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OUR SCHOOLS.

THE LONG VACATION.

CLOSING EXERCISES AT BROTHER ARNOLD'S SCHOOL, THE ARCH-BISHOP'S ACADEMY, ST. PATRICK'S ACADEMY, VILLE MARIE CONVENT, ST. MARY'S SCHOOL, MOUNT ST. LOUIS.

ON SATURDAY afternoon, at two o'clock, the St. Ann's hall was crowded to the doors with parents and friends of the pupils, who had come to behold the distribution of well-earned honors. The stage was tastefully decorated with flags and ornaments, flowers were in profusion, and stacks of splendid books were ranged on either side with white ribbons holding the gold and silver medals hanging over them. In the front seats were seated the Reverend Fathers Catulle and Stralbe with others of the Holy Trinity order, the lady mayors and daughter, Mrs. M. P. Ryan, Mrs. E. McNally, Mrs. J. Smythe, Mr. J. J. Curran, Q.C., M.P., Mr. Thomas Hogan, Mr. J. Moore, Mr. J. K. Foran, editor of THE TRUTH, and Mrs. Foran, and as last, but not least, good Brother Arnold, smiling and happy, white with the snows of many winters, yet with cheeks as red as summer, and with eyes as full of animation and benevolence as ever they were in the days of his springtime. Before entering on the programme of the day, medals and prizes given this year to the pupils of St. Ann's school came from Rev. Father Catulle, C.S.S.R., Messrs. J. J. Curran, Q.C., M.P., P. Kennedy, M.A., A. Thomas Hogan, Thomas Moore, G. Tansy, T. Hanley, A. Jones, and James Galtley; also from Madlutes M.P., Hon. Ber. McNally, Ter. Moore, J. Smythe, P. O'Neill, J. Rogers, J. Slattery, and Miss S. Maguire.

better mental gymnasium than a training in this branch; it makes a boy ready, quick to seize a question, to calculate, and to reply. In our modern days—of degenerate elementary instruction—too little attention is paid to the old style drilling; as a consequence we have fewer solidly instructed men in the different walks of life than were in the days of our fathers. The Irish hedge school gave a more useful training in these elements than ever did the most renowned seminary. The boy that comes out from Brother Arnold's school will be able to take his place at once in the great commercial arena, where the majority of men fight the battle of life. Brother Arnold is a Tipperary man, he learned his rudiments under the shadow of Slieve-na-muck, and many a bright lad, who with him rambled up the glen of Achieve to the humble school, or studied the three "R's," by the banks of the Tipperary river, has made his mark in the world. It is a lucky thing for the Montreal boy who has a chance of receiving, here by the St. Lawrence, at the foot of Mount Royal, some of that education picked up by the Suir, at the foot of the Galtees.

ward of the sacrifice they had to make in order to afford them a good education. He was proud to be the representative of a district that could turn out such bright boys, who, as Father Catulle had said, were not only nulli secundus but facile princeps, boys who would be good and creditable citizens of Canada were an honor to the land of their forefathers.

Mr. J. K. Foran said that, as editor of the Irish Catholic organ of Montreal, he was voicing the sentiments of all the members of that church and that nationality in congratulating Brother Arnold upon the success of his school. He also felt that not one voice would be raised in dissent when he thus expressed their gratitude to the good brothers and to the Redeemptorist Fathers for all they had done and are doing for the youth of that vast parish. The school and church flourish side by side; the school is sheltered by the church, and the church draws strength and new life from the school. After speaking of the instruction of the mind, and the education of the heart, as both are united here, the speaker closed with thanks to the venerable director for the honor conferred upon him in the invitation to be present and to speak to the pupils of that grand school.

This ended a most successful and attractive entertainment. May Brother Arnold long live, in health and vigor, to guide the destinies of the youth of St. Ann's parish!

ST. PATRICK'S ACADEMY. A Presentation of Prizes Monday Morning. The closing exercises and distribution of prizes of St. Patrick's young ladies' academy and girls' school, 79 St. Alexander street, took place Monday morning. The academy, under the direction of Rev. Father Catulle, C.S.S.R., is one of the best educational establishments in the city, and is highly respected by the clergy, and by the noble families in the city. As a consequence these annual closings are events looked forward to by both pupils and parents as of more than ordinary interest.

Let us here remark that there is no



HOUSE AND HOUSEHOLD.

THE WINDING STREAMLET.

By Joseph T. Copithorne.

Hedged in by sombre hills and bleak In murmurs soft, creeps Isid's Creek. Along the bases of the hills, Fed by a thousand sparkling rills.

That down the rugged mountain side, From secret springs—a ceaseless tide— They fall into the Creek's embrace— The garrulous babblers of the place!

O'er rocky ledges smooth as glass, In flukes of foam the waters pass. Soon through the vale by zephyrs fanned, Tortuously they flow o'er silvery sand.

Through banks with lowly grasses crowned, Then roll with gentle-edged sound. That softly falls on anguished hearts— Deep pierced by sorrow's pangs and aches— As from saintly lips fall comfort rare, On souls reclaimed from dark despair.

They tumble along, till in the bay Their monotone mutates to a lay. Sweet Creek! O'er by the water's name, In hushed tones of evening dream.

While Tarmed sleep and Silence reign, Carressingly on mount and dale— I lingered long, well pleased to feel Thy kindly influence o'er me steal.

Like transitory gleams of mirth, O'er hearts with grief crushed down to earth, Farewell, fair stream! I'm going to my home, My bosom friend of one bright year.

Hills, sombre, bleak that I've recalled, Ye scenes of joy, farewell, fare you well!

Domestic Reading. To do an evil action is base; to do a good action without incurring danger is common enough; but it is the part of a good man to do great and noble deeds, though he risks everything.

That the universe was formed by a fortuitous concurrence of atoms, I will not believe; that the accident of a jumbling of the alphabet would fall into a most ingenious treatise of philosophy.—From South.

in town all summer, yet who, nothing daunted, has devised a means of keeping cool despite the heat and which her very strong imagination will materially aid in the scheme.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Roman Catholic Priests Have Sometimes Offended at the Opening Ceremonies. New York Herald. Since the celebration of the Catholic services for the dead over the late Senator John S. Bayne in the senate chamber has been frequently asked.

He Was Touched. Father said the boys were taken into the choir. I read on a delicate missal.

Women and Music. The autobiographical statement of the late Theodore Thomas, intended to appear in the delectable columns of the Boston Herald, is a most interesting and valuable contribution to the history of music.

Father Mollinger is Dead. Rev. Father Mollinger, of Troy Hill, Allegheny, Pa., died on Wednesday afternoon.

Trade-smen Who Became Famous. George Fox, the eminent shoemaker, was a good shoemaker, but in addition he wrote a journal that Spurgeon, the great preacher, has declared to be as precious as gold mine.

Three Things to Remember. Hood's Sarsaparilla has the most successful record of any medicine for curing skin diseases.

FACTS ABOUT DYSPEPSIA. Wrong action of the stomach and liver causes indigestion, dyspepsia, flatulency, gas, headache, and other ailments.

PERSONAL—LEGITIMATE DETECTIVE WORK. I work in connection with burglars, forgers, and other criminals.

NO OTHER Sarsaparilla has the merit to secure the confidence of entire communities and hold it year after year, like HOOD'S Sarsaparilla.



The stamp of approval has been set upon Parline by millions. If it needed any improvement, it wouldn't have been approved.

YOUTH'S DEPARTMENT.

Can You? Can you put that spirit of work into your study? Can you put that spirit of cheer into your home?

He Was Touched. Father said the boys were taken into the choir. I read on a delicate missal.

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and in the course of the evening, assuming to be of the night, he sought an interview with his father. The medium being willing, the father appeared. This conversation followed—

RELIGIOUS NEWS ITEMS.

Rev. D. Parsons, whose recently published work, 'Some Lessons and Hints of Holy Living,' is being widely distributed, has been elected to the position of pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church in New York.

Among those who have received the Valerianum, the Bishop of Montreal, the Bishop of Quebec, the Bishop of Ottawa, and the Bishop of Toronto.

On the subject of the proposed union of the two churches, the Rev. Dr. Parsons has written a most interesting and valuable treatise.

The Rev. Dr. Parsons has also written a most interesting and valuable treatise on the subject of the 'Some Lessons and Hints of Holy Living.'

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THIRTY YEARS. Johnston, N. B., March 21, 1889. "I was troubled for thirty years with pains in my side, which increased and became very bad. I used ST. JACOBS OIL and it completely cured. I give it all praise." MRS. WM. RYDER. "ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT!"

TEACHERS WANTED.

Wanted for the school municipality of Ontario, three or four teachers for the following positions: English, French, and Music.

WANTED.

First-class female school teacher, thoroughly competent to teach French and English, for the Roman Catholic school at Howick Village.

SHRINE OF OUR LADY OF DALE.

For Reparation, Thanksgiving, Intercession.

BUILDING FUND.

Two hundred dollars. Every dollar of collection for the building fund of the Shrine of Our Lady of Dale.

FOUNDER'S MASS.

Rev. PHILIP JAMES MCCARTHY, S. J., of the Holy Trinity, Eng and

DELICATE MURRAY & LAMBERT'S IMPERIAL BLEND.

Advertisement for Murray & Lambert's Imperial Blend Scotch Whisky, featuring a logo and text describing the product's quality and origin.

T. CHRISTY,

Manufacturer of Steam, Gas, and Oil Engines. All kinds of gas fixtures and fancy shades.

IF YOU HAVE AN IDEA OF GETTING A Home in the States

WRITE TO THE International Land Company, Minneapolis, Minn.

MENEELY & COMPANY, WEST TROY, N. Y., BELLS

Manufacturers of Church Bells and Peals. The largest establishment manufacturing church bells and peals.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF

Montreal Superior Court, District of Montreal. In the case of Harris V. Harris.

INFORMATION WANTED

Of and correspondence solicited with desirable persons, having some means, wishing to find homes in Texas, urban or rural.

Furniture!

We have on hand a fine of Bed-room and Living-room Furniture which we offer at a price lower than any other furniture house in Montreal.

DR. FULTON Cures patients of all kinds of Diseases by letter or in person.

DR. FULTON Cures patients of all kinds of Diseases by letter or in person. Residence, 211 St. Catherine Street.

BRODIE & HARVE'S Self-Raising Flour

AS THE BEST and THE ONLY GENUINE Self-Raising Flour in the world. T. A. SLOUGH, M. C., 188 Adelaide St. West, Toronto, Ont.

Dr. NIEL'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY FOR Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Croup, &c.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

This Great Household Medicine ranks amongst the leading necessities of life. Sold by all Druggists at 60c. a box.

Holloway's Ointment.

Its searching and healing properties are known throughout the world for the cure of Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Sores, and Ulcers.

Gout, Rheumatism

and every kind of SKIN DISEASE, it has never been known to fail. The Pills and Ointment are manufactured only at 253 OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

QUEEN OF THE WORLD.

BY THE REV. A. B. O'NEILL, C. S. C.

Shepherd over woodland and dell are dancing,
Star-eyed blossoms from meadows are glancing...

JOHN KEEGAN CASEY

ANOTHER OF IRELAND'S POETS.

A sketch of His Quiet Life: His Struggles, and His Many Beautiful Poems.

"I see it is for poets' graves you are looking," said my timid guide, as soon as I had warned him to take more interest in Mangan's grave.

"We speak such graves," made answer my usually taciturn friend as he and the grave-digger made motion in the direction of a few struggling shrubs...

"I learned his songs when I was very young," said the boy in my part of the country used to sing them. Those were the days that we did live in the glens, in the sunny nooks, and coming home...

"What was his name?" What songs has he written? my friend asked, as if weary of the rambling information of the grave-digger. "His name was Casey, or Leo, his songs, I can only guess of them, but you can get the whole book down in Gill's. We did not trouble our guide, as it was evidently useless."

The grave was that of a young man, born amid the ranks of the peasantry, a son of the soil, singing of his people, often wild and visionary if judged by that critical taste of our day that holds a poem to be a sort of canon, every line gilded and polished, until the keenest observer is unable to detect a flaw.

Leo, as the thousand of young admirers, who sang his songs, and rated him a great genius, used to call him, came into the world in an Irish town that has figured often in the ballads of street singers, Mullingar, August 22, 1846.

His poor and honest parents knew nothing of the Latin tongue, so they had him baptized John Keegan Casey, leaving it to time to change this homely name into the more lordly one of Leo. The boy grew up amid scenes that might well inspire to sing a less gifted youth.

The emancipation was dead in far-off Italy, his dreams dead with him. The Young Irelanders, that band of accomplished knight-errants had sailed forth to guard the fair maiden Erin, but unsupported by their countrymen and betrayed by cunning knives that promised friendship and exile, they had come to grief and ruin. Their cause was trampled, while they were sent to far foreign fields, not to play bon-ton and see the world, but to learn that precious lesson that their country is a dependency of England.

OUR HALIFAX LETTER.

(Special Correspondence of THE TRUE WITNESS).

HALIFAX, June 21. An association to be known as the Catholic Union of Halifax has just been organized here. The president is Hon. Judge Meagher; vice-president, Hon. Dr. Farrell and E. G. Kenney; and secretary, W. W. Welsh.

Its objects are the same as those of the Catholic Unions in several of the leading United States cities, namely to promote the social, intellectual, and moral interests of its members and the welfare of Catholics generally. Members must be good, practical Catholics to be eligible.

There will be re-unions at which lectures and essays on appropriate subjects will be read, and discussions take place. When we consider that there are over fifteen thousand Catholics in this city, it will be a matter of surprise that an institution like the Union was not sooner started.

John Bull proposed that he should learn the opposite lesson, so he put the frail sickly bard in dancing attire, prohibited him from penning his heart-longings, gave him oaks to pick and birch-logs to carry, and sent him to the workhouse.

On March 10th, 1870, so writes a friend, all that was mortal of Leo, was carried to Glasnevin, followed by 50,000 of his countrymen, and there laid to rest. Peace to his ashes, his soul still lives.

DEAFNESS ABSOLUTELY CURED. A Gentleman who cured himself of Deafness and Noses in the Head of 11 years standing by a new method, will be pleased to send full particulars free. Address HERBERT CLIFTON, 8 Shepherd's Place, Kennington Park, London, S.E., England.

NIAGARA UNIVERSITY. The Thirty-Fifth Annual Commencement. The 35th annual commencement of the Niagara University (Department of Arts) was held at the college and Seminary of Our Lady of Angels, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Tuesday, 21st June, and was attended by a vast concourse of visitors.

A TERRIBLE CASE OF STIFFNESS. The dreadful suffering of a man with Chloric Morbus was painfully illustrated in New York a few days ago, when an individual from the rural districts who had been filling himself with all sorts of good but indigestible things was struck down on Broadway and was carried into a hotel, where two doctors worked him for an hour before he was out of danger.

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IN A RUSH. Stop! Stop the hard work of wash day—to stop the rub, rub, rub and tug, tug, tug, to make the clothes clean? Of course you are. Then send for "SURPRISE SOAP" and use the "SURPRISE WAY" without boiling or scalding the clothes, and save half the hard work.

All the Nutritious Constituents of Prime Beer are preserved in JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEER. In invaluable food for all who need strong nourishment in an easily-digested form.

CASTLE & SON MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS. CHURCH FURNITURE MEMORIAL BRASSES FONTS LECTERNS. THE ST. JAMES Hat Store. SILK and FELT HATS. Our Spring stock is now complete. PRICES: LOW. An inspection invited. ROBERTSON & CO., -220- ST. JAMES STREET.

PISO'S CURE FOR THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE. GOLD BY DEPOSITORS EVERYWHERE CONSUMPTION. Miss B.—"Do you play Handel?" Mr. C.—"Do you take me for an organ grinder?" Dr. T. A. Stocum's OXYGENATED EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL. It is your best friend.

Ladies' KID Walking Shoes. Hand Sewed, Thick Soles, \$2.50. The best value in town. B. D. JOHNSON & SON, 1855 Notre Dame Street. DOHERTY & SICOTTE, [Formerly DOHERTY & DOHERTY.] Advocates and Barristers, 180 ST. JAMES STREET, City and District Bank Building.

P. N. Y. PIANO Co. This Company still leads in the American PIANOS and ORGANS. They are now receiving their full supply of the beautiful Weber, Decker, Vose and Hale PIANOS. Fine specimens of which can be seen in the stores, No. 228 ST. JAMES STREET. It is a fact not generally known to our readers that this Company sells beautiful new Upright Pianos at \$225. They have also a large number of Second-hand Pianos at from \$60 upwards. Our readers should call and examine the stock and prices at N. Y. PIANO CO'S stores.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS TO Canadian Northwest Points. From all stations in Ontario and Quebec, Sudbury and East RETURN TICKETS will be sold on June 14, Good to return until July 24; June 21, " " July 31; June 28, " " Aug. 7; July 18, 10, " " Aug. 28. The following points at rates named: DELORAIN, NESBITT, ONTARIO, WILSON, MOOSOMIN, REGINA, MOOSE JAW, YORKTON, PRINCE ALBERT, CALGARY, EDMONTON. \$28.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00.

Montreal Roofing Company, GENERAL ROOFERS and CONTRACTORS. ROOFING In Metal, Slate, Cement, Gravel. ROOFS REPAIRED. Before giving your orders get prices from us. OFFICE and WORKS, corner Latour Street and Busby Lane. Telephones—Bell, 180; Federal 1802. Post Office Box 909. W. H. D. YOUNG, L.D.S., D.D.S., Surgeon-Dentist, 1694 Notre Dame Street.

ROYAL STEAM DYE WORKS. Offices: 710 Craig Street and 1878 St. Catherine. JOHN L. JENSEN, Proprietor. Ladies' Dresses, Gents' Suits, Cloth and other fabrics Dyed or Cleaned without being taken apart. Gents' Suits Cleaned and Steam Pressed on short notice. Damask and Rep. Curtains, Table and Piano Covers, etc., Dyed or Cleaned and Beautifully Pressed. Ladies' Silks, Woolens, etc., Dyed in first-class style. Special rates to the trade. Bell Telephone: Head office, 782; Branch office, 787; Works 782.

Piano AND ORGAN. Purchasers are invited to the Warerooms of WILLIS & CO. 1824 Notre Dame St. (Near McGill St.) MONTREAL. To examine their Great Stock of Pianos and Organs, KNABE, BELL, WILLIAMS PIANOS -AND- BELL ORGANS. Old Pianos and Organs taken as part Payment and full value allowed. MONTREAL City and District Savings Bank. Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Seven Dollars per share on the capital stock of this institution has been declared, and the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Saturday, the 2nd July, 1892. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th June next, both days inclusive. By order of the Board. H. BARBEAU, Manager. Montreal, 30th May, 1892.

PERMANENT POSITIONS. With good pay, now open for a few industrious reliable Catholics willing to travel short distances. Apply with references to BENZIGER BROS., 36 and 38 Barclay St., New York City. COVERNTON'S NIPPLE: OIL. Superior to all other preparations for cracked or sore nipples. To obtain the supplies commence using three months before commencement. Price 25 cents. COVERNTON'S Syrup of Wild Cherry. For relief of a cure of Coughs, Colic, Asthma, Bronchitis, Indigestion, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Price 25 cents. COVERNTON'S Pile Ointment. Will be found superior to all others for all kinds of Piles. Price 25 cents. Prepared by C. J. COVERNTON & CO., 121 Bleury street, corner of Dorchester street.

THE GREAT Worm Remedy. DAWSON'S CHOCOLATE CREAMS. For Sale by all Druggists 25c. a box. ST. BONAVENTURE'S COLLEGE, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND. Under the care of the Irish Christian Brothers. This College affords, at moderate expense, excellent advantages to students. The healthiness of its situation, the equipment of the schools, and the general furnishing of the establishment, leave nothing to be desired for the comfort and improvement of the pupils. THREE COURSES: Preparatory, Commercial and Matriculation (London University). Terms: Day Pupils, \$12, \$15, etc., per annum, according to class. Boarders—\$10 per annum. Prospectuses and further particulars on application to J. L. SLATTERY.

COLLEGE NOTRE DAME, COTE DES NEIGES, Montreal, Canada. This Institution, directed by the Religions of the Holy Cross, occupies one of the most beautiful and salubrious sites in Canada. It was founded for giving a Christian education to boys between the ages of five and twelve years. They receive here all the care and attention to which they are entitled in their respective families, and prepare for the classical or commercial course. The French and English languages are taught with equal care by masters of both origins. Boys are received for vacation. L. GEOFFRION, C.S.C., President.

HARDWARE. HOUSE FURNISHING and BUILDING Hardware, Paints, Oils, Putty, etc. L. A. SHERKOFF, 6 St. Lawrence St. GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA. BREAKFAST. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our Breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many a heavy doctor's bill. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal attack by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure food and a properly nourished frame." "Chief Service Cocoa." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, 15, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.



THE TRUE WITNESS AND CATHOLIC CHRONICLE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED AT No. 761, Craig Street, Montreal, Canada. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00

TO ADVERTISERS. A limited number of advertisements of approved character will be inserted in "THE TRUE WITNESS" at 50¢ per line, first insertion, and 25¢ per line for subsequent insertions.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS. We would draw the attention of our subscribers to the labels attached to their paper, which indicates the time their subscription is paid to, and request those in arrears to remit without further notice.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 1892

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

We would draw the attention of our subscribers to the labels attached to their paper, which indicates the time their subscription is paid to, and request those in arrears to remit without further notice.

DULY APPRECIATED.

We fully appreciate the generous comments of the French press, of Montreal, upon our simple, but sincere, tribute to their grand national institutions, their splendid code of laws, and their beautiful language.

VACATION TIME.

This is the commencement of that glorious season called vacation. The class-rooms and study-halls will be deserted for two long months. Nothing now to mar the happiness and long-looked-for pleasures of the college boy, or convent girl, expect that each day only hastens the approach of September, when the grand holidays will be a thing of the past—a mere vision, a dream of contentment.

Well that day finally came, as it must sooner or later come to every pupil. They need not hurry nor worry; they may rest assured that the end of their school days will yet come and that the battle of life will have to be fought by them as well as it has been by all mankind.

and where sloth is punished, where virtue is recompensed and vice receives its chastisement; a world the very picture, in miniature, of the greater one beyond, wherein man must

"Labor ever and ever with hope Through the morning of life, Whining and moaning his shrill divinities, Who never slipped children and wife; Where he's the true ruler and conqueror, He the true lord of his race, Who never his neighbor's combat, And looks a strong world in the face."

That second and more important school is not without its vacation. The term commences after the spring, and just before the summer of life, and it goes on, without one hour's rest or pause for ten, twenty, thirty, forty, fifty or more years, as the case may be, yet not one moment's repose. Ever is the master Time crying in your ear "Forward! no pause! just ahead!" and on you move.

AN ORANGE PLAN.

We are going to present our readers with the substance of a letter recently published in the Belfast Telegraph. It is a bright sample of Ulster Orange literature. Remember that these are the loyal men, the defenders of the British constitution, the respecters of their country's laws, the lovers of liberty, religious toleration and freedom of conscience.

IRISH NONCONFORMISTS.

Irish Non-conformists, according to the English press, have issued an address to their brethren in England, Scotland and Wales, in which they ask their coreligionists to join them in an attack upon the Catholic priests and the people of Ireland. They begin by stating that the "whole body" of the Protestants in Ireland desire to be governed by the British Parliament.

DOWN WITH THE POPE.

A London despatch states that the following special to the Globe was received on the 22d June: "When the results of yesterday's elections for municipal authorities became generally known, the London press was filled with articles of praise for the Liberal party, who were one of the successful candidates, and who were one of the grandly successful candidates for the London Municipal Council, and the cheer for the Liberal candidates would be heard in every street."

CELEBRATED CHARTS.

It has been remarked by the general press of the world, Protestant as well as Catholic, that Leo XIII. is presently only a man of this age. Despite his years and his great labors, he has an eye upon every move in the realm of politics, international actions, social movements, religious agitations. Nothing is too vast, nor anything too minute for his great mind to seize. His intellect seems to be a double instrument, telescope and microscope combined. The bodies rolling in their orbits at the greatest of distances, away beyond the range of the ordinary eye, he can investigate with one mental tube, and the smallest details of administration he can grasp with the other.

infernal army was ever defeated. Let Crispi's infidel supporters cry "Down with the Pope," as long as they choose; the devil did not succeed in nineteen centuries in carrying that cry into execution; Senior Crispi cannot pretend to do it in a brief lifetime! Let him read history and beware!

IMPIETY RAMPANT.

The London Universe tells a strange story of a most scandalous exhibition of impiety that occurred the other day in Brussels. It consisted of a mockery of the First Communion by the children of the Socialists. Blasphemy is punishable by law in nearly every civilized land; and certainly sacrilege has ever and always been a crime under the codes of Christian countries; still Belgium is not only civilized and Christian, but is even a Catholic country, and still, strange to say, such scenes are permitted, such burlesques of the most sacred and holy acts known to our faith.

DOMINION DAY.

A quarter of a century ago, next Friday, Canada entered the rank of nations; her provinces were bound together in the sacred union of Confederation. On the 1st of July, 1867, Queen Victoria, with the map of Canada before her eyes, placed the sign manual of Royalty upon the little village of Bytown and made it the capital of this vast Dominion.

MISSIONARY NUNS.

We saw by the English press, that several Sisters of Charity from Quatrechamps, Grand-Gravel, had left the hospital of Bonin, in Congo, with the missionaries from Fungling last week. It may appear to the general public to be a mere matter of separation from home and a slight sacrifice of familiar faces, places and circumstances on the part of these nuns. It is needless for us to speak of the extraordinary heroism exhibited in every age and in every land by Catholic Nuns. Protestants, themselves are ever ready to bear testimony to the virtues of these daughters of charity. But we take occasion of this announcement to draw the attention of our readers to a most pleasing subject: we refer to the brutal and unchristian attacks made upon Catholic Missionary Nuns in India. Also do we wish to give credit to the high-minded and truly generous amongst the Protestants of that vast empire, who raised their voices against such vile and worse than despicable bigotry.

ST. PETER AND ST. PAUL.

The feast of Saint Peter and Saint Paul is one of the principal festivals of the Catholic Church. Most proper is it to join together the names of the great apostles who were the first workers and the most effective laborers in the vineyard of Christ's Church. The one was the chosen head of the Apostles; the person to whom the Church was built; the person to receive the keys of the Kingdom of Heaven; the appointed Vicar on earth and the Successor of Christ. The other was the Apostle of the Gentiles; the writer of the epistles that are embodied in the New Testament; the preacher at Athens; the converter of the pagans; the mighty captain in the ranks of the church militant. The one was crucified with his hands downwards; the other was beheaded as a Roman citizen. Both were martyrs of the extraordinary of Jesus Christ; both martyrs for the faith; and both men in eternal glory, the powerful intercessors in Heaven for the members of the Church on earth. It is a grand day, a grand feast, and should be commemorated in every manner worthy of the two great apostles of the Catholic Church.

MR. BLAKE'S ACCEPTANCE.

We notice that several leading Irish Americans had expressed themselves adverse to Mr. Blake's acceptance of an Irish seat in the British Parliament, or rather to the offer being made to him by the Irish party. The only reason they have, or that they can put forward, is that they do not like the idea of a Canadian being so honored. Well, in proportion to numbers, Canada did more for the Irish cause than the United States did. Not to speak of the Canadian subscriptions, the Canadian resolutions, the Canadian agitations, we can point to the Statute voted by the Canadian Government for the Irish people. Can our American friends point to anything of that nature from their legislative bodies, wherever local or federal? However, we are glad to find that the Boston Pilot looks at the question from a broader and fairer point of view. It thus refers to the question: "There is no doubt that a representative of Canada of Mr. Blake's high character and political experience would prove a most valuable aid in the cause of Home Rule at present. As a Canadian he knows the blessings of self-government enjoyed by his country, and he can tell Englishmen what its effect has been to make his country more loyal than ever to the Home Government. Whether that has been a good or a bad thing for Canada is another matter; if it is a good thing, it is another matter."

from primeval nothingness into the Aurora of a glorious day of national life. Born upon the day that Cartier's prow first ploughed the breast of St. Lawrence, she was baptized in her union upon the heights of Abraham, where French and English settled forever all differences and stacked arms over their dead heroes, and there vowed to be brothers, living under the safe-guards of a British constitution and with the guarantee of the permanency of French institutions. It was, however, upon the 1st July, 1867, twenty-five years ago, that Canada was confirmed in her nationality. Since then what progress, what wonderful enterprises, what marvellous achievements, what endless discoveries! A mighty transcontinental railway is only one of a thousand evidences that Canada has advanced more in her first quarter of a century of existence, than did any other nation of the world in ten times that number of years. And who will say, in looking at the history of the world as it is written today, that the time may not come when Canada will occupy the lead in the vanguard of the nations? Who will tell "when the European Columba shall have mouldered and the night of barbarism shall have obscured its ruins," that the star of herphosphory may not arise in the sky of Canada's literature and the glory of her heroes be rekindled at the shrines of Canadian patriotism? Our fair Dominion is today a land vast in its proportions, endless in its resources, boundless in its liberties. The whistle of a steam engine, heard the other night on the Atlantic seaboard, does not cease to cry out until a few nights afterwards, it scatters the eagles from their nests in the Rockies. There is no doubt but that Canada is commencing the second quarter of her first century of national existence under most favorable circumstances. Let her sons but unite; let our ideas be as large as our individual souls, our minds as broad as our matchless prairies, our aspirations as lofty as the snow-capt peaks of Sir Donald and Mount Stephen, our union of races and creeds like our giant rivers flowing into the one ocean! Thus will Canada become.

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LOCAL, CHURCH AND SOCIETY NEWS.

FETE DIEU.

Celebration in the Grey Nunsery.

The rain that fell in torrents on last Sunday, "Fete Dieu," prevented the annual demonstration, that all of our Roman Catholic citizens, (who acknowledge the "Real Presence" in the Holy Sacrament of the Altar), were desirous to give. It was a disappointment to all, who had hoped to see the elements, controlled in this manner, and the disappointment was...

It was something pleasant to be remembered, all present acknowledged the arrangement and decorations to be perfect. The grand of honor composed of young boys, (children of the establishment), dressed in a charming uniform of blue and gold, marched into the Chapel with a firm, ringing, military step and good bearing, that spoke volumes for the person who had trained them, and at the same time showed how deeply they felt the honour assigned to them, that of "Guard" to their "Lord and King."

The children of Mary, composed of young girls, bearing their white silk banners, ranging from fourteen years down to the little tots, followed next, these two companies having the honour of being nearest to the "Blessed Sacrament." The Sisters bearing lighted tapers came next in order, while the beautiful and usual to the "Fete Dieu," was sung by different choirs on the line of music by different choirs on the line of music. Through the long corridors of the nunsery, beautifully decorated, the procession passed, and through the open doors of all the apartments, opening on these corridors, could be seen illuminations and flower decorations, that would stamp many of the receptions got up by organizations, to honour Royalty's representative.

At two different points were stationed "Living statuary," to represent angels, dressed in long flowing white garments. Some had flower baskets, filled with fragrant blossoms, to strew before the "Host," others had censers, to incense the altar.

One fair floweret of the Convent offered a tribute to her Lord, as He passed by the apartment through whose open door could be seen the still form of a young nun; Sister Boudreau who had died on the Saturday previous, only fourteen months since her profession, when her young life went out like a flower.

In one of the large halls were placed ignoble chains on rollers, in which reclined the helpless and infirm, to greet their Lord. It did not require a great stretch of fancy, to imagine they were saying, in all the words of a popular hymn, "Jesus Nazareth passeth by."

It was a most impressive and solemn ceremony, and will not easily pass from the memory of those who were present.

C. Y. M. S. Closing of the Season.

Last Wednesday evening the Catholic Young Men's Society met for the last time this season, as the hall will be reserved for the summer months. Mr. J. Ryan, president, occupied the chair, and made the formal announcement to the society that from that evening until the 1st of September the hall will be used as recreation rooms, including the billiard and pool rooms, also the gymnasium and everything connected with the association, and all business before the society for consideration should be submitted at that time. The secretary, Mr. W. F. O'Connell, reported on the progress of the society during the past year, and proposed that the next year the society should have in the history of the world, a play, to be followed by an excursion to Lake St. Peter, this excursion has not been finally decided.

AN INTERESTING CEREMONY.

The Abbot of the Trappist Monastery at Oka, Blessed at Notre Dame.

Nothing there was an interesting ceremony, no Re-Dame at night of looking when the Rev. Fr. Antoine, Abbot of the Trappist Monastery at Oka took place. The ceremony was performed in Canada. Mr. Fabre conferred the blessing on the new abbot. He is comparatively a young man, having been born in the Province of Quebec, at Montserrat Seminary and obtained his degree in Philosophy at the University of Montreal, in 1877, after graduating in the Faculty of Theology at the same University. He was elected superior of the monastery at Oka, in 1881, and shortly after was elected superior. When the establishment was erected as an Abbey, he was elected abbot on March 26 last. His election was confirmed by the Pope, the Very Rev. Father O'Connell, A. B. Ryan, President of the Catholic Young Men's Society, and a number of other invited guests.

GRAND CONCERT.

A Musical and Literary Entertainment by the Young Ladies' of St. Mary's Parish.

On Thursday evening the St. Mary's hall was beautifully decorated and well filled with an audience of ladies, gentlemen and children, assembled to hear a most enjoyable program. The music was performed by the Young Ladies' of St. Mary's Parish, and the recitations were read by the same. The program was most interesting, and the concert was a grand success. The Young Ladies' of St. Mary's Parish, under the direction of their worthy Superior, Miss A. L. Ryan, presented a most excellent performance. The program included a variety of musical pieces, recitations, and songs, all of which were well received by the audience. The concert was held in the St. Mary's hall, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion. The program was most interesting, and the concert was a grand success.

sweet and exact tones calling forth loud approval, and the beautiful, was received with ever mark of approval. Mrs. Morley, whose grand voice is well known in Montreal, gave several beautiful songs and was loudly cheered. Miss C. Minto sang the "Chimes of Normandy," and Mrs. Kennedy and Prevost, in their duet, "Bittersweet," brought out a display of most promising voices. The program closed with another piece from "Chimes of Normandy" by the young ladies.

After the performance ice-cream refreshments were handed round by the young ladies. A principal feature of the evening's entertainment was the address delivered by Mr. Ryan, who spoke of the "Chimes of Normandy." The speaker chose as his subject, "Curses and Blessings in the Celtic Tongue." After complimenting most highly the good pastor of the nunsery, and the young ladies, who had given praise to the young ladies for the manner in which the whole entertainment was carried out, upon the subject of the Celtic Tongue, he pointed out the many instances in which the Celtic Tongue is used in our literature and in our daily life. He then read several passages from the Celtic Tongue, and explained their meaning. The address was most interesting, and was well received by the audience.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.

Three Days of Amusement—Grand Gathering of School Children.

The Rev. Father McCallan, S. S., has organized the Strawberry Festival, a grand gathering of school children, to be held on the 29th, 30th and 31st July next. The grounds in front of St. Patrick's Church, a grand and attractive programme is being prepared. A splendid success is anticipated, and the noble and energetic of St. Patrick's Church are to be looked for as good results. If any man deserves credit in this city, for his energy in all he undertakes, for the good of his fellow men, it is the Rev. Father McCallan. The distributed programmes will give the price for all the refreshments, the flowers, the toys and all other objects of purchase. Adults will be admitted for 15 cents each, and children for 10 cents each. The gentlemen are invited to bring their ladies. The grounds will be open from 3 to 5:30 p. m., and from 7:30 to 10 p. m. The children will not be admitted at all, unless accompanied by their parents. The splendid association of the Ladies of Charity was established by the late lamented Father David, S. S. Its object is to succor the poor and the aged, and to do every other charitable work. The bazaars, oyster suppers and strawberry festivals given by the association have been the means of helping many a deserving poor person, and doing good blessings, both spiritual and temporal, on the parish. To day the bane of youth, the curse of our age and the great danger for souls are bad habits, and the only way to get rid of them is like blood rushing through the arteries of society. It is for the commendable purpose of eradicating a bad habit, Free Library that all the members of the Ladies of Charity are organizing this three-day festival. It is needless to appeal to the parishioners of St. Patrick's Church, as they will join heart and hand in this undertaking, a glorious success.

SUNDAY'S CELEBRATION.

The Feast of St. John the Baptist in the East End.

The members of the St. Jean Baptiste society turned out in large numbers on Sunday to celebrate the feast of their patron saint by a grand mass at St. Ignace's Church. The procession formed on Malsonneuve street, at 8 o'clock, there being in line besides the St. Ignace's section, delegates from Notre Dame, St. Joseph, St. Charles, St. Mary's Young Men's Society, Butchers' Association, de Salaberry and Ville Marie Guards, the general officers of St. Jean Baptiste Society in Montreal, the residents and Aldermen, Messrs. Rolland, Robert, Lamarie, Martineau, M. L. A., and Jeanotte, M. P. Besides the drum and large corps of the 65th Infantry, the route taken was as follows: Malsonneuve, Dorchester, Visitation, Craig, Voltaire, Lagache, Pape, Pape, Catherine, Champlain, Logan, Alphonse, Wolfe, and St. Ignace, St. Ignace, St. Ignace and Malsonneuve to the church. Along the route flags were flying and bunting displayed abundantly. Mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father Lefebvre, provincial of the Order, assisted by Fathers Reid and Dugas as deacon and sub-deacon. The sermon was delivered by the Rev. Father, Bateman, S. S. The choir sang "Benedictus," the soloists being Messrs. Charrier, Lussier, Berard and Courte. The St. Charles section of the society walked through the principal streets and then returned to High Mass. An elegant service was held at the Hotel St. Ignace, after Mass specialties were delivered by Messrs. Lussier, Lamoignon and Drouin. At 5:30, James church the members of that section attended High Mass in a body.

Catholic Association of Canada.

Last Friday evening the above Association held its monthly general meeting. This was held at the Hotel St. Ignace. The meeting was most interesting, and the Association has every reason to congratulate itself upon the work it has done and the progress it has made, since it first entered upon the fulfilment of those duties, which it assumed in the month of September, 1891. Those duties have already been set down in our columns. We may state that the Association has distributed a large amount of literature, and has been instrumental through the grace of God in bringing several persons into the true fold. On Friday, the meeting tendered a vote of thanks to the Rev. Father O'Connell, for his kind and generous reply to Mr. James Green on "The Catholic Church." A vote of thanks was also tendered to the Fathers of the Society of St. Ignace, for their kind and generous reply to the C. A. C. The C. A. C. hopes next year to extend its work, and to regard the distribution of Catholic literature, the aid of converts, who through their change in religion, and themselves without friends and in straitened circumstances, and the help of the members of its noble work. We sincerely hope that the C. A. C. may meet with that success which it justly deserves.

Pastoral Visitation.

On Sunday last His Grace the Archbishop paid his pastoral visit to St. Joseph at La Crosse, and on Monday, the 27th, he proceeded to Oka, where stands the famous Trappist monastery.

At Notre Dame.

On Sunday last, the members of the Confraternity of the Holy Face celebrated, in Notre Dame Church, their principal feast. At a quarter past seven, in the morning, there was Mass and a sermon in the presence of the Very Rev. Father O'Connell, reparation to the Saviour and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament closed the imposing ceremonies.

From "La Semaine Religieuse."

Rev. Father Dom Gallipani, who was named Superior of the Trappist house at St. Norbert, Manitoba, died at Bellefontaine, France, during the month of May last; death was caused by a fall.

All for the Sacred Heart.

A most beautiful and useful prayer book has just been issued from the press of P. J. Kennedy of New York. It is called "All for the Sacred Heart of Jesus" and consists of exercises, prayers, prayers of saints and pious authors. It is translated into English by Mrs. T. F. Meagher and Miss A. G. de Bossieres. It has been recommended by the Archbishop of New York, to the associates of the League of the Sacred Heart; and it bears his imprimatur. The book is small and well printed, in large type upon first-class paper. It contains 200 pages, upon which every imaginable exercise may be found; it includes, communion and confession devotions, mysteries, masses, vesper, benedictions, meditations, and an endless list of pious exercises. No Catholic family should be without one.

the opening of the yearly exposition for the Fabriques, in the hall of the Congregation of Notre Dame, on St. John's day. After the blessing of the ornaments there will be a Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, during which a collection will be taken up for the benefit of the work. The exhibition will be closed on Monday evening, at 5 o'clock. All the friends of the work are invited to attend.

LAYING A CORNER STONE.

An Impressive Ceremony at the New St. Joseph's Church, Ottawa.

A very interesting, albeit a deeply impressive ceremony was performed at the new St. Joseph's church in course of erection at Ottawa, when His Grace Archbishop Duhamel laid the corner memorial stone with imposing and religious fervor.

The Archbishop was received by Rev. Fathers Quinn, Padden, Reardon, McGuckin, McArdle, McRory, Cole and Smith. The ceremony at this stage of the proceedings was that of praise and prayer, and the chanting of the Litany of the Saints, accompanied by the customary ritual appointed for such occasions.

The smaller stone was then blessed and besprinkled with holy water and conveyed to the opposite end, where it was deposited in the cavity of the corner stone, along with a casket containing Ottawa newspapers and other periodicals, current coins, college prospectuses, documents with names of parish priest and other clergy.

Mr. W. E. Doran, of Montreal, architect of the church, presented his grace through a sub-deacon with a magnificent silver trowel bearing the following inscriptions on its respective sides:— Presented to His Grace Archbishop Duhamel, by W. E. Doran, architect. This trowel was used in laying the corner stone of St. Joseph's church, Ottawa, June 26, 1892.

With the trowel His Grace made an indentation in the stone in the form of the cross on each of its four sides. The inscription on the stone is in Latin, the literal translation of which is:— THIS CORNER STONE WAS SOLEMNLY DEDICATED BY HIS GRACE, J. T. DUHAMEL, ARCHBISHOP OF OTTAWA, JUNE 26, 1892.

The ceremony of laying being completed the Archbishop delivered a stirring sermon on the true church, its principles and its work, selecting his text from St. Matthew xxvi, 18, "Thou art Peter and upon this rock I will build my church."

THE BUILDING.

It is evident, even at this early stage, that the church when completed will be an exceedingly handsome structure. It is of hard blue whistone rock with rough surface smoothly jointed. A look at the plan at the front elevation illustrates that the style of architecture is Romanly treated, but not closely followed, as that is not the intention. The church will have a commanding appearance externally, whilst the interior will be beautiful in the extreme. The seating accommodation will be for 1,100 people, but besides the main building proper there will be a number of additions and necessary adjuncts. Before everything is completed it is estimated that the building will cost close upon \$80,000, but a number of outlays will not be expended meantime.

Help For Ireland.

His Grace the Archbishop of Toronto has taken charge of a fund for the aid of the Home Rule party during the coming election. The list is published in the Catholic Weekly Review of Toronto. It stands thus:— J. J. Curran, Q.C. 20; J. J. Bonfield 20; A Toronto priest 10; Father O'Connell 10. (The last sum was handed to the True Witness and transmitted to Archbishop Walsh.)

Minneapolis.

We direct attention to the advertisement in another column of the International Land Company of Minnesota—the flour State—that never yet had a crop failure. The wonderful city of Minneapolis has an unparalleled record for the steady growth and increase of prosperity within the last decade. No other city on the continent can show such rapid growth and progress. The city has an area of 52 square miles, with 1,500 acres of well laid out in tree parks and gardens. The streets are paved with cedar blocks and the sidewalks of the most modern construction. It has over fifty public schools, three high schools and the State University. From its flour mills 37,800 barrels of flour are turned out daily, and last year in the lumber mills of the city were sawn 447,000 feet of lumber. It has now in operation nearly 700 factories, manufacturing over 230 different kinds of articles. Fifteen lines of railways enter it. The International Land Company of Minneapolis are anxious to build up the country surrounding this city, and the offer great inducements and facilities to settlers. Communications addressed to Mr. John Mills, Minneapolis, will meet with a cordial response.

Blame it to Bigory.

When Mr. Gladstone arrived at the hall, in which the meeting was held, he was given an ovation, the audience cheering, yelling, waving hats and handkerchiefs, in every way showing their admiration for their great leader. The cut on Mr. Gladstone's face was plainly visible. In the course of his remarks Mr. Gladstone showed that there was no doubt in his mind that the man who had wounded him had done it with malice. He said that the opponents of the Liberals were fighting them with the weapons of intimidation, the invention of religious bigotry. He added: "For the first time in our history the Prime Minister was a firebrand in the land."

A MCCARTHITE STRONGHOLD INVADIED.

William Redmond and the Lord Mayor of Dublin made an attempt this morning to canvass Blarney street, an anti-Parnellite stronghold. Mr. Redmond and the Lord Mayor were supported by 3,000 Parnellites. The Parnellites broke the windows of many houses as they went along and the residents took shelter in their houses, from the windows of which they pelted the crowd in the streets. In return the Parnellites forced the doors of several houses and beat the occupants. The Parnellites then held a meeting in the streets, addresses being made by Mr. Redmond and the Lord Mayor of Dublin. After the meeting

LUBBY'S PARISIAN HAIR RENEWER. RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL COLOR. STRENGTHENS AND BEAUTIFIES THE HAIR. CURES DANDRUFF AND ITCHING OF THE SCALP. KEEPS THE HAIR MOIST AND THE HEAD COOL. IS NOT A DYE, BUT RESTORES THE HAIR NATURALLY. FOR THE HAIR. IS A DELIGHTFUL DRESSING FOR LADIES' HAIR. RECOMMENDS ITSELF, ONE TRIAL IS CONVINCING. IS THE BEST HAIR PREPARATION IN THE MARKET. IMMEDIATELY ARRESTS THE FALLING OF HAIR. DOES NOT SOIL THE PILLOWSLIPS OR HEAD-DRESS. Sold by all Chemists and Perfumers, 50 cents a Bottle. R. J. Devins, GENERAL AGENT, MONTREAL. PRINCIPAL LABORATORY, Rue Vivienne, ROUEN, France.

THE CAMPAIGN IN ENGLAND.

EXCITING SCENES IN IRELAND.

Mr. Gladstone at Chester—Events in Cork—Limerick and Elsewhere.

Sunday was a day of excitement in Ireland, and on Saturday Hon. Mr. Gladstone opened his campaign in England. The Trans-Atlantic Cable tells us that:— While Mr. Gladstone was driving through Chester on Saturday, to attend a meeting of a Liberal club, some one threw a stone that struck him near the eye. He sustained no serious injury, and announced that he would go on and attend the meeting. As he proceeded the crowd that had gathered cheered him lustily. It is not known whether the stone was thrown purposely at Mr. Gladstone, but it is believed by his supporters that it was the deadly act of some bitter enemy of Home Rule.

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THE BRITISH ELECTIONS.

Lord Salisbury's Address—Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone Insulted.

Lord Salisbury has issued an address to the electors to the kingdom. The document, while reminding them that their votes will decide whether Parliament shall be empowered to grapple with important social questions or wasted upon the protracted Irish struggle, contends that the working classes are so powerful that no party is likely to disregard their unanimous wish. The vital question of Ireland overshadows all others. To Uster the election is of terrible importance. Mistakes in other questions may be repaired, but here the crisis is supreme. A wrong decision will mean a bitter, protracted struggle, culminating probably in civil war, or even doom the British Empire to the most dread subjection to their ancient and unchanging enemies.

A DASTARDLY CARTOON.

The Star says the Tories have issued a cartoon entitled "The Grand Old Man's Last Journey." It depicts Mr. Gladstone, with his eighty-three years, bearing a palm in his left hand and his Home Rule bill in his right, being dragged down to hell by the devil. The cartoon has so shocked the electors, even those who are politically opposed to Mr. Gladstone, that most of the copies have been called in. High prices are offered for the remainder that are still in circulation.

AN INSULT TO THE G. O. M.

The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting upon the assault made upon Mr. Gladstone and his denunciations of the Tory methods of intimidation, says Gladstone's language is harmless when it is compared with the Tory methods of venting their hatred during the "jingo" period. At that time unsavory letters reached Mr. Gladstone and his wife by every post. Sometimes the writers sent post-cards to Mrs. Gladstone on which, expressed in the foulest language, were revolting wishes for her destruction. Some depraved writers of these cards said they hoped that she and her daughters might be subjected in their last extremity to outrage similar to that which Bulgarian women were subjected to.

Blake and Healy.

A Dublin despatch, dated 23d June, says:—"Mr. Blake will stand for South Longford, his colleague in the northern division being Mr. Tim Healy. This arrangement was made at an anti-Parnellite convention yesterday, at which Michael Davitt presided. "In 1886 North Longford elected Mr. Justin McCarthy by acclamation, and in

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February, 1887, the same riding elected Mr. Healy without opposition. In 1885, when the seat was contested, the Home Ruler received 2592 votes, whereas the Conservative candidate scored only 102. "South Longford is represented by James G. Fitzgerald, who was returned unopposed in June, 1888. It has a voting population of 4614, a large preponderance being Home Rulers or Nationalists. When it was last contested it recorded 3046 Home Rulers and 321 Unionists."

About Gold.

Most people believe that there is no known chemical that has any effect upon particles of gold. This is a mistake. Lentic acid will dissolve it as readily as aqua fortis does the baser metals. A mixture of nitric and hydrochloric acids (the aqua regia) will also dissolve it, forming chloride of gold; so will a solution of chloride gas in water "chloride of gold is the only source of importance obtained from the yellow metal. The chloride is used for coloring glass, also in photography. When used by the glass-worker he finds that the hundredth part of a grain will deeply color a cubic inch of glass. By beating out between two pieces of membrane, gold may be flattened into leaves of such thinness that 2-1/2 grains of them may be laid upon a square of paper to make a plate 1 1/2 inch high. Gold beaters have succeeded in spreading a single ounce of gold over a surface of 100 square feet. In making gold threads for embroidery it has been found that 5 ounces of gold can be drawn into 250 miles of wire.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, had placed in his hands by an East India mission-ary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive cure for the Nervous and Debility and all Nervous Complaints. Having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, and desiring to relieve human suffering, he has decided to publish the full particulars of this receipt in German, French, English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail, by addressing, with stamp, to the proprietor, W. C. NOYES, 220 "Cover" Block, Rochester, N. Y. (12-15-90w)

Dressmaker—How would you like your costume made, madam? Mrs. Clowrich—"Spouse you make it with one of those vestibule trains that I've been tell of lately."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. CHANGE OF TIME. Commencing Sunday, June 28th, 1892. Trains will run as follows:

For Toronto, Detroit and Chicago—8:30 a. m., 8 p. m. (Sundays included), 10:15 p. m. For Cornwall—5 p. m. For Ottawa—6:45 a. m., 4:45 p. m. For Lacrosse—5:30, 4:30, 8:45 and 9:15 a. m., 12:45, 2:05 (Saturdays only), 5:05, 6:20 and 7:40 p. m. For St. Anne's—10:15 a. m., 9 p. m. For Vantrouville—1:20 p. m. (except Saturdays and Sundays), 1:55 p. m. (Saturdays only), 6:45 p. m. and 11:20 p. m. For Dorval—2:05 a. m. For Brockville—12:30 p. m. (Mixed). For St. Laurent—7:10 a. m., 12 noon, 5:25 p. m.

EASTBOUND.

For Portland, Quebec and St. Flavie—7:55 a. m. For Quebec—8:45 p. m. For Quebec, St. John and Halifax—11:15 p. m. For Island Pond—3:55 p. m. For St. Hyacinthe—5:20 p. m. Mixed for Quebec and Island Pond—4:45 a. m. For St. Hyacinthe—1:40 p. m. (Saturdays only).

SOUTHBOUND.

For House's Point and D. & H. C. Co.—7:15 a. m., 7:20 (Sundays included), 8:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:30 (Sundays included), and 8:55 p. m. (Sundays included). For Missoua Springs—6:45 a. m., 3:45 p. m. Mixed for House's Point—5 a. m., 12:10, 2:05, 5:05 and 6:45 p. m.

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars will run on the day trains and Pullman Sleeping Cars on the night trains in each direction between Montreal, Portland and Old Orchard Beach. The trains leaving Montreal at 8:45 p. m. and Portland at 8:15 p. m. will make connections for and from the seaside beaches and hotels. Through Pullman Sleeping Car, Montreal to Chicago, on 9:30 morning train, arriving at Chicago next afternoon at 4:30. Through Pullman Sleeping Car on 10:15 night train for Chicago, via Hamilton and London, arriving at Chicago 8:30 next evening. Pullman Sleeping Car on 8 p. m. train for Toronto. Through Pullman Sleeping Car on 11:15 p. m. train for Halifax. Through Parlor Car on 7:55 a. m. train for St. Flavie.

INFANTILE SKIN AND SCALP DISEASES. CURED BY CUTICURA. EVERY HUMAN OF THE SKIN AND SCALP OF infancy and childhood, who suffers from itching, dandruff, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply or blotchy, with loss of hair, and every impurity of the head, whether simple, scrofulous or hereditary, is speedily, permanently and pleasantly cured by the CUTICURA. CUTICURA is a combination of the best of CUTICURA, the great SKIN CARO, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, and CUTICURA OINTMENT, the most perfect and greatest of all Remedies, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Parents, save your children years of mental and physical suffering, and the cost of a doctor's fees. Cures made in childhood are permanent. So. every where. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; Soap, 50c; Ointment, \$1.50. Preparing the FINEST DRESS AND GOWN CORPORACTIONS, BOSTON, MASS. Send for "How to Cure Skin and Blood Diseases." Baby's Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.



AFTER WEARY YEARS.

By Most Rev. CORNELIUS O'BRIEN, D.D., Archbishop of Halifax.

CHAPTER XVII. Continued.

"My son, death is fast coming on you; do not be deceived, but prepare to meet your Judge."

"Away! let no priest come near me; let the devil be my ministering angel. Hal ha!" Here a look of horror came to his face, and he continued: "Would you, you false old cheat, after all my years of service, would you at last drag me down to your infernal prison? You told me there was no hell, that it was all a superstition; and now you surround me to lead to the enemy who seeks to disturb your moments," said Morgan, who saw the change, and new the cause.

The fight was short but keen; fearful spasms convulsed the features of the dying zouave, and heartrending groans escaped his lips. Morgan trembled and prayed; then taking from around Marini's neck a crucifix—the same one on which he had refused to trample—he put it to his pale lips, saying: "The Cross and Passion of our Lord Jesus Christ be your shield and refuge in this hour of danger."

The thunder cloud burst; streaks of golden light shot out through its rifts. Marini opened his eyes, and seizing the sacred emblem of hope and Divine love pressed it to his heart and lips. Every trace of the fierce struggle was blotted out; the heavenly calm returned; the mellow twilight of a nobly-ended life blended with the rich aura of immortality as he murmured: "O! Cross of my Saviour, had as I was, I would not trample on Thee to save my life!"

He was thinking of the scene in the dawn of the Aventine, when Capodiavolo wanted him to trample on the crucifix. Turning to Morgan, he said: "Thanks for your aid; the victory is won; the cross of Christ has conquered the devil who sought to ensnare me. I will repeat aloud our battle-cry, 'Dien et Pe IX.' but my voice is weak."

The last words came slowly yet distinctly. Animation was suspended, the heavenly calm deepened. A faint sigh was heard as the respiration again began. With hands pressing the crucifix to his heart, young Marini whispered: "Life! Young Marini is O Lord, I commend my spirit." Gently the last ripple of his life's stream broke on the calm shores of eternity; imperceptibly the golden edge of his day sank behind the bank horizon—Death. The flash of life, and the beginning of immortality, vanished from his brow, but left impressed on his features a spiritualized beauty, far more than Christian than an Italian street. Reverently Morgan composed the arms of his dead friend; gently he clasped the still-living fingers over the sacred emblem of Christian hope, the cross—the same cross which Marini had pledged to profane even when offered to him as the reward. His noble profession of Christ on that occasion was more than recompensed by the victory which the cross procured for him at the point of death. And time it has ever been, and ever will be, the "cup of cold water given in Christ's name" will have a reward extending great. Breathing a prayer for the departed soul, Morgan turned away, saying: "Eternal rest give unto him, O Lord, and let perpetual light shine upon him."

Pepe now approached Morgan with a blank look; he had visited every couch, but Lorenzo was not amongst those present. Perhaps he was uninjured and looking for them on the battlefield; perhaps he had been taken prisoner by some retreating band; perhaps he was dead, or dying in the cold night air, alone and unassisted. It is true that parties had been over all the scene of that day's fight, collecting the wounded of both sides; still, he might have crawled for shelter under a hedge-row, and remained unnoticed. Poor Morgan was almost distracted; Pepe was in great dejection of spirits, and could not make any attempt at enlightenment. Worn out as they both were by the fatigues of the day, and almost fainting—they had not eaten anything since early in the morning—it is easy to imagine their dejection. But Morgan had schooled himself to patient endurance, and, moreover, was buoyed up with the ever-present thought of what our Divine Saviour had suffered for man. Hence he resolved to retraverse the ground in the sanctified vineyard, from the point at which he had last seen Lorenzo. Pepe, in whom love for his young master put to flight all selfish thoughts, prepared to accompany him.

When about to go forth with a supply of torches they met the captain of their company; hearing their errand he told them it was unnecessary, as Lorenzo, along with some others, had been sent on to Rome. He was not fatally wounded, but would be on the sick-list for a long time. Somewhat comforted for this intelligence Morgan and Pepe sought that nourishment and rest which they so much required.

Next morning the Garibaldians in Mentana surrendered at discretion; those who had been in Monte-Rotondo had made good their escape during the night. Monte-Rotondo presented a sad sight to the eyes of the allied troops; its churches despoiled and profaned, its citizens crushed by the extortions and troubles endured. With shouts of unadvised joy they aided the French troops, which were the first to enter in the morning. The joy of deliverance almost made them forget the ten days of terror through which they had passed.

The return of the troops to Rome was made the occasion of a grand demonstration of loyalty on the part of the Romans. The Via Nomentana, by which the soldiers returned, was lined with citizens of every rank, for miles out from the Gate of Porta Pia. Refreshments of the choicest quality were served out to the victorious soldiers as they passed along, and bouquets of rare flowers were cast under their feet. Cheers for the soldiers were blended with shouts of "Viva il Popolo!" "Long live the Pope-king," and "Hurrah for France," as the brave sons of that glorious nation cheered past. It was a Roman holiday, not such as used to cause the tears of pitying angels to flow when Pagan Rome ran wild in its crowd sport, but one of such loyal and joyous recreation, that the happy souls of the Pontifical soldiers who had received the summons to bliss on the hills of Mentana, might have mingled with the rejoicing throng and found no reason to blush. It was not a manufactured demonstration such as sometimes takes place in some cities; it was a spontaneous outburst of faithful subjects and good Christians, who thanked the brave soldiers who had upheld the rights of their Sovereign, and crushed the iniquitous revolution.

Loud and long were the acclamations, hearty the greeting, and royal the entertainment accorded the garrison of Monte-Rotondo on its return from imprisonment a few days later. The best nobles

of Rome deemed it an honor to serve them at table. They wished to show by this act their respect for the devoted bravery of these men, and their genuine love for the Pope, for whose cause they had so courageously battled.

(To be continued.) This story can be had in book form from J. Murphy & Co., Baltimore, or Knowles' book store, Halifax, N.S.

IRISH NEWS.

The old and dilapidated buildings of St. Peter's National School, Dublin, are to be replaced by new and handsome structures.

The Nationalist members of the Corporation of Dublin have nominated Councilor Shanks for Mayor of the city.

During the week ending May 28, 1,451 emigrants left Queenstown, being 113 in excess of the number for the corresponding week of last year.

A famous old house which is soon to be pulled down in Dublin is the residence of the Earl of Fingall, Kildare Castle, built in 181, and which was the residence of the Casack family and afterwards of the Plunketts.

The Nationalists of Tipperary, on June 2, nominated Mr. J. J. O'Brien, M.P., the member for North Tipperary, as their candidate for that division; Mr. J. E. Hogan, a London journalist, to contest Mid-Tipperary, and Mr. John McCarthy, of Tober-na, to be the National candidate.

The well-known Irish sculptress, Miss Mary Redmond, of Dublin has completed another model of the Father Mathew statue, on which she has been engaged for a considerable time. About six months ago the original model of the same statue, which was destroyed by a fire in the city.

Mr. H. D. Fisher, proprietor and editor of the Minister Express, Waterford, was arrested and conveyed to jail on June 3, on a charge of libel against a Roman Catholic priest, on account of an article published in his paper concerning the management of an estate on which the court had appointed a receiver, and which the receiver's account named Mr. Fisher to the prison gates.

An exciting scene occurred on May 30, at Castleinon Petty Sessions. Mr. J. H. Moran, solicitor, who had been in a charge of trespass brought against a Roman Catholic priest, on account of an article published in his paper concerning the management of an estate on which the court had appointed a receiver, and which the receiver's account named Mr. Fisher to the prison gates.

A special meeting of the Newry Board of Guardians, held on May 25, was attended by a number of members, with reference to the proposed extension of the Poor Law Union to the town of Newry. The meeting was held in the evening, and was attended by a number of members, with reference to the proposed extension of the Poor Law Union to the town of Newry.

The sheriff's deputy and his men, protected by a small force of police, carried out a number of evictions in West Clare, recently, and also a number of evictions in the property of Mr. Barton, at Tullogh, in the Kildare Union, a laborer named Eustace was evicted from one of the farms owned by the same Union in the same parish, and the same Union in the same parish, and the same Union in the same parish.

At a meeting of Unitarians and non-subscribing Presbyterians of May 25, Mr. John W. Watson, of the Free Press, read a paper in which he proposed that the Home Rule Bill in Dublin would be infused with all the narrow prejudices of Provincialism, and that they should be replaced by a more liberal and just proposal to place their lives, liberties, homes, and industries and education of their children at the mercy of politicians responsible for it, to the very end of their lives.

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A special sub-committee had been appointed, upon which a number of prominent Fishermen, Lady Gertrude, Miss Galloway, Miss C. O'Brien, Miss Stokes, Miss A. Gould, and others, had been asked to serve, and Mrs. Power Lalor had been requested to organize and direct this special department of the work of the association.

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES.

THE AVE MARIA.

Last week's Ave Maria contains, as usual, several elegant and entertaining articles. There is a little poetic gem, "Thought for Trinity Sunday," by "Mechlin and its Shines," contributed by Mr. E. W. Beck, is highly instructive. "An Old Irish Town," by Miss Katharine Tynan, requires no comment, the name and subject suffice. Maurice F. Egan's Corner of "Chats with good listeners" is made very attractive by the beauty of the "Apostles' truth." The Ave Maria never fails to keep up to the mark.

FOUR SOULS' ADVOCATE.

The June number of this most meritorious publication is, as ever, very good. The frontispiece, entitled "The Heart of the World," is a challenge, two souls praying beside it, and beneath, two souls in Purgatory, expectantly awaiting release. Miss E. W. Beck has a poem on "The Sacred Heart," and a prose article upon the same subject. The Catechism and the Fine Arts therein, is an article properly and attractively illustrated. The whole number is deserving of high praise, and the object of the publication is most charitable, most holy. It deserves to be encouraged.

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION.

This popular monthly journal, devoted to the interests of popular education, has reached its June number, the end of its first year. It has been very successful and deservedly so. In the number before us is an article in response to the University Extension, by W. J. University Extension, started by the College Street. It is from the pen of Miss E. W. Beck, of Oxford. "The University Extension Class," is a sketch well treated by Edward Egan, and in the University of Pennsylvania. The same writer contributes another paper on the subject of "Economic Education," and another on "The University Extension Class." The whole number is deserving of high praise, and the object of the publication is most charitable, most holy. It deserves to be encouraged.

THE NEW MOON.

Every month we look for "The New Moon," and it never fails to appear, just over the tops of Lowell's Chimneys. We looked out upon the June sky and there it appeared, as big as life, and as bright as day. "The New Moon," tells us of "The Hand-ome Question," by Miss E. W. Beck, and "The Hand-ome Question," by Miss E. W. Beck, and "The Hand-ome Question," by Miss E. W. Beck. The whole number is deserving of high praise, and the object of the publication is most charitable, most holy. It deserves to be encouraged.

DONALD'S MONTHLY.

DONALD'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE for July has as its part of its contents, the following: "Sabbath and the Sabbath," by Miss E. W. Beck, and "Sabbath and the Sabbath," by Miss E. W. Beck. The whole number is deserving of high praise, and the object of the publication is most charitable, most holy. It deserves to be encouraged.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCE.

Massachusetts was the first State in the Union to adopt the Australian system of voting, and adopted the system in its most complete form. The system has since been adopted by many other States, and is now being adopted by many more. The system is a simple and effective one, and is well adapted to the needs of a large and growing population. The system is a simple and effective one, and is well adapted to the needs of a large and growing population. The system is a simple and effective one, and is well adapted to the needs of a large and growing population.

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL.

The valuable and timely article, "Flowers for June Weddings," by H. H. Hattersley, gives a peculiar charm to the June Ladies' Home Journal. The publishers of this popular magazine present in this number the first of a series of articles, "Laboratory Women in their Homes." The series opens with a delightful sketch, with photographs, of the home life and work of a young woman, Miss E. W. Beck, who is a member of the Hamilton Hooper contributes an interesting story, with portrait of Miss Victoria, the wife of the famous dramatist, Mrs. William G. Barry. The series is a most interesting and instructive one, and is well adapted to the needs of a large and growing population.

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Fetching the Doctor. At night is always a trouble, and it is often an entirely unnecessary trouble if

Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER

is kept in the house. A few drops of this old remedy in a little sweetened water or milk, brings prompt relief. Sold everywhere.

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A PRIZE PORTRAIT REBUS.



This young lady has three brothers, each one of whose picture is combined in the portrait. The manufacturers of PEARL FOAM, THE LATEST SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY, have



ANOTHER HAMILTON MIRACLE.

THE TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS OF ISAAC W. CHURCH FROM PARALYSIS.

Crushed by a Fall of Forty Feet—He Spends Months in a Hospital and is Discharged Only to Suffer Great Agony—Months Without Sleep and a Victim of Nervous Prostration—An Account of His Miraculous Cure as Investigated by a Times Reporter.

[Hamilton Times, June 20th, 1892.]

"In the spring of 1887, while working on a building in Liverpool," said Mr. Church, "a scaffold on which I was standing collapsed, and I fell to the pavement, a distance of forty feet. Bruised and bleeding I was picked up and conveyed to the Northern Hospital, and not one of the doctors who attended me held out any hope for my ultimate recovery. The base of my spine seemed to be smashed into a pulp, and the efforts of the medical men were directed altogether towards relieving the terrible agony I suffered rather than towards curing my injuries. I had the constitution of an ox, though," and the speaker threw out his chest and squared a pair of shoulders that would have done credit to a prince among athletes, "and as I seemed to have a tremendous grip on life the doctors took heart, and after remaining in that hospital forty weeks I was discharged as being as far recovered as I would ever be. For twenty-six weeks I had to lie on one position, and any attempt to place me on my back made me scream with pain. Through eighteen months after my discharge I was unable to do a stroke of work, and could with difficulty make my way about the house, and then only with the aid of crutches. Twice during that time I underwent operations at the hands of eminent surgeons, who were amazed at the fact of my being alive at all after they had been informed of the extent of my injuries. On the last occasion my back was cut open and it was discovered that the bones which had been shattered by my fall had, by process of time, completely overgrown each other, forming a hard do that you see here," and Mr. Church showed the reporter a curious lump near the base of his spine. "All efforts to straighten this," James continued, "unavailing, and finally the doctors told me that in the course of a few months paralysis would set in, and that unless I was cured by some means, I would be a cripple for the remainder of my life. I had been in the hospital for a long time, and I was as well as ever. No one could have said I suffered as the doctors pronounced, and eventually I decided to come to America. So in 1891 I sailed for my native land, and on arriving in Halifax, so done up was I with the injury across the ocean, that I had to take to my bed, and was kept a prisoner for several weeks. Having a brother living at Moorfield, near Godtha, I with difficulty accomplished the journey there, and tried to do some work. My utmost exertions could accomplish but little, however, and as the result of my terrible nervous prostration, in its worst form, I was unable to remember once being overtaken by a thunderstorm while about a mile away from the house, and while I was making my way there I felt no less than eight times completely prostrated by particularly vivid flashes of lightning of a very fine thunder. About a year and a half ago I came to this city and secured work at the Hamilton Nail Works, but before long I had to quit, because I could not attend to my duties. I used to think that if I could only get a little sleep in a while I would feel better, but even that had been denied me. Night after night I tossed from side to side, and every time my back pressed the bed the pain that shot through every limb was almost unbearable. The doctors prescribed chloral and a mixture of potash, and for weeks I never thought of going to bed at night without having first taken powerful doses of either of these drugs. Towards the last these doses failed to have the desired effect, and I increased the size of them until I was finally taking thirty grains of potash and ten grains of chloral every night, enough to kill a horse. I became so weak that I could hardly get around, and my lower limbs shook like those of a palsied old man. When everything seemingly had failed me and I was about to give up what seemed a vain battle for life and health, my wife here read an account in one of the newspapers of John Marshall's wonderful cure by means of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and although I had lost all faith in any medicine I resolved to try once more and accordingly procured a box of those little Pink Pills from Mr. Harrison, the druggist, and commenced to use them according to the directions. This was in October of last year. I had not taken them a week till I began to feel an improvement in my general health. In a month I slept every night like a baby. The pains left my back entirely, and by the beginning of the new year I could lie on my back for hours and never feel the slightest pain therefrom. Prior to taking the pills I suffered terribly with fits, many of them so severe that three or four men were required to hold me. The pills knocked those all out, though, and all the time I used them I did not have even the suspicion of a fit, and as for my weight, well, you will hardly believe it, but honestly, in that time I gained forty pounds. Well, to make a long story short, I went to work again a few months ago, this time in the Hamilton Nail Works, where I went as shipper, and I have worked there steadily since the first day I went in. Last fall I was to work to walk a mile, now I work from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m., and my work is no child's play either, I can assure you. I handle about 500 kegs of nails every day and each keg weighs one hundred pounds and has to be lifted a distance of from five to six feet. All my renewed strength I ascribe to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which I consider have worked wonders in my own case. For anyone troubled

with nervousness, sleeplessness or loss of strength in any way, in my opinion there is nothing in existence like those pills for restoring people who are thus afflicted. Yielding to the advice of friends, who claimed that my renewed health was not due to the Pink Pills, I quit using them for about a month, but the recurrence of those terrible fits warned me of my folly and I commenced using the pills again, and I will certainly never be without them in the house. "Not if I know it, anyhow," remarked Mrs. Church. "I know only too well the good they have done you, and you would not have been anything like the man you are to-day if it had not been for these pills, and no one on earth knows better than I how greatly you have been helped, and not only you but others in the family who were thought to be going into a decline before they were restored by taking those pills."

Some of the particulars of the marvelous rescue of Mr. Church from a life of suffering having reached the public, a reporter of the Times thought it worth his while to investigate the matter for the benefit of other sufferers, and it was in response to his enquiries that the above remarkable story was narrated by Mr. Church. Taken in connection with the reports of other equally remarkable cures—the particulars of which have been published from time to time—it offers unquestioned proof that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People stand at the head of modern medical discoveries.

The neighbors generally were very out-spoken in their astonishment at Mr. Church's miraculous cure, all who knew anything of his case having given him up months ago as rapidly approaching the portals of the great unknown. He looks far from that now, though. His eyes are as clear, his cheeks as ruddy, and his step as elastic as a youth in his teens. He was for seven years a member of the Life Guards, and for some time conducted a gymnasium in Liverpool. He expects to get back to his beloved athletic exercises this season, and is much elated at the success of his treatment.

The reporter then called upon Messrs. Harrison Bros., James street north, from whom Mr. Church had purchased the remedy, who further verified his statements. In reply to the enquiry by the reporter: "Do you sell many of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills?" Mr. James Harrison, of the firm replied: "You see our business is largely with men, women and girls employed in the big factories and mills in this locality, and the recommendations we hear from these people day after day, month after month, would indeed make the manufacturer of these wonderful little pellets think he was a benefactor of humanity. Several cases have come under my own notice of women, poor, tired-out, over-worked creatures, being made 'like unto new' by the use of these pills and I see them passing to and from work daily and looking as though life was worth living and well worth it, too. In all my experience in the drug business I never saw anything like these pills," and Mr. Harrison related a number of cures that had come under his observation in addition to that of Mr. Church.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of a grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, and the tired feelings resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases depending upon vitiated humors in the blood, such as scurvy, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppression, irregularity and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In the case of men they either a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over-work or excess of whatever nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N.Y., and are sold in boxes (never in loose form) by the dozen or hundred, and the public are cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address. The price at which these pills are sold to make a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with other remedies or medical treatment.

COMMERCIAL.

FLOUR GRAIN, Etc.

Flour.—In bag flour there have been transactions in extra at \$1 to \$1.10, with sales of 20,000 to \$2.00 to \$2.25 for good sized lots. We quote prices as follows:—  
Patent Spring, \$4.50 @ 4.70  
Patent Winter, 4.25 @ 4.50  
Straight Roller, 4.20 @ 4.40  
Extra, 3.50 @ 3.75  
Fine, 3.00 @ 3.25  
City Strong Bakers, 2.75 @ 2.95  
Manitoba Bakers, 1.90 @ 2.10  
Straight Rollers, 2.00 @ 2.10  
Superfine, 1.10 @ 1.30  
Ornament.—Prices about as last quoted: Rolled and granulated at \$1 to \$1.10; standard at \$2.50 to \$3.00. In bags, granulated \$2.00 to \$2.25, and standard \$1.50 to \$1.75. The prices would, of course, be shaded for round lots.  
Mill Feed.—The market is quiet and easier at \$1.25 to \$1.50, the sale of a car lot being reported on a truck at the rate of \$1.50, smaller quantities selling at \$1.60 to \$1.75. Shorts, \$1.40 to \$1.50, and middlings, \$1.50 to \$1.60, Montville, \$1.60 to \$2.00.  
Wheat.—No. 2 hard is said to be nominally worth about 90c, while others say they cannot get within 2c of that price. Again, No. 1 regular or frosted wheat is variously quoted from 75c to 77c. Further sales of food wheat are reported in car lots at 30c to 31c, while badly damaged feed has sold at 20c to 25c.  
Corn.—We quote prices nominally 50c to 57c in bond.  
Pears.—Sales are reported of 2,000 to 2,500 bushels in store at 75c, one lot being reported at 70c per bushel. There have been sales west of Toronto at 70c per bushel for 50 bushels.  
Onions.—Sales were reported to us since our last report at 25c for No. 2, and 26c for No. 1, with a heavy quantity at 31c to 34c for 3 1/2 lbs in store.  
Barley.—Sales of car lots at 10c to 11c, No. 3 being quoted at 4c to 4 1/2c, and No. 2 to this morning's samples 5 1/2c to 5 3/4c.  
Rye.—A few car lots are reported at 82c, with small lots obtainable at 80c.  
Buckwheat.—Sales of car lots at 50c to 57c in store.  
Malt.—Sales are reported at 65c to 70c, and it is said the inside figure has been shaded.

HAZELTON KRANICH & BACH FISCHER DOMINION BERLIN

—AND THE—  
Æolian, Peloubet and Dominion Organs.

Largest stock. No Canvasers. One price only and the lowest. Easy Terms. Old Instruments taken in exchange. Pianos to rent. Repairing. Second-hand Pianos at all prices.

Visits and Correspondence Solicited.



PROVISIONS.

Pork, Lard, &c.—The prices of pork in Chicago have ranged between \$10.65 and \$10.80 for July. In Canada short cut there have been sales at \$16.50 up to \$17.00, the latter figure for choice fancy brands of Lard has been placed both for the city trade and country shipment at \$1.45 to \$1.50 per cwt for compound, and at \$1.05 to \$1.20 for Canada lard. We quote as follows:—  
Canada short cut mess pork per cwt. \$16.50 @ 17.00  
Canada clear pork, per cwt. 16.00 @ 16.50  
Chicago short cut mess, per cwt. 15.50 @ 16.00  
Mess pork, American, per cwt. 15.00 @ 15.50  
Extra Mess lard, per cwt. 11.50 @ 12.00  
Hams, city cured, per lb. 10 1/2 @ 11c  
Lard, pure in pails, per lb. 8 1/2 @ 9c  
Lard, compound, in pails, per lb. 7 1/2 @ 8c  
Bacon, per lb. 9 1/2 @ 10c  
Shoulders, per lb. 8 1/2 @ 9c

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter.—Quite a lot of creamery has been picked up by Montreal buyers in the country during the past few days at 17c for May and 18c for June. In the Montreal market, Morrisburg and Brookville dairy, business is reported at 12c to 17c, and Western is quoted at 12c to 14c. Car lots of Western are offered at 12c to 14c, and one car is understood to have been bought at 12c 1/2 to 13c to-day.

Cheese.—Last week's shipments were 50,000 boxes, against 32,000 boxes for the corresponding week last year. The Liverpool market has further declined to 47c for white and 68c for colored.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs.—In this market there have been sales of fresh stock at 9c to 10c, but guaranteed eggs for boiling have sold at 11c to 12c, and culled at 7c.

Hops.—Offerings are limited. It is difficult to realize over the fancy brands of 1st growth, and we quote to 21c. Yearlings are slow sale and quoted at 10c to 12c. Old grades 7c to 12c as to quality.

Beans.—\$1.25 per bushel for choice hand picked, 25c to 31c for ordinary, 7c to 10c for inferior to common.

Hay.—We quote car lots of No. 2 at \$11 to \$12.50 for No. 1. Other grades \$9 to \$10.

Maple Products.—Syrup is quoted at 1 1/2 to 3c in bulk, and at 50c to 60c in cans. The stock of sugar are limited, and we quote 6c to 7c per lb.

Honey.—Business is quiet at 10c to 12c for extracted and 8c to 10c for comb.

FRUITS.

Oranges.—Sales of choice ripe-packed Valencia have been made at 8c to 9c per case, while choice Sorrento have brought 7c per box.

Lemons.—A large lot of 70 cases have been reported at \$17.50. Choice to many fruit has sold at \$1 to \$1.50 per box, while the poorer qualities have sold at \$2 to \$3.

Dried Apples.—The market is quiet at 1c to 1 1/2c as to quality.

Evaporated Apples.—Prices range from 6c to 7c per lb. for best quality.

Raspberries.—Sales at \$1.50 to \$2 per bunch; ripe fruit has sold at \$1 to \$1.25 per bunch.

Cocoanuts.—The market is quiet at \$1.50 to \$2 per bag of 100.

Pineapples.—Sales have been made at 15c to 20c each.

California Fruit.—Sales have been made at 40c to 45c per box, peaches at \$2.50 and cherries at \$2.25.

Strawberries.—Sales were made on Tuesday morning last at 12c, and in the evening at 10c. On Wednesday morning prices opened at 9c and sold down to 7c. Some held over stock, however, has sold at 2c to 3c per quart. Sales today were made at 5c to 7c.

Potatoes.—They are being sold in lots to suit customers at 10c to 12c per bushel, but the quality is not fine. Farmers are getting 5c to 6c on the market by single bags.

FISH AND OILS.

Oils.—Prices here are from 37c to 40c. There is very little Newfound coal offering, and prices are quoted at 10c to 12c. Gaspe being quoted at 4c to 12c. Newfound coal oil is quoted at 7c to 12c.

Method Fish.—Dry cod sales have been made in small quantities at \$1.75 to \$2.

Fresh Fish.—Gaspe salmon sales have been made at 10c to 12c during the past few days. Lake trout and white fish have sold at 6c to 7c per lb, and haddock 5c to 6c per lb.

THE HORSE MARKET.

The Montreal Horse Exchange, Point St. Charles, report the following:—  
The receipts of horses at those stables for week ending June 25th were:—  
Left over from previous week..... 92  
21  
Total for week..... 113  
Shipped during week..... 67  
Left for city..... 25  
Left on hand..... 499  
Sleds for week..... 6  
On hand for sale..... 15

The demand this week was principally for heavy draft and choice drivers, of which we sold six at 10c to 12c per day, comprising 100 lbs. We have on hand for sale eight, comprising 100 lbs. Good cut and heavy draft, choice drivers and saddle horses.

LIVE STOCK.

The Montreal Stock Yards Company report: The receipts of live stock at these yards for week ending June 25 were as follows:—  
Cattle, sheep, Hogs, Calves, 3100, 175, 901, 280  
Left over from 573, 175, 901, 280  
Total or week... 3075  
Left on hand... 499

Heavier receipts of export cattle and considerable trade in this class at these yards for week. The butchers trade, with lighter supply, was rather better, every thing clearing at fair prices. Sheep trade quiet. The heavy run for middlings, with no better values, any demand being mostly for good light hogs. Good cut and heavy draft, choice drivers and saddle horses.

We quote the following as being fair values: Cattle, export..... 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4  
Cattle, butchers' good..... 3 1/2 @ 4  
" " " "..... 3 @ 3 1/2  
" " " "..... 2 1/2 @ 3  
Sheep..... 2 @ 2 1/2  
Hogs, per 100 lbs..... 11 @ 10 to 15  
Calves, each..... 2 @ 20 to 25

You require no other dressing for your hair when using Luby's Parisian Hair Renewer; it restores your hair to its natural color, curls, and softens the scalp. It imparts a beautiful perfume to the toilet. It is well liked by those who use it, and only requires a trial to be appreciated. Sold by all chemists in large bottles 50 cents each.

NO OTHER Sarsaparilla has the careful personal supervision of the proprietor in all the details of its preparation as has HOOD'S Sarsaparilla.

THE E. B. EDDY CO. MAMMOTH PAPER MILLS

HULL, P. Q. LARGEST - IN - CANADA

Toilet, Tissue, Manila, Brown Wrapping, News, White Print, Woodboard, Duplex Board, etc.

ASK FOR THE E. B. EDDY CO.'S PAPER And you will get the best made.

MONTREAL BRANCH (Telephone 1619) 318 ST. JAMES Street.

NEURALGIA

Positively Cured in 2 Minutes

By the wonderful remedy "NERVOL." One application on forehead and cheek sufficient. Cures also Toothache and Headache. For sale by all Druggists, 25 cents per bottle.

JOHN T. LYONS, Corner Craig and Bleury Sts., Montreal. SENT BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF PRICE.

THE MONTREAL BREWING CO'S ALES - AND - PORTERS

REGISTERED TRADE MARK—"RED BULL'S EYE"

INDIA PALE ALE, Capsuled. SAND PORTER. XXX PALE ALE. STOUT PORTER. If your Grocer does not keep our ALES, order direct from the Brewery, Telephone 1168. THE MONTREAL BREWING CO., Brewers and Malsters, corner Notre Dame and Jacques Cartier Streets.

MONTREAL PAPER MILLS CO.

St. Lawrence Paper Mills, 588 Craig Street, MONTREAL, P. Q. Manufacturers of and Dealers in Book, Toned and News, Prints, Colored Posters, Bleached and Unbleached Manillas, Brown and Straw Wrappings, White and Colored Printing Writtings, Bill Heads, Note and Memo. Forms, and General Printers' Supplies. SAMPLES AND PRICES SENT ON APPLICATION. P. O. Box, 1133. TELEPHONE, 2690.



AMERICAN SELF-RAISING FLOUR. Prepared with Pure HOBSFORD'S Phosphate of Lime or Cream of Tartar Substitute. This substitute was patented in the United States several years ago by Prof. Hobsford; it is a simple acid Phosphate of Lime, and restores to the flour the neutral and nutritious Phosphates that are lost in the process of bolting. M. HICKEY, 1061 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

THE SPENCE "DAISY" HOT WATER BOILER

Has the least number of Joints, Is not Overrated, Is still without an Equal. WARDEN KING & SON, 637 CRAIG ST. MONTREAL. BRANCH, 32 FRONT STREET WEST, TORONTO.

WARDEN KING & SON, 637 CRAIG ST. MONTREAL.

BRANCH, 32 FRONT STREET WEST, TORONTO.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY.

DRAWINGS IN JULY, 1892:—July 6 and 20. 3134 PRIZES WORTH \$52,740.00. CAPITAL PRIZE WORTH \$15,000.00. Ticket, \$1.00 or 25c. 3134 Prizes worth \$52,740.00. LIST OF PRIZES: 1 Prize worth \$15,000—\$15,000.00, 1 " " " 5,000—5,000.00, 1 " " " 2,500—2,500.00, 1 " " " 1,250—1,250.00, 2 " " " 500—1,000.00, 5 " " " 250—1,250.00, 10 " " " 100—1,000.00, 25 " " " 50—1,250.00, 50 " " " 25—2,500.00, 100 " " " 15—3,000.00, 500 " " " 10—5,000.00. APPROXIMATION PRIZES: 100 " " " 25—2,500.00, 100 " " " 15—1,500.00, 100 " " " 10—1,000.00, 999 " " " 5—4,995.00, 999 " " " 6—4,995.00. 3134 Prizes worth \$52,740.00. S. E. LEBEVRE, Manager, 81 St. James Street, Montreal, Canada.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION OVER ONE-QUARTER OF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED



Louisiana State Lottery Company. Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1878, by an overwhelming popular vote. To Continue Until January 1, 1895. Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRAWING takes place Semi-Annually (June and December), and its GRAND ANNUAL NUMBER DRAWING takes place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La. FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAYMENT OF PRIZES.

Attested as follows: "We do hereby certify that we have supervised the drawings for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that we are conducting the same honestly, fairly and in good faith toward all parties and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-simile of our signature: attached, in its advertisements."

Commissioners: E. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Koutala; M. M. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank. A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

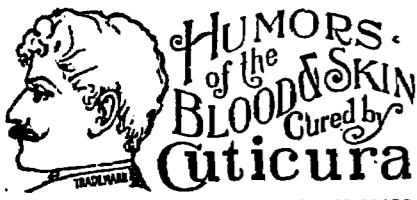
THE MONTHLY \$5 DRAWING

WILL TAKE PLACE At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1892. CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Numbers in the Wheel. LIST OF PRIZES: 1 PRIZE OF \$75,000.....\$75,000.00, 1 PRIZE OF 20,000.....20,000.00, 1 PRIZE OF 10,000.....10,000.00, 1 PRIZE OF 5,000.....5,000.00, 2 PRIZES OF 2,500.....5,000.00, 5 PRIZES OF 1,000.....5,000.00, 25 PRIZES OF 500.....12,500.00, 100 PRIZES OF 250.....25,000.00, 500 PRIZES OF 100.....50,000.00, 2,500 PRIZES OF 50.....125,000.00, 10,000 PRIZES OF 25.....250,000.00. APPROXIMATION PRIZES: 100 Prizes of \$100.....\$10,000.00, 100 Prizes of 50.....5,000.00, 1 Prizes of 40.....4,000.00. DENOMINATION PRIZES: 999 Prizes of \$20.....19,980.00, 999 Prizes of 10.....9,980.00, 3,114 Prizes, amounting to.....\$105,400. PRICE OF TICKETS: Whole Tickets at \$5; Two-Fifths \$2; One-Fifth \$1; One-Tenth 50c; One-Twentieth 25c. Club Rates: 11 Whole Tickets or their equivalent in fractions a for \$50. SPECIAL RATES TO AGENTS. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE. IMPORTANT. Send Money by Express at our Expense. In Summ not less than Five Dollars, on which we will pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on TICKETS and LIST OF PRIZES forWARDED to correspondents. Address PAUL CANNON, NEW ORLEANS, LA. Give full address and make signature plain. Congress having lately passed laws prohibiting the use of the mails to all LOTTERIES, we use the Express Companies in answering correspondents and sending lists of Prizes. The official lists of prizes will be sent on application to all Local Agents after drawing in any quantity by Express, FREE OF CHARGE. ATTENTION.—The present charter of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, which is part of the Constitution of the State, and by decision of the SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, is an inviolable contract between the State and the Lottery Company, and will remain in force UNTIL 1895. There are so many infernal and dishonest schemes on which we will pay the sale of which we will pay enormous commissions, that buyers must see to it, and protect themselves by insisting on having LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY TICKETS and some others, if they want the advertised chance for a prize.

MEXICAN LOTTERY

Beneficencia Publica (PUBLIC CHARITY) ESTABLISHED IN 1878 IN THE CITY OF MEXICO, AND The Only Lottery Protected by the Mexican National Government, And in no wise connected with any other Company using the same name. THE NEXT MONTHLY DRAWING WILL BE HELD IN THE Moresque Pavilion in the City of Mexico THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1892. THE CAPITAL PRIZE BEING \$60,000.00. By terms of contract the company must deposit the sum of all prizes included in the scheme before selling a single ticket, and receive the following official permit: Guarantia—Heavily certified that the Bank of London and Mexico has on deposit the necessary funds to guarantee the payment of all prizes drawn by the Loteria de la Beneficencia Publica. AROZAR CASTILLO, Intervenor. Further, the company is required to distribute fifty per cent. of the value of all tickets to the prize, a larger portion than is given by any other lottery. PRICE OF TICKETS—U. S. Currency: Wholes, \$4; Half, \$2; Quarters, \$1; LIST OF PRIZES: 1 Capital Prize of \$60,000.....\$60,000.00, 1 Capital Prize of 20,000.....20,000.00, 1 Capital Prize of 10,000.....10,000.00, 1 Capital Prize of 5,000.....5,000.00, 10 Prizes of \$500.....5,000.00, 25 Prizes of 200.....5,000.00, 100 Prizes of 100.....10,000.00, 400 Prizes of 20.....8,000.00. APPROXIMATION PRIZES: 100 Prizes of \$50, approximating to \$50,000 prize, \$5,000, 100 Prizes of \$40, approximating to \$20,000 prize, 4,000, 100 Prizes of \$20, approximating to \$10,000 prize, 2,000, 799 Terminals of \$20, decided by \$10,000 prize, 15,900, 700 Terminals of \$20, decided by \$20,000 prize, 15,900, 2,781 Terminals.....Amounting to.....\$178,050. All Prizes sold in the United States fully paid in U. S. Currency. Also we will pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on TICKETS and LIST OF PRIZES FORWARDED to correspondents. Address U. BASSETTI, City of Mexico, Mexico.





HUMORS OF THE BLOOD, SKIN AND SCALP. Itchy, blotchy, bumpy, scaly, crusty, pimply, itching, or copper-colored, with loss of hair, either simple, scrofulous, hereditary, or contagious, are speedily, permanently, economically, and infallibly cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES consisting of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood and Skin Purifier and great of Humors Remedy, when the best physicians and all other remedies combined fail. Sold every where. Price, CUTICURA, 75c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, \$1.00. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Blood and Skin Diseases." Pimples, blackheads, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

GLADSTONE'S MANIFESTO.

AN ABLE POLITICAL PAPER.

Home Rule Sheltered by Imperial Supremacy is His Demand.

A London despatch of the 24th June says: Mr. Gladstone sent out yesterday his election manifesto in the form of an address to the electors of Midlothian. It is undoubtedly the ablest political paper that has come from the old man's hand in many years. In it he discusses at some length the Irish question, touches upon the minor issues of the campaign and closes with a pathetic allusion to the probability that before the opening of another campaign he will be in his grave.

IRELAND'S LOYALTY.

Ireland was never so loyal to the Crown, he says, never so closely attached to Great Britain, never so united in herself as in the years following 1782, when she enjoyed self-government and until concord was disturbed after 1795 by the wicked machinations of her English enemies. For a generation after the union Ireland had slept the sleep of physical misery and political servitude. The reform victories of 1829 and 1832 had given her consciousness and voice. Thereafter her heavy grievances and her battling aspirations had formed the great standing burden of the British Parliament and had been the principal impediment to its work.

IRELAND'S CLAIM.

In the by-elections it had been shown in recent years that the people of Great Britain recognized the irresistible claim which Ireland made upon their sense of justice. Ireland was calm and peaceful to-day because she relied upon the British electorate to relieve her of her sufferings and burdens. This patriotic affection undoubtedly would follow the frank concession of self-government to the afflicted country. Home Rule, sheltered by imperial supremacy, should be granted, and England and Ireland would then be at lasting peace. Calm reason would soon bring "Ester back to its senses and to the brotherhood which existed before the union.

Mr. Gladstone then criticizes recent English legislation, and attempts at legislation on the part of the Government, incidentally describing Liberal Unionists as "dissentient ex-liberals." He admits

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE LABOR QUESTION.

and approves of reforms in electoral registration as well as the payment of members of the House of Commons, so that labor members may have means of supporting themselves and their families. The manifesto closes with these words: "In the fourth year of my public life I necessarily feel that this is the last general election at which I can expect to solicit your suffrages. Only a small special share can belong to me in the work which I have sketched. I am sincerely grateful for your past confidence, and I humbly hope that I have done nothing to forfeit it. Even now, closely circumscribed as is the space before me, I trust that I shall be permitted through the Almighty's bounty to render for a while to you my imperfect, but devoted services."

Another Synopsis of the Address.

"Great Britain will now decide whether three countries shall henceforth constitute in reality as well as in statute the United Kingdom. Ireland was never so loyal to the Crown or united in heart as in the years following 1782, when she enjoyed local government, until the concord was disturbed in 1795 by wicked machinations. For a generation after the union Ireland slept a deadly sleep of physical misery and political servitude. The reforms of 1829-32 gave her consciousness and a voice. From then her heavy grievances in battling with her aspirations have constituted a great standing burden in Parliament, and the chief impediment to the fulfillment of its duties. The proposal for which the Liberals have for the last six years contended will set Ireland free to manage her domestic affairs by a local legislature in close sympathy with Irish life, and will set Parliament free to undertake vast arrears of business and supply the legislative wants of England and Wales.

IRELAND'S IRRESISTIBLE CLAIMS.

"The constant growth of sound opinion testified to by the result of a multitude of by-elections, has shown that the British people now thoroughly comprehend how irresistible are the claims of Ireland on our honor and justice, and how a settlement will open a direct road to the satisfaction of British interests long held in suspense. The government of Ireland by the past Parliament has utterly failed in every respect except that of enabling the Irish agriculturist to improve his condition by the act of 1887, the main provisions of which the Ministry denounced in 1886 as immoral and dishonorable and thereby drove the peo-

APPEAL TO AMERICA.

IRISH HOME RULERS WANT SUPPORT.

An Address Signed by Justus McCarthy, Thos. Sexton, John Dillon, Timothy Healey, William O'Brien, T. P. O'Connor, Arthur O'Connor, David Sheehy, William Abraham and Michael Davitt.

"The Coercion Parliament will be dissolved in a few days and the general election which will follow will decide the fate of Ireland for the present generation. The great prize of national self-government, for which the Irish race has made incalculable sacrifices during a long course of years, is within our grasp. Home Rule for Ireland is the issue upon which the general election will be fought, and to which all other questions have been by common consent subordinated. There is not a shadow of a reason to suspect that Mr. Gladstone's ardent in the Home Rule cause has abated, or that his fidelity to his engagements regarding the powers and attributes of the future Irish Parliament has been in the least degree shaken. Within the past week he has given renewed proof that he regards Home Rule as the paramount object of his remaining days. No Home Rule bill could by any possibility be forced through the House of Commons, which will not command the full assent and approval of the Irish people. The success of Mr. Gladstone at the polls will, therefore, mean an immediate and generous measure of self-government for Ireland. The success of Lord Salisbury would mean certain destruction of the hopes of Ireland for the lifetime of the present generation, and a new term of coercion, depopulation and despair for our country. We have reason to entertain the fullest confidence that the verdict of the British masses will incline to the side of liberty for Ireland."

A REVIEW OF TORY LEGISLATION.

Mr. Gladstone here reviews the Government's legislation, dwelling upon the imperfections in the English Local Government bill and Small Holdings bill, which he says the majority, especially the ex-Liberals, prevented the Liberals from bringing to a tolerable standard of efficiency. He then proceeds to enumerate the chief items of the Newcastle programme. He says that the proposed payment of labor members of Parliament and similar measures will render labor the greater possible service by placing it in a condition to help itself. Regarding shorter hours of labor, he says that much has already been done by legislation, and voluntary arrangement constitutes a guarantee of future progress, but he impresses upon workers that what is achieved is due to popular government, which is founded upon a just appreciation of personal liberty, with which the true strength of the working classes is essentially allied.

In conclusion, he says he feels that this must surely be the last general election in which he shall solicit the suffrage of his constituents, and that he can only expect to execute only a small special share of the work he has sketched out.



Rev. James P. Stone of Lower Cabot, Vt., formerly of Dalton, N. H.

A Faithful Pastor

Is held in high esteem by his people, and his opinion upon temporal as well as spiritual matters is valued greatly. The following is from a clergyman and influential in New England, now spending well earned rest in Cabot, Vt.: "C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass."

"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family for many years past, with great benefit. We have, with confidence, recommended it to others for their various ailments, almost all of whom have derived the great benefit from its use. We can

Honestly and Cheerfully

recommend it as the best blood purifier we have ever used. We have no higher, but more worthy, benefactor of the human race. Also, Hood's Pills and other excellent medicines. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists."

Better than Cold

Mr. Geo. T. Clapp, of Lowell, Mass., says: "I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for the past several years, and it has cured me of my colds, coughs, and other ailments. It is the best medicine I have ever used, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with these troubles."

A Short Time to Live

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for the past several years, and it has cured me of my colds, coughs, and other ailments. It is the best medicine I have ever used, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with these troubles."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is better than gold. "I cheerfully verify the above statement of Mr. Clapp, whom I have known 30 years." J. M. Howland, Druggist, Eastaboulet, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable.



Had the Desired Effect. VI. HAMILTON, Iowa, May, 1890. "I recommend Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic to several of my parishioners, for nervous prostration, one for alcoholism, seven for whom I am assured the Tonic was more than money or time could procure—a perfect cure in their case. Hoping this will suffice to prove the excellent effect of the remedy, I thank you for the extreme kindness shown to the poor in the past."

REV. FATHER J. A. COOK, COLEBURN, Neb., October, 1888.

Mr. Martin Sisenek, of Duncan, Neb., 22 years old, suffered from fits of falling sickness since his very infancy. The fits returned almost every second day. Some time ago I read about Pastor Koenig's medicine, and ordered some for him. It is over one year since he used the medicine, but no fits returned any more."

FREE

A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge. This remedy has been prepared by the famous doctor, Pastor Koenig, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5. Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

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EVERY Description of JOB PRINTING done at this office.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Leave your order now.

APPEAL TO AMERICA.

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"The Coercion Parliament will be dissolved in a few days and the general election which will follow will decide the fate of Ireland for the present generation. The great prize of national self-government, for which the Irish race has made incalculable sacrifices during a long course of years, is within our grasp. Home Rule for Ireland is the issue upon which the general election will be fought, and to which all other questions have been by common consent subordinated. There is not a shadow of a reason to suspect that Mr. Gladstone's ardent in the Home Rule cause has abated, or that his fidelity to his engagements regarding the powers and attributes of the future Irish Parliament has been in the least degree shaken. Within the past week he has given renewed proof that he regards Home Rule as the paramount object of his remaining days. No Home Rule bill could by any possibility be forced through the House of Commons, which will not command the full assent and approval of the Irish people. The success of Mr. Gladstone at the polls will, therefore, mean an immediate and generous measure of self-government for Ireland. The success of Lord Salisbury would mean certain destruction of the hopes of Ireland for the lifetime of the present generation, and a new term of coercion, depopulation and despair for our country. We have reason to entertain the fullest confidence that the verdict of the British masses will incline to the side of liberty for Ireland."

THE BEST COURSE.

domestic dissension, alone can now stand between our country and a decisive Home Rule victory at the polls. The representatives of an overwhelming majority of the Irish people have gone to the utmost limits of concession to the minority in their anxiety to save their own cause from the scandal and peril of a conflict between brother-Nationalists at such an hour as this. At the time of Mr. Parnell's death, those who had supported Mr. Parnell were publicly invited to join the majority of their colleagues and thus re-constitute a united Irish party. The proposal was rejected with insult and contempt. Finding it impossible to re-unite the party, we endeavored to save the country from the spectacle of a bitterly contested general election by offering to adopt any reasonable method of ascertaining in what number of constituencies Mr. Redmond's followers were in a majority, and we were willing to recommend that in such constituencies their candidates be accepted without a contest. All our efforts in the direction of conciliation were met with insult and misrepresentation and the repeated declaration that Mr. Redmond's friends would have no union on any terms with the majority of their countrymen. Under such circumstances no power on earth could induce their constituencies to re-elect men so deeply pledged against national unity. Even if it were possible to coerce the Irish constituencies into accepting them, it would not be, humanly speaking, possible to pass the Home Rule bill into law in Parliament wherein the Irish national cause is represented by two rival and conflicting parties. Men who confess themselves to be condemned by the patriotism and common sense of a vast majority of their fellow-countrymen have now committed themselves to a reckless and wicked attempt to override the will of the Irish people by leaguing themselves with the Orange-banded minority and openly invoking as weapons riot and violence. In the face of such tactics it only remains for the Irish people now to decide between us at the polls and we appeal to you

COUNTRYMEN IN AMERICA

to enable the Irish constituencies to pronounce judgment freely, without passion or disorder on our side, and with a weight of authority sufficiently overpowering to take away the last pretext for a continuation of these scenes of faction and re-ignition which are the shame of Ireland's friends throughout the world. All that is needed is that Irish constituencies shall not be disfranchised in this supreme hour by reason of the expense of contests which are wantonly forced upon them in all directions by the combined forces of faction and coercion. We stand in need of instant generous help to meet the enormous expense of the general election, and to secure that Ireland shall be represented in the coming Parliament by a strong and united Irish party, with unquestioned authority to formulate the demands of the Irish Nationalists. To our ever-faithful American friends and allies we in this emergency appeal for aid, with all the more confidence, because we are convinced that to strengthen the hands of the Irish party at this moment will be to aid in averting a miserable future of dissension, coercion and despair from our country, and to crown the labors and sacrifices of our race by the achievements of Home Rule, with all its attendant train of blessings and freedom.

LADIES, - We secured three first prizes and diplomas at Montreal, Ottawa and Sherbrooke, 1891, for the extra quality of our manufacture of Silver-Ware and replating old goods equal to new. We supply private families and Hotels direct from our factory. Free delivery to any part of Canada. Samples replated at dozen rate to show work.

THE CANADA PLATING CO'Y,

763 Craig St., Montreal.

HOTEL BALMORAL, MONTREAL - NOW

under an entire change of management, is unrivaled by any hotel in Canada. The equipment is most complete, the cuisine is unexcelled and every consideration is given to the comfort of guests. It is in the heart of the city and within a few minutes walk of the R. R. depots and steamboat landings. Terms \$2 to \$8 per day. JAMES SMITH, Proprietor, 22 G

John Murphy & Co's

ADVERTISEMENT.

AN ADVANCE INTIMATION.

It is certainly not beneficial to the nervous system to be too much overtaken by surprise even of a joyful nature. Shocks of joy, however, can hardly be said to have added largely to the world's bills of mortality. Bargain surprises have never done so, we feel assured. Therefore, we have no hesitation in announcing that on Saturday, the 2nd of July (the 1st being Dominion Day) we will inaugurate

A MAMMOTH CLEARING SALE

to last throughout the month. Prices will be cut down without stint, and in many instances first-class lines will be sacrificed at less than half their value. There is an old saying that 'it's not come, first served.' Of course every lady who calls upon us during the above mentioned period will receive our best attention as always, but 'big plums' are invariably picked up early—consequently we advise ladies to take note of this advance intimation.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Great Bargains

THE GREAT MANTLE HOUSE.

A Large Line of Jackets to clear at \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00. Original prices \$2.50 to \$4.00.

A Large Consignment of Ladies' Blazer

Jackets lined with fine quality of Satin, worth \$15.00 to be sold at \$7.50.

BLAZER COSTUMES

In Navy, all wool serge, \$7.50.

PRINT : COSTUMES

For \$3.00.

MOHAIR WRAPS

For travelling, \$9.00 for \$3.00

SILK WRAPS

To clear at \$7.00, \$8.00 and \$9.00. Original prices \$12.50, \$13.50, \$14.50.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

1781 and 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET, AND 105, 107, 109, and 111 St. Peter St. TERMS CASH AND ONLY ONE PRICE. Telephone 2103.



CURE

Sick Headache and relief to all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, flatulence, etc. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but they exert a gentle, pleasant action on the system. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CARPETS!

This Spring Opening pronounced by connoisseurs to be the finest ever shown in this Market. Carpets for the most cultivated desires in art. Carpets for the thrifty and humble household. Carpets that will look and wear well at moderate prices. Carpets for every description of Carpeting houses of every description a specialty. Carpeting of Institutions and Public Buildings. Carpets for Churches, special designs, Curtains, Shades and Draperies. Rugs, Mats and Art Staircases. Anglo-Indian bordered Carpets.

Thomas Ligget,

1884 NOTRE DAME ST. GLENORA BUILDING.

OUR NEW ARRIVALS OF

REED & RATTAN FURNITURE

Comprise a choice selection of Fancy Chairs, Swing Cots, High and Low Chairs, Fancy Rockers, Easy Chairs, Reception Chairs, Lounges, Sofas, Stands, 50 Clock Tea Tables, Work Baskets, Music and Paper Racks.

Owen McGarvey & Son,

1819 to 1823 Notre Dame Street, Corner McGill, 491

WANTED.

Situation as Teacher or cleric, by a middle aged man, Catholic, with a good English education; has great experience in teaching in the high schools; can furnish good testimonials. Address "R. A." this office.

DIED.

SPELLSSEY - In Hamilton, 21st March, Catharine Gibbons, (formerly of Montreal), beloved wife of Thomas Spellsesey, R. I. P.

A School History.

We notice that Benziger Brothers, of New York, have just issued a School History of the United States. The work seems to have been prepared especially for the use of Catholic schools. It is written in simple, unaffected and familiar language, suited to the intelligence and capacity of children. It certainly is accurate and bears the stamp of impartiality. It is sold at 75 cents per copy retail, and 45 cents wholesale. From all appearance this little work serves to fill up a gap too long left open in the elementary instruction of Catholic children. Institutions of education would do well to see a sample before getting a supply, in that branch, for next year.

Offering of Stones for the Construction of a Chapel to the Blessed Sacrament.

Recently we published an account of the imposing ceremonies with which the Church of the Blessed Sacrament was commenced and its corner stone was laid. At the request of the Fathers we now give the following statement of the object in view, the means to attain it and the advantages arising therefrom:

I. Object.—To co-operate in the construction of a chapel where, Our Lord, present in the Blessed Sacrament, will be exposed day and night to receive the adorations of the faithful and Religious of the Blessed Sacrament.

II. Means.—To give or collect subscriptions representing the value of one or more stones designed for the construction of this chapel.

The price of the stones are within the reach of all:

1st. Ordinary Stones, 25 or 50 cents. 2nd. Ornamental Stones, \$1, \$2, \$5, and \$10 according to dimensions.

III. Advantages.—1st. Any person who co-operates by an offering for the construction of the said chapel of the Blessed Sacrament, will have a special share in the Masses, Communications, Offices, adorations and all the good works of the Religious of the Blessed Sacrament.

2nd. Those who give or collect a sum of not less than \$25 will have besides the advantages above mentioned the title of Zealots and their names will be inscribed on a special register and faithfully kept in the archives of the community.

3rd. Those who give or collect the sum of not less than \$100 will receive the title of Builders, and their names will be deposited in a heart of gold to be laid on the throne of the exposition.

N. B. Any person who will give the sum of not less than \$1000 will receive the title of Founder and his name will be engraved on a marble stone and placed in the sacristy and his photograph kept in the parlor of the Community.

Seen and approved.

EDWARD CHARLES, Arch-bishop of Montreal.

AMERICAN PILGRIMS TO STE. ANNE'S

(Interviewed by the Daily Witness)

About six hundred American pilgrims to Ste. Anne's returned to-day from the Grand Trunk. An interesting talk was had with the clergyman in charge of the party. Rev. Mr. O'Brien is a fine, gentlemanly man, young, evidently cultured, and with beautiful polished manners.

"Did you notice any cures?" he was asked. "I noticed two," he replied, "but I do not mean to say they were attributed to our Lady's shrine. An interesting fact was had with the clergyman in charge of the party. Rev. Mr. O'Brien is a fine, gentlemanly man, young, evidently cultured, and with beautiful polished manners."

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INFORMATION WANTED

Of John Hynes, native of the County of Tipperary, Ireland, by his sister, Margaret Hynes, of Montreal. Any person knowing his address will please communicate with "THE TRUE WITNESS" office.

Carsley's Column

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

All wool Muslin de Laines, in a large range of choice patterns and measurements, 31 inches wide, 18c yard.

EXQUISITE DESIGNS

In French Muslin de Laines, produced in the most stylish colorings, now reduced to special prices

Clover Pattern Muslin de Laines. Flag Pattern Muslin de Laines. Poppy Pattern Muslin de Laines. Muslin de Laines in all light shades. Muslin de Laines in all medium shades. Muslin de Laines in all dark shades.

MUSLIN DELAINES

suitable for Half Mourning wear.

S. CARSLY.

Mail Orders carefully filled.

Summer Dress Goods

VERY SPECIAL LINES

In Summer Dress Fabrics being sold at a considerable reduction.

STRIPE BEDFORD CORDS

In several very choice Colorings, only 35c yard, usual value 60c. Heliotrope Striped Bedford Cords, 35c. Black Striped Bedford Cords, 35c. Slate Striped Bedford Cords, 35c. Fawn Striped Bedford Cords, 35c.

BEDFORD CORDS

Of extra value and width, in all New and Fashionable Colors, only 60c yard, usual value 80c.

For cheap Dress Goods come to

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Mail orders promptly attended to.

Summer Dress Goods.

DRESS PATTERNS