

**THE STANDARD.**  
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY  
*A. W. Smith.*

At his Office in Saint Andrews, N.B.

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Days on which the Steamships sail from Europe and America.

	1849.	New York.
Canada	Jan. 13	For Boston.
Niagara	Jan. 27	New York.
Europa	Feb. 10	For Boston.
America	Feb. 24	New York.
Canada	Mar. 10	For Boston.
Niagara	Mar. 21	New York.
Europa	April 7	New York.
Canaria	April 14	For Boston.

## DEPARTURES FROM AMERICA.

	1849.	New York.
Europe	Jan. 10	From Boston.
America	Jan. 24	New York.
Canada	Feb. 7	New York.
Niagara	Feb. 21	From Boston.
Europa	Mar. 7	New York.
America	Mar. 21	From Boston.
Canada	April 4	New York.
Niagara	April 18	From Boston.
Europa	May 2	New York.
Canaria	May 10	From Boston.

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Protection Insurance Company of N.J.  
CAPITAL, \$200,000.  
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CAPITAL, \$100,000.  
WITH A SURPLUS OF OVER \$300,000.

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CAPITAL, \$150,000.

THE Subscriber, having received the Agency for the above-named Insurance Companies for Calais and vicinity, will receive applications and issue Policies on Vessels, Cargoes, and Freight, and Vessels upon the Stocks; Buildings, Furniture, and Goods, at the current rates, to the amount of \$10,000 on Marine risks, and \$20,000 on Fire risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid, or in case of differences, the Courts of this State will be recognised.

E. D. GREEN, Agent.

Refer to Wm. Ker, Esq., Agent, St. Andrews N.B.

## Counting-House ALMANAC, 1849.

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DEC.		1	2	3	4	5
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# The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

*E cari sumendum est optimum.—Cic.*

No 5] SAINT ANDREWS, N.B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1849. [Vol. 16]

## LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

If Subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrears are paid.

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## A GOOD AND EXCELLENT BUSINESS.

We heard a story the other day which amuses us not a little, and one we consider too good to be lost. A few weeks since, a person of respectable exterior and gentlemanly deportment made his appearance in a little village not a thousand miles from New Haven, where the inhabitants are somewhat proverbial for keeping a closer eye to their neighbour's affairs than to their own. The stranger took lodgings at the village inn, and having no visible employment to perplex or distract him, his time passed off apparently quite agreeably to himself, but much to the disquiet of the neighbourhood. Curiosity, that ever restless tormentor of the village, was all agog to learn the stranger's business and means of support, and many were the wise guesses and sage surmises as to both, until a pretty general consultation and theough canvassing of the pros and cons by the board of gossip, it was concluded that he had neither, and that he would eventually leave the landlord with an uncancelled score as a token of remembrance.

At length one of the most inveterate of the meddlers resolved in his own mind to broach the subject to the stranger, and thus, by performing an act of kindness for his neighbours, unsolicited—whose easy nature he was certain was being imposed upon—he would have an opportunity to satisfy himself as to the stranger's real character.

He accordingly introduced himself, when the following dialogue ensued.

"Well, stranger, you have been in these parts a considerable time, I reckon."

The stranger nodded assent.

"Pretty-dear travelling now; costs you a good deal to live at the tavern, I guess."

"Another nod."

"Must have some business to pay, pretty good business, eh?"

"Yes, sir, you are correct there; I have a good business—an excellent business."

"Thought so; how much might it bring in a month?"

"Forty dollars, sir."

"Forty dollars a month! well, 'tis good business; any how that pays you that. What is it, if I may be so bold?"

"Not bold at all, sir; I take pleasure in informing you. You must know, in the first place, I make twenty dollars a month, simply by *aiding my own business*, and again I make twenty dollars by *letting other people's alone*."

A SHOWER OF COMPLIMENTS.—"How fortunate I am in meeting a rain-bean in this storm," said a young lady who was caught in a shower, the other day, to her "bean of promise," who happened along with an umbrella. "And I," said he, gallantly, "as much rejoiced as the poor Laplander, when he has caught a rain-dear." Those are the beau ideal of wet weather compliments.

Further particulars of the late dreadful tragedy at New York.—It appears that a Frenchman named Gerger, at 119 Cedar Street, formerly kept a beautiful French girl as a mistress, but quarrelled with her. She left him and has since lived with a German Jew, named Marks.

A few days since Marks and his mistress came to live in the second story of the house, in which yesterday's tragedy took place. Marks was a tailor and worked at his trade in the house; early yesterday morning Gerger called, and wished the girl to go with him, but she refused, and left the place. At about 11 o'clock he got up on one of the last Broadway Stages, and entered the house. A few minutes afterwards a desperate and deadly struggle ensued between Gerger and Marks. Marks was a large, muscular man, 30 years of age, both in the prime of life. One was armed with a short dirk, and the other with a dirk-knife, fought desperately. A young man named Chase, who was passing at the time, opened the door, and on the stairs met Marks covered with blood, one wrist nearly off, and ligaments of wounds in his body. Marks never spoke, but having laid down, expired in a few minutes. On entering the room, Mr. Chase found Gerger wounded in several places, and in the agonies of death, and the woman was in another corner, with a wound in her breast and under her left arm.

Gerger was seen by several persons in the back yard, in the act of stabbing her; whether he was himself killed by the hand of Marks, or whether he stabbed Marks and the woman, and then himself is unknown. The two men died in a few minutes. The woman was carried to the hospital, but there were no hopes of saving her life.

AUSTRIA.—An insurrection of peasants broken out in Lower Austria, headed by Kotsitz, who had been returned as one of the peasants deputies to the Diet. Great excesses had been committed by the insurgents. All intercourse for courts and travellers through Hungary is interrupted.

The Emperor Francis has confirmed the Jellachich in the office of civil and military governor of Croatia.

**OPENING OF THE CANADIAN LEGISLATURE.**

The Legislature of Canada commenced its session at Montreal last Thursday, and the following is a summary of the Governor-General's Speech.

His Excellency commences by stating, that uninterrupted tranquillity had prevailed throughout the Province during the year, and that it is Her Majesty's gracious intention to exercise the prerogative of mercy in favour of all persons who are still liable to penal consequences for political offences in the years 1837 and 1838.

In consequence of communications which have passed between the Colonies and the Mother Country, steps will be taken on the meeting of the Imperial Parliament, for conferring on the Provincial authorities the entire control and management of the Post Office Department; and when this arrangement is completed, His Excellency hopes it will be found practicable to establish a low and uniform rate of postage in the British North American Provinces.

The Governor-General then recommends an increase in the representation, and states that the opposition manifested in Lower Canada to the School Act has subsided. His Excellency affixes to the Survey of the line for a Railway from Halifax to Quebec, and states that he will lay before the Legislature the report of the Commissioners, and also a despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, expressive of the interest which Her Majesty's Government takes in the execution of this great work.

With reference to the repeal of the Navigation Laws, as regards the St. Lawrence, His Excellency expresses his satisfaction at being able to state, that his representations on this head have been cordially responded to by Her Majesty's Government.

Various measures of a practical nature are recommended by His Excellency with reference to the completion of the St. Lawrence Canals, the amendment of the Emigration Act of last season, and the expediency of setting apart a portion of the public domain to form a fund from the sales, the interest of which shall be applied to the support of Common Schools.

**PROVINCE OF HUMBER.—The following most extraordinary proclamation appears in the Quebec Gazette. What does it mean?**

**PROCLAMATION OF WIT AND SATIRE.—HAMBURG.**

PUNCH, Jr., by the Grace of the Public of Canada, of the United Kingdom of Great and Little Britain, Duke of Westphalia, &c., &c.

To Our well-paid and faithful (to their own interest) the Legislative Councillors of the Province of Hamburg, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgess, elected to talk and vote themselves money in the Legislative Assembly of Our said Province, and especially to all and every one who has four pence in his pocket, and as willing to die.

**GREETING:**

**PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS,** In our intense love for the sublime and the ridiculous, it was our intention at an unknown date to publish a JOURNAL, price Four Pence, devoted to the support of the objects of Our passion. Nevertheless, for certain causes and considerations, which are nobody's business but Our own, We have to postpone the same to MONDAY, the FIRST day of the month of JANUARY next, so that you nor any of you, cannot buy it before.

Therefore, for not doing so, We do will that you and each of you, be as to us entirely exonerated; Commanding and by the tenor of these presents, which you will be least if you disobey, enjoining you and every one of you, and each and all in the possession of the aforesaid sum of Four Pence on MONDAY, the FIRST day of JANUARY next, to procure and purchase, for each and credit, (which we wish you may get,) but on no account to beg, steal or borrow, a PUBLICATION which will on that day be issued on the perusal of which its contents will be made known to You.

In Testimony whereof, We have caused this Sheet to be Printed by a Patient Printer, and if Captain McQueen, of the Dildalls, as had presented Us with the Great Seal or Sea Serpent, we would affix it thereto; Witness, the Painter Devil. At our Building House, in our greatest City of M'neek in Our said Province, this Eighteenth day of December, 1835.

By Command,  
C. C. C.

**EARTHQUAKES IN THE AZORES.—**The Times publishes an extract from a letter, dated St. Michael's, December 3, from which we learn that a series of earthquakes had occurred among the Azore Islands during the previous month.

Seven shocks were felt in St. Michael's in one night. One shock on the night of the 4th November, was very violent. At the west end of the Island, many houses and part of a church were thrown down. The city of Angra, in Terceira, was nearly destroyed; and much of the inhabitants as were able to do so, were leaving the Island.

**HORRORS OF THE SLAVE TRADE.—**A letter from Capt. Eden, of the British man-of-war Amphitrite, dated Bights of Bonin, Oct. 3d, says that 900 slaves were lately murdered by the chiefs of Palma, who were unable to dispose of them.

**TAMBOUR.—**The Government council of this Island on the 23d of December, adopted a series of resolutions judging somewhat to the establishment of slavery, which excited some feeling in the public mind.

**Our Subscribers will oblige us by paying our Collector, who will call upon them with their accounts for the last year.**

**THE STANDARD.**

S. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY JAN. 31, 1849

**Arrival of the Steamship**



**Canada.**

The letter portion of the English mail, by the Steamship Canada, arrived here on Monday evening.

The following summary of the news is copied from the European Times of the 13th January.

Commercial affairs were improving, and business generally more active.

One of the Lords of the Admiralty, Lord Auckland is dead.

**IRELAND.—**The news from Ireland is much of the same character as that received by the last mail. The court has given its decision on the demurrer in Mr. Duffy's case, and has formally overruled it.

The Cholera still continues its ravages in England.

The Pope is still at Gaeta, it is said in great despondency.

**COMMERCIAL.**

The aspect of commercial affairs during the last two weeks has been very encouraging; and, from present appearances, a good trade during the course of the ensuing spring is anticipated. Cotton is in fair request, but compared with our last quotations prices are not much advanced. The grain trade is rather dull, and prices continue to recede.—The Colonial markets are in a healthy state, and prices, in most instances, are not only firm, but have an advancing tendency. The Iron trade is also improving; and Money continues easy, discounts being from 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 per cent.

**THE CHOLERA.**

We regret to state that the hope—which were generally entertained that the cholera had reached its most destructive limits in the British dominions—has been falsified during the last fortnight. The mortality in the London district has again reached about its previous highest range of seven weeks ago in the provinces the mortality is still comparatively insignificant; whilst in Scotland, especially in Glasgow, the official reports of the numbers attacked daily are upon an alarming scale. The total number of cases throughout the country, from the first appearance of the malady, had reached on Wednesday, to 6506, whereof 2948 had died, 1249 had recovered, and 2519 were under treatment, or the result not stated.

**IRELAND.**

Our Irish news continues to be, as, during many weeks past, of the same monotonous character.

Government prosecutions, the grievances of the Poor-law, the miseries of the fermiers driven to emigration, the troubles of the landlords in their last struggles to keep their encumbered estates, aggravated by the spread of incendiarism in some of the northern counties, together with some faint indication of the revival of the Repeal Association by Mr. John O'Connell, furnish almost the only themes available for the Irish journals. The proceedings against Mr. Duffy appear involved in more inextricable confusion than ever. The Court has given its decision on the dossier, and has formally overruled it. But the Court pauses before it gives judgement on the indictment without trial, and Mr. Duffy's friends seem to have hopes that what with the revision of the indictment, and what with the changes of some fatal informality in the proceedings, by reason of his petition to be brought to trial at the present commission or to be discharged, he may escape conviction altogether.

Mr. Duffy is playing off a threat to bring the whole body, or nearly so, of the Roman Catholic and Protestant clergy as witnesses for the defence in case of a trial, so as to protract the debate beyond the powers of endurance of any mortal court of judicature.

**ITALY.—THE POPE.**

The affairs of Italy remain in statu quo, and the refusal of Austria to be bound by any mediation of friendly Powers, makes it doubtful whether the negotiations at Brussels will ever be held, and still more doubtful whether they will lead to any satisfactory result. It is said that the Pope is in great despondency at Gaeta, whilst, however Austria, Naples, and Spain seem to be forming an alliance with a view to aid him.

From Spain we have still the same false reports of Cabrera's triumph, and the routing of the Queen's troops, as we have had for many months past, only to be contradicted from authority by the next post that arrives.

The question of Sir Henry Bulwer's expulsion from Spain has been discussed in the debate on the Address, and some of the speakers observed, that the papers laid before them did not sufficiently demonstrate the culpability of the English agent.

We have nothing interesting from Portugal.—The news from the Cape is to the 15th

November. Sir Harry Smith opened the legislative Council on the 31st of October, in a long speech, describing his late successful military operations.

**FRANCE.**

We were just enabled to announce, in our last number, the defeat of the new French ministry on the subject of the salt tax; and ever since there has been a sort of ministerial crisis with a partial change of ministry, arising from the general weakness of the new administration, from the opposition of the National Assembly, superseded to some proportion imperial touches of sovereign authority on the part of Louis Napoleon, which together have again thrown French politics into the limbo of uncertainty. Three months ago it was said that Louis Napoleon would not easily consent to be fastened up like a pig," as Napoleon said to Sieyes. The new President met his ministers, and made use emphatically of the identical expression, that he would not be "un cochon à l'envers," and the first assertion of his power has signally failed. He demanded in a high tone, from M. Malherbe, the surrender of the official documents connected with the Strasbourg and Belfortian affairs.—The minister demurred, and at length flatly refused; and appealing to his colleagues to support him, they all resigned in a body, and Louis Napoleon was compelled to present himself and promise that he would endeavour to reign under a responsible constitutional ministry for the future.

**INDIA.**

The Indian intelligence, with date from Bombay by the 3d December, indicates that Lord Gough would have some sharp work to perform before the Punjab is annexed to the British crown, which it seems beyond a doubt has been predetermined. His lordship having crossed the Ravi at the head of 4000 men with 70 pieces of artillery reached Ramnagar on the Chenab on the 21st November, in quest of the enemy. It seems doubtful where Chatter Singh is stationed, but he is said to have been beaten, and is now a prisoner.

The troops that started had mounted, and Major Lawrence, at the imminent danger of his life, made his escape, and is now at Kohat. It is fortunate that the troops at Attock remained faithful, and Capt. Abbot maintained his position on the Hazoor. At Multan there has been some sharp skirmishing, our troops having suffered very severely from the batteries of the enemy, and one sepoys regiment having further gone over to Moolrai, leaving the British officers in a most critical position, it was determined to make an attack upon the outworks erected in and after a most gallant hand to hand fight, when the British columns moved up to the rescue, the enemy was beaten at all points, the guns captured, and the glory of our arms amply vindicated.

The enemy is supposed to have lost from five hundred to one thousand men in all. Major Edwards gallant conduct seems still beyond all praise. Since this encounter the siege at Multan has remained in statu quo; it is not supposed that Moolrai will yield until a sufficient force is brought before Multan so as to batter the place about his ears.

**THE FREDERICK REPORTER.**

The Frederick Reporter of the 26th instant, contains an excellent article on the subject of Reform, in which the Editor points in language which cannot be mistaken, the great necessity which exists for retrenchment in this Province. We can only find space in this day's paper, for the concluding paragraphs:

Comparing great things with small, such has certainly been the case in these Colonies, especially New Brunswick, and it continues to be so, at a period when the means to support extravagance seems beyond the compass of human ingenuity or industry. It is but a trifling item in our Provincial expenditure, that we spend over £5000 annually, upon one of five: the mischief is, that our general system of economy, is carried forward in the same manner. We once before made the remark that at the time when the amounts of one of fiscal salaries were established, money was not worth its present value in the market; Let us now illustrate our position, by a contrast, both sides of which are perfectly within our own knowledge.

Thirty years ago, a single yard of Broad Cloth cost £2 0 0

Now, a similar article can be bought for 17 6

Then, a yard of Cotton cost 0 2

Now, it costs 0 0

Then, a Hat cost 2 0

Now, a similar one can be bought at 0 18

Then, a pair of Boots cost 2 5

Now, they cost 1 5

All about gold that glitters.—Of five parcels of gold sent last week to a chemist in New York to assay, one was found to be nearly pure, and the other four, valued at \$80,000, were found to be worth eighty cents;—and the chemist expressed his opinion that one-fifth only of the dust gathered in the gold regions would be found to be of any value.

**THE LUMBER TRADE.**—Several of the papers received from Maine during the present week, look upon it that for the next year or two the State will come short of its ordinary resources in the article of lumber, as it is considered that there will not be half the lumbering date this winter that there was last.

The owners of timber land, it was thought by many last year, would be deterred from granting permits, in consequence of a law passed at the last session of the Legislature, giving to operators on lumber a lien on the article, in any and all shapes, for their wages.

The Portland Advertiser, in remarking on the subject, says—

"A somewhat new aspect is given to the lumbering business by the increasing use of horses in logging, instead of oxen. One of the largest operators in the upper waters of the Saint John, now has fifty or sixty horses in the woods—oxen none."

"As denoted by the tendencies of business, it may be remarked that the same operator, taking his horses and his first supplies, last Fall, from the lower St. John, and parts of this State adjacent, then proceeded from the Madawaska region, across the height of land to the St. Lawrence, and thence to Quebec by the route of buying flour and pork for his winter's operations. Not finding satisfactory terms in that market, he proceeded up the river, and actually purchased in Montreal, the supplies for his men and teams in the extreme northern parts of Maine;—returning homeward himself through Vermont and Boston."

**THE UNITED STATES CONFEDERACY.**—A convention of the Southern members of Congress was held at Washington on the 19th inst. for the purpose of revising the enforcement of the Wilmot proviso, relative to the extension of slavery. Mr. Calhoun urged the dissolution of the Union, as preferable to submission by the South to the enforcement of the Wilmot proviso in the new territories.

Mr. Bayley then took the floor, and compared the grievances of the South to those which drove the American Colonies to rebellion.

Mr. Underwood asked if the gentlemen from Virginia wished the address to go out as a declaration of Independence? to which Bayley replied, not yet.

Mr. Morehead moved a series of resolutions declaring the Union inviolate, and that the

country, which the success of these works, cannot fail to be.

The Iron Works are now in full blast, in a shop capable of producing eight tons of iron per day.

Mr. Morehead, in advocating the adoption of these resolutions, said that he believed the whole thing might be settled by a spirit of compromise in a manner which would prove acceptable to both the sections of the Union.

Mr. Calhoun said he would agree to these resolutions, provided another should be added, declaring that the South would prefer dissolution to the abolition of slavery through the aggressions of the North.

Mr. Morehead made an earnest appeal, in behalf of an adherence to the Union.

Mr. Fontaine asked if he would sustain the Union, should the Wilmot proviso pass, to which Mr. Morehead replied in the affirmative.

Mr. Berrien believed that the idea of disunion could not for a moment be entertained, the thing was impossible—the people of the country could never be persuaded or driven to that extremity.

The report was finally recommitted by a majority of two.

The caucus consisted one half of whigs and the other half democrats. The latter went for ultra measures, and the former for prudence and consolidation.

The Texas members, unlike their democratic colleagues, stood firm for the Union.

**ANOTHER BRIDGE AT NIAGARA.**—A bill is before the New York Legislature for the incorporation of a company to build a new suspension bridge across the Niagara river, about 40 feet below the American falls. Such a structure will command a midway view of both the falls at once, in all their glorious variety.

**MARRIED IN JAIL.**—Charles Burton and Elizabeth Nichols of Boston, were married in the Albany jail on the 15th. The bridegroom is under sentence to the state Prison for two years, for horse stealing, and the bride is a pretty, intelligent and respectable girl.

**CANADIAN LAND AND RAILWAY ASSOCIATION.**—At a meeting of working men held in Portland Town, as reported in the London Emigrant and Colonial Gazette of the 23d December, Mr. Campbell, the secretary of the association, said that, after many public meetings, the most decided approval had been expressed, and the association was now in a position to start so soon as a sufficient number of states were satisfied for all preliminary arrangements, having been almost completed, they could at once proceed with the first section, [of the Quebec and Halifax Railway], the formation of the line from Halifax to Truro [at the head of the Bay of Fundy]. This part would pay for itself, passing through a populous country abounding with minerals, the value of which would be highly remunerative.

A sum of the sales of land during the current year was made. The total sold and leased to the 30th November was £3,571 acres, and the average price of the land sold was £2 12s per acre. The remittances from settlers to their friends in Europe, through the medium of the company, had in the year exceeded £2000, being made in 1731 distinct amounts.

**ROBBERY AND OUTRAGE AT ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL.**—It is our painful duty to record the perpetration of a most outrage and robbery at St. Mary's Cathedral. On the night of Wednesday last the Vestry door, which opens upon the Burial ground, was forced by some party or parties who, having entered the premises, opened and ran back the drawers containing vestments, &c., and carried off a valuable stole, and three spans. The door of the room in which was the safe containing the sacred vessels of the Church, was forced and an attempt made to open the safe, picking the lock, but without success. The Cathedral was also entered, and three of the most precious stones about the relic under the altar were carried off. All the poor-boxes were broken open, (as also the sexton's boxes) but these contained little of money. It is a matter of astonishment that the Cathedral was not destroyed, as there were traces of fire in several places. We have not heard that any clue to the perpetrators of this outrage has been obtained.

**CARLETON IRON.**—On Monday last we examined a specimen of Carleton Iron in its malleable state, which had been brought to this City by Mr. Stephens, of the Carleton Iron Works for presentation to his Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor, as the first fruits of these extensive works. This specimen was "puddled" in the forge of Mr. V. A. Hartles, Blacksmith, in Woodstock, and formed into a neat horse-shoe, which was afterwards handed over to the Armourer of the 1st Royals, who polished one side, leaving the other with the finish which Mr. Hartle's beautiful hammering had given it. The "puddling" process, and the forging of the horse-shoe, were completed in less than three hours. The Iron appeared to be soft, the grain very fine and apparently as tough as the finest Russia Iron. The polish produced by the Armourer was very fine, and, in the opinion of good judges, indicated a very superior description of metal. This specimen was presented to his Excellency on Monday, by Mr. Allan, of the firm of Harris and Allan, St. John, and

the people do the Union. The late meeting in the Districts of the spirit of the Union was opposed.

the adoption of the Union. He believed the spirit of the Union would prove to be a great benefit to the people.

The Iron Works are now producing 41 tons of excellent Pig per day, which quantity the manager hope, in a short time, to increase to eight tons, which it is expected will be the average produce of the works in their present state.—*Head Quarters.*

Daniel Huntington, Esq., of Westmorland, was yesterday sworn in a member of Her Majesty's Executive Council of this Province. It gives us unfeigned pleasure to announce what is pretty generally known already, that Mr. Huntington, is a Politician of the right class—an unflinching advocate of useful Reform; and under the present circumstances of the country, we look upon his elevation to the Government, as a great public benefit.—*Reporter.*

New Brunswick Benefit Building Society and Saving Fund.—The annual General Meeting of this Society was held at the Mechanics' Institute on Tuesday evening the 23d instant, which was very numerously attended.

The Directors submitted their Report and Accounts for the past year, shewing a profit of £5 19s. 6d per share on £7 4s. paid in, which Report was unanimously accepted and a vote of thanks passed to the Trustees and Directors for their able and gratuitous management of the Society's affairs during the past year. The Society then proceeded to fill up the vacancies in the Board of Directors, and appoint an Auditor on behalf of the members.

The Board of Directors for the year now stands thus, viz.—Charles Drury, J. H. Gray, George Wheeler, James Agnew, Charles E. Raymond, John G. Littlehale, George Peebles, T. McHenry, Thomas A. Sancot. Mr. Simeon L. Upright was appointed Auditor, who, with one other to be appointed by the Directors, will form the Board of Audit for the year.

An advance was then granted to one of the members out of the funds in the Trustees' hands.—After which the meeting separated, the members expressing themselves highly gratified with the flourishing condition of the Society, which is rapidly increasing both in numbers and importance.

The Report and abstract of the Accounts will shortly be published, and a copy furnished to each member, by which it will be seen that the Directors have pursued a course of rigid economy, and that the profits are equal to those of any similar Society in England.—[New Brunswicker.]

The Legislature meets at Fredericton today. Many important questions of interest and of vast importance, to the country are to be determined this Session. We shall devote a large space to the legislative debates, and also give a summary of the routine business of the House, as usual.

RECIPROCITY.—A Committee has been appointed by the Legislature of Nova Scotia to obtain reciprocal trade with the United States.

The last Royal Gazette contains the draft of a Bill to "provide for the representation of the City of Fredericton," by sending one member to the General Assembly.

#### D I E D.

At Elsperton on the 25th instant, John Patterson, Esq.; formerly of Campbell, aged 80 years. The deceased was long and numerously known in this quarter as a Merchant and Shipowner, and highly esteemed for his many sterling qualities of mind and disposition.

At Brighton, at the residence of Mr. Charles H. Richardson, on the 6th instant, Mr. George Simmer, supposed to have been at least 100 years of age. Deceased was a native of Lower Germany. He came to this country single, army of the famous General Wolfe, and was at the eventful battle of Quebec, on the 13th day of September, 1759, and stood by that celebrated General when he died on the plains of Abraham; afterward came to this Province and enlisted in the 10th Regiment, from which he was discharged about 25 years ago. He came to live with the late Mr. Joseph Richardson about 34 years ago, in which family he resided till his death, where he indeed found an asylum for his declining years. It is more than probable that the deceased has survived Wolfe's entire party.—*Woodstock Sentinel.*

#### SHIP NEWS.

DINGLE BAY, Dec. 30.—The Bq. Leconic, Miller, from St Andrews, N.B., for Hull, arrived here this day, with loss of mudder, and 10 feet water in her hold.

The Schoodiac, for Mobile, put back to Liverpool on the 11th Jan.

#### SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.—ARRIVED.—

Jan. 22 Sloop Matilda, McMaster, Eastport, Provisions, CLEATED.

Jan. 30 Sloop Matilda, McMaster, Eastport, Ballast,

#### NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Samuel Curry, late of the Parish of St. Andrews, deceased, are required to present them duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to JOHN CURRY, Executor.

JOHN CURRY,  
St. Andrews, Jan. 10, 1849.

#### PEW FOR SALE.

For sale a Double Pew in All Saints Church. Apply to JOSEPH WALTON.

#### \$400 Wanted.

WANTED to borrow £100, for two or three years, Good Security given on Valuable Freehold Property, at present realizing a fair rent. Apply at the standard Office, January 30th 1849.

#### TO LET.

SAUNDRY SHOPS, and a DWELLING in those tenements lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Sime and others, on the Market Square, from the 1st day of May next. Apply to DA. S. T. GOVE, Saint Andrews, January 30th, 1849.

#### A BILL

To provide for the more effectually repairing the Roads and Bridges on the Island of Campo Bello, in the County of Charlotte. WHEREAS the scattered state of the population on the Island of Campo Bello, renders the present High Way Act almost ineffectual; for remedy thereof:

I.—Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That all persons liable to perform statutory labour on the roads and bridges in the Parish of Campo Bello, in the County of Charlotte, shall in future pay the sum of one shilling and six pence, for each and every day's labour such persons are respectively liable to perform.

II.—And be it enacted, That the monies required to be paid by virtue of this Act, shall be assessed, levied and collected, in the same manner as any Parish or County rates are assessed, levied and collected, by virtue of any law now in force, or hereafter to be in force for that purpose in this Province; and such monies when collected shall be paid over to the Commissioner of Highways to be appointed for that purpose in the same manner, and by the same authority, as Commissioners of Highways are now appointed, to be by them expended by public auction in their respective districts on the Highways and Bridges in said districts.

III.—And be it enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the first day of April which will be in the year of our Lord thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

The directors submitted their Report and Accounts for the past year, shewing a profit of £5 19s. 6d per share on £7 4s. paid in, which Report was unanimously accepted and a vote of thanks passed to the Trustees and Directors for their able and gratuitous management of the Society's affairs during the past year. The Society then proceeded to fill up the vacancies in the Board of Directors, and appoint an Auditor on behalf of the members.

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JOHN CURRY,  
St. Andrews, Jan. 10, 1849.

#### Land For Sale.

100 ACRES of excellent Woodland, fronting on the Glendale Road, the distance from Chancocook, will be sold on moderate terms if applied for immediately. Also a good Horse 6 years old, well known, will be disposed of at a bargain.

For terms &c, apply to N. SMART.

#### ENGLISH MAIL.

Days on which the Mails for England will be closed at the Post Office, St. Andrews, for 1849.

1849.	51 A. M.
Tuesday	9th January
Friday	19th
Tuesday	6th February
Friday	16th
Tuesday	6th March
Friday	16th
Tuesday	3d April
Friday	13th
Tuesday	1st May
Friday	4th
Tuesday	15th
Friday	18th
Tuesday	29th
Friday	1st June
Tuesday	12th
Friday	15th
Tuesday	26th
Friday	29th
Tuesday	10th July
Friday	13th
Tuesday	24th
Friday	27th
Tuesday	7th August
Friday	10th
Tuesday	21st
Friday	24th
Tuesday	4th September
Friday	7th
Tuesday	15th
Friday	18th
Tuesday	21st
Friday	24th
Tuesday	30th
Friday	2nd November
Tuesday	13th
Friday	16th
Tuesday	19th
Friday	20th
Tuesday	11th December
Friday	14th
Tuesday	25th

A BILL to provide for the more effectually repairing the Roads and Bridges on the Island of Grand Manan, in the County of Charlotte.

WHEREAS the scattered state of the population on the Island of Grand Manan, renders the present High Way Act almost ineffectual; for remedy thereof:

I.—Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor, Legislative Council and Assembly, That all persons liable to perform statutory labour on the roads and bridges in the Parish of Grand Manan, in the County of Charlotte, shall in future pay the sum of one shilling and six pence for each and every day's labour such persons are respectively liable to perform.

II.—And be it enacted, That the monies required to be paid by virtue of this Act, shall be assessed, levied and collected, in the same manner as any Parish or County rates are assessed, levied and collected, by virtue of any law now in force, or hereafter to be in force for that purpose in this Province; and such monies when collected shall be paid over to the Commissioner of Highways to be appointed for that purpose, in the same manner, and by the same authority, as Commissioners of Highways are now appointed, to be by them expended by public auction in their respective districts on the Highways and Bridges in said districts.

III.—And be it enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the first day of April which will be in the year of our Lord thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

IV.—And be it enacted, That this Act shall be in force for the term of four years.

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## SHERIFF'S SALES.

The following Sales will take place at the COURT HOUSE IN ST. ANDREWS.

Real Estate of John Marks January 20  
D. J. S. & R. Jarvis March 10  
D. Wm. Wilson do 24  
D. Maurice Norris do 24  
John & James Curran do 24  
Edward Steele May 5  
D. Steam Mill Company do 26

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 24th day of MARCH next, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim property and demand whatsoever of JOHN CURRAN and JAMES CURRAN that certain parcel or Lot of Land, situated in the Parish of St. Stephen, being the east half of Lot in Milltown, bounded in front of the Public Highway leading from James Christie's corner to Le Moineau's settlement and Sprague's Falls.

The above Lot being the same which was mortgaged by John Curran to B. F. Waite and S. D. Todd in April 1846 for £75 0 0.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Samuel M. Gilman, endorsed to levy £33 10 10 besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews.  
Sep. 13, 1848.

To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 5th day of MAY next, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Marks in and to that certain tract or lot of Land, containing 120 acres, more or less, situated in the Parish of St. Stephen, and lying between the lands owned by Mrs. B. Porter and the W. L. Lindy, being part of the Grant to Nebrash Marks, Esquire, deceased, and now in the possession of John Marks, with the Dwelling House occupied by him and J. G. Stevens, Esq., and with the other buildings also fronting on the main road leading from St. Stephen to Milltown occupied by Messrs. Ryder, Rogers, Todd and others.

ALSO

All that certain Farm, situate in the Parish of St. Stephen, and lying between lands owned by John Dinsmore and Abram H. Marks, now in the possession of John Marks, with the Barn and other buildings thereon and containing 150 Acres more or less.

To satisfy executions issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of the President Directors and Company of the St. Stephens and Calais Banks, endorsed to levy respectively £722 15 with interest from the 16th of June 1847, and £370 15 2, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews.  
July 8, 1848.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 10th day of MARCH 1849, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 5 o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of JOHN S. JARVIS and ROBERT JARVIS in and to the following Lots of Land situated in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, block 1, lot No. 2, block 2, lot No. 1, block 3, lot No. 6, block 4, lot T. Morris' Division.

To satisfy executions issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of James Lynn, endorsed to levy £114 48 besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews.  
St. Andrews, 29th October, 1848.

To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 26th day of May, 1849, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim and demand of the St. Andrews SLEAM MILLS & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, to Lot No. 17, situate in Morris' Division, of the Town Plat of St. Andrews, described in a plan of the Pagan Estate, and beginning at a point on the North western line of a new street laid down on the aforesaid plan, leading from Water street to the Harbour, with the Steam Mill, and other erections and improvements thereon, and also all the said Company's right, title, interest, claim and demand to that piece of land, conveyed to them by P. A. Babcock, adjoining the above lot No. 17, with the Water lots called 6 and 7, to 2, then with the Wharves, stores, and other buildings thereon. And also the said Company's right, title, interest, claim and demand to a tract of land on the Lepreau, in the Parish of Pennfield, containing 540 acres, granted by the Crown to the said Company.

To satisfy executions issued out of the Supreme Court, in favour of Jesus Witmore George W. Mowat, and Sulah D. Todd and Charles W. 4, £98 10 10, and £296 6 5, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES,  
Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews.  
Sept. 2, 1848.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday the 24th day of MARCH next, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever of WILLIAM WILSON, of in and to all that certain tract or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the Parish of St. Patrick, and lying on the South Eastern side of the road leading from St. Andrews to Fredericton, in the Northern angle of a Grant to Peter St. John, containing 150 Acres, more or less, being Lot No. 5, and the same land which was leased by said William Wilson to his son William Wilson, Jr., James D. Wilson and Thomas C. Wilson on the 8th day October 1843. The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Edward Kelly endorsed to levy £32 0 0 besides Sheriff's fees &c.

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Sheriff of Charlotte.  
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews.  
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To be sold at Public Auction on Saturday the 24th day of MARCH next, between the hours of 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

All the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever of MAURICE NORRIS to the half of Lot No. 5, Block C, in Bulley's Division of the Town Plat of St. Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon, being the same half Lot conveyed by the said Maurice Norris to his brother-in-law Peter Stanton, deceased, on the 22nd April, 1848 — The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Robert Bradfield endorsed to levy £47 2 9, Sheriff's fees &c.

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All the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand whatsoever of MAURICE NORRIS to the half of Lot No. 5, Block C, in Bulley's Division of the Town Plat of St. Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon, being the same half Lot conveyed by the said Maurice Norris to his brother-in-law Peter Stanton, deceased, on the 22nd April, 1848 — The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Richard McNeil endorsed to levy £47 2 9, Sheriff's fees &c.

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