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FROM THE CAPITAL

No Applications Yet Received for  
Admission to the Royal  
Military College.

Premier Laurier and Sir Oliver  
Mowat Confer on the  
School Question.

Canadian Appeals to Come Before  
the Judicial Committee of the  
Privy Council.

Ottawa, Nov. 6.—There is to be no  
special examination for entrance to the  
military college on the 17th inst. The  
time for receiving applications was up  
yesterday. There appears to be a scar-  
city of cadets. Not one application for  
entrance has yet been received at the  
department.

Premier Laurier and Sir Oliver Mo-  
wat had a conference this forenoon over  
some dispatches they had from Winni-  
peg re the schools. Mr. Laurier said  
there was nothing so far to be given to  
the public.

(By Associated Press.)

The supreme court concluded its ses-  
sion yesterday, but will deliver judg-  
ments on December 9th.

Mr. Justice King leaves for British  
Columbia in a day or two.

The Canadian appeals before the ju-  
dicial committee of the privy council in  
London came off on the 11th inst. There  
was talk of the solicitor-general  
visiting the Old Country in connection  
with the arbitration matter, arising  
out of the arbitration between the  
Dominion and provinces. There is not  
time, however, for him to do so.

The Governor-General's office on his  
march at Coldstream, where Lord An-  
glen is now staying, having been de-  
stroyed by fire, the privy council will  
duplicate the official papers and records  
which were there destroyed.

Mr. Wainwright of the Grand Trunk,  
and Mr. Tait of the C. P. R., saw Con-  
troller Patterson re the duty on coal.

GOLD MOVEMENT.

The "Thunderer" Discusses the Question  
in a Financial Article.

London, Nov. 6.—The Times in its  
financial column again discusses the  
probability of the gold movement. It  
thinks that the activity in the grain and  
cotton markets will for some time  
probably be others.

The tracklayers on the Lake Dauphin  
railway have reached Dauphin town.  
A large number of Chinamen bound  
for the Pacific coast were passengers  
on today's train. Among them was  
Yi Shi Yi, for three years consul-gen-  
eral for China at Havana, who is re-  
turning to interview Li Hung Chang. He  
returns to take the consul-generalship  
in New York.

F. Warren, agent at Qu'Appelle, will  
succeed F. W. Peters here as city  
freight agent of the Canadian Pacific.  
Mr. Peters goes to the Kootenay dis-  
trict.

Toronto, Nov. 5.—A number of in-  
dustrial gentlemen from the Anglican  
synod of Toronto visited on Premier  
Hardy to request that certain hours be  
set apart in the public schools for re-  
ligious instruction. The chief speakers  
were Hon. S. H. Blake, Rev. Dr. Lang-  
ex-Provost Welsh and others. The  
premier promised to give the matter the  
fullest attention.

Guy Fawkes night passed off quietly.  
Samuel Tucker died in the hospital  
to-day from injuries received in a street  
car collision a month ago.

Reginald Goulay, a Hamilton barrister,  
was struck by a street car and sus-  
tained severe injuries.

Many daring robberies have been  
committed throughout the province. The  
telephone manager at Berlin was sand-  
bagged and robbed. Masked men  
robbed a house at Galt, and various at-  
tempts are reported from other points.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Independents and Populists Hold the  
Balance of Power.

Washington City, Nov. 4.—As regards  
the election of United States senators,  
the five doubtful states were Delaware,  
Kansas, Kentucky, North Carolina and  
South Dakota. It is now reasonably  
certain that Delaware will have a Re-  
publican legislature. Kansas will elect  
a fusion or independent senator to suc-  
ceed Peffer. Kentucky, on the face of  
returns, will elect a Republican to suc-  
ceed Blackburn. The North Carolina  
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islature actually chooses Senator Prit-  
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whether North Carolina's new senator  
will be a Republican. South Dakota is  
still in doubt, with indications in favor  
of fusion independent. The senate,  
therefore, would stand: Republicans,  
44; Democrats, 32; Independents and  
Populists, 12; doubtful, 2; total, 290.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life  
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Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Sur-  
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a cough and I was expecting all the  
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RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN SPAIN.

New Governor-General of Philippine  
Islands Among the Injured.

Madrid, Nov. 6.—An express train con-  
veying General Potatija to Barcelona,  
came into violent collision with another  
train at Chocovina. General Potatija  
and wife and other passengers were in-  
jured, but the General proceeds on his  
way to the Philippine Islands, of which  
he has been appointed Governor Gen-  
eral.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN

Placed on the Same Footing as They  
Were Before the Strike.

Peoria, Nov. 6.—F. P. Sargent, grand  
master of the Brotherhood of Locomo-  
tive Firemen, telegraphed from San  
Francisco that he has had complete suc-  
cess in the negotiations with the S. P.  
Members are to be put on the same foot-  
ing as they were before the great strike  
of 1884 and on the same footing as those  
of other organizations.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES

Hon. Mr. Tarte Tendered a Banquet  
by the Citizens of West  
Prince Albert.

Winnipeg, Nov. 5.—A West Prince  
Albert dispatch says: Hon. Mr. Tarte  
and party spent yesterday in Prince  
Albert. The minister had an extended  
and confidential conference with local  
Liberals and held a public reception in  
the afternoon, also driving to some of  
the public buildings in town. In the  
evening the minister was tendered a  
banquet by the citizens, which was  
largely attended. The party left for  
the south this morning. The minister is  
expected to reach Winnipeg to-morrow  
on business connected with the school  
settlement.

The principal evidence in the Hutton  
murder trial to-day was that of Robert  
Agar, uncle of the murdered girl, who  
had resided with him for some time  
previous to her death. He was sub-  
jected to a severe cross-examination by  
the defence, who endeavored to fasten  
the crime on him.

Interest is awakening in civic affairs  
here. The municipal elections are only  
five weeks distant. Alderman McCre-  
ry and Sproule are definitely in the  
race for the mayoralty, but there will  
probably be others.

The tracklayers on the Lake Dauphin  
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CUBAN INSURGENTS

Antonio Maceo Leading Weyler a  
Lively Dance around  
the Island.

Insurgents Overtaken that the United  
States Will Come to  
Their Rescue.

Key West, Fla., Nov. 5.—Advices  
from Cuba give plainer descriptions of  
the movements of the insurgents than  
can be sent by cable from the island.

Antonio Maceo has moved to the plain  
country, that is to say, to the south  
coast of Pinar del Rio, with the inten-  
tion to make an attempt to pass the  
trocha, protected in the meantime as he  
hopes by the insurgents at the rear of  
the trocha. He is at present supposed  
to be at Caroyal, in the direction of the  
swamp of Mjals. If he does not accept  
a battle he will be obliged to go further  
toward Bayamiquet, and advance by  
Pueblo Nuevo, taking the road to Cay-  
ajalho, and thus get from La Gloria to  
La Sierra. It is thought probable that  
it will be difficult for him to pass by  
the south coast to the western portion  
of Pinar del Rio because Gen. Weyler  
has stationed 2000 cavalry to prevent  
that movement near Cardelario.

Capt. Gen. Weyler's column are fortify-  
ing the strategic positions taken from  
the insurgents in the mountains of Pi-  
nar del Rio so as to form a strong base  
of operations. When once these are  
finished Gen. Weyler calculates he will  
be able to dispose of 10,000 more men  
in the pursuit of Maceo, and it is the  
general opinion that he will be able to  
give a decisive blow.

The insurgents have dynamited the  
cutters of the railroad at San Cristobal,  
in the province of Pinar del Rio,  
detaining a passenger train until the  
next day.

The military governor of Cabassar,  
Havana province, learned that the in-  
surgents were in the habit of passing  
daily across the river to Almodovares.  
He prepared an ambush, as the result  
of which the insurgents lost one man  
and the well known leader, La  
Fincaide, was wounded in the leg.

The splendid farm houses of San Mi-  
guel, near Guayarama Melero, have been  
burned by the insurgents. They also  
attacked the village of Moacuga, plun-  
dered the stores and burned the greater  
part of the houses. The troops on the  
ground made a stubborn defence, but  
were unable to drive the insurgents be-  
fore they burned the town. The fort  
only dominated a small part of the vil-  
lage. The insurgents left three of their  
men in the street when they made  
their retreat. The numerous families  
left homeless took refuge on the planta-  
tion of Dulz Nombres.

The insurgent army, which has been  
hunted by the military, is supposed some-  
where active in the neighborhood  
of Guanabaza, just across the bay  
from Havana and have made several  
attempts to attack that village with  
the intention of creating a sensational di-  
version, but the government have sev-  
eral columns in pursuit of them.

Havana, Nov. 4.—The insurgents, in  
spite of the official denials, insist that  
the relations between the government  
at Washington and the Cuban authori-  
ties are of a decidedly strained nature,  
and they further claim that the inter-  
views which are expected to take place  
shortly between General Fitzhugh Lee  
and President Cleveland will lead to im-  
portant and new departures in policy  
on the part of the United States gov-  
ernment.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE FIELD.

The Aged Jurist Hale and Well Cele-  
brates His 80th Birthday.

Washington City, Nov. 5.—Associate  
Justice of the Supreme Court Stephen  
J. Field celebrated the 80th anniversary  
of his birth. A constant stream of  
visitors came all day to offer their con-  
gratulations. The supreme bench head-  
ed by the Chief Justice, and the mem-  
bers of the distinguished member. Justice  
Field is now reaping the benefit of treat-  
ment taken last summer in California,  
and his 80th birthday found him in good  
health and spirits.

NOVEL ELECTION BET.

Judge Courtney Wheels a Young Lady  
Through Town and Kisses Her.

Metropolis, Ill., Nov. 6.—Judge James  
C. Courtney filled an election agreement  
with Miss Jane Nefzger. It was that  
if McKinley was elected that he was to  
wheel her from her home to the post-  
office and return, after first kissing her,  
the programme to be reversed if Bryan  
was elected. About 150 people witness-  
ed the parade and the Judge was lustily  
cheered.

AGAIN REMANDED.

Prosecution Not yet Ready to Proceed  
With the Ivory Case.

London, Nov. 6.—The case of Ivory,  
alias Bell, the Irish-American dynamiter,  
was remanded in the Bow street police  
court to-day and after the usual tedious  
proceedings was remanded once more  
for a week. A representative of the  
United States embassy was present at  
to-day's examination.

MACEO DEFEATED.

At Least So Says a Report from  
Madrid.

Madrid, Nov. 6.—It is reported here  
that the Spanish troops have defeated  
Antonio Maceo in Pinar del Rio, the in-  
surgents losing 200 killed and wounded.

BRITAIN'S PROPOSALS

Made to the Powers Some Time Ago in  
Respect to Turkey.

Constantinople, Nov. 5.—It was semi-  
officially announced to-day that Great  
Britain a month ago proposed that the  
powers give the ambassadors at Con-  
stantinople authority to draw up a  
scheme for reforms, ask the Turkish  
government to execute it and decide up-  
on measures to compel its execution in  
the event of the Sultan's refusal to do  
so. The powers were agreeable to the  
first part of the proposal, but Russia re-  
fused to confer on the ambassadors the  
power to summon any ships to the Bos-  
phorus and France suggested the addi-  
tion of a Russian delegate to the admis-  
tration of the cause of the public debt  
and to increase its powers to the extent  
of making it permanent.

PLEA FOR CLEMENCY

Ambassador Bayard Addresses the  
Home Ofc Regarding  
Mrs. Castle.

Difference of Opinion Among Lon-  
don Papers in Respect to  
the Sentence.

London, Nov. 7.—The officials of the  
home office have not as yet replied to  
the United States ambassador, Mr. Thos.  
F. Bayard, who wrote on behalf of Mrs.  
Castle, urging clemency on the ground  
of her physical condition. It is under-  
stood however, that the letter was  
marked unofficial.

The Westminster Gazette this after-  
noon, and other papers of this city,  
urge the release, upon medical grounds,  
of Mrs. Walter Castle, sentenced yester-  
day at the sessions to three months  
imprisonment without hard labor. The  
Globe says it strongly believes in the  
main defence and declares the sentence  
constitutes the most terrible violation of  
common justice, "though" the article  
says, "certain judges only desire to do  
what was just."

The St. James' Gazette, while agree-  
ing it is a case for clemency in view of  
the prisoner's health, says: "If she is  
released it ought to be clearly under-  
stood that the evidence of kleptomani-  
a to nothing. If her counsel had  
relied on it he would not have advised  
her to plead guilty. The robberies were  
frequent, systematic and artful."

The Daily News comments with se-  
verity on the case, saying: "This wo-  
man, whose dishonesty is serious, delib-  
erately committed the crime which she  
is now suffering for. We favor short sen-  
tences, but should like them to be ap-  
plied to the poor as well as the rich.  
The case will foster the impression that  
when rich people steal it is not stealing  
but kleptomaniac. It is difficult to be-  
lieve that, even at the instigation of  
counsel, Mrs. Castle would have pleaded  
guilty, if she did not do so."

BUSINESS PICKING UP.

Several Large Factories Being Re-Open-  
ed and Wages Increased.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The revival of busi-  
ness, it is said, will shortly result in the  
re-employment of 1500 men now idle  
about Hammond, Ind. An official state-  
ment has been issued by Corning Bros.  
at Peoria, that the plant at Hammond,  
until recently operated by the Illinois  
Steel company, would resume operations  
early in January. This will give em-  
ployment to 400 skilled mechanics and  
laborers and pay out from \$9000 to \$8,  
000 a week. Hagerwich, a deserted vil-  
lage on the state line, is preparing for  
some of its former activity. Bulletins  
posted at the United States rolling stock  
company's plant announces that 700 men  
are wanted at once. At West Hammond  
the Western Starch Association announ-  
ces an increase in wages of 10 per cent,  
over the cut of 5 per cent, made in Sep-  
tember, and it has given





HARD WINTER AHEAD

Prospects of a Terrible Famine in Some of the Districts of Ireland.

Rain Ruins the Crops Leaving the Farmers and Tenants Without Means of Support.

Unable to Collect Rents Landlords Apply for Ejectment Decrees.

London, Nov. 7.—With pertinacious periodicity the Irish question springs up again, at the tidings of the regularly recurring famine in Ireland. There can be no doubt about the authenticity of the reports about the famine. Bleak are the Irish tenants' prospects and desperate his straits. The correspondent of the conservative and reliable Manchester Guardian declares that no such appalling prospect has presented itself during the present generation. Occurring reports show that the prolonged and continuous rains in the autumn have ruined the crops from north to south. Rich lowlands have been flooded for weeks at a time, when harvest ought to have been proceeding. Stacked corn and hay stacks have been submerged and potatoes are rotting in the fields. In the poorer hill lands the small farmer and cottage population will again have to face one of those failures of the potato crop, which has too often brought the utmost horrors of starvation and disease among them. Up to the present the government is doing nothing. The Irish secretary's tour of the west and northwest occurred before the bad weather set in and at a time when little was predicted about the harvest. Farmers on many of the largest estates have appraised the landlords' agents that no rent can be paid this year, as no rent has been earned. But the landlords under the Land Act are applying for ejectment decrees by the thousand, and an eviction campaign, such as has rarely been witnessed even in Ireland is now in progress in many of the districts. As soon as the rigors of the winter set in the demand for relief will be clamorous. Before parliament opens the government will be compelled to intervene or face the accusation of reckless indifference to suffering, such as might serve to overwhelm any English ministry. With this famine pend- ing, combined with the revelations of the financial conditions commission, showing how Ireland is annually bleeding millions of money, to the advantage of Great Britain, it will be no wonder if Irish discontent assumes a more active form in British politics than the mere maple chatter over the legislation for home rule.

TOLD BY CABLE.

Shipping Disasters in the Sea of Azov—New Steamers.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 7.—A terrible storm has swept over the sea of Azov. Many shipping disasters are reported. Hamburg, Nov. 7.—The Hamburg-American steamship line has decided to build three new steamers for cargo and passengers.

Madrid, Nov. 7.—Heavy gales swept over the coast of Valencia. Several vessels have been lost.

London, Nov. 7.—Duke William of Wurtemberg, died yesterday evening of syncope. He was born in 1828.

A dispatch from Santiago de Chili says: "The chamber of deputies passed a vote of censure against the government."

STANDING FIRST IN THE WHOLE WORLD.

The Hope of the Ailing and Miserable Everywhere.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

The Despair of Imitators—The Admiration of All Users.

We were the leaders—the first in the world to keep a distinctive kidney pill treatment on the market, and this was named Dodd's Kidney Pills.

This was a trifle less than a dozen years ago. We said then that Dodd's Kidney Pills would cure any curable kidney disease, and that they had come to stay.

We now say that Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure any kidney disease, and we have testimony from thousands of persons cured at various stages.

Yes, Dodd's Kidney Pills have more than kept every promise. We have advertised for two years for the particulars of any case wherein they had ever failed, but thus far without a single reply.

We have constantly aimed to reach and benefit the masses. We want every sick man and woman in Canada to know that all but one in every twenty who are sick can be cured by kidney treatment.

Comparatively only a few of the millions have as yet learned the truth as to the cause of all their sufferings. The death rate of the Dominion has been lowered, and to that extent that Dodd's Kidney Pills become known as life savers, it will be lowered further still.

In every case of kidney suffering where Dodd's Kidney Pills are known, available but not used, it is like viewing the promised land and refusing to enter.

To all those who have been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills we say: Let your light shine, tell of your cure—write all the facts and particulars to us, that we may publish them for the benefit of the suffering and despairing everywhere.

A summons was issued this morning for a Chinese residing on Cormorant street for supplying minors with tobacco.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES.

Big Block of Evening Star, Rossland, Stock Sold in Toronto.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—It is announced that a round block of over sixty thousand shares of the Evening Star Mining Co., of Rossland, has just been purchased by Toronto parties. The original owners, it is said, parted with their stock in order to raise cash to back Bryan in the late presidential election.

The World has a special from Montreal which says that Sir Charles Tupper, during his approaching visit to England, will probably submit to the home authorities the constitutional point involved in Lord Aberdeen's post-election attitude toward his then advisers.

The annual convention of the Dominion Women's Christian Temperance Union opened this morning in the Zion Congregational church, about 50 delegates being present. The delegates present from the West are Mrs. Dr. Yeoman, Mrs. Mrs. Merritt Williams, and Mrs. M. Tate, Victoria B.C.

W. Anderson and E. Burrows, fishermen of Port Bruce, while trying to make a harbor at Fort Burwell in a gale were drowned by the capsizing of a boat.

THE CASTLE CASE

Much Sympathy Expressed in London for the Unfortunate Woman.

Probability that the Home Office Will Shortly Order Her Release.

London, Nov. 8.—As announced in last evening's dispatches Mr. Walter Castle was found not guilty of shoplifting, while his wife was sentenced to three months without hard labor. Mrs. Castle sobbed hysterically when placed in the dock at the opening of the trial, and her husband showed traces of much suffering. Mrs. Castle has aged considerably since her arrest a month ago at the Hotel Cecil. Mrs. Castle pleaded "not guilty." Mrs. Castle was then called upon to plead; but Sir Edward Clarke arose and said that in his client, Mrs. Castle, would plead "guilty" to all the indictments. The scene was a very distressing one. Thereupon, at 1.45, the magistrates, who numbered twenty-five outside the presiding judge, retired. At 12.01 they returned. Mrs. Castle was then brought from the cells with difficulty. She was sobbing violently. The judge, summing up, said: "Great trouble has been found in dealing with this case in which sympathy was almost interfering with justice. He then passed a sentence of three months' imprisonment without hard labor upon Mrs. Castle, but added that he did so with the knowledge that the sentence would be reversed elsewhere. The general impression afterwards prevailed in the court that by this he meant the home office would shortly release Mrs. Castle on her own recognizances. The unfortunate woman on hearing a sentence went into hysterics. She threw up her arms and staggered about, uttering incoherently, and then shrieking in wild agony. At 1.45, thanks to the attendance of a physician who administered sedatives to Mrs. Castle, she calmed, but tearful and was able to enter a cab accompanied by her husband and the chief jailer, and started for Wormwood prison.

Mr. Hodson was allowed to accompany his wife to the prison. Upon arrival at the office she became violently hysterical again, and seemed to be totally dazed. The prison doctor immediately ordered her to be removed to the hospital. There her hysterical condition seemed to be somewhat improved. The husband came to take leave of his wife. Mrs. Castle bore up well through the terrible ordeal, and devoted himself to trying to console his wife, promising to accompany her as soon as it was possible. The doctor ordered special diet for Mrs. Castle and asked to have the chief medical assistant at the prison summoned in the morning to take charge of Mrs. Castle's case. She was placed in hospital, and given a comfortable bed, the nurses in attendance being specially instructed to treat her with great care. She became more calm later in the evening, and although she constantly relapsed into hysterical outbreaks, crying "Why don't some one take me home? Where am I? I don't belong here. Will nobody help me?" The prison doctor manifested great sympathy. He said: "This woman is not right. This is surely a case for the home officials."

After Mr. Castle had been found not guilty, Mr. Avory, for the prosecution, recounted the case as it presented itself against Mrs. Castle, and so doing he rehearsed the general statement of police court. He described the articles stolen and gave the details of the arrest, not omitting to state that Mrs. Castle to the officer who arrested her, said that at this stage of the proceedings, descended a little staircase to the cells in order to comfort his wife. About the same time, Mr. Hodson, representative of the United States embassy, entered the court room in order to watch the case for the United States representatives here. Continuing, Mr. Avory described the articles found in rooms of European trip, there is intrinsic evidence that other things were stolen from time to time. I am also impelled to say that while she (Mrs. Castle) was going about doing these thefts, in not a single instance was she detected in the act, which also shows how her husband could not notice it, so skillfully were the thefts made."

Sir Edward Clarke, for Mrs. Castle, said: "We do not complain of the prosecution's statement. If the law of this country stood as it did up to 1882, I should not have advised her to plead guilty, but an extra act passed in 1883 provides that if I can satisfy the jury that she is responsible, then the jury which the prosecution have recited suggest that there must be something extraordinary to account for them. In five or six days this lady, who had no possible temptation, goes about London and takes articles under no pressure of need. When arrested she had plenty of money. Your lordship must have noticed the testimonials to the Castles' character and how instantly this vast amount of ball was found. Suddenly she is taken to the practice of taking things and packing them away. The insanity of these proceedings is proved by her handing to one tradesman a fur which had a private mark upon it, and by her taking the toast racks, etc., of the Hotel Cecil. Clearly, then, explanation is required for these strange circumstances, and we are prepared to call medical witnesses, for of course such matters are not fit for forensic discussion."

The husband did not know that his wife when 15 years old was obliged to be sent away from her home, owing to troubles incidental to female life at that period. These disorders have since re-appeared.

Dr. Wm. Chapman Grigg, specialist in diseases of women, and leading physician at Queen Charlotte's hospital, testified that he had formed the opinion that the disease from which Mrs. Castle was suffering was one of those which are almost invariably accompanied by great mental disturbance, causing different manias, such as kleptomania, religious mania, etc. In different religions, Dr. Grigg added, this disease would take a different form at the time of each disturbance. He then mentioned Mrs. Castle was clearly unaccountable for her actions and unable to distinguish the consequences of her acts. The detention in prison of such a woman, he considered, would be most serious. Dr. George Henry Lodge, Lecturer in Bethelien hospital, and lecturer on women's diseases at Guy's Hospital, who for thirty years has devoted himself to the study of women's diseases, endorsed the views of Grigg. Dr. Gabriel, member of the Royal College of Surgeons, gave similar evidence. He said imprisonment to a woman in the condition of Mrs. Castle would have a serious effect. It would not enfeeble her mind, but would certainly endanger her sanity. Dr. Scott, medical officer at Holloway jail, gave evidence in support of which, perhaps, was the strongest of all, on account of his position. Dr. Scott said he believed any continuance of imprisonment of Mrs. Castle would be injurious to her mental and bodily health.

The court then ordered the restitution of the stolen articles to their owners. Dr. Scott said he was surprised at the result, in view of the evidence, in that he expected a much lighter sentence. He added, however, that the prisoner will be under a doctor's care at Wormwood Scrubs prison, and that Mr. Hodson, of their court, is a friend of his. "I am so unwell that I scarcely know what to say about my wife's terrible condition. But I wish to thank our friends, many of whom came to court house, for their cordial assistance. So far as I am able to do so, I shall sail direct for America, but I do not know when I shall be enabled to do so."

Among the friends of the Castles who were present in the court today were C. P. Egan, of San Francisco; Colonel Hawes, agent of the New York Life Insurance Company; H. L. Liebus, of the Northwest Seal Commercial Company; Dr. M. L. Malcomson, of Fresno, Cal.; J. Joseph, of San Francisco; and George Lamson. During the trial a copy of the San Francisco Wasp containing an article reviling the Castles was handed by Sir Edward Clarke to Sir Frank Lawson, a friend of the family. "This was sent to me by a friend who said, 'I am a hard-headed Scotchman, and believe that a thief is a thief, no matter how wealthy.'"

Mr. Hodson, of the United States embassy, on leaving the sessions here, remarked: "We shall get her out within a week."

BRYAN'S PARTING SHOT.

He Sends a Message to the Bi-Metallists of the United States.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Mr. Bryan today gave the following message: "To the bi-metallists of the country—Conscious that millions of hearts are saddened by my temporary defeat, I beg to offer a word of hope and encouragement. No one here had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted than I have. I have espoused the cause of bi-metallism. They have fought from conviction, and have fought with the zeal that conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty, they saw it, they have nothing to regret."

"The Republican candidate has been heralded as the advance agent of prosperity. If his policies bring real prosperity to the American people, those who opposed him will share that prosperity. If, on the other hand, his policies prove an injury to the people generally, those of his supporters who do not belong to the office-holding class, or to the privileged classes, will soon desert him. I am a man with those who opposed him, friends of bi-metallism have not been vanquished, they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is the best method of maintaining the value of our money against the fluctuations of the human race and until convinced of their error they will continue the warfare against it."

The three-year-old boy of J. A. Johnson, of Lynn Center, Ill., is subject to attacks of croup. Mr. Johnson says he is satisfied that the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, during a severe attack, saved his little boy's life. He is in the drug business, a member of the firm of Johnson Bros. of that place, and they handle a great many patent medicines for throat and lung diseases. He had all these to choose from, and skilled physicians ready to respond to his call, but selected this remedy when his child's life was in danger, because he knew it to be superior to any other, and famous the country over for its cures of croup. Mr. Johnson says this is the best selling cough medicine they handle, and that it gives splendid satisfaction in all cases. Sold by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

WELCOMED HOME

A Royal Reception to Rev. Mr. Trotter from the Baptist Denomination.

His Missionary Trip to the Eastern Provinces a Most Successful One.

On Wednesday evening last Calvary Baptist church was the scene of a very pleasant affair, the event being a reception tendered to Rev. R. W. Trotter, the pastor, on his return from the East. The various committees, ably assisted by the sister church, perfected all arrangements to the satisfaction and enjoyment of the very large and enthusiastic gathering.

The welcome was left undone to make the welcome one of the fullest and heartiest that could be given. It was not confined to the Calvary church only, but Emmanuel rejoiced with her sister church on the return of her pastor. The sister church, and congratulated Mr. Trotter on his return from the East. The various committees, ably assisted by the sister church, perfected all arrangements to the satisfaction and enjoyment of the very large and enthusiastic gathering.

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Gardens and conservatories, for which Victoria is noted, were lavished in their floral contributions and deft fingers arranged the same with taste and effect. The sister church, and congratulated Mr. Trotter on his return from the East. The various committees, ably assisted by the sister church, perfected all arrangements to the satisfaction and enjoyment of the very large and enthusiastic gathering.

After an anthem by the choir the chairman then called on Rev. P. H. McEwen, of Emmanuel Baptist church, who welcomed Mr. Trotter on behalf of the Baptists of Victoria. Mr. McEwen's words were those of a loving brother and Christian co-worker. He welcomed him not only to his work but also to the hearts and homes of the Baptists of the city, assuring Mr. Trotter that he would stand with him shoulder to shoulder in the great battle for King Emmanuel.

Rev. W. A. Gunton, of Nanaimo, representing the Baptists of the province, extended him a most cordial greeting. Mr. Gunton being a schoolmate, and having succeeded Mr. Trotter in Barrie, Ont., was pleased to be able to speak in the highest terms of his pastoral work. He referred to Mr. Trotter's mission and felt the thanks of the denomination were due him for his untiring labors. He therefore tendered him the love, goodwill and co-operation of the Baptists of British Columbia.

Miss Walker, the church clerk, read the following address from the Calvary church: "Dear Pastor:—We, the members of the Calvary Baptist Church, are rejoiced to welcome you home after a prolonged visit to the Eastern Provinces, which has been a most important mission. We are deeply thankful to God for bringing you back to the same church. At one place found you as pastor and people have been strongly cemented during the month of your absence. We believe that you have renewed health and strength for which we are grateful. We are sure that you will find that God has done a great work in you and spare your life for many years to the glory of His name. We are glad to be the instrument in His hands of bringing many to the knowledge of His truth."

It was with much pleasure that we read from time to time of your success in the East, and we were glad to hear when the news came from Nova Scotia, that you had fallen in love with the brethren and churches in the West, and that they manifested their interest in your return to their relief in the hour of distress. We are glad to report that during your absence here you have been most successful in your work. We are glad to hear that you have renewed health and strength for which we are grateful. We are sure that you will find that God has done a great work in you and spare your life for many years to the glory of His name. We are glad to be the instrument in His hands of bringing many to the knowledge of His truth."

Mr. Trotter then outlined the policy of the society, on which he based his appeal. With regard to church buildings, the plan is to build cheap, neat and commodious buildings that can be paid for on completion. Church debts are to be a thing of the past. With reference to the pulpit great stress was placed on the kind of men to be invited to the province. Second rate men need not apply. They must be men of clean life, men who can think, and men of a Baptist minister should be able to preach.

After singing the doxology the audience adjourned to the adjoining room to enjoy the hospitality of the Baptist ladies of the city. Thus ended one of the most successful gatherings in the history of Calvary church.

AROUND THE WORLD.

A Daring Mariner to Attempt the Trip in a 15 Ton Schooner.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—Captain Adolph Fretch sailed out port yesterday from Milwaukee with the little schooner Schilz Globe, on the first stage of a journey which will extend around the world. The schooner is only 15 tons measurement and 40 feet long and Capt. Fretch is the entire crew. The Schilz Globe will be towed through the canal and started on her long journey. Her route will be down the Mississippi to the Gulf and then around Cape Horn.

BRYAN TO MCKINLEY.

Defeated Candidate Congratulates the President-Elect.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Mr. Bryan has sent the following telegram to Major McKinley:

"Chairman Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the American people and their will is law. William Jennings Bryan."

Canton, Nov. 6.—Major McKinley received Bryan's telegram of congratulation to-day. He took the first opportunity to write the following acknowledgment:

"Hon. W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb.: I acknowledge receipt of your courteous message of congratulation with thanks and beg you will receive my best wishes for your health and happiness."

(Signed) WM. MCKINLEY.

Husband—Are you aware, my dear, that on this grassy spot began a war that lasted ten years.

Wife—John, it was here that you proposed to me.

Husband—Exactly—just 10 years ago.—Rochester Times.

Business Worries

Exhaust and Weaken

The business man should keep on hand a 16 oz. bottle of Johnston's Fluid Beef, which can be prepared for use in a minute with hot water heated over gas or spirit lamp.

Johnston's Fluid Beef Strengthens.

POSSIBLE CABINET

Men Who May be Called Upon to Assist President McKinley.

Reed Spoken of as the Next Secretary of State—Other Material

Chicago, Nov. 6.—A special to a morning paper from Washington City says: "Slate makers are at work here already framing a cabinet for President McKinley and the names mentioned range from Speaker Reed for secretary of state down to John G. Cowan of Nebraska for attorney-general."

It has been suggested that McKinley might follow precedents and tender the portfolio of the state department to Reed, inasmuch as the latter was the nearest competitor for nomination at St. Louis. On the other hand, however, it is believed a re-election to a speakership of the fifty-fifth congress would be more acceptable to the man from Maine.

Next in line with Speaker Reed, according to the cabinet fixers, stands Henry Cabot Lodge, who would make an ideal secretary of state. Such an appointment would be popular in the north, and New England in particular, owing to the vigorous Americanism of the present associate of Senator Hoar of Massachusetts.

Three other names are also mentioned in connection with the department of state. Senator Allison, of Iowa; David C. Hoar, of Michigan; and Sherman of Ohio, are named as possible candidates for the head of the diplomatic branch of the government. Senator Sherman is also named in connection with the treasury portfolio.

Senator Proctor, of Vermont, is mentioned for a return to the war department, where he was secretary and President Harrison, but in the same connection the name of Gen. Alger, of Michigan, is also suggested. Representative Henderson, of Iowa, and ex-Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, have also come to the front as being among the possibilities for secretary of war.

Representative Boutelle, of Maine, is being urged as the secretary of the navy and his friends say Mr. McKinley could not find a man for this place better posted than the Maine congressman.

In making up the cabinet list, it is not being disregarded and a very popular name for postmaster general is that of Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, chairman of the Republican congressional committee. There is some talk, too, of Mark Hanna for this portfolio, as well as H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee, who was defeated in his vice-presidential aspirations by Mr. Herbert. Ex. Gov. Wm. D. Merriam, of Minnesota, and ex-Congressman La Follette, of Wisconsin, are well thought of for the secretaryship of the interior department. It is frequently urged that a graceful act of courtesy would be to tender the post of secretary of state to ex-president Harrison, but it is considered doubtful whether he would accept. C. W. Fairbanks, of Idaho, who would like to succeed Senator Voorhes, is also named as a cabinet minister in embryo.

For attorney-general the names of Judges McKenna and McComas, of California and Marvin, of Pennsylvania, are most frequently heard, and Capt. J. C. Cowan, of Omaha, is considered among those entitled to be heard on this subject. New York would like to have the secretaryship of the treasury and Cornelius N. Bliss and T. C. Platt are also mentioned as possible candidates for the post of secretary of the treasury.

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QUEEN LIL PARDONED

Steamer Mlowera Arrives and Reports a Full Pardon for the Ex-Queen.

Hawaiian Minister of Foreign Affairs Visiting Canada and United States.

There was good news awaiting the officers and crew of the Mlowera upon her arrival at the outer wharf at eleven o'clock last night. For the first time they heard that their steamer had been awarded over \$28,000 for towing the disabled Strathvick, and that Judge Hanford, who had made the award had not forgotten the Mlowera at the time. Copies of the Times containing the judge's decision were eagerly perused, and all indulged in guesses as to the sum allotted to each man. Purser Humphries was among the disappointed. "Just my luck," he said. "I was on another steamer at the time the Mlowera was towing the Strathvick." The Mlowera had a very stormy and disagreeable passage from Sydney until Honolulu was reached. Strong head winds were encountered which afterwards increased to heavy gales. From Honolulu to Victoria the weather was more moderate. Sydney was cleared on October 14th and Suva was reached on the 20th. The Warrimoo was passed on the 22nd and Honolulu was reached on the 25th, the steamer leaving the same port the following day. The steamer brought a fair number of passengers for this season of the year, the saloon list being as follows: Mr. Atkin, Mr. Buchanan, Mrs. and Miss Larkie, wife and daughter of the Canadian commissioner, Col. Carlson, Mr. Appleton, Judge Cooper, Mr. Many, Mrs. McCandless, and two children, Mr. McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. James, Mrs. and Miss Solomon, Mrs. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. Pyle, Mr. and Mrs. Jolley, Mr. and Mrs. Flindall, Sammers, Mrs. Fisher and child, Mr. Thompson, Mrs. Melim and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Kallberg and Mr. Farquharson.

Conspicuous among the passengers was Hon. Henry E. Cooper, Hawaiian minister of foreign affairs, who accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Marx, and during his next sixty days leave of absence will visit the principal cities of the United States. Judge Cooper stated last night that his visit to Canada and the United States had no political significance. He intends calling on the Hawaiian consuls in the United States and also to remain for some time in Chicago, his old home. Judge Cooper is still a young man—on the sunny side of forty. He went to Honolulu only six years ago, but he took such a prominent part in the Hawaiian revolution that Queen "Lili" was dethroned, that he soon occupied a leading position in the government of the country. The judge was instrumental, however, in securing for Liliokalani her full liberty. On October 27 a meeting of the cabinet was held and Mr. Cooper was present on the matter up. The cabinet unanimously decided to grant the ex-queen all her civil rights as a citizen of Hawaii. She was first convicted in February, 1895, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment and a fine of \$50,000. On Sept. 7 of last year she was allowed to go to her place, but she was kept under surveillance. The executive granted her full pardon, because, since she was allowed to go to the palace, the ex-queen has faithfully kept the terms of her partial freedom.

Another prominent passenger was Captain Nathan Appleton of Boston, who is returning from a holiday trip to Honolulu. Capt. Appleton belongs to the great family of Appletons whose publications are known all over the world. From exchanges brought by the Mlowera it is learned that H. M. S. Lizard was founded at sea. The day after leaving Sydney for Auckland she met a southerly gale. The sea swept over the vessel, and burst the engine room skylights. The stokers were knee-deep in water, and the cabins were flooded. The crew found its way into the forehold, where a large quantity of stores were destroyed. One boat was washed away and lost. The gale lasted till noon the next day. So serious was the vessel's condition that those on board believed she had a narrow escape from foundering. Baron Von Mueller died at Melbourne on the 30th ult. The Sydney Morning Herald says: "By the death of Baron von Mueller botanical science has lost one of its greatest ornaments, who devoted himself to that branch of natural history with unwearied research, indefatigable industry, and inexhaustible patience for upwards of half a century, varying the pursuit by geographical explorations which were of especial value to the people of this continent as opening up new tracts of country to pastoral settlement and to mineral exploration, altogether apart from the immense additions he was enabled to make to our knowledge of the flora of Australia, and which must be added that his enthusiasm for science was unalloyed any sordid motives. He was born in Rostock, Germany, in 1825, and was educated with a view to becoming a medical practitioner, but from an early age a love for botany manifested itself in his mind, and between 1840 and 1846 he made an extensive examination of the flora of Schleswig-Holstein and became an active member of the German Association for the Advancement of Science. Most of his busy life was spent in Australia. In July, 1855, he accompanied the Leichhardt search expedition as botanist, and from that day onward to within a few days of his death his life has been one of unceasing activity, winning for him a unique position in botanical science, the membership of over 150 learned societies in Europe and America, and a dozen or more decorations from European potentates. When the last geographical congress assembled in Vienna five special honours of thanks were awarded to men who were considered to have rendered exceptional service to the cause of science, and Baron von Mueller was one of the five. The pearlshell exported from Thursday Island during the past quarter was the largest since the returns have been kept, the quantity exported reaching, nearly

385 tons, valued at \$22,970, or an increase over the corresponding quarter of last year of 216 tons. The Queensland experiments in the extermination of rabbits by chicken cholera have been very successful.

KILLING OF RODERICK.

Chief Constable McMynn Writes to the Chief of Seattle.

Seattle, Nov. 5.—Chief Reid has received the following letter: "Government Office, Oct. 30, 1896.—Midway, B. C.—In relation to Camp McKinney gold brick robbery: On Monday night about 8 o'clock of October 26 Matt Roderick was seen a few miles from the above camp, and Mr. J. P. Keane and another man went out on this road to watch for him returning again. About 9 o'clock the same evening they met, as Roderick was returning, leading his horse with some gunny sacks in one hand and a rifle in the other hand. They spoke, when Roderick started to raise the rifle at Keane, who drew a 38-calibre Colt's revolver and shot Roderick through the chest, killing him instantly.

"When Roderick was seen coming in towards camp he did not have any rifle. The rifle which he had when going out evidently had just been a few moments before dug up from under some fallen tree. He also had a pistol in his pocket, which evidently had just come from the same place. He also had on his person three canisters, and under his shirt a canvas belt with shoulder straps and large pocket under each arm, evidently intended to receive the gold bricks. In fact, I think that within one hour he would have had them with him.

"Now, I would like you to break this news to Mrs. Roderick, who lives at 329 Twenty-Third avenue south, Seattle, and also at the same time try to find out what she knows of the matter. The canvas belt was sewed by a sewing machine and probably made by Mrs. Roderick.

"After his death she, of course, would have nothing to fear from telling all she knows, and also that if she can find us information by which we can find the gold bricks, she will be suitably rewarded. I shall write to Mrs. Roderick myself in a few days, but hope you will be able to see her before my letter reaches her, and that you will give me full particulars of your interview.

"Roderick was buried at Camp McKinney yesterday. On the 25th inst. an inquest was held over his body, and the coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide. I am, yours obediently, W. M. G. McMynn, Chief Constable."

FORCIBLE LANGUAGE.

Made Use of in the French Chamber of Deputies Yesterday.

Paris, Nov. 5.—In the chamber of deputies to-day, M. Jaures, the socialist leader, accused the government with concerning with M. Kossing, owner of the Carmaux glass works, to organize the demonstration against the Socialist deputies who opened a new co-operative glass factory at Albion on Sunday last, and with illegally dispersing a Socialist meeting.

WHY SUFFER WITH PILES?

Dr. Chase's Ointment Will Cure Them at Cost of but 60 Cents.

Piles, scrofula, eczematous eruptions, scald head, salt rheum and all other annoying and painful skin diseases can be easily cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment. "I had protruding piles for ten years," writes H. H. Sutherland, commercial traveller, of Truro, N. S., "tried many remedies and had doctors operate. It was no use. Was completely laid up at times. Chase's Ointment was recommended to me by Mr. Brennan, of the Summerside, P. E. I. Journal. I tried it and one box completely cured me."

All dealers and Edmanson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto. Price 60c. Lined and turpentine are every mother's household remedy for coughs, colds, throat and lung affections. Dr. Chase has disguised the taste and made the remedy pleasant to take. Large bottle only 25c.

HAD TO TURN BACK.

Harry de Windt Abandons His Alaska-Siberia Trip.

Seattle, Nov. 5.—Harry de Windt, the well known correspondent of the London Pall Mall Gazette, was met at the Rainier-Grand yesterday afternoon in what he termed "a disappointed frame of mind," although he was outwardly just as gay and debonair as when, with Fred Villiers, he was witnessing the wholesale slaughter of the Chinese in one of the so-called Japanese victories. He had cause for disappointment, however, for he was on his way home from probably his first unaccomplished mission.

He was sent out by William Waldorf Astor, then the owner of the Pall Mall Gazette, to make a journey "from New York to Paris by land." He said in regard to this: "I felt sure that when I got into Siberia I would be all right, for I am thoroughly acquainted with travel in Siberia. The only misgivings, if I had any, were about Alaska. But I got through Alaska all right and crossed the Behring Straits at the narrowest point, landing in Siberia at a place called Oumweidjik, a little north of Marcus bay. There I stuck two months, and had quite a rough time of it with the natives, with nothing much to eat but bear meat. The only way to get inland on my journey was by dog train, and I found that this could only be done during the month of April, as travel at any other time is impossible.

"The Chukchi Indians, who hold the territory in which I landed, are a remarkable race in every respect. Though I suppose not differing much from the other tribes on Behring sea. And there is one thing to be said about them and about Russia. Russia has never been able to subdue the Chukchis, and they have successfully resisted every attempt at it. They live in skin huts and in dirt and squalor, are diseased and generally disagreeable. I was not sorry to get away, but I was not to be able to accomplish my journey."

SISTER THERESE.

Lady Superior Sacred Heart (Grey Nuns) Convent, Ottawa.

A TEST OF RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE.

In the Institution is Followed by an Endorsement.

Sacred-Heart (Grey Nuns) Convent, Ottawa, March 4, 1896.

Dear Sir:—It is with great pleasure that I write to inform you that your valuable remedy, "Kootenay Cure," has been tried in our institution with most gratifying results. I can say this, as I am one of those who have conscientiously tested it. I have no hesitation in recommending it as a wonderful medicine for rheumatism, a disease which has baffled medical science for so many years. To my own knowledge also the remedy has proved most beneficial in cases of dyspepsia.

I have much pleasure in communicating the foregoing testimony as regards the benefits which I know "Kootenay Cure" has conferred on many sufferers, and you have my full permission to make use of this testimonial in any way you may think fit.

Sister Therese, Lady Superior.

LOBSTERS FOR THE COAST.

Large Number Planted in Monterey Bay by the Government.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—The United States fish commissioner's car No. 3 arrived at the Oakland mole with an assorted cargo of eastern shell fish. The car was moved to Monterey, where the deputies planted 98 eastern lobsters, all that remained of 200 shipped from Woods Hole, Mass. Seventy-two of those liberated were full grown egg-bearing females, each containing probably 7000 or 8000 eggs. The car also brought out 40 barrels of matured Eastern oysters that were planted in Humboldt and Yaquina bays and 222 diamond back terrapin that were liberated yesterday in San Francisco Bay.

DECLINED THE HONOR.

M. Neldhoff Declined the Russian Foreign Portfolio.

London, Nov. 7.—The Chronicle's Paris correspondent telegraphs that M. Neldhoff, Russian ambassador to Constantinople, who declined it.

If?

If you want to preserve apples, don't cause a break in the skin. The germs of decay thrive rapidly there. So the germs of consumption find good soil for work when the lining of the throat and lungs is bruised, made raw, or injured by colds and coughs. Scott's Emulsion, with hypophosphites, will heal inflamed mucus membranes. The time to take it is before serious damage has been done. A 50-cent bottle is enough for an ordinary cold.

WITH THE FIGHTERS.

Fitzsimmons Getting in Trim for His Fight with Sharkey and Corbett.

"Sailor Boy" Confident of the Result—Corbett Considered a Back Number.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Bob Fitzsimmons arrived from the east, accompanied by his wife and baby, last night, and will at once proceed to get into condition for his meeting with Tom Sharkey, which comes off before the National Athletic Club on December 8, next.

After his contest with Sharkey his plans are no more definite than that he intends going into training in plenty of time to meet Corbett "on or about the 1st of March," as the articles, which are already signed, provide. "I don't believe Corbett will ever fight again," he said; "at least not with me. I would be ready to meet him a month after I meet Sharkey. I signed the articles four weeks ago in Pittsburg and sent them out to Corbett at Asbury Park, N. J., where he was then. But we have not heard anything from him since. There was nothing in the articles that was against the law, so he could not have that as an excuse. There is no reason why he should not sign them if he is anxious to fight me. The stake was cut down from \$10,000 to \$5000 at his request, and we have put our \$2500 stake on Sharkey. I suppose he could not raise any more than that. We agreed to it, but he has not signed the articles yet, or at least has not let us hear from him."

New York, Nov. 6.—Tom Sharkey, the sailor, matched to box Bob Fitzsimmons for a purse of \$10,000, has one necessary requisite to success, and that is confidence. In a letter to a friend just received from San Francisco, Sharkey says:

"Everything is finally settled for my coming fight with Fitzsimmons. I have just started to train at the Cliff house, Ocean Beach, near San Francisco. I was never better in my life and after five weeks' work I am confident of winning sure. You will smile and say all fighters talk that way before a contest. All who think different can bet against me and that will leave some nice pastebards to show after the fight. We meet December 2, and then everyone will know who is the best man. Your friend, Jack McLaughlin, is training at Barney Farley's for his match with Carroll, which takes place Nov. 12."

New York, Nov. 6.—There is an impression abroad in sporting circles that anybody can bluff Corbett now. The latest to try the game is the one-time champion, Peter Barry, who is training at Steve O'Donnell's. Dixon may be the next. O'Donnell's manager, Billy Madden, promulgated the following: "If the sporting public want to see whether Corbett has gone back or not, they will call to let Steve O'Donnell fight Barry for ten or fifteen scientific rounds or as hard as Corbett pleases. O'Donnell has always held his own when boxing with Corbett and he could have done better had he not been under salary to the champion."

Madden especially has a poor opinion of Corbett, especially considering O'Donnell's limited bout in Philadelphia the other night with a fourth-rate negro boxer named Walter Johnson. Johnson was afraid of O'Donnell in the first round, but seeing in the second the fear which I know O'Donnell has, he braved it and made the big Australian tired.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Mr. Justice Taschereau Granted Further Leave of Absence.

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—Special—Hon. Mr. Justice Taschereau, of the Supreme Court bench, who is in the south of France, has applied for, and has been granted, extended leave of absence by the government.

Work on the new opera house will commence early in the spring. The site chosen is immediately in the rear of the Russell House and facing the City Hall square.

The Robinson agreement appeal, involving thousands of dollars to either Ontario or the Dominion, will be argued in England next week. Hon. Mr. Blake and Mr. A. Emilius Irving will represent Ontario.

FRANCE AND CURRENCY.

She is Not Negotiating for an International Agreement.

Paris, Nov. 7.—The Matin, commenting on the interview on Wednesday last between a representative of the Associated Press and M. Ribot, former premier of France, denies that France is negotiating for the opening of negotiations for an international agreement on the currency question.

FOUGHT A DUEL.

Son of the Late Louis Kossuth Seriously Wounded.

Buda Pesth, Nov. 7.—Francis Kossuth, son of the late Louis Kossuth, the great Hungarian leader, and Gabriel Ugreon, formerly leader of the opposition, fought a duel with swords. The former was wounded, receiving a sharp cut in the right arm. Ugreon was slightly scratched.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all other ailments arising from a weak and exhausted system, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send this receipt to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using, sent by the post free of charge, with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Nores, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Walter Oakley, of the N. P. R., Tacoma, is organized at the Diatri.

Reasons why Shorey's Clothing is the Best. Because Shoreys are the only manufacturers of clothing who guarantee their work and their guarantee is as good as gold. All their materials are Sponged and Shrunk and will not shrink or spot with rain. Their Bicycle Suits are up-to-date models of comfort and are all Right Proofed. They Rigby Waterproof all their Spring and Fall Overcoats and make no extra charge for it. Everybody is asking for Shorey's clothing but sometimes dealers try to persuade people to take inferior goods. Look in the pocket for Shorey's Guarantee Ticket.

There's Music in the Air. I hear LOW PRICES sing cash. Query by the Rev. Lucas: "Is tea an intoxicating beverage?" Falstaff: "Certainly; it is drunk." We say exultantly: "We are making special efforts to please your taste in Tea and Base Your Parole. A direct shipment of 1896 Crop of Assam, Ceylon and Oongoa. Try our Golden Blend at 48c." Snowflake Flour \$1.25 Oglvie's Hungarian 1.45 Bird's Egg Powder 25 " Custard 25 Kipperetts 25 Cream Sodas 25

Dixie H. Ross & Co. Government Street.

MR. SORBY EXPLAINS.

His Plan of Excavating the Harbor to a Depth of Thirty Feet.

The Council of the Board of Trade Will Consider the Scheme.

The council of the Board of Trade held a special meeting last evening to consider Mr. Sorby's harbor improvement scheme. There were present President Ker and Messrs. Fletcher, Templeman, H. C. Macaulay, L. Crease, A. H. Scaife, C. Hayward and Pearson.

Mr. Sorby clearly explained his plan for dredging the harbor, the gist of his remarks being along the lines laid down in his letters published in the press. He showed what had been done in Montreal to improve the harbor and pointed out the immense advantage improved harbor facilities would be to Victoria. Mr. Hayward wished to know what provision would be made for surface water and the streams running into the Arm during the work of dredging out the harbor.

Mr. Sorby replied that he expected the work of dredging to begin in May, when the water was low. Above the dam that is to be built at the E. & N. bridge, it would take seven months for the surface water to rise to high water mark. In that time Mr. Sorby expected that the work of dredging would be completed. Provisions had been made in his estimates for a drain from the head of the Arm to Esquimalt harbor if necessary to carry off surface water.

Mr. Crease asked about the sanitary arrangements during the work, and Mr. Sorby answered that the only difficulty to be encountered was the Johnson street sewer, which could be easily regulated so as to preclude a nuisance.

In answer to a question, Mr. Sorby said that the harbor could be deepened by the Lobnitz plan, by which the rocks could be removed from under the water by rock cutting rams, but they would take nearly ten years to complete and the cost would be about the same as that for the scheme he proposed.

Mr. Scaife remarked that it was stated that the scheme was ahead of the city and a crasy proposition for a city the size of Victoria to undertake. Mr. Sorby held that people did not see the necessity for a sewing machine until it was made, nor was there any demand for bicycles until manufactured. Mr. Crease—But you cannot hawk a hammer around the world and sell it. (Laughter.) Mr. Sorby—But you can hawk the commerce increased by better harbor facilities.

Mr. Crease also pointed out that the statement was also made that Mr. Sorby's figures were misleading as far as they instituted a comparison between Victoria's annual tonnage and that of Montreal. The immense shipping trade from the inland lakes to the latter place was not included.

Mr. Sorby stated that the coasting trade of Victoria was also excluded. The figures for both cities were for seafaring vessels only. This tonnage was not used in any way as a basis for calculation but simply as a comparison. After further questions and answers Mr. Sorby was accorded a vote of thanks for his clear explanation of the harbor. The council will further consider the matter at its next regular meeting, when a decision will be arrived at as to whether the proposition will be endorsed or not.

CANADIAN TRADE.

General Trade Throughout the Dominion Remains Quiet.

New York, Nov. 6.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: "General trade remains quiet, although the Montreal reports say that the result of the election in the United States has inspired a better feeling among Canadian merchants. Mercantile collections have improved throughout the province of Quebec. Unfavorable weather at Toronto and elsewhere in Ontario has served to make trade quiet, although collections in that province have also improved."

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER PURE & WHOLESOME. ALL GOES... "Merry as a Marriage Bell" IN HOMES WHERE White Star Baking Powder IS USED. For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder. WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA.

Weakens... Fluid Beef... Cabinet... Called Upon... as the Next... Special to a morning... at work here... for President... the names men... to John C... attorney-general... that McKinley... and tender the... department to... the latter was the... combination at... her hand, how... election to a... ty-fifth congress... ble to the man... eaker Reed, ac... fixers, stands... he would make... state. Such an... popular in the... in particular... Americanism of... Senator Hoar... also mention... department of... of Iowa; Davis... erman, of Ohio... this position at... or Sherman is... a with the treat... erment, is men... the war depart... secretary under... in the same... Gen. Alger, of... ted. Represent... ex-Senator...aska, has also... ing among the... of war. ... of Maine, is... ecretary of the... Mr. McKinley... this place bet... congressman... net the west is... d a very popu... general is that... ck of Wiscon... Republican con... There is some... for this port... lay Evans, of... defeated in his... by Mr. Ho... Merriam, of... gressman. La... also same in... department. ...retary Morton... agricultural de... man, and Gov... nimently men...

KOOTENAY RAILWAY

Delegates from the Boards of Trade Hold an Important Meeting at Vancouver.

Both Governments Will be Asked to Assist an Independent Line of Railway.

Delegates representing the Boards of Trade of Victoria, New Westminster and Vancouver, met in the Board of Trade rooms, Vancouver, on Saturday, those present being D. R. Ker, president of the Victoria Board of Trade, and A. C. Flumerfelt and G. Leiser; G. E. Corbould, Q.C., and John Hendry, S.K., secretary, and J. C. Campion, of the Vancouver Board of Trade. Mr. Corbould, who presided, stated that the meeting had been called to discuss the question of a railway being built to the Kootenay country from the coast, and pointed out that the main question was to see that the franchise was placed in proper and trustworthy hands.

Mr. Flumerfelt gave many reasons in favor of an independent line of railway from the coast to Kootenay. He referred to the agitation in favor of the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass line from Lethbridge to Nelson, and the advantages it would confer upon the people residing along its route. But unless there was some understanding as to the rates of transportation to and from the coast, the anticipations of the shippers and the people generally, if public aid was to be extended to those building the line there must be such safeguards adopted as would protect the interests of the people. So far as the line from the coast was concerned, he had expressed his views at a meeting of the Victoria Board of Trade and still he held these, which were that the line was one of urgent necessity and in the interest of the public and especially to those of a very important section of this province. The road had to be built and the question now was how to best accomplish the end all had so much at heart. He favored the idea of making the rates to all points on the coast common ones. The matter of transportation rates was a vital one and such an arrangement would safeguard the people's interests and be taken by the government before rendering public assistance to any company. He then instanced the case of Manitoba, and how the people there had been treated by the Northern Pacific and other railways. He believed the only way by which public aid could be given to any company would be a yearly money grant extending over a period of say 20 years and to be regarded as an equivalent for carrying Her Majesty's mails and other obligations. Nowadays a land grant was of very little account or aid in floating a scheme of such a character as this one will be. He again stated that any feasible scheme looking to the building of an independent line from the coast into Kootenay would receive his support.

Mr. Corbould stated that a charter was to be applied for to build an independent line from the coast to the Columbia river, and it would be an independent one, such as the people were clamoring for. It was moved by G. Leiser, seconded by W. Godfrey, that the secretary should forthwith communicate with the provincial government, asking what time would be convenient to meet the joint committee to discuss the question of railway communication from the coast to Kootenay. The mover spoke briefly in support of his resolution pointing out the advantages to be derived from such a line and the necessity for making it an independent corporation.

J. C. McLagan made a few appreciative remarks, in which he recited some facts he had ascertained whilst in the East concerning the Crow's Nest Pass, and the sentiments entertained throughout the Kootenay in regard to closer connection with the coast and the intensity of the possibilities for trade with Kootenay and the route of the proposed new railway.

Mr. Hendry thought that the eastern people would work with them as regards the Dominion government, as it was thought by some that Eastern Kootenay would turn out to be the richest portion of the province. Mr. Leiser pointed out that the East was fighting for a share of the trade and so was British Columbia, but he did not think the coast section of the province could be deprived of its just and natural rights. The chairman said that the greatest opposition to the line would not be from the C.P.R., but from eastern merchants. He felt sure enough pressure would be brought to bear upon the government to grant a franchise for the line to a British Columbia company.

D. R. Ker said that it would be in our interests to work for the construction of the line with the other line, as it was absolutely necessary; as pointed out by Mr. McLagan, there existed in East Kootenay the coal wherefrom to smelt the low grade ores. He held that the government should build the line and so have it as an asset to the country. There was no doubt that it would pay, and there would be no loss. However, he was not in favor of the government building the line if a bona fide company would take it up and carry it to completion. Mr. Leiser said the idea was to leave out all unnecessary delay, and not to trouble their heads about what other people were doing. We should get to work on the scheme at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. Godfrey said that he thought they should meet the people who have a charter and ascertain their bona fides. If all was right with them then it would be the duty of all to co-operate with them. At this stage the following resolutions were moved by Messrs. Godfrey and Leiser and carried: "Resolved, that having carefully considered the necessity of constructing a line of railway from the coast into the district of Kootenay and thereby bringing the great mining trade of the southeastern part of British Columbia to the

coast cities by the shortest possible routes; be it therefore resolved that the provincial and Dominion governments be asked to grant a charter and assist at any properly organized scheme and independent line of railway from the coast to the Columbia river; and that they will do everything possible to see that the line may be constructed at the earliest possible moment; and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the respective governments."

Mr. Flumerfelt said that there was enough market for the East here in all conscience. In 1894 the province imported \$2,422,000 worth of goods from the United States, on which \$218,000 was paid in duty. In meat \$40,000 worth was imported; lard \$11,000, bacon \$285,000. It was simply appalling. Who for better the amount was 111,522 lbs.; cheese \$1,000 odd lbs.; eggs 12,742 dozen. Did not that substantiate the fact that there was a big enough market here for the East to supply?

The following resolutions were also carried, moved by Mr. Campion, seconded by Mr. Flumerfelt: "Resolved, that the companies who have applied for charters to build roads to Kootenay from the coast, be asked to appoint representatives to confer with the committee in Victoria prior to the proposed interview with the provincial government."

It was moved by Mr. Flumerfelt, seconded by Mr. Campion: "Resolved, that the cities of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo be asked to endorse, by way of resolutions, any properly guaranteed scheme for an independent railway from the coast into Kootenay."

Mr. Godfrey expressed the pleasure it gave the Vancouver Board of Trade to have representatives of other provincial boards present, and trusted that on many future occasions they would meet and confer together, after which the meeting adjourned. Among other business transacted at the foregoing meeting of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council on Friday evening was the passing of the following resolution, which was moved by George Bartley and seconded by Mr. Holmes, viz: "That while this council favors the government, or national, agreement, being dropped, the company agreeing to pay Dr. Dawson's expenses."

W. G. Pinder complained to the police this morning that someone had celebrated Halloween on Oct. 31st by stealing the gate from his residence on Cook street. He afterwards found it freed with the gate and state his differences were not accepted. He lectures this evening in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on the subject, "How Shall We Raise the Revenue?"

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Those people who refuse to believe that the Chinese are bleeding the province should have been in the Bank of British Columbia this morning. The public office of the bank was crowded with laboring class men, most of them of the Chinese race, who were sending money to China. This is the China mail day, and besides the rate was lower than usual.

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enthusiasm of old prospectors and many are packing their blankets preparatory to going to this new Eldorado. So impressed were Messrs. John Mahler, F. B. Young, T. Glabom and other Nanaimo men with the richness of the Texada claims that they have bought the same and have been incorporated as the Lorinda Gold Mining Company. The capital stock is \$300,000, divided into \$1 shares. Fifty thousand of these have been placed on the market for the purpose of securing money to further develop the property. Samples of the rich ore may be seen at George Shedden & Co.'s office, Troncau alley.

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In all probability Hon. Robt. Watson of the Manitoba government will accompany Hon. Mr. Tarte on his visit to the coast as long as he last fall. Mr. Watson stated that he intended taking a trip to British Columbia, and from reports he will avail himself of this opportunity.

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DAY'S SHIPPING NEWS

Empress of Japan Leaves for Yokohama and Hongkong This Evening.

C. J. Spratt's New Tug, Christened the Ozar—Danube Returned from the North.

Mr. Charles J. V. Spratt's new tug, which was launched from the Star ways on Saturday afternoon, has been christened the Ozar. In the construction of the hull, Mr. T. Tracey, the builder, employed nothing but skilled workmen, and the result is that everything about the vessel is neat and substantial. The Ozar, which was designed by Mr. W. J. Stephens, the well known ship miller, is a very pretty model, and with suitable machinery, should make a fast and convenient tow boat. Her dimensions are 110 feet, with 20 feet and depth 12 feet. The Ozar was taken to Spratt's wharf, where the hull was to be erected and the boiler and engine placed in position. The boiler was built at the foundry of Mr. Thomas Shaw, and will carry a pressure of 160 pounds. Messrs. Spratt & Gray's foundry supplies the other machinery. The Ozar will likely go into commission early in January, her officers having been selected as follows: Captain, Andrew Christensen; Mate, T. Whalen; Chief Engineer, Mr. McKay; and Assistant Engineer, Mr. Ritchie.

Early this morning the C.P.N. company's steamer Danube returned from Nass river and way ports with a large number of passengers, 20,500 cases of salmon and considerable general merchandise. The salmon list was made up as follows: Cunningham's, 561 cases; Drayne's, 1070; B. C. Packing Co., 590; B. A. Co., 3468; Balmoral, 4155; Windsor, 2237; Inverness, 1328; North Pacific, 1790. Among the passengers were Capt. Black and party who spent the night in the Omineca district. The Danube was beached at Whisky Bay to have her bottom scraped.

This evening the C.P.R. lines Empress of Japan will call at the outer wharf on her way to the Orient. She will carry a number of salmon passengers from Vancouver, and about 1300 Chinese will board her here. She will also carry a full cargo of merchandise, including a shipment of 2,000 cases of salmon from the outer wharf.

The Boscowitz returned from the North on Saturday with cargo of salmon. She experienced very rough weather on the way down. This morning the ship Two Brothers passed up to Departure Bay in tow of the tug Active. She will load coal for San Francisco.

The salmon bark Orealla, Captain Stuart, left for sea to-day in tow of the tug Tacoma.

The annual meeting of the British Columbia intermediate football association was held on Saturday evening in the Y.M.C.A. rooms. Delegates were present from the Victoria, Y.M.C.A. and Junior Wanderers and the Northfield Violets. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, J. G. Brown; vice-president, Campbell; secretary-treasurer, W. Pedden, (re-elected). The rules of the game as played heretofore were again adopted with the exception of the throwing in from touch, in which the new English rule will be adopted. The drawings for the series of matches resulted as follows: The first match to be played on or before the 19th of December between the Northfield Violets and the Victoria Junior Wanderers, the match to be played in Victoria. The Y.M.C.A. team got the bye. For the city matches Mr. R. McCann was appointed official referee and Messrs. Drummond and Dunsmuir were appointed to act in matches played at Northfield. All the city matches for Saturday were cancelled owing to the wet weather.

A LOCAL EVENT. The success which attended the last series of boxing matches under the management of the Victoria Athletic club, has resulted in the arranging of another entertaining boxing tournament on Wednesday evening, the 18th instant. The programme as outlined already consists of three ten-round bouts between Maloney of H. M. S. Satellite and Alex. Hill of Victoria; Young Sparrow of the Satellite and Baxter of the Imperieuse; Taff James of the Satellite and Tobin of the Imperieuse. The first bout is set for 9 o'clock sharp. Sparrow and James of the Satellite have been winning all contests for points, and Baxter and Tobin of the Imperieuse, who were appointed to uphold the honor of the navy. The management wish it distinctly understood that the contests taking place under the auspices of the Victoria Athletic club are in no way "prize-fights," but bouts for points, pure and simple. Tickets for next week's event can be obtained at The Grotto.

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THE DARDANELLES FORTS.

A British Officer's Description of Their Passage in 1878.

The universal interest excited by the reports of recent months that a British fleet or an American fleet was about to force the Dardanelles was caused many persons abroad to publish reminiscences of the time when the passage of the Straits was forced by Admiral Horatio Nelson on August 25, 1807. It was in 1807, 1818, for months England had been in a fever of excitement over the operations of the Russian troops against the Turks. The popular agitation became tumultuous as the reports of the Russian advance towards Constantinople were flashed across the continent. One day a false rumor that Russian soldiers had appeared in the suburbs of the Sultan's capital spread and brought to the doors of parliament a mob that howled for revenge and war, forced the admiral's hand, and operations had been laid before the naval authorities in London. It was as follows: "The Agincourt and Achilles were endeavoring to silence the guns in Fort Namagashah—the first of the Turkish forts—by the passage of a heavy mortar, which was twenty heavy Krupp and Armstrong's modern guns, time keeping far enough down the coast to be out of range of some old-fashioned monster bronze guns mounted at the Castle of Bahar, a little above and to the right of the Dardanelles. The Sultan was to undertake the destruction of the 50-ton Krupp gun at Fort Tchernak, and with their port guns at the same time to engage any forts on the European side which should open fire on them. The Switzer and Temeraire were, meanwhile, to pass on to the attack of the Medgidiah fort, the strongest of all the forts, mounting thirteen 64-pound Krupp guns, and to do an amphibious landing as possible until the other ships were free to go to their assistance. There remained in the fort of Nagara, two and a half miles further on, which would be dealt with as opportunity served when the others were engaged."

On February 12, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the admiral at last received an order to make his way into the Sea of Marmora. At daylight on February 13 he weighed anchor from Besika. There was a strong northeast wind at the time; it snowed, and the sea was very thick. How the passage was made is told thus in a letter from an officer aboard of the war ships: "Every precaution for active retaliation was made, the men being fully armed and stationed at quarters, and the tops filled with riflemen and Gatlings. Torpedo defences were prepared, water-tight doors closed, and the broadside guns loaded with full charges and shrapnel. Our orders were to make no hostile demonstration while the forts were opened fire cars was to be taken to fire only at the guns and batteries, and to injure the houses as little as possible. We neared the 50-ton Krupp mounted on the earthwork near Tchernak at the speed of eight knots, in the midst of a dense fog and a gale of wind and snow having to pass within 200 yards of this formidable piece, against whose shot armor would have proved of very little use. Had it opened fire, our orders were to dismount the gun and destroy the works round it. The admiral's order was to come on in a single line ahead on board every ship breathless silence reigned, broken only by the dull thud, thud of the engines. At the guns stood their crews, one man ready to slip out the tompon, others to run the cut out while the captain of each gun stood immovable, hand in hand and outstretched, ready for that one jerk which would have sent an enormous shell flying on its deadly errand. Our hearts were in our mouths as the flagship came abreast of the monster gun; the puff of smoke, the flash, the reverberating crash were intently watched for, while every minute seemed a whole year. But nothing happened, and then the tension was relieved, for we had passed the mine line in peace."

"As the fleet proceeded after this the wind increased, the fog grew denser, the snow and sleet fell more thickly still, while the current ran dead against the ships. In these circumstances, and in this weather, where the narrowness of the Straits—where they contract to less than three-quarters of a mile across—traversed safely. After that came the forts of Zoula and Hamazieh, which also were passed in the same breathless silence as before. It was here that had been told that the Turkish torpedoes and submarine mines had been thickly sown right across the channel. But no, again all was well with us. Nothing occurred to bar our progress up the Straits, no torpedo or shell came crashing against our sides. Sestos was passed the guns were unloaded and the ammunition returned to the magazine, as were therefore the passage permanently widened to a general width of some two miles across."

Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, the present commander-in-chief of Great Britain's Mediterranean fleet, took part in the passage as commander of the Temeraire. "The numerous forts we passed between Kum Kalah and Gallipoli presented a most formidable appearance, and this was especially noticeable at Chantale where every ship that passed up to Constantinople must stop and have its papers inspected. The channel is not more than a mile in width at this point, and immediately opposite is Kilit-Bahar, also very strongly fortified. Both of these commanding positions now simply bristle with guns of every calibre, which would have to be silenced before any hostile ship could hope to pass them safely. Beyond all this there is no room for doubt that the fairway is plentifully sown with mines and torpedoes, and the only way of defence would in all probability, prove the most disastrous to any fleet rash enough to attempt a rush through."

On Thursday was celebrated the marriage of George Marshall and daughter of the Hon. Mr. G. Marshall. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. White at the residence of the bride's father in the presence of the contracting parties and a number of invited guests.

VERNON. Henry Ward Base, a public reading room, of heart trouble on Thursday. Several specimens of brought in from the claims on the summit of the mountain, show strong indications of one of the best of this district. Samples of the store of Mr. A. G. P. solid galena adhering to iron and copper pyrites, rock assayed went over silver, and the formation solid and unbroken. The claims are very promising and stocked and put on the early date. The Vernon Farmer sent out on Thursday farm produce to the city. Mr. S. Rae looking after the sale of Sandon and other mining properties are very plentiful in the vicinity of Lake large bags have recently local sportsmen.

MIDWAY. Midway Adv. Mr. Cordick is visiting town, and there is a prospect of a large party at Adams' group of claims. G. Sheehan and Fred developing the Mayflower of the Wide West, in C. Parties are negotiating to the claim and a deal is made in a few days. It is reported that the claim at Fairview has been sold to Mr. H. B. of a party who has also purchased claims on Fairview from Mr. Richard partners. The water is again being the Smeagler shaft at Fairview. The claim is being made to make an examination. It is said a cash to be the outcome of the parties are satisfied parties.

VANCOUVER. Vancouver wants a smelter and it greatly irritates the ore constantly passing the smelter. The fact that establishing a smelter is due to the difficulty of a good site within or close limits. Unless such a site is secured the grant of a bona fide smelter is a concession are asked by and other smelting capital to put up a plant in Vancouver. Some of the finest silver in the world is being taken from the Bondholder Mining ore is taken from the B. Two-Friends mining property. The ore is so rich that par the naked eye can be seen on the ground and the fact that shipping now and the B. company have sent a large haul to the mine to ship to the coast. The company has a road a few miles long can make it from the government road to the coast a distance of three and a half miles. The fact that thirty men are employed in the mine is a sign of the B. The announcement is that Johann Wulffsohn has resigned his position for some firm of Wylfsohn, Bewick, Mr. R. Byron Johnson has been appointed manager in his stead. The milk vendors of the looked more closely after their property. Medical Health. Thomas has called the at board of the fact that standard 3.5 per cent of being sold, and as milk she a percentage is practically unless adulterated he would be compelled to keep mark.

James McFee slipped on and broke his leg. He is in the city hospital, where he is being attended to. Mr. McFee has been brought to the city hospital, where he is being attended to. Mr. McFee has been brought to the city hospital, where he is being attended to.

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British Columbia

Large quantities of fish daily coming to town from the river boats.

British Columbia

CHILLIWACK

Large quantities of farm produce are daily coming to town for shipment on the river boats.

It is arranged that a deputation composed of the municipal council and others, meet the Hon. Mr. Tarte on arrival of the boat at Sumas and escort him through the entire valley.

Hay is in better demand below the last few days and the market has an upward tendency.

On Thursday was celebrated the marriage of George Marshall to Bertha, second daughter of Jonathan Reice.

VERNON

Henry Ward Base, custodian of the public reading room, died suddenly of heart trouble on Thursday.

Several specimens of fish recently taken from the newly-located claims on the summit of the B X mountain, show strong indications that the find is one of the best yet discovered in this district.

The Vernon Farmers' Association sent out on Thursday another car of farm produce to Mr. Frank French, their agent at Trail, who has disposed of two cars for them within the last few days.

MIDWAY

Mr. Cordick is visiting Kruger mountains and there is a prospect of a good deal of work being done on Captain Adams' group of claims this winter.

VANCOUVER

Vancover wants a smelter very badly, and is greatly irritating the people to see one constantly proposed on the route to Tacoma for smelting.

Some of the finest silver ore ever seen in Vancouver, B. C., is on exhibition at the offices of C. T. Dunbar, president of the Bondholder Mining Company.

The Grand Cache company are building a road as fast as men and money can be procured from the terms of the government and the company's mines, at a distance of three and a half miles from W. Patterson, who has the contract has thirty men employed.

An interesting case came up at the court. The information alleges that A. M. Bullock, of the city of Vancouver on August 14th did carry on a business of insurance on behalf of the Citizens' Fire Insurance Company,

of Columbia, S.C., without the said company first obtaining a license from the Minister of Finance of Canada to carry on business in Canada.

It is reported that a considerable strike in smelting ore has been made at Jarvis Island.

Mr. Frank Devlin, Indian agent, who has just returned from a trip to Pemberton Meadows, says the high water this season flooded a large area of the land owned by the Indians in that district and destroyed their crops, consequently government aid will have to be given to some of the older Indians this winter.

A few days ago Fisheries Inspector McNab received three white fish which had been caught with a line in Pitt lake.

The citizens of Rossland attended in mass to the public meeting held in the house last night, which was done and the city is now a part of being incorporated at the next session of the local house.

Messrs. J. E. Stark and W. Edwards left to-day for their mineral claims about ten miles beyond the last Nana mo Lake. Mr. R. O. Guest left yesterday with provisions for five months, and Mr. Stark took 300 pounds of dynamite as well as other supplies.

Steel has been laid on the Red Mountain railway almost to opposite the O.K. mine. By November 15th, if the weather continues favorable, the track will reach the city.

Mr. Ralph E. Blewett, of the Van Ande Mining Company, came down from Newgate to Spokane on Saturday on his way south to buy some \$1,500 worth of machinery to place on the mine.

This week there was brought in from the Salmon small pieces of oxidized surface rock, showing free silver in beads and flakes among a soft decomposed rock.

A mining section to which some attention has been given this year, but more will likely be next, is Cayuse creek, a parallel valley about three miles south of Deer Park, on the east side of Arrow lake.

The buildings are to be located near the Brunette mills. The necessary piling is being done by Dan McGilgarry. The machinery is now being secured by the company's manager in San Francisco.

At the quarterly meeting of the B. C. Fruit Growers' Association held at Chilliwack, the principal business consisted of a discussion as to the best means of securing a profitable return from the co-operative system of fruit shipping.

At the conclusion of the assizes the judge sentenced the prisoners as follows: Alva Chiu, three years imprisonment; Wing Lee, three years; Chung Dai, two years; Peterson, two years; Egrude, two years; all in the penitentiary.

Two French engineers, with credentials from the French government, arrived here to-day. Their mission is to report to their government on the mineral resources of Trail Creek and the district.

Mr. D. B. Boble, a well known newspaper man in Kootenay, to-day bonded for \$75,000 a group of two claims on Big Sheep creek, about six miles from Rossland.

Chief Mackley has handed in to Secretary Fagan the resignation of fifteen members of the department. They give as their reason that should a fire break out they will be blamed for their work.

Customs for the month of October at Rossland amounted to \$11,217.15, the highest of any month yet. As this is an average of over \$400 a day and as invoices have been checked with customs entries some idea of the amount of work done at the Rossland office may be got.

Steel has been laid on the Red Mountain railway almost to opposite the O.K. mine. By November 15th, if the weather continues favorable, the track will reach the city.

Eight men are working on the Silver Bell, a property recently incorporated in the south belt. They are sinking on the vein, and at a comparatively small depth have revealed a nice body of ore, carrying gold, silver and copper.

A mining section to which some attention has been given this year, but more will likely be next, is Cayuse creek, a parallel valley about three miles south of Deer Park, on the east side of Arrow lake.

fine samples of arsenical iron from the North Belle, which adjoins the Fair West, both of which they own. Cayuse Creek is described as having some zinc showing of iron caping, practically a whole mountain of it, it is not surmised that the whole of it covers a body of ore.

Mr. E. Wood left on the 5th inst. for his home at Gordon Head. He was greatly esteemed by all whom he came in contact with.

Mr. A. R. Blaincourt has completed the erection of Mr. Mansell's new cottage. The building of the creamery and cheese factory by Messrs. Bullock and Collins is progressing.

Mr. P. Lalic and party are away on another prospecting trip to the Skeena river in a sail boat.

Mr. George Cunningham and Mr. H. Kirby, of Skeena River, are spending a few days here.

The Glad Tidings after her arrival from Bella Coola left for Georgetown, where she will lay up for the winter.

Mr. Ashdown Green was the only passenger here for the Danube.

Bella Coola. Oct. 28.—A cannon ball, 6 inches in diameter was found in the centre of an old cedar tree the other day by Frank Jacobson, while working near the water front.

Methodists opened their new church, Rev. Mr. Betts, of Victoria, preached both morning and evening. The church is a very comfortable and attractive looking building, and had, so the pastor stated, only \$170 remaining unpaid when the dedication took place.

Mr. Hazreaves, surveyor, was up here on Friday last, laying out a site for a lighthouse on Bare Point, which our present government, seeing the extreme need of a lighthouse, ordered to be placed at once.

Robert H. Allan moved into his new house last week.

Prospectors are coming down from the higher points and are preparing for a few weeks' activity down the canal as well as the first break in the weather occurs. Several rich finds down there are looking well, and parties of prospectors are quietly pulling out for that locality.

The Grand Forks Mining Company are commencing work on the Indian Queen, one of the three claims in their group.

hour and dispersed feeling well paid for their attendance. Several parties were disappointed probably as the much expected dance did not come off.

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Grand Forks. Grand Forks Miner.

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John Layoux, one of the owners of the Little Giant claim, some two miles north of the town, reports having struck pay ore at a depth of eight feet.

The well known properties, the Ellen, Lizzie B and Glasgow, in Summit camp, are being stocked in Spokane, the incorporators being Messrs. McCallum, A. L. McDonald, of Grand Forks, and W. W. Saunders, of Spokane.

ating for the sale of this property, the purchaser being an English capitalist.

A recent assay taken from the surface croppings of the Berlin claim, one and a half miles north of the town shows a return of \$8 in gold.

Dillon's camp is some 25 miles up the North Fork in the Blownout Mountain district. The country for twenty miles down the North Fork to Lynch creek is well staked out on both sides of the river.

There will be more development work carried on in the various camps this winter than was usually expected several weeks ago.

This week Messrs. Hay and McCallum completed arrangements to organize the Bonanza Mountain Gold Mining Company to operate four claims in Knight's camp, up the North Fork.

These properties are the Bonanza, Colorado, Nevada and Mountain View.

Pass creek on the east side of the mountain rises above the clouds and from its summit a good view can be had of the surrounding country for fully 20 miles around.

NICKNAMED 'THE BUTCHER.'

Character of the Man Who Will Try to Subdue the Philippine Rebellion.

Madrid, Nov. 6.—General Camillo Polavieja, who succeeds General Blanco as governor-general of the Philippine Islands has had considerable experience in Cuba, where he was nicknamed 'the butcher.'

HEAVY CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES.

Arising Out of a Collision Between Atlantic Liners.

New York, Nov. 9.—One of the largest libels ever filed in the U. S. State court of this district was decided by Judge Addison Brown. It was brought by La Compagnie Generale Trans-Atlantique for damages resulting from the collision between the steamship La Bourgeois of the French line, and the Atlas of the Atlas steamship company.

STARTLING CONFESSION.

Letters Which May Secure the Release of Rogers.

Middletown, Conn., Nov. 7.—By a somewhat startling announcement to-day Rev. Hall C. Rogers, the Canadian woodchopper recently found guilty of murder in the second degree of Timothy Parmelee Colbalt, and sentenced to life imprisonment, secured a postponement to-day of the hearing on motion for a new trial.

London, Nov. 7.—The Saturday Review publishes an article to-day on Canada and the imperial customs union, in which it calls attention to the "spirit of dissatisfaction with the empire which is at work in the Dominion of Canada."

Canada's peculiar geographical position regarding the United States is a natural aid to the proposal of a free spirit, and annexation to the United States would be the logical outcome.

LAWRENCE'S STORY

He Denies the Various Allegations Made by the Prosecution.

Mill Tests, Assays and Other Events of the Deal Explained.

Before Magistrate Macrae this morning the case of J. A. Lawrence, accused of having obtained money from Captain A. E. McCallum by false pretences, was continued.

John Alfred Lawrence, who was on the witness stand this morning, said he was a rent collector and had been engaged in selling property for other people to a large extent.

When the court resumed this afternoon Mr. Lawrence continued his evidence. Regarding the interview in his house on October 3rd, when the furniture was broken, witness said that when Capt. McCallum produced the letter he had written, already referred to in the Times, he told him that it was a lie from beginning to end.

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had done the \$500 worth of work necessary to obtain a crown grant. Witness, asked if this would not be a swindle on the government.

During the three or four months in which he had known McCallum, witness said he had received about a hundred letters. He was very sorry he destroyed them, as he would, had he kept them, been able to show McCallum in his true light.

Witness said he foolishly fell into the arrangement, and that same afternoon told Donaldson that a mill test had been made in Seattle of 700 or 300 pounds of ore taken from the dump at Goldstream, Donaldson said he did not believe it. When out at the mine Donaldson wanted to know when the ore had been taken from the mill test.

Witness then acknowledged that no mill test had taken place. He would talk later of having a mill test made in San Francisco. Some rock was produced in court, from which the witness said the piece was knocked from which the high assays were made.

Witness said he was considerably surprised when he saw the high assays, and told his friends to keep their ears open, as he believed that the mine had been salted.

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NEW MINING COMPANIES.

Ten New Companies Incorporated During the Week.

Ten new mining companies, with a total capitalization of \$7,385,000 have been incorporated or registered during the past week.

Almota Gold Mining Company, of Victoria; with capital stock of \$1,000,000. Combination Mining and Milling Company, of Spokane; \$600,000. Eldon Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Spokane; \$1,000,000.

W. J. Cline, a well known contractor appeared in the city police court this morning to answer to a charge of obtaining money under false pretences, offered by George C. Shaw.

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FLETT-MACDONALD

Commander Ernest J. Flett and Miss Edyth Macdonald United in Marriage.

The Bride and Bridgroom the Recipients of Many Beautiful Presents.

The Church of Our Lord, R. E., was the scene of a very pretty and fashionable ceremony at 2:30 this afternoon, when Ernest J. Flett, commander of H. M. S. Icarus, and Miss Edyth Macdonald, second daughter of Senator W. J. Macdonald, Armadale, were united in marriage.

The ceremony was performed by Bishop Chidge, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Wilson. The bride entered the church on her father's arm and was attended by seven bridesmaids, her niece, Flora Hamilton Burns, who carried the train, and Miss Lillias Macdonald, Miss Pearce, Miss Criddle, Miss Devereux, Miss Pemberton and Miss Agnes Finlayson.

The ushers were Messrs. Lowenberg, Harris, Robertson and Wootton. The music, which was very pleasing and appropriate, had been arranged by Mr. Laundry.

After the ceremony, thirty bluejeans, as a mark of respect to their captain, drew the carriage containing the bride and groom from the church to Armadale, the residence of the bride's parents.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE LAWRENCE CASE.

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Twice-a-Week

SOMETHING

Premier Greenway to Repeal the Liquor License Act

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AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR.

DR. McCallum's BAKING POWDER

Most Perfect Made

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Justice Drake to-day gave judgment in Richards vs. Court Northern Light.

The action brought by the two Japs against Munn, Holland & Co., in respect to a claim for labor supplied in the Jordan mine came before Mr. Justice Walker this morning.

25 cents cures Catarrhal Headache. " " Incipient Catarrh. " " Hay Fever. " " Catarrh of the Throat. " " Cold in the head in 10 minutes. " " Foul Breath caused by Catarrh.

25 cents secures Carter's Little Liver Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

THE EXPERIENCE OF MR. GRANT

He Suffered Much From Rheumatism Especially During Spring and Autumn—Following a Neighbor's Advice—Brought About a Cure.

From the Kingston Whig.

One who has been released from years of suffering is always grateful to the person who has given him the medicine that has brought him relief.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache, which attend the attack of rheumatism, Carter's Little Liver Pills remove, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

THE BRIDE AND BRIDGROOM

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