4 P. M. EDITION

London Advertiser

4 P. M. EDITION

44TH YEAR NO. 19267 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1908.—TEN PAGES PRICE TWO CENTS.

ATROCIOUS MURDER NEAR CITY WOMAN SLASHED TO DEATH

Mrs. James Hartwick, of Cobble Hill, West Nissouri, Found Murdered in Her Bed.

HUSBAND, THOUGHT TO BE INSANE, IS ARRESTED

James Hartwick, an old and hitherto highly esteemed resident of Cobble Hill, a little village three miles from Thorndale, was brought to this city last night on the midnight train, and lodged in the county jail, where he will wait his trial on a charge of murder. The crime was a most atrocious one, and is believed to have been perpetrated on Sunday morning, probably shortly after breakfast. The first intimation that anything was wrong occurred about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when, according to the story told to the constables by Mr. Hugh Day, a farmer, living near the Hartwicks, Mr. Hartwick came to their place only partly dressed, and without any boots. He was known to be somewhat eccentric, but it was apparent from the way that he was acting that he was crazy. Notwithstanding that Hartwick was very much excited, and occasionally broke into incoherent cries, it was seen that he was suffering very much from the cold, and he was taken into Mr. Day's house.

APPEARED GREATLY AGITATED.

While he was waiting Hartwick appeared to be greatly agitated and would give no answer when asked questions. It was thought at the time that he was drunk, as he had been known to become greatly excited and do strange things when under the influence of liquor. Someone said they would take him home and put him to bed, and this remark excited Hartwick greatly and he screamed. Becoming quieter he said he could not go into his bedroom. When asked the reason he said there was blood there, and that he was afraid. Mr. Day began to suspect that there was some other cause for the man's strange conduct than that of drink, and advised him once more to go to his home, which Hartwick finally did. After talking the matter over with the family it was decided to notify the county police. County Constable Faircloth was notified, and proceeded at once to the home of the Hartwicks. The old man had evidently seen him coming, and when he knocked, refused to answer. It was not until it became plain that the constable, if not admitted, would break in, that Hartwick came to the door and told the constable and his companion to go away, that he had done nothing, and would not let them in. The constable, thereupon, prepared to force his way and Hartwick ceased his opposition. The bedroom door was locked, and for a few minutes Hartwick refused to open it, but finally did so. Constable Faircloth and his companion entered, while Hartwick went to the window to raised the blind.

A SCENE OF HORROR.

As soon as the light was admitted he commenced laughing hysterically while the constable and his companion gazed with horror at the bed on which Mrs. Hartwick lay practically nude, and with a number of deep gashes in her side and abdomen. It was evident that the woman had been dead some hours, as the body was quite rigid. Hartwick was at once overpowered and handcuffed, as he was becoming wildly excited, and it was feared that he might do some harm. He said nothing until he had left the house and then in an incoherent and disjointed way related enough of the story for the officers to understand that he and his wife had quarreled and that he had made away with her.

STRUGGLES TO ESCAPE.

The recital seemed to render Hartwick a maniac again, and he struggled wildly to escape. He was placed in Thorndale jail yesterday, and brought to this city late last night. Hartwick was much agitated at times, and during the night frequently broke into fits of screaming.

BRINGING BODY FOR INQUEST.

High Constable Hughes left with Constable Faircloth this morning to bring the body of Mrs. Hartwick to the city, where an inquest will be held.

The Hartwicks moved to Cobble Hill about five years ago from Delaware where they were well known. Previous to that that they lived at Kilworth. A resident of Kilworth, in speaking to The Advertiser this morning, said: "Hartwick was not thought particularly well of in the neighborhood on account of his morose disposition and drinking habits. He was known in Delaware as a very heavy drinker, and the straitened circumstances in which the family usually found themselves were attributed to this weakness of his. Mrs. Hartwick, on the other hand, was a most industrious, hard-working woman, and the neighbors felt much pity for her on account of the rough treatment which she received from her husband. Hartwick when drunk was particularly brutal, it is said, and it is alleged has often driven the family from home at nights when he would come back from the markets drunk.

Hartwick is about 60 years old, and is a tall, thin man, with keen eyes which, when the fits of excitement come over him, light up with a most sinister expression. His condition at present is a terrifying one, and his general appearance is that of a maniac.

REFUSES TO TALK.

Since his incarceration Hartwick has refused absolutely to talk, and the jail authorities today stated that he has every appearance of being a maniac.

The only word he has spoken since being arrested was when an attendant asked him several times if he wanted a drink, and he shouted "No!" at the top of his voice.

Hartwick spends his time crouched in a corner and glaring about his cell.

When an attempt was made last night to take his pedigree he closed his eyes and became sullen.

At times, too, he shivers, as if recalling his awful crime. Hartwick has created no disturbance at the jail beyond emitting an occasional shriek.

Judging by his appearance Hartwick did not accomplish his deed without a terrific struggle, for he is a mass of cuts and bruises. His hands, especially, show signs of rough usage, and are covered with lumps and cuts.

JACK FROST STILL KING IN EAST

Kingston, Feb. 4.—The mercury ran down to 25 degrees during the night. At 8 a.m. it was 23 degrees below zero.

Brantford, Feb. 4.—Last night was one of the coldest this winter. The thermometer went down to 13 below zero.

Lindsay, Feb. 4.—The temperature registered here this morning was the coldest this winter. Unofficial records showed 35 degrees below zero early this morning. The official record during the night was 29 below zero, and at 9 o'clock this morning it was 26.

Hastings, Feb. 4.—Twenty-eight degrees below zero was registered here early today.

Belleville, Feb. 4.—The temperature at 7 o'clock this morning was 22 below zero in this city.

St. Catharines, Feb. 4.—Last night was one of the coldest of the season. The mercury went down to 7 below zero. There was scarcely any wind, however, and as the flow of natural gas was fairly good, the citizens were able to keep their homes comparatively comfortable.

St. Thomas, Feb. 4.—The cold snap continues here, early this morning the thermometer showed 6 below zero, and at 9 a.m. it stood at zero.

"REDS" AT CHICAGO

Police Chief Says They Are a Grave Menace to the City.

Chicago, Feb. 4. — "Never in the history of Chicago have anarchists and other enemies of law and order been more dangerous than they are at present," declared Chief of Police Shippy, last night. "The police are watching their movements closely. You never know when they are going to break out."

Chief Shippy had just finished reading a police report of a meeting of Chicago anarchists, at which the assassination of King Carlos and son, and that of President McKinley, were approvingly referred to.

Roads Piled High With Beautiful Biggest Fall in Years, Say Farmers

The Sideroads Ten and Fifteen Feet Deep in Drifts.

The opinion is heard on every side that the country roads have not for many years been in such a state of blockade as they are at present. Many farmers living on side-roads, it is said, will have to shovel their way through drifts ten and fifteen feet deep before they can get to the main roads. The snowfall seems to have been general, and no one locality is better off than any other. A funeral that was to have been held in the country yesterday had to be postponed until today until the roads could be cleared of the drifts that had accumulated. In many cases all trace of the road is entirely lost, and several farmers report that they have found themselves driving over the tops of rail fences when they thought they were on the highway.

The railroads are still kept busy, and will be for some days, as in addition to keeping their lines open they have to keep switches from being snowed in. As soon as all this has been accomplished a drainage system will be made by the section gangs to take care of the snow as fast as it melts, and prevent it from freezing again and clogging the switches.

Cool-Headed Motorman Runs Car Afire To Pump

Motorman William Livermore, No. 139, of the Ridout street car line, had a lively experience this morning when a fire originated in the front end of his car.

The flames caused the front vestibule to become filled with smoke, but the plucky motorman nevertheless quickly ran his car to the powerhouse at Bathurst and Thames streets, where the conflagration was promptly smothered.

The fire, which either started from a hot coal from the stove or a burned out fuse, was first noticed as the car was approaching Horton street, and when finally quenched had burned a large hole in the floor of the car.

One of the employes of the company stated that a new grate had just been placed in the stove, and that the fire probably originated from a burnt fuse.

The run down the Ridout street hill to the powerhouse was probably one of the quickest on the local record, and reflects much credit on the presence of mind of the motorman.

The Best in the Dominion Is London's Police Force

Annual Report of Chief Williams Shows It Efficient and Economical.

"London has the cheapest and most efficient police force in Canada," said Chief Williams to The Advertiser this morning. "We can challenge any city in America, when it comes to being orderly. This condition of affairs can only be brought about by having an efficient police force, and by having a police magistrate who supports the police in doing their duty. London is fortunate in having both, and is known by crooks all over America as a dangerous place in which to stay. Statistics show that there is not nearly as much crime in the city, with its population of 50,000, as there was 25 years ago, when it was 25,000. The crimes are not of the same order. Serious crimes were not uncommon in those days, whereas there has been nothing of a really serious nature here for several years. This is not because the people are naturally any better at heart perhaps, but because they have learned by experience that they will be severely punished if they break the law. In Toronto, with a population of 262,700, they have 380 police, or one officer to every 700 population. The cost

(Continued on Page Nine.)

Fire Halls Must Be Built in Spring Council Clinched Matter Last Night

The Third Reading of the Bylaw Makes Erection Compulsory.

A new fire hall for the southeast end is now an assured fact. The council last night gave the bylaw its third reading, and it is expected that the work will be pushed ahead rapidly.

The opinion of City Solicitor Meredith was asked regarding the bylaw, and last night that opinion was read to the council. He told them that as the bylaw called for the expenditure of certain sums for certain purposes, it would be compulsory to follow that out, provided the bylaw was given its third reading, although it was not compulsory to give the bylaw the third reading. That effectually prevents any further obstruction, and the halls will be built in the spring.

The locations of the halls has not yet been decided upon, but it is understood that No. 3 committee will undertake the work shortly.

LONDON MAY SOON HAVE ABATTOIR

An abattoir for the city seems nearer now than it has been for some time. It has been urged that the city take steps to establish a public abattoir, especially by the board of health, but so far nothing has resulted from that agitation. Last night the council put through a motion that a private company be given the privilege of building an abattoir, provided a suitable agreement could be made with the city.

It is understood that at the next session of the Legislature a company will ask for legislation allowing it to conduct an abattoir business in the city. Mr. Finlay Marshall and several others are interested in the company.

"An abattoir is badly needed in the city," said Ald. Booth this morning, "and if the city does not go into it, let a private corporation do it. An agreement can be made with the city, and that will be satisfactory. Something should be done to protect the health of the citizens in this matter. I undersand a company will ask for a private bill along the lines suggested in my motion, and will come to the city shortly with that agreement."

Merge Branches Into One Company

The two companies operating under the name of the Canadian Packing Company, with branches in London and Port Huron, have been incorporated into one company capitalized at $599,000. Letters patent have been issued, and the following have been named in the Canada Gazette as forming the company: Francis Edward Barnes, merchant; William Howard D. Barnes, merchant, both of Southwark, England; Ejnar Rechnitzer, merchant, Alma Z. Ginge, widow of this city, and Maxwell D. Fraser, K. C., also of this city. The firm will take over the business now conducted by the Canadian Packing Company under the same firm name. The shares will be of $100 each.

The deal is one of the largest that has taken place in the city for some time. The firm has been increasing its business at a rapid rate for some time, and is looked upon as one of the growing concerns of the country. Mr. Rechnitzer, the present manager, will continue in that office.

It is understood that the firm will largely increase its capacity and enlarge its premises.

JAPS NOW GO TO SOUTH AMERICA

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 4.—News was brought by the Empress of India from Yokohama that since the restrictive measures against immigration to America, the Japanese emigration companies are looking to South America. The steamer Itsu Kushama has been chartered by the American emigration company to take 1,000 Japanese to Peru, and another emigration company has been permitted to dispatch 500 to Callao. Representatives sent to Brazil by the Kokoku Emigration Company have returned after making arrangements to send 3,000 Japanese yearly to that country. Arrangements are under way with the Columbian officers now in Tokio to furnish Japanese laborers for Colombian plantations and railways.

Mrs. George Aitken, of Galt, slipped and fell yesterday, and is suffering from concussion of the brain. She is 79 years of age, and her condition is serious

BIG WAREHOUSE BURNED

Old Montreal Building Occupied by the C. P. R. Destroyed.

Montreal, Feb. 3—Damage to the extent of over $200,000 was caused by a fire which took place this afternoon in a warehouse of the Molson property on east Notre Dame street, occupied by the Canadian Pacific as a storage warehouse. The building was a stone structure, erected over a hundred years ago, and was stored with flour owned by the Lake of the Woods Milling Company and the Oliver Company. There were nearly 25,000 sacks of flour in the building, besides other goods.

THE DEATH OF MRS. MARY COOK

A Well-Known London Lady Passes Away on Day of Wedding Anniversary.

The death occurred this morning of Mrs. Mary Cook, wife of Mr. Philip Cook, at the family residence, 459 Colborne street. Mrs. Cook was ailing for some time, but her demise was unexpected, and her death will come as a great shock to her many friends.

Mrs. Cook was a very estimable woman, and was beloved by a large circle of friends. A rather strange coincidence is the fact that her death occurred on the anniversary of her wedding. Preparations had been made by the family to celebrate the forty-seventh anniversary of her marriage, but she was taken ill yesterday and died this morning.

The late Mrs. Cook was the soul of hospitality, and was deeply interested in her family and friends.

Besides her husband, a family of seven children survive, Joseph, Philip and Edward, all connected with the Cook-Fitzgerald Company, and Mrs Chris. Fitzgerald, wife of Mr. Chris. Fitzgerald, the noted horseman; Mrs. Dignan, wife of City Registrar Dignan; Mrs. Wm. McPhillips, of this city, and Ella, at home. Deceased is also survived by one brother, Mr. Bernard O'Beirne, connected with the Public Works Department, Toronto, and Mrs. Robt. Carty, 501 Ottaway avenue, this city.

The funeral will be held on Thursday morning to St. Peter's Cathedral at 9 a.m.

SPAIN IS NERVOUS

The Slaughter at Lisbon Causes Extra Precautions To Be Taken.

Madrid, Feb. 4.—King Alfonso and Queen Victoria are at present at Seville. They will return to Madrid only in case the situation in Portugal becomes worse, and it should be desirable for them to be near the ministry and parliament to facilitate the taking of steps necessary for the protection of Spanish interests.

In addition to the strong force of Spanish troops kept along the Spanish frontier, heavy detachments of soldiers are stationed in all the important centers of Spain, but especially at Barcelona, where the anarchists and revolutionists are said to be showing signs of restless activity. It is reported King Carlos carried life insurance to the amount of $200,000 in an English company, and $22,000 in a Spanish insurance company.

STILL UNCONSCIOUS

The condition of Fred Ward, the young Englishman who was recently taken to Victoria Hospital, is unchanged, and he has not yet recovered consciousness. The case is a very puzzling one, and there is now a tendency to believe that Ward is suffering from spinal meningitis, and will not recover consciousness any more. As far as can be learned Ward has no relatives at all in this country.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—MILDER.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Feb. 4—8 a.m.

Today—Fine and very cold.
Wednesday—Strong easterly winds; milder, with snow.

Local Temperatures.

The temperatures recorded at the local observatory yesterday were: Highest, 22° above zero; lowest, 5.5° below zero.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	4	0	Cloudy
Winnipeg	— 2	—12	Cloudy
Port Arthur	— 8	—14	Clear
Parry Sound	—32	—32	Clear
Toronto	—18	—18	Clear
Ottawa	—20	—20	Fair
Montreal	—18	—18	Clear
Quebec	—18	—20	Clear
Father Point	—14	—14	Fair

Minus (—) means below zero.

The first column in the above table records the temperatures at 8 o'clock this morning, and the second column records the minimum temperatures during the 24 hours previous.

WEATHER NOTES.

The cold wave which was advancing from the northwest yesterday morning is now centered in the lake region, attended by very low temperature as far east as the Maritime Provinces.

A marked disturbance covers the western portion of the continent, accompanied by milder weather and snow and rain.

Snow is falling in Alberta and Saskatchewan.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURES.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 40 below—40 below; Atlin, 2 below—zero; Port Simpson, 32—53; Victoria, 30—40; Vancouver, 30—36; Kamloops, 18—26; Edmonton, 2—10; Battleford, 6 below—4; Prince Albert, zero—6; Calgary, 2—12; Regina, 18 below—8; Winnipeg, 14 below—6; Port Arthur, 12 below—12; Parry Sound, 6 below—2; Toronto, 8 below—28 Montreal, 10 below—2; Quebec, 14 below—4 below; St. John, 2 below—12; Halifax, 6—25.

TWEED ROCKS WITH EXPLOSION POWDER FACTORIES BLOWN UP

Twelve Buildings of the Ontario Powder Company Destroyed This Morning, the Employes Having a Narrow Escape.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Tweed, Ont., Feb. 4.—A terrific explosion at 7:45 this morning startled the community for miles around. Plate glass windows were shattered to fragments, and residents rushed into the streets, fearing an earthquake. It was soon learned that the Ontario powder works, on the outskirts of the town, had blown up, and for a time it was feared that many lives had been lost. Fortunately the workmen had warning and there were no casualties. The cause of the accident was the boiling over of a nitrator, where nitric acid is mixed with other chemicals. The works had just been opened for the day and only one drum was in operation. Boiling over, it set fire to the woodwork, and the employes were given about ten minutes' warning, in which they succeeded in putting themselves at a safe distance from the works. The flames spread very rapidly, and when the explosives were reached there was one loud report, that shattered the twelve small buildings into kindling-wood. The loss is placed at $3,000.

An indirect loss that will run up into thousands of dollars comes from the smashed windows for miles around. Every window on the west side of the main street of the town was caved in, while the village of Stoco, across the lake, suffered in similar manner.

Fire Hall, Power, Hospital Bylaws Council Approves Building Inspector

Tiff Over Motion To Remove Park Superintendent's Office.

The numerous bylaws voted on by the citizens at the recent municipal elections were given their final readings at the council meeting last evening, among them being the tuberculosis hospital, fire halls and Niagara power bylaw. The council also confirmed the appointment of Mr. A. E. Nutter as building inspector, and a motion was put through giving the council power to ask for special legislation to allow a private company to erect and maintain an abattoir in the city. There was a lot of other business transacted.

A Bit of a Brush.

There was a brush over the clause of No. 1 committee's report filing the recommendation to move Parks Superintendent Pearce's office in order to make more room for committee meetings.

Ald. Stevenson explained that he had moved that the change be made at the instance of Mayor Stevely. One member of the council, however, had charged that, if the motion had been made by any person else, it would be carried. Ald. Stevenson insisted that the motion was not his, nor did it emanate from him. He thought that the alderman in question had gone out

(Continued on Page Six.)

Commons Talk Old Age Pensions Committee To Look Into Matter

Premier Laurier's Views On the Subject—Extension of Intercolonial.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—The House agreed today to the appointment of a select committee of nine to inquire into a scheme, by state aid or otherwise, for making provision for aged and deserving poor. This step was taken on motion of Mr. Pringle, who made an able presentation of the case for old age pensions. Sir Wilfrid Laurier expressed his hearty sympathy with the movement, but pointed out that there was ample room for differences of opinion as to the particular system which should be adopted. Though not prepared to commit themselves to any definite scheme, the Government were willing that a committee should be appointed to obtain information. Mr. Foster doubted whether there was any urgent need in Canada for a state-aided pension scheme, and Mr. Fielding showed that on the basis of the last census, and figuring on a pension to tach person above the age of 65 of $3 a week, it would cost the country over $40,000,000 to carry out a universal pension scheme. Mr. Emmerson, in a speech which elicited many compliments, moved a resolution in favor of the Intercolonial taking over, by lease or otherwise, the branch lines which now connected with it. The project was approved by Messrs. Telford, Lo-

Continued on Page Nine.

Britain Caused Franco's Resignation

Paris, Feb. 4.—The Petit Parisien declares today, that on Saturday night at a meeting of the council of state in Lisbon, Premier Franco guaranteed to restore order if he was given full power and allowed to deport 300 persons. He was aware, however, that his request would not be granted, and he consequently preferred to retire and leave the country. It is probable the paper continues that influence of the British Government, invoked by Queen Amelie was mainly instrumental in causing the dictatorship of Franco to be discontinued.

Hammered Negro and Upset Peanuts

Michael Doveen and William Cullin, two young soldiers from the barracks, were each fined $5 and $2 50 costs this morning by Magistrate Love for assaulting a young colored man, and knocking over a peanut stand on Richmond street yesterday afternoon.

Emily Scott, a colored lady who occasionally takes too much to drink, was fined $10 or 21 days for being drunk. She took the days.

Fred Fuller and Alfred Smith were placed on the Indian list for being drunk. Fuller, in addition, was fined $10, but not being able to pay, was sent for a rest at Castle Carter for 27 days.

Fred Roach, the clever young burglar from Hamilton, was again remanded a week, as the Hamilton police are making investigations, which may connect him with a series of robberies that have occurred there recently.

Now the Iceman Is Wearing a Smile

The cold weather of the past few days has made the heart of the iceman glad, for it assures him a bountiful crop. Already the cut is being harvested, especially in the North End, and it is expected that in a few days a large amount will be placed in storage. It was feared early in the month that there would be scarcely any ice, and that a famine would result; but this surmise has been dissipated by the zero weather of the past few weeks.

"There will be plenty of ice," said one of the dealers this morning. "January was so mild that I was fearful that there would be no ice; but that is not the case now. There is a good six inches of ice at this minute, and it is of good quality. There have been no thaws since the cold snap started, and as a result the ice is of a much better quality than it would be had there been a soft spell. With a few days' fine weather we will get the crop all in, and then we need not worry. We do not get the best ice, as a rule, until February, and the month has started out right to give us a good supply. There will be no ice famine this summer. From reports I have had the crop is very good on Lake Huron and other places, so I guess it will be all right."

Ice-cutting gives work to a considerable number of men every winter, and it is expected that the number employed will be much larger this winter than ever before.

THIS YOUNG THIEF MAY BE DEPORTED

In all probability Wm. E. Heaton, the youthful Illinois thief, will be ordered deported on Thursday, when he faces Judge Macbeth for sentence.

Heaton stole a watch and a pair of gloves from an Ekfrid Township farmer, who employed him, and pleaded guilty to the charges. He was given a week to procure $1 80, the fare to Port Huron, but up to date has been unsuccessful in doing so.

Eat Oranges

TO KEEP WELL IF YOU WANT

Careful tests have proved beyond question that orange juice has clearly defined medicinal virtues. Those who suffer with indigestion—are compelled "to diet"—find that after eating oranges regularly for breakfast there is no distress, no palpitation.

Where there was a tendency towards constipation, the eating of oranges regulated the bowels.

In skin troubles, those who began the morning meal with an orange were noticeably improved.

There is, however, a quicker way to get better results. This is to take one or two "Fruit-a-tives" tablets at bedtime in addition to the juice of an orange before breakfast the next morning. "Fruit-a-tives" are the juices of oranges, apples, figs and prunes, in which the medicinal action is many times intensified by the special way of combining them. Valuable tonics are then added.

Take the juice of an orange before breakfast — take "Fruit-a-tives" at night—and you will quickly be rid of indigestion, stomach troubles, constipation and biliousness. "Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c a box—6 for $2.50. Sent on receipt of price by "Fruit-a-tives," Limited, Ottawa.

You have heard of biscuits—and read of biscuits—and eaten biscuits—but you don't know biscuits—until you try Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas. They are everything that the ideal biscuits should be.

The air-tight, moisture-proof package brings them to you fresh, crisp, inviting.

Practically every grocer in Canada has MOONEY'S. Yours will get them if you ask. In 1 & 3 lb. pkgs.



103

MOONEY'S PERFECTION CREAM Assorted Sodas

MOONEY BISCUIT & CANDY CO. STRATFORD CANADA

HAD A STAB-LIKE PAIN THROUGH THE HEART.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS CURED HER AND SAVED HER LIFE.

There is no one, we imagine, sets about deliberately to do injury to the heart, yet in the excitement and excesses of present-day living, the nervous system is done violence to, and the heart and nerves being so intimately bound up with one another, disorganization of the one means disease and disorder of the other.

When you find your heart the least bit out of rhyme, your nerves unhinged, don't wait until you are prostrated on a bed of sickness. Take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. They'll put you in such condition you'll never know you have a heart, make your brain clear and active, your nerves strong, your blood rich and pure, and your whole being thrill with a new life.

Mrs. John C. Yensen, Little Rocher, N.B., writes: "I was troubled with a stab-like pain through my heart. I tried many remedies but they seemed to do me more harm than good. I was advised by a friend to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after using two boxes I was completely cured. I cannot praise them enough for the world of good they did me for I believe they saved my life."

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

PRINTING

That "Gets There"

¶ Whether your printed matter is read, admired, and accomplishes the object for which it was intended or whether it simply finds a resting place in the waste basket depends upon how it is done.

¶ If you want printing that "gets there," that makes a hit every time and brings results, consult the

ADVERTISER JOB

Telephone 175

MUST STAY THERE FOR SOME WEEKS

The Insanity Experts Make a Preliminary Examination of Harry Thaw.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Feb. 3. — A brief examination and observation of the mental condition of Harry K. Thaw, now confined in Matteawan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, was held today by Dr. Allen W. Ferriss, president of the New York State lunacy commission, who came down from Albany, and Dr. Lamb, superintendent of the institution.

The examination was of preliminary character, Thaw and the physicians talking casually together for about half an hour. After the examination Dr. Ferriss said it was too early to give an opinion on Thaw's mental condition. He returned to Albany tonight in company with Dr. Lamb.

The examination interrupted a visit of Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and Daniel O'Reilly, of Thaw's counsel, who came up from New York today. It was Mrs. Thaw's first visit to her husband since his arrival at Matteawan, and she appeared much depressed over the situation in which her husband found himself among the insane. Mrs. Thaw and Lawyer O'Rielly returned to New York tonight. Mrs. Thaw and counsel spent over an hour with Thaw, after which they visited the various departments of the institution.

Mrs. Thaw said:

"I will not see Harry again until Wednesday. He told me not to come up tomorrow, for he thought the trip tiresome and the things I had seen today would be too much for me to make the trip. Mrs. William Thaw is unable to come as yet, but perhaps will accompany me on Wednesday. Why, the colors on the wall are even depressing. I found Harry doing nicely and satisfied with the food he was getting, but I do not think a man of his sanity should be thrown in with those people."

Alienists Evans and Jelliffe, retained by the Thaw family, held several conferences with Thaw during the day. It is believed here that unless Thaw is discharged through the co-operation of the state authorities within a few weeks, habeas corpus proceedings will be instituted in the supreme court here. That Mrs. Thaw does not expect the immediate discharge of her husband is indicated by her engagement for two weeks of a room in a hotel at Fishkill Landing, where she will be only a short distance from Matteawan.

TRIUMPH OVER KIPLING

Poet Willing to Hear His Own Verses Sung by O'Sullivan.

New York, Feb. 3.—A fine and interesting career was cut short by the death of Denis O'Sullivan.

When he was graduated from St. Ignatius College in San Francisco, he was intended for a banker, following the business as his father. He became the youngest member of the famous Bohemian Club and that decided his career, for at the club jinks, when he sang with his half-trained but wholly sweet big voice, there were critics there who told him that he should study music for a profession.

It took a lot of urging to convince old Cornelius O'Sullivan, his father, that this was a good thing for his handsome son to do, but when he did consent he did the thing properly and young O'Sullivan was trained by the best masters in London, Berlin, Florence and Paris.

Always Made Good.

He made good in concert and opera before an American firm engaged him for a long term of years to appear in Irish singing parts, and he had tried many Boucicault parts in out of the way places too, and had made good in them.

His passion for Irish folksong brought about an interesting experience with Rudyard Kipling. This was told by O'Sullivan, as follows:

"My kid," he said, "is at school in England, where his chum is Kipling's kid. At some school festival last fall I went to see my boy, and he had arranged a concert programme for me and one of the songs he had on the list for me to sing was Kipling's 'On the Road to Mandalay.'

Triumph Over Kipling.

Mr. Kipling was at the school to see his boy, so I cut out that song, for it is well known in England that Kipling will leave any entertainment whatever if any of his verses are sung. But he was mightily interested in my old Irish folk song, and after the school entertainment he asked me over to his aunt's house near by where he was visiting.

"We talked music and Irish folklore for an hour but divil a word I said about his songs. At last, blushing like a boy, he asked me if I sung any of his verses set to music. I sat down at the piano and I'll give you my word I sang for that poet his own verses until my throat felt like the end of an old broom. It was the greatest triumph of my life."

While whale hunting off Mayness the Norwegian steam trawler Diamon encountered a huge whale, which, after being harpooned, struck the vessel with such force that her plates were stove in. The crew was rescued by the trawler Salvia, which towed the Diamon, in a sinking condition, into Grimsby, England.

SHILOH'S

Quick ease for the worst cough—quick relief to the heaviest cold—and SAFE to take, even for a child. That is Shiloh's Cure. Sold under a guarantee to cure colds and coughs quicker than any other medicine—or your money back. 34 years of success commend Shiloh's Cure. 25c., 50c., $1.

Cures Coughs & Colds

316

QUICKLY!

INTERCOLONIAL'S GROWING VALUE

Hon. H. R. Emmerson's Plea for Further Extension in the Interest of Canada.

Ottawa, Feb. 3.—Hon. H. R. Emmerson, in the House of Commons, moved the following resolution:

"That in the opinion of this House it is desirable that the sphere of influence of the Intercolonial Railway as a government-operated railway, be widened and extended, by securing by lease or otherwise such branch lines of railway as will serve as direct and profitable feeders to its traffic, and providing for the extension of government operation of the railway to the industrial centers of Western Canada and to points on the great lakes, either by construction or an extension to such points, or by securing such running rights over the existing lines as will enable the Intercolonial to extend its transportation facilities westwardly, with a view to stimulating and promoting internal and inter-provincial traffic and facilitating the import and export trade of the Dominion through Canadian channels."

Mr. Emmerson declared that the Intercolonial had become of greater value to the eastern provinces every year since its construction. All the energy of the country, however, had gone into the building of railroads for the west, at the expense of the east. There had always, he said, been a prejudice and a misapprehension in the people's minds against the Intercolonial.

Because the Government owned the line was no reason, Mr. Emmerson thought, why timidity should prevent extension and improvements. The country's duty was to make it to Canada what the men of Confederation designed it should be.

Mr. Emmerson held that the improvements proposed in his resolution could be carried out without placing any burden on the Canadian people or adding one dollar to the conutry's debt.

Mr. Emmerson's resolution was warmly supported in brief speeches by a number of eastern members, including G. W. Foster.

COURTS DECIDE AGAINST UNIONS

United States Supreme Bench Deals a Severe Blow To Organized Labor.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Today for the third time within a month the supreme court of the United States promulgated an opinion construing laws adversely to the contentions of organized labor.

The first of the decisions was rendered on Jan. 6 in the case of some railway employes who sought to secure damages under what is known as "the employers' liability law," making railroads responsible for injuries resulting from the negligence of fellow-servants, which law the court held to be unconstitutional. The second important finding in this line was announced on the 23rd ultimo, when the Tadman Arbitration Act, forbidding the discharge of employes because they are members of labor unions, was also declared to be invalid.

The verdict rendered today was in the case of Lawler vs. Loewe, the former a member of the Hatters' Union and the latter a hat manufacturer, of Danbury, Conn. The case involved the applicability of the seventh section of the Sherman anti-trust law to conspiracies by labor unions to boycott articles entering into interstate trade.

Under the terms of that provision the complaining party may collect three times the amount of his loss if the charge is sustained. The union fought the case on the ground that the law was inapplicable to such organization, but the court, whose opinion was announced by Chief Justice Fuller, failed to accept this view, and in effect held that the unions could not be permitted to interfere by boycott with the free exchange of commerce between the states. There was no dissenting opinion.

The suit was instituted by Loewe & Co. in the United States Circuit Court for the district of Connecticut, the company alleging damages by boycott against their factories to the extent of $80,000, and asking for a judgment of $240,000 in accordance with the terms of the Sherman Act. Not only the members of the Hatters' Union, but the American Federation of Labor, of which the union is a subordinate organization, was included in the bill. In the complaint it was alleged that the Labor organization had undertaken to compel the manufacturers to unionize their factory, as a large majority of other hat factories in the United States had been forced to do, and it is asserted that when they failed in this effort the union hatters withdrew and induced other employes to do so.

This act was allowed by the declaration of a boycott against Loewe's hats wherever they were found, and as the firm controlled an extensive trade throughout the country, the boycott extended to many states, which in the language of the bill constituted a combination to limit and restrain interstate commerce.

The United States court of appeals affirmed the verdict. Today's opinion affirms the decision of the lower courts.

HOW CHEESEMAKING PAYS

Annual Meeting of the West Nissouri Company—Results in Past Year.

The annual meeting of the West Nissouri Cheese Company was held on Jan. 30. Although the season was unfavorable, owing to a late spring and short pasture, the output was large, and commanded a high price.

Joseph A. Vining was appointed chairman and W. Lee secretary.

Mr. Wm. Gee, auditor, read the report, from which the following extracts are taken:

Total amount of milk received, 2,387,243 pounds; cheese, 120,963 pounds; amount received for cheese, $25,832 67; amount paid patrons, $22,819 41.

The average price was 11.69 cents. Average yield, 10.80; average value of 100 pounds of milk, $1 08.

The following were elected directors for 1908: John McFarlan, Thomas Bedgood, John Fairweather, Joseph A. Vining, James M. Carrothers, Daniel Gee, and Joseph E. Duffin.

Mr. Travis, dairy instructor and sanitary inspector, delivered a very interesting and instructive address, showing the necessity of taking proper care of the milk. Unless this is done a first-class article of cheese cannot be made, nor can the highest price be obtained.

COPPER KING VS. RAILROAD KING

William Andrew Clark Will Be Star Witness in Suit Hitting E. H. Harriman.

Washington, Feb. 3.—One of the most sensational and spectacular features of the Government's suit to dissolve the Harriman system, begun in the circuit court in Salt Lake City on Saturday, promises to be the reopening of a bitter fight between E. H. Harriman and ex-United States Senator William Andrew Clark of Montana. The Copper King is to be pitted against the Railroad King.

Harriman and Clark, both multi-millionaires, are to renew the warfare which they waged for years, and which was only abated when Clark, after bloodshed and great financial loss, was dragooned into turning over to Harriman the San Pedro line, being built by him from Salt Lake to the Pacific, and through which he expected to escape the extortions as claimed were exacted from him by the Southern Pacific.

Although Clark is named as one of the defendants in the Government's bill, along with E. H. Harriman, James H. Stillman, Jacob Schiff, Henry H. Rogers and others, in the transportation conspiracy charges, it is understood that he has agreed to tell on the witness stand the entire story of his dealings with his former arch-enemy, Harriman, and the latter's associates; that he, in fact, will be the Government's star witness.

Those who have investigated this phase of the Harriman suit say that Clark's narrative will be the most remarkable of its kind; that it will present the most startling exposition of "high finance" ever before made in a courtroom.

It is said that Clark has been promised immunity, and it is pointed out in this connection that the Interstate Commerce Commission, in its investigations, never permitted Harriman to testify regarding the San Pedro matter.

It is declared that Clark is determined to at last get revenge on the man who outwitted him. His friends say the outside world has never known the full details of the struggle with Harriman, because it was largely carried on in the mountain fastnesses, hundreds of miles from civilization.

KNOLLYS WOULD REST

Queen Alexandra's Overworked Secretary is More Than Weary.

London, Feb. 3.—The Hon. Charlotte Knollys, Queen Alexandra's faithful friend and secretary, is beginning to feel the great strain which has been placed upon her for so many years. Miss Knollys has been telling her friends of late that if it were not for her great affection for her royal mistress, she would retire into a small country cottage at once and pass the rest of her days in peace.

She suffers from rheumatism, and never gets enough sleep. There is hardly a night that she can retire from 2 o'clock a.m. The bell in the Queen's room rings for poor "Chatty," as she is called, at all hours of the day and night. Miss Knollys writes as many as 300 notes and letters a day, mostly on behalf of the Queen.

Many letters addressed to the Queen are never shown to her majesty. Miss Knollys uses her own discretion in these matters, and spends hours answering foolish epistles from foolish people. Her friends declare that "Chatty's conscientiousness amounts to a disease.

HOW TO MAKE BEST HOME REMEDY

A Fine Prescription To Relieve Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble.

A large New York health publication tells its readers of a number of simple and safe prescriptions that can be made at home. The following, however, for the cure of rheumatism and kidney and bladder troubles receives the greatest praise, viz., Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. These simple, harmless ingredients can be obtained at any good prescription pharmacy at little cost and are mixed by shaking well in a bottle.

The dose for adults is a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime, drinking a full tumblerful of water after each dose. It is further stated that this prescription is a positive remedy for kidney trouble and lame back, weak bladder and urinary difficulties, especially of the elderly people, and one of the best things to be used in rheumatic afflictions, relieving the aches and pains and reducing swellings.

A well-known local druggist states that this mixture acts directly upon the eliminative tissues of the kidneys; cleanses these spongelike organs and gives them power to sift and strain the poisonous waste matter and uric acid from the blood which is the cause of rheumatism.

Cut this out and hand to some sufferer, which would certainly be an act of humanity.

That the Government and the people of the United States are lagging far behind the European countries in the matter of aerial navigation is the opinion of Major Henry R. Hersey, chief inspector of the Government Meteorological Service. He urges that an aeronautical department be established by the Government to keep pace with the European powers.

Weather Probs: FAIR AND COLD.

Smallman & Ingram THE SATISFACTORY STORE - PHONE 655

Tuesday Feb. 4

STORE NEWS TODAY.

Early Arrivals in Wash Goods

Showing New Spring Ideas

White Vestings, Mercerized Muslins, etc., in daintier and prettier designs than we have yet shown. NOW is the time to make your selection in wash goods. WHEN our stocks are fresh and new. WHEN you have the time for cotton sewing. NOW is the time to prepare for the coming season.

White Vestings, 15c, 20c and 25c

These are in pretty mercerized spots, stripes, crossbars and figured designs, suitable for waists. 27 inches wide, at, per yard.....**15c, 20c** and **25c**

White Shamrock Suiting, 20c

An Irish Linen-Finished Suiting called Indian Head (Shamrock Brand), for shirt-waist suits, white skirts or nurses' uniforms, (shrunk), has the appearance of Linen. 36-inch, at, per yard.....**20c**

White Muslins, 20c, 25c and 30c

These are in woven mercerized figures and stripes, suitable for either waists or dresses, very dainty patterns. 27 inches wide, at.....**20c, 25c** and **30c**

Cotton Voiles, 20c

These are American goods, in pretty corded checks, self colors, in pale blue, pink, reseda, gray, navy and champagne, very stylish for summer dresses. At, per yard.....**20c**

Colored Panamas, 50c and 75c

It is decided beyond a doubt that Panama will hold a very strong place among the fashionable dress goods for spring, 1908, and is now advanced as one of the leaders. Some of the new weaves very much resemble the voile, and not much heavier in weight but closer in weave, and will stand harder wear. It is just a question which of the two, Panama or Voile, will be most popular.

We are showing two beautiful qualities at the above prices, 50c and 75c per yard. The 75c quality being finer and closer woven, also a wider width, both are pure wool, and in these shades collectively: Light, dark and mid navy; light, dark and mid brown; myrtle, olive, garnet, rose, Copenhagen blue and cream, also in black. Excellent goods for shirt-waist suits, jumper or odd skirts, and pleats beautifully. 44-inch, per yard... **50c** and **75c**

Bearcloth and Eiderdown Coats

25 Only, for Children, at Clearing Prices

15 Children's Eiderdown Coats in cardinal, blue and white, $1.75 coats to be cleared at, each.....**$1.00**

10 White Bearcloth Coats:
$2.75 and $3 coats to clear at, each, **$2.00**
$3.50 coats to clear at, each **$2.50**
$4.75 coats to clear at, each.....**$2.75**

STORE CLOSES AT 6 O'CLOCK EVERY DAY SATURDAY INCLUDED.

Smallman & Ingram THE SATISFACTORY STORE - PHONE 655

149 to 153 Dundas Street

WAR UNCEASING ON THE LORDS

Premier Will Not Part From His Plan for Worrying the Nobles.

London, Feb. 3.—Although a heavy load of legislation is offered in the King's speech in Parliament, nothing has been said so far about a measure of home rule for Ireland and abolition of the House of Lords. Since Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman became prime minister there has been no swerving on his part from the straight road with regard to both questions, but he has colleagues in the cabinet who think that the farthest way round is perhaps the nearest, so his game will be to fill up the cup, make it very hot for peers, and then appeal to the country.

Again to Make Test.

Bills which their lordships rejected at the end of last session will be sent to the upper chamber again. Two of these measures are Scottish—the small landowners bill and the valuation bill. It is known that Mr. Balfour, as leader of the opposition, will use his influence to kill these bills, and what Mr. Balfour orders in the lower chamber Lord Lansdowne invariably carries out in the upper chamber. Other bills which the speaker knows are distasteful to the peers will be flung into the gilded chamber, but their lordships will pass them, declaring that they are bad bills, but as the country appears to be in favor of them they have got to become laws.

There is a strong feeling at Westminster that this will be the last session of the present parliament, notwithstanding the fact that the Liberal majority over all parties and sections combined remains no less than 120. That is the net result. But, calculating all other parties and sections as concurring in opposition to tariff reform, the majority against the Unionists reaches the immense majority of 348.

But the old parliamentary hands know that an overwhelming Liberal majority has always been a source of weakness. Each section of the party of threads and patches wants its own particular measures placed in the forefront of the sessional programme, and the disappointments lead to disputes. Already there are many signs of cleavage and rupture.

Issue for Election.

The premier thinks that the agitation against the Lords will be a good battle cry for the general election, and that is why he wants to fill up the cup. The Unionists seem to welcome the battle cry. They know that before the House of Lords can be abolished its own consent must be obtained, and therefore it is exceedingly improbable that such a change will ever be effected by ordinary constitutional means.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman would find it difficult to persuade the bulk even of his own followers in the country that he has only to signify the wish that the House of Lords will forthwith rip itself up like a Japanese grandee, to avoid destruction from without.

The country will have to wait for a period of revolution before any such attempt is at all likely. The unpopularity of the House of Lords would be one of the elements and causes of this revolution, but the House of Lords is not unpopular, and all moderate politicians believe that it is destined for a long time to enjoy the proverbial immunities of threatened men.

Ireland Stirs Talk.

In the debates on the address from the throne, much has been said about the state of Ireland, which, in twelve months, has drifted from mild disorder to downright anarchy. In the Commons Mr. Balfour warned the Government that a failure to preserve peace in Ireland would not be accepted by the English and Scotch people as any justification for conceding the claims of the home rulers. Such a proposition, he declared, was repugnant to the taste of the nation.

With regard to cattle driving Lord Lansdowne stated in the House of Lords that intimations had been made which really suggest conclusions that cattle driving will no longer be necessary, because Mr. Birrell, the Irish Secretary, will obliterate the grazing industry in Ireland. Lord Lansdowne pointed out that at the moment when the judges of the assize were dwelling on the anarchic condition of Ireland the Irish Secretary announced that what caused him anxiety was the condition of some parts of Ireland, the problem of the congested districts and how the grass lands of Ireland were to be broken up and distributed among the people.

"I am not going to accuse the chief secretary of not having made a bargain with the lawbreakers," said his lordship. "He has told us that there has been no bargain and protocol, but while the measures which he has promised are maturing he has to be given a chance and there is to be a lull in the cattle driving and boycotting."

TOLSTOI TELLS CONTEMPT

Says Present-Day Rulers Aren't as Good as Those of Pagan Days.

London, Feb. 3.—If monarchies are really necessary, Count Tolstoi is sorry he didn't live in pagan days—there were some good rulers then, he says.

The count expresses his opinions in a letter to Henri Sienkiewicz, the Polish author, who is living in Paris. Sienkiewicz wrote Tolstoi, asking the latter's opinion of the Kaiser's "iron heel" policy of Germanizing Poland. Le Matin publishes his answer.

The situation doesn't surprise him, Tolstoi observes, because this is at best a degenerate age—an age in which emperors, kings, generals, ministers, even lawmakers are devoid of moral sense—unable to tell the difference between right and wrong.

"In pagan days there were virtuous sovereigns," he continues, "but the Christian monarchs—the Louis, Napoleons, Catherines, Nicholases, Henrys and Elizabeths, can excite only disgust in the minds of today's thinkers."

As for the present day rulers, the count candidly demarks he "regards them with contempt."

In the Chinatown of every city the grocers sell toothpicks made of walrus whiskers. These are excellent toothpicks, and in China no fashionable dinner is complete without a bundle of them. From either side of the mouth of the walrus whiskers, at once stiff and pliable, project. They are about four inches long and the older the walrus the more elastic are these hairs. When the Alaskans kill a walrus they pluck out the whiskers with tweezers, and, bundling them up in neat packets, they ship them, when there are enough, to China.

Jesse Grant, the third son of the great general, is a quiet man, who spends most of his time in New York, and is never in the limelight. He does not work, and belongs to two or three clubs. He says he is a splendid "loafer," and if he has a good cigar he can stare at a wall two or three hours and be quite happy.

Comfortable the Year Round

For cold weather or hot, or 'tween seasons, there's a fabric of the right "feel" and weight in Pen-Angle to make you most comfortable.

Goods trade-marked with the Pen-Angle in red are sold to you with the understanding you get your money back if in any way defective.

PEN-ANGLE WARRANTED UNSHRINKABLE PENMAN'S GRADE Trade Mark

Pen-Angle Underwear

A COUGH COLD IS DANGEROUS.

There are different kinds of colds, and various ways in which they affect different people. Some constitutions will throw off a light cold, while to others it will stick tenaciously. There is one kind—the kind accompanied by a cough, the kind that turns to bronchitis, the kind that ends in consumption — that should never be neglected.

Many a life history would read different if, on the first appearance of a cough, it had been remedied with

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

This syrup contains all the virtues of the "Norway Pine Tree," combined with Wild Cherry Bark, and the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs and barks.

Mrs. E. S. Akerly, Akerly, N.B., writes: "My little boy had such a bad cough he could not sleep at nights. I tried several remedies but nothing seemed to relieve him until I got Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. From the first few doses he commenced to improve, and when he had taken one bottle he was completely cured."

Be careful in purchasing to see that you get the genuine Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark. Price 25 cts.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS.

No Advertisement Accepted Less Than Fifteen Words.

Meetings—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodging, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

DEATHS.

COOK—In this city, at the family residence, 459 Colborne stree, on Feb. 4, 1908, Mrs. Philip Cook, sen., aged 75 years.

Funeral will leave above address, 8:45 o'clock Thursday morning, Feb. 6, to St. Peter's Cathedral, where requiem high mass will be held at 9 a.m. 67u

WAUGH—On Feb. 3, 1908, Beatrice Margaret, beloved wife of Dr. W. Waugh.

Funeral notice later.

DELANEY—In this city, on Feb. 2, 1908, Frederick James, dearly beloved son (twin) of Frederick and Ethel Delaney, aged 11 years and 8 months.

Funeral from the parents' residence, 50 Front street, on Tuesday, Feb. 4, at 2:30; service at 2. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Woodland Cemetery.

PERCY—On Monday, Feb. 3, 1908, at 154 Clarence street, this city, Margaret Percy, widow of the late Thomas Percy, in her 69th year.

The funeral will leave her late residence on Wednesday, Feb. 5, at 2:30 p.m. Please omit flowers.

FAWKES—Suddenly, on Feb. 1, 1908, at his late residence, 616 Wellington street, London, Ont., Thos. Frederick Fawkes, native of Cirencester, England, in the 72nd year of his age.

Service at his late residence at 1 p.m., and interment at Ingersoll on the arrival of the 2:40 p.m. G. T. R. train, Wednesday, Feb. 5.

The pearly gates were open,
His Saviour's voice said "Come."
With farewells unspoken
He calmly entered home.

BROWN—In this city, on Feb. 3, 1908, Sarah Brown, beloved wife of Thomas Brown, formerly of Ailsa Craig, in her 77th year.

Funeral private, from the family residence, 441 Piccadilly street, on Wednesday, Feb. 5, at 3 o'clock; service at 2:30 p.m. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Plaise omit flowers.

Ailsa Craig, Woodstock and Stratford papers please copy. 67u

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND ALL WEEK

EARL BURGESS STOCK CO. Tonight—ON THE FRONTIER

Change of bill nightly. All seats, 10, 20, 30.

WORLD'S GREATEST PRIMA DONNA CALVE GRAND LONDON MONDAY FEB. 17th

BENNETT'S THIS WEEK

Katherine Hayes and Sabel Johnson in Great Comedy Playlet "A DREAM OF BABY DAYS." 6—OTHER FEATURES—6 AMATEUR NIGHT FRIDAY.

Ocean Rush

Campania, Cunard Line, sailing Feb. 1, booked full third class. Lusitania, Feb. 8, booked full third class. Room, first and second, Empress of Ireland, sailing Feb. 7. Accommodation still vacant, first, second and third. Reserve at once. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

Princess Ice Palace

Wednesday evening, Feb. 5, Hockey, O. H. A., London vs. Ingersoll. Doors open at 7 p.m. Tickets for sale at Gillean's jewelry store. Admission, 25c and 15c. Gallery, 25c. Game called at 8:15. 65k

VICTORIA RINK—SKATING TONIGHT and every afternoon. Admission, 10c. b

MUSICAL SKATING MATINEE PRINCESS ICE PALACE

Saturday afternoon, Feb. 8. Doors open at 2:30. Admission, 15 and 10 cents. Seventh Band tonight, who will play the latest fashionable waltzes. Grand skating. b

WESTMINSTER RINK—CADET BAND every night. Ice in perfect condition. Forest City Club Carnival, Feb. 11. b

NEWSBOYS' BAND AT EAST END ICE Rink tonight. Good ice, Skating afternoon and night. b

SIMCOE STREET RINK—THIS IS Leap Year Night at rink. Special music by the band. Skating afternoons. Phone 1608. b

GRAND BENEFIT BALL TO BE given by F. G. Myers at the Big Bell Restaurant, Wednesday evening, Feb. 5, in aid of the city poor. Everybody welcome. Gentlemen, 50 cents; ladies free. Grand march, 8:30. Outside donations thankfully received. b

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

DANCING—ADVANCED CLASS EVERY Wednesday evening. Primary classes: Ladies, Monday; gentlemen, Tuesday evenings; children, Saturday afternoons. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

GRAND CONCERT AT ST. GEORGE'S schoolhouse, West London, Tuesday evening Feb. 4, 1908. Good programme. Admission, 15c. 66u

TONY CORTESE—ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple. Phone 1570.

LEARN TO DANCE—PRIVATE LESSONS by R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue. Season open. Call and register. 39tf

MEETINGS.

STAR LODGE, NO. 367, A. O. U. W., meets this (Tuesday) evening, Albion building. Visitors welcome. Omer Colerick, M. W.; John J. Dalton, recorder. P

CORINTHIAN LODGE, NO. 330, MEETS tonight in Masonic Temple. Visitors welcome. James Ferguson, W. M.; H. C. A. Simpson, secretary. P

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—FOXTERRIER PUP, WHITE, with brown head and tail; no collar. Reward at 87 Maple street. b

PERSONAL.

DIVORCE LAWS OF NEVADA, WITH complete information, mailed free upon request. Address Attorney Charles B. Nagle, Nixon Bank building, Reno, Nevada. 65ul

MALE HELP WANTED.

WAITER, WITH SOME EXPERIENCE. Apply Steward, London Club, between 8 and 6. 66c

BOY WANTED, WHO HAS HAD A little experience feeding small printing presses. Apply Box 526, city. 67c

ARE YOU OPEN FOR A BETTER POSITION? If so, learn telegraphy. No other profession offers better opportunities. Send for particulars. Dominion School of Telegraphy, 9 Adelaide east, Toronto. 79tf-y

AGENT WANTED, WITH HORSE AND rig. 355 Clarence stree.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

GIRLS WANTED. APPLY PARISIAN Steam Laundry. 67c

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED, ABOUT 35 years of age, for family of four. Apply Mrs. Tully, 227 Queen's avenue. 65c

EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT —Must be good cook. Apply 270 Central avenue. 65c

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HOUSEKEEPER; four of family; oldest girl, 12 years, youngest girl 7 years. Apply Box 68, Appin, Ont. 65i

WANTED—A COOK. APPLY HOTEL Cecil. 65c

WANTED—GOOD PLAIN COOK. APPLY Box 94, Advertiser. 63i

WANTED—CHOCOLATE DIPPERS; A few expert dippers required. Apply Superintendent, McCormick Manufacturing Company. 61tf

INVESTIGATE OUR SPECIAL OFFER to students now. Acme School of Art, 430 Talbot street.

WANTED—A GIRL OR WOMAN FOR general housework. Family of three. Apply at once, 22 The Ridgeway. 53tf

WANTED.

MILK WANTED. APPLY CITY CREAMERY, London. 67l

WANTED—PARTY TO SHARE IN CAR to Saskatoon, by March 1. Apply 688 Elias street. 66c-zxt

TURN YOUR OLD GOLD JEWELRY INTO money. S. K. Milroy, 394 Richmond. y

LADY DESIRES UNFURNISHED room in private family, central. Box 103, Advertiser. 66c

WANTED BY LADY—ROOM IN PRIVATE home, with use of piano; central. Box 102, Advertiser. 66c

WANTED TO RENT—SIX OR SEVEN-ROOM house, with stable. Apply Box 101, Advertiser. 66c

WANTED BY STRONG BOY ATTENDING school—Work after 4 and Saturdays. Apply Box 100, Advertiser. 65c

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

COMFORTABLE ROOM, WITH BOARD, to let, near C. P. R. station. Apply Box 86, Advertiser office. 65c-tyt

200 BOARDERS WANTED — BIG BELL Restaurant. All new rooms and beds, $3.50 per week. F. G. Meyers, proprietor.

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM, well heated and central; best locality; terms moderate. 189 Queen's avenue. 67c

TO LET—THAT DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, 534 Waterloo street; every convenience. A. E. Cooper, Morphy's, 178 Dundas. 67c-ywt

TO LET—UNFURNISHED ROOMS AT 346 Dufferin avenue, suitable for light housekeeping. Apply 420 Oxford street. 57tf-wty

HOUSES—$6, $7, $8, $9, $10, $12, $13 AND $15. Scarrow's Wallpaper Store, 92 King street. 91tf-wty

FOR RENT—STOREROOM IN GRAND Opera House building. Apply box office. 66n

COMFORTABLE FURNISHED ROOMS to let. 389 Burwell street. Phone 2725 K. 65n

TO LET — NEW BUSINESS FLAT, third floor, central position; well lighted and heated. For particulars apply Box 87, Advertiser office. 62n

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS, including Biggs' business. W. A. Broughton, 455 Piccadilly. Phone 1444.

PEOPLE'S MOVING VANS—LARGEST in city. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Cheapside. Phone 1724.

TO LET—MODERN HOUSE, REPAIRED throughout; No. 442 Waterloo street. Apply 391 Dundas street. 92tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY TENDER—TENDERS will be received up to Feb. 8, 1908, for the purchase of No. 681 Colborne street, 1½-story brick-veneer, 9 rooms, furnace and other modern conveniences; highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Mail tenders to S. Fortner, 681 Colborne street. 59c-25,f1,4

HILL STREET, CENTRAL—A SPLENDID vacant lot; will sell cheap. Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 62k-xyyw

FOR SALE OR RENT—BRICK COTTAGE and barn, 7½ acres; one mile from Dundas, three minutes from car. Apply D. Steel or C. Ayars, Weston street. 65n

FOR SALE — 1¾-STORY BRICK-veneer house, all modern conveniences; lot 35x245 feet. Apply 907 Colborne street. 65n

BUSINESS CARDS.

ELECTRO-PLATING, NICKEL AND antique finishing our specialty. Bicycle parts renickeled. Beltz, 94 Carling street.

STRATFOLD & BAWDEN, CONTRACTING plasterers. Agents for Paristone hard wall plaster. Phone 1460. Henry Stratfold, 427 Waterloo. ywt

FOR SALE — ONE RUBBER-TIRED runabout, good as new. One three-spring wagon. Gould & Mohan, rear 253½ Dundas.

J. HARRIS & CO. HAVE REMOVED to 727 York street. Phone 2504. Dealers in iron, rubber and metals.

PHONE 2337—FOREST CITY DRAY COMPANY, 388 York street. Prompt work guaranteed.

H. M. TAYLOR, EXPERT HAIRDRESSER. Combings made up. 169 Dundas street. Phone 3336.

D. CRIBBIS, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER—Jobbing, repairing, painting. Horseshoeing a specialty. 269 Wellington street.

WHEATCROFT & McGLADDERY, 268 Dundas street — Tinsmiths. Furnaces cleaned and repaired. Agents New Idea Furnaces. Telephone 2253.

FUR COATS, ROBES AND BLANKETS —J. Darch & Sons, 379 Talbot street.

MOST ECONOMICAL GAS AND GASOLINE engines on the market. See them Scott Machine Company, Limited.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 6, West Nissouri. Apply to John Quait, Evelyn. 62n

HELP WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN TO LEARN THE barber trade, about eight weeks. Tools free. Graduates earn from $12 to $18 weekly. Help secure positions. Catalogue free. Moler System Colleges, 355 Richmond street, London, Ont. 59tf

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

TWO NEW MILCH COWS FOR SALE. Alf. J. Campbell, lot 8, con. 2, Lobo. 65c

FOR SALE—NEW MILCH COW, PART Jersey. Apply 520 Philip street. 67c

FOR SALE—SOME CHOICE NEW milch cows and springers. George Jackson, 87 Wellington street, 65tf

$50—MOTOR BICYCLE, IN RUNNING order; half cash, balance on easy terms. J. H. Cunningham, East London.

LAST DAY'S CLEARING SALE, WALL papers, at Shuff's. Big bargains. Come early; don't postpone.

FOR SALE—BRICK AND TILE YARD, together with 20 acres first-class soil; doing thriving business; 1½ miles from village West Lorne. Apply Box 882, West Lorne, Ont. 62n

FOR SALE — WHITE WYANDOTTE cockerels, Massey strain, $1 each. Apply John Huffman, jun., Cairo, Ont. 61m

BUY A CANNOM OVEN

and Save Gas. Manufactured

284 Dundas Street

Telephone 1848.

FURNITURE, STOVES, CARPETS, curtains, rugs and general house furnishings sold on weekly payments, at Wilson's big store, 375 Clarence street.

WATCH REPAIRING—L. W. THOMAS, 126 Dundas street, in Emerson's drug store.

COAL—THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN buy; also best hard wood; promptly delivered. South End Coal and Wood Yard. Phone 2700. E. Moule, manager.

ONE HANDSOME CABINET ORGAN at $25; one Stoddart square piano, $50, and one beautiful rosewood piano, full size, at $100, payable $3 per month. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas, corner Clarence.

Poultry Supplies, Dog Supplies, Bird Supplies

Plants, Ferns, Jardinieres, Fern Pots and all kinds of Books on Pets, Animals and Gardening. Use Morgan's Roup Cure for Poultry. A. J. Morgan, 113 Dundas street. ywt

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department. 58tf

STOVES, RANGES AND REFRIGERATORS at F. Keene's Furniture Store, 141 King Street.

COAL THIS WEEK, ONLY $6 50 A TON. Supply must be reduced. Dominion Coal Company. Phone 1788.

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE — HARD, soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

SECURE A COAT AND FUR FOR THE winter at $1 per week, at Fishbien's, 633 Dundas street. ywt

CHOICE LARGE ROLL BUTTER, 27c pound. Pickled eggs, 20c dozen. Fresh eggs, 26c. Strictly new-laid eggs (guaranteed), 33c dozen. Choice new cheese, 15c pound. T. A. Faulds, 13 Market House. Phone 151. 51tf-wty

NEW WILLIAMS SEWING MACHINE, nearly new; party leaving city; will take $20. 247 Dundas street. ywt

REBUILT TYPEWRITERS—REMINGTONS, Smith Premiers, Monarchs, L. C. Smiths, and all other makes, to be cleared out. No reasonable offer refused. United Typewriter Company, 441 Richmond street. 54tf

FOR SALE—HARDWOOD LUMBER, basswood, elm, black ash, and some cheap pine sheeting. R. H. Smith, 15 Brighton street. 47tf

$690 WILL BUY AN AUTOMOBILE touring car, complete; top and lamps. Horton's, London.

FLOUR AND FEED DELIVERED promptly anywhere in city. Phone 2369. W. T. Summers, 644 Dundas

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE — F. S. Onn, Fish Market. Phone 1296.

GOOD DRY WOOD, $2 PER LOAD; prompt delivery. Forest City Bent Goods Company, 585 Bathurst streeet, Phone 700.

Men's Shoes

All prices, $1 50, $2, $2 50, $2 90, $3, $3 50, $4, but it is but to look at the goods. Our goods at the price makes you feel good.

WM. PAXMAN

290 DUNDAS ST., OPP. McCORMICK'S. yt

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT, OUR WORK is guaranteed, in carriage painting, repairing, woodwork, ironwork, at Smith's, Maple street.

SUNGLEE SOLVES THE PROBLEM OF hair-growing. Try a bottle. James Gleeson, 631 Dundas. Phone 2223.

"CHUMS," THE CHRISTMAS ECHO picture, mailed to any address for 25 Bee Hive Soap trade marks. The London Soap Company, London.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY WAGON. Apply Purdom-Gillespie Hardware Company. 46tf

GO TO THE BIG WATCH SIGN, KING street, for jewelry. W. J. Wray & Co., wholesale and retail.

21 lbs. Redpath's Granulated Sugar $1.00
10 lbs. Redpath's Granulated Sugar 50c
5 lbs. Redpath's Granulated Sugar 25c

A. HENDERSON & SONS, Cash Grocers

Cor. Colborne and Cheapside, Phone 1724

SLEIGHS LEFT, AT COST—HEAVY and light. See my new patent; turn around inside twelve feet. Scott, Pall Mall and Adelaide. ywt

ENGLISH, IRISH, SCOTCH PAPERS. English tobacco, cigars, postcards, novels. Empire News Company, 345 Clarence street.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

CHEAP HEAT — PEA COAL, $6 TON; first-class, well screened. Lopez chestnut coal, $6 50 ton; burns entirely out; no clinkers. Green & Co., 425 York. Phone 1391.

SKATES HOLLOW-GROUND AND ATTACHED to boots. Percy Hodgins, 715 Richmond street.

CALENDAR PHOTO MOUNTS FOR 1908, only 5 cents. McKenzie, photo supplies, opposite City Hall.

INSURANCE.

THE ARCHIBALD McPHERSON INSURANCE AGENCY

FIRE, PLATE GLASS AND ACCIDENT.

105 Masonic Temple. Phone 754

E. J. MACROBERT.

Insures all classes of property at reasonable rates. Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance effected. Money to loan on real estate on easy terms. Phone 440. Office, 107 Masonic Temple, London, Ont.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

J. LAMONT GALBRAITH, L.R.A.M., London, England—Concert tenor. Artistic voice-builder and teacher of singing. Clergymen and other public speakers taught voice production in speech. Mrs. Ave Galbraith, L.R.A.M., pupil of Tobias Matthay, London, England, appointed representative of the Matthay school of pianoforte, the most famous European method of technique and tone coloring. Finishing lessons and teachers' course a specialty. Studios, 211 Dundas. 870 Wellington. Phone 2671. ywt

NOW OPEN
TORONTO COLLEGE OF MUSIC

F. H. Torrington, Mus. Doc. (Toronto), director. LONDON BRANCH, for examinations, Room 208, Masonic Temple. Classes are now being formed in every branch. Ten teachers. Exceptional opportunities.

CHARLES E. WHEELER — PIANO, organ, harmony and singing. Private studio, 429 Waterloo. Telephone.

V. L. HEWER, BARITONE SOLOIST and choir leader, Wellington Street Methodist Church. Absolute voice production and concert engagements.

J. W. FETHERSTON, 325 QUEEN'S avenue—Piano, voice and strings. Tuition to beginners. Phone 1432.

GEO. C. PHELPS, ORGANIST FIRST Presbyterian Church. Telephone.

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIRECTOR Grand Opera House. Violin, cornet, trombone. 493 King.

J. PARNELL MORRIS—VOICE CULTURE and singing. 466 Queen's avenue. Telephone.

CYRIL DWIGHT-EDWARDS, BARITONE, late London, England—Instruction in art of absolute tone production, breathing and singing. Concert and other engagements. 356 Dundas.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

EDUCATIONAL.

LONDON COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, 355 Richmond street—Regular commercial, shorthand and typewriting and academic departments. Moderate charges. Thorough instruction. W. N. Yerex, principal. 62n-xtywty

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service commencing. 379 Princess.

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor, Bank Toronto Chambers, Richmond street.

The Persians have a different name for every day in the month.

When you consider how many thousand homes you can reach through an Advertiser Want, is there any practical reason why you should not use them ? ? ? ? ?

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS, 363 QUEEN'S avenue—Hours, 4-8. Special attention diseases of children.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL, NORTHEAST corner Dundas and Waterloo streets. Telephone 2169.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 444 WELLINGTON street, London. Electrical treatment of diseases of women a specialty.

DR. NORMAN H. BEAL, RETURNED from England. Office, 534 Dundas street. Phone 889.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE AND EAR SURGEON—Removed to 564 Richmond, opposite Albert. Hours, 9 to 4:30, 7 to 8.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, F.R.C.S. (ENGLAND)—Specialist surgical diseases. 439 Park avenue.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. SPENCE—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 435 Hamilton road, Bourne block. Phone 1632

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 269 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases women and children.

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., SOUTHEAST corner Dundas and Colborne. Phone 383.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (England)—Office, 297 King street. Telephone 829.

DR. KINGSMILL, MEMBER ROYAL College Surgeons, and Licentiate Royal College Physicians. Corner Park and Queen's avenue.

DR. G. L. CLARKE (RETURNED FROM Europe)—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 478 King street.

DR. JAMES D. WILSON—OFFICE REMOVED to 134 Carling street. Specialty, diseases of digestive organs.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. ALICE JAMIESON, 391 WELLINGTON street. Hours, 11 to 1, 3 to 5.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS—Phone 510. Special attention diseases women and surgery. X-rays.

DR. SHOEBOTHAM, CORNER RICHMOND and John. Phones: Office, 494; residence, 2202.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. ECCLES, 460 WELLINGTON street—Hours, 10 till 2. Specialty, diseases of women.

DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SURGEON—Phone 1019. Office, 225 Queen's avenue. Residence, 836 Richmond street.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin avenue. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

HOTEL CARDS.

HOTEL WINDSOR, OPPOSITE MARKET, London. Rates, $1 to $1 25. Charles James.

LONDON HOUSE—REMODELED AND steam-heated throughout. Rates, $1 50 and up. Now in position to guarantee satisfaction to old and new patrons. W. S. Lashbrook.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL—$1 AND UPWARDS. Dundas and Wellington. Wm. J. Wright, proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor.

BRITANNIA HOUSE, YORK AND Wellington. Rates, $1, upwards. C. W. Morrow, proprietor.

DUKE OF YORK HOTEL, 625 DUNDAS street. Remodeled. Rates, $1 and upwards. Frank McLean, proprietor.

Repairs and Painting of Water Carts.

Tenders will be received for repairs to WATER CARTS, and repainting same, up to three (3) o'clock on Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1908.

A. O. GRAYDON,
City Engineer.

ALD. A. GREENLEES,
Chairman No. 3 Committee.
65c-1,4,11

FOR SALE

BRICK COTTAGE, No. 749 Carson street, lot 50 feet by 150 feet. Close to McClary works, Apply

Canada Trust Co.

Huron and Erie Building.

63k-wtyw



SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED TO the undersigned, and indorsed "Tender for New Entrance to Toronto Harbor, Ont.," will be received at this office until Monday, March 2, 1908, inclusively, for the construction of a new western entrance to the harbor of Toronto, in the County of York, Ontario, according to plans and specification to be seen at the office of J. G. Sing, Esq., resident engineer, Confederation Life building, Toronto, at the office of H. J. Lamb, Esq., resident engineer, London, Ont., at the office of J. L. Michaud, Esq., resident engineer, Merchants' Bank building, St. James street, Montreal, P. Q., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted check on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for forty-eight thousand dollars ($48,000), must accompany each tender. The check will be forfeited if the person tendering decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order,

FRED. GELINAS, Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Jan. 31, 1908.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the department. 67c-ywt

FIREMEN'S CLOTHING

Sealed tenders, addresed to the secretary of No. 3 Committee, City Hall, will be received up to 4 o'clock p.m., Feb. 12, for supplying clothing for members of City Fire Brigade. Specifications can be seen at chief's office, Central Fire Hall.

L. CLARK,
Chief Fire Department.

ALD. GREENLEES,
Chairman No. 3 Committee. b

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. WHITE, GRADUATE LOS ANGELES College of Osteopathy, member Ontario and American Osteopathic Associations. Acute and chronic diseases. Telephone 2628. Office, 217 Dundas street.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

DERMATOLOGY.

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS — HAIR goods, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

HAIRDRESSING, SCIENTIFIC MANICURING, facial massage. Combings wanted. 223½ Dundas, formerly Miller's.

DENTAL CARDS.

Dr. S. M. Thomas

DENTIST ywt

252½ Dundas Street. Phone 2085.

DR. S. M. KENNEDY, DENTIST—OFFICE, 212 Dundas street. Telephone No 2634.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY DENTIST—Specialty, preservation natural teeth. 162½ Dundas. Phone 976.

DR. BENTLEY, DENTIST, OVER Sovereign Bank, Dundas and Adelaide. Phone 2462.

WOOLVERTON & BROWN, DENTISTS, 218 Dundas street, over Cairncross & Lawrence. Phone 822.

STOCK BROKERS.

FOR SALE — NORTHERN OHIO Traction stock, yielding 9%. John Wright, stockbroker, London, Ont. Phone 693.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

MONEY TO LOAN—LOWEST RATES; no commission; easy terms of payment. Call or write. P. H. Bartlett, barrister, etc., 59 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES —M. P. McDonagh, barrister, 418 Talbot.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES —Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, Room 101, Masonic Temple.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4¾ to 5½% on real estate security; sums to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 93 Dundas.

ARCHITECTS.

J. LEWIS THOMAS, ARCHITECT AND civil engineer, 374 Central avenue, late Department Public Works, Canada. Phones: 2220, London; 652, St. Thomas.

W. FLETCHER SHEPHERD, ARCHITECT—Duffield block (late Toronto). Phone 966.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

REMOVAL—GEORGE CRADDOCK, ARCHITECT, 461 Talbot.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT —114 (second floor) Masonic Temple. Phone 1557.

GARMENT CUTTING.

CUTTERS SHOULD BE CAPABLE OF drafting a fitted pattern for any figure they measure. Learn how at the London Cutting School, 243 Dundas street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IF YOU ARE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT or wish to improve your position, learn to cook. I teach the art of cooking. Frank Smith, 226 Dundas street. 67c

EVERYBODY IS READING "THE Shuttle," by Frances Burnett. We lend it for 10c. McEwen's Lending Library, 501½ Richmond street. ywt

ACTOR'S WILL FILED

James H. Stoddard's Son and Daughter Get Estate.

New Brunswick, N. J., Feb. 3. — The will of James H. Stoddard, the actor, who died at Sewaren, N. J., on Dec. 9, has been probated with the Middlesex County surrogate here. The estate is divided equally between Mary C. and Thomas A. Stoddard, son and daughter of deceased. Thomas A. Stoddard is made executor, and the will provides that he shall not be required to give bonds or to file an inventory. The will was made at Sawaren March 27, 1902.

SACRIFICED HIS FARM

To Save Brother From Disgrace as Result of Speculating.

St. Catharines, Feb. 3. — Rev. Dr. Chown, the Methodist moral reform secretary, in speaking to a mass meeting of men here yesterday afternoon, told of a Toronto man who had got himself into trouble in stock speculation and was threatened with ruin and disgrace, from which he was only saved by his brother, a small farmer, selling his family, his only asset and means of livelihood, and paying over the money to save his brother from disgrace. "That's a true story," said Dr. Chown, "for I investigated the matter closely, and I tell you that's the true kind of religion. I believe, too, that more men are now living according to the lines laid down by the golden rule than ever before."

TO URGE PARK PLAN

Earl Grey Will Explain Memorial Scheme in Windsor.

Ottawa, Feb. 2.—Earl Grey, Canada's governor-general, will make the occasion of his visit to Windsor, Ont., on Feb. 24, an opportunity to exploit in Western Ontario the project to make a national park of the historic battlefields of the Plains of Abraham, allusion to which was made in this correspondence two weeks ago.

The plans are rapidly taking shape, and this week a meeting of the central committee having the celebration in charge was held to adopt formal plans. The erection of a peace statue is one of the features, and preparations have already been made for the employment of architects and engineers to draft the preliminary plans.

The subject is one very dear to the heart of the governor-general, and he has undertaken to place the scheme intelligently before the public, in addition to contributing very liberally from his private purse to aid in its accomplishment. The annual dinner of the Windsor board of trade, to which he has been invited, will, it is expected, be the first occasion on which he will give anything like a detailed exposition of what his plans are.

LEGAL CARDS.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, etc., corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 60. Money to loan; U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

TENNENT & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan, lowest rates. 78 Dundas.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Carling block, Richmond street. Private funds to loan.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE, barristers, etc., Huron and Erie building. Private funds to lend. Lowest rates.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., corner Richmond and Dundas. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS, etc., 98 Dundas. Money to loan. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; T. W. Scandrett.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., corner Richmond and Carling. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

J. F. FAULDS, BARRISTER, ETC., Robinson Hall Chambers.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King. Thomas H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

J. W. G. WINNETT, BARRISTER, ETC., 418½ Talbot street. Money to loan. Marriage licenses. ywt

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 419 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET — CLEANING, pressing, repairing. 253 Dundas. Phone [illegible]. Wagon calls.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

JOHN TOM, WAH LEE LAUNDRY Co. Goods called for, and delivered. Guaranteed work. 308½ Dundas. Phone 1908.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE. APPLY A. Cattnach, 672 Adelaide street. 25tf

SIGNS.

ORDER BANNERS HERE FOR YOUR January sales. "The Signry," 276 Dundas street, upstairs. Phone 1845.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

TENNENT & SHAW, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 137 King; residence and infirmary, King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 688; residence, 278 and 1522.

TAMLIN & SCOTT—OFFICE AND HOSPITAL, 453 Talbot street. Phone 865; residence phone 763.

LIVERIES AND HACKS.

POOLE'S LIVERY, TALBOT AND York—Rubber-tired rigs, good horses. Phone 1826.

FIRST-CLASS RUBBER-TIRED RIGS and hacks. Phone 838. Ross Bros., successors to Hugh Gillies, 647 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

CANADIAN

Wm. Lucas, of Middlemiss, is dead.

Peterboro firemen answered four alarms on Saturday.

Over 50,000 bass fry are to be deposited in Stony Lake.

W. F. Chisholm, of Rodney, a pioneer miller, is dead, aged 84.

Sir Louis Jette will continue as Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec.

The American Hotel at Gananoque, was damaged $2,000 by fire.

Hon. Lomer Guoin and party have returned to Quebec from Mexico.

The Manitoba budget was presented in the Legislature Saturday afternoon.

Richard Crew, a miner at Glace Bay, fell 900 feet to his death in the pit on Saturday.

The receipts of Wellington County for 1907 were $128,672 98, and expenditures $120,739.

Wentworth County council denies that the county's poor are dumped in Hamilton jail.

Dr. J. J. Mills, of Toronto, dedicated the new Friends' Church at Muncey, Ind., Sunday.

Kingston streets have been made impassable with snow from the street railway sweepers.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Colby, of Galt, celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage yesterday.

There are fifteen entries from dramatic and musical societies to Earl Grey's competition.

Sergt.-Major P. Alexander, of the Ninety-first Canadian Highlanders, of Hamilton, is dead.

Fire Chief Henderson, of St. Thomas, reports that the five-cent theaters are not safe in case of fire.

H. Miller, of Milliken, a young G. T. R. brakeman, was killed at Orillia by falling from an engine tender.

Miss Anna Sheridan, of Brockville, may lose her sight as a result of being stabbed in the eye with a hat pin.

Alex. Robidoux and his wife, of Montreal, were both fined on Saturday for cruelty to their adopted child.

Charles Rongey, a foreigner at Hamilton, was struck on the head during an altercation, and his skull was fractured.

Berlin's mayor and council resigned and the town will be run by the sheriff until another council is elected.

Last year 277,376 immigrants came to Canada. The year before there were 215,912, an increase this year of 61,464.

Mr. G. B. Van Blaricom, editor of the Peterboro Review, has resigned to edit the Busy Man's Magazine, of Toronto.

The C. N. R. at Port Hope is to run north of the Cobourg road, and the Port Hope station will be near Trinity College School.

The total receipts for 1907 of the Hamilton Street Railway Company were $316,739, of which the city received $32,858.

Arthur Beyers was sentenced at St. Catharine to five years in the Industrial School for picking pockets in the Y. M. C. A.

Last week in Hamilton there were three cases of smallpox, five of chicken pox, five of mumps, two of whooping cough, two of diphtheria, and six of scarlet fever.

The Canadian Club central committee is now in session in Ottawa, planning a campaign to save the Plains of Abraham and the battlefields of Ste. Foye.

The funeral of Rev. Dr. Torrance, of Guelph, took place yesterday, and was very largely attended. The services were conducted by Dr. MacLaren, principal of Knox College.

Proceedings have commenced in the high court to unseat Mayor Letherby, of Midland, who, it is alleged, was elected over H. S. Ruby owing to votes that had no right to be polled.

All the libel suits against Ontario newspapers entered by Mrs. Mattie Perkins, of Cayuga, who was charged with the murder of her husband, have been settled with the exception of five or six.

Herbert Ford, of Toronto, was robbed of a valise containing $274, while on his way from Hamilton to Toronto. The police have been notified, but have no clew. Ford went to sleep, and the valise was stolen then.

Hamilton has a rumor that the New Ontario Dock and Coal Company, the Hamilton and Fort William Navigation Company, the Union, Winona, Rosedale, Dundee and Dunedin companies will be merged.

John Woodward and John Masterson, employes of the G. T. R. at Brockville in the car department for over forty years, have retired from the service of the company under the new pension regulations, both having passed the age of 65 years.

It is said that a new schedule of salaries for public school teachers will be drawn up by the Toronto Board of Education shortly. The male assistants will be increased $100, the minimum being $1,100, and the maximum $1,500. The other increases are not known.

A man named Olson, a passenger on No. 6 yesterday morning, jumped through the window while the train was speeding past Watford. The man was found a few hours afterwards, but little the worse for his jump. He was able to continue his journey east. He seemed demented, and suffered from the illusion that the sheriff of Chicago was after him.

Francis Weese, of Consecon, Prince Edward County, left Trenton to drive over the ice to his home Saturday night. Sunday morning one of the horses came home, and a searching party started to find him. Weese was found lying under the sleigh in the middle of the bay. He was so badly frost bitten that his recovery is doubtful. He had unhitched the horses, and lay down under the sleigh.

STALLED FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.

Flint, Mich., Feb. 4. — The Pere Marquette passenger train, which left here on Saturday afternoon for Fostoria, was snowbound for 48 hours, two miles this side of Otter Lake. The twenty passengers on the train tramped through the deep snow to neighboring farmhouses, where they were given shelter and food over Sunday.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY-WEEKLY.

TELEPHONE CALLS:

Business Office 107
Job Department 175
Editorial Departments .....134 and 136

The London Advertiser Company, Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, London, Ont.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Readers of The Advertiser are requested to favor the management by reporting any irregularities in delivery. Communicate with the Circulation Department, or 'phone 107.

LONDON, TUESDAY, FEB. 4.

CANADA AND OLD AGE PENSIONS.

There was an interesting discussion yesterday in the House of Commons on the subject of old age pensions. The principle of state pensions to the veterans of industry found favor with some members on both sides of the House, and the Premier accepted a resolution for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the question, which, he said, the Government was disposed to consider with an open mind.

There are serious arguments for and against state pensions. In Great Britain, where the system has been placed in the forefront of the Liberal party's programme of social reform, there is more need for it than in a new country like Canada, which has little extreme poverty. It is true that it has been adopted in New Zealand, and some of the Australian states, where wealth is as equally diffused as in Canada, but these countries are frankly experimenting in state socialism.

A pension scheme which discriminates between the rich and the poor is open to the objection that it puts the taint of charity upon those who accept the bounty of the state. This reproach would be removed if the acceptance of pensions were made compulsory upon every citizen regardless of his circumstances. There would then be no question of charity or pauperism; the pension would be regarded as an obligation on the part of the state toward every citizen. It would be a right, not an almsgiving. The cost of a universal scheme of this kind would be much more expensive than a plan which takes account of a person's income, but it would be the ideal system.

The financial aspect of even a partial system is so formidable that the question will have to be approached with the utmost caution. A parliamentary committee can gather information from countries where state pensions in various forms are in operation, and the data so furnished would be a valuable basis for the discussion of a problem that sooner or later will be one of practical politics in this country.

FRANCO'S RETIREMENT.

The sudden retirement of Senor Franco from the premiership immediately after the death of King Carlos and Dom Luiz, the crown prince, is not the least sensational incident of the Portuguese crisis. He is undoubtedly the strong man of the nation; it was in his hands that the ill-fated king left the affairs of the kingdom, and it was natural to expect that he would remain at the helm of the state at least until the present troubles were tided over. The devolution of the crown upon a minor seemed to leave Franco more than ever master of the country, and the mainstay of the dynasty. One explanation of his retirement is that he has not had the queen's favor. Her sympathies are said to be with the ultra-Conservatives, and the aristocracy, rather than with the Liberals. Then, too, the queen-mother, sister of the late King Humbert of Italy, is known to be inimical to Senator Franco, resenting his refusal to furnish the money which she demanded from the treasury for the relief of pressing obligations, and the methods which he was compelled to inaugurate for the liquidation of her debts, both to the national exchequer and to non-governmental institutions. The late crown prince is said to have also disapproved of the policy of his father and of Senor Franco. If it should turn out that the new king also sympathizes with his mother, as is by no means unlikely, the retirement of Senator Franco is easily explained.

A coalition Government has been formed, which may tranquillize the country for a period. Parties in Portugal have been given to public plunder, and it needed a strong hand to stay the corruption which was ruining the country. It is unfortunate that Franco resorted to such autocratic methods as exiling fellow-countrymen and suppressing freedom of speech, although he may have had the welfare of the nation at heart. It now remains to be seen whether there is sufficient statesmanship in the country to save it from anarchy and bankruptcy without strangling the constitutional liberties of the people.

LOOKING INTO PRODUCER GAS.

The Toronto Globe, at the risk of being described as a hireling of monopoly and a traitor to the cause of the hydro-electric commission, has been inquiring into the possibilities of producer gas. Its correspondent has visited several points in the Province, where producer gas plants are in operation, including this city. He found that the cost of power produced by the system varied with localities, just as the price of coal differs in different places. He affirms that producer gas is a cheap power under any but extraordinary local conditions. His conclusion is that it averages $20 per horsepower per annum for a ten-hour day, including all costs—depreciation, interest on investment, fuel at $5 a ton, oil, labor and water.

In London the 200-horsepower gas producer engine of the McClary Company is run at a cost of $13 50 per horsepower per annum, for fuel and labor. This figure does not include the cost of the plant. In Berlin, where a large portion of the lighting and of the power used in the factories is supplied by a producer gas plant, owned by the municipality, the cost of power works out at a little over $20 per horsepower per annum, which includes interest on investment, depreciation, and every factor in the cost.

A strong case has been made out for official inquiry. It is said the hydro-electric commission has already undertaken the work and will submit a report to the Legislature. Previous references to producer gas by the commission have not been favorable, and it may be doubted whether that body is capable of approaching the question with an open mind.

The question of the quantity, if not the quality, of the local ice crop has been settled during the past week.

"Don't Be a Noise," says a headline in the Toronto World. Has Billy Maclean been making New Year's resolutions?

This cold spell has brought undoubted hardship. Many Londoners were marooned in St. Thomas owing to the stalling of trains.

It is a safe wager that Thaw will not spend the remainder of his worthless life in an asylum. A very rapid cure may be expected.

Roosevelt's last message has set the country by the ears. The King's speech created no ripple of excitement, but perhaps the British Parliament will saw as much wood as Congress.

There is one man in the city who is receiving charity from three churches, unknown to the good people who supply it, and who is not looking for work. There may be many cases of the same kind. It need not be taken for granted that all the hard luck stories are true, which are being exploited.

FOOLISH PARTICULARS.

[Argonaut.]

An American speeding over the continent of Europe in his automobile asked of his chauffeur: "Where are we?"

"In Paris," shouted the man at the wheel, and the dust flew.

"Oh, never mind the details," irritably screamed the American millionaire. "I mean what continent?"

AUTOMATIC UMBRELLA SUPPLY.

[London Daily Mail.]

Automatic umbrella distributors will be installed in all the Berlin railway stations next month, which will deliver umbrellas to travelers at 50 cents a time. If the umbrella is returned in two days the borrower gets 40 cents.

LEAP YEAR SONG.

[Somerville Journal.]

Why don't the girls propose, papa?
Why don't the girls propose?
The glad leap year at last is here;
I'm ready, goodness knows!
My little shy, consenting ways
My willingness disclose,
And yet they do not seem to mind—
Why don't the girls propose?

Why don't the girls propose, papa?
Why don't the girls propose?
Three years I've waited wistfully
Among the belles and beaux.
But now a kindly fate might put
An end to all my woes,
If only some sweet maid would pop!
Why don't the girls propose?

Why don't the girls propose, papa?
I almost want to cry!
Just think if leap year should elapse,
And they should pass me by!
My heart goes pitty-pat, papa!
This fateful year will close
In only eleven months from now—
Why don't the girls propose?

DINKELSPIEL'S EPPY GRAMS.

[George V. Hobart, in N. Y. American.]

Der man dot nefer makes a kick is pretty sure to get kicked himself sooner or lateness.

Der best succeeders in dis vorld is dem dot depend on home-made success.

Der man dot vas driven to drink vould half valked dare anyvay.

Der bottom dollar is der best dollar if you haf udder dollars to keep it at der bottom.

Ven ignorance insults you it vas folly to be a vise guy.

Vun half der vorld is afraid it vill nefer get der chance to do der udder half.

Der most popular motive power of der day is der man dot chollies udder peoples along.

Some people start ouid to do right, but Fate hands dem a transfer.

A man mitouid enemies is der same relation to dis earth as a chelly-fish is to der ocean.

Rich peoples haf troubles vich poor peoples can nefer enchoy.

Temptation alvays vears rubber shoes und speaks mit a visper.

WHY DOESN'T FOWLER DO IT?

[Hamilton Times.]

Free Speech may not be a society journal, but when it makes statesments like those it makes about Mr. Fowler, M.P., it should either be made to prove them or take the consequences.

PHILANTHROPY.

[Puck.]

"No," said the Bishop of Oklahoma, a wise and broad man, who had seen much and suffered much, "I make it a rule to perform marriage ceremonies free. I have no desire to profit by other people's mistakes."

SURE TO CALL.

[Ally Sloper.]

Mr. Subbubs—Do you expect any visitors tonight, my dear?

Mrs. Sububbs—Well, considering that Bridget's going to leave, Willie's got the measles, the cellar is flooded and the grocer hasn't called for two days—yes, I do.

KISSOLOGY.

[Toledo Blade.]

The proper kiss is now said to be 25 seconds in length.

WATCH YOURSELF GO BY.

[S. W. Gillian, in Success.]

Just stand aside and watch yourself go by;
Think of yourself as "he," instead of "I."
Note closely, as in other men you note,
The bag-kneed trousers and the seedy coat.
Pick flaws, find fault, forget the man is you,
And strive to make your estimate ring true.
Confront yourself and look you in the eye—
Just stand aside, and watch yourself go by.

LESS OPPOSITION.

[Chicago Daily News.]

"It is easier to be good than great," remarked the moralizer.

"Yes," rejoined the demoralizer; "one has less opposition."

A CONSUMPTIVE'S HISTORY.

(Toronto Star.)

A remarkable story, entitled "The True Experiences of a Consumptive," is told by Sidney C. Haley, in the New York Independent. Mr. Haley was 22 years of age when his first symptoms appeared. He forthwith resigned his position and left St. Louis, which was his home. After listening to all kinds of advice as to a suitable climate, he decided to try Texas. At a little town in this state he had his first experience of phthisiphobia — which formidable word means an unreasoning dread of consumption. He was given notice to leave the only boarding-house in town, and he found himself a thousand miles from home, "poor, dying, and about to be thrown into the street." A young lady in the household interceded for him, and he was allowed to remain for six weeks.

He left the town on a cold, raw day in April, and rode 40 miles across the mountains. When he reached the railway, his lungs were bleeding profusely, and his temperature stood at 105 degrees. At San Antonio he succeeded in getting into a good boarding-house. But in a few days he overheard a conversation between the landlady and a professional nurse who was trying to get him ejected. She eventually succeeded. During his wanderings the patient took several so-called cures for consumption. Creosote did him almost irreparable injury, and the serum or tuberculin treatment reduced him to such a condition that the physician told him there was nothing for him to do but die in comfort. But he remarks with the quaint humor of a sick man that he had a strong aversion to being dead. Everywhere he found the people in deadly terror of consumption, some being afraid to pass him or talk with him. He drifted from Texas to Michigan, from Michigan to Kentucky, from Kentucky to Florida. In the last state, becoming tired of persecution, he scraped some money together and bought a house, with a grove. Here he lived for five years, doing his own cooking, socially ostracised, and hourly in danger of death from hemorrhage. Yet he kept slowly improving. "I had a little garden, in which I worked when I could, and that, more than anything else, kept me from losing my mind."

Why he left this place is not clearly explained, but probably the explanation may be found in the intense loneliness, combined with the partial cure, which tempted him once more to seek the haunts of men, and repeat his early experiences. One hears a good deal about the cruelty of nature, meaning physical nature, but the sufferer from tuberculosis might be pardoned if he regarded physical nature as kinder than human nature. One is struck by the fact that the rough mountain ride did not kill the consumptive, and that the five years in Florida, without human aid, but with a little exercise and plenty of fresh air, did him good. It is a pretty severe reflection on all of us that a consumptive dropped in the middle of a wilderness stands a better chance of recovery than one who tries to find shelter in the centers of human activity and philanthropy. "Oh, it was pitiful! Near a whole city-full, home had she none."

UNUTTERED THOUGHTS.

[Life.]

Windig—Say, I understood you told Knox that I was a liar.

Biffkins—You have been misinformed, old man. That is one of the thoughts I have never put into words.

A TRIBUTE TO KING EDWARD.

[New York Sun.]

Foreign relations are no longer a party question in Great Britain. The foreign policy is continuous; therefore the King has represented his entire people in the great task which he has accomplished during the past four years. He has readjusted the balance of power in Europe, and has kept the peace of the world, and he has done it legitimately, without in any way exceeding his functions as a constitutional monarch.

MADE THEM HOT.

[Toronto Telegram.]

Canadians did not really feel the cold yesterday because they were kept warm by the tendency of their blood to boil over at Kipling's allusions to their native land as Our Lady of the Snows.

SPIRITUALISM.

[New York Post.]

We should hesitate to say how many times within the last two decades communications with the dead have been definitely established by eminent divines, college professors and distinguished scientists; and how many times these communications have been exposed as gross fraud or pathetic self-deception. The list of the misled is a long one, and no less a name than that of Sir William Crookes is in it. The detailed evidence on which Sir William rests his conviction has not been published; and until it is before us in fairly complete form we cannot analyze it. But one thing is sure: in such research the chances for trickery and error are innumerable, and proof far more cogent than has yet been produced is necessary in order to make it clear that Sir William has not unconsciously translated his hopes into beliefs.

RIDICULED RAT LAW A WINNER

Danish Civil Engineer Gains Fame in Face of Fierce Opposition.

Copenhagen, Feb. 2. — The passing of the Danish rat law, and the history of the movement which led to it, presents a curious and interesting chapter in economic zoology and hygiene. It also serves to show how a man, having taken hold of a truth and possessing unbounded energy and enthusiasm, may, single-handed, fight the most merciless ridicule, an appalling lethargy, and a fierce and powerful opposition, and yet in the end emerge victoriously with a good part of the civilized world rallying to his support.

That is, in sober truth, what has happened to Zuschlag, the Danish civil engineer, who is the author, chief apostle and undisputed "generalissimo" of the world's crusade against the rat. When first, ten years ago, he raised his voice, "calling his countrymen to arms," and demanding the immediate passage of a law for the wholesale extermination of the rat, there was much merriment in Denmark.

But presently Zuschlag published a book, "The Rat and Civilization." It contained a terrible indictment of the brown rat, and gradually brought about a radical change in the public opinion. For Zuschlag had proved by overwhelming evidence that the rat fulfills no useful function, that each rat costs at the lowest estimate one-half a cent a day "to keep," and as there were at least as many rats in Denmark as people, the needless loss in food alone—to say nothing of the material destroyed by them—would in one year amount to some $2,000,000.

Arouses Popular Sentiment.

He further showed conclusively that the rat is the chief agent in spreading trichinosis, a very real danger in Denmark, and with rare intuition he saw that the rat is primarily responsible for the fearful ravages of the bubonic plague in India and other countries within the plague-belt, because it forms the vehicle by which the plague flea is transferred from a plague-stricken native to a healthy one.

This latter statement appealed deeply to the sentiment of the Danish people; the second fact was in wide circles a powerful argumentum ad hominem, but served also to arouse a bitter hatred among those interested in the Danish pork export trade, who did not scruple to denounce Zuschlag as an enemy to his own country; but the "simple sum" contained in the first count of the indictment gave the thrifty Danes "furiously to think." And Zuschlag never tired of pointing out, "If you will take the trouble to pass a law, through your representatives, granting a premium of one penny to everyone who brings a dead rat, you will save collectively seven shillings and fivepence on that rat for each year of its natural life you prevent it from living. And —and this is a very big 'and'—you will also save a number of people, maybe yourself among them, from dying of trichinosis. Now, if the rats do not cause your personally any loss, perhaps you will support the movement on the grounds of public utility. If the public interest is no concern of yours, then, perhaps, the danger to your health and life will convince you of the urgent necessity for this crusade."

Success Crowns His Efforts.

These were in effect Zuschlag's arguments, and they proved forcible enough to convert gradually the whole kingdom to his views. A private bill was brought in Parliament, but shelved for political reasons. When, however, a new cabinet had come into office the home secretary brought in a measure which quickly passed both houses, and came into force on the 1st of last July. It provides for the payment of a premium of not less than a a cent, and not more than two cents, according to the district, for each rat handed in, the money to be supplied by a state grant of $7,000 per annum, and by a levy to be made by the local authorities at the rate of 75 cents per annum for each hundred inhabitants.

It is interesting to note that the whole and sole administration of the rat law is in the first clause of the law given to Zuschlag and his Incorporated Society for the Systematic Destruction of Rats, to give it its full title. It gives advice on all matters appertaining to the law, and receives from each local authority each quarter a report showing what funds have been received and how they have been expended.

From the reports to hand it is clear that the rat law has, so far, been an unqualified success. The premium system has enlisted the services of the poorer section of the people, as Zuschlag predicted that it would, and consideration of the public weal has secured the enthusiastic support of the other classes.

At the depots in the towns huge "bags" are handed in every day, and the "traveling depots" in the rural districts report similar successes. Men, women and children all come with their booty, which has been secured by trapping, shooting, poisoning, by ferret, dog or cat, and not infrequently by a well-directed half-brick. On half-holidays it is no unusual sight to see a party of clerks marching out to a rat-shooting expedition, followed by a few men and boys, who gather up the rats that have been slain "by act of parliament," to exchange them afterward at the depots for coin of the realm.

When a rat is given up, its tail is cut off, and carcase and tail are put into separate air-tight receptacles. Each night the tails, which serve as a receipt and check, are counted and then burned with the carcases at the local gasworks. In the villages they are buried under the supervision of the local health authority.

The example of Denmark has been followed by England, and a society for the extermination of rats has been formed under the chairmanship of Sir Lauder Brunton. Lord Avebury is treasurer.

Nathan Straus was driving his mare, Ida Highwood, on the New York speedway. A company promoter, noted no less for his wealth than his unscrupulousness, dashed by and Mr. Straus said: "There is Blank. When he came to New York in the seventies he had only a dollar in his pocket." Mr. Straus paused and smiled. "However," he said, "there were other pockets."

The Red Signs Point Out Big Savings.

CHAPMAN'S ANNIVERSARY SALE

Order by Mail if you live out of town. We'll fill your wants carefully.

Red Tickets — Red Tickets

There's to be no let up to the splendid values that we are offering in the Anniversary Sale. Interest will grow until every prudent buyer in London will get into line to reap the advantages offered in the special sales of every line of merchandise. The question on everybody's tongue will be: "What has Chapman's to tell about today?"

For tomorrow's buyers these money savers:

COMFORTS AND BLANKETS MUCH BELOW REGULAR COST

Splendid economies in Bedwear that should appeal to everyhousewife who has need of a supply—this weather emphasizes the need, perhaps.

Real Down Comforters, were $5 50, $6 00, $6 50, $6 75 and $7 00. Another reduction on our already reduced prices has been made for the Anniversary Sale. Sale prices: $4 50, $4 75, $5 25, $5 50 and $5 75.

A few pairs only of White Wool Blankets, which were damaged (discolored only), by water, at, per pair .... $2 50 and $3 00

CHILDREN'S FUR BOAS

Only enough for tomorrow's selling.

Children's 60c and 75c White Lamb Wool Boas, extra long, on sale while they last, at, each .. 45c

Children's Bonnets at one-quarter off regular prices.

IMPORTED LINOLEUMS

Quick selling in our Linoleum section will result from this special offering tomorrow.

Just 600 yards Imported Linoleum—In all widths 2, 3, 3½ and 4 yards wide; very desirable light and dark grounds, in floral and block effects, Regularly sold for 60c yard, at, square yard 43c

SOME WONDERFUL VALUES IN CARPETS

With such values like we are offering in finest qualities of carpet, we look for some wonderful selling, and we will have it, too, because people are alive to their own interests when the offering comes from Chapman's. Did you ever hear of better values than these? Listen:

Regular 75c English Tapestry Carpet, our well known "Alexandria" grade, very closely woven pile, strong, durable carpet. Choice of eighteen designs, suitable for any room. Made and laid at per yard 61c

Regular 50c English Tapestry Carpet at 39c yard. Choice of six designs, colors guaranteed all wool. A nice bedroom or sitting-room carpet. Our special, per yard 39c

Regular $1 35 English Brussels Carpet, at 98c yard, made and laid. The handsomest designs and finest qualities we have ever sold in Brussels. Choice of eighteen designs, all colors, ⅝ borders to match. Made and laid, at, per yard 98c

N. B.—Carpet purchases kept until wanted on the payment of a small deposit. No extra charge for making and laying, storage, etc.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

DIAMOND MAKER KEEPS HIS SECRET

Le Moine Prefers To Mildew in Jail Rather Than Tell His Formula.

London, Feb. 3.—Henri Le Moine still insists that he can make big, good commercial diamonds and the French authorities insist he must "show them" if he expects to get out of jail. Maitre Labori, his counsel, is trying to induce the Government to accept bail. The Government replies he can get out whenever he agrees to make a diamond in the presence of a few of the right kind of witnesses.

Henri proposes to keep his formula to himself, he says, and will rather mildew in a cell than give the secret away to a lot of prying government experts.

The formula is in a deposit box in a London bank. The French Government has asked the bank to hand it over. The bank declines except on Le Moine's order, and Le Moine won't give one.

Most people think Le Moine couldn't make a diamond if he tried. Earl Armstrong is a good judge, however, and he deciares he has seen him do it, knows there was no slight-of-hand about it, examined the diamond and found it a real one—a beauty, too, though rather small.

When the case came to trial the Government had two witnesses who will swear they supplied Le Moine with real diamonds, which he slid into his retort, pretending to manufacture and then handed out to his "dupes" as his own productions.

Sir Julius Wernher, who caused Le Moine's arrest, is evidently a good deal puzzled himself. Even after the "diamond maker" went to jail Sir Julius offered to pay a round sum for Le Moine's secret process if the latter would reveal it and let him make his own gems. Le Moine declined.

Sir Julius, acting for the De Beers Company, paid $150,000 to Le Moine for an interest in the "diamond making" business. He grew suspicious later because Le Moine would make diamonds only when he felt like it, and the arrest followed.

SARNIA'S SAW MILLS RESUME

Sarnia, Feb. 3.—The Cleveland-Sarnia sawmills started up this morning after being closed down for some weeks for repairs to machinery, etc. Over 150 men are at work.

The Reid Wrecking Company have raised the steamer Pabst, which was sunk in the rapids at Point Edward.

One of the electric engines was hauled through the St. Clair tunnel Friday night by one of the steam locomotives for the purpose of testing the overhead wires. It will be some time yet before the engines will be propelled through the tunnel by electricity.

E. T. Bucke will leave this week to reside in Regina.

Arthur B. Fletcher, who is in business in Port Arthur, is spending a few weeks here with his mother, on Wellington street.

At the Devine Street Methodist Parsonage, Saturday, Peter Braidwood and Miss Ella Bennett, both of Almont Township, Lapeer County, Mich., were married by Rev. J. W. Baird.

There was a large attendance Saturday evening at the lecture by Judge Barron, of Stratford, upon tuberculosis, its prevention and cure. Hon. W. J. Hanna acted as chairman. Judge Barron has been closely identified with the forward movement for the widespread hygienic treatment of the disease.

SOME BOOK TALK FROM OLD LONDON

Biography of the Marquis of Salisbury Is Not Yet Published.

London, Feb. 4.—It is felt that the long-awaited biography of the late Marquis of Salisbury will not be published before its time. The Marquis of Salisbury has been dead almost five years, and, although the family has had in contemplation for a considerable period to publish a biography of the illustrious head of the house of Cecil, it is only now that the appeal is being made by the present Lord Salisbury for matter fit to be incorporated in the life of the great Victorian statesman.

There were, of course, apparent difficulties in bringing out the life of the late unionist statesman immediately after his death. But there was published a life of Lord Beaconsfield within a short period after his demise, and there was no long intervals between the death of Gladstone and John Morley's life of that statesman, a work upon which the Indian secretary spent much loving labor.

Material for Biographer.

Lord Salisbury's life is so full of material for a biographer that it cannot possibly be published for some considerable time to come.

A lady, who prefers to withhold her name at all events for the present, promises a book of reminiscences, through Nash, which stirs great curiosity as to her identity. She calls it "Leaves From a Life," or "Specimen Days." One might imagine, anyhow, that she has stories to tell about quite a number of famous people whom she has personally known.

Two things are at least plain. The writer has mixed in good society in the intellectual sense of the word, and is herself no longer young. Nobody expects young ladies, unless they be captivating young actresses, who have just broken the shell of their school days, to write their recollections. The majority of them are too much engaged in enjoying life to talk about it.

There is to be reminiscences in the leaves from the lives of Charles Dickens, Sir Edwin Landseer, Anthony Trollope, Matthew Arnold, Robert Browning and Shirley Brookes. They may be small, of course, but the list is attractive, and I have not exhausted it by such typical names.

Book on "Tragedy Queens."

John Fyvie is the author of the book, "Tragedy Queens of the Georgian Era," which Methuen announces. It consists of sketches of the most prominent English tragedy actresses of the eighteenth century. It begins with the famous Mme. Barry and the fascinating Nance Oldfield and comes down to the Majestic Mrs. Siddons.

Another book is one in which Beau Brummel is the central figure. It is called "Beau Brummel and His Times." It is by a Frenchman, Roger de Boutet, and will be published by Nash. The book gives a picture of the famous beau from the time he first began his career to his death in poverty in France. It will have a chapter by Mary Craven on dress in the eighteenth century.

The first book on E. Grant Richards' list of spring announcements is a volume by J. E. Pythian, "Fifty Years of Modern Painting."

Mr. Pythian will be remembered as the author of a book on G. F. Watts. The new volume contains many illustrations in color and in half-tone, among them being reproductions from works of Sargeant, Manet and Monet.

St. Thomas will sell $18,000 worth of debentures in small lots.

Ontario Bank shareholders will meet March 4 to discuss legal proceedings against the bank directors.

TOWNSHIP COUNCILS

DELAWARE.

Delaware council met at the clerk's office and took oath of office. Members present: John McEwen, reeve; John Switzer, Albert Monteith, Hardy Johnstone and Duncan Gordon. Norman Bodkin was appointed to act as clerk pro tem.

A. Adams reported regarding inmates of asylum from Delaware Township.

On motion of Messrs. Monteith and Johnstone, all offices in the township, with the exception of that of clerk, were declared vacant.

J. M. Kaiser and Wm. Harker were appointed auditors for 1908, at a salary of $8 each. The salary of the clerk was made $80, and J. H. Matthews was made township clerk.

On motion of Messrs. Switzer and Monteith, the salary of the treasurer was fixed at $55, and Robert Hooper was chosen treasurer.

On motion of Messrs. Switzer and Gordon, the salary of the assessor was fixed at $20, and 10 cents for dogs and 20 cents for each bitch. John Kelly was appointed assessor.

John McDonald was paid $2 for a drum injured at a concert; Mrs. M. Fonger was allowed a rebate of 95 cents on taxes; Wm. Scott was allowed a rebate of $6 50 on taxes.

The graveling of con. 2, north of Johnstone's sideroad, was left with the reeve and Messrs. Gordon and Johnstone.

R. Prior appeared before the council in regard to government drain No. 2, re overflow on his land.

The Children's Hospital, Toronto, was granted $5.

H. Scott was refunded $1, dog tax.

The matter regarding the arbitration of No. 1 drain was left with the reeve and the solicitor, with power.

On motion of Messrs. Gordon and Monteith, no dog taxes will be refunded after the court of revision of 1908.

John Forsythe was appointed janitor of the town hall; salary, $20.

Bylaws Nos. 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524 and 525 were read three times and passed.

Accounts to the amount of $245 66 were paid, and the council adjourned until Feb. 17.

KILLED HER CHILDREN.

Boston, Feb. 4.—During a period of mental depression, Mrs. Frances Willers, of Dorchester, killed herself and two little girls, aged 9 and 11 years respectively, by means of illuminating gas last night. She left a note saying: "God forgive me for what I have done. It was a case of the insane hospital again."

AN EMBEZZLEMENT.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—The Inter-Ocean today says: Robert H. Martin, formerly secretary and treasurer of Columbia University, now the George Washington University, at Washington, D. C., was arrested here yesterday. He is charged with the embezzlement of $2,100 from a Chicago firm of wholesale carpet dealers, by whom he was employed.

Made in various styles and at different prices, but only one quality—the best. A piano is bought for a lifetime of wear. We warrant all

Martin-Orme Pianos

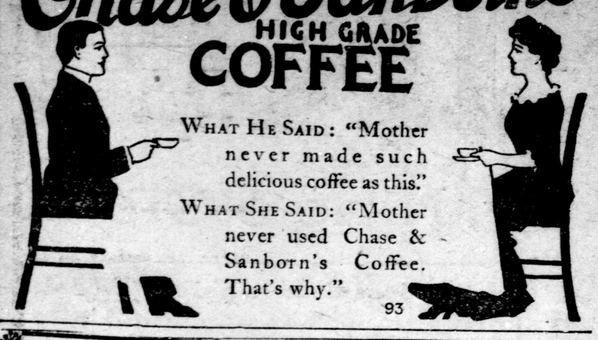
to be perfect in construction and to improve in tone with age, instead of weakening, as ordinary instruments do.

Where the Martin-Orme Piano is not represented, we ship direct and guarantee safe delivery to your nearest station, in any part of Canada.

Write for descriptive booklet, prices and terms, free on request.

ORME & SON, Limited, OTTAWA, ONT.

Chase & Sanborn's HIGH GRADE COFFEE



WHAT HE SAID: "Mother never made such delicious coffee as this."

WHAT SHE SAID: "Mother never used Chase & Sanborn's Coffee. That's why."

93

THE HEIRESS OF DENSLEY WOLD

BY FLORENCE WARDEN

CHAPTER XIV.

It was with deepest interest and excitement that St. Quintin watched the meeting of his friend and Monsieur Leblanc, and he saw at once that they both greeted each other with a sort of bravado, not as if they had recently met, indeed, but as if they had just learned something undesirable each about the other. This was strongly the impression obtained by St. Quintin as he watched their galvanic smiles, and saw their hands touch and immediately let the other go.

The ladies helped greatly to prevent the gathering from being awkward and uncomfortable. Madame Leblanc chatted and laughed, and Miss Stanley, waking up from her usual lethargy, backed her up with an energy which said more for her zeal than for her powers of interesting conversation. Marie's share in the entertainment was a more passive one. Seated beside Captain Darnall, she had to listen to him when he talked, as he did in a low, confidential voice, bending his head to look into her face in such a manner that St. Quintin longed to kick him.

Captain Darnall did not condescend to pretend that he took an interest in any person present except Miss Densley, and all the weak and timid efforts she made to join in the general conversation were checked by his determined stand, and by the air of authority with which he monopolized her attention.

Not once did she get an opportunity of speaking to St. Quintin, who, by the by, was monopolized almost as carefully by Madame Leblanc as James Ince was by Miss Stanley.

The party, thus split up into three uncomfortable and dreary tete-a-tetes, with Monsieur Leblanc to preside over them and to see that they did not break up into fresh and unwelcome combinations, was tiresome and dull. Tea was served without any change in the character of the gathering, and then Captain Darnall on the one hand and St. Quintin and Ince on the other, sat down steadily in the pastime of trying to tire the other out.

Absolutely unmindful of the hints given by Miss Densley's indifference to his remarks and by her stolen glances at the clock, Captain Darnall continued to lean forward and to speak low in her ear, and refused to be daunted by her monosyllable replies, or by her glances across the room to St. Quintin.

At last James Ince, who began to dread the result of this steady fanning of the jealousy in St. Quintin's breast, looked at his friend as a signal to make the first move. St. Quintin, bored to death by Madame Leblanc's rattling flow of gossip, was answering at random with scant ceremony. Ince, on his side had exhausted the governess' stock of commonplaces and his own, and was run dry conversationally.

Monsieur Leblanc noticed the glance, and came to the rescue.

"Before you go, Mr. Ince, I should like you to see a little invention of mine that I am trying to perfect, something which will, I think, bring me into some prominence with the scientific world."

"James Ince, looking strangely agitated, rose quickly at the words. He was exceedingly anxious to cut short the unpleasant visit they were making, as he feared that St. Quintin's patience would not hold out much longer.

"We shall be delighted, monsieur," said he, frowning at St. Quintin, who still seemed reluctant to make a move. "Come, Q, you will be late for your appointment," he added sharply.

The young man rose in his turn, but still kept his eyes turned in the direction of Marie, who, suddenly breaking away from her jailer, ran across the room and held out her hand to him.

"Don't look so wretched," she said. "I can't help myself. I hate this man, but I have to be civil to him, as he's one of the friends of my uncle and aunt. You needn't mind my talking to him indeed."

St. Quintin's face cleared a little.

"Well, let him know you don't mean to have anything to do with him," he said quickly, in a low voice. "Tell him you're engaged to me."

She shook her head.

"I daren't say that," she whispered. "You know I'm not free to decide altogether for myself."

"Aren't you engaged to me?" said St Quintin, dictatorially.

But before she could answer Monsieur Leblanc, in the neatest manner, thrust himself between the two with an air of easy gaiety, and sending Marie back to her aunt with a smiling wave of the hand, put his hand through St. Quintin's arm, and, beckoning to Ince, who was shaking hands with Madame Leblanc, led the way out of the room.

A silence fell upon all three when they were in the hall, and the host, leading the way to the door which shut off his own suite of rooms, took a key from his pocket and unlocked it.

Both St. Quintin and Ince, each remembering the uncanny impression they had received from that part of the house, were absolutely silent as they followed their host into the corridor, which was lighted only by a small window over the garden door at the other end.

Monsieur Leblanc, still bland, smiling and gracious, relocked the door behind him.

"This is my sacred domain," said he, "Where I allow no one to come, even with a broom and duster, except my wife. Servants are too careless to be trusted among my precious books, or my still more precious retorts and crucibles. Do you do anything in the way of chemistry? It is my passion," he went on, without waiting for an answer, as he led the way towards the door on the right—that which overlooked the garden at the back of the house.

James Ince could not have answered him if he had wished to do so. It seemed to him, with certain suspicions strong in his mind, that the air of this corridor was sickly and fetid; and not even the open window above the door seemed to have any good effect upon the atmosphere. Monsieur Leblanc unlocked the door of the back room, talking all the while.

"This," he said, "is my laboratory, into which I bring none but my intimate friends. Do not expect much order of tidiness. Those are not the virtues of the scientist; I mean in the housewifely sense of order. In the strict sense, we love order as no other man loves it."

By this time the door was open, and he led the way into a large and lofty room, well lighted by one window, which was broad and high, the bottom of which was filled in with an old-fashioned brown wire office blind.

The first impression of the room was one of confusion and disorder. But as the eye became accustomed to it, one found that the chaos was apparent rather than real, and that chests and boxes, tables of bottles and phials, crucibles, retorts and other paraphernalia of a chemist, stood arranged, not in real confusion, but in places where they were easily reached by the master's hand.

Great chests of drawers were there; skins of animals lay on boxes, giving out a musty smell; while the skeleton of an animal, perhaps a sheep or goat, stood in a corner in a dusty glass-fronted case.

Monsieur Leblanc took St. Quintin by the arm and led him to a slab of marble which, supported on trestles, formed a long, narrow table not far from the window. From the slab he took up a fused mass of metal in a little crucible and asked him, with a smile, if he knew what that was.

St. Quintin confessed his ignorance.

"It is the nearest thing yet discovered, I honestly believe, to gold, and it is composed without the admixture of any particles of natural gold. If I am on the right road to making gold out of baser"—

He was interrupted by an exclamation from James Ince, who, left behind by the other two, had had his eyes fixed intently upon a long, worm-eaten wooden chest, upon which lay a couple of goat-skins, and which occupied an obscure corner away from the window.

While the other two were occupied with the contents of the crucible, James Ince crossed the room to this corner, and, pulling off the two goat-skins, threw back the lid of the chest with a loud crash against the wall.

The noise was so loud and so unexpected that both St. Quintin and Monsieur Leblanc started and uttered exclamations.

Turning quickly, they saw Ince leaning back against a table, his eyes glaring, his chest heaving, staring down into the chest.

With a shudder, St. Quintin, suddenly awakening to the significance of this action, sprang across the floor to his friend's side and looked into the chest too. It smelt musty, horrible.

But there was nothing in it. The rough sides of the chest were dark and worn, worm-eaten and malodorous. That was all there was to be noted.

Monsieur Leblanc came back across the room very much surprised.

"What is it? You look alarmed? Is it a mouse?"

"No, Monsieur, it doesn't appear to be anything," said St. Quintin, answering for Ince, who seemed unable to speak.

Monsieur Leblanc laughed.

"You are more impressionable even than my wife, Mr. Ince," said he. "She objects to the skeletons of animals. But that is all."

James Ince, instead of replying, merely bent his head in assent and staggered out of the room. St. Quintin, who also felt a strange oppression in the atmosphere of the room, although the large window was wide open at the top, soon followed.

Monsieur Leblanc expressed his regret that he had not had more to show them, and appeared slightly offended at the lack of interest they had taken in his great alleged discovery.

"You must come again and see me at work. That will please you more," he said, as he led them out of the corridor into the hall, and immediately relocked the door behind him. "Let me make an appointment. You took me by surprise today. I will have something to awake your interest, I assure you."

They thanked him and took their leave rather hurriedly, for James Ince seemed still to be in a half-dazed condition, and incapable of much conversation, while St. Quintin was curious about this new show of agitation in a man not easily moved.

It was not until they had gone down the garden and were well in the road, with their faces turned in the direction of the railroad station, that James Ince completely recovered his powers of speech.

In answer to his friend's eager questioning he stammered out at last:

"You saw me open the chest and look inside?"

"Yes, yes, of course."

"I'd seen it before, an hour ago. When I came here alone, I got the footman to hoist me on his shoulders, and I looked into the room through the wire blind."

"Well?"

"I saw the chest, just where it was when we saw it. The lid was shut, but there was a gap where some of the wood near the top had broken or crumbled away."

"Yes, I noticed that."

"Through the gap I saw something—something that was there this morning and not there just now when we went in. It was—or I thought it was—the fingers of a dead man's hand."

(To be Continued.)

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



4224

4224—SOME SMALL KNICKERBOCKER DRAWERS.

Many mothers have come to appreciate the sensibleness of the knickerbocker drawers for small folks and will have no other style worn. Their advantage lies in the lower edge being closed and fastened at the knee. A child tumbles about so much that garments of this kind are not only practical but almost esential and an excellent pattern is shown. The drawers close at the side and are easily full at waist and knee. The medium size calls for one yard of 36-in material.

4224—Sizes, 1, 3, 5, 7 years.

The price of this pattern is 10c.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name .....

Street Address .....

Town .....

Province .....

Measurements: Bust..... Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern) ....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

Address—

PATTERN DEPARTMENT,
LONDON ADVERTISER.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

SHAW SARCASTIC FLAYS CRITICS

Writer Says Some Light Has Been Let Into the Dark Theatrical World.

London, Feb. 3.—George Bernard Shaw has the courage of his convictions, and is not in the least afraid to speak out in meeting. His opinions of London theatrical audiences and the long-haired critics of the London press are not exactly complimentary, and he does not hesitate to air them.

Public attention is just now attracted to Mr. Shaw by the announcement that at the close of the present season at the Savoy the partnership between Messrs. Vedrenne and Granville Barker will be brought to an end. The partnership was formed to exploit Mr. Shaw's plays.

Indifferent as to Plans.

Mr. Shaw says he is in utter ignorance of any plans for the future, and is quite indifferent about them. "Anyway, I am 30 years behind in my plans right now," said he. "The real moral of the lesson that we have learned at the Court and Savoy Theaters under the Vedrenne-Barker regime is that, having shown what can be done, they find that it is not worth their while going on doing it. They have made a little money and a great reputation. The consequence is that their great reputation is now worth a great deal more than a little money.

"Mr. Barker's native land offers him, he says, an opportunity of endowing the British drama with his own time, his own talent, and his own private means at his own risk, with the additional advantage of having his plays suppressed, his character vilified, and his enterprise steadily disparaged and belittled by the press, which is represented in the theaters for the most part by gentlemen who make no secret of the fact that they suffer as acutely from the classical drama as the chairman of an old-fashioned music hall would have suffered from a performance of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony or Bach's Mass in B minor.

"America, on the other hand, offers to build Mr. Barker a magnificent theater, to pay Mr. Barker a magnificent salary, and to place at Mr. Barker's disposal more money for the production of a single play than he had for the production of a dozen at the Court Theater, if he will come over and do for New York what he has done for London.

Has No Argument to Use.

"Mr. Vedrenne can manage for half a dozen people in his spare time, but he has no special taste for ungrateful and relatively unremunerative work, and since his management of the Court and Savoy Theaters gave him an unlimited supply of it, I do not see, fertile as I am in arguments, what I can say to Mr. Vedrenne to induce him to go ahead merely for the sake of the public and my beaux yeaux.

"However, we have succeeded in letting some light into the theatrical world. There was a time when I was considered an offensive madman in the theatrical world because I said that London playgoers, mostly deadheads, were viewed as part of the English people—most utter and hopeless of outsiders. They were and still are irreligious, totally ignorant of politics and so feeble in their power of attention that no actor dared venture on a speech more than twenty words long.

"I said that the way to get the real English public into the theater was to give them plenty of politics, to suffuse politics with religion, and to have as many long speeches as possible. I knew this because I was in the habit of delivering long speeches to British audiences myself. If the Court Theater did nothing else it at least set the Garrick Club wondering whether I could possibly have been right, after all.

"The real novelty at the Court Theater was not politics, religion, long speeches and the plays which the poor critics frankly denounced as no plays, but the presence in the theater of people who were not habitual playgoers, and who actually took it as a matter of course that they should pay for their seats.

Court Theater Was Not Like.

"Mind, I do not wish to substitute a theater like the Court Theater for all other theaters. I think it was most abominable in humanity of the editors of most of our London papers to force their critics to attend a theater in which they suffered so acutely.

"It is not that an endowed theater would necessarily be faultless or even popular. Indeed, the better it was the more it would be like higher mathematics or like theology, a fad of a few eccentric people. But while it was there most of the blackguardly theaters—for there are blackguardly theaters, and always will be as long as we have a censor to give them certificates of propriety—would be less blackguardly, at lease self-respecting.

"London contrived to exist without my plays for a considerable number of years, and there is some reason to hope that it would survive their discontinuance."

Slept Poorly Tired This Morning Health is Failing

It looks as if your nerves were burned out—certainly your blood is thin, and your vitality is slowly ebbing away.

Prostration will shortly stare you in the face unless a powerful reconstructive tonic is taken. Physicians who have watched cases just like yours say no tonic so nourishing, so strengthening, so sure to supply the blood with the elements it lacks, as Ferrozone.

Ferrozone makes the vitality of youth sing in your veins—it circulates health and strength to every corner of the body, imparts that buoyancy and cheer that comes only with perfect health.

Rebuild, revitalize, get strong; Ferrozone provides the means—it destroys morning tiredness by making you sleep, and nothing is more strengthening than sleep.

Life will be worth living, because Ferrozone will give the vim and strength to enjoy life.

Health will be yours—health that's permanent—if you use Ferrozone regularly.

Thousands take Ferrozone every day and profit by it—why not you?

Sold by all dealers in 50c boxes and guaranteed safe for young and old.

DR. PARK DEAD.

Maxwell, Feb. 3.—Dr. Park, an old resident of this township, dropped dead on Sunday morning. He lately had removed to Strongfield, Sask., but was summoned home to attend the funeral of his mother, who died last week. Dr. Park leaves a wife and child.

BERGER LOCATED.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 3.—Fernand Berger, who is wanted by the police authorities on charges of obtaining money by false pretenses, has been located in Boston and steps have been taken to secure his return for trial. Berger is said to have been a wonderful speculative plunger, and to have gone through $25,000 to $30,000.



THE FIRST WHITE SETTLER IN PRINCE ALBERT

45 YEARS SKIN TROUBLE BAFFLED THE DOCTORS

ZAM-BUK SUCCEEDED

Mr. James Isbester, Teacher, Stoney Reserve, Battleford, Sask., claims the honor of being the first White Settler in Prince Albert, and built the first shanty in June, 1862. This was 45 years ago, and all that time he has been suffering from a skin disease which baffled the doctors. He says: "Zam-Buk cured me of a skin disease of 45 years' standing which no doctor had been able to cure. When I heard of Zam-Buk I carefully followed the instructions, and applied Zam-Buk to my hands before going to bed. The next morning to my surprise my hands looked as if there had been nothing the matter with them. I continued the same treatment to my legs, and the end of the week found the same result. I could scarcely believe myself the cure was so rapid. I became so enthusiastic that I began using Zam-Buk on others, always with the same result. I am thoroughly convinced that no salve can be used on sores that will act as quickly and effectively as Zam-Buk, and, therefore, recommend it to everybody, and would not be without it."

Writing at a later date, he says: "I have tried Zam-Buk on many suffering from skin diseases and it has always proved successful. I have even used it on my "Sore-eyed Indians" and it cured every time."

TRIAL BOX FREE

A dainty sample will be sent you if you cut out this coupon and send it with 1c. stamp to The Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

2K1

Zam-Buk Cures cuts, bruises, burns, eczema, ulcers, piles, bad legs, festering sores, ring-worm, swellings, scalp scores, hidden sores on back or joints, pimples, rashes, chafings, chaps, inflamed and irritable patches and all diseases of the skin. Every family needs a box of Zam-Buk.

Zam-Buk

Zam-Buk is sold by all druggists and stores at 50c. a box, or will be sent post-paid on receipt of price by the Zambuk Co., Toronto. 3 boxes for $1.25.



MAGIC BAKING POWDER



THE FAVORITE IN CANADIAN HOMES FOR MANY YEARS.
TRY IT. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

Sold Everywhere in the Dominion by the Best Dealers.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

MADE IN CANADA.

MARRIAGE ANNULMENT

Thaw Family Said To Be Planing the Move.

New York, Feb. 3.—With Harry K. Thaw removed from the shadows of the death chair, those conversant with the Thaw family affairs are tonight predicting more rattling of the family skeletons.

Nothing could better illustrate how far apart are Thaw's relatives than the manner in which they are physically separated tonight. Evelyn is at her Park avenue home, Mrs. William Thaw is at the Hotel Lorraine, Mr. and Mrs. George L. Carnegie are at their country home on Long Island, the Countess of Yarmouth is in London, while Josiah Thaw alone of the family found it expedient to accompany his brother to Matteawan.

It is rumored tonight that possibly the first direct evidence of the family trouble will come in an attempt to annul the marriage of Harry Thaw to Evelyn Nesbit on the grounds that Thaw was insane when the ceremony was performed.

The verdict acquitting Thaw on the ground of insanity is said to offer plenty of ground on which annulment proceedings can be based. All through the trial the defense contended, without touching the present, that Thaw has been insane all his life. Hence, it is said, a marriage contract, executed under those conditions could not be made to stand.

Ever since the second trial began it has been reported that detectives had been employed by Thaw's family to watch Evelyn, her actions being reported to have aggravated the feeling against her.

A STORM VICTIM.

Belleville, Ont., Feb. 3.—Francis Wees, of Consecon, started to cross the bay from Trenton to Price Edward on Friday night last. On Saturday morning one of his horses turned up at home, and a rescuing party found him wrapped in robes under the sleigh in the center of the bay. Being caught in the big storm Wees had turned the horses loose and then lay down wrapping himself up in the robes. He was so badly frozen that doctors say he cannot live.



Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.
General Agents for Canada.

GRAY'S
Syrup of
Red Spruce Gum

Used over 40 years as a Specific for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Never Neglect A Cough

Besides the actual distress you are suffering from a cough, there is always the danger of it developing into something serious. Every case of Consumption started with "just a cough." If that simple cough had been cured, there would have been no consumption. Cure your cough NOW with Gray's Syrup. 25c and 50c a bottle. At all drug stores.

31

Savings

Your savings are the safeguard of your future. You want to place them where there is no chance whatever of losing them. You can do that by depositing them with this Company, or by taking out a Debenture for $100 or more, for one or more years. By law no depositor or debenture holder can lose one dollar of principal or interest while any assets remain to cover his investment. The assets of this Company exceed $11,000,000, so that there is no chance of loss. In fact there is no financial institution in Canada which can offer you more absolute certainty of safety.

Correspondence will be gladly entered into with those interested in banking by mail.

Huron & Erie
Loan & Savings Co., London, Ont.

EVERYWHERE THE FAVORITE.

EDDY'S



EDDY'S

D. McLEAN, Agent, 426 Richmond St.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

Sensational Shoe Selling Commencing, Thursday, Nine o'Clock

$7,500 stock to be cleared in next few weeks. Very slightly damaged by water. Never saw smoke or fire.

The day previous to the following announcement by Pocock Bros., Toronto, appearing in The Advertiser and Free Press, our buyer was on the spot picking out values for Londoners—in fact bought a big block of the stock, and being first there got the nicest and best of it.

Prices less than wholesale cost. Bring along your money and take goods away by the armful, never were such astounding bargains.

SENSATIONAL VALUES

Men's $1 65 Work Shoes. Sale price	$1.18	Women's $1 75 Dongola Bals, patent tips. A wonder at sale price	98c
Men's $2 25 Heavy Sole Work Shoes. Sale price	$1.48	Women's $1 35 Dongola Oxfords. Sale price	88c
Men's $2 25 Heavy Work Shoes. Sale price	$1.58	Women's $1 50 Dongola Oxfords. Sale price	98c
Men's $3 25 Box Calf Bluchers	$2.38	Women's $1 25 Plain Felt Bals. Sale price	68c
Men's $3 50 Box Calf Welts	$2.58	Women's $1 50 Felt Slippers. Sale price	98c
Men's $2 00 Hockey Bals. Sale price	$1.38	Women's $1 00 Dongola Buskins. Sale price	78c
Men's $6 00 Patent Button. Sale price	$3.98	Women's $1 75 Felt Bals. Sale price	$1.28
Men's $4 50 Highland Calf. Sale price	$3.28	Women's $1 75 Strap Slippers. Sale price	$1.18
Men's Leather Slippers	68c	Women's $3 25 Dongola Bluchers (Americans). Sale price	$2.48

Never were such astounding bargains in Good Shoes. Get some and get them early.

Never mind how moderate your circumstances, never mind how rich you are, attend this great sale.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

IMPORTANT SHOE SALE TO THE TRADE

In order to clear out our stock, amounting to $103,000 00, damaged by water in the Hees fire, we have inaugurated a salvage sale, beginning Monday, Jan. 27, and continuing until the goods are disposed of. All new goods in original cases bought for the coming spring trade. The stock is now ready for sale to the trade only. This sale is the largest and most important ever held in the province. Wire or telephone

Pocock Bros., Limited, Wholesale Boots and Shoes

72-74 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

CONDITIONS OF SALE—Goods sold at sale prices will not be exchanged. No goods will be sent on approval or charged. As store fills up from time to time, we will have to lock our doors. But wait your turn. There's enough for everybody.

EVERYBODY SHOULD SAVE—We presume any shoe-dealer in London would gladly buy the whole of this stock from us at prices quoted in this advertisement. But that would not be an advertisement to this store, and we prefer our customers to receive all the benefit.

SENSATIONAL VALUES

Women's $2 Gray Poplin Oxfords. Sale price	98c	Boys' $1 50 Buff Bals. Sale price	98c
Women's $1 75 Hockey Bals. Sale price	$1.08	Boys' $1 60 Box Calf Bluchers. Sale price	$1.08
Women's $1 75 Fancy Slippers. Sale price	98c	Boys' $2 25 Box Calf Bluchers. Sale price	$1.48
Women's $2 00 Box Calf Bals. Sale price	$1.38	Boys' $1 35 Leather Slippers. Sale price	88c
Women's $2 25 Dongola Bluchers. Sale price	$1.38	Boys' $2 00 Chrome Calf Bals. Sale price	$1.58
Women's $3 50 Dongola Bluchers. Sale price	$2.28	Misses' $2 00 Dongola Bluchers. Sale price	$1.28
Women's $3 75 Patent Bluchers. Sale price	$2.48	Misses' $2 25 Dongola Bluchers, Spring heel. Sale price	$1.58
Women's $4 00 Patent Bluchers. Sale price	$2.98	Misses' $2 00 Dongola Bluchers and Bals. Sale price	$1.78
All Infants' Soft Sole Shoes, up to 85c. Sale price	48c	Little Gents' $1 50 Box Calf Bals. and Bluchers. Sale price	$1.18

If you don't want shoes now get a pair ahead. Tell your friends about this great sale. They'll thank you

Money is very scarce and you must study where and how you can get the most for your money.

WAVERLY SHOE HALL. Come from all over the city and country to this great sale.

MATTHEWS & GRANGER

Next Door West of Woods' Fair. All Cars from east stop at door.

FIRE HALL, POWER, HOSPITAL BYLAWS

(Continued From Page One.)

of his way to make such a charge. The aldermen took an oath to do their duty faithfully and honestly, but in this case one alderman had allowed a personal grudge to interfere with his duty. He would not feel slighted if the motion was defeated, as it was not his motion. Ald. Stevenson declared that he had spoken plainly on account of a report in which charges were made against him.

Ald. Saunders declared that he supposed he was the alderman alluded to. He pointed to his record as an alderman. He had never trimmed for votes, as, he said, Ald. Stevenson had done. He was opposed to the change as he did not think it a wise move.

Ald. Armstrong thought that Mr. Pearce should be given a desk-room in Inspector Sanders' office. There was need of more committee room space.

Ald. Stevenson and Ald. Armstrong moved that the clause be referred back to No. 2 committee, but the amendment was lost.

Mr. Nutter Appointed.

The clause of No. 2 committee's report regarding the appointment of Mr. A. E. Nutter as building inspector, caused a little discussion.

Ald. Booth thought it rather peculiar that out of 65 applicants only three had been asked to submit practical work to the department. The appointee—probably a very competent man—had only been a resident of the city for a very short time. There were many residents of London who had been here for many years, and they should be given a chance to show what work they could do. Ald. Booth moved that the clause be referred back to the committee to report on at the nexe meeting of the council.

Ald. Moorhead seconded the motion. He was in favor of a practical man, and a resident of London. Surely there was among the applicants a qualified man, a resident of this city.

Ald. Greenlees declared that City Engineer Graydon had recommended the man, and that was sufficient for him. He preferred that to the opinion of any man about the council board. The members of No. 2 committee had gone into the matter thoroughly, and he would back them up.

Ald. Beattie also supported the appointment. If the recommendation of City Engineer Graydon were not followed, the situation would be much more difficult. He pointed out that the appointment did not commit the council seriously, as Mr. Nutter was appointed only for two months, the last clause making him perform the work of the board of education, hospital trust and other boards. He would support the motion.

Ald. Ferguson wanted a practical man. It was easy to get a man to draw beautiful plans, but when there were buildings to be inspected, a practical man should be in charge. Did No. 2 committee investigate the matter thoroughly? Did the members know whether this man knew the carrying capacity of building material in this country? These questions he had asked himself, and he would support the amendment and send the matter back to No. 2 committee for consideration.

Ald. Stevenson thought the appointment was a good one. He considered that the man was fully qualified, and his recommendations were sufficient. Ald. Stevenson congratulated No. 2 committee on meeting the question so well, and he would support it willingly. The only criticism he would offer would be that the salary be left in abeyance, so that more money be paid him if he was worth it.

The clause was adopted appointing Mr. Nutter building inspector, on the following division:

Yeas—Ald. Gerry, Stewart, Rose, Saunders, Armstrong, Greenlees, Stevenson and Beattie.

Nays—Ald. Booth, Moorhead, and Ferguson.

The Hospital Conference.

Ald. Stewart, chairman of the hospital building committee, reported that the county council had appointed a special committee to confer with his committee, and that the county council will seek special legislation regarding its grant. A joint meeting would be held shortly.

The Trunk Sewer.

Ald. Beattie moved, seconded by Ald. Ferguson, that the city solicitor be instructed to take the necessary steps to procure legislation to permit of the course of the trunk sewer being changed so as to run north on Rectory street, from Nelson street to Simcoe street, and east on the Hamilton road from Rectory street to Anderson avenue, instead of south on Rectory street from Nelson street, to Trafalgar street, and east on Trafalgar street to city limits, as at first proposed, and to allow of the proceeds of the sale of the debentures issued for trunk sewer purposes being used for the purpose of making such change The motion carried.

City Solicitor Meredith gave his opinion that special legislation would be necessary, in order to spend the residue of the $60,000 set apart for the construction of trunk sewers, and in accordance with that opinion special legislation will be secured.

The Abattoir Problem.

Ald. Booth and Ald. Greenlees moved that as the city has the privilege of providing for and maintaining a public slaughterhouse or abattoir for the killing of all meats consumed in the city to be done under inspection, that the council petition the Government to amend the municipal act in respect to this city, that they may transfer the privileges vested in them to a private enterprise, providing the city do not care to build one. The motion was carried without discussion.

Heating the Fire Hall.

City Engineer Graydon reported that there was need of increase in heating facilities for the Central fire station. The Helena Costume Company would heat the hall for $250, and it now costs $300. Mr. Graydon thought that the apparatus, coils, etc., were inadequate and would of necessity have to be increased. He intimated that the cost would be about $900. He advised the council to accept the offer of the Helena Costume Company.

Ald. Greenlees moved that the improved facilities be installed, and that a contract for heating be made with the Helena Costume Company for a period of five years. He pointed out that there was only 800 yards of radiation, while there was need of 1,800. It was seconded by Ald. Booth.

Ald. Beattie moved that the clause be laid over until the estimates were prepared. He pointed out that it was necessary to keep down the tax rate, and, in view of the large expenditure this year, it would be better to let it stand for the time being. The amendment was seconded by Ald. Saunders, and was carried.

The committee reports were adopted without change, except as noted above.

Want a Grant.

The Victorian Order of Nurses applied for a grant. No. 1.

Dr. Moorhouse and Mrs. H. A. Boomer appeared before the council regarding the work of the Victorian Order of Nurses. Dr. Moorhouse spoke on behalf of the project, and dealt at length with the work done. The nurse employed visited homes of the poor, assisted in nursing the sick, and taught hygiene and laws of health to the poorer classes. The Victorian Order did not compete with trained nurses. The Victorian Order's nurse only treated cases which could not afford to pay for such care. During the past two years, the nurse has been doing splendid work in the city, and her time has been fully occupied in this work. Dr. Moorhouse declared that after two years, he was convinced that the work was highly satisfactory.

Mrs. Boomer also spoke on behalf of the Victorian Order, and the matter was referred to No. 1 committee to be dealt with.

Minor Business.

Joseph W. Holliday, secretary of the Trades and Labor Council, requested that the council use the union label on all printing. No. 1.

The Trades and Labor Council asked that a plumbing inspector be appointed. No. 1.

Mr. R. A. Mitchell, of the East End Baseball League, asked for use of Queen's Park this summer. No. 2.

The Shamrock Club applied for use of city hall on Feb. 14. Granted.

The Barbers' Union asked for the free use of city hall for ball on Feb. 10. Granted.

John Putherbough called the attention of the council to the fact that the sidewalk on South Wellington street was not completed, and would be impassable in the spring. No. 2.

The W. C. Association applied for usual grant. No. 1.

Mr. D. A. McDermid, secretary of the London Temperance League, called the attention of the council to immoral posters, and asked for bylaw to be amended. No. 1.

Alfred Benbow and others petitioned for a cement walk on West Southgate street, between Emery street and Windsor avenue. No. 2.

The London Home for Convalescents applied for usual grant. No. 1.

The R. C. R. applied for use of city hall to hold Paardeburg ball on Feb. 27. Granted.

The Union of Canadian Municipalities applied for usual grant of $120. No. 1.

The Hospital for Consumptives, fire halls, Niagara power, and several other bylaws were given their third readings and passed.

Those present were Mayor Stevely, Ald. Beattie, Ferguson, Greenlees, Armstrong, Moorhead, Booth, Saunders, Rose, Stewart, Gerry, Stevenson and City Clerk Baker.

ADVERTISEMENT CONTEST

Prize Won by Mr. R. J. Donaghy, With T. A. Rowat & Co.

Last week's issue of the Canadian Grocer contained a report of the result of the advertising competition, which was held by that trade paper. Mr. R. J. Donaghy, of Messrs. T. A. Rowat & Co., was the winner of the first prize, with an advertisement that appeared in The Advertiser of Friday Dec. 20. This is not the only prize captured by Mr. Donaghy. His advertisements have won him such honors in other competitions. The following is clipped from the Grocer, which also entained a reduced facsimile of The Advertiser advertisement:

"The Grocer's Christmas advertisement contest was a new departure. Such a thing had never been tried before. It was rather doubtful as to how the matter would be received by the grocers of Canada. But the result has been very gratifying.

"For some years this paper has carried on a regular page devoted to advertising, urging grocers to advertise in their local papers, showing them how to write their ads, what form to put them in, and what kind of matter was most effective. This has been done because we are firmly convinced and examples seem to bear out our conviction, that advertising that is real good advertising, intelligently planned and put together, is one of the surest avenues to success in the grocery business.

"We were anxious to find out what effect this campaign was having, whether it was helping our subscribers, whether they appreciated it, and so arranged this competition. Considering that it was a new departure, and that it was inaugurated, seemingly necessarily, at the busiest time of the year, the response was very encouraging and shows that the members of the trade are awaking up to a realization of the importance of this department of their business.

"To pick out the best ad. from a large number of advertisements of different size, form, typographical arrangement and style of wording was no easy task.

"While there are a number of rules and principles which govern the writing and arranging of good advertising, the matter of its excellence must depend, to a greater or less extent, on individual opinion. After careful consideration, the prize was awarded to an advertisement submitted by T. A. Rowat & Co., 234 Dundas street, London, which appeared in the London Advertiser's issue of Dec. 20, 1907. This ad. was written by R. J. Donaghy, the firm's advertising manager, and is reproduced herewith.

"While the original ad. was somewhat larger than the reproduction shown here, being 12x4½ inches, to be exact, this gives a very good idea of it. In several points this ad. follows the ideas which have been extended in our advertising department regularly. It is an ad. which would attract people, would make them come into the store, and examine the things talked about. First, the brief introduction emphasizes four points, namely, large Christmas stock, reliable goods, clean stores and assurance of attention to customers. And these are well brought out. Look next at the "talk," which goes along with most of the items quoted. For instance, 'the sweetest, juiciest oranges,' 'choice, ripe bananas,' 'pink tinted malaga grapes, (large and sweet)' 'holly with plenty of red berries,' 'crisp, tender celery,' 'nicely fatted and properly dressed birds.' Wouldn't some of those little descriptive items bring up pictures which would make a customer's mouth water involuntarily? This is the kind of talk we believe that interests people and makes them go down in their pockets.

"Look, too, at the way the ad, is balanced. Those single columns of prices were marked out to be just long enough to even up nicely and the double column lines in between take away the stretchy effect.

"Mr. Donaghy has a lot to thank the printer for in this ad., for, as far as was possible with the multitude of items crowded in the space, and this is the one criticism we would offer—too much in it—the compositor has done mighty good work.

"Altogether, this ad. of Mr. Donaghy's, both in regard to writing and the composition, appeal to us as one of the best grocery advertisements we have seen in some time."

ONE COURT OF APPEAL

New Departure Is Suggested by D. B. MacLennan, K.C., of Cornwall.

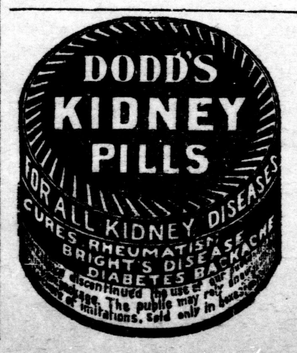
Toronto, Feb. 3. — D. B. MacLennan, K. C., of Cornwall, at the Canadian Club luncheon, favored a reduction of appeals in Ontario, and suggested the abolition of appeals to the supreme court and the privy council.

The speaker pointed out the fact that there are five stages of litigation in the Province. There is the trial, two appeals in the Province, and two appeals beyond the Province.

Mr. Maclennan purposes that there be only one court of appeal in the Province, with a sitting of six judges, and that the sittings should be continuous so far as the business of the appellate court renders that necessary.

The objection of going beyond the Province, he said, was the difference of environment, and also the composition of the court of appeal, being two Ontario judges, two Quebec judges and two judges from other parts of the Dominion.

A Paris newspaper takes advantage of the wane of the American tourist season to say: "If any member of the commission du vieux, Paris, which superintendended the exhumations from the old cemetery, is asked what he thinks about the alleged body of Paul Jones, you will see him roar with laughter."



Nerves Wrong, Everything Wrong

Sleeplessness.
Sick headaches.
Nervous indigestion.
Neuralgic and sciatic pains.
Weakness of bodily organs.
Nervousness and irritability.
Tendency to worry and anxiety.
Sensitiveness to light and sound.
Discouragement, despondency and dread of the future.

These tell of exhausted nerves and point to the approach of prostration, paralysis or locomotor ataxia. It is so easy to neglect diseases of the nerves, but they never right themselves. The system must be strengthened, built up and revitalized by such treatment as Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, the greatest of nerve restoratives, 50 cents, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Ask your druggist for Dr. Chase's 1908 Almanac.

Mrs. G. W. Powers, 50 Terrace Hill, Brantford, Ont., states:—

"When I began the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I was suffering almost constantly from nervous headache and could hardly get a night's rest. I frequently felt tired and languid and my nerves were very unsteady. By the time that I had used three boxes of this medicine the headaches were entirely gone, I could sleep without any difficulty, my nervous system was strengthened and I felt one hundred per cent better."

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

WHITE STAR LINE.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York and Boston—Mediterranean.
LEYLAND LINE.
Boston—Liverpool Direct.
E. DE LA HOOKE, SOLE AGENT.
AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
New York—London Direct.
DOMINION LINE.
Royal Mail Steamers.
Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool (Summer).
Portland—Liverpool Direct (Winter).
RED STAR LINE.
New York—Antwerp—Paris.
E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, Agents.

WABASH

has now on sale daily until April 30th, winter tourist tickets at very low rates, to Texas, Old Mexico, California and other south and southwestern points. The Wabash is the great through car line between the east and the west. For rates, timetables and other printed matter, apply to any Wabash Agent, or address J. A. Richardson, District Passenger Agent, 63 Yonge Street, Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Finest Trains between **Montreal and Chicago**

Day and night each way all year round.
Best of equipment; short line and fast time.
Toronto as a midway point enjoys splendid train service to both Montreal and Chicago.
Through sleepers nightly; good connections from all branch lines.
Full information at London offices; W. Fulton, 161 Dundas St., J. Houston, C.P.R. Station, or write C. B. Foster, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

$3.40 To TORONTO and Return

ACCOUNT OF

Ontario Horse Breeders' Exhibition

Tickets good going Feb. 11 and 12, valid returning until Feb. 15, 1908.
Equally low rates from all stations in Ontario.
Secure tickets from any Grand Trunk agent. E. DE LA HOOKE, city agent; E. RUSE, depot agent. Ocean steamship tickets on sale.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, $3. Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

Woman's average life is fourty-four years, and man's fourty-one.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*3:50 a.m., 10:56 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:23 a.m., *6:25 p.m., *7:48 p.m., 10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m., *3:15 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:13 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., *6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:20 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9 a.m., *11:23 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 7:30 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations.

Depart for the west—*3:25 a.m., *3:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:05 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:40 p.m. trains stop at all stations.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:40 a.m., *4 p.m., *6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer), 11 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:27 a.m., 2:20 p.m., *7:55 p.m. (International Limited).

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:15 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 11:10 p.m.

Depart—6:10 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:40 a.m., *6:50 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m., 17:35 p.m.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:15 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m., 10:30 p.m.

*To and from Walkerville, without change. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley. ! Between London and St Thomas only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive—From the east *11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., *11 p.m. From the west—*4:30 a.m., **8:20 a.m., *5:20 p.m.

Depart—For the east—*4:40 a.m., 8:43 a.m., *5:28 p.m. For the west—*11:38 a.m., ***8:10 p.m. *11:10 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday. **From Chatham only. ***Runs only to Chatham.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Royal Mail Trains From Montreal To Halifax
connecting with
Royal Mail Steamers From Halifax to Liverpool
CANADA'S FAMOUS TRAIN
THE MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal Fridays at 12:00 (noon) carries passengers, baggage and European mails, reaching the steamer's deck at Halifax the following Saturday afternoon.

Special trains carrying passengers, baggage and mails, when inward steamers do not connect with the Maritime Express, leave Halifax immediately after the arrival of the steamer, making connections for Ottawa, Toronto, Detroit and points west.

For tickets and further information, apply to nearest Grand Trunk Ticket Agent, or to Toronto Ticket Office, 51 King street east.

Telegraph operating is a favorite pursuit for women in England.



The Sporting World

Hockey, Basketball, Curling, Bowling.



Hermits and Waterloos Winners In Last Night's City League Games

Desperate Slap-Bang Contests, But Some Improvement in Quality.

There was a little improvement in the quality of hockey (?) which was passed out before the public at the Princess Ice Palace during the City League games last night. And still some of it was cruel and decidedly of that desperate shinny-on-your-own-side, zip, bang variety. All that was wanting was the rube band and an unenlightened Stanley Cup player would have screamed with merriment or bubbled over with laughter, under the illusion that he was the fortunate witness of a real burlesque. There was some hockey though, but that was the fault of a few and not the doing of the mass.

The first game, Western University vs. Hermits, was won by the Hermits. Score, 4 to 2.

The second game was all Waterloo, at 5 to 0.

Long ere time for opening the portals of the ice palace, citizens, young and old were not lined up in front of the one-eyed ticket department, and out on Queen's avenue, crowding, crushing and struggling—a perfect living sea—back to Wellington street. No, traffic did not have to be suspended on the streets bordering the rink last night. By the time the games started, all was loneliness and silence about the great broad hallway leading to the arena of atrocities.

Three There Anyway.

Presently a man and a woman came around the corner nearby and rushed eagerly toward the rink. That was 50 cents. Then another—a small boy came. And a little girl bought a ticket.

When referee Jack Brown tinkled his little bell there were at least twenty people crowded and squeezed into that rink. Why, there was one face sticking out between each of the pillars.

The Girst Game.

The first game, between the Hermits and the Western University, was not a bad exhibition, and was free from roughness, for a City League match. First shot out of the box, two of the players were sent to the reformatory chairs for five minutes each. Then another followed, and after that there was a little combination of hockey. Hockey, only in spots, though, for hogging the rubber, beating it aimlessly, and loafing offside, were continual, while kicking the puck has become quite a science in the City League.

No sooner had the play commenced than a set of teeth rattled somewhere among the vast throng of spectators along the east side of the rink; then a baritone voice called out, "Eat him alive, Jerry." Other such shouts and battle-cries arose from the same locality, and the hue and cry was taken up all over the rink. Such malicious encouragement as "Slash him," "Trip him up," "Cut into him," and others equally childish, were shouted from all sides, and Referee Brown soon had his hands full, for the players in the City League all pay more attention to the battle-cries from the bleachers than they do to the referee. Another five-minute penaty settled the matter, though.

Some Good 'Varsity Men.

H. Wagner, Munroe, Pugh and McGuffin played fairly good hockey for the university colors. Pugh was strong on rushes, while Wagner checked back well.

Dixon and McArthur, of the Hermits, were in the game, and played with a little science. Livingstone, at point for that team, was also good and did some clever rush stunts. Reynolds, in goal, was very much there, and he stopped many good ones. Fetterly, who played coverpoint for the Hermits, checked well, and was a good skater, but seemed to have little skill as a stick-handler. He apparently could shoot with great strength, but could not control his shots, as they time and again went wide of the mark. Youngs, for the Hermits, could handle a stick well, and skates a little faster than he did at the first of the season, but he "hogs" the puck, very seldom passing, and, being a very poor shot—seldom able to get the puck off the ice—his individualism spoils any strength he might be to a team.

Weak on Shooting.

There seems to be a tendency on the part of a lot of the City League players to wait till they get a chance to come almost to a standstill before they even attempt to shoot; consequently, when a man is checking back after them they are chased right into a corner, when they should have scored. Invariably the wing men forget to pass to center about the time the coverpoint tackles them, and are chased down into the corner, where they indulge in a little useless struggle, which makes a poor exhibition.

Other players skate around the ice with their sticks high in the air, and this always hinders them from intercepting a pass, and besides is dangerous.

Few of the younger players in the league seem to understand that the moment a man is between the puck and the other team's goal, he is offside, and that to stay there is loafing off-side. The place for a player to perform is between the puck and his own goal.

If Referee Brown had attempted to stop the play every time that a player was caught kicking, there would have been no hockey at all. He, however, did all that could be expected for the first night, when he elimnated to a great extent the slashing and tripping.

Waterloos Were Best.

As a team the Waterloos play the best game in the league. They have some idea of combination, and have good shots on their line. They play with the most science. J. Orr, their right wing man; Hayward, their left wing man, and Dave Bole, are their best forwards. The new man, Bernhart, plays a fair game, but he is no "whirlwind," and not in it for a minute with the first named three.

On the St. Johns team the forward line was the whole strength, and Legg and Prodgers were the fastest. The Woolley boys also played well. It was poor defense work which lost the game for St. Johns. Parkinson in goal, who is quite too young for City League, played a good game, but lacks the experience. He is a comer, though.

Nichols, on cover, and McColl, on point, played hard but only in the first half were effectual. McColl played a little better back by the nets as he did not have so much skating to do. Skating and stick-handling are his weak points.

Nichols is a worker and checks well, but does not get the puck out quickly enough.

The scoring for the Waterloos was done by Bole, Orr, Hayward and Bernhart, and for the Hermits by McArthur, Youngs and Nixon.

The University goals were the work of Munroe and H. Wagner.

St. Johns.		Waterloos.
Parkinson	Goal	R. Orr
J. McColl	Point	Marshall
Nichols	Cover Point	Knott
Prodgers	Right wing	J. Orr
B. Woolley	Center	Bole
Legg	Rover	Bernhart
T. Woolley	Left wing	Hayward

The following was the personnel of the teams:

University.		Hermits.
Eichenberger	Goal	Reynolds
McGuffin	Point	Livingstone
Munroe	Cover	Fetterly
Collins	Right wing	Youngs
W. Wagner	Center	McArthur
H. Wagner	Rover	Nixon
Pugh	Left wing	Arthurs

Jack Brown officiated satisfactorily as referee.

SPORTING GOSSIP

BY SOUTHPAW

IN THE EARLY PART OF LAST SUMMER the peaceful citizens of this thriving city were startled (?) by hearing an unearthly yell of defiance emanating from the Free Free alleged ball tossers.

The result of the series which was played is now ancient history. The 'Tiser champs simply played rings around their opponents.

"We may not be able to heave the pesky pellet," came next, "but we are surely the best in the grab-bag at trundling."

Again the 'Tiser stars landed on top of the fame heap.

This morning the following war whoop was sent forth from the oft-defeated, but apparently (as yet) untamed denizens of the opposition sheet:

Advance Notice—Downfall of the 'Tisers Friday at the Simcoe rink. Grand scenic production rivaling the realism of the Frog Lake massacre, put on by a thoroughly competent company, passive and aggressive, led by Charles Cox and Gunner Moyer. One night only.

By way of reply, we would only ask, "Will history repeat itself?" And the answer is "Yes."

* * *

WHILE EVERY HOCKEY FAN IN LONDON is looking forward to an opportunity of witnessing the local O. H. A. team battling for the intermediate championship, the fact must not be lost sight of that Ingersoll is still very much in the ring, and should it defeat the homebrews tomorrow night, and win all three remaining contests, it would be tied for first place.

Ingersoll has yet to play four games, including the one tomorrow night here. The remaining three will be with Woodstock, and two with Brantford.

One of the latter contests will take place at Ingersoll, and the other doubtless on neutral ice. Woodstock, judging by its work last night, when it trimmed the hardy Parisians by 3 to 2, should prove a stumbling block to Ingersoll's hopes, and local players are of the opinion that the Baby City bunch will come under the wire winners.

* * *

OWING TO THE ARRANGEMENT REGARDING THE SALE OF TICKETS at Gillean's jewelry store, and the opening of the doors at 7 p.m., instead of 7:30, there should be no crowding at the Princess Palace tomorrow evening. Those who desire to procure a seat in the balcony can do so at a cost of 25 cents extra.

Baseball at the Armories

F and G Companies of the Seventh Regiment were victors in last night's baseball battles at the Armories over A and E companies by scores of 14 to 9, and 15 to 10.

The lineup:

F Company 14, A Company 9.

A Company.		F Company.
Walker	Catcher	Roberts
Langley	Pitcher	Howell
Nicholls	First Base	Russell
Leggo	Second Base	Plummage
Sheridan	Third Base	Williams
Tait	Right Short	Norman
Westland	Left Short	Boyd
Smith	Right Field	Flitten
Campbell	Left Field	Archer

Score by innings:

A Company	3	0	0	0	3	3	0	—	9
F Company	4	5	0	0	0	0	5	—	14

G Company 15, E Company 10.

E Company		G Company
Hunt	Catcher	Tambling
Insell	Pitcher	Tate
Shirley	First Base	Crouder
Brown	Second Base	Manning
Gould	Third Base	Borden
Bending	Right Short	Ware
Dobson	Left Short	Smith
Folkes	Right Feld	Kingsmill
Marshall	Left Field	Fitzgerald

Score by innings:

E Company	0	0	0	4	1	1	4	—	10
G Company	3	2	4	0	0	2	4	—	15

Umpires—Jeffries and Jeffries.

FAST PRACTICE ON THE NATIONAL

The National Bowling Alley trundlers have been doing some great work recently in practice for the Toronto tournament this month.

West is well up in the practice series, with an average of 189 for 30 games.

	Average.	Games.
West	189	30
Primeau	179	30
Bell	178	30
A. Sheere	174	30
C. Sheere	171	30
B. W. Glover	165	27

League game practice—

West	182	190	169—	541
Primeau	166	189	170—	525
Glover	165	172	197—	534
C. Sheere	185	185	154—	524
A. Sheere	170	183	179—	538

TWO OF THREE FOR WARD THREE LIBERAL CLUB ALLEY SCORES

Ward 3, handled by Capt. James Murray, won two out of three games from Capt. Oliver's ward 2 trundlers, but the games were close, especially the last two, which came Murray's way only after a hard struggle. Ward 2 were high on pins, but short on games.

Mr. W. Worrall had one real candy game last evening, and when the game was over he was king-bee for one session. It was in the second session, when he pulled off his good one, making 207 by nice bowling. He did not roll very high before or after. Scott was the best bowler of the night, as he bowled three good games, getting 515 for high aggregate. The worst bowler yet unearthed was Doc Sippi, who gave a marvelous exhibition of how not to bowl. The only way he will get a score will be to bribe the pin-boys to shove them over. Maybe he was not bad. It is openly charged that he lost the game. Hec Perrin did not like to see Sippi so bad, and have no company, so he rolled almost as bad, so that the president would not feel lonesome. When Hec wants to be bad—well, he's bad. The others rolled like real good rollers. McMurphy got one good score—about his limit. Brock rolled his usual. Stone was very good, and Capt. Jimmy was there when wanted. Wilson and Oliver bowled well. The score:

Ward Two.

Stone	142	174	168—	484
Worrall	138	207	136—	481
Sippi	107	102	122—	331
McMurphy	195	121	152—	468
Capt. Oliver	140	170	156—	466
Totals	722	774	734—	2230

Ward Three.

Brock	148	143	117—	408
Capt. Murray	131	160	171—	462
Scott	147	188	180—	515
Perrin	139	128	117—	384
Wilson	132	161	166—	459
Totals	697	780	751—	2228

Review of O. H. A. Hockey Situation London One of Probable Winners Junior Series Is Well Advanced

Timely Gossip of the Puck-chasers in the Ontario Series.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—The O. H. A. senior situation shows no change. St. Georges lead the first district by a nice margin, and if Parkdale should beat Kingston here on Saturday night, which is unlikely, the Saints would have no opposition for the group championship. However, the soldiers are pretty sure of winning here, and will give the St. George's a great fight on Kingston ice, and will probably tie up the district.

In group No. 2 it looks like Stratford again, but the Toronto A. A. C. has a chance to beat the champions by winning their remaining games. They play Berlin here on Wednesday night, and if they win this game they will have a chance in the home-and home games with Stratford. However, it looks like Stratford for the district.

The group championships have been decided in most of the intermediate groups. The undefeated Lindsay team will hook up with the Forty-First Regiment team of Brockville in the second round, in home-and-home games. Tonight's game here will either settle group No. 3 or make it a tie between Port Perry and Uxbridge. In group No. 4 Simcoe looks like the winner, but they will have to win tonight at Niagara Falls to land the honors.

London Lost But One.

London lost its first game of the season on home ice, but has not lost a game since. Seaforth and Preston, division winners, will play off this week. Group No. 6, Midland and Sudbury, are scheduled to play a sudden death game at North Bay on Friday. In group 11 Grimsby have a chance with St. Catharines if they can win at Beamsville tomorrow, and at St. Catharines on Wednesday. If St. Catharines holds present leadership, as at present, they will play in Hamilton on Friday, and Hamilton will go back to St. Catharines next Monday.

The juniors are well advanced. Kingston St. George's, the winners of group No. 1, will play home-and-home games with the winner of the sudden-death game at Belleville, Wednesday night between Picton and Port Hope. St. Michael's and Parkdale will fight it out for the district championship on Thursday night. Eurekas have a long lead in their group. Stratford and the winner of Paris and Brantford will play off at Stratford Thursday and back in the winner's town on Monday.

The winner of the Gravenhurst and Barrie home and home games will play the winner of the Midland-Victoria Harbor series.

St. Kitts' Good Rink.

Down in that country of cigar-box rinks, the Niagara Peninsula, a real rink has turned up at last. St. Catharines played and won its first home game on a rink that is both longer and wider than Mutual street rink. The new rink is in the roller rink. The Beamsville, Grimsby, Welland, Niagara Falls and Port Colborne rinks down that way are all little, low, narrow places.

Another Flood Incident.

Tim Flood was sent to jail for fifteen days for less than what "Cap" McDonald did to "Newsy" Lalonde at the pro. hockey match at the Mutual street rink on Saturday night. A player was killed in Cornwall in the same manner last winter, and it's providential that Lalonde did not meet with the same fate as his old team-mate McCourt did in the Factory Town tragedy. McDonald was harassed, no doubt, by stories circulated as to the treatment that was to be meted out to him by the local professionals in return for rowdyism at Brantford, and was provoked by Lalonde, who slashed him several times during the game, but there was no justification for his savage attack on the Toronto man, and it's a lucky thing for him now that he has his liberty. Rowdies like McDonald have no place in hockey, even in the professional crowd, and the sooner an example is made of one of them the better for the game. These sort of things may go in the Copper Country, where they see no other kind of hockey, but decent sport in this country demands that this kind of cattle be kept where it belongs. An assault of the kind mentioned outside of the rink would land the offender in jail, and there should be no exception made merely because the rowdy happened to be participating in a game of hockey. Law and order are supposed to be observed in the rink, as well as elsewhere, and some action might well be taken by the authorities.

In the meantime the offender should be immediately banished from the league. That is the least that can be done.

Starter Chris Fitzgerald "Man Behind the Gun"

Once an Operator, Now Most Dominant Figure in the Racing World.

The Globe and Commercial Advertiser of Wednesday last had the following article, with a half-page cartoon, illustrating Mr. Fitzgerald in different attitudes and phases of life:

Christopher J. Fitzgerald, the "Man Behind the Gun" at the Brighton Beach track, as well as the man upon whom a great deal of press work in behalf of the racing industry of this state has devolved, was once a telegraph operator for a Philadelphia paper, and that not so very long ago. In that capacity he was called upon to send over the wires to his paper the best reports of the racing which at that time could be secured, and it was in the pursuit of that duty that "Fitz" imbibed his love for the sport, though it cannot be denied that as a lad he was very fond of horses.

His father was a practicing "vet," and naturally the son imbibed his knowledge of the horse by contact with the parent. As a reporter for the Sun in the days twenty years ago, succeeding William Young, who had replaced "Toppy" McGuire, Mr. Fitzgerald added luster to the bright pages of that journal. He became acquainted with the leaders of the turf, and when an opening came he was appointed clerk of the scales at tracks under the board of control. From that to patrol judge was an easy step, and when it became evident that James F. Caldwell and James Rowe were no longer available as starters, "Fitz" was given a chance.

This was after he had fairly earned the appointment, following his experimental season at Toronto, by several years' service at New Orleans, where he has often said that the loyalty of Charles Bush, the so-called "Sitting Bull," strengthened his hands. In his second season he had become firmly established in the Crescent City. It was no easy task to give satisfaction there, because the friends of disciplined jockeys were constantly seeking the ears of the ruling official in behalf of their proteges.

Many Handicaps.

Neither was it easy to succeed on the New York tracks, and "Fitz's" friends readily recalled that eventful day at Gravesend, Tuesday, Sept. 13, 1898, when the patience of the public was fairly worn out because of the long delay at the post for the Junior Championship Stakes, eventually won by Armament, which after a delay of one hour and thirty minutes at the post always held his own and won.

It was this fiasco that prompted Fitz to offer his resignation to the Brooklyn Jockey Club stewards, but they declined to take the starter at his word, realizing that the long delay had generated in him an unusual state of excitement, and he remained at his post. This was before the conservative jockey club had adopted the barrier.

Those who think that the starter or any other conscientious official earns his salary easily should listen to some of Fitz's experiences. At the time when John Bullman was at his best as a 2-year-old rider he boasted to some friends that he always knew when Fitz was about to release the barrier because he watched his knees as they were about to bend, and in this way he anticipated the start. Fitz heard of Bullman's boast, and set a trap for him. He bent his knees, as usual, but did not release the barrier. Bullman sent his mount headlong through the barrier, and for this earned and received suspension.

Perseverance and the strong moral support of many of the chief men of racing help to make Fitz's position as starter so firm that it was with general regret that the public heard that he was about to give up the arduous work for something easier. He had been earning about $15,000 a year as starter at both New York in the spring, summer and fall, and New Orleans in the winter. He relinquished this for a position as general manager of William A. Engeman's racing enterprise at Brighton Beach, and as general counselor in large transactions aside from racing, at a reported salary of $10,000. The following year Fitz was made president of the course, and such he bids fair to remain so long as Brighton is a racetrack, or William Engeman remains its chief owner.

Had Serious Illness.

About five years ago Fitz was taken ill from a sudden sickness, which developed into typhoid fever. It was during the Saratoga meeting, and the late Wm. C. Whitney took the trouble to send the sick man to his home in Brooklyn, in his own private car. There he languished for months. At this time he was almost at death's door, but he recovered and he attributed it to the fervent prayers of his wife.

Many little enmities engendered in the course of a long life on the turf were reviewed by the sick man, and he said that if he recovered he would let none of them ever again interfere with his naturally good-tempered character. H ewas willing to forgive all his enemies and he asked their forgiveness.

In his capacity as steward at Brighton Beach and elsewhere, Fitz says he has undoubtedly made enemies more than as a starter. But for the ill-will of such people as he has had on the carpet, he says he cares not. His popularity with the press was shown recently, when forty newspapermen, representing every one of the daily and many of the weekly papers, accepted an invitation to take breakfast with him.

"We ought to have more of these informal affairs," he said, "the sole object of which is to meet in social and friendly intercourse, and thus brighten up to some extent the gloom of the winter, with no racing going on."

Invested in a boot and shoe manufacturing plant in London, Ont., Fitz has much of his earnings of the past twelve years. No one envies him his success, and his example may do much to inspire others to follow it.

National Cigar Stand

SATURDAY SPECIALS

All Three-for-a-Quarter Cigars Will Be Sold, Saturday Only, FOUR FOR A QUARTER

BOWLING AND BILLIARD PARLORS IN CONNECTION.

197-199 Dundas Street

MIKE FOLEY, MANAGER.

wty



Only Automatic Pin-Setters

IN THE CITY

MATCH GAMES

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. You are welcome.

The Ideal Bowling & Billiard Parlors

195 KING ST.

LAST NIGHT'S HOCKEY SCORES

O. H. A.

Intermediate.

First name indicates place of game.

Woodstock 3, Paris 2.

Junior.

Victoria Harbor 2, Midland 5.

Paris 5, Brantford 4.

Intercollegiate.

Intermediate.

Kingston Cadets II. 9, Queens III. 5.

Independent.

Hagersville 2, Cayuga 6.

Waterford 4, Cayuga 5.

U. S. ATHLETES WILL FARE WELL

Olympic Team Will Not Lack for Funds on Trip To England.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—No matter how others may think, James E. Sullivan, president of the A. A. U., does not believe the Halpin controversy will have such an effect that any special efforts will have to be made to gather together the funds wherewith to defray the expenses of the American team to the Olympic games at London next summer.

$50,000 Is All.

The American Olympic Committee has figured that about $50,000 will be needed. Toward this Mr. Sullivan expects the try-outs at Franklin Field, Philadelphia, in June, to get about $5,000. The games at Chicago should be worth about as much, while the San Francisco meet might be expected to contribute $3,500. If these figures are realized there is rather more than one-quarter of the total from these three alone.

N. Y. A. C. Paves the Way.

The New York Athletic Club has set the other athletic clubs of the country an example by opening its purse, which will be speedily followed. The Irish-Americans, despite the fact that it was there most of the trouble originated, can be counted upon to do the proper thing, as can the Pastimes. The Chicago Athletic Association has announced its intention of joining in the good work, and so have others all over the country.

The University of Michigan has offered to pay all the expenses of any Wolverines who may be expected to wear the shield, and when the time comes more will do the same, and then there is always the A. A. U. itself to fall back upon.

LONGBOAT REPEATS LONDON TRICK

Toronto, Feb. 4. — Tom Longboat, who is scheduled to run a ten-mile exhibition at Boston at an amateur meet on Feb. 13, has disappeared. He left last Thursday, and the I. A. C. don't know where he is.

"He always does this before a big race," remarked Tom C. Flanagan. "Every race this summer has found him away, the deuce knows where. When he comes back he says nothing, but is always ready for his race. I think he goes back into the reserve and feeds on some Indian running dope. Tim O'Rourke says he goes back to get a stomach full of Indian meal."

Claude Pearce, W. F. Cumming, and Percy Sellen will pace the Indian, who will go out against Alf. Shrubb's time made on the same track. Shrubb's time was 51 something, but it was found that he ran 10 laps short in the 10 miles.

Pearce is in good shape and Cumming and Sellen are getting ready for the go.

HOGTOWN HANDED A HOT ROAST

Speaking of the "con" talk of certain Toronto papers The Brockville Recorder has the following to say:

"The Toronto and Ottawa papers display about as large a mixture of gall and nerve as it is possible to conceive in writing of sporting matters. They hand out long essays on the sins of the other fellow, but fail to recognize the epigram that people whose houses are of glass should not throw very large bricks. There are no two places in Canada that have done more to degenerate sport than Ottawa and Toronto, and it hardly seems fitting that such flagrant offenders should constitute themselves censors of athletic conduct. While The Recorder does not believe the policy of importing players should be condoned, it is of the opinion that the larger centers are to blame for such an undesirable condition existing, for no sooner will a player in the smaller towns display prowess than along comes a tempting offer from a city club at a large salary, to which he usually succumbs."

HACK COMING OVER

Russian Lion Matched To Meet Gotch Some Time in April.

New York, Feb. 4.—It is stated that arrangements have been made for a wrestling match to take place in America between George Hackenschmidt and Frank Gotch. The agreement calls for a match for $10,000 a side, to take place in New York, Chicago, St. Paul or Kansas City, not later than April 5.

A rather promising movement is on foot in England for the acquisition by the Nation of Coleridge's cottage at Nether-Stowey. Certainly a cottage which a poet can afford to live in should be no great tax on a nation, and the initial expense is to be borne by private subscription. The last $1,000 needed has already been promised by the canny Andrew Carnegie. At a recent meeting held to further the cause, an address was presented by the poet's grandson, Ernest Hartley Coleridge.

Try Nature's Cure For Bronchitis

How can anything taken into the stomach ever hope to cure the bronchial tubes?

Rank nonsense, says the physician to use cough mixtures, tablets or atomizers.

Better send healing medication into the tiny air cells of the bronchial tubes.

How can it be done?

By Catarrhozone, an antiseptic vapor that goes everywhere the air you breathe goes, treats the bronchial tubes with Balsams and Essences so healing, so soothing and demulcent that all soreness and cough fade right away.

So health-laden and powerfully healing is Catarrhozone that cure is guaranteed for every type of Catarrh, throat trouble and bronchitis. Better try Catarrhozone yourself.

Large Catarrhozone, sufficient for two months' treatment, price $1.00; small (trial) size, 25c, all dealers or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

BARRACKS TEAM AGAIN CHAMPIONS

The basketball team of Wolseley Barracks defeated B Company of the Seventh Regiment in the local Armories last night by a score of 57 to 10 in the final game of the Military Basketball League, thereby winning the championship and the beautiful cup put up for competition by the Military Athletic Association, for the second time in succession. Capt. Becher, of the Seventh Regiment, at the beginning of the season, kindly donated six silver cups to the team winning the championship. The Barrack team also captures them.

The Barrack team played a splendid combination all through the game. Their shooting was very accurate, especially that of Oakley, Dunkerly and Gilmour. The defense, Hymmen and Davidson, played their best game of the season. B Company played a good game at times, but lack of condition told against them. Mr. S. A. Crawford refereed in a very satisfactory manner.

The line-up:

R. C. R. (57)—Gilmour, Dunkerly, forwards; Oakley, center; Hymmen, Davidson, defense.

B Company, Seventh Regiment (10)—Crosby, Crouch, forwards; Henderson, center; Martin, Butler, defense.

The Hamilton Radial Bill Up Again

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—The Hamilton radial bill was the first order of the day at the railway committee. The chairman, Mr. Guthrie, read a telegram from Mr. Whitney denying that he had neglected to answer two letters from Col. J. M. Gibson on the matter. Another telegram was read from Mayor Stevely, of London, stating that he was informed by Mr. Meredith, the city solicitor, that the bill had been so amended as to protect the interests of the municipalities and therefore would not be present.

It was moved that G. T. Blackstock, K. C., be heard on behalf of the Provincial Government. He was accompanied by Mr. R. G. Code, of Ottawa. Mc. MacPherson, Vancouver, asked if Mr. Blackstock referred to was the same gentleman who said at a public meeting that the average member of parliament was a man who could not express two sentences without using oaths. He was surprised that Mr. Blacktock should appear before them, and thought that he ought to make some amends for the statements then expressed.

THE CHARITIES BALL

Invitations Out Today for the Big Event—Card Room a Feature.

The committee in charge of the charities' ball report meeting with the most hearty support and encouragement in the preparation for the big event. The invitations were issued this morning and everything is going swimmingly towards what promises to be a great success. The committee announces that during supper music will be furnished in the ball and drawing rooms. It also announced that a card room will be a feature of the occasion, to which those can repair who do not wish to dance. The patronesses consist of the ladies of Lady Elgin Club and the following gentlemen have consented to act as patrons: His Worship Mayor Stevely, Sir John Carling, Senator Coffey, Hon. C. S. Hyman, Major Beattie, M. P., Hon. Adam Beck, M. L. A., Col. Jas. Peters, Lt.-Col. McDougall. Lt.-Col. Welch, Lt.-Col. Belton, Lt.-Col. Merrison, Lt.-Col. F. A. Reid, Major Mills, Judge Talbot Macbeth, Judge Edward Elliott and Dr. John D. Wilson.

LATE MRS. SARAH BROWN

Passes Away in Her 77th Year After a Prolonged Illness.

Mrs. Sarah Brown, wife of Mr. Thos. Brown, of 441 Piccadilly street, died yesterday afternoon after a long illness. Mrs. Brown was 77 years old, a native of Carlisle, Cumberland, and came to this city in 1853. In 1855 she was married in St. Andrew's Church, later moving to Ailsa Craig, where she lived for many years. About thirteen years ago she returned to this city and has resided here ever since. Besides her husband, four sons survive, Robert and Thomas, this city, George of Lobo, and John, of Toronto. The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, the services being conducted by Rev. Dyson Hague.

LAWSON & JONES WIN

Defeat Cowan & Co. in Fast Game of Hockey 1—0.

An interesting game of hockey was played on Monday evening at Simcoe street rink between Cowan's Hardware Company and Lawson & Jones, resulting in a victory for the latter, the score being 1—0. Both teams did some very fair work, especially Stanton and Hawthorne of Lawson & Jones' lineup, who will no doubt be heard from in the future. The victors would be pleased to hear from any other teams for a friendly game. The lineup was as follows:

L. & J.		Cowans.
Powns	Goal	White
Scott	Point	Pearce
Hawthorne	Coverpoint	Crummer
Stanton	Rover	Walker
Howitt	Center	Walsh
Myers	Left Wing	Weekes
Drinkwater	Right Wing	Lashbrooke

PLAY AND VAUDEVILLE AT GRAND OPERA

The Earl Burgess Stock Company is the attraction at the Grand this week, and at their opening performance last evening made a good impression upon a fair audience. The company is a capable one as stock companies go these days, and are bound to make a hit during the week. Between acts there are some very good vaudeville specialties.

On the whole the performance is good and worth while seeing.

The play tonight will be "On the Frontier," a play of merit, which should attract a good house.

The company is deserving of good patronage.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Feb. 3.	Reported at.	From.
Minneapolis	New York	London
Mongolian	Glasgow	Philadelphia
Corsican	Liverpool	St. John
Rhyndam	Rotterdam	New York
Europa	Gibraltar	New York
Algeria	Marseilles	New York
Venezia	Naples	New York
Sannio	Genoa	New York

TRAIN HITS TROLLEY.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—Fourteen passengers on a street car were seriously cut and bruised today when the car was struck by a railroad passenger train at Homestead, adjoining this city. The car was thrown some distance and at least two persons were fatally injured. The accident occurred when the street car, owing to slippery rails and defective brakes, failed to stop at the crossing running directly in front of the passenger train.

Local Items

—A full rehearsal of the festival chorus will be held at the city hall tonight.

—Mrs. Joseph Reid, of Petrolea, is in the city nursing Miss Daisy Reid, who is suffering from a very severe attack of pneumonia.

—Mrs. S. J. Radcliffe, of this city, and her sister, Mrs. S. Loghrin, of Stratford, left for New York yesterday for a two weeks' visit.

—Mrs. Noble M. Ripley (nee Miss Amy Evans), will be at home to her friends at 879 Hellmuth avenue on Friday afternoon, Feb. 7.

—The Grand Trunk car shops reopened again yesterday after being closed on Friday and Saturday as the result of an order from Montreal.

—Toronto Globe: Mrs. Stanford Ivey will receive for the first time in her new home, 16 McMaster avenue, on Friday. Her guest, Miss Maud Bland, of London, will receive with her.

—Joseph Henry, the many times Indian thief, did not appear before Judge Macbeth this morning to elect trial on additional charges of theft, as scheduled. He may appear tomorrow.

—Ald. Landon, of Ludlowe, Kentucky, was a visitor at the city hall this morning. Mr. Landon is an old London boy, who has done well in the land of the Stars and Stripes. He will spend a couple of days here and then take a trip through the east. He left the city twenty-six years ago.

—The sidewalks of the city will be in a fearful condition if the snow remains as it is until the next thaw. Said a citizen today: "If people would clear the edges of their walks so that the water would run off, it would be a great improvement. At present the snow is banked up on both edges, and will keep the water in the middle when the snow melts."

—The funeral of the late Frederick James Delaney, eldest son of Frederick J. and Ethel Delaney, took place this afternoon to Woodland Cemetery, the services being conducted by Rev. James Livingstone and Rev. Mr. Harris. The funeral was largely attended. The floral designs were very beautiful, including a pillow from his parents, wreath from Grand avenue school, "Gates Ajar" and wreath from grandparents, a wreath from the foundry and shipping-room of McClarys, a "Harp" from Miss Watson, "Cross" from Mrs. Eldridge, and a spray from Miss Long. The pall-bearers were six of his playmates.

The Library Board.

The library board will meet on Thursday evening when the election of a chairman and organization of the board will take place. It is thought that Mr. O. Labelle will be the new chairman.

Death of Mrs. Frank Tilley.

The death occurred yesterday morning of Mrs. Frank Tilley, at her home, 162 Norman street, Stratford, from pneumonia. Mrs. Tilley was a member of Knox Presbyterian Church, Stratford. Besides her husband, she leaves a son and three daughters—Mr. Andrew Tilley, Stratford; Mrs. D. Darroch, Calgary; Mrs. J. W. Thompson, Toronto, and Miss Anna Tilley, at home. Her surviving brothers and sisters are: Mr. S. Leggatt, of Hamilton; Wm. Leggatt, London; Mrs. John Lochead, London; Mrs. John Heron, Winnipeg; Mrs. (Dr.) Rutherford, California, and Miss Leggatt, of Toronto.

KILLED HIS MOTHER

Syracuse, Feb. 3.—Early today the police telephone rang and a man who said that he was William H. Gray, jun., called: "Please come to 441 Burnet avenue. I have killed my mother."

Upon reaching the house the officers found Mrs. Clara Gray, 46 years of age, dead from strangulation. The son, 18 years old, said that he had been sitting reading when his mother called him downstairs. When he reached the lower floor he says his mother made a lunge at him with a razor, inflicting a deep wound on his head. In the struggle that followed, in attempting to restrain her he grabbed her throat and choked her. Young Gray said that when he found his mother was dead he was so frightened that he did not give the alarm for an hour or more, when he called up his brother and the police. To his brother he telephoned: "Mother is done for; I have killed her."

The young man's story is believed by the members of his family and the neighbors, who say that Mrs. Gray was a very high-strung woman, prone to hysteria verging on insanity. The police differ, and regard the case as a foul murder. Young Grey is a member of a prominent family. He is a stenographer, and for a few weeks was employed at the city hall, where he was regarded as erratic.

FIFTEEN DIE ON BURNING SHIP

The S. S. St. Cuthbert Abandoned To Flames Off Nova Scotia.

Halifax, Feb. 3.—In the terrific gale which swept the Atlantic seaboard on Sunday morning the steamer St. Cuthbert, bound to New York from Antwerp, was abandoned to the flames off the coast of Nova Scotia.

Capt. Lewis and 36 members of the crew were rescued after a thrilling and desperate battle with the mighty waves by the White Star liner Cymric, which stood by the blazing craft for nine hours. Fifteen of the crew of the St. Cuthbert, who took a desperate chance for life, were drowned in an attempt to leave the burning steamer on Sunday afternoon, the lifeboat having been swamped in the heavy seas which tossed the helpless vessel with her panic-stricken crew.

Capt. Finch, of the White Star liner, sent a brief but comprehensive wireless message covering the details of the abandonment of the St. Cuthbert, the rescue of the 37 men who escaped death by fire, and the drowning of the fifteen men who courted certain death amid the furious seas.

Nine days out from Queenstown, bound to Boston, the Cymric sighted the burning steamer off the coast of Nova Scotia early this morning, completely at the mercy of the tempest, and the prey of the flames.

She weather was of the worst. A tremendous gale was blowing from the west, with blinding snow squalls, accompanied by a sea that made attempts at rescue all but impossible. The plight of the men aboard the St. Cuthbert was desperate. For hours, perhaps days, they had been fighting the flames, but brave as they were, the stout-hearted British sailors on the Cymric, and eager as they were to go to the aid of their helpless fellows on the flame-enveloped tramp, to have launched a boat meant certain death. No boat could live in the gale and seas of that stormy winter morning, and Captain Finch decided that there was nothing to do but wait and hope for the abatement of the gale and falling of the seas. The Cymric stood by the burning steamer for nine hours, and when the fury of the storm was spent preparations were at once made to launch the lifeboat. It was a difficult task to lower the huge boat from the deck of the big liner, pitching and rolling in the seething seas. But at last it was accomplished. The boat was manned by stout-armed sailors from the Cymric, and, commanded by the chief officer, who undertook the task of rescue, it pulled away, cheered by the passengers and crew of the White Star liner. It was a desperate battle with the waves, but the gallant men in the lifeboat did not flinch. Finally, after a strenuous struggle they reached the side of the St. Cuthbert. The boat was loaded as quickly as the conditions would permit, and it was none too quick for the men who had all but abandoned hope in the doomed steamer. Back to the Cymric the White Star Line sailors drove the lifeboat, and again they started for the St. Cuthbert. Three perilous trips were made between the two steamers, until every living soul aboard the St. Cuthbert was rescued and landed safe on the deck of the Cymric.

But not all who manned the burning steamer escaped. On Sunday fifteen of the crew of the St. Cuthbert perished in the attempt to leave the burning vessel. Facing death amid the flames, which apparently had baffled all the efforts of the crew, they launched a lifeboat and trusted their fate to the seas. But apparently their hopes were short-lived, for Captain Finch's terse message tells that all were drowned in the attempt. No doubt the boat was swamped in the tremendous seas.

A GALLANT RESCUE

Allan Liner Picks Up Schooner's Crew From the Jaws of Death.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Feb. 4. — The steamship Bermudian arrived here from New York this morning with details of the amandonment at sea of the four-masted schooner Mary L. Newhall, of Bath, Me., Captain Andrew Adams, of Portland. The schooner left Tampa for Norfolk, on Jan. 24, and met with a succession of gales. On the fifth day she lost her rudder and all her sails having been blown away, the vessel became unmanageable. When 240 miles northwest of Bermuda on Sunday afternoon she sighted the Bermudian, which stood by the distressed schooner until the next morning. At midnight Sunday, in a tempestuous sea, a boats' crew of five men put off from the Bermudian to endeavor to effect the rescue of the Newhall's crew. The small boat was thrown by the high seas against the schooner and partly smashed. At daylight of Monday, another gallant effort was made to take off the schooner's crew, but the seas were still too high to allow of a close approach. The men on the schooner plunged into the sea and were rescued with life lines, and conveyed to the Bermudian.

The exhibition of dauntless courage by the boat's crew was watched with breathless interest by the 200 passengers on board the Bermudian, who testified their appreciation of the gallantry of the men by subscribing $650 for them. Of this amount, $250 goes to J. F. Welch, second mate, a young Nova Scotian.

The Mary L. Newhall was of 1,042 tons and carried a crew of ten men.

The Windsor, Essex and Lake Shore Rapid Railway Company shareholders will meet on March 2 to sanction the issuing of $60,000 more bonds to complete the railroad to Leamington.

It is stated that Rev. Father Lavillardiere has been appointed from Rome to be the new superior general of the Oblat Order. The district comprises the whole of the Canadian west. The new appointee is one of the best-known of the French clergy.

Herbert Hollingshead, of London, has been granted a copyright on "London Labor Union Directory."

SEED GRAIN FOR THE SETTLERS

Dominion Estimates Provide a Loan of $2,850,000 for Their Benefit.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—Hon. Mr. Fielding presented to the House yesterday afternoon supplementary estimates totaling $2,850,000, to be used by way of loan to settlers and homesteaders in Alberta and Saskatchewan, to enable them to purchase seed grain for this year's crops.

Under the arrangement reached by the Federal Government with the Provincial Governments of Alberta and Saskatchewan, the Dominion will set aside the sum of $585,000 to purchase seed grain for homestead settlers in the two provinces; the sum of $440,000 will be advanced to the Government of Alberta to purchase seed grain for settlers in that province, and the sum of $1,825,000 will be advanced to the Government of Saskatchewan for similar purposes.

In the case of seed grain furnished to homesteaders, the cost of the grain is to be repaid, with interest at five per cent, and until repayment it will be a lien or charge upon the lands held under the homestead.

In case of the settler whose lands have been patented, the provinces will exact similar securities, and the Dominion Government will have a further security of a claim against each province for the whole amount advanced. In each case the Dominion is amply secured.

An effort will be made to have the supplementaries put through supply at once, so that the money will be speedily available and the distribution of seed be completed by early spring.

WOULD REVIVE INCOME TAX

Congressman Hull Seeks Another Review By the Supreme Court.

Washington, Feb. 3.—A bill to require the enforcement by the secretary of the treasury of the income tax law enacted in 1894 was introduced today by Representative Hull, of Iowa, Speaking of the bill, Mr. Hull said:

"While the Dingley law expressly repeals all the other provisions of the Wilson act of 1894, the provisions of that act comprising the income tax law have been left undisturbed by Congress. Every reason now exists in support of some action by Congress that will result in securing another review by the United States supreme court of the important constitutional questions in this law which were by that court decided adversely to the Government, in the face of a uniform line of decisions to the contrary extending over 100 years of the nation's history.

"The Government is almost in the act of facing a $100,000,000 deficit; the enforcement of the income tax law would easily bring into the treasury $75,000,000 to $100,000,000. Congress must regain much of its taxing power destroyed by this decision before an equitable efficient income tax can be levied.

"This course would enable the wealthier class to assume what it has so long avoided, a part of its just share of the burden of taxation, and so make up the impending deficit. Why should not this course be pursued? It is the most feasible.

"Democrats generally favor the income tax. The President favors even a graduated income tax. So let these questions be again reviewed by the supreme court in the hope that the court, as now composed, may return to the original doctrine. It is not sought to enforce that portion of the law imposing tax on incomes from state and municipal bonds."

DYNAMITE IN NAVAL COAL

Stick of Explosive Narrowly Misses Going Into the Ohio's Fuel.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The commanding officer of the battleship Ohio reports that while taking coal from the chartered collier Fortuna at Port of Spain, Trinidad, a stick of dynamite about five inches in length was found. The Fortuna had a cargo of New River coal supplied by the Berwynd White Coal Mining Company at Newport News, Va. This is the second time that dynamite has been found in coal furnished United States men-of-war.

The previous case occurred over a year ago and it resulted in an order being issued by Admiral Evans enjoining all officers and men engaged in coaling ships to examine coal carefully while it is being put aboard ship. The order described the genral appearance of dynamite and gave certain necessary precautions to be observed.

This dynamite was evidently a stick used in mining the coal and escaped the observation of the miners and persons who subsequently handled the coat while loading it into the collier.

NEW LOW TEMPERATURE.

Saratoga, N. Y., Feb. 4.—A new low temperature record for the year today greatly hampered the operation of trains and the delivery of mails. Most of the trains were running a half-hour behind their schedules. Thermometers reached 24 degrees below zero here and dropped to 30 below in the outlying districts. The ice harvest is well under way.

The council of Winnipeg has asked the board of control to reconsider its action in dismissing the power engineer, Mr. Cecil B. Smith. There was a great demonstration of citizens on behalf of Smith.

FRENCH COLUMN WAS AMBUSHED

But Drive Off a Vast Horde of Arabs After a Terrific Struggle.

Paris, Feb. 3.—Eight Frenchmen were killed and fifty wounded in a desperate conflict, which the French forces in Morocco have had with the natives just south of Kashbah ber Rechid. Word of this engagement was received here tonight from General D'Amade, the commanding general in Morocco, who reports that a French column, commanded by Col. Boutegeard, was suddenly attacked bya vast horde of Arabs while marching to the south for the purpose of punishing the Chaouia tribesmen. The combat opened at midday yesterday. Thousands of Moors seemed to spring out of the hills and sought to surround the French column. A fierce fight followed, which lasted two hours, the enemy finally retiring with heavy loss.

Meanwhile the French column was reinforced by two companies of infantry and a battery of artillery commanded by Lieut.-Col. Brollard, and after the Arabs had been driven of the combined forces returned to Kasbah ber Rechid.

ABANDON TREASURE HUNT

Americans Unable To Rescue Gold From Sunken Ship.

City of Mexico, Feb. 4.—The party of Americans who sought to remove from the hold of the sunken vessel Golden Gate the $900,000 in gold which are said to be hidden there, have given up the attempt and departed for their homes in the United States.

This vessel was sunk in a storm off the Mexican coast, near the port of Manzanillo, on July 24, 1864, while on its way to New York from San Francisco. It carried nearly $1,800,000 of gold. Eight hundred thousand dollars was recovered a few months after the vessel sank, but before the remainder could be brought to the surface the hold filled with sand.

The concession for recovering this treasure was obtained a few years ago from the Mexican Government. It is held by J. E. Phillips, of Denver; Capt. C. R. Johnston, of Wilmington, Del.; B. F. Phillips, of Philadelphia, and S. F. Phillips, of Danville, Ill. These men were making preparations to pump the sand from the hold of the vessel about a year ago when a storm swept their machinery away. This latest attempt has just been abandoned because the pumping machinery was found inadequate. It is stated that another attempt will be made as soon as new pumps can be obtained.

VISITORS IN PARIS.

Acording to the police figures Paris has the largest floating population in the world. In January 128,000 visitors came to the city and 130,000 departed.

In February and March there was a drop, but the number went up again in April and May. In the latter month the arrivals were 163,000 and 161,000 visitors left the city.

In June the number dropped again, but in July those who came and went were alike 157,000 in round numbers. September brought 167,000 arrivals and there were 165,000 departures. The maximum was in October, when the number either way was more than 201,000.

November was about the same as September, with departures in a large majority, and December, it is estimated, will be about like January. The total of comers and goers for the entire year is estimated at not far from 1,750,000. The transients are accommodated by 11,530 hotels and boarding-houses.

The worst jam in many years has formed below Cornwall, and the water is 25 feet above summer level. There is considerable apprehension of a flood unless the water abates.

A. E. Mercer, O. H. Roberts and G. L. Brazier, of Toronto, were held up at Buffalo and refused admittance to the United States, as it would be a violation of the alien labor act. They appealed to the higher authorities, and were allowed to enter.

LATEST STOCK MARKET REPORTS

H. C. Becher, stockbroker, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazieh & Carrington today.

New York, Feb. 4.—Noon.—The market has been dull, and professional selling of yesterday ran up against banking support. Liquidation of yesterday in Rock Island turned into an advance both in the stock and bonds today, and Reading was bought by a professional interest that sold it. Banks are retiring currency as fast as possible to do so. The limit is now nine million per month, but on the new currency legislation this market will be raised. Nothing of importance has happened in the bond market this morning. Gold exports might encourage European buyers, but first tendency would be to decrease the values of our own securities here which have just passed through and over the first layer of buying after the panic. After investment situation is one that will predominate from now on. It has been liquidated for three years, and people are not at all confident, taking only the best and safest commitments that they can find, and they are going to continue to do so.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, Feb. 4.

	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
Amal. Copper	50⅞	51⅝	50⅞	51
American Sugar	113⅜	113¾	112⅜	112⅝
Amer. Foundry	39½	39⅝	39½	39⅝
Amer. Refining	66½	67	66⅜	66⅜
Amer. Cotton Oil	32⅞	..	..	..
Atchison, com.	71⅜	72⅛	71¾	72
Baltimore & Ohio	83⅛	84	83⅛	84
Brooklyn Transit	46	46¼	45⅝	45⅞
Chicago & G. W.	4⅞	..	..	..

ANALYSIS OF

Strong's Baking Powder

By the analytical chemist of the Dominion of Canada:

"Strong's Baking Powder is found to have very high aerating power. It is a cream of tartar powder, containing no alum or phosphate, and it is not adulterated."

Alum baking powders are sold to consumers at from 10c, 15c to 20c a pound. So detrimental to health are alum baking powders considered that in many countries their sale is prohibited.

Strong's Baking Powder, 25c per lb.

W. T. STRONG

Dispensing Chemist. 194 Dundas St.

Col. Fuel & Iron	19⅜	19½	18½	18½
Erie, pfd.	31	..	..	..
G. Northern, pfd	120½	120¾	120¾	120½
Illinois Central	126⅞	127	126⅞	127
Kansas & Texas	22½	..	..	..
Mexican Central	18⅞	18⅞	18¼	18¼
Missouri Pacific	42⅞	42⅞	42½	42½
New York Central	96½	96⅞	96⅛	96⅛
Northern Pacific	124¼	125	123⅞	124½
National Lead	38	38½	37⅝	38⅛
Pacific Mail	27	27	26½	26½
Pennsylvania	112	112⅝	111⅞	112⅛
People's Gas	85¼	..	..	..
Pressed Steel Car	20¼	..	..	..
Reading	101⅞	102¼	100⅞	101½
Rock Island	11⅜	12⅛	11⅝	11⅜
Southern Railway	10⅝	..	..	..
Southern Ry., pfd	32⅜	32¾	32⅜	32¾
Southern Pacific	73	73⅜	72⅝	73⅛
South. Pacific, pfd	111¼	111⅜	111¼	111¼
St. Paul	111¼	112⅜	111¼	111⅜
Texas Pacific	19¼	19¼	19	19
Twin City	83¼	..	..	..
Union Pacific	120½	121⅛	120¼	120½
Central Leather	18¼	..	..	..
U. S. Rubber	21½	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	28⅛	28⅝	28⅛	28⅜
U. S. Steel, pfd.	93	93½	93	93¼
Wabash, pfd.	15¼	..	..	..

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

Chicago, Feb. 4.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	$ 96	¼97⅝	95⅞	97
July	82¾	84¼	92¾	93⅞
September	90⅜	91½	90⅜	91⅛
Corn—				
May	59½	61⅛	59½	61
July	58⅜	59½	58⅜	58⅛
September	58⅜	59¼	58⅜	59
Oats—				
May	51⅜	53¼	51⅜	53⅛
July	45	46	45	45⅜
September	37⅜	38	37⅜	38
Pork—				
May	12 65	12 22	11 90	12 22
July	12 32	12 45	12 17	12 45
Lard—				
May	7 55	7 67	7 50	7 67
July	7 65	7 85	7 65	6 80
Short Ribs—				
May	6 55	6 67	6 50	6 57
July	6 75	6 90	6 72	6 90

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 4—Noon.

	Ask.	Bid.
Bell Telephone	126	..
General Electric	100	97½
Canadian Pacific	151	150
Canadian Pacific, rights	7⅞	5⅞
City Dairy, com.	30	..
City Dairy, pfd.	..	89
Consumers' Gas	190	188
Dominion Coal, com	41	..
Dominion Steel, com	15¼	14¾
Dominion Steel, pfd	51	..
Dominion Telegraph	115	..
Lake of the Woods	..	77
Mackay, com.	55½	55
Mackay, pfd.	62¾	61½
Mexican Light & Power	54	53½
Niagara Navigation	..	108
Niagara, St. C. & T.	..	75
Nipissing Mines	7	6¾
Northern Navigation	86	84½
N. S. Steel, com.	..	58
Prairie Lands	180	170
Rio Janeiro Tram	34½	34
Sao Paulo Tram	118½	117
St. L. & C. Navigation	..	116½
Toronto Railway	99½	97½
Twin City Railway	83⅜	82⅜
Winnipeg Railway	139	135
Dominion Bank	217½	216½
Imperial Bank	212	210
Traders' Bank	..	122¼
Agricultural Loan	..	117½
Canada Landed	120	118
Canada Permanent	..	123¾
Central Canada	..	160
Colonial Investment	..	68
Dominion Savings	..	70
Hamilton Provident	120	..
Huron & Erie	..	175
Landed Banking	..	121
London & Canada	100	..
National Trust	150	..
Real Estate	..	85
Toronto Mortgage	107	105
Dominion Steel, bonds	..	73½
Mexican Electric, bonds	78	76⅞
Mexican L. & P., bonds	84½	..
Sao Paulo, bonds	94¼	93⅜

Morning Sales: Rio Janeiro, 25 at 34; 75 at 34 cash, 100, 25 and 25 at 34; 5 at 35. Bonds, 10,000 and 7,500 at 76½; 1,000 at 75. Mexican Power, 100 and 100 at 54; 25 at 54⅛. MacKay, common, 35 and 25 at 55½, preferred, 10 at 62; 4 at 62. Mexican Electric bonds, 1,000 at 76⅞; Canada Permanent, 14 at 122. Twin City, common, 10 and 25 at 83½; 10, 25, 25 and 25 at 83¼; 25 at 83⅜; 25 at 83; 25 and 25 at 82⅞; 25 at 82¾; 20 at 83. C. P. R. Rights, 2, 2, 8, 2, 2, 3, 3 at 9; 10 at 8⅞; 1 and 1 at 9⅛. Lake of Woods, common, 5 at 78¾; preferred, 25 at 100. Imperial, 1 at 211. Dominion, 1 at 216½, 2 at 227. General Electric, 25 at 98; 25 at 97½. St. Lawrence, 1 at 112. R. & O. Navigation, 5 at 65. Nipissing, 25 at 6¾; 10 at 7.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Feb. 4.

Detroit Railway	38⅝	38¾
Dominion Coal, com	40	38¼
Dominion I. & S., com.	15½	15
Dominion I. & S. pfd	51	50¼
Halifax Railway	97	..
Illinois Traction, pfd	85	83⅞
Woods, com	78⅝	78⅝
Laurentide Paper, xd	99	97
Laurentide Paper, pfd	106¼	105
Mackay, com	..	54
Mackay, pfd	..	61¼
Mexican Power	53⅞	53⅝
Minn. & St. Paul	94	92
Montreal Power, xd	87¼	87
Montreal Railway	180½	179⅜
Montreal Telegraph	..	143
N. S. Steel & Coal	61	57½
R. & O. Navigation	67	63½
Rio de Janeiro	34½	34
St. John Railway	12	11
Toronto Railway	97½	97⅜
Twin City Railway, xd	83	...
Shawinigan	65½	65¼
Prairie Lands	8⅜	8⅛
Bank of B. N. A.	150	..
Bank of Commerce	162	..
East. Town. Bank	..	150
Merchants Bank	..	155
Molsons Bank	200	..
Bank of Montreal	245	240
Quebec Bank	125	121
Union Bank	124½	..
Textile, pfd	80½	79¾
Montreal Cotton	110	105½
Textile, com	44	..
Dominion Cotton	92	90
Dominion I. & S. bonds	75	74
Laurentide Paper bonds	111	100
Mexican Elec bonds	78	77
Montreal Power bonds	95	90
Montreal Railway bonds	100	..
N. S. Steel bonds	104	103
Nova Scotia bonds	..	109
Richelieu & Ont. bonds	110	103
Textile bonds A	80	83
Textile bonds B	81	83
Textile bonds D	82	83
Winnipeg Elec bonds	99	..

Morning Sales: C. P. R. 1 at 150; Montreal Railway, 30 at 180; Woods, common, 3 at 79, 50 at 78½; Shawinigan, 25 at 65; Twin City, 69 at 83½; Toronto Railway, 1 at 97⅜, 25 at 97; Power, 5 at 87, 25 at 87½, 9 at 87¼; Woods, preferred, 25 at 105¼; Laurentide, preferred, 20 at 106¼; Mexican, 108 at 53½, 125 at 53⅜, 200 at 54, 25 at 53⅝, 100 at 53½, 25 at 53¾; Detroit Railway, 4 at 39½, 3 at 38; Rio, 190 at 34¼, 100 at 33⅞, 25 at 34⅛; C. P. R., rights, 62 and 8 at 8½, 500 at 8⅝, 140 at 8¼, 2 at 8¾, 1 at 9, 3 at 8¾, 25 at 8½, 82 at 8⅝, 106 at 8¾, 2 at 8⅞, 150 at 8⅝; Iron, common, 50 at 15; Ogilvie, common, 10 at 114⅞; Mackay, preferred, 25 at 61½; Mexican Electric, bonds, 15,000 at 76½, 5,000 at 77; Merchants' Bank, 7 at 157; Hochelaga Bank, 5 at 130; Warehousing, 40 per cent, 25,000 at 92¾.

THE LARGE ASSETS

$38,000,000

OF THE

Bank of Toronto

Affords to the depositor the feeling of confidence and safety one should have who intrusts his savings to the keeping of another.

The excess of these Assets over what the Bank owes the public is more than $8,800,000, which represents the surplus security for depositors and others.

Capital, $4,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits
$4,650,000

Interest paid 4 times a year on all Savings Balances at the 73 Branches of

THE BANK OF TORONTO

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society

No. 1 Masonic Temple, London.

CAPITAL $1,000,000

No account too large to be handled advantageously—none too small to receive prompt and careful attention—conservative business always welcome.

NATHANIEL MILLS
Manager.

COLD FEET!
You don't have them if you use a
CLARK HEATER
IN YOUR CUTTER
Made in two sizes:
$1.75 and $2.75 Each.
Keep yourself warm and comfortable at a small cost.
COWAN'S HARDWARE
127 DUNDAS STREET.

What's the Use

of buying poor quality coal, when you can get the Best by sending your order to

JOHN. M. DALY
KOALMAN.
Phone 348. 19 YORK ST.
Delivery to any part of the city.

LOOK
It pays to have your Pictures Framed at
OLMSTED'S
296 DUNDAS ST. 'Phone 1775

PRICES FIRM ON TODAY'S MARKET

LOCAL MARKET.

Tuesday, Feb. 4.

The farmers who attended the market today stated that it was a difficult task to reach the city, as the roads are in bad shape, especially the roads running east and west, are reported badly drifted, and it will be a day or two before they are in shape for the farmers to bring hay and straw to the market as there is a danger of their loads being upturned in the present condition of the roads. Prices for everything that was offered were firm.

Oats were higher, as the few loads that were offered sold at $1 52 to $1 55. One load of wheat sold at 92c per bushel.

Those who had to buy hay today were compelled to pay higher prices; sales wer made at $16 to $17 per ton—only three loads were offered.

Butter was firm in price at 27c to 28c per pound, and eggs were firm at 28c to 30c per dozen; nearly all at the higher price.

There was a very small supply of vegetables and apples and also butchers' meat. Prices were firm in this line.

Dressed hogs were in good demand, and prices were firm at $7 75 per cwt., nearly all selling at this figure.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 3 — Baled straw is slow at $10 per ton on track here. Baled hay—Timothy is quoted at $16 to $17 in car lots on track here. There is considerable difference of opinion among dealers as to prices, some claiming baled hay to be worth no more than $16, while others put $17 as the general price level.

OIL MARKETS.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa. Feb. 3.—Credit balances, $1 78.

LONDON.

London, Feb. 3.—Petroleum, American refined, 6 15-16d; spirits, 7½d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Belgium, Feb. 3.—Petroleum, 22 francs.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 4.—Oil opened and closed at $1 78.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 3.—Cotton—Futures closed steady; February, 10.88c; March, 10.99c; April, 10.98c; May, 10.96c; June, 10.91c; July, 10.77c; August, 10.54c; October, 10.07c.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 11.65c; middling gulf, 11.90c; sales, 1,500 bales.

New York, Feb. 4.—Cotton—Futures opened steady; March, 10.97c; May, 10.94c; July, 10.74c; August, 10.55c offered; October, 10.04c to 10.07c; December, 10c offered.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Feb. 3.—Cotton—Spot in fair demand; prices unchanged; American middling, fair, 6.92; good middling, 6.56; middling, 6.30; low middling, 5.96; good ordinary, 5.54; ordinary, 5.40.

The sales of the day were 1,000 bales, of which 200 were for speculation and export, and included 8,900 American. Receipts, 52,000 bales, including 51,900 American.

Futures opened steady and closed steady; American middling, G. O. C., February, 5.91; February and March, 5.90; March and April, 5.89½; April and May, 5.87; May and June, 5.84½; June and July, 5.82; July and August, 5.77; August and September, 5.66; September and October, 5.55½; October and November, 5.45½; November and December, 5.43.

DAIRY MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Butter—Firm; creameries, 21c to 32½c; dairies, 20c to 28c.

Cheese—Steady, 11c to 12c.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 3.—Butter—Strong; receipts, 4,598 packages; creamery specials, 33½c; extras, 33c; thirds to firsts, 23c to 32c; held, seconds to specials, 24c to 32c; state dairy, common to fair, 21c to 25c; process, common to ..., 18c to 25c; western imitation creamery, firsts, 24c to 26c; western factory, common to firsts, 18c to 22c; do, held, 18c to 21½c.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 788 boxes; full cream, specials, 16c; state full cream, small colored and white, fancy, 15¾c; do, large colored, fancy, 15¾c; do, white, 15½c; do, good to prime, 14c to 15c; do, late October and early November made, 12½c to 13½c; do, winter made, 11c to 12c; do, common to fair, 9½c to 11½c; skims, 1c to 11c.

ELGIN.

Elgin, Ill., Feb. 3.—Butter—Firm on the board of trade today, at 33c.

SUGAR MARKET.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 3.—Sugar—Raw easy; fair refining, 3.25c; centrifugal, 96° test, 3.75c; molasses sugar, 3c; refined quiet; No. 6, $4 50; No. 7, $4 45; No. 8, $4 40; No. 9, $4 35; No. 10, $4 25; No. 11, $4 20; No. 12, $4 15; No. 13, $4 10; No. 14, $4 05; confectioners' A, $4 70; mold A, $5 25; cut-loaf, $5 72; crushed, $5 60; powdered, $5; granulated, $4 90; cubes, $5 15. Molasses—Quiet; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, 34c to 42c.

LONDON.

London, Feb. 3.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 11s; Muscovado, 9s 9d; beet sugar, February, 9s 11¼d.

BEAN MARKETS.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Feb. 3.—Beans—Spot, $2 15; February, $2 15; May, $2 17; all bid.

SUGAR MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 3. — Montreal granulated in barrels, $4 50; yellow, $4 19; Acadia, $4 35; Ontario beet, $4 35; in bags prices are 5c less than above.

PRODUCE MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Trading in grain on the local market continues dull. There is little sign of any absorption power, and dealers are engaged in watching the Chicago market. Deliveries continue to fall off, and prices are a shade firmer. Prices are:

Wheat—Manitoba No. 1 northern, $1 18; No. 2 northern, $1 14; feed wheat, 66c; No. 2 feed, 61c; Ontario No. 2 white, 97c; No. 2 red, 96½c; No. 2 mixed, 96c; goose, 91c to 92c.

Barley—No. 2, 70c outside.

Flour—Winter wheat patents, $3 60, for export; Manitoba patents, special brand, $3 80 to $4; seconds, $3 25 to $3 40; strong bakers, $3 10 to $3 20.

Peas—84c outside.

Rye—No. 2, 80c to 81c outside.

Corn—No. 3 yellow American, 62½c to 63c, Toronto freights; old corn, about 72c, none offering; inferior, 61½c to 62c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 65½c to 66c.

Millfeed—Bran, $22 outside; shorts, $24.

Oats—No. 2 white, 50c outside, 52c on track at Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 48c to 48½c outside.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4.—Cattle—Receipts, about 5,500; steady; beeves, $3 60 to $6 15; cows and heifers, $1 70 to $4 60; Texans, $3 20 to $4; calves, $5 30 to $7; westerns, $3 70 to $4 60; stockers and feeders, $2 60 to $4 60.

Hogs—Receipts, about 32,000; firm; light, $4 10 to $4 40; mixed, $4 20 to $4 47½; heavy, $4 20 to $4 47½; roughs, $4 20 to $4 25; pigs, $3 50 to $4 20; bulk of sales at $4 35 to $4 40.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000; market strong to 10c higher; natives, $3 25 to $5 65; westerns, $3 25 to $5 65; yearlings, $4 90 to $5 60; lambs, $5 20 to $7 25; westerns, $5 to $7 25.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 4.—Prices nominal; not enough cattle in to make a market for quotations; 12 loads in today, including 238 cattle, 22 sheep and lambs, 115 hogs and 30 calves. Quotations:

Export cattle, choice, cwt.	$4 75	@	$5 00
Export cattle, medium	4 25	@	4 60
Export cows	3 75	@	4 25
Butchers' cattle, choice	4 75	@	5 00
Butchers' cattle, medium	37 5	@	4 00
Butchers' cattle, common	3 00	@	3 25
Butchers' cows	2 75	@	3 25
Butchers' bulls	3 00	@	3 50
Stockers, choice	3 25	@	3 50
Stockers, medium	2 75	@	3 00
Stockers, common	2 25	@	2 50
Stock bulls	2 00	@	2 25
Feeders, heavy	3 75	@	4 00
Feeders, short-keeps	4 25	@	4 40
Milch cows, choice, each	40 00	@	50 00
Milch cows, common, each	25 00	@	35 00
Springers, each	25 00	@	45 00
Export ewes, cwt.	4 00	@	4 50
Export bucks	3 50	@	4 00
Lambs, grain-fed	5 75	@	6 25
Lambs, common	4 50	@	5 50
Calves, cwt	3 00	@	6 50
Hogs, selects, cwt. off cars	5 15	@	5 15
Hogs, fats and lights	4 90	@	4 90

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Feb. 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 500; active and firm; prime steers, $5 75 to $6. Veals—Receipts, 350; active, 25c lower, $5 to $9.

Hogs—Receipts, 9,400; good weights active and strang; Yorkers 5c lower; pigs dull and lower; heavy and mixed, $4 80 to $4 85; Yorkers, $4 60 to $5 85; pigs, $4 50; roughs, $4 to $4 25; stags, $3 to $3 50; dairies, $4 60 to $4 80.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 7,000; sheep active and steady, lambs slow and 25c lower; lambs, $5 to $7 65; yearlings, $6 25 to $6 60; wethers, $5 50 to $6; ewes, $5 25 to $5 50; sheep mixed, $2 to $5 50.

ENGLISH MARKET.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Feb. 4.—Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red western winter, 7s 6½d. Futures steady; March, 7s 5½d; May, 7s 5¼d; July, 7s 6¾d.

Corn—Spot easy; prime mixed American, new, 5s 2½d; do, old, 5s 4½d. Futures quiet; February, 5s 1¾d; March, 5s 2¼d.

Flour—Winter patents easy, 29s 6d.

Hops (in London)—Pacific coast steady, £2 to £3.

Peas—Canadian steady, 7s 9d.

Beef—Extra India mess quiet, 92s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess western dull, 81s 3d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 42s.

Bacon—Easy; Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 37s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, 42s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, 42s; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 41s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, 39s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 42s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, quiet, 35s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, weak, 38s 3d; American refined, in pails, easy, 40s.

Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, firm, 66s 6d; do, colored, new, firm, 64s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city weak, 28s 3d.

Turpentine Spirits—Quiet, 38s 3d.

Rosin—Common steady, 9s 9d.

Petroleum—Refined steady, 7¼d.

Linseed Oil—Quiet, 25s.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot steady, 24s 3d.

PHONE 433

FIRE

J. A. NELLES & SON

INSURANCE

Board of Trade Bldg, 380 Richmond St.

STOCK MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 3.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	50⅝	51¼	50⅜	51
Amer. Locomotive	36½	37	36½	37
American Sugar	111¼	112	111¼	112
Amer. Smelting	66⅛	66¾	65⅞	66⅝
Anaconda	32½	..	..	..
Atchison, com.	71¼	71½	71	71⅜
Atchison, pfd.	86⅞	..	..	..
Baltimore & Ohio	82⅛	83	82½	83
Brooklyn Transit	45	45⅜	44⅜	45⅜
Canadian Pacific	148¾	150⅜	148¾	150⅜
Col. Fuel & Iron	19¼	19⅛	19	19
Chesapeake & Ohio	29⅜	29⅜	29⅛	29⅛
Rock Island	12⅞	12⅞	10½	11¼
St. Paul	111⅝	111⅝	110⅝	111¼
Erie	15	15	14⅞	15
Erie, 1st pfd.	31	31	30¾	30⅝
Illinois Central	127½	..	..	..
Lead	38¼	38¼	38	38
Great Northern	120	120½	119	120½
Northern Pacific	124	124	122⅜	123¾
Mexican Central	18⅞	18⅞	18¼	18¾
Missouri Pacific	42½	42½	41¼	42
Kansas & Texas	22¾	22¾	22½	22½
Kansas & Tex., pfd.	55	..	..	..
New York Central	98⅝	96⅜	95¼	96⅜
Ontario & Western	32¼	32¼	32	32
Pennsylvania	112	112	111⅛	111⅞
People's Gas	84⅜	..	..	..
Pressed Steel Car	20¼	20¼	20	20
Reading	100⅝	100⅞	99⅝	100¾
Southern Pacific	73	73	72⅜	73
Southern Ry., pfd.	32½	..	..	..
Texas Pacific	19	19	18½	18½
U. S. Leather	18½	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	27¾	28⅛	27¾	28
U. S. Steel, pfd.	92¾	92¾	92⅛	92⅝
Union Pacific	120½	120⅝	119¼	120⅛
Wabash, com.	8¾	..	..	..
Western Union Tel.	54½	..	..	..

VON DER AHE BROKE.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.—A petition in voluntary bankruptcy was filed today by Chris Von Der Ahe, for many years a prominent figure in the baseball world, and owner of the St. Louis American Association team from its origination in 1876 until his retirement in 1898.

According to the petition he has but $200 assets to offset $27,865 liabilities. Many of his largest debts are notes for money borrowed for the support of the team he owned. It is stated that Von Der Ahe lost his wealth through amusement investments that did not prosper, loans, and the habit of indorsing checks and signing bonds.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

PORTUGUESE CAPITAL QUIET BUT FRESH OUTBREAK FEARED

The Resignation of Dictator Franco and His Cabinet Pacifies Populace for the Present.

Lisbon, Feb. 3.—Under a new regime, with a new King, and the establishment of a new cabinet, Portugal seems to be for the moment at peace. There is an underlying current of revolution, however, and the strictest measures are being taken to preserve order.

At noon today an official statement was given out that perfect order existed throughout Portugal.

Franco, the once dictator, was forced to resign because of the bitterness of the people against him, and the new cabinet will strive for the welfare of the fatherland under the presidency of Rear Admiral Do Amaral. Another official statement was given out that the President of the cabinet will be supported by all the groups of monarchies, who have agreed to forget previous differences.

The situation for Premier Franco after the assassination of the King and the crown prince became impossible. During the days which preceded the tragedy, and during the tumultuous manifestations on the streets, was the latter's discoveries of vast stores of arms and bombs, public opinion backed him in his efforts to maintain order, but the murders changed the entire complexion of the situation. He has not been seen on the streets since his meeting with the King immediately after the latter's arrival from Villa Vicosa, but all possible places where he might be have been closely watched and guarded.

Sensation in British Commons Unionist Earl Scores Coercion

Dudley Says "C. B." Not Conciliatory Enough To Suit Him.

London, Feb. 3. — The Earl of Dudley (Conservative), who was lord lieutenant of Ireland in Mr. Balfour's ministry, 1902-05, created somewhat of a sensation among the Unionist benches of the House of Lords this evening, by disassociating himself entirely with the policy of coercion in Ireland.

The leaders of the present Liberal Government, the Earl of Dudley said, were not going far enough in their conciliatory methods to please him. The policy of coercion cut at the root of all true union between England and Ireland; it would mean war to the knife, and in the long run it would make the government of Ireland impossible. The only real solution of the Irish question, the speaker continued, was to be found in the prompt and consistent remedying of the admitted grievances, and such a policy would gain the adherence and support of a majority of the people.

At the conclusion of his remarks the Earl of Dudley was cheered heartily by the supporters of the Government.

Referring to the same subject in the House of Commons, Augustine Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, refused definitely to put the crimes act into operation. He said he loathed boycotting, but, believing the disturbances in Ireland to be due to removable causes, the Government proposed to continue its present policy of trying to gain the goodwill of the Irish people. The reason of the cattle raiding and other crimes was disappointed hopes, Mr. Birrell said, and he expressed the opinion that there never would be peace and contentment in Ireland until the untenanted lands had been divided among the people.

The Government, Mr. Birrell said, wanted compulsory powers to break up the untenanted lands, and as a matter of fact the landlords were tumbling over each other in their desire to sell, but they were holding out for unreasonably high prices.

Wreck Blocked the Express Trains

Chatham, Feb. 4.—A through freight train on the C. P. R., going east, due here at about 11 o'clock last night, rolled into trouble two miles east of here. An axle on a car broke, knocking it off the track, and delaying traffic. The auxiliary from Windsor was hurried to the scene, but did not arrive until 3 o'clock this morning. Then followed two hours or more of work before matters were straightened out. Express trains delayed were the westbound flyer, due here at 12:38 this morning, which was held on a siding above the wreck until nearly 7 o'clock this morning, while the eastbound express, due here at 2:52 this morning, was held here till after 7, leaving the city for London only fifteen minutes ahead of the regular morning train starting from here.

THE BEST IN THE DOMINION

Continued From Page One.

of the force was very nearly $400,000 last year. Hamilton and London are two of the hardest cities on the continent to police, being so close to Buffalo, Detroit and other border cities. Hamilton, with a population of 64,000, has 67 policemen, which cost $69,000, while London, with 50,000 people, has 43 policemen, who cost the city only $38,000.

"This city is easily the most economically policed city in the Dominion.

Special Force Needed.

"The time has come in the development of this country when the Government should establish a special provincial police, and do away with the present system of having a poorly-paid representative in the country districts. This individual does not trouble himself particularly in the cause of justice, because it is not made worth his while. A body of provincial police officers would be invaluable in this vicinity just now. It is really the cities which are policing the Province, A crook can go from one end of the country to the other and break into country stores and postoffices, get away, and keep out of jail as long as he keeps outside the cities. If it were not for the very valuable assistance the Detroit police give to the Canadians, hundreds of criminals would escape every year. It is the same at Niagara Falls. London is so situated in regard to is a treat all round, and the first thing in the world for a crook to get away, and were it not for the men at the borders many would get away who are now caught."

The Annual Report.

The chief has prepared his annual report, which contains some interesting facts. In 1907 no less than 2,108 persons appeared in court, of whom 2,011 were males and 97 females. This is a considerable increase over 1906, when the total was 1,815, of which 1,753 were males and 62 females. These figures would indicate that the ladies had been misbehaving themselves considerably last year. In 1907 there were 903 males convicted and 29 females, as against 752 males and 20 females in 1906. Drunkenness is apparently on the increase, especially among women, there being 36 females and 862 males in court last year, as against 763 males and 20 females in 1906. Disorderly cases come next, there being 238 in 1907, compared with 168 in 1906. Theft cases show a decrease, there being 86 in 1906, and only 71 last year. No females were charged with theft at all last year. Non-support cases also show a decrease, there being 10 last year and 16 in 1906. The increase in gambling houses and frequenters thereof is explained by the two raids which were made on the Chinese.

Intoxication Increases.

"There is a gradual increase in the cases of drunkenness for the last eight years," said the chief. The worst year for drunkenness London ever had was in 1882, which was the year the waterworks was being built. The lowest year we ever had was in 1892, when less than 400 drunks appeared. I think the present system of concentrating the hotels down town has considerable to do with it. In the old days a man could go to hotels which in those days were very plentiful, and could get drunk and go home in a few minutes. Now he has a long way to go home, and has to run the gauntlet of the police. The treating system, too, has a lot to do with it. A couple of fellows intending to have a quiet drink together are quite often made drunk by meeting with a gang in a hotel. There railways that it is the easiest matter they know everybody is drunk."

The chief has also prepared a statement of the juvenile court, which shows that there were 198 charges laid, 51 of which were disorderlies, 21 for damage to property, 19 for stealing and 16 for truancy. There were 74 convictions. Altogether during the year 2,306 people appeared, of whom 1,632 were Canadians, 42 Americans, 209 English, 94 Irish, 130 Scotch, and 210 of other nationalities.

BATTLE WITH DEATH

Crew of Schooner Suffer Terrible Hardship for Thirty-Six Hours.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 3. — Captain Hawx and crew of the three-masted schooner Perry C., wrecked on Little Duck Island, who have arrived here, tell a tale of great suffering and hardship, and of almost miraculous rescue from death by exposure and hunger.

Their schooner went on the rocks on Wednesday afternoon and broke up so quickly that the crew had barely time to escape in a boat. They were unable to take food or warm clothing. After an extremely perilous passage through the breakers they landed on Duck Island, expecting to find shelter.

The island is bleak and uninhabited. For thirty-six hours, during violent storms, they endured terrible suffering, being wholly exposed to the winds and cold. Their clothing was solidly frozen, and one biscuit divided into six portions formed a whole day's food. It was with the utmost difficulty that several of the men were prevented from falling into the death sleep Finally, on Thursday evening the smoke of a steamer was seen and signals made. The steamer answered, and the men were taken on board and carried to Parrsboro.

ORDERED TO SHOOT.

Sebastopol, Feb. 4.—As an outcome of the recent attacks by revolutionists upon the sentries on duty at the arsenals here Rear-Admiral Wiren today gave orders for all sentinels to fire without challenging upon all suspects found in the vicinity of the arsenals or the storehouses between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. Patrols also are instructed to volley at any persons who attempted to escape.

Extensive beds of lobsters are to be planted soon in the waters of British Columbia, and it is expected that in four or five years the lobster-taking industry will be established on a large scale.

THAW'S GOOD-BYE TO THE TOMBS

Cheering Crowd Headed By an Italian Recently Acquitted of Murder.

New York, Feb. 3. — The scene when Thaw left the Tombs was one of the most interesting that has occurred within the walls of that prison in many months.

The rusty-looking electric cab that Evelyn Nesbit has been using in her trips to the Tombs for a year was driven inside the prison gates and was soon surrounded in the courtyard by a score of more of Tombs' orderlies, looking like a flock of street-cleaners in their white canvas uniforms. Thaw was brought down to the courtyard soon after the arrival of the cab, accompanied by Evelyn Nesbit, Daniel O'Reilly, Russell Peabody, Detective Parker and Deputy Sheriff Bell.

Thaw, Evelyn Nesbitt, O'Reilly, Peabody, Parker and Bell, six in all, packed themselves into the cab intended to seat four at the most, and not four of Daniel O'Reilly's weight, at that. When the good-bye had been said and Thaw had shaken hands with all the orderlies the overladen cab staggered toward the gate.

Outside in the street a crowd of nearly 500 persons awaited to greet Thaw, headed by Rafacie Gascone, the Italian acquitted recently after two trials for murder. Thaw had been very kind to Gascone in the Tombs, and the Italian led a shouting, cheering mob of his fellow-countrymen through the streets to give Thaw a rousing send-off as he left for Matteawan.

Affecting Farewell.

The Thaw automobile was sent up quickly to Forty-third street and Lexington avenue. The prisoner bade good-bye to his wife at the curb, in order to avoid the public, and the parting was very affecting. Both were in tears and both hoped for the best.

Thaw, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Bell, Daniel O'Reilly, and the detective, walked almost jauntily down to the railroad gate. He carried two large bundles under his arm and there was a trace of a smile on his face.

"What gate is it?" he asked. Daniel O'Reilly immediately signaled to a trainman, and he opened the gate where a train was schedulel to leave at 5:54 o'clock. A special club car, the second from the locomotive, had been reserved fol the party. Half-way down the platform, Thaw stopped, unfastened his suitcase, which Detective Moore handed to him, and arranged some of the clothing within.

Feels "Pretty Good," He Says.

When Thaw was asked by a man on the platform how he felt, he replied:

"Pretty good; pretty fair. But you must remember that I have had a long siege of it. Some people have told me that four years in Sing Sing is preferable to one year in the Tombs."

Then Thaw entered the car, sat down at a table and started smoking a big cigar. He was interested in the terminal improvement, and his lawyers explained everything to him. Suddenly a uniformed guard rushed in and grabbed Thaw by the hand.

"Congratulations," he said. "You probably don't remember me, but I used to see you often on the trains of this road."

"Well, you have a different uniform on now and that makes a difference," Thaw replied.

On the way uptown Thaw was greatly interested in all the new building operations. When passing the Hotel Belmont he remarked that the building had not been completed when he last saw it. He made a special comment about the burned Parker building. Before the train left the terminal a special guard was necessary to keep back the throng which attempted to get out on the platform.

The doors of the Thaw car were locked, and the prisoner settled down to read the evening newspaper account of the closing hours of his trial.

THE MONTREAL MAYORALTY

Ald. Payette Chosen—Quiet Election —Catholics Vote for Orangemen.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—Ald. Payette was elected mayor of Montreal over Hon. P. Roy, Speaker of the Quebec Legislature, today, by a majority of 2,756.

The election was a quiet one throughout.

In the aldermanic contest, the principal interest centered in the struggle between Thomas Gilday, county master of the Orange order, and George W. Sadleir. Gilday, although an Orangeman, had the united support of the Irish Catholics behind him in his campaign, while Sadleir was supported by the French element. Sadleir won by nine votes.

CHARGED WITH FRAUD

Toronto Man Must Answer Charge of Conspiring to Defraud.

Toronto, Feb. 3.—Edward Goldberg was charged before the police magistrate this morning with conspiracy to defraud a number of wholesale merchants of Toronto out of goods, with two other men, named Morris and Reed, who are at present in the old country, and who have not been located bf the police.

A large quantity of the goods secured from the Toronto firms was shipped to the old country, while a quantity was seized in Toronto. The total value of the goods is about $5,000.

One witness, David Goldstein, was called this morning. Part of the goods had passed through his hands, and he in turn had sold their to others. Goldstein appealed to the police magistrate for an order that he be no required to tell the names of the parties to whom he sold the goods, but the magistrate ordered him to give the names. The case was adjourned for a day to enable Goldstein to produce his books.

Goldberg pleaded not guilty, and elected to be tried by the jury.

THE DUMA HEARD FROM

Submits a Bill Asking for Three Millions for Famine Purposes.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 4. — A bill appropriating $3,563,000 for famine relief, in addition to the sum already voted by the Duma for this purpose, has been submitted to the cabinet, and soon will be introduced in the Duma. The testaments of the amounts needed for the relief during the coming year are increasing steadily on account of the unfavorable news regarding the condition of the winter crops, which are reported to be almost a total loss. The economical administration of relief funds by the Government is most difficult, as under the present system the granting of relief and assistance to the neediest of the population entails the distribution of grain to vast numbers of the people in widely separated districts.

TALK OLD AGE PENSIONS

(Continued From Page One.)

gan and Fowler, and the debate had not concluded when the House adjourned.

The National Transcontinental.

In reply to Mr. Foster, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that approximately 1,803 miles of the National Transcontinental Railway, between Moncton and Winnipeg, have been located. About four miles remain to be located between those points. There are 859 miles now under contract for construction. During the present year it is the intention to let contracts for 138 miles in district "A," 52 miles in district "B," 100 miles in district "D," and 75 miles in district "E." It is estimated the obligations already entered into on account of the construction of the road amount to about $38,000,000. Disbursements to Jan. 28 on account of the National Transcontinental were $21,364,364.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier told Mr. Blain that the Government have received £16,962 through the high commissioner in London from the Russian Government in connection with an outstanding claim for wrongful seizure of Canadian vessels. The Canadian Government now have the question of distributing this amount under consideration.

Dr. Sproule was told by Hon. Mr. Fielding that the bonds of the Quebec Bridge Company, guaranteed by the Government, have not been sold. Moneys were raised by the company on the security of the bonds with the Bank of Montreal, at an interest rate of 5 per cent. The amount due the bank by the Bridge Company for such advances and interest was on June 30, 1907, $5,561,507.

Mr. Martin asked if the Government were taking steps to settle a dispute between the Dominion and the Maritime Provinces concerning the fisheries. Sir Wilfrid Laurier answered that the Government is appointing a delegate with power to discuss with the accredited representatives of the various local Governments the question of relative rights and jurisdiction with respect to fisheries. The Government knew of no difficulties which should prevent an amicable settlement.

Mr. Ames was told by Hon. Mr. Oliver that last year timber licenses in the West were renewed for 1,860 square miles, and new licenses were issued for 68 square miles.

Mr. McCarthy of Calgary was told by Sir Wilfrid Laurier that the Canadian Government have been and are continuing to press for a settlement of all outstanding claims against the United States made on behalf of Canadian sealers.

The Premier's View.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier congratulated Mr. Pringle on the way in which he had presented the question of old-age pensions, and corrected the statement that he had spoken adversely to the Trades and Labor Congress delegation on the subject. He did not hesitate to tell the labor delegates that he saw very serious difficulties, but that so far as he was concerned he was disposed to approach the subject with an absolutely open mind. That was the spirit in which the Government spoke on the question. He agreed with Mr. Pringle that if relief was to be given it should be given, not as a charity, but in a manner which would preserve the self-respect of the recipient. The discussion, however, showed that there was a very large scope for differences of opinion. For his part he did not know that he was prepared to favor a universal scheme, such as Mr. Smith had advocated. His own personal opinion was that the state should only go to the aid of those who had not been able, through different circumstances, to accumulate anything for their old age. It appeared to him that that was a system which would carry more weight than a universal system. A very serious and difficult question was whether or not there would be a contribution to the pension fund by the intended participants. There was much to be said in favor of the view that no contributions should be made, but it was not free from objection that such a system might be an incentive to slovenliness and want of diligence. "I have heard no serious answer to that objection, save that under the present scale of wages it would not be possible for any man obliged to earn his living as a workingman to lay by anything to make him able to contribute to the fund. These considerations showed that there was room for diligent inquiry, and, without committing themselves to any scheme, the Government proposed to accede to the resolution and to provide for the appointment of a committee, whose business and duty is would be to look into the matter and obtain the fullest information.

JAPS FOR SOUTH AMERICA

Are Welcomed There—New Argument Against Canadian Cattle in Britain.

Tokio, Feb. 3.—The House of Representatives stated South America favorable for emigrants and decided to establish a legation in Chili. Baron Chinda said wherever our emigrants are welcomed the Government will not prevent them going.

The Times has an article opposing the introduction of Canadian cattle into Britain on the ground that it would mean the decadence of British cattle breeding, and ultimately subjection to the American meat ring.

In France there are 6,000,000 smokers. Of every fifteen there are eight who smoke a pipe, five who smoke cigars, and only two who are cigarette smokers.

THE IRISH COUNCIL BILL

Chancellor Asquith Tells Parliament It Will Not Be Reintroduced.

London, Feb. 3. — All doubt that the Government is planning the introduction of legislation looking to home rule for Ireland in the present session of Parliament, was set at rest today, when Herbert H. Asquith, chancellor of the exchequer, declared on behalf of the Premier that the Government had no intention of reintroducing the Irish council bill.

MANUEL IMPROVING

The Wounds of Portugal's Young King Will Not Prove Fatal.

Lisbon, Feb. 4.—The condition of King Manuel, who was shot in the arm and face at the time his father and brother were killed last Saturday is improving.

The official organ, in its issue of today, declares that the funerals of the late king and crown prince will be held on Feb. 8 at 10 o'clock in the morning with all the solemnity possible at the royal pantheon of St. Vincent de Lisbon. The Marquis de Soveral, the Portuguese minister to Great Britain, has left here for London.

Material changes in the new cabinet have been made. Only three members of the first ministry, as announced yesterday, are retained in the cabinet gazetted today.

NEW SOO STOCK

Third Installment of Twenty Per Cent Met Yesterday by the C. P. R.

New York, Feb. 3.—The third installment of 20 per cent, amounting to $840,000 on subscription to the new stock of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway, was met by subscribers today. In July last the stockholders authorized an increase in the capital stock from $21,000,000 to $42,000,000.

Only $4,200,000 is to be isued for the present. The payments in installments of 20 per cent began on Oct. 31, 1907. The new stock is being issued in the same proportion as the old—two shares of common to every one of preferred. The Canadian Pacific, which owns 51 per cent of the Soo Line stock, is buying the new issue.

BULGARIANS FAILED

Their Immigration to America Not a Success, Says Government.

Chicago, Feb. 4. — "Bulgarian immigration to the United States is a failure. Bulgarians had better stay in Bulgarit. They are better off there than in America."

That will be the substance of a semi-official report to be made to the Bulgarian Government by P. N. Daskaloff, editor of the Vetchena Pochta, a leading newspaper of Sofia, who is touring this country for the purpose of studying the condition of Bulgarians here.

The Bulgarian Government recently passed laws in restriction of emigration and on seeing Dr. Daskaloff's report probably will take still further steps to detain the Bulgarians at home.

"I have investigated the conditions of my countrymen in this country, and I find that Bulgarians have not bettered themselves by coming to America," said Mr. Daskaloff yesterday. "In the last four years about 90,000 Bulgarians have come to this country, and this large loss has become a matter of concern to the Government; the total population of Bulgaria being only 4,000,000."

WAGNER A STAGE HERO

Play by Tragedienne Makes Composer the Principal Character.

Paris, Feb. 3.—Richard Wagner is to be the hero in a five-act drama in the Theater Sarah Bernhardt at the end of this season. The first scene is in Paris and represents M. Disturs and others and embraces the German revolution of 1849, the relations to the Bavarian king. The last act is in Venice, and represents the composer's death in an imaginary love episode. The introduction indicates that Mme. Bernhardt, who is a great Wagner admirer, is the author of the drama.

The demand upon the Yvette Guilbert fund to provide humble artists with suitable wardrobes and thus enable them to get engagements, has been so great that Mme. Guilbert has organized a benefit performance to replenish the fund. Forty-three well-known artists will participate.

Mme. Rejane Martial is suing the Matin and a theatrical critic because of an adverse criticism of her piece, "Sacha," produced fifteen times in the Theater de Gymnaz in March, 1906. The article consisted of seventeen lines, and stated that the piece was violent and artificial, and could not be played.

Mme. Martial says the criticism was insincere, for the same critic, over the signature of "Noziere," in Gil Blas, published a more flattering report.

The feature of Mme. Bernhardt's next tour in the United States will be a version of "Faust," by Henry Bataille. Mme. Bernhardt will play Mephisto.

A Yonkers, N. Y., dog catcher, who had been bitten by dogs more than 200 times, is finally dead. But, after all, spinal meningitis got in ahead of hydrophobia.

SOLID FOOD MEANT AGONY.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets cured her Indigestion—made her Stomach strong and well. To-day she eats anything she wishes, enjoys it and suffers no pain.

Mrs. Ellen Butler, 37 Collahie street, Toronto, suffered so from Indigestion that for years to put a bit of solid food in her stomach meant agony for hours. She had tried many remedies without any permanent relief, but when she commenced using Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets she immediately improved. After taking three boxes she was able to eat anything without the slightest distress. Sixty tablets, 35 cents. (25)

Sold by Callard & McLachlan.

NONE BETTER

Few Canadian schools are in the class with the

H. S. Hollege

Y. M. C. A., London, Ont.

Thorough equipment.
Six regular teachers.
Catalogue free.

J. W. WESTERVELT, Jr.,
Chartered Accountant, Vice-Prin.

Men's Ordered Suits and Overcoats

Made to Your Measure

O. Labelle

Merchant Tailor.
220 DUNDAS STREET.



February Notice—Our January sale was so successful we will offer 10% DISCOUNT on all trunks, bags, suitcases and leather goods bought this month. Phone 866.

TACKABERRY & CO.'S

FERGUSON & SONS
Funeral Directors
174 TO 180 KING STREET
ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS.
Phone 273 and 543.

J. C. ELLIOTT
326-328 Dundas Street.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER
Open day and night. Residence on premises. Phone 1907.

SMITH, SON & CLARKE
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS
Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended.
Rubber-tired Funeral Cars.
113 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 586
623 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 679
Residence on Premises.

D. A. STEWART
(Successor to John T. Stephenson.)
FUNERAL DIRECTOR and EMBALMER
Reasonable charges. Best equipments.
Open day and night. Residence on premises.
104 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 459.
GEO. E. LOGAN, Assistant Mgr.

Olympia Restaurant and Quick Lunch
For Ladies and Gentlemen
We are serving meals in just the way you like them best.

Come in and order from our bill of fare; you'll find only the freshest and best delicacies and substantials, and they are all prepared and served in the best manner.

175½ Dundas Street

We're Careful in Serving

We're careful in all the work of preparing meals. From the farm to the table the most care is given to securing the best for our guests.

We Want You To Eat Here

and we provide meals that will give you satisfaction. Come in.

SPECIAL DINNER, 12:00 to 2:00
REGULAR SUPPER, 5:30 to 8:00
QUICK LUNCH DAY and NIGHT

ALEXANDRA CAFE AND QUICK LUNCH
172 DUNDAS STREET.

Bargains in Furniture
BIG SNAPS
Joseph F. Crummey
565 Richmond, Corner Albert Street.
yw

DR. JARVIS
Dentist
213 Dundas, Corner Clarence

By opening an account it means $6 to $8 out of your pocket. In buying for cash proves you will save the above amount at

KLEIN'S, The Tailor
203 DUNDAS STREET

Money to Lend
Easy Terms of Payment
Large or Small Sums
London Loan and Savings Company
434 Richmond St., London, Ontario

Order Hamilton's
Hamilton's Porter is fully aged. It is the best. Ask for Hamilton's when you are buying.
Order Hamilton's

"D & H"
Lackawanna Coal
Bright, well screened and the hottest on the market.
TRY IT.
D. H. GILLIES & SON
Corner Adelaide and Bathurst streets
London. 'Phone 1312.

Why experiment when our
COAL
is sure to give good results, and costs the same?
Webster & Kernohan
PHONE 1383.

THOS. WILSON
Merchant Tailor,
212 Dundas Street
Higgins Block. Telephone 593.

Odd things not found elsewhere.

Shave Yourself With An
AUTOSTROP Safety Razor
It strops itself; it is perfectly safe and simple to use; it is a pleasure to shave with an "Autostrop Razor." Price, $5 00.
THOS. GILLEAN
402 RICHMOND STREET.

In demand among the particular
Johnston Bros. XXX BUTTER BREAD
The users of Johnston Bros.' XXX Butter Bread are the particular people who want the best and know the importance of having pure and wholesome bread. It is suitable for all occasions.
Johnston Bros.
Phone 944

City and District

—Regina Leader: Mr. Lees, of London, Ont., is in the city in the interests of the Henderson Directory Company.

—Mr. W. A. Abray, of Komoka, was in the city for a short time last week, after spending a few days in Claire and Saginaw, Mich.

—Mrs. A. D. Jordan will receive for the first time in her new home, "The Grange," South London, on Thursday, Feb. 6, and the succeeding first Thursday of each month.

—An instructive and interesting lecture on "Ancient Manuscripts," was delivered by Prof. Alexander, of the Western University, before the Young People's Society of St. James' Church, South London, last night.

—The members of St. George's Sunday School, West London, assisted by the Talbot Street Baptist Church orchestra, and others, will give a concert this (Tuesday) evening in the Sunday school room, in aid of the new library fund.

—Mr. Harmon E. Westland, of the Sidway Mercantile Company, Elkhart, Ind., formerly with Hobbs hardware, of this city, was home on business for the firm for a couple of days. His coming was a pleasant surprise to a number of his friends.

Postcards for England.

Apparently it is not generally known that postcards sent from Canada to England must have on them a two-cent stamp. A correspondent of The Advertiser, writing from England, says: 'From our experience here the idea seems to prevail that a one-cent stamp is all that is required, whereas such is not the case."

Bus-ride parties supplied. Reasonable rates. Hueston's Liveries.

FOUNTAIN PENS
That are out of the ordinary class. See the dandy we are selling at $1—solid 14k gold pen.
SUMNER
The Jeweler.
380 RICHMOND STREET.

Women's $2 Shoes
We are offering a thoroughly good line of Shoes at this price. They are made from splendid leathers, over stylish lasts, in a careful manner, by careful workmen.
They are serviceable and they are durable.
Nothing slighted because the price is moderate.
We want every woman who wears $2 00 Shoes to come here, and be fitted.
J. P. Cook Co
LIMITED.
Good Shoes for All the Family.
167 Dundas St. 398a Richmond St.

We Cater ToThe PARTICULAR COAL TRADE. We Know That We Can Please TRY U US.
John Mann & Sons
401 Clarence Street.
425 York Street.
'Phone 470.

BIG
JEWELRY SALE
ALL THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY
Everything in our north window at half-price. All the rest of our goods at 20 per cent off.
China Special
We are the only dealers in the city handling Pickard's Hand-painted China. Our stock is large and well assorted. Your choice of any piece at 20 per cent off regular prices.
Royal Crown Derby China at Half Price
Cup and Saucer, regular $2 50, for $1 25
Vase, regular $6 50, for $3 25
Vase, regular $5 50, for $2 75
Plates, regular $1 25, for ... 65c
Plates, regular $3 50, for $1 75
Silver Deposit Ware
Three-piece Tea Set, regular $32 50, for.. .... $16 25
C. H. WARD & Co
374 Richmond St

THE BREAD OF QUALITY.
Distinctive Quality Bread
is the Takoma Loaf. When we say that our Bread has quality we know what we are talking about. The standard of excellence is as high as it is possible to get it. Not some time, but all the time, you find the Takoma Loaf beyond comparison. We point with pride to the discriminating housewives who favor us with their continued patronage. At home and in surrounding places it is the standard Bread of all. Phone 929 or 1390, or order from driver.
PARNELL, THE BREAD MAN.

USE
Hazel-Rose
for all
Irritations of the Skin
Instantly Soothing and Delightful to Use
25c Per Bottle
Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists.
216 Dundas St. London, Ont.

DEATH OF MRS. WAUGH AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Mrs. Margaret Waugh, wife of Dr. W. E. Waugh, died at the family residence, 537 Talbot street, yesterday afternoon, after a long illness. Mrs. Waugh was a native of Brantford, but came to this city fourteen years ago. She was greatly beloved by all who knew her. Besides her husband, she is survived by one daughter, Miss Jean Waugh, of this city. The funeral will take place on Wednesday to Woodland Cemetery.

Question—What takes place Feb. 10? Answer—Why the barbers' hop in city hall 67-uyv

It may be that one way to make a fortune is by hard manual labor, but, if so, it is a way that no strictly modern millionaire is acquainted with.

HYATT AVE. CHURCH CELEBRATES OPENING OF HANDSOME EDIFICE

The tea meeting held in connection with the opening of the new Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church was held in the schoolroom of that handsome edifice last evening, and was a decided success. From 6 to 8 a large number had tea, and when an adjournment was made to the church the building was crowded to the doors. The programme was a splendid one, and pleased the large audience greatly.

Hon. Adam Beck was chairman, and in opening the entertainment congratulated the congregation on their splendid church. Addresses were also given by Rev. James Livingstone, chairman of the London district, Rev. E. B. Lanceley and Rev. Richard Whiting, B.A., Hamilton. Among those who took part in the musical programme were: Messrs. E. Moule, C. Pink, Walter Nixon, Dowling and H. St. George, and Misses Halls and Reid; Miss Walker gave several readings; Master Herbert Mowatt sang a couple of songs splendidly; Mrs. Adam Beck also sang a solo most pleasingly.

The proceeds amounted to about $150.

The pastor, Rev. D. E. Martin, is receiving many congratulations on the splendid new structure which has been built owing to his untiring efforts. The dedication services will take place on Sunday next.

Liberal "At Home" at Hyman Hall

The weekly whist evening of the Liberal Club will be held this evening at Hyman Hall. A large attendance is expected. There will be valuable prizes in both the compass and progressive gamer. The South London Club will hold their tournament on Friday night, when valuable prizes will be open for competition.

The Liberal Club will give an "at home" on Wednesday evening, Feb. 12, in the Hyman Hall. A splendid programme of music is being prepared, and the affair promises to be a great success. Refreshments will be served, and a good time is anticipated. Keep the date open, as this entertainment is worth while.

FUN AND FEAT AT BENNETT'S

A Bill of Universal Excellence at the Vaudeville Theater This Week.

Bennett's bill this week is a big one—in quality, although it was one shy in point of numbers yesterday. The Leighton-Kelso act is somewhere in the snowdrifts and did not get in. It is expected, however, that it will be on hand today. The bill pleased the first night audience immensely, and should draw good houses all week.

The big attraction of the bill are Miss Catherine Hayes and Miss Sabel Johnson, in a sketch, "A Dream of Baby Days." These young ladies are not there with the sylph-like figures. They are not petite, no; but they really are big. Shades of Little Eva, but they certainly are huge. Not the sort that are animated mountains of flesh—not for a minute—but just big and health, fat and funny. The advance notices declare that they weigh about 500 net, and they look it. They have a neat little sketch, in which is some really humorous dialogue, and they sing and dance well. In fact, the act is one of the neatest and best, and also the funniest that has traveled these parts for some time. Last night they made a tremendous hit, and are bound to make as big, if not a bigger hit than the Elinore Sisters, which is high praise. The act cannot be described. See the girls and laugh with them, and then it will be understood what real fun means. They are good.

The Zazell-Vernon Company have a very funny pantomime—and English novelty. It is one long, loud laugh from start to finish—in fact, they do some clever things that the average onlooker misses a lot of. However, one could miss one-half the things they do, and still get a laugh that would add fifty pounds to one's weight. Zazell the clown is splendid.

The O'Meers Sisters are the daintiest and cleverest wire artists that have come this way. They do many almost impossible feats on the wire, among them the dancing of a minuet.

Willie Weston, the impersonator, was here last season, and made a favorable impression. He has improved a great deal in his work, and was a decided favorite yesterday, his impersonations of Williams and Cliff Gordon being especially clever.

Lambert and Williams have a singing and dancing act that is just about the ordinary run, perhaps a little better than the average.

Will Spence sang an illustrated song yesterday in splendid style.

The pictures make up as good a bill, provided the ohter act gets in, as has been at Bennett's this season.

SPECIAL SHOE SALE

Matthews & Granger Make Timely Purchase From Pocock Bros., Toronto.

Messrs. Matthews & Granger made a timely purchase last week by attending the fire sale inaugurated by Pocock Bros., Limited, wholesale boots and shoes, Toronto. This stock was very slightly damaged by water thrown on the fire in the top flat of the Hees building, the second and third flats being occupied by Pocock Bros. The water found its way through the floors to some extent and down into the stock beneath. Messrs. Matthews & Granger, with commendable enterprise, did well to be on the ground early, and pick up the choicest of the goods. It will pay all classes of citizens well to attend their special sale, commencing Thursday, as they announce astounding bargains in their advertisement published on another page.

WEST MUTUAL MEETING

Messrs. Thornicroft and Beattie Re-elected by the Shareholders.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Westminster Mutual Assurance Company was held at Lambeth yesterday, when notwithstanding the almost impassable condition of the roads, there was a good attendance of the shareholders. The reports that were read showed that everything was in a most prosperous condition. The election of officers was keenly contested, and resulted in Messrs. John Thornicroft and William Beattie being re-elected. The other candidates were Albert Jones and W. Anderson.

You Must Eat

"Clark's Pork and Beans" combine flavor, economy, and the greatest amount of nourishment. Three flavors: Plain, or with Chili or Tomato Sauce. 5 and 10 cent tins.

The Finest Horses

In Ontario will be seen at the Ontario Horse Breeders' Exhibition to be held in Toronto, Feb. 12 to 14. The Grand Trunk Railway System wish to announce that they will sell return tickets at single first-class fare, good going Feb. 11 and 12. Valid reurning until Feb. 15. Secure tickets from any Grand Trunk agent.

SADDLED WITH MORE THAN SHARE

Trainmen Claim Responsibility for Accidents Is Not Altogether Theirs.

Toronto, Feb. 3. — "Mere justice in assigning the responsibility for railway accidents is all we want. There is a mistaken impression as to the attitude of the trainmen in some quarters. The men fully admit their liability for accidents resulting from the willful or culpable negligence or carelessness on the part of the men, but they fee that they are often saddled with more than their share of the blame and that the companies are not held responsible to the extent that they should be."

This statement was made today by Conductor Courtney, St. Thomas, chairman of the legislative committee of the Ontario branch of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, which finished its deliberations at the Palmer House on Saturday.

The executive committee were in session today, completing the routine business resulting from the meeting.

"A deputation will go to Ottawa during the present session," Mr. Courtney added, "to ask for legislation along the lines I have mentioned.

"The men claim also that when a trainman is on trial charged with negligence that has led to a disaster, all the circumstances should be taken into consideration, including the length of time the man was on duty, the condition of his health, and also, sometimes, allowance should be made for errors in regard to interpreting the rules. These are exceedingly complicated, and often the decision has to be made in a few seconds, so that there is danger of mistakes being made at times.

"The men fully recognize their duty and great responsibility for protecting the lives of passengers," Mr. Courtney continued. "Formerly train orders were violated freely, but that is not the case now. The men are very particular about orders because they see the jail staring them in the face if a disaster happens through their violation.

"Legislation will be sought for limiting to sixteen hours the length of time a man can be kept on duty in each day of 24 hours.

"The amount of damages that trainmen can collect from the companies is also felt to be much too low, the maximum being $1,500, or three years' pay. An effort will be made to have the maximum raised to $10,000, and then with that as a limit the jury can assign what damages they see fit at or below that figure."

MAY BLOCK THE DEAL

Shareholders Opposed To Transfer of London Times To Pearson.

New York, Feb. 3.—A special cable from London states that serious difficulty has arisen in connection with the transfer of the Times to a limited company dominated by C. A. Pearson. Some of the shares held in trust have been found so complicated that the court of chancery has been unable to deal with them. A special act of Parliament may be sought to facilitate matters with regard to the Times' affairs to the House of Commons, where many members, it is predicted, will indulge in sharp criticism of the Times' policies and attempt to block the proposed transaction. Sir Edward Tennant, a Liberal member of Parliament and a free trader, is the largest individual owner of the Times stock, after the Walter family. He is reported to have declared that he would make every effort to frustrate the plan of handing the newspaper over to Pearson, a rabid protectionist.

PRINCE ERNST DYING.

Berlin, Feb. 4.—Prince Ernst, the reigning Duke of Sachsen-Altenburg, is gradually sinking. He is suffering from asthma and a complication of other diseases.

IN MEMORY OF CARLOS.

Rome, Feb. 4.—The special funeral service at the Vatican, in memory of the late King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiseppe, was postponed, and will be held thirty days from the date of the murder.

THE DIET DEBATE.

Tokio, Feb. 4.—After a heated debate lasting five hours, an increase in the taxation bills on sugar, sake, alcohol, beer and kerosene was passed today in the Diet. The Government had a majority of 84 in every case except in that of kerosene, on which the majority vote was 24.

Masahisa Matsura, acting minister of finance, stated that the increase in taxation was absolutely necessary. In the present financial condition of Japan he believed that the whole people would be willing to pay it.

AUSTRALIA TO BAR ASIATICS

Decreed by the Political Parties That Only White Men Shall Control.

Sydney, N. S. W., Feb. 3.—The cry has gone up strongly that Australia shall be the home of the white man and not that of the Asiatic. Commenting on the warning in the London papers that Australia would be unable to exclude Japanese without British protection, the Sydney Morning Herald agrees that Asiatic exclusion is a very grave imperial problem, and appreciates the difficulties and embarrassments which it causes to the Imperial Government. But it declares:

"It might as well be plainly and definitely understood in England, once for all, that at whatever cost, the commonwealth will determinedly adhere to the white ideal. If the mother country's protection were withdrawn, Australia might or might not be able to assert herself, but we should make the attempt; there is no possibility of compromise. Asiatic exclusion is a life-and-death matter for a small white community within jumping-off distance of the teeming Orient. In declaring for a white Australia we have at stake western civilization, our breed and our institutions. A white Australia keeps one of the finest stretches of the world's surface for the British race, which is the greatest service to the British connection of which we can conceive ourselves capable."

Continuing, the Herald says: "The question is serious and portentous. It represents a point at which Imperial and colonial interests may come into collision, and therefore it is especially important that the imperial and colonial authorities should see, eye to eye." It adds that the suggeston to reserve portions of the empire for Oriental immigration is somewhat academic.

Would Not Hurt Feelings.

The Daily Telegraph declares that it is the duty of Australians to secure the exclusion of Asiatics by means devised so as not to hurt racial feelings. The lesson of the Transvaal troubles, the Telegraph says, is that we should do all we can to prevent an influx of colored people, and should bring Australia under white occupation.

Representative citizens agree that the British fleet is at present the sole mainstay of Australian policy, and regard the controversy as enforcing the urgent need of a sound system of self-defense in order that the Commonwealth may be able to assume responsibility for its own policy should the British rulers, misunderstanding colonial motives, decline to support a white Australia. It must be said promptly and resolutely that Austaralians will not consent to the proposal that a portion of their country should be thrown as a sop to the colored peoples.

Furthermore, it is insisted that a commission, if appointed, must have power to collect information only, lest the Australian representatives be outvoted and "the commonwealth be powerless to hinder the adoption of a decision which would destroy the reasoned and deliberate policy of every section of Australians — namely, a white Australia."

"New Protection."

While the "New Protection" policy now embodied in the Australian tariff bill is offered to the working classes as a guarantee of an early increase of wages, so that the artisan shall benefit equally with his employer from the exclusion of foreign products, any future adition to the weekly wage is discounted by the fact that prices are uniformly tending upward.

Thus in Sydney the workmen's restaurant keepers have unanimously raised their sixpenny meal to eightpence, which means a shilling a week extra on the wage-earner's dinner. In regard to the prospective rise of wages the commonwealth legislature has decreed that in the protected industries "all and reasnoable wages shall be paid"; be it has neglected to define the term "fair and reasonable," and the definition is now being arrived at in the law courts, at great expense to both employers and employed. Last year an excise tariff act was passed which levied duties in the interests of the men, which were not to be collected where the manufacturers gave reasonable wages. But the act has not been enforced, because employers were not compelled to divulge their profits, and therefore it was difficult to say whether the men were receiving their share or not.

EAST END PRESBYTERIANS

Likely To Have Another Church in the Near Future.

The East End Presbyterian Mission, which is now in operation at the corner of Egerton street and Hamilton road, is making good progress. A Sunday school is being carried on there, prayer meetings are regularly held, and it is quite likely it will become a regular appointment in the near future. Rev. James Rollins, when questioned in regard to the matter, said that such a development was altogether likely.

Steps are being taken, it is said, to secure the services of a student to take charge of the mission.

It is thought that the two missions of Chelsea Green and Hamilton road could be grouped, so that one person could conduct services in both places. While no definite arrangements have been completed, it is intended that both missions shall have regular preaching services on the Sabbath, in the early part of the coming summer.

OLIVER ILL.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from South Bend, Ind., says: The condition of James Oliver, the millionaire plow manufacturer, who is seriously ill with heart trouble, is such that it is feared he cannot recover. There has been no change for the better during the last ten days.

THE DRUCE MYTH.

London, Feb. 4.—Almost the last prop was knocked from under the Druce myth yesterday, when the master in chancery dismissed G. H. Druce's civil suit for the possession of the estate of the late Duke of Portland. The attorney for Druce appealed the case and the appeal was allowed.

CANADIAN SECURITIES

Latest Quotations on Our Bonds in Britain.

London, Feb. 3. — Following are the latest quotations on Canadian securities:

Dominion C. P. R. 50-year land grant bonds, guaranteed to 1938, 100 to 102.

Newfoundland sterling bonds, 1941-7-8-51, 91 to 93.

Nova Scotia debentures, 91 to 93.

Quebec sterling bonds, 1912, 102 to 104.

Quebec sterling bonds, 1928, 100 to 102.

Dominion of Canada registered 1908, 100⅛ to 101⅛.

Dominion of Canada reduced late 5 per cent 1910, 100½ to 101½.

Dominion of Canada registered 1909-34, 100 to 102.

Newfoundland inscribed 1945, 98 to 100.

Nova Scotia 1949, 81 to 83.

Nova Scotia 1954, 92 to 94.

Quebec registered 1946, 93 to 95.

Quebec inscribed 1937, 83 to 85.

Dominion of Canada loan 1938, 95 to 97.



A TRIAL ORDER
Is all we want to convince you we sell the best coal on the market. We can deliver promptly.
High-Grade Coal
From our yards to your cellar. Coal that burns to a clean ash without clinkers. Give us a trial order and be convinced.
HUNT BROS., Ltd
OFFICE: 363 RICHMOND ST.
Telephone: 123 or 412.
ywt

Kindling Wood.
Delivered, $1.00 Per Load
LONDON BOX CO., 309 BATHURST

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldgs., next Court House, London.

RUSSIA DEFIED

Austria Going Ahead With Railway Plans Despite the Czar.

Constantinople, Feb. 4.—An imperial decree issued yesterday, authorizes the survey of Mitrovitza-Novibazar Railway.

Baron Von Aehrenthall, the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, recently announced that plans had been made for the establishment of direct railroad connections between Vienna, Saloniki and Athens. Later, dispatches from St. Petersburg indicated that a serious conflict was impending between Russia and Austro-Hungary over the construction of this road, which would be the connecting line of he Austrian line through Basnia with the Turkish line to Saloniki and Mitrovitza, traversing the buffer district of Novipazar.

The building of this line long has been a cherished project to Austria-Hungary, but Russia's attitude of steady opposition has prevented the execution of the plan.

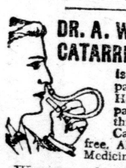
NOT GUILTY OF MURDER

Wife Shot Woman Who Stole Her Husband's Affections.

Baltimore, Feb. 3. — Mrs. Annie Maithe, who shot and killed Mrs. Sallie Brown at the latter's home in November last on the ground that Mrs. Brown had taken her husband from her, was acquitted Saturday evening. The state's attorney had asked for a verdict of manslaughter with a recommendation for mercy, but the jury promptly gave a verdict of not guilty.

When John Maithe, the husband, was called to the stand to testify he came in trembling. He said that he had known the woman Brown two years and that he visited her on the night she was killed. He accused her of drinking, but she caressed him and begged his forgiveness. He declared he left the house before the shooting.

It was brought out that the wife followed her husband to Mrs. Brown's house and saw them together through a window. She then got the pistol and returned and shot the woman.



DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.
is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Women who have recently joined the Wandsworth, England, Rifle Club have proved so expert in the use of the rifle that scores of 35 out of a "highest possible" of 40 have frequently been recorded. The club committee is desirous of securing other women sharpshooters in order to arrange a match between the women and men.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."