

MET DEATH ON GUNARD LINER.

Huge Wave Sweeps Steerage Passengers Overboard

Five Were Drowned and More Than Thirty Injured—Big Ship Almost Buried

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Five lives are known to have been lost and more than thirty persons injured, some of them seriously, on the Cunard liner steamer Campania last Wednesday, when a gigantic wave rolled over the vessel and swept across a deck thick with steerage passengers. So sudden was the coming of the disaster and so great was the confusion which attended it, that even the officers of the steamer themselves were unable to estimate the full extent of the tragedy. It is possible that five persons known to be missing from the steerage may not constitute the full number of deaths.

John Graham of Wilwanake was one of the passengers washed overboard and lost. He was traveling in the steerage. The others who lost their lives were two Irish girls, a Danish boy and a man whose nationality has not yet been ascertained.

From one of the steerage passengers who escaped death or serious injuries in the disaster, it was learned that the lives of several children were saved by a stewardess, Miss Cotes, and a deck steward. The little ones were playing about the deck when they were caught in the swirl of the water and carried aft. In the return of the way the children were being carried directly toward the open door through which the five who lost their lives had been carried when Miss Cotes and the steward rushed to their rescue and dragged them back to safety.

Wednesday's disaster marks the first in the Cunard line's history of more than fifty years, that passengers have been lost from its steamers. When the Campania reached quarantine some of the passengers were still in the hospital and some of them very seriously injured. Scores were nursing minor injuries. A heavy quartering sea was running, but the weather conditions were far from unpleasant, and the big boat's deck was crowded with passengers. The steerage deck was covered with cherrymakers, and there was nothing to indicate the approach of disaster, when suddenly the big vessel lurched to port and scooped up an enormous sea. The wave boarded the steamer about amidships on the port side and swept clear across the steerage deck, completely filling the space between that deck and the deck above and carrying everything with it.

The steamer's side was buried so deeply that the passengers on the deck above the steerage were submerged to their waists as the immense volume of water rolled aft and then surged forward. All the cabin passengers on the upper deck succeeded in clinging to the supports while the waters surged around them, and they were saved by good fortune. But the unfortunates on the steerage deck of the vessel were utterly helpless. The irresistible rush of waters sweeping towards the forward part of the ship carried everything that was on it.

Before it, heavy railings and obstructions which had been arranged near the railings and the passengers being washed overboard, served their purpose only in part. So great was the volume and force of the rushing waters that a door in the rail was smashed, and through this opening five of the delopnes one were swept to their deaths. Others, dashed against the rails and other like obstructions, escaped death, but many of them received severe injuries. One woman had both legs broken at the thigh and others suffered broken arms and ribs, while more than a score were bruised and battered.

The survivors of the disaster are now being treated in the hospitals of New York. Many of the injured are being treated in the St. John's hospital.

SHOOTING IRONS

THE SEASON IS NOW OPEN Never before have we shown such a variety asnow including the latest models.

Winchester, Marlin GUNS. Davenport, Iver Johnson & Leffevre GUNS, and Savage

Ammunition for All Kinds of Guns and Rifles. C. vas Canoes for Spotsmen's Use (Sporting Goods Flat, Second Floor).

Best Silk Bolting Cloth \$3.00 to \$10.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED Market Square, St. John. N. B.

DEATH OF REV. G. T. PACKARD.

Well-known Clergyman and Writer Passed Away at His Home Yesterday

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—Rev. Geo. Thomas Packard, a well known Episcopal clergyman and contributor to newspapers and magazines, died at his home in Jamaica Plain today, aged 61 years. Mr. Packard was a native of Lancaster, Mass. He prepared for college at Biddeford, Maine, high school and was graduated from Bowdoin College in 1862. Three years later he was graduated from the Andover Theological School, and in 1870 was ordained as an Episcopal clergyman. His first parish was in St. Anne on the heights, Brooklyn, N. Y. Later he was rector of a church in Jersey City, and in 1875 he was called to the rectorship of St. John's church, Bangor, Me., where he remained three years. His health failed, he entered newspaper work, and for seven years was connected with the editorial staff of the Boston Advertiser. He was engaged with Noah Webster at New Haven in the revision of Webster's dictionary. For the past ten years he had been confined to his house by illness, but had been a frequent contributor to the leading magazines in this country.

WINTER TIME TABLE OF S. AND H. RAILWAY

The winter time table of the Salisbury & Harvey railway goes into effect on Monday, Oct. 15th. The morning train will leave Albert at 8 a. m., arriving at Salisbury at 9, and leaving on the return trip at 11:30 a. m., reaching Albert at 2:55.

SALISBURY BOY SERIOUSLY INJURED.

William Trites Fell Two Stories and Dislocated His Hip.

FREDERICTON, Oct. 16.—William Trites of Salisbury, a student attending the university, met with a serious accident at his boarding house on St. John street at a late hour on Saturday night.

Mr. Trites was fixing a shutter or something on the outside of the window of his room on the second floor when he lost his balance and fell to the ground. In falling the unfortunate young man struck a ladder, which broke the fall somewhat.

Rev. Roy H. McGrath was called in when he lost his balance and fell to the ground, assisted by Dr. G. J. McNally, and yesterday he was taken to Victoria Hospital for treatment. Mr. Trites is suffering from a badly dislocated hip, and is today doing as well as can be expected.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—President Roosevelt is busily engaged in preparing for his trip through the south, on which he will start next Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock. For a considerable time today he was at work with Secy. Loeb in clearing his desk of an accumulation of business.

FERROVIM

A Tonic Wine, pleasant to take. Gives strength. Makes new blood. Builds up the system. Throws off all weaknesses.

Sold by all medicine dealers. Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd., Montreal.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING OF SHIPWRECKED SAILORS.

New Haven Schooner Upsets During Heavy Gale in North Atlantic—Only Two of Crew Survived—Five Long Days of Agony

BOSTON, Oct. 16.—A typical North Atlantic shipwreck tale, in which eight seamen suffered so fearfully from exposure, hunger and thirst, that six of them either died outright, were washed away or crazed by their awful experience, hurried themselves into the sea, was brought out today by the two survivors of the well known coasting schooner Vanname and King of New Haven, which was becalmed to pieces by a gale off the South Carolina coast on October 5th.

The two men who lived through the five days and were rescued by the schooner Stillman F. Kelley, are William Thomas and Wm. G. Warner, both about 29 years old, 6 feet 3 inches tall, who hail from Antigua, British West Indies.

The six who one by one succumbed were the Capt. Wm. A. Maxwell of New Jersey, Mate E. A. Chase, home unknown, Engineer, German, name unknown, Colored steerman, name unknown, Colored seaman William Grizell and Alfred Arthur, both of Jamaica.

The Vanname and King, which has been plying up and down the coast since 1888, left Charleston, S. C., for New York on October 3rd with a cargo of hard pine. Two days later she ran into a heavy gale and after wallowing about in the heavy seas for several hours, sprang a leak. The pumps were started, but within a short time the engine room was flooded and the pumps choked.

At 8 o'clock on Friday, with her hold nearly full of water, the little schooner ran down on her beam ends. The crew clambered up on the weather side and lashed themselves to the bulwarks. There they remained, soaked to the skin by every sea that broke over them all day Friday, constantly on the watch for some passing vessel. That night the storm increased in fury, and one great wave thundered aboard and completely overboarded the schooner. King, the local agent for the lumber trade, tonight that the schooner left Charleston, S. C., about six days ago for New York with a cargo of lumber, and that was the last he had heard of her. She was engaged solely in the lumber trade between those two ports, having had that run for many years.

The Vanname and King was blown out to sea several years ago and was reported lost after she had been abandoned, but later was picked up by a coast steamer and repaired. The ill-fated boat carried seven men aboard and a crew of 15. She was built in the Fair Haven shipyards in 1886. Her gross tonnage registered 735 tons, and her net tonnage 626. Her length was 160 feet.

DIGBY BOY MEETS SUDDEN DEATH IN DRIVING ACCIDENT.

Son of James McNeil Had Skull Crashed in While Breaking in Spirited Colt

DIGBY, N. S., Oct. 16.—Percy, the eighteen-year-old son of Jas. A. McNeil, merchant tailor, was almost instantly killed this evening in a driving accident. He was exercising a smart two-year-old colt in a sulky when the animal took fright and started to balk on Warwick street. Meeting a carriage going in the opposite direction, the young man hauled to one side of the road, when the wheel collided with a telegraph pole, against which the driver's head struck with terrible force. He was immediately picked up, when it was found his skull had been badly fractured, that the brain was bulging out, and almost instantly life became extinct. Deceased was a boy of splendid promise, an athlete and a general favorite. The sad occurrence happened so soon after the sudden deaths of Jabez Snow and Edward Young, and the drowning of Charles and David Everett, has cast a deep gloom over the community.

WILL HOLD INVESTIGATION

(Special to the Sun.) TORONTO, Oct. 16.—The city council today unanimously voted to ask Judge Winchester to hold an inquiry into the charges made that money was paid to a certain man to secure his vote in connection with the granting of a permit to Paddy Brothers to carry on a slaughtering business. When the motion was adopted, Dr. Lynd rose and said that as his name was mentioned, he desired to give complete denial to the accusation. In the meantime he

CHAMPIONSHIP REWARD

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—As a reward for winning the American league baseball championship pennant, the eighteen players of the Philadelphia club were presented by President Shibe of that club with \$8,131.49, to be divided equally among the men.

This is the amount of the Philadelphia club's portion of the receipts of the four games for the world's championship series with the New York National League Club. The Philadelphia players also received \$5,834.44 as the portion of the receipts of the post-season games allotted to them by the national commission.

MOSCOW, Oct. 16.—The street car lines resumed operations today, and the workmen of many factories which have been closed by the strike returned to work.

WERE FORGED TO WAR WITH RUSSIA.

So Japan Asserts in Official Document.

Trusts that Russia and Japan Will Always Remain Friendly—Praise for Soldier

TOKIO, Oct. 16, 5 p. m.—The official translation of the imperial rescript announcing the conclusion of peace, is as follows:

"We have always deemed it a fundamental principle of our international policy to maintain peace in the east and thus assure the security of our empire, and the promotion of this high object has therefore been our constant aim; but last year for reasons dictated by the necessity of self-preservation, we unfortunately were forced into hostilities with Russia."

"Since the war began our army and navy have made adequate provisions for home defense, and military preparations within the empire itself and have withstood hardships of all kinds during the campaigns abroad; and thus have achieved a glorious success. Our civil officials in coörd with our Diet have diligently performed their duties in furtherance of our will. All measures for the prosecution of the war and for the administration of domestic and foreign affairs have been properly taken, as the exigencies of the situation demanded. Our people, frugal and prudent, have cheerfully borne the heavy burden of national expenditures and have generously contributed to the war fund, thus assisting, as with one will, in advancing the prestige and maintaining the dignity of the state."

"The result is due in a large measure to the benign spirits of our ancestors, as well as to devotion to duty of our civil and military officials and the self-denying patriotism of all our people."

"After twenty months of war, the position of the empire has been strengthened and the interests of the country advanced and in so much as we have never wavered in our desire for the maintenance of peace, it is contrary to our will that hostilities should be protracted and our people should unnecessarily be subjected to the horrors of war."

"When the president of the United States in the interest of peace and humanity, suggested that the governments of Japan and Russia should arrange terms of peace, fully appreciating his kindness and good will, we accepted his suggestion and at the proper moment appointed plenipotentiaries to confer with those of Russia."

"The plenipotentiaries of the two countries having met and conferred frequently, the Russian plenipotentiaries have agreed to the proposals of our plenipotentiaries which were essential, having in view the objects of the war and the maintenance of peace in the east, thus manifesting the sincerity of their desire for peace. We have examined the terms agreed upon by the plenipotentiaries, and having found them in entire conformity with our will we have accepted and ratified them."

"Peace and glory having thus been secured, we are happy to invoke the blessings of the benign spirits of our ancestors and to be able to bequeath the fruits of these great deeds to our posterity. It is our earnest desire to share the glory with our people and long enjoy the blessings of peace with all nations."

ALL RECORDS BROKEN AT THE BIG CLOTHING SALE

Men's \$6.00 Suits now 3.95 \$10 Suits sale 5.00

BOYS' 3 PIECE SUITS } Regular \$3.00 to 5.50 } price \$1.98, 2.49, 2.98

BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS } sale 98c, \$1.49, 1.98

Men's Raincoats, Fall Overcoats, Pants, Boys' Short Pants and many other lines selling away below cost—for this week only.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier

199 and 207 Union St

WOLFFVILLE NEWS.

discourse on "Let both grow together until the harvest." Dr. Stella Messenger of the Annapolis Valley, a graduate in medicine of Dalhousie, after two years' successful practice has gone to Lunenburg to locate.

Mrs. J. Hemen, Acadia '88, who has been a successful teacher for a number of years at Truro, has gone to Harvard to take a post graduate course.

A very pleasant reception was given by the college Y. W. C. A. to the new lady students on Friday evening. Refreshments were served and a pleasant social hour was enjoyed.

Mrs. Frank Beals (nee Miss Annie Smith) has arrived from her home at Albert, Albert Co., N. B., where she has been for a few weeks, and has taken possession of her new home on Prospect street. The Rev. Mr. Beals will be here for most of the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Parke of Canby has returned from a visit to St. John.

Mrs. George Lewis (nee Nellie Burgess) of Ontario, New York, is visiting her father, C. R. Burgess.

James McRae is the owner of a Baldwin apple, grown in his orchard at Grand Pre, weighing 11 ounces.

On Tuesday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Shaw celebrated their golden wedding at Waterville. A number of friends were present, including Mrs. Julia Bishop of Wolfville, sister of Mrs. Shaw, who officiated as bridesmaid.

Rev. E. C. Ford, formerly pastor of the Christian church at Port William and Westport, has resigned to take charge of a church in Pictou.

The three-masted schooner Zeta, owned by Captain R. H. Pratt, will be loaded here with potatoes for Havana by R. E. Harris and Percy Benjamin.

The 22nd anniversary of the Wolfville Acadia, under the management of Editor Davidson, occurred this week. During that time the small sheet has attained its present size, and many improvements have been made.

The Annapolis exhibition just closed has been most successful. The weather was good and a large number of people from a distance were present.

The apple crop of the Valley is larger than was at first expected and the price is \$2 to \$3 a barrel. The poorer grade is being shipped to the vinegar factory at Bridgetown.

SEVERAL INJURED IN RAILWAY ACCIDENT

Another Bad Smashup on Halifax and South Western Railway Yesterday.

HALIFAX, Oct. 15.—There was another bad smashup on the Halifax and Southwestern railway today, when the express from Bridgewater for Middleton left the rails at Nictaux station. Fortunately the wreck was not attended by loss of life, although the number of the train crew and several of the passengers were hurt, one or two somewhat severely. The train was made up of the engine, two freight cars, a composite smoking, baggage and mail car, and a first class car. They were all thrown from the track, but how is not known. The engine ran forward on the sleepers a considerable distance, but did not leave the roadbed. The two freight cars, it is said, turned bottom up, the composite car fell on its side, and the first class coach went part way over. It was in the car that fell on its side that the principal injuries were received. The injured ones being: Arthur Allan,

biggame master, cut about the head and legs (his injuries are the most serious, and several stitches had to be taken); Postal Clerk Gillis, severe shaving up; and slightly cut; News Agent Frank Wyle, badly shaken up. All of the passengers in that car suffered somewhat, some being slightly cut and other shaken up. In the first class coach, too, they were more or less shaken.

ALMA. ALMA, Oct. 14.—Samuel Copp shot a mouse in New Ireland a few days ago, and Roland Dixon killed another large one yesterday on the east branch of the Point Wolfe River. Never in the history of the county has large game been so plentiful.

F. S. Hutchinson, representing Ganong Bros. of St. Stephen, was in town this week.

Sch. Lazie B. Shields, arrived with freight from St. John today.

Lewis Rossiter, aged five years, died today. He is a son of John Rossiter of Point Wolfe.

A MARVELLOUS FLESH PRODUCER! This is the statement of those who have used "The D. & L." Emulsion. It is said to be rich and sweet as cream, and not unpleasant.

HISTORY OF METHODISM IN KINGS COUNTY.

Another Interesting Paper by Rev. Dr. Wilson—Growth of the Religion in Various sections of the Field.

The benefits of the itinerant system were never made more apparent than in the early history of Methodism in Kings County, for in a very few years after its introduction its banner bearers had carried its message and laid the foundation for future operations in numerous places in at least nine of the fifteen counties of this Province. Of these quite a number were in Kings, and at a comparatively early period its remotest sections had been visited.

Owing to its proximity to St. John it is very possible that some member of Mr. Bishop's active "little flock" may have been the first to tell the story to the neighboring settlements in Kings. Of this however nothing definite can be said and in the absence of proof to the contrary the honor must be awarded to the Rev. William P. Earley, to whom reference has been made in previous papers. In the winter of 1792 he came to this city, intending to go to the United States, but was persuaded to delay his departure and do some work outside. Accompanied by Stephen Humbert, the head of the family of that name, he visited several places in the neighborhood, the particulars of which have not been preserved. Later on he found his way to Sussex Vale, his journey thither being one to be remembered. He lost his way in the woods, wandered about till his shoes and stockings were cut to pieces by the crusted snow, and with bleeding feet he walked some seven miles before he found a house in which to rest. But a weary body and mangled feet did not seriously interfere with his plans, for two days later he preached at a place about forty miles distant.

But other and more serious troubles awaited him. While conducting a public service at Pleasant Valley he was rudely seized by order of the resident magistrate and brought before that official on a charge of preaching without a license. With that important document he had already provided for himself and to the great discomfiture of his worship, produced one duly signed by the Governor. But the feeling against him was so strong and his life threatened, consequently, at that time was deemed advisable, and he found refuge in a cellar. Search was made for him, hours after whose escape was broken into in the endeavor to seize him, and to elude his persecutors he had to abandon his hiding places and spend the balance of the night in a stable where he nearly perished with the cold.

But Mr. Earley was not the only one who was thus dealt with. Others had similar experiences the details of which need not be given. At that time all churches were equal in the eyes of the law and Dissenters were subjected to many annoyances at the hands of over-zealous representatives of the dominant party. The magistrates in many instances sought to stamp out every innovation or established usage and to compel all to comply with certain ecclesiastical observances. But persecution in any form tends to increase and promotes what it seeks to destroy. It was so in Kings county, such proceedings became unpopular, and like other relics of the dark ages, became things of the past.

For something over a quarter of a century the work made slow progress for lack of men and means. Many places were visited, societies formed, congregations gathered, and many a heart made better, and many a death made happier by the teachings of the itinerants. Families were then won to Methodism whose descendants are in the fold, and who wield commanding influence both in church and state. Who these early workers were it is difficult now to tell as no reliable records are available, and the best that can be done is to speak in general terms of the ministers then laboring in the Province. Neither Smith in his history, Conklin in his cyclopaedia, nor the District Minutes show much light on the subject.

In 1817 the several preaching places in the central and eastern parishes were formed into circuits, and given the name of Sussex Vale. The conference appointee was the Rev. Michael Pickles, father of the Rev. E. W. Pickles, well known in this city. He was entering upon a long and useful career. A quiet and unassuming man, he never indulged in the sensationalism which was to be a soul winner. At the end of the year he reported a membership of eighty-two, with a number on trial. Among these was George Hayward, who had been converted under the ministry of Rev. Mr. Black several years previously. His father had been an officer in the British army during the Revolutionary War, and at its close settled in Sussex. George had four sons and four daughters, one of whom, William David, married Sarah McCully. He had two sons and four daughters. The sons, William and Samuel, were for many years connected with the commercial firm of this city. Both were members of the Central congregation, and the former was one of the trustees of the church. The McCully family had been long identified with the Methodist church; one of its members, Rev. Alonzo D. McCully, is a worthy minister of the N. B. and P. E. Island conference, and Dr. McCully of this city is his brother. To the homes of the Haywards and McCully the itinerants were ever warmly welcomed, and to their sad or amusing experiences a sympathetic hearing was always given.

- SOME GOOD MEN.**
- Since 1827, as the records will show, Sussex has had a number of the very best and ablest men the conference could furnish. Some excelled as revivalists, some in the development of the Christian character, and others in other ways, but while not neglecting these, the Rev. Duncan D. Currie has often been spoken of as the great church builder. During his pastorate a number of goodly structures were erected, without which he felt real progress could not be made.
- In 1851 and 1854 two very successful camp meetings were held, one at Sussex, the other at Smith's Creek. The first attracted 126 members to the church; the Lord Jesus Christ as their personal Saviour. These services gave a great impetus to the cause, and coming after a long period of comparatively little progress, were all the more appreciated. The list of ministers who have labored on the Sussex Vale circuit between 1827 and 1905, with two or three exceptions, in which the authorities differ, have been as follows:
- 1827-28—Michael Pickles.
 - 1828-31—William Murray.
 - 1831-32—Joseph P. Bent.
 - 1832-34—George Johnson.
 - 1834-35—Henry Daniel.
 - 1835-36—Michael Pickles.
 - 1836-39—Wesley C. Beals.
 - 1839-41—Samuel McMaisters.
 - 1841-42—Peter Sleep.
 - 1842-43—David Jennings.
 - 1843-44—Supply.
 - 1844-46—William Allen.
 - 1846-49—Joseph F. Bert.
 - 1849-50—John Prince.
 - 1850-51—William Allen.
 - 1851-52—Richard Smith.
 - 1852-53—Duncan D. Currie.
 - 1853-55—George E. Payson.
 - 1855-57—William McCarry.
 - 1857-72—Christopher Lockhart.
 - 1872-75—Charles W. Dutcher.
 - 1875-78—John Prince.
 - 1878-81—John F. Betts.
 - 1881-82—Richard McKown.
 - 1882-85—Waldron W. Brewer.
 - 1885-88—John C. Berrie.
 - 1888-91—Aquila Lucas.
 - 1891-92—James Crisp.
 - 1892-94—William McCarry.
 - 1894-95—Charles W. Hamilton.
 - 1895-1902—George C. P. Palmer.
 - 1902-1905—John E. Gough.

HISTORY OF UPHAM.

As no mention is made of Upham in the official records of the St. John district previous to the organization of the conference of eastern British America in 1855, and as it appears in the minutes of that year, it is fair to assume its history as a circuit began at that time. Societies had been formed there and at Hampton away back about 1825 by an English local preacher named William Tweeddale. The circuit had a very chequered career. It was connected with Hampton and St. Martins, and has suffered much from removals. A part of its territory was abandoned, and in 1902 it lost its identity and became attached to St. Martins. The conference supplies from 1826 to 1905 have been:

- 1826-55—George E. Payson.
- 1855-58—William Allen.
- 1858-60—Henry Holland.
- 1860-61—John L. Collier.
- 1861-64—James R. Hart.
- 1864-67—William C. Brown.
- 1867-68—Douglas Chapman.
- 1868-71—George Harrison.
- 1871-72—Joseph H. Hemmison.
- 1872-74—Samuel R. Ackman.
- 1874-77—Supply.
- 1877-79—Thomas Allen.
- 1879-84—Charles Cobben.
- 1884-84—James Crisp.
- 1884-85—James A. Duke.
- 1885-88—Henry J. Clark.
- 1888-92—William R. Pepper.
- 1892-95—Matthew R. Knight.
- 1895-96—William Wass.
- 1896-97—William J. Buchanan.
- 1897-98—Leonard J. Wasson.
- 1898-1900—Supply.
- 1900-1901—William R. Pepper, Jr.
- 1901-02—Robert G. Fulton.

ABOUT HAMPTON.

Hampton did not become a separate circuit until 1874. The good beginning made by William Tweeddale a half a century before had not been followed up. Opportunities for expansion had not been improved, and denominational loss was the result. The place was not abandoned. The little flock was not left entirely uncared for, and the preachers continued to pay such attention to the interest of the work here as their many other duties permitted. A somewhat amusing incident connected with one of these visits is not without its lesson to theological disputants. A service had been announced to be held in the Baptist church in the Village, and the preacher being an entire stranger was directed to make his home with Mr. and Mrs. ——. He went to the door by the latter, to whom he introduced himself. With a skeptical look she surveyed him from head to foot, and intimated that there must be some mistake, as the preacher of the evening was an elderly man. The young man bore the same name, with the younger one she was not acquainted, but with the other she had no sympathy, as he had said some dreadful things about the Dippers, which as a Baptist she naturally resented and was not prepared to be over cordial. He was then invited in and made to feel quite at home. The sturdy old disputant has long since gone to the land where bishops is not a subject for discussion, and where he and his learned antagonist dwell together on the best of terms.

A RESPECTABLE POSITION.

Methodism now occupies a respectable position in the bright little settlement, has a number of comfortable parsonages, and a number of well-to-do supporters. During the last few years several supernumerary ministers have made it their home—Rev. Dr. Evans, S. W. Sprague, William Tweedy, and James A. Duke—whose presence and support lent and continues to lend influence and standing to the cause. The Hampton ministers since 1874 have been:

- 1874-75—Samuel B. Skman.
- 1875-76—Samuel W. Sprague.
- 1876-77—Thomas Allen.
- 1877-82—Worked with Upham.
- 1882-85—Daniel D. Moore.
- 1885-88—Samuel B. Skman.
- 1888-89—William Tippitt.
- 1889-92—Edwin Evans.
- 1892-95—Charles H. Paisley.
- 1895-96—Samuel Howard.
- 1896-97—George M. Young.
- 1897-1902—Thomas Hemmison.
- 1902-03—Wilson W. Lodge.
- 1903-05—Robert G. Fulton.

While Sussex Vale had been the name of the circuit, the Millstream had been its head, for there the minister resided. A parsonage had been built in 1846, during the pastorate of the Rev. William Allen, at a cost of \$231, the contractor being John Ryan. Mr. Allen tells us that ten men assumed the entire financial responsibility, and of the liberality of the people he speaks thus: "Never did I meet with more noble-minded men, according to their means, than some on this circuit, or who were more ready to give their time and money to assist the cause of God. May his blessing rest upon them."

When the enlargement of the circuit rendered a division necessary, the Millstream, now Berwick, and several other places were constituted a circuit, and given the name of Apohaqui, the Rev. Wilson W. Lodge being placed in charge, the following being the record since that date:

- 1874-77—Wilson W. Lodge.
- 1877-80—William Tweedy.
- 1880-83—Silas James.
- 1883-85—William Mackay.
- 1885-88—William Kirby.
- 1888-91—William Penna.
- 1891-94—George F. Dawson.
- 1894-98—Thomas Pierce.
- 1898-99—Thomas J. Deinstadt.
- 1899-1902—Charles W. Hamilton.
- 1902-05—Daniel B. Bayley.

SPRINGFIELD.

While Springfield did not become a separate circuit until 1837, several of the places included therein had been visited for years by the ministers of the St. John district. For some years, Pelletier Corner had been passed over. In 1862, the writer, then stationed on the Kingston circuit, gave it a part of his time, preaching in a hall, and he said to the delegates of the Methodist minister that ever preached in that locality. He has very kindly recollections of the hospitable manner in which he was treated by Dr. Wilson and William H. White and their families. The first named was the son of a well and widely known medical man who had resided a few miles up the creek, one of whose sisters was the wife of the Rev. C. H. White, one of whose sons practiced for a short time in this city, and one of whose daughters was married to the Rev. Mr. Mace of the M. E. Church, whose father was a member of the same church. Mr. White, the second, died some years ago when by special request of the family the writer laid him to rest, being assisted in the service by the resident Anglican minister, while the carrier on a large general business at the Corner. Mrs. John E. Irvine, of this city, is his daughter; James E. and Hiram White, our fellow townmen, were his nephews, and our worthy mayor, his nephew, and our worthy friends for days in succession, and not always finding things such as could be desired, the comfort afforded by his hospitable place, there was much appreciated. Springfield has several neat little churches, and a comfortable parsonage, and the outlook is quite encouraging. The following ministers have labored on it since 1837:

- 1837-38—Theodore R. Wright.
- 1838-39—Ralph Haughton.
- 1839-40—William C. Matthews.
- 1840-41—John B. Young.
- 1841-42—Supply.
- 1842-43—J. B. Howard.
- 1843-45—Daniel B. Bayley.
- 1845-48—Fletcher Pickles.
- 1848-50—Robert Clements.
- 1850-52—Henry Penna.

ON THE HONEYMOON.

She said something that humbled him the wrong way.

Sending the look of pique on his face, she cried—

"Oh, my darling, my darling! I have hurt you!"

"No, my dearest," he replied, gravely.

"The hurt is due to the fact that I know it hurts you to feel that you have hurt me!"

"Ah, no! Do not let that hurt you for an instant. My hurt is because I know it hurts me, and are therefore hurt myself by hurting you."

"No, my gracious. My hurt is because you are hurt over feeling that I am hurt because you feel that you have hurt me, and are therefore hurt yourself, and—"

"Let us leave them, dear reader. They will get over it in time."

THE EXCUSE FAILED.

(Chicago Inter-Occ.)

A story was told in a Duluth restaurant yesterday of a man who had secured a position in Chicago and was to leave Duluth to go to work.

However, he got mixed up with some friends while saying good-bye, and was soon in such a condition that he did not care whether he went that day or the next. So he hit upon a brilliant idea of sending a postal to his new employer, saying that he had missed his train as an excuse for not being there on time. When he did get to Chicago he asked his boss if he received the card.

"Yes," the boss said, "I got the card all right, but what I can't understand is how you could miss the train when the card didn't."

Neither did the Duluth man understand. That is why the story comes from Duluth. He returned.

NAILING THE GHOST.

An extraordinary instance of rustic superstition has been brought to light in a Hungarian village. Owing to sinister rumors, and the sudden death, the authorities had the body of a peasant exhumed, and were horrified to find the hands and feet nailed down to the coffin, while a long nail had been driven through the heart. An enquiry led to the fact that a woman, who was an old woman confessed that she had been persecuted under her directions. The man had died a sudden death, and there being a superstition in Hungary that persons dying under such circumstances haunt the house in which they die, the father superstition has grown up that post-mortem appearances can be prevented by nailing the body in its coffin. The old woman further admitted having done the same thing in all similar cases for many years.—London Globe.

HARCOURT. Oct. 12—Miss Ethel Wathen's condition was slightly improved yesterday.

Mrs. H. M. Buckley of Gloucester Junction is visiting her sisters-in-law, the Misses Buckley.

Fred Call is here from North Woburn, Mass., visiting his sister, Mrs. Robert Wellwood.

Miss Cynthia Ward returned from Moulis River yesterday.

Yesterday Mrs. William Hannah of Nicholas River went to Arlington Heights, Mass., with her son, William, who was married on the 10th.

"He says his wife is largely responsible for his business success."

"Well, she has certainly made it absolutely necessary for him to earn more money."

Can Walk Around And Do His Work

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED W. J. DIXON'S RHEUMATISM.

He was so bad he had to use a Stick to Walk and Could not Lace His Shoe.

BARWICK, Ont., Oct. 13.—(Special). These cold, wet fall days are full of Rheumatism and nothing can be more timely than news of an effectual cure after talks of the Canadian climate. Such a cure William John Dixon of this place is certain he has discovered in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I had an attack of typhoid fever," says Mr. Dixon, "and after I got over it Rheumatism set in. I had pains in my back and in my right hip so bad I had to use a stick to walk and had no comfort in sleeping. I could no more than dress or undress myself for nearly two months and for three weeks I could not lace my right shoe or put my right leg on my left knee.

"Acting on my brother's advice I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and Mr. Dixon tells us that ten men assumed the entire financial responsibility, and of the liberality of the people he speaks thus: "Never did I meet with more noble-minded men, according to their means, than some on this circuit, or who were more ready to give their time and money to assist the cause of God. May his blessing rest upon them."

C. OF E. CONFERENCE AT AMHERST.

AMHERST, Oct. 12.—The biennial conference of the Church of England closed on Thursday. There were about twenty-five clergy present, including the lord bishop of the diocese. Most enthusiastic and stirring addresses were delivered on many phases of church work by Rev. Dr. Symonds of Christ church cathedral, Montreal; Rev. Dr. Tucker, Montreal; Rev. A. C. Claring, St. John; The Home in Relation to National Life, by Rev. J. Simpson of Charlottetown; The Church in Relation to National Life, by Rev. Dr. Amittage of Halifax; The Training of Children in the Home, by Rev. Dr. Symonds.

The address on missions and missionary work by Rev. Dr. Norman Tucker on Wednesday night was a most eloquent appeal for more zeal in that work. He told in stirring words what had been accomplished in the past, yet more earnestness was required in the future.

The lay delegates present at the conference were Messrs. Wiswell and Brown, Halifax, and Mr. Stanwood, New Glasgow. The ladies were Mrs. S. Gibbons, Mrs. Godfrey, Mrs. Duffield and Miss Kay.

MONCTON EXPECTS BIG CONVENTION.

Moncton has everything ready for the approaching convention of S. school workers, which meets on the evening of the 17th in the Central Methodist church.

The delegates are asked to report upon arrival at the convention church, where the registration will be made and homes assigned to the visiting friends. It is hoped homes may be secured for all, but the committee hold themselves responsible for those only who report according to the official program. The leading hotel offer reduced rates to the delegates, and will entertain them. Let all persons attending procure standard certificates when purchasing tickets so the usual free return trip may be secured.

NOTICE

The Canvassers and Collectors for the SEMI-WEEKLY SUN are now making their rounds as mentioned below. The Manager hopes that all subscribers in arrears will pay when called on.

EDGAR CANNING in Albert and Westmorland Counties, N. B.

F. S. CHAPMAN in Kings Co N. B.

J. E. AUSTIN, in Sunbury & Queens

WHAT ST. JOHN WOMEN WEAR, AND ARE LIKELY TO WEAR.

A little Common-sense Chat, not on New York or Paris Styles, but Home Styles.

By POLLY GADABOUT.



AMERICAN HUNTERS IN N.B. WILDS.

How Dr. Heber Bishop and Party Decoyed a Big Moose.

Boston Globes' Outing Expert Tells of the Exploits of New Englanders on the Moose Trails of our Province.

(Boston Globe.)

Some few of the early-in-the-season moose hunters got away to the New Brunswick wilderness and were well established in camp when the open season came in. Among them were Dr. Heber Bishop and Mr. Richard E. Follett. New Brunswick has long had an unchallenged reputation among sportsmen as a veritable happy hunting ground for the moose hunter. One third of the province is heavily timbered and no part of America where game and fish abound is more easily reached.

Non-resident sportsmen from this country and England visit New Brunswick by the hundreds each year, and failure on their part to secure moose or caribou is the exception rather than the rule. The first finely antlered head to reach Boston this year was that of a 1200-pound moose killed in the Canadian river region by Mr. Richard E. Follett. The antlers have a spread of 56 inches, and altogether the head is one of the most symmetrical ever carried by a moose.

Mr. Follett and Dr. Bishop were in the New Brunswick wilds some time before the law was off, getting motion pictures of game and camping life for exhibition at a sportsmen's show to be held about Christmas time. They were successful. Game signs were met with everywhere in the country visited by them.

The week before the law was off, which was the second week in September, Mr. Follett built a crow's nest in a convenient tree near what appeared to be good moose ground on a branch of the Canadian river, and one night when the moon was up and had full play he succeeded in calling a big bull moose to within 50 feet of his place of concealment. On another occasion he saw three full-grown bulls from the same place. They stopped when they came to his trail, noted it suspiciously and then looked carefully about for the danger they scented. They did not, however, leave the vicinity and in a few minutes seemed to forget all about the alien tracks in the soft earth.

Two days after the law was off Mr. Follett and Mr. Everet Johnson, the artist, who lives in Boston at this city, went to the crow's nest prepared to do damage to any big antlered animal that might be wheeled into camp. The night was overcast and the wait before the clouds lifted and gave the moon a chance to surge over the surroundings was a long one. There was no air, and a reply to a call could be heard for a mile or more. Mr. Follett called once about 4 in the morning and got a far-away response. There was no answer to another attempt, but a third try about 5 or 6 fetched a deep-throated come-on from the animal that carried the big antlers. The old fellow probably has been coming steadily along for an hour or so, and may have been the moose that replied to the first sound of the birchen horn.

Another call, a low, entreating one, was greeted with a grunt and a rush.

much the appearance of corduroy, for their street suits. This week one of the large department stores in the American metropolis has been making a window display of black and white checked velvets. They are very effective for such a purpose, but it is hardly likely that such a conspicuous pattern will have much of a sale. The velvet suit for street and reception wear is now engaging the attention of the custom trade, and in these the demand is largely for the monotone effects.

THERE IS NEWS OF A DREADFUL WHISPERING WITH RESPECT TO THE COMING OF THE POLONAISE. It now seems very possible that the rumor will not remain a rumor. The Paniers have actually appeared in our midst, and the long out away tunic style of tailor coat is one of the established styles. Both these things make distinctly in the direction of the Polonaise, and although we may still drift a long way from the heavy-looking draped article of a quarter of a century ago, I feel no astonishment whatever to hear that its introduction in an elementary form is in contemplation, and, indeed, forms one of the present in hand. More surprising things than such a revival involves have happened.

FREDERICTON, Pa., Oct. 13.—Half a mile back from the entry six miners are imprisoned—perhaps dead—in the mine of the Clyde Coal Company. The mine is on fire, and the belief is general that the entombed men cannot be reached in time to save their lives, even if they are not already dead. Two others were seriously burned in an explosion in the fan house following the breaking out of the fire in the mine, one of them so fearfully that he will not live. The imprisoned men are George Kelly, Homer Harvey, Richard Marsh, Richard Moffy, Bonni Lorenzo, Cesto Benardini.

DIGBY, N. S., Oct. 13.—A boat loaded with bricks and masonry by David Everett and his nephew Chas. Everett left Digby at noon today for Grandville and is thought to have foundered off Rattling Beach, a dangerous place in the basin, and the occupants drowned. Searching parties are out looking for the missing boat. Everett was about 55 years of age and leaves a widow, four sons and one daughter. Chas. Everett was 19 years of age and the only support of a widow.

The Editor—"What have you written about the death of that bright young Jenkins?"

The Irish Reporter—"Something nice, sir, 'sime' up with the words: 'He leaves a brilliant future behind him.'"

How Every Woman According to Her Needs



ANNIVERSARIES

When the Linen Wedding Comes

It is a pretty idea to have each guest (of the women) wear a paper sunbonnet, pink or blue and the bride a white one, with perhaps an added trim somewhere. Bouquets of paper flowers could be given to the guests. Linen handkerchiefs can be bought or made for each place at the table, and when selected with a view to just fitting some characteristic or experience of each guest, there is great fun. In fact, when paper can be substituted for ribbon and flowers the idea is carried out.

There is infinite variety in the decorations for a paper wedding. A quaint table arrangement may be made by placing a tiny wedding party in the center. There are miniature dolls, all dressed in paper—the minister, the bride and groom, and six bridesmaids and ushers. To carry out the idea of wedding feasts, tiny pots of artificial flowers might be clustered about the table. These can be obtained wherever favors are sold.

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Paper Sunbonnet and Flowers Carry Out the Decorative Plan

Acquirer of Tiny Utensils for the Tin Wedding

Some Paper Favors

There are many different conveniences for the table that it is hard to give special directions for each one. But the point is—absolute cleanliness, and everything bright and shining.

First-Cotton wedding.
Second-Paper wedding.
Third-Leather wedding.
Fourth-Wooden wedding.
Fifth-Tin wedding.
Sixth-Silk wedding.
Seventh-Crystal wedding.
Eighth-Golden wedding.
Ninth-Silver wedding.
Tenth-Ivory wedding.
Eleventh-Ruby wedding.
Twelfth-Diamond wedding.

The first in order, illustrated on this page, is the paper anniversary. Looking down the list, it seems that the original general fitness of things when he made the value of the anniversary according to the years that had passed. For instance, two years (the paper anniversary), for silver or crystal or linen. But a pretty thought is that as time rolls on the married life has a richer, deeper meaning, and with added years, come stronger ties and deeper love, so that silver and gold and precious stones more

fittingly symbolize the anniversary of the wedding day.

There is no end to the ideas for a paper wedding. Paper is cheap, and one can do most anything with it. Among the gifts are writing paper, a large box of wrapping paper of different sizes, colors and grades; paper lamp shades, little and big; a paper waste basket, paper covers for flower pots; subscriptions to magazines; new wallpaper; a hundred different little novelties, and—paper money, which is just as good as silver or gold.

At the linen anniversary the man and wife turn the last page on the record of their married life. Here, too, there is wide opportunity for gifts. Bed linen, towelings, table linen, linen dresses and linens are all good. Linen handkerchiefs for the "groom"—a hundred lovely things of them there are. The most appropriate decorations would be white—everything white. White flowers, white ribbons, white linen on the table, white shades to the lamps.

Next to the crystal and golden anniversaries the silver is the prettiest. There is still wider field here for giving. Silver is old indeed, and its beauty and usefulness can be adapted to almost any department of personal and household matters by way of suggestion, however, a silver candlestick is a very popular gift. It is suggestive, too, of older times, and is quaintly emblematic of days gone by; though it is true, twenty-five years ago to-day candles were already old. If the silver candlestick bear a white silk shade with a fringe of silver beads the effect is very pretty.

These are but a very few suggestions, and an glancing over the list of ideas you could plan out all kinds of wonderful ideas to make a joyful day of the wedding anniversary.

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TROUBLES OF THE WOMAN WHO MUST WORK—AND SOME HINTS

THE woman who must be occupied, either from choice or necessity, often finds herself confronting a problem not easy to solve. She is not specially prepared for anything. What can she do, and yet not lead a humdrum existence in an office or a shop? Her intelligence and capabilities are worthy of something more, and yet she is not college bred, she cannot write, she cannot paint—though she may have a very fine sense of the artistic, and she is that her cue. If she has a faculty for detail—and if she is a woman who is pretty sure to have it—she can be a photographer. Here is a delightful field for her, where she is her own master, where she is surrounded by only things beautiful

and—where she can make money.

Woman's work in this line is decidedly different from that of men. There is commercial in their studios, it is true, they turn out portraits—and beautiful productions some of them are, but, on the other hand, they are not always too careful about it either. On the other hand, their work is distinctly commercial, in fact, they are not always too careful about it either. On the other hand, their work is distinctly commercial, in fact, they are not always too careful about it either.

Though photography has already accomplished wonders, it has not yet reached anything like its limit. There is plenty of room for new ideas, and the bright woman has plenty of chance. Among the comparatively new ideas is photographing on Japanese tissue, from which most of the illustrations in this issue were reproduced. The camera ground makes the reproduction more like the original. Merely by way of suggestion, there is that somewhat remote chance of succeeding with birds, and wild animals to furnish naturalists with illustrations. But some of the other pictures in this issue are highly interesting and instructive. The artist, who is not self-conscious and drop naturally into the easiest and most delightful poses. Then, too—a trade secret—children grow, and mothers want a new picture every year. Doting parents are good for business.

ON THE RUE DE LA PAIX

SUCH beautiful things are ready for the autumn shoppers—diamonds, pearls, rubies, sapphires, emeralds, and all the rest of it. The jeweler's window is a thing to see. The Rue de la Paix is a thing to see. The jeweler's window is a thing to see.

Dragon flies are the season's own; four inches long are the bodies of the largest made of emeralds of all sizes. The frosted gold wings are almost transparent, and made iridescent by their setting of gems.

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New Lorgnettes in Empire Style

Place Vendôme. But the Rue de la Paix is a clever enough to copy for ourselves.

Dragon Flies are the Season's Own

with chameles, and on the bottom is pasted a looking glass bound with braid. Sew six-inch lace ruffles between the ends of your emerald tips, and if you're going to get a new one have it at least a yard and a half long and six inches wide. Flat scarfs of sable are made up in the same way. Only real lace (at a very good imitation) of a creamy shade should be combined with rich furs.

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A Golf Jacket, Very Short and "Boxy"

not in use, are hung on a little jeweled hook, like a watch hook, below the belt line on the right side.

An Open Bag With a Mirror

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THE CARE OF TOILET ARTICLES

TOO much care cannot be given to the articles of the toilet. Their cleanliness and good condition is almost as important as that of the person. Aside from being neat and "nice," the scrupulous care of these things is essential for sanitary reasons.

THE comb, those that adorn the hair as well as those that straighten it out, should be cleaned at least once a week. An easy and effective way is to put them in hot, strong soap water and clean them with the brush. When the latter may have an extra bath, with a little cake of good soap run through its bristles, forming a lather. Rinse all thoroughly in hot water, and then clean. Of course, every one knows how to keep the polish on silver, but an occasional bath in hot water and soap is very good for it. For cut glass requires hot water and soap, keep them shining, and a few drops of ammonia give them an extra shine.

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These shades also come in forms to fit over electric handles. They are cheap and with an arrangement like a purse top. It is true, these shades are rather expensive, but the woman who looks beyond that to their durability and the charming effects to be obtained with a trip to the shops and have a look at them.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

All monies received for subscriptions will be acknowledged by changing the date stamped on the paper immediately after the name.

Should any subscriber notice that the date is not changed on the first, second or third paper after the money is sent, he should at once send a postal card to the Sun Office, stating when he sent the money and how it was sent, by registered letter, post office order or Express order—SUN PRINTING CO

NOTICE

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale, Wanted, etc., four lines or less, 25 cents each insertion. Special contracts made for time advertisements.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

NOTICE

When a subscriber wishes the address on the paper changed to another Post Office, the OLD ADDRESS should ALWAYS be sent with the new one

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 18, 1905.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

Lord Lansdowne's career as foreign minister does not support the belief that he interfered between Germany and France to the extent of proposing a defensive alliance with the latter while the Morocco controversy was going on.

So far as the Morocco question has been understood outside of diplomatic circles there was no understanding hostile to Germany in the original agreement between Britain and France.

INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT

It is persistently stated that Sir William Mulock will stipulate once for all the position of postmaster general to that of chief justice of the exchequer branch of the high court of justice in Ontario—salary, \$8,000.

To regard parliament as primarily a stepping stone to office is calculated, in my judgment, to lower the dignity of parliament.

of a proper period of time, may have an equal claim with others to public office, but still be a deplorable state of affairs. It is the idea, comes to prevail that the best way to secure public office is to be a candidate for parliament or a member of parliament.

Since he made this speech the future parliament general used exceedingly strong language concerning the corrupting influence of appointing members of parliament, and he was followed in the same sense by other members.

In spite of what the Gazette says, we should think that after assisting in these, and numerous other such appointments, Sir William might rather be expected to complete the record by securing his own appointment.

RAILWAY AND POST OFFICE.

In the opinion of the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto News (Independent) Sir William Mulock made a great success in the management of the post office department.

THE VICINOUS SURPLUS.

Mr. Fielding claims a surplus of \$7,871,280 on the current account of the last fiscal year. This amount is obtained by deducting from the revenue of \$71,180,628 the sum of \$63,309,348, which he describes as current expenditure.

MR. AYLESWORTH AND THE MACHINE.

Mr. Aylesworth in the capacity of legal counsel and political adviser struggled hard to save the Ross government machine on many trying occasions.

BUDGET OF NEWS FROM WHITE'S COVE

Farmers Have Most of Their Crops In.

Apple Crop Is Much Below the Average—Fall Ploughing Begun—An Accident.

(Special Correspondence of the Sun.) WHITE'S COVE, QUEENS CO., N. B., Oct. 16. The present month has been exceptionally good as a result of the expenditure of fruit on the digging of potatoes is about ended, and likewise considerable fall ploughing has been done.

"NOT A SERIOUS MATTER."

Time always reconciles the valued Globe to what is done by the government at Ottawa. On Wednesday of last week, the Globe, speaking editorially of the retirement of Sir William Mulock, said:

"The further hope may be expressed that if he is resigning because of ill-health, he is not going upon the bench. This kind of hope is not good for a sick man, nor is it to the advantage of the litigious public that a sick man should fill it."

Then came the announcement from Sir William Mulock himself that he was retiring because of ill-health, and was going to the bench. Thereupon the Globe modified its judgment in this wise:

"Coupled with the first announcement of Sir William's retirement was the report that he was going out on account of ill-health, but this is modified by the more careful statement that during a somewhat stormy passage across the Atlantic in 1901 he contracted an attack of neuritis, which lasted for many months, leaving behind it a rheumatic condition which, in a matter of years, is intensified by the severe strain of public life.

THE MARGIN OF ERROR.

The fiscal year 1904-05 had passed when Mr. Fielding made his last published estimate of the revenue and expenditure for that twelve months. Nevertheless the minister was a good deal out of the way in his calculations.

Table with 2 columns: Revenue, Expenditure. Total revenue: \$71,180,628. Total expenditure: \$63,309,348. Surplus: \$7,871,280.

MR. AYLESWORTH AND THE MACHINE.

Mr. Aylesworth in the capacity of legal counsel and political adviser struggled hard to save the Ross government machine on many trying occasions. It will be remembered that when Mr. Stratton of the Ross ministry thought that he was arranging the deal with Mr. Gamey, Mr. Aylesworth signed a paper for Mr. Stratton to sign.

A TRAGEDY RECALLED.

Twenty-eight years ago Thursday, Oct. 18th, 1877, Timothy McCarthy left his home in Moncton and met his death in some mysterious manner at Shediac.

"OZONE" ITS BEST FORM.

The prompt and permanent removal of any internal germ is most surely effected by the use of "Ozone" or "Ozone" if it's the "Ozone King".

Where Men Get Hurt

These you find Ford's Extract—the best for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. It is a certain cure, a reliable "first aid" in 60 years of solid work, never fails. It is a certain cure, a reliable "first aid" in 60 years of solid work, never fails.

FREDERICTON MOURNS FOR CANON ROBERTS.

Touching References Made to Late Rector in all the City Churches Yesterday.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Oct. 15.—Today was one of mourning, deep and impressive. In every church in the city heart-touching reference was made to the death of Canon Roberts.

PORTLAND ANXIOUS ABOUT CARS

Of Which There is a Scarcity for Wheat Shipments from the West.

PORTLAND, Oct. 15.—Cars are needed to bring from the wheat fields of the west the great crop of this year. This week the steamships loading here needed 315,000 bushels of grain to complete their cargoes, and there was some difficulty in getting it here.

MRS. BRIGGS WAS REMANDED TO JAIL.

Examining Doctor Condemned For Part He Took.

In the police court today Mrs. Susan Briggs appeared before the magistrate in answer to the serious charge on which she was arraigned. As the coroner's inquest now in progress is not completed there was nothing else for Mrs. Briggs to do than remain the prisoner to jail.

REV. A. A. RIDEOUT MAY COME TO ST. JOHN

FREDERICTON, N. B., Oct. 14.—Rev. A. A. Rideout is not likely to remain pastor of the Free Baptist Church, this city, for very long.

A LADY LECTURER Feeds Nerves and Brains Scientifically.

A lady lecturer writes from Philadelphia concerning the use of right food and how she is enabled to withstand the strain and wear and tear of her arduous occupation. She says:

100th ANNIVERSARY OF TRAFALGAR.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—All the local British organizations were represented by large delegations this morning at a service in St. Matthew's church, South Boston, in commemoration of the centennial anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar.

SOME FREDERICTON FREE BAPTISTS REFUSE TO AGREE TO UNION.

(Fredericton Gleaner.) When the congregation of the Fredericton Free Baptist church took a vote upon the question of church union there were about 10 members who voted in the negative or against the union.

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Assembleman Tighe's letter should be read by every brain worker leading a strenuous life. Hon. John Tighe, No. 98 Bensen St., Cobeco, N. Y., Member of Assembly from the Fourth district, Albany county, N. Y., writes as follows:

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A lady lecturer writes from Philadelphia concerning the use of right food and how she is enabled to withstand the strain and wear and tear of her arduous occupation. She says:

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Of Which There is a Scarcity for Wheat Shipments from the West.

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AT "THE LONDON HOUSE."

Tuesday, Oct. 17th.

Ladies

Take Great Interest in Mail-Order Buying.

It's such a simple matter to write for samples.

The return mail brings a very large assortment to pick from.

It's practically better than going to the city to make purchases, because selection may be made more satisfactorily at home.

It doesn't cost a cent to have goods delivered at your nearest express office as we prepay all parcels of \$5.00 or over.

Special Values in Smooth Cloths For Long Coat Suits.

- All wool French venetians, all shades, \$500, 650
Unspotted French venetians, all shades, 750
Special shrunken venetians, all shades, 850
French pure wool shrunken suiting, all shades, \$1.00
"Rowena" cloth suitings, a novelty, 1.10
New line Boxcloths, shrunken, all shades, 1.25
"Goldsmill" vicuna suitings, all shades, 1.35
Sedan broadcloths, 50 inch, shrunken, 1.50

Many Popular Mixed Tweed Suitings--Pretty Light Greys, &c

- Silver grey costume tweeds, 650 yd
Greecian suitings, light grey fancy, 780 yd
Golf homespun, with overcheck, 650 yd
Mannish tweeds, dark effects, 650 yd
New Tourist costume tweeds, 800 yd
Scotch costumes, heather effects, 950 yd
Lanark suitings, 58 inch, \$1.25 yd

English Tourist Coatings

new rough effects, light stylish colorings, 54 inch. \$1.50 Yard.

A Large Sale of Ladies' Rainproof Cloths.

- Plain cloths, fancies and tweeds for ladies' raincoats, all 60 inches wide.
Fancy Cravanettes, fleck effects, \$1.35 yd
Showerproof worsted coatings, 1.50 yd
"Pearl" worsted rainproofs, 1.65 yd
Waterproof covert cloths, 1.65 yd
Tweed effects--proofed, 1.35 yd

WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

F.W. DANIEL & Co. London House, Charlotte St.

PREFONTAINE VISITS ST. JOHN Minister of Marine and Fisheries in the City.

Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, minister of marine and fisheries; Deputy Minister Gourdreaux, Commander Spain, and a couple of secretaries, arrived in the city on Saturday, in a luxuriously appointed private car, which was attached to the C. P. R. express.

The minister and his party were met here by F. J. Harding, the agent of the department, and in the afternoon a visit was made to Partridge Island, where the new Marconi station was inspected.

To the Sun, Hon. Mr. Prefontaine said this was the last of the twelve stations that the government had contracted with the Marconi company to erect in Canada.

The minister intends visiting the dog-fish reduction works which were opened at Canso two months ago. He says that this establishment has been a great success.

A similar plant has been put into operation at Shippegan, Gloucester county, which is being worked on a large scale.

Another reduction plant will be located at St. Paul's Island, on the western coast of Nova Scotia.

The minister said that he expected to meet at Charlottetown Mr. Degut, who had come out from the old country to give his opinion as to what kind of an ice-breaker would be required to maintain communication between the island and the mainland during the winter.

Hon. Mr. Prefontaine and party left by the I. C. R. on Saturday evening for Halifax. From there they will visit Sable Island, Canso, the Magdalen Islands, and after that Picotou and Charlottetown.

While in St. John the minister and party were entertained at dinner at the Union Club by Mr. Harding. During the day Hon. Mr. Prefontaine was called upon by prominent members of the liberal party.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Goodwin of Bale Verte are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy.

A very successful Epworth League social was recently held at the home of Miss Lena Turner, Bale Verte.

B. G. Elkin of St. John spent Sunday in town.

R. S. Fiddham left Saturday evening for Montreal.

Mr. Allison and St. Joseph's will have a football match here on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. E. Nicholls of Toronto is visiting her parents, Senator and Mrs. Wood.

JEFFRIES. JEFFRIES. JEFFRIES. N. E. Oct. 16--Gullford T. Seely, who has been employed in Havelock for some months, has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Joseph Lylich.

Miss Jeffries is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. T. Markham, St. John.

The Methodist Church near here has been greatly improved lately, the interior having been sheathed, a new platform built, and other improvements made.

Yesterday the first service was held since the building was completed. A very large congregation was present, the services being conducted by Rev. C. W. Hamilton of St. John.

The Surest Remedy is Allen's Lung Balsam. It never fails to cure a SIMPLE COLD, HEAVY COLD, and all BRONCHIAL TROUBLES.

SACKVILLE ITEMS.

SACKVILLE, Oct. 16--E. A. Tompkins of Pittsfield, Mass., has taken a position with the Sackville Electric Light and Telephone Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fawcett are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a son.

J. T. Mellish, K. C., of Charlottetown was a guest at Mt. Allison Ladies' College on Saturday.

Rev. and Mrs. J. Peters of Newfoundland are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Allison.

F. M. J. who for the past year has been with the Royal Bank has left Halifax today for his future home in Havana, Cuba.

Ernest E. Smith, son of Ernest Smith of this town has been transferred from Halifax Royal Bank to Vancouver, B. C.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Fawcett, Upper Sackville, are receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Seaman of Great Rheingrove were the guests of Geo. Campbell yesterday.

Joseph Read of Moncton spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Silliker, Middle Sackville.

Mr. J. E. Fihney entertains Bethel Sewing Club on Wednesday evening.

Miss Pauline Eaton of Canard, N. S., is the guest of Mrs. Wm. George.

Edward Bowser of Mt. View shot a large moose recently near Calhoun's Mills.

A meeting of the Farmers' Institute will be held in Point de Bute hall on Tuesday evening, and Middle Sackville Baptist church, Middle Sackville.

Rev. G. F. Wiegman gave an excellent sermon. Special music was rendered under the direction of Professor Wilson.

A vocal solo by Miss Jane Estabrook was much appreciated.

C. C. A. editor of the Tribune, spent Sunday at Shediac, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Murray.

A dastardly attempt at vandalism was made on the premises of the new Baptist church, Middle Sackville, Saturday evening, damaging to a considerable extent the gas pipes and fixtures in connection with the new church.

A reward of \$50 is offered for information that will convict the guilty persons.

Rev. Dr. Paisley of Mt. Allison University occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church yesterday morning.

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Choose Your Suit or Overcoat at Oak Hall!



You Get Satisfactory Clothes and Save Money.

Oak Hall Clothes are the Clothes for satisfaction--not only for the economical man, but also for the critical dresser.

- Suits, - - \$6 to \$25.
Overcoats, - 10 to 25.
Raincoats, - 8 to 18.

FINE VALUES IN BOYS' CLOTHING

One thing is certain--no mother of boys will do herself, her purse and her boys justice when outfitting the youngsters, if she doesn't first see the assortment in Boys' Clothing at Oak Hall.

One finds "pedigree" clothing at Oak Hall. Clothing with that hard-to-define air about it that comes of years of thought and study and skillful application of the knowledge of what to use and what not to use in the styles as they "come out."

Blue Serges, Fancy Chevots, Fancy Worsteds, occasionally Homespun and Unfinished Worsteds--these materials in the new colors, weaves and tone-mingles are what the Boys' Suits are made of.

- Boys' Norfolk Suits, - - \$2 25 to \$7.50.
Boys' Sailor Suits, - - .90 to 9.00.
Boys' Vest Suits, - - 3.00 to 9.00.
Boys' Fancy Overcoats, - 4.25 to 7.50.
Boys' Regular Overcoats, - 3.75 to 12.00.
Boys' Reefers, - - 1.50 to 6.50.

GREATER OAK HALL, SCOVIL BROS. & CO.

Branch Store 703 Main Street, North End.

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived. Oct 16--Sch Preference, 242, Gale, from New York, G. L. Purdy, coal.

Sch Myra B, Gale, from Portland, master, bal. Sch Onward, 92, Wasson, from Bridgeport, A. W. Adams, bal.

Coastwise--Sch Athol, 70, McClellan, from Grand Harbor; Curlew, 68, Denton, from fishing, and old; Blanche, 23, Robbins, from Tiverton; Selina, 49, Neve, from Apple River, and old; str Harbinger, 46, Rockwell, from River Hebert, and old; sch Chapparral, 35, Comeau, from Tiverton; str Beaver, 42, Turner, from Harvey.

Cleared. Oct 16--Sch Rewa, McLean, for City Island; A. Cushing and Co. Coastwise--Str Lillie, Fardie, for Musquash.

Sailed. Oct 16--Str St Croix, Thompson, for Boston via Maine ports, W. G. Lee.

Domestic Ports. CAMPBELLTON, Oct 15--Cld, bark Madja, Italian, for Bahia Blanca.

YARMOUTH, Oct 15--Ard, bark Alida, Jensen, from Runcorn via Liverpool.

MIRAMICHI, Oct 15--Passed over the bar, str Cheronas, Liswell, for Brown Head.

HALIFAX, Oct 15--Ard, str Hathor, from Philadelphia; Coban, from Louisville; sch Scyllia, from New York; Ophi; from Newark, N.J.

Sid, str Rosalind, Clark, for New York; Oruro, from Bermuda, West Indies and Demerara; Halifax, for Hawkesbury, etc.

British Ports. GLASGOW, Oct 15--Ard, sch Electro, from St. John, N.F.

LIVERPOOL, Oct 15--Ard, barks Levalus, from Grindstone Island; Raevie, from Gaspe, Que.; HOLTHEAD, Oct 15--Ard, bark Norma, from Campbellton, N.B.

FASTNET, Oct 15--Passed, str Ulunda, from Halifax and St. John, N.F., for Liverpool.

HUELVA, Oct 15--Sid, str Ixia, for Sydney, CB.

BARRY ISLAND, Oct 15--Passed, str Briardens, from Gillesport, Labrador, for --.

KINSALE, Oct 15--Passed, str Pontiac, from St. John, N.B., for --.

LIVERPOOL, Oct 15--Ard, str Phloas, from Montreal.

WANTED

"If you want work, or if you desire to increase your income during spare time, write us now, and we will give you profitable work in your vicinity.

MEN WANTED--Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, tack up showcards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter.

WE PAY SALARY--TWO TO SIX dollars per day--either sex--introducing our "NEW IDEA"; free training; rapid advancement; opportunity sure. NICHOLAS COMPANY, LIMITED, Toronto. (Mention this paper.)

WANTED--A second or third class female teacher for District No. 6, Parish of Hampton and Upham. To begin at once. Apply, stating salary, to H. A. Spith, Secretary, Titusville, Kings Co., N. B.

WANTED--A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. H. C. WESTMORE, 14 Union street, Saint John.

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE: Farm containing 60 acres, beautifully situated at Hampton, on main road and railway. Twenty minutes walk from depot. Two barns and out buildings. Can be bought cheap. J. N. HILEY, 92 King street, St. John, N. B.

MONEY TO LOAN

H. H. PICKETT, B. C. L., Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Canada Life Building.

Pickles, 400 tons, was launched at Salmon River, N. S., on Thursday night. The vessel was built by Alfred Perry, for L. D. Shaffner, Bridgetown.

ONE OF THE BEST old time remedies for all skin affections, such as Eczema, Ringworm, Scald-head and similar affections is Weaver's Cerate. It is an ointment that has brought relief to thousands.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15--John J. Falta, president of the park board and park commissioner for the boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, died suddenly tonight from an acute attack of cardiac dilation.

BUTTE, Mont., Oct. 15--The control of the State Savings Bank, one of the most prominent banking institutions of the northwest, passed into the hands of F. Augustus Heinz and M. Sellers Fargo yesterday.

DR. WEAVER'S TREATMENT. WEAVER'S SYRUP For Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofulous Swellings, etc. WEAVER'S CERATE Cleanses the Skin, Beautifies the Complexion.

CLAIM-SUIT WAS NOT BONA FIDE.

Argument in Case of Loggie vs. Montgomery Was a Lengthy One.

The argument in this case was a lengthy one and took four hours, concluding at five o'clock Friday afternoon. Judgment is reserved.

In the morning Geo. Watt was examined in reference to the agreement between Mrs. Lantaigne and Geo. McKnight. Witness said that the deed he saw did not give Mrs. Lantaigne what was agreed on, and \$25 was taken of the purchase price on this account, not for charity.

The attorney general then opened the argument for the plaintiffs. There were three questions first, the plaintiffs' right to get water through pipes laid over the defendants' land; second, the boundary of the plaintiffs' lot, which they claimed was infringed on by the defendants' excavations; and third, whether under the circumstances the plaintiffs had a right to an injunction to prevent the defendants building over the pipes and thus interfering with the pipe line.

On the first point the plaintiffs had a good documentary title. Their predecessor, Robert Marshall, received a grant of this water privilege in the year 1854, and they had also a grant from John Blake. Moreover, the defendants had a good right by prescription.

The pipes were laid in 1878 to carry water to the plaintiffs' mill, and there had been open, continuous and adverse user down to the beginning of the suit.

As regards the boundary, the evidence of Mrs. Lantaigne shows an acquired part of the land which defendants had excavated by a verbal agreement and a conventional boundary agreed on by all the owners. The plaintiffs were now the plaintiffs' mill, and therefore could prevent the defendants from trespassing as they had done. Their excavation encroached along twenty feet of plaintiffs' property to a width of thirteen inches.

On the third question, the point to be decided was whether the defendants had practically and substantially interfered with the plaintiffs' pipes. This was undoubted, but the question was whether, being exposed to the weather, would soon deteriorate. Moreover, the defendants' excavations left only a narrow strip of earth to support the pipes, which was a considerable one. Moreover, the pipes would be in a cellar, where they would freeze in winter and where it would be exceedingly difficult to repair them. Tenants of the property might refuse admittance. On this question the attorney general cited an English case, Goodhart v. Hyett, decided by Judge North, which he claimed was precisely in point. The plaintiffs' case was identical with that in which an injunction had been granted. The plaintiffs should not be compelled to sue at law, as this was a continuing wrong and would mean bringing lawsuits from time to time. They were entitled to have their pipes undisturbed, and the only adequate remedy was an injunction to prevent the defendants interfering in any way with the present state of affairs.

M. G. Teed for the defendants argued that the plaintiffs had no title. The grant to Robert Marshall was an easement in gross, a personal right, and not being mentioned in subsequent deeds never passed to the plaintiffs. John Blake gave a grant of the water in the spring. He could not give a title to the water, and that deed would give the plaintiffs no rights. Moreover, Blake had no title to the land over which the water ran. Any verbal agreement John Blake may have made giving water privileges would not bind the defendants, as they were bona fide purchasers for value and had no notice of such agreements. The Daily Express and the Morning Post, however, print lengthy memoirs, speaking of him as the greatest actor of his period. The Morning Post says:

"No stronger personality, no more unflagging activity has within living memory adorned the English stage. His death is a national loss and his memory a national possession. Had he gone to the bar he would have reached the bench; if into the church he would surely have become a bishop. He chose the stage, and was easily the foremost actor of his time."

Mr. Teed was followed by Geo. Allen, K. C., also for the defendants. Mr. Allen argued that the plaintiffs had no prescriptive right to get this water. No right could be acquired while the owners of the land were under a disability such as infancy. Alice McKnight, one of the owners, was an infant for a number of years, so that the twenty years adverse use necessary to acquire the right never were completed. Moreover, for six years the water was not used for the mill. To acquire a prescriptive right the mill must be continuous. The whole case lacks bona fides. For years Loggies have tried to prevent defendants erecting a store at Loggieville which would compete with them. They were ready to pay \$5,000 for this very lot to keep the defendants out. They had bought up the lands at a price far in excess of the real value and now that the defendants have acquired a lot this suit is brought not to protect the water pipes but to prevent the defendants doing business. No costs should be

TEACHERS INSTITUTE CLOSED—NEW OFFICERS.

The meeting opened Friday shortly after nine with President Lord in the chair. The session was from W. F. Hatheway was read asking the teachers to strongly protest against the spirit of militarism as advocated by Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia in reference to school drill.

The president stated that the resolution, on coming before the executive of the institute had been thrown out, not having been considered by them a proper matter for the institute to deal with. He then read sections of the school law going to show that such a matter was beyond the province of a provincial institute.

James Vroom, of St. Stephen, read an interesting paper on plant society, giving the names of the different branches and why they are so called. The N. B. plants are easily divided and the institutes are generally suitable. The interesting fact at the present time is that the plants are preparing for winter. The plants of N. B. hibernata.

All plants naturally grow in the place where they were first seen. If in a forest, for instance, there was no sign of a conifer growth, and no sign of a conifer growth, we can take it for granted that the trees with the plants growing around them, are a permanent part of the forest.

Generally speaking animals seek their food while plants make it. The former make use of food compounds already in existence. The number of flower associations, as for instance, the forest, the margin of the wood, the swamp, the meadow or the dry land. Each has its characteristic flowers suitable to the environment.

The speaker dwelt upon the willful destruction of the flowers in the woods by pulling them up. This should not be done, even if they grow in woods where no one could see them. A word where no one would see them.

The next paper was by Miss Hester Edgecombe, of this city. Her article on minerals was an interesting one. The formation of lime-stone was interestingly traced by the speaker. This formation is taking place in different parts of the world. Rock is the origin of immense pressure, and the origin of fossils arising from animal life which has become impressed in its folds.

The origin of lava was traced, and of granite, which is of similar origin, but which cooled more slowly. There are fourteen elements which combining in various ways make some fifty minerals.

The most interesting division is the carbon family in its various forms. Coal is one of the commonest forms. Rocks have a most important bearing in the welfare of mankind. Their breaking up, makes the character of the soil, and its fertility. Secondly determine the character of the land, soft rocks disappear while harder rocks remain.

The next paper was read by Mrs. J. M. Vroom, of St. Stephen. Mrs. Lawrence in opening showed that teachers are spending more time in the society of nature in the open field, listening to the sweet songs of the birds, and noting their peculiar habits, would become more sympathetic and loving. Their nature and to better prepared for the duties of the school room.

The writer then took up a number of the common birds seen about our city and in the neighborhood. In describing their color, habits and songs. Their discussion was then opened by Dr. Hay. He pronounced the papers that had been read a rare treat, and urged that more of the time of teachers and pupils be spent in the open air. Stanley Wilson, vice-president of the Charlotte Co. Institute, followed briefly in the discussion.

President Lord explained his method of teaching about birds. As fast as he could receive new birds they were taken to make records of them and preserve them. In this way the pupils had learned 35 birds during the past two years. He had found that proportionately the children began to know the birds the desire to destroy them vanished.

After a brief recess, Mrs. W. Kerr was called and read a paper on the school from the standpoint of the parent. Mr. Kerr and Mr. Scott in their address that she had been prompted to write this paper knowing that the work of the teacher was not always fully appreciated, and that these public reports should receive the encouragement from the parents, and the encouragement of whose young people was entrusted to their care. Mrs. Kerr's paper was full of sympathy with teachers and their work. She alluded largely to the work done in the winter street school, in which she was chiefly interested. Her paper dealt with a number of vital points in connection with the school work and gave some valuable suggestions to teachers. It always pleased her to see the teacher out in the school yard engaged in games with his pupils. This practice could not fail to have its good effect on these pupils.

At the close of her paper Mrs. Kerr referred at some length to the manual training and domestic science now being introduced in some schools and pointed out some of the strong points of these branches of study.

The next paper was read by S. D. Scott, who began with warm tributes to the teachers. Any person who has a group of normal healthy children in his own home might dimly realize what his self-command, patience, tact and other qualities of heart and mind and body were required to keep in fair working order three or four dozen such young people, and to carry them along an organized course of training to another plane of development.

NOTICE. Copies of the DAILY SUN containing a full account of the Baptist Union, with many portraits of ministers taking part in the ceremonies, may be obtained at the DAILY SUN Office, at two cents each.

GURTAIN FALLS FOR SIR HENRY IRVING, England's Greatest Actor Died Suddenly Last Night.

Had Attended Theatre in the Evening and Was Stricken With Syncope Shortly After His Return.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—The English-speaking world has suffered an irreparable loss by the sudden death tonight of Sir Henry Irving, who was universally regarded as the most representative English actor of contemporary times.

Sir Henry died literally in harness. He was giving a series of excellent performances in the English province, and this week was playing an engagement at Bradford, appearing in several favorite roles. Thursday he presented

King Rene's Daughter and The Belle, and appeared to be in excellent health, taking the exhausting part of Matthias in the latter play with all the vigor of youth. Tonight before an enthusiastic audience he portrayed one of his most characteristic intellectual parts, the title role in his own stage adaptation of Lord Tennyson's Becket, with marked success.

After the performance, Sir Henry returned to his hotel, reaching his room at 11:30 o'clock, when it was observed that he was in great pain. Physicians were immediately summoned, but before they could arrive Sir Henry was seated with an aching syncope, and expired within a few minutes, without having uttered a word, in the presence of a few attendants who had been his immediate managers for many years, and a few other intimates. The event caused the greatest pain and consternation among the members of the company.

The Associated Press tonight received the following telegram from Mr. Stoker: LONDON, Oct. 14.—The news of the death of Sir Henry Irving arrived too late to permit of more than brief announcements in this morning's London newspapers. The Daily Express and the Morning Post, however, print lengthy memoirs, speaking of him as the greatest actor of his period. The Morning Post says:

"No stronger personality, no more unflagging activity has within living memory adorned the English stage. His death is a national loss and his memory a national possession. Had he gone to the bar he would have reached the bench; if into the church he would surely have become a bishop. He chose the stage, and was easily the foremost actor of his time."

TIRIED ALL THE TIME. Mrs. George Beattie, Carr's Brook, Colchester Co., N. S., writes: "Last spring I was very much run down, felt tired all the time, and did not seem to have life or energy enough to do my work. Three boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food did me a world of good, and made work a pleasure to me. I have not had occasion to use any medicine since, and have recommended Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to all my friends."

A gentleman was pondering over what to give a young lady friend, and at last decided it should be a ring, and said to her: "Now, my dear friend, what kind of ring would you like? It is so very puzzling; there are so many sorts."

"Well, Mr. Sweet, one, you know, don't like to make a choice in these matters—a little delicate, you understand; but, really, if you insist upon it—why, I should like an engagement ring!" was the innocent reply.

Jukes—"Who was the best man at the wedding?" Jenkins—"Well, I'm not sure. The bride's father got all the bills to pay, the bridegroom had to buy diamond brooches for the bridesmaids, the guests had to give handsome presents; upon my word, I think the best man was the clergyman—he was the only one who made anything out of it."

TO move to you, Dr. Dr. Chase's Ointment is an absolute cure for each and every ailment of the skin. It is the manufacturer's name is on the wrapper, and the name is on the wrapper. It is the manufacturer's name is on the wrapper, and the name is on the wrapper.

MARRIED COACHMAN; NOW BROKEN-HEARTED.

Society Girl and Heiress Betrayed by the Man She Loved—He Had Another Wife.

After a honeymoon of three days, Cornelia Hatch Dearborn, society girl and heiress, of Boston and New York, who married her coachman, Henry Gill, has cast him aside, and is now heart-broken at the home of her mother in Montclair, N. J.

Meanwhile a warrant charging the coachman with bigamy has been issued, and he will be arrested on sight if he returns to New Hampshire. "He deceived me cruelly," the bride of three days says, "I loved him with all my heart, but I will never forgive him now."

Steps have already been taken to annul the marriage. Mrs. Dearborn-Gill having been informed positively by Mrs. Flora Blackburn-Gill, the first wife, who lives in Franklin, N. H., that this second marriage is illegal. It was this first wife, Mrs. Blackburn-Gill, who swore out the warrant for her husband's arrest.

Gill has disappeared, and it is believed that he is now in New York. When he had lived while he worked for Mrs. Dearborn, he was known as Mrs. Dearborn under an assumed name, Harry Walker, Jr.

Mrs. Blackburn-Gill is determined to press the charge of bigamy when Gill is arrested. There is some question if

OUR NEW CATALOGUE KAISER THREATENED WAR IF ALLIANCE WAS MADE.

Sensational Reports Concerning Great Britain's Proposed Military Defensive Alliance Against Germany—Inside History of the Moroccan Affair.

PARIS, Oct. 13.—The French government continues silent concerning the alleged revelations of Great Britain's offer of naval and military aid to France if Germany assumed a belligerent attitude over Morocco. In the meantime the newspapers add new phases to the disclosures. The Figaro gives a detailed version even more sensational than the previous alleged disclosures of the Matin. It says that the previous report of Great Britain offering to mobilize her navy and land British troops in Germany is not correct, that the actual occurrence was as follows:

Before the Moroccan crisis became acute the British government made three distinct overtures to learn if France was disposed to complete a treaty of defense. France declined to consider the question. Later when the Moroccan crisis became acute M. Cambon, the French ambassador to Great Britain, reopened the question and obtained a verbal assurance from Foreign Secretary Lansdowne of Great Britain's effective concurrence in the event of a conflict.

M. Cambon was thereupon able to announce to M. Delcasse (who was then foreign minister) that the British government had agreed to a foedra (case coming within a treaty) was desired Great Britain would reiterate her assurance in writing. The German ambassador in London, Count Wolff-Meternich, learned of these assurances and informed Berlin. Emperor William decided on a counter move and made Italy the medium of his execution. He informed Italy that any treaty whereby Great Britain gave France military support relative to Morocco would constitute a casus belli. The Figaro asserts that this amounted to an indirect ultimatum and that the Italian government, in that event, the situation to M. Barroti, the French ambassador to Italy, who informed Paris June 4. Immediately thereafter M. Delcasse resigned (June 6) as a result of a violent scene in a cabinet council.

The foregoing version is chiefly important in allegation that Great Britain sought for and promised a military defensive alliance against Germany.

COLOGNE, Oct. 13.—The Cologne Gazette prints another inspired decipherment from Berlin apropos of the Figaro's additions to the Matin's story, which can only be interpreted as plain hint to the British government to explain its role in the matter. The despatch notes that while the Matin's

version only gave ground for the assumption that the suggested alliance of France and Great Britain against Germany had an official character, the Figaro's version confirms this assumption by giving the names of parties, and says that it makes the case against M. Delcasse all the stronger. The mention of the name of Lord Lansdowne, the British foreign secretary, in connection with the matter sheds upon the story an embarrassing light for Great Britain, according to the despatch, which says:

"It is exceedingly repugnant to us to regard British statesmen like President Balfour and Foreign Minister Lansdowne as capable of such a game, but if such revelations are repeated and remain uncontradicted one cannot avoid growing more and more sceptical about the matter. The question arises as to how it was possible that French statesmen, who are undoubtedly men to be taken seriously, could have believed that there was an offer of a British alliance, in no adequate basis existed for such an exceedingly serious matter."

The writer goes on to say that the fall of Delcasse, who occupied a position of exceptional strength in the French cabinet, becomes comprehensible in view of the gravity of the revelations already made. If the Matin and the Figaro are in the right, the despatch says, Delcasse, after having resolutely refused to conclude a treaty with Great Britain, was shaping his policy for war with Germany, and when a question of such importance is once raised it cannot remain unanswered or unresolved. The despatch goes on to point out that neither the British nor the French government has hitherto shown a disposition to forward explanations, while the semi-official note regarding the matter, issued in Paris today, is inadequate and calculated rather to increase than to allay suspicion. After saying that the question will doubtless be discussed in the French chamber of deputies and the British parliament, the article concludes:

"While the work of clearing up this matter is primarily the affair of France and Great Britain, Germany many takes a most reasonable interest therein. Although subsequent events have removed this danger, it is only natural that Germany should follow the further developments of the incident with close attention, for we can learn many things from them."

Collected \$1400 Insurance On Goods Not Burned.

Abdullah Sayre of Beersville Charged With Fraudulent Shipments to Brother of Goods Declared Destroyed—St. John Firms Interested.

A case which concerns several St. John firms, including Vassel & Co., London House, D. Magee's Sons, H. W. de Forest, and Flood & Co., along with Halifax, Montreal and Quebec branches of the same firms, and the sheriff of Kent county v. the estate of Abdullah Sayre, an Assyrian, and a late resident of Beersville, Kent Co. The case succinctly stated is this: Abdullah Sayre ordered a good amounting in value to \$3,000 from these firms, and had them shipped to Beersville. A fire occurred there and he collected \$1,500 insurance on the supposed loss of his entire stock. He had, however, previous to this fire fraudulently shipped the greater part of his goods to his brothers at Amherst and Sussex, and these were disposing of the stock at a profit. Had the scheme not been discovered these Assyrians stood to gain a handsome return.

Abdullah Sayre occupied a store at Beersville, which he claimed to own, the which was insured in the name of his wife, Jennie, for \$1,500. He had an insurance of \$1,500 on his \$3,000 stock, which was purchased shortly before the fire. This fire occurred on July 8th. His wife collected \$1,500 insurance on the buildings, and he through his attorney, Dr. Keith, collected \$1,400 for the loss of his stock, and had it paid to his wife.

Abdullah Sayre absconded in August and proceedings were taken against him under the absconding debtors' act. He assigned to his attorney at Sussex, H. H. Parlee, and showed assets of only \$200. The first meeting of the creditors took place at Sussex on Sept. 5th, when Auguste Legeze, sheriff, was substituted as the assignee. About August

them that he had a wife in Franklin. With great vehemence he announced that the girl loved him, and he repeated to his guests that he loved her. He also said that though he and his former-employer-wife were to live with Mrs. Dearborn in Montclair, N. J., it

really made no difference what the family said or did, for he and his wife had plenty of money.

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