

Arrival of the America.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE. St. John N. B. Telegraph Office, Tuesday Night. The steamship America, Capt. Harrison, from Liverpool, having sailed July 28th, arrived at Halifax at about 2 o'clock this morning, with advices from Paris to the 28th, and London papers of the 27th and 28th inst.

CHOLERA. Again prevails to an alarming extent in England. IRELAND. The potato crop looks well. FRANCE. The Assembly has been prorogued for a month. VENICE. Still held out on the 13th July. BADEN. Radstadt surrendered on the 22nd to the Prussians.

From our English Files.

Her Majesty the Queen has intimated her intention of visiting the Clyde, after leaving Ireland and landing at Greenock.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN GLASGOW AND THE UNITED STATES.—We understand that Messrs. Tod and McGregor, the engineers and iron ship builders, are about to build a large iron steamer, of sixteen hundred tons, for the trade between Glasgow and New-York.

It appears from a paper just presented to the House of Commons by the command of Her Majesty, that the gross total cost of the new Houses of Parliament will amount to £2,045,923 16s. 1d.

Miss Burdett Coutts receives an accession of £10,000 a year to her already almost countless income, in consequence of the early demise of the Duke of Albany.

The London Rent Journal informs its readers that ivory can be made flexible by subjecting it to the action of hydrochloric acid, and that M. Charrier, of Paris, the distinguished instrument maker, is constantly in the habit of employing this process in his workmanship.

It is calculated that no less than £22,000,000 of foreign capital have been invested in English securities, in consequence of the disturbed state of Europe, during the last eighteen months.

A few days ago a Roman pig of lead was discovered in the excavation for the city of Chester. It is in shape very much resembling those now lying at the British Museum; and the inscription upon it, so far as we have been enabled to ascertain, is as follows:—Cesar

The middle part of the inscription cannot be deciphered. It was found about six feet below the surface, embedded in a wall of masonry three feet thick, and as it had mortar on the top as well as the bottom sides, it is probable it has been built in the masonry.

This is the third Roman pig of lead which has been discovered in the neighbourhood.

The French supplementary elections have resulted in the return of 11 representatives for the department of the Seine, all to a man Conservatives. Of 14 returned for the provinces 13 are Conservatives.

Universal suffrage does not seem to be estimated very highly in France, if we may judge from the late elections; and the electors seem to have been content with a limited franchise to exercise their privilege of voting.

The deaths by cholera in Paris had fallen to 12 and 11 per day.

The Montreal publishes the returns of the indirect taxes and revenues of France during the first six months of 1849, which amounted to 334,436,000fr. As compared with those of the corresponding period of 1847, there is a diminution of 39,205,000fr., but they show an augmentation of 20,605,000fr. over those of 1848. The direct taxes, 1849, amounted to 1,871,860,000fr. and 175,368,000fr. remained to be collected.

MACINTOSH'S ROCK.—A correspondent at Lochacorn describes a land-slip which he witnessed on the summit of one of the Torridon mountains as peculiarly grand. It occurred on the morning of Friday, the 15th inst., at 4 o'clock. There had been heavy rain during the night, by which a stone or rock, which could not be less than 200 tons, was detached, and came rattling and thundering down the rocky hill, driving everything before it.—Ross-shire Advertiser.

The following is an auctioneering estimate of Mr. Hudson's estates now being, or about being, brought under the hammer:—Londborough (bought of the Duke of Devonshire), £470,000; Ballybrady, £108,000; Oron Grange, £100,000; Park Park, £22,000; Gibraltar House, at Albert Gate, £18,000; making a total amount invested in lands and houses alone within a trifle of £700,000.

The body of Mr. Green, the oronant, was discovered yesterday week, by some fishermen on the Flat Head Shoals, about a mile from the centre of the British Channel, off Lavenrock Point, about twelve miles south of the place.

Colonial.

THE THOROLD ADVOCATE.—We have received the first number of a weekly newspaper bearing the above title. It is neatly got up, and does credit to the mechanical skill of the printer. Our contemporary professes his determination to steer clear of party politics, and to devote his efforts to the advancement of the measures not mentioned. We more than fear that before long the Advocate will discover that such a position is altogether untenable. The timid trimmer is certain to be driven to the wall in the rush and turmoil of contending parties. Still we wish our contemporary every success, and express our hope that he may be able to realize his Utopian dream of neutrality. We extract from the Advocate the following

STATISTICS OF THOROLD.—In 1827, the site on which a new town was covered with a dense forest. Building commenced in 1832. The first was Keeler's stone flouring mill, two years before the water was let into the canal. On 28th November, 1829, the two first saw-mills passed through to Buffalo. Now there are five saw-mills in operation, with fifteen run of stone, and machinery ready to receive three more. From the first of August until the 15th November, 1848, there were 1,845 tons of grain, and floured, 90,000 bushels of wheat, nearly all the produce of the surrounding country. This year, no wheat came in until 25th June; since then, up to the 1st August, 52,000 bushels from the United States have been floured, and 2,500 bushels of Canada wheat. There is also a cotton factory containing 700 spindles and twenty cast iron looms, not in operation for want of good hands to manage it; also, a large new factory containing a carding machine, turning lathe, both for wood and iron; a finishing shop, all in operation; also a machine for planing lumber on a large scale for exportation, nearly completed. Connected with this, the proprietor will erect a suitable building for a foundry and furnish a blast from the water power which drives his factory, if any person who understands the business wishes to commence it in this place. Also an extensive tannery, built of stone, capable of producing 100,000 bushels of tan. Half a mile from Thorold, there are quarries of the best stone in the country for architectural and other purposes.

CHOLERA IN THE THEATRE.—Placards announced the performance of several pieces at the Cleveland Theatre a few evenings ago, to commence with the amusing petite comedy of My Fellow Clerk. The chief character, Tactic, would be sustained by Mr. W. Wharum. Before the hour for commencement of the piece arrived, cholera was in another world. That afternoon he died of cholera after three or four hours illness. The Theatre, our office, announcing a performance at the City Theatre for the evening of the same day—the evening of the holy Sabbath. The drama chosen for the occasion was designated The Chamber of Death.

We could not refrain from expressing our convictions to a gentleman present that the performers were trifling unreasonably, and that it would not be matter of astonishment were some of them called really to perform, not act a part in the Chamber of Death, a supposition. The next day Mr. Brown, who had sustained one of the principal characters in the Chamber of Death, was seized with the Cholera and died after a short but severe illness. We offer no comment. Every reader may draw his own conclusion; and we are much mistaken if a general harmony will not be discovered in the conclusions arrived at, by the great mass of reflecting, pious readers.—Christian Guardian.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE. PRIZE LIST, 1849.

- I. His Excellency the Governor General's Prize. Huggard, J. II. The Mathematical. Huggard, J. III. The French. Huggard, J. IV. The English. Peterson H. W. V. The Hebrew. Peterson H. W. VI. The German. Peterson H. W.

THE PRINCIPAL'S PRIZES.—Head Monitor.—Murray, H. Good Conduct.—1, Coverton, L.; 2, Jackson, J.; 3, Foster, C.

FOR THE GREATEST AMOUNT OF VOLUNTARY EXTRA WORK.—Peterson, H. W. BOYS LEAVING THE VII. FORM WITH HONOUR UPON EXAMINATION.—Huggard, J.; Peterson, H. W.

BOYS PROMOTED WITH HONOUR UPON EXAMINATION. Preparatory I to J.—Gage, M. S. B.; Ridout, T.; Foster, C.; Keeler, M.; Hillwell, G. J.; Jones, G.; Murray, D.; Foster, E.; Field, W.; Willoughby, Armstrong; Conlin, H.; Baird, D. L.; Denison, J.; Bethune, A.; Wardell, W. H.; Sibbs, W. J.; Hornely, R.; Baine, E.

Preparatory I to II.—Boyd, J. A.; Radenhurst, W.; Overfield, M.; Oris, F.; Roberts, G. B.; Rossell, H.; Bethune, A.; Scollie, G.; Kirkpatrick, T.; Beard, G.; Beckett, J.; Sisson, W.; Bates, W.

Preparatory II to III.—Murray, H.; Birchall, D.; Short, L.; Whitehead, C.; Arthurs, W.; Turner, F.; Roberts, J. W.; Bates, W.; Keeler, W.; King, J.; Nash, R.; Whitehead, W.; Kirkpatrick, A.; Sullivan, R.; Jones, W.

Preparatory III to IV.—Francis, W.; Jackson, J.; Hawley, J. S.; Donnelly, G. J.; Boulton, H.; Harper, W. J.; Bethune, A.; Keeler, W.; Draper, E. C.; Corbett, W. H.; Radenhurst, W.; Hayden, L.; Bell, W.; Ross, J.; Small, W.; Murray, W.

Preparatory IV to V.—Walker, N.; Kingsmill, N.; Cooper, W.; Jones, C. B.; Coverton, C.; Bethune, N.; Gildersleeve, C. Preparatory V to VI.—McKenzie, V.; Rykert, A.; Thompson, C.; McMaster, Dixon, F.; Cosens, W.; Estlin, H.; Matheson, W.; Harrison, R.

Preparatory VI to VII.—Harrison, R.; Boulton, D.; Campbell, T.; Freeland, W.; Peterson, H. W. The asterisks show that such promotions took place in the earlier parts of the year.

COLLEGE PRIZES. Scripture.—1, Bethune, R.; 2, Boulton, H.; 3, (Preparatory) Gage, R.; Grammar (Greek).—Harrison, R.; Grammar (Latin).—1, McKenzie, V.; 2, Boulton, H.; Elocution.—1, Reading.—Keeler, W.; Prize Essay.—Peterson, H. W.; Prize Poem (English).—none adjudged; Prize Poem (Latin).—none adjudged; Drawing (Geometrical).—Assinack, F.

PRIZES FOR DILIGENCE AND PROFICIENCY DURING THE YEAR. Class I.—Huggard, J.; 2nd, Huggard, J.; 3rd, Form, Harrison, R.; 5th, do. McKenzie, V.; 4th, do. Walker, N.; 3rd, do. Francis, W.; 2nd, do. Murray, H.; 2nd, do. Boyd, J. A.; Preply, Gage, M. S. B. In Mathematics.—Freeland, W.; McKenzie, V. In French.—Rykert, A.; Boulton, H. In Latin.—Harrison, R.; Bates, W. In Geography.—Matheson, W.; Boyd, J. A. In Writing.—Dixon, F.; Francis, W.

PRIZES FOR PROFICIENCY IN THE SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION.—6th Form, Huggard, J.; 6th, do. Freeland, W.; 5th, do. Walker, N.; 4th, do. McKenzie, V.; 3rd, do. Francis, W.; 2nd, do. Kirkpatrick, A.; 1st, do. Boyd, J. A.; Preply Gage, M. S. B.

HONORS.—First Class.—7th Form, Peterson, H. W.; 6th, do. Campbell, T.; 5th, do. McKenzie, V.; 4th, do. Kingsmill, N.; 3rd, do. Nash, J.; 2nd, do. Overfield, R.; Preply, do. Ridout, T.; Keeler, M.; equal. Second class.—7th Form, Bull, S.; 6th, do. Assinack, P.; 5th, do. Thompson, C.; 4th, do. Jones, C. B.; 3rd, do. Hawley, J. S.; 2nd, do. Birchall, D.; 1st, do. Radenhurst, W.; Preply do. Armstrong, A.

FIRST PLACES. GREEK.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; 6th, do. Campbell, T.; 5th, do. McKenzie, V.; 4th, do. Kingsmill, N.; 3rd, do. Walker, N.; 2nd, do. Kingsmill, N.; 1st, do. Overfield, R.; Francis, W.; Harper, J., equal.

GENERAL PAPER.—7th Form, Huggard, J. LATIN VERSE.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; Peterson H. W. equal.

LATIN PROSE.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; Peterson H. W. equal. LATIN.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; 6th, do. Boulton, D.; 5th, do. McKenzie, V.; 4th, do. Kingsmill, N.; 3rd, do. Bethune, N.; Murray, W. equal 2nd, do. Birchall, D. Nash, G. equal; 1st, do. Boyd, W. Oris, T.; Kirkpatrick, T.; Overfield, M.; Roberts, G. G. equal; Preply Form, Ridout, J.

GEOGRAPHY.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; 6th, do. Freeland, W.; 5th, do. McKenzie, V.; 4th, do. Walker, N.

ALGEBRA.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; 6th, do. Freeland, W.; 5th, do. Rykert, A.; 4th, do. Walker, N.

FRENCH.—7th Form, Bull, S.; 6th, do. Assinack, F.; 5th, do. Rykert, A.; 4th, do. Robinson, C.; 3rd, do. Small, J.; 2nd, do. Francis, W.; 2nd, do. King, J.; 1st, do. Boyd, J. A.

LATIN AND GREEK EXERCISES.—6th Form, Campbell, T.; do. McKenzie, V.; 4th, do. Kingsmill, N.; 3rd, do. Jackson, J. HISTORY.—7th Form, Huggard, J.; 6th, do. Harrison, R.; 5th, do. McKenzie, V.; Rykert, A.; equal; 4th, do. Gildersleeve, C.; Andrews, J.; Cooper, W.; Coverton, C.; equal; 3rd, do. Ross, D.; Small, J.; equal; 2nd, do. Francis, W.; Jackson, J.; Donnelly, G.; Corbett, W.; Ridley, J., equal; 1st, do. Seymour, C.; 1st, do. Boyd, S.

ARITHMETIC.—6th Form, Harrison, R.; 5th, do. Rykert, A.; 4th, do. Walker, N.; 3rd, do. Small, J.; 2nd, do. Bates, W.; 1st, do. Overfield, M.; Preparatory, Gage, Armstrong, equal.

GEOGRAPHY.—6th Form, Assinack, F.; 5th, do. Matheson, W.; 4th, do. Ross, J.; 3rd, do. Jackson, J.; 2nd, do. Nash, R.; 1st, do. Boyd, J. A.

MAPS.—6th Form, Harrison, R.; 5th, do. McMaster, W.; 4th, do. Boyd, W.; 3rd, do. Jackson, J.; Francis, W.; Keeler, W. equal; 2nd, do. Murray, H.; 1st, do. Lindsay, E.

GEOMETRICAL DRAWING.—7th Form, Peterson, W.; 6th, do. Assinack, F.; 5th, do. Estlin, H.; 4th, do. Thomas G.; 3rd, do. Jackson, J.

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.—Parial, Ross, D.; 2nd, O'Dea, M. ARITHMETICAL ENTRIES.—8th Form, Rykert, A. READING.—7th Form, Boyd, W.; 6th, do. Campbell, T.; 5th, do. Thompson, C.; 4th, do. Robinson, C.; 3rd, do. Draper, F.; 2nd, do. Keeler, W.; 1st, do. Denison, J.; Preparatory, Gage, Salt, equal.

DICTIONARY.—5th Form, McKenzie, V.; Rykert, A. equal; 5th, do. Cooper, W.; Crookshank, F.; Equal; Parial, Ross, D.; Small, J.; equal; 3rd, do. Harper, W.; 2nd, do. Harper, W.; 1st, do. Boyd, J. A.; Smith, J., equal; Preparatory Form, Keeler, Gage, equal.

THE TIMES AND HINCKES.—The Montreal Correspondent of the Patriot says:—"You will recollect the letter from Mr. Hinckes, which appeared in the London Times, as well as the 'hoover' in reply to it by Sir Allan McNab.—It now appears that the Hon. Inspector General had concocted a powerful and well-contrived refutation of the statements and allegations contained in this letter of Sir Allan's—drawn up of course (a la Pilon) in the style peculiar to Messrs. Hinckes & Co., but it was too gross for even the 'Times.' The Thunderer would not bolt it, but bolted it; and would not publish Mr. Hinckes was given to understand, that his statements not having been borne out by facts, had led them (The Times) into an error, which they were determined not again to commit. A note from the Colonial Office obtained, it is said, no more favourable answer.

The Annual Examination of the St. Catharines Grammar School took place on Thursday and Friday, 9th and 10th ult. The classical part of the examination was conducted by the Rev. A. Dixon, B. A., who expressed himself much gratified with the answering, and especially with the answers to the questions on the credit of Mr. Hubbard, the Principal of the Institution and on the young gentlemen who were under his instruction. There was a very keen competition for the Latin Grammar prize—established lately by the Rev. A. F. Atkinson. Lucius Gill was the successful candidate, and well he did win the prize, not missing a single question out of 135 which were put to him. George Adams, who was next in order, also passed an excellent examination, and many regretted that there was only one prize to be won; for had there been a second, he would have well deserved it.—Patriot.

INQUESTS.—On the 12th July last, an inquest was held by J. F. Robinson, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Coroners for the Simcoe District, and a respectable jury, on the body of one John Downs, labourer, of the township of Teumesset, an emigrant lately arrived from Ireland. On the day of his death, deceased had been working on the farm of one of the owners of the farm, and was employed in the neighbourhood. After supper, and shortly before he went away, he was observed to drink freely of cold water, which it appears proved fatal. He was found lying on the road near the house by two young women, who, he is said to have been, they tried to lift him but could not. He was incapable of speech. Other help was procured and a medical gentleman sent for, who was on the spot in a few minutes. Dr. F. O. Orr employed the usual methods with the object of restoring animation, but to no effect, deceased remained unresponsive, and breathed his last whilst being put in a warm bath. He has left a wife and several small children, who were dependent upon his daily labours, to lament their loss. On the post mortem examination it was found that the lungs were engorged with blood, and that a vessel at the time of death, which was in the system was heated which caused congestion of the lungs.—Patriot.

On the 14th ult. an inquest was held before Coroner, on the body of an infant child who was reported to have been smothered whilst in bed with his nurse and her husband. The child belonged to A. Gavillet, Esq., of P. of that effect, deceased remained unresponsive, and breathed his last whilst being put in a warm bath. He has left a wife and several small children, who were dependent upon his daily labours, to lament their loss. On the post mortem examination it was found that the lungs were engorged with blood, and that a vessel at the time of death, which was in the system was heated which caused congestion of the lungs.—Patriot.

An Inquest was held at Bradford, township of West Gwillimbury, on Thursday 2nd inst., before Mr. Coroner Robinson, on the bodies of three male children who were secretly interred on the evening of Sunday, the 29th ult. The whole affair having a suspicious character and being involved in mystery, a complaint was made to the Coroner, who at once caused the bodies to be exhumed in spite of violent opposition from some concerned. The children were the illegitimate offspring of Grace Ann Agar, a young woman living with Mr. and Mrs. Edmondson in Bradford, and were born on Sunday morning, one of them being dead at the time of their interment.

On the neighbours hearing of what had occurred, surprise was expressed that neither a doctor nor neighbour should have been called in. John Edmondson was examined on oath with several others. He said they were three fine looking boys; himself and two young men, who also live in the house and are in his employ, buried them. After a good deal of unnecessary remarks, questioning the propriety of Coroners doing their duty, the jury returned a verdict of "Death caused by premature burial."

On the 2nd inst., an inquest was held in the township of West Gwillimbury, before the same gentleman, on the body of one Neil Mathewson, labourer, which was killed by the fall of a tree. The circumstances connected with this event were of a truly painful nature, and are deeply felt by the afflicted parents. The child, although little more than five years old, one of extraordinary symmetry and beauty, and in all his actions displayed a most unusual strength and vivacity. When the mournful occurrence which caused his death happened, she was in company with a little sister, and cousin, hunting the cows in the woods. The three were a short distance apart, when a decayed hazel tree fell upon deceased, and the consequence of its falling across another tree, the one that fell did not crush her body as it otherwise might have done. When her companions were pulling her from under, on hearing them cry, she said, "don't cry, I'm not dead." The mother and aunt hearing the noise from Mathewson's cry, rushed to the spot, and found the child lying motionless on the ground, and the mother who is near her confinement, beholding the mangled body of her child, could proceed no further. On the aunt coming up, the child said, "Take me to bed, my thigh is broken." Medical aid being procured, it was found that the thigh was broken, but that severe injury over the kidneys the child could not survive. She lingered in a state of insensibility for a few hours. The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death caused by the fall of a tree."

The above should offer a caution to all persons in the country who, not having pasturage, allow their cows to run at large, and who send their children to pasture. The injury over the kidneys the child could not survive. She lingered in a state of insensibility for a few hours. The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death caused by the fall of a tree."

BETTER TIMES.—Our crops are really magnificent, and all have been housed without loss. It is not only wheat, but also corn, and other crops, that are doing well to sell well. Three rats, owned in this District, were sold about ten days since in the city of Quebec at 5, for the California market. Sawm lumber is also in demand, and the high price is broken, and the price of the Messrs. Perry, Mr. McArthur, Mr. Grover, Mr. Cole, and several others, are exporting largely. With a good price for our crops we may confidently look for better times. The California gold is rolling towards us wave after wave, and will soon be here.—Star.

We are told that one of the chief of the *Montreal mouchards*, one of the most confidential spies of Mons. Ponce Lafontaine, and a fellow who would most probably have been one of the snubbed witnesses against Messrs. Ferrer, Mack, &c., was thrashed within an inch of his life on Saturday night by some of the British party. He caught him, and on listening to their conversation while talking together in the streets, he knew his person well, and his infamous employment, taught him a lesson which, it is to be hoped, he will not forget in a hurry.—Courier.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT.—In the last *Canada Gazette* appears two notices from the office of this department, of very great importance to numbers of the inhabitants of this Province, relating to the forfeiture and resumption of Wild Lands in certain cases. The radical papers wherever there are any, are desired to copy. In this City there are four papers, of which one is really radical. The conservative farmers who do not talk it, are of course unworthy of consideration, even if they should lose their Lands from want of due notice.—Kingston Argus.

Major General Gore arrived here yesterday, to assume the command of the Forces in Canada West, recently vacated by Major General Rowan, now Commander of the Forces in Canada.—Ibid.

MESSRS. FERRER, MACK, & CO.—You will have observed from the Montreal papers that the trials of Messrs. Ferrer, Montgomerie & Co., have not come off at the time appointed, in consequence of there not being a sufficient number of Grand Jurymen present to sit upon the trials of Indictment. You will also have seen that the Sheriff General, in his decision of the 14th inst., has made a very *praiseworthy* attempt to have the absentees fined—but they were not fined, and the city was not in an unhealthy state (the reason assigned for their absence)—so far from it indeed, that there were more deaths on an average in the last three years during the same period than in this notwithstanding the cholera. The fact is—so at least it is generally believed to be—there is no wish on the part of the authorities to bring these men to trial, simply because they know that they cannot substantiate a single charge against any one of them, and they naturally wish to put off as long as possible the odious and discreditable trial which they must inevitably be obliged to submit to when this ill-advised and unfortunate measure of arresting these men shall have been judicially and finally disposed of, which, by the bye, or I am no prophet, it never will be.—Patriot's Montreal Correspondent.

DEATH OF JUDGE BEDARD.—It is with much regret that we announce the death of his Honour Judge Bedard, which took place in Montreal on Saturday evening, and the news reached this city by telegraph at eight o'clock. The learned Judge was seized with an attack of cholera on Saturday, the 4th inst., which resulted after some days in an affection of the pylorus, the valve by which the stomach communicates with the intestines, inducing partial paralysis.

PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL SHOW.—The time draws near for this great national meeting, and we trust all classes of our population are looking forward to attending either as exhibitors or spectators. The prize list has been published, and some useful changes have been made upon it from last year.

The Hon. Robert Baldwin arrived in this city, on Thursday last, from the seat of Government. The *Niagara Chronicle* announces that Mr. Alexander Campbell, formerly of that town, and latterly editor of the *Welland Canal*, was accidentally drowned at Port Dalhousie, on Tuesday last.

Sir John Harvey, Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia, has issued a proclamation, recommending that the 29th inst. be set apart as a day for public fasting and humiliation, to supplicate Divine Providence to protect that Province from a visitation of cholera.

AGENTS IN LONDON AND NEW YORK.

Any Parcels for this Office, or for The Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, which may be sent to Mr. Rossell, 31, Cheapside, London, or to Mr. Bainbridge, Wholesale Stationer, 32, Platt Street New York, will be regularly forwarded to Toronto.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Table with columns for various commodities and their prices. Includes items like Fall Wheat, Spring do, Oats, etc.

EXCHANGE.

Table showing exchange rates for Toronto and New York.

Midland Clerical Association.

The next meeting of this association will be held, D. V. the Rectory, Belleville, on Wednesday the 5th and Thursday the 6th of September next.

Mohawk Parsonage.

1st August. SALTERN GIVINGS. Secretary.

SPINAL COMPLAINTS, CURVATURE OF THE SPINE.

In Spinal Complaints of long standing, and which have given up all hopes of cure, immediate and permanent relief has been effected by the wondrous Agency of Sherwood's Galvanic Embrocation.

Sherwood's Galvanic Embrocation.

Hear the opinion of a professor of the University of Pennsylvania, which was published in the Medical Journal, in 1847. In various local diseases I have tested the efficacy of Dr. Sherwood's Embrocation to my satisfaction. In Erysipelas, no matter where present, or of what description, he found the Embrocation, painted over the parts with a hair pencil brush, preferable to leeches, lincins, scarification or caustic. When pain and throbbing only existed, one or two applications of the Galvanic Embrocation, cut short the disease, and where supuration had commenced, its repeated use, not only checked the progress of the disease, but caused the deposited matter to be absorbed. Not a single case of failure occurred when the Embrocation was applied before supuration took place; and even then the pus was much less in quantity, than where poultices were used.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & CO and ROBERT LOVE, Toronto; also by Druggists generally.

The Provincial Mutual and General Insurance Company.

DIRECTORS: ROBERT E. BURNS, Esq., President. T. S. HOWARD, Esq., Vice-President. Mr. W. S. Howland, A. M. Clark, Esq., Francis Brown, Esq., W. L. Perrin, Esq., R. C. Gapper, Esq., Charles Bersey, Esq., J. G. Boves, Esq., J. C. Morrison, Esq., M.P.P.

E. G. O'BRIEN, Secretary. OFFICE—Church-street, Toronto.

IS now prepared to effect Insurance in the

As the Mutual Branch is limited to £500 on any one risk, and can only insure isolated Buildings and Property, it will be found especially to the advantage of the Farming population to avail themselves of it.

AGENTS ALREADY APPOINTED.

- Montreal—C. Boekus. Kingston—M. Drummond. Toronto—E. McAnany. Delaware—S. P. Fairbank. Peterboro—James Hall. Gananoque—W. S. Macdonald. St. Catharines—A. R. Boomer. Hamilton—Josias Bray. London—John S. Buchanan. Dundas—R. W. Suter. Stratford—John Clark. Godfrey—S. W. Daly. Prescott—William Patrick. Brantford (W. D.)—C. B. Dessaur. Scarborough—C. Bowen. Sharon—J. S. Hogabo. Weston—John A. Donaldson. Georgetown—James Young. Streetsville—Benjamin Switzer. Brantford—T. M. McArthur. Woodstock—H. C. Barwick. Home and Simcoe Districts—C. Palmer. Drummondville—R. R. Hubbard. Sandhill (Albion)—Tobias Switzer. Bytown—W. H. Thompson.

TRAVELLING AGENT—Mr. Thomas Ryall.

Toronto, August 11, 1849. 3-4

MRS. HERRMAN POETTER,

IN returning thanks to her Friends for their very kind support, begs to inform them that her SCHOOL will RE-OPEN, at the close of the Vacation, on the 24th of September next.

References may be made (with permission) to the BISHOP OF TORONTO and the Rev. WILLIAM HERRMAN, Kingston, and also to the following Gentlemen, whose daughters Mrs. Poetter has had the honour of educating:—

- JUDGE DRAPER, JOHN ARNOLD, Esq., CHARLES SMALL, Esq., JOHN RADNISHUR, Esq., PROFESSOR GIVINGS, Esq., WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esq., CAPTAIN PATTERSON, THOMAS KIRKPATRICK, Esq., HON. GEORGE S. BOUTLON, G. S. MASTERY, Esq., JOHN TURNBULL, Esq., SHELTON HAWLEY, Esq., J. D. GOSLEE, Esq., Colborne.

Mrs. Poetter will be happy to attend to any communication relative to her School on her return from the country, on the 1st of September.

20, William Street. Toronto, 15th August, 1849. 3-4

MISS SCOBIE begs to inform her

Friends and the Public, that her SCHOOL will re-open after the school vacation, on Monday, September 2nd, when she hopes, by her continued exertions towards the welfare and advancement of her Pupils, to merit and retain the high patronage she has hitherto so liberally received.

Adelaide Street, West. Toronto, August 16th, 1849. 3-3m

BISHOP'S COLLEGE LENNOXVILLE.

MICHAELMAS TERM COMMENCES on the 1st of September. Candidates for admission are requested to send in their names immediately to the Principal, from whom the requisite forms will be sent, and to the Rev. or the Rev. J. H. W. MOUNTAIN, Quebec, or to the Rev. J. H. W. MOUNTAIN, Quebec, or to the Rev. J. H. W. MOUNTAIN, Quebec, for further information may be had.

The Council of Bishop's College beg to announce to the public, the appointment of S. C. SWELLER, Esq., M.D., as Professor of Chemistry—including Agricultural and Experimental Philosophy—and also to the Rev. A. W. MOUNTAIN, Quebec, as Natural and Experimental Philosophy, by suitable apparatus. August 1st, 1849. 3-4

COLUMBUS INSURANCE COMPANY,

EDWARD G. O'BRIEN, AGENT. Office removed to Church Street, four doors above the Court House. Toronto, August 11th, 1849. 3

TO ARCHITECTS.

THE time for receiving Plans and Specifications for ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, has been extended to the 1st of September inst.

THOMAS D. HARRIS, Churchwardens. LEWIS MOFFAT, 3-31

Church Organ for Sale.

DESCRIPTION OF ORGAN, a handsome case painted Mahogany, with 16-foot high, 63 feet wide, 4 feet deep—stops as follows—Stop Massaron, Open Diapason, Diapason, Flute, Fifteenth, with pedal to take off the Chorus Stops. Price £150, on time with interest.

Apply to the undersigned, LEWIS MOFFAT, Churchwardens THOMAS D. HARRIS, of St. James's Church, Toronto, August 11th, 1849. 3-4f

PATIENCE.

(Translated from Tertullian de Patientia—by Isaac Jones, Jun., A.M., 1804.)

In particular, God is a perfect model of patience.—If you suffer an injury, He is the avenger; if any loss He is the restorer; if any pain, He is the physician; if death itself, He is the returner of life. How much patience is needed to render God a debtor! Nor undeservedly either; for He discerns His counsels, and conforms to His mandates.

Patience guards faith, preserves peace, cherishes love, teaches humility, waits for repentance, signs a confession, governs the flesh, strengthens the spirit, sweetens the temper, stills anger, extinguishes envy, subdues pride; she bristles the tongue, refrains the hand, tramples upon temptations, endures persecutions, and perfects martyrdom. Patience produces unity in the Church, loyalty in the State, harmony in families and societies; she comforts the poor, and moderates the rich; she makes us humble in prosperity, cheerful in adversity, unmoved by calumny and reproach; she teaches us to forgive those who have injured us, and to be the first in asking forgiveness of those who have injured us; she charms the faithful, invites the alien, commends the servant to his master, and his master to God. She adorns the woman and approves the man; is loved in a child, praised in a young man, and admired in an old man; in each sex, and in every age, she is beautiful.

Observe closely, if we have rightly drawn her likeness and habits. Her countenance is calm and serene as the face of heaven, unspotted by the shadow of a cloud; her forehead is smoothly contracted with no wrinkles of grief and passion; her eyes are as the eyes of doves for meekness, and on her eyebrows sit cheerfulness and joy; her mouth is marked with the loveliness of silence; her complexion and colour are such as adorn the innocent and secure, while, like the virgin daughter of Sion she constantly shakes her head at the adversary, despising and laughing him to scorn. She is clothed in the robes of the martyrs, and in her hand she holds a sceptre in the form of a cross. She rides not in the whirlwind and stormy tempest of passion, but her throne is the humble and contrite heart, and her kingdom is the kingdom of peace. A soft serenity of countenance is hers, open and clear, like Him whom Elias saw on the mountain of transfiguration. Where God is, there patience, his nursing child, is visible. When His Spirit descends, patience, His inseparable companion, attends Him.—If we unite with the Spirit, she will abide with us forever.

THE LEAVES.

(From the Calendar.)

And sounds like half hid voices dwelt among them. I love the leaves, and who does not? for when their soft green covering first appears upon the "awakening grave" they are not the children of spring?—What a wild perfume they send through the forest solitude when their closed buds show themselves upon the bare old bough; how grateful their dim green shade, when the sun pours upon the parched earth the full strength of his noon-day rays; and how beautifully they sleep upon the stem, when the "gentle moon" lights up the woodland glade, and the voice of the feathered singers is hushed in the general repose of nature. What rapture there is in listening to their soothing melodies, when the summer breezes play through the thickly covered branches on a "stilly night" in June.

As I write, before my lattice waves The wildwood where the midnight winds rejoice, And the lone stars are on the stream that leaves The green banks waiting with a spirit's voice, And these they presence consecrate to me; 'Tis not the common turf, or wave, or ark; In every herb thy loveliness I see, And in each breeze thy low voice murmurs by: Yet I loved them more when their first ornaments passed away; they are still so beautiful. Even when the first traces of decay warn that their destiny draws nigh they catch the tints of the departed summer flowers and deck with many a crimson dye the splendour of the queen of the garden, the ruby lip'd rose,—and oh! when the mellow beams of the setting sun tint with splendour, the brown and purple of Autumn, thy appear so lovely that we almost forget that their beauty but deceives, and we think upon the withering leaves of summer almost without regret! how dear they are, when one by one they fade and fall, for like the hopes of our spirits, they cling to the parent stem until life itself departs.

So silent, yet so eloquent are their monitions, that we cannot help loving them, and they kindly thoughts within us that rise far above all earthly things. Like the enchanting visions of hope, they spring alike from the fruitful vine or barren tree—always beautiful, always eloquent.

*Others may grasp the fruit and flowers But give the leaves, the leaves to me." Hartford, July 14, 1849.

FUNERAL SERMONS.

(By the Bishop of New Hampshire.)

I wish our people might feel satisfied with the solemn and affecting services appointed by the Church, and leave it to the pastor to decide whether anything shall be said in the way of instruction and exhortation. And when he decides on speaking, I would have him confine himself to such method and matter as are most likely to make a sanctifying impression on the congregation, and not on the afflicted chiefly. I would not have him take up extraordinary circumstances, as a general thing, for the purpose of doing honour to persons, but simply for the purpose of asserting the dominion of Christ, and declaring, with reinforced energy, the threatening promises and consolations of the blessed Gospel.

In fine, let every discourse pronounced in the house of God be regarded as a funeral sermon. The importance of preparation for death, by a realized interest in Christ, is our great and constant theme, if we do our duty as ministers of Christ. Every discourse pronounced by a faithful steward of the manifold grace of God carries the thoughts of the hearer to those great and infinitely momentous subjects—death, judgment, and eternity. Take away or forbid the subject of death, and the preacher has no province.

CHRISTIAN INFLUENCE.

(By Melvill.)

There is in the human mind we dare not say, a bias towards virtue, but an abiding, and scarcely to be overcome consciousness, that such ought to be the bias, and that, whenever the practical leaning is to vice, there is irresistible evidence of moral derangement. Whatever the extent of human degeneracy, you will not find that right and wrong have so changed places, that, in being the slaves of vice, men reckon themselves the subjects of virtue. There is a gnawing restlessness in those who have most abandoned themselves to the power of evil; and much of the ferocity of their profligacy is ascribable to a fierce necessity of keeping down, and stifling, reproachful convictions. And hence it comes to pass that vice will ordinarily feel rebuked and overawed by virtue, and that those whom you would think dead to all noble principle, will be disturbed by the presence of an upright and God-fearing man. The voice of righteousness will find something of an echo in the disorder and confusion of the worst moral chaos; and the strings of conscience are scarcely ever so dislocated and torn as not to yield even a whisper, when swept by the hand of a high-virtued monitor. So that the Godly in a neighbourhood wield an influence which is purely that of

goodness; and, which denied opportunities of direct interference, check by example, and reprove by conduct. You could not then measure to us the consequences of the withdrawal of the salt from the mass of population; nor calculate the rapidly with which, on the complete removal of religious men, an overwhelming corruption would pervade all societies.

THE RELIGIOUS CONDITION OF NEW-ENGLAND.

(From the Church Review.)

Rationalism, in its broad comprehensiveness, is already the distinctive religion of New England. We appeal to the movements of the day; we appeal to the eyesight of every educated and pious man in the six States. Again, we appeal to every New England Churchman, and we beg him to ask himself, where is the remedy, if not in the religion of which he is a professor? Where else is the New Testament fully preached and fully believed? We look then to Churchmen to show their colors and "to speak the truth in love." Let a firm and consistent front be maintained; let us know ourselves, and show our antagonists that we know them. And by knowing ourselves, we mean knowing what are truly the "distinctive principles" of our religion, as it exists among heretics so various and so flagrant. Episcopacy and Apostolic succession may be regarded as matters of course. Our ritual system should be less commended, and more thoroughly carried out: for merely to talk about Lent and Easter-days is pharisaism, while the keeping of them, in unobtrusive sincerity and truth, would be letting our light shine before men. But our distinctive principles are the Creed.

The Trinity, the Incarnation, the Atonement, Regeneration, Justification, and the Resurrection of the dead—these doctrines and those which are inseparable from them, as they are revealed in the Gospel, and as they were originally believed in the Church—are, in short, confessed in our own Communion, and nowhere else in New England. This is a truth which every day is making more and more apparent; but as there are many persons involved in the spreading degeneracy, who do not suspect it, it is our duty to give them warning in the spirit of frankness and charity. Having no standards of doctrine, they cannot see whether they are drifting, nor how far they have already floated from anchorage which they intended to hold. Let us then light up the beacon fires of Truth and Love. Let us lift up the Cross. Let us claim that as our great principle. To such an appeal, many an ear will be open, that close like a bivalve at the first syllable about Bishops, Priests, and Deacons. We have depended too much upon cold logic and dry history; we have felt that the plain matter-of-fact doctrines of the Succession and the Apostleship were enough to persuade men. And so they would be, if men were ordinarily capable of seeing the bearing of these things, and of feeling their necessity. In our Church's feeblest day, and while she but lisped these alphabetic verities, amid scorn and contempt, their force was felt. Yale has never forgotten the searchings of heart, the hubbub and the havoc, that were made among her Doctors a century ago, by the few stubborn things discovered in her library, by her own sons, ere yet habitual imperfection had blinded their moral vision. To the merest outside truths, which we preach, the head and front of Puritanism bowed down in 1722. Yale never had a President of whom she has more reason to be proud, than of Rector Cutler, who leaving all she gave, came out from Puritanism, to join a feeble handful of Churchmen, because among them only he could find and exercise a valid Ministry. Let her remember too her Johnson, and others with him, who made themselves martyrs for the same constraining truths, and let her not affect to sneer at doctrines which, however elementary, she has been made to feel so deeply, and to which she has paid such tribute! Yet we repeat, it, these triumphs were gained upon a giant, with the sling and pebble stones of our youth. We cannot do the feat again, for the simple reason that truth felt, and not resisted, is least touchably felt, and best time. The blow made all New England reel; but when Puritanism recovered itself, and found that it had retained here and there an important name, it could say to her youth "the worst is over, and we are yet alive." This single assumption has been its preservation. It has taken for granted that the Church had no more to say, and has always represented the contest as one about forms, to which sound minds refused to listen. This we have too much encouraged by consenting to make no advances, and by fighting the battle over, on the old fields. But it must be so no longer. The true issues now are more serious, and by God's good providence we have grown strong. A hundred Churches in Connecticut alone; six Bishops where once there seemed no prospect of one; and a College baptized into the Trinitarian, and capable of being made an armory and a fortress of the Faith,—these are our signs; and for our strength—the Lord of Hosts is with us; He teacheth our hands to war, and our fingers to fight! Now then, let us quit ourselves like men. We no longer dispute for outposts; it is the Citadel which is attacked, and which we must defend. In plain words we are not contending for Episcopacy, but for the Faith once delivered to the Saints.

Miss Marinetta's book of Eastern Travel has been excluded from the Derby library, because of its immoral tendency. On Sunday week after the sermon, in compliance with the wishes of the congregation, the Rev. William Carter, vicar of the parish, the plate was taken to the three principal farmers, who each in succession refused to hold it at the door. The vicar's lady, on seeing this, left her pew, took the plate, and stationed herself at the door, but after a few persons had passed, the plate was observed to drop from her hand and she fell in a state of insensibility, and so continued until her death, which took place between seven and eight o'clock in the evening of the same day. A medical gentleman, who was present, and who gave his opinion that death was occasioned, by apoplexy, and a verdict was returned to that effect. The deceased, who was a most amiable lady, was forty-two years of age.—Cambridge Chronicle.

Considerable anxiety has prevailed in the vicinity of Cardiff and Swansea throughout the week regarding the fate of an aeronaut named Green (not Mr. Charles Green, of Vauxhall celebrity), who it is feared perished by falling into the sea after an ascent he had made in a balloon from the former town (Cardiff) on Monday last. The machine, which was of large size, containing 700 square yards of silk, and requiring 70,000 gallons of gas to inflate, was perfectly sound and secure, Mr. Wadman seeing to its safety before Mr. Green got into the car, and in consequence of leaving the car was over the town, and the direction of the wind blowing from the north, the balloon was discovered at Wadmore, in Somersetshire, lying on the ground about three parts filled with gas, and not at all injured.—No one was with it, but in the car, a pair of boots, and a pocket handkerchief were found. Inquiries have been made along that part of the coast after Mr. Green, but not the least intelligence can be elicited of his fate.—At dusk on Monday evening the coast-guard, Mr. Clevenston, perceived a balloon crossing the Severn from the direction of Cardiff. It was close to the sea when first discovered, and one party states that he saw it dragging through the sea, and suddenly ascend to a great altitude. This leads to a supposition that Mr. Green, finding himself in the balloon, endeavouring to save himself by swimming, but perished in the effort.

plan submitted by Lieutenant-Colonel Hardinge, K. H., Royal Artillery.—Times. A supplementary mail to the United States will be made up and forwarded to and from Southampton by the United States contract packets Hermon and Washington.

Lieutenant Manry, superintendent of the National Observatory at Washington, says in a late address:—"It may be that there is now at this very time, in the firmament above, a world on fire. Argus, a well known star of the second or third magnitude, now glares with the brilliancy of a first."

A despatch has arrived at the Admiralty from Sir John Franklin. The expedition had traversed the coast from the Mackenzie and Coppermine rivers; but the Esquimaux all declared that no white men had made their appearance. Unfortunately the ice set in unusually strong, and prevented the expedition from proceeding beyond Icy Cove to the north of Cape Kendall, just as it was on the point of exploring a most interesting region. Thus, for the present all hope is cut off of discovering the lost voyagers. The only consolation is in the gain to science, for the search of Captain Franklin has brought to light many interesting facts respecting the inhospitable regions of Arctic America.

By some parliamentary papers just laid before Parliament it appears that Mr. Barry, the architect of the new houses, and the Lords of the Treasury, are at issue as to the amount of his remuneration. In 1838 the commissioners decided that £25,000 may be a reasonable and proper remuneration, for Mr. Barry's trouble. To this the latter demurred, and has ever since been demanding; and he now claims "The accustomed remuneration of five per cent. on the total amount of the expenditure on the building up to the 31st of December, 1848—that is to say, he claims a commission of £42,082 on an expenditure of £841,639. Of this sum, however, Mr. Barry has received on account, £24,735, leaving a balance of £17,346. To this balance he adds a further claim of £5,256, for 'special or extensive services during a period of ten years'—before commencing making an agreement for £24,735, which he now claims from the Government. No reply appears to have been returned to this demand of Mr. Barry."

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Advertisements.

RATES. Six lines and under, 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines and under, 3s. 6d. first insertion, and 1s. each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4s. per line first insertion, and 1d. per line each subsequent insertion. A discount will be allowed for advertisements of not less than twelve insertions. From the extensive circulation of *The Church*, in the Province of Canada, (from Sandwich to Gaspe), in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, in the Hudson's Bay Territory, and in Great Britain, Ireland, and all parts of the United States, it will be found a profitable medium for all advertisements which are desired to be widely and generally diffused.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BOOK AND JOB WORK DONE IN A SUPERIOR MANNER AND WITH DESPATCH, AT THE OFFICE OF "THE CHURCH," No. 5, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

FRANCIS H. HEWARD, COMMISSION MERCHANT. CASH ADVANCES MADE ON PRODUCE. OFFICE NEW MARKET BUILDINGS, TORONTO. 29-4f

Deferred Extracts from our English Files. The daily papers announce the important information that Her Majesty has granted to the University of London a new charter, which is likely to excite great interest and attention in the educational world. By it the Council will be empowered to confer the respective degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, and Doctor of Laws, on any persons who have graduated at Oxford, Cambridge, Durham, Trinity College (Dublin), or any other University in the Kingdom. The Council may also confer examinations for certificates of proficiency in any subject which they may think fit, connected with the sciences or arts, such as architecture, civil engineering, chemistry, botany, geology, and mineralogy. Zoology, geography, political and physical, navigation and hydrography. The examination certificates of proficiency were one of the original designs of the Council which they were prevented from carrying out under the old charter.

One of the first artists of the modern Flemish school as a painter of ecclesiastical interiors, M. Gensou, has received a commission to paint for His Majesty the King, the interior of the choir of the interior of Westminster Abbey. It is said he will have the good taste not to disfigure his picture by adhering, in the detail, to the present unorthodox arrangement of the stalls and seats, and thus to present to our eyes, and perpetuate as a permanent and distinct feature, that which we earnestly hope will not always be suffered to disgrace this magnificent church. We hope that M. Gensou during his stay in this country will visit some of our Cathedrals in which the arrangements for Divine worship are more in accordance with the Catholic principles of the Church of England.

The *Cheltenham Journal* publishes the following extract from a private letter:—"Mr. Herapath our eminent chemist, says that if we were to have rain at the present time, the number of deaths would be beyond all calculation. He sent a piece of meat into the air, by means of a paper kite, and in a short time it came down in a state of putrefaction."—(With all due deference to so celebrated a chemist we are thankful for the rain that fell yesterday; wanted not only to purify the air, but to stimulate the wheat in ear preparatory to harvest.)"

A new mode of cheap and healthful enjoyment has been opened at the artists' houses of London. Pleasure trips on the Paddington Canal, in barges conveniently and ornamentally fitted up, have become frequent this summer.—One or two experiments were made last summer, and they proved at once so pleasant to the seekers of amusement and relaxation, that the Great Western Railway stations are now crowded with arrivals and departures for the greater part of the day.

The batteries on the Thames and Medway districts will be completed in about two months from the present period and will be of a very efficient description for the defence of these important navigable rivers. The number of guns to be mounted for the defence of these rivers is—thirteen at Short Mud, thirteen at Colbourne Point, five at Gravesend, and fifty at Tilbury. The guns at Short Mud and at Tilbury are thirty-three pounders, mounted on wooden carriages; and they are all to have iron platforms, on a

MR. DANIEL BROOKE, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND BANKRUPTCY, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c. Office on Division Street, next door north of Messrs Brooke & Bentley's COBOURG. July, 1848.

DONALD BETHUNE, JR. BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery and Bankruptcy, CONVEYANCER, &c. DIVISION STREET, COBOURG, CANADA WEST. Cobourg, Oct. 21, 1845.

MR. ROBERT COOPER, BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR, Wellington Street, opposite the Commercial Bank, TORONTO. Toronto, Jan. 24, 1849. 26

WILLIAMS & HOLMES, CITY CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 142 Yonge Street. Toronto, April 25, 1849. 39-5m

JOHN ELLIS & CO., Official Seal and Bank Note ENGRAVERS, LITHOGRAPHERS, AND COPPER-PLATE PRINTERS. 8, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

OWEN AND HILLS, COACH BUILDERS FROM LONDON, KING STREET, TORONTO.

JOHN S. BLOGG, BOOT AND SHOEMAKER, (Next door to Messrs. Beckett & Co., Medical Laboratory.) KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

HAS constantly on hand a beautiful Assortment of Ladies French Kid, Morocco, and Patent Leather Shoes, together with a quantity of Satin Slippers of the very best quality, which he is ready to make to order, and to repair in a style unsurpassed by any Establishment in the City. Toronto, August 24th, 1848. 4 f

W. MORRISON, WATCH MAKER AND MANUFACTURING JEWELLER, SILVER SMITH, &c. No. 9, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

A NEAT and good assortment of Jewellery, Watches, Clocks, &c. Spectacles, Jewellery and Watches of all kinds made and repaired to order. Utmost value given for old Gold and Silver. Toronto, Jan. 28, 1847 61

MORPHY & BROTHERS, WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS CITY BUILDINGS, (Opposite Saint James's Cathedral.) AND AT 98, YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Silver and Plated Ware, Fancy Goods, Accordeons, Musical Boxes, &c. Clocks, Watches and Jewellery, Repaired & warranted. Accordeons and Musical Boxes tuned. Jewellery and Silver Ware made to order. Gilding, Silvering and Engraving. Old Gold and Silver bought. 15

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OILS. BARNARD, CURTISS & Co., 111, WATER STREET, NEW YORK.

HAVE constantly on hand, from their HUDSON OIL WORKS, Blended and Unblended WINTER AND FALL OILS, of all kinds; such as *Sperm, Stearic, Whale, and Lamp Oils*; and *SPERM CANDLES*, which they offer on favourable terms. ALSO: Receiving large supplies of NAVAL STORES on Consignment, which they offer on as favourable terms as can be had in this market. New York, Oct. 19, 1847. 13

THE STEAMER AMERICA, CAPT. ROBERT KERR, WILL leave Toronto for Rochester, touch at Windsor Bay, Oshawa, Darlington, Bond Head, Port Hope and Cobourg, (weather permitting) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at Eleven Royal Mail Office, Toronto; 40

THE STEAMER ECLIPSE WILL (weather permitting) leave Hamilton for Toronto, Kingston, and Cobourg, (Sunday excepted) at half-past 7. Will leave Toronto for Hamilton at 3 o'clock, P. M. Toronto, July 9, 1849.

THE LOW PRESSURE STEAMER BEAVER, CAPTAIN BELL, WILL ply, during the Season, between Kingston and Bytown, and vice versa, twice a week, as follows:—Leave Kingston every Wednesday and Friday Morning, after the arrival of the *Phoenix* from Greenville, returning to Kingston every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at Eleven Royal Mail Office, Toronto; 40

Confirmation Cards, AS recommended by the LORD BISHOP of TORONTO.—Price, 2s. 9d. per 100; or for Post 4s. 6d. per 100.

Marriage Certificate, ADAPTED to the form prescribed in the Registry Books, approved by the Lord Bishop of Toronto, and Sold by the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto.—Price, 2s. per Quire.

Certificate of Confirmation, IN Red and Black—Price, 15s. per 100. For Sale by Mr. PLEES, Publisher of *The Church* paper; or at the Depository of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, 5, King Street West. Toronto, May 2, 1849. 40

CHURCH REVIEW AND ECCLESIASTICAL REGISTER. THIS Quarterly Magazine is published at New Haven, Connecticut, on the first of April, July, October, and January. It is devoted to the exposition and defence of the Doctrine, Discipline, and Worship of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States; to the promotion of an elevated Christian Literature; and to a faithful record of important Ecclesiastical, University and Missionary Intelligence from all parts of the world. The effort to establish the *Church Review* has been warmly commended by a large number of the Bishops, and of distinguished Presbyters of the Church. The first number has just been issued.

PRICE, to Subscribers in Canada, Sixteen Shillings and Threepence, which includes the United States Postage. Subscriptions received by A. MENZIES, Picton, as Agent in Canada. May, 1848. 40

QUESTIONS FOR SELF EXAMINATION OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHER, AND HIS RESOLUTION. For Sale at this Office, and by H. Russell, King Street, Toronto. 40

EDUCATION.

THE REV. H. N. PHILLIPS, formerly Mathematical Master at the Canterbury College School, in connexion with King's College, London, and for many years Head Master of the Antigua Grammar School, West Indies, has made arrangements in Toronto for the Boarding and Tuition of a limited number of Young Gentlemen.

The Plan of Instruction intended to be pursued by him in every Branch of Education—Commercial, as well as Mathematical and Classical—is of the most substantial kind, the good effects of which are evinced in the number of his Pupils in the West Indies who have been admitted to Holy Orders.

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PERSONALS of Qualifications from the Rev. H. N. Phillips, Chaplain to the Tower of London, and Principal of the East India Company's College, Antigua; from the Rev. J. S. Brockhurst, Head Master of the Antigua Grammar School, Antigua; and from the Bishop of Antigua, may be seen at the Church Depository, King Street, Toronto, August 16th, 1848. 14

JAMES WINDIAT, B.A., Master of the District Grammar School at Brockville, and late of St. Peter's College, Cambridge, is desirous of receiving into his Family three or four additional BOARDERS, whom, if required, he will prepare, by a particular course of studies, either for the Examinations of the Upper Canada College—the Scholarships of the University—the Previous Examination before the Benchers—or the Theological Institution at Cobourg.

Terms and other particulars made known upon application. Brockville, Jan. 24, 1848. 22-4f

MRS. AND THE MISSES DUNN'S Establishment for Young Ladies, COBOURG. References kindly permitted to the Honourable and Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Toronto; the Venerable the Archbishop of York, Cobourg; Rev. W. H. Ripley, Toronto; G. M. Boswell, Esq., Cobourg; for Boarders receiving an English Education £30 per annum. French, Music, Drawing &c. on the usual terms. Nov. 20th, 1848. 41-6m

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FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES. PUBLIC ATTENTION is invited to the extensive and well-selected assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees grown at the Toronto Nursery.

For Sale in the ensuing Fall and Spring. Persons about to plant Trees are respectfully requested to visit the grounds, and examine the stock, which for extent and variety of large, well-grown, healthy trees of the most approved varieties, now equals any establishment of the kind between this and New York.

FORTY THOUSAND APPLE TREES & UPWARDS, four and five years from the graft, are now ready for sale, together with a proportionate number of the most desirable sorts of Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach, Nectarine, and Apricot. Also, Grape vines, Gooseberries, Currants, Raspberries, and Strawberries. Many of the finest varieties of Pear, Apple, and other Fruit-trees, now so much esteemed for Garden culture.

Roots is quite extensive, and contains all the highly improved Varieties for Pleasure-grounds and Shrubberies. Also, a large stock of Double Dahlias, Herbaceous and Greenhouse Plants.

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A New Descriptive Catalogue, containing Directions for successful transplanting, has lately been published, and is furnished gratis to all post-paid applicants. Orders from a distance, accompanied by a remittance or satisfactory reference, punctually attended to. Trees sent out are correctly labelled, and securely packed, to ensure safe transmission to any part of the Upper and Lower Provinces. GEORGE LESSLIE. August, 1848. 11a-14f

PREPARING FOR PUBLICATION, A MAP OF THE TOWNSHIP OF YORK, COMPILED FROM THE MOST AUTHENTIC SURVEYS, EXPRESSLY REVISED, BY J. O. BROWNE, F.S.A. Civil Engineer, and Deputy Provincial Surveyor.

THE MAP will be drawn upon a scale of forty chains to an inch, and on it will be shown the Concessions and Lots, with the proportions of cultivated and wild Lands, the Villages, Churches and Chapels, Mills, School-houses, Post Offices, the Manions, Farms, Roads, and Railways. The Macadamized, Planked and ordinary Roads, will be marked by distinctive characters in the drawing.

Parties who have Property in the Township for Sale, may have the same distinguished by their names, and the subdivisions of the Lots, so far as practicable, on condition of their becoming subscribers, and forwarding sketches of the Lots, with a fee of five shillings to Mr. Browne, at his Office, 99 York Street, Toronto.

The Map is now in course of completion, and will be published shortly. The price, one dollar, coloured, seven shillings and sixpence; mounted on rollers and varnished, ten shillings. Published by SCOBIE & BALFOUR. 48-4f

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