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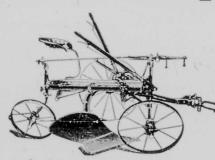
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14-16 PRINCESS STREET

EDIT

After all there n assertion that to 1 prepare for war, fo so reduces financial possible, also an occ element of jingoist invariably gets us in

What will

Following the w bread prices, peop the United States or control anyway, in food products. tors in the various alleged, by the brea either with the size to have caused an a per bushel in whea have cleaned up in the assertion tha bull side of the whe any time between thinly spread mar faster probably th other means. But them then it came of bread eaters, w of the market. C to Monte Carlo a other idle millionar that will turn up a



abia to the woodcock ova Scotia, shooters tre enthusiastic over umunition. The new stem of loading is allible. Guaranteed nion Cartridge Co.,

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Farmer's Advocate

and Home Journal

Vol. XLV.

Winnipeg, Canada, May 19, 1909

No. 869

FARMER'S ADVOCATE Patten goes into the Chicago wheat pit and AND HOME JOURNAL

ESTABLISHED 1866.

Canada's Foremost Agricultural Journal Published Every Wednesday.

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FARMER'S ADVOCATE OF WINNIPEG, LIMITED.

EDITORIAL

element of jingoism in our population that invariably gets us into trouble.

What will the Harvest Be?

Following the wheat corner and advancing bread prices, people are beginning again in man with the roulette game, and James J. as to crop conditions.

bets with some other gentlemen that May wheat will sell for a dollar and a quarter before delivery day. Because one plays on a gambling device and the other on a food product doesn't make any difference to the game. was the one to win, simply lost his play and the cash he risked, but the onlookers were none the worse off. So in the wheat game. He who sold when he should have bought lost his stake to the man who was the luckier guesser. But the game had little to do with raising the price of the actual commodity.

Anyone acquainted with the world's situation in wheat knows that since 1904 things have been shaping towards higher values. The first move upward of any significance occurred in 1907, following the short crop of that year. The harvest of 1908 was so very nearly the same as that of the year previous that only the strong flow of the cereal last fall for a few weeks world's actual needs. Had Patten never After all there may be some truth in the existed wheat was bound this spring to advance assertion that to maintain peace we should in price, and had no corner been affected it prepare for war, for the expense of preparing would have advanced just as certainly and so reduces financial resources that war is im- probably just as high as it did. Some of us possible, also an occasional war rids us of that might be surprised if we knew how small the influence is of these so-called Emperors of the wheat pit on the price of the cereal itself, and how strongly the current of circumstance affects them and their speculations.

Bears Coming out of Trees

They have been at it already this season, the United States to agitate for prohibition, paving the way for bear activity later in the or control anyway, of speculative operations wheat market. For a month now reports of we name a topic for discussion with which the in food products. Patten and other specula- the progress of seeding have appeared daily tors in the various exchanges of America are in the newspaper, and anyone living outside the alleged, by the bread eaters who are dissatisfied, districts reported on might be convinced, if he either with the size of their loaf or the cost of it, believed these apparently authentic statements, to have caused an advance of twenty-five cents that seeding was well under way towards the a few good letters which indicate that there are per bushel in wheat since last October, and to end of April, that conditions, for the most part, many men who are learning a lot about cattle have cleaned up several millions in profits were satisfactory, that the wheat crop of from their speculations. There is some truth 1909, in Western Canada, so far as seeding. One fact seems to be gaining ground very in the assertion that those who started on the could indicate, was off to a better than average rapidly and that is, the land is fast coming to bull side of the wheat market in the May option start, with the usual prospect for a bountiful demand the benefits of manuring. Only a any time between October and the first of harvest. This kind of thing is not unusual, few days ago it was almost impossible to find February, if they had nerve enough to back up It starts each year about the time the crow a man who actually believed manure was a their convictions with cash in the form of returns. Certain interests over bubbling with necessity upon the land in which he was parthinly spread margins, stepped into money optimism begin seeing bumper harvests before ticularly interested. By almost every one it faster probably than they could have by any the seed is sown and keep right on seeing was declared that manure made the crops rank other means. But it is highly improbable that things of the same nature, no matter what and late, but a few observant men found that the money they made came out of the bread results, until most of the crop is marketed. by putting manure on thin it tended to make consumers directly, or at least if it came out of All of which tends to convey a too favorable the land warmer and the crop earlier by a week them then it came from a very small number view of conditions and in general to keep or ten days. This knowledge is spreading, of bread eaters, who had taken the bear side prices down. What we need badly in this and is arguing for more extensive stock feeding. of the market. Charles M. Schwab goes over country is a government crop reporting service. The fallacy that it is necessary to keep big,

The Fire Fiend

If there is one thing more than another which incoming settlers to this country need cautioning about, it is the matter of being careful regarding fires. We have had our usual pro-The fellow who bet on the yellow when the red portion of prairie fires this season and the usual high percentage of them likely were caused by the carelessness of some new comer. While it happens sometimes, it is rarely that the prairie is set ablaze by one who has lived on it for any time. As a rule it is the carelessness or ignorance of some novice from the East or the Old World that is the cause of the mischief. They have not been accustomed to seeing the whole country side start into blaze from a match dropped in the grass, a cigar stub thrown away or a camp fire left smouldering, consequently they take chances with their own lives and the lives and property of others which more experienced persons would be particularly careful not to invite. Carelessness in these matters is the cause of this annually recurring did, that there was very little in reserve for the phenomena, seasonal at this time, and if any additional measures can be taken to insure of less havoc being wrought, if the need of caution with fire can be more thoroughly impressed upon those turned loose upon the prairies for the first time, steps should be taken to enforce and impress them.

Cattle Feeding Letters

That cattle feeding is regarded with a certain amount of suspicion, and that feeders realize there is a lot to learn by experiment before they are sure of their conclusions, is evidenced by the articles we have received upon this subject for the regular discussions department. When majority of our readers have had some experience, we are simply deluged with letters, but with the subject of cattle feeding the response has been quite limited. Nevertheless we have feeding and unlearning much more.

to Monte Carlo and bets with a number of worthy of the name. The one we have at matured steers in a temperature around 40° other idle millionaires as to the color of the ball present is seldom considered and we depend in order to put flesh on them dies hard, but why that will turn up after each throw made by the too much upon unofficial data for information should it live? After all 40°, or any other temperature just above freezing is in no way just so warm that the coat does not thicken up EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE: and so cold that the coat is needed so that a * * *

implements of war is to invite trouble.

World's Fair, 1912!

HORSE

Premium Pictures of Great Horses

subscription will secure the three.

at \$1.50 each for the three pictures, or one new would be of a mixed nature. name at \$1.50 for any two pictures. When a By this time the abortions will be over and allowing the remainder to dry on until it can be new subscriber sends his own name it does not nothing can be done to arrest them, but now is brushed off, or washing off with water, preferably entitle him to a premium.

Ontario must not imitate the West.

neighbor's liberty and free thought.

conducive to the most comfort of cattle. It is Abortion in a Saskatchewan District abortion, or if the pains are on a four-ounce dose,

steer so kept is fit neither for indoor nor out- aborted during the past winter. These mares it is due to either fungus or germs, an affected door life. Added to this there is invariably were being wintered in various ways, but all mare should be removed from contact with other darkness, dampness and foul air in the stable. classes alike seem subject to the disease. From in-foal mares, her stall should be cleaned up, the darkness, dampness and foul air in the stable. 60% to 75% of the mares in foal have gone wrong, soiled bedding destroyed, harness and blankets If we would leave the question of shelter to the The disease is not traceable to the use of any par- cleaned and the persons who attend on her steer he would very soon show us which is best, ticular stallion that might have been carrying should not chore about other in-foal mares with-If there is one thing that does more harm lose nearly all their foals, while others escape, her organs washed with the solution. With the than another it is war and the maintaining of it likely to recur? Would there be danger of quite freely in a bunch of mares. introducing the disease in to a healthy bunch by serving a mare that had this season slipped a foal, with the bunch stallion? What precautions Guess we can begin a plan now for the could be taken to prevent the spread of the ground space, and none have more free ground

The demand for the pictures of the Clydesdale wider spread. It is quite probable the trouble is building will be ready for the occasion. sires Baron's Pride, Hiawatha, and Oyama has due to either a fungus growth on the hay or grain completely exhausted our first supply, but a new or to an influenza and fever. This, of course, consignment is about ready. Horsemen find it would be infectious, that is, the germ which a pleasure to accept subscriptions from their caused the influenza would be carried from mare

To prevent mud fever and cracked heels, care should friends for a paper like the Farmer's Advocate to mare and cause abortion, and possibly the be taken never to allow an animal to stand in a cold and the pictures they get for the service are suit- discharges of an aborting mare would contain wind or draught from the bottom of a door, etc., when able and appreciated. Several have sent one infection that would cause abortion in another his legs are wet and he has been heated by violent new name and have now part of the series, another mare. So far there has not been isolated a exercise, such as on a return from a journey at a fast

the time to take precautions against trouble soft, and then thoroughly drying, should be resorted should be to, and the precautions taken not to allow the limbs.

Ontario horsemen are not able to make up their flushed out before service with a solution of to be exposed to a draught, as already mentioned. Ontario horsemen are not able to make up their flushed out before service with a solution of minds whether or not stallion enrollment is a carbolic acid and then with clean warm water good thing. They admit that the West is the an hour or two before service. The stallion exertion that produces both mud fever and cracked better off with the enrollment ordinances, but also should be cleaned with the carbolic wash heels; thus, when a horse is splashing himself with A controversy is going on down East among critical period with mares and about this time hence the prevalence of mud fever and cracked heels A controversy is going on down that allions critical period with mares and about this time horsemen as to whether or not the rules and regulations emanating from the executive of the Clydesdale. Horse Association can be understood. You take a guess and then back it with your money.

* * * *

| A controversy is going on down that allions critical period with mares and about this time hence the prevalence of mud tever and tracked needs they should be given an occasional dose of yeast, in certain districts), the parts soon become partially dry and heated, then a fresh lot of wet or mud, or both, is splashed on, which suddenly chills the skin the food about once or twice a week where about or twice a week where about the food about once or twic Who would have thought a man would stop with the feed is sometimes used but some veter- is a reaction, corresponding to the "glow" one feels taking his paper because "Whip" pointed out inaries find that it is dangerous with some mares, after a cold bath, and the parts are just in a condition some uses for the check rein? Yet that occurred terminating in gastro enteritis, usually causing to be seriously affected by a cold draught. It is the seriously affected by a cold draught. the other day. If there is one person more in- death. The crude carbolic has been found to be tolerable than another it is the man who has no exceptionally successful in preventing and arrest- be washed on returning from a journey, washing with respect for another's honest opinion. This man ing abortion in a herd of cows. Many veterinarespect for another's honest opinion. This man ing abortion in a herd of cows. Many veterina- has been steeped—instead of plain water, followed would not put a check rein on a horse, but goes ries recommend Black How extract, in two-ounce by carefully drying and bandaging the legs, very through life trying to put a check rein on his doses of the powder two or three times a day considerably lessens the risk of an attack of both mud for a week, in all cases showing symptoms of fever and cracked heels

followed up with one-ounce doses 3 times a day until the trouble is past.

Throughout this district several hundred mares Naturally in cases where abortion occurs, as contagion, nor is any cause assigned. It would, out changing clothes. The aborted mare should however, seem to be infectious as some stables also be flushed out with a carbolic solution and

Very few buildings in Winnipeg cover a large space than the new Horse Show Amphitheatre that is being built by the Winnipeg Horse Show A general epidemic of abortion such as this is Association. For convenience and completeness due either to a specific germ causing the disease this building is only surpassed in America for or to a local condition such as a peculiarity in the the purpose intended by Madison Square Garden, feed, ergot or other fungus growth, or to influenza, New York, and Dexter Park Pavillion, Chicago. some kind of fever, etc. Apparently this is not Visitors who come to the city to see the show will of the first class. If it were there would have been witness it in all the splendor and magnificence of a considerable number of abortions last year, an old established successful institution. June and the trouble this year would have been much 24, 25, and 26 are the dates of the show and the

Mud Fever and Cracked Heels

whathe and have now part of the series, another in a specific germ that causes abortion, therefore, the pace. Whenever a horse comes in with his legs so the specific germ that causes abortion, therefore, the pace. Whenever a horse comes in with his legs so the specific germ that causes abortion cases dirty that cleaning is necessary for the comfort of the specific germs that might be associated in abortion cases the animal, either a rubbing down with dry cloths, to clear off as much as possible without wetting, and

after each service. This is all that can be done mud while travelling, the wet mud sets up a certain until about the sixth month of pregnancy. From amount of irritation (some kinds of mud being much the sixth to the end of the seventh month is the more irritating to the skin when damp than others, place of yeast crude carbolic acid on salt mixed are thoroughly chilled temporarily, after which there



HEAVY DRAFT MARES, AND THEIR PROGENY, AT THE WINNIPEG EXHIBITION 1908.



It is only to be exp under cultivation of each year and the cro acres the country wil not simply horse pow stances offer, but hor as can conveniently of so much land req and large machines power be closely atta motor power is so g engines and cattle u supply of horses will the machinery that land and harvest the for the breeders of home demand goes. mand is absorbing th outside market is bo prices go up. Such

In Calgary the ot a pair for big sound 3300 a pair, but cou such horses. Proba them for the mone Practically every t districts has its spri farmers spend from t spring. When we h tions properly organ be reversed and farm

In the matter of breeding, nature has l True we have not g lands that are supp duce horses of great clear air, nutritious that invigorates ra perience has shown our producing the v horses to be found in

In one particular Canada has given stration and that i horses in winter. of the Anglo-Saxon sequent impairment proof is everywhere do better out of doc

May 19, 1909

a four-ounce dose. ses 3 times a day

portion occurs, as erms, an affected ontact with other e cleaned up, the iess and blankets attend on her 1-foal mares withorted mare should polic solution and lution. With the on could be used

eg cover a large more free ground ow Amphitheatre nipeg Horse Show and completeness 1 in America for n Square Garden, avillion, Chicago. see the show will d magnificence of nstitution. June the show and the

ked Heels

to stand in a cold heated by violent a journey at a fast n with his legs so or the comfort of n with dry cloths thout wetting, and n until it can be water, preferably to allow the limbs

fever and cracked shing himself with 1 sets up a certain f mud being much damp than others. become partially of wet or mud, or and again chilled, home; and then ater, the legs, etc. ught. Will perfeet of at the legs should ney, washing with which some bran ng the legs, very ttack of both mud



HEAVY DRAFT TEAMS LINED UP FOR HONORS AT THE 1908 WINNIPEG EXHIBITION. TWELVE IN THE ROW, PURE BRED AND GRADE CLYDESDALES AND PERCHERONS.

THE BREEDING OF HEAVY DRAFT HORSES

supply of horses will not be sufficent to move all winter. prices go up. Such is the situation today.

In Calgary the other day a man offered \$800 water is always at hand.

breeding, nature has been kind to Western Canada. tion through exercise. horses to be found in the world.

do better out of doors, altogether, in winter than fair flesh, feed him on bone and muscle-forming seems to be slipping away. The explanation is

It is only to be expected that with the bringing housed in close, stuffy, dark stables, where they foods, but avoid the mud-fat condition. under cultivation of millions of acres of new land breathe the air over and over again, lose their But while the outdoor life is much better than and large machines require that their motor winter being taken up only a few weeks previous well strawed, wind-protected corral at night.

perience has shown that there is no obstacle to energy and ambition, their systems were over- near to type as circumstances will permit Canada has given the world a striking demon- probably hind legs carrying a "shot" of greese. Calgary this spring, was a heavy draft gelding, of necessity and comfort in the care of his stock Yearling and two-year-olds should not carry first two or three crosses show remarkable im-

each year and the cropping of several million more appetites, their systems become clogged by the indoor existence a blending of the two systems acres the country will require horse power. And gorging and want of exercise, their coats dirty is very probably the best method of wintering not simply horse power in any form that circum- and ill-suited to the needs of the winter. At the horses. The best guide a man can have in the stances offer, but horse power in parcels, as large Calgary show this spring the first and second matter of wintering horses is to give them as near as can conveniently be handled. The working prize draft teams, Hallman's Clydes and Jaques' as possible what they want, and the chances are of so much land requires machines of large size Suffolks were horses that had run the range all this will be the open prairie in day time and a

power be closely attached. The demand for such to the show to be fitted. In the case of the "What breed is best?" All of them. We are motor power is so great that we will see more Hallman pair not only were they fat, but had hearing a lot of criticism these days upon the engines and cattle used, for the reason that the made a good proportion of their flesh during type of Clydesdale, the Scotchman is giving us, (in exchange for our money of course) but adthe machinery that will be used to cultivate the Mares and weanling foals naturally should not verse criticism is also leveled at the Percheron, land and harvest the crop. Such is the outlook be exposed to the full rigors of winter without Suffolk, Shire and Belgian. The fact of the for the breeders of heavy horses as far as the some protection, but plenty of straw and the matter is all the breeds fall short of the ideal home demand goes. And when the home de-shelter of a well stacked corral or yard is in-horse and all possess certain features of the ideal mand is absorbing the supply of heavy horses, the finitely better than a dark, over-crowded drafty in greater proportion than others, consequently outside market is bound to feel a shortage and or foul, or even of one of these "comfortable" there is and always will be differences of opinion stables where the manure never freezes and as to what emphasis should be put upon the excellencies of each breed. In countries where a pair for big sound teams, weighing up around Probably the greatest injury to our horse certain breeds are used to a greater extent than 3300 a pair, but could not get them nor hear of stock through winter mal-treatment is with others it is not proved that the class of commersuch horses. Probably he could not have got brood mares and weanlings. If there is one more cial draft horse raised there is on that account them for the money anywhere in the West. fertile cause than another of trouble with foals superior to the draft horses of other breeds, in Practically every town in the grain-growing and mares foaling it is keeping mares too closely other countries. It is generally admitted that districts has its spring sale of horses, at which confined and too highly fed during winter. Foal the Percheron stock in the States comes to farmers spend from ten thousand dollars upwards rearing is a natural function and goes forward maturity earlier and has greater weight than on horses and repeat the transaction the following with the other natural functions, but if these the Clydesdale in Canada, and, on the other hand, spring. When we have got our farming opera- other functions are impaired or suspended the it is a recognized fact that the Canadian Clydestions properly organized the horse business will function of foal rearing also suffers impair or dale, while smaller, has more quality and is longer be reversed and farmers will be selling horses each suspension. Every muscle of the mare should lived. But they have corn and blue grass in the have a chance to stretch and relax, and the di- States to make flesh while we feed oats and a In the matter of natural conditions for horse gestive systems should be kept in active opera- pasture grass that makes a harder bone, albeit

True we have not got much of those heavy rich With weanlings the mistake though, not often The main thing in horse breeding is to pick out lands that are supposed to be necessary to pro- made is nevertheless sometimes observed of the breed that best suits the personal tastes and duce horses of great weight, but we have sunshine, high feeding the first winter. At the Brandon that is most largely bred in the locality, give this clear air, nutritious grasses, and a winter climate show this spring were at least two foals that were breed close study with reference to the mares that invigorates rather than enervates. Ex-simply loaded with flesh, so fat that they lacked owned, patronize the best stallions and keep as our producing the very best class of heavy draft loaded and the certain result of such treatment Illustrations are not wanting of the direct and will be over-strained joints, bones sprung out of pronounced effect of using pure-bred sires on In one particular in horse breeding Western shape, growth arrested, feet contracted and mongrel or grade mares. In the show-ring at stration and that is in the matter of housing There is a certain condition between the "bone- one of the third prize team, that is just two horses in winter. The humanitarian instincts yard" and "lump of fat" that is most conducive crosses from the Cayuse. But just here is where of the Anglo-Saxon carried him beyond the line to the best development of a healthy draft horse. many people get discouraged with a breed. The resulting in unintentional pampering and con- that maturity of appearance that is most becom- provement, then it very often happens that the sequent impairment of vigor and vitality. The ing to four-year-olds and over. The colt should third or fourth progeny will not be as good as proof is everywhere before our eyes that horses look young and raw and coltish. Keep him in the second, and the progress that has been made in the Cayuse or even in the half-bred Cayuse, suaded to try that scheme. but when a third or fourth strain is introduced My first try was in the winter of 1908, a year

the year. Is it reasonable to expect stallions to grow.
that have never hardened their muscles nor. This year I fed 15 head, 9 steers, 2 dry cows work. Race horse breeders expect to get their hay. They were a good feeding lot and averaged best performers from stallions that have won 1345 pounds at five cents per pound. races that display dynamic force and courage I don't know how much grain these cattle took,

farmers of the prairie provinces in the way of plenty of straw and liberal feeding on grain. familiarizing them with different breeds and the vices and unsoundnesses to be avoided in they would do much better. horses and in guarding against misrepresentation of breeding. The enrollment ordinances deserve the support of everyone interested in good horses, especially the owners of stallions. The whole population is convinced that the very best class of horse be produced so that all branches Editor Farmer's Advocate: of trade may feel the effects of well directed effort in the production of a valuable com- profitable way for a farmer to dispose of his cattle, modity.

STOCK

Comment upon Live-Stock Subjects Invited.

Wintering Stock

The letters in discussion of the methods of wintering stock, display an inclination on the part of feeders to favor the outdoor method of feeding. It is evident, however, that stock feeding is not an intensely interesting subject to most of our to pasture steers.

readers and by dwelling upon it we do so at the This year I am feeding five head of steers. They My farm is on the open prairie and I consider my risk of offending many, but we believe it is nec- were fed oat and barley straw with an occasional circumstances unfavorable for the production of the product

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

You say in announcing the topic that the experiences of the past winter being fresh in the minds of feeders they will be in a position to discuss the relative advantages of indoor and out door feeding. I am one of those who has just had some experience. A few years ago when your paper began to write up this system of outdoor feeding (and I think it was the FARMER'S ADVOCATE that first undertook this work), I liked to keep a few cattle over winter. Like many another man I was not satisfied with the way my cattle fed. They did not seem to stretch as warm and dry as I thought it should be, but out over their bones. I think I know now why not seem to use it. Perhaps their systems realized they didn't need it. I had an ambition to turn out a car of cattle "beef to the hocks"

The purity and prepotency of the blood of a I read of these men up in the Newdale district ____ \$1.00. pure-bred sire has practically nothing to resist it having big, thick steers out of doors I was per-

sulting in an ill-formed wobbly-gaited creature, those cattle in. I couldn't have left cattle out rather crude and will be inclined to emphasize such The same thing is observable in the human that year. I fed twelve steers and two heifers at items of cost, as stable rent, labor, etc., which I family, the Mulatto is invariably a more perfect first. The bunch were three past, some of them have omitted, and to depreciate the benefit obtained when a man has his mares graded up to the third way those cattle looked every sole in the shelter some further charges for cost and still leave a fair or fourth cross that he needs the services of an them. They had a big straw pile in the shelter some further charges for cost and still leave a fair exceptionally impressive sire; a stallion with a of a bluff about 100 yards from the barnyard profit. As to the order of feeding I gave half a strong individuality like Baron's Gem was in and came over to the barn for water and picked his time and old McQueen and Baron's Pride, about a straw pile there. I rigged up a flat and to a lesser extent Concord at Hartney, Man. trough for feeding grain and gave them a mixture sheaf fed at noon if the cattle were in, one sheaf on And speaking of stallions can anyone explain of oats, barley and frosted wheat and didn't coming in, or after watering in afternoon, with straw to a rational man or audience why heavy draft spare it either. By April I was feeding about and chop last thing at night. The cattle were out for stallions should not be put to more strenuous 12 to 14 pounds of chop a day to each animal; several hours all fine days, from between ten and exercise than simply standing around a stall or also began giving a little hay. In April I sold eleven in the morning till they were ready to go in, walking up and down a yard for ten months of the bunch of cattle I had been trying for years. You will notice that the sheaf missed when cattle

developed the draft instinct to get horses with and 4 heifers. These had about the same treatheavy muscles and a natural adaptability for ment except the frosted wheat, but they got more

and pluck. Is it not reasonable that draft but they are up all my low grade wheat, some both sheaves and straw and mixing it with fodder stallions should demonstrate their fitness to get dirty barley, some oats, hay and a lot of straw.

work horses by a display of their powers in the In their corral there is quite a pile of manure that won't do the land any harm. I know cattle do have given a cupful of ground flax seed with each stallion, enrollment has done much for the well out of doors with a thick bluff for shelter. Stallion enrollment has done much for the well out of doors with a thick bluff for shelter, feed, but I could not get any flax in this district this

I believe if one put them on rape in the fall, help in feeding. terms used by breeders, by calling attention to and gave them some corn stalks for a change,

Daly, Mun., Man.

Makes a Profit of \$18.50 Per Head, Feeding Inside

In reply to the question as to which is the most and opinion. Assuming that a twenty-eight or thirty month old steer can be raised at a cost of \$30 I would like to make an observation or two on the and one can be them for less any fall, it certainly subject of cattle raising discussion on which is inas stockers or beef, I would like to state my experience pays to feed, as the figures I shall give will prove. vited in your current issue As to which is the best plan, feeding in the stable or United the later. I have not had much experience in cattle feeding but belong to the class of farmers who carry a few

essary to feed more cattle and for the benefit of green oat sheaf up to February 1st when we started cheap beef or pork. The feeding season, feeding those few who are doing something at the work we have published considerable upon the subject. The awards for the discussion are made to J. G. McLeod, Daly, Mun., Man. and E. B. Chambers, Morton, Mun., Man. Their letters oat sheaves to each steer. They always got maybe eight, that is to give the cattle fair good comall the straw they could eat but no hay until the last fort and I consider comfort necessary for thrift. I three weeks. The chop, equal parts of oat and winter all my stock on straw and meal. We have no oats at 34 cents per bushel, barley 42 cents, green working season. We make a little money from self-ollow and are examples of what the advocates of oat sheaves at two cents each and hay at \$5.00 per ing veals and sell some butter. We raise heigers to both outdoor and indoor keeping say of their ton. At these figures the cost per steer for the foundation of the production of the produ

For April—10 lbs chop, 4 lbs. bran, two

simple but the handling of the case is not so easy. and the ribs as thick as a hemp door mat and when To May 15th—10 lbs. chop, 4 lbs. bran, hay

The steers were sold for delivery May 15th, the but when a third or fourth strain is introduced My first try was in the winter of 1908, a year the characteristics of the different families do ago, and I guess it is a good thing I didn't start price being five cents clear. They will average at the price being five cents clear. They will average at the price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. They will average at the start price being five cents clear. sheaf to each steer first thing in the morning and the second half before going to breakfast. Straw and chop were given directly after breakfast and one were out is not allowed for in the figures; but as I have not charged the occasional sheaf feed before February we break about even.

Oats for green feed should be grown on springplowed and manured land, and take the place of bare fallow, thus reducing the cost of producing the fodder. My sheaves were fed uncut. I believe that better results would have been obtained by cutting year, so I am growing some myself as it is a great

You will notice the above plan is something between the altogether outside and inside feeding. J. G. McLeon think that with a reasonable amount of exercise and fresh air the cattle eat the roughage better. Next season I shall aim to fill up the beasts good morning and night and not count on a noon feed.

E. B. CHAMBERS.

Some Observations on Cattle Feeding Under Manitoban Conditions

I would like to make an observation or two on the

Can a steer be grown to 30 months of age for \$30.00? head of stock to provide a supply of meat and produce While not prepared to give figures on this point I for home use, but I have yet to be convinced that the believe he can,—provided of course that he is pastured rearing of cattle or hogs is a very large stone in our on land suitable only for pasture, and on fenced agricultural foundation. For some sections where fallow fields, where by eating the volunteer crop of grain growing is not feasible, stock raising may be the grain and weeds, before and after plowing, with the only means of bringing in money; to the man who addition of some grain sown thin on a few acres, he places considerable value on manure the business will check the weeds, pack, and to some extent may have some good features, but to the man who fertilize the soil, leaving the field in good shape to practically lives from hand to mouth and the mouth grow a record crop, and by so doing discount the cost geared a little faster than the hand, it is just as well of his keep. That, in my opinion is the proper way to cash the grain and use the summer fallow to

both outdoor and indoor keeping say of their ton. At these figures the cost per steer for the four replace older ones or sell if we get too many.

The formula of the four replace older ones or sell if we get too many.

The formula of the four replace older ones or sell if we get too many.

During the Brandon show some discussion took place re marketing of stock. I was glad to see a correspondent review Mr. Ingram's attempt to throw the blame on the local buyer. The local buyer just the blame on the local buyer. 4.65 as readily shifts the blame unto some one else. is strange the conflicting criticisms that a close stu-5.40 dent of farm literature reads. One element advocates



BUNCH OF FEMALES ON D. RILEY'S RANCH HIGH RIVER, ALTA.

increasing the supply, w supply cannot sell it. The farmers that they do no products of high quality. farmer is delinquent in r duce he throws on the ma more quality," would be every road allowance co-Man.

May 19, 1909

Mr. Templeton's

EDITOR FARMER'S ADV In a recent issue of t

saw it stated that the H introduced a bill into t providing that all man feeding stuffs shall be c product under a numb package a guaranteed so that purchasers of the they are buying; and, purpose to offer a few re ject for the benefit of th ADVOCATE.

Returning to the Cana after an enforced absence at once that this country hunting ground for the cial feeding stuffs, and Mr. Templeman's bill direction. While freely I think I shall be able to will have to go very mu anything like adequate chaser and user of con

Should the above bil facturer of compound f put on each package a percentage of oil, album which it contains; and in complying with the being compelled to give money. Take the gua for instance, and we sh out as follows: Suppo expense of an analysis, that the feeding stuff percentage of oil guara arrive at the erroneou received value for his r the matter is that anal have to be carried out than they are at prese full protection for th an analyst to find a ce a feeding stuff, he at credit for that amoun moment, troubling him which the oil has been oil is oil, no matter wh from linseed, cottonsee to say nothing about th the manufacture of feed derived from weed seeds that the seeds of such v podded variety of wild 1 in the soil for an inc cases are on record in I had been laid down t years had borne a heavy mustard on being brok a matter of fact, the out above weeds is a veri being water-proofed, se percentage of oil which Now, in England, at the provisions of the "fert compound feeding stuff: analysis of oil, albume on every package, the commercial article, bei posed of, in fact, at a ; I know of at least one grinds anything else. feeding value, there wor should not draw their seeds: it is a well know is not the case. The bears a direct relation will it dry, and vice vers painted upon glass, it

or cottonseed oil will dr

at once that the former

lbs. bran, hay 3.10

head. \$16.50 elivery May 15th, the hey will average at the us showing a profit of y think this figuring ned to emphasize such , labor, etc., which I te the benefit obtained ed. The one balances a margin will allow of and still leave a fair eeding I gave half a n the morning and the oreakfast. Straw and er breakfast and one were in, one sheaf on afternoon, with straw The cattle were out for rom between ten and were ready to go in, if missed when cattle f feed before February

be grown on spring-take the place of bare st of producing the uncut. I believe that n obtained by cutting nixing it with fodder s of corn this year for ly necessary to success n feeding my steers I I flax seed with each ax in this district this nyself as it is a great

plan is something and inside feeding. mount of exercise and ughage better. Next beasts good morning on feed. E. B. CHAMBERS.

Cattle Feeding Conditions

rvation or two on the ssion on which is in-

ence in cattle feeding ners who carry a few y of meat and produce be convinced that the ery large stone in our some sections where ock raising may be the ney; to the man who manure the business but to the man who nouth and the mouth and, it is just as well ie summer fallow to

rie and I consider my the production of eding season, feeding of seven months, or cattle fair good con d meal. We have no ir horses during the We raise heifers to

et too many. I was glad to see a s attempt to throw The local buyer just sms that a close stu-



every road allowance corner

GEO. ARMSTRONG.

Mr. Templeton's Feeding Stuff Bill

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE

May 19, 1909

In a recent issue of the Winnipeg Free Press I saw it stated that the Hon. Wm. Templeman has rived from linseed or cottonseed. introduced a bill into the Dominion Parliament, providing that all manufacturers of commercial feeding stuffs shall be compelled to register their product under a number, and to put on every package a guaranteed analysis of the contents, so that purchasers of the product may know what they are buying; and, with your permission, I purpose to offer a few remarks on the above subject for the benefit of the readers of the FARMER'S

Returning to the Canadian Northwest, to farm. after an enforced absence of eighteen years, I saw at once that this country still remained a happy hunting ground for the manufacturer of commercial feeding stuffs, and I therefore welcome Hon. Mr. Templeman's bill as a step in the right direction. While freely admitting this, however, I think I shall be able to show that the above bill will have to go very much further if it is to secure anything like adequate protection for the purchaser and user of commercial feeding stuffs.

Should the above bill become law, the manufacturer of compound feeding stuffs will have to put on each package a guarantee, showing the percentage of oil, albumenoids and carbo-hydrates which it contains; and he will have no difficulty in complying with the act, without giving or being compelled to give the purchaser value for money. Take the guarantee percentage of oil, the matter is that analysis of feeding stuffs will have to be carried out in quite a different way than they are at present, if they are to afford full protection for the purchaser. Supposing an analyst to find a certain percentage of oil in a feeding stuff, he at once gives the compound credit for that amount, never for one single moment, troubling himself as to the source from from linseed, cottonseed, rapeseed or palm-nut, in the soil for an indefinite period. In fact, every department of the paper. cases are on record in England, where soil which had been laid down to pasture for a hundred years had borne a heavy crop of charlock and wild and for the second best Two Dollars, paying mustard on being broken up by the plow. As the latter sum for other contributions on the a matter of fact, the outer skin of the seeds of the subject received and published in the same issue above weeds is a veritable oil sheet; the seed being water-proofed, so to speak, by the large percentage of oil which this outer skin contains. Now, in England, at the present time, despite the compound feeding stuffs shall stamp a guaranteed vest? Is it better to quit at 6 at all times or to work analysis of oil, albumenoids and carbo-hydrates later? on every package, the seeds of corn-cockle are a I know of at least one large grist mill that never apply the wash. grinds anything else. Were all oils of equal June 16.—Sh seeds: it is a well known fact, however, that such torily. is not the case. The feeding value of any oil bears a direct relation to its drying properties; or cottonseed oil will dry much more quickly than grain? mineral oil or oil derived from weed seeds, showing

increasing the supply, while the man who has a supply cannot sell it. The charge is made against the farmers that they do not supply the market with products of high quality. I am well aware that the farmer is delinquent in many respects by the product he throws on the market. "Less quantity and duce he throws on the market. "Less quantity and make it compulsory for the land at once. A wide toothed cultivator is most manufacturer to put a guaranteed analysis of suitable for this purpose. Work the soil crossduce he throws on the market. "Less quantity and under a number, and make it compulsory for the land at once. A wide toothed cultivator is most more quality," would be a good motto to hang on manufacturer to put a guaranteed analysis of suitable for this purpose. Work the soil cross-

food unit, so that foods of various kinds may be assist in retaining moisture. compared; the manufacturer of compound feeding stuffs will always find a market for his products and the farmer will continue, as at present, to pay higher price for spiced food compounds than they are worth.

This letter has, however, run on to an inordinate future issue.

Rexboro.

"JETHRO TULL."

FARM

Letters Upon Farming Operations Welcomed.

Topics for Discussion

out as follows: Supposing a buyer to go to the week at the head of this department a list of it does not stick too much to the roller. expense of an analysis, he will most probably find topics, which our readers are invited to discuss. that the feeding stuff actually does contain the Opposite each topic is the date of publication of percentage of oil guaranteed; and will doubtless contributions on it and readers are reminded that arrive at the erroneous conclusion that he has articles contributed on any of the subjects given, received value for his money. The plain fact of must be in our hands at least ten days earlier than the subject is scheduled for discussion in our

Readers will understand that this department of the paper is entirely and altogether their own. fully and freely expressing their opinion of the manner in which it is conducted. They are invited to suggest topics to be discussed. If any which the oil has been derived. To the analyst reader has in mind any question which he or she oil is oil, no matter whether it has been derived may think could be profitably discussed, it will be given a place in the order of subjects, if brought to say nothing about the quantities of oil used in to the notice of the editor, and is of sufficient the manufacture of feeding stuffs, which has been general interest Because this notice runs weekly derived from weed seeds. It is a well-known fact at the head of the Farm Department does not frost and stook in large conical stooks until that the seeds of such weeds as charlock and the mean that farm questions, only, may be dispodded variety of wild mustard will remain sound cussed. The discussions will be spread over half a bushel of seed per acre.

For the best article received on each topic, we will award a first prize of Three Dollars Article should not exceed 500 words in length.

ORDER OF SUBJECTS.

Tune 2.—What do you consider is the best provisions of the "fertilizers' and feeding stuffs method of using the time of the men and horses in Act," which provides that manufacturers of the fields, on summer fallows, at having and har- Idaho and Wyoming without irrigation?

June 9.—What is the best way to clean up a May 5th number. commercial article, being much more easily disposed of, in fact, at a price than good grain; and surroundings healthful. How do you make and colled because it has been preached and practised

June 16.—Should cream be sent to a creamery

Dirty Land and Barley

R. S., Carberry, Man. writes:

cleaning the land of noxious weeds and growing and the surface cultivation prevents excessive

the contents upon each package, but it must wise of the land at first, then in a week or so culcompel the manufacturer to state the source tivate or harrow lengthwise, killing a crop of from which the constituents guaranteed have weeds each time, and bringing a fresh supply of been derived. At the same time, it should be seeds near the surface to germinate and be killed made compulsory for analysts to at least differ- in their turn. If it is intended to manure the entiate betwixt oil from weed seeds, or any oil land this may be done towards the end of May, of low feeding value, and oil which has been de- and about June 1st the land should be plowed a fair depth and the barley sown at once, in fact In addition to the above let me say that until it is so important that the barley seed be deposited the average farmer educates himself sufficiently in the damp soil that I would recommend that to enable him to calculate correctly the number every day's plowing should be sown at the close of food units per ton which a compound feeding of the day. A subsurface packer used directly stuff contains, and to arrive at the exact cost per after the plow, and before the harrow, will greatly

S. A. BEDFORD.

Questions on Rolling

H. D. writes from Burnside, Man. :

"I have some land I propose using for grain length, and I therefore, propose, with the editor's that was plowed last fall, it is very loose. Would permission, to defer the discussion of the method you advise my rolling it and if so, when? Is f arriving at and comparing food values to a before or after sowing best? Is it advisable to roll land when it is slightly damp?"

The better way is to use a sub-surface packer before the grain is sown, but perhaps you are not willing to go to the expense of buying a packer and the next best thing is to use a roller.

Where the soil drifts with the wind I would prefer to roll after the grain is an inch or two above the surface, this will prevent drifting and will not injure the young grain. At that time there is also more leisure. The roller should be run crosswise of the lands. Stiff soil when wet will often cake and cause the moisture to evapo-To afford an opportunity for the interchange of rate too quickly, but rolling light soil when ideas, and to provide a place where information slightly damp (not wet) will prevent it from driftfor instance, and we shall find that it will work may be given and received, we will publish each ing and the dampness will do no harm providing

M. A. C. S. A. Bedford.

Kaffir Corn

"What has been your experience with Kaffir corn? Is it equal to the ordinary fodder corn for the West? If not what varieties of corn would you recommend?

Kaffir corn resembles millet more than it does They are invited at all times to write the editor the ordinary fodder corn. It has not given very good results with me and I would much prefer one of the early varieties of true corn The following are among the best kinds for fodder purposes in the West, North Dakota, Flint, Longfellow, and Compton's Early. All these sorts are fairly early and give good returns. They should be sown in rows 30 to 36 inches apart and from three to nine inches apart in the row. Cut before required for fodder during winter. It takes about

S. A. BEDFORD.

Harrowing Grain: Campbell System

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

1. Will you please let me know through your valuable paper if it would be a good idea to harrow after the oats is up about 2 to 4 inches?

What is the Campbell system of soil culture? 3. Is farming successful in Washington, Oregon,

See the series of articles on this subject in the

extensively by an energetic man named Campbell, of Lincoln, Nebraska. The system consists in feeding value, there would be no reason at all why either local or distant, or kept on the farm and be plowing the land deep, packing right to the furthe manufacturers of compound feeding stuffs made into butter to be marketed wherever the price row bottom with the pointed disc packer and should not draw their supplies of oil from weed is best? Tell of a plan that is working satisfac- then sufficient surface cultivation to form a mulch and prevent evaporation. Many people claim this is just the good old-fashioned system of summerfallow and in a sense it is. Campbell, however, believes in plowing deeper than most farmers go in summer fallowing and plows only I have a field of very dirty land that I think once in the season. The theory is that the soil, If, therefore, oils derived from various sources are of sowing to barley this spring, how would you which has been turned by the plow, has a greater painted upon glass, it will be found that linseed treat it and when do you advise me to sow the water holding capacity than soil not turned and, rain?" therefore, we should make as large a water A large number of our farmers are recognizing holding reservoir as possible. The use of the at once that the former have a much higher feed- that a barley crop is one of the very best means of subsoil packer helps this soil to retain moisture moisture conserving and exceptionally gratifying results have followed its adoption in the dry districts of the Central States and also in Western Editor Farmer's Advocate: Canada. Wherever summer fallowing has been

to plow down in the fall.

sow about 12 pounds of common red clover seed enriched.

M. A. C

S. A. BEDFORD.

An Advocate of Inoculation

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

For the department of agriculture for Saskatchewan, working through the agricultural society, I undertook to sow a quarter of an acre with alfalfa in again it will repay him more than satisfaction. the spring of 1907. The land selected was a piece Man. that had been under cultivation for fourteen years, and this was the second crop after summer fallow On 20th May I ploughed and harrowed the plot, harrowing it again in about ten days. On account of not receiving the seed I did not get the plot sown until the 21st of June. One-half of seed was treated with nitro culture, the other half sown without any treatment. It was sown with grain drill. On 3rd August, when the growth was about twelve inches weeds. At freeze-up the treated plot had reached a to those of your readers desirous of training a young height of eleven inches, the untreated about eight dog, though I do not pose as a professional dog inches. In the spring of 1908, the treated plot came trainer, by any means. right along. On August 24th I cut and weighed the crop off two yards square of each plot. That of being one of good Scotch Collie breed (we will name treated weighed twenty pounds and that of the unit plack in this letter) the first thing necessary is to treated, three pounds. Both crops were cut the gain Jack's confidence by becoming his friend and same day. The roots of the treated plot were deep master, without either fooling with him or abusing and strong and well supplied with nodules, while those of the untreated, although going well into the had your own meal, always calling him by name, and had your own meal, always calling him by name, and

thrive best? About what date should they be sown? and hold it on edge on the floor. What rate of seeding per acre gives best results? of meat, hold it on opposite side

The west.

The sample of peas grown here are not equalled thoroughly.

The sample of peas grown here are not equalled thoroughly.

When the pup is three months old teach him to brought as cheaply, after paying the duty, as goods of home manufacture. in any other part of America, they are practically free from injury by pea weevil, mould, etc., and always lead, so that he will not be afraid of the line when he of home manufacture.

but Successful

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

I am not going to relate my own experience in or "drive hard," etc. carefully carried on a sufficient supply of moisture is saved up for several seasons.

A very valuable quality in a dog, is to understand being sent to the back field for the cows, and if the fully grown on an adjoining farm. As the method of growing it was somewhat different from anything I dog has been properly line-broken, and is now work have tried or read of it may be of some interest to ing well without line, this can easily be taught by As for the states mentioned both kinds of growing it was somewhat different from anything 1 dog has been properly line-broken, and is now work-farming is carried on. There are local conditions affecting the moisture supply of crops so that in some parts of a state irrigation is necessary while in others it is not.

As for the states mentioned both kinds of growing it was somewhat different from anything 1 dog has been properly line-broken, and is now work-have tried or read of, it may be of some interest to ing well without line, this can easily be taught by your readers. The land selected was a thirty-acre going with him, and at first send the dog say 20 rods, field of black loam, level, inclined to be damp, had or so, and see that he does his work right. Then passed its usefulness for wheat growing and was not increase the distance according to the way the dog work of the control of the cont part of June, having grown a crop of wheat the year send him, but don't forget the word of approval if he previous, and had simply lain in stubble since the does his work well. If the dog should ever have the Clover for Poor Soil

"Will it pay me to sow with my grain crop a pound or two per acre of red clover and plow the clover under in fall as a fertilizer?"

When sown with a nurse crop of grain and the grain is allowed to ripen, the clover usually makes a very poor growth and there is very little of it to plow down in the fall

previous, and had simply lain in stubble since the wheat was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. It was plowed in a very hot, dry time, and was harrowed four times, twice lengthways and twice across. In the first week in July the field was seeded with a mixture of five pounds of timothy, two it as possible, then put the line on him and go after the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the which and to conserve the wheat was cut. No effort was made to conserve the which and the ground, and if you know a while, and in that way get him to think as lightly of the beast that kicked him, using the word for hard driving, and help the dog. If he draws blood so a very poor growth and there is very little of it to plow down in the fall. freezing-up time that year, this was about as neglected mendable in a man, but it is one of the best virtues a looking field as anyone would care to look at. The a dog can have If you wish to fertilize your soil with clover, oats and other weeds, though not thick, covered it pretty well all over, and were about two feet high. on spring plowed stubble, harrow well, then when The following year about haying time, it was not the weeds and volunteer crop is about a foot or much more promising in appearance. The crop was two high run the mower over the land and leave allowed to ripen, cut in August, raked up right after two high run the ground. The clover will soon the mower and stacked. The timothy had shed two high run the mower over the land and leave allowed to ripen, cut in Angust, raked up light after the cuttings on the ground. The clover will soon make a large plant and by the end of August or beginning of September you will have a lot of there was a splendid crop. The clover seemed to be clover to plow under, and the land will be greatly twing thick so it would ground the timothy. It was what you would considered. say, as thick as it could grow. Again it was allowed to get what would be called too ripe to make first class hay. The year following though not a very favorable one, there was nearly as good a crop, and that fall the clover came up thick and strong. one who did not see these crops grow it may seem an expensive process but to that man the satisfaction of seeing his clover a real success must have repaid him and there is no doubt when wheat is grown there

Some Suggestions on Training a Dog

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE

In your issue of April 14th, I noticed several letters on the training of the farm dog, and as none of the suggestions offered come up to my ideals of training a .dog for use on the farm, I thought I would add a few high, I run the mower over the plot to clip off the ideas, in the hope that they may be of some benefit

Having chosen the pup of our fancy, my preference ground, were very fine and no nodules were found on them.

Sask.

JAMES SMITH.

JAMES Field Peas As a Crop

What is the value of field peas as a farm crop in Western Canada? On what kind of soil do they teach him to jump through the hoop, i, e, take a hoop thrive best? About what date should they be sown? and hold it on edge on the floor. Now take a morsel This I think necessary for two reasons, first, to teach What time do they require to reach maturity? What If he goes through say, "good dog" and give him the ricks in the same order till he gets to know them

weigh over the standard weight. The yield is also comes to training for cattle. Always make him walk weigh over the standard weight. The yield is also comes to training for cattle. Always make him walk large, averaging at least 25 per cent. more than that behind you. When he is ten months old we will give of Ontario and 50 per cent. more than Nova Scotia. him his first lesson on cattle. Get 100 feet of cord, They thrive best on a stiff clay loam but will succeed on any good wheat land, and require less heat than wheat, for that reason some of the land too cold will learn a new command more readily and he will and backward for wheat should give good returns understand your word of approval or disapproval, particular case, \$135 was paid in the year as the of peas, field peas are hardy and should be sown not which should be the same all the way through. Neverthan the second week of wheat seeding. Late or allow another dog near the pup while training the first late of this on the farmer is considerable. Everything he buys is raised in price by nearly thirty cents on the dollar. When the Tariff Commission sat in Toronto, the receipts and expenditures of an average Ontario farm were laid before than wheat, for that reason some of the land too cold will learn a new command more readily and he will have the same all the way through. Never than the second week of wheat seeding. Late or allow another dog near the pup while training was. I think, a typical average farm, and while later than the second week of wheat seeding. Late er allow another dog near the pup while training. was, I think, a typical average farm; and, while sowing encourages mildew, which reduces the yield. Just be the "old dog" yourself, and if you have these figures would be wide of the mark in many Use two and one-half bushels of seed for small kinds, trained him properly until now, you can teach him cases, it is safe to say that the average farmer

like White Marrowfat. Peas take about 130 days to mature in Manitoba, but ripen somewhat earlier in Saskatchewan, reversing the order of other grains which usually mature quicker in Manitoba than in the more Western provinces.

The average yield of peas on Brandon Experimental Farm is about 50 bushels per acre, and at Indian Head the command, more softly each time until you are bout 48 bushels this is on carefully prepared support in the tariff tax than in all other taxes combined. We must remember, too, that only a combined with the word of disapproval used for that purpose, great care must be taken in punishing not to spoil the dog.

Always have a firm hold on him and then repeat the command he has disobeyed. Strike him at the same time lightly, and every time you strike repeat about 48 bushels per acre, and at Indian Head the command, more softly each time until you are pay the tariff tax than in all other taxes combined. We must remember, too, that only a coffers. By far the larger portion is paid as a bout 50 bushels per acre, and at Indian Head the command, more softly each time until you are pay the tariff tax than in all other taxes combined. We must remember, too, that only a combined. We must remember, too, that only a combined with a combined. We must remember, too, that only a combined with a combined with a combined. We must remember, too, that only a combined with a com The average yield of peas on Brandon Experimental same time lightly, and every time you strike repeat. But the larmer must also, in very large measure. Farm is about 50 bushels per acre, and at Indian Head the command, more softly each time until you are pay the tariff tax for the other classes by whom about 48 bushels, this is on carefully prepared summer; just touching him, and repeating command kindly he is served. The doctor, the lawyer, the clergy fallow. Thirty-five bushels an acre should be grown till he wags his tail. Then let him go and try him at man, the tradesman, the laborer—all fact the tariff.

evaporation. Thus the whole system is one of An Unusual Method of Growing Clover gained the dog. In training a dog for cattle, while still using the line, he must be taught to drive easy or hard, as you may wish. Words with proper significance must be used in commanding him, such "easy" and "come down on 'em.'

A very valuable quality in a dog, is to understand

Last, a word on the system of feeding a dog: I think more people make a mistake here, than at any other point. How often we see a piece of bread thrown out to the dog, and on butchering day see odds and ends of meat scraps thrown to him. This I consider a great mistake. Feed the dog well three times a day, at the same place, and let him have a dish of his own and teach him to sit up while you prepare his food, and wait till you tell him to take it. Then when you come to teach him to watch a pail of milk without sampling it, or a pig which you have just slaughtered and want to let cool, you will find the advantage of a proper feeding system. In conclusion when you bring home the pup, whatever you desire in the dog at two years old keep working toward that end all the way through and always make use of what the dog already knows to teach him what JAS. W. McQUAY.

Cost of Protection to the Farmer

There are three ways in which the present system of protection works harm to the Canadian farmer. First, it increases the cost of almost everything he must buy, with no corresponding inerease in the price of what he has to sell. Second, it increases the cost of living of everyone he employs, directly or indirectly, and hence the price he must pay for their services. Third, by unduly increasing the profits of manufacturers, it places them in a position to compete unfairly with the farmer in the labor market. These effects of protection are far-reaching, and together constitute an almost fatal handicap to the farmer in his race with other Canadian industries

Canada is an agricultural country, and, unless our immense agricultural resources are wasted enormously, or our farming population ruined, agricultural products must, for a very long time, form our staple of exports. For this reason, it is a matter of common experience that the prices received here for farm products depend almost entirely upon the export trade. Prices are tixed abroad, and our protective tariff is totally power-less to raise them. On the other hand, ours is not essentially a manufacturing country. It is true we have many advantages in this line, and, unquestionably, certain lines of manufacture can be carried on here better than elsewhere, because of a supply of raw material, or some other advantage. But the chief element conducive to manuyield do they give per acre? reward, but if he goes around the hoop, take away both meat and hoop. In a few seconds try it again, value by the Western farmer, this is largely owing to the very general impression that they are not a success as a field crop, and partially to the practice through. Teach him about half a dozen tricks and for the West.

Vantage. But the chief element conducive to manifactures is not present—a thickly-populated country. Hence we find that we are very large importers of manufactured goods. From this, we would expect to find that protection is afforded to though them once a day, always taking the for the West. This is most surely the case. I have talked with many importers of merchandise, and I find the

> The effect of this on the farmer is considerable. pays more in the tariff tax than in all other taxes

ow. Thirty-five bushels an acre should be grown till ne wags his tan. Then ter that go and try him at the careful farmer on well prepared summer the same work again. Repeat the command sharply ing expenses increased as the result of the tariff.

Without showing temper, and he will almost certainly they must charge more for their services if they must charge more for their services if they obey. Then use the word of approval and you have are to live. In the end, all this increased living

expense must be met b turning our natural mine, the forest, the f chiefly by the farm. this indirect tax is. to the direct tax. One of the greatest country is that of lab

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cult to obtain hired h er can afford to pay. due to the at tractions least, is due to the in as high wages as oth competition that he competition can easily understand in many cases manufa protection than their consider one particula siders itself very badl ing out for more prot In 1906, the last full available, we find a tiles of \$5,764,600 of ported, chiefly, I arblankets and the coars of our homemade woo mum rate of duty i shadow of doubt that was added to the pri experience bears this almost all lines, impo as cheaply as Canadi importers of these sa same year amounting this is the case, the country received over because of the tariff. year was \$1,190,949. our manufacturing inc plain why farmers ca the labor market. Agriculture is our our country is develor

to find large increase The new forms of ag and animal doubtedly absorb mo of grain-farming. great increase in farm developing West. K may afford some food every Province east is actually decreasin ten years ending in to 65,254. That in the increase of rural only 50,000, while u 500,000, or ten time What is the matter

sources, are we not l What must ultimatel prosperity? How f. countable for this con well worth thought.

Why, with our great

Wants to Far

EDITOR FARMER'S AD I propose settling of trict. I mean to breaces for the shack, wheat, oats, tame ha pasture. I will keep a that number of cows to the different crops? miles from town when farm produce. Oats 89 cents a bushel this There will be two m wondering if it will b workers to handle.

high ideal if he inten outlined roughly in poses to farm a quar tensive than is usual to keep more stock t acre farm. In advis laid out and the rota give the greatest co: greatest amount of fe be made the chief price of hay and grai much personal conce ten brood mares wit age, and maintain a dairy will make some of land. A young h mum value even at 4 successfully it certain is at least four years an average of 7 col mares, this would m and colts. If a dair at least 15 head of y be kept to allow for herd. Food for up

Founded 1866

a dog for cattle, while be taught to drive easy

. Words with proper
commanding him, such come down on 'em,'

a dog, is to understand ior the cows, and if the roken, and is now workan easily be taught by end the dog say 20 rods. his work right. Then ing to the way the dog nu can stay at home and e word of approval if he og should ever have the t to him as quickly as ound, and if you know art with both hands for nim to think as lightly of ine on him and go after ising the word for hard If he draws blood so on may not be com-one of the best virtues

m of feeding a dog: I istake here, than at any see a piece of bread on butchering day sees thrown to him. This Feed the dog well three ce, and let him have a im to sit up while you you tell him to take it. i him to watch a pail of a pig which you have let cool, you will find eding system. In conthe pup, whatever you s old keep working toough and always make nows to teach him what

JAS. W. McQUAY.

to the Farmer

which the present sysarm to the Canadian s the cost of almost h no corresponding inhe has to sell. Secliving of everyone he ly, and hence the price Third, by unduly inufacturers, it places bete unfairly with the These effects of pro-

together constitute an te farmer in his race

country, and, unless resources are wasted opulation ruined, agrit very long time, form this reason, it is a c that the prices rets depend almost en-Prices are tixed ariff is totally powere other hand, ours is ring country. ges in this line, and, of manufacture can an elsewhere, because or some other adnt conducive to manuhickly-populated counare very latte in From this, we otection is afforded to I have talked with dise, and I find the

d in price by nearly Vhen the Tariff Comreceipts and expendifarm were laid before computed that, in this id in the year as the nanufacturers. age farm; and, while of the mark in many the average farmer han in all other taxes per, too, that only oes into our Federal portion is paid as a

f foreign make can be

ng the duty, as goods

This in itself is a n very large measure, her classes by whom e lawyer, the clergyrer-all find their liv result of the tariff. their services if they

expense must be met by those industries which are and cattle will have to be grown on this 160 acres of turning our natural resources into wealth—the land. To do this may not be impossible, but it will the forcest the Gebevier and the wealth—the land. mine, the forest, the fisheries, and the farm — and not permit of selling also hay and grain. It will this indirect tax is.

It is probably, at least, equal farming not yet in practice, but none the less practical.

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ported, chiefly, I am informed, in the form of blankets and the coarser forms of goods. We used, of our homemade woollens, \$5,696,632. The minimum rate of duty is 30 per cent. There is no shadow of doubt that the full amount of this rate was added to the price of these goods Common experience bears this out. Value for value, in almost all lines, imported woollens may be bought as cheaply as Canadian-made goods. We are large importers of these same goods, our imports in the same year amounting to \$14,890,494. Now, if this is the case, the woollen manufacturers of this country received over \$1,300,000 in increased prices which possesses some new features which may be the because of the tariff. Their wage bill in the same because of the tariff. Their wage bill in the same year was \$1,190,949. This is typical of many of transmitting it steadily, and regularly to the point our manufacturing industries, and may in part ex-where it is consumed. The windmill in question is

Agriculture is our great basic industry, and if our country is developing normally, we may expect to find large increases in our farming population. The new forms of agriculture-fruit-growing, dairyand animal husbandry—generally doubtedly absorb more men than the old methods to adjust itself to the varying directions of the wind, of grain-farming. Besides, we should expect a the main frame is provided with three tails, two of great increase in farming population, because of our developing West. Keeping these facts in mind, it may afford some food for thought to know that in every Province east of Manitoba rural population wheel. The small tail on the one side is fixed, but the is actually decreasing. That in Ontario, in the two larger tails are free to rotate about a horizontal is actually decreasing. That in Ontario, in the ten years ending in 1907, this decrease amounted to 65,254. That in the census period, 1891-1901, the increase of rural population in all Canada was only 50,000, while urban population increased by

500,000, or ten times as fast.
What is the matter with agriculture in Canada? Why, with our great, undeveloped agricultural resources, are we not holding our own in population? prosperity? How far is our protective tariff accountable for this condition? These are questions These are questions E. C. DRURY. well worth thought.

Wants to Farm a Quarter Section Intensively

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

I propose settling on a quarter section in this dis-I mean to break 150 acres of it, leaving 10 acres for the shack, buildings, etc. I want to grow in proportion to the velocity of the wind, allow the wheat, oats, tame hay and to have some permanent farm produce. Oats have touched 32 cents and wheat strongest gales. The generator is of 2 kwts. capacity 89 cents a bushel this year. Timothy hay is \$8 a ton. at 130 volts, and has a speed variation from 800 to

There will be two men only on the place and I am 1600 revolutions per minute. Its armature shaft is

of a highly nervous organization, yet they may not a sight. wondering if it will be too much for even two willing placed vertically, and is driven direct by means of a nervous temperament. Their organs of sight

Your correspondent has certainly set for himself a high ideal if he intends following the farming system outlined roughly in the above paragraph. He proposes to farm a quarter section on a scale more in tensive than is usually followed in this country, and to keep more stock than are usually found on a 160 acre farm. In advising him regarding management it would be my opinion that the farm should be so laid out and the rotation of crops so arranged as to give the greatest convenience in handling, and the greatest amount of feed for the live-stock, which is to be made the chief sale crop. The fluctuations in price of hay and grains on the market need not be of much personal concern to the man who aims to keep ten brood mares with their increase to four years of age, and maintain a herd of 20 cows (whether beef or dairy will make some difference) on a quarter section of land. A young horse is scarcely worth his maximum value even at 4 years old but having raised him successfully it certainly will not pay to sell before he in the Soudan they are shod with camel's skin. A aborts, don't fool away time studying what you had is at least four years old. We will suppose then that an average of 7 colts per year be raised from ten prepared by saturating with oil, turpentine and other whole herd abort. Take this cow right away from mares, this would mean a stock of at least 38 horses ingredients. Thin layers of such paper are glued to the herd, and, with a good cattle syringe, once a day If a dairy herd of 20 cows is to be kept, at least 15 head of young stock of various ages must be kept to allow for weeding out and replenishing the shoes thus made are said to be durable and impene- about a dalf gallon at each time. Continue this as herd. Food for upwards of seventy head of horses trable by moisture

One of the greatest problems on the farms of our country is that of labor. It is increasingly dimercult to obtain hired help at prices which the farmet consider to pay. Part of this difficulty is death, is due to the at tractions of the town, but finds part, at least, is due to the inability of the farmer to pay as high wages as other industries. He nnds a competition that he cannot successfully meet. We can easily understand this when we consider that in many cases manufacturers receive more in tariff protection than their entire wage bill. Let us consider one particular case, an industry that considers itself very badly treated, and has been crying out for more protection—the woollen industry. In 1906, the last full year for which figures are available, we find a total product in woollen textiles of \$5,764,600 of which only \$67,968 was exported, chiefly, I am informed, in the form of buildings about midway on the quarter if drainage permits. Oats, barley and alfalfa would be the road, about midway on the quarter if drainage permits. Oats, barley and alfalfa would be the only crops I would undertake. A permanent the only crops I would undertake. A perma One of the greatest problems on the farms of our built near the road, about midway on the quarter if The buildings should be arranged conveniently and

> G. H. HUTTON, Supt. Lacombe Experimental Farm.

Automatic Windmill

A British exchange gives a description of a selfplain why farmers cannot compete successfully in used for light and power purposes on an English farm and seems likely to prove suitable for domestic and agricultural service where fuel is scarce and a wind of at least six miles an hour is experienced for about half the year. The plant consists of a wind wheel on a steel tower 30 feet high, a small dynamo, and a storage battery. To enable the wheel automatically which stand out on each side of the wheel, making an angle of about 15 degrees with it. The centre tail spindle. When these tails are in the vertical plane the machine is in the running position with its wheel at right angles to the wind, but when the two movable tails are turned into the horizontal position the fixed to milk them but with practice one can become quite tail is unbalanced, and the force of the wind slews the expert with three fingers only in use. wheel round until the wind is blowing approximately parallel to the plane of the wheel, and thus has no effect upon it. To assist further the tails in controll-What must ultimately be the effect on our national ing the wheel the centre of the wheel is about 9 inches away from the centre of the vertical pivot, thus producing a tendency on the part of the wheel always to turn out of the position at right angles to the wind. The two movable tails are connected by a steel wire rope, so that by pulling this and fastening it the wheel is permanently thrown out of the wind. On releasing the rope the tails fall by their own weight into the working position. The movable tails balanced on their pivots that when the wind rises beyond a certain predetermined limit the tails automatically move out of the vertical position, and, wheel to turn further away from its working position. shaft of the wind wheel. The control of the field circuit is maintained by resistances worked by relay switches energised by the main circuit. In this particular plant there are six steps. Thus, instead governing on the speed of the wheel, the regulation s done on the output, the object being to allow the wheel to run at its most economical speed. Besides the relay switches, there is an automatic switch for cutting the battery in and out in accordance with the voltage of the generator, and for this purpose a special switch has been made which enables the plant to be left entirely to look after itself. So reliable are the arrangements that charging can go on day and night and through the week-ends without any attention whatever, and the winds, whether light or strong, proceed.

> in the Soudan they are shod with camel's skin. A result, and sustain their nerve force. When a cow the hoof till the requisite thickness is attained. The syringe out her vagina with a one per cent. solution of

* * *

DAIRY

A New Butter Record

The six-year-old Holstein cow, Grace Fayne 2nd's Homestead 68828, owned by H. A. Moyer, Syracuse, Y., has broken the world's butter record for a Holstein cow. The record was made under super-vision of Cornell University Experiment Station, and shows a yield, at 6 years and 23 days of age, of 35.55 pounds butter in 7 days. She held the world's record as a four-year-old of 1906-7, her butter record in 7 days at that age being 29.16 pounds, average fat 4.12 per cent.; in 30 days, 119.22 pounds, average fat 4.09 per cent. At 5 years and 19 days old, her butter record in 7 days was 30.55 pounds, averaging fat 4.37; for 30 days, 126.68 pounds, averaging fat 4.01 per cent.

The Art of Milking

A reader asks us to publish something on the proper method of milking. This is a simple matter as there is only one right way to place a milking stool and extract the fluid. Approach the cow gently from fore right hand side if standing in the open or from behind if tied up, handle her and speak to her gently, brush her side and flanks off with a damp cloth then set her right hind leg slightly back and place the milking stool slightly to the front of a line with her udder. Have the stool set firmly, hold the pail between the legs and put the head into the cows flanks to act as a restraining influence should she be inclined to move her right leg as that leg being set back is the one she must move first if she wants

to change her position.

When firmly seated take the right fore teat in the left hand and the left fore teat in the right hand and do as nature directs. Don't pull both teats at once, don't dampen the teats to make them slippery, and don't try any other plan of attack. This is the right way even for the left handed milker. Milk the fore teats dry then do the same with the back, then work alternately at the front and back until nothing With a little practice one soon becomes proficient in manipulating the teats. The expert milker develops a see-saw motion with his arms closing his hands upon the teats when he brings his arm down and releasing the teat for a fresh grasp as he raises his arm. When cows have short teats it is often quite awkward for a man with a large hand

Abortion in Cows

Abortion in a herd of cows can be wiped out by following certain, well defined rules, and, to be frank about it, I have little faith in any other methods which do not largely follow on the same lines. To define myself, I will say that abortion prevails in three forms: 1. from uterine weakness. Although an animal may be in fair flesh, in case the nervous vitality is not well sustained in a cow of a pronounced milk producing function, she will abort, or cast off the foetus from her uterus, simply because there is not nervous vitality sufficient to carry on two functions at the same time—namely, produce a large flow of milk and develop a calf in utero. We see this where cows are being quite highly fed on protein feeds like pasture. I will keep about 10 brood mares and double that number of cows. What acreage should I allow to the different crops? The place is not more than 10 miles from town where there is a good market for all and thus enable the plant to look after itself in the look after itself in the look after itself in the look after possible to the different crops? The place is not more than 10 within the measure of that required for the generator, and thus enable the plant to look after itself in the look after itself in the look after position. Cows are being quite highly fed on protein feeds like course are being quite highly fed on protein feeds like course are being quite highly fed on protein feeds like course. malt sprouts or brewers grain to make them produce a by breeding large producers of milk and are poorly

and smell are wonderfully acute; their sympathetic nervous system surpasses even that of morbidly sensitive human beings. Thus, the smell of sickening substances, or the sight of a fellow cow in distress, may bring about an abortion.

3. There are germs which sometimes invade the uterus and destroy the foetal membranes, and thus produce abortion. An injury from a slip or fall, or a gore from another cow may produce abortion on any cow. Now, if that cow and her foetus are not taken from the herd the effect may be such upon her fellow cows as to cause one or more of them to abort. there may be an epidemic of abortion follow from

Having thus outlined the causes briefly, I will proceed. Always feed heifers well during pregnancy on grains like oats and bran. Milch cows feed well not alone on feeds that will produce the most milk, but feed some ground oats to the cows that are more than In Iceland horses are shod with sheep's horn, while ordinary milkers, even if a quart or two less milk is the some of the coal tar disinfectants, using it warm and long as there are any fragments of the placenta

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coming from the valva. Then wait until the cow has

Now a word concerning germ abortion. An ex-stands, it is usually due to bacteria. perienced man can usually tell when he sees the foetus born whether germs caused its expulsion, by the appearance of the placenta, which will show more or less semi-putrid spots, mingled with dark red or purple spots on it, and the foetus will, as a rule, be covered with a yellowish slime. In all such cases it is safe to say the uterus of that cow is infected with abortive germs; therefore, not only use the solution named, but for a month give the cow from twenty-five to forty drops of the liquid pure carbolic acid twice a day. Give it by first putting the acid in a half pint of water, and using the water to wet her feed with. Again, fearing that there may be germs still left in her

Keep in mind that the bull that has perchance served an infected cow-especially when there reason to fear he has -may carry infection. Wash his sheath well with the same disinfectant before he of the cows in the barn, but use a little of the same solution on the floor of the stable where it was dropas better milk-producing cows are being raised, er and in a remarkably short time an entire flock will and it is worse than folly for dairymen to neglect to be confirmed pullers. Treatment consists of separatto feed her well during pregnancy. feeding her on any old thing during the winter, precaution is taken the vice may be stamped out at thinking it wrong or dangerous to take good care of once, but if the trouble becomes general about all her before she becomes a mother, must be abandoned that can be done is to feed meat and try to keep the the first thing. This practice may have done for ducks busy. A few large bones with some meat on our fathers' cows, which were bred to produce milk them, placed in the yard will help in this. only six or seven months in the year; but it won work in this day when we expect our cows to milk ten months and produce from five to ten thousand pounds of rich milk yearly.

DR. C. H. SMEED, V. S.

Causes of Flavor in Milk

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

For some time our cows have been giving milk that is of undesirable flavor. What is the cause of abnormal flavors and odors in milk?

There are various ways in which milk may acquire undesirable flavors and odors. Before a definite pores in the insect's body. Insect powders act in the answer can be given as to the cause of the trouble it would be necessary to know whether the taste and odor were present when the milk was drawn, or

1. The cow may, through some pathological condition, produce milk with an unusual flavor. This may occur when the cow shows no outward sign of disorder and usually lasts for a short time only.

2. Highly flavored foods may impart their peculiar flavors to the milk. The disagreeable results of feeding even small quantities of wild onion, turnips, and similar feeds are unfortunately too familiar to need comment. Other feeds with a less pungent taste no doubt affect the flavor of the milk to a less degree.

Milk, especially warm milk, takes up the odors and flavors of the surrounding air with great rapidity The flavor thus acquired may be so slight that it ordinarily passes unnoticed, or it may be so pronounced that anyone may recognize its source.

4. The flavor of milk may be materially changed by the growth of bacteria, with the infinite variety of by-products which result from their development. one kind of bacteria, a certain flavor, frequently very with small insects. pronounced, will result; and under the same conditions this particular variety will always produce the pronounced but entirely different flavor, while some species may grow for a long time without causing any Editor Farmer's Advocate

When a number of different kinds of bacteria grow is not equal. One variety finds the conditions of food or temperature or acidity more suited to its peculiar habits of life and develops more rapidly than any other kinds. In a short time this rapidly growing form may so change the milk that, while the come less and less adapted to the needs of the others. In the course of time this form crowds out all others and an examination would show large present would have entirely disappeared or would occur only occasionally. It is in this way that the special fermentations develop.

The trouble with your chickens is feeding them to the very day.

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The African variety is of the same Standard very day.

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The African variety is of the

come in normal heat not less than three times before allowing service of the male. Most cows thus treated by bacteria but by the cow, usually through somewill breed again, and if fed as heretofore indicated will breed again, and if fed as heretofore indicated thing in the feed. If, on the other hand, the fresh first few weeks, you can change the feed, and make a milk is normal and the flavor develops as the milk start by giving them cracked wheat once a day,

POULTRY

Feather Pulling in Ducklings

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE

Last year I had some trouble with my ducklings. when they were a few weeks old they started pulling at all times. uterus, about two months after she is supposed to be the feathers from each other's wings. Once they much green feed. pregnant begin giving the acid again once a day and continue for a month. Then skip a month, and so alternate until the eighth month has passed.

The feathers from each other's wings.

When the chicks are from six to eight weeks old tasted blood it seemed impossible to prevent the vice what they may be fed exclusively on cracked wheat and alternate until the eighth month has passed.

When the chicks are from six to eight weeks old tasted blood it seemed impossible to prevent the vice when all the hard grain should be kept to prevent the vice when all the hard grain should be continued for a month.

MRS. R.H.

Sometimes when ducklings are kept in large numbers in small yards, they develop the habit or vice of is allowed to serve another cow. When cows abort feather pulling, and it is a rather difficult trouble to in the barn not only remove the foetus out of sight deal with. There is no sure cure. The price begins grass range. Under these conditions the birds thrive when the large quill feathers on the wings are coming through the skin, and pulling them out, which may ped, and use the same precautions in the pasture field. begin accidentally, gives the ducklings a taste of In a general way I will say this disease is increasing blood and the vice is started. One learns from another and in a remarkably short time an entire flock will grow the heifer so that she will be strong, or neglect ing the offenders from the unaffected birds just as soon The practice of as the trouble is detected. It is best to put the pulturning the heifer on some poor pasture after service, lers by themselves in single coops if possible. If this

> Dusting a fowl with insect powder is of no value unless it is thoroughly done and repeated at least three times at intervals of a week or ten days. way to dust a fowl is to hold it by the legs, head down, over a box or some receptacle to catch the surplus powder, and then, with the free hand, work the powder thoroughly into the feathers and down to the skin. Chickens, when but a day or two old may be come infested with lice from the mother or from surroundings. For them the best plan is to place a few drops of oil on the head, wings and perhaps the Sweet oil or lard oil is best for this purpose Oil destroys the lice by clogging up the breathing same way.

Prevention is better than cure, especially in poultry whether they were acquired afterwards, for the source of the trouble can be discovered only when this fact were known. The flavor and odor you speak of may be traced likely to one of the following causes:

The source of consumption will convey their method of setting the geese eggs under then, and disease attack the healthliest of stock. Purmethod of setting the geese eggs under then, and disease into a breaking up the geese to obtain more eggs, is pracevarious stages of consumption will convey their various stages of consumption will convey their geese as sitters, although the rearing of the gos-malady to flocks of fowls. All poultry-keepers should lings is apt to be more difficult. Set the hen in keep a few simple remedies at hand, such as Epsom a nest with a sod in it. Grass is preferred by many salts, for all liver and digestive disorders, also overfat to straw, as it contains more moisture. Dampen and overheat of blood, dose half a teaspoonful in hot the eggs three times a week with tepid water. When water to each bird daily; sulphate or citrate of iron, the eggs are expected to hatch under the goose, have an excellent tonic for birds of all ages, dose one tea- a close basket or box handy, and in it put a woollen spoonful to two quarts of drinking water; glycerine cloth large enough to fold over it. In this basket or and olive oil for bronchitis and lung troubles, the box place the goslings as soon as hatched, as the goose latter is also useful for crop-bound fowls; perman- is liable to crush them to death. anate of potash for washing the mouth, eyes and beak of roupy birds, also add a little to drinking and her brood in a yard where there is no pond, water; spirits of camphor for coughs and colds, ten as swimming is harmful to the young goslings, drops in water, gives relief; powdered chalk with often chilling them fatally. Give plenty of pure ground ginger for cases of diarrhea, sprinkle on nests water for drinking, and feed hard-boiled eggs, bread water for drinking, and feed hard-boiled eggs, bread water for drinking. and dust into the feathers of young or old fowls, to or bran. The former is the best. After the goslings prevent the growth of lice; paraffin, to saturate all are a week old heavier food may be given. Supply perches and mix with sulphur and lard for scaly legs; plenty of grit and green food, if grass is not near.

Raising Chickens

Will you please tell me how to save my chickens? Out of 50 chickens hatched I only have 10 left, they when about a week old they get sick and die. I feed

If milk shows a peculiar flavor when it is first the feed. A hundred pounds of chick food goes a cracked corn is also a good feed, but we have trouble to get it in this part of the country.

Too many people feed their chickens when too young. When chicks are first hatched their stomachs contain the yolks of the egg unchanged. This is the feed that nature provides for them, so they do not need other feed for forty to forty-eight hours. can give them water if they will drink it. When they are two days old put fine grit where they can get it and do not fear that they will get too much. starting to feed them, just give as much of the chick feed that they will eat up clean. I feed dried beef scrap after the first two weeks, and lots of green feed There is no danger of giving them too

constantly before them, all the hard grain should be scattered in the litter for them to scratch for, the more work they have the better they will grow. soon as the chickens reach sufficient size, they should be transferred to colony houses and given a liberal and grow rapidly.

"Busy B."

The Rearing of Geese on the Farm

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE

Geese-raising on the farm is, undoubtedly, profitable if properly conducted. The farmer may realize a neat sum of money by raising a flock of geese every year, and with hardly any cost for food, for they will wander about the fields picking up what would otherwise be wasted.

Two geese are enough to mate with one gander, if the Toulouse or Embden variety are bred. The African geese may be mated three to one gander, with good results. During the winter months oats

should be the main food. As spring approaches, make roomy nests in the place the geese have been accustomed to staying in at night. When they become broody, if more eggs are desired, place the goose or geese in a small ard, and leave her or them for two or three days. Breaking up the nests or board them up, and let the

By this time she will likely have forgotten her former nest.

If the goose is to be set, select as many eggs as she will cover without overcrowding. These eggs should have been gathered as soon after being laid as possible, for they chill easily. After gathering pack in bran, little end up. While sitting, the goose should be allowed access to a pond of sufficient size for swimming, if the weather is not too cold. Where water is not within reach, the eggs may be

After the hatch is out, place the goose or hen erilized and then inoculated with some the heads of young chickens, which are often infested large. If there is no water to swim in, the goslings may be let run from the first, being careful to keep

If pasturage is abundant the growing stock will require little food after the first month till late in the fall, when, if the geese are to be kept till Christmas, as is usual, we advise feeding heavily and disposing of them as quickly as possible. Prices are as good,

Much discussion has arisen on the question of selecting a breed. Some breeders strongly advocate a variety because they breed it. We advise the

HORTI

Tree Planting

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVO Too much can hardl it is one which may ma of the prairie lands

The fertility of the so expanse does not appe who are or will be flo am safe in saying that accustomed to plenty of

I am certain that may civilization, if they can of trees, rather than devoid of this attraction will not spring up in a set about planting the can be planted the bet from the heavy winds. requires some 2722 to 1 or three acres off the t do they not add to the the value of the land a ness of the country.

It should be part several hundred at le how much non-produ farm, it seems poor pol when the benefit to wholesale planting of time, materially modif

I am afraid, howeve the dollars, but in this Every farm in the Wes in the way of cordwey considerable size; but prefer to use smaller w to fetch larger

The average farm i tenth of a quarter-sec there has enough fu-some to sell. Climati the circumstances; bu larger the farms are simply compensated for the lands of Western of what Brittany one: here is of less value.

The axe and fire ha denude the country thorough effort is not loss, farmers are liable if not dangerous predi

If a given acreage windbreaks were plan a period of eight or te relinquish that work a fuel in rotation every is doing good work a must follow suit and i

Apple Tra

Writing to the Tra J. B. Jackson, Trade (in discussing Canada' says that the fruit rapid strides. Nume dealt almost exclusive which name Canadian and sold when they have been induced t Canadian shippers and of regular shipments

the season. Some idea of the can be gathered from porting firm alone, upwards of 43,000 ba received by them instances could also advanced, but suffici by the fact that there in this district in Car was only one before ion products. A few induced to visit the Canada, where arran

Mr. Jackson furt shipments of Canad district every week the importers here that the shipments dian apples ever see is all also that could b were rather wormy defect has disappea from Ontario and I rival in the estimation The market in Leed and excellent prices of chick food goes a

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HORTICULTURE

Tree Planting and Cheap Land

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

May 19, 1909

Too much can hardly be said on this matter, for it is one which may materially affect the whole future of the prairie lands

The fertility of the soil is undoubted; but a treeless expanse does not appeal to everybody and of those, who are or will be flocking out to this country, I am safe in saying that the great majority have been accustomed to plenty of timber.

I am certain that many men will rather go far from civilization, if they can by so doing, enjoy the beauty of trees, rather than settle on possibly better land devoid of this attraction. Insomuch as plantations will not spring up in a day, the sooner prairie farmers set about planting the better. The more trees that can be planted the better, for one protects the other from the heavy winds. Placed four feet apart it only requires some 2722 to lay out an acre. What are two or three acres off the total area of the farm. What do they not add to the comfort of man and beast-to the value of the land and to the general picturesqueness of the country.

It should be part of the farm duties to set out several hundred at least every year. Considering how much non-productive land there is on every farm, it seems poor policy to begrudge a small acreage when the benefit to be derived is so great. The wholesale planting of trees would also, in course of = time, materially modify the climate.

I am afraid, however, that too many think only of in the way of cordwood. True it would be some Manitoba, 18.60 in Saskatchewan, 17.41 in Alberta, years before trees planted now would attain any and 22.55 in British Columbia, an average number of considerable size; but I am certain that many would convictions per 10,000 of population in the West in

tenth of a quarter-section here and yet the farmer per 10,000 of population in Ontario, 11.70 in Quebec there has enough fuel without buying and often 4.83 in New Brunswick, 9.67 in Nova Scotia and 1.38 some to sell. Climatic conditions materially change in Prince Edward Island, an average number per the circumstances, but considering how very much 10,000 of population of 9.01, as against 8.08 in 1906. larger the farms are here, the disadvantages are simply compensated for, especially if we reckon that for crime per 10,000 of population in 1906, and 18.40 the lands of Western Canada only produce a quarter per 10,000 in 1907. It will be noticed that the highest of what Brittany ones do—in other words, the land ratios of convictions for crimes in both years were in here is of less value

loss, farmers are liable to find themselves in a serious if not dangerous predicament in years to come.

relinquish that work and would have wood to cut for fuel in rotation every year. The Federal government is doing good work along this line, but the people must follow suit and in no half-hearted way.

A. E. DE HURST.

Apple Trade with England

Writing to the Trade and Commerce Department, J. B. Jackson, Trade Commissioner at Leeds, England, in discussing Canada's growing trade with England, says that the fruit trade, in particular, has made rapid strides. Numerous salesmen, who previously dealt almost exclusively in American fruit (under which name Canadian apples were invariably bought and sold when they did perchance obtain them) have been induced to open up correspondence with Canadian shippers and growers, and are now disposing of regular shipments of fruit week after week during

Some idea of the progress made in this direction can be gathered from the business done by one im porting firm alone, who, so far this season, has sold upwards of 43,000 barrels of Canadian-grown apples received by them direct from Canada. Other instances could also be cited where trade has greatly advanced, but sufficient illustration of this is shown in this district in Canadian apples to-day where there was only one before the Trade Commissioner's office was established for the protection of trade in Dominion products. A few local merchants, too, have been induced to visit the chief fruit-growing districts Canada, where arrangements were successfully made

for future shipments.

Mr. Jackson further says: "Very large direct shipments of Canadian apples are arriving in this district every week, and I am pleased to say that the importers here are unanimous in their opinion that the shipments surpass in quality any Canadian apples ever seen in this district. The packing is all also that could be desired. The early shipments were rather wormy and somewhat inferior, but this defect has discovered to the desired of the shipments. defect has disappeared, and Canadian apples, both from Ontario and Nova Scotia, now stand without a rival in the estimation of the consuming public here.
The market in Leeds has been exceedingly strong, and excellent prices are being obtained; in Sheffield,

realized than in either Leeds or Hull.'

Commissioner Ray, of Birmingham, England, writes under date of November 27: "For the guidance of apple exporters, I may say that the Birmingham market is well stocked at the present time, consequently rather low prices are ruling. It would market is always glutted at Christmas time, and apparently this year will be no exception.

'I went through Smithfield market yesterday came from Ontario was not up to the anticipated standard. Barrows' stores devoted a large window were a magnificent color, large in size, and solid in and an iron-bound system for fixing prices in the flesh, and Birmingham, I feel sure, will look forward United Kingdom. to these British Columbian shipments year by year, if the quality is maintained.

Pears are commanding a capital price, as doctors are now recommending them to invalids, instead of grapes. The retail price in Birmingham for good varieties is 6d. (12 cents) per pound.

FIELD NOTES

According to the criminal statistics of Canada for I am afraid, however, that too many think only of the dollars, but in this respect they are short-sighted. the year ending September 30, 1907, there were 23.44 the dollars, but in the West could be made self-supporting convictions for crime, per 10,000 of population in the way of cordwood. True it would be some Manitoba, 18.60 in Saskatchewan, 17.41 in Alberta, prefer to use smaller wood than go ten to forty miles that year of 20.5, as against an average of 19.18 for to fetch larger.

The average farm in Brittany, France, is only a during 1907 there were 17.47 convictions for crime the Western provinces, a circumstance due to the The axe and fire have done much of late years to fact that large increases in the population of these denude the country of accessable timber and if a provinces are being drawn each year from all parts thorough effort is not made very soon to replace this of the world, that a percentage of the immigrants uploss, farmers are liable to find themselves in a serious coming in are criminal by instinct or breeding, and spread, or from associating in the cities with persons ground over and report before decision in the matter

owing to the extreme depression in the iron and, that the four Chicago companies named are its comsteel trades, and the scarcity of money amongst the ponents. Also it says the same four companies are large operative population, the market has been allied in such a manner in England that they may weak, and much smaller prices have been eventually gain absolute control of the Smithfield than in either Leeds or Hull."

missioner Ray, of Birmingham, England, under date of November 27: "For the guidage apple exporters, I may say that the Birmingdetriment of the English importer.

Despite denials of the packers the committee rebe judicious if Canadian apple-exporters would retain fused to believe that the four leading packing houses their stocks until after the Christmas holidays. The of the United States could be in combination at home and yet competing against each other in Great Britain. Painstaking inquiries were made on both sides of the Atlantic and the conclusion reached is and inspected barrel after barrel of apples from that while the packers have been able to cover up. British Columbia and Nova Scotia. The fruit from their tracks pretty well, and while there is no actual both provinces was exceedingly fine, but much that evidence to prove that the Americans are in compared from Ontario and the control the British most trade the incompared from Ontario and the control the British most trade the incompared from Ontario and the control the British most trade the incompared from Ontario and the control that the control the British most trade the incompared from Ontario and the control that the control the British most trade the incompared from Ontario and the control that the contr bination to control the British meat trade, the information gathered sets forth as a moral certainty that the four leading packing companies of Chicago to a display of British Columbian apples, which that the four leading packing companies of Unicago were the delight of crowds of spectators. The apples have an understanding in regard to Britain's supples have an understanding in regard to British prices in the

Operating Expert Inspecting Stock Shipping Facilities

The Dominion Railway Commissioner have sent Mr. Frank Dillinger, operating expert of the board, to the West to inspect the stock shipping facilities of the railway lines, and the decision of the board will be based upon his report. Mr. Dillinger will make a personal imposation of the handling facilities make a personal inspection of the handling facilities at the Winnipeg stockyards and afterwards go over the Western lines of the C. P. R., C. N. R. and G. T. P. A conference was held in Winnipeg upon his arrival of those interested in the question of live-stock shipping, Messrs. James Baird, president of the Western Canada Live-Stock Shippers; N. Nichol, of Darlingford, also representing the Live Stock Shippers, General Live Stock Agent, McMullen, of the C. P. R., Calgary; Superintendent W. E. Roberts, of the C. N. R., Saskatoon; W. J. Hunter, representing the G. T. P., and R. A. C. Manning, who is representing the shippers, taking part shippers, taking part.

It will be remembered that when the Railway Commission sat in Winnipeg some months ago, the Live Stock Shippers Association, through Mr. Baird and their legal representative, complained of the unsatisfactory conditions under which live-stock are shipped, the yard accommodation at most points being inadequate, the time made in transit being altogether too slow, and the facilities at the Winnipeg stockyards for handling stock on arrival being insufficient, and requested that the board take the matter The Commission not deeming that the evidence offered constituted sufficient reason for action, because of the area of country over which they are decided to have their own operating expert look the

Scottish Commission Report

The Scottish Commission, which visited Canada last fall, have published their report. True to the characteristics of their race they have not permitted Last week the British government issued the re-port submitted by the departmental committee ap-any way the opinions formed of the country and its pointed last year to investigate the meat trade both possibilities, and the report deals in a frank and open in Britain and abroad, but especially to inquire as way with conditions in all parts of Canada as the to whether an understanding in respect to British commission found them. They caution their country-meat prices existed among American packers. Last men against the "honest exaggeration" from which season, when the hue and cry against the beef trust this country suffers, and while advising the emigration was raised in England, it was directly charged that of the agricultural classes, who have had experience the big four of the Chicago stockyards, fix the prices at home add that no man should start farming in of meat stuffs and regulate the meat imports of the Canada until he has learned from experience as a United Kingdom.

The report asserts positively the belief of the commeans. "If a man has no ambition and no ability mittee that a beef trust exists in the United States and to be anything else than an agricultural laborer,"



THE AUTOCRAT OF THE HIGHWAY HARNESSED FOR USEFUL WORK. The ideal auto for farmers, is said to be one that is adapted for a diversity of uses. The illus on the farm of Mr. D. H. Cosgrove, Napinka, Man. operating a saw

eing careful to keep lew or rain. growing stock will month till late in kept till Christmas,

We advise the reed it, but because table goose to raise.

for the gander and ey are seldom found ne Standard weight more eggs, and are They also

he same Standard

the commissioners say, "Canada is not the place for him. Everything considered, he will not be any better off in Canada than in Scotland." But if he is determined "to reach the top as an occupying owner,

Canada is emphatically the place for him.

Without minimizing the hardships of homesteading, the report suggests that to make the pathway of the Scotch farm laborer to a homestead of his own a little easier, that a company be formed to farm on an extensive scale, paying good wages to good men, making handsome profits for itself, giving its own farm servants the first claim to part of its land, break-ing up the ground for them and other Scotch settlers contract, and standing by them in bad years. For the dairyman and market gardener, who has some difficulty in making much money at home, there is no better chance than near the rising towns of the West, where cows and feed are cheap and milking machines get over the labor difficulty. In British Columbia there is at least equal need for care on the part of the emigrants, for land is selling at almost fabulous prices; but the settler has undoubted advantages in climate and soil and in an ever-increasing market. Settlement on the colony system is even more needed here than on the prairie, because such a scheme includes co-operation and transport facilities which are not of the essence of fruit-growing.

The unscientific and exhausting way in which to many of your readers it is a dull uninteresting manufacturer as a manufacturer nor does it benefit prairie farms are compelled to yield crop after crop subject, and then the position I take may not harm the laborer, but does increase the cost to the compelled to yield crop after crop subject, and then the position I take may not harm the laborer, but does increase the cost to the compelled to yield crop after crop subject, and then the position I take may not harm. of wheat without intermission for a long series of years did not, of course, escape the commissioners' notice. But, taking everything into consideration, wheat growing gives more than a chance for the man of small means, and a great opportunity for the man of brains and money." Great efforts are being made, and resources of a country, and the qualifications of large the laborer, but does increase the cost to the consumer. It does, however, benefit the owner of the timber limits, and that is why we have the great multi-millionaire lumber kings. The consumer pays the bill and will continue to do so until he wakes up to of brains and money." Great efforts are being made, and resources of a country, and the qualifications of lumber in the laborer, but does increase the cost to the consumer. It does, however, benefit the owner of the multi-millionaire lumber kings. The consumer pays the bill and will continue to do so until he wakes up to of brains and money." Great efforts are being made, and resources of a country, and the qualifications of lumber in the laborer, but does increase the cost to the consumer. It does, however, benefit the owner of the multi-millionaire lumber kings. The consumer pays the bill and will continue to do so until he wakes up to of brains and money." Great efforts are being made, and resources of a country, and the qualifications of lumber in the laborer, but does increase the cost to the consumer. It does, however, benefit the owner of the timber limits, and that is why we have the great multi-millionaire lumber kings. The consumer pays the laborer in the labore to propagate early ripening varieties. As in other her people will indicate what activities in which they countries, grumbling at railway rates is heard in the should engage more accurately than resorting to the justice? A man whom I know imported farm Canadian west, but "concessions have been made artificial method, viz., protective tariff. By way of machinery into Canada from across the line and paid which seem to be regarded as reasonable." The illustration let me refer to the discussion going on in a duty of \$1500.00 and this winter he has been Canadian wheat grower pays from five to ten cents the United States at the present time on the subject shipping the oats, produced by the aid of the same less per 100 pounds for transportation over a given of tariff reform; what is beneficial to one class of machinery, over to the United States and paying a less per 100 pounds for transportation over a given distance than his neighbor in the United States. To Canadians, Great Britain must largely look, in the commissioners' judgment, for immediate and regular supplies of wheat. "Without pushing the margin of cultivation further back, Canada on virgin soil will bye and bye be able to make up for more than the deficiency of the United States, and produce wheat at prices which, while tending upwards, will not be exorbitant."

of tariff reform; what is beneficial to one class of machinery, over to the Onited States and paying to citizens is not for the best interests of another class. Let us suppose that the people in Alaska should wish to engage in the production of oranges, but they can not do so because they can be imported from other latitudes very cheaply, without a protective bye and bye be able to make up for more than the deficiency of the United States, and produce wheat a prices which, while tending upwards, will not be exorbitant."

Events of the Week

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CANADIAN

CANADIAN

CANADIAN

A bome market for the productions of their fellow

country is believed by the commissioners to be preeminently suited for the breeding of heavy draft importing from the South and one hundred men are horses. Dairying and poultry raising are considered as offering special opportunities for development, total of the wealth of the country. They are enthough in the matter of milk yields, the commissioners gaged in non-productive toil. That is economic express surprise that the yield per cow is so low. To quote from the report: "If the Canadian dairymen large for these men to follow some occupation suited had to pay our rents and work under our restrictions to the climatic conditions existing in Alaska they would either have to make their cows give 200 Further comment on the Home Market argument seems unnecessary.

The Australian delegates to the Press Conference in England passed through Canada from Vancouver to Montreal last week.

A fake baron was captured last week at Ottawa. He had been palming himself off for some time as an Austrian Archduke and while the game lasted was strongly in with the four hundred at the federal capital. Seems unnecessary.

It is contended that the skilled American mechanic other lines too that come in for critical comment, cheap pauper labor of Europe, and hence his occupacountry is believed by the commissioners to be pre- Oranges are costing the residents more than when In fact honest criticism is welcomed.

Re Protection and Hard Times

EDITOR FARMER'S ADVOCATE:

The letter entitled "Protection and Hard Times" in the last number of your paper I read with much Wages are determined by the law of supply and deinterest. The subject of Protective Tariff is of vital mand. Manufacturers are not saints devoting their importance to all who have the welfare of their countime to philanthropy, they pay only what they are landed at Montreal last week, en route to Saskatchetry at heart, nevertheless it is with some reluctance compelled to by the conditions in the labor market. Wan. They are reported as the most unclean and that I request space in your valuable paper because. The duty imposed upon lumpher does not be soft the most unclean and that I request space in your valuable paper because. The duty imposed upon lumpher does not be soft the most unclean and that I request space in your valuable paper because. that I request space in your valuable paper because The duty imposed upon lumber does not benefit the most uncivilized lot that ever came down the gangway



PART OF THE FLEET OF NELSON'S (B. C.), FLEET OF MORE THAN 200 PLEASURE MOTOR BOATS.

a home market for the productions of their fellow Generally considered the report is a favorable citizens and that would be a wonderfully good review of Canadian agricultural conditions. The thing (?). Let us analyze the condition and see.

other lines too that come in for critical comment, cheap pauper labor of Europe, and hence his occupa- Quebec, is expected to visit but this country can stand any amount of it without tion must have the benefit of a protective tariff, will speak on educational man much effect upon its status as an agricultural nation. Would the country at large be any the worse of if meetings now being arranged. that same pauper labor made us a present of their

and then he can pay larger wages to his men. The timber wolf bounty from \$10 to \$15 and on cubs absurdity of such an argument is very apparent. from \$1 to \$5.

friend how long are you going to submit to this injustice? A man whom I know imported farm machinery into Canada from across the line and paid

Navigation on the North Saskatchewan opened at Prince Albert on May 10th.

Quebec, is expected to visit the West shortly and will speak on educational matters at several special

The annual meeting of the Alberta Stock Growers' It is contended that the manufacturer must be pro-tected so that he can get a higher price for his goods resolution was passed calling for an increase of the

of an ocean liner in that port. Their destination is

engaged, and will likely decline appointment to the M. A. C.

It is reported that the federal government in response to the request of the grain growers' deputation that visited Ottawa recently, will establish a new inspection district in Alberta, and take such steps as may be necessary to facilitate the distribution of cars intended for the hauling of grain westward.

It is rumored that the route of the G. T. P. hundred mile coast section beyond Kitselas Canyon will again be changed, and the line carried down to via the Copper River. The proposed cut off will affect a saving of eighty miles as compared with the present

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

French postal employees have formed a union and are likely to launch another strike at any moment.

The formal ceremony of girding the sword of Osman on the new Sultan of Turkey was carried out without hitch and Mehemed V. is now the acknowledged leader of Moslem.

Ten thousand delegate representatives of the

May 19, 1909

Canada and Mexico, met order has a total members in American.

Election results in News Morris administration is twenty seats. The prese the scheme for confederat been talked of in the islan-

Some serious fires occu At Swansea the dock dis while a serious forest fir in Hampshire, and burne of woodland. The fores William the Conqueror in destroyed are believed to

In the International N May 8th, St. Yves, the F won his second Marathon such well known sprinter John D. Marsh, the later day Shrubb, the English Longboat in a fifteen mile

Normal Students S

The first class of norm cently prescribed course cultural College, Winnipes for the teaching profession course last week. The stas field and animal husba and botany, in addition t study. The idea of the c teachers some interest in equip them for the teaching subjects in the rural scho be engaged in a special co mer. Shortly after the engineering course begin August, the class at the term will come in for a m

British Press Opini Affect of High

It is amusing to read tain papers in our own recent corner so called managed to carry through perusal of them, one mig fused to exercise common that a corner raising the and a disadvantage to a chiefest of its products to It has yet to be shown to vances the price of that the producers of it. It I in the first place that a existed, a thing, by the ward to do. Bulling th favorably to the produc point that we are most situation.

There is great outcry in

price of wheat and the re man's loaf, coincidentall on this continent. But British do not blame M cumstances, we learn from conspired to make whe wheat-consuming world compensation wheat is creasing quantities. Re Australia all feed the I although a sympathetic from the state of the Ch must not be laid at the confederates. The edito the leading London agri several causes the rise

or whether Mr. Patten sizing up the position of which is hardly worth fact remains that he h

buying wheat for future "Naturally this is a v of manipulation of the operator or a clique, wi to a fictitious level, it tendency has been for n wheat and flour, and dearer. No doubt the have done a great deal of the world; but the v

The Supply of Wheat

is important enough to be printed. Some interesting April 15th.

comparisons are given of the supply of wheat at Professor Walker, who was elected recently to the Reviews of the world's situation in wheat have been frequently given in these columns, but George Broomhall's latest summary of the international situation is up to at Queens University, Kingston, where he is now in important controlled in the columns of the international situation.

World's crop	1908 Qrs. 385,000,000 12,000,000	1907 Qrs. 363,000,000 19,500,000	1905-06 Qrs. 406,000,000 15,500,000
Total Supply Farmers' Reserves World's annual consumption on basis of preced	397,000,000 *Small ing three years'	382,500,000 Normal. figures 410,000,0	421,500,000 Very Large 000 quarters.
Imports of the principal countries in season Shipments to principal countries during first 37 weeks of season, 1st August to middle of April. Shipments during concluding 15 weeks of season * Farmers' reserves very small excepting in Quantity on passage to Europe 19th April Bradstreet's Visible, qrs. Average weekly consumption of imported wheat by all importing countries during 4 concluding months of	1908-09 Qrs. 43,780,000 France and E 1909 Qrs. 5,456,000 6,884,000	1907-08 Qrs. 60,200,000 47,641,000	Average two years 1905-06 & 1906-07 Qrs. 69,000,000 48,400,000 19,000,000 1907 Qrs. 6,324,000 10,010,000
World's price of wheat per qr., 20th April	To-day 43s. 7d.	1,175,000 A year ago M 35s. 6d.	1,315,000 Mean of two years, 29s. 2d.



MOTOR BOATS

er nor does it benefit the cost to the conefit the owner of the y we have the great The consumer pays o until he wakes up to ed. What is true of ected industries. to submit to this innow imported farm ross the line and paid winter he has been the aid of the same States and paying a Now will some reader ind explain how this da is benefited in this A. WANDERER.

Week

katchewan opened at

ada from Vancouver

ast week at Ottawa. for some time as an the game lasted was at the federal capital.

Anne de Bellevue, West shortly and ers at several special

perta Stock Growers it Medicine Hat. A to \$15 and on cubs

orence, Italy, were route to Saskatchemost unclean and e down the gangway Their destination is

cted recently to the nitoba Agricultural ting offer to remain appointment to the

growers' deputation vill establish a new d take such steps as distribution of cars 'estward.

the G. T. P. hundred s Canyon will again d down to via the ut off will affect a ed with the present

EIGN formed a union and

at any moment.

the sword of Osman carried out without the acknowledged

sentatives of the

in American.

In the International Marathon in New York on figure would not unduly press on the town-dweller, May 8th, St. Yves, the French long distance runner for bread would be little if any dearer than it is town his second Marathon on this continent, defeating such well known sprinters as Dorando, Hayes, and John D. Marsh, the later of Winnipeg, On the same in which we read of the rise of the price of wheat in the English Champion defeated. Tom day Shrubb, the English Champion defeated Tom its effects on the farmer: Longboat in a fifteen mile race in Montreal.

Normal Students Studying Agriculture

The first class of normal students to take the recently prescribed course in agriculture at the Agridesirable. Cheap food is not the end of life, and it. It has often been remarked that every man about cultural College, Winnipeg, as a part of their training may be very dearly purchased by losses in other have a hobby, and as different to his regular employers the teaching profession, started the four weeks' directions. We are awakening to the dangers which ment as is possible. This is really the very best way for the teaching profession, started the four weeks' directions. We are awakening to the dangers which course last week. The studies include such subjects arise where the state leads a one-sided life."

Most optimistic is the comment of Loyd's Weekly and botany, in addition the regular course in nature News, which says study. The idea of the course is to stimulate in the teachers some interest in agricultural affairs, and to upon to pay for the necessaries of life. But our equip them for the teaching of agriculture and nature subjects in the rural schools. The college staff will be engaged in a special course work most of the sum-Shortly after the normal students leave the engineering course begins, and following that, in August, the class at the Normal College for the fall term will come in for a month's instruction.

British Press Opinion on the Cause and Affect of Higher Wheat Prices

It is amusing to read the editorial opinion of certain papers in our own country on the evils of the recent corner so called, which certain operators managed to carry through in May wheat, and from a perusal of them, one might be convinced, if he reused to exercise common sense on his own account that a corner raising the price wheat was undesirable and a disadvantage to a country that claimed as the chiefest of its products the first cereal of the world. It has yet to be shown that any movement that advances the price of that cereal is a disadvantage to the producers of it. It has to be demonstrated too in the first place that a corner in this case actually existed, a thing, by the way, which is a trifle awkward to do. Bulling the market rarely reacts unfavorably to the producer and it is from his view point that we are most interested in studying the

There is great outcry in England too, over the high price of wheat and the resulting dearness of the poor price of wheat and the resulting dearness of the poor man's loaf, coincidentally with the same condition on this continent. But it is noticeable that the British do not blame Mr. Patten for it. Many circumstances, we learn from the London press, have conspired to make wheat scarce. The area of the wheat-consuming world is becoming wider, but as a compensation wheat is being produced in ever-increasing quantities. Russia, India, Canada, and Australia all feed the London wheat market, and Australia all feed the London wheat market, and although a sympathetic change has resulted in Europe from the state of the Chicago quotations, everything must not be laid at the door of Mr. Patten and his confederates. The editor of The Mark Lane Express, the leading London agricultural organ, attributes to several causes the rise in the price of wheat, and remarks:

In referring to the Chicago speculators, the London

In the state of the Chicago quotations, everything tances. But if the time should come when we should is anywhere handy.

A hint that is worth money may prove suggestive to photographers. Retain all negatives photographers. Retain all negatives when that call was made."

In referring to the Chicago speculators, the London

'Whether there has really been a 'corner' in wheat whether Mr. Patten only showed astuteness in sizing up the position of the grain trade is a question which is hardly worth discussing here, though the fact remains that he has made a huge fortune in editorial

buying wheat for future delivery. 'Naturally this is a very real source of anxiety to all people in this country Apart from any questions of manipulation of the American markets by a single operator or a clique, with the object of driving prices to a fictitious level, it can not be denied that the tendency has been for many years in this country for wheat and flour, and consequently bread, to get dearer. No doubt the manipulations in America have done a great deal to excite the wheat markets of the world; but the whole cause of the recent adipulations in the pit at Chicago, but rather in the

ago, and it is to this fact that the recent increase in price must be ascribed. Against this shortage there effective regulations directed against gambling in the price must be ascribed. Against this shortage there effective regulations directed against gambling in the person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unputs of nearly 1,500,000 quarters in the food of the people. In Germany a law was enacted person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unputs of nearly 1,500,000 quarters in the food of the people. In Germany a law was enacted person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unputs of nearly 1,500,000 quarters in the food of the people. In Germany a law was enacted person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unputs of nearly 1,500,000 quarters in the food of the people. In Germany a law was enacted person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unputs of nearly 1,500,000 quarters in the food of the people. In Germany a law was enacted person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unput the food of the people in the food of the people. In Germany a law was enacted person are impracticable to others, therefore, as unput the food of the people in the food of the p

"Every shilling by which it rises will put five shillings an acre profit into the pocket of the farmer. Agriculture will revive and there will be a return movement from the cities to the land. From the national standpoint such a result would not be un-

'We may grumble at the higher prices we are called



H. V. DONALDSON retary Brandon Poultry association, chief official at this year's show and who will have charge of the Provincial Poultry Show next year.

as an Island Power have compelled us to seek our food when and where we can get it at the cheapest rate. The agricultural classes have loyally accepted that position, and they have turned their attention to the position, and they have turned their attention to the supply of those articles of food which must be grown pictures of themselves or their property "back East" supply of those articles of food which must be grown pictures of themselves or their property "back East" supply of those articles of food which can not be carried long dison the spot, and which can not be carried long distances. But if the time should come when we should

In referring to the Chicago speculators, the London Times broaches the opinion that the increased consumption of wheat alone makes the cornering of the wheat market a feasible operation. To cite a recent

'Wheat consumption is steadily overtaking wheat production. As the margin narrows, smaller and smaller causes will produce large fluctuations in price, and we shall be more and more at the mercy of

"It is in fact evident," declares the London Economist, citing the same reasons, "that the high prices should bear on back the name and address of sender, other causes than the Chicago manipulation. Nevertheless, observes the London Chronicle, "th Nevertheless, observes the London Chronicle, "the variable nature. To specialize will be found profit-gambling in America has some share in the fact" able. For instance "animal photography is a new

Canada and Mexico, met in Boston last week. The none of the wheat is likely to come here until well trading in grain or mill products except upon aporder has a total membership of forty-three thousand over 40 shillings per quarter can be got for it on this plication to the Bundesrat, and then only on conditions to the bundesrat, and then only one conditions to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is likely to come here until well trading in grain or mill products except upon aporder has a total membership of forty-three thousand over 40 shillings per quarter can be got for it on this plication to the Bundesrat, and then only one conditions to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the plant law that the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat and the bundesrat is a second to the bunds are second to the bundesrat is a second to the bundesrat is a in American.

* * *

Election results in Newfoundland indicate that the bread an inducement to farmers to revive the cultiMorris administration is sustained by a majority of vation of wheat in Britain, instead of leaving the twenty seats. The present election killed forever country to live on imported cereals. This eminent the scheme for confederation with Canada which has specialist speaks on this point as follows: the scheme for confederation with Canada which has been talked of in the island more or less since 1867.

** *

Some serious fires occurred in England last week.

At Swansea the dock district was badly damaged, Country, and that large areas of land which were are hardly less effective, and it is, by the strangest of the west that is left.

No matter how busy any man is he must have a small portion of each day to himself, involving cessation of his regular labors. How to utilize this time so that it will be beneficial, is the problem that assails each bachelor homesteader. To be alone on the prairie, far from the entertainment and society found in the city, makes this problem difficult of solution. The time can be made but how is it to be enjoyed so that the necessary relaxation may be obtained? Even if entertainments are planned and organized they cannot possibly fill all the spare time due to the bachelor.

It has often been remarked that every man should of filling the hours of recreation. To remain idle during "rest time" does not give true rest; it produces ennui which accentuates loneliness. The mind preoccupied with the cares and responsibilities of the day, has to be switched onto new lines, and if physical toil is the daily task, mental effort is the proper relaxation. Then let every man have a hobby and ride it. Let him enthuse over it, get excited about and indulge in it to his heart's content in his playtime and the "blues" will vaporize, deport and leave him contented joyful and busy. leave him contented, joyful and busy.

Some fellows are such "hogs" for work that they begrudge a few hours in the twenty-four for the rebuilding of the energies, and restoration of vitality. "If it don't pay we don't want it" they exclaim. But it does pay. It pay's physically. A machine can't run forever, not even a human machine. Recreation, because it recuperates the powers enabling more work, and of a better sort to be accomplished. That is not all, it can be made to pay in hard cash. Take the example of a certain school master living on the Western prairies. His vocation bound him indoors but he still had time to enjoy the sunlight. He purchased a camera, and in his earliest attempts of the dark art he managed to get a fair photograph of the school and children. To his surprise every parent hearing of of it offered to pay for a few prints from his negative; having a business instinct strong within him he saw possibilities, made his opportunity and pocketed the

Photography is the easiest and perhaps, most renumerative hobby of them all. A good camera can be had from \$3.00 upwards. A more expensive article, though, is a better money maker. Materials, if Secretary Brandon Poultry association, chief official at this year's show and who will have charge of the Provincial Poultry Show next year.

The provincial expenses, profits are large. "Taste and tidiness" should be the motto of the worker. An enlarger for negatives 4½" x 3½" enlarging to 6½" x 8½" costs \$3.00, paper 60 cents a dozen sheets. This is sure to pay for itself. The mounted photographs are cheap at 60 or 75 cents apiece, and often equal professional work costing \$1.00 or \$2.00. If the amateur gets a mitre block and picture frame moulding his evenings. mitre block and picture frame moulding his evenings will be filled, his mind kept busy and his pocket book bulging. Homesteaders are anxious to send

announcing a lantern exhibition of Local Views. Get the people to expect to see themselves on the street and do not disappoint them. If their curiosity does not bring in a bagful of "quarters" the fault lies with the operator. A chatty little lecturette explaining the pictures will interest the spectators, and serve as a mild advertising medium for the photographer.

the Chicago corner-man. Later still, if the wheat-eating population of the world goes on increasing at its present rate, the struggle for existence will bring worse things than a rise in the price of bread."

Press photography needs no comment. The West is an almost virgin field, and farming papers are al-ways ready to consider *good* agricultural pictures. In each of these cases it will be noticed the local tyro has superior advantages over the city professional in Press photography needs no comment. The West work of the nature described. Every print submitted now being charged in London must be attributed to also descriptive matter. The price is a matter that other causes than the Chicago manipulation." cannot be considered here because it is of such a shortage of supplies and the absence of stocks in this country.

"It is reckoned by the best authorities that at the present interest in the visible supply, in round figures, is 3,000,000 quarters less than it was twelve months ago and it is to this for that the recent interest in the fact able. For instance "animal photography is a new that bread is dearer. America should follow the exfield in most localities. A man with an outfit specially designed and purchased for that particular purpose and with a thorough understanding of his subject will be surprised at how many farmers are ago, and it is to this for that the recent increase in the fact.

may find some thing helpful.

Taxidemy is peculiarly adapted as either a profession or hobby in this country. Orders may be obtained for tanning shins and furs as well as for stuffing birds and animals. Hand books are cheaply purchased dealing with the subject at any reputable book store, but for the serious worker, a correspondence course will be more comprehensive and exhaustive. If one is a good shot then their own specimens mounted by themselves ought to sell at a reasonable profit amongst private persons, or even to the dealers in such articles. Closely akin to this hobby is that of the fur hunter. In some districts musk rats are extremely numerous and easy to catch. A few hundred furs, the result of a season's work would be were somewhat better than in Germany and Austria. quite a consideration to the impecunious bachelor. man known to the writer pocketed \$300.00 for a winter's sport.

For those of a milder temperament there are op-portunities and openings also. Most farmers are aware of the difficulty of procuring good dogs for the farm. These men are ready to go to a fair price to get an animal trained, or giving promise of future useful-A farmer has a good chance to open kennels and train his own dogs. He is situated where the air is free, fresh and invigorating, and everything else being equal he ought to outdistance his town rivals. A breeder of pure-bred dogs fitted for farm work could extend his sphere of action over many miles satisfied with small profits for a start he would get in touch with purchasers who would be the means of bringing others to investigate his business to ultimately become his customers also.

Chicken raising run on scientific principles, if a pure strain are handled, would at least give an interest and pride to the owner apart from any pecuniary consideration. An agency for machinery could hardly be called a hobby, but it has often brought a few extra dollars to the energetic hustler who can attend to his farm and afford a little spare time interesting his neighbors in the latest developments in machinery. Garden produce sells to an advantage and there are other things as well. If a man can't forget himself and his worries in the pursuit of one of these hobbies, miserable is his condition indeed.

Louis A. Belrose.

MARKETS

The week in wheat started dull. Shipment figures for the previous week showed a decrease of 1,288,000 bushels. The American visible supply was 3,000,000 bushels less, but 6,000,000 ahead of the same week last year. Sentiment generally was bearish, though no reason could be assigned for the change in tone. Cash wheat fell off a cent and a half on Monday and rumors were prevalent that the bull movement in July in Chicago was likely to fall through. The trailers, who had been following the lead of the star plungers on the other side, seemed to fall and the consequently belated seeding.

The latest unofficial reports from German G helped to depress prices, but on Tuesday values recovered fairly well. The weather was the important factor in shaping prices. From the winter wheat country conflicting rumors emanated regarding conditions in that quarter, and as nothing that could be regarded as authentic filtered through, wheat continued to swing in the balance. The week generally was favorable for seeding operations in the spring

to deal liberally in new crop futures, more so than on Russian provinces, and shipments are being well this continent. Despite decreasing shipments nobody maintained. Seemed anxious about supplies. The world was not seemed anxious about supplies. The world was not getting the 9,800,000 bushels that Broomhall estimates it will require each week from now to the end of follows July, but dealers were inclined to hold back unt prospects for the new harvest were more clearl understood.

In coarse grains locally, and in American markets there was a stronger feeling. Oats are in good domand for export and it is predicted that this ceres will advance some before the seed now growing wi have matured a new supply. Oats are a rathe scarcer commodity with Americans than with us an reports are current of shipments from the Argentin to the United States. On the whole, prospects are fair for a reasonable advance in this cereal.

Outside America crop reports are on the whole favorable. Favorable growth of the winter crop and active spring seeding in Europe were almost continuous during April, but, in spite of the improvement

dealt with here in order that each and every bachelor month two to four weeks in arrears. Latest telegraphic advices are less encouraging. At the close of April and early this month a serious fall in temperature further hindered crop growth, while in Austria-Hungary, Roumania, and Bulgaria there was lack of rain and drought is threatened

The first official reports from Germany and Austria for the new season have been published; in both countries the winter crops, though far from satis factory, are by no means so poor as was apprehended. The injury to crops there is attributed not to the length and severity of the winter, but to the long drought of the autumn and the adverse conditions of the fall seeding. In Hungary conditions are similar, but before the need of moisture became pronounced

In England and Spain crop promise is unusually The coyote-hunter may earn a very decent income, bright; in France there is some complaint of the thin enjoy good sport, and clear the country of undesir-stand, but otherwise the prospects of the crops reables by persistently following the chase. One young main decidedly favorable. The principle news of the Italian crops is backwardness rather than

poor appearance. In Great Britain, last month was almost beneficial Alternate rain and sunshine caused remarkable development in the hitherto backward winter crops and permitted rapid progress of spring work. It is said that very little spring wheat has been sown, but the acreage devoted to oats and barley

In France, as in England, the weather last month was in marked contrast to that of March. Cold and almost continuous rain prevented the sowing of spring crops during the preceding month, but April brought by shipping his stock even to a distance. If he was genial temperature and plentiful sunshine. It is thought that the area devoted to spring wheat and to oats will be somewhat restricted. The lateness of spring planting this year, necessitated by the inclemency of March, made it inadvisable in many parts of the country to sow oats, which it was feared would not

mature in time for harvest. Some winterkill is reported, but the extent is much less than was anticipated during the winter. Winter wheat, while still backward, developed remarkably during the past month and is now thought to be quite as promising as at this time last year.

The latest reports from Spain describe the condition of winter crops as very favorable. Mild weather in the Autumn favored sowing, while heavy frosts in January and February prevented premature devel-opment of the plants. Subsequently abundant rains fell, which strengthened the winter crops and put the soil in good condition for spring seeding.

The last official crop report from Italy, states that development of winter grain and progress of field work in the north have been facilitated by fine, warm weather. Vegetation generally, however, is not so far advanced as usual at this time of year. In central Italy conditions are similar, although somewhat less favorable, while in the south frequent rain benefitted the pastures and the growing crops, but interrupted field work.

The first official crop reports for Germany, Austria and Hungary, of this season relate to April 15, and describe briefly the wintering of the fall-sown crops and their present condition. In all three countries this season's crop history has been thus far much the same. Winter grain, while far from satisfactory, promised much better at mid-April than had been anticipated, but was still unsatisfactory, not having overcome the effects of the prolonged drought last

The latest unofficial reports from Germany state that the weather has turned cold and unseasonable, delaying the already backward crops, and that plowunder has in many instances been necessary.

In Austria-Hungary there is serious lack of moisture.

A recent semiofficial report from St. Petersburg describes the condition of the winter crops in Russia as very satisfactory in thirteen southern provinces and in Poland. Spring plowing began everywhere much later than usual, the delay being fully one Old world markets were as unsettled as those on this side. Bears were more in evidence than they have been for some weeks, though the bull element was never lacking. In Europe there was a tendency cables continue to report favorably for the southern cables continue to report favorably for the southern

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Thursday— May	1214	1221	1214	122
July	1225	1231	1225	
Oct.	1047	105	1043	-
Friday—	10.18	2008	20.18	100
May	1227	1231	123	123
July	1234	1241	1235	124
Oct	$105\frac{3}{4}$	1061	105%	105
Saturday—				
May	123			122
July	1237	1243	123%	123
Oct	1055	$105\frac{3}{4}$	$105\frac{1}{4}$	105
PRODUCE AN	D MILI	FEE	D	
Bran				\$21.00
Shorts				22.00
Chopped Feeds—				
Barley and oats				28.00
Barley				26.00
Oats				29.00
Hay, per ton, car on track	k, Win-			
nipeg (priarie hay)			00 to	12.00
Timothy			00 to	12.00
Baled straw		5.	00 to	6.00
CREAMERY BUTTER	-			
Fresh-made Manitoba brick	ks		24 to	25
Boxes			23 to	24
DAIRY BUTTER-				
Fancy fresh prints			20 to	21
Fresh dairy prints			18 to	20
Tubs			14 to	17
CHEESE—				
Manitoba				19
Eastern		6 1	14 to	13 144
			14 00	113
EGGS—				10
Fresh gathered, per dozen				18
POULTRY—				00
Turkey, Manitoba				20
Turkey, fine Ontario (un			10 +-	20
and case weight)			19 to	20- 18
Spring chicken, per lb Ducks, per lb				17
Geese, per lb.				16
VEGETABLES—				10
Potatoes, per bushel)5 to	1.00
Carrots, per cwt		1	00 00	1.50
Beets, per cwt.				1.25
Turnips, per cwt.		F	60 to	75
Cabbage, per cwt.			00 to	4.50
Onionage, per ewt		0.5	5 to	2 00

LIVE-STOCK, WINNIPEG

Onions, per cwt.

HIDES-

No. 1 tallow No. 2 tallow

Parsnips, per cwt.1

B. C. onions, per case, 95 lbs. net

(Delivered at Winnipeg) Country cured hides, f.o.b. Win-

Sheepskins (late taken off) Wool (Western unwashed)

Dry Seneca root

2.75 to 3.00

2.00 to 2.50 3.00

40 to 7 to 32 to

Deliveries during the week were rather light in numbers but a good quality of export stuff is passing through. Beef in all markets is stronger. Great Britain fears a meat famine. In the U.S. stocks on becoming noticeably light and prices advancing. The top price for exporters is \$5.50, for steers running Prices in Winnipeg for the week have been as above 1300 pounds and well finished. Only a few are touching that figure, the bulk going at \$5.25 or lower. Hog prices advance a quarter on light receipts and best bacon hogs are selling at \$7.50, with prospects fair for further advance. There is a feeling that June is going to see hogs touching strong figures. The bulk of the cattle deliveries, the butcher stock, so called, is quoted at \$4.50 to \$5.25; bulls at \$3.50 to \$4.00, and sheep, \$6.00 to \$6.50. No sheep are coming in from the Western country.

CHICAGO

Export steers, 1275 to 1400 lbs., \$6.25 to \$6.65; export steers, 1150 to 1250 lbs., \$5.85 to \$6.15; prime beeves, \$6.85 to \$7.25; light steers, \$5.25 to \$6.25; beef cows, \$3.60 to \$5.80; heifers, \$3.35 to \$6.50; bulls, \$4.60 to \$5.75; sheep, \$4.50 to \$7.25; lambs, \$5.50 to \$9.45; hogs, \$6.80 to \$7.40.

TORONTO

Export steers, \$5.60 to \$6.50; export bulls, \$4.40 to \$5.00; export cows, \$5.00; prime butchers, \$5.50 to \$5.75; common and medium, \$4.50 to \$5.35; calves, \$3.00 to \$6.00; ewes, \$4.50 to \$5.25; rams, \$3.50 to \$4.25; lambs, \$3.50 to \$6.50 each; hogs, \$7.50.



People an the \

Charles Baker is in his removal to the insa have lost his mind br writings of Jack Lone vinced that he was one on the brink of the aby:

All Holland is rejo daughter to Queen W will mean the continu Holland, and will pr Crown to a German that has been viewed v

A village in Massa ment Society whose of a clean, healthy, pleas are planning a civic Such a society could activity in many of o

Ontario now has ar by Herald's College, a The design of the Coa shield, with a moose-o porters, and a black be 'Ut Incepit Fidelis she began, so loyal she

The Empress Euger don Nation, has spent her memoirs, but it whether the book wi present generation. old woman, the Emp all who see her. "H man, "makes me th story, "The Gate of a

Marshall Saunders has been translated i and more than 400,00 been sold. The nam Saunders, is usually man. But Marshall S Margaret Marshall Sa N. S., and is the auth

The Carnegie Hen regular quarterly meet three persons in difffor deeds of heroism meeting. The award seven silver medals, \$ amounting to \$125 also appropriated \$10 relatives of the sevent explosions at the Lic hontas Consolidated Switchback, W. Va.

In Ottawa, at a re trude, the 7-year-old blay, organist of the talent. She played positions and also san paniment. Her voice solutely pitched flute not musical, but it i years of age he wor from a corncob whis the organ of Notre I afterwards escaped absorbed in the stu When thirteen he be seventeen was appoir Basilica. He has a positions, but does no he has accomplished s

HLL FEED 29.00 \$11.00 to 12.00 10.00 to 12.00 5.00 to 6.00 24 to 18 19 to 18 17 95 to 1.00 1.50 50 to 4.00 to 4.50 2.75 to 3.00

were rather light in export stuff is passing as is stronger. Great In the U. S. stocks and prices advancing. 5.50, for steers running finished. Only a few rulk going at \$5.25 or a quarter on light are selling at \$7.50, advance. There is a advance. hogs touching strong deliveries, the butcher \$4.50 to \$5.25; bulls \$6.00 to \$6.50. No Western country.

lbs., \$6.25 to \$6.65; lbs., \$5.85 to \$6.15; light steers, \$5.25 to .80; heifers, \$3.35 to heep, \$4.50 to \$7.25; .80 to \$7.40.

export bulls, \$4.40 to ne butchers. \$5.50 to 4.50 to \$5.35; calves, \$5.25; rams, \$3.50 to ich; hogs, \$7.50.

HOME JOURNAL

A Department for the Family

People and Things the World Over

have lost his mind brooding over the socialistic on the brink of the abyss.

All Holland is rejoicing over the birth of a al of same. daughter to Oueen Wilhelmina. If she lives it will mean the continuance of the Orange line in Holland, and will prevent the passing of the Crown to a German dynasty, a contingency that has been viewed with dread by the Dutch.

Ontario now has armorial bearings, approved porters, and a black bear as crest. The motto is: she began, so loyal she remains.

her memoirs, but it is thought to be doubtful sentiment expressed by Julia Ward Howe as she undeveloped mines, etc. whether the book will see the light during the approaches her ninetieth birthday, which occurs story, "The Gate of a Hundred Sorrows.

has been translated into three foreign languages Club, as she has been for thirty-three years, and Stock Exchange will be doubled. and more than 400,000 copies of the book have of many other clubs and associations. Concerning addition, many new measures for the benefit of Saunders, is usually considered to be that of a she says: "That is quite true. You see, my a State insurance against loss of employment by man. But Marshall Saunders is really a woman, husband was a very great man, and I had very deserving workmen, and a grant to persons earn-Margaret Marshall Saunders, who lives in Halifax, dear children, and I have delightful grand- ing under £500 a year of a special new abatement

regular quarterly meeting made awards to twenty- friends three persons in different parts of the country for deeds of heroism considered since the last meeting. The awards consist of 16 bronze and Switchback, W. Va.

positions, but does not wish to publish them until to use profanity and smoke cigarettes. he has accomplished something new.

The desirability of having a town house-cleaning day is recognized by Cardston, Alberta, whose mayor issued the following proclamation:-

at this time of the year, therefore I, James T. or occupants only, should on Arbor Day, Friday,

J. T. Brown, Mayor.

the 30's she was an infant prodigy—is a Londoner consumption. A village in Massachusetts has an Improve-named Ellen Day, who, according to M. A. P. ment Society whose object is to make the village still displays amazing vigor and vitality. For a clean, healthy, pleasant place to live in. They seven and twenty years she has been organist organ-playing octogenarian has never married.

N. S., and is the author of many other successful children, and I have two great-grandchildren— of £10 for every child under 16 years of age.

Stories.

Naturally, the wealthy classes of all kinds,

Profanity in Boys

amounting to \$125 a month. The commission come common among boys. It is not in the relatives of the seventeen victims of the two mine from 10 to 15 years is together upon the streets self forever, from the ranks of the mere parasite. explosions at the Lick branch mine of the Poca- or in any open space to play a game of ball, to "He has kept faith with the nation." hontas Consolidated Collieries Company at hear them using oaths that might suit the tongues of the proverbial fishwife or costermonger, but which are shocking falling from the tongues of In Ottawa, at a recent "Press Concert," Ger- children of tender years. Of all stupid and silly trude, the 7-year-old daughter of Amedee Trem- vices, profanity is one of the worst and most blay, organist of the Basilica, exhibited singular abominable. A simple statement of fact is much talent. She played five of her own piano com- stronger than any statement embellished with In Spitalfields, looken thrice dispirited; positions and also sang prettily to her own accom- swear words, and no lie is made any the more I met a preacher there I knew, and said: paniment. Her voice had the effect of an ab- believable by being framed in profanity. In fact, solutely pitched flute. Tremblay's parents were both truth and falsehood are weakened by swearnot musical, but it is said of him that at three ing and taking the Lord's name in vain. Foul years of age he worked busily to produce tone epithets and comparisons are not convincing, but from a corncob whistle. At five he first heard are almost invariably disgusting, except to those the organ of Notre Dame, Montreal, and shortly making use of them. Profanity among men O human soul! as long as thou canst so afterwards escaped from home and was found seems to be growing less and less at least in public absorbed in the study of a neighbor's piano. places and among those who may lay claim to Above the howling senses' ebb and flow, When thirteen he began teaching music, and at decency and some education. But the habit To cheer thee and to right thee if thou roam, when thirteen he began teaching music, and at decency and some education. But the habit To cheer thee and to right thee if thou roam, seventeen was appointed organist of the Ottawa seems to have firmly fixed itself upon a great. Not with lost toil thou laborest through the Basilica. He has a cabinet full of original com- many of the boys, who may imagine it mannish

Prevention of Consumption

The Canadian association for the prevention of Whereas, it is desirable that our streets should consumption and other forms of tuberculosis is be kept clean and free from rubbish, especially holding its ninth annual convention on May 19 and 20 in Hamilton, Ontario. The topics chosen Charles Baker is in jail in California awaiting Brown, Mayor of the Town of Cardston, do urge for discussion are very practical and are dealt his removal to the insane asylum. He is said to and request that all residents, whether owners with by able and efficient speakers. Dr. White of Pittsburg, speaks on The Duty of Municipaliwritings of Jack London and had become con- May 14th, gather in heaps all litter and rubbish ties in Reference to Tuberculosis; Dr. Adami of vinced that he was one of the undercrust hovering in front of their property owned or occupied by Montreal gives definite instructions in an address them for one-half the width of the street, and entitled How One Can Do Most Good in Arresting teams will be furnished by the Council for remov- Tuberculosis at the Smallest Outlay. One session is set apart for the general discussion of The Duty Given under my hand this 6th day of May, 1909. of the People Toward the Anti-tuberculosis Movement, and both physicians and laymen are to take part. The convention ends with a Eighty-one and an organist still, and a woman visit of the delegates to the sanatorium to witness at that! This old-age prodigy - away back in what can be done in the treatment and cure of

The British Budget

The budget introduced into the British House are planning a civic spring house-cleaning day. of Christ Church, in the Westminster part of the of Commons by the Chancellor of Exchequer, Mr. Such a society could find plenty of scope for English metropolis; before taking this position David Lloyd-George, on April 29th, includes some activity in many of our small towns in Canada. she played at another church in the same borough of the most daring innovations ever brought forfor eighteen years. As a child pianist she dis- ward in the history of the British Parliament. played her gifts before Liszt, Mendelssohn, It proposes to make up the deficit of nearly £16,by Herald's College, and authorized by the King. Chopin and Queen Victoria. Mendelssohn, in- 000,000, induced by the amount necessary for The design of the Coat of Arms is the well known deed, was so pleased with her playing of some of old-age pensions and building of Dreadnoughts, shield, with a moose-deer and a red deer as sup- his compositions that he wanted to take her to chiefly by increased taxes on liquor and accumu-Leipsic and supervise her further musical educa- lated wealth. The tax on unearned incomes Ut Incepit Fidelis Sic Permanet"—"As loyal tion there, but his offer was not accepted. This will be increased from two pence to 1 shilling 2 pence on the pound, and that on earned incomes of over £2,000 will be raised by 1 shilling. Upon The Empress Eugenie, it is stated by the Lonunder the deeper I drink the cup of life the sweeter incomes of over £5,000 a supertax will also be
don Nation, has spent much time and pains upon it grows—the sugar all at the bottom," is the imposed; also taxes on urban, undeveloped land,

"We ought to avoid taxes on the necessities of present generation. Now a fragile and delicate in May. Florence Painter, writing of her for the life," said the Chancellor, "and tea and sugar are old woman, the Empress evokes sympathy from May Putnam's, says that within the last year necessities of life." Hence, the expected rates all who see her. "Her face," says one English- Mrs. Howe has attended and spoken at hearings on these commodities will not be realized. Upon man, "makes me think of Rudyard Kipling's on woman's suffrage at the State House. In a whiskey, however, the duty will be increased by single week she has given three public addresses one-third, and that on tobacco by 8 pence per on technical matters and to bodies of experts. pound. There is also an increased tax on motor Marshall Saunders's story of "Beautiful Joe" She is the president of the New England Women's cars, while that on all the transactions of the been sold. The name of the author, Marshall the quotation at the beginning of this paragraph the working classes are foreshadowed, among them

the secret of her happiness—dearer than fame, the brewers, distillers, motor manufacturers and The Carnegie Hero Fund Commission at its honors, memories of great days and famous stock-exchange speculators are practically all in arms against the budget, which, Sir Frederick Banbury declares, includes "every fad on the face of the earth." The Labor Party alone gives It is a regrettable fact that profanity has behas not taken the step without counting the cost. also appropriated \$10,000 to the relief fund for least out of the ordinary, where a group of boys is, but he has dared to be a man, and to free him-relatives of the seventeen victims of the two mine from 10 to 15 years is together upon the streets

East London

'Twas August, and the fierce sun overhead Smote on the squalid streets of Bethnal Green. And the pale weaver through his windows seen

'Ill and o'erworked, how fare you in this scene?'

'Bravely," said he; "for I of late have been Much cheered with thoughts of Christ, the

living bread.'

Thou mak'st the heaven thou hop'st indeed thy MATTHEW ARNOLD. home.

QUIET HOUR

YOUR FATHER KNOWETH

ye have need of .- S. Matt., vi.: 8

Be thou not afraid! I will help and strengthen, Be thou not dismayed ! Yea, I will uphold thee With My own right hand Thou art called and chosen In My sight to stand.

"Onward then, and fear not, Children of the day! For His word shall never, Never pass away !

Here is part of a letter I received about

you think of Heaven, if we will know to reveal Himself more fully to you, each other and remember what rela- and to help you to lead others to tion each one was to us in this life?
... Would you have a place

in your prayers for one who needs the way made plainer and doubts re-moved; and for wisdom and grace to manage children, to train them in such a way as will make them a blessing in after years. I feel unequal to the task, though I used to enjoy training them. It would be the crowning point to see them grow up pure and good. But oh! if contrary, the remorse, for I would blame myself. . . . they want to play on Sunday after church, or stormy Sundays when we cannot all go to church. Do you think it right to allow children with any toys, or to run down on the ice with their Would you somesleighs? time write on what you think is the unpardonable sin'

Anxious Mother" also asks my opinion of a book she has heard of and wants to know whether it would be helpful to her children.

I will try to answer these ques tions to the best of my ability, ginning with the last two. The book may be helpful to some readers, but it seems to me to be extravagant and unnatural; and also I disagree entirely with its presentation of the great gift of Prayer. If prayer were in-tended by God to be a magical charm If prayer were inwould train children to be unselfish, brave and patient.

ful days, but cares distract and doubt tory than iron rules. Impress on must be left for another time. enters, and things do not seem to be their susceptible subconscious minds can't dispose of a question about what they used to. Heaven used to the reality of Christ's presence, and "Heaven" in a be to me a place of rest and a real the glad truth that Sunday is the space is limited. Now one says it is a state, day when His people are especially alanother something else. lowed to meet Him in His Own
Would you tell me, through "The Fouse, and I don't think a little innoFarmer's Advocate," some time in cent play will hide Him from their our readers, in reply to a question by
the future— as it is too much to ask
clear eyes. If His Face is not very "Enquirer":
you to write private letters—what visible to yourself, ask Him trustfully
"WHAT IS A SAINT?" lowed to meet Him in His Own

mediately visible? Let us use com- alone enough to encourage the faint mon sense in soul-gardening, and not and weary, "Ask and ye shall reshow distrust of our Master by conceive, knock and it shall be opened stantly trying to see whether the unto you, seek and ye shall find." seeds we have tried to plant under There are no "ifs" or "mays" or His direction have begun to sprout. "perhaps," for the apostle said with an iron wall, bristling with He can see into the hearts which are Christ cannot lie. But, before we "Thou Shalt Not"! No, it is hidden from us. The business of can become a saint disciple over Your Father knoweth what things guarded far more securely by an intraining souls is really His— though we must give up all and follow and visible law of love. Children are na— He has allowed us to have some obey our Lord. What must we give turally religious; and, if Sunday is small share in it—and surely He up? Everything and everybody that the day when the near presence of the knows the special training each soul will four when one obeying His Holy

DORA FARNCOMB ("HOPE").



CROSSING THE STREAM.

Him. The surest way of being cer- or follower of Jesus Christ. tain of Him yourself is to do your world would indeed be dull without best for the spiritual growth of your such sanctified human beings.

S. Matt., xii.: 31, 32; Heb. vi.: 4-6; x:: 26-31; 1 S. John, v.: 16, I don't profess to be able to explain the mystery of evil, but the whole Bible repeats the glorious refrain, "GOD is LOVE," and no repentant prodigal can fail 15 find a Father's heart. One who in sinning against the Holy Ghost must be deliberately and will be proved to the fact to make one seed of the first steps to sainthood. Here the earnest words of our correlatily unpenitent; for penitence is a proof that the Voice of the Divine Soliri within the soul is not finally silenced. God is our Father, and we are his loved children. We can be content with mysteries which are no mysteries to Him. We can be content with mysteries to Him. We can be content with mysteries to Him. We can walk safely over the most dangerous road if His hand is holding us up.

Then there is the question about Sunday annusements for children. The dear truit. Sunday annusements for children. The dear truit is not strange that we are incapted to the task of low their Master and obey His combination, will know loneliness when they foll will know lone low their Master and obey His combinate, will know loneliness when they follow when they sold will know loneliness when they follow their Master and obey His combinate, will know concent and bear flowers and fruit, of the task of low their Master and obey His combinates, will know connect to be pread and plants, for He says, "if ye love Me keep My commandments," I the keep My commandments," I the keep My commandments," I the keep My c

invisible King is particularly impressed upon them, they will soon love to hear about Him and speak to Him as a great privilege. The day will sown, if it is not artificially forced into a painful mould. One who makes Sunday a day of galling restraint is apt to drive young people into rebellious opposition. God loves to see the children happy, I am very certain of that; but they are never about Him and trying to serve Him. Will, for when our Lord commanded a Him and trying to serve Him thing of the difficulties of our readers, by Him, and through Him only, can from "An Anxious Mother" a short in little ways which are within their and will always try to help them to we reach the Father. Christ is not a time ago: "I used to enjoy Christ's reach. Leading is better than driv- the best of my ability. The other hard Master, for whatever He asks us Presence every moment in my youth- ing; principles are far more satisfac- question asked by "Anxious Mother" to forsake or give up that will be a left for another time. I stumbling-block to our spiritual pose of a question about growth, you may be sure He will give in a word or two, and in return much more than we gave Him. The Christian traveller, whose eye is turned towards Calvary, will have many spiritual and carnal bat-The following is written by one of tles to encounter, but if he steps carefully and slowly, with his eye always on his true Leader, he will reach his journey's end rejoicing. And, in con-"WHAT IS A SAINT?" clusion, I should like to draw the reader's attention and solemn consideration to what our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, when personalon earth, taught the woman of maria. "God is a Spirit, and they that worship Him must worship Him in Spirit and in Truth." In other words, because He is Spirit, we must find Him in our Spirit, that is to say, in our deeper consciousness, where "Spirit with spirit may meet." There He must be sought after "in ; which means, in sincerity and reality, in accordance with His real nature, not with images or human intermediaries, but sincerely and directly as children seek their father. I was deeply touched when I read an article in this paper some time ago on "The Things that Jesus Would Not Do." I could truly sympathize with those 1,500 young people, bat-tling to do as Christ would have them do. I gave up my former trade for conscience' sake. It seemed hard at first, but oh! the joy after vielding to the command. I am yielding to the command. I am afraid I have taken up too much space, and thought only to write a few lines. How I should like to plead and encourage those young peo-This ple in their trying situations. astonishing how frequently untruths are told in all trades; they seem part of the business. "But anything that tended by God to be a magical charm—a talisman like the famous lamp of Aladdin—it would be a terribly dangerous gift. We should be like spoiled children if everything we asked for were instantly put into our hands. That is not the way a wise parent would train children to be unselfish. Chat is not the way a wise parent should train children to be unselfish, rave and patient.

Then, as to the vexed question of the "unpardonable sin," I would imply refer my correspondent to the leost of the many our Leader, right through our life in in you, except ye be reproduced. Then again there is much encourage all things. He will lead and we must together. Prayers which never blossion of some out into service will soon grow and that peace which passeth all unformal and lifeless. Service, which derstanding; what tongue cannot tell that any man teach way by the service them any our Leader, right through our life in in you, except ye be reproduced. Then again there is much encourage ment in I. John, ii.: 27. "But the anointing which ye have received by formal and lifeless. Service, which derstanding; what tongue cannot tell that any man teach way by the service will soon grow and that peace which passeth in you; and ye need not the parents of the production of the production of the production of the production of the passet in the production of the produc the "unpardonalie sin," I would simply refer my correspondent to does not draw its very life and breath nor pen write; and even those who that subject: S. Matt., xii.: 31, 32; Heb. vi.: 4-6; x.: 26-31; I S. John, v.: 16. I don't profess to be able to explain the mysprofess to beal to explain the mysprofess to the mysprofess to be able to expl

those who are born, their lives to be, fault, and are hur pure-lived beings; but thinking, these dear so help to their fellow-co men or women are w ly fighting against si their own lives; fighti fearful odds; knocked vet again, and rising Hand of the Mas strength, given by H ing, to renew the fig this is the case in qu or woman-really on and the victory is w age. And again it victory, all along the do not think such pe that they are at all saint, is a very hu dividual. God be thanked! ma Overcoming evil temp during trials and te would be no trials, to another. Fightin bearing bodily pain, sitive feelings, cont derstanding, perhaps could tell you of sain and know now. Of ting aside the things life pleasant and cheerfully take up th ful duties which lie t do them perfectly-s those around them

TWO LITTL

The Queen of Hollan Was hailed with lo From all the land r The nation's gladn The finest linen wra And dainty silks a The cradles sent by Are fitted for her

I know another lit Whose coming was We would not char

That princess for (Her cradle is a hor Her dress is cotton But she's the prince And oh, we love h

REPAIRS FOR MA Dear Dame Dure been a silent admi and have derived a g fit from it. help in a difficulty. Could you or any

Ingle Nook tell me repairs for a Wanzer I believe the compar got our machine business as we can of them.

I have a receipt some of the mem Two cups of granula Boil till brittle. and whites of three stiff froth. Beat ti add walnuts and da wishes for the Ingle

(You will find it 1 to get repairs for if you would writ Stove Co., 181 Ban nipeg, they might be had to change yo Come again.—D. D. * *

An order from Ba has been received for years, but no name surprising how maders for patterns ar times the number i size. The name a off quite frequently else is given, som forgets to enclose consequence of thes od is a Spirit, and

ip Him must worship

n our Spirit, that is

deeper consciousness,

be sought after "in

means, in sincerity

accordance with His

with images or hu-

ies, but sincerely and

ren seek their father.

iched when I read an aper some time ago s that Jesus Would uld truly sympathize

young people, bat-Christ would have

gave up my former nce' sake. It seemed

t oh! the joy after

sht only to write a

ow I should like to

age those young peo-

ng situations. It is frequently untruths they seem part " But anything that sin, and must leave tion, for we read in 5, "Examine yourve be in the Faith; know ye not your hat Jesus Christ is ye be reprobates." is much encourageye have received by

ou; and ye need not

LIVLANENG.

our readers will be leased as they read ords of our corre-

is always especially

are himself a whole-

—perhaps because it ys much harder for

artists to give to tion of so-called

of a saint is one actions diffuse such cannot but "take

iem, that they are Jesus." There are

a man come out

D. F.

ach you, but as the teacheth vou of all ruth, and is no lie: ath taught you, ye

command. taken up too much

ith spirit may meet.

and in Truth." ause He is Spirit, we

o encourage the faint Ask and ye shall retheir lives to be, almost without by them. nd it shall be opened and are humble-minded and k and ye shall find." ifs " or " mays" or r the apostle said lie. But, before we int, disciple, or friend, p all and follow and What must we give ig and everybody, that rom obeying His Holy our Lord commanded a Him, the man replied, this is the case in quite a young man or woman—really only boy or girl, and the victory is won before middle age. And again it is fighting and victory, all along the path of life. I do not think such people ever realize that they are at all saintly. A true saint, is a very humble-mided inside the property has a property humble-mided inside the property humble-mided inside the property has a power where the property has a property humble-mided inside the property has a property humble-mided inside the property has a property has a property humble-mided inside the property has a property has a property humble-mided inside the property has a property has a property humble-mided inside the property has a property has ury my father,' all men's hearts, rethe dead bury their is our pattern, He and took upon Himself an, showing us by His possible for all men, said, "Be ye perfect Father which is in ist, and Christ alone, diator and Advocate, hrough Him only, can ther. Christ is not a whatever He asks us ve up that will be a to our spiritual y be sure He will give more than we gave istian traveller, whose towards Calvary, will life pleasant and lovely to them, panion," signed Dora Farncomb. itual and carnal bat-, but if he steps carecheerfully take up the ugly, distastewith his eye always der, he will reach his joicing. And, in conful duties which lie to their hand, and ild like to draw the those around them never know or drew, Boston, Mass. ion and solemn conwhat our Lord and hrist, when personalaught the woman of

A LOVER OF MANY.

Sincerely yours, HUBERT CARLETON,

which such a life prevents her from lay in the rain. The parents would cultivating is to make her life a bur- hatch out their eggs if allowed to do thinking, these dear souls are not the The above is a very beautiful demand a wasted one. Let the wo-so, but it would be folly to let them belo to their fellow-creatures that the scription of cairly to set help to their fellow-creatures that the scription of saintliness, though per-No woman has sense enough, or suffi- till after they are done laying, and men or women are who are constant- haps the writer might find—if hearts cient humility, to be able to cope that is too late in the year. The ly fighting against sin, and Satan in could be seen—that the "dear souls" with such subjects. She would vote shells are very thick, and one must their own lives; fighting often against described in the first part of the for the nice-mannered, good-looking put under a hen only as many as she fearful odds; knocked down again, and article are fighting as hard as the man, or the man for whom her huscan cover entirely, or there is a great yet again, and rising by the Helping brave, self-sacrificing souls described band did not vote from sheer perver—waste of eggs, for a hen's body is not strength, given by Him at their ask—take when he declares it is very hard ing, to renew the fight. Sometimes to be a Christian. God knows it men to the domestic hearth. If the water. It is never draggled and wet this is the case in quite a young man is not easy.

D. F. girls have some other ambitions, and looking like a hen is in the rain. The enveronment of the for the nice-mannered, good-looking put under a hen only as many as she for the nice-mannered, good-looking put under a hen only as many as she fearful odds; knocked down again, and rising by the Helping brave, self-sacrificing souls described band did not vote from sheer perver—waste of eggs, for a hen's body is not the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country. But don't chain all woll atter's feathers are rough and reject the country.

Man.

do them perfectly—so perfectly that Gen. Sec'y Brotherhood of St. An- long time, and we have missed you. Be sure to keep them away from

THE PRAIRIE CROCUS

long delay while the missing informa- class will, I suppose, soon be start- dangerous creatures. As soon as the ing.

(Glad to have your promise to come will be of interest to a great many ith the flowers. Describe fully of our members. Thank you.—D. D.)

(You will find it hard, I am atraid, but clever as men, as painters, musicians, about making a cosy corner. I sent Nook Chats in your paper, but I have to get repairs for your machine, but clever as men, as painters, musicians, about making a cosy corner. I sent Nook Chats in your paper, but I have to get repairs for your machine, but clever as men, as painters, musicians, about making a cosy corner. I sent Nook Chats in your paper, but I have if you would write to the Wingold poets, singers, writers and holding her an issue of last fall, describing never written before. Now I come if you would write to the Wingold poets, singers, writers and holding her an issue of last fall, describing never written before. Now I come

CARE OF GUINEA FOWL

Dear Dame Durden,-I saw Sus- and around again.

those who are born, and continue all dream that there is any sacrifice made life when God has given her talents spoil the eggs for setting; they often

en wire for they are so small, and their parents will try to coax them (I'm sure everybody is glad to have from the care of the hen and run you come back for a visit. It is a them off their feet or let them stray. I can't supply the desired recipe, but hen with chicks, for she will kill it is sure to be sent in by somebody. every one that strays into her coop, and the foster mother will kill young chicks that stray into her box with the guinea chicks. The guineas Dear Dame Durden,-Spring is here whistle, but the chickens peep, and I again, and I am sure I can say we think that is the reason the two hens are all glad to see it. The botany mistake each other's broods for The early anemonæ, or crocus, guinea chicks are four weeks old let * * *

Has anyone begun to take advantage of the premium offer described in the Ingle Nook of April

28th? The work of getting four and the leaves are always near the garden.

The down is a pale blue bird one can find the near for the male works are four weeks old let as we call it, will be out in a few them out with their foster mothers. They will live mostly on slugs, our place, but we sometimes get worms, beetles, etc., and the old ones some. In early spring it grows very will not touch or harm garden stuff, near the ground with a short stem, but will catch every insect in the garden. By listening to the male The flower is a pale blue bird, one can find the nest, for he Ingle Nook to make themselves a fine week of Easter holidays, and have fetch her by calling to her. If you wedding present. If you are not going to need one yourself, earn one and who does other people's around off. If you go down to where he week of Easter holidays, and have fetch her by calling to her. If you was the next, then they go man who does other people's around off. If you go down to where he use it as a wedding present for a here charges a very high price. We joined her you will find a new egg in make the paste out of flour and among the bushes. Always leave one water, boiling it for a minute or two or two eggs in it, and keep out of and then adding a small tablespoonful sight, for if they see you she will lay of dissolved glue. This makes good in a new place to-morrow. Yet the paste, and the paper always sticks eggs must be gathered as soon as

(Your account of the guinea fowl

possible after being laid, so watch

A GOOD CHANCE FOR A BOY

* * * Dear Dame Durden,—I greatly enjoy
Olive wrote asking for details reading the Quiet Hour and Ingle

23, 1908, by his team running away and he is just getting able to be out and around again. We have a good An order from Battle River, Alta., has been received for pattern 6268—6 years, but no name was given. It is surprising how many incomplete orders for patterns are received. Sometimes the number is omitted, or the times the number is omitted, or the force. The name and address is left off quite frequently. If everything off quite frequently. If everything off quite frequently. If everything off quite frequently. The name and address to enclose any money. The forgets to enclose any money. The consequence of these omissions is a been absolute ruins.

Dear Dame Durden,—I saw Susand around again. We have a good sexite's question in April 7th advowarm house and 160 acres of land, had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one three cows and 150 hens, and have a good warm house and 160 acres of land, but have rented the farm, as he will had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again, have were fertile. The hens are received. Sometimes the sender in instilling into the mind of young Last year I had two hens to one three cows and 150 hens, and have a good warm house and 160 acres of land, had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird, never be able to farm again. I have had so many hens to one male bird

INGLE NOOK

TWO LITTLE GIRLS

The Queen of Holland's little girl Was hailed with loud rejoicing; From all the land rich presents came, The nation's gladness voicing. The finest linen wraps her round, And dainty silks and laces. The cradles sent by loyal towns Are fitted for her graces.

That princess for OUR treasure. Her cradle is a homely one; Her dress is cotton merely; But she's the princess of our home, And oh, we love her dearly !

REPAIRS FOR MACHINE WANTED

Dear Dame Durden,-I have long

Stove Co., 181 Bannatyne Ave., Winnipeg, they might be able to help you.

They have the wingoid paper, but I have and issue of last fall, describing never written before. Now I come many other positions in life; and, the construction, as we had not space to thank you for your helpful words again, there have been, and are yet, to repeat so soon. We hope to hear and to ask a favor poble men whose home lives have cut from her and to ask a favor had to change your name a little. Come again.—D. D.)

tion is being sought.

yearly subscribers does not seem very ground.

GRANNIE'S IDEA OF WOMAN'S PLACE

been a silent admirer of your page, and have derived a great deal of benefit from it. Now, I come to you for help in a difficulty.

Could you or any members of the Ingle Nook tell me where I could get repairs for a Wanzer sewing machine I believe the company from whom we got our machine has gone out of business as we cannot get any trace of them.

I have a receipt for candy which some of the members might like:

Two cups of granulated sugar, half a cup corn syrup, half a cup of water.

To possible after being laid, so watch well.

Dear Dame Durden,—When I was a I have also learned how to protect when without beone's self from the spitting of pork ing seen. They keep themselves and beef which is frying. To protect the face tie a thin veil, which you out and the last to bed. Coyotes the face tie a thin veil, which you would out driving; and for the hands put on a pair of old kid or hospital, and my husband was busy. See any of the buildings, so, as-his the gathered as soon as possible after being laid, so watch your chance to get them without beone's self from the spitting of pork man's proper place was where Sarah and beef which is frying. To protect the face tie a thin veil, which you out and the last to bed. Coyotes the face tie a thin veil, which you would out driving; and for the hands put on a pair of old kid or hospital, and my husband was busy. If you went standing over the stove, but to wear standing over the stove, but they serve the purpose well.

Perhaps I am intruding on your work took him into the fields, some close now to call again when the was found in the fields, some close now to call again when the was found in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting of pork in the first one's self from the spitting Two cups of granulated sugar; half a cup corn syrup, half a cup of water. Boil till brittle. Add the flavoring and whites of three eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Beat till it sugars. Then add walnuts and dates. With best wishes for the Ingle Nook.

PURR.

PURR.

At the same time I hope that close now to call again when the flowers come.

MAY ROSE.

(Glad to have your promise to come with the flowers. Describe fully some that you see, will you, please?

—D. D.)

**

PURR.

Olive wrote asking for details (You will find it hard, I am afraid, been, and are, women every bit as again, there have been, and are yet, to repeat so soon. We hope to hear and to ask a favor. noble men whose home lives have out- from her again?

My husband was in these of wemen, and without shone those of women, and without whom those home lives would have

loved and well provided for in every reader. way, and we are both Christians and love children. I can give references, if desired; but owing to the expense of last year and losing our crop by hail, I have no money to pay fare from these here, but can amply provide for him after he is here. I hope you can help me, for I am lonely and wish to help a good boy to a girls. I am nine years old, and have a good home. I would prefer a boy lived in Sunny Alberta for nearly two good home. I would prefer a boy lived in Sunny Alberta for nearly two was raised in the country. May vears. We moved here from a little of them. They were all white with country, two years ago, I was very who was raised in the country. May God bless your good work is my

IN NEED OF HELP.

NO CLOSED ROOMS housecleaning time is upon us, we are always been afraid to try. I wish they Philadelphia's death, all very busy, as especially those of had a button. With kind regards to you are giving buttons. us, who are mothers, know well all the Wigwamers, sincerely yours, Well, sisters, do you know my opinion of what a house on a farm ought to be? Every housecleaning time I feel like telling some of my friends what I think. It is this way, a lot of the farmers' wives have a large get that name? C. D.) house provided for them, and they put all their best and prettiest things into a little parlor, and spend a considerable amount of money in carpets and a few very expensive chairs. Then they shut the door on them for fear. the husband or some of the children might spoil some of their perishable cushions and the like finery. they begin on their dining-room and treat it to the very best furniture and oilcloth they can afford, and likewise shut the door on it. They will not have much work keeping it clean, and it will appear perfect when a chance visitor might happen to appear. And from that time henceforth they and their husbands live and dine in a very dim, hot and often untidy kitchen. Now, for my part, 1 think this is a great mistake, as it seems to me it should be our duty and pleasure to have the home look its very best for the home folk. My house has no parlor in it, but if it had I would turn it into a sewing-room, and take all its pretty furnishing into the dining-room and make it look as bright and attractive as possible, and would dine in my dining-room. stead of treating my husband to a rest in a hot kitchen, I would say 'Now, Daddy, come along into the dining-room where it is a little more comfortable." And then, too, it is so nice in the winter evenings to sit in a nice cosy dining-room, which is also used for a living-room. Now, sisters, I think it is a pity to have anything in the house that is so very dainty and nice that it is too nice for a dear, tired husband to use lest he might ruffle it or spoil it. Now, some of you might think I am one of those women that have not much to do, and have lots of time to keep things This is not so, for I have five little children under eight years old, and do all the sewing and a great deal of the work, too. I have a

the shut-up parlors. Come again .-

MOUNT CRESCENT

WILLOW WAND.

Sask. (a).

YOU GET YOUR WISH

Dear Cousin Dorothy:-For quite I am nine years old, and have vears. We moved here from a little of them. They were all white with country, two years ago, I was very town on Lake Erie where they used to black eyes when I first caught them, lonesome, because I used to live in bring in boatloads of fish.

Dear Dame Durden,-l will call you she always likes to tear the wrapper off do not know me. I have known you we don't subscrite for the Abyocats. Bear Cousin Dorothy,—This is my for years, and always enjoy reading your column, and think some of the sisters write very helpful letters. As

Alta. (a)

(You write a good letter for your age,

hildren fifty below this winter. I go to school stones on the side. It was winter shable and am in the third book. I have a when I went to Ontario. I had a mile and a half to go to school and can good time sleigh-riding with my ride sometimes. I think the Western cousins. One day my cousin and I

pigeons soon.

About a quarter of a mile from our house there is some bush, and last hundred and eighty acres near Lang. winter I made a trap from a coal-oil He has just started seeding. box and set it in some small firs going to start to school soon. I with a carrot in the trap for bait, have three miles to go to school, but a long, long time I have read the letters in the "Wigwam" from little letters in the "Wigwam" from little I have kept four of them alive. They much as if I had to walk. I am I have kept four of them alive. They much as if I had to walk. I am I like Alberta fine, and so does mam- now their coats are turning brown.

A LITTLE TRAVELLER

Dear Cousin Dorothy,-This is my I wish they Philadelphia's death. I am so glad

Father has taken the "Advocate" for four years, and would not like to

do without it.

Three years ago I went to Ontario. but have you begun to read and enjoy On the way we stopped at Minne-Kipling alread? If not, where did you apolis for two days. We went to the We saw Hiawatha Art Museum. carrying Minnehaha. I also saw A FINE NAME many other statues and pictures. We Dear Cousin Dorothy:—As I have were all through the Capitol at St. never written to your paper before I will Paul. It is made of white marble. write now. My father has taken the I was in Hamilton. It was nice. Advocate for a long time and I like There was a steep green hill near the



CHARLIE COOPER'S PETS.

Wigwam is a fine name. We have four and some friends went sleigh-riding. Horses, six head of cattle and three pigs. I went down the hill alone and ran I am II years of age and my birthday into a barb-wire fence and cut a bad is on the 4th of December. I hope to gash in my leg. I have the scar see my letter in print. I will close with yet. a riddle. "Twelve pears hanging high, twelve men passing by. Each took a ceive a button. pear and left eleven hanging there." Ans. Each was a man's name.

MEADOW-LARK

CHARLIE'S PETS

deal of the work, too. I have a hired girl most of the time (a Galician girl), but, of course, that does not mean that one's self is not busy. If this letter is worth printing, I might write again. The little ones are up at the table helping me to write, so it may not be worth much. With good wishes to all, I must go to the western bears of which a day run all covered with wire netting, and I put the chipmunks in there. They have a nice house to sleep in as the day run. They have great with the summer-time; his They have a nice house to sleep in as which I drive in the summer-time; his well as the day run. They have great name is Rabbit. I like living out on (If heartily agree with you about I feed them apples, wheat, corn and he shut-up parlors. Come again.— bread, and they like the corn best. This winter I could always tell when the prairie. Sometimes you can see the Pembina Mountains quite plainly, and they like the corn best. it was going to be nice fine weather, as they would come out of their WESTERN WIGWAM house then, but Then it was cold they good a start. caught two tree squirrels and kept II you would please send me them nearly all summer. They are Wishing the club every success. very tame and live in a pile of old an. (a). Dear Cousin Dorothy,—This is my fence rails by our workshop. It was first letter to your corner. I am a no trouble to catch them; all I had silent reader of your club. I have to do was to put an ear of corn in Dear Cousin Dorothy,—I have just their house, and they went right in. received a copy of the "Farmer's go to school quite regular. My I let them go early last fall, so that Advocate." and have just got through they could get all the pine cones they reading the letters of the "Western rame of our school is Mount Cres- wanted for the winter. I have two Wigwam," and now I have made up peg, Man.

The Farmer's Advocate," Winninger, and where two numbers appear, as for waist and skirt, enclose ten cents for each number. If only one number appears, ten cents will be sufficient.

Address: "Fashion Department," The Farmer's Advocate," Winninger, and have made up peg, Man.

I enclose a stamp and hope to re-

JULY.

WANTS A BUTTON

Dear Cousin Dorothy,—I have often thought of writing to the Western Wigwam, but have always neglected

I go to school and my teacher's Pembina Mountains quite plainly, and will be thinking I am making too good a start. I would like a button

do chores and go to school. I can cent. I live in the country. My pair of carrier pigeons. There is my mind to write a letter to you give a good boy a good home as long older brother, two sisters and myself one nest with two eggs in it, and We do not take the "Advocate" our as he wants to stay. He will be go to school. I am in the third they take it in turns to sit on the selves, but I always borrow it from eggs. I hope to have two baby one of our neighbors, so that I can read the interesting letters.

My father is working a farm of four ma and so does papa. I have a little sister four years old called Helen, and bits CHARLIE COOPER. great sport out of killing gophers. what my pen-name will be, so I will sign my own name this time, and if this escapes the W.-P. B., I will write again. would like to exchange post-cards with any of the members of the Western Wigwam. Well, I think I have taken up enough space with my letter. Hoping to receive a button, I remain, a wisher of success to the Western Wigwam.

EVERETT STAPLE. Sask. (a).

(You forgot to enclose the stamp for your button.—C. D.)

REAL WIGWAMS

Dear Cousin Dorothy,-Here I come to the Western Wigwam, and as this it very much. It has been as cold as station with Hamilton formed with is my first letter I hope you will have pity on it and not throw it in the waste-paper basket. My father takes the "Farmer's Advocate," and we all like it very much. I live on an Indian reserve in the west, and see lots of real wigwams and also lots of Indians. They are mostly all Crees, and they live in log houses in the winter time, and in the summer they live out in tents. Mostly all of them have farms, and put in quite a lot of wheat and oats. The old people go out digging senega-root in summer, and in winter they catch rabbits, and fish in the lakes in the Qu'Appelle Valley. I think as this is my first letter I will close with best wishes to the Wigwam, and all the Wigs, both small and big.

WAH-POOSE (11).

Sask. (a).

THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE FASHIONS



6300 Tucked Blouse, 6292 Tucked Blouse, 32 to 42 bust.

The above patterns will be sent to any subscriber at the very low price of ten cents per pattern. Be careful to give Correct Number and Size of Patterns Wanted. When the Pattern is Bust Measure, you need only mark 32, 34, 36, or whatever it may When Waist Measure, 22, 26, or whatever it may be. When Misses' or Child's pattern, only the figure representing the age. Allow from ten days to two weeks in which to fill order, and where two

The Gold

By WILLIAM KI COPYRIGHT BY L' C. I

She looked up indignation. such a thing, Le Ga er was not in my tho Intendant I wished you know him be This was not true

studied the Intendar and estate, weighin scruple to the last of information. No sounded the depths there were regions character which i ever penetrated. A with all her acut comprehend the Int You ask what

tendant?" asked h what at the questic Yes — an odd que Le Gardeur? " and any surprise he expe

" Trully I think h ial gentleman that France," was the open-handed to his and dangerous to wit is like his wir never tires of either ness exhausts it. the Intendant, I l wine, his friends, that is ! - but abo I like you, Angeliq more his friend t sake, since I have osity towards the

loises The Intendant had number of valu Grand Company up Angelique, making that extravagant v

"I am glad you if only for my s coquettishly. friends of yours lil sweet sister Ame sensitive plant at t name, and the Lad her gravest look to of the Chevalier Bi

Le Gardeur gar equivocal look at r ter. "My sister A in the flesh," sa need be little les meet her approv aunt has heard son ial life of the Inte excuse a reproving head."

Colonel Philibe in the sentiments sister, to say nothi hostility of hi Bourgeois, " con provoked by Le (

adhesion. ' Pierre Philiber like the Intendant: not doing so; but on his honor - he just towards the man. " Le Garde drawn into a cens

Angelique shielde etto of innuendo sh Philibert is a gen your regard. I co no handsomer man have been dreamin all my life! What first, Le Gardeur ! ing him by the hai

the fishes were rival, Angelique, "but I am in no affections are, I fa a quarter where I ous of his success." I shall not at

of your sister, Le Angelique, raising suffused with a b give you the love because you have i more at prese at least, is yours, him twice, without tation.

That kiss from sealed his fate. better it had been

ite a letter to vou. e "Advocate ys borrow it from ors, so that I can

ig letters. rking a farm of four y acres near Lang. ed seeding. I am to school soon. o go to school, But on't mind going so d to walk. I am and I am in the en I came to this s ago, I was very I used to live in were lots of boys. some now as I take killing gophers. I up my mind about n-name will

sign my own and if this escapes ill write again. exchange post-cards embers of the Westell, I think I have pace with my letter. ve a button, I success to the West-

RETT STAPLE.

enclose the stamp

IGWAMS

othy,-Here I come gwam, and as this er I hope you will nd not throw it in basket. My father er's Advocate," and much. I live on n the west, and see ms and also lots of mostly all Crees, log houses in the n the summer they s. Mostly all of and put in quite a nd oats. The old

cing senega-root in winter they catch n the lakes in the think as this is vill close with best wam, and all the and big.

AH-POOSE (11).

'S ADVOCATE



6292 Tucked Blouse, 32 to 40 bust

ns will be sent to the very low price pattern. Be care-Number and Size When the Pature, you need only whatever it may Measure, 22, it may be. When 's pattern, write presenting, the age.

ays to two weeks ler, and where two as for waist and ents for each numie number appears,

hion Department," Advocate," Winni-

The Golden Dog

May 19, 1909

By WILLIAM KIRBY, F. R. S. C.

She looked up with well-affected indignation. "How can you think such a thing, Le Gardeur? my brother was not in my thought. It was the Intendant I wished to ask you about, —you know him better than I."

Le Gardeur felt her fingers playing with his hair, as, like Delilah, she cut off the seven locks of his strength. "There is a lady at Beaumanoir; letter in the seven locks of his strength. "There is a lady at Beaumanoir; Gardeur," said she.

He would not have hesitated to be-

what at the question.

Yes—an odd question, is it not,
Le Gardeur?" and she smiled away until the bell of the Recollectes any surprise he experienced.

any surprise he experienced.

"Trully I think him the most jovial gentleman that ever was in New eur with a meaning smile, as she France," was the reply; "frank and open-handed to his friends, laughing and dangerous to his foes. His wit is like his wine, Angelique: one never tires of cither, and no lavishness exhausts it. In a word, I like the Intendant, I like his wit, his wine, his friends, —some of them, that is! — but above all Angelique, I like you, Angelique, and I will be more his friend than ever for your sake, since I have learned his generosity towards the Chevalier des Melosses."

Until the bell of the Recollectes sounded the hour of midnight. Angelique lique looked in the face of Le Gardeur with a meaning smile, as she counted each stroke with her dainty finger on his cheek. When finished, she sprang up and looked out of the lattice at the summer night.

The stars were twinkling like living things. Charles Wain lay inverted in the northern borizon; Bootes thick tresses of her golden hair hung negligently over her bosom and sake, since I have learned his generosity towards the Chevalier des Melos de dech stroke with her dainty finger on his cheek. When finished, she sprang up and looked out of the lattice at the summer night.

The stars were twinkling like living things. Charles Wain lay inverted in the northern borizon; Bootes thick tresses of her golden hair hung negligently over her bosom and shoulders. She placed her arm in Le Gardeur's, hanging heavily upon him as she directed his eyes to the

loises."

The Intendant had recently bestowed a number of valuble shares in the Grand Company upon the brother of Angelique, making the fortune of that extravagant young nobleman.

"I am glad you will be his friend, if only for my sake," added she, coquettishly. "But some great friends of yours like him not. Your sweet sister Amelie shrank like a sensitive plant at the mention of his name, and the Lady de Tilly put on her gravest look to-day when I spoke of the Chevalier Bigot."

Le Gardeur's, nanging heavily upon him as she directed his eyes to the starry heavens. The selfish schemes she carried in her bosom dropped for a moment to the ground. Her feet seemed to trample them into the dust, while she half resolved to be to this man all that he believed her to be a true and devoted woman.

"Read my destiny, Le Gardeur," said she, earnestly. "You are a Seminarist. They say the wise fatheers of the Seminary study deeply the science of the stars, and the students all become adepts in it."

Would that my starry heaven were of the Chevalier Bigot.

of the Chevalier Bigot."

Would that my starry heaven were Le Gardeur gave Angelique an more propitious, Angelique, -' replied equivocal look at mention of his sis- he, gaily kissing her eyes. "I care ter. "My sister Amelie is an angel not for other skies than these! My in the flesh," said he. "A man fate and fortune are here." need be little less than divine to meet her approval; and my good passions. The word of hope and the aunt has heard something of the gen- word of denial struggled on her lips ial life of the Intendant. One may for mastery. Her blood throbbed evens a reproving shake of her noble quicker than the heat of the golden.

"Colonel Philibert too! he shares a bird, the good impuise again esin the sentiments of your aunt and caped her grasp.
sister, to say nothing of the standing hostility of his father, the Bourgeois," continued Angelique, us, who was ascending the eastern provoked by Le Gardeur's want of heavens: "there is my star. Mere adhesion Malheur, — you know her, — she

"Pierre Philibert! He may not once said to me that that was my like the Intendant: he has reason for natal star, which would rule my life."

Like all whose passions pilot them, on his honor—he will never be un- Angelique believed in destiny.
just towards the Intendant or any Le Gardeur had sipped a few drops

Philibert is a gentleman worthy of hours, and which some believe change-your regard. I confess I have seen es men's hearts to stone. no handsomer man in New France. I "Mere Malheur lied!" exclaimed

fluence. "That cursed star never presided over your birth, Angelique! That is the demon star Algol." That is the demon star Algol. "That is the demon star Algol." That is the demon star

Angelique, raising her face to his, suffused with a blush; "if I do not give you the love you ask for it is because you have it already; but ask bright eyes outshine them in radno more at present from me—this, iance, and over-power them in in-at least, is yours," said she, kissing fluence. All the music of the spheres him twice, without prudery or hesi- is

better it had been the last, better he Convent of the Ursulines, where they

had never been born than have drank the poison of her lips.

"Now answer me my questions, Le Gardeur," added she, after a pause of soft blandishments.

Le Gardeur felt her fingers playing

— you know him better than I."

This was not true, Angelique had studied the Intendant in mind, person, and estate, weighing him scruple by scruple to the last attainable atom of information. Not that she had sounded the depths of Bigots soul—there were regions of darkness in his character which no eye but God's ever penetrated. Angelique felt that with all her acuteness she did not her sus, icions from Le Gardeur. Her He would not have hesitated to beever penetrated. Angelique left that But she could get no confirmation of with all her acuteness she did not her susticions from Le Gardeur. Her comprehend the Intendant.

"You ask what I think of the Inbut she made Le Gardeur promise to tendant?" asked he, surprised some learn what he could and tell her the

sounded the hour of midnight. Ange-

him as she directed his eyes to the

Would that my starry heaven were

excuse a reproving shake of her noble quicker than the beat of the golden d. '' pendule on the marble table; but, like Colonel Philibert too! he shares a bird, the good impulse again es-

man." Le Gardeur could not be of the cup of astrology from the vendrawn into a censure of his friend. erable Professor Vallier. Angelique's Angelique shielded adroitly the stil-finger pointed to the star Algol—etto of innuendo she had drawn. "You that strange, mutable star that are right," said she, craftly; Pierre changes from bright to dark with the

have been dreaming of one like him he, placing his arm around her, as if all my life! What a pity I saw you to protect her from the baleful infirst, Le Gardeur!" added she, pull-fluence. "That cursed star never

"Nothing for you, love. A fig for to my discord compared the voice of Angelique des Meloises,

That kiss from those adored lips, As he spoke a strain of heavenly called his fate. It was the first — harmony arose from the chapel of the



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were celebrating midnight service for the safety of New France. Amid the sweet voices that floated up on the notes of the pealing organ was cleardistinguished that of Mere St. Borgia, the aunt of Angelique, who led the choir of nuns. In trills and cadences of divine melody the voice of Mere St. Borgia rose higher and higher, like a spirit mounting the skies. The words were indistinct, but Angelique knew them by heart. She had visited her aunt in the Convent, and had learned the new hymn composed by her for the solemn oc-

As they listened with quiet awe to the supplicating strain, Angelique repeated to Le Gardeur the words of the hymn as it was sung by the choir

Soutenez, grande Rhine, Notre pauvre pays! Il est votre domaine, Faites fleurir nos lis! L'Anglais sur nos frontieres Porte ses etendards; Exauces nos prieres, Protegez nos remparts!'"

The hymn ceased. Both stood mute until the watchman cried the hour in

the silent street.

"God bless their holy prayers, and good-night and God bless you, Angelique!" said Le Gardeur, kissing her. departed suddenly, leaving a gift in the hand of Lizette, who courtesied low to him with a smile of pleasure as he passed out, while Angelique leaned out of the window listening to his horse's hoofs until the last tap of them died away on the stony pavement.

She threw herself upon her couch and wept silently. The soft music had touched her feelings. Le Gardeur's love was like a load of gold, crushing her with its weight. She could neither carry it onward nor throw it off. She fell at length into a slumber filled with troubled dreams. She was in a sandy wilderness, carry ing a pitcher of clear, cold water, and though dying of thirst she would not drink, but perversely poured it upon the ground. She was falling down into unfathomable abysis and pushed aside the only hand stretched out to save her. She was drowning in deep water and she saw Le Gardeur buffeting the waves to rescue he but she wrenched herself out of his grasp. She would not be saved, and was lost! Her couch was surrounded with indefinite shapes of embryo

She fell asleep at last. When she awoke the sun was pouring in her windows. A fresh breeze shook the rees. The birds sang gaily in the garden. The street was alive and stirring with people.

It was broad day. Angelique des Meloises was herself again. Her daydream of ambition resumed its power. Her night-dream of love was over Her fears vanished, her hopes were all alive, and she began to prepare

for a possible call from the Chevalier

CHAPTER XVIII.

Splendide Mendax

Amid the ruins of the once magent palace of the Intendant, mas ive fragments of which still remain to attest its former greatness, there may still be traced the outline of the room where Bigot walked restlessly up and down the morning after the Council of War. The disturbing letters he had received from France on both public and private affairs irritated him, while it set his fertile brain at work to devise means at once to satisfy the Marquise de Pompadour and to have his own way

The walls of his cabinet-now bare. plasts of six score winters- were nung with portraits of ladies and among which was a fine picture from the pencil of Vanloo of the handsome PARMER'S ADVOCATE, Winnipeg.

With a world of faults, that celebrated dame, who ruled France in the name of Louis XV., made some amends by her persistent good nature and her love for art. The paint-

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Added to made dishes and gravies improves the flavor and greatly increases the food value. Try a tablespoonful in your next chowder.

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Appetizing and nutritious tablespoonful Vinegar 2 tablespoonfuls Salad Oil teaspoonful Salt teaspoonful Pepper 1 teaspoonful BOVRIL Mix thoroughly.



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Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too; but learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill' I can do this for you and will if you will assist me

stop the doctor's bill' I can do this for you and will if you will assist me.

All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy (Orange Lily) which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—it has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for 2c. (the cost of a postage stamp). Your letters held confidentially. Write to-day for my free treatment. MRS F. E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont



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(Signed) SAMUEL H. MEEK.

er, the architect, above all, the men France, were obje admiration, and h them was genero The picture of her the Intendant had gratitude by the g painted it, and wa to Bigot as a mar and demi-royal faitself was furnished gal magnificence, ant carried into living.

May 19, 1909

The Chevalier de tary and confident Intendant, was wi He looked up now curious glance as chief moved to a turns across the of them spoke. Bigot would have

tent with enriching friends, and turning crowd of courtly clamored for the Colony. He had so the course of policy embarked might New France, - na gin in the court, m whole fabric of the consoled himself, h reflection that it co He formed but one chain of corrupti could not stand ald move by following before and draggi that came behind a useless point quietly resigned h vice of his master tresses, after he ha

If the enormous of the administration the great monoply were suddenly to that his genius wou test. But he had i cause he had no not the man to storm. He would h as he expressed it,

ed upside down. Bigot suddedly ste His mind had been great affairs of his the mad policy of t sailles. A new tho He turned and look

secretary. ' De Pean!" sai not a sure hold of Repentigny! That plays fast and lo who dines with me sups with the Philil d'Or cannot be a s: Grand Company!"

"I have small either," replied either," replied Gardeur has too m respectability hangi make him a sure ho " Just so! Cade rest of you, have the young colt. Hi is no credit to you cool bully, Colonel off with him out of a sublime specim Ha! Ha! The rec

salted my meat eve admirably performed I should have liked through Philibert one of you all was it for me!" "But your Excell

you seemed full of p Philibert, " replied tone that implied he it had Bigot given

"Zounds! as if But it was provok so politely too, by Golden Dog! The Philibert is immer Repentigny. They him out of the wa over, a suitor of th ing girl, De Pean money, lands, and f ought to be secured brother in the inter Company. A good of our party would none of you dare pr

de dishes and oves the flavtly increases alue. Try a lin your next

lad Dressing nd nutritious nful Vinegar fuls Salad Oil 1 Salt 1 Pepper 1 BOVRIL

ighly.



Sympathy

s your pain a heavy what these mean to

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ied) Samuel H. Meek.

continue my advertiseted Eggs, as I already ks in advance. er, the architect, the sculptor, and "It is useless to think of proposabove all, the men of literature in ing to her," replied De Pean. "I France, were objects of her sincere know the proud minx. She is one of admiration, and her patronage of the angelic ones who regard marriage them was generous to profusion as a thing of Heaven's arrangement. to Bigot as a mark of her friendship who went to school with her at and demi-royal favor. The cabinet Convent, — and the Convent girls living.

May 19, 1909

The Chevalier de Pean, the secretary and confidential friend of the that to marry a cursed Philibert!

Bigot would have been quite content with enriching himself and his friends, and turning out of doors the crowd of courtly sycophants who clamored for the plunder of the Colony. He had sense to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was to see that the course of policy in which he was the course of policy the course of policy in which he was "There is but one way I can see, embarked might eventually ruin your Excellency." De Pean did not New France, — nay, having its oriappear to make his suggestion very gin in the court, might undermine the cheerfully, but he was anxious to whole fabric of the monarchy. He please the Intendant. consoled himself, however, with the "How is that?" the Intendant reflection that it could not be helped. He formed but one link in the great chain of corruption, and one link could not stand alone: it could only women in the interests of the Company of these which went tony, replied the Secretary. move by following those which went pany," replied the Secretary. before and dragging after it those "A good scheme if one could fight that came behind Without debating and win! But do you know of any a useless point of morals, Bigot woman who can lay her fingers on quietly resigned himself to the service of his masters, or rather mis- him out from among the Honnetes tresses, after he had first served him- Gens ?

of the administration of the war by Pean confidently.

the great monopoly he had established "You do! Why do you hesitate were suddenly to cease. Bigot felt then? Have you any arriere pensee that his genius would be put to the that keeps you from telling her name test. But he had no misgivings, be- at once?" asked the Intendant imcause he had no scruples. He was patiently. not the man to go under in any "It is Mademoiselle des Meloises. ed upside down.

Bigot suddedly stopped in his walk. great affairs of his Intendancy and of fools—and of wise men, too," the mad policy of the Court of Ver- added Bigot in a parenthesis. "How-sailles. A new thought struck him. ever, all the world is caught by the He turned and looked fixedly at his bird-lime. I confess I never made a

Repentigny! That young fellow sweet revenge on a thousand. If Le plays fast and loose with us. One Gardeur be entangled in Nerea's hair, who dines with me at the palace and he is safe in our toils. Do you think sups with the Philiberts at the Chien Angelique is at home, De Pean?" d'Or cannot be a safe partner in the Grand Company!" The Intendant looked up at the clock. It was the usual hour for

Grand Company!"

"I have small confidence in him, either," replied De Pean. "Le Gardeur has too many leose ends of respectability hanging about him to make him a sure hold for our game."

"Just so! Cadet, Varin, and the rest of you, have only half haltered the young colt. His training so far is no credit to you! The way that cool bully, Colonel Philibert, walked off with him out of Beaumanoir, was a sublime specimen of impudence. Ha! Ha! The recollection of it has salted my meat ever since! It was admirably performed! although, egad, I should have liked to run my sword thought flashed into his eyes. I should have liked to run my sword thought flashed into his eyes. through Philibert's ribs! and not one of you all was man enough to do point of it, De Pean?"

it for me!"

"I think she would not go out

"But your Excellency gave no hint, the way of your Excellency." tone that implied he would have done the Intendant. it had Bigot given the hint.

"Zounds! as if I do not know it! Pean? Looks she in this quarter?
But it was provoking to be flouted,
so politely too, by that whelp of the chin for a moment or two. "You
Golden Dog! The influence of that think she is doubtless at home this
Philibert is immense over young de
Repentigny. They say he once pulled
him out of the water, and is, morehim out of the water, and is, moreleft her last night, and she would
over a suiter of the sister, a charmhave long and pleasant dreams after. over, a suitor of the sister, a charmover, a suitor of the sister, a charming girl, De Pean! with no end
ought to be secured as well as the
brother in the interests of the Grand
Company. A good marriage with one
of our party would secure her, and
none of you dare propose, by God!"

left her last night, and she would
have long and pleasant dreams after
that visit, I warrant," replied the
Secretary.

"How do you know? By St.
Pean!"

Pean!"

(To be continued.)

The picture of her in the cabinet of She believes God never makes but the Intendant had been a work of one man for one woman, and it is gratitude by the great artist who her duty to mary him or nobody. It painted it, and was presented by her is whispered among the knowing girls itself was furnished in a style of re-know everything, and something gal magnificence, which the Intend-more,—that she always cherished a ant carried into all details of his secret affection for this Philipsett, and that she will marry him some day. "Marry Satan! Such a girl

Intendant, was writing at a table. Bigot was really irritated at the information. "I think," said he, curious glance as the figure of his chief moved to and fro with quick turns across the room. But neither of them spoke.

That to marry a cursed Philiper! Bigot was really irritated at the information. "I think," said he, "women are ever ready to sail in the ships of Tarshish, so long as the cargo is gold, silver, ivory, apes, and peacocks! It speaks ill for the peacoted callenters of the Grand

De Pean did not but he was anxious to

I do, your Excellency. I know If the enormous plunder made out the very one who can do it, replied De

storm. He would light upon his feet, She can do it, and no other woman as he expressed it, if the world turn- in New France need try!" replied De Pean.

"Why, she is a clipper, certainly His mind had been dwelling upon the Bright eyes like hers rule the world fool of myself but a woman was at De Pean!" said he. "We have the bottom of it. But for one who not a sure hold of the Chevalier de has tripped me up, I have taken

"I think she would not go out you seemed full of politeness towards Pean shuffled among his papers, but Philibert, "replied De Pean, with a his slight agitation was noticed by

" Hum! is that your thought, / De Zounds ! as if I do not know it ! Pean ? Looks she in this quarter ?'

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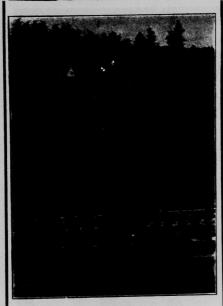
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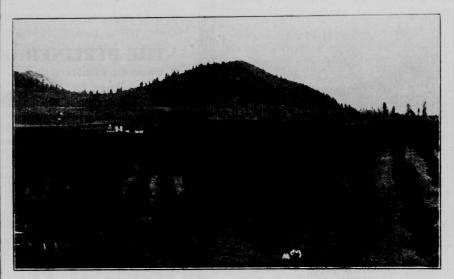
Be this as it may, it is a matter of Kootenay district. industry in Kootenay dates back as shores of the West Arm and the main cinity of Grand Forks and planted a end of the lake the Kaslo district has few fruit trees, bringing them—in the achieved considerable fame as the Estate is now the largest producing and gives promise in time of ranking orchard in the Kootenay, although a with the older and better developed large portion of it has passed into parts of the Kootenay. other hands. Nine carloads of prunes A short distance from the lower end were a part of the product of this of the lake is situated the Creston orchard last year.

On a map of British Columbia, enay at Waneta. Following in the draw a line due south-west from wake of the great development on the Revelstoke to Midway, then follow other side of the line a number of the 49th parallel east to the Alberta districts are opening up on this side boundary, thence northward along the in the vicinity of this great river, summit of the Rockies to the main two wide portions of which are line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, known as the Upper and Lower Arthence west to point of commence- row Lakes. On the other lakes and ment, and you have enclosed what is rivers of Kootenay, equally promising rown as the "Kootenay country." sections are being opened up. nown as the "Kootenay country." sections are being opened up.
Famous for a long period as a rich The Nelson district can lay claim

mining district, and lately having become a big factor in the lumber proimmigration movement to the fruit
duction of the west, it is of comlands of Kootenay. As a result of
paratively recent date that it has atthis and the eneegetic advertising, tracted the attention of homeseekers coupled, of course, with the merit of and investors as a fruit-growing dis- the season itself, it is perhaps better known than any other portion of the

record that the beginning of the fruit Moving eastward we find that the far as 1885. In this year W. H. Kootenay Lake are dotted with or-Covert took up a pre-emption of three chard homes and new settlements are hundred and twenty acres in the vi- being made constantly. On the upper free phraseology of the west-from home of the prize-winning Graven-Spokane on the hurricane deck of a steins while further north the Howser cavuse. The orchard on the Covert Lake section is coming to the front

district, which has won a name for At Fairmount Springs in the Wind- itself of late years. Creston straw-



PART OF A 200 ACRE KOOTENAY ORCHARD.

ermere country, there is a very old berries have been particularly in deorchard-old for the Kootenay-which mand in the prairie market, while the has been in bearing for upwards of acreage in orchard has increased by fifteen years. However, being a long leaps and bounds. This district was way from a railroad this district has brought very prominently to the atbeen kept in the background.

centre very largely around the numer-Government placed on the market and ous lakes and rivers. There are sold by auction a very large block of three distinct reasons for this. The land close to Creston. The high first is that the lakes provide a prices received for some of the land means of transportation in addition sold caused considerable comment at to the ordinary wagon roads and rail- the time. roads. The second is that a large Further east we come to what is body of water has a very moderating known more particularly as East effect upon the climate, reducing to a Kootenay, comprising the country ly-minimum the possibilities of late and ing in the vicinity of Cranbrook, early frosts. The third is that the Athelmer, Wilmer and Windermere. water is an attraction in itself, This is a very promising section of affording, as it does, an opportunity the Kootenay, and those who have for the fisherman and for those who settled in this part have done well, take a delight in aquatic sports.

take a delight in aquatic sports.

It is a fact worthy of note that the ing this section has not received the fruit sections which are recognized to attention that its merits deserve. produce some of the finest—the very Coming back to Nelson and moving finest if the high prices obtained are westward, we find a well-developed to be taken as a criterion—apples on section along the Kootenay River the American continent are located irom Nelson to Robson. Running either on the banks of, or in the vinorth from Slocan Junction the cinity of the Columbia river. Wence traveller passes through the Slocan natchee, whose apples are now famous Valley where there is a large acreage on two continents. Is located on the available for fruit culture, and where on two continents, is located on the available for fruit culture, and where can't of this mighty river. The great a goodly number of orchards have

its way southward, leaving the Koot- Upper Arrow Lake districts to

tention of the investing public last The settlements in the Kootenay fall, when the British Columbia

Hood River district is tributary to been planted during the last year, the Columbia and from Kettle Falls On the Slocan Lake, the same condito Portland there is a string of noted tion prevails as on the other takes of apple districts.

The Columbia flows through the has been taken up and is being sub-Kootenay from north to south, passing through Revelstoke and weaving Further wes is the Lower and the property of the string the Kootenay for the

SLOCAN PARK

The Choicest Fruit Land in the

KOOTENAYS

Level as a Prairie Farm. No Rocks or Stones. Water for Irrigation at every

No Frosts. Uncleared or Partly Cleared, or Wholly Cleared, as you like Partly Planted or Wholly Planted, as you like.

Land Cared for and Improved until you come at actual cost. Prices and terms most advantageous to you.

You can go onto this Partly Cleared and Planted Land and

Make a Living From the Start

C. P. R. Station, Post Office, Express Office, Village, Large Mill, etc., within ten minutes walk.

Spur on the property. Thirty hours from the Prairie Markets without reshipment. Only 20 miles from Nelson by rail. On the beautiful Slocan River. Good Fishing and Shooting. Title absolute

The balance of these fine plots will be gone before fall, For full particulars write,

THE KOOTENAY-SLOCAN FRUIT CO., Ltd.

NELSON

Dual Purpose Shorthorns

THE long expected era of stronger demand and higher prices for Shorthorn Cattle is at hand. Shrewd buyers are quietly picking up foundation stock or additions to their herds in anticipation of the coming demand. For several years there has been a feeling among Shorthorn breeders that more attention should be paid to milking qualities if the breed is to maintain its popularity. It is therefor probable that cattle in which the milking function has been developed will be in greatest demand.

I wish to call the attention of those who appreciate this fact to the two young cows (bull calves at foot) and three two-year-old bulls which 1 shall offer at Provincial Cattle Sale, Brandon, May 27th. These cattle were bred by A. W. Smith, Maple Lodge, Ontario, along the most approved lines for beef and milk production and should make good in any

I shall also offer a splendid roan two-year-old bull, bred by Barron of Carberry, carrying the blood of Meteor, Pilgrim (Imp.), Nobleman (Imp). and Topsman in his four top crosses. It is rarely that a bull of Barron's breeding is offered at auction and breeders in need of a herd-header should not overlook this

Wa-Wa-Dell Farm Macdonald, Man. A. J MACKAY



Glorious Ko

booklet which we wis

FRE

to anyone interested in District a Post Card b

\$25.00 per : We have the choicest the Kootenay in la blocks, every conven

cated near station, offer you for \$25.00 It will pay you to wri

WILLOUGHBY & 984 Main St.



Teacher.-" If you polite to your playma Scholar.—" They'll t fight me!"

LAY FOR WE DEATH'S

BUT DODD'S KII CURED MRS. TH DROPS

It started With Backache till the dcctor said s

Holt, Ont., May All the countryside with the wonderful Samuel Thompson, point of death for with Dropsy so that but desisted because, said, "It might be be die in peace." After given her up, Dodd' cured her.

Mrs. Thompson's started with pain in t grew worse and the her for jaundice for and it was realized the trouble. For several suffered. The doctor no hope; she must di As a last resort Pills were tried. The sufference of was slow, but gradual came back. To-day Mi well woman. She countryside knows, she Dodd's Kidney Pill If the disease is of t om the Kidneys, Pills will cure it.

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NAYS

rie Farm. ones gation at every

artly Cleared, or as you like. d or Wholly

r and Improved t actual cost. is most advan-

nto this Partly nted Land and

Living e Start

on, Post Office, Village, Large in ten minutes

Thirty coperty. Prairie Markets ient. Only 20 on by rail. On an River. Good oting. Title ab-

these fine plots re fall, For full

NAY-SLOCAN 0., Ltd.

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ted era of stronger higher prices for attle is at hand. vers are quietly ition stock or adrds in anticipation and. For several en a feeling among rs that more atpaid to milking eed is to maintain is therefor probwhich the milking developed will be

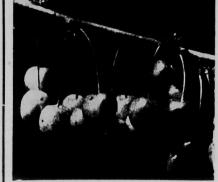
attention of those is fact to the two calves at foot) and ld bulls which 1 vincial Cattle Sale, 7th. These cattle W. Smith, Maple long the most appeef and milk pro-I make good in any

r a splendid roan bred by Barron of ng the blood of (Imp.), Noble-

Topsman in his It is rarely that a breeding is offered eeders in need of a

ell Farm Macdonald, Man.

May 19, 1909



Glorious Kootenay

is the name of a beautiful illustrated booklet which we wish to send

FREE

to anyone interested in the Kootenay District a Post Card brings it.

\$25.00 per acre up

We have the choicest fruit land in the Kootenay in large and small blocks, every convenience and located near station, which we can offer you for \$25.00 per acre up. It will pay you to write us.

WILLOUGHBY & MAURER 984 | Main St. WINNIPEG



polite to your playmates, what will can

LAY FOR WEEKS AT DEATH'S DOOR

BUT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED MRS. THOMPSON'S DROPSY.

It started With Backache and grew worse till the dector said she must die

All the countryside here is ringing amount will suffice than where it is proposed to depend wholly upon the Samuel Thompson, who lay at the product of the orchard. Poultrypoint of death for weeks, swollen raising is very profitable, and fresh with Dropsy so that the doctor five different times decided to tap her,

passing reference has been made. ery large number of settlers have loated in this section during the past welve months. It has been estinated that something over four hundred sales of land have been made in the last year and a half. A large number of the purchasers have already entered into occupation of their lands, and are getting their ground ready to plant as fast as possible.

Coming back again to Nelson and moving southward we find a wellsettled district in and around Fruitvale and also at Columbia Gardens and Waneta. It is between Robson and Waneta on the Columbia River that the Doukhobor colony has lo-They are planting a large

acreage this spring.

Crossing the divide between the Columbia and Kettle Rivers, we come to Grand Forks, situated in one of the prettiest valleys of the interior of British Columbia. As has been mentioned previously, one of the oldest orchards in the Kootenay is located in this valley, and already a large tonnage of fruit is being shipped each Further west, in the Midway district, fruit-growing is receiving a great deal of attention. This has been brought about to a large extent by the work of a wealthy irrigation company, which built a large flume for the purpose of bringing water from Rock Creek and thus making fertile a large area hitherto much too

The climate and soil seem to be peculiarly adapted to the growth of fruit and vegetables. Most varieties of apples bear the third year. The Northern Spy and some of the other later varieties bear in about six years, although there have been a few instances where the Spy has borne quite a crop the fifth year

It must be admitted that it is a very puzzling country. While there is a large acreage of good land there is also a large acreage of very poor land. One block of land may possess One block of land may possess all the requirements of a good fruit lot and the adjoining one be very inferior. Under these circumstances it becomes necessary for the prospective fruit-grower to select a location with considerable care, and if he decides to buy without seeing the land he needs to make sure that he is buying from reliable parties.

The cost of land will vary from \$35 to \$100 an acre for unimproved land according to the quality and the loca-Teacher.-" If you are kind and tion. In most instances, the land be purchased for one hundred Scholar.—"They'll think they can thing selling for more than this must

The question is very often asked as to the amount of capital necessary for to embark in fruit-growing. This question will not admit of a very definite answer, the amount necessary depending very largely upon the individual and the scope of his opera-

If side lines, such as poultry-raising and small fruit and vege?able-growing is engaged in while the trees are com-Holt, Ont., May 17.—(Special.)—ing into bearing, a much smaller

with Dropsy so that the doctor five different times decided to tap her, but desisted because, as her husband said, "It might be better to let her die in peace." After the doctor had given her up, Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

Mrs. Thompson's terrible trouble started with pain in the back. She grew worse and the doctor treated her for jaundice for eight weeks. Then her feet and legs began to swell, and it was realized that Dropsy was the trouble. For seven months she suffered. The doctor said there was no hope; she must die.

As a last resort Dodd's Kidney Pills were tried. The improvement was slow, but gradually her strength came back. To-day Mrs. Thompson is a well woman. She says, and the countryside knows, she owes her life to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

If the disease is of the Kidneys, or from the Kidneys, Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it.



GREAT WEST Woven Wire Fences are made in Styles to suit all purposes.

HOG, SHEEP AND STOCK FENCES

Our new catalogue tells how to properly erect a woven fence, and gives full instructions for anchoring end and gate posts. Write for it to-day.

THE GREAT WEST WIRE FENCE CO., LTD., Winnipeg

TREES

Hedge, Shelter and Ornamental

Wholesale prices for quantities strong well grown trees from the Northern forest, about 6 hours rail to Winnipeg, moss packed and protected, F. O. B. The majority of our American Larch (Tamarac) are booked for H. M. Government and other large orders, but we have about 500,000 of various kinds left for this season.

Sample 3 dozen Spruce, 3 choice varieties, \$4.00. First in every five orders received, cash returned. Cash with order. Cross, Traders' Bank, Dryden.

ADDRESS

MESSRS. DE HURST

DRYDEN, ONTARIO

"THE LAND OF THE BIG, RED APPLE"

Write us for information of the best of the Famous Okanagan Valley. Our booklet is free to those interested.

Fruit lands at reasonable prices where irrigation is not required. Climate unsurpassed, rich soil, pure water, goods chools—in fact everything one could wish for to make life worth the living.

FISHER AND SAGE,

ARMSTRONG

B.C.

BRITISH COLUMBIA GATED FRUIT LANDS

It is a well admitted fact that East Kootenay is slowly but surely becoming the Fruit garden of British Columbia. It has been demonstrated beyond a doubt that our fruit is second to none and yet our prices for fruit lands and terms of payment make it easy for the man with small means to get a good start on the road to wealth. Get here early before

Write us for full information,

BEALE & ELWELL,

CRANBROOK, B. C.

The Farmer's Library

WE are in a position to give you the best books and references on Farm, Stock, Dairy, Poultry, Vegetables, Fruit, Flowers, Bees, Tanning and Blacksmithing Subjects by the best authors. Write for prices.

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WANTS AND FOR SALE

WANTED—Stockmen and others to get their Printing done by The Farmer's Advocate Mail Order Job Printing Department. Prices Quoted. Sample sent on application. Address Mail Order Dept. The Farmer's Advocate, Winnipeg.

FARMERS write me for prices on Fence Posts.

Direct from the bush and get the best. J. H.

Johnson, Malakwa, B. C.

320 ACRES—2½ miles from Station, 280 acres cultivated, house and barn, \$25.00 per acre. \$2000.00 cash, balance crop payments. W. C. Presnell, Choice Saskatchewan farm lands,

Presnell, Dundurn, Sask.

FOR SALE—South African Land Grants, Halfbreed Script and farm lands. S. A. Scrip is good for 320 acres in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Wire or write, G. S. Wyman & Co., 24 Aikens Bldg., Winnipeg, Man.

Clyde Stallion Wawanesa by the Worlds

Wawanesa Clyde Stallion Wawanesa Compared to the eggs, one dollar per thirteen. Alexander, Man. FOR SALE—The Clyde Stallion Wawanesa Chief (3211) Sire Jubilee Prince by the Worlds Champion, Prince Patrick, dam, Annie Rooney. 8 years; a very handsome thick active horse, a sure and excellent stock-getter. Others from 2 to 4 years and several Clyde fillies. Prices reasonable. Also French Coach Stallion, "Mercier", winner at Calgary of first and second in progeny class, and 1st, 2nd, and 3rd for best light foal by any registered light stallion. Bow River Horse Ranch, Cochrane Alta.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT—51 acres first class Fruit Land. 20 acres cleared, Frame House, large Chicken Houses, Hog Pens, Barn, half-mile from Station, P. O. and School. Price, \$70 per acre, \$800 cash, \$20 per month with 6 per cent interest. Apply Slocan Valley Land Co., Slocan, B. C.

FOR SALE—Registered Aberdeen Angus bull fit for service \$60. Worth double the money. P. Hay, Lintrathen, Man.

BRITISH COLUMBIA Send for Booklet of choice fruit and other farms, irrigation unnecessary. W.-E. Hoult, Real Estate, Armstrong, B.C.

FOR SALE—Early Potatoes "Flemish Beauty", for seed, one dollar per bushel, W. R. Howay, Arcola, Sask.

FARM FOR SALE—In famous Okanagan valley, 320 acres first-class level bottom land. Three hundred acres cultivated. Balance timber. Ideal land for mixed farming or stock-raising. Abundant rainfall. Perry & Jones, Vernon, B. C.

FOR SALE—Two first class saddle stallions two years old, Chestnut and Brown. Price \$400 and \$250. D. P. Woodruff, Caldwell, Alta.

KOOTENAY DISTRICT—500 acres Fruit Land with House, Barns, and other Buildings, 35 acres cleared. Price \$15,000. One-Third cash. Balance easy terms. This quality land is selling at upwards of \$150 per acre in this district. Apply Slocan Valley Land Co. Slocan, B. C.

BANTING STOCK FARM—Clydesdales, Sho horns, Tamworths, T. E. M. Banting, pr

GUS WIGHT, Evergreen Stock Farm, Napinka, Man. Clydesdales, Shorthorns and Berks. Write for prices.

E. WALLACE, Portage la Prairie,

D. SMITH, Gladstone, Man., Shires, Jerseys and Shorthorns, Yorkshire hogs and Pekin ducks.

TERMS—Two cents per word per insertion. Each initial counts for one word and figures for two words. Names and addresses are counted. Cash must always accompany the order. No advertisement inserted for less than 50 cents.

WANTED—Stockmen and others to get their Printing done by The Farmer's Advocate Mail Order Job Printing Department. Prices Quoted. Sample sent on application. Address Mail Order Dept. The Farmer's Advocate, Winnipeg.

CASH—For your Real Estate, Home or Business no matter where it is located or what it is worth I can sell it for you in the shortest possible time. I co-operate with over 10,000 expended the send description and price. If you want to buy property of any kind anywhere, tell me your requirements. I can save you money. Address The Real Estate Specialist. Box H, co-o Farmer's Advocate, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

FOR SALE—South African Veterans' Land Grants, good to select 320 acres in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Inter-Ocean Real Estate Co., 24 Aikens Building, Winnipeg.

WANTED—Whole section to rent on shares for a term of years all broken with good house, out-buildings and water. Box 61, Sedley, Sask

FOR SALE—We have a number of rebuilt threshing engines, Portable and Traction, in first-class order we can sell much below their value. Write for particulars. The John Abell Engine and Machine Works Company, Ltd., 760 Main St., Winnipeg, P. O. Box 41.

PORTRAIT AGENTS, write us; reliable men we start in business of their own and give credit. Merchants' Portrait Co., Limited, Toronto.

FOR SALE—20 South African Veterans' Land Grants on one to three years' time secured by mortgage on real estate. P. Whimster, Portage la Prairie, Man.

FOR SALE—Our choice Galloway Bull. Regis-tered. Sixteen months old. C. I. Baragar, Elm Creek, Man.

WE CAN SELL your property, send description Northwestern Business Agency, Minneapolis Minn.

FOR SALE—100 acres good farm land on the Yale road 9 miles from New Westminster, 8 acres cleared, 50 fruit trees, small house and out-buildings, 50 acres tightly covered with scrub, 25 acres lightly covered with Alders. Price \$5,200, cash \$1,200, balance arranged, apply to A. R. Stevens, 520 Pender Street, Vancouver, B. C.

WANTED—Persons to grow mushrooms for us at home. Waste space in cellar, garden or farm can be made to yield \$15 to \$25 per week. Send for illustrated booklet and full particulars. Montreal Supply Co., Montreal.

FOR SALE—Nordheimer Piano, Cabinet Grand, Walnut case. Only slightly used, \$187.00. Easy monthly or Fall payments. The Winnipeg Piano Co., 295 Portage Ave.

160 ACRES—Farm land near Woodside Station Manitoba. For full particulars apply Box L Farmer's Advocate.

Lost, Strayed or Impounded

This department is for the benefit of paid-up subscribers to the Farmer's Advocate, each of whom is entitled to one free insertion of a notice not exceeding five lines. Over this two cents per word

LOST—Strayed from Section 30-9-2, three-year-old Gelding; white face and legs. \$10.00 reward will be paid for recovery of same. Thos. Grant, Oak Bluff P. O., Man.

BREEDER'S DIRECTORY

POULTRY AND EGGS

R. P. EDWARDS, South Salt Springs, B. C. Eggs for hatching from the following breeds: R. C. R. Island Reds, Blue Andalusians, Black Minorcas, Buff Rocks, Indian Runner Ducks, at \$1.50 per setting. Stock for sale.

Barred P. R. eggs. Warranted to hatch a good percentage of strong chicks. \$1.50 to fifteen gs. Incubator cap, special rates. Few ockerels left. Mrs. M. Vialoux, St. Charles

WHITE WYANDOTTES—Duston Strain. Prize winners wherever shown. Cockerels \$2.00 up. Eggs \$2.00 per 15, Box 1063 Regina, W. H. Rothwell.

LAYING STRAIN—Buff and White Wyandottes and Brown Leghorns. Eggs: Fifteen, one fifty; thirty, two fifty. J. E. Sinclair, Stone-wall, Man.

McGILL BROS.—Bunclody, P. O., Manitoba (Formerly Carroll). Breeders of Barred Plymouth Rocks, Eggs, \$1.50 for 13 or \$5.00 pe 100. Birds in our flock that won us prizes Square deal. "Please our customers" is ou motto.

WHITE ROCK and Silver Spangled Hambur Eggs, \$1.00 per setting of 15. Six Hambur Pullets and Cockerels for \$8.00. J. N. Hipwel Stonewall, Man.

SINGLE COMB BROWN LEGHORNS-Char pions Winnipeg, Portage, Brandon, Regina. Look up Winnings. Two pens—one fifty, two dollars, fifteen eggs. W. A. Harron, Sperling,

MRS. ALEX. W. SHAW, Brandon, Manitoba, Pure-bred Barred Plymouth Rocks.eggs for hatching from both Pullet and Cockerel mat-ings. Half price from 15th of May.

sand dollars worth of strawberries the Kootenay, but these remarks of from four acres of land.

The cost of clearing is sometimes quite an item in the outlay necessary to get a fruit lot into shape for planting. Some sections of the district are lightly timbered, and in others the clearing is much heavier. On the average, fifty dollars an acre Questions & Answers will cover this item.

As to cost of planting and caring for trees while they are coming into bearing, I cannot do better than quote Mr. A. Lucas, Provincial asayer, who, after going very carefully into the matter, made this statement:

It costs about \$35 an acre to plant do to ease them? an acre in first-class, one-year-old trees, including the cost of the trees and an average of \$15 per acre per annum for the first five years of cul- that may be inserted in the teat and tivation, pruning and spraying.'

years some very large irrigation usual cases. Better sell the touch works have been undertaken. Even milkers and buy others. where the rainfall is generally sufficient, it is an added asset to have a creek or stream to fall back upon when nature fails to supply sufficient Are there any laws against cruelty

It would take too long to mention who do we report to in detail the various ways in which the fruit of Kootenay has won recognition during the past few years. ticultural Society in London and many prizes at a number of the great English fairs. Perhaps no more favorable mention of the fruit of Kootenay was ever made than when Mr. Mc-

RATES—Two cents per word each insertion.
Cash with order. No advertisement taken less than fifty cents.

BEGGS FOR SETTING—From pure-bred S. C.
White Leghorns and Barred Rocks; have some fine pens of winter layers; city address C. H.
Baird, 265 Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

PRIZE WINNING White Wyandotte eggs for sale, \$1.00 per dozen, \$3.00 per 4 dozen, \$6.00 per hundred. Also young and old birds in fall. Rev. W. Bell, Abernethy, Sask.

BARRED ROCK EGGS—15 for \$2. County Champions. Two pens of select females, headed by a Bradley cock and a Hawkins cockerel. Nine chickens or another setting at half price. W. R. Barker, Deloraine, Map.

CHOICE BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS, \$1.00 and \$1.50 per setting. Five dollars per dred. W. H. Tebb, Langenburg, Sask.

SINGLE COMB—White Leghorns. Eggs from two pens (not related) large birds. Heavy winter layers, \$2.00 per setting. Three for \$5.00. A. C. McLennan, Crystal City.

C. W. ROBBINS—Breeder. Laying strain Buff Orpingtons. Eggs, \$2.00—15. Chilliwack, B. C.

RHODE ISLAND REDS—White Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandottes. Western raised from imported prize-winning stock. Eggs, \$2 and \$3 per 15; \$10 per 100. Day old chicks a specialty. Geo. W. Bewell, Abernethy, Sask.

BUFF ORPINGTON EGGS—\$2.00 per 15; \$6.00 per 100. J. E. Marples, Deleau, Man.

FOR SALE—Pure-bred Buff Orpington eggs, \$1.00 per setting of 13. W. H. Read, Nanton, Alta.

Mr. McNeil go to show that the E. W. D.

TOUGH MILKERS

I have one or two very hard milking cows. Is there anything I can

Ans.—Veterinarys keep steel siphons so stretch the opening, but the mus-The question is sometimes asked, cles contract after a time. However, "Is irrigation necessary in the Kootenay?" The answer must be a dual one—Yes and No. There are sections of Kootenay, notably the lake ment, though not a complete cure. districts, where irrigation is not con- The trouble of using the siphons will sidered necessary, but there are be found to be too great a draw-other sections where it is absolutely necessary, and during the past few back to their use, except in very un-

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

moisture. It is a case of rain when to animals in Saskatchewan? If so,

Ans.—Yes; the provisions of the anihas won numerous medals and mal code apply in Saskatchewan. Lay prizes at the hands of the Royal Hor- information before a justice of the

ABSCESS IN THE UDDER

We have a sick cow we would like Neil, Chief of the Dominion Fruit to hear from you about. This cow Division, Ottawa, in an address after the New Westminster Fair three calved on the ninth of March, and at years ago, said, "The only Province the time of calving had little or no SHETLAND PONIES and Hereford cattle, finest in Canada, also Berkshire pigs. J. E. Marples, Poplar Park Farm, Deleau, Man. in Canada that can produce apples of milk in her udder, but as the udder the fancy class is British Columbia, seemed greatly enlarged we endeavorand I have come to the conclusion ed to soften it by rubbing it well that the only district, even in British with oil and working out what milk and Yorkshires. Pigs at 8 weeks. f. o. b. Neepawa, \$8 apiece. S. Benson. 24-4 Columbia, is the Kootenay.". The there was in it. The next day the writer is of the opinion that even the udder seemed no better, so we got the most enthusiastic Kootenaians would use of a milking tube and emptied hardly go as far as this, being pre- out all that would come, and, as the pared to grant to other districts of udder was still very hard, we still British Columbia what they claim for applied the oil. We continued this

a week, when the udo ed hard, and the milk would come out in ch We took hot salt w the udder, and sti milk with a tube. ently no use, so we t salts and ginger, and get worse, having by this time, and t which came away from badly. We are ru with camphorated oil milk away with the this does as much as softening the udder disatisfied with the sl

Alta.

Ans.-Your cow very bad udder. seated abscesses in the accounts for the disa the discharge. This so long a time tha you will lose your o However, the proper sists of warm poulti preferable as they ma tice. The poultice often and never allocold. When the abs be lanced, and the m escape, the cavities flushed out several ti a weak solution of c creolin. It is very produced the trouble in the udder. If this cow should be dest tablespoonful of hypo in her mash or drink times a day.

WEAK FO

1. Two heavy mar dale, bred to heavy well cared for, well hay and oats, a quanta week. Mares well plow and disk har were dropped. For weak, were unable t some time, both died and twenty hours, re ly give cause of deatl

to feed a small quan Alta.

Ans.-It is not poss was the direct cause may have been son veloped after they w weak condition at either a lack of exer during winter with just at foaling time condition of the given during the win provided the mares v a good part of the t the spring is not har are brought to it g given too much of i stable in which the was not well venti precaution was tal mares in good heal judicious feeding and stables, the weakr tional weakness guessed at from this

ELECTRIC GE

1. What kind of go best adapted for ch: age cells of 100 am city, to run a $\frac{1}{4}$ -h.for 7 volts?

2. How should

would it be necessar tic switches? If function, and how as

5. What horse-pov quired to run said g

6. Would a wind wheel, be sufficient?

7. At what speed

JAS. BURNETT, Napinka, Man. Breeder of Clydesdale Horses. Stock for Sale,

CLYDESDALES-R. E. Foster, Melita, Man.

Breeder's name, post office address and class of stock kept, will be inserted under this heading at \$4.00 per line per year. Terms cash strictly in advance. No card to be less than two lines.

H. C. GRAHAM, Lea Park, Alta.—Shorthorns— Scotch Collies and Yorkshires, for sale. 1-4-09

horns, Tamworths, T. E. M. Banting, proprietor, Wawanesa, Man., Phone 85.

JAS. BRAY, Portage la Prairie. Choice Here ford cattle and Berkshire swine for sale. 20-

BERKSHIRES—Gold Medal Herd, Manitoba, Address J. A. McGill.

Neepawa, 24-4

Z4-4

JAMES A. COLVIN, Willow Dell Farm, Sedgewick, Alta., Breeder of Shorthorns and Berkshires.

HOLSTEINS-A. S. Blackwood, De Winton, Al-W. J. TREGILLUS, Calgary, Alta. Breeder of Holstein cattle and Yorkshire swine.

HEREFORDS—At half price from Marples famous Champion Prize Herd. Calves either sex; Heifers, Cows, Bulls. Good for both milk and beef. J. E. Marples, Poplar Park Farm Deleau, Man.

WOODMERE FARM—Clydesdales, Shorthorns

WALTER JAMES & SONS, Rosser, Man. Breeders of Shorthorn cattle and Yorkshire and Birkshire swine. Four yearing Shorthorn bulls at rock bottom prices. Now booking orders for spring pigs.

BROWNE BROS., Ellisboro, Assa.—Breeders of Polled Angus cattle. Stock | for sale.

McKIRDY BROS. Mount Pleasant Stock Farm, Napinka, Man. Breeders and Importers of Clydesdales and Shorthorns. Stock for sale.

—From pure-bred S. C. I Barred Rocks; have some layers; city address C. H. Ave., Winnipeg.

nite Wyandotte eggs for zen. \$3.00 per 4 dozen. Also young and old birds all, Abernethy, Sask.

GS—15 for \$2. County pens of select females, lley cock and a Hawkins ckens or another setting at Barker, Deloraine, Map.

LYMOUTH ROCKS, \$1.00 ng. Five dollars per hun Langenburg, Sask.

te Leghorns. Eggs from ted) large birds. Heavy 10 per setting. Three for ennan, Crystal City.

eder. Laying strain Buff \$2.00—15. Chilliwack.

REDS—White Plymouth yandottes. Western raised e-winning stock. Eggs, \$2 per 100. Day old chicks a Bewell, Abernethy, Sask.

GGS-\$2.00 per 15; \$6.00 ples, Deleau, Man.

d Buff Orpington eggs, 13. W. H. Read, Nanton.

ut these remarks of to show that the the premier class.

E. W. D.

3 & Answers

I MILKERS

two very hard milkthere anything I can

C. S.

rys keep steel siphons erted in the teat and pening, but the muser a time. However, of these instruments s permanent improvenot a complete cure. using the siphons will too great a drawse, except in very unletter sell the touch

TO ANIMALS

laws against cruelty ort to?

provisions of the anin Saskatchewan. Lay fore a justice of the

N THE UDDER

k cow we would like ou about. This cow inth of March, and at ving had little or no ler, but as the udder enlarged we endeavorit by rubbing it well orking out what milk The next day the better, so we got the ng tube and emptied ild come, and, as the l very hard, we still We continued this

would come out in chunks.

the udder, and still drew out the the motor, to give 4 horse-power, will milk with a tube. This was appar-require 26.3 amperes, hence the generently no use, so we tried a drench of ator must produce at least 8 volts salts and ginger, and still the udder and 26.3 amperes, if the cells are arget worse, having become inflamed ranged in series when charging. If by this time, and the curdled milk the cells were arranged in parallel with camphorated oil and drawing the amperes. The latter, however, is a milk away with the true. We think difficult combination to obtain, so the this does as much as anything toward former would be better, and, indeed, softening the udder, but still are a 4 horse-power motor running on 7 disatisfied with the slow progress.

B. D.

Ans.-Your cow has evidently a 3. Answered in 1. Ans.—Your cow has evidently a very bad udder. There are deep-seated abscesses in the gland, which accounts for the disagreeable odor of the discharge. This has gone on for so long a time that we are afraid you will lose your cow as a result. However, the proper treatment consists of warm poultices. Hops are preferable as they make a light poultice. The poultice must be changed often and never allowed to become ing if the load was too heavy, but cold. When the abscesses point on using up the energy all the same, and

WEAK FOALS

1. Two heavy mares, part Clydes- as soon as the generator was started dale, bred to heavy Percheron horse, anew. Considerable fine work and well cared for, well fed on prairie design is necessary in their constructions. well cared for, well fed on prairie design is necessary in their constituents ay and oats, a quart of bran twice tion, and they are expensive. If the a week. Mares were worked on switch was to be automatic in both plow and disk harrow until foals cases, that is, making the circuit were dropped. Foals were very when the windmill starts, as well as weak, were unable to stand. After breaking it when the mill stops, the some time, both died inside of fifteen magnet controlling the knife edge and twenty hours, respectively. Kind- would have to be in parallel with the

Is it injurious to mare-in-foal to feed a small quantity of flaxseed? bear a suitable proportion to the re-

may have been some complaint de- or in parallel with the cells. veloped after they were born, but the weak condition at birth indicates 5. The horse-power to run the geneither a lack of exercise of the mares erator would need to be greater than during winter with too much work 1; 1/2 h.-p. would do it nicely. just at foaling time, or an over-fat condition of the mares. The feed given during the winter was all right, provided the mares were out of doors a good part of the time, and work in 7. This question could only be the spring is not harmful if the mares answered if all the details of the genare brought to it gradually and not erator were given. Lacking these, the given too much of it. Possibly the speed would have to be determined by stable in which the mares were kept experiment. was not well ventilated. If every taken to keep the precaution was mares in good health by exercising Collie dog has a peculiar judicious feeding and pure air in the cough.

H. S. C. stables, the weakness of the foals Ans.—This is due to stomachic mares in good health by exercising must have been due to some constitu-trouble. Give him 2 drams jalap and tional weakness that can only be 3 grains calomel. If this does not guessed at from this distance.

ELECTRIC GENERATOR

- What kind of generator would be best adapted for charging four stor- and porridge. age cells of 100 ampere hours capacity, to run a 1-h.-p. motor, wound for 7 volts?
- 2. How should generator be rubbed.
- 3. What voltage and amperage off one that weighed a pound. should generator give?
- In installing said generator,
- wheel, be sufficient?
- ator be run?

treatment three times a day for over Ans.—1. Any direct-current genera week, when the udder still remainator, giving a somewhat higher volted hard, and the milk got thicker and age and amperage than necessary for the four cells, will be suitable. Each We took hot salt water and bathed cell will require about 2 volts, and which came away from it smells very when charging, then your generator We are rubbing the udder would have to give 2 volts and 26.3

- 2. Series, shunt, or compound.
- often and never allowed to become cold. When the abscesses point on the surface of the udder, they must all the more quickly. These automable lanced, and the matter allowed to tic switches are controlled by means escape, the cavities must be well as weak solution of carbolic acid or creolin. It is very probable that the cause of the trouble is tuberculosis of the udder. If this is the case, the udder. If this is the case, the cow should be destroyed. Give a total capture of the magnetic that the capture of the udder. If this is the case, the cow should be destroyed. Give a total capture of the magnetism distablespoonful of hyposulphite of soda appears, the switch is thrown open by in her mash or drinking water three times a day. one of these switches that the circuit would be closed again automatically cells when being charged, and the resistance of the wire with which the magnet was wound would have to Alta.

 A. Y. sistance of the cells. But, if the switch was to be only an automatic circuit-breaker, then the magnet conwas the direct cause of death. There trolling it might be either in series.
 - 5. The horse-power to run the gen-
 - 6. In case of a strong wind, a 10-ft windmill would be sufficient, but not in the case of a light wind.

STOMACHIC TROUBLE

Collie dog has a peculiar vomiting cause purgation, give 2 drams jalap again in 24 hours. Follow up with 3 grains subnitrate of bismuth 3 times daily. Feed on milk, bread,

WARTS

Horse has very bad warts; not the ordinary kind. They bleed easily if rubbed. I have tried applications which takes the top off them, but they grow larger every time. I took

Ans.-Local applications are too would it be necessary to use automatic switches? If so, what is their function, and how are they attached? Sected off. The horse must, of course, be cast and secured for the operation. After dissection, the raw surfaces should be dressed once daily 6. Would a windmill, with 10-ft. with butter of antimony (applied with a feather), for a week; then diessed three times daily with a five-per-cent. 7. At what speed should said gener-solution of carbolic acid in water un-



The Racine Rotary Harrow Attachment for Plows

A success right from the start. That is the story of this great time and labor saver.

Attached to Sulky Plow. Gang Attachment has nine blades.

100% labor saved. Why go over your field two or three times when once will do.

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Put a little "Sunshine" in your

home

An old-fashioned, ill-working furnace is a nonproducer.

It consumes the coal, but through leaks and cracks wastes the heat.

It is not economy to have such a furnace in your own home, or in your tenant's home.

If you are thinking of building you should be interested in Sunshine Furnace. It adds 100 per cent. to home comforts.

As soon as you let the contract for your house decide on your furnace. The "Sunshine" man will be pleased to tell you just how the rooms ought to be laid out with an eye to securing greatest heat from smallest consumption of coa

If you want to experiment with the question don't specify "Sunshine."

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M^cClary's

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WE are printers of all work desired by the UP-TO-DATE farmer such as Bill Heads, Envelopes, Cards, Catalogs, Booklets, etc. Send in your order and we will, if desired, submit an estimate.

Farmer's Advocate of Winnipeg Ltd. Winnipeg, Manitoba



FOUR-YEAR-OLD CLYDESDALE STALLION, SONSIE'S PRIDE

By Vanora's Pride, dam, Sonsie Lass, Champion Mare, Dominion Exhibition, Winnipeg, 1904. Sonsie's Pride was first at the Maple Creek Spring Show, 1909. Property of Chris. McCarthy, Maple Creek, who also now owns Baron Moncton, Reserve Champion, Calgary, 1909.

any caustic, as butter of antimony. faster than the caustic destroys.

A CO-OPERATIVE CONCERN

Some four or five years ago a number Give one night and morning until they of farmers, numbering about twenty, are all taken. Then purge with 3 threshing outfit. Some took one share, others took three or four, and as high gave the colt an excessive dose of oil, in these cases. The symptoms given as ten shares. The secretary-treasurer was instructed by the shareholders to wasted. have the company or syndicate registered, but he neglected to do so, and it was never done. The shareholders never received any scrip or anything to show what shares they held in the com- C.,

- 2. Can a shareholder demand from the officers of the company scrip or something to show what shares they hold in the company?
- 3. Should this company have been registered?
- the president to call a meeting of the though all entries made previous again in a more legal manner?

A SHAREHOLDER. Perth Co., Ont.

Ans.-1. Yes; many.

2. Yes.

3. Yes; under the Act respecting Co-operative Association (Revised) Statutes of Canada, 1897, Chapter 202).

4. No.

WORMS

Yearling colt had colic. I gave it a your homestead and made entry therepint of raw linseed oil and it got better. on previous to June 1st, 1908, you
It has since passed some worms. I saw will be required to break 30 acres bethe following prescription in The Farmfore a patent will be granted. If
ER'S ADVOCATE: Three ounces each of
sulphate of iron and sulphate of copper,
and 2 ounces each of calomel and tartar
ametic to be made into 24 powders. I

tive instead of aloes, after the last pow- and back twice, then he came him-der has been taken? H. R. P. self twice, and charged \$1.00 a mile,

Ans.—Your druggist does not know remove small warts, but some grow medicine as he thinks he does. The pre-others said it was his heart. scription given is for a full-grown horse. For your colt, take one-third the amount of each drug and make into 24 powders.

pany. Neither did they receive any receipts for the money they paid into it. his homestead when living with his tain species of mosquito. There is ship or cornering or adjoining townbrother in the vicinity. Is he re- no known treatment for the disease, ships. Our interpretation of this Is there any difference in the eye quired to break the same area as if Practically all the drugs in the pharprovision of the Act is that you will of the law between a company and a he were living on the land? I have mopotia have been tried and found have to reside the required period syndicate?

The early symptoms do each year on your homestead, the syndicate? for the information of the public on not differ from the symptoms maniparents not living on land in the vimatters relating to Dominion lands, fested in all fevers, that is, the horse cinity. but am not clear on the question.

F. A. K. W.

Ans.-Since the query of "L. C." was answered in these columns there has been issued a new edition of that Is it lawful to run a company or summary of regulations and departsyndicate in such a loose manner as this mental rulings relating to Dominion lands, dated April 1st, and the rules become effective June 1st, 1909, 5. Would it not be a wise thing for placing all previous summaries, shareholders and have it organized over June 1st, 1908, are governed by the regulations previously in force. tries made since June 1st, 1908, are governed by the present rulings. The clause referring to the point in question in the latest regulations says homestead is required to break least 30 acres of the homestead (of which 20 must be cropped) before applying for a patent. A reasonable proportion of the cultivation duties must be done each year. When the duties are being performed under the 5. Most decidedly; and the requirements of the Act mentioned should be
carefully observed and complied with. broken will be at least 50 acres (of
worms

worms

DOCTOR'S FEE

he said there were three poisons in it and that one powder would kill a full-doctor might charge for his services.

Would raw linseed oil do as a purgadoctor was brought out forty miles

and \$15.00 for setting the leg, making in setting the leg, making in \$155.00. Could be collect that ravenous when the fever subsides, and mount?

M. G. anemia takes place. When anemia amount?

will be made for certain services, but he now has a peculiar wabbling of we cannot say what those charges are, the hind quarters when made to walk; If one can afford it, \$155.00 is not he still continues to eat well, and be much for a leg, but if he hasn't got comes thinner and weaker until death very much of this world's goods, \$155 ends the scene. The worms found in is a big fee to pay. It would be a the kidney were carried there in their good plan to talk it over with the embryonic stage in the circulation. doctor. Our experience is that they The irritation set up in the kidney are the easiest class of men to come by their presence produced an into an arrangement with, especially if flammation, and the resulting adhesthe patient is poor.

SWAMP FEVER

which, from the start, was very building a foundation wall? weak, and, when worked, would tire Sask. casily and shake on front flank, and his heart would beat twice as hard as it ought to. He kept getting mix it with clean, not too fine sand, worse and weaker until he died, but in the proportions of one of lime to he always had a good appetite. He about seven parts sand. Slake the was opened and his heart was three quicklime in as little water as postimes as large as it ought to be, and sible. This makes the ordinary lime there seemed to be an abscess on the and sand mortar used in brick or one side of it, and the tissue cat out stonework. For foundations, Portof one side of it, and a pint of solid land cement is usually added to this matter caked in lumps, and kidney to make a harder and more inhad grown to the liver, matter in penetrable mortar. Add about onethat also, and one sharp worm eight quarter the quantity of cement you inches long in each end of kidney, use of lime. No other worms in the horse. The worms were alive. I would be glad to know first symptoms of swamp fever, and what to give for a nitric acid, nitrate of silver, etc., will nearly as much about the actions of that was wrong with this horse; state the cause of swamp fever? Sask.

H. W.

your horse died from "swamp fever." 10 to 12 ounces raw linseed oil. You tem are among those usually noticed pitch roof? but I presume a good part of it was as noticed by you during the animal's has a rise of temperature three or more degrees, there is more or less lassitude, the horse lags behind if in quire 600 feet rough lumber for lin-

and \$15.00 for setting the leg, making in the early stages, but becomes has become established (when the lining membranes of the eye and nos-Ans.—In the medical fraternity, it trils become white), the animal exunderstood that certain charges hibits great weakness, is easily tired.

MIXING MORTAR

One year ago I bought a borse How should mortar be mixed for

Ans.-Slake quicklime in water, and

HOMESTEAD REQUIREMENTS LUMBER FOR A SHANTY

1. Am I compelled to live on my Some said it was swamp fever homestead six months in a year, having parents within nine miles of my homestead, but who own no farm?

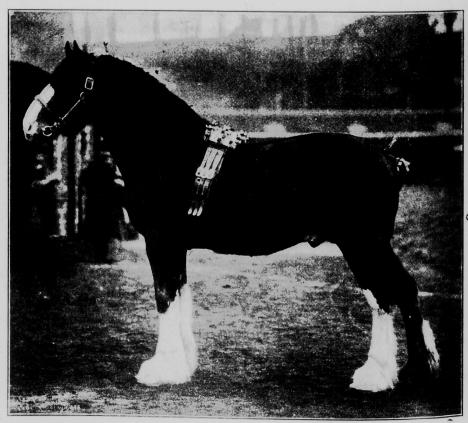
2. How much shiplap, siding, rough lumber and No. 1 cedar Ans.-We are of the opinion that shingles, with shiplap flooring, will of farmers, numbering about twenty, drams aloes and I dram ginger, or with The lesions found by your post-mor- 18 feet, with nine-foot studing and a be required for a shanty 14 feet by

> Man. HOMESTEADER.

wasted.

V. sickness are characteristic of "swamp Ans.—1. The government regulations are characteristic of this tions say that if a homesteader redisease we are not yet certain, but sides with his father, on land in the certain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the proreceived any scrip or anything to In your issue of March 10th, "L. agent being a parasite, which is invisions of the act with regard to chat shares they held in the comNeither did they receive any will be necessary for him to break on blood sucking insect, probably a cervicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead, the procertain facts point to the causative vicinity of his homestead vicinity of his homestead vicinity of his homestead vicinity of hi

> 2. In round numbers you will reharness, his appetite may be impaired ing, 600 feet siding, 300 feet of



Clydesdale Stallion, bay, foaled 1906. Winner of first in his class and the Cawdor 50 gs [Cup, Stallion Show, Glasgow, 1909] Sire, Baron o Buchlyvie.

PREVENT BLA

BLACKLEG VACCIN To introduce we will send one (value \$1.00) o

CUTTER'S BLACKI

"CALIFORNIA STOCKMEN'S and our booklet on Blackle FREE to each stockman names and addresses of 20 If you do not want Vaccin name and address on a po will promptly send the boo to-date, valuable and inte tion this paper. Address The CUTTER LABORATO

The feeling in St. The J. H. McArthur, a v South African War, Marquette fireman, is d Carnegie medal. On McArthur saw a little feet caught in a cat track on which a train proaching. Jumping o McArthur released the peril to himself and, co the rear end of his ov tinued his journey.

Said a witness who before Mr. Justice Maul "You may believe me have stated not a word I have been wedded to t infancy." "Yes." rep "but how long have widower?"

In some of the Scotc is, or was, the snobbis the minister to bow at ing the blessing to the tor or heritors. On one tor or heritors. Rev. Dr. Weightman, (being a young bachelo salaam the ladies in th pew rather through shy courtesy. A few days I taken to task for the Miss Miller, the heritor famous beauty, who a came Countess of M Weightma, I have a with you. Why did you to us ladies last Sunda Miss Miller, you must worship of angels is for Church of Scotland ? ' -

YOU NEEDN'T BE

One day a lady who h in the careful luxury o ioned English home wa visit the kitchen of a gr tan hotel. She wante was afraid. When ask replied, "I'm afraid thing that will foreve appetite for hotel food. and found everything

Good housewives co pess and purity first of Quaker Oats is their ch oatmeals. In making the grain is sifted and ing through more than of cleaning before it i rolled.

If you took a handfu scrubbed and polished a separate grain, it wou nearly as clean as Qua human hand ever tour grain of Quaker Oats to your kitchen. The foods you could have is

Oats every morning for You'll find Quaker O two size packages, th and the large, family who are not convenient The large package cont handsome china for Quaker Oats is one of C est products.

tages, but becomes fever subsides, and lace. When anemia the eye and nos-

lished (when the line), the animal exness, is easily tired. eculiar wabbling of when made to walk; to eat well, and be weaker until death The worms found in arried there in their in the circulation. t up in the kidney e produced an inthe resulting adhes-

MORTAR

rtar be mixed for ion wall?

klime in water, and not too fine sand, of one of lime to sand. Slake the ttle water as poss the ordinary lime used in brick or foundations, Portually added to this der and more in-Add about onetity of cement you

REQUIREMENTS R A SHANTY

led to live on my ths in a year, havnine miles of my 10 own no farm ?

shiplap, plap flooring, will shanty 14 feet by foot studing and a

OMESTEADER.

overnment regulaa homesteader reier, on land in the mestead, the prot'with regard to satisfied, the term n the same townor adjoining townoretation of this et is that you will ne required period ur homestead, the on land in the vi-

bers you will regh lumber for linding, 300 feet of



the Cawdor 50 gs Cup, chlyvie,

PREVENT BLACKLEG

To introduce we will send one 10-dose package (value \$1.00) of

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"CALIFORNIA STOCKMEN'S FAVORITE"

May 19, 1909

and our booklet on Blackleg and Anthrax FREE to each stockman who sends the names and addresses of 20 cattle-raisers. If you do not want Vaccine, send us your name and address on a post card and we will promptly send the booklet. It is upto-date, valuable and interesting. Mention this paper. Address

The CUTTER LABORATORY, BERKELEY CALIFORNIE

The feeling in St. Thomas is that J. H. McArthur, a veteran of the South African War, and a Pere feet caught in a cattleguard, in a track on which a train was fast approaching. Jumping off his engine McArthur released the little girl at peril to himself and, coolly boarding the rear end of his own train, continued his journey.

Said a witness who once appeared before Mr. Justice Maule in London: You may believe me or not, but I have stated not a word that is false. I have been wedded to truth from my infancy. " "Yes." replied the judge, but how long have you been a

In some of the Scotch churches it is, or was, the snobbish custom for the minister to bow after pronouncing the blessing to the principal heritor or heritors. On one occasion the Rev. Dr. Weightman, of Kirkmahoe, being a young bachelor, omitted to salaam the ladies in the Dalswinton pew rather through shyness than discourtesy. A few days later he was taken to task for the omission by Miss Miller, the heritor's daughter a famous beauty, who afterwards became Countess of Mar. 'Oh, Mr. Weightma, I have a crow to pick with you. Why did you omit to bow to us ladies last Sunday?' 'Surely, to drive in harness when it is a year Miss Miller, you must know that the old and by the time it is three years worship of angels is forbidden 11. the Church of Scotland?'-

in the careful luxury of the old-fashioned English home was invited to visit the kitchen of a great metropolitan hotel. She wanted to go, but was afraid. When asked why, she replied, "I'm afraid I'll see something that will forever destroy my appetite for hotel food." She went, and found everything delightfully clean.

Good housewives consider cleanli-bess and purity first of all; that's why age to ride and drive, the child who Quaker Oats is their choice among all has enjoyed his companionship for oatmeals. In making Quaker Oats couple of years will have made him the grain is sifted and resifted, passing through more than fifty processes of cleaning before it is cooked and ing cofthood.

scrubbed and polished and wiped each ship and companionship of a Shet-separate grain, it wouldn't then be land pony confers to let the child and nearly as clean as Quaker Oats. No pony grow up together, and in order to do this to the greatest possible human hand ever touches a single grain of Quaker Oats from the field to your kitchen. The best advice on ly smaller cost of a weanling-now is foods you could have is: Eat Quaker the proper time to engage a weanling Oats every morning for breakfast.

You'll find Quaker Oats put up in two size packages, the regular size and the large, family size for those who are not convenient to the store. The large package contains a piece of handsome china for the table. Quaker Oats is one of Canada's greatest products.

A change of stock horses has been made in two studs that are well known to fair-goers. As announced a few weeks ago, Mr. P. M. Bredt & Sons have placed Trojan at the head of their stud, and now their Baron of their stud, and now their Baron

the roof to have a half pitch.

HORSES BITE THEIR FEET

I have a team of horses which I used in the haying, and I had to cross a marsh with them. When the winter came I noticed that they would gnaw their feet under the hoofs. It seemed as if there were what to do?

Ans.—The only explanation we can give as to the peculiar action of your horses is, that, from passing through the marsh so often, their hoofs became macerated (softened), especially frogs, and the water would get in through the denuded frogs and irritate the tendon which passes over a small bone in that region to become inserted on the sole surface of the Marquette fireman, is deserving of a pedal bone. Examine the frogs; if Carnegie medal. On Monday night you find them ragged, and the clefts McArthur saw a little girl with her open more than they should be, pare off the loose portions, and dress daily with a small quantity of calomel.

SEEDING TREATED GRAIN

How much extra seed should I allow when the grain has been treated smut? Is an extra peck

Ans.-Very often the grain does not swell enough to necessitate setting the drill thicker than for dry seed, but, generally, grain will not run as freely when it is tough as when it is dry, and if we err in anything in our seed it is in thin seeding. If the seed is tough at all, set the drill for

GOSSIP

GET A SHETLAND COLT TO GROW UP WITH THE CHILD

Parents of very young children who recognize the great value of a Shetland pony for a child will do well to purchase a nice weanling and let pony and child grow up together. For a boy or girl now a year old, a weanold its little master or mistress will be four and can from then on enjoy

riding and driving it. YOU NEEDN'T BE AFRAID
One day a lady who had been reared
One day a lady who had been reared is safe to say that the pleasure they will take in each other's companion-

Those who know little about Shetlands have no idea of the way a colt will take to a child that is constantly its companion. With no trace of viciousness in his make-up, the true Shetland becomes as firmly attached to his little master or mistress as a faithful dog does, and he exhibits a lot more of sense.

so thoroughly his willing servant that riding and driving is only an exten-sion of the playful games began dur-

It is getting to be the custom of If you took a handful of oats and dren the advantages which the owneradvantage of both the child and the parents-considering the comparativefor next fall's delivery.

CLYDESDALE SIRES CHANGE

HANDS

A change of stock horses has been

siding, 300 feet of sheathing, 260 feet of flooring, and 8 bunches of shingles,

THE SHEET METAL AGE.

Lightning, wind, rain or snow have no effect on a "Galt" Steel Shingled Roof.

Lightning just glides off our steel roof, follows down the conductors and disappears into the

The continuous, overlapping, interlocking top joint and the Galeproof, closed-end, side-lock afford no opening for the wind-and entirely prevent water or snow from being blown through the joints-one of the weaknesses of other shingles.

twice as secure a roof, because they are the only locked shingle nailed on two sides. Handsomest and easiest

Shingles make

and quickest laid shingle on the market. Catalog "B-3" tells about

them. THE GALT ART METAL CO., LIMITED, GALT, ONT.

"Galt"

Sales and Distributing Agents: Dunn Bros., Winnipeg and Regina. "Galt" Shingles



Brighten Up

Not only does it take longer to put poor paint on your building than good paint, but you have to do it oftener. Divide the cost of painting your building into three parts and two of them go to the painter. The third part pays for the paint. If you get paint that will last 6 years you can afford to pay more for it than for paint that lasts but 2.

Sherwin-Williams Paint is the highest quality and most satisfactory paint made. We control the most important raw materials from which it is manufactured, make and refine our own linseed oil, and in many other ways safeguard the quality of all S-W. Products. They may cost more per gallon than many cheap and inferior paints but demonstrate their economy on the job by covering more, looking better and lasting longer. Ask your dealer for

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS AND VARNISHES

Made in Canada THE SHERMIN-WILLIAMS Ca. Montreal Toronto, Winnipeg



Inside Facts About All Kinds of Roofing

shingle, tin, tar, "ready" roofings.

This book is fair, frank, comprehensive It tells all about the cost of each kind of roofing. It tells the advantages and the disadvantages of each, as we have learned them in twenty years of actual test. It is a veritable gold mine of roofing information.

The reason we send it free is because it tells, too, about Ruberoid roofing.

The First "Ready Roofing"

nearly twenty years ago, there have sprung these substitutes ha names which sound like Ruberoid. Before they are laid and ex-posed to the weather, they look like Ruberfacts deceive you.

Before deciding on *any* roofing, for *any* purpose, send for our free book which will give you the inside facts about all roofings—

A roof of Ruberoid is flexible enough to stand the contraction of the cold and the expansion of the sun's hot rays. expansion of the sun's hot rays.

It is so nearly fireproof that you can throw burning coals on a Ruberoid roof without danger of the roof taking fire.

It is rain proof, snow proof, weather

proof. It resists acids, gases and fumes. These wonderful properties of Ruberoid are due to the Ruber

-our exclusive product. Ruberoid roofing also comes in attractive colors—Red, Green, Brown, suitable for the finest homes. These color roofings are

Since Ruberoid roofing was invented, finest homes. These color roofings are made under our exclusively owned patents.

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If you are going to roof, though, learn about all roofs. To get this book, address Department 97D The Standard Paint Company.

The Standard Paint Company of Canada, Ltd., Montreal, Canada

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Gasoline Engines

HAVE NO EQUAL FOR

SIMPLICITY, ECONOMY DURABILITY and STRENGTH

Every engine undergoes a thorough test before shipment, with the result that THEY ALWAYS GIVE SATISFACTION to the purchaser.

If you are interested in Gasoline THRESHING ENGINES, it will pay you to investigate the merits of our 20 HORSE POWER ENGINE. It is guaranteed to develop 25 horse power, but is sold at the price of a

We manufacture engines in all sizes, from 1 to 25 horse power, Vertical and Horizontal, Stationary and Portable.

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Send for catalog and copies of unsolicited testimonials.

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WALL PLASTER

NO MORE LIME PLASTER

Ask your dealer for the "Empire" Brands and write us for Booklet.

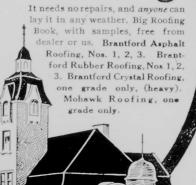
MANITOBA GYPSUM CO., Limited WINNIPEG, MAN.

HOW LITTLE RAIN-WATER REBELS SECRETLY DESTROY MOST ROOFING

Rain-water is deadly to nearly all Roofing, except Brantford. It contains millions of little germs which eat away its very life, and you are not aware of this rebellion until Roofing is destroyed. Wood pulp, jute, cotton-cloth, etc., is used as a foundation in most Roofing. It is lifeless, and cannot fight for itself. The refuse coating which does not possess one particle of resistance, is itself injurious to Roofing. Slight bending will produce numerous cracks or open seams, because it is brittle. But the foundation of Brantford Crystal Roofing is a long-fibred, evenly condensed sheet of pure Wood, which goes through special Saturatory Process, forcing Asphalt saturation through and through, and becoming as hard as flint. This saturated Wool now, alone, is capable of resisting the onslaught of any enemy. But to make it doubly durable Brantford is heavily coated with weather-resisting, fire-proof Rock Crystals, which require no painting. After going through this process no Roofing Enemy can effect it.

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acid and fire-proof. It cannot absorb moisture, freeze, crack or open at seams. It fits itself smoothly to Roofcannot warp-and remains that way, resisting ravages of savage winter and tortures of summer's heat-it cannot melt or become sticky. And in the end, after many years of service, you will be glad you made the investment. Only one cost to Brantford: first.



THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON BRANTFORD ROOFING, CO., Limited, BRANTFORD, CAN.

Gen. Supply Cc. of Gan., 147 Bannatyne Ave., Winnipeg Fleck Bros. Ltd., Imperial Bldg., Vancouver

WHEN ANSWERING ADVERTISEMENTS MENTION THE ADVOCATE straw and hay. They should be

Kerr has been sold by Mr. John A Turner, of Calgary, to Messrs. J. Hollman & Sons, of Virdin, Alta., "Key Ranch." Messrs. Hollman Key Ranch." have one of the best bunches of pure bred and grade Clydesdale mares in Canada, and have been capturing the best prizes for heavy drafters at the recent Calgary shows. Baron Kerr is a Baron's Pride horse, and his grandam is by McGreggor. He has aken first prize at Regina several imes, and has been successfully used by Messrs. Bredt for some years.

Mr. Turner has also recently sold McColl, the stallion that was placed third in a strong class of four-yearolds at the recent spring show at Calgary, to Collin G. Ross, "Craighurst," Calgary. McColl is by Boreland's Pride, by Baron's Pride, and out of a McGreggor mare. Mr. Ross as some very fine registered Clydesdale mares on his ranch.

SUCCESS IN DRAFT-HORSE BREEDING

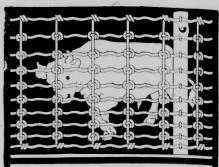
Many of our farmer breeders of grade draft horses seem to have fallen into the error of believing that he mating of mares to heavy draft stallions is about all that is required o insure similar weight in the geldngs when the time arrives to offer hem upon the market. The absurdity of this idea daily is proved to the oss of the breeder. He should bear n mind that the modern breeds neavy draft horses are not merely the products of selection and continued breeding in a right line, but of feed and shelter, good care and careful handling. The improved animal tends to degenerate toward the old type o the native horse, if any marked change is made in the conditions and circumstances in which he is placed. He was produced in a genial, favorable environment, and if placed in one providing directly opposite conditions he speedily will show the effects. Great weight has come both from selection and complete nutrition. By complete nutrition is meant the feeding of foods in combination or abundance to supply at all times, from foalhood to adult maturity, all of the requirements of the growing animal Given such feeding good results wil follow providing the animal is ected against influences tending to offset the good effects of full nutri ion. The best gains are made while he animal is growing so that the draft colt from heavy parents, in heriting as he does the predisposition to become equally heavy in bone and muscle and large in frame when given a chance, will weigh 1,600 pounds and up at from two to three years of age if fully fed from birth until that time. Yet many men try to economize by roughing their colts through on hay, straw and coarse fodder dur ing their first and second winters

hin when hard worked, and then are oo light to be true drafters. They have disappointed their buyer, who magined they were real draft horses reputation of the breed they repre-sent. Had they been fully fed while suckling and from weaning time forward, they would have sold as drafters rather than chunks, and it is a fact known to everyone that the breeds draft stock and feeds it in such

The colts appear to thrive fairly well but they do not attain the maximum

weight possible. They fall short o

arrive at marketable age not readrafters, but mere "chunks," which are bought up by the professional feeder and fattened like hogs for a



Every buyer of Peerless Fence becomes a friend of ours because Peerless fence saves him trouble, money and time, PEERLESS Woven Wire Fence is made of all No. 9 Steel Wire well galvanized. PEERLESS FENCE requires very few posts and you

One of the reasons why PEERLESS Woven Wire Fence is better than other fences is because of the PEERLESS lock. It holds securely and without damaging the wire, yet there is just enough elasticity to prevent snapping from sudden shocks, changes in temperature or from any other cause. Stock cannot get through it—under it or over it. There are so many advantages in buying PEERLESS Fence in preference to others that we have not room in this advertisement to tellyou of them.

Your name on a postal brings you our new printed matter, containing much useful information in regard

The Banwell Hoxie

Wire Fence Co. Ltd., Dept. M Hamilton, Ont. Winnipeg, Man.

Who's seen my day? Tis gone away, Nor left a trace In any place.
If I could only find
Its footfall in some mind—
Some spirit-waters stirred By wand of deed or word -I should not stand at shadowy eve, And for my day so grieve and

Victoria Day



24th MAY 24th MAY

HOLIDAY

Via the

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

Fare and One Third

For the Round Trip, between Stations in Canada

TICKETS ON SALE

May 21 to 24

VALID FOR RETURN TO May 26, 1909

Canadian Northern Railway Agents will sheerfully furnish any further information or write to

C. W. COOPER, General Passenger Agent Canadian Northern Railway

WINNIPEG, Man.

Binds M Sheaves Less Tw

May 19, 1909



Plymouth Binder Twi right. It works smoo properly, and the last of feeds as freely as the knots or breaks. Fifty stronger than the stra machine actually requi

Binder Tw

because it is known age establishment in t States, where quality an are spun into every ball Farmers who insist on wheat-sheaf tag on eve harvest delays. Get Twine of the local dea

PLYMOUTH CORDAGE Plymouth, Ma

Free No. 2 Brownie Camer

will not cost you anythin



Description—For rectang $2\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ inches. Capacity Size of camera, $5\frac{8}{8} \times 4$ Weight 13 ounces. Let fixed $4\frac{1}{2}$ -inch focus. Shu rotary, with three stops.

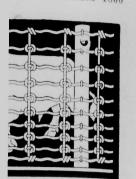
A reliable article mad that has a reputation out only first-class got to understand, easy to works with most satisfracy. Can't be bought for

Send Three New St

at \$1.50 each, to the FARME of Winnipeg, and the came warded to you, securely carriage prepaid.

Commence now to get nterested, and when you camera you can take their Farmer's Advoc Winnipeg L

WINNIPEG,



posts, and you save cost of your fence.

is better than other of the PEERLESS rely and without damthere is just enough snapping from sudden temperature or from Stock cannot get or over it. There are s in buying PEER-ference to others that n this advertisement



ind ome minders stirred d or word ind at shadowy eve, so grieve and

ia Day

24th MAY

DIAN **THERN** WAY

One Third

I Trip, between in Canada

COOPER.

ssenger Agent rthern Railway

WINNIPEG, Man.

SALE May 21 to 24 ETURN TO May 26, 1909

Farmer's Advocate of Winnipeg Ltd.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

Binds More Sheaves with Less Twine



May 19, 1909

Plymouth Binder Twine is made right. It works smoothly, ties properly, and the last of the ball feeds as freely as the first. No knots or breaks. Fifty per cent stronger than the strain of any machine actually requires.

PLYMOUTH Binder Twine

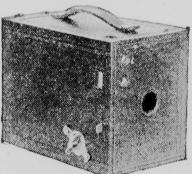
is used more than any other twine because it is known to be the Made by the oldest cordage establishment in the United States, where quality and honesty are spun into every ball of twine Farmers who insist on seeing the wheat-sheaf tag on every ball of twine save money and avoid harvest delays. Get Plymouth Twine of the local dealer.

PLYMOUTH CORDAGE COMPANY

Plymouth, Mass.

Free No. 2 Brownie Camera

With this Camera you can take many photos of farm scenes, favorite anim or other subjects. And the Camera will not cost you anything.



 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Description} - \text{For rectangular pictures} \\ 2\frac{1}{2} \ge 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ inches.} \quad \text{Capacity, 6 exposures.} \\ \text{Size of camera, } 5\frac{1}{2} \ge 4 \ge 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ inches.} \\ \text{Weight 13 ounces. Lens, Meniscus, fixed } 4\frac{1}{2}\text{-inch focus.} \quad \text{Shutter, Eastman rotary, with three stops.} \quad \text{Two finders.} \end{array}$

A reliable article made by a firm that has a reputation for turning out only first-class goods. Simple to understand, easy to operate, and works with most satisfactory accu-racy. Can't be bought for less than \$2

Send Three New Subscribers at \$1.50 each, to the Farmer's Advocate of Winnipeg, and the camera will be forwarded to you, securely packed and carriage prepaid.

Commence now to get your friends atterested, and when you receive the amera you can take their pictures.

generously fed at all times so that! they may be kept steadily growing, and if they stop growing in winter time or lose part of the gain made while suckling that loss never can wholly be regained. The bones. The bones sinews and muscles have been stunted or all time, and the dwarfed animal can only be made a make-believe drafter by the fattening process which s detrimental to the work horse.

It is largely for the reason that farmers have been poor feeders of draft colts that they have failed to make a succese of the business. They have started well, but failed to feed well, and the colts growing up less in weight than expected, the owners have become dissatisfied and then have spoiled all progress by breeding to an alien sire and forming a new alloy no better than the first and far less prepotent. By sticking to one breed, until five or six top crosses have been put on, and, at all times, feeding completely for perfect development, there would be no disappointment the business and the prices would prove profitable. One man who has bred and fed in this way is on record as having received an average of \$177 for his two-year-old, and \$225 for his three-year-old draft colts.—A. S. Alexander, in Bulletin 141, Wisconsin

BIG DISPERSION SALE COMING

There will be at least one disperion sale of pure-bred Shorthorns and Clydesdales this summer in the West. Mr. Andrew Graham has decided to

discontinue farming, and is offering for sale the Forest Home Farm, his entire herd of Shorthorn cattle, and all his Clydesdales, and general farm The farm is for sale by private

treaty, the live-stock and implements will be sold by public auction at the farm, June 2, 1909, sale to commence at 1 p. m. sharp. Live-stock sale to start on arrival of G. N. R. train from the north at Graham.

The Forest Home Farm is situated six miles south of Carman, five miles northwest of Roland and one mile distant from Graham station and eleva-tor on the Great Northern Railway It contains 560 acres of clean, fertile clay loam, every acre of which is first-class wheat land. The present owner has cultivated this farm for last thirty years with the view of increasing its fertility and keeping it clean of noxious weeds. To this end it has been fenced into 80-acre fields and a system of crop rotation followed with 160 acres in hay and pasture each year. The hay and coarse grain have been consumed on the place and the manure returned to the soil; by this method the farm has been kept exceptionally free from weeds, and the fertility has been greatly increased.

There is an abundance of good water, pumped by wind-power, that the stock have access to from each field on the farm. The buildings are adequate; up-to-date stabling is afforded for thirty horses and sixty cattle, and accommodation for sixty hogs. The dwelling house is large, arranged, and heated with hot water The buildings are well protected by heavy bluff lying to the west and north, of about six acres. This includes a thrifty young apple orchard-

coming into bearing.

The Shorthorn herd was established in 1893 by selections from the best females obtainable from the best eastern herds. From the herd of Arthur Johnston, Greenwood, a Missie and a Duchess of Gloster; from the Russells, of Richmond, a pair of Rose of Autumns; from James I. Davidson, a Necklace and a Rosamond; from H. Cargill & Sons, an Isabella and a Ury Girl. These animals were the best obtainable from the above noted herds, representing some of the most popular families of the breed, and made a grand foundation on which to establish a herd. Manitoba Chief (imp.). This bull's stock was exceptionally successful in the show-

No more paint for me! I've now covered every roof on my place with Amatite. TO buy a roofing that requires Painted roofings are as out of date as the harvester machinery of thirty years ago. The roofing of to-day needs no

painting. That's one of its great

If you are still using the "old rubber kind," the kind that re-

quires painting every year or two to keep it tight, we want to tell

you about Amatite; why it needs

no painting; why it wears longer

First—Its chief ingredient is Coal Tar Pitch—not a "secret compound" but a well known,

long tested material, recognized

by engineers as the greatest

waterproofing material known. Two layers of this material are

used in every sheet of Amatite.

Second—We use two layers of

the best grade of wool felt to hold

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gives tensile strength to the roof-

ing, and is the best material known

ings, and why it costs less.

Third-On top of these four layers is a real mineral surface. This surface requires absolutely no painting, and adds materially to the life of the roofing. It is fire retardant. It is permanent.

FREE SAMPLE

We want to send you a sample so that you can see what a solid, substantial waterproof roofing Amatite really is. Write to-day. Amatite really is. Address nearest office.

PATERSON MANUFACTUR-ING CO., LTD.

TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, ST. JOHN, N.B., HALIFAX, N. S.

DISPERSION SALE

FOREST HOME FARM

FIFTY HEAD

Shorthorns and Clydesdales

POMEROY, MAN., JUNE 2nd, 1909

At the Forest Home Farm on the above date I will offer for sale my herd of registered Shorthorns. These cattle are mostly of my own breeding, have been bred from foundation stock that was drawn from the first herds of the Dominion, from such well known herds as those of Jas I. Davidson, H. Cargill and Sons, Arthur Johnston, and others. There are in the offering sons and daughters of such well known sires as Manitoba Chief, Missie's Prince, Robbie O'Day, Golden Standard and Tam Glen. Individually the offering is one of considerable merit, and as the Forest Home Shorthorn Herd, since its establishment, has been managed with the one object of producing animals, that in vigor and ulness would satisfy the requirements of the West, I believe intending purchasers will find stock to their fancy among the Shorthorns offered.

Eleven registered Clydesdales are in the horse sale, two stallions and nine mares. The stallions are two-year-olds, Masterpiece (imp.) and Goldmine, the former a grandson of the famous Hiawatha, sire, Marcellus, the latter sired by Pride of Glaswick. Among the females are Queen Anne (imp.), four Cherry mares, and other females from Stanley Prince, Vigorous, Vanguard and Cairnbrogie Chieftain.

The sale is without reserve. In addition to the above mentioned stock, farm implements, machinery and other non-registered farm stock will be sold. Catalogs giving details of the breeding of each individual

Terms, seven months' credit on approved joint notes with interest at 7 per cent. per annum. Parties from a distance requiring credit

ANDREW GRAHAM, Prop.

T. C. NORRIS, Auctioneer

Pomeroy, Man.

ring, carrying off a large proportion WHEN ANSWERING ADS. PLEASE MENTION THE A VOCA

Horse Owr

The Safest, Best BLISTI the place of all liniments for Removes Bunches or Bl and Cattle. SUPERSEDI OR FIRING. IMPOSSIBLE

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THE LAWRENCE-WILLIA

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That's the only

A large percenta

your crops from th

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from every field ar

ground at plough solutely kill Ee

wireworms, all grand soil insects

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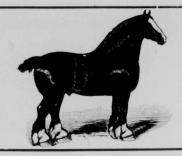
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WM. COOPER & NEPHEWS

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"APTERITE."



It Pays to Advertise

Farmer's Advocate of Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Manitoba

Imported Scotch Shorthorn Bulls 10

Personally selected from the leading Scotch herds They are of such noted families as Broadhooks, Butterfly, Claret, Clara, Roan Lady and Jilt. I also have for sale four bull calves from Imp. sire and dam, and a number of good young cows and heifers. Catalogue being prepared. Write for one. Prices as well as quality will please you. Farm, a mile from Burlington Junction station, G. T. R.

FRED. BARNETT, Manager

J. F. MITCHELL, Burlington, Ont.



Glencorse 3 Yorkshires

Stock from boar, Oak Lodge, Prior 36th, sired by Dalmeny D. C. Imp., bred by Earl of Rosebery, K. G., Scotland, also from the boar Markland Candidate 4th—Imp., in the dam, champion sow at Edinburgh, Scotland, two successive years. Stock not akin, in numbers to suit purchasers.

Glen Bros., Didsbury, Alta.



Cattle and Sheep Labels Size Price Doz. 50 Tags

No postage or duty to pay. Cattle labels with name and address and numbers; Sheep or Hog Labels with name and numbers. Write for

F. C. JAMES, Bowmanville, Ont.

A SNAP FOR A START IN PURE BRED YORKSHIRES

A large number of young pure bred Yorkshire hogs from prize winning stock. Ready to ship any time in May. Registered for \$7.00 each. Crated F.O. B. Napinka. This offer holds good till June 1st. We also have Shorthorns for sale.

A. D. McDONALD Sunnyside Farm, Napinka, Man.

Bargains in Registered Yorkshire Swine

Mail us \$7.00 and we will ship you a pig and pedigree. They are bred from prize-winning stock and we are going to have a lot of them. First lot weaned and ready to ship, 1st week in April. Don't miss it. Can ship C. P. R. or

Glendenning Bros. Harding, Man.

HIGHLAND and SHORTHORN CATTLE CLYDESDALE and HACKNEY HORSES

ALL OF THE BEST IMPORTED BLOOD

I am offering twenty-five Highland bulls and thirty females; twelve Shorthorn bulls and five females. I have selected and bred my stock with the express purpose of supplying the Ranchers. Among my Clydesdale horses are winners of

Highland Ranch, Cariboo Road, B.C. —

\$50.00 to \$75.00

J. BOUSFIELD, MacGregor, - Manitoba

D. McEachran, F.R.C.V.S., D.V.S. Ormsby Grange, Ormstown, P. Que.



SHORTHORNS I am offering for sale 20 cows and heifers and a few young bulls. My prices are

Alta.

Labels

50 Tags
\$2.00
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bels with

C.P.R., C. N. R. and G. T. P.

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Have you any stock to sell? If so, why not advertise and receive a good price for them. The Farmer's Advocate enters 20,000 homes every week. Why not use this good medium at once. Write for rates, etc.



Melrose Stock Farm SHORTHORNS

ld out of sheep. Six young lls, a few heifer calves for sale, e young stallions, from one to

George Rankin & Sons, Hamiota, Man.



J. C. POPE Regina Stock Farm Regina, Sask.

Mr. A. I. Hickman, Court Lodge

Brampton JERSEYS CANADA'S GREATEST JERSEY HERD

B. H. BULL & SON, Brampton, Ont.

THOROUGHBREDS

R. DALE, S. QU'APPELLE, SASK.

Let us sell your stock for you. The method is easy. Write us for rate card,

of the prizes wherever shown. next stock bull, Robbie O'Day (22672), bred in the purple, of immense scale and good enough to win first for bull and get in both Winnipeg and Brandon as well as first in his class. Next in turn was the richly-bred Golden Standard (34686)

a Toronto winner, followed by Missies' Prince (37863). A Marr Missie, by Prince William, breeding good enough for the most fastidious. A number of the young females in this sale are by this bull. The pres-ent stock bull, Tam Glen (imp.) 45227) is proving himself an excep icionally good sire. The youngsters in the herd, one year and under, are by this excellent sire, and all females of breeding age will be in calf to him at time of sale. The Forest Home Shorthorns have been remarkably sucessful in the show-ring, carrying of cessful in the show-ling, earlying on for years a large proportion of the best prizes at both Winnipeg and lo-cal fairs. The herd will be found in fine breeding condition, and everything offered will be sold without re

The Clydesdales number eleven head of which nine are females and two two-year-old stallions. The Clydes-JOHN RAMSAY, PRIDDIS, ALTA two-year-old stallions. The dales are large and massively built some imported and some home-bred. In the lot are some that stood high in hot competition at Winnipeg fair the last two years.

The sale will be in charge of T. C Norris, and the live-stock fraternity and farmers in the district will, no doubt, endeavor to make the event a red-letter day of 1909.

BUYING FARM MACHINERY

the farmer. It is a question of the greatest importance for upon how well failure. It has been a noticeable fact in the Northwest, at least, that where a farm is found encumbered with mortthe farm yards cluttered with an ex essively large machinery scrap pile machinery. This does not mean that a crap pile long before it is actually

Egerton, Kent, England, exports pedigree Live Stock of every description to all parts of the material, construction, and adaptability of the machine in question. It should not be remembered that many machines are coast exhibitions.

G. L. WATSON

Gerhand Ranch

Cariboo Road R.C.

Egerton, Kent, England, exports pedigree Live Stock of every description to all parts of the world. Exported during 1907 more Shetland Ponies, more Romney Marsh Sheep, and more champion Oxford Downs than any other breeder or exporter, besides large numbers of other breeds of horses, ponies, cattle, sheep and hogs. Correspondence invited. Highest references given.

WAS WEAK AND THIN

ONLY WEIGHED 73 POUNDS. NOW WEIGHS 113 POUNDS.

Had Heart Trouble and Shortness

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

She writes: "I was greatly troubled, for six years, with my heart and shortness of breath. I could not walk eighty rods without resting four or five times in that short distance. I got so weak and thin I only weighed seventy-three pounds. I decided at last to take some of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after taking eight boxes I gained in strength and weight, and now weigh one hundred and thirteen pounds, the most I ever weighed in my life. I feel well and can work as well as ever I did. and can heartily thank Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for it all."

\$1.25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Season is Too Late for Seeds

TRY PLANTS.

We have a large stock of Bedding

Cabbage 50c. per 100 Tomatoes \$1.00 per 100

The Patmore Nursery Co.,



When answering advertisements





Jewelry-

o. The Reliable Premium Co.,
Dept. H

of Breath for Six Years

cured Mrs. K. E. Bright, Burnley, Ont.

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for

PLANTS AT 40c. PER DOZEN. VEGETABLE PLANTS:

Established 1883. Brandon, Man.

SEED C

COLTART & ORR, I





ow lame the horse, o Spavin and Ringl se it under our guarant funded if it doesn't ma ute application—occ ed. Cures Bone Spav

Fleming's Vest

Snyder's Famous Vegetable Pills at 25 cents each. The e Veterinary Ac

T AND NERVE PILLS

Bright, Burnley, Ont a greatly troubled, for heart and shortness of walk eighty rods withfive times in that short weak and thin I only iree pounds. I decided of Milburn's Heart and fter taking eight boxes h and weight, and now I and thirteen pounds, ighed in my life. I feel as well as ever I did. ank Milburn's Heart and .11. "

per box or 3 boxes for rs, or mailed direct on y The T. Milburn Co., Ont.

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PLANTS.

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50c. per 100 ..\$1.00 per 100 ..\$1.00 per 100 ..\$1.00 per 100

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May 19, 1909

GOMBAULT'S

CAUSTIC BALSAM

The Safest, Best BLISTER ever used. Takes the place of all liniments for mild or severe action.
Removes Bunches or Blemishes from Horses
and Cattle. SUPERSEDES ALL CAUTERY

OR FIRING. IMPOSSIBLE TO PRODUCE SCAR OR BLEMISH.

Every bottle sold is warranted to give satisfaction. Price \$1.50 per bottle. Sold by druggists, or sent by express, charges paid, with full directions for its use. Send for descriptive

THE LAWRENCE-WILLIAMS CO., Toronto, Ont.

Fumigate Your Fields

That's the only way to protect ur crops from the bugs A large percentage of all Bugs that prey on Fruits, Vegetables and Grain live in the soil.

by destroying insect life wholesale, vastly increases the yield from every field and orchard.

"APTERITE," placed in the ground at ploughing, will absolutely kill Eelworms and wireworms, all ground Larvæ and soil insects, Woodlice, Slugs, Millipedes etc.

your Bug Troubles and mention this paper and we will tell you—free of charge—what to do to rid soil, trees and vines of all destructive insects.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally or direct from 15 WM. COOPER & NEPHEWS - TORONTO.

SEED OATS

LINCOLN 65c. per bus. F. O. B. Birtle WAVERLEY Miniota or Uno.

DANISH | 50c. per bus. from backsetting, not on ISLAND | account occasional black oat cleaned and not guaranteed, otherwise a splended seed for main crop, true to name, large plump kernel, grade No. 1 white, bags extra.

COLTART & ORR, Beulah, Man.



W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 248 Temple St., Springfield, Mass Also furnished by Martin Bole & Wynne Co., Winnipeg The National Brug & Chemical Co., Winnipeg and Calgary



Veterinary Adviser

FLEMING BROS., Chemists Church St., Toronto, Ontario

ay save himself and his neighbor ever, that it is often the fault of the operator, rather than that of the machine that the latter fails to work. machine, no matter how ingenious

ject and cannot be expected to furnish the guiding intelligence. When a mahine, as is too often the case, is at the on every nut and tension without firs aving a definite idea about what he i rying to get at, the machine can hardly e expected to do its work properly

It may seem difficult to definitely ick out the best machines among a lot bad and indifferent ones, but where ess work is eliminated and the in

In deciding the value of a farm ma important points to be considered THE QUALITY OF THE MATERIAL USED IN

To determine this it is not only ecessary to learn what material is actually used in the different parts of the machine, but to know just what material gives best satisfaction and wear for that particular service.

THE MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION This important phase is considered from the standpoint of lightness consistent with strength and durability. The frame of a machine, may, for example, contain more than enough material to ensure sufficient strength if correctly designed and the bracing mem pers are so placed as to most effect A first-class steel windmill tower admirably illustrates this point. It is so strong that it scarcely ever fails, yet the design is so accurately proportioned that it contains scarcely a pound of

To be a competent judge of good of the process of manufacturing agricultural machinery. Defective work-manship, however, is often so apparent that it is revealed by the most cursory examination. For example, the ma chine work done on some traction engine parts is so good that a strap-end connecting rod appears like a solid-end construction, while on other makes paper liners may be found between machine work

The draft problem is also a vital one but is simple in solution and can be decided by the attachment of a good lynamometer.

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of the Forest Home Shorthorns and Clydesdales will be held at the Farm, June 2nd.

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I want to clean out my stables of horses before the season closes, and will sell what I have on hand during the next month at very attractive prices. All horses young and just lately imported and no better breeding in the country, and their individual merit is as good as their breeding. Prices from \$600.00 up.

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I have two choicely bred bulls still on hand and both ready for service, and females of all ages for sale.

If you are in the market don't buy until you see my stock or write at least and let me get in touch with you, or to John Craig at McLeod, Alta.

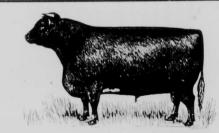


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A man who is nervous, whose brain and

energy to tackle hard problems, animal electricity which the Dr. n's Electric Belt supplies. ele force of vitality in your body is upon your animal electricity. lose that in any manner my Belt with and will cure you.

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My Belt has a wonderful influence upon tired, weak nerves. It braces and invigorates

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Not a Cent Until You are Cured

belts.

Call to-day or send for my beautiful book, full of the things a man likes to read if he wants to be a strong man. I send it sealed, free. Cut out this ad.

DR. M. D. McLAUCHLIN, 112 Yonge St., Toronto, Can.

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A good old deacon in Connecticut was very pious and very fond of clams. When once upon a time he attended a Rhode Island clam-cake, he overtaxed his capacity and was sorely distressed. But his faith in prayer was unabated. Leaving the party and going down on his knees behind a tree, he was heard to supplicate: "Forgive me, O Lord, this great sin of gluttony. Restore my health, and I will never eat any more clams." Then after a judicious pause: "Very few, if any. Amen."

Admiral Schley was going through

Admiral Schley was going through Admiral Schiev was going through
the Corcoran Art Gallery in Washington one day, showing a little girl
relative of his the famous paintings.
Standing before a painting of Daniel
in the Lion's Den, the little girl
noticed that on the face of Daniel
there was a seraphic smile, and she
wondered at it. The lions looked to
be bungary and there seemed nothing the factory to the farmer, and every

Carolina, and when that section of required to produce it. the country was resurveyed it was Buying from the manufacturer direct discovered that the line ran a few saves money, buying from such manfeet south of the property in question. They broke the news 10 the old lady that from then on she was a buyer on the same basis precisely to be a resident of Virginia. "That's as if he were dealing with his mergood," she exclaimed; "I've always chant at home, with this advantage, heard that North Carolina was an unhealthy State to live in."

Buying from the mandatacturer direct direct conservation of the property in question. They buying from such manfeet in the first intended the direct conservation. They broke the line ran a few saves money, buying from such manfeet in the first intended the direct conservation. They broke the news 10 the who give credit to customers, places as if he were dealing with his mergood," she exclaimed; "I've always chant at home, with this advantage, that he is getting his goods at rock-bottom prices in the first instance, and is not being charged exhorbitant.

Mark Twain had a friend who was the advertisement of the Cooper Corconstantly receiving letters from a dage Co. appears in this issue, in which man asking for the loan of some prices are quoted on their various money. One day Mark's friend was surprised to receive a letter from the impecunious one which ran as follows: "This time I have decided Some important "inside secrets" to reverse the usual order of things. and, instead of borrowing from you, plain English in the third edition of I inclose herewith five pounds which E. L. Dyer's little book, just off the I am going to ask you to lay aside presses. This expert tells facts I am going to ask you to lay aside presses. This expert tells facts for me for a rainy day." But the rethat everybody who buys wire fencing cipient of the letter couldn't find any certainly ought to know before buy-

vice is liable to find hissef in de posi- writes as follows tion of de gemman dat gits so in- "The Powers Drilling Machine is a corested readin' de time-table he sure winner.

* * *

"I suppose, James, that you did business for you.

= as I told you about those boots?" James laid 35 cents on the bureau. "Yes, sir," said he, "and this is

WIT AND HUMOR "Yes, sir," said he, "and this is

wondered at it. The lions looked to be hungry and there seemed nothing to prevent them from eating him up, so she turned to the admiral and asked this question: "Why in the world does he look so pleasant when he knows that the lions are going to eat him?" Having in mind some long-winded speeches he had listened to at banquets, the admiral replied, "He is looking pleasant, because he knows there will be no speeches after this dinner."

* * *

distributing binder twine direct from the factory to the farmer, and every year not only increasing the business of done, but increasing the difference in price between the twine sold direct to consumers and that jobbed out from the manufacturer to the wholesaler, from wholesaler to retailer, and from the latter to the user. There is so much profit-taking all along the line, that by the time the twine reaches the farmers' hands, the largest part of the cost to him goes to provide the profits taken, and a comparatively * * *

The life-long domicile of an old lady small part passes to the manufacturer was situated several feet south of the for the raw material entering into the dividing line of Virginia and North twine and for the labor and capital

and is not being charged exhorbitant * * *

Mark Twain had a friend who was The advertisement of the Cooper Cor-

to reverse the usual order of things, of the wire-fence business are told in cheque. Thinking that he might have ing; and it adds a deal of up-to-date cheque. Thinking that he might have dropped it, he searched for it under the table and all over the floor, but to no purpose. Then quite accidentally he turned over the sheet of notepaper on which the letter was written, and discovered this postscript: "I've just looked out of the window, and find that it is raining like the very dickens."

"You's got to put a certain amount o' dependence on yoursef," said Uncle Eben. "De man dat goes aroun' lookin' foh too much advice about the right and wrong ways of erecting wire fence, setting wire for strength and elasticity, etc. Mr. Dyer tells the "Farmer's Advocate" that he will send a copy of this manual free to anyone who encloses a two-cent stamp to pay postage. His address is King Street and Atlantic Avenue, Toronto. As the edition is limited, requests for this useful work should be made immediately.

* * *

Michael Wirth of Brewster, Kans., writes as follows:

I have drilled 2,650 feet in five months, and have had all the work that I could do, while other Little Clara's parents often discuss is drilling in the neighborhood, but Little Clara's parents often discuss is drilling in the neighborhood, but reincarnation, and the small maiden they are not causing me any trouble, has acquired some of the phraseology.

"Mamma," she said one day, "my down two to their one. One old kitten must have been a paper of well driller said he never saw the pins in a previous state of existive. The machine does all the work, tence."

"Why do you think so?" asked has almost nothing to do." The Powers is absolutely guaranteed to "Because I can feel some of them hore hard-pan, soap stone, quicksand, "Because I can feel some of them bore hard-pan, soap stone, quicksand, in her toes yet," was the logical re-blue clay, coal; in fact, everything but hard rock.

Gen. Frederick D. Grant said to his ship of a Powers Drilling Machine inthem soled."

"Yes, sir," the servant answered.

The general, dressing for dinner to-day for their free book. It will that night, said again:

"Yes, care a good income—steady work and is its own best advertisement in any community. Why not write the Lisle Manufacturing Co., Clarinda, Iowa.

The way to a very profitable of the way to a very profitable. open the way to a very profitable

To Pub

Because we a sums for articles on thereby increasing The present ye to the up-to-date, good farmer can aff WILL YOU 1 ADVOCATE readers valuable.?

It is iss

See this list

Your C

(For ONE NEW Subs These are the gent large blade-open, 61 in quality penknife, suit splendid value.

(For THREE NEW st A Carbo-Magneti delighted subscriber in years, and thought I h a little the smoothest

Choic (For THREE NEW §

Nickel case, open (For FOUR NEW sub A lady's silver w stem wind, pendant set

(For TWO NEW subs-A Canadian Farn The story is a real pic has ever drawn so tru should be in the home

(For ONE NEW subs Contains 16 maps their population. Ma every home where the

The Blu

(For ONE NEW subsc This book is the 1 6 pages of useful table has been kept in min cup being the standa accurate scales. The of convenient tables: Just the book for

Far

If you want the