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Payable in advance.

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 47.--No. 17.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1918.

MONEY SAVERS
Don't fail to read the "Special Notices." They contain information that will save you money.

Whole No. 2413.

BIG FIFTEEN - DAY SPRING DRIVE AT THE MODERN SHOE STORE, GLENCOE

Attend D. McIntyre's Fourth Annual Spring

Sale of Cattle
At Appin Stock Yards

on Saturday
APRIL 27th

Printer Wanted

Clean case hand, with country office training. Apply to The Transcript, Glencoe.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION of Lorne Lodge No. 28, P. E. O. M., will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, April 25th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Initiation: general business. All Masonic brethren welcome.
J. A. McKellar, W. M.; E. M. Doull, Secretary.

Card of Thanks.

The family of the late Mrs. A. R. McVicar desire to express their thanks to friends and neighbors for assistance and sympathy extended to them in their bereavement.

By-Law Regarding Chickens.

This year in particular the Government is urging that every foot of garden ground in the Village be utilized for production. Garden seeds are nearly, and in some cases more than double, their former value. It is therefore necessary that every garden must be well protected and the by-law regarding chickens running at large will be strictly enforced in the Village.
By order of the Council of the Village of Glencoe.
123 CHARLES GEORGE, Clerk

For Sale.

First-class 100-acre stock and grain farm, situated on Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, Middlesex Co. Clay loam, bank barn and stables, brick cottage, convenient to church and school, 2 1/2 miles from railway station. Apply to E. T. Huston, Glencoe. 641f

Cream and Eggs Wanted

Get our proposition re cream: highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe
House, 31/2. Store, 80.

WESTERN Business College
WINDSOR, ONTARIO
A High Grade School. Write for Catalogue. Hundreds of students placed annually in DETROIT and WINDSOR. L. S. McAllum, Prin. P. O. Box 46 Accountants

Cream Wanted

FRANK McNALLY of Alvinston will be superintending the buying of Cream, Eggs and other produce at Glencoe during the season of 1918. Cream will be received at C. George's store at Glencoe. Phone him for particulars.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first floor south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE BLACKLOCK

Painter and Paper-hanger
GLENCOE - ONTARIO

CHANTRY FARM

Lincoln Sheep
and Shorthorn Cattle
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

M. A. McALPINE
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
Is prepared to conduct all kinds of sales, large or small. Terms reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone him at Campbellton. 432

J. B. COUCH & SON
Furniture Dealers
Funeral Directors
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE
Phone day 23, night 100

FASHIONABLE Spring Suitings

Select your spring suit now, while our stock is complete and before prices advance. We have a good range of

Guaranteed Indigo Blues

and an attractive line of

Tweeds and Worsteds

See our new Ties and Collars and Lounge and Negligee Shirts, etc.

TOMLINSON

The Tailor and Haberdasher Opposite Merchants Bank

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized \$25,000,000
Capital Paid-up 12,911,700
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits 14,564,700
Total Assets 335,000,000

SIR HERBERT S. HOLT, President
E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director
C. E. NEILL, General Manager
STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches

415 Branches. Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.

Special attention given to business of Farmers.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager
Branches also at Strathroy, Appin, Wardsville, Dutton and Rodney

Garage Special

A Preston Garage, 10 x 18, with metal roof, hardware, glass and painted, erected on your place—\$115.00.

or we will furnish

material for garage 10 x 18, felt roofing, doors made up, rafters and studding cut, window frame and sash, everything ready to put together, including glass, nails and hardware—\$75.00.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Lumber Yard and Planing Mill Glencoe, Ont.

To Pay Small Accounts

where you may not wish to send personal cheques, use Bank Money Orders issued by The Merchants Bank.

This is a convenient way to settle newspaper and magazine subscriptions—to pay for goods ordered out of town—in fact, to send any amount up to \$50 through the mails.

Bank Money Orders are easily secured—safe to send in a letter—will be replaced without extra charge, if lost or stolen—and can be cashed anywhere in Canada or United States at face value.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
GLENCOE BRANCH, J. A. McKellar, Manager.
BOTHWELL BRANCH, E. E. LEWTHWAITE, Manager.
NEWBURY BRANCH, W. H. C. HALL, Manager.

SHOES! SHOES!

Where to Buy Them

We have just re-stocked with the very latest styles and best qualities that money can buy. We pay spot cash and get the discounts, therefore we are able to offer these goods at the very lowest prices.

It is a pleasure for us to show our goods. Come and examine them and see what we can save you.
The very latest and best in Women's Shoes. A great variety of Children's Shoes.

Our motto—Small profits and quick returns.

Groceries always fresh and reliable.

CHARLES GEORGE

Phone 22

LADIES' PATRIOTIC LEAGUE

Our business meeting will be held in the town hall assembly room on April 30th at 8 o'clock. All reports of the previous meetings will be given.

All finished work to be sent in Tuesday, April 30th. On Thursday, May 2nd, hospital supplies will be sent to headquarters and soldiers' comforts sent to Canadian base in France.

—Press Reporter.

Notice re Cattle and Horses Running at Large

By-law No. 72 of the Village of Glencoe enacts in part as follows:
I. All cattle, horses, goats, sheep and pigs, and also geese, turkeys, hens and all poultry shall be and are hereby restrained and wholly prohibited from running at large within the municipality, subject to being impounded in any common pound of the municipality.

II. The owner or keeper of any such animal or poultry shall be liable for all injury or damage done by such animal or poultry, and for all costs and charges incurred.

III. The pasturing of horses or cattle of any kind upon any of the public streets of this village is hereby prohibited whether such animals be in the charge of any person or not.

IV. Any person or persons violating any of these provisions after having been once notified in writing of such violation shall for every subsequent offence pay a penalty not exceeding \$20 and costs.

For Sale.

Part of the west half of the north half of lot 22, con. 1, being known as "Fairview Place." Contains about 35 acres of clay loam soil, good home, barn, orchard, etc. An ideal small farm, with telephone and rural mail, and only one mile from school, church and railroad station. See Mrs. A. M. McRae, Appin Road. 131f

Cream Wanted

Having engaged with the Lambton Creamery Co. as their local manager for the purchase of Cream and Eggs, I hereby solicit a share of your patronage. Cream will be received, tested and paid for by me daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Will also have a man collecting on the road.
Phone 73 ALEX. MCNEIL

Notice re Parking Cars

All persons parking cars on the streets of Glencoe must park them on the right-hand side of the street, with the cars facing diagonally towards the sidewalk, so that any car can be backed out when desired without interfering with the others.
By order of the Council of the Village of Glencoe.
113 CHARLES GEORGE, Clerk

FACTORY BUILDING FOR SALE

The two-story concrete-block building on McRae street, Glencoe, formerly used as a canning factory, is offered for sale.
Building equipped with engine and boiler, weigh scales, shafting, etc. Very reasonable price to a good, live industry.

For full particulars, apply to E. T. HUSTON, Secretary Industrial Association, Glencoe. 111f

CREAM WANTED

DUGALD MCINTYRE will be buying and collecting Cream, Eggs and Poultry at Appin during the season of 1918. He is also agent for the Anker-Holth Cream Separators. Get one installed on trial before you purchase. We positively guarantee them to be satisfactory. Phone—Melbourne 20c30.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

We Carry a Full Line

—OF—

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized

Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing,

Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc.,

done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

GLENCOE

Tinsmith Plumber

District and General.

Automobiles killed 281 people in the State of Iowa in 1917.

A rather poor crop of maple syrup is reported from Quebec.

A factory is to be started at Falkirk, near Allas Craig, for the manufacture of toys.

The flax mill at Sarnia managed by T. A. G. Gordon was destroyed by fire last week.

A shopkeeper at Wheatley was fined \$25 and costs for selling cigarettes without a license.

Western farmers will get a guaranteed price of \$2 per bushel for their 1919 wheat crop.

At least 40 standard hotel licenses will be cut off by the Ontario License Board this year.

Negotiations are under way by which a large shipbuilding plant may be located in Sarnia.

Strathroy council intends to place dummy policemen at the three busy corners in that town.

The cheese factory at Keyser Corners, near Strathroy, was destroyed by fire one night recently.

Essex merchants will close their places of business Thursday afternoons from May until October.

The Baptist church at Ridgeway was damaged to the extent of \$3,000 by fire on Thursday morning.

Windsor has decided officially against "daylight saving," and the time at the border city is very much mixed.

The Theford Tribune has suspended publication and the subscription list has been taken over by the Forest Standard.

Kent Bridge Farmers' Club met and decided to pay no attention to the new time so far as farming operations are concerned.

The Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association has given notice that it intends increasing insurance rates, owing to war conditions.

Strathroy business men have agreed to close their stores at 12:30 on Wednesdays during the summer and go out and help the farmers.

Four men were arrested in Toronto for failing to perform necessary work, which is the first action of the police under the recent regulation passed by the government.

Farm tractors being employed in Middlesex county this year are not giving entire satisfaction to the farmers who are using them in seeding operations and other work.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvaro Keillor, Wallace town, have received official word that their son, Pte. Sidney Keillor, had died in the Fourth General Hospital, France, from wounds.

The Tilbury Times says: Amos Kelly of Newbury was in town last week disposing of a portion of his maple syrup output—of which he made over 100 gallons this year. He was the guest of his sister here, Mrs. E. Hornick.

Seed corn, guaranteed to germinate 98 per cent, sold at the world record price of \$50 per bushel, at a sale near Harrow, Essex County, recently. There were 8 bushels in the lot and it was of the Whitcap Yellow Dent variety.

Five hundred dollars damages, with high court costs, have been awarded Miss Ida Pesho of Euphemia township, against the C. P. R., in a judgment given by Judge Middleton at Osgoode Hall.

TH. McEwen sued for \$3,000 for the death of her father, who was struck by a through express while alighting from a local train at Bothwell.

The Department of Education came in for some severe criticism at the Ontario Educational Association. School trustees complained that the Department did not allow local authorities to develop their educational system in accordance with local needs.

The rural school is educating the rural child away from the country," declared Mr. Laing of Allandale.

Appreciating the dependence of farmers upon weather conditions, the Ontario Railway Board has had provision made for the phoning of the weather forecast every day to all Bell exchanges in the Province. Farmers will now be able to receive from their central office the forecast of the weather as soon as it is sent out in the morning—absolutely free of charge.

The Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railway companies are experiencing the heaviest freight traffic movement in years. An immense amount of freight tied up during the winter months has been released for shipment.

The difficulty that the railway companies are facing now is their inability to get a sufficient number of locomotives and cars to transport the increased business.

Some interesting figures concerning the agricultural industry of Canada are supplied by the Dominion Statistician.

The average value of farm lands, improved or unimproved, together with all buildings that may be on them, is approximately \$44 an acre, as compared with \$41 in 1916. The Ontario average is \$55.3 an acre. The average wage paid to farm laborers is \$610.69 with board, as compared with \$336.29 in 1909.

The boys on the bank staff of Canada are not going to wait for the date set out in the last call made. Out of 17,674 male members of the ages employed in banks, 8,000 have enlisted. Justice Duff's education calls up 2,000 in addition, and gives them till July or September to report. But a goodly number have already resigned their positions and have reported or are preparing to do so at once.

The Bankers' Association have expressed the opinion that it will be almost impossible to accomplish the work in all details with untrained employees.

To Cancel Exemptions.

It is stated that upwards of 66,000 men will be affected by the cancellation of exemptions, decided upon by the Dominion Government on Friday night.

Many of the men exempted will, of course, be found physically unfit, but it is thought that thirty thousand men will be made available under the legislation. Details of calling up these men are not yet perfected, but this will be done early in May.

The passing of the military manpower resolution will be followed by the calling to the colors of unmarried men and widowers from 20 to 22 years of age, both inclusively and who have been granted exemption. These are men who after having reported for duty were granted leave by a military board, the majority being allowed furlough as agriculturalists.

The death occurred at her late residence, 57 Walmsey Blvd., Toronto, on Thursday, April 18, of Jessie Hollingshead, dearly beloved wife of W. H. Williams, M. A., and fourth daughter of the late Henry Hollingshead, formerly of Dutton. She was married in the year 1905 to W. H. Williams, M. A., of Kitchener, to which she went as a bride and spent twelve years of her married life, endeavoring herself to a large circle of friends who will mourn the loss of her bright and sunny disposition. She was one whom to know was to love.

The family moved to Toronto, where Mr. Williams is teaching in the University, in September, 1917, since which time Mrs. Williams has been in failing health, sinking very rapidly during the last month, and passed away Thursday evening. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, her son Harley and two daughters, Mary and Helen, her mother, three sisters and three brothers.

A short service was held at her late home, conducted by Rev. James Wilson. The pallbearers were Dr. Pakenham, Professor Crawford, R. W. Anglin, M. A., Professor F. C. A. Jeanneret, Dr. A. H. Hertell and Mr. Williams. The remains were brought to Glencoe for burial, the services being held at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. A. McLachlan. Rev. Mr. Andrew of St. Thomas, a former pastor, conducted the services, assisted by Rev. Mr. Charlton.

The interment was at Oakland cemetery. The pallbearers were Mr. McKellar, Mr. Beare, Mr. Forsythe and Mr. Kerr of Kitchener, and M. J. McAlpine and Wm. Haggerty, Glencoe. Friends were present from Wallaceburg, London, St. Thomas, Dutton, Ayr, Kitchener and Petrolia.

The finest stack of raincoats in town at Lamont's.

Melbourne.

Mrs. (Rev.) D. C. Stephens, accompanied by her mother, Miss Henderson of Quebec, are visiting with friends in Michigan.

Mrs. Caven sold her 25-acre farm, three-quarters of a mile north of this village, to Malcolm McNeill, who recently sold his farm, one-half mile south of this village, to J. D. Cartwright.

Miss McGugan, who has been teaching school on the Indian reserve, resigned a short time ago to attend college. Miss Annie McDougall, a former teacher, has been engaged to fill the position.

Fishing and fish stories seem to be the order of the day. Some of our citizens go to the river to fish. Some fish in the brook, but as usual the largest and the best fish slip off the hook before they reach the shore.

Anniversary services were observed in connection with the Epworth League of the Methodist church on Sunday evening. Rev. Mr. Reygart of Mount Brydges occupied the pulpit and delivered an excellent sermon.

The annual meeting of the Melbourne Lawn Bowling Club was held at the office of A. P. McDougall. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—President, E. Richards, vice-president, M. Vance; games committee, A. P. McDougall, J. Richards, J. Wellman; grounds committee, Mr. Theaker, Mr. Calvert, F. Catcher, J. Richards and J. Wellman; membership committee, H. D. A. McKenzie.

At a well-attended meeting a strong farmers' club was formed. It was unanimously decided to affiliate with the United Farmers of Ontario. The meeting felt keenly the necessity for organization among the farmers, and for a much greater representation of their interests at Ottawa, and expressed their determination to make this one of the strongest clubs in Western Ontario. The following officers were elected:—President, H. Gleadall; vice-president, Allan McDougall; secretary-treasurer, Stanley Richards, and a strong committee of fourteen members.

Wardsville

Miss Cassie Faulds is visiting her sister at Longwood.

Cadet Will Handies of Long Branch spent the week-end at his home here.

The Circle girls of the Methodist church will hold a sacred concert in the church on Friday evening, April 26th.

The pancake social held in the St. James' Church Sunday School room drew well attended. The evening was enjoyably spent in games and music. Proceeds amounted to \$12.15.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Monuments lettered at your cemetery. Also dealers in Aberdeen and Canadian granites. Prices reasonable. Address Wardsville Granite and Marble Works, Wardsville, Ont. 06-13

Field Crop Competition.

The Mosa and Ekfrid Agricultural Society will hold a field crop competition in White oats and Dent corn. The amount of land must not be less than five acres for each crop. Prizes for each crop as follows:—1st, \$20; 2nd, \$15; 3rd, \$12; 4th, \$10; 5th, \$8; 6th, \$6; 7th, \$4.

An entry fee of 50c will be charged on each entry. Any person wishing to compete will send in their entries to R. W. McKellar, Glencoe, not later than May 15 for oats and June 15 for corn. 13-2

Reads Like a Fairy Tale.

The Wyoming Enterprise says:—Mr. Anderson, a member of a large oil corporation in Ohio, and organizer and stockholder of the Missouri Oil Co., has been engaged during the past fortnight in making a geological survey of Lambton county, and states that the company will soon proceed to drill a number of wells in Warwick township which if successful may be followed by boring others in the locality.

Mr. Anderson states that the company has adopted a new process consisting of air pressure which is superior to the former method of shooting the wells. By the process he claims that the wells which have become non-productive can be restored to a production of from 2 to 3 barrels per day. Mr. Anderson, who is a native of Warwick township, has taken an active part in the oil business in California and other states during the past 30 years and states that he is a personal friend of the great inventor, Thomas Edison.

Corns cripple the feet and make walking a torture, yet sure relief in the shape of Holloway's Corn Cure is within reach of all.

Lost Sight or "The Light That Failed"

Kipling's pathetic tale of the artist who lost his sight, teaches a moral. The eyes are the bread winners. Take care of them.

Have them examined. Know that they are right. We are eye experts. Satisfaction guaranteed.

C. E. Davidson

Jeweler

Marriage Licenses Issued

Graduate Optician

BRITISH HOLD GROUND AGAINST 125,000 ENEMY STORM TROOPS

Furious Attacks on British Defences Between Givenchy and St. Venant Hurlled Back Leaving Thousands of Dead on the Field.

A despatch from the British Army in France says: Ten divisions of German troops were driving on Thursday furiously against the British defences between Givenchy-Lez-La Bassée and St. Venant in an attempt to effect a crossing of La Bassée Canal. The British were holding well and inflicting heavy casualties on the enemy.

Coincidentally with this pretentious assault the Germans surged forward further north, and again began hammering at the approaches to Kemmel and the neighboring high ground, but met with no better success.

British troops in the neighborhood of Wytschaete on Thursday morning were continuing their all-night battle with the Germans. A German attack on Wednesday resulted in pushing a salient out north-west of the place, but a subsequent British counter-attack again drew the British line close about the town, and at one time a small body of British infantry penetrated to the south-eastern sector.

The British lost a very small piece of territory between Bailleul and Dranoutre on Wednesday, but the German attack here must be recorded as a failure.

Just south of this place, near Meris, the British, by a counterstroke succeeded in pushing their lines forward towards the Western outskirts of the village.

The Germans have been bringing up fresh divisions to the Bailleul sector, but the most promising sign is that they are beginning to use a second time the troops which had such hard fighting in the early days of the offensive. For the past few days the high command appears to have departed from its usual careful methods. Apparently the tanks armored

cars and cavalry have not been in action on either side. We are now down to a sheer contest of man-power—a swaying, ceaseless attack and repulse, with the vital issue carried in the anxious problem of whether our powers of endurance can wear down the repeated bull rushes of vastly superior numbers before a decision is reached. At the moment the prospect assuredly justifies confidence in this respect.

A later despatch says:—Along the northern battle-front at noon on Friday the Germans were still resting on their arms after the bitter defeat which they suffered on Thursday in their great drive. Up to that hour they had not recovered sufficiently to make any further threats in this line, and they were pushing the reorganization of their badly-hammered forces.

Each successive report gives further confirmation of the terrific losses sustained by the assaulting infantry during Thursday's sanguinary struggle. Between Givenchy and Festubert the ground on Friday morning was strewn with German dead and at many other points on the long front of action excessive casualties were inflicted by the British artillery and machine-gun fire, which mowed down the unhappy storm troops in countless numbers. The British machine gunners worked their weapons in many cases until the enemy was but 50 yards away.

There was no chance of missing these point-blank targets. Time and again the enemy line wavered and fell back unable to withstand the deluge of bullets, and where they succeeded in getting to close quarters they left a heavy trail of dead and dying behind.

a similar shoot on April 8, in which 22 out of 32 of the enemy batteries were put out of action and have not since fired a shot.

MILK COWS IN NO MAN'S LAND AMIDST SINGING OF BULLETS.

With the British Armies in France, April 21.—A curious incident has been reported from the Merville sector. A few days ago a large herd of cows, which had been abandoned, was still grazing in No Man's Land between Nieppe Forest and Merville. The British Tommies sat in their defences for a long time, speculating longingly how fresh milk would taste. Finally the desire for milk became overpowering. Some hardy pioneers ventured forth with tins and amidst the singing of bullets, milked the cows. Doing dairy work in No Man's Land these days is the task of a man.

GERMAN SHIPS FLEW BEHIND MINE FIELD

London, April 21.—An Admiralty announcement says: "British light forces operating in Heligoland Bight on Saturday obtained touch with enemy light forces, who retired behind the mine fields. A few shots were exchanged at an extreme range. One enemy destroyer was observed to be hit. All our ships returned without casualties."

BRITISH REGAIN GROUND NEAR BETHUNE AND ADVANCE IN ARRAS SECTOR

Hindenburg Drive Blocked But Renewal of Heavy Fighting Is Momentarily Looked For.

London, April 21.—Renewal of heavy fighting is momentarily looked for along the western battle-front, not only on the Flanders line, but to the south, in the Somme area, where the Germans made their bid for a quick victory last month and failed in their larger purpose of dividing the British and French armies at a single stroke.

British forces advanced slightly between Arras and Albert Saturday. British troops also drove the Germans from some of their advanced positions north-west of Bethune in the neighborhood of Robecq.

Hindenburg, in his big drive, is stalled ten miles east of Amiens, more than 85 miles from Paris. The greatest advance made by him in this

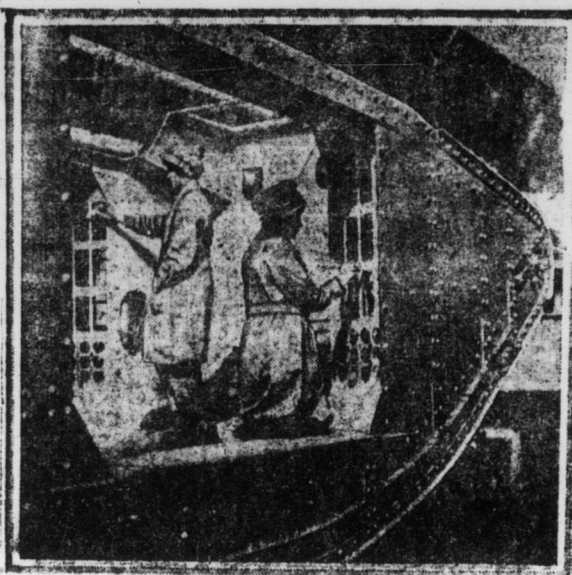
POTATOES MAY BE USED FOR MAKING OF BREAD IN BRITAIN

Farmers and Potato Dealers Ordered to Return Full Details of All Stocks By End of Month.

A despatch from London says: The excessive consumption of breadstuffs is causing the Ministry of Food to consider drastic steps to deal with the sale of bread and breadstuffs. It is stated that rationing of bread will come into effect early next month. Farmers and potato dealers have been ordered to return full details of all potato stocks to the Food Department by the end of the month.

Sir Charles Bathurst, speaking at a meeting of agriculturists, put the

situation in regard to bread prospects for the next year in the forefront of his remarks. He said if England is to be fed sufficiently the next 12 months we must concentrate our attention to the potato more. I will be surprised, with my knowledge of the food position, if I do not find in 12 months that bread will be composed largely of potatoes, either in the form of flour or meal, or if we do not have to forego cereal leaves altogether and substitute potatoes for them.



Women of England Help Build Tanks.

British women have been pictured at work in practically every industry that will help win the war. This photograph is the first one received here showing women engaged in the construction of the wonderful British tanks.

LEADING MARKETS FINE VALOR OF BRITISH AIRMAN

Wounded Six Times, His Machine on Fire, He Continued to Fight.

With the British Armies in France, April 21.—Stories of the magnificent work being done by the British airman continue to be recorded, but none is more striking than a battle just fought, when a British machine, with a pilot and observer, was attacked by eight enemy planes. Terrific fighting ensued. The British plane with machine guns engaged the enemy so fiercely that three hostile machines were driven down out of control in the first few minutes of the engagement. The Germans were pumping streams of bullets into the British plane, and the observer was carrying on the fighting, after having been wounded in six places.

The British machine finally was so badly damaged that it caught fire and dived steeply. The pilot and wounded observer continued to engage the remaining five German machines while their own was descending in flames.

The British plane eventually crashed into No Man's Land, over which the German infantry were firing steadily with machine guns. The British infantry, however, organized a rescue party and brought the intrepid airmen back safely.

RUSSIAN AIRMEN ARRIVE IN CANADA

Will Offer Their Services to the Royal Flying Corps.

A despatch from a Canadian Pacific Port says: Five Russian aviators, officers of the Russian Flying Corps, have arrived here on a trans-Pacific liner to offer their services to the British Royal Flying Corps.

They have served on the Austrian and Rumanian fronts, and all have been decorated for bravery. Col. Duklan, who heads the party, has been wounded three times.

When Russia lapsed into anarchy, the aviators said, they resolved to come to Canada. They practically fought their way out of the country, they asserted, and after weeks of hardships reached Japan where British Consular officers arranged their passage overseas.

In addition to Col. Duklan the party is composed of Capt. Rosmahof, and Lieuts. Katlarski, Petrenko and Astakof.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, April 21.—Choice heavy steers, \$12.75 to \$13.50; good butchers' steers, \$12.25 to \$12.50; good butchers' calves, \$11.50 to \$12.25; do. medium, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. common, \$9.75 to \$10.25; butchers' bulls, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers' cows, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers' heifers, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers' calves, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers' cows, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers' heifers, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. good, \$10.50 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. common, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers' calves, \$10.50 to \$11.25; 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THE GREAT WHITE PLAGUE IN EUROPE

DEATH THREATENS CHILDREN
DEPRIVED OF FATS.

Tuberculosis Preys on War-Stricken
Countries in the Wake of
Food Shortage.

War-stricken Europe is threatened with the great white plague—tuberculosis—because of long-continued reduction of fats in the food. Reports from Belgium show a great increase in all forms of tuberculosis. Many cases which were supposed to have been cured are reappearing because of the enormous lack of butter, milk, and cream.

In many of the clinics tuberculosis has increased more than 10 per cent. as a result of the war. While in some hospital wards 30 to 40 per cent. of the patients are tubercular, the children's hospital shows an increase still greater, almost to 150 per cent.

Dr. Tierce, president of the Anti-war anti-tuberculosis organization, reports that aside from the fact that there is a great increase in the frequency of the dread disease the cases appear more malignant and that healing of the lesions are much more difficult.

Fats in the most common forms of butter, milk and cream have been largely taken from the populace, and as a result people have lost normal natural resistive power to throw off infection. Tubercular bacilli grow rapidly in such soil, as may be found in generally "run-down" individuals of lowered vitality. In Europe tuberculous adenitis has increased five to ten fold. In some communities practically none of the children of the poor are free from glandular tuberculosis.

A Matter of Nutrition. Look at the report from only two schools in Brussels. Out of 416 boys 365 have developed large cervical glands. In another school out of 683 children 428 have enlarged glands.

What is true of Belgium is true of central Europe. Prussia admits of a 77 per cent. increase in tubercular death rate. Bavaria and Wurttemberg, 40 per cent.; Saxony, 66 per cent.; Hesse, 159 per cent.

Vienna since 1913 shows 98 per cent. increase of deaths from tuberculosis. Prague 72 per cent. and Budapest 100 per cent. increase. Now, while exposure of troops at the front may help in a measure to swell these statistics, on the whole it is largely a matter of nutrition.

London also shows increased tuberculosis mortality. Tuberculosis is an infectious disease, but it does not thrive in a body whose vital resistance is high.

Children with large glands afford most susceptible soil for tubercular infection. Such children and all other children who can must spend one-half to three-fourths of their time out of doors in the sunshine and should be given a diet rich in fats, including a quart of whole milk, four squares of butter or a substitute, one-eighth pint of cream and two eggs daily, aside from other foods. And remember that ripe olives and many nuts contain a lot of fat and that corn bread is better for them than fine white bread, and that a supper of cornmeal mush and cream is infinitely better than pie or coffee.

CITY BOYS ON THE FARM. Conditions Under Which the Work Should be Watched.

The draining of the country of labor available for farm work has attracted attention to the potential value of the boy in his "teens" as a means of overcoming the labor shortage. For the past two seasons, many of these boys have undertaken farm work during vacation, and many have, by special arrangement regarding examinations, gone on the farm early in May or June. They have thus accumulated considerable experience of farm work, and should be of great assistance this year.

Better organization methods are required, however, than has been the case in the past. The boys do not come under the class of farm laborers; they belong to good homes, and volunteer for farm work only to help in the important campaign for greater production. In too many instances they have brought back with them from their summer work recollections which do not act as an incentive to undergoing further experience of the same kind.

Some form of registration and inspection of conditions under which these boys are placed should be made. Comfortable quarters and good meals should be available. These are necessary to growing boys. The hours of work should be limited, rate of remuneration should be a definite and clear-cut arrangement and they should be encouraged to learn farm work. In other words, the boys should be permitted to see the bright side of life on the farm as well as that which may not be so attractive.

Canada is badly in need of men to cultivate her broad lands, and satisfactory experience on the farm during school life may induce many boys to follow the vocation of farming in later days.



Auto-Strop SAFETY RAZOR

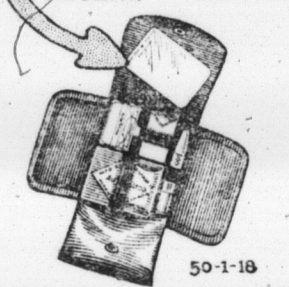
True Shaving Comfort

Every man who uses an Auto-Strop Safety Razor is loud in its praise. He's proud to own one because it is his best friend.

It matters not how tender your face or how stiff your beard, the Auto-Strop will give you a clean, comfortable shave in short order.

It is the only razor on the market that sharpens its own blades automatically.

Guaranteed to Satisfy
Complete Outfit
\$5.00
AT ALL STORES
Auto-Strop Safety Razor
Co., Limited
33-37 Duke St., Toronto, Ont.



LIFE IN THE DEAD SEA.

Animal and Vegetable Life Exists
Near Its Shores.

The Dead Sea is not so dead as it has been painted, if we are to believe a recent lecturer before the Royal Geographical Society, Dr. W. G. Merton. He is thus quoted in The English Mechanic and World of Science.

"Ancient writers established a myth that the Dead Sea was an abode of death, that its shores were sterile, and that even birds flying over its water were liable to fall dead. All these ideas are now known to be the reverse of the truth. It was true that the waters were so permeated with salt that no animal or vegetable life could flourish in the bulk of its volume, but near the shores, where streams of brackish water found their way into the sea, small fish, crabs, and mosquito larvae were found, and he had seen fish in the sea. A bottle of water taken from the same spot immediately afterward was proved to contain no less than 33.3 per cent. of solids. In one of the Jericho hotels, before the war, there was a declaration jointly signed the same year by over a dozen tourists that they saw fish actively swimming at the same spot. At many spots along the shore there are cases in which acres of reeds and many trees flourish, and at such spots animal life and bird life was abundant."

Parsnips do well on land that last year produced potatoes, celery or leeks.

A Package of Grape-Nuts teaches food conservation. Saves FUEL SUGAR TIME WHEAT AND WASTE.

SOLD BY GROCERS.



A Package of Grape-Nuts teaches food conservation. Saves FUEL SUGAR TIME WHEAT AND WASTE.

SOLD BY GROCERS.

SOLD BY GROCERS.

ONE RESULT OF THE WAR.

The World-Famous Passion Play May Never Again Be Enacted.

Oberammergau, the little village in Bavaria that became world-famous as the home of the Passion Play, is virtually a deserted village where sorrow broods. All of its male inhabitants capable of bearing arms have entered the ranks of the Bavarian army, and many have fallen in battle.

Miss Madeline Doty, who has visited the village, in recording her experiences in the Atlantic Monthly relates a conversation that she had with a waitress at the little hotel. "The town is sad," she averred. "Why shouldn't it be?" she retorted. "We have lost so much."

"How many men have gone to the war?" she asked. "Every one under forty-five. Five hundred and fifty out of a population of eighteen hundred."

We paused a moment. It seemed brutal to go on now, but we wanted information.

"There were forty killed and forty-eight wounded the first year. I don't know the number now."

"Will there ever be another Passion Play?"

She shrugged her shoulders. "How can I tell?" Some of the players and musicians have lost an arm or a leg, and others are dead. The town no longer has any money.

We pushed back our chairs and went out into the golden sunshine. No one moved about the streets. It was like a village swept by a plague and deserted. War has been a special disaster to Oberammergau. It has dealt a blow at its spiritual as well as its physical welfare.

The Soldier's Father. I'm feeling pretty much alone And lonely, since the boys are gone. They've left me with the hired man To run the farm as best we can. It's hard, and work is moving slow— But when their duty calls, they go.

So I, like old man Zebeked, Beside the Lake of Galilee, Said: "Leave behind your cares and frets; I'll stay on here and mend the nets, And keep the tight old bark a-swim; You go and follow Him."

The Archbishop of York at Wycliffe College.

On his recent visit to Toronto, the Archbishop of York spent a short time at Wycliffe College, where the Founders' Chapel was the particular point of his interest, the larger part of the building being at the present time used for military purposes. Doctor O'Meara, the principal showed him the Roll of Honor which gives the names of thirty graduates and seventy undergraduates who are serving with His Majesty's forces as Chaplains of combatants, and the Memorial Roll on which are inscribed the names of two graduates and seven undergraduates who have paid the supreme price of self-sacrificing service. The table in memory of the Founders, and Axel Enders' famous picture of the Resurrection, were objects of his special remark.

Before leaving, His Grace offered intercession for the College and its Staff, its students and its graduates. He was accompanied by the Archbishop of Algoma, the Bishop of Toronto, the Mayor of the city, Archdeacon Cody, and a number of clerical and lay friends.

The new College flag was flown in honor of his visit.

British Treasury Receives Gift. An envelope containing \$500 recently was found in a letter box in Liverpool, says a London correspondent. The packet was addressed "For the Treasury."

One luxury that is actually an economy is Salada Tea. It yields many more cups than ordinary tea and, besides, has that unique, delicious flavor.

A New Kind of Foghorn.

The new "fisherman knight," Sir Thomas Robinson, tells an amusing story, according to an English weekly, about an incident that happened during one of his many journeys across the Atlantic.

A short time after leaving port the ship on which he was traveling ran into so dense a fog that it was impossible for anyone to see more than a few yards ahead. The captain remained on the bridge and took charge of sounding the foghorn himself.

After he had sounded the first signal he heard a foghorn in reply directly ahead.

To avoid a collision he turned the ship a point and then sounded again. Once more the reply came, "B-o-o-o!" directly ahead, as before.

"It was very strange; I could not make it out," said Sir Thomas in telling the tale. "Neither could the captain. He tried again; still the same 'B-o-o-o!' right ahead. The captain was flabbergasted; and, as for me, I was giving myself a mental shake to pull myself together, when the look-out man forward called out:

"It's only the old cow, sir!"

"And so, in truth, it was—the milk cow kept on the forecastle for the use of the ship."

Protect Birds, Conservation Plea.

At a time when the largest crops possible are being urged in England the public is advised that starlings and chaffinches kill pests, and that pests prey on the crops, says a London correspondent. A campaign for the protection of birds is being waged throughout the country as an aid to crops.

PEERLESS STARTER

A Guaranteed Starting System for Ford Cars. Sells for \$22.50.

AGENTS WANTED
THE MORGAN SALES CO.
115 Yonge Street, Toronto

For the Spring
Wardrobe



Simple and attractive is this little model. McCall Pattern No. 8068, Child's Dress. In 5 sizes, 2 to 10 years. Price, 15 cents.



Most attractive is this dress made of a combination of materials. McCall Pattern No. 7982, Ladies' Waist. In 8 sizes, 34 to 48 bust. No. 7969, Ladies' Two or Three-Piece Skirt. In 7 sizes, 27 to 34 waist. Price, 20 cents each.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

I Know. I know whence you came By love's own art: Your home was the peace Of a wild rose-heart.

I know why you smile: The sunshine lay On your wild rose-home For a long spring day.

I know why your voice Is sweet and high: A thrush sang each eve The wild rose high.

I know why your cheeks Are rosy fair: A petal of pink Is blooming there.

I know that your hands So tiny hold A love that will live When years are old:—Arthur Wallace Peach.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN.

Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

Good bread pudding is made with apples and brown bread.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Could Not Trace Him.

During the British advance on Jericho an enemy shell struck an ancient tomb and revealed a skeleton. Investigation by the official archaeologists connected with the British staff pointed to the skeleton being that of an historical figure, John of Antioch.

Accordingly a cable was despatched to the War Office in London: "Have discovered skeleton supposed to be that of John of Antioch." The War Office replied: "Cannot trace John Antioch. Send identification disk."

LIFT YOUR CORNS OFF WITH FINGERS

How to loosen a tender corn or callus so it lifts out without pain.

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezeone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without even irritating the surrounding tissue.

A small bottle of freezeone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's foot.

If your druggist hasn't stocked this new drug yet, tell him to get a small bottle of freezeone for you from his wholesale drug house.

Mixed Them Up.

The squad of recruits was particularly dense, and the sergeant got more and more exasperated. One man appeared quite incapable of telling his right hand from his left.

Said the sergeant at last: "Now, yer bloomin' idiot, hold yer hands in front of yer twist them ope over the other. Stop! Now tell me which is yer left hand and which is yer right."

The recruit looked blankly at his hands for a moment.

"I'm blowed if I know," he said; "you have gone and mixed 'em up."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

A Schoolboy's Idea.

A schoolboy's composition: "Winter is the coldest season of the year, because it comes mostly in winter. In some place, in auntie's pocket, it comes in summer, then it is not so worse. I wish winter came in summer here, then we could go skating barefooted and make snowballs without getting our fingers frozen. When it snows in summer they call it rain."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Produce is the Call.

"Whoever makes two ears of corn or two blades of grass to grow where only one grew before, deserves better of mankind, and does more essential service to his country than the whole race of politicians put together."—Swift.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
2 in 1
SHOE POLISHES
LIQUIDS
and PASTES
For BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES
PRESERVE THE LEATHER

How to Cure
Biliousness
Doctors warn against remedies containing powerful drugs and alcohol. "The Extract of Roots, long known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, has no dope or strong ingredients; it cures indigestion, biliousness and constipation. Can be had at any drug store." Get the genuine. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles.

Comply with Law
Daylight Night Driving without Glare or Danger
STOPGLARE LENS
\$3.00
STOPGLARE LTD.
HAMILTON, ONT.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
Magic Baking Powder costs no more than the ordinary kinds. For economy, buy the one pound tins.
L.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, CANADA

Market Your Maple Sugar. There's a big market for maple sugar and maple syrup in Canada, the United States and in England. Farmers who can't find local markets should write to Montreal or Toronto.

The Ideal Husband. Every woman wants her husband to be four things—her lover, her comrade, her child, and her master.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen,—I had my leg badly hurt, the pain was very severe and a large swelling came above the knee. I expected it would be serious—I rubbed it with MINARD'S LINIMENT, which stopped the pain and reduced the swelling very quickly. I cannot speak too highly of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

AMOS T. SMITH. Port Hood Island.

Grow Hog Feed. Owing to the shortage of grains and ensilage, hog feed is scarce in Canada, and American corn is slow in getting here. Grow plenty of ensilage corn yourself this summer and make sure your own hog feed.

MONEY ORDERS. Pay your out-of-town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five Dollars costs three cents.

A rank growth of weeds becomes an asset which ploughed under before they make seed.

For 20 years Hendrick's Comet Magnets have been doing big and small engines. Write for particulars Hendrick Magneto & Electric Co. 1220 St. Paul St. Indianapolis, Ind.

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

Promptly relieves rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains, lame back, toothache and all similar troubles. Hirst's stops the pain! Sold for 40 years. Should be in every household. All dealers—or write us. HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Can. HIRST'S Family Sales, (50c) HIRST'S Federal Syrup of Marshmallows and Eucalyptus, (50c) BOTTLE

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR
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For your HARNESS SACK

Overcome the worst enemies of leather—water and dirt—by using EUREKA HARNESS OIL. Softens old harness, leaves it pliable and waterproof, prevents cracking and breaking of stitches, doubles the life of new harness.

MICA AXLE GREASE. Gives the effect of roller bearings. The mica flakes work into the pores and crevices of the axle and the grease holds them there. Mica Grease prevents hot boxes, locked wheels and screeching axles. Saves wear and tear on horses, harness and wagons. "Best thing on Wheels."

Sold in standard sized packages by live dealers everywhere.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

MICA AXLE GREASE

Slacker. He said he'd like to have a chance To fight by land or sea, Yet in an absent minded way Put four lumps in his tea.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time, good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid. Write for particulars, National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

FOR SALE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN WEST-ONTARIO. Doing a good business. Death of owner places it on the market. A great chance for a man with cash. Apply Box 32 Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER Ontario and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,500. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS CANCER TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

Boys and Girls
Do not Worry About Pimples Because Cuticura Will Quickly Remove Them

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment on end of the finger. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Continue bathing for some minutes using the Soap freely. The easy, speedy way to clear the skin and keep it clear.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.

Relieves Stiff Neck
When you wake up with a stiff neck or sore muscles, strains or sprains, use Sloan's Liniment. No need to rub; it quickly penetrates to the seat of pain and removes it. Cleaner than musky plasters or ointments. It does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle handy for rheumatic aches, neuralgia, soreness, bruises and lame back. In fact, all external pain. Generous sized bottles at your druggist, 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment
RHEUMATISM
Sloan's prices not increased 25c 50c 80c

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. BINGER, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binger that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



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ED. 7. ISSUE 17-18.

STOP, THINK AND FIGURE!

Cotton materials have risen 50 per cent. since last spring. Woollen materials have risen 60 per cent. and Silks and Linens 50 per cent. Shipments of Laces, Embroideries and Ribbons from Switzerland are slow and very uncertain. Shipments from other foreign countries are almost out of the question, and now it's almost impossible to get any more shipments from the British looms. Labor is at a premium owing to war. The freight, war tax and insurance on a pound of tea from India is 26 cents today against 1-4 cents in normal times. YET—we are offering as large an assortment in almost every department as ever we did in peace time, and in no case is a price advanced until absolutely necessary.

Clearing prices on Carpet Squares
25 per cent. below regular prices. In Velvet, Axminster, Tapestry.

Big stocks of Nairn's and Dominion make of Linoleums

Plain, Fancy and Duplex Window Shades

Scrim, Lace and Marquisette Curtains

Fancy Chintz, Cretonnes, etc.

Curtain Poles, Stair Pads, Felt Paper

Smart Blouses for Spring and Summer, selling at \$3.50 to \$6.50
Distinctive Silk Blouses of the better sort, with a smartness all their own. Cleverly fashioned in newest materials.

Middies in Great Demand and in Better Styles, \$1.00 to \$3.75
Be sure you see our very attractive lines in the new Norfolk Coat styles.

Does "Quality" Count in Shoes?
You believe it does, and so do we—that's why we sell greater quantities each season. Shoes stamped "Empress" are dependable. They are

comfortable and graceful. Large stocks in Black and African Brown, in the new Military or Louis heels. Prices, \$4 to \$8.50.

Smart Styles in Shoes for Men

Serviceable Shoes for Boys and Girls for School Wear
In every case real value is given.

Silks in Great Demand for Dresses
This store stocked heavily early, and shows quality and styles now hard to procure. Wide range of materials and colors. Prices, \$1 to \$2.75.

Our Big Clothing Stocks Offer Great Selection and Value-giving,
making our Clothing Department the busy spot of the town. Bring your boys here and see how nicely we can suit them.
Young Gents' first long-pant Suits, with that snappy style desired.
Men's Business Suits.
Odd Trousers and Bloomers.

Canada Food Board

We are not asked to send all. In fact, the demand in Canada up to the present is the almost trivial one of sending only that which is surplus. A loaf or two less in a week; a pound or two less beef used in Canada. After all, what is it? The work of saving food is as much war work as is the Red Cross. No one would stop and argue about the one. Why hesitate about the other? Yet people claim they can be patriotic while not helping.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

The Store With the Stocks and Values

COME TO OUR STORE

for your next **GROCERY** order, where you are sure to get satisfaction. Our Confectionery is always fresh and clean. Boots, Shoes and Rubbers—up-to-date. Prices right. Give us a trial.

W. J. Strachan

PHONE CENTRAL

Keith's Cash Store

MILLINERY OPENING

The ladies are invited to our Spring Opening on Thursday, March 21st, and following days.

P. D. KEITH

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE CHANGES

A change of time will be made on

APRIL 28, 1918

Information now in agents' hands

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Close connections for all points east and west and ocean steamships. For information of steamship sailings, apply to

R. CLANAHAN,
Ticket Agent, Glencoe

ROY SIDDALL

Flour, Feed, Grain, Seeds, Coal, Wood and Cement

All kinds of Grain bought and sold.

Up-to-date Chopping Mill in connection.

Terms Cash, or extra charge for credit.

Tenders For Fencing.

Tenders will be received up to noon on Saturday, April 27, for furnishing the wire and wiring and stapling about sixty rods of fence on the agricultural grounds, Glencoe. Specifications may be had on application to the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

At three o'clock on same day, on the fair grounds, the inch lumber of the old fence will be sold in lots of about fifty rods each to the highest bidder.—R. W. McKELLAR, Secretary, Glencoe, Ontario.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—to addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.00 per year, \$1.00 for eight months; to addresses in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

ADVERTISING.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1918

The Boy In France.

When the evening lamps are lighted,
And we all sit warm and close,
While father reads his paper
And mother mends the hose,
Us children gather round the fire
And watch the flames that dance.
We don't say much, for we're thinkin'
Of the boy that's gone to France.

There's the books he used to study,
And his old cap's hangin' there,
That's the place he used to sit in,
And the very self-same chair.
Father sighs and wipes his glasses,
There are tears in mother's glance,
For you see that we're all longin'
For the boy 'way off in France.

And then, when it is bedtime,
Mother puts her work away,
And father folds his paper and says,
"Children, let us pray."
So we kneel around the table,
Mighty glad to have the chance
For you just bet we're prayin'
For the boy 'way off in France.

Over The Top.

If a wounded Canadian soldier were to knock at your door and ask for rest and refreshment, there is nothing you would not do for him. As he is "somewhere in France" he cannot visit you, but the Y. M. C. A. is knocking at your door for him to-day. Through that tried and tested agency you can minister, not to one, but to all of our soldier boys at home and overseas. Your money will lessen some poor lad's loneliness, ease another's pain, preserve reason, provide recreation, and camouflage much of the ghastliness of France and Flanders for your fathers and brothers.

In its Red Triangle Fund Campaign on May 7, 8 and 9, the Canadian Y. M. C. A. is going "over the top." Never before has so much money been asked from a generous public by this institution. Two and a quarter million dollars is a large sum of money, even in these days of swollen war-budgets, but the need is there, and we do not doubt that the sum asked for will be forthcoming. Not once have the purse-strings of Canadians been drawn tight in the face of an urgent appeal for funds, whether for philanthropic or patriotic needs.

The work of the Y. M. C. A. is at once genuinely philanthropic and unquestionably patriotic. To contribute to its needs is philanthropy without any suggestion of "charity," and it is patriotism without taint.

Mothers can easily know when their children are troubled with worms, and they lose no time in applying the best of remedies—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Getting Rid Of Titles.

The action under consideration by the Dominion Parliament asking the Imperial authorities to refrain from creating further hereditary titles in Canada, and if possible to quash those already conferred, will meet with widespread approval as far as it goes. We do not think it goes far enough. The whole outfit of any kind, hereditary or otherwise, should be absolutely prohibited in Canada. In former days, when knighthood conferred on a Canadian was a recognition of some signal service rendered to the country, and the mark of approval was not begrudged. But in these days, when knighthoods are being conferred in batches on tinpot politicians and grafters and wirepullers of every kind, we think the Imperial Government in this time of stress could find some more useful occupation than foisting this obsolete tin-god stuff on this country. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said a whole mouthful of good sense when he offered to make an agreement with the other knights and burn his title on the market square.—Ridgetown Dominion.

Come, Girls!

Girls! Learn how to farm. Dig! Farming is an occupation which every woman in America ought to take up at once. There is actually an ice famine in the severest winter we have had. Why? Because of shortage of labor. Girls, think of that! The next crop of wheat is in peril because there are so few left to dig. The women must help.

Girls! Have you ever seen the sun rise? It has the great way now crowded off the map. You don't mind getting up to see it, because you've gone to bed with the chickens who don't live on Broadway.

Girls! Have you ever made butter, put a hen on, milked a cow, set a scarecrow, or killed a pig? If you haven't, you don't know what life is. Life isn't sitting in a sub-cellar at 4 a. m. drinking red ink and talking very libre. Life isn't spending your time in palm rooms or joy-riding with the husband of some one you have never met. Life isn't lolling. Life isn't what's on you, but in you. It isn't Broadway and tied \$1, but at Smith's Corners, where the scent of the new mown hay is borne on the balmy breeze.

Girls! Your country waits you.—N. Y. Life.

Glencoe Public School.

WEEKLY EXAMINATION.

Spelling	
Senior Fourth Class—	
Jessie Currie	92
Marion Copeland	92
Frances Sutherland	92
Hazel McAlpine	92
Jean McEachren	92
Jean Irwin	84
Lloyd Farrell	72
Sarah Mitchell	56

Junior Fourth Class—	
Albert Anderson	92
Clifford Ewing	92
Sadie Young	84
Gladys Bechill	60
D. A. Weaver	52
Cecil McAlpine	52

Senior Third Class—	
John Simpson	100
Leslie Reeves	72
Ethel George	48
Nuala Stuart	48
Clarence Leitch	44
Gladys Eddie	44

Spelling	
Junior Third Class—	
Willie Diamond	88
Charlie Strachan	88
William Moss	84
Sherman McAlpine	64
Jessie Wilson	60
Mabel Wright	60
Mary Quick	52
Joe Grant	52
Winnie Sillett	44
Pat Curry	44
Alexander Sutherland	44
Mariner McCracken	40

Senior Second Class—	
Eleanor Sutherland	96
Elizabeth Simpson	92
Willie Anderson	84
Martin Abbott	76
Thelma McCaffery	64
Jim Donaldson	60
Verna Stevenson	48
Charlie Davenport	44

Arithmetic	
Junior Second Class—	
Ida Irwin	95
Garnet Ewing	88
Ivan Ramsay	78
Fred McRae	77
Mildred Anderson	75
Irene McCaffery	71
Miriam Oley	71
Delbert Hicks	69
Dorothy Dean	57
Billie Doull	46
Earla Oliphant	45
Blake Tomlinson	45
Florence McCracken	43

First Class—	
Nelson McCracken	81
Albert Diamond	74
Tom Hillman	70
Charles George	66
Vera McCaffery	65
Freddie George	58
Bessie McKellar	54
Katie McCracken	49
Gordon Doull	41

Primary Room	
Language	

Senior First—	
Kathleen Wilson	80
Eliza McDonald	80
Albert Young	80
Stanley Abbott	80
Ethel McAlpine	80
Harold Wilson	80
Margaret McLachlan	54

Spelling

Junior First—	
Irene Squire	100
Merna Stewart	96
Jean Grover	96
Florence Hills	94
Lou Reyecraft	94
Helen Clark	92
Alvin Hagerty	92
Nelson Reyecraft	90
Campbell Miller	86
Albert Squire	86
Best Diamond	82
Willie Ramsey	82
Angus Ramsey	80
Greta Cushman	75
Carrie Smith	60
Lillian Dorman	60

Buy a Chevrolet - You will like it

Vast Issues Depend Upon the Welfare of Our Men!



Cheer Up and Thank God for the Y.M.C.A.

TRY to picture yourself in the muddy cold trenches after exciting days and long nights of mortal danger and intense nervous strain. Rushing "whiz-bangs" and screaming "coal boxes" are no respecters of persons. You are hit! But despite shock and pain you still can face the long weary trudge back to dressing station. Weary, overwrought and depressed, you are prey to wild imaginings of that other coming ordeal with the surgeon. There are other "walking wounded," too! You must wait, wait, wait. And then—

Up comes a cheery Y.M.C.A. man, the ever-present "big brother" to the soldier, with words of manly encouragement. Close beside the dressing station the good generous folks at home have enabled him to set up a canteen. He hands you biscuits, and chocolate or coffee.

Y.M.C.A.

Red Triangle Fund

\$2,250,000, May 7, 8, 9

Canada-Wide Appeal

"In thousands of cases," writes an officer, "it was that first hot cup of coffee that dragged the man back to life and sanity."

The tremendous helpfulness of the Y.M.C.A. as an aid to the "morale," or "fighting spirit," of the soldiers is everywhere praised. No wonder the Germans make every effort to smash the Y.M.C.A. huts out of existence.

The Y.M.C.A. is everywhere. You first met the helpful, manly Y.M.C.A. worker in camp, then on train and boat, at camp in England and in France, close to the firing line. Often he risks his life to reach you in the trenches. He has won the warmest praise from military authorities, statesmen—the King!

Have you a precious boy at the front? You cannot be "over there" to guide him away from fierce temptations of camp and city. You cannot comfort him in his supreme hour of trial. Your parcels to him are necessarily few. But the Y.M.C.A., thank God, is "over there," going where you cannot go—doing the very things you long to do—doing it for you and for him.

Will you help? This vast organization of helpfulness needs at least \$2,250,000 from Canada for 1918. For your boy's sake be GENEROUS!!

National Council, Young Men's Christian Association

Campaign Directors for Red Triangle Fund:

Ontario: Dr. John Brown, Jr., 120 Bay St., Toronto
Quebec: P. S. Dobson, Y.M.C.A., Sherbrooke

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War Work Summary

There are:

- 96 branches of Canadian Y.M.C.A. in France.
- 79 branches in England.
- Dozens of Y.M.C.A. dug-outs in forward trenches under fire.
- Over 120 Military Secretaries overseas.
- 300,000 letters a day written in Y.M.C.A. overseas buildings.
- \$133,000 needed for athletic equipment. (Helps morale of soldiers.)
- Y.M.C.A. saved hundreds of lives at Vimy Ridge by caring for walking wounded.
- Over 100 pianos in England and France, also 300 gramophones and 27 moving picture machines.
- Y.M.C.A. helps boys in hospitals.
- More than 60,000 cups of hot tea and coffee distributed daily in France—free. Estimated cost for 8 months, \$48,000.
- 150,000 magazines distributed free every month. (Estimated cost \$15,000.)
- \$125,000 used in 1917 to build huts in France.
- Concerts, sing-songs, good-night services and personal interviews energetically conducted. Concerts, lectures, etc. cost \$5,000 a month.
- Thousands of soldiers decide for the better life.
- Y.M.C.A. sells many needful things to soldiers for their convenience. Profits, if any, all spent for benefit of soldiers.
- Service to boys in Camp hospitals.
- Red Triangle Clubs for soldiers in Toronto, St. John and Montreal, Centres in Paris and London for men on leave.
- Out of Red Triangle Fund, \$75,000 to be contributed to the War Work of the Y.W.C.A.

Boys!

Here's your chance to do a fine stroke in the big war! Help the Y.M.C.A. to help your big brother overseas by joining in the

"Earn and Give Campaign"

Six thousand Canadian older boys are invited to earn and give at least Ten Dollars (\$10) to the Red Triangle Fund. That means \$60,000 in all! Splendid! Five thousand dollars will be used for boys' work in India and China; another \$5,000 for the National Boys' Work of Canada, and \$50,000 to help big brothers in Khaki. Ask your local Y.M.C.A. representative for information and pledge card. When you have subscribed one or more units of Ten Dollars, you will receive a beautifully engraved certificate.

Wonderful New
Spring Coats
at \$20.00
WOMEN'S - MISSES'

Trench models, military effects, sleeveless coats and motor types of Velour, Poplin, mannish Serges and Tweeds in the smartest spring colors. Shirred, pleated, half belted or full belted effects. Many with striking silk overcollars and fancy stitching.

MAIL INQUIRIES SOLICITED

B. SIEGEL & CO.
30 CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE.
DETROIT

BRITAIN PLANTS GREATER ACREAGE

AN ADDITIONAL 3,000,000 TO BE CULTIVATED.

Government Demand for Increased Production in Fair Way of Being Realized.

The Government demand for the cultivation of an additional 3,000,000 acres during the present year is in a fair way of being realized, and despite the difficult weather conditions that have prevailed during the past few months the work is well in hand, says a British correspondent on Feb. 25th.

In the opinion of the officials of the Food Production Department the national programme, which requires an increase of one acre in addition to the four previously ploughed, will be carried out, providing the weather holds good for ploughing.

Up to the middle of January almost a quarter of the 2,000,000 acres of grass land which it is hoped to put under the plough had been broken up through the season for ploughing grass land had only just begun. While the million acres of arable which is intended for food crops of higher value than those formerly grown is in an even more forward condition.

Reports from a number of districts state that never before has so much wheat been planted under satisfactory conditions. Reports give details of the willingness of the farmers to break up their grass lands, and in several counties the quantity broken has exceeded the demands made by the department. In Cornwall the wheat situation is good. A total of 52,128 acres has been sown or prepared, these figures showing 35,000 acres more than last year, while another 22,000 acres will be dealt with also this year.

Government Supplies Tractors.

Farmers are making full use of the tractors supplied by the Production Department. In one area of Lincolnshire alone in the months between August and November more than 5,000 acres were ploughed by mechanical traction, while a Somerset district exceeds this figure by 2,000 acres.

The Wiltshire return to the middle of January gives 12,000 acres ploughed out of the 25,000 acres ordered—7,000 acres in this area have been sown to wheat. In one week 329 reports were tractor ploughed. The report includes the statement there are ten new drivers sufficiently trained to take over new tractors as soon as they arrive.

The premium offered to the farmers of an extra \$5 for every ton of potatoes grown on freshly broken land is proving an incentive to further cultivation of grass lands. In Cornwall, where the season comes earlier than in most other districts, the farmers are placing a very large acreage under potatoes.

The surplus supply of potatoes grown during the last year will be largely used to stretch the breadstuffs. Up to the present the Ministry of Food has contented the Food Economy Department by requesting the bakers to use potatoes in bread making and giving demonstrations of their use in bread. It is expected that the department will shortly issue an order making the use of potatoes in bread compulsory.

Stock Farmers Complicate.

In regard to the cattle question there are not so satisfactory. The grading order, which gives the farmer the actual weight of dead meat produced, at the wholesale price, does not differentiate between the different qualities of meat. Thus the farmer gets just the same amount a pound for the lean beast as for the prime cattle. This grievance will shortly be adjusted.

Farmers who have been in the habit of buying store cattle in Ireland and fattening them at home point out that the price allowed under the grading order takes no account of the present cost of feeding stuffs, while the existence of a free beef market in Ireland handicaps the British farmer considerably.

A feature of the tremendous effort that is being made to increase the food supply of the country is the readiness with which the public have taken up with the allotment movement. The Government gave the local authorities powers to enter any land that was not being used for the growing of foodstuffs and let plots at a nominal rent or free in certain cases to persons who were willing to work it.

Up to end of 1917 over 1,500 local authorities had exercised their powers and provided not less than 200,000 plots, representing approximately 15,000 acres.

The crops produced during the year were estimated to have included over 800,000 long tons of potatoes and vegetables enough for 3,000,000 families, while the value of the crops grown must have been considerably over \$15,000,000.

Demand for Wartime Plots.

In the London district the demand for these wartime plots has been so great that it is almost impossible to find a vacant plot that is not under cultivation. In the parks and open spaces portions have been set apart for allotments, and the demand for these plots has exceeded all expectations.

tions, while the crops raised have been of excellent quality.

The demand for plots in the greater London area has been, and is still, so great that many of the playing fields belonging to private owners have been taken over by the authorities and let as plots.

FORESTS AS A FACTOR IN WAR.

A Very Necessary Asset of the Country That Would Win.

Victory is with the army whose country has the greatest iron mines and smelters, the largest areas of waving grain and an abundance of wood. Of all the products of the soil upon which the very life of a nation depends in times of war, wood is the only one that cannot be rapidly increased under necessity and by the employment of adequate labor. Therefore, provision for adequate national defense necessitates the maintenance of vast reserves of timber throughout the nation, reserves from which billions of feet can be drawn in a single year if necessary to meet the needs of the army and navy.

A sane and conservative development of forest resources to meet the needs of the nation in times of peace necessitates a constantly increasing intensity of management of all absolute forest land and the building up and maintenance of an enormous forest capital. Please remember this forest capital can be drawn upon in times of war and may determine the fate of the nation.

For generations, England has obtained most of the wood used in her buildings and industry from beyond the sea. The stress of war found her with a meagre forest capital, and the sons of England and Canada are today felling the remnant of the forests of that proud country that the empire may live. When the sombre clouds of war are lifted from Europe's battlefields and peace again rules over the earth, England's lesson, learned in this bitter strife, will be taken to heart by her people and forests will clothe her idle lands. A forest capital far beyond that of former days, will not only add to her economic development in times of peace, but be developed and maintained to better insure her against vital needs in times of possible future strife.—Prof. J. W. Tounney.

AN HISTORIC WRITING-DESK.

Romantic History of the White House Desk Used by the President.

The United States has often been the recipient of a national gift, the most prominent being, of course, France's gift of the Statue of Liberty at the entrance of New York harbor, but of none more useful, or more intimately associated with the daily work of the President, than the desk at the White House on which the President does almost all his writing, and on which probably his famous despatches and manifestoes have been penned.

It was made from the timbers of H.M.S. Resolute, which was sent to the Arctic to look for Sir John Franklin in 1852, and, in its turn, caught in the ice and abandoned. An American whaler discovered it and extricated it three years later, and the Government of the States purchased it and sent it, as a token of good will to Queen Victoria. Years afterwards the Resolute was broken up, and from some of her soundest timbers a desk was made, which was sent to the President by Her Majesty as a memorial of the courtesy and loving kindness which dictated the offer of the gift of the Resolute.

So in the fullness of time that desk, made of British oak, has supported the paper on which some of the most epoch-making decisions have been recorded, decisions which will affect for centuries the relations of the two great English-speaking nations, and through them will influence the human race.

NEXT WINTER'S FUEL.

Decline in Production of Coal Predicted by Commission of Conservation.

Foresight is always more effective than hindsight, but in handling the coal situation a combination of both is better than either alone. The growing scarcity of fuel during the past few years culminated in a near catastrophe during the present winter. It has surely been demonstrated beyond peradventure that it is very dangerous to try "to muddle through" any longer. The experience of the past has not been lost if that lesson has been thoroughly learned. Indications are not lacking, by any means, that the shortage of coal next winter will be more acute than ever. The output of the Nova Scotia coal mines has declined from 7,263,485 tons in 1913 to 5,657,000 tons in 1917, or 22.75 per cent. Owing to the steadily growing scarcity of mine labor and to recent serious mine accidents it is evident that there must be a further marked reduction in 1918. At the same time there has been a large increase in the consumption of coal in the Maritime provinces during those years. In fact, it appears as if the Nova Scotia mines will not be able to do better than to supply their own requirements and those of the Maritime provinces. If this is done, little or no coal will be available for Montreal and it is assumed that no Nova Scotia coal will be available for Ontario. Foresight indicates that in the woodpile lies one of the means of preventing panic and disaster next winter.

A TOUCH OF COLOR.

Householder's Lack of Artistic Sense Produced a Ridiculous Picture.

Not long before the war a French artist of distinction was offered a commission, which he declined but for which he recommended a brilliant pupil who was much in need of money. It was to decorate the newly built mansion of a rich manufacturer who had an aspiring wife. The lady thought herself artistic and had all too definite ideas of what she wanted. To his pupil—eager because of a sick mother but reluctant because of his art—the elder artist explained the situation frankly.

"The pay will be good," he concluded, "and for the rest give madame your skill. It is what she wants; she would not understand your art; that will not enter into the affair at all. It is, of course, a pity; but you will not need to do such a thing again, and for one's mother—Well! Art can wait."

So the young man accepted the commission and complacently followed madame's instructions, smothering his artistic instincts as best he could. Sometimes he succeeded in modifying and toning down until the results were not bad; at other times they sent shivers along his aesthetic spine. Unfortunately, the lady herself also got upon his nerves. She was a woman devoid of tact or consideration, and her imperiousness at one moment and complacent condescension at another were equally irritating. Nevertheless, he submitted with outward patience, nor did he scheme for revenge—but it was almost thrust upon him.

The last room to be embellished was the dining room. Madame had devised, she announced, a truly delicious scheme of decoration. The colors were to be green, gray-green and gray, with touches of vivid red for relief. The colors were to be employed in conventional designs as a fresco along the walls and repeated and emphasized in a large panel picture above the mantel.

"It is to represent a mermaid in a sea cave sporting with the creatures of the sea," said madame. "Gray rocks, green water, gliding silvery-gray fish, streaming green seaweeds and the mermaid's long, green hair. She must recline upon a flat rock and look out of the picture, smiling, while she teases a little group of vivid red lobsters in the foreground."

The young artist gasped. "Red, did you say, madame? Yes, certainly, that would be effective; extraordinarily effective!" A mermaid on a rock playing with three or four red lobsters—very red lobsters, with a sunbeam striking down through the water to bring out the full value of the color—you are sure, madame, you would be pleased with the picture when it is finished—like that?"

Madame was very sure, and somewhat impatient. It was her last chance, and the impatience lost it for her. He painted the panel exactly as she wished it. Not until her first grand dinner party in the completed room did she learn with fury and chagrin from the lips of her laughing guests that the lobsters with which that sportive mermaid played were boiled.

THE YELLOW HORNBILL.

A Bird That Hides to Change Her Dress.

When we were schoolboys we read with interest about the strange-looking hornbill which lived in India and Africa and walled its wife in a tree when she was ready to hatch her eggs. Recent studies of these birds, of which there are half a dozen varieties, says the Library of Natural History, reveals the fact that the female hornbill helps her mate wall her in. They build the nest inside a hollow tree. Then the female climbs in and lays her eggs. Her mate brings mud and sticks which she helps arrange into a strong barricade, leaving only a small hole through which, as the weeks pass, her mate passes food to her mouth. A persistent naturalist in Damaraland dug a female bird out of her tree nest. As a reward for the liberation of his hands by her sharp bill he found a miserable, half-famished, featherless, withered-looking bird. She had been molting while hatching her eggs.

"Very probably," writes the ingenious traveller, "the female bird knows she looks like Sam Hill with her feathers off and tells her mate that he must shut her in, making the hatching period her excuse. It's a clever wife who slips into the closet to take off her switch."

The yellow hornbill, one of the most interesting of the species, is a comparatively fearless bird and is easily killed. The male is fond of perching on the tip-tops of tropic trees and making a noise like a young puppy.

The natives in Africa find young hornbills easily tamed. They dig the birds out of the tree nests when quite young and raise them on milk and berries in their huts. When grown the hornbill remains attached to its foster parents and will eat out of the same dishes. Left free, the hornbill comes and goes much as does a pet crow and remains about the hut until the first mating season, when it goes away with one of its kind, rarely to return.

That is the five hundredth time you have bumped off your seat driving lickety-split over the same stone! The next time you go that way take a pick-axe, dig out that stone and put it where it never will bother anybody again.

TREES AND NATIONAL CHARACTER

AN OPINION SET FORTH IN "VIEWS OF NATURE."

The Vegetation of a Country Produces Most Lasting Impression Upon Traveller's Mind.

Alexander von Humboldt has written in his "Views of Nature," I think, that it is the vegetation of a country which produces the first and most lasting impression upon the mind of an observer. To credit that assertion, one must stop and reflect a moment. The more careful the consideration the more likely will one be to recognize the truth of Humboldt's statement.

In the cooler parts of the globe we have well marked contrasting groups of trees which grow in diameter by annual additions of new wood outside of the old wood and immediately under the bark, namely the broad-leaved deciduous trees—the oaks and hickories; and the trees which, in general, shed their leaves so slowly that they are called persistent-leaved trees, the pines and spruce, in which the new leaves are on before the old are off. At any season of the year one can hardly fail to observe the differences of appearance between an oak and a pine. One might almost say that they had but little in common beyond the fact that both were trees, so far as external appearance revealed. If, however, the view point were changed to a tropical region, a new type of tree would claim our attention. The simple beauty of the palms would attract us at once. To the palm we might add the tree fern, which though wholly unlike the palm in its structure and methods of reproduction, possesses a marked general resemblance in form, i.e., in shape. The year through, the tropical forest would be perpetually evergreen. Here there are three distinct types which force themselves upon our notice at once.

Tree Impressions.

In addition to the forms of deciduous leaved and "persistent-leaved" trees, there would be the topographical setting in which we found them, but a moment's thought will convince that it is the trees and not the setting which produces the permanent mental picture, unless the topographical settings are different—as a winter street scene and a winter river view. But place both of our northern tree types on the same setting, and no matter how striking it would be, the trees would be the first to claim the observer's notice.

The exuberant growth of the tropics produces one mental impression and the stern, harsh simplicity of a northern pine, or spruce forest, another, each equally abiding, though quite different in kind. So much for the scene, in mass—the impression made, we may say, upon the ordinary observer. Beyond and deeper than this, however, are the sensations awakened in those who observe more minutely.

The "red-blooded man," who camps annually in the woods for the love of it, will recognize that his Camps in the pine or spruce forests differ in his memory from those made in the broad-leaved forests. This is especially true if he thinks of his winter camps, where he has a sense of protection under the evergreen foliage of the pines and spruces that is wholly wanting in the leafless forests of the broad-leaved trees. The passing storm has in each a different note. The bending snow-laden branches of the evergreen tree is a picture quite other than the rigid branches of the leafless tree, as but little snow can remain on the latter.

When Johnny Comes Marching Home.

When Johnny comes marching home again,

Hurrah, hurrah! We'll give him a hearty welcome then, Hurrah, hurrah!

The men will cheer, the boys will shout, The ladies they will all turn out, And we'll all feel gay

When Johnny comes marching home. The old church bell will peal with joy, Hurrah, hurrah!

To welcome home our darling boy, Hurrah, hurrah! The village lads and lassies say, With roses they will strew the way, And we'll all feel gay

When Johnny comes marching home. 60,000 Camels in British Army.

Far the most interesting and curious use to which an animal in war is subjected is the use of camels, chosen and trained because of their strange coloring and height. Small groups of them have been stationed among clumps of acacia trees, with a spy mounted on a camel's neck. This is the safest place a person could be, for the camel or giraffe, standing with only his head above the trees, looks precisely like a bit of the foliage in the distance. In the last Afghan campaign the British lost over 50,000 camels and to-day, in Egypt, there are 60,000 in army service. They are especially used for transportation purposes.

No system of farming is a success unless it makes men better citizens.

THE FIRST FLIGHT.

Graphically Described by a Passenger In An Airship.

A young American who recently went up with an aviator of the famous Escadrille Lafayette thus describes his sensations:

There were two other passengers besides myself; I sat behind the pilot, with my knees pressed against the back of his little chair and my arms round braces that went from the edges of the car up to the superstructure. Then the mechanics swung the monster plane round, the propeller speed increased, and we began to move slowly down the field. It was like being in an excellent automobile moving over bumpy ground. The man in front of me turned the steering wheel, and we swung bumpy round in a great half circle. Then his hand slid up on the throttle segment, the buzz of the big propeller became a roar, and a great gust of wind began to be sucked past. Gradually our speed increased. The grass sped by beneath us and the bumps became one continual vibration of rushing speed. Then with a little lift, as if shaking itself free of the earth, the front of our machine rose slightly—the back followed, and we were up!

A sudden and remarkable transformation took place. From the rush of a racing car we were transported in an instant into a great calm. The roar of the motor and the strong wind continued, but all the intimate contact with motion was gone. The ground continued to race by beneath, but it seemed quite dissociated from our existence.

I gave myself over to studying my sensations. The most remarkable was the utter cessation of all the ordinary attributes of motion. Although we climbed in three great circles to a height of twenty-five hundred feet, it seemed rather as if the landscape beneath us passed slowly through metamorphoses, of which we were calm and disinterested spectators. The past experience most like the present was the experience of being on a mountain top. To the tremendous wind there was added of course the roar of the engines and the whirl of the great propeller. In spite of the wind and the noise we seemed perfectly stable and perfectly still—like a mountain top beaten by a gale. The distant views of forests and lakes added to the illusion.

Directly beneath us, however, was a new kind of landscape. The hills seemed very unimportant, but every house and hedgerow stood up like a toy, outlined by its clear-cut shadow. And crows in the field would have been mere speckles on the green if it had not been for their own little shadows, which gave them reality. There was no fear possible. It was the same of living. All the little things of life were forgotten; everything except the landscape and the glorious wind. By a wild stretch of imagination one could imagine falling toward that little landscape below; falling with wing, perhaps. In the thought there was something rather pleasant. You would have plenty of time to right the machine when you got nearly down. The very distance seemed to be a tremendous cushion of safety; seemed to insure against a sudden catastrophe.

Looking out through the wing, I was surprised to see it lift against the scene behind it. Then I realized that we were "leaning" against a turn. The centrifugal force, I suppose, accounts for the fact that while you are in the air you are hardly aware of leaning. Then the sensation changed. There was the feeling one has in a car when he reaches the crest of a hill. We began to glide downward. The earth below grew larger, rapidly reversing all the phenomena of our slower ascent. I saw the hangars and the field. We were almost down. I wondered how the pilot could be sure we would pass over the houses and trees that loomed large ahead of us, and then we were over them and gliding toward the grass of the field. The downhill feeling suddenly ceased and we were gliding almost level through the air. Just a touch, then another, and before I knew it we were bumping along over the field, terrestrial beings once more.

NEXT WINTER'S WOOD.

Take Steps to Avert a Possible Fuel Shortage.

Already a number of municipalities are preparing for a possible fuel shortage next winter. Carleton Place, Ont., is arranging for the purchase of at least 1,000 cords of wood. Ottawa, too, is making similar preparations on a larger scale. Efforts are also being made to speed up the output of the coal mines of Canada. All these activities are receiving the endorsement and assistance of the Commission of Conservation. They are steps in the right direction. The narrow escape from a fuel catastrophe this year has shown, with startling clearness, the serious dependence of Canada on the United States for supplies of coal and the urgent necessity that exists for obtaining substitutes in central Canada, for the duration of the war at least.

The Commission of Conservation's bulletin "Wood for Fuel" will be sent on request to any municipality interested.

Make Your Maples Work.

To-day in France only one and one tenth pounds per individual per month of cane sugar is allowed, and in Italy but one pound per month. Make the sugar maples work this spring.

RELICS FROM THE OCEAN'S DEPTHS

TREASURES WHICH LIE MANY FATHOMS DEEP.

Instances of the Recovery of Articles That Had Lain Buried For Thousands of Years.

From the days when the first prehistoric man ventured on the sea in his rude dugout to our own days when ships of twenty thousand tons plough the sea, there have been disasters in which vessels have gone down with all their contents, perhaps only a few badly made water jars, or perhaps treasures of art, of science and of industry, priceless in their day and illustrative of the civilization of that time. There they lie together at the bottom of the sea, being slowly destroyed or gradually covered with silt. It is a very common thing, says Chambers's Journal, to recover guns and shot from the sea. In the Tower of London there is a gun that was brought up from the wreck of the Mary Rose three hundred years after she sank, in 1545, off the English coast. Some years ago a trawler brought up from the Goodwin Sands a Roman amphora that was two feet six inches in height and nearly two feet in diameter and of about sixteen gallons' capacity. It had a rounded base and two handles at the neck. Without doubt, it had lain at the bottom of the sea more than a thousand years.

The portrait of Capt. Edward E. Williams, the friend of Shelley, who was drowned with the poet in the Gulf of Spezia in 1822, is one of the frail things recovered from the ocean. Capt. Williams drew the portrait himself, and it appears to have been little damaged by its immersion in the sea. In sharp contrast to such fragile things is the post chaise that was brought up from the Goodwins. The wheels were still attached to the axles and came up with the vehicle.

An Ancient Relic. Some sponge fishers recently discovered on the coast of Africa the wreck of an ancient vessel that lay in nineteen fathoms of water. It proved to be a Greek galley laden with bronze and marble treasures dating from the earliest years of the Christian era. Most of the marble statues were injured by the water, but some, deeply buried in the mud, were fairly well preserved. The bronze medallions, on the other hand, were not much the worse for their years in the water. In addition to the works of art there were many utensils and pieces of ordinary furniture, including beds, chairs, kettles, bowls and a terracotta lamp that still retained its wick.

The east window of the church in Quernmore Park in Lancashire has a curious history. The glass was made in England for a church in Cannes, France, and was forwarded by sea. The vessel in which it was shipped was wrecked near Marsailles, and, as the window was given up for lost, a new one was ordered in England. A Greek merchant bought the wreck and the cargo and succeeded in recovering the window, which he sold at auction with the rest of the salvage. The owner of Quernmore Park purchased the window and set it up in the church there.

Some of the old railings removed from the front of St. Paul's Cathedral about forty years ago were sent to America in the steamship Delta. The ship was wrecked, but the railings were recovered. They were placed about the tomb of John George Howard and his wife in the High Park, Toronto, and the following inscription was recorded on a brass plate:

St. Paul's Cathedral for 160 years I did enclose, O stranger, look with reverence, Man! man! unstable man! It was thou who caused the severance.

In 1851 a lecturer on naval architecture gave a list of the failures in the attempt to sheathe English ships with lead, and hinted that something might have been learned from a Roman galley of the time of Trajan that had been recovered from the bottom of the lake of Rieda, and that was found to be sheathed with lead fastened on with copper nails. Many lessons in naval architecture and gunnery are now being laid on the bottom of the sea for the enlightenment of future generations—but it is to be hoped that those generations will not judge the present age wholly by such memorials.

Life's School. When first your stumbling footsteps passed Through our front gate, to go to school, I watched through eyes that dimmed too fast

To see my laddie turn, at last, And wave his hand, as was his rule. Before the road hid him from view I'd say, "Good-by, and good luck, too!"

And now your steps go marching by, My little son, though grown so tall, I watch you with a smile, and sigh, With pride and love within my eye:

"My son, who answered to the call Of Liberty, I'm proud of you! Good-by, dear boy, and good luck, too!"

—A. M. Hucks. Remove piles of straw, trash and lumber which harbor rats in fields and vacant lots.

AMBASSADORIAL "DR. FELL'S"

MISFITS IN THE DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

Men Who Have Been Obnoxious to Nations to Which They Have Been Accredited.

I do not like thee, Dr. Fell, The reason why I cannot tell; But this alone I know full well, I do not like thee, Dr. Fell.

The International Diplomatic Service has come in for a good deal of criticism during this war, and its representatives from the enemy countries have met with well-deserved rebuffs everywhere.

But it is not generally known that no ambassadorial appointment is ever made without first having received the absolute approval of the Government to whose country the envoy is nominated.

There have been several famous instances of breaches of this unwritten law of diplomatic etiquette, and the offending individuals have been very summarily pronounced "persona non grata."

Banned by Queen Victoria.

The most unfortunate affair that England had to contend with when we notified the French Government after it proposed sending the late Marquis de Montebello as Ambassador to the Court of St. James, that that gentleman was undesirable.

It is said that Queen Victoria's righteous antipathy against this diplomat dated from the time of the death of Empress Eugenie's son and heir, the Prince Imperial of France, when the Marquis was Charge d'Affaires in London. He had declined, for fear of being suspected by his Government of Bonapartist sympathies, to postpone a large dinner at the French Embassy on the night following the arrival of the news in England that the ill-fated Prince had been killed in South Africa by the Zulus.

Queen Victoria was very wroth, and gave expression to her anger in unmeasured terms, exclaiming that "M. de Montebello should have remembered that it was the great-uncle of the Prince Imperial who raised his stableman of a grandfather to be a duke and a field-marshal. These favors were surely worth the few saucers that would have been wasted if M. de Montebello had postponed his dinner."

Things Better Left Unsaid.

America has in past years often been very unfortunate in some of her diplomatic citizens. It would be impolite to mention names; but it is well known that one of her envoys to a northern Continental country behaved in a most extraordinary and uncalled-for manner when he was first presented at the Court. This gentleman, who was a multi-millionaire and hailed from Chicago, was highly amused at the red Court dress of the gentleman present, and, going up to one dignitary who was rather fat and pompous, slapped him on the back, exclaiming, in full hearing of the company present: "Hallo, my fine, fat flamingo!"

Needless to say, he was not retained in diplomacy for any great while. President Cleveland had the mortification, in 1885, of having an envoy chosen by him rejected by two European countries. It was Anthony M. Kelly. This gentleman was first appointed Minister to Italy without taking the precaution of sounding the Italian Court beforehand. Someone dug up an old speech of his, in which he had denounced the Italian Government for depriving the agency of its temporal possessions. Consequently, President Cleveland then nominated Mr. Kelly as Ambassador to Austria.

He was not, it turned out, even acceptable by the Austrian Government, on the ground that Mrs. Kelly was a Jewess, and, consequently, barred from the Viennese Court.

The Evil Eye. Japan also pronounced as persona non grata Senator Blain, who was nominated by President Harrison, in 1891, as Minister to Peking. He, too, had to thank an unfortunate speech of his own for his rejection. In it he had referred to the yellow race in San Francisco as "The seeds of death, unless the plant can be uprooted and exterminated."

The Italians and Spaniards are credited with being very superstitious, and they both fought shy of a very distinguished Dutch diplomat, and refused him welcome, claiming he had the "evil eye." And even Constantinople would have none of him. So Holland was compelled to put the gentleman on the retired list.

Meat Consumption on Decline.

The consumption of beef and mutton in Britain during the last year of peace was 150,000 tons per month. During 1916-17 this amount had fallen to 120,000 tons per month. The total available supplies at present in sight for the current year are not more than 88,000 tons per month.

Early peas, onions, parsnip, asparagus, cabbage, cauliflower, carrot, leek, lettuce, spinach and turnip may be sown as soon as the ground can be worked.

A TREMENDOUS VICTORY

The Second Week of the Big Spring Drive

proves to be a mighty victory over high prices. The shopping public have been quick to recognize the economy of shopping here. We realize that only bargains of the most sensational sort can make people buy. We reduced to prices that will bring a regular pandemonium of eager buyers this week. Come—join the crowds, and save dollars on your Spring Footwear.

Help the Belgians and Help Yourself

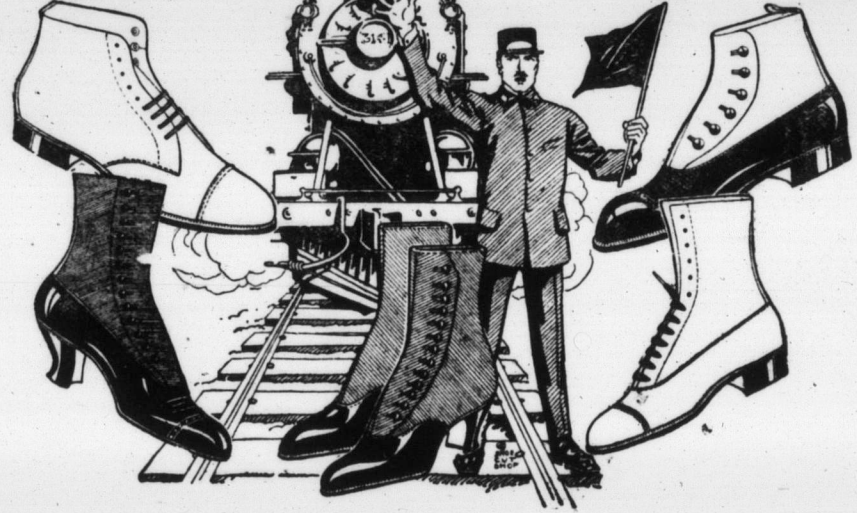
DON'T THROW AWAY YOUR OLD SHOES

During this 15-Day Spring Drive we will allow a credit of 50 cents for any pair of old shoes on each individual purchase of \$5 or over. This applies principally to men's and women's shoes, but credit will be allowed also on children's shoes if in fairly good condition.

All shoes which can be repaired with a reasonable amount of work and expense will be put in serviceable condition free of charge in our Modern Shoe Repairing Department and will be handed over to the Belgian Relief Work.

This is an opportunity to do a kindness to the needy, suffering Belgians and at the same time secure a substantial discount from the wonderfully low prices already fixed for this Great Spring Drive in Footwear.

CLEAR the TRACK



We are not leaving a stone unturned to help you—

AND THEN

PRICES.—Our Shoes have been lower in price than any other store's ever since the rise in prices and are still the lowest, but highest in quality.

SALE STARTS THURSDAY, APRIL 18th.

Ridiculously low prices prevail on the entire stock

BOYS' SHOES

- Boys' Solid School Shoes**—Good heavy soles, black, will stand the hard knocks. Special 3.50
- Boys' Tan Shoes**—The strongest school boot made. See these at, per pair 4.00
- Boys' Tan Military Shoes**—Plain toes. Special 3.75
- Dressy, Neat and Best Make**—Tobacco Brown, Neolin sole, new receding toe. Very special 4.98
- Something Special**—A durable Waterproof that will outstand any hard knocks. \$5 value, go at 3.98
- Boys' Rubber Boots** go at 3.50

YOUTHS' SHOES

- Youths' Tan Military Shoes**—Sizes 11, 12 and 13. A real bargain at 3.39
- Youths' School Shoes**—Just the kind you want. Sizes 11, 12 and 13. \$3.50 value, go at 2.75
- Youths' Box Kip Blucher Shoes**—Good solid soles. To go at 2.69

THE SHOES THAT STAND THE TEST—The Shoe Store That Guarantees Absolute Satisfaction.

MEN'S SHOES

- Men's Fine Shoes**—Dress wear, fine shapes and styles, in patent leather, regular \$8 and \$9 value, go at 6.45
- Men's Kid Comfort Shoes**—Plain toes. A big bargain 3.98



Sounds Reasonable—Men's Heavy Storm Calf, double sole, Viscollized, worth \$10, for 7.95

Special Offer to Dressy Young Men—All our new and best \$9 shoes during this big Fifteen-day Drive 8.00

Another Big Shipment of Men's Rubber Boots go at 4.50

Men's Mahogany Shoes—Round toes, double soles, select calf skin, Astoria make, \$9 value 7.95

Men's Leather High Boots—Select cowhide, pegged soles, hand-sewn. Special 4.00

Men's Tan Grain Work Shoes—Regular \$5 value. Special 3.98

Men's Black Work Shoes—Plain toes, suitable for farm or foundry work. Special 2.98

Men's Fine Black Sox—All sizes. Special, 35c pair; 3 for 1.00

Men, Look at This One—Gunmetal Calf Shoes, leather lined, Neolin soles, Wingfoot rubber heels. Sale pr. 6.95

Men's Military Shoes—For dress or parade. Best of leathers and workmanship. Our prices 7.00 to 8.00

Trench Boots for Overseas—Made of best waterproof material, high laced, made specially for trench work. Special 15.00 to 20.00

Men's Black Calf Shoes—Receding toes, \$6 value. Very special 4.50

Look, Men! Koko Brown Shoes, champagne tops, white Neolin soles, rubber heels, regular \$10 value. Special 8.50

See These, Men! Patent Leather Lace and Button Shoes, round or receding toes, choicest of leathers, regular \$9 value. Special 6.45

Young Men—You sure will want a pair of Dancing Pumps. \$5 value. Special 2.00

Look Here, Men—If you wear size 7 or 7½, don't miss the Sample Shoe Sale, all styles, all colors and leathers. Values up to \$10. 5.95, 6.45, 6.95

Men's Dark Brown English Walking Shoes—Acme soles and heels, regular \$7.50. Special 5.95

Men's Gunmetal Shoes—Round toes, Goodyear welts, all sizes. Sure to appeal to well-dressed men. Regular \$6.50. Special 4.98

A Good Appearance in Men's Gunmetal Shoes—Rounding toes, Goodyear welt, \$6.50 value. Sale price 4.98

THIS IS THE YEAR FOR ECONOMY

We have a MODERN REPAIR Department in connection with our store. We can do your repairing neatly and very promptly, whether the shoes were bought here or not.

There is nothing beyond us when it comes to good shoe repairing.



WOMEN'S SHOES

Women's Fine Kid Shoes—Plain toes, Louis heels, all sizes. Special 2.98

Ladies' Fine Kid and Gunmetal High Top Shoes—Louis heels, very dressy, regular \$8 value. Special 5.95

Stylish, Neat and All-around Wear—Rounding toes and medium heels, go at 3.48

Special Attention—Latest up-to-the-minute style, black, high kid, laced, full Louis heel, plain receding toe. Special 2.98

Beats Them All—Something neat, black kid button shoe, plain toe. Sale price 2.98

Attractive Prices on Pumps, patent colonial. Very new in pumps 2.98

Hurry for These—Women's Kid Three-strap Slippers, \$3.50 value, for 2.50

Men's Rubbers—The very best make. Regular \$1.25 and 1.35 98c

Men's Machinaus—Regular \$3.50 1.98

Youths' Machinaus—Regular \$1.75 1.09

Ladies' Rubbers—Regular \$1 a pair 78c

Children's Running Shoes—Regular \$1.25 79c

Men's Rubber Boots—The very best made, regular \$6.50, for 5.49

Men's Regular \$5.50 Rubber Boots for 4.49

MISSSES' SHOES

Misses' Fine Shoes—Lace, good soles and heels, sizes 11 to 2. Special 2.69

Look, Mothers—You can buy the best school or dress boots in patent or gunmetal, for the growing girl or for yourself, regular value \$5.50. Special 3.98

Misses' and Children's Classic Shoes—Patent leather with white buck tops, very pretty, sure to please the wee folks, at 2.50 to 4.00

Look, Mothers—Children's Gunmetal and Kid Shoes, button and lace styles, \$2 value, for 1.49

Misses' Brown Shoes—High tops. Special at 4.50

CHILDREN'S SHOES

Children's Fine Shoes—Button styles, good fitters, sizes 8½ to 10. To go at 1.69

Children's High Top Shoes—Dressy, smart and serviceable are these boots and yet the price is within the reach of all. Regular \$3.50. Special value 2.50

Look! Here's Economy—Misses' Button Shoes, sizes 11 to 2. Special 1.98

Ladies' Overshoes—Regular \$1.50 per pair 1.05

Boys' Rubbers—Regular 90c per pair 78c

Ladies' White Canvas Running Shoes—With white sole. Regular \$1.50, for 1.09



MODERN SHOE STORE

MAIN STREET, GLENCOE

TELEPHONE 103

Overland

The Thrift Car

The Overland car is established in Canada.

The Willys-Overland factory in Toronto is one of Canada's large substantial institutions.

The popular demand for the Model 90 Overland is in itself a tribute to the manufacturing skill and the high ideals of Willys-Overland, Limited.

Ask for a demonstration of this light Overland Four. It is convincing.

Appearance
Performance
Comfort
Service
Price

WM. McCALLUM
Dealer - Glencoe

Willys-Overland, Limited
Willys Knight and Overland Motor Cars and Light Commercial Wagons
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario

MRS. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

Opposite Royal Bank Building

FLOWER DEPT.
Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for all occasions.

Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs.
Phone 25

FANCY GOODS DEPT.
Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.
Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:27 a.m.; No. 14, express, local points to London, 2:55 p.m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer to Toronto, Montreal, etc., 6:05 p.m.; No. 18, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p.m.
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a.m.; No. 15, Detroit express, 1:31 p.m.; No. 17, local mail and express, 5:35 p.m.; No. 19, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 10:05 p.m.
Nos. 12 and 13, Sundays included.
Wabash and Air Line.
Eastbound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 3:35 a.m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p.m.; way freight, 4:20 p.m.
Westbound—No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:30 p.m.; way freight, 5:25 a.m.
No. 2, Sundays included.
Kingston Branch.
Leave Glencoe for Alvin, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, Tannock and points west—No. 36, mixed, 7:35 a.m.; No. 38, passenger, 6:30 p.m.
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 24, passenger, 7:50 a.m.; No. 36, mixed, 1:51 p.m.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Eastbound—No. 634, 12:37 p.m.; No. 672, Windsor mixed, 3:00 a.m.; No. 674, Windsor, 7:00 a.m.; No. 676, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 678, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 680, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 682, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 684, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 686, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 688, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 690, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 692, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 694, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 696, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 698, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 700, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 702, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 704, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 706, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 708, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 710, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 712, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 714, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 716, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 718, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 720, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 722, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 724, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 726, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 728, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 730, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 732, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 734, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 736, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 738, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 740, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 742, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 744, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 746, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 748, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 750, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 752, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 754, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 756, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 758, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 760, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 762, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 764, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 766, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 768, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 770, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 772, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 774, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 776, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 778, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 780, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 782, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 784, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 786, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 788, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 790, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 792, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 794, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 796, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 798, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 800, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 802, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 804, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 806, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 808, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 810, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 812, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 814, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 816, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 818, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 820, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 822, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 824, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 826, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 828, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 830, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 832, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 834, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 836, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 838, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 840, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 842, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 844, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 846, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 848, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 850, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 852, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 854, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 856, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 858, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 860, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 862, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 864, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 866, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 868, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 870, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 872, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 874, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 876, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 878, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 880, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 882, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 884, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 886, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 888, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 890, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 892, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 894, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 896, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 898, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 900, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 902, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 904, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 906, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 908, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 910, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 912, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 914, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 916, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 918, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 920, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 922, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 924, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 926, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 928, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 930, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 932, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 934, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 936, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 938, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 940, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 942, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 944, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 946, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 948, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 950, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 952, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 954, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 956, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 958, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 960, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 962, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 964, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 966, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 968, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 970, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 972, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 974, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 976, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 978, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 980, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 982, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 984, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 986, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 988, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 990, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 992, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 994, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 996, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 998, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.; No. 1000, Windsor, 8:15 a.m.

Patronize Home Industry by buying MCLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

J. A. McLachlan
GLENCOE

A. B. McDONALD
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 71.

Farm for Sale.
Grass farm for sale, being east half of north lot 20, con. 5, Ekfrid, containing 50 acres. If not sold by the 1st of May will rent. For terms apply to Peter L. Campbell, Glencoe. 121f

ADVERTISING RATES.—Cards of Thanks, in Memoriam Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5 cents per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 10 per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

LOCAL

BORN.
ULCH.—On Tuesday, April 9th, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Ulch, (nee Burnzie Newport), a son—Oilly Franklin.

DIED.
McLEAN.—At her home at Mayfair, Ekfrid Township, Wednesday morning, April 24th, Hannah Bateman, beloved wife of Alex. McLean, in her 80th year. The funeral will be private.

IN MEMORIAM.
WALKER.—DUGLAS.—In loving memory of Miza Bell Walker-Douglas, who fell asleep in Jesus, April 23rd, 1917.
One precious to our hearts has gone,
The voice we loved is stilled.
The place made vacant in our home
Can never more be filled.
—HUSBAND, FATHER, MOTHER AND BROTHER

Benjamin Towers has bought Mrs. McKinnon's residence on Main street. The next sitting of the division court in Glencoe will be held on Tuesday, May 7.

The Battle Hill Relief Society sent a box last week to Hyman Hall containing 21 pairs of socks.

The annual spring stallion show will be held on the fair grounds, Glencoe, on Wednesday, May 1st.

Wm. Leitch, B. A., of Kilmartin has received a call to the Presbyterian church at Kintyre, also a call to Singhampton.

The Grand Trunk announces a new time card, to take effect next Sunday. There are no changes affecting trains at Glencoe.

The treasurer of the Glencoe Red Cross acknowledges the receipt of \$8.50 from proceeds of "Sweet Girl Graduate" entertainment.

Inspector Johnson is visiting the schools in this district this week in connection with the aim to secure help among the pupils for agricultural production.

Lieut. John Alexander Gordon, only son of A. C. Gordon, grand chief of the Sons of Scotland, has been killed in action. He was a nephew of W. W. Gordon, Glencoe.

Another good oil well was brought in on the McAlpine farm on Saturday by the Carman Company. More drilling was commenced on the McTavish farm on Monday.

The Odd Fellows' annual divine service will be held next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock in St. John's church. Rev. T. J. Charlton will preach the sermon.

J. D. McNaughton bought the east half of the east half of the north half of lot 12 in the 4th concession of Moss, containing 25 acres, which was put up at auction on Saturday.

In the report of the Tait's Corners Red Cross Society published last week the number of pairs of socks shipped in the month of February was given in error as 18. The correct number was 118.

Seventeen of the pupils of Glencoe High School have succeeded in passing the special examination for those who are willing to undertake farm work. It is expected they are busy helping to increase the urgently needed food supply.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Rain coats from \$3.50 to \$14 at Lamont's.

37c trade and 35c cash for eggs at Mayhew's.

Garden seeds at Wright's Hardware, 12 1/2.

Money to loan on farm property. Apply to Box 34, Wardsville. 15

Private sale of household effects at Miss Macdonald's, Symes street.

For sale—Yellow-eye seed beans.—Ernest Squire, Route 3, Glencoe. 13-3

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Two telephone operators wanted. Apply to local manager, box 45, Glencoe.

For sale—Indian motorcycle, in good running order. Apply to M. L. Farrell. 15

For sale—Chevrolet car (1918 model) and new manure spreader.—George S. Eddie.

Another carload of Chevrolet cars arriving this week.—N. & A. M. Graham.

Opening for boy to learn printing at Transcript office. Also girl wanted to set type.

Special bargains for rain and motor coats at Lamont's.

If you need shoes, socks or separator oil, go to Sexsmith's. Repairing a specialty.

For sale—ten ewes with lambs by side.—Archie J. Purcell, R. R. No. 6, Alvinston. 11-3

Get our prices on auto tire casings and tubes, gasoline and oil.—Galbraith Bros., Appin.

For sale—6 two-year-old steers, and 4 heifers (1 springing)—Isaac Watterworth, Woodgreen.

Cream and eggs wanted at the old stand, as usual. Highest prices paid in cash.—Wm. Muirhead. 06f

3,000 rods of Peerless fence just taken into stock. See it and get our prices.—Jas. Wright & Son. 12-5

We have now in stock a full line of Frost and Taylor's fencing.—Galbraith Bros., Appin.

For sale—about 15 tons of good hay, about 5 lb. per ton, about 11 months old.—Daniel Trestrain. 15

More feed and greater production by using Ideal Green Feed silos, sold by Galbraith Bros., Appin.

If you need a rain or motor coat call and see what you can do at Lamont's.

For sale—60 bushels White Pea Beans, about 5 lb. per bush, at \$8 per bus. Orders taken until May 4th. Apply James Small, Wallace town; phone 163.

Spring shipment of Cleveland and Brantford bicycles has arrived at Wright's Hardware. Call early and get your choice.

Ready for immediate delivery—one 1916 Ford touring car, all overhauled and repainted, \$325; one 1914 Ford in A 1 shape, \$250; one 1914 Ford, good running order, \$225.—Wm. McCallum.

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar streets. Still buying grain at North Glencoe.—J. D. McKellar, Chas. Mawhinney, 81f

Money wanted on first mortgage, sums from \$1,000 to \$5,000, on real estate, interest, 7 per cent, payable half yearly. Apply to Elliott & Moss, Glencoe. 14

For sale—150-acre farm with gravel pit, underdrained; large house and barn with concrete foundations, stable, 1000 concrete, for \$9,000.—E. Ash, R. R. No. 1, Glencoe. 13

Farm of the late Wm. J. Innes, north half lot 8, con. 3, Moss, for sale; 100 acres, at present under pasture; has house and barn. Apply to George Innes, Route 2, Glencoe. 12f

Come to the patriotic supper at the town hall on Saturday evening. A good hot supper will be served, commencing at half-past five o'clock. Adults, 35c; children, 20c.

For sale—property on King St., owned by W. S. Innes. Good barn, large chicken house; 11 acres of land; orchard and small fruits. House sold with only one lot if preferred. Apply at the house. 13-3

First shipment of seed corn has arrived, which we will sell at Government price, \$4.00 per bushel. All corn guaranteed. Also a quantity of Irish Cobbler potatoes at \$3.25 per bag.—Roy Siddall.

Sale continues. All stock being sold at auction of prices. Have your pigs filled with vinegar, molasses; 200 lbs. of tea, regular 65c lb. selling at 42c; honey. All goods must be sold. You can save money by buying from me.—W. T. Jellly.

The improvement of Eddie's cemetery is now under way at considerable expense. The directors at the meeting gave \$5 each toward paying expenses. All those holding plots are requested to pay their amounts to Alex. Pole, sec-treas., or Merchants Bank, Glencoe. 13-3

A former barrister of St. Thomas and at one time principal of one of the city schools, J. A. Harvey, K. C., died at Vancouver, B. C., Wednesday after a brief illness. He studied law in the office of Hon. T. W. Crothers, and was at one time a partner of Police Magistrate Maxwell. His widow was Miss Lillian Teetzel, sister of Justice Teetzel, who, with a son and five daughters survive him. Rev. W. H. Harvey, of the First Methodist Church, St. Thomas, and Dr. E. E. Harvey, Peterboro, are brothers, and Mrs. J. N. Currie, Glencoe, is a niece.

No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

Some men would rather sleep an hour longer than to wake up and find themselves famous.

No more hard coal is to be permitted to be shipped into the Canadian West, and only a small supply to Winnipeg.

If Mary only had that little lamb now she would realize quite a handsome little fortune by leading it to the butcher's.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

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AUCTION SALES

At Appin stock yard on Saturday, April 27, at one o'clock sharp:—10 three-year-old steers, 30 two-year-old steers, 10 two-year-old heifers; 15 yearlings, steers and heifers.—D. McIntyre, proprietor; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

South half lot 23, range 2 south L. W. R. Ekfrid, on Tuesday, April 30, at two o'clock (new time):—1 gelding rising 2 years old, general purpose; 12 two-year-old steers, 7 one-year-old steers, 2 two-year-old heifers, 1 three-year-old heifer, 1 fat heifer, 4 heifer calves, 4 steer calves, 3 cows due to freshen 1st of June, 3 cows due to freshen in September, 2 new milch cows; 13 hogs, about 150 lbs.; 1 Deering binder; 1 Wilkinson plow, No. 3, walking; 1 disc harrow, 1 wagon; 1 Frost & Wood binder, 6 ft. cut; 1 Deering mower, 6 ft. cut, in good repair; 1 walking plow; 1 grinder, new; 1 hay fork and car. Two-year-old cattle will be fed until the 10th of May if desired.—James McRae, proprietor; McTaggart & McIntyre, auctioneers.

Auction sale of fifty head of grass cattle at A. J. McMurphy's farm, Crinan, on Wednesday, May 1st, at one o'clock.—M. A. McAlpine, auctioneer. 12-2

Glencoe High School.

The following corrections should be made in the report of the High School, published in last week's paper:
Normal Entrance—E. McDonald 71.
Matriculation—E. McDonald 71, A. Poole 62.

Notice re Cleaning Yards

Notice is hereby given by the Board of Health that all backyards and premises must be cleaned and put in a sanitary condition at once. Have all bins gathered in boxes and a wagon will call for them at only a small cost to you. After May 1st the Sanitary Inspector is authorized to make a thorough inspection, and places not cleaned before that date will be cleaned up at once at your expense.

Section 74 of the Public Health Act states that the following shall be deemed nuisances under the meaning of this Act:

- Any premises or part thereof so constructed or in such a state as to be injurious or dangerous to health.
- Any street, pool, ditch, gutter, water-course, sink, cistern, water or earth closet, privy, urinal, cesspool, drain, dung pit or ash pit, so foul or in such a state, or so situated as to be injurious or dangerous to health.
- Any well, spring or other water supply injurious or dangerous to health.
- Any stable, byre or other building in which animals are kept in such a manner or in such numbers as to be injurious or dangerous to health.
- Any accumulation or deposit of refuse, wherever situated, which is injurious or dangerous to health.
- Any house or part of a house so overcrowded as to be injurious or dangerous to the health of the inmates or in which insufficient airspace is allowed for each inmate to comply with the regulations.

CHAS. GEORGE, Secretary.

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We carry a complete line of Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes. Ask us for Color Cards, prices or any other information you may require.

12

JAS. WRIGHT & SON, GLENCOE.

The Ford Saves the Hay and Oats the Horses Eat

IT HAS been estimated that five acres of land are required to maintain one horse for a year, and that the same five acres would produce nearly enough food for two people. If 50,000 Canadian farmers each replaced one horse with a Ford, 250,000 acres would be added to the Nation's source of food supply and enough extra food made available to feed 100,000 people.

Just think what a great service this means to the country at the present time and the benefit to the farmers from the sale of food produced on this acreage.

A Ford car also saves the farmer a week or more of valuable time each year, which can be used for further productive work. The Ford travels three times as fast as a horse and rig—costs less to run and keep, and is far easier to take care of. With labor so scarce and high priced, time means money, so do not delay in getting your Ford.

Ford

Runabout	\$575
Touring	\$595
Coupe	\$770
Sedan	\$970
Chassis	\$535
One-ton Truck	\$750

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

A. Duncanson Dealer, Glencoe

Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell
The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.



H. J.:—Will you kindly send me a recipe for making grafting wax?

Answer:—A good grafting wax is made as follows: Into a kettle place one part by weight of tallow, two parts of beeswax, four parts of resin. When completely melted, pour into a tub or pail of cold water, then work it with the hands (which should be greased) until it develops a grain and becomes the color of taffy candy.

Subscriber:—1. Can alfalfa be grown successfully on heavy clay soil which will grow red clover all right? Can it be sown with oats same as clover? If a field were sown this spring how long would it be before the first crop of hay? What does inoculation of the seed mean? How much alfalfa does it take per acre? 2. Which is most production and which easiest grown, mangolds or turnips, for cattle or sheep? What is the best variety for heavy clay soil?

Answer:—Clay soil which will grow red clover successfully should be suitable for alfalfa. I would not recommend sowing alfalfa with oats, since the latter crop produces rather too heavy a growth, shading out the young tender alfalfa plant. If you seed a field of alfalfa this spring, it should not be cut before next spring unless the growth is very strong before fall. Inoculation of alfalfa seeds means introduction of the peculiar bacteria which live on the roots of the alfalfa plant. Inoculation is accomplished by feeding the seed with a culture containing the bacteria you wish to introduce. These cultures may be obtained from the Bacteria Department of the Ontario Agricultural College, or from commercial sources. Directions accompanying the package should be followed closely. If the alfalfa seed is of high grade and germinates strongly, from 12 to 15 lbs. to the acre will be sufficient. Large growers of alfalfa use between 12 to 20 pounds to the acre, normally. 2. From a labor standpoint, turnips are looked upon as an easier crop to grow than mangolds. As a food mangolds contain a little more protein than do turnips, but less starch. As a table suitable

variety for heavy clay soil you will do well to consult a reliable seed catalogue. Farmer:—What will be the best crop to sow on five acres of sandy land for the pasture of three or four cows? Have been thinking of sowing rape, and could I seed it and stand a chance of getting a catch if sowed with the rape? It was sown last year to millet and buckwheat and seeded, but failed to get a good stand of clover.

Answer:—For a pasture mixture on sandy soil, you will do well to sow the following per acre: 1 bushel of rye, half bushel wheat, half bushel oats, and five pounds of common red clover. This mixture will make a summer pasture. In order to get a successful permanent covering, I believe you will have to keep stock off this area for a season and then seed your ground to about 1 1/2 bushels of barley and grass seed mixture, consisting of 10 lbs. common red clover, 2 lbs. alsace, 6 lbs. of timothy, and 5 lbs. sweet clover. In order to make sure of the catch you would do well to fertilize the soil with about 200 lbs. to 300 lbs. of fertilizer carrying 3 to 5 per cent. ammonia and 6 to 8 per cent. phosphoric acid. This should be thoroughly worked into the soil at the time the seed bed is being prepared.

R. S.:—Would be glad to have advice in regard to sowing winter vetch and spring rye this spring to plow under late in summer for fertilizer purposes. Would it be a success or is something else more successful?

Answer:—Half a bushel of winter vetch seed, with a bushel and a half of rye to the acre should be sown. The ground should be thoroughly prepared and the seed drilled or harrowed in carefully. In preparing the ground you will do well to apply about 1/2 ton of fine ground limestone per acre, harrowing it in carefully. This will make the soil sweet, which condition is most suitable for the rapid growth of vetch. In order to make sure of a satisfactory catch, you will do well to fertilize at the time of seeding as recommended in the last question.

How and When To Spray

Apple, peach, plum, quince, cherry and pear trees are seriously injured by San Jose scale and will be killed very likely unless freed from these insects. Shade trees are also troubled by scale and also some shrubs, particularly lilac.

The trees should be pruned so as to get out all superfluous wood, which should be completely burned. Leave no stray pieces about with insects on them. This done, scrape off the rough bark so the scale under it may be reached with the spray as spraying while the trees are dormant is the only remedy.

If the trees are badly infested two sprayings may be necessary. Spray as soon as possible and again just before the buds begin to swell. Wet

every part of the tree, or the labor may be in vain.

Lime sulphur is generally used. It is effective on San Jose scale, oyster shell scale, blister mite and scab and also destroys the eggs of plant lice. Oil emulsion may also be used.

In bad cases of scale where the insects have not been discovered until the foliage is on the tree they may be held in check by spraying with fish oil soap, one pound to six gallons of water, or with kerosene emulsion, during May or June when the young insects hatch, depending on the season and locality.

Well cared for trees systematically sprayed are not troubled with scale.

Aphis or Lice

There are two kinds of insects that injure plants, those which chew and those which pierce the foliage and suck the juices. The former are controlled by poisons, but the latter must be reached by contact sprays and be hit by the sprays, which kills them. The biters, which chew will be killed when they eat the poisoned foliage, even if they appear after the spray is applied, but those which suck the juices must be hit with the contact spray; the fact that it is on the foliage will not bother them.

There are two forms of aphis or plant lice, one appearing on the tree, the other on the roots. There are several kinds of aphids that attack the foliage of plants, and all are controlled by the contact sprays.

Aphis attack apple, plum and other fruit and ornamental trees. They are small greenish insects, sometimes assuming pinkish or an almost black color. They suck the juices from the foliage, usually feeding on the under side of the leaves, causing them to curl up, dry and drop.

Kerosene emulsion, 10 per cent strength, or tobacco extracts will rid the trees of them. Spray as soon as the aphids appear and before the leaves curl, as it is difficult to reach the insects with the spray after the leaves curl up.

The root aphids are more troublesome. The dirt around each tree should be removed to a depth of three or four inches in a circle three or four feet in diameter when the tree is growing vigorously. Then soak the space thoroughly with kerosene emulsion, 15 per cent strength—15 per cent. emulsion, 85 per cent. water—using at least two gallons per tree, and then replace the earth.

Apple Worm

The codling moth is a whitish or pinkish caterpillar half to three-quarters of an inch in length. The adult

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LOOK FOR THE STARS

Pkt.	oz.	1/4 lb.	lb.	5 lbs.
BEANS—Dwarf White Wax (Davis)	.10	.25	.70	3.25
BEET—Crosby's Egyptian	.05	.25	.85	2.50
CABBAGE—Danish Summer	.10	.30	2.75	
Carrot—Rennie's Market Garden	.10	.40	1.20	3.50
CORN—Rennie's Golden Bantam	.10	.25	.65	
CUCUMBER—Davis' Perfect	.10	.25	.75	2.25
LETTUCE—Burpee's Earliest	.10	.35	1.00	3.00
Wayhead	.10	.45	1.35	4.00
ONION—Early Yellow Danvers	.10	.40	1.35	4.40
Rennie's Extra Early Red	.05	.35	1.00	3.75
Rennie's Longkeeper Brown Globe	.10	.35	1.00	3.75
PARSNIP—Rennie's XXX Guernsey	.10	.30	1.00	3.50
PEAS—Thomas Laxton, Extra Early	.10	.15	.45	2.00
Senator—Best Second Early	.10	.15	.45	2.00
RADISH—Crimson Globe—Non	.05	.20	.65	2.20
Plus Ultra	.10	.35	.90	3.25
Japanese Mikado (Winter)	.10	.35	.90	3.25
TOMATO—Bonny Best	.10	.60	1.75	
Blue Stem Early—King Edward	.10	.60	1.75	

Prepaid	5 lbs.	Not Prepaid	5 lbs.
ONION SETS—Yellow Sets—Selected	.50	2.25	.40
White Multiplier Sets			1.85

FLOWER SEEDS		Pkt.
New Giant Asterium—Mixed.....		.15
Rennie's XXX Defiance Balsam—Mixed.....		.15
New Red Sunflower.....		.25
Gold Medal Hybrids Delphinium.....		.25
Rennie's XXX Prize Ruffled Giant Petunia—Mixture.....		.25
Rennie's XXX Giant Spencer Sweet Peas—Mixture.....		.15
Giant Zinnia—Mixed.....		.15

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moth lays its eggs in the spring on the leaves or small apples soon after blooming time. The young caterpillars, about one-sixteenth of an inch in length, enter the apple usually at the blossom end. Arsenate of lead is sprayed into the calyx cup, which poisons the worm as soon as it starts to eat its way into the apple.

When the worms enter the apple they attack the core and remain there about a month, then bore out through the fruit. There are likely to be two generations which must be controlled. Spray with arsenate of lead, two or three pounds to fifty gallons of water. The first application should be made when the calyx is open and extended so the poison can be forced into the blossom end of the young apple and before the blossom end closes.

The wide open cluster is not right; the stamens crowd upon the pistils, closing the heart of the flower, but just when the petals have fallen, when the calyx is open, is exactly the right time to drive in the poison spray. Later the calyx will close and the worm will be safely sheltered.

Use strong pressure—150 pounds—and spray thoroughly.

Cureulio

Plum cureulio, a small grayish brown beetle, attacks plums, apples, peaches, pears and quinces, making a small cut on the fruit under which it lays its eggs. The larva, a small white worm, feeds on the fruit and causes it to drop.

The codling moth spray for apples will control the cureulio. Wild crab apples or hawthorn growing near the orchard should be destroyed. Gather all fallen fruit and destroy it.

Plums should be sprayed with arsenate of lead, two or three pounds to fifty gallons of water, just after the blossoms fall. Add to this milk of lime, made by mixing four pounds of fresh slaked lime with sufficient water to dissolve it. Add this to each fifty gallons of the arsenate of lead to prevent burning of the foliage.

Spray two weeks later with the same solution. This second spray is most important and should thoroughly cover the fruit.

Canker Worms

Canker worms feed upon the leaves of fruit and shade trees in the spring and autumn. Arsenate of lead, four pounds, to fifty gallons of water, will destroy the caterpillars when they are young. Bands of sticky substances or cotton wool around the trunks of the trees will keep the wingless female from getting on the trees. Bud moths attack the terminal leaf buds and blossoms. Where lime sulphur is used before the buds open for scale on apples arsenate of lead, two pounds to fifty gallons, may be added to control the bud moth. Spray again with arsenate of lead alone, same strength, just before the blossoms open.

Tent Caterpillars

The egg masses are laid on the twigs, forming a grayish brown knot-like band. Gather the egg masses in winter and burn them and burn the twigs when they appear on the trees. The spraying recommended for codling moth will control tent caterpillars.

Borers

Borers attack apple, peach and other fruit trees, also soft maple, birch and other ornamental trees. They enter the tree through small round holes in the bark, usually at the base

of the tree, from which sawdust sometimes issues out; a discoloration of the bark is an indication of the borers' presence. The only remedy is to cut the borers out with a sharp knife. Watch the trees and get the borers as soon as they enter. A stiff wire can also be used to push up the hole and kill the borer. Go over all the trees in April and again in the autumn.

Painting the trunks at the base with white lead mixed with raw linseed oil is recommended. Make the mixture the consistency of thick cream paint and apply early in the spring before May, after the borers have been cut out. Do not use boiled linseed oil or common house paint with a drier in it. Remove all gum from the peach trees when going over the trees in the autumn, painting the wounds where the borers have been cut out. (Concluded next week.)

Poultry

Grain for chickens should be clean and free from mold. Moldy grain will often cause death or result in any one of several diseases common to the digestive tract. Birds affected become weak and inactive and often manifest an intense thirst. Such an individual may be given a teaspoonful of Epsom salts and if recovery is not rapid it should be killed.

No flock of hens is so good but that there are certain individuals which are far superior to certain others. Neither is there a flock of hens that is so small but that it will pay to select a few of the best for breeders. Only a small breeding flock is necessary on many farms, since fifteen hens will lay during the breeding season of two and a half months from 400 to 500 eggs. If each year the best are selected as breeders, remarkable progress can be made in just a few seasons, toward producing a strain of vigorous, large-bodied, late-moulting, high-producing hens. It also means keeping fewer male birds, which at four to five cents a bird per week for feed is a considerable saving.

Method of curing hens of the egg-eating habit: Blow the contents from several egg shells and fill them with plaster Paris, or pulp plaster. Fill a dozen or two—they will set hard in a few hours. Put these in the nests and around on the floor. Why Trees Winter-Kill. Have you studied the matter of fruit trees winter-killing, and the cause? In Ontario fruit trees suffer from winter-killing on account of making too late growth in the fall, and the wood is not properly hardened up before the freezing weather begins. It has been found that much of this winter-killing can be prevented by stopping the cultivation of the soil in the orchards early in August, and sowing a cover crop of clover, rye, or any other cover crop desired. This cover crop takes the moisture from the soil, and some of the available plant food, thus preventing the rapid soft growth of the trees late in the season. In consequence the wood growth already made hardens up, and is able to withstand the severe winter weather.

Carrots are third in the list of roots and tubers in nourishing value. Potatoes stand first and parsnips second.

YOUR PROBLEMS BY MRS. HELEN LAW



Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

S. S.:—Your letter arrived too late for insertion last week. I am afraid the only thing to be done with the rug is to send it to a professional cleaner, explaining the accident. Regarding the scratches on the mahogany desk, an authority informs me that the only remedy is to have the finish removed and a new one applied. This work could be satisfactorily done only by an expert.

T. E. O.:—1. When applying turpentine, mix with it one third the quantity of lard and it will not blister. 2. For sore and tender feet use the following powder: Talc, nine ounces; boric acid, one ounce. Mix and shake into the shoes and dust on the stockings after they have been drawn on the feet. This is said to give great relief.

Polly:—Do you use steaks as much as you might in the course of your substitution campaign? Do you know how good they are? They may be so varied that you can have a different one every day in the week and all of them delicious. It needs only a small piece of meat to give flavor to a hearty dish. It's a mistaken idea that you must eat a lot of meat to be strong. Meat helps to build up the body but so do many other foods and a little meat with vegetables and cereals gives the body what it needs. All kinds of steaks are cooked in just about the same way. Here are directions which will serve for making almost any kind: Cut the meat in small pieces and brown with the onion in the fat cut from the meat. Add the seasoning, two quarts of water and the rice, or other cereal, if it is to be used. Cook for an hour, then add the vegetables except potatoes. Cook the stew for half an hour, add the potatoes cut in quarters, cook for another half an hour and serve. Left over or canned vegetables need only to be heated through. Add them fifteen minutes before serving. Dried peas or beans should be soaked overnight and cooked for three hours before adding to the stew. Reader:—A contest, something children will like and not too difficult. Here is a flower pastime that

I think was arranged by a teacher and used when she took her spring class for a walk. For a prize you may give a basket of posies, or you may award a flower to the child who first answers correctly.

1. What fair maiden lived between two mountains? (Lily of the valley.)
2. What is the emblem of her country? (Maple Leaf.)
3. What did she do each early morn? (Rose.)
4. Give names of her three sisters. (Daisy, Violet and Myrtle.)
5. What was the big brother's name and with what did he write? (Jonquil.)
6. What was her baby brother's name? (Sweet William.)
7. What did he always call his father? (Poppy.)
8. What did the father call to the older son each morning? (Johnny jump up.)
9. What hour did they rise in summer? (Four o'clock.)
10. What bells rang through the valley on Sunday? (Bluebells.)
11. Who preached in their church? (Jack in the Pulpit.)
12. How many came to hear him? (Phlox.)
13. What selection was played on the organ? (Narcissus.)
14. Who cooked the Sunday dinner? (Black-eyed Susan.)
15. What vegetable had they? (Sweet peas.)
16. From what did they drink? (Cups and saucers, or buttercups.)
17. What great event of the king did they desire to see? (Carnation, i.e., coronation.)
18. What fine animal did they see at a circus? (Dandelion.)
19. What accident happened in the barn one day? (Cowslip.)
20. With what was John punished? (Goldenrod.)
21. With what were the girls punished? (Lady slippers.)
22. As John never married, what did he sew on? (Bachelor buttons.)
23. When Lily left home, with what did she kiss her mother? (Tulips.)
24. What did her mother say? (Forget-me-not.)

The Sunday School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON
APRIL 28.

Lesson IV. Jesus Rebukes Selfishness—Mark 9, 30-50. Golden Text, Mark 9, 35.

Verse 33. They came to Capernaum. Here he had begun his Galilean ministry and here he was to bring it to a close. We have no knowledge of his being in the town again. He was now to go southward. In the house he asked them—He had probably heard them disputing as they came along and now, having overheard some of their conversation, wishes to learn of their difficulties.

34. Held their peace—It was nothing to be proud of. The fact that he had selected the three to go with him up the mountain may have led them to wonder why they were thus preferred and hence the subject under discussion. Who was the greatest? Their conception of the kingdom about which he had said so much dealt with grades and ranks of service and now naturally they were concerned to know who was the leader among them.

35. Set down—The usual attitude of a Jewish teacher. Called the twelve. It was useful that the entire band of disciples should know in what true greatness consisted, as it was fundamental to their own success in the future. If any man would be first, he shall be last of all, and servant of all. The humility of greatness and the greatness of humility. Preeminence in the kingdom is marked by service and not by rank; a service which is for all without discrimination. This is the general principle stated.

36. Took a little child—They were in all probability in Peter's house. Was this Peter's boy whom Jesus called to him? He calls the child to his side, lifts him up in his arms and then gives him the immortal lesson. It is Mark alone who tells of his taking the child in his arms. For fuller details as to what he said we turn to Matthew's account (Matt. 18:3). There is no picture more beautiful and significant than this of the Supreme Teacher with the child in his arms presenting to his disciples the never-to-be-forgotten object lesson.

37. Whosoever shall receive one of such little children in my name—The child represented the true disciple—docile, trustful, unassuming. In my name—That is, "out of regard for me." The "name" represents all that a man is known to be and do. The name of Christ is all that he is revealed to us to be in spirit and deed. Receive him that sent me—To receive a humble disciple in whom we recognize the spirit of Christ is to receive Christ himself, and as Christ is the sent of God it is essentially to receive God himself.

We have now a transition to an incident reported by John of one who was rebuked for casting out demons and who was not one of Jesus' disciples.

38. John said—The first time in which John appears as spokesman in the Synoptists, but his name occurs in connection with James when the real quest was made for the chief places in the kingdom, and it is these two who at another time propose to call down fire upon a Samaritan village because the people had been discourteous to the Master. We saw one casting out demons in this name—We are not told where this incident took place. It occurred to John to tell it because, no doubt, Jesus had referred to receiving one in his name. We forbade him—By using the name of Jesus and not being in the regular company of disciples John thought this outsider was taking a liberty with the name of Jesus; he tried to stop him.

39. Forbid him not—Jesus' influence must have wrought mightily outside of the circle of his immediate followers, inciting them to genuine works of power in his name. To rebuke such an one was an excess of zeal. We have here a principle of wide application. There is surely Christian grace and power in many circles which do not bear our name. Well and good if they honor the name of Christ.

40. He that is not against us is for us—In another connection he said "He that is not with me is against me" (Matt. 12:30). The cases are in principle the same. No man can be against Christ if he has faith, though imperfect, in his name. One cannot be a friend of the Master if he has so little faith in him as to think that his works are the works of Satan. In one case it is our attitude toward others, in the other it is our inner attitude toward Christ.

41. A cup of water to drink, because ye are Christ's—John's question casting out demons in the name of Jesus had broken in upon Jesus' talk concerning the childlike spirit. He now resumes that topic. He speaks of the worth of the smallest service rendered to a disciple in the spirit of the disciple.

42. Whosoever shall cause one of these little ones to stumble—Jesus is ever the champion of the weak. A spiritual injury done to one of the humblest of his disciples brings severe consequences to the guilty party.

Start with pure stock—that will make the increase and eggs for hatching marketable at better prices. Getting lodged trees to come down is always hard, dangerous business. We have learned that by chopping a good-sized piece out of the tree to be felled, in the direction we wish the tree to lie, and then sawing on the opposite side with a cross-cut saw, we can throw the tree about where we want it. A wedge driven into the saw-cut back of the saw will hasten and help matters.

THE ONLY POSSIBLE RESULT

Very few housekeepers get along without hired help regularly or irregularly in busy times, in emergencies and when sickness and death invade the home. Kindly neighbors

do what they can for a day or two but most of us are so situated that we again that some sort of help must be obtained to ease the burdens. Even those fortunate ladies who always have "steady help," and they are few and far between, have to hire occasionally.

I remember one bright and particular star who shone down upon our tangled domestic affairs like a full moon in one emergency. That girl transformed the disorderly house in short order and did not make any commotion doing it. She seemed to have the happy faculty of tearing out without seeming to do so, and the first thing we knew everything was running smoothly and happily. Moreover, she was giving us three good meals a day while digging at the accumulated dirt and doing it all cheerfully and well. It is hardly necessary to record that her own home shines with cleanliness and that she and her husband are prosperous.

But from that glowing account we fell into the dark ages, so to speak, in the next emergency. The good natured, slatternly girl quickly "did" everything asked of her, but such a do! The clothes were dipped in water and hung on the line; the entire contents of the cupboards were taken down to put clean papers on the shelves, though she had been told time and again to take one shelf at a time; the dusting was done with a sash bang that threatened destruction to everything within reach, and all the housework was slighted and hurried off of the way as quickly as possible. When I saw her own home I pitied the young farmer who had married her. Everything was in a huddle and nothing in place. Her cooking was done as she did everything else and the table was untidy and unattractive. That man couldn't succeed short of a miracle, for indignation was on his track from the very start of his married life.

Of course, there are men who succeed in spite of all drawbacks, but they are the exceptions to the general rule. A man needs a neat, trim house presided over by a neat, clean woman. And he needs clean clothes to wear and good meals three times a day. A very capable young farmer who went from one place to another as a tenant and never succeeded was a mystery to some of the neighbors, but not to those who knew his wife and the inside workings of his household. When a meal was ended his slatternly wife would proceed to throw all the remains of food to the chickens, no matter how much or how little there was. Her widowed daughter worked for us after the young farmer had grown grumpy moving from place to place, and at the close of the first meal, meat, potatoes, vegetables and all went to the chickens. When I inquired why she had done so the woman said she had been brought up that way. She absolutely exercised no judgment in the amount to cook and had no compunction in throwing the remains out. "The chickens have to eat something," she explained when I asked her to save the food from the next meal. Now, is it any wonder that man was never able to buy a place of his own?

To be sure, there are emergencies when meals are poor and the house gets dirty and sickness makes it necessary to hurry over the patching and kindred tasks, but in every well ordered household emergencies do not paralyze the faculties and the system as they do in slatternly homes. It makes such an one was an excess of zeal. We have here a principle of wide application. There is surely Christian grace and power in many circles which do not bear our name. Well and good if they honor the name of Christ.

It is useless to tell a young man in love to beware what kind of a housekeeper he is about to get, but the ones not in love may listen to a word of caution. The time to investigate such things is before any attention is paid to the girl at all. With the change of work common in every country neighborhood and the gossip floating about it isn't hard to find out what kind of housekeepers girls are. "Like mother like daughter" often holds good and young men wishing to succeed should shun poor housekeepers as they would the plague. The mistake of marrying a poor housekeeper can rarely be made right, so prevention is worth a hundred times as much as cure—R. B.

A Curious Gardener

Old Quin Queribus—He loved his garden so He wouldn't have a rake around, A shovel or a hoe.

For each potato's eyes he bought Fine spectacles of gold, And muffers for the corn, to keep Its ears from getting cold.

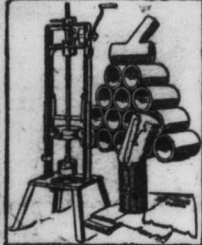
On every head of lettuce green—What do you think of that?—And every head of cabbage, too, He tied a garden hat.

Old Quin Queribus—He loved his garden so He couldn't eat his growing things, Only let them grow!

MUSKRATS WANTED
I will pay highest market prices for Hairs, Ginseng Root and all other RAW HERBS.
20 years of reliable trading.
Reference—Union Bk. of Canada.
N. SILVER
220 St. Paul St. W., Montreal, P.Q.

HEAVES CURED
Absolutely cured, in any horse, any case, no matter how bad. 22 years of success, is our reason for selling.
CAPITAL HEAVE REMEDY
With our money-back guarantee. It must cure your horse or your money is refunded.
A FULL WEEK'S TRIAL
On receipt of 50c. (stamps or silver) to cover postage and wrapping, we will send you a full week's trial with full particulars and guarantee of satisfaction. Write now.
VETERINARY SUPPLY HOUSE
750 Cooper Street, Ottawa, Ont.
FREE

Make it Yourself The Tile Everlasting



Cost only \$4 to \$6 per M.
Hand and Power Machines.
Prices from \$49 up.
Send for information.

Farmers' Cement Tile Machine Co., Walkerville, Ont.

Newbury

Master Alvia Burr passed his entrance exam. at Easter and will farm for his certificate.

Mr. and Mrs. Glennie and Dorcas were in Delaware last week attending the funeral of his sister, the late Mrs. Newton.

The Newbury-Mosa Red Cross Circle waited upon the township council here Saturday and were most graciously received and given a grant of \$25.

Pte. Peter Johnston of Regina, who has been overseas and been twice wounded, being now invalided home, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Glennie.

Allan Bayne was successful in passing his Normal entrance and matriculation at the Easter exam, and will get his certificate by working on a farm, having hired with Chas. Cameron, Mosa.

Miss Laura Gay returned from Windsor on Thursday and will remain home for a time. Friends are sorry to learn that her father is unable to come back. He will remain with D. G. Archer, his daughter.

Letters were received this week from Pte. Tom Wood and Pte. George Gray, in training in England. Both speak well of things in general. Pte. Tom had been in the hospital but was getting better. Pte. Clayton Armstrong also writes. He is much improved, although still in the convalescent hospital.

The dramatic club who so successfully put on "The Dust of the Earth" in several places (nine times in all) have made a good sum for Red Cross work; \$400 was the proceeds, half of which was divided in each production. The club speak in the highest terms of the kindness and splendid treatment shown them every place. Owing to the spring work they have refused several invitations.

W. H. C. Hall, the public-spirited manager of the Newbury branch of the Merchants Bank, assisted by a local committee, has organized a Pig Club for the boys and girls of Newbury and the surrounding country. The object of the organization is to stimulate the production of pork and to arouse among the young people an interest in the rearing of animals. Any boy or girl between the ages of ten and eighteen is eligible with his or her parents' consent to become a member of the club. Prizes will be given at the school fair in the fall. All members of the club, whether attending school or not, will be eligible to compete. The work of the club is to be heartily recommended. Not only will it assist the greater production movement but it will foster self-reliance in the boys and girls and incidentally give a practical education in business methods, for much of the business will be transacted through the bank. Applications for membership should be handed to Mr. Hall on or before May 1st.

Dread of Asthma makes countless thousands miserable. Night after night the attacks return and even when brief respite is given the mind is still in torment from continual anticipation. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy changes all this. Relief comes, and all at once, while future attacks are ward off, leaving the afflicted one in a state of peace and happiness he once believed he could never enjoy. Inexpensive and sold almost everywhere.

Marriage licenses issued by D. H. McRae, Strathburn. 541f

ACUTE NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

All Treatments Proved Useless Until He Tried "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. J. S. DELGATY.

R.R. No. 4, Gilbert Plains, Man. "In the year 1910, I had Nervous Prostration in its worst form; was reduced in weight from 170 pounds to 115 pounds.

The doctors had no hope of my recovery, and every medicine I tried proved useless until a friend induced me to take "Fruit-a-tives".

I began to mend almost at once, and after using this fruit medicine for 3 or 4 months, I was back to my normal state of health.

I never had such good health for twenty years as I have enjoyed the past six years. We are never without a box of "Fruit-a-tives" in the house."

JAS. S. DELGATY

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

North Newbury

Amos Kelly is in Tilbury on a business trip.

Mrs. George Singer spent the weekend in Chatham.

Russell Clements and his aunt left for London Saturday.

Mrs. Walter Wright and family left for Glenside, Sask., last week.

Harvey & Annett received a car of feed from Chatham the other day.

Mr. Thompson left for Hamilton Wednesday to visit his sister in Ancaster.

Mr. Bobier, Mrs. Elvidge and brother left for Peace River District on April 17.

A party of six motored to the C. P. R. station on Tuesday evening from Thamesville.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnston of Oakdale and Miss Street of Thamesville left for Edmonton on Saturday.

Neil McIntyre has taken a position on the section, vice A. Kelly, now working on the Grand Trunk.

Mr. Edwards of Shetland made a flying trip to the station on Saturday evening. He has a Ford which is up-to-date.

Wm. Plaine received a beautiful new top buggy from Chatham last week. There's a fine drive for somebody in the near future.

Blank oil leases for sale at the Transcript office.

Appin

The Carman Oil Company are putting down test wells in this vicinity.

Mrs. J. H. Miers of Woodstock is the guest of Mrs. Herman Galbraith.

Mrs. Eva Covey and family are leaving their home here for Toronto this week.

Mrs. James Campbell of Toronto visited Mrs. Duncan Campbell recently.

Mrs. Alex. Patterson is under the doctor's care and has a trained nurse in attendance.

Watt, McMaster's sale on Friday last was fairly well attended, 65 head of stock being sold.

The ladies of the Methodist church have bought a beautiful new piano and installed it in the church.

Mrs. Dan McIntyre is in Toronto visiting her brother's wife, Mrs. Will McMaster. Mr. McMaster is overseas in France.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. McDonald have gone back to their home after spending the winter with their son, R. E. C. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Patterson and A. D. McIntyre motored to Kilmartin last week and had a very pleasant time at Arch. Munroe's.

We are pleased to know that Mrs. A. I. Howe has had a change for the better and we hope she will continue to improve and soon be around again.

The Ladies' Aid of Appin Methodist Church will meet on Wednesday afternoon, May 1st, at the home of Mrs. Chas. Macfie. This meeting promises to be unusually interesting, as the election of officers for another year will take place, besides the completion of "The Human Calendar."

Cairo.

Seeding is pretty well advanced in this vicinity.

Miss Jessie Ferguson is visiting friends in Wallace town.

The general showers of late have encouraged the farmers in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Clifford are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Charles Arnold, Sombra.

Mrs. W. Fraser of Walkerville, whose husband has been called to camp, is visiting at the home of her father, G. W. Young.

Alfred Wehlann is under medical care at present, but hopes are entertained that he will soon be able to resume business in his tile yard.

With regret we learn that Robert Moorehouse has been suddenly stricken with a severe attack of pneumonia, while his wife is ill, having a stroke of paralysis recently.

W. H. McKeown has been engaged by our merchant, G. A. Stuart, in supplying patrons on the various routes in the municipality in his covered wagon with goods.

The ladies of the Red Cross held a successful bazaar on the evening of the 17th inst. A concert was given in connection by local talent, all of whom acquitted themselves creditably. Proceeds upwards of \$50.

The service in the Presbyterian church last Sunday was of an historical nature and very interesting and edifying. Mr. Waghorne, who discoursed, is making many friends by his able and eloquent discourses.

This is about the time of the year when the old hen never fails to get into your neighbor's garden. You know the result. One good scratching hen can in five minutes scratch up all the friendship that has been growing for many years between neighbors. Keep her at home and cut her head off.

An Open Letter---

TO THE REEVE AND COUNCILLORS OF GLENCOE

Have your citizens organized to increase food production?

If they have not yet done so, We, the Organization of Resources Committee, earnestly ask you to call them together in a Mass Meeting, and lay before them the necessity of immediate and vigorous efforts—the food situation is critical.

It may astonish you to learn that in 1917 Ontario did not grow enough wheat for its own needs. Consequently every Ontario farmer whose land is suitable, has been urged to sow 5 acres more spring wheat this year so that Ontario's demand for wheat shall not be met at the expense of that portion of the Western crop that should more rightfully be shipped overseas.

For this same reason every householder who has a garden or a piece of vacant land is being urged to grow vegetables, because the more vegetables that are grown and eaten in Ontario the less wheat and meat there will be consumed, and, that being so, the Ontario wheat crop should then be sufficient to feed our own people, and leave more Western wheat and other foods available for export.

By intelligent effort, in the cultivation of his own back garden, or from the cultivation of a nearby piece of land, the average citizen can grow, this summer, enough vegetables to support his family through the next winter. And remember, if food restrictions are enforced next winter, a supply of vegetables in the cellar will be very desirable.

If you already have an unofficial or semi-official organization to stimulate food production, so much the better. That will give you the basis for a comprehensive committee.

A plan that has been adopted in many places is here outlined. You should adapt it to the needs of your own community.

1. A General Committee should be formed, representing every important interest of the community.
2. The work should be done by sub-committees. The following list is sufficiently comprehensive for the largest places. You should adapt it to your own community.
 - (a) A sub-committee on Finance. The Organization of Resources Committee is willing to help local branches financially with publicity, public meetings and organization.
 - (b) A Publicity Committee to place local problems properly before the people, supplementing the larger work of the province-wide publicity, by securing pledges, sending out circular letters, arranging for addresses in churches, schools, motion-picture houses, etc., and by supplying local papers with news items.
 - (c) A sub-committee on Vacant Lot and Back-Yard Gardening to include representatives from horticultural societies, school teachers, etc.
 - (d) A sub-committee on Farm Labour, composed of employers of labour, representatives of organized labour, war veterans, etc. Labour is the key to the food production problem. All boy, girl, part-time and vacation labour should be enlisted. Make sure that sufficient labour is ready to meet any demands made by your farming community. This labour should be

placed on farms locally through the Agricultural Representatives or the Government Employment Bureaux.

- (e) A Farm Lands sub-committee, composed of groups of men to cultivate larger tracts of vacant land in the vicinity of cities, towns and villages. Flax growing is profitable and suitable—flax seed and fibre are much needed.
- (f) A sub-committee on Schools, to enlist all school-children of sufficient age to work either in home gardens, community gardens, school gardens, or on farms.
- (g) A sub-committee of women on Conservation to deal with the problems of food-saving in the homes; the more broadly representative it is of women's activities the better. Existing women's organizations should not be interfered with, but since conservation is one of the greatest problems, there should be a women's committee in each community to deal with this problem alone.
3. An Executive Committee should be appointed, to include the chairman of the general committee and the chairmen of the sub-committees. This committee should meet frequently.
4. A Secretary to the committee should be chosen, for his knowledge of the situation, who would be free to devote considerable time to the work.

Lack of food threatens the battle-line and we must deal with the situation.

TO THE INDIVIDUAL CITIZEN

If you have not yet decided to plant a vegetable garden make up your mind to do so now. You will not regret it. There is still lots of time. Potatoes and beans may be planted up to June 1st and these are the best substitutes for wheat and meat.

For good, practical advice upon how to lay out and cultivate a Vegetable Garden, write for a free copy of the booklet entitled: "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home." This has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture for the guidance of citizens who will respond to this call for increased production.

Send for copy now. Mail the coupon below:

<p>Mail This Coupon NOW</p>	<p>Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto</p>
	<p>Dear Sirs:</p>
	<p>Please send me a copy of your booklet "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home."</p>
	<p>Name _____ Address _____</p>

ORGANIZATION OF RESOURCES COMMITTEE
In Co-Operation with Canada Food Board



A conscientious objector of Forest, drafted to the Western Ontario Regiment, refused to don the uniform, as he belongs to the Plymouth Brethren, and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Health cannot be looked for in the child that is subject to worms, because worms destroy health by creating internal disturbances that retard development and cause serious weakness. Miller's Worm Powders expel worms and are so beneficial in their action that the systems of the little sufferers

are restored to healthfulness, all the discomforts and dangers of worm infection are removed, and satisfactory growth is assured.

Pinned to one of the undergarments of Marting Marduboski, of Windsor, was a pig's bladder filled with liquor when he was arrested by a policeman for being drunk. He was fined \$50 and costs.

Do it Now.—Disorders of the digestive apparatus should be dealt with at once before complications arise that may be difficult to cope with. The

surest remedy to this end and one that is within reach of all, is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, the best laxative and sedative on the market. Do not delay, but try them now. One trial will convince anyone that they are the best stomach regulator that can be got.

The little daughter of Chas. Skippen, aged 18 months, of Tilbury East township, swallowed some tablets which she found while playing about the house and died a short time after.

A few Brandon district farmers report wheat more than an inch high.

The Oil of Power.—It is not claimed for Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil that it will cure every ill, but its use are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness for itself and all attempts to surpass it have failed. Its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learned by experience.

For sale—new 8-room house, hardwood interior finish, nicely situated on corner lot in village of Appin. Apply to W. R. Stevenson, Appin. 691f

Yes, Men and Women Are Thinking Today!

Thinking more seriously than ever before. Thinking how to meet new conditions. The E. Mayhew & Son Store has a message for such people—FOR THOSE WHO THINK BEFORE THEY BUY—The E. Mayhew & Son Store is showing the merchandise that will please them.

Men! Something to Think About Your Suit

Have it made to measure by Canada's largest tailors, the House of Hobblerlin. Smart spring styles—\$17.50 to \$35.00. We are sole agents. The new model that the Coombs store, Toronto, is featuring this spring will be at our store this week. Come in and see it. Made in any priced cloths.

Girls' Pretty Gingham Dresses

Made of fine quality Gingham, all sizes and all prices. Dresses for the kiddies. Much cheaper than you can buy the material and make them.

Be wise. Buy your Wall Paper now before higher prices. Let us show you through and give you our prices.

Millinery The entire stock will be closed out. Take advantage of this opportunity. Think! Save!



Think of what you save here

Glencoe men and women know values, and they'll reward the store that gives them the biggest "dollar's worth for a dollar" with their wholehearted support. Downright value-giving has made this store a pouncing success. You can count on real service as well as real values. Come and save.

Fashion gives Silks great prominence

Silk is the wartime fabric and we advise using silks. But we believe that silks will be used chiefly because of their unusual beauty of quality, designs and coloring and because of the introduction of so many smart novelties.

Duchesse Silk, special at \$1.75 and \$2.00. Reliable silk, 36 inches wide, best dye, pure silk quality, in a good range of all the new shades.

When buying your Shoes, think!

Isn't it worth much to know that you are getting shoes that come from reliable manufacturers, that the style is correct and that you can get any last you like. Once you get shoes from us—you will find it pays in many ways. Try us.

E. MAYHEW & SON