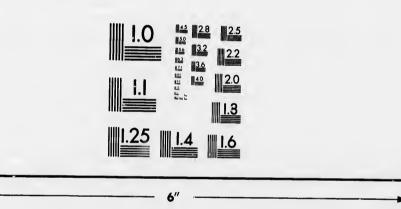


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic Sciences Corporation

23 WEST MAIN STREET WEBSTER, N.Y. 14580 (716) 872-4503 STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

CIHM/ICMH Microfiche Series.

CIHM/ICMH Collection de microfiches.



Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadien de microreproductions historiques



C) 1986

## Technical and Bibliographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

	12X	16X		20X		24X		28X		32X
					-	1.			TT	
This i Ce do	item is filmed at ocument est filn	the reduction	ratio check	ed below/	,	٠	26X		30X	
		GES MAY FILM		TUO TUO	FOCUS.					
$   \sqrt{} $	Additional com		es:							
	Blank leaves at appear within the have been omitted the leavest of the leavest of the leavest of the leaves of the	the text. When ted from filmin ertaines pages uration appara ela était possit	ever possibl ng/ s blanches a iissent dans	joutées le texte,		ensure ti Les page obscurci etc., ont	sues, etc. he best po es totalem es par un été filmé a meilleur	ent ou pa feuillet d' es à nouv	age/ rtielleme 'errata, u eau de fa	nt ne pelure
Ш	along interior r Lare liure serré distortion le lor	nargin/ e peut causer (	de l'ombre d			Seule éd	tion availa lition disp holly or p	onible	scured b	y errata
	Bound with other material/ Relié avec d'autres documents  Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion				Includes supplementary material/ Comprend du matériel supplémentaire					
	Coloured plate: Planches et/ou						of print va inégale de		sion	
	Coloured ink (i Encre de coule	.e. other than I ur (i.e. autre qu	blue or blac ue bleue ou	k)/ noire)		Showth: Transpa				
	Coloured maps/ Cartes géographiques en couleur				Pages détachées Pages détachées					
	Cover title mis Le îitre de cou		e		V	Pages d Pages d	iscoloured écolorées	d, stained , tachetée	or foxed s ou piqu	/ uées
	Covers restore Couverture res						estored ar estaurées			
	Covers damage Couverture en						amaged/ ndommag	jées		
	Coloured cove Couverture de						d pages/ s couleur			
The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.				L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifie une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.						

The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

Archives of Ontario

The Images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers ere filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriete. All other original copies ere filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The lest recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol → (meening "CONTINUED"), or the symbol ▼ (meening "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, cherts, etc., mey be filmed at different reduction retios. Those too lerge to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hend corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrete the method:

L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

Archives of Ontario

Les imeges suiventes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de le netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

Les exempleires origineux dont le couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la dernière pege qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires origineux sont filmés en commençant par la première pege qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la dernière image de cheque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole → signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole ♥ signifie "FiN".

Les cartes, pienches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être flimés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmé à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de heut en bes, en prenant le nombre d'images nécesseire. Les dlagremmes suivants lilustrent le méthode.

1 2	3
-----	---

1	
2	
3	The state of the s

1	2	3		
4	5	6		

errata to

étails

s du nodifier

er une

ilmage

pelure, on à

32X

32X

## DOCUMENTS

SENT DOWN TO THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

BY

Wis Excellency the Lieutenant Gobernor,

RELATIVE TO

SCHOOL LANDS.

J. Co

Town ments that to found sary serves dress parch, nicate set ap the following the foll

this s which Office

The of the Pereglands the defore thurst Sir Pe

The end of collections tailed each the en

each the en Th that t Uppe and the viding school value number

Printed by Order of the House or Assembly.

James Baxter, Printer.

## DOCUMENTS, &c.



## J. COLBORNE,

The Lieutenant Governor, in compliance with an address respecting the school Townships, transmits the accompanying documents, and acquaiots the Honse of Assembly, that the joint address referred to cannot be found: but that this document appears unnecessary to establish under whose charge the Reserves were placed, as the substance of the address is quoted in the Duke of Portland's Desputch, and the intention of His Majesty communicated to anthorize the Governor in Council to set apart a portion of the Crown Lands towards the formation of a school fund "out of which His Majesty may allot such sateries as he shall judge proper."

The reports of the Executive Council on this subject are annexed; on the framing of which it will be perceived the Judges and Law Officers of the Crown were consulted.

The document No. 1. referred to in the letter of the 13th of May 1823, is an oxidate of Sir Peregrino Maitland's despatch respecting school lands and the organization of Schools. And the document No. 2 referred to has been laid before the House. It is an Extract from Lord Bathurst's despatch, in answer to the suggestions of Sir Peregrine Maitland.

The account of the board of Education to the end of the year 1829 including the expense of collection of proceeds of sale of school lands and their application, has been laid before the House of Assembly at the last session. The detailed account of the number of acres sold in each Township and the account of the Board to the end of 1830 shall be forwarded to the House.

The Lieutenant Governor acquaints the House that the arrangements for the endowment of the Upper Canada College are not yet completed; and that he has suggested the expediency of dividing and exchanging part of the land of the school townships for the purpose of raising the value of the school lots, and transferring an equal number of acres in other townships to the board

of education. The report of the executive council on this subject is annexed.

Government House } -

COPY. Council Chamber, 6th Nov. 1/98.

Having received directions from the Duke of Portland one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, to consult the members of His Majesty's Executive Council and the Judges and Law Officers of the Crown in Upper Canada, and report to His Grace in what manner, and to what extent a portion of the waste lands of the crawn may be appropriated and rendered productive towards the formation of a fund for the establishment of free Grammar Schools in those districts in which they are called for, and in due process of time by establishing other seminaries of a larger and more comprehensive nature for the promotion of religious and moral learning, and the study of the arts and sciences, out of which His Majesty may according to his pleasure allot such scharies as he shall judge proper for the school masters of such free schools who are to be appointed by His Majesty's Governor, or the person administering his Majesty's Government subject to His Majesty's approbation,

I am to request you will be pleased to meet the Chief Justice, and the members of His Majesty's Executive Council at the Council Chember on Friday the ninth instant, for the purpose of taking the above subject into your consideration, and reporting to me your opinions thereon, that I may transmit them to the Duke of Portland for His Majesty's information.

I have the honor to be

Sir.

. Your most obedient

Humble Servant

(Signed) PETER RUSSELL.

COPY,

The Chief Justice by direction of the board wrote the following letter to His Honor the President,

November 10th, 1798.

SIR,

The Committee on His Graco the Duke of Portland's letter on the subject of schools, direct me to enquire of your honor, whether it is your pleasure that we should, each of us, report his opinion separately, or whether the Chairman is to report to you, a plan agreed upon by us all.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Humble Servant

(SIGNED)

J. ELMSLEY, c. J.

To his honor the President, &c. &c.

York, 12th Nov. 1798. SIR,

I have had the honor to receive your letter of Saturday desiring to know whether the members of the committee on His Grace the Duke of Portland's letter on the subject of schools are to report their opinion separately, or whether the Chairman is to report the plan agreed upon by them all. In answer to which I can only have the honor to say, that in my opinion a report from the chairman of the plan unanimeusly agreed upon would be less troublesome beth to the Committee and His Grace, and would probably throw equal if not more light upon the subject than the opinions of the members stated separately, I shall therefore only request a general report signed by the chairman; however I do not mean by this to proclude any of the gentlemen from favoring me with their own sentimonts, in addition to the general advice, as I believe it is the desire of His Majesty's ministers to obtain all the information possible on a subject of such importance to the future welfare of this Province.

I have &c.

(SIGNED)

PETER RUSSELL.

To the Hon'ble John Elmsley, C. J.

COPY.

Council Chamber at York, 1st December, 1793.

members of Ilis Majesty's Executive Council and the Judges and Law officers of the Crown schools and University of Upper Canada could in Upper Canada who were directed to take into their consideration the letter from His Grace their establishment and maintenance: and each the Dake of Portland on the Establishments of member of the Board seemed deeply impressed Grammar Schools and other places of Education with a conviction that in making his estimate of

in this Province, and the same having received the approbation of the President in Council, it was ordered, that the Report be fairly copied, that it may be transmitted without delay to His Grace the Duke of Portland for the information of Ilis Majesty.

The Report is as follows:

Council Chamber,

1st. Dec. 1798.

I have the honour to inform you that in obedience to your order of the 6th ultimo, tho members of His Majesty's Executive Council, the Judges, and the Law officers of the Crown met together in this place on the nineteenth ultime and on several occasions since, and took into their consideration the letter of His Grace the Duko of Portland on the Establishment of Grammar schools and other places of Education in the Province.

It is not to be expected that on a subject of such extent, the opinions of so many persons as were assembled to consider of it should exactly coincide. I have, however, the satisfaction to to say that in our general views of the system to be adopted we are nearly agreed, and that the difference with respect to the mode in which it is to be carried into effect is not very considerable.

As it was Your Honour's pleasure that the chairman should collect the opinions of the several members of the board and digest them into one report, I took the liberty of distributing the subject into the five following heads, and of requesting their thoughts on each, viz:

1. The sum to be raised-2. The number of acres to be appropriated-3. The purposes to which the fund is to be applied-4. The number of schools, and the places where they are to be erected.

5. The number now nocessary.

It is now my duty to state to your honor the general result of the whole, and should I either misrcoresent the sentiments of the Board or fail to give them the effect they deserve, I trust that Your honour will impute the blame to me only, and do justice to the several members by referring to the opinion of each which I have subjoined by way of schedule.

When the subject was first opened it seemed Read the report of the Board formed of the to be the unanimous opinion, that the intention of the Royal Founder of the free Granmar not be effectuated but by a liberal provision for the safe tho rect crea to o inte Hess perl glec effe pen pos Į to c

pro

and

the

2

ma the par Ed vid on Bo

of

the

fici

bui

to

hea

and

ene far en  $\mathbf{B}_0$ ne wi ex

> de pa bυ H

> > th

aft

en ed to th th

received omeil, it copied, v to His ormation

ber, 1798.

that in imo, the Council, . Crown enth uland took lis Graco haicm of ducation

subject of ersons as d exactly faction to ie system and that in which y consid-

that the of the sethem instributing ls, and of

e number purposes The numthey are

honor the d I either ard or fail trust that to me oners by rech I have

it seemed intention Granupar iada con!d ovision for and each impressed stimate of the extent of that provision, it would be much safer to allow too much than too little; for as the application of the funds will always be directed by the beneficent wisdom which has Philosophical apparatus, &c. relates to the encreated it, the excess may at any time be applied downent of the Unsversity rather than to that to other purposes, equally worthy of the original of the Grammer School, and is only mentioned intention, and equally conducive to the happiness of the Province; but it will be difficult and perhaps impossible if the present moment be neglected to find at a future period the means of effecting the object before us, without much expense, and a delay almost subversive of the purpose.

Under this impression the Board proceeded to consider in detail the purposes to which the proposed fund should when raised be applied, and seemed to be unanimous in thinking that they may be reduced to three.

1st. The erection of the necessary buildings. 2nd. The payment of the salaries of the

masters. 3rd. The keeping of the buildings in repair, the purchase of Books, and Philosophical ap-

paratus, and other purposes essential to places of Education, but in general too costly to be provided by individuals.

1st. With respect to the sum to be expended on the erection of the necessary buildings, the Board conceived that taking the average price of labour in the four Districts of the Province the sum £3000 Provincial Currency will be sufficient to orect a plain but solid and substantial building, containing a school room, sufficient to hold an hundred boys without danger of their health from too many being crowded together; and also a set of apartments for the master large enough not only for the accommodation of his family but also for the very desirable purpose of enabling him to take a few of his pupils as Boarders, some few out buildings may also be necessary for the use of the master which if they will not come within this estimate will not much exceed it and may easily be provided for hereafter.

2nd. As the extent of the salaries of the masters is expressly reserved for the Royal consideration, we do not presume to mention any particular sum as sufficient for that purpose: but as it is necessary for as in making our estimate, to calculate upon some given sum, and as His Excellency the Lieut. Governor thought the sum of £100 Provincial Currency a sufficient allowance for the Master of the school erected under his auspices at Kingston, we beg leave to take that sum as an average for the salary of the master of each school and half of it for the salary of an under master in case it should be thought expedient to have one.

3rd. The sum of £30 per annum seems to be a sufficient sum for keeping the building in repair. The provision for the purchase of books, that it may not appear to have been forgotten in our calculation.

In appeared therefore to be the general opinion of the Board, that a sum not exceeding £3,000 Provincial Currency, and an annual income of £180 will be amply sufficient for the establishment and support of a free Grammer School in each District. The next object was to consider the mode by which that sum and that income are to be raised.

With respect to the former, the board had but one opinion; viz: that it can only be raised by the sale of part of the waste lands of the Crown. If the institutions in question are to be deferred until they can be provided for from the annual income of any quantity of Land that can be appropriated for them, they will be deferred either until they have been superceded by other institutions, or until four or five generations of ignorance and vice have rendered them useless.

The annual income must equally be derived from the waste lands of the Crown, and may, in. the apprehension of the board, be raised by one or ather of the four following modes.

1st. By the sale of so much of those lands as will raise a sum which if invested in the British funds will produce the sum of £180, as interest.

2nd. By reserving such a portion of those lands as when leased will produce that sum as

3rd. By appropriating to the same purpose such parts of the present Crown reserves as are capable of yielding a present rent: or,

4th, By selling a portion of the waste lands. of the Crown (always distinguishing between waste lands of the Crown, and Crown reserves) and laying out the produce in the nurchase of lands which from their quality, local situation, or state of cultivation either yield or may be made to yield a present rent,

On each of these modes, the Board begs leave to submit the following considerations:

With respect to the first it observes, that besides the disadvantage of the daily decreasing value of an income which is to be applied to a permanent purposo and which arises from money, or is reserved in money; it will require the sale of a quantity of land considerably beyond any that the board would venture to mention, to raise a sum which at the rate of five per cent. per annum would yield the sum of £180 as interest.-

on either private or public security and there is this additional advantage on the side of the forrent will increase with the increasing prosperity of the country, while the real value of lat rest a proportion to which the increase of our pros-perty is not a counter balance. The Baard therefore considers this mode of raising the income required, as wholly out of the question.

Of the remaining three modes the Baard considers that which proposes to provide the necessary income, by reserving for the use of these institutions a certain portion of the waste lands of the Crown, and loasing them at a Rack-Rent, as incomparably the best: both because it is the cheapest and because it leaves the fund of Crown Reserves from which the other public purposes of the Province may hereafter be supplied, untouched, but it is certain that the present circumstances of the province do not authoriso us to expect much income from such a source, for some years at least. It may therefore be necessary to break in upon the Crown Reserves, and to appropriate such of them as are now capable. of yielding rent, to the present purpose; and should the fund, even after this assistance, be still inadequate, nothing will remain but to recur to the fourth of the proposed modes, and to lay out a part of the sum arising from the sales, in the purchase of lands capable of producing the income required.

The object which next engaged the attention of the board was to consider, in what parts of the several Districts of the Province, the proposed schools and seminary should be erected. On this point wo were unanimous in thinking that the towns of Cornwall, Kingston, Newark, and Sandwich are the most proper places for the sites of the four schools; - We were equally unanimous in considering the town of York as entitled to the university both as being the seat of the Executive Government, the Legislature, and the courts of justice, and as being hy far the most convenient spot in the Province for all general purposes, its situation being nearly central, and besides its accessibility by water, the proposed high road from the one end of the Province through it.

There was not the same coincidence of opi-

For we conceive it to be generally though per- which the several members of the board consihaps not universally true, that whenever lands der as now necessary; -each part of the Proin this country are capable from quality, situa- vince seemed to have its claims, and might contion or any other circumstance, of yielding a rent, sider itself as injurad, if it were postponed to any a capital laid out in the purchase of those lands other; -- Some of the gentlemen were therefore is much more productive than on, lent at interest of opinion that four schools were now necessary, and that the whole number should be begun at the same time; others thought that besides the mer, that both the real and the nominal volue of necessity of managing the fund in the most frugal manner possible, the present circumstances of the Province do not call for the erection of decreases with the decreasing value of money in more than two schools; and that if the situations of those two are obviously selected, not with a viow to any particular District, but to the Province at large, there will be no room for any jealousy among the several parts of it-after some discussion, this opinion was acceded to, and the towns of Kingston and Newerk were selected, the former for the eastern and the latter for the Western half of the Province, but it was at the same time stipulated, and agreed, that as soon as the fund should be sufficiently productive, the towns of Cornwali and Sandwich shall each recoive a similar mark of the Royal munificence.

> Nothing now remains, but that I should state to your honor the extent of the appropriation of waste lands which in the conceptions of tho members of the board, is necessary for the purpose in question; and on this subject, I am happy to say that our calculations approach as nearly to each other, as could reasonably be expected.

> I believe I may state it as our unanimous opinion, that the appropriation should cover such a portion of the waste lands of the Crown, as if now sold, would produce the sum of £18,000 provincial currency; estimating the present average price of land at about nine pence per acre, the quantity required will be nearly 500,000 acres or ten townships, after the deduction of the Crown and Clergy sevenths.

It is obvious that if the four schools are all erected immediately, and the allowance which our estimate proposes for them, is not extravagant, a much larger than that which I have mentioned will be necessary, and consequently a much larger appropriation must be made. But in the mann r in which we propose that the fund should be managed, we conceive that the quantity obove mentioned will not only be amply sufficient for the establishment and support of the four schools, but will be nearly if not udequate to the erection and endowment of the university which the Royal Bounty has promised to the other being necessarily to pass near it, or to provide for us, whenever the advancement of the Province calls for such an institution.

Having trespassed so long upon Your Honor's nion with respect to the number of schools time and attention, I shall not trouble you with

deli of e or I and - for Ro and Ca

Pre

sch

at t

the

coive

beca

pare

the l

on th

has

info

Exe

offic

bu sch ap ace cei SIL be

laı

un als re CU pı al

di fr r

the detail of the manner in which we conbecause I hope that it will be sufficiently apparent from the following resolutions, into which the Board has condensed all that it has to offer on the interesting and important subject which has engaged it: I have therefore the honor to inform you that the members of His Majesty's Executive Council, the Judges, and the Law officers of the Crown, after much reflection, and deliberation on the matter referred to them, are of opinion.

1. That an appropriation of 500,000 acres or ten Townships, after deducting the Crown and Clergy Sevenths, will be a sufficient fund for the establishment and maintenance of the Royal Foundation of four Geammar Schools, and an University in the Province of t pper Canada.

2. That the present circumstances of the Province call for the erection of two of those schools, one at the Town of Kingston, the other at the Town of Newark.

3. That for the purpose of building a plain but solid and substantial house containing a school room sufficient to contain 100 boys, and apartments for the master, large enough for the accomodation of a moderate family, and the reception of from 10 to 20 boys as boarders, the sum of £3000 provincial currency for each, will be a sufficient allowance.

4. That for the purpose of raising that sum, a portion of the appropriated tract be sold, in the manner directed by His Grace the Duko of of the Crawn.

5. That for the purpose of defraying the salaries of a master and under master, in case an under master should be thought necessary, and also for the purpose of keeping the buildings in repair, and making such additions thereto as circumstances shall require, the annual sum of £180 provincial currency for oach school is a sufficient allowance.

6. That in order to raise this annual sum, such portion of the waste lands of the Crown in the different parts of the Province be selected, us from the quality of the soil, or from their local situation, are most likely to yield an annual rent, and that they be leased in the manner heretofore recommended by His Majesty's Executive Council with respect to the Crown and Clergy Re-

7. That if the income arising from the lands so reserved, and leased, be insufficient for the purposes above mentioned, a similar selection be made from the Crown Reserves.

8. That if, after this addition, the fund be coive that the proposed fund should be managed, still insufficient a further partion of the appropriated land be sold, and the money arising from the sale invested in the purchase of other lands so situated as to yield a present rent.

> 9. That whenever the Governor, Lieutenant Governor or person administering the Government in Council, shall be of opinion that the circumstances of the Province call for the erection of two other schools, and also that the appropriated fund is sufficient not only to bear the expense of the erection and endowment of those two schools, but also to leave a residue sufficient for the establishment and future meintenance of a seminary of a larger, and more comprehensive nature, the same steps bo pursued with respect to such two schools, as have been stready recommended with respect to the two schools at Kingston and Newark.

10. That the provision for the establishment and maintenance of the University be at least equal to that for the four schools taken together.

I have the honor to be,

&c. &c. &c.

(Signed)

J. ELMSLEY, c. J.

I perfectly accord with this Report in all its PETER RUSSEL, (Sd)

President.

Documen: No. 1 referred to in Mr. Secretary Portland with respect to the other waste lands Hillier's letter to the Executive Council of the 13th May, 1823, respecting school lands.

> Extract of a dospatch from Sir P. Maitland to Earl Bathurst.

Much good might be effected by the organization of a general system of Education; an object to which might be applied the proceeds of the sale of some portion of the lands set aside under the title of school reserves, consisting of 12 townships, comprising 740,000 acres, still however, reserving a certain portion for the future endowment of an University, should such an Establishment not bo considered advisable at

"It is proposed to establish one introductory school on the National Plan in each Town of a certain size. It is supposed that a salary of one liundred pounds per annum to the master of each such school would be sufficient. The number of these schools may be increased as the circumstances of the Province may require, and the means allow."

h shall l numid state rimion of the ie purհերթ

nearly

pected.

consi-

P10-

II COII-

to mny

ercforo

essary.

gun nt

des the

st fru-

stances

tion of

untions

with a

e Pro-

or any

-after

ed 10,

k were

he lat-

, but it

d, that

roduc-

ns opisuch a if now provinreprice quantior ten wn and

are all which xtruvae menently a . But he fund e quannmply port of ot adeof the romised cement

ın. loner's u with COPY,

To His Excellency Sir Peregrine Maitland, Sec. Sec. Sec.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

The Committee of the Executive Conncil to whom Your Excellency was pleased to 10fer the Consideration of a plan for establishing n University in this Province assembled this day, and by Your Excellency's permission requested the attendance and assistance of His Majesty's Attorney General.

A letter was read from His Grace the Doke of Portland to Lt. Governor Simcoo bearing date the 22ml June, 1796 ocknowledging the Receipt of a letter from the Bishop of Quebec upon the subject of a school of a higher class, which His Grace then did not think necessary in Upper A letter was also read from His Grace bearing date, 4th, Nov. 1797, acknowledging an address from the two bouses of the Legislature requesting an appropriation of Crown Lands for the establishment of Schools, and communicating his Majesty's pleasure to acquiesce in their petition directing the Governor to consult the members of the executive Council. Judges and Law officers on the requisite means, to report to His Grace, for 11 is Majesty's information what schools were then necessary, the means of erecting and endowing them, the na mount necessary, and also to erect and endow a University.

On this letter, the Committee named reported four schools to be necessary, a sum of three thousand pounds requisite to erect them, and an annual sum of one hundred and eighty pounds to pay a master and suh-master and keep the building in repair, and the sum of three thousand six hundred and twenty pounds for a University.

five Handred thousand Acres of Land which was recommended to be set apart for such purpose, and the report, approved by the Presisident was directed to be transmitted for the information of His Majesty's Government.

No answer to this report or farther confermation of it can be traced in the office of the Executive Council. The committee therefore, concurring in opinion with His Majesty's Attorney General that the appropriation of that quantity of land is not sufficiently sanctioned to authorise a grant in other portions than limited by His Mojesty's commission, lumbly recommend that your Excellency do call the attention of his Mujesty's Government to a formal sanction, unthe Colonies, to sell, lease, Grant, and dispose Europe.

of the said five hundred thousand neres of land for the purpose of establishing a university in this Province.

In the mean time in conformity to your Excellency's pleasure the committee proceeded to consider the detail required by your Excellency.

In pursuing this object the Committee first observe that provision for District Schools is not now required out of this fund, being made by the Legislature. The scale established by the former Committee appears at present very inadequate.

The Committee is of opinion that a sum not less than ten thousand pounds will be required to erect a suitable building and provide a library, philosophical apparatas and a botanic garden.

That an annual sum of four thousand pounds may be deemed necessary to defray the salaries of principal, professors, preceptors, scholarships, librarian, gardeners and other officers with other contingencies.

That to raise these sums, it will be proper that a sale of lands should be made from time to time, to meet, with security, the exigencies of the establishment, until the revenue will supply the annual expenditure.

That a commission should permanently attend with large powers to sell and lease the land and manage its revenues under the direction of the Executive Covernment.

It is also considered that it would conduce much to the importance and utility of the projected university if its constitution should be by a Royal Charter. All which is humbly submit-

By order,

That a fund to raise this sum would require (SIGNED) W. DUMMER POWELL, C. J.

Executive Council Chamber, York 7th January 1819.

Extract of a Report of the Executive Council to the Lieutenant Governor dated 17th November 1830.

The Council entirely concurs in the recommendations of your Excellency assuming that an equivalent in lands may be so arranged in the proposed exchanges as neither to prejudice the interests of the Crown, nor of the school fund, and indeed it appears to the council, that the measure suggested will be highly favorable to the public interests in affording the crown the means der the royal sign manual, or the signature of of dispensing more generally through the coun-His Majesty's principal Secretary of state for try the many respectable emigrants arriving from

