

REFERENDUM VS. RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT

The Legislature Must Not Overturn the Constitution in Order to Let Mr. Ross Out of a Scrape---Deception and Duplicity Ahead.

Reprinted, with corrections and some slight additions, from The World of Feb. 10th, 1902.

The World desires to lay before the people of Ontario, the people of Canada, a full and frank statement concerning the prohibition muddle into which Mr. Ross has landed this province. We are less desirous of apportioning blame than we are of finding a way out of the difficulty. But we must be frank before anything else. If what we have to say on this question appears to be political or even partisan, it is not because we would have it so, but because those who are politicians have made it so. Having said this much, let us get to the issue itself: We are up against a most serious condition of affairs: we are threatened with a constitutional revolution; still worse, this progressive province, which ought to attract the highest class of immigrants, is liable to be avoided by them, and Ontario put in a wrong position before all the world; worst of all, that personal liberty which Englishmen love above anything else is to be assailed in a mad effort to cure an evil by a process which, to our mind, will only aggravate it.

The Hon. George W. Ross, as Premier of this province, as a member of the Hardy administration and the Mowat administration, has been trifling with and has fallen a victim of emotion and of sex! We know of no other way of describing what has happened to him. A large section of the ministers of the Gospel rely almost entirely on emotion in making their arguments in favor of right conduct, and are very largely supported by women in this course. Emotional arguments and appeals to sex are powerful instruments in their way, but ultimately they must be tested by what we call the reason of men. This prohibition issue as it presents itself to-day, and in which Mr. Ross has become entangled, is an issue with the reason of men on one side as against emotional arguments supported largely by the weaker sex on the other. When Mr. Ross and his party were seeking for votes, in order to keep themselves in power, they were constantly flirting with and later on committed themselves to the party of emotion and the party of sex, and gradually they gave pledges which they are now called upon to make good, and the realization of which pledges, as a matter of fact, antagonizes the saner and severer reason of men, and especially of men in business and of men who regard personal liberty as the greatest right of our race.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, too, was guilty of trifling with the prohibition section of the community, but he did not go quite so far as Mr. Ross. He was satisfied by getting on the platform and in grandiloquent way saying that, if he came to power, he would give the people a plebiscite on prohibition; which he did—and that was the end of it for him. He washed his hands of the whole business, and from that day to this he has kept very clear of it.

Mr. Ross, however, has persistently gone after the support of the temperance men and of the temperance women, no matter the cost, and gave the bond which he is now asked to fulfil. And there is to his mind, and to his intimate supporters and organs, no way of fulfilling it (and holding office), but by deception and immoral compacts! True good sense, self-respect, would have suggested to him another course than this. He knows now that provincial prohibition is bound to be a failure. He knows he has committed himself to emotional and sex considerations where he should have been governed by reason. Knowing these things, he should resign his office rather than attempt that which in his heart he does not believe, and which not one, or at the most only one, of his colleagues believes in, and which not six followers of his believe in! This being the case, we repeat that he should resign, and if not resign, then just one other course is open to him, and that is to confess his fault and put himself in the hands of his party and ask his party and the country to forgive what he now admits to have been a mistake. But he has chosen to do neither of these things; he persists in going on with the most radical and at the same time the maddest proposition that was ever presented to the Canadian people.

This being the case, there is only one thing to do, and that is to stop him here and now in his mad career, and this can be done in only one way, and that is by the opposition in the legislature preventing him from passing his prohibitory law under the circumstances in which it is to be presented. That the opposition can do by a legitimate system of obstruction; the life of the house does not extend beyond the end of March, and if Mr. Ross should have recourse to his questionable legislation of last year and attempt to extend the life of the legislature, in order to pass a bill with a referendum clause, and for which he has no popular mandate, then the reason is all the stronger for continuing the obstruction from now till Doomsday if necessary. But we imagine it will require only a very short and vigorous policy of opposition and obstruction to bring him to his senses, and compel him to drop both prohibition and the constitutional revolution which he proposes, until he has submitted this latter to the people.

And what is this constitutional revolution which he proposes? Simply this: that Mr. Ross, by reason of his entanglement with emotional and sex considerations, proposes to subvert the constitution. How do you make that out? In this way: that our government in this country is called responsible government, the idea being that whenever a radical change is proposed it can only take place thru a political party in office assuming the responsibility, not only for the passage of the law, but for its due enforcement, should that party and its administration be in power when the law becomes operative. We call this responsible government, and the Liberal party, of which Mr. Ross is a member, claim that they originated and vindicated this doctrine of responsible government and all that it implies. But Mr. Ross to-day is introducing a new system of government, substituting irresponsible government—by way of a referendum to the people—for responsible government. He is overturning the constitution. He proposes to subvert the constitution by offering a most radical law without himself or his party taking any responsibility whatever, without giving any guarantee to the people that the law is a good one, without showing how the law can be carried out, without any undertaking that he or his party will enforce it if they are in office; but shifting the burden of its passage and the responsibilities of its enforcement over to the people themselves. That, we say, is a most radical departure, and is a subversion of the constitution. At present the referendum is no part of our political system.

If Mr. Ross believes in prohibition, the sound constitutional way is to bring in the bill himself, supported by his party, carry it thru the legislature by that support, and use his party influence, if he is in office thereafter, to enforce the bill. And there is no other doctrine that we know of concerning government in this country but this. Mr. Ross, however, says there is another doctrine; that the people, who are irresponsible, can pass any kind of a law they like, even if the responsible government in office at the time does not believe in it, and that this same irresponsible people must be responsible for the administration of the law when it is passed!

Our contention is that before Mr. Ross can overturn the constitution of this country he must go to the people on the issue therein involved, and he must come back from the people with a mandate empowering him to alter the constitution and to legalize irresponsible government in the place of responsible government as we now have it. He must not even discuss the question of prohibition until the constitutional change proposed has been discussed and endorsed, if it can be endorsed, by the people. And until he has such mandate from the people, our whole contention is that it is the duty of the opposition, and of every man in the legislature, who is loyal to the constitution, to compel Mr. Ross to submit himself to the vote of the people on the constitutional change he proposes before he even attempts to submit a prohibitory law to the legislature.

If Mr. Ross pledged himself and his party to give a prohibitory law, they never pledged themselves, the one or the other, to overturn the constitution, to supplant responsible government by irresponsible government! Any one, any half dozen Liberals, not to say the whole Liberal party, would be justified in withdrawing their confidence from Mr. Ross for asking them to endorse a constitutional change to which neither they nor he is pledged!

If our readers have got this clear in their minds, our next contention is that even before this radical change of the constitution can be discussed by the people, Mr. Ross is bound to give the people adequate and full representation in the legislature which discusses it. The City of Toronto, as was pointed out not long ago, contains 10.4 per cent. of the population of this province, and on the Liberal doctrine of representation by population, is entitled to 10.4 per cent. of the representation in the legislature. As a matter of fact, we have only a little over 3 per cent. We have four members; we should have nine. The great new country to the north in this province is not properly represented in the legislature, and the representation all over ought to be corrected before a great question of a constitutional change is submitted to the people for consideration; and, therefore, we say that when Mr. Ross adjusts the representation of the country and gives proper representation to every section it is then his duty to go to the country on the constitutional issue of a referendum as against responsible government. Not for one moment will we listen to his pretence that the principle of referendum has been introduced into our system of government. It has not. We have adopted the principle in regard to municipalities and their money bylaws and the like, but we have never yet accepted that idea as applied to the personal liberties of the people, or for the conduct of public business where we have responsible government, and until such an idea has been fully discussed and endorsed by the people, and confirmed by the Crown, we condemn any radical departure in the principles of government, such as proposed by Mr. Ross. When and where was the referendum made a part of the British constitutional system?

And Mr. Whitney and his followers in the house will be equally guilty with Mr. Ross if they are party in any way, shape or form to any such subversion of the constitution, without first having been approved of by the people in a general election. Mr. Whitney and his followers, and the followers of Mr. Ross for that matter, will be justified in refusing to entertain a prohibitory law until he has submitted the constitutional issue.

Our whole contention, then, in a word, is: Do not give Mr. Ross one scrap of a prohibitory law except on the terms that he take full responsibility therefor and carry it by direct vote of the legislature—not shift the responsibility over to the people. We are still under responsible government. Mr. Ross proposes to abandon it. Do not let him abandon it until the people have had an opportunity of passing upon so radical a change.

And where is the cause of all this trouble? Simply as we said before, that Mr. Ross, having become entangled with considerations of emotion and sex, in order to save his political face, is now trying to subvert the constitution, and, what is almost as bad, is trying to carry his proposed bill by two utterly disreputable political acts. Neither he nor his party believe in prohibition, but they are trying to get out of the scrape by asking prohibitionists to vote for them because they are going to give a prohibitory law with a referendum string attached to it; and, in the second place, we make the solemn charge against them that they seek to deal with the liquor interests on the line that if they (the liquor men) leave them (the Liberals) alone, or, what is still better, help them thru the elections, the government and the government party will turn round and help them to defeat the prohibition law when it goes to the people in the shape of a referendum! We make these two charges, believing them to be true. The evidence of both is to be seen every day. Men whom we can characterize as nothing else than moral frauds, and who have been advocating prohibition for years for political purposes and saying that we must have a prohibitory law, are now going in and out among the temperance people and among the ministers of the Gospel, asking them to let Mr. Ross off with the bill that he proposes with the string to it, and even to support Mr. Ross because he is giving such a bill, while all the time they are saying that prohibition is an impossibility. They are both "jolly" the temperance party and holding out hopes to the liquor interest at the one and same time!

We give two specific instances of hundreds of them. One, namely, The Globe newspaper, which once professed to be a prohibitionist paper, which sent commissioners abroad to investigate the question, and which declared on these reports and on its own convictions, that the time had come for prohibition in Ontario, is now declaring every day that prohibition is an impossibility. And yet it is asking the prohibitionists of this province to support Mr. Ross in a measure which it says must be a failure; and once when it has gotten Mr. Ross over the election, with a majority, as it hopes, it is going to turn in all its forces and all its arguments to beat this same prohibitory law to death in the referendum. There is a second moral fraud in town connected with another paper doing the same thing. He was one of The Globe's commissioners to the States in connection with prohibition. He has been going in and out among the clergymen of this city telling them how a newspaper ought to be conducted on moral lines, and has been especially busy in steering the Methodist connection into Mr. Ross' camp. As a Grit emissary, he is trying to persuade the prohibitionists to vote for Mr. Ross, because he will give a prohibitory law and he is now engaged in trying to induce Methodists to vote for Mr. Ross, because the latter is giving a prohibitory law, with a string attached to it; while at the same time he is also declaring, notwithstanding his record as a Globe prohibition commissioner, that a prohibitory law is impossible of enforcement! Such men and papers are moral frauds. We have no other word for them, and the prohibitionists of this province should awaken to the fact that they are being humbugged by the agents of politicians, anxious to keep themselves in power. How can a man or paper be anything but a moral fraud, when he or it asks the thousands who honestly believe in prohibition to vote for Mr. Ross, because he is giving them a prohibition measure that, in the same or in the next column, they say is impossible of enforcement, and which they are bound to turn in and beat when it comes to the people?

We have no doubt that Mr. Ross and his wicked partners are willing to give a pledge that, once they are over the election, they will let the liquor interests have the better end of the stick in taking the vote on the referendum. The Liberals are old and experienced hands at manipulating the ballot box. The public have not forgotten how they allowed the anti-prohibitionists of Quebec to vote against prohibition for weeks after the day of the plebiscite! If there is anything that is fraudulent in Ontario, it is the ballot box, unless watched. What pledges have the prohibitionists that the boxes will be watched, and the voting honestly conducted in places where they cannot watch, and where its management is placed in the hands of men of the kind we know now manage it for the Liberal party?

Good Temperance People, read in another column of this paper of the ballot box frauds in London at the late mayoralty contest; recall the West Elgin frauds; recall the voting in Quebec at the prohibition plebiscite just referred to. This is what is in store for you. All the clever workers at the ballot box business from the Atlantic to the Pacific will be brought into Ontario when the prohibition referendum comes on—not by the liquor men, but by the politicians, who must get rid of prohibition by a cold throw-down, as they call it, as soon as Mr. Ross can get by the election successfully. That's where the politicians want to send you after they get your votes in the election!

And, going back for another moment to moral frauds connected with this question, can there be anything more immoral than the Rev. Mr. Macdonald, editor of The Westminster, leading Presbyterians up to vote for Ross and bogus prohibition, and the Rev. Dr. Grant of Kingston, who, for a consideration to his university, is telling Presbyterians that prohibition ought to be voted down in the referendum when it comes? Mr. Macdonald has been a Grit all his life, before he has been anything else, and Dr. Grant has been "a gentleman of adventure" ever since he came into this province from down beside the sea. He has turned up in every election, after having made a deal with any and every government that happened to be in power, irrespective of what its principles may have been. Dr. Courtice, editor of The Christian Guardian, on the contrary, we believe to be a most conscientious man; but he, and his paper also, The Christian Guardian, are being used to induce the Methodist body to vote for a prohibition stone when prohibition bread is asked for, as had been promised. So far Dr. Courtice has not seen thru the humbugging scheme that the politicians are working; so far he has not seen that the Quebec system of handling the ballot box in the plebiscite will also obtain in the Ontario referendum, once the election is over. And, speaking of prominent Methodists, we believe Senator Cox is honest in his opinion against the introduction of a prohibitory law, and so is Mr. J. W. Flavelle, who, we believe, is a Conservative and an ardent friend of abstinence, but who is opposed to prohibition because it would aggravate rather than cure what he admits is a crying evil. And another very prominent Methodist, and a man known from one end of Canada to the other, Mr. Timothy Eaton, is, we believe, opposed, like Mr. Flavelle, to a prohibitory law; but his name and one of his investments is being used without his knowledge, we believe, or without a due realization on his part, to the end of humbugging the Methodist body into supporting Mr. Ross over this election, and then throwing them down good and hard when the referendum takes place. The politicians have no hesitation in using any man or hurting his reputation if they can save their own political necks by the process. Even John Wesley and the mighty record of him that is present with us to-day is to be used to get Mr. Ross out of his trouble.

And, having said all this, have we nothing more to say? Yes. The World believes in temperance. It believes, above all things, in drink reform. It believes that a man is to be made temperate, or better still, an abstainer, by reason and example and not by law. And while we do not believe in a law of prohibition, we certainly do believe in a law of restriction, and the difference between the two is as wide as the difference between the poles. We are against the habit of treating. We are against an undue number of licensed houses in any municipality, we are against cheap licenses, we are against adulterated drink of any kind. We are in favor of a prohibited sale at late hours or on Saturday nights or on Sundays or holidays or election days, and we are in favor of higher licenses; in fact, we would not object to seeing them auctioned to the highest bidder. We are in favor of restriction up to the highest point where it is effective; but we are not for one moment in favor of a prohibition that means illicit sale, that means disrespect for law, that means injury to the country and to investments, and which, in this case, means a law passed by a change in the constitution not approved of by the people.

There is, consequently, only one duty for the opposition in the legislature to do at this stage, and that is to block Mr. Ross in his constitutional proposal. Make him "sit up," as the saying is; make him introduce the prohibitory law that he has promised as any other law is introduced, himself and the government taking full responsibility for it; or, if he insists on a radical change in the constitution in regard to such a law, the referendum to wit, let him first get the authority of the people for that radical change. Should he introduce so radical a departure, he is not entitled even to the estimates for the year; it is the stern and constitutional duty of the opposition, under the circumstances, to force him to appeal forthwith to the people on his conduct and on his revolutionary methods before he submits any drastic law by such methods, or before he is voted another dollar.

Mr. Ross, afraid of being pursued by the Preachers and the Women, would overturn the constitution, demoralize the country, wink at ballot box frauds on a stupendous scale, enlist in his service an army of moral frauds to deceive the Presbyterian and Methodist vote, divide the community into two raging camps, put the clock-back ten years—and all because of an insane desire that the Liberals should be forever in office, even if the heavens fall!

EULOGIZED JUDGE LISTER.

Action for Wrongful Dismissal in Civil Assizes.

In the Civil Assizes yesterday afternoon Chief Justice Meredith made feeling reference to the death of Mr. Justice Lister. The suddenness, said His Lordship, was more startling, because Judge Lister was in the prime of life, full of vigor, and gave promise of many years' service. The service of a useful life. Before his elevation he had devoted himself to public life. His great, good sense and his knowledge of people and of human affairs, made him a useful member of the judiciary. It will be difficult to fill his place. Those who met Judge Lister found him able and courteous. His relations with his fellow-members of the bench were of the most cordial character, and by them he will be greatly missed. "Looking at the suddenness of his death," concluded His Lordship, "we may well say, 'In the midst of life we are in death.'"

The action brought by W. R. Bird of this city against the William Green

YORK LIFE.

An action to recover on a \$1000 policy, was sent over to the next court.

London, Feb. 10.—Another change has taken place in the proprietorship of The Daily News of this city. George Cadbury has bought out his co-partners. A number of new departures are contemplated. A special feature will be made of social reform. Betting and turf news will be rigidly excluded from the paper, but the reporting of other sports will be continued.

FELL DOWN STAIRS.

Cornwall, Feb. 10.—Roach Way, an old man, aged 83 years, fell down stairs on Saturday night and broke his neck. The old man was following his nephew upstairs to retire, when he suddenly fell backwards, killing himself almost instantly.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25 cents.

TRIED ALL CATARRH REMEDIES.

Japanese Catarrh Cure the only one that cures. John Wiley, senior clerk for Mr. George W. Marshall, the Queen Street druggist, writes: "I believe I have been cured of my catarrh of the bladder by the use of your medicine. I had tried every remedy without effect until I used this one, which completely cured me. Several of our customers speak of it highly of it with the wonderful result that I have secured a box of your medicine, for sale from the G. & J. Company, Limited, 111 Church Street, Toronto."

"Judge of nothing at first sight."

A shoe may look well, and fit badly—may fit well and wear badly.

The shoe with a five year record, and the Makers' price stamped on sole is a sure thing, even if bought in the dark.

"The Slater Shoe"

Goodyear Welted

STORIES

Montreal (89 King St. W.) Agents in every city and town
Ottawa (123 Yonge St.)
London

EXEMPTION ON MACHINERY

Toronto Manufacturers Will Present a Memorial to the Government Asking for It.

CO-OPERATION OF OTHER PLACES

In Having Power of Exemption Vested in Municipal Councils—Favor a Northern Railway.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon of the Executive Committee of the Toronto Branch of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, it was decided to prepare a memorial for presentation to the legislature, requesting the exemption from taxation on machinery and plant. The memorial will point out the several disadvantages that manufacturers will labor under, owing to a taxation on machinery, and will urge the exemption as a protection to the manufacturer. It is granted, there is a possibility that Ontario may lose some of its industries, and it will also result in discouraging industry building. In this connection the association will forward letters to the municipalities in the province, placing the matter in a clear light, this step being the most advisable, owing to the opposition of many places outside of Toronto to the required exemption. The letter will state that the proposed law of having to secure a two-thirds vote of the municipalities to enact the legislation, as required, is an injustice. It is not an easy matter to secure the required vote, but in cities it is "practically impossible" to say the least. The manufacturers, to bring out so large a percentage of the population as to ensure the necessary majority. The municipalities will be asked to vest the power of exemption as formerly in the municipalities of the municipal council. The Toronto Board of Trade will be asked to co-operate with the association in forwarding a bill for the consideration of the government for the bringing forward of a bill for the consideration of the Legislature and Northern Ontario Railway.

MODERN STAGE DISCUSSED.

Minister Thinks It Pays No Attention to Ethical Influence.

The Toronto Ministerial Association yesterday listened to a paper by Rev. J. C. Speer on "The Ethical Outlook of the Modern Drama." Mr. Speer believed that theatres were run with regard only to the financial results and without the slightest regard to the ethical influence exerted. The object of too many theatres was to keep as near to the edge of the statute as possible. He attributed the immoral tone to the desire to cater to the public.

In the discussion which followed Rev. Mr. Peckley expressed the opinion that the paper was too severe. He contended that he had attended theatres, yet had never seen any cause for concern. He could see no objection to attending the question of amusement, but he made too prominent by the churches. Amusement was necessary to existence, and the feeling had gone abroad that to be religious meant to refrain from amusement.

Rev. W. H. Hincks believed that plays were not so clean as formerly, because clean plays were not popular.

A communication was read from the Trades and Labor Council commending upon the paper recently read by Rev. Mr. Peckley on "The Church in Relation to Labor." The Trades Council invited the Ministerial Association to hold a conference with them on the labor question.

A committee will enquire whether a Swedenborgian minister may be a member of the association.

The Indian and the Northwest.

A handsomely illustrated book just issued, and containing 115 pages of interesting historical data relating to the settlement of the Northwest, with fine half-tone engravings of Black Hawk, Sitting Bull, Red Cloud and other noted chiefs; Custer's battleground and ten colored map plates showing location of the various tribes dating back to 1700. A careful review of the book impresses one that it is a valued contribution to the history of these early pioneers, and should be in every library. Price, 25 cents per copy. Mailed postage prepaid upon receipt of this amount to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth-avenue, Chicago, Ill.

When washing greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder), will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

The Great Northern Railway Once More Takes the Lead.

In offering reduced rates to the Northwest, commencing March 1, and continuing daily thereafter until April 30, inclusive, cheap, one-way, second-class rates will be in effect to all points in the States of Montana, Washington, Oregon; also to Roseland, Nelson, Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and other points in British Columbia. Don't miss this opportunity of visiting the Golden Northwest to select a home for yourself. For rates, literature and all other particulars call on or write Charles W. Graves, district passenger agent, 6 West King-street (Room 12), Toronto, Ont.

Liquor, Tobacco and Morphine Habits.

A. McTAGGART, C.M., 75 Yonge Street, Toronto.

References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by:

Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario.

Hon. John P. D. D. Victoria College.

Rev. William C. D. D. St. George's College.

Rev. Father Ryan, St. Michael's Cathedral.

Rev. A. S. S. Bishop of Toronto.

Dr. McTaggart's Vegetable Remedies for the liquor, tobacco, morphine and other drug habits are beneficial, safe, pleasant, non-poisonous, no loss of confidence from business, and a certainty of cure. Consultation or correspondence invited. 207

DRY GOODS MEN COMPLAIN

Of Present Wording of Fire Insurance Policies and the Owner's Risk Clause.

THEY WANT THE LAWS AMENDED

Also That It Be Made Compulsory for Persons to Register All Chattel Mortgages.

The present wording of fire insurance policies and the owners' risk clause in the shipping bills are not favorable, says the wholesale drygoods section of the Board of Trade.

ITEM 1—A table of 200 pairs of Ladies' Knit Gloves, odd sizes and sizes \$1 and \$1.50, for 50c pair.

ITEM 2—Ties and lengths of Printed Lawns, Muslins, Organza and Chambray.

ITEM 3—Remnants of French Printed Flannels, 3/8 to 2 1/2 yards in each.

ITEM 4—Black and Colored Dress Fabric and Suiting Remnants, in coat, skirt, and gown lengths.

NOTE—All the above remnants are marked at immediate clearing prices—variety too numerous for listing.

ITEM 5—Foulard and other Light Fancy Silks, in lengths of 2 1/2 to 10 yards each.

ITEM 6—Spencer's values in Knit Dressing, represented in Table Cloth, Table Napkins, D'Oyleys, etc.

ITEM 7—Odd lengths of Shirtings, Pillow Cases, etc.

ITEM 8—Slightly soiled pairs of Blankets, also some odd numbers in White Quills.

ITEM 9—Ladies' Coats, Suits, Costumes, Walking Skirts, at very much reduced prices for the balance of the season.

ITEM 10—Children's Bebees and Reduced, in cloth and tweed.

ITEM 11—Washable Printed Dimity Wrappers, at one dollar each.

ITEM 12—Balance of stock of the celebrated "C. F." Corsets, in white, grey and black, at \$1 per pair.

ITEM 13—Splendid clear of good quality, White Canadian Underwear, at 50c.

New Goods Arriving

New Printed Cambrics and Lawns. New Colored Suitings. New Black Suitings.

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

JOHN CATTO & SON

King Street, Opposite the Postoffice.

TO PROTECT THE PRESIDENT.

Secretary of War Given Power to Provide Him With an Escort.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Senator Hoar, from the Committee on Judiciary, today favorably reported a bill for the protection of the President of the United States, the Vice-President and others.

The bill also provides that any person who shall violate the limits of the United States or any place subject to its jurisdiction, with the intent of killing the President or Vice-President, or any officer in line of succession, or who shall attempt to do so, shall be punished by death.

Refreshing Sleep COMES WHEN

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills ARE USED.

Miss Margaret Brown, 627 Colborne St., London, Ont., says: "My mother has been afflicted with nervousness and general debility for a long time. She suffered a great deal with insomnia, and found it almost impossible to sleep."

"I went to W. T. Strong's drug store and got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve pills, which she took, and derived so much benefit from them that I bought another box for her. They have done her a wonderful lot of good, making her nervous system much stronger, giving her restful sleep, and removing many other symptoms which previously distressed her."

"I can truly say that these pills are a great remedy for any one suffering from weak nerves, general debility, sleeplessness or heart troubles."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. a box or 3 for \$1.25, at all druggists.

FAVORITES OF GOVERNMENT.

In Ottawa George H. Watson, K.C., is named for Judgeship.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—George H. Watson, K.C., Toronto, is spoken of here as likely to succeed to the vacant Ontario Judgeship.

Mr. Charles Fitzpatrick will be sworn in to Mr. Morris as Minister of Justice, and Mr. H. G. Carroll as Solicitor-General.

It is the intention of Hon. David Mills to be sworn in as a Justice of the Supreme Court as soon as relieved of his Cabinet responsibilities, which will be when his successor is installed in office. The oath of office will be administered to the new judge by the Chief Justice.

"UNDER THE WEATHER"

You Can Never Be in This Condition if You Are a User of Malt Breakfast Food

"In the great majority of cases, 'under the weather' means that you are a victim of stomach troubles, indigestion, nervousness, depression and have little or no relish for your meals. Your difficulties have arisen from improper dieting, more especially at the morning meal. Starchy, heavy and indigestible foods put young and old 'under the weather.'"

Thousands who have used Malt Breakfast Food regularly at the morning meal have been happily delivered from an 'under-the-weather' condition, and blessed with perfect digestion, strong nerves and clear brain.

Malt Breakfast Food, owing to its precisely directed, carefully digested and quickly assimilated, one serving of this healing food contains as much nutriment as a dozen servings of oatmeal, wheat bran or cracked wheat. You are missing a daily treat if you are a stranger to Malt Breakfast Food. The humblest home can afford to use it. Your Grocer sells it.

Charged With Manslaughter.

Greenville, Pa., Feb. 10.—Percy Obear's Haggerty of the Broadhead Construction Company is in jail here, charged with manslaughter, in the death of a man and the injury of ten others in a blasting accident on the Pennsylvania and Lake Erie Railroad cut-off last Saturday. The prisoner touched off the fatal blast, but claims he gave the men in the pit the usual warning.

Rev. Dr. Thomas Better.

Rev. Dr. Thomas, pastor of Jarvis-street Baptist Church, who was taken suddenly ill on Saturday, died last night to be much improved.

For the Little Ones

Be Careful in the use of Cough Medicines for Children's Coughs and Colds.

Many analyses of cheap cough mixtures and cough and throat lozenges have clearly proven that a large proportion of them contain opiates.

The temporary relief which these cheap medicines often give in coughs and colds, especially with the little children, is because the opiate, by destroying the nerve sensation, the irritation in the throat, which causes the cough, is temporarily removed, but the real cause of the cold is not in any way removed by the opiate and will promptly return.

The best thing to use to remove the catarrhal secretion which causes the cold, the hoarseness and irritating cough, is a new preparation composed of antiseptics like Eucalyptol, Red Gum of Eucalyptus tree, Blood Root, etc., under name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which contain no opiate, cocaine or poisonous drug of any sort.

A mother living in Charleston, Mass., the happy possessor of four children, writes: "Every fall and winter I have laid in a stock of cough medicines, croup mixtures, and throat remedies for my little children, for somehow or other they never seemed to be free from colds, croup or sore throat."

"This fall I made a change in the usual program. I had myself been cured of an obstinate catarrh, from which I had suffered for years, by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and as they were pleasant to take I determined to try them with my children. Our family physician told me he knew them to be perfectly safe and nothing better could be taken. So I gave them to the children and have continued to do so ever since, whenever there is the least sign of croup or sore throat, and I no longer dread the approach of cold weather as I once did."

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets not only cured me of chronic nasal and throat catarrh, but they have saved me many an anxious night with my little ones."

Mr. A. R. Fernbank of Columbus, Ohio, says: "I suffered so many winters from Catarrh that I took it as a matter of course, and that nothing would cure it except a change of climate, which my business affairs would not permit me to take."

"My nostrils were almost always clogged up, and I had to breathe through the mouth, causing an inflamed, irritated throat. The thought of eating breakfast often nauseated me and the catarrh gradually getting into my stomach, took away my appetite and digestion."

"My druggist advised me to try a 50 cent box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because he said he had so many customers who had been cured of catarrh by the use of these tablets, and he felt he could honestly recommend them. I took his advice and used several boxes with results that surprised and delighted me."

"I always keep a box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in the house and the whole family use them freely on the first appearance of a cough or cold in the head."

"Which our children think there is nothing so safe and reliable as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets to ward off croup and colds, and with older people I have known of cases where the hearing had been seriously impaired by chronic catarrh cured entirely by this new remedy."

People who have used sprays, inhalers, salves, and washes for catarrh and have found how useless they are, will be agreeably surprised at the results following the use of a pleasant internal remedy in tablet form. Druggists everywhere admit that Stuart's Tablets, which they sell at 50 cents per package, is the safest, most effective and popular of all catarrh remedies.

YORK MUTUAL FIRE Insurance Company

157 Bay St. Toronto.

The Statement Presented at the Annual Meeting Held at the Head Office, Toronto, on February 10th, 1902, May Be Summarized as Follows:

TO THE MEMBERS: Gentlemen—Your Directors take pleasure in laying before you the Sixth Annual Statement of your Company, and must again congratulate you on the large increase of business and the handsome profit realized.

We have written during the year a gross amount of \$8,250,408.30, and after deducting expiries and cancellations, we have remaining on the 31st day of December, 1901, a net amount of \$5,098,869.03. Of this amount, \$2,844,541 was written on the Premium Note System, and \$2,414,328.03 on the Cash System.

Financial Statement for the Year Ending December 31st, 1901.

REVENUE ACCOUNT. To fire losses paid \$1,491,941.54. To rebates and cancellations \$12,000.00. To dividends to stockholders 2,485.16. To re-insurance 836.74. To goods, plans and office furniture 315.52. To commission to agents 6,356.09. To salaries, directors' and auditors' fees, rent, printing and all other expenses of management 2,608.01. By surplus on year's business 11,904.52. 40,201.30. \$40,201.30.

SURPLUS ACCOUNT. By Balance December 31st, 1901 \$2,739.67. LIABILITIES. To amount of unadjusted losses \$700.00. To stock capital paid up 12,000.00. By net assets for protection of policy-holders 220,084.16. \$232,784.16. ASSETS. By debentures on deposit with government \$20,000.00. By cash on hand and in bank 13,089.73. By agents' balances and bills receivable 1,423.73. By goods, plans and office furniture 428.17. By premium note capital 77,344.49. By subscribed capital stock 120,000.00. \$232,784.16.

Toronto, January 24th, 1902. To the Members of the York Mutual Fire Insurance Co.: Gentlemen—Your Auditors beg to report that they have examined the books and vouchers of your Company, and have pleasure in certifying to their correctness. The amount of cash in hand of Treasurer, and the balances to the credit of the Company in the Dominion Bank and Bank of Ottawa are correct. The other assets in the hands of the Treasurer are properly cared for. (Signed) ROBERT F. WILLIAMS, Auditors. GEO. S. HENRY, Auditors.

In order to enable you to realize the progress we have made since formation, we give you a statement of business done for the past six years, viz: Amt. in Force. Unassess. Prem. Note. Net Assets.

Dec 31st, 1896.. \$422,105 \$14,159.44 \$16,489.95 " 31st, 1897.. 898,543 30,051.27 32,255.38 " 31st, 1898.. 1,359,045 45,462.57 40,035.96 " 31st, 1899.. 1,943,908 57,423.81 176,759.78 " 31st, 1900.. 2,948,983 65,320.83 191,990.46 " 31st, 1901.. 5,098,869 77,344.49 220,084.16

A dividend of 6 per cent. was paid on the Subscribed Capital of the Company in 1901, and the same declared for the present year. Your Directors do not make any effort to dispose of the uncalculated shares (as authorized by you at last general meeting), as our surplus was sufficient for the present, but, considering our phenomenal progress, we may find it incumbent to do so this year.

Before closing this report, we would again cordially thank our Agents for their continued support and loyalty, knowing our future prosperity (as well as in the past) is largely due to the caution and judgment exercised by them in writing. We believe we have a staff far above the average. (Signed) W. J. HILL, President. At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors W. J. Hill was re-elected President, and D. Evans Vice-President; J. G. Wilgar, Secretary; W. J. Hill, President.

The Power of Music

binds a man to his own fireside, binds a family together in union. A child should be taught to play while young. Every woman, every man should own a piano. Many choose a

"MORRIS" PIANO

not merely because it is the most desirable of all pianos, but on account of its brilliance and purity of tone, its marvelous expanding power and elasticity of touch. —We can sell you an unrivaled instrument just now —at wonderfully small price—cash or on extremely easy terms of payment.

The Weber Piano Co., 276 Yonge Street

Agents for The Morris, Feild, Rogers Co. of Listowel, Limited

THE DOMINION BREWERY CO., Limited

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED WHITE LABEL ALE

Their other brands, which are very fine, are: INDIA PALE, AMBER, JUBILEE, CROWN SPECIAL, XXX PORTER and HALF AND HALF.

The above brands can be had at all first-class dealers. 246

PAIRS AND TUBS

Made of EDDY'S INDURATED FIBREWARE. No Hoops No Joints No Seams No Leaks. ARE, FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES, VASTLY SUPERIOR TO THE ORDINARY WOODENWARE ARTICLES. TRY THEM. FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST-CLASS GROCERS. —USE— EDDY'S PARLOR MATCHES

IRON-OX TABLETS

The Remedy of the Day for Constipation and Indigestion. 25c.

FLORAL... Water... J. Mc... ronto... DEPRIVED... REPUBLIC... BOX 81... Manufacturers'... Yesterday... Steamship... Black Line... Indies this... had the... of any trip... service to... and De... representatives... J. and T... Company, also... H. E... rican Bent... found, Ont... the Medicine... Mr. Stew... the Canadian... L. C... ter of Anti... of other... making the... pleasure... a Oro.

SONS' & CO.

Harbor Board Meets To-Day. The Toronto Board of Harbor Commissioners will meet this morning to organize for the year's work.

I Coughed

It's the experience of every one. Sooner or later we all take cold. Colds naturally tend downward, that's the trouble. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral stops this downward tendency and quickly cures these early colds. Ask your doctor. If he says this isn't so, don't believe us.

"I know from personal experience that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral quickly breaks up a heavy cold on the lungs," says D. C. Snedeker, Pine Hill, N. Y. Dr. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

BIG PRICE OF FURS

Has Caused a Fairly Good Catch of Animals.

Mr. R. A. Graham, the well-known fur dealer of the Northern Ontario district, who headquarters are at Pembroke, is at the Roslin. To The World Mr. Graham stated that the catch of fur in the northern district this winter was fairly large, owing chiefly to the high prices paid for nearly all skins. Skunk, red fox, otter and lynx constituted the main bulk of the furs brought down. The price for mink was higher than for many years, \$8 and \$8.50 being paid. Last year the ruling price was \$7.

Mr. Graham thinks that there are not many regular trappers in the woods these days. Most of the fur is caught by farmers' sons or woodmen in their spare hours. There are only seven regular trappers in one district now where there were about 100 some ten years ago. They gradually disappear as the settlement increases. Mr. Graham thinks that while the government is revising the game laws it should certainly remove the restriction on the use of dogs in hunting deer. The bad effect of the dog in exterminating the deer was greatly exaggerated, in his opinion, and hunters in Ontario should at least have as much right to use dogs as those in the Province of Quebec.

BOYS' HOME FINANCES.

New Year Begun With a Comfortable Balance.

The Boys' Home annual meeting was held yesterday in the Y.M.C.A. parlors. The financial report showed a balance on hand of \$2132. The following bequests were received: From the late Neil Currie, \$1050; from the late H. E. Clark, \$500; from the late Andrew Heron, \$300. There have been 75 admitted during the year, making a total of 150. Of these 64 were removed by parents and friends, eight went to farms, one was sent to the Working Boys' Home, and 80 remain. The Board of Management was largely re-elected. Mrs. Brock was added to the list of directors. Mrs. George was elected assistant treasurer, and Mrs. H. M. Mowat was elected a manager.

Mrs. R. S. F. McMaster, who had been treasurer for 21 years, wished to resign, but the board being unwilling that she should do so, she consented to retain the management of the apprentice boy fund and the investment fund.

Using Your Spare Moments to Advantage in the Making of Pretty Mats and Rugs.

At this season of the year thousands of women are delightfully employed in the hooking of pretty mats and rugs for the ornamentation of the living rooms. For this pleasant work the Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns are the best and most satisfactory. These popular patterns are richly colored on the best quality of Scotch Hessian imported especially for this work. If your dealer cannot show you these Mat and Rug Patterns ready for working, send your address to The Wells & Elmhurst Co., Limited, 200 Mountain-st., Montreal, P. Q., and you will receive free of cost a full range of designs with sizes and prices.

Better for the Grain Men.

When the members of the four and grain section of the Board of Trade assembled yesterday at noon hour an important communication was read to them relating to the export of Manitoba wheat from New York to Germany.

At present Canadian-grown wheat has been shipped from New York as American wheat, owing to the discrimination against Canada by the German government. The Berlin Grain Exchange has protested against this system of shipping, and after next Saturday grain grown outside of the United States will be certified in New York as bonded in compliance with the demands of the Berlin Exchange. Local dealers have been unable to export Manitoba wheat owing to discrimination, and were compelled to sell their wheat to New York exporters who saved the extra duty and secured competition from Canadian points. After next Saturday, however, Canadian and American exporters will work on an equal basis and much of the wheat now going to New York will come thru Canadian ports.

The Orpheum Theatre, in Washington-st., Chicago, opposite the City Hall, was damaged by fire yesterday morning to the extent of \$30,000. This is the third fire within a short period.

Try One Free

for 60 days and if you are not cured at the end of that time return to me and you shall not be a cent of expense. I ask no deposit whatever, and leave you to be the judge of results, as per my sworn guarantee. I have now for two years been giving my goods on trial to Canadian patrons, and it's the best I can give you.

people wanting to know what they pay for, and I am glad to say that I have not been disappointed in the thousands of patients whom I have sent appliances on these terms. They have regained their health, I have received my pay. I send my new Hercules

Dr. A.B. Sanden

on 60 days' trial to MEN who suffer any weakness—as Nervous Debility, Drains, Losses, Varicocele, etc., and also to sufferers from Rheumatism, Lame Back, Sciatica, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Troubles and general ill-health. If you wish to try Electricity of course you want the best method of application and the best appliances. I have sold my goods in Canada for over 30 years, and no doubt you or your neighbor know of cures by my Belts, and on the terms I offer them you have an opportunity of gaining complete health or no cost to you, which I send free, sealed, upon request. If in the city drop in and test the current in my new invention.

DR. A.B. Sanden
140 Yonge Street, cor. Temperance St. (entrance on Temperance Street), Toronto, Ont.
Office Hours: 9 to 6. Saturday evenings until 9.

A DEFINITE ANNOUNCEMENT

Premier Ross Says He Will Bring Down the Prohibition Bill on Wednesday for Sure.

LOAN COMPANIES' INVESTMENTS

Mr. Preston Would Allow Them to Invest in Steel, Iron or Coal Debentures.

At the Ontario Legislature yesterday afternoon Mr. Mutrie introduced a bill to provide for the aiding in the construction of sewers on the local assessment plan, making the council secure estimates of the work before it is undertaken. The estimates are to be kept in the clerk's office for 10 days, so that they may be inspected. The bill also enables the construction of sewers by levying a special rate on the property in the area drained. Before the latter system can be adopted, the bill says that a three-quarter vote of the council is necessary.

Mr. Harcourt introduced a bill to amend the Separate Schools Act, by giving urban Separate School trustees power to dispose of property not required for school purposes.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Smith to abolish dual votes for county councillors.

No Registrar Appointed.

Replying to a question by Mr. Little, the Premier said that in 1921 yet been appointed in Ontario, but that office had been vacant since 1899. In large counties divided into two or three constituencies, there was frequently experienced trouble in deciding as to the locality from which appointments shall from time to time be made. The duties of the position, however, had been well discharged during the vacancy by an ex-officio registrar, and it was not expected that there would be much further delay in making a permanent appointment.

Pensions for Civil Servants.

In answer to a question by Mr. Little, the Premier said that in 1921 the civil servants who were not his family shall be entitled to a retiring allowance upon retiring from such service. The civil servants who have received or might receive gratuities upon death or retirement were those appointed prior to Jan. 1, 1918.

The Attorney-General informed Mr. Heazard that the report of the judges in connection with the claim of the alleged illegal returns of pine and other timber, cut by the late W. A. Scott, would be brought down shortly.

Bill Left Over.

Mr. Barr's bill, to amend the Municipal Act, came up for its second reading, and provoked considerable discussion. It provides that in an action brought against a municipality, the head of it may, after the service of the writ, apply for security for costs, and the judge, at his discretion, may make an order that the plaintiff shall put up security.

The Attorney-General was opposed to the bill, as it would prevent many persons who are rightfully entitled to damages from bringing an action against a municipality, because they could not afford to put up security for the costs.

Mr. Whitney favored the bill, all alike once they entered a court of law, he maintained.

No action was taken regarding the matter.

Mr. Preston moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Loan Companies Act. It provides that loan companies may be allowed to invest in debentures of steel, iron or coal companies.

The Attorney-General said he, before the bill was passed, would like to hear the general view of the various loan companies. He suggested that the bill be allowed to stand over, so as to get expressions of opinion regarding it.

The bill was allowed to stand.

Mr. Whitney asked the Premier if it was his intention to bring down the prohibition bill on Wednesday.

The Premier said, definitely, it was.

Mr. Whitney complained about the fact that the evidence in the school book investigation had not been presented to the House. An order of the House, he said, had been passed, and was being violated day by day. They had the evidence and could bring it down at a moment's notice if they wanted. The delay was inexcusable.

The following notices of motion were put in:

Mr. Lucas—(On Wednesday next)—Enquiry of ministry—Has the local Enquiry of the line or route of the Manitoulin and North Shore Railway, from Meaford to Owen Sound, been settled upon, or, what, if any, material is before the Commission of Public Works for their consideration? When is it expected that the route will be definitely settled?

Mr. Lusk—(On Wednesday next)—Bill to amend the Municipal Act.

Mr. Matheson—(On Wednesday next)—Order of the House for a return of all correspondence between the government or any member thereof, and the Dominion government, or any member or department thereof, with regard to withholding during the year 1921 of all interest on the trust

Consumption Can Be Cured

Marvelous Discovery by the Famous Dr. Yonkerman of Kalamazoo, Mich.—State Official and Great Medical Men Pronounce It the Only Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh and All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Consumptives Given Up to Die and Sent Back From California Hopeless and Helpless Are Now Alive and Well Through This Wonderful Cure for Consumption.

A Free Package Containing Sufficient to Convince the Most Sceptical Sent to All Who Write.

Consumption can at last be cured. Marvelous as it may seem, after the many failures, a sure, positive and certain cure for Consumption.

The deadly consumption has at last been discovered by Dr. Yonkerman, a great Michigan doctor, who has made a free study of this terrible and wonderful remedy has been fully tested, and proved to be the only cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh and All Throat and Lung Troubles.

Consumption can at last be cured. Marvelous as it may seem, after the many failures, a sure, positive and certain cure for Consumption.



DR. D. P. YONKERMAN, the Discoverer of Tuberculosis, the Only Cure for Consumption.

The deadly consumption has at last been discovered by Dr. Yonkerman, a great Michigan doctor, who has made a free study of this terrible and wonderful remedy has been fully tested, and proved to be the only cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh and All Throat and Lung Troubles.

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Assembly Votes.

A deputation of 25 bakers, headed by George H. Watson, K.C., waited on the government yesterday morning and asked that the law prohibiting Sunday labor be repealed, or at least amended, so as to allow the setting of sponge or dough within reasonable hours, say after 10 p.m. It was claimed that this was absolutely necessary for Monday's bread, and that the law was being violated in many places, asking that the factory inspector is trying to stop it, as it is against the law.

The deputation was thirly represented, and was composed of the following: Messrs George Weston, Breidin, Ramey, W. Carby, J. Tomlin, J. P. Jones, James Dempster, J. Vogan, James Webb, Whesley, Toronto; Jamieson, Shultz, Borthwick, A. G. Gwyn, Ottawa; Harris, Leese, Chillum, Hamilton; J. Parnell, London; George Williams, Guelph; R. J. Day, Kingston.

Letters were also read to the ministers from St. Thomas, Brantford, and other places, asking that the law in question be removed from the statute book.

The colony of people from Alisha, Habibullah Khan, appears to be a masterful spirit, if he may be judged by his reply to the Mohammedan deputation sent by the Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, to congratulate him on his accession to the Afghan throne. It is his policy to be a European or British agent to his relations with the British government, and on no account would he permit the teaching of the Arabic and Persian languages, and generally he caused it to be understood that so far as a policy of Afghanistan for the Afghans. Consequently, in his reply to the deputation of those who were expelled for various reasons during the British and Afghan wars, he returned to the country, and numbers have availed themselves of the offer. He has also caused it to be understood that he would guard the interests of the country against foreign aggression and permit the teaching of the Arabic and Persian languages, and generally he caused it to be understood that so far as a policy of Afghanistan for the Afghans.

The Chief Mullah of Turak, Said Akbar, had been sent by the head men of the tribes with an escort of a hundred men to visit the Amir, and the Malsud Waziris, whose territory is blockaded and was recently raided by several British or British Indian troops, and invited him to come to Kabul.

In the early part of last month information was received at Kabul that Ishak Khan, one of the pretenders to the Afghan throne, who was driven out of the country by the Amir, was moving with a view to raise a revolt against his successor, Habibullah. The Russian authorities, however, to whom he applied for arms and money, refused his request, but intimated that they would not object to his return to his going back to Afghanistan if he wished to. This dashed Ishak's hopes, but his son, who is reported to me to be a warrior than his father, was reported to be trying to obtain the cooperation of an old adherent of Sher Ali, Gen. Ghulam Haidur Verdik, who had been a refugee in Bokhara. Just now Habibullah has no anxiety on the subject as the Oxus is frozen and the mountain passes are closed, but he is preparing for eventualities when the snows melt in March. It appears also that the British government looks

Our Bottled Ales are not carbonated—they are brewed from the finest malt and hops only, are fully matured in wood and bottle and are therefore pure and wholesome as well as mellow and delicious.

ALL DEALERS.

Toronto Brewing Co.
Simcoe St. Toronto

THE VERY BEST COAL AND WOOD

ROGERS COAL
HEAD OFFICE 20 KING ST. WEST TORONTO

ELIAS ROGERS CO. LIMITED
GODFREY COAL CO., LIMITED
GRATE, EGG, STOVE AND NUT.

Head Office—6 King Street East.
Branch Offices—342 Yonge Street, 725 York Street, 200 Wellesley Street, Cor. Spadina Avenue and College Street, 506 Queen Street West.

DOCKS—Foot of Church Street.
YARDS—Bathurst and Dupont Streets.
Toronto Junction.
Subway, Queen Street West.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
At Lowest Cash Prices.

WM. MCGILL & CO.
Branch: 429 Queen West. Telephone: Park 388. Head office and Yard: Bathurst & Farley ave.

MID-ASIAN POLITICS.
Afghanistan's New Amir Presents a Bold Front to the British.

The new Amir of Afghanistan, Habibullah Khan, appears to be a masterful spirit, if he may be judged by his reply to the Mohammedan deputation sent by the Viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, to congratulate him on his accession to the Afghan throne. It is his policy to be a European or British agent to his relations with the British government, and on no account would he permit the teaching of the Arabic and Persian languages, and generally he caused it to be understood that so far as a policy of Afghanistan for the Afghans.

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Atlantic Transport Line
THE FAVORITE BRITISH LINE
NEW YORK AND LONDON DIRECT
From New York
MINNEAPOLIS, 14,000 tons, Feb. 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, March 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, April 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, May 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, June 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, July 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, August 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, September 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, October 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 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31, November 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, December 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, January 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, February 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, March 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, April 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, May 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, June 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, July 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 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