a parasol matching each gown so in choosing yours be sure to bear in mind the color of the dress with which it is most likely to be used. An other thing well worth remembering is that if you pick out a positively "fast" color, your parasol may be useful in warding off the dampness of an occasional summer shower.—Woman's World for July.

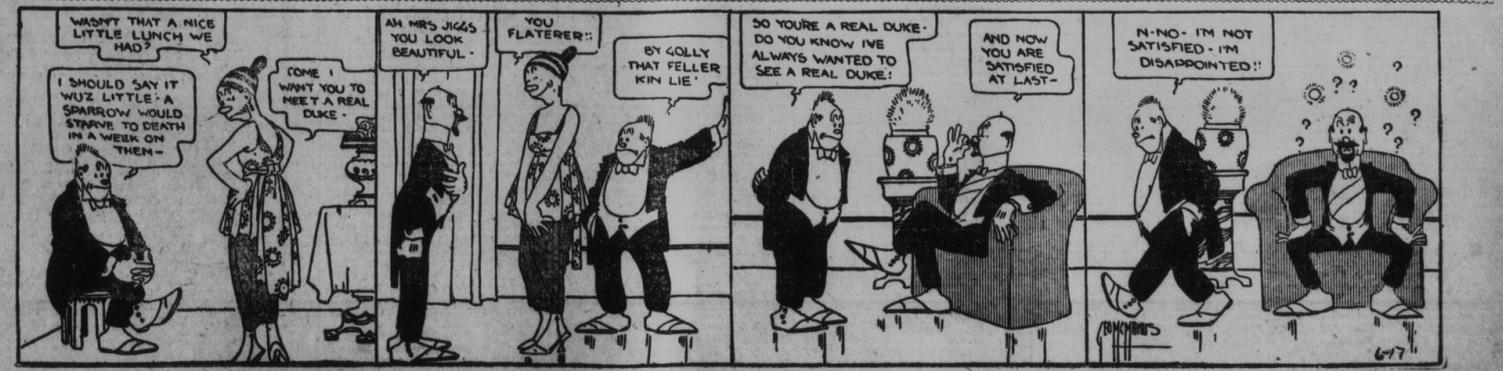
TESREAU QUI.

Jeff Tesreau, the pitcher, who recently quit the New York Giants to join the Steel League, is said to have a contract calling for \$5,000, which is more than he received from the Giants. Al Schacht, the former Newark hurler, was the regular hurler for the team, but he quit suddenly in order to enlist, so the "Steelers" grabbed off Tesreau to take his place.



(British and Colonial Press.) ZEPHRIN HEBERT, Montreal.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY McMANUS



THE EGG which it go overseas; save one of beef that can. and Food Board.

OUR HATS
ES
bananas \$1.48
ive styles and you
ness. Exception-

imited

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before—household econ-
show the most satisfac-

**CEPANS, RICE BOIL-
UDDING PANS.**

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days, 12.45 p.m.

**ale of Hats, Flowers
morning in Millinery**

oods for Men

**of Centres or small hand-
bags, fine sheer linen. Three
10 inch, 11 inch and 12 inch
each.
... 25c, 30c, 35c, each
ankerkchiefs with narrow black
... 25c, 30c, 35c, each
ed Handkerchiefs, 18 and 14
... 15c, to 40c.**

EXCURSION.
million Day, July 1st, take the
er D. J. Purdy at 8:30 for Brown's
and intermediate stops, and re-
ar steamer Majestic arriving at
ntown 6 o'clock. This will give
whole day in the country. Tickets
6 p. m. Tickets, return, 50c.

P. E. I. SERVICE.
and after Friday, June 28th,
ugh rail and steamship service be-
n Prince Edward Island will be
Summer side and Point Du Chene
Northumberland will leave Point
Chene at 5:30 p. m. After the
of train leaving Moncton at 4:15
L, affording connections for pas-
sengers from St. John via No. 14 ex-
t, leaving at 12:50 p. m.

ST. STEPHEN

ST. GEORGE



SACKVILLE

Sackville, June 27.—Rev. and Mrs. H. E. Thomas and family, leave this week on a month's vacation, to be spent at different points along the St. John river.

Miss Kathleen Fawcett and Miss Edith Hunter were joint hostesses at a very delightful dance on Friday evening, which took place at the beautiful home of the former, in honor of the officers of the Canadian Engineers.

Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Philbrick, who have been visiting relatives at Middle Sackville, left Friday for their home in Fort Fairfield, Maine.

On Sunday evening after service, the choir of St. Paul's church repaired to the home of Mrs. Frank Harris where a pleasant hour was spent, and light refreshments served.

Mrs. Thomas Murray in a very witty and interesting speech, presented the guest of honor, Miss Wiggins, with a handsome cut glass pitcher, gift of the choir.

Miss H. A. DeBarres, who has been spending several months with her brother, Prof. DesBarres, leaves today for Gushyborough, N. S., where she will visit friends.

Miss Margaret Pickard is visiting friends at Petticoat.

Hostesses at the golf tea on Saturday afternoon were Mrs. Herbert M. Wood and Mrs. McDougall.

On behalf of the Club Miss Beattie Carter, Vice-President of the Club, in a few well chosen words presented the guest of honor with a beautiful electric coffee percolator, to which Miss Wiggins very fittingly replied, expressing her appreciation of the gift and the kindness of the President, Mrs. Black.

The guests included Mrs. Frank Harris, Mrs. D. S. Campbell, Mrs. Fred Fisher, Mrs. A. G. Miller, Mrs. E. Hazen, Mrs. Walter Duncan, Mrs. E. P. Smith, Mrs. Amy Leighton, Mrs. Daman, Miss Helen Wiggins, Miss Carrie Cahill, Miss Lillian Fawcett, Misses Glennie and Adele Hanson, Miss Smith, Miss Lillian and Amy Leighton, Miss Bess Carter, Miss Freeman, Boston; Miss Alice McHaffey, Miss Jean Rainnie, Miss Addie Wry, Miss Helen Taylor, Miss Ivy Richardson, Misses Clara and Beatrice Miller, Miss Dot Johnson, Miss Frances Tower, Miss Armstrong, Miss Evelyn Bulmer and Miss Violet.

Mrs. Landels and her little daughter, left Thursday evening for Truro. Mrs. Landels returned home Friday evening, but Miss Dorcas Estabrook, who has been teaching in Montreal, arrived home Saturday and will spend the summer vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Estabrook, who is visiting in town, guest of Miss E. Hazen.

Mr. and Mrs. George Springer had as their guests over the week-end, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. White, St. John. The many friends of Mr. John Jenkins will be pleased to hear she is steadily improving from her recent illness and can now take a short walk.

Mrs. Charles Harding and Miss Beryl Harding spent Wednesday with Mrs. C. E. Belyea.

Mr. and Mrs. James Barnes, Miss Gladys Burry and Miss Mildred Barnes are leaving today on Mr. Barnes' yacht, "Wanderer," for the Bellefleur, returning on Monday.

Mrs. F. C. Harris returned from the Moncton hospital Tuesday, and her many Sackville friends will be glad to learn that her health has greatly improved.

Mrs. Bernard Cabot of New York, who is spending his vacation in town, left Tuesday for Cape Tormentine, where he will spend a few days.

APOHAQUI

Apoahqui, June 28.—Mrs. Ritchie of St. John, who was a guest at the Wilcox-Thompson wedding, is spending the week with her sister, Mrs. Fave-lock Wilcox.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. McLeod, Fredericton, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. McLeod.

Mrs. Wesley Wilbur of New Horton, Albert Co., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. P. Connelly.

Mrs. F. J. Nickerson and children of Moncton, are guests of Mrs. Nickerson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Secord.

Mr. Edward Erb, who is in bridge construction work at Westfield, spent the week-end with his family here.

Mrs. S. A. McLeod of Sussex, spent Tuesday here, guest of Mrs. E. L. Corbett.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, June 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Allen returned from their Saturday, guests of Dr. and Mrs. T. C. Allen. Mr. Allen has come to Moncton for a few days. Mrs. Allen will remain here for a few days.

The Red Cross are planning on a big strawberry festival for July 4th. It is as successful as the last enter-

tainment they gave, everyone will be sure of a good time.

Mrs. J. P. Byrne of Bathurst, is in town for a few days.

Mrs. A. J. Gregory is leaving today for Woodman's Point, where she will open her cottage for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Gregory of Montreal, expect to spend part of the summer at Woodman's.

Mrs. M. Forbes White of St. John, spent the week-end here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fraser Winslow, Waterloo Row.

Mr. N. Judah of Edmonton, who lived in Fredericton for a short time, is expected in a few days to stay with Mrs. O. S. Crockett.



A Good Example is set by the people who take proper care of their teeth. Never neglect to give your teeth a thorough antiseptic cleansing every day with Calvert's Tooth Powder.

The marriage of Prof. Foster Baird and Miss Hilda McLanahan took place on Wednesday afternoon. The bride looked very sweet in a beautiful gown of duchess satin and was given away by her brother. After the ceremony reception was held at the home of the bride's parents and later Prof. Baird and his bride left on the 6 train for New York, Washington and other American cities.

Miss Constance Randolph returned home on Saturday after a month's visit in Montreal and Ottawa.

The music pupils of Miss Major McCAdam gave a wonderfully good recital on Monday night. There were forty-five numbers on the programme, and each one was well done.

Mrs. J. deLancey Robinson has gone to St. John, to spend a month with her son Mr. Courtenay Robinson.

Miss Donville, who has been visiting Mrs. Robinson returned to her home in Roxbury, last week.

GRAND BAY

Grand Bay, June 28.—Miss Annie McGuire, St. John, was the guest of Mrs. J. M. Beckett on LaFayette St., Grand Bay.

A motor party composed of Mrs. McIntyre, Miss Muriel McIntyre, Mrs. Gifford, Miss Hilda Gifford and Mrs. Otis McIntyre were guests of Mr. Clarence Kierstead on Monday.

Lieut. Kingsley Shields of the city, was the guest of Mrs. Teed, Pameneque over the week-end.

Sincere sympathy is extended to Mrs. M. H. Dunlop and Mr. Arthur Dismore, in the loss of their father, Mr. William Long of Harvey, Albert, was a guest with Mrs. Henry Parker and family, part of this week.

Miss Margaret Johnson returned on Monday from St. John, where she had been to attend the funeral of her grandfather, the late R. B. Douglas of that city.

Mrs. Perry of Sussex, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Amasa Ryder.

SHEDIAC

Shediac, June 28.—The recent supper held in the upper hall, by the ladies of the Methodist Church, was a very social event, and highly successful.

Ladies to pour tea and coffee included Mrs. R. C. Tait and Mrs. Weddell. Others who served and superintended the function were Mrs. A. J. Tait, Mrs. A. Tait, Mrs. H. A. Powell, St. John, presiding.

Mrs. George Coffey, daughter of Conductor Coffey, has entered the staff of the Bank of Montreal in Shediac.

Mrs. John VanWart, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Geo. A. White, left town on Tuesday for her home in Calgary. On Monday afternoon in honor of her guest, Mrs. White, was hostess at bridge. The floral decorations were pantries.

The Red Cross met as usual on Tuesday. The society purposes holding a fair, during July. The following consignment has recently been shipped: 13 suits of pyjamas, 3 grey flannel shirts, 9 comfort bags, 42 towels, 85 pairs of socks.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, June 28.—Miss Rand of Moncton, spent the week-end in town, guest of her sister, Mrs. W. E. B. Tait and Mr. Tait.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Teed and family arrived in town last week from St. John to spend the summer months at their residence, "Rockland."

Miss Lydia Pipes of Amherst, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Brown Pipes, St. John.

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Mrs. J. G. Mackintosh, of Sackville, was the guest of friends in town for the week-end.

Misses Julia Palmer, Jean Percy and Louie, left Thursday last in Amherst visiting friends.

"War-Time Cookery" FREE. Send name and address for new "War-time Cookery" This book contains recipes chosen by the judges as the best and most practical recipes submitted in our recent cash prize competition. It is intended to assist in the conservation of food and to effect savings in home cooking and baking.

HORSE'S TEA. In every spoonful is cleverly blended the rich strength of Fine Indian Tea and the delicate smoothness of young Ceylon leaves.

Calvert's Tooth Powder. Your Druggist sells it—It's a fact. F. C. CALVERT & CO. (Manufacturers, England), 349, Dorchester Street West, Montreal.

IN WAME FASHION'S WAR GARDEN AND WHAT IS FOUND THERE

Less Expensive Fabrics Are a Hallmark of Distinction in Summer Frocks — White With Bands of Color Has An Important Place—Paris Says Felt Hats Even For Midsummer Wear.

Once print and gingham were thought plebian, now in magic wand of fashion (to say nothing of the high and low—they are the latest style. While the cost of dressing has soared, the vogue of simplicity has brought



row of double hemstitching and there are other rows of hemstitching, quite inconspicuously placed, to add a bit more of airy charm. About every possible edge—on collar, cuffs, belt and at the bottom of the skirt—there has been added a binding of plain red linen, only the smallest fraction of an inch in width, put on in scalloped out in the shape of squares. The frock turns out to be quite decidedly elegant while it lives up to every war requirement.

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Organdy Dresses Popular.

The organdy dresses are most charming when they keep to the traditional lines that have made organdy famous in past years. A fichu seems, above all, the proper accompaniment, and there must be frills and ruffles and ribbons. The colored organdy frocks are lovely for young girls. They must all

EVERY WOMAN'S BUSINESS IS TO STAND ON GUARD NO MORE VAMPIRES SAYS THEDA BARA SIREN PORTRAYER

Individual Responsibility Pointed Out and People Put on Honor By Voluntary Rationing.

KITCHEN SOLDIERS CAN HELP WIN WAR

Are We Going To Play the Game and Save Others From Starvation?

(Ishbel M. Ross.) It has not yet sunk home that this matter of voluntary rationing is not the Food Board's business entirely, but every woman's. The women of our nine wonderful provinces, each distinctive in its natural riches and characteristics, each so perfectly adapted to the needs of the great Dominion that is the Motherland—it is they who must give their inspiration and their help in putting this scheme into effect.

Sees Coming of Intellectual Sway of Men Over Women — Took Place of Fairy Tales of Ogres As Fashioners of Morals For Grown-Ups — Miss Bara's Fads and Fancies.

There will be no more golden women sweethearts of the world whose amours flicker redly on the pages of history. The vampire is passing—a past. Theda Bara says so. Moreover, she believes it. Remember, she has studied the siren man's heart—more as psychologist than as surgeon. She has saturated herself with the philosophy of fragile beings of all ages and has gone behind—merely the desire to maintain supremacy in the hearts and mind of men that their own power may be the greater.

Travels Seventy Miles To See 'Hidden Hand'

The exciting Pathe serial, "The Hidden Hand" is showing what the movie men call "drawing power" in Canada. Among its many fans is the General Manager of the Dominion Atlantic Railway, whose office is situated at Kentville, N. S. Recently he telephoned to the manager of the Empire Theatre at Halifax, asking that "The Hidden Hand" be shown first at every Monday matinee. "A party of ten, including myself, are anxious to see this serial every Monday afternoon and return to Kentville after the performance," he declared.

Off For North Pole

Christiana, Norway, June 23.—Capt. Ronald Amundsen's ship, Maud, in which the explorer will attempt to reach the North Pole, left Christiania today for the north. He will board the vessel at Tromsø. The vessel carries two airplanes.

Riots in Hungary

Paris, June 23. (Havas Agency)—There has been rebellious outbreaks among the garrisons of the cities of Győr and Pécs, Hungary, as a result of which two thousand of the military involved in the mutiny have been condemned to death. Reports received by the Matin today.

A GOOD APPETITE A GREAT BLESSING

The Occasional Use of a Tonic Will Ensure a Good Appetite and Good Health.

Loss of appetite during the summer months is a common trouble, and indicates that the digestive system is out of order. Lacking a healthy appetite many people—especially women—eat too long without food, or eat sparingly because food seems to distress them, and it is no wonder they complain of being constantly tired and unable to stand the hot weather. All this stems from the fact that the digestive system is not doing its proper work and that the nutrition that should come from the various organs of the body, in other words the blood is growing thin and watery. In such cases, what is needed is a summer tonic, and among all medicines there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Take a short treatment with these pills and notice how promptly your appetite returns and your power to digest food improves. Your food will then do you good, your strength will return and you will no longer complain that the hot weather tries you out. Mrs. M. Kelly, Windsor, Ont., says:—"I suffered from indigestion for several years, and although I was constantly taking doctor's prescriptions they did not cure me, and the result was that I was greatly run down, and always feeling poorly. Finally, I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as I soon found they were helping me I continued their use until I was fully cured, and am now able to properly digest any food I take. As a tonic and blood-builder I know of no medicine to equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I recommend them to all in need of a medicine."

CLOSING OF ROTHESEY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL

Programme Given Yesterday Morning in Assembly Hall — Pleasing Entertainment — Many Prize Winners.

An excellent programme of songs, recitations and choruses was given at the closing of the Rothesay Consolidated school which was held yesterday morning. The large assembly hall was well filled and the pupils were heartily applauded as they filed up to receive their well-earned prizes and certificates. The chief feature of the entertainment was a floral exercise in which those taking part wore dressed as flowers. Paul Blanchet acted as chairman. The prize list was as follows: Pupils Making Highest Average in Grading Examinations. Grade I.—Gwendolyn Towse, Frank Anderson. Grade II.—Dorothy Petherston, Dorothy Dunlop. Grade III.—Myles Jackson. Grade IV.—Maurice Blanchet. Grade V.—Helen Pierce. Grade VI.—Sadie Mullett. Grade VII.—Miner Hevenor. Grade VIII.—Name of winner announced later. Pupils Making Perfect Attendance During Year. Grade I.—Virginia Garrett, Nora Stewart, Stanley Stewart. Grade II.—Grace Stewart, Mary Wright. Grade III.—Hilda Stewart. Grade IV.—Sidney Stewart. Best attendance in Grades V. and VI.—Edna Dardies. Best attendance in Grades VII, VIII. and X.—Alton Flewelling. Prize list for flower competition on Nature Work.—Leonard Pierce, Hilda Izard, Grade III.; Greta Anderson, Grade V. Governor-General's Bronze Medal for highest average, Nature Study and School Gardening. Winner—Grace Harrison. Special Prize for Nature Study and School Gardening—Maude Pierce.

OPERA HOUSE

The Opera House vaudeville programme opening last night was fully up to the standard—just as good as any which, of course, means a bang up entertaining show. All the acts were heartily applauded and there was no doubting the fact that everybody in the audience had a real enjoyable time. Unfortunately, one of the features was unable to appear owing to the non arrival of baggage and apparatus, but announcement was made that it was on the way and would surely be here in time for this afternoon.

War and Lyke opened the proceedings with a little surprise which it would not be fair to mention here. The lady member of the team is a diminutive miss, cute and cunning, good singer and speedily caught the fancy of the audience. On a bounding table her partner tossed and tumbled cleverly and the pair made a good hit and served to put the audience in good humor for those to follow. Forgie and Dunn, a chubby chapp and a good looking partner, offered a number of characterizations, well done—a likeable act all the way through. The lady wore some stunning costumes. The Chinese number and the Italian song were both cleverly put on and the audience showed genuine appreciation. W. E. Browning told dialect stories—sang and recited—each showing marked versatility, and he caught the fancy of the house quickly. Martin and Courtney in a little bit of everything, mostly comedy, were one of the big successes of the programme—a good lively skit they offered in which one laugh followed another in quick succession. The man is a real comedian, and his partner placed their comedy points with never failing precision. This week's chapter of "The Lion's Claws" the new serial, is another quick succession of thrills and sensation and leaves Marie Walcamp in a most dangerous predicament at the finish that makes one very anxious for the next chapter to come along. Dr. Treman's Natural Hair Restorative, used as directed, is guaranteed to restore gray hair to its natural color or money refunded. Price \$1.00. On sale in St. John by the Ross Drug Co., 100 King street.

IMPERIAL'S HAPPY BILL

Grand Special Week-End Show

MARY PICKFORD "The Amarty of Clotheine Alley" by Selie K. Mannings. A Story That is Immensely Popular. Vitagraph Comedy "STRIPES AND STUMBLER" with Two Extra MATINEE REELS. TODAY'S MATINEE—2 to 4 o'clock Navy League, Mass Meeting for Children at 4.15, with special programme and presentation of membership badges. Admission free. MON.—"The Life Mask" With MME. PETROVA

MARTIN AND COURTNEY

Comedy Feature "Bits of Travesty"

WILBUR and LYKE FERTIG and DUNN W. E. BROWNING Comedy Dialect Songs, Chat and Comedv Singing, and Trampolone Novelty, Dancing. THE BRIGHTONS Novelty Rag Pickers THE LION'S CLAWS

UNIQUE Today LYRIC

A BILL PAR EXCELLENCE A BIG SUCCESS!

THE HOUSE OF HATE Beautiful, Blond and Daring — PEARL WHITE — With Dark and Daring ANTONIO MORENO CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN "THE COUNT" A ludicrous Comedy—Full of Funny Situations, Punch and Pep. THE KING MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY In a Very Laughable Comedy "HASH'S BOARDING HOUSE" YOU'LL LAUGH SCREAM Miss Leslie in a New Specialty. Matinees 3 p. m. First Show, 7.40 Second Show, 9 p. m.

QUEEN SQUARE THEATRE

FRIDAY — SATURDAY

WILLIAM S. HART and "ON THE NIGHT STAGE" ROBERT EDESON IN "THE TWENTY MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY" First Chapter Entitled "Gentlemen Crooks and the Lady"

MRS. RUMMAGE.

"AND IF YOU SEND HOME ANY MORE BARGAIN DUNNAGE I'LL SMASH IT ON SIGHT!"

The Nervous Strain Makes Obidiah Jumpy.

"COME ROLL UP, STEP-POP IS FEEVLED BECAUSE YOU FOOLED HIM WITH YOUR FEMALE IMPERSONATION YESTERDAY."

WHAT? THEY WOULDN'T DARE

"PACKAGE FUM DE BARGAIN SALE, BOSS"

BUT LISSEN PAW

"I TOLD YOU I'D SMASH 'EM! DANGED BARGAIN ROT!"

WELL, MR. SMARTY THAT'S A NICE WAY TO TREAT A PEACE OFFERING OF 25¢ CIGARS REDUCED FROM 50¢ EACH!

"Say, what are you manded the red in angry tones, a 'Lissen!' John."

By Hy. Gage.

"The without buy a chance to tion him further. 'Look!' he said row of bricks do count over. Six bricks. In his sixth red. So if the key is used across the lawn next door to the ed it just as the round 'one corner. John stopped. 'Say, what are you manded the red in angry tones, a 'Lissen!' John."

Motto: I

Uncle Dick's With

My Dear Kiddies: Whist travelling I day I heard little a noise from the to his Mama, "Man noise?" His mother is steam escaping. The little what is the go...

This question set in the good of me for steam, the world time would hardly it is said that Jam watching the steam of the steam engine. This is hardly co incident did actual West was set think Newcomen engine, sized an enormous and a large amount West made com most upon these and patents in 1769. T was actually used engines was in 1810 cury before the Chr in Alexandria a ma, experimented with a device all steam instead of a I give you these tion regarding the so that you might be pleased to ha you will find in an unique contest in to give the various can be put into Newcomen engine, toward a camera or or girl who sends of uses to which st and is indispensable speaking of incid in trains, etc., at many of you will be and moving and be about Just let them into me, and I am still consid members of the adopting an orpha than be pleased word from the Of course it must when it has once this, and some been picked out, our word, and it carry on the work fore it is very must be no doubt write further and thoughts.

One of the met other day and est a Camera Contest. figure, but in the be pleased to ha may take when o send them along, may find them in now some Saturd over, I am sure th of the kiddies w now have more to Uncle Dick. I have all been, but the interesting a from the members look out for long and make up for you will be anxio suite of the exam read this Corner, did work sent in good alright, let r With best wish

Motto: Kindly Deeds Make Happy Lives

Uncle Dick's Chat With the Children

My Dear Kiddies:-

Whistling in the train the other day I heard a little boy on the hearing of a noise from the front of the car, say to his mother, "Mama, what is that noise?" His mother replied, "Oh, that is steam coming out of the engine."

The little fellow went on, "What is the good of it?" This question set me thinking. What is the good of steam? It is not until we have the steam engine that we have the power to do anything.

What is the good of steam? It is not until we have the steam engine that we have the power to do anything. The steam engine is the first step towards the modern world.

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ON BEAR CREEK

An Exciting Story in Three Parts.

(Continued from last week.)

Bear Creek is a swift mountain stream, filled with rapids and little falls, but with now and then a quiet spot where the water looks brown in the shadow of overhanging cliffs.

Our first essay at fishing was disappointing. We covered every square foot of the lower end of the nearest pool without getting even a nibble.

"Hurray," Roy shouted, "what did I tell you? He'll weigh three pounds if he weighs an ounce!"

"He's a good one, but I guess two pounds and a half is his limit."

"What's the matter?" he asked in some astonishment.

"Right up there!" I told him, pointing. But look out; high boots won't protect you when he's on a level with your head.

"You haven't killed it," I said in a disappointed tone.

"No, but I've taught him a lesson he won't forget. Mostly that he's off but this one wanted a row and got it. I don't bear 'em any grudge," he added.

"That's true of a tiger, but it's not a cheerful beast to have around. Look out; there may be others up there!"

"Where is he?"

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CONDUCTED BY UNCLE DICK.

LOVING MR. POLLETT

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EXPLORERS

Telling of Adventure Among the Patagonians.

The voice of the old Indian priest came on in a still air. He crouched before a strange stone idol, the huge image of a cat, and performed his worship.

BARNEY

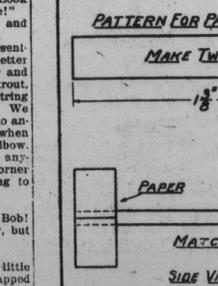
Or How Little Donald's Prayer Was Answered.

(By P. R. F.)

"Mother! Mother! where are you?" "Mother, I'm keeping a dog!"

TOYS AND OTHER THINGS FOR BOYS TO MAKE.

PATTERN FOR PAPER PARTS.



At first thought, this little game may appear to be very simple and of little interest, but after once making it, you will be just as surprised at its effectiveness as the writer was when he first made it.

Fred came to me last week and said all the boys in his room at school were making paper puzzles for the soldiers.

Now we are ready to make the dart. For this, two pieces of paper, a very fine needle and a common match are needed.

LOVING MR. POLLETT

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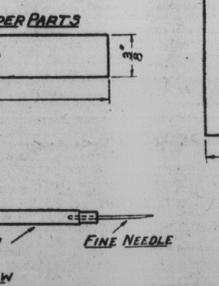
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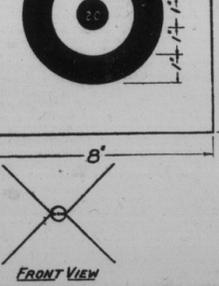
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(By P. R. F.)

"Mother! Mother! where are you?" "Mother, I'm keeping a dog!"

TOYS AND OTHER THINGS FOR BOYS TO MAKE.

PATTERN FOR PAPER PARTS.



At first thought, this little game may appear to be very simple and of little interest, but after once making it, you will be just as surprised at its effectiveness as the writer was when he first made it.

Fred came to me last week and said all the boys in his room at school were making paper puzzles for the soldiers.

Now we are ready to make the dart. For this, two pieces of paper, a very fine needle and a common match are needed.

KIDDIES' CONTEST

What Are the Various Uses of Steam?

To the boy or girl who can give the longest list of the uses of steam, I shall award a prize of a SPLENDID GAMBER.

BIRTHDAY GREETINGS

All the members of the Children's Corner who will be celebrating their birthdays during the coming week have the best wishes for many happy returns from Uncle Dick.

KIDDIES' LETTERS

Just a Few Snatched From Uncle Dick's Mail Bag.

Dear Uncle Dick:-

It was with much surprise and pleasure that I received in The Standard which we take every day, that I was the winner of the Picture Voting Contest.

I received the Thermos Flask a few days ago, and take pleasure in thanking you and all the voters very much.

I wish you were in Young's Cove now, the scenery here now is very beautiful, all the wild flowers are in bloom and the trees are all leaved out, and most of the farmers have their farming all done.

Dear Uncle Dick:-

Seeing answer to my letter to you in the Children's Corner last Saturday, I thought I would write again.

I was confirmed on the 18th at Kingston. Several other members of the Children's Corner were confirmed too.

Where would you rather live, Uncle Dick? In the country or in the city? I like the country best, although I like to go to the city once in a while, but I soon get tired of it.

Dear Uncle Dick:-

As I have not written to you for a long time, I thought I would now. My poor little brother, Arthur, is very sick. He has now got the earache and he is crying. He got a dog yesterday. He is all black but a little streak down his neck. His name is Prince. Please send me the book of the kiddies to write to me.

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Dear Uncle Dick:-

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS RECEIVED

KATHLEEN BURGIN, Little Shamrock, N. B.—Very pleased to have you enter in the contest and trust you will continue to enjoy the Children's Corner.

FRIEDA HOYT, St. John—Glad you like the prize which you received, and that you expect to find it so useful when going camping this year.

BESSIE COFFEY, Rosedale, N. B.—Delighted to have your long and interesting letter, also your seven reasons as to why you like the Children's Corner.

MYRNA V. SMITH, Sussex, N. B.—I was very pleased to hear from you Myrna, and have all the news about your dinner. Your answers to contest are very good.

MYRTLE A. COX, Young's Cove, N. B.—I was very much surprised to learn by your letter that you were entering in the contest. It was sent off with the rest. However, I am forwarding you another which I trust arrives safely in time. As I do not like my name and names to be disappointed, I am afraid your wish can hardly be granted at the present time, but if you call in to see me when you are in St. John the next time, I will try and arrange for you to meet the original.

LILLIAN CLARK, Dipper Harbor, N. B.—Glad to have your letter. You do not like Margaret Randolph to write you? Perhaps she will see this and do so. I am considering your suggestion and will include the feature shortly.

All entries must reach this office not later than July 10th, accompanied by the usual coupon filled in and addressed to Uncle Dick, The Standard, St. John, N. B., whose decision must be considered as final.

BIRTHDAY GREETINGS

All the members of the Children's Corner who will be celebrating their birthdays during the coming week have the best wishes for many happy returns from Uncle Dick.

Annie Cole, Cole's Island, N. B.

Doris Williamson, Brown's Plains, N. B.

Mary Williamson, Brown's Plains, N. B.

Helen Woodworth, Bear River, N. S.

Greta E. Walton, Young's Cove Road, Margaret Randolph, Gooseberry Cove.

Dorothy M. Foster, 49 Stanley St., City.

Evelyn McCree, Ormocino, N. B.

Ruby E. Slipp, Central Hampstead, Ernest Thompson, Hampstead, N. B.

Yvonne Addy, City.

Elizabeth Harley, 307 Charlotte St., City.

Isadora Eilman, 655 Main St., City.

Rose Budovich, 68 Main St., City.

Maude Lawson, 149 Britain St., City.

Lillian Sherwood, Fredericton, N. B.

Freda Hoyt, 72 Broad St., City.

Lavrence Elliott, Young's Cove Road.

Alan Graham, Norton, N. B.

Eunice Neve, 42 Horsfield St., City.

Bertha Thorne, 178 Britain St., City.

Katharine Dickson, Moncton, N. B.

Ralph Gauthier, Black's Harbor, Geraldine Corey, Gagetown, N. B.

Alice Monahan, 306 Union St., City.

Barbara Black, Sackville, N. B.

Gladys Hornsell, St. Andrews, N. B.

Dear Uncle Dick:-

Just a line to tell you I have never received my prize that I was to get. It was for the contest on April 16, 1918, but I hope to receive it soon. I am very sorry to have to put you to so much trouble, but I would like very much to receive the prize.

I wish you were in Young's Cove now, the scenery here now is very beautiful, all the wild flowers are in bloom and the trees are all leaved out, and most of the farmers have their farming all done. The apple trees have just gone out of blossom.

Dear Uncle Dick:-

Seeing answer to my letter to you in the Children's Corner last Saturday, I thought I would write again.

I was confirmed on the 18th at Kingston. Several other members of the Children's Corner were confirmed too.

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—and the Worst is Yet to Come.



FASHIONS FOR CANADIANS

The charming little frock shown in the sketch, designed for a youthful figure, may combine plain and checked cotton voile, chambray and checked gingham, or it may be entirely of one fabric.



Smart Tub Dress for a Youthful Figure



Just Folks by Edgar Guest THE TITLE OF THE DEAD. Rich earth is that which holds our dead!

Forever shall that earth be free. Rich ground is that their souls endow. Once foreign France, but homeland now!

YOUR WAR GARDEN. Grow beans for winter. That is the appeal which comes from Washington. More nourishment can be obtained from beans than from almost any other vegetable.

The Toonerville Trolley That Meets All the Trains.



WHEN ZEB SMULL WHO IS QUITE DEAF, GOES TO SLEEP WAITING FOR THE TROLLEY HE ALWAYS LEAVES A LONG POLE FIXED SO THE SKIPPER CAN WAKE HIM UP WITHOUT CLIMBING OFF THE CAR.

THE EVENING STORY

ON LONESOME STREET.

Valentine Verran sat upon the Verran porch alone in a slat-backed, rush-bottomed chair which had a tradition concerning it of having been buried to keep it out of the hands of the Tories in those far off days when her ancestors were permitted to distinguish themselves patriotically.

thought of going without something she needed and saving the money for a car. But she earned only \$5 a week in old Mr. Arden's office, and that was about all they had to live on.

and added to herself, 'even if I have to eat my bread dry.' "Dear me, dear me!" sighed Mrs. Verran. She had no more idea of an automobile than her pet canary had of a talking machine.

Next morning was like all the other mornings that had ever been. Valentine tried to put the curb on her neck and the bit in her mouth and click away at the old typewriter obediently.

"An automobile," Mrs. Verran pinched on her glasses and consulted the letter. "He has bought a new one and not being able to trade the old one in he has sent it to you."

"If I'm Dreaming Don't Let Me Ever Wake Up!" Dan, who lived in the adjoining house, and sold real estate with such profit that he had been able to give his kindly old mother all the comforts she had hitherto not known.

WELOCKED.



—By LEO.

SIDE TALKS

BY RUTH CAMERON.

WHY STORIES FALL FLAT.

A story told by a neighbor of mine to a group of us, the other evening, fell very nearly flat.

This knock. Equally few can be persuaded that they do not possess it. Given without this knock, however, one may tell a story passably well if one will avoid certain pitfalls.

But He Wouldn't Have Wanted To Hear.

So did I. And if I hadn't known that he wouldn't care to hear, I could have told him why it wasn't funny when he told it.

Universal Truth is More Important Than Actual Truth in Story Telling.

Don't feel obliged to stick too close to the truth. Don't stop to debate some unimportant point ("Was it Monday, or was it Tuesday?")

To tell a story well requires quite as much knack (thought of a different sort) as to write one. Comparatively few people are born with, or acquire

YOUR HEALTH

By ANDREW F. CURRIER, M. D.

APOPLEXY NO. 2.

When conditions are favorable the effused blood becomes clotted, the opening in the ruptured vessel is sealed with a clot, and repair at once begins—the clot shrinking and its pressure upon the brain diminishing.

control of speech may be obtained, but some words may permanently be difficult of enunciation.

Perhaps the chief key to the success of this procedure, nerve cells and fibers are destroyed; they cannot be restored, and the parts controlled by them will be damaged permanently.

Apoplexy is common in certain families, especially when there are bad arteries and bad kidneys.

When there has been no destruction of these important structures, improvement will begin as soon as the pressure is relieved.

People who have had diseased arteries and have had one apoplexy, must lead a simple, temperate life, sleep as much as possible, avoid excitement, indigestion, and constipation, and they must do everything they can to keep down blood pressure.

In most cases there is paralysis of the arm and leg on the side of the body, opposite that on which the hemorrhage occurred, the only parts which can be moved voluntarily being the fingers and toes.

Treatment by means of drugs and surgical measures is more hopeful than used to be the case, and nowadays those who have apoplexy are frequently able to live comfortably for years after their first attack.

Difficulty in swallowing is an important symptom due to paralysis of the muscles of the throat. The kidneys may be diseased and this disease may be one of the causes leading to the apoplexy.

Pasture did his most useful work after a very severe apoplexy. It is desirable, therefore, that sufferers with this disease should always look on the bright side of life and hope for as large a degree as possible of usefulness and comfort.

If conditions are favorable, the bad symptoms will gradually clear up—the sense of feeling usually returning first, and, by degrees, the power of motion.

R. A. G.—Answer—The best way to answer your letter is to send you copies of my articles on Gout, Tuberculosis, and if you will send me a stamped, self-addressed envelope, they will be mailed to you.

The old car squatted itself nobly. It had been a very good car in the beginning and could still travel with the second best, at least.

Gertrude—Why he yawned three times while I was talking to him. Mazie—Perhaps he wasn't yawning. He may have been trying to say something!

It was intensely interesting, this learning to run a car with Dan for a teacher. There was really nothing that Dan did not know about a car.

Never Got a Chance.

It was astonishing how well they grew to like each other. Long before Valentine would run the car alone she began to have dreams of what it would mean to have a luncheon for just her and Dan.

There's my car for you. I'm going to get a new one and you can run it all you wish.

"Valentine," said Mrs. Verran, "come away from Dan. You are forgetting yourself."

"You may find somewhat difficult as in performing it you of your abdomen, my used by you during the "In most of us these become through disuse. When exercising daily, smaller and firmer, the waist is reduced

"Never mind, darling," he said tenderly. "You're not much hurt and that's all that counts."

Pointed Paragraphs.

A woman who whistles is preferable to one who whines.

Hope buds eternal, but it seldom comes to full bloom.

Look out for the axe a man has to grind when he begins to jolly you.

Any man who refuses to argue with a woman possesses the Solomon brand of wisdom.

The wise man who is looking for a job never gives his next door neighbor as reference.

It takes a lot of horse sense to enable a man to manage an automobile or a mule.

A regular woman seldom says what she thinks when she hits her thumb with a hammer.

A woman who gushes over a man when he is tired and hungry is due, for a term in a padded cell.

Sometimes a man remains at the foot of the ladder for the purpose of pulling others down.

IN O

The number of days... When school & lecture days... IT WORKS... Amy Anderson sent other day to get some... sending a rose you get... & fall persons to... they smell it you equ... water you have in... skirts water in fact... smother & you leav... for one dime, the ad... no Andy sent for it... He put it in his b... morning & tried it on... & it worked fine, only... sent make enough of... he filled the bulb with... ing to try it on. Fairy... sees, he having the bl... ink would show more... joke.

THE DOT I



GETT

Author of "The Rid... You must have got... the wrong side this m... fashionable reproach to... gin the day in a an... mood. I do not kn... phrase originated. B... it crudely expressed... truth of some import... not generally apprec... Most people take... that it does not mas... they get out of the... ting out of bed may b... of real helplessness... both of health and e... Recently this has b... phasized by Dr. L. I... exponent of personal... fitness men and wome... formula for getting o... advantages.

"CAP" ST

When you start to... turn over on your sid... bed. Get some bene... ment. "Holding your hips... and catching your toe... of the bed, rise to a... without helping your... your hands. "You may find... somewhat difficult a... in performing it you... of your abdomen, my... used by you during the... "In most of us these... become through disuse... When exercising daily... smaller and firmer, the... waist is reduced

IN OUR SCHOOL

BY PAUL WEST.

The number of days is just 21. When school & lockings will all be done.

IT WORKED.
Andy Anderson sent ten cents the other day to get something wonderful. Being a rose you put in your button-needle & tell persons to smell it & when they smell it you squeeze a bulb full of water you have in your pocket & it sprays water in their eyes & is very amusing & you have a bunch of fun for one dime, the advertisement said, so Andy sent for it.

He put it in his button hole this morning & tried it on several persons & it worked fine, only just water did not make enough of a job on them, so he filled the bulb with ink & was going to try it on Daisy Bellows at recess, he having the biggest face so the ink would show more & make a better job.

But somehow the tube leading from the bulb to the rose must of got loose or something, because all of a sudden the front of Andy's shirt started getting black & the black spreading wider & wider, till Genevieve Hicks, who was sitting near him, told Miss Palmer that Andy was bleeding to death & she called for a doctor.

Andy told her not to make such a fuss about it, & tried to hide it with his gogarty, but Miss Palmer had heard of it & made Andy come up to the platform & get examined. Then she sent him how it had happened when she seen it wasn't blood, & Andy showed

her the bulb. He must of set on it or something & squeezed the ink out, & the ink was in his neck all the way down.

Notes.
The war gardens were growing out in the school yard have all went to the bed, they not growing anything but weeds, except Genevieve Hicks, who she grow some lovely pasties which are pretty near up. Genevieve is very proud of them, but Miss Palmer sent her if she thought pasties would solve the food question. Genevieve said she didn't care, they were her favorite flour & she could live on their sweet aroma. Oh fudge, say we.

The man that had the moovies to the town hall the other night, when he stood at the second part of the "Wonderful Justice" & it left the hero lady just jumped off a roof so you didn't know what happened to her after that, says he will have the rest of the pitcher there tonight. But we have lost interest in the lady now.

THE DOT PUZZLE.



OUR SHORT STORY

Gardenia Cricker watched the approaching conductor with pensive eyes.

She thought: "If he dared—but that's nonsense, he wouldn't dare dare." Still the conductor approached, and as he neared Gardenia Cricker, a determined gleam came into his otherwise gleaming eyes.

"If he has the audacity!" thought Gardenia. "But he couldn't be such a brute!"

The conductor was now bending over her. She felt a cold shiver of apprehension run down her spine and then rapidly retreated its steps. And her worse fears were realized:

"Fare, please," said the conductor firmly.

Cordelia Cricker gasped, turned red and then pale. Then she let her gaze wander over the car side, and hummed a careless little air, as though she had not heard.

"Fare, please," the conductor repeated, just as firmly.

The man on Gardenia's right nudged her in the right ribs, and the man on her left nudged her in the left ribs.

"Oh!" she exclaimed, as though aware for the first time of the conductor's presence. She fished, with blind rage, her handbag and discovered a nickel in the midst of nineteen safety pins, eleven sticks of chewing gum, a package of carpet tacks, a powder puff, a mirror, and eight buttons.

Shortly afterwards, on her way off the car, she passed the conductor on his platform.

"Fare, please," the conductor said, "I have brass-buttoned shrimps!" she hissed. "Don't you know the main reason I married you was to get free rides on the street cars?"

And when she got home, she deliberately burned his steak.

GETTING OUT OF BED

Author of "The Riddle of Personality," "Psychology and Parenthood," Etc.

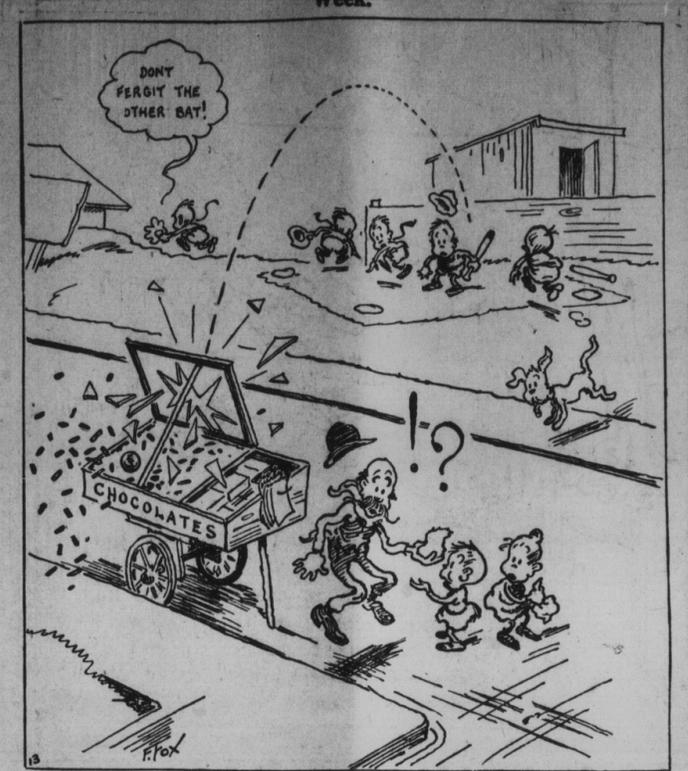
"You must have got out of bed on the wrong side this morning," is an old-fashioned reproach to people who begin the day in a snapping, snarling mood. I do not know when this phrase originated. But I do know that it crudely expresses a psychological truth of some importance, though one not generally appreciated.

Most people take it for granted that it does not matter in the least how they get out of bed, whereas getting out of bed may be made a process of real helplessness to them in point both of health and efficiency.

Recently this has been rightly emphasized by Dr. L. F. Fuld, an able exponent of personal hygiene for business men and women. Here is his formula for getting out of bed to best advantage:

"When you start to get up do not turn over on your side and roll out of bed. Get some benefit from the movement. Holding your hips with your hands and catching your toes at the bottom of the bed, rise to a sitting position without helping yourself at all with your hands. You may find this movement somewhat difficult at first, because in performing it you use the muscles of your abdomen, which are seldom used by you during the day. In most of us these muscles have become through disuse a mass of fat. When exercising daily they become smaller and firmer, and the size of the waist is reduced by the removal

Another Discovery of Glass in Candy Was Made Right In This Town Last Week.



MRS. EMERSON-M'KIM-VANDERBILT-BAKER'S THREE ROMANCES

Why the Widow of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, Lost on the Lusitania, Selected Mr. Ray Baker, of Nevada, For Her Third Husband.

Suppose you were—The wealthiest young woman in America. And a widow and very attractive. And stood at the very top of the social ladder. And were besieged by innumerable suitors for your hand (and fortune). And you had, thus, everything on earth except a title—Would you marry—To gain a foreign title? Or to add to your present great wealth? Or would you pick out the man your heart really yearned for, a man of little wealth, of little social position, a discovery office holder—and marry for love?

JIMMY COON STORIES

By DR. WARREN G. PARTRIDGE.

Now what will Jimmy Coon do next? No one can tell; for Jimmy Coon does so many strange and unheard of things. He is a real character, one night, to make a little trip to the other side of the Great Forest. You know, Jimmy is a great one to travel.

Jimmy had such good luck hunting, that night, that he decided to spend a few days on this further side of the Great Forest. So he climbed a tall oak, on the edge of the Old Pasture, to spend the day. He picked out this nice big oak because it was a hollow tree, and had a lovely place to hide in. Jimmy had a nice nap in the morning, but he had a wonderful adventure. You could scarcely believe your own eyes, if you had been there. A major and lots of soldiers marched in to that Old Pasture to practice shooting at a target. You know that a practice shooting near a village or a town would not dare to let the soldiers train for the night, but it was an accident. And in this Old Pasture the soldiers had their rifle range.

When they fired their rifles at the target, the soldiers stood near the old Oak Tree. What a wonderful adventure for Jimmy Coon! At first, Jimmy Coon was awfully frightened, but he had a wonderful idea. He made a terrible noise. And you know Jimmy Coon had had much experience with guns—when he had been hunted many times at night. He decided to practice shooting at a target. And you know Jimmy Coon had had much experience with guns—when he had been hunted many times at night. He decided to practice shooting at a target. And you know Jimmy Coon had had much experience with guns—when he had been hunted many times at night. He decided to practice shooting at a target.

Washington, about four blocks from the White House. At his services at all hours he keeps two expensive automobiles—twinsix touring car and a "super-six" (limousine) town car.

Mr. Baker is no stranger to luxury. But when Mrs. Vanderbilt enjoys he has earned for himself. He has dug it out of the ground. Or, more accurately speaking, he has procured it by other means. He is a man who is one of the most beautiful and altogether the richest unmarried women in the world.

Talk about prospecting! But love is the best prospecting. Mr. Baker is a man who is one of the most beautiful and altogether the richest unmarried women in the world.

She met him again, years later, in London. A renewal of their acquaintance brought pleasure to them both. They saw a good deal of each other. It was the beginning of a romantic attachment, that is now in its completion in marriage.

But he is a real man, an American, New York. A renewal of their acquaintance brought pleasure to them both. They saw a good deal of each other. It was the beginning of a romantic attachment, that is now in its completion in marriage.

Ray Baker, so conspicuously successful as a lover and a mining man, possesses other claims to distinction. In the politics of Nevada he is a prominent figure, and there is reason to believe that he may soon arrive in Congress as a Senator from that State.

He was secretary to our Embassy in Russia not long ago, and acting in that capacity made in 1915, one of the longest messenger trips on record, journeying from Petrograd across Finland and Scandinavia to the United States, with dispatches for the State Department. Having arrived in Washington, he started immediately thence for Petrograd by way of the Pacific and Siberia, with letters, thus completing a circuit of the earth.

Naturally, it was in the way of politics that Mr. Baker became Director of the Mint. He is a Democrat, from the Silver State, and there is little word knowing about metals that he does not know. Gold, silver and copper, the stuff our coins are made of—how they grow. An obviously suitable man for the post of Uncle Sam's coin-in-charge.

His chosen occupation? Work. He says so himself. His favorite amusement? Work again. There are few idle hours for Ray Baker. But such hours as he has at his disposal are

"CAP" STUBBS.



IT'S ALL A MATTER OF LOCATION



By EDWINA.



RANDOM REELS

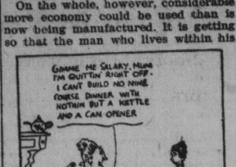
By HOWARD L. RANN.

ECONOMY.
The missionary collection. More exact, painstaking economy is practiced in our churches than in any other avenue of life, which accounts for the great-fallen look on the ministerial countenance.

On the whole, however, considerable more economy could be used than is now being manufactured. It is getting so that the man who lives within his means...

Economy is a beautiful sight in any home, but it can be overdone. Why is it that so many men will buy adding machines, cash registers, electric fans and gold-plated humidifiers for their offices, and yet compel their wives to put up with the man-killing corn-broom...

COME HE SLAYS HIM IN QUINN'S SHIRT OFF. (CRIES) DINNER WITH NOTHING BUT A KETTLE AND A CAN OPENER.



The kind of economy which spends \$4,000 on an electric housewife and \$40 on kitchen utensils...

Income is regarded with suspicion and denied admittance to the country club. Thousands of men are burning the midnight kiltowatt in the effort to keep step with the income of some neighbor who inherited nineteen farms and a bushel-basket full of bank stock...

LAUGH WITH US

Phyllis had been capped redhanded and her aunt was lecturing her. "You surely knew you were doing wrong! Don't your conscience tell you that?"

Two colored waiters in a local hotel were lately overheard deep in a discussion of the various phases of dumbness. Finally, after a number of illustrations had been cited one of them said:

Mr. Jimson was at the Watsons party and he kept fighting with his serviette, when at length he addressed his hostess:

"I trust you will not think me un-patriotic?"

"Certainly not."

"Or pro-German?"

"No, no! I have never thought of you as such. But why?"

"Oh that I would do anything to give aid and comfort to the enemy!" went on Mr. Jimson, unheeding.

"Of course not."

PEPPER TALKS

BY GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

MOTHER.
The world had already given before the terrible conflict began.

I had a wonderful Mother. The best that I am, I owe to her. When the days have been long and full of problems, I have eased them into a new happiness by thinking of her.

I believe Mothers know—even the they long since went away.

Remember this, that nothing too good can ever be rendered to a great Mother.

There can never be anyone quite like a beautiful Mother.

She who always understood. She who always forgave and forgot. She whose smiles, and struggles and sacrifices always came in such even and equal measure.

Tomorrow will be Mother's Day.

Whether she lives or whether she has gone, still will she be with you. If she is far away, her thoughts and prayers will be near. If she has gone, her sweet memory will gladden your day.

The world can never pay its debt to its Mothers.

The combined debts of all the great nations at war, at its close, could not begin to repay what the Mothers of

the world had already given before the terrible conflict began.

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Two Gentlemen Caught In a Spring Shower.



RIPPLING RHYMES

By WALT MASON.

MAN POWER.
They're talking now of drafting men whose years have numbered; and hope springs in my breast again, prospects now seem fifty. Before this beastly war is done, fool rules will go seeking, and loyal gent who weddeth a ton may go and do some fighting. They've barred me out because I'm fat and deaf and broken-winded; and rules responsible for that I hope will be rescinded. When first we broke into the game, Apollous demanded: "We do not want the old or lame—the officers were candidly 'No man is fit to chase the Hun unless he's like Narcissus." And so I dropped my sword and gun, and went home to the missus. "They're mighty choice," do at this writing!

LITTLE STORIES FOR BEDTIME

By THORNTON W. BURGESS.

SAMMY AND MRS. SAMMY MAKE UP.

By Thornton W. Burgess.

There's nothing quite so sweet in life as making up, and ending strife. Sammy, you know, means fighting and quarrelling. It is too bad that there ever is such a thing as strife, but as long as there is, it is a blessed thing that folks can make up. Whether Sammy Jay and Mrs. Sammy ever would have made up, if things hadn't happened just as they did no one knows. Of course they might have. Then, again, Mrs. Sammy might have done just what she said she was going to do, gone far, far away. But, as you remember, Broadwing the Hawk came along, and Sammy warned Mrs. Sammy just in the nick of time. Just as soon as Broadwing had disappeared Mrs. Sammy flew straight over to the tree in which Sammy was hiding. "Sammy Jay," said she, "I didn't intend to ever speak to you again, but you have saved my life, and I've just got to thank you for doing that. Now I'm going far, far away, so we won't ever quarrel any more."

When Mrs. Sammy first appeared Sammy looked very sheepish and uncomfortable, but when she said she was going far, far away, he looked decidedly alarmed. "What—what—what are you going away for?" he stammered. "So that you won't see any thing more of me," replied Mrs. Sammy. "But—but I want to see you. I don't want you to go away. I—I'm sorry about those eggs. I'm sorry I found fault about that nest. Can't we build another nest and begin all over again?" There was a note of pleading in Sammy's voice which was hard to resist. Mrs. Sammy shook her head. "I don't believe it would be a bit of use," said she. "Yes it would," replied Sammy eagerly. "I'll promise not to find the least bit of fault. Couldn't we do the nest again?" Mrs. Sammy shook her head. "No," said she most decidedly. "No indeed! I don't want ever to see that nest again, I think, Sammy, it would be better for us both if we never see each other any more."

A fly in the ointment came also when O. E. Bodington, a Paris lawyer, came along with a suit against Leishman, in which he claimed that it was his gentle efforts that made the course run smoothly for the marriage of Miss Martha Leishman to the Count de Gontaut Biron. For this bit of matrimonial brokerage the lawyer wanted \$5,000, and sought to attach the Leishman bank account in the Union Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, to make sure that a first aid to young love did not lose his percentage.

All of the while we heard nothing from Helene Demarest and young Leishman. If they had troubles they did not appear on the surface of events. But in the meantime Martha Leishman and the Count de Gontaut Biron fell out. She had attracted much attention while in Paris, and was known far and wide as a friend of the French people. Her ready wit and reader tongue more than once figured in the social events of the time. One of her quick retorts is entitled to a place in history, because it shows as thoroughly as any Red, White, Blue, or Green book in diplomatic archives the trend of events before the war.

It was in Berlin, in 1913, when Martha Leishman was at a dinner where the guest list held no less a person than the Crown Prince. He said during the dinner, with more emphasis than fact, that one day his forces would break through the defenses of the French.

"On vous attendra," quickly replied the American girl.

"We will await you," was the translation.

Maybe, when the same young man, at the head of his great legions, broke his forces against those same French defenses at Verdun and only won a death roll for his slain, he recalled the remark:

"On vous attendra."

For surely they were waiting, and to however unpolitic the girl's retort, it was certainly a prophecy that was gazing in the crystal ball of European

HOW THE NEWEST AMERICAN PEERESS FOUND HER HEART

The Interesting Romance of Beautiful Mrs. Helene Demarest Leishman Who Discovered True Love At Last on the Battlefield and May Become the Duchess of Sutherland.

Like the story of some enchanted princess in an old fairy tale it is that of Helene Demarest, the romantic and original New York beauty.

She has travelled all over the world and known many adventures. She had married a lively young Pittsburgh millionaire and moved him. She had been courted by princes and noblemen in every European capital.

Every luxury, every privilege, almost every talent was hers, but she could not find her heart. The most fascinating man could produce no more effect on that obdurate organ in its did Hannibal cross the Alps.

None regretted the fact more than Helene Demarest. Then amid the heroism of the great war she found her heart. A young officer, once wounded and again nobly doing his duty at the front, helped her to find it. By a remarkable turn of fortune the officer proved to be the younger brother of a British duke.

Helene Demarest, who was for a time Mrs. John G. A. Leishman, Jr., is now the bride of Captain Lord Alastair Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Warren G. Demarest, of New York, made her debut in 1910.

She had completed her school life in a convent in Paris, and pink teas and debutante dances held but small allurements for her. She won the consent of her parents to tour the East, and with an elderly aunt and Miss Agnes LeRoy Edgar, who is now Mrs. Stewart Davis, she set out on the trail that has beckoned to conquerors and the fashion of the world.

Out to Cairo and Alexandria, where the fashion of the world sooner or later comes to sit on the broad verandas and contemplate the lazy landscape and the lazier passers, she went, and then followed a tour of the continent. There were British officers in uniforms that had not then known the trenches to be found around the Egyptian field.

They were more familiar in the drawing days with the amenities of the drawing room, than with the grim necessities of the trench. The hour for tea was better known than the hour for going over the top. They courted the fair American, they gave for her many parties.

And the experience was repeated on the continent, where every capital had its price willing, ready to exercise his wiles upon the girl from the States. Offers of marriage came. The elderly aunt had great trouble trying to keep pace with the effervescent young beauty who had notions of her own and a fund of life and energy that was as new to the continent as a cow pony would be in a London riding academy.

He marvelled at the delicate hands that so deftly smoothed the pillow of a sufferer or brushed away the tears of a poor, little motherless war widow. As he gazed with scarcely concealed

admiration the American beauty's face flushed. A miracle had happened. Her heart was fluttering for the first time in years.

"Why, certainly," was the answer. He had a week's leave of absence in Paris and he put it to good use. The next day he sought his sister, Lady Rosemary Leveson-Gower, a splendid young war organizer. Another day he found time to discuss his own affairs, and so it was that the wedding occurred in Paris with the speed that has become usual in war times.

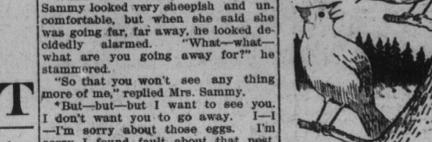
The romance, which has progressed so interestingly, began when Helene G. Demarest, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Warren G. Demarest, of New York, made her debut in 1910.

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"Sammy Jay," said she, "I didn't intend to ever speak to you again."

promised everything she wanted Mrs. Sammy agreed to make up. Sammy was so happy he could hardly contain himself. His voice, usually so harsh, became wonderfully sweet, as it always does when he whistles his love notes.

He followed Mrs. Sammy about as if afraid to let her out of his sight. Before the day was ended Mrs. Sammy had chosen a place for a new home and they had actually begun building. So ended all the trouble in the Jay family.

affairs at the time could not have better made, even though she were the seventh daughter of a king.

In the course of time her Count died, after she had started a suit for divorce, and James Hazen Hyde, who had lived in Paris during the war, where democracy investigation harrassed the insurance magnates and brought Charles Evans Hughes to fame wooed and won the widow. The wedding was at the American church of the Holy Trinity in Paris, in the presence of a notable company. Ambassador Herrick was best man, with Henry Glass, Jr., and Harry S. Lehr as witnesses.

Martha was always an attractive woman. It had been recalled long before her court, experience and horn on Sunday, one of the women most liked by the late King Edward VII. of England when he went to Biarritz for one of those incognito visits where democracy was in ignorance of his true station, excepting, perhaps, his valet, who had orders to use another name for his master.

And still we heard nothing from Helene Demarest.

While the Leishmans were enjoying all these adventures, Helene Demarest had discovered that she did not belong with them. She led a very quiet, retired life, and society was surprised to hear of her marriage the other day to Lord Alastair Leveson-Gower.

Those who are familiar with British English society know that the Duke of Sutherland's family stands at the very top of the British aristocracy. The present duke, a young man of Butler, married in 1912 Lady Ellen Butler, and up to the present they have no children. This makes his next brother, Lord Alastair, who has married the American beauty, heir to the dukedom and all the other titles. It appears very probable that he will be main heir, and our American beauty may be a Duchess.

The Sutherlands are the largest landowners in the United Kingdom, owning about 1,000,000 acres, including practically the whole county of Sutherland. At one time the family possessed six great houses in town and country. They sold Stafford House, in London, because it had become too large for modern use, and it has been turned into a museum. Another great house, Trentham Hall, in Staffordshire, they gave away because a manufacturing district had grown around it.

Dunrobin Castle, in Sutherlandshire, is now the principal seat of the family. It is a romantic and stately place, and our American beauty would doubtless enjoy its splendor. During the war it has been made over as a hospital for wounded and sick British sailors. One of the greatest British naval bases lies a few miles away.

The young Duchess of Sutherland is Mistress of the Robes to Queen Mary, the highest office held by a woman at court, while her sister-in-law, the Dowager Duchess, is the most energetic leader of women's war activities in England.

So you see that Helene Demarest has placed her heart in very interesting surroundings.

(San Francisco Chronicle.)

"These apartments are too dark for what we want."

"What do you want?"

"We want to do light housekeeping."

DICKY DIPPY'S DIARY.

TUESDAY: WAS OUT EXPLORING IN THE WOODS AND GOT LOST. I WAS GETTING VERY HUNGRY. SEEING A CAMP I WENT TO IT. THE ONLY ONE IN WAS A CHINESE COOK.

"JOHN," SAID I, "I'M HUNGRY. HAVE YOU ANYTHING TO EAT?"

"YOU LIKE FISH?" HE ASKED.

"YES," SAID I, "I LOVE IT!"

"YOU LIKE NICE FRESH FISH FRIED?"

"SURE! I LOVE IT FRIED!"

"ALL RIGHT. YOU COME FLIDAY."

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PHILADELPHIA

WORLD

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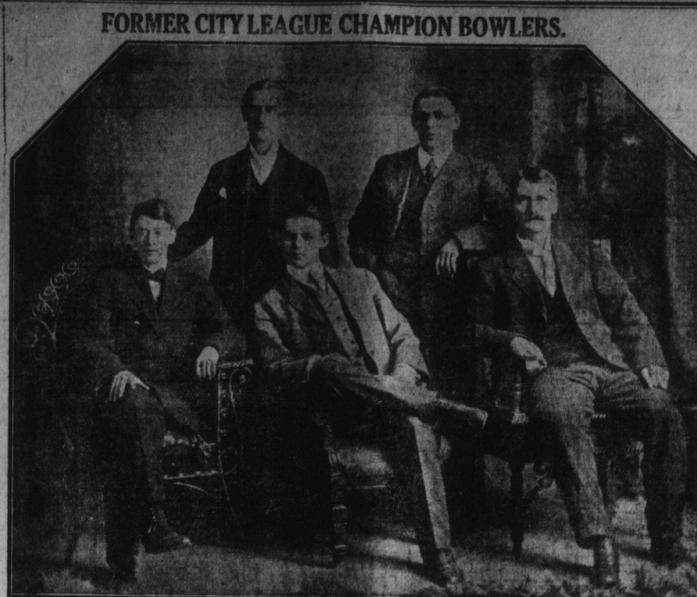
SOLDIER-P...
WH...

PHILADELPHIA CLARA HAYWOOD
WORLD'S CHAMPION BILLIARDIST

Changed From Piano Practice To Billiard Table
—Hasn't Met Players of Her Own Sex, But Finds
Men Professionals Easy—And They Don't Let
Her Win Just Out of Politeness Either.

(By Karl K. Kitchin.)
If Clara Haywood's father had bought a player-piano instead of a billiard table for his home in Philadelphia, the chances are that this article would not have been written. For Clara Haywood was a mere virtuoso on the player-piano who had gained the fame that has come to her as a billiardist. Her foot technique could not have attracted the attention that her ball line technique has won.

"However, it wasn't my boys who took to it. They shot a little pool now and then, but it was Clara who played on it. She picked up the game from me, and in less than three months she was able to beat me so badly that I was ashamed to play with her."
"Perhaps she inherited her taste for it," I suggested.
"No," replied the elder Haywood, "I was never a billiard player."
"But what is the secret of your skill?" I asked, turning to the young lady herself.
Miss Haywood blushed very prettily and started to reply, but Mr. Cline interrupted her.
"I think I'm better qualified to answer that question than she is," he said. "People never know why they're geniuses at anything. It takes some one who knows them well to explain it."
"In the first place," Mr. Cline went on, "Miss Haywood used to play the piano several hours a day. She would have become a concert pianist if she had not become a billiardist. She developed her wrists as a pianist, and that naturally stood her in good stead when she took up the game of billiards. Miss Haywood has a remarkable memory—she remembers the Declaration of Independence on Fourth of July, although she had not read it for at least three or four years—and memory plays an important part in playing billiards."
Miss Haywood found courage to admit that she possessed a good memory, and she reminded her father of some childish feat of memory that caused him to laugh and pat her extended hand.



FRED BAILEY H. BELVEA
ALLAN BAILEY C. LUNNEY ST. CLAIR McKEIL

AVIATRIX WILL RACE FOR OLDER FANS TO
CHEVROLET IN MOTOR SHARPEN MEMORIES
TODAY AT TORONTO
Just a Few Baseball Items
Cleaned From Pages of the Past.

Here are some baseball notes of about 20 years ago revived:
It is reported that the Phillies are going to let out Lave Cross who, no doubt, will go to the minors.
Chicago has offered \$4,000 for Al Selbach, the star outfielder of the Washington team. This was a tempting offer but Washington decided to keep him.
Baltimore is trying out a new right fielder named Keeler. He once played with Brooklyn. He looks too light for fast company.
Chris von der Ahe says that his catchers have discovered Ed. DeLany's weakness.
Outfielder "Billy" Sunday says he will open a pool and billiard room when he is through with baseball.
Tener, the big pitcher of the Chicago team, has quit baseball. Foolish move when he could have picked up from \$1,500 to \$2,000 of easy money for several more years to come.
Members of the Cincinnati team are kicking because of the new rule which prohibits them from drinking at the park bar while in uniform.
First baseman Charley Comiskey is said to be a sucker for a curve ball on the inside.
NEW SPORT STARS
ARE IN THE MAKING
Faded stars of the world of sport are soon forgotten by the fans once they move out of the limelight. New heroes, new faces, new idols and new conquests claim attention. The sport world demands a constantly changing scene.
The present world conflict is going to work some startling changes. The sports map will be changed just as the map of the world is being changed as a result of war. Stars in many branches of sports are now enlisted. Some of them will never come back, while others who are in the "over-the-hill" service will return only to find that they have been passed by the constantly changing parade and are too far behind to catch up with the new stars.
R. Norris Williams II, nation tennis champion, will have been stripped of his title by the time the national singles event is finished this summer. Francis Ouimet, though he plays golf constantly, may pass along from the golden glow of the spotlight as one of the great golfers now in the service will undoubtedly pass.
Grover Cleveland Alexander, rated as the greatest of pitchers, has an uncertain future before him in baseball, now that he has been called in the draft and the same goes for any other star ball player who answers the call to the colors. But the fans will soon forget, just as they have forgotten Freddie Welsh, Willie Ritchie and Abe Attel; just as they have forgotten Tod Sloan and other great jockeys, and just as Ed. Walsh, Johnny Kling, Honus Wagner and John Evers have passed from the spotlight of public mention. The names of these stars of past days will always be found on the roll of honor, but the public no longer is interested in them.

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WILLARD IS THE MOST
UNPOPULAR CHAMPION

Gave Nothing For Nothing When He Owed Everything—Has Hied Himself To Wilds of Kansas—Hoots of Disapproval From Soldiers and Sailors.

Jess Willard has hied himself to the wilds of Kansas—far from the annoying taunts of the populace, the hoots of disapproval from our soldiers and sailors, and outraging the loudest challenges of Fulton and others.
Willard is the most unpopular champion. He might have been the most popular one that ever wore a glove.
He is an imposing figure—over six feet and a half tall and possessed of a modest manner, pleasant smile, and natural good nature. Besides he is the fulfilled "hope of the white race"—he knocked out Jack Johnson.
However, from the moment of his victory in Havana the big copperhead has done the wrong thing every time. He antagonized people at every turn with his clumsy money-making mania. Willard owes everything to the public. He made a fortune as a public entertainer. Yet he apparently has no consideration for his friends.

Big Jess gave nothing for nothing—when he owed everything. The other champions are serving as boxing instructors or as soldiers in the army. They box exhibitions, engage in real battles, and donate a percentage of their earnings for charity. Benny Leonard, for instance, helped raise about \$50,000 last month.
But Willard has done about nothing. True, he boxed one or two short exhibitions for the soldiers; but he disappointed them on so many other occasions that the army and navy have no use for him.
Then the recent attempt of Willard and Colonel Miller to pull off a Willard-Fulton fight under the present conditions for their own gain, when both of them are comparatively rich, was the last straw.
Willard slipped out of Chicago the other day to his Kansas home—and nobody knew of his going, and nobody cared. Rest in peace!

THE BIG LEAGUES

Table with columns for American League, National League, and International League, listing teams and statistics.

SAVE A PENNY BENNY



SPORTING NOTES.

Lappage is the leading hitter of the Western City League with a mark of 80.
When the four-year-old pacing mare Miss Rico, by Manrico, 2:07 1/4, took her record of 2:03 3/4 at Phoenix, Ariz., she stepped the first half of the mile in 59 seconds.
Grantland Rice, the well-known sport writer, has been made a sergeant of Battery F, an outfit from Tennessee, his native State.
A total of 36 trotters covered a mile in 2:10 during last season.
LATE JOHN L.
The late John L. Sullivan received just \$28 for defeating John Donaldson in 1880. Compared with the big coin copied by present day scrappers the old-time boxers must have owed themselves money after the fight.

—By POP.



It is not so very many months since Miss Haywood made her first public appearance as an amateur. Since then she has appeared in several cities and defeated many of the best known professional players. Strangely enough she has never played a billiardist of her own sex.
"Veteran devotees of the game declare that Miss Haywood is easily the champion woman billiard player of the world.
She has a style peculiarly her own. She holds her cue hand at almost a right angle with her shoulder, grasps it firmly and delivers a powerful, accurate stroke. While she is graceful in attitude and artistic in action, her stance is perfectly solid.
It was fortunate for the writer that Miss Haywood's father and Harry P. Cline, a Philadelphia professional billiardist, were with her when he met her. For Miss Haywood is as full as a school-girl, and so modest that she would not volunteer any information except that she "liked the game pretty well." Pressed with questions, she admitted that she had been playing for six years. And then to save her further embarrassment her father spoke up and told the story of their first billiard table.
"I didn't know whether to get a billiard table or a player-piano," said Papa Haywood. "But as I have a couple of young sons I thought it might be a good idea to have a table in order to keep them at home in the evening. And so I sent for a table of these combination billiard and pool tables—the little detachable brackets, you know."

"Toronto, June 28.—The most famous woman aviator in the world—Miss Ruth Law—is to drive her flying machine against the king of motor speed, Tom Longboat, at the Exhibition Grounds, tomorrow. The distance is five miles. This year she had not read it for at least three or four years—and memory plays an important part in playing billiards."
Miss Haywood found courage to admit that she possessed a good memory, and she reminded her father of some childish feat of memory that caused him to laugh and pat her extended hand.
"Then, too, Miss Haywood has remarkable powers of concentration," the professional player went on.
"Has she a mathematical mind?" I interrupted.
"No, and to my mind one cannot play good billiards by mathematics," replied Cline. "Miss Haywood plays remarkable billiards."
"Oh, that's enough about me," broke in the victim of our conversation, with new found courage. "Why do you want to stuff him with all that nonsense? I'm the champion woman player, and for the reason that I've never been defeated by another woman player. But that is only because I've never played any one of my own sex. I've only played a lot of professional men like Mr. Cline, and they are polite enough to let me win just because I'm a girl."
But although Miss Haywood smiled very prettily her remarks did not carry much conviction, perhaps because I had just seen her make eight or ten difficult exhibition shots before the motion picture camera and only miss three of them.

SOLDIER-PLAYER CATCHES
WHIZZING BASEBALL DROPPED
700 FEET FROM AEROPLANE

Kelly Field, Texas—Charley "Gabby" Street and Billy Sullivan, erstwhile catchers of the Washington and Chicago American League Baseball Clubs, must put their ball-catching feats in the second hole of the catcher's mitt on the little white streak and chives where records are kept. Their feat of catching baseballs tossed from the top of the Washington Monument, a distance of 524 feet, has been beaten and by one of Uncle Sam's soldiers.
Corporal Michael Angelo Bessolo of the 819th Aero Squadron of this field is a new record holder, having caught a baseball tossed from an airplane, when it was at a height of 700 feet. The feat was accomplished on the day of the big event, when Lieutenant Eugene Bowers was the man who tossed out the ball that Bessolo caught.
Use Outfield Glove.
Even more remarkable was the soldier's feat than either trick pulled by the professional baseball catchers, but Sullivan could do the feat in the number of tossed balls. When Street and Sullivan performed their feat, they each used regulation catcher's mitts, while Bessolo used only an ordinary outfielder's glove. Thirty-six balls were dropped from the airplane to Bessolo before he nabbed one, while Sullivan caught three balls in thirty-four attempts. Street tried for three days and used more than twelve dozen balls before he got one.
There is no question that Bessolo's feat will be regarded as a record.
More than three dozen balls had been wasted before a direct hit was made, which established a new record. At last, when it appeared that the at-

CANADIAN MARATHONERS WERE NOT SLOW TO JOIN

Hamilton, June 28.—I notice that every branch of sport has been given credit for the manner in which its followers have responded to the call. It was Tom Longboat, erstwhile manager of the "Longboat" club, the long-distance runner, I do not think that there is a country who is physically fit who has not done his bit or is in uniform. Tom Longboat, Perry Selten, Tom Woods, Jim Corkery, Edmond Fabre, and many others were in uniform long before conscription was ever thought of, and two of the greatest runners of the present decade—Jimmy Duffy and Arthur Jamieson—have made the supreme sacrifice. The distance runners have done their part about as well as any branch of sportsmen.
"HANS" WAGNER ENLISTS.
Pittsburg, June 28.—"Hans" Wagner, former major league baseball star, has enlisted with the home defense police of Allegheny county, and was today sworn in as an officer of the law, with jurisdiction in this town, Carnegie, near here.
DOUBLE HEADER TODAY.
A double header is arranged in the Barracks League on the Barracks Square this afternoon. The first game will be played by the 9th Siege and Acadias and this will be followed by Military Headquarters and Y. M. C. I.

CAT TALES.



—By POP.



—By POP.



—By POP.



—By POP.



—By POP.



SCHOOLS CLOSE AT APOHAQUI

Murray Hill Gilchrist Makes Highest Average and Name Goes on Shield—George B. Jones, M. L. A., Speaks.

Apoahqui, June 28.—The closing exercises of the Apoahqui Superior School took place on Thursday followed by an entertainment in the evening.

The scholars showed good results from the year's teaching. The highest average, 84.5, was made by Murray Hill Gilchrist, who thus won a place for his name on the "Nelson shield." Those who passed successfully on their averages of the monthly examinations and were not required to write the finals, were Hill Gilchrist, Walter Ogilvie and Sadie McKnight. The programme which was given at the entertainment was of high order for amateurs and reflected much credit on the training of the teachers and the talents of the scholars who played their parts well.

The closing of the National Anthem by W. H. Colpitts, secretary of the School Board, moved a hearty vote of thanks be extended to the teachers, scholars and the organist, Miss Greig Connolly, which was seconded by Councillor Armstrong, and presented in a few complimentary remarks by the chairman, Geo. B. Jones, M. L. A.

A very humorous reading was given by Master Murray Gilchrist, followed by a trio, "Over There," sung by the Misses Marguerite Collier, Pearl Gannon and Roy Parrie.

A laugh provoking dialogue, "The Train to Mauro," was next given by Miss Marguerite Collier, Cecil Ogilvie and Ward Jones.

A duet, "Summer is Coming," was sweetly sung by the little Misses Marjorie Jones and Marjorie Little, after which a very pretty flag drill was given by twelve girls of the advanced department.

"O Canada" was next heartily rendered by the school, which completed the programme.

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LUDWIG OF BAVARIA



PRINCE LUDWIG OF BAVARIA

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SPECIALIST SAID HE MUST OPERATE

She Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES" Instead, And is Now in Perfect Health.



MME. F. GAREAU. 153 Papineau Ave. Montreal. "For three years, I suffered great pain in the lower part of my body, with swelling or bloating. I saw a specialist, who carefully examined me and gave me several tonics to take, which did not help me. Then he told me I must undergo an operation. This I refused to permit.

"I heard about 'Fruit-a-tives' and the wonderful results it was giving because this medicine is made from fruit juices, so decided to try it. 'The first box gave great relief; and I continued the treatment, taking six boxes more. Now, my health is excellent—I am free of pain and swelling—and I give 'Fruit-a-tives' my warmest thanks."

MME. F. GAREAU. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50; trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ST. VINCENT'S GRADS. DINED LAST NIGHT

The usual dinner of the St. Vincent's graduates was given last night by the Alumnae at Bond's. The menu was a strictly war time one.

The evening was spent in dancing, and the only refreshments served was lemonade. During the evening the president of the Alumnae, Miss Jessie I. Lawson, presented to Miss Marjorie Fitzpatrick, the leader of the graduating class, a life member's pin.

The graduating class of the High School were the guests of the Alumnae last evening. As this is a war time there was no attempt at an elaborate entertainment.

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12,000; market active, 10 cents higher than yesterday's average. Butcher's 18.70 and 17.10; light, 16.80 and 17.30; packing, 16.65 and 16.85; roasts, 15.75 and 16.00; pigs, good and choice 16.40 and 16.60.

TURPENTINE RISES

Washington, June 28.—Rapid advances in the price of rosin and turpentine and general disturbance in the trade have been caused by a false rumor that the government would declare their production non-essential industry.

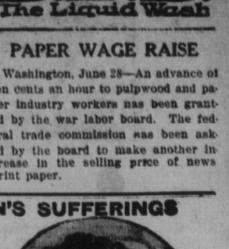
The government would declare their production non-essential industry. The war industries board announced today that no such danger existed, and pointed out that a large proportion of the rosin and turpentine produced is needed for war requirements.

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Eczema

Come in and we will tell you something about what D. D. D. Prescription, made in the D. D. D. Laboratories of Toronto, has accomplished in your own neighborhood.



What I have suffered is a far better guide than any MAN'S experience gained second-hand. I know your need for sympathy and health. And the treatment that gave me health and strength, new interest in life, I want to pass on to you, but you, too, may enjoy the priceless boon of health.

Read My FREE Offer! To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectively dispels green-sickness (chlorosis), irregularities, headaches and lassitude in young women and restores them to plumpness and health.

Write and ask for the free treatment guide to your needs, and I will send it in plain wrapper by return mail. Cut out this free treatment guide, and send it to me, and I will send you a copy of my book, "The Secret of Health," which tells you how to cure your troubles and how to keep them from coming back.

REDUCTION IN TYPES AND SIZES

Washington, June 28.—Immediate reduction in the number of types and sizes of automobile tires from 287 to 32 has been determined upon by automobile tire manufacturers in accordance with recommendations of the conservation division of the war industries board.

QUOTATIONS IN ST. JOHN MARKET

Table with columns for Groceries, Meats, Etc., and Fish. Items include Sugar, Rice, Beans, etc.

CASUALTIES

Ottawa, June 28.—Today's list of fifty-eight casualties includes five killed in action, two died of wounds, one died, twenty-six presumed to have died, one missing, one prisoner of war, seventeen wounded, one gassed and five ill.

Killed in action—D. B. Oram, St. John; A. Rose, Newfoundland. Presumed to have died—N. S. Lieut. S. Armstrong, Moncton. Wounded—K. Purcell, Sydney, N. S.

Heart Beat So Fast Could Not Sleep. HAD TO SIT UP IN BED. Heart trouble has of late years become very prevalent. Sometimes a pain catches you in the region of the heart, and you feel your heart skip, palpitate, throb, or beats with such rapidity and violence you think it will burst.

CHICAGO CATTLE

Chicago, June 28.—(United States Bureau of Markets)—Hogs, receipts, 12,000; market active, 10 cents higher than yesterday's average.

Manly Strength Self-Help Book Free

It matters not who, any man, young or elderly, needing more vital strength, who is not quite the man he should be, who feels himself weakened as a result of past practices and excesses, can, beyond the shadow of a doubt, hope for self-restoration of his lost, or weakened powers if he is willing to make a fair, square effort along certain perfectly natural lines (of which he can easily learn), and will lead that sort of a decent existence which nature demands that all of us SHALL lead, if we are to prove up to the normal standard of vigor and manly capacity, as we see it exemplified in the best men of the world today.

Just what I believe you yourself should do or should not do where more manly strength may be desired is told in a perfectly plain, commonsense, practical, every-day sort of way through the medium of a little 72-page illustrated book of advice that I publish and am now sending free, sealed, by mail, to men all over the world who write for it. This little commonsense book of self-help has, I hope, been of more lasting benefit to my fellow men than any similar publication of its kind before used. Over one million copies have been distributed since my first announcement that it would be sent free of charge.

Real, sturdy, vigorous manhood never counted for more than it does today. If you are strong, vital, manly, the whole world appreciates you; if you are weak, listless—well, it is a dark time, this age of ours, for the one who must stand aside. To my mind a vigorous, strong-nerved, manly man is one of the greatest inspirations in the world, because the very force of his character and manhood makes itself felt wherever he goes or wherever he may be. What he does, he does well, and his reward is in proportion to the strength and sturdiness.

USE FREE COUPON. The A. F. Sanden Co., 140 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Dear Sirs,—Without obligation on my part, please send me by return mail, in perfectly plain sealed envelope, your free 72-page illustrated book of self-help and advice for men.

Form with fields for Name and Address.

REAL MANHOOD ALWAYS WINS

It seems to me that any man, unless he is bowed down by extreme old age or by some consuming malady, may increase his physical and vital strength if he really WANTS to, and is willing to make the right sort of a conscientious effort in the right direction and along right lines.

You simply buckle the Vitalizer comfortably on your body at night when you retire to bed. It starts its work at once. It sends a stream of a certain silent, penetrating power which we call Vital Force into the body, your kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder, nerves and blood while you sleep. Men everywhere have said it takes that nervous weakness or pain out of the small of the back in short order—sometimes from first night's use, and that often strength and manly vigor is restored in 60 to 90 days.

With special attachments, the Vitalizer is also used for rheumatism, kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders, etc. After reading the free booklet, you decide that you would like to wear the Vitalizer, we shall be pleased to make special arrangements for you to have one to use. If in or near this city, we should be glad to have you call, otherwise please write for book. Hours 9 to 6. Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

Improve Your Looks

by purifying the blood, Salting liver spots, pimples and blotches are usually due to impure or impoverished blood. Clear the skin, put roses in pale cheeks, brighten the eyes, build up the whole system by taking

Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS. It's a wonderful tonic for women, especially. Prepared of Nature's herbs and gives the happiest results when used regularly and according to directions.

CATARRH and DISCHARGES Relieved in 24 Hours. SANTAL MIDY.

Tired Nervous Mothers

Should Profit by the Experience of These Two Women. Buffalo, N. Y.—"I am the mother of four children, and for nearly three years I suffered from a female trouble with pains in my back and side, and a general weakness. I had professional attendance most of that time but did not seem to get well. As a last resort I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which I had seen advertised in the newspapers, and in two weeks noticed a marked improvement. I continued its use and am now free from pain and able to do all my household work."

Portland, Ind.—"I had a displacement and suffered so badly from it at times I could not be on my feet at all. I was all run down and so weak I could not do my household work, was nervous and could not sleep at night. I took treatments from a physician but they did not help me. My Aunt recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I tried it and now I am strong and well again and do my own work and I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound the credit."—Mrs. JOSEPHINE KIMBLE, 935 West Race Street, Portland, Ind.

Every Sick Woman Should Try LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



The St. John Standard

June 29, 1918

The Original Katzenjammer Kids

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

