

NEWGATE.

Gradually the ancient landmarks of London are passing away; among those which will, in all probability, remain but a short time longer is the prison of Newgate. A strange edifice is that which is thus doomed to destruction, with a literature in the shape of a calendar all its own, a collection of plaster casts without rival in the world, with the ancient historical miscreants of the Greenacre, Brownrigg, Courvoisier, and Muller order, with a door—the black portal of which opened only for those cast forth—full of terrible memories, and a history of crime compressed into a hundred years such as few jails could show in a similar period. Newgate is one of the most appallingly interesting structures in the country. It is not exactly the same jail as that which Barnaby Rudge stormed, and in which Fagan spent his last night. If Dr. Dodd tenanted the predecessor of the present prison, and read the sermon which Dr. Johnson composed for him in a chapel which has never been pulled down; still the scenes which have never been witnessed in the dungeons now threatened with removal are thrilling enough for more than passing interest. Here it was that Thistlewood exclaimed; "I shall soon know the last grand secret," here Gov. Wall, after eluding justice for twenty years, was hanged for whipping a soldier to pieces at Guenoc; here Fauntleroy, dressed in black coat and trousers, with silk stockings, and dress-shoes made his best bow to the public and received a bow in return, having just previously confided to a bosom friend the secret of where to buy the best Curacao; and here, in later days, the pirates of the Flowery Land were hanged in one long ghastly row. If it were not that the site upon which the dreaded place stands is wanted for other purposes, it might also be left as a public museum. It boasts many a curiosity. In a yard known as the execution shed lie by the side of the wall the long black uprights and cross pieces of the gallows upon which criminal after criminal was swung. There is also a black triangle, fitted with loops for the hands, the ankles and the knees, of malefactors sentenced to be whipped a horrible object, which sent many an uncomfortable thrill through a garotter's heart. It was upon this instrument, in fact, that the first experiment was ever made in modern days as to the efficacy of the whip in restraining the brutal; upon it also, when the falling arm of Calcraft was found wanting, stalwart wardens from Holloway were first incited to try their skill, and ruffians convicted of robbery with violence learnt the force of the "regulating cat." In this prison are moreover condemned cells, in which many a shuddering pair of man and woman have passed the last fortnight of life, deploring the mistakes and misdeeds which had led up to incarceration and the gallows, there is a strange looking chapel where over and over again "condemned sermons" have been preached; and lastly there are, in the corridors of the prison, the graves of those who, having been hanged in accordance with the law, have been buried within the precincts of the jail, in strict observance of the sentence. All these and many more objects of interest are there to show in Newgate, but with the jail they must pass away. The historical gables may go, like those which encircled the wrists of Mr. Dick Toppin, to the museum of York, or with the triangle and plaster casts of the hanged may be treasured among the city archives. They need not be destroyed, for they possess more than a passing value; the tale of crime during a century.

AN ENGLISH MURDERER FOUND GUILTY.

LONDON, Nov. 8. Arthur Lefroy has been found guilty, at Maidstone, of the murder of Mr. Gould, and sentenced to be hanged.

A previous despatch said: LEFROY'S TRIAL.

Intense interest is taken in the trial of Lefroy, which is now going on at Maidstone, for the murder of Gould, on the Brighton Railway. Sir Henry James presented a case that was pitifully complete. The prisoner kept up wonderfully well as the Attorney General spun the rope and when the Crown witnesses were being examined, and found the keenest of the Treasury lawyers, handed up the victim's watch chain, found in Lefroy's box, and Lefroy's pocket book, found in a bag along the railway, the prisoner took notes and whispered to his counsel, Messrs. Williams and Forest. Fifteen sharp gentlemen felt the strength of the Crown's case, and it was evident that they did not share their client's confidence. The defence will be twofold—first, that the murder was committed by a third passenger, who, as Lefroy said, when the train stopped, jumped from it and escaped; and secondly, the prisoner's insanity. The latter plea will not be seriously pressed. There will be some hard swearing as to the speed of the train, or if, as the train officials say, a rate of some thirty-five to forty-five miles an hour was maintained, the defence will have to show how their passenger escaped death when he jumped. The evidence of the woman and girl, who saw only two passengers struggling as the train flew past their house must also be explained away. Then there are ugly facts about the prisoner's flight from Waltham on the day of the murder when under the surveillance of the police he was hiding in the Stepany house, the house which he must have known was

was wanted to clear up the mystery. The answer of the defence to this is that prior to the Gould occurrence it had come to Lefroy's knowledge that two warrants which had been granted against him about eighteen months previously at Bowstreet, were still in force. In order to evade the execution of these warrants Mapleton went to Australia, and shortly after his return to England, changed his name to Lefroy. It is contended that he feared this fact would have been made known had he stopped to answer any charge which might have been made against him in respect to the Gould tragedy, and this apprehension, coupled with his conviction of his guilt, in regard to the passing of the Hanoverian medals on the morning of the day, offers, the defence maintains, sufficient explanation of the course he thought fit to take. How the defence hope to destroy the evidence of the pawn-brokers that Lefroy redeemed his pawned revolver just before he got on the train is not known.

It will be remembered that Gould was found on the Railway track, dead, that Lefroy got out at a station, bleeding, and said he had been assaulted; but the jury have found that he robbed and threw Gould out of the carriage window. The execution of Arthur Lefroy has been fixed for the 29th inst.

Lefroy's solicitor is preparing a memorial asking for respite for the prisoner on the ground that his father and grandfather died insane, and that he himself was insane when he murdered Gould.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Reliable Remedies.—In wounds, bruises, sprains, glandular swellings, enlarged veins, neuralgic pains and rheumatism, the application of this soothing Ointment to the affected parts not only gives the greatest ease, but likewise cures the complaint. The Pills much assist in banishing the tendency to rheumatism and similar painful disorders, whilst the Ointment cures the local ailment. The Pills remove the constitutional disturbance and regulate every impaired function of every organ throughout the human body. The cure is neither temporary nor superficial, but permanent and complete, and the disease rarely recurs, so perfectly has been the purification performed by these searching yet harmless preparation.

AGENTS FOR HERALD

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as our agents, allowing us to send in their names and subscriptions that they may be forwarded to this office.

- Briggs—Mr. P. J. Power, School Teacher, Bay Roberts. Mr. G. W. E. HIERLEY. Bell's Cove—Mr. Richard Walsh, Post Office, Little Bay. Little Bay—Mr. W. T. Roberts. Little Bay—Mr. Joseph Rendell. Little Bay—Mr. J. Burke, Sr. Little Bay—Mr. P. Murphy. Little Bay—Mr. P. Templeman. Little Bay—Mr. A. Gardner. Little Bay—Mr. James Evans. Little Bay—Mr. Heern. Little Bay—Mr. Kennedy. Little Bay—Mr. E. Murray. Little Bay—Mr. Woodford. Little Bay—Mr. James Joy.

NOTICE.—This paper will not be delivered to any subscriber for a less term than six months—single copies fourpence.

All correspondence intended for publication must be sent in not later than Wednesday evening.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

"Donest labor—our noblest heritage"

CARBONEAR, NOV. 25, 1881

A Very Useful Measure.

Sir William Whiteway will, during the next Parliamentary session, be in a position to do an immense benefit to the people of Newfoundland. The general elections will come off next year, which ought to be a powerful motive in his mind to make the opportunity available. He has successfully carried his railway policy against an influential opposition that would, at any time, sacrifice public to private and merely personal interests. An unbiased and free vote of the electorate would, for this reason alone call up an overwhelming majority of the electorate in sup-

port of his Government. But the difficulty is that, as matters go, the vote of the electorate is not absolutely free. It can, under the present system, be coerced and diverted altogether from the purposes nearest at heart to the public at large.

Sir William, however, has it in his power, if his friends in the legislature continue steadfast, to make the vote free, and thus secure another lease of authority for himself and them for the public good. The Ballot can be introduced; and no measure will be more beneficial if carried, or more effective in conciliating the confidence of the community. It must be introduced sooner or later,—the genius of the colony cannot wait long for the event—and he who takes time by the forelock and introduces it at once; comes into possession of a vantage ground that will for a long time to come defy the assaults of opponents. The next session again will, in any case, be succeeded by an appeal to the country. It is therefore the proper time to introduce a change into the election laws. It is not always that good laws are popular in the beginning. The public mind not unfrequently requires to be educated up to a certain advanced standard, before it perceives the desirability of an amendment in legislation. Some of the best and most valuable measures in the British Statute Book were decried at the time with much virulence, even by the best meaning of men. But in the very nature of things, the BALLOT law does not come under that category. It is popular from the first; it grows in popularity, it continues for ever to take a firmer and still firmer hold of the people. It has never been repealed where it was once established. No legislative assembly has ever attempted to restrict its operations. Any effort made to amend its provisions tended simply to render it more perfect in working and more sacred in permanency. What happened before will happen again, and what happened in England and her colonies generally, will happen in Newfoundland also. To run counter to a tendency which is every where common and daily growing stronger in the best regulated political communities, may be evidence of obscurity, but it certainly is not evidence of statesmanship.

What the colony has a right to expect is, that the Government of the day will rise above personal and private considerations and regard the whole people as possessing claims which ought not to be thrown into obedience by the narrow wishes of a comparatively few individuals. The rights of an entire community, not the isolated claims of a few of its members, constitute the question. Every man who has a vote has a right that his vote be freely given; and the Government is in duty bound to secure that this exercise of freedom be not unduly impeded. The people generally in the case of Newfoundland, demand that the Government fulfil its duty in this respect. Are there any valid or even plausible reasons why there should be delay? The BALLOT system is not more expensive,

or more combrous, or more difficult of execution than the present method. It has been introduced elsewhere in electorates very similar to ours, with excellent effect. It secures perfect liberty; it destroys undue intimidation; it leaves in tact every fair means of instructing, or even of arousing, the public conscience; it is the most popular possible of all possibly available enactments, and it will obtain for the man who introduces it, a lasting place in the affections of the entire population. We recommend it to favorably—or rather impartial,—consideration. It requires no eulogium; for in present circumstances, it is its own eulogium, view it as we may.

Correspondence

(To the Editor of Carbonear Herald.) Carbonear, Nov. 24, 1881.

DEAR SIR,—

It is an old adage that "patience is a virtue," but I fear that "patience" will be a grievous injury to us if we are soft enough, slack enough, or even patient enough to wait until the real winter weather sets in to know the "Reason Why," a proper survey is not made. It is my opinion, Mr. Editor, that the survey made is nothing more or less than a mockery, and I think I would be safe in saying that undue influence has been exercised in the matter, I cannot for the life of me, see what induced the surveyors to adopt the line surveyed. It would appear to me a matter-of-form. Why did they not survey the Valley, which is, in every sound opinion, much easier, as it is level and convenient? What about the sleepers, this too, seems suspicious? Yes! I am half convinced there is some wrong, and I wish to sound the trumpet of warning through your valuable medium.

For me, who thus unask'd have dared to tell My country what her sons should know too well."

BYRON.

Now, our member is not doing his duty, and he should not be allowed to remain silent while all this is going on. If he allows the Railway to pass us by without visiting us his effigy ought to be burnt on the spot where the surveyors completed their God-blessed survey, which they thought would satisfy the easy led people of this town.

"Oh, ye rulers who rule unjustly. Will your day not soon end."

This mystery must soon be unveiled, as it certainly is a mystery, which at present none but John and his satellites can fathom; but they will find that it is not deep enough and that its shallowness soon exposes it. What will the people of the district of Bays-de-Verde and Trinity say when they are informed that their wishes have not been acceded to, and what will the people of this district say when they hear that they are, as usual, left out in the cold, but just for the present. Now is there even common sense in this expression. Just for the present may mean a long time, are we not of sufficient importance, or is our weight on the Assembly floors not sufficiently felt that we may get a full and fair explanation of what the present in this case means. Do it mean a year, or twenty? Was it just for the present Carbonear was omitted from the speaker tender; surely, they did not know the result of the survey would be so unfavorable, and that it would be impossible to build the road on the survey they were about to make, and now completed with that result, if so they are prophets instead of plagues. Now, had they made their survey in any other direction they would have found it possible, but they must have been looking for an impossibility instead of a practical line of Railroad. From my experience of my native country, Mr. Editor, which is not the least limited, I would assert that the Syndicate will find it impossible to lay 100 miles of rail in any portion of this country if they have found the 7 or 8 miles to Carbonear an impossibility, for there is no other portion of the country which offers less obstacles of nature than this do; but of course I cannot speak of mercantile obstacles which have been thrown in the way. The people of this town cannot be galled by those so-

called obstacles, as there are many in Carbonear who have time and again traversed that level slope of land which the surveyors took good care not to survey, or even mention. Mr. Editor, can you propose any means by which we could prove the injustice of this survey and unearth the monopolists of our sister town, and again remind them that Carbonear can as well today stand out for its rights and privileges as it did forty years ago.

Yours truly,

ANOTHER VOTER.

[Our correspondent Another Voter, wants to know if we can propose any remedy. Though always a supporter of the Blackman Syndicate and its railway scheme as far as it went, we are inclined to suspect that there is something which is not quite business like, in connection with our survey. Of course as an independent journal we are supposed to give expression to our views freely and frankly, as well as to give publication to the views of others. Another Voter informs us in a private note that it is Hon Mr. Rorke's opinion that the contract will not be fulfilled unless the road to Carbonear be built. Now, we are quite of a different opinion and we would ask Mr. R. how any company could contract to build a road over a portion of country of which they know nothing or had not even a temporary survey to refer to. Oh! Mr. Rorke you don't catch the Yankee like that. If there were anything it was nothing more than a promise, I can assure you there was nothing binding, and it was only until after Mr. Blackman's last visit to St. John's that anything definite was decided on concerning the branch in question, and even then it was not positive, nor neither is it yet, if the people will allow themselves to be baffled out of it. The Carbonear branch has been an after-consideration all through, and who is to blame for it. Will Mr. Rorke inform us? With regard to a remedy, what we propose is this, that you, and a half-dozen other voters, call on the Hon. John Rorke, and talk to him like a father to a negligent son. Ascertain from him whether it was from his negligence or the unimportance of this ancient and loyal town, that it was at first omitted from the survey. Fully and freely discuss the late survey, and if it be what it is stated to be, have the Hon. John Rorke to put on a surveyor, who will not be influenced by anything but justice. Let Mr. Rorke be responsible for the expenses of the survey, if he neglected the first one. We do not mean to say for a moment that the surveyors acted contrary to the interests of Carbonear, but we cannot refrain from giving expression to general opinion.]

—ED. HERALD.

Loca and other Items.

We have to-day to apologise for the non appearance of this paper on Friday owing to office repairs and cleaning preparatory to commencing our winter's labor.

We notice in the Main Mining Journal, which is an authority on Mining matters, an article to the effect that Mr. Isaiah S. Emery, of that city and Judge D. W. Donthitt, now of New York, but formerly of Nevada, has secured control of prospecting licenses to a large tract of land covering many square miles in what are believed to be the richest mineral districts of this country. These licenses were held by Messrs. James Brown and John Steer, of St. John's, and comprise forty in their own right together with a large interest in thirty-three others; and as each of these licenses gives the right to search for minerals over an area of three square miles. It will be seen that the right of prospecting seventy-three areas or nearly 220 miles of mineral land. This land is mostly located on the Western or French Shore of the Island, between Cape John and Cape Ray, and all are situated on the east coast with, in nearly every case, commodious harbors near at hand. The French Shore is known to be especially rich in minerals, and all the above

areas have been indications made. It is the intention of these licenses to be paid in cap purpose of sent to explore a. Wherever a v ered the licen changed for a company orga

We have be ago that a lar discovered in a Mr. Hogan, partment, wh tions comm Samples exh quality, and a near future to article equal Sydney qual. Their inducme ment and S branch to this much traffic r regions, not Rock Hill les Badoock's go spoken of co Cove, Fresh Cove, of whic posit is prob

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MARRIED.—the 9th inst. by the Rev. land, to Eliz of John Lou land Cove. At Little the Rev. W. McVicar, M ond, C. B. daughter of J Isian Cove. At the Br inst., by Re Ryan, Assista to Sarah J. Oliver, Gull

are many in the and again hope of land look good care attention. Mr. any means by the injustice of the monopod and again re ar can as well as rights and ty years ago.

R VOTER. Another Voter, propose any supporter of and its railway t, we are in- here is some- business like. survey. Of journal we ection to our us well as to ews of others. in a private orke's opin not be ful- Carbonear be e of a differ- ask Mr. R. contract to on of country hing or had ve to refer f don't catch f there were more than a on there was s only until visit to St. ate was de- branch in it was not yet, if the elves to be Carbonear consideration o blame for us? With we propose a half-dozen Hon. John ke a father certain from s negligence s ancient and first omitted and freely and if it be ve the Hon. urveyor, who anything but e responsible survey, if he do not mean he surveyors sts of Carbo- strain from al opinion.]

By advices from Northern Bay, we are informed that diptheria is very prevalent in that locality and many children have died of that disease. The doctor have very prudently ordered the schools to be closed for a few weeks.

POLICE COURT.
BEFORE I. L. McNEIL, J. P.
NOVEMBER 4
Andrew Dwyer vs William Cole, assault and battery. Case dismissed on its merits.
Queen vs Stephen Maddock, drunk admonished and discharged.
NOVEMBER 5.
Maurice Malone vs Andrew Lang stealing a tumbler, 14 days in jail.
NOVEMBER 8.
Queen vs James Moriarty, drunk, admonished
NOVEMBER 10.
Queen vs Thomas Sweeney, drunk and disorderly. Fined \$2, or 7 days.
NOVEMBER 12.
Queen vs Thomas Moors, drunk, admonished, being his first offence.
Clemence Penny vs Terence Kennedy, assault. Fined \$2 and costs, \$1.25.
Thomas Parsons vs Martin Butt, obstructing Public Road. Ordered to remove obstruction.
NOVEMBER 16.
Queen vs Christopher Rodgers, drunk, admonished.
Queen vs James Bransfield, Fined \$2 or 7 days.

MARRIED.—At Lower Island Cove, on the 9th inst., at the brides residence, by the Rev. W. Jennings, Mr. Eli Garland, to Elizabeth Maria, fifth daughter of John Louis, Esq., both of Lower Island Cove.
At Little Bay Mines, on 27th Oct., by the Rev. W. Scott Whittier, to Mr Phillip McVicar, Mining Captain of Loch Lomond, C. B. Miss Eliza Crane, youngest daughter of James Crane, Esq., of Upper Island Cove, Conception Bay.
At the bride's residence, on the 13th inst., by Rev. M. Hanley, Mr. Michael Ryan, Assistant Light Keeper, Baccalieu, to Sarah J., daughter of Mr. Patrick Oliver, Gull Island.

reas have been selected on account of indications more or less encouraging. It is the intention of the holders of these licenses to form a company, with a paid in capital of \$25,000, for the purpose of sending prospecting parties to explore the lands in question. Wherever a valuable mine is discovered the license to search will be exchanged for a mining grant, and a company organized to develop it.

We have been informed a few days ago that a large bed of coal has been discovered inside of Northern Bay by a Mr. Hogan, of the Post Office Department, who intends having operations commenced early in Spring. Samples exhibited are of the best quality, and Mr. H. expects in the near future to place in the market an article equal to, if not superior to Sydney coal. This ought to be another inducement both to the Government and Syndicate to extend the branch to this town, as there would be much traffic between here and the coal regions, not to speak of the Harbor Rock Hill lead and silver deposit, Mr. Badoock's gold deposit, and the much spoken of coal regions at Crocker's Cove, Fresh Water, and Oehre Pitt Cove, of which the Northern Bay deposit is probably a lead.

It is with sincere regret we have to announce the death of John Kendall, Esq., M.H.A., for the district of Trinity, and son of our much respected fellow citizen the Hon. S. Kendall, of the old and highly respectable firm of Job Brothers & Co., of this city. The intelligence of this melancholy event which occurred at Twillingate on Tuesday morning last, whether he had arrive per steamer Hercules, on his way to his mercantile establishment at Round Harbor, was received here last evening. It appears that the deceased left here the previous Friday evening, became so seriously indisposed during the voyage that he had to be landed at the Harbor above mentioned, where, notwithstanding medical assistance being promptly at hand, he gradually sank, death supervening on the morning above referred to. We respectfully tender to the bereaved family and friends of the deceased our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their affliction.—*Advocate.*

On the 17th inst., at the Cathedral by the Most Rev. R. McDonald, assisted by the Rev. S. Flynn, brother of the bridegroom. Mr. John Flynn, son of M. F. Flynn, Esq., to Margaret eldest daughter of Capt. Thos Lynch.

DEED.—At Gull Island, on the 11th inst., of diptheria, Thomas Patrick, and William Saunders, aged respectively 7 and 4 years.

On the 17th inst., at the Cathedral by the Most Rev. R. McDonald, assisted by the Rev. S. Flynn, brother of the bridegroom. Mr. John Flynn, son of M. F. Flynn, Esq., to Margaret eldest daughter of Capt. Thos Lynch.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
Newfoundland Lights TO MARINERS.
[No. 2, 1881.]
ROCKY POINT HARBOR BRETON, FORTUNE BAY.

Latitude 47° 27' 30" North. Longitude 56° 47' 45" West.
The Light Tower burnt down in June last has been replaced by a CIRCULAR IRON one, in which, on and after 21st November a fixed white light will be exhibited nightly, from sunset to sunrise, at an elevation of 68 feet above the level of the sea, and illuminating the whole horizon seawards, excepting towards the Harbor Rock. This Rock bears N. E. ½ E. 230 yards distant; on this bearing the light is obscured.
The illuminating apparatus is Dioptric of the 8th order, with a single argand burner. The Tower is painted Red and White in alternate horizontal bands.

[No. 3, 1881.]
HANTS HARBOR, TRINITY BAY
Latitude 48° 01' 07" North. Longitude 53° 15' 07" West.
A Wood Octagon Tower on a square base has been erected at this Harbor on the N. E. Head, on which, at an elevation of 65 feet above the level of the sea, a fixed red light will be exhibited nightly from sunset to sunrise on and after 21st November, and which will illuminate the whole horizon seaward.
The apparatus is Dioptric of the 8th order, with a single argand burner. The buildings are painted White.
JOHN STUART, Secretary.
Board of Works' Office, St. John's, Newfoundland, 7th November 1881. Nov. 18. 51.

NOTICE.
I, THOMAS GOFF, Tailor, hereby caution any person, or persons, against harboring or employing my indentured apprentice, THOMAS LYNCH, who absented himself from my service without my knowledge.
THOMAS GOFF, Carbonear, Nov. 17th, 1881.

JUST OPENED.
M. J. SHEEHAN
Tinsmith and Dealer in Stoves, Begg to inform the public of Carbonear, and vicinity, that he has JUST OPENED business in the shop recently occupied by Mr. T. Malone and nearly opposite the Court House Fire Escape, where he has on hand a large assortment of

TINWARE
Of every description.
Also a large assortment of
Stoves and Castings.
All orders in the above line attended to with promptitude and satisfaction,
M. J. SHEEHAN,
Water Street Carbonear

ANDREOLI'S Book & Novelty Store
HARBOR GRACE,
116—WATER STREET—116
The Subscriber offers for sale
BOOKS
PICTURES,
LOOKING GLASSES,
CLOCKS, TIME PIECES
LOOKING GLASS PLATES
Statues, Picture Framing,
STATIONERY,
And a Variety of FANCY ARTICLES, too numerous to mention.
PICTURES framed on order.
CLOCKS CLEANED & REPAIRED.
Outport Orders strictly attended
V. ANDREOLI

ADVERTISEMENTS.
FOR SALE

That piece of land situated on the south side of the main Brook of Carbonear, and measuring from North to South seventy four yards, and from East to West thirty nine yards Bounded as follows:—On the North by the main Brook, on the South by property of Timothy Morea, on the East by William Morea, and on the West by William Pumphrey.
For further particulars apply to.
MRS CRAMM,
Harvey Street, Harbor Grace
Or to E J BRENNAN
Carbonear

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND
A Dividend on the Capital
Stock of this Company, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, for the half year ending 30th June, 1881, and a Bonus of One per cent., will be payable at the Banking House in Duckworth Street, on and after THURSDAY, the 15th inst., during the usual hours of business.
(By order of the Board.)
R. BROWN,

HOUSEHOLD WORDS

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT
PURITY OF BLOOD ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH, STRENGTH, AND LONG LIFE.
THE PILLS
surpass all other Medicines for Purifying the Blood; they are available for all a domestic and household remedy for all disorders of the
STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.
Constipation and Obstruction of every kind they quickly remove the cause, and in constipation and disordered condition of the Bowels, they act as a cleansing agent.
For Debilitated Constitutions and also Female Complaints these Pills are unsurpassed—they correct all irregularities and Weaknesses from whatever cause arising.

THE OINTMENT
stands unrivalled for the facility it displays in relieving, healing, and thoroughly curing the most inveterate Sores and Ulcers, and in cases of
BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, OLD WOUNDS
Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin Diseases, acts as a charm.
Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON
and sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d 1½s., 2½s., and 3½s., each Box and Pot, and in Canada, 36 cents, 90 cents, and \$1 50 cents., and the larger sizes in proportion.
Caution.—I have no Agent in the United States; nor are my Medicines sold there. Purchasers should therefore look to the label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.
The Trade Mark of my said Medicines are registered in Ottawa, and also at Washington.
Signed THOMAS HOLLOWAY
533, Oxford Street, London,
Sept. 1, 1880

CRAWFORD'S Temperance Dining Saloon
140 WATER STREET,
(Opposite Messrs. Job, Bros., & Co.)
Meals, Refreshments to order
Our friends from the Outports would do well to call should they get hungry in the City.
June 3

ADVERTISEMENTS.
HARBOR GRACE STOVE DEPOT

Glass and Tinware Establishment.
To the east of Messrs. John Mann & Co Mercantile Premises)
C. L. KENNEDY,
Begs to intimate that he has recently received a large assortment of the latest improved and very best quality of Stoves comprising Cooking, Fancy, Franklin and Fittings of all sizes English and American GOTHIC GRATES.
In addition to the above, the subscriber has always on hand—American Hatchets, Harness Rings and Buckets, Sheath Knives and Belts Wash Boards, Brooms, Clothes Lines Water Pails, Matches, Kerosene Oil—best quality Turpentine, Stove Shoe, Paint & Cloths Brushes, Preserved Fruits, condensed Milk, Coffee, Soaps and a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware Glassware, Tinware etc.
American Cut Nails—all sizes—by the lb or keg.
Nov.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of this Company will be held on TUESDAY, the 12th day of July instant, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Banking House in Duckworth Street, in accordance with the Act of Incorporation.
(By order of the Board.)
R. BROWN
Manager

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(By order of the Board.)
R. BROWN
Manager

ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEWFOUNDLAND TO MARINERS

NOTICE is hereby given that the Harbor Light on Rocky Point, the entrance of Harbor Breton, Fortune Bay has been burned down. Steps will be taken to replace it as possible. Due notice will be given when the Light is ready.
By order,
JOHN STUART
Secretary Board

34-SIGN OF THE GUN—HAWLEY & BARNES
General Hardware Importers
Have now received their spring stock
HARDWARE & FANCY GOODS.
Consisting of:
ELECTRO PLATED WARE, CUPPL, GLT AND OTHERS,
MANTLE AND TOILET CHANDELLER AND TABLE LAMP
IN GREAT VARIETY.
A large assortment of
GLASSWARE,
KAILS,
SHEET IRON
HAWLEY & BARNES
SIGN OF THE GUN,
No. 341, Arcade Building,

129. SIGN OF THE RED LAMP. 129.
THE CHEAPEST
Dry Goods Yet Offered in Saint John's
—AT—
R. HARVEY'S,
129. WATER STREET. 129.

R. HARVEY'S
HAVING completed his Fall Importation of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, now invites public attention to the following
SPECIAL CHEAP LINES!
CALICOES—White and Grey 2½d per yard
MELTON SKIRTS—1s 3d each
FLANNEL—soft wool 1s per yard
WINEY—Grey, Flawn and Dark, 2½d per pair
BRAY—1s 6d per pair
FANCY DRY GOODS—5d per yard
MOUNTAIN—1s 3d per yard
LADY—1s 3d per yard
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING—2s each
AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FANCY DRY GOODS VERY CHEAP!
Also—A very cheap assortment of
BOOTS AND SHOES
OF UNEQUALLED VALUE.

500 Pairs of celebrated Marchalong Boots, 7s. 11d PER PAIR, ONLY SOLD HERE.
DON'T FORGET THE ADDRESS - - 129, WATER STREET 129
—AND AT—
91 WATER STREET,
A large stock of
PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES
AT VERY LOW PRICES
TEA—From 1s 3d per lb Ningchow Tea, by retail, at 2s 6d per lb. Housekeepers will find this a really good article strong and full flavored.
Oct 21

LITERARY.

CUPID AUCTIONEERS.

Young Cupid once upon a day,
By public competition,
Disposed of some two dozen hearts,
In capital condition;
Some sound, some damaged, old or young;
Warm, gushing, clothed or bare,
But each appraised with flowing tongue;
By Cupid, auctioneer,
With his buy, buy, buy, who'll buy, buy, buy?
His nimble words kept flowing;
Who'll buy my hearts—a bid where next?
A going, lads, a going!

And nice young heart, quite tender warm,
I'll warrant free from vice, sirs;
Not skittish—pray, take no alarm,
'Twas bought up in a trice, sirs.
But, plague take all the yellow gold,
Which costs true hearts so dear;
The young were bought up by the old
Eom Cupid, auctioneer.
With his buy, buy, buy,

And jump old heart, a little crack'd,
But quite good of its sort, sirs,
The next put up—in gold 'twas pack'd,
And that was quickly bought, sirs
The next was wrapp'd in title deeds;
(The next (poor little stupid!)
Had nothing, and so got no bid,
And was bought in by Cupid,
With his buy, buy, buy.

Some hearts were run up by the Jews,
Who crowded round the rostrum;
Some none would swallow, or would choose
Without a golden nostrum.
Some hearts were open, some were shut,
Some held a hidden treasure;
But Cupid's self had had thrown the key
Away, in wanton pleasure,
With his buy, buy, buy.

The stingy bought an open heart,
The generous a shut one;
To more than one were hearts knock-
ed down
Who had nowhere to put one.
The buyers rapt, and tapp'd the goods,
And tried the best to win, sir;
Yet each did swear that auctioneer
Most grossly took them in, sir,
With his buy, buy, buy.

And for myself, I'll buy no hearts,
Nor e'er get sold by Cupid,
With his cunning ways and glib
tongue,
I hope I'm no such stupid.
By private contract, thine and mine,
I'll win a heart full dear, sirs;
And Hyman shall the contract sign,
Not Cupid, auctioneer, sirs.
With his buy, buy, buy, who'll buy,
buy, buy?
His nimble words kept flowing;
Who'll buy my hearts—a bid where
next?
A going, lads, a going?

PERCIVAL KEAN.

Grey and Gold.

CHAPTER II.

Continued.

Tea was very welcome, and then bidding Katie take a low chair on the opposite side of the fire—for the evening was wet, and old age is chilly—Miss Rycroft began to question Katie about her school life, and to speak of that which now lay before her. She entered into details of her own history, but Katie's attention was but half given to the recital; her mind was roaming on other journeys; and as her eyes wandered round the small room she tried to picture the life that was to be hers from day to day within its narrow boundaries. It felt close and airless after the spacious school-rooms of Temple House; the furniture was old fashioned, and of the plainest make, bearing traces of long use; the window was hung with dingy drab moreen, un- relieved by the customary mus-

lin curtains; a few ancient ornaments stood on the chimney-piece, and a small work-table was drawn up to her aunt's chair on which stood her knitting-basket. A volume of very solid looking literature was the only book to be seen; no flowers, no gay fancy-work, no chirruping canary, nor indeed anything to relieve the sombre hue of the prim apartment; and what was even worse in Katie's eyes, no vestige of that great joy of her life, a piano. No wonder Katie wished herself back at Temple House many times during that long weary evening. Would there were sympathy and affection between her and the stiff old-fashioned lady opposite, who looked as if she had outlived all memory of the feelings and hopes of youth?

When at length ten o'clock struck, Katie was thankful to receive her dismissal; but great was her dismay when she had to share her aunt's room, there being, as Miss Rycroft observed, no occasion of giving Martha the trouble of keeping two rooms in order, especially as Katie's coming must unavoidably increase her duties in some respects. However, she might retain the use of the other room for minor purposes, and the next morning could arrange her possessions as she pleased.

Katie's heart sank very low as she followed Martha upstairs. How utterly dreary life looked! Golden days were indeed but a mockery. She had thought hers grey hitherto, but she felt as if they darkened tenfold now. Her aunt had told her that she was to continue her studies as far as possible alone; she had no notion of girls wasting their time when they left school, and forgetting everything they had learnt there. Then she would have to read to her, and walk with her when she took her daily saunter; and beside these duties there would be various little household matters she would require her to attend to.

Katie had ventured an enquiry as to a piano, and found there was none; so that the one resource she had looked to as a brightener of her dull life was closed to her. She sat down wearily when she reached her room, and Martha, as she placed the candle on the dressing-table, glanced com- passionately at Katie's face.

'Take care of the candle, Miss Stewart,' she said, 'missis is awful frightened about fire.' Then seeing the tears in Katie's she continued—'I dare say now, Miss Stewart, you think it's dull work, coming to live with two old maids like missis and me. I said so to myself when I first heard it for I know what it is for a lot of young ladies to be together in a large school. I was school-room maid once in one, and saw a deal of what went on, though for all that they were well-behaved enough as girls go. But don't let your spirits go down, missie. If your aunt is strict and particular like, she isn't unkind or mean either, like some old ladies, and may be before long you won't find it as bad as you fancy. There's plenty of young ladies in Cardham. You'll be making friends just now, you'll see. Then

there's the river, and once you're out of town, and it won't be Winter yet, you'll have got accustomed to us all before then. Look on the bright side, honey, ye'll soon be blithe here, and we shan't know our dull house for the bonnie bird who makes it so cheery.'

So saying, Martha was going away, but came back to add, 'The missis doesn't come down to breakfast, Miss Katie, and I'll have all nice for you, and if you're sharp you'll have nigh two hours every morning to yourself before she comes down stairs.'

Katie's chilled heart warmed a little under Martha's kind words, and she tried to put away all thought of the future, and let the morrow take the thought for itself, still, as she laid herself down beside her aged companion, and unable to sleep from the strangeness of her surroundings, she thought longingly on her old home, contrasting her leaving school with that of her more fortunate companions, and the tears fell heavily in the prospect of the monotonous life which lay before her. However, youth and fatigue soon triumph over sorrow, and present, and the untired future soon merged into oblivion in sleep.

CHAPTER III.

As Martha had promised, when Katie came down stairs next morning, she found the little parlor looking as bright as kind feeling, though scanty resources could render it. The sun shone cheerily in, brightening up dingy-coloured and glittering on the neatly laid breakfast-table, in the centre of which stood a vase of freshly gathered flowers, the best the tiny garden could furnish. The fresh air, the sunshine, and the flowers combined to raise the girl's spirits, and she responded cheerfully to Martha's greeting, and did full justice to the provision supplied for her comfort.

After her solitary meal, Katie stood for some time at the window; but there was nothing exhilarating in the prospect outside which merely consisted of a row of houses opposite of similar character to Miss Rycroft's. At one end of the street she caught a glimpse of the hedge and tree tops, while at the other the vista of house and chimneys stretched away indefinitely.

Miss Rycroft made her appearance just as Katie had concluded a very unsatisfactory survey of the contents of a small bookcase, which to her great disappointment consisted of old and easy authors on various subjects, secular and religious, its higher literature being composed of the best known of our many poets and historians, most of which were familiar to Katie already.

To be Continued.

FOR SALE

That piece of land situated on the south side of the main Brook of Carbonear, and measuring from North to South seventy four yards, and from East to West thirty nine yards bounded as follows:—On the North by the main Brook on the South by property of Timothy Moreau, on the East by William Moreau, and on the West by William Pamphrey.

For further particulars apply to,
MRS CRAMM,
Harvey Street, Harbor Grace
Or to E J BRENNAN
Carbonear

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND

Dividend on the Capital
Stock of this Company, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, for the half year ending 30th June, 1881, and a Bonus of One per cent., will be payable at the Banking House in Duckworth Street, on and after THURSDAY, the 15th inst., during the usual hours of business.

(By order of the Board.)

R. BROWN,

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARBOR GRACE STOVE DEPOT

Glass and Tinware Establishment.

To the east of Messrs. John Munn & Co. Mercantile Premises)

C. L. KENNEDY,

Desires to intimate that he has recently received a large assortment of the latest improved and very best quality of Stoves comprising Cooking, Fancy, Franklin and Flatirons of various Designs and American GOFFIC GRATES.

In addition to the above, the subscriber has always on hand—American Hatches, Harness, Rings and Buckets, Sneath Knives and Bait Wash Boards, Brooms, Clothes Lines, Water Pails, Matches, Kerosene Oil—best quality Turpentine, Stove Soap, Paint & Colours, Brushes, Preserved Fruits, condensed Milk, Coffee, Soaps, and a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Glassware, Tinware etc.

Has American Cut Nails—all sizes—by the lb or keg.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of this Company will be held on TUESDAY the 12th day of July instant, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Banking House in Duckworth Street, in accordance with the Act of Incorporation.

(By order of the Board)

R. BROWN,
Manager

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEWFOUNDLAND

TO MARINERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Harbor Light on Rocky Point, at the entrance of Harbor Breton, Fortuna Bay, has been burned down. Steps will be taken to replace it as soon as possible. Due notice will be given when the new light is ready.

By order,
JOHN STUART,
Secretary Board Works.

34 SIGN OF THE GUN-134

HAWLEY & BARNES

General Hardware Importers.

Have now received their spring stock of

HARDWARE & FANCY GOODS.

Consisting of:

ELECTRO PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, GILT AND OTHERS.

MANTLE AND TOILET GLASS, CHANDELLER AND TABLE LAMP GLASS.

IS GREAT VARIETY.

A large assortment of,

GLASSWARE, CUTLERY, NAILS, SHEETIRON

HAWLEY & BARNES.

34 SIGN OF THE GUN.

No. 341, Arcade Building.

29, SIGN OF THE RED LAMP, 29.

THE CHEAPEST Dry Goods Yet Offered in Saint John's

—AT—

R. HARVEY'S,

29, WATER STREET, 29.

R. H. HARVEY has completed his Fall Importation of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS, now invites public attention to the following

SPECIAL CHEAP LINES!

CALICOES—White and Grey, 2/4 per yard
WINCEYS—Grey, Brown and Drab, 2/4 per yard
FANCY DRESS GOODS—5/1 per yard
LADIES' ULSTERS—4/9 each
CHILDREN'S ULSTERS—2/8 each

MELTON SKIRTS—1s 9d each
FLANNEL—all wool, 1s per yard
BLANKETS—7s 6d per pair
BLANKETING—1s 3d per yard
MOLSKIN—1s per yard
FANCY TWEEDS—1s 3d per yard
AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY DRY GOODS VERY CHEAP!

Also—a very cheap assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES OF UNEQUALLED VALUE.

MEN'S LONG BOOTS—10s 6d per pair
MEN'S GRAIN DECK BOOTS—12s 6d per pair
MEN'S THREE QTR. BOOTS (iron heel)—13s 6d
MEN'S LACE BOOTS—10s 6d per pair
WOMEN'S E. S. KID BOOTS—4s 3d per pair
WOMEN'S LEATHER BOOTS—4s 6d per pair
WOMEN'S PEBBLE LACE BOOTS—5s 6d per pair
WOMEN'S FELT BOOTS—7s 6d per pair

500 Pairs of celebrated Marchalong Boots, 7s.11d. PER PAIR, ONLY SOLD HERE.

DON'T FORGET THE ADDRESS - - 29, WATER STREET 29.

—AND AT—

29 WATER STREET

A large stock of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES.

AT VERY LOW PRICES

TEA—From 1s 3d per lb Ningchow Tea, by retail, at 2s 6d per lb Housekeepers will find this a really good article strong and full flavored.

Oct 21.

Vol 3

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