

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. I.—No. 123.]

SATURDAY, 8TH DECEMBER, 1838.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.]

Poetry.

(FOR THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT.)

THE PURSUIT OF PLEASURE.

I wish'd and sought the nearest way
To see the sun's seducing charms to clasp,
Regardless of what wise men say,
Her fle'ing form eludes the grasp.
The vacant laugh, replenish'd bowl,
The fond excess of social glee,
Provd' false conductors to the goal;
They wearied, led bewildered me.
I curs'd and quit them, did not dally,—
Took the worldly-wise man's road,
And surely thought this second sally
Would find me Pleasure's sought abode.
Yes, yes, said I, on golden pinions
I'll overtake the fugitive,—
Demand a place in her dominions,—
Give care a kick, and learn to live.
False vision! as you lightning's glare,
Precursor of the coming storm,
Dazzles the eye,—sports with the air,—
Precedes the gloom,—so fled the form.
I'll quit the chase,—forego the aim:
The best about short, the steadiest fall;
Pleasure in this agrees with fame—
"She comes unlook'd for if at all."

LIBERTY.

BY COLERIDGE.

Ye clouds! that far above me float and pause,
Whose pathless march no mortal may control!
Ye ocean-waves! that, whereso'er ye roll,
Field homage only to eternal laws!
Ye woods! that listen to the night-birds singing,
Midway the smooth and perilous slope reclined,
Sate when your own imperious branches swinging,
Have made a solemn music of the wind!
Where, like a man beloved of God,
Through glooms, which never woodman trod,
How oft, pursuing fancies hold,
My moonlight way o'er flowering weeds I wound,
Inspired, beyond the guess of folly,
By each rude shape and wild unconquerable sound!
O ye loud waves! and O ye forests high!
And O ye clouds that far above me soared!
Thou rising sun! thou blue rejoicing sky!
Yes every thing that is and will be free!
Bear witness for me, whereso'er ye be,
With what deep worship I have still ador'd
The spirit of divest Liberty!

MATCH-BREAKING.

A TALE OF AN ENGLISH COUNTRY TOWN.

(Continuation.)

All now went on most prosperously for the match-breakers; they had done enough; all that remained for them was to keep quiet.—Whether they did keep quiet or not shall be disclosed to the reader in good time. Saville had resolved not to pay any farewell visits in Allingham; but on second thoughts he determined to call on Miss Ogley, whose fidelity in keeping his secret demanded some little return of attention from him. He knocked at the door. Her foot boy replied that she was not at home, but (knowing the predilection of his mistress for handsome young men) begged Saville to walk in and wait her return, which he assured him, would take place in a few minutes. Saville declined, and walked to the end of the street; but presently he reflected that he should like to caution Miss Ogley not even after his departure to reveal his secret, for he had a vivid recollection of the whole pack of invitation cards which Mrs. Riley had lately inflicted on him, and feared that Mrs. Stapleton might dispatch some tenderly-apologetic billet to London after him, which might put his fortune to the test. He returned to the door, but did not again knock at it. The foot boy who was a marvellously small person, engaged on a marvellously small wage, did most things in a very clumsy manner, and instead of shutting the door after Saville, had left it ajar. Consequently he entered unawakened by any body into Miss Ogley's rear parlour, there to await the return of his mistress.

There was little amusement for our hero during the period of his solitude; he looked at Miss Ogley's frame of worsted work, (a spinning-wheel, in all the colors of the rainbow, intended for an ottoman,) held a brief dialogue with her parrot, which speedily fell

to the ground on account of the total deficiency of repartee in the feathered conversant, and turned over a music book which was filled with the fashionable songs of Miss Ogley's girlhood:—"The Garland of Love," "The Mischievous Bee," "When Time, who steals our years away," "Said a Smile to a Tear," "Will you come to the Bower?" &c.

Tired of this investigation he proceeded through the small folding-doors to the back parlour, in hopes of amusing himself with Miss Ogley's books; but, alas! Miss Ogley never read anything but novels, never read any novels but old ones, and never read anything but the worst among the old. She had about a dozen sets of these, which she had bought very cheap from a circulating library selling off, and when she had finished them, she read them through again with just as much pleasure and profit as she had derived from their first perusal. Saville took down the first volume of a thin yellow dirty novel, called "Adeliza, or the Amiable Artifice," shut the folding doors, and sat himself down calmly, to his studies on the faded amber sofa in the back parlour. Saville had frequently wondered what could be the mysterious secret possessed by the celebrated Dr. Gardiner, by which he enables people to go to sleep whenever he pleases; but he had not perused more than twenty pages, when he made up his mind that it must be by the perusal of an old novel, for although by no means of a lethargic nature, and although Miss Ogley's hard high sofa was anything but inviting to repose, he gradually sank back into a deep slumber. He had been asleep about half an hour, when he was awakened by the shrill, loud voice of Miss Ogley in the next room, and soon ascertained that her companion was Miss Malford; he was on the point of opening the folding doors and announcing himself, when he heard his own name mentioned, and to his great horror Miss Malford coolly and unhesitatingly expressed her great satisfaction at having found herself engaged exactly to imitate his hand-writing. Saville remained, as the author of Adeliza would have said, "rooted to the ground;" the idea of forgery instantly occurred to his mind—he had a large sum lying at his banker's, and he trembled at the prospect before him; it is very distressing to a man of gallantry to contemplate the necessity of transporting a lady, however delightful it may be to be transported by her.

"I will read you what I have written in Saville's name," said Miss Malford; "I do not think it is a bad love-letter."

Saville's fears now took a contrary direction; it was evident that this deformed spinster, whose mind seemed to him as distorted as her person, had written an offer of marriage to herself in his name. Westminster Hall, counsellors, lawyers, stammering witnesses, and flitting spectators, all swam before his eyes, and he valerosly resolved that, like Mr. Pickwick of immortal memory, he would rather go to goal than pay a farthing of award damages. Presently, however, he had reason to exonerate Miss Malford from any personal designs on him; for when she read aloud the letter, which was indeed a proposal of marriage, it appeared that he apostrophized the lady addressed as "young and beautiful," terms which the utmost excess of human vanity could never have enabled Miss Malford to apply to herself. At the conclusion he (or rather his double) candidly confessed that his annual income only amounted to four hundred pounds, "rising" ten pounds yearly, in the India House, and it was signed, "Your faithful and devoted John Saville."

"So far, so good," thought Saville; "this letter should not be intended to form the groundwork of a breach of promise of marriage trial, or I should have been made frankly to plead guilty to my large independent fortune; but what purpose can it be intended for?"

"You have imitated Saville's hand-writing very successfully," said Miss Ogley.

"Yes," replied Miss Malford, "but I found it by no means difficult. Lawyer truly enough says, 'that the disposition is indicated by the hand-writing;' now Saville is of an exceedingly weak, bending, timid nature, nothing

masculine or decided about him, and his neat formal hand-writing is one that any female could easily imitate."

Poor Saville! he quailed under this double-barrelled attack on his character, and hand-writing and fervently wished that Miss Malford would leave both of them alone.

"I have the greatest respect for your judgment, my dear friend," said Miss Ogley, "but when these ladies were mutually concerned in any plot of mischief, they were as affectionate as doves to each other," but I confess I hardly see the policy of addressing an offer of marriage in Saville's name to Rose Stapleton—it seems to me a scheme more likely to make a match than to break one."

Saville's heart beat quickly at the "one loved name," and he felt greatly relieved that his malicious neighbors had not thought proper to make him offer his hand and heart to some pastry-cook's high-priestess or milliner's show-girl.

"Why, my love," answered Miss Malford, "you have repeatedly agreed with me that Rose Stapleton is evidently attached to Saville, and that her mother personally likes him extremely, and her merely objects to him as a son-in-law on account of the smallness of his fortune; this is an objection that you and I know could be obviated in a moment; and every day I am on thorns, fearing either that Saville will take leave of his romantic scruples, and proclaim his riches, or that Sir Peregrine, who, with his usual stupid meanness of spirit, would be delighted to see the girl who had rejected him well married, will blab the truth to the Stapletons by way of smothering all objections to the match."

"To be sure—that might happen any day," said Miss Ogley.

"Now," continued the animated Miss Malford, "as matters stand at present, there is not a doubt that Mrs. Stapleton will compel Rose to write a refusal, and Saville will be so irritated that he will immediately set out for London; of course he will write to them to deny having sent the letter, but as they believed it to come from him, the refusal will be just as cutting to his feelings and his vanity as if he had actually sent it."

"But are you quite sure that the offer will be refused?" said Miss Ogley. Mrs. Stapleton is ridiculously attached to her daughter, and allows her to have her own way to a shameful degree—witness the rejection of Sir Peregrine; suppose Rose should coax her mother into a permission to accept the offer."

"I have my counterplot ready for that," answered Miss Malford. "Saville will know that he did not write the letter, and it must be our business to persuade him that Mrs. Stapleton did; you in particular, may be of the most essential use—you must tell Saville, with apparent contrition that you secretly disclosed to Mrs. Stapleton the circumstances of his large property, in order to calm her apprehensions that Rose was flirting with a detrimental; and the result will be, that he will be so enraged and angry at the idea of having been duped and imposed upon, that he will quit Allingham without delay in the full enjoyment of single blessedness."

Saville could not repress a deep hollow groan at this avowed determination of Miss Malford to cast a wanton slander on the fame of the unsuspecting and good natured woman, for whom she professed friendship; the sound startled the conspirators in the front parlour.

"Dear me, what is that?" said Miss Malford; "it seemed to come from the next room."

"Nothing to alarm you, my dear," answered Miss Ogley; "I dare say it is a string of Mr. Scrapeall's violencello, which he has sent to my house, to be in readiness for my little musical luncheon party to-morrow."

"All that now remains," said Miss Malford, with renewed placidity, "is to envelope the letter, and seal it. I shall send it to-night to the Stapletons, by a man on whom I can depend. I have done him some favors, and he knows himself to be in my power. I shall direct him to flap his hat over his eyes, and merely ring at the door, and leave it."

"I can give you rose-colored wax," said Miss Ogley, and a seal that will be just the thing for a love-letter—the motto is, 'Each moment makes you dearer.' Come up to my dressing-room, and you will there find my writing-case."

Accordingly the spinsters quitted the front parlour, and ascended the stairs, and Saville, having first carefully replaced "Adeliza, or the Amiable Artifice," on the shelf, seized the opportunity to dart into the street, and terminate on the artifice, certainly anything but amiable, which had just come to his knowledge. Several times in the course of the colloquy, Saville felt inclined to bust out on the spinsters in all the majesty of an insulted and injured man, but he thought better on the subject, and remained quiet.

(To be continued.)

EXTRACT.

The heart of man, after it becomes sordid and worldly, retains many delicious sentiments of young remembrance, as the withered rose retains the sweet perfume of its beautiful blushing; but of all the gentle affections of generous humanity, there is one that endureth longer, nor becometh fresher, so much of the rare, the excellent, and the exquisite, as the gracious largeness of parental love. It is the artery that supplieth the equality of tenderness in the spirit of man; and all that hath the holy name of charity and mercy, draw some portion of their virtue from its ventricle. But in its flowing, there is a mystery to cause both wonder and sorrow; for often it engendereth but aches and anguish; and yet to those to whom it is a fountain of such affliction, it would seem to give only an augmentation of delight—making them cling to their children long after they have outgrown all need of care; yes, prompting them to encounter six gulf humiliations, and to fuddle over them, even while they are fatally tainted with the foul plague-spots of crime, as if they loved the more because they esteem the less.

SAM WELLERISM.

"This is the day we celebrate," as the fat turkey said to the pig on the morning of Christmas.

"Your further progress is necessarily impeded," as the river said to the steamboat ven he run on a sand-bar.

"You are unquestionably blind to your best interests," as the President said to the people, ven they refused to re-elect him.

"I have the honor to be your most obedient humble servant," as the negro said to his master, ven he had given him a flogging.

"You are most unjustifiable in disturbing my repose," as the mummy said to the gentleman, ven he awoke him from his sleep of 3000 years.

"Methinks your kindness freezes, as the loafer said to the pump one cold morning in January, ven he came to take his breakfast, and found it froze up.

"I see we'll have to part, perhaps forever," as the printer said to his shirt, ven it manifested dangerous symptoms of decomposition.

"That's an ungentlemanly insinuation," as the lady said to her lover, ven he asked her how old she was.

"You fill me with feelings of the most profound astonishment," as the editor said to the letter, ven he opened it, and found enclosed the money for one year's subscription to his paper in advance.

"That's an operation, from which we will derive mutual benefit," as the mosquito said to the sick gentleman, ven he plucked his proboscis into his body, and filled himself with blood.
"Small favors thankfully received," as the elephant said to the little boys ven they fed him with chestnuts.

ABURDITIES OF HUMAN LIFE.

To rise early on a cold morning, when you have nothing to do.

Not to go to bed when you are sleepy, because it is not a certain hour.

To stand in water to your knees fishing for trout, when you can buy them in a clean dry market.

The heir of an avaricious uncle paying him the compliment of the deepest mourning.

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The lovely widow of a cross old man wearing weeds; and the gay survivor of a rich old dwarf being particular in the choice and display of his wipers.

To suppose that every one likes to hear your child cry, and you talk nonsense to it.

To lose of time and money at the card table to the add of that of your temper.

To tell a person from whom you solicit a loan of money that you are in want of it.

To call a man honest who indulges his vanity by displaying his service of plate, to his rich neighbours often, but was never known to give a dinner to any one really in want of it.

To think any man should despair of success in any the most foolish undertaking, in a world so overstocked with fools.

To make a foolish match, and gravely ask a judicious friend his opinion of your choice.

To lend money to a man whose friendship you are desirous to preserve.

To desire the chambermaid of an inn to air your sheets, or the ostler to feed your horse.

To ask a wine merchant how long his wine has been in a bottle.

MISTAKES OF AMBIGUITY.—Ambiguity of speech sometimes leads to very sad mistakes. A militia captain received a billet from a lady of fashion, requesting "the pleasure of his company to tea" on a certain evening. Now a query arose how to understand the word "company?" and the captain being a man of real military views, very naturally came to the conclusion that it meant neither more nor less than the company of militia which he had the honor to command. Accordingly, what was the astonishment of his hostess and her friends to behold, not only the captain, but his whole company, from the highest subaltern to the most ragged private, armed and equipped in their usual style, punctual to the hour of invitation, dry as dust, and hungry as lions! In which situation we leave all the parties to the sympathy and consideration of the reader.

MILITARY PRIDE.—A farmer was elected to a corporalship in a militia company. His wife, after discoursing with him for some time on the advantage which the family would derive from his exaltation, inquired in a doubting tone "Husband, will it be proper for us to let our children play with the neighbours' now?" "One of the little rascals eagerly asked, "Are we not all corporals?" "Tut," said the mother, "hold your tongue: there is no one corporal, but your father and myself."

LANGUAGES.—There are said to be no less than 3,124 known languages in use in the world; of which 937 are Asiatic, 587 European, 276 African, and 1,624 American languages and dialects. By calculation from the best dictionaries, for each of the following languages, there are about 20,000 words in the Spanish, 22,000 in the English, 25,000 in the Latin, 30,000 in the French, 45,000 in the Italian, 50,000 in the Greek, and 80,000 in the German.

LATE ENGLISH EXTRACTS.—The Marquis of Waterford has had a duello with Lord George Loftus. They fired ten shots; and at last George Loftus was wounded in the leg—or the trousers! The "tetra-rina causa belli," in this case was as follows: Lord George Loftus has lately won money at cards from Lord Jocelyn—supposed to be by a de Ross trick. Lord Jocelyn had paid part and declined to "fork out" the remainder. At Limerick's Hotel, Conduit street, London, the Marquis and the other two Lords met in the coffee-room. Lord G. Loftus commenced abusing Lord Jocelyn, until that "noisy lord" quitted the room. But after he had left Lord George kept up the abuse. On this, Lord Waterford said he was the friend of both, and could not hear either abused in his absence. Lord G. Loftus still persisted, and at last the Marquis said, "My fine fellow, if you will go on this way, one of us must slump out of the room, and it won't be me." Still Lord G. continued, whereupon the Marquis very quietly whistled him out in the street, crop and neck. A challenge ensued, and after nine shots the tenth nicked Loftus. How it came that none of them were hit before is a mystery.

THEATRICALS.—Knowles's play succeeded, though it is not as good as the Love Chase, it wants the freshness—owing to his taking the plot from a novel.

At the Olympic they are getting on famously without Madame Vestris.

Van Amburgh and his lions are clearing £1,270 a week at Astley's. Half of this goes to the poor.

Mr. James Brooke, a man of fortune, is going in his own yacht, the Royalist, to explore the Asiatic Archipelago. He goes to Sincapore and hopes to reach it in March next—then to Malibu Bay—to Abai or Tusan Abar—to the Celebes—lo New Guinea—Australia—the Pacific Islands, and home.

The Pickwick Papers, translated into German, are still the rage on the Continent—"Boz" is not more than 26.

Col. St. John's new piece, "The Star of the Forest," did not make a very decided hit. Some of the N. W. Y. papers say he acting alone saved it from being dimmed.

A DEARLY-BUGHT KISS.—THE LAW OF KISSING.—Caroline Newton was indicted at the Middlesex Sessions on Tuesday for assaulting Thomas Saviland, and biting off his nose. It was stated that the complainant met with the prisoner in a top-room, where, after sundry jokes, and having received from her what he considered a "challenge," he tried to kiss her, and in the scuffle he was heard to cry out—

"She has got my nose in her mouth." When they parted he was bleeding profusely at the nose, and a portion of it, which defendant had bitten off, she was seen to spit out of her mouth upon the ground. The defendant, a fat middle aged woman, treated the matter with great levity, and said he had no business to kiss her in a public-house. She was not one of that kind of people. If she wanted to be kissed, she had a husband to kiss her, and he was a much better man than defendant ever was even before he lost his nose.—The Chairman told the jury it mattered little which way their verdict went. If they found her guilty, the Court would not fine her more than one shilling, as the prosecutor brought the punishment on himself.—The Jury without hesitation acquitted her.—The Chairman told the prosecutor he was sorry for the loss of his nose; but if he would play with cats, he must expect to be scratched. Turning to the Jury, the Chairman afterwards said, "Gentlemen, my opinion is that if a man attempt to kiss a woman against her will, she has a right to bite his nose off, if she has a fancy for so doing." "And eat it too," added a learned gentleman on the bar.—The case caused much laughter to all except the poor complainant.

UPPER CANADA.

We have been favored with a sample of the cartridges used by the Windmill Brigade for their fencibles, which appear to be very ingeniously made up, the powder and bullet in the usual form, but above the bullet are three black shots tied neatly down with thread in the cartridge. The four pounder taken at Windmill was loaded with old rusty nails, broken iron spikes, tied up into a ball, and would do much mischief at a short distance.—Kingston Chronicle.

The application for mercy on behalf of the convict Merritt, ordered for execution on Saturday last we are happy to say, proved successful. A reprieve arrived for the unhappy man late on Friday evening, and his sentence has been commuted to transportation for life in one of the penal colonies.

The tide of emigration turning towards Canada from the "land of liberty." W. B. Wells, ex M. P. has come back; lots of nameless "patriots" have come back, and lots more are coming. The Mormons are coming back; several families of them passed through this town the other day; the Iowa and Michigan adventurers are coming back. One of the latter, who went away three or four years ago, with six children and four thousand dollars, has come back with one child and one hundred dollars.—Niagara Chronicle.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, Mr. George Fox, Mr. Wm. M. Cormick, Mr. Peter Wilkinson, and Mrs. Lawson and two young children, while on their way from Point au Pelee Island to the main shore in a small sail boat, and when about four miles out were struck by a sudden squall, and the boat was capsized. Mr. M. Cormick succeeded in placing Mrs. Lawson and children on the bottom of the boat, one of which he held in his arms, but owing to the high swells prevailing, they could not with great difficulty retain their hold. At last, Mrs. Lawson was compelled to cling to Mr. M. Cormick's coat, and her children to her own garments. The other two persons clung to the boat as well as they could, being frequently washed in the heavy sea. When the boat upset, Mr. John Mallet, of Gosfield, then on board of his schooner at the island, observed it, and with all possible haste made towards them. When he arrived within a proper distance, the yawl was lowered and sent to their rescue, but unfortunately it was so small that it sufficed Mrs. Lawson, and

children had died from exhaustion; and within sight of the yawl's crew, Mr. Fox clasped his hands in his breast, and sunk to rise no more. Mr. Wilkinson, encouraged and sustained by the exertions of Mr. M. Cormick, succeeded in retaining his hold of the boat till the yawl reached them, when they were taken on board, huddled and entirely speechless.—Sundwich Herald.

Three wrenz loods of muskets and accoutrements arrived in this town from Amherstburgh, and on the following day twenty-four Congreve Rockets.—1b.

An inquest was held on the body of a man cut down by one of the dragoons, last week. The jury after a full investigation of the case, very properly brought in a verdict of "Justifiable homicide." It appears that the deceased had laid hold of the dragoon, and was endeavouring to unhorse him, with the intention of obtaining a dispatch of which the dragoon was a bearer.—Coburg Star.

LOWER CANADA.

We observe it stated in the Ami du Peuple that the New York Courier de Etats Unis reproaches several Montreal journalists with serving against the rebels by the pen rather than by the sword. For ourselves we can state that from our office there are no fewer than eighteen volunteers, consisting of 1 Lieutenant, 1 Esquire, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Sergeant, 2 Corporals, 2 Sergeants and 10 privates. Their attendance at drill, at guard, at picquet and at patrol, is any thing but profitable to us, but the sacrifice is made cheerfully.—Montreal Herald.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 8TH DEC. 1838.

LATEST DATES.—From London, 3 From New York, 1 From Paris, 2 From London, 2 From New York, 1 From Paris, 2

New-York papers brought by mail are to the evening of the 1st inst.

The Montreal Gazette of Thursday evening was received this morning. It contains the following particulars of the Court Martial now sitting in that city:—

COURT MARTIAL.—The Court Martial on Cardinal and the eleven rebels, which has been going on since the 29th ult., was brought to a close this afternoon. On Monday, the Court did not sit, to allow the prisoners to prepare for their defence; on Tuesday and Wednesday, they examined witnesses with this view, and this morning read their defence. The Court adjourned for an hour, and at one, Mr. Day, as Judge Advocate, summed up the law of the case, and the evidence adduced against each prisoner. From his address, we gathered that the charge was distinctly brought home to nine, by numerous witnesses; that if the evidence of one of the Crown witnesses was rejected, on account of contradictions in his testimony, Ducharme and Therien might become entitled to the benefit of a doubt; and that against Lesjard, there was not sufficient proof to warrant conviction. It was then intimated to the prisoners, that Judgment would not be pronounced against them, until the sentence of the Court had been approved of by His Excellency the Commander of the Forces.

The Exchange Register of this morning has the following:—

"We learn by a letter from Three Rivers that Celestin Hood, confined in Three Rivers Jail for seditious practices and for treason, has been admitted to bail by Mr. Justice Vallières, himself in £400, and two securities in £200 each. Mr. Turcotte appeared as counsel for the prisoner, but the case was not argued; Judge Vallières at once decided it."

There are various rumours of new preparations for the invasion of Canada on the Western Frontier. The Detroit Advertiser says, "From information which has come to our knowledge, we are inclined to think that the plans of the insurgents are deeply laid; that they have large resources to draw upon—and that there are many disaffected persons in Canada who are aiding them."

The Auburn Daily News contains some account of the "examination" of one Birge, who acted as commander-in-chief of the band of ruffians who learned a salutary lesson at Prescott. The principal witnesses was Malcolm, Captain of the 1st Regt. of Queens who said he

was pressed on board the United States, to manœuvre her. Allen Nym, the Aid of Birge, is also under arrest. The result of these farcical trials will, of course, be the same as the rest.

"It is so very interesting," says the Auburn News, "the 1st November," in saying that William Johnston surrendered himself to Mr. Garrison at United States Marshal. In his own hand-writing and signature, he sent us last evening the following:—

"I, William Johnston, surrendered myself to my son, John Johnston, under Gov. Morey's Proclamation, and he delivered me to the Deputy Sheriff of Jefferson County."

His trial, and that of the others in custody of the Marshal, was to take place on the 25th.

The New-York Herald says that Papineau and Nelson have been in that city, concerting measures to get back to Canada without loss of life, limb, or property. They sojourned at the Tremont house, and held several secret meetings to devise measures to carry out their plans. They also held several interviews with certain gentlemen, and endeavoured to enlist them so far in their behalf as to intercede for them with the Canadian Government. They have now, also, all gone to Washington, to try what they can do with Mr. Fox. The same paper adds—"They are tired of their present mode of life. They are short of money; their pockets are empty; and therefore they philosophise. Dr. Nelson disclaims the violent expression attributed to him at the Richmond Hill meeting, although it is certain that he used them. He there said, 'The Canada must be free, or we must die!' He was heard to say so, and it is worse than idle for him to deny them. But he and Papineau are at present poor—therefore they are honest at present. Patriotism sits poorly upon an empty stomach, and lovers of liberty, all over the world, would rather digest a good dinner than a dose of lead."

The Court Martial at Kingston commenced its sittings on the 25th ultimo in Fort Henry, and sits daily. On that morning Daniel George of Jefferson County, said to have been paymaster of the American forces, was put on his trial, which closed next day, when he requested to be allowed until Saturday to prepare his defence, in which he is assisted by Mr. J. A. McDonald, Advocate. Neil S. Von Shoultz, the Polish General, was brought up, and pleaded guilty to the charge brought against him. The Kingston Chronicle states that Shoultz is a native of Poland, aged 31, of prepossessing appearance, that his father was major of a regiment at Cracow, and that he emigrated to the United States in 1836.

The prisoners taken at Prescott are said to have made the fullest disclosures of the system of organization, the means, and the plans of the sympathisers on the frontier, which disclosures implicate persons very high in the scale of American society.

"Where will they be in the spring?"—O'Callaghan.

The Quebec Gazette of Wednesday gives the following as the whereabouts of some of the principal refugee rebel leaders:—

"Papineau, Wilfred Nelson and Mr. President Nelson, had gone down to New York from Albany. Mackenzie has returned to New-York. Bouchette is on the Vermont frontier. Moira has got into the United States by the Kennebec Road. Duverny probably remains at New-York with John Ryan. Of O'Callaghan nothing is said since he was residing at Saratoga with Mr. Papineau some months ago. Van Ranssler, who came up to Champlain, returned from Albany, with Theophile Brunton, Papineau's brother-in-law, as his aide-de-camp, after his friends had run away, in December gone west."

His Excellency the Commander of the Forces has been pleased to appoint Major W. K. McCord of the Quebec Volunteers, and Lieutenant Inral, of the 15th Regt. of Foot, to the Quarter Master General's Department. A more judicious selection for such appointments could not have been made; both gentlemen being well known to possess every quality calculated to advance the service, and reflect credit upon themselves, in whatever station civil or military, they may be employed.

The prisoners who were transported to Brandon are said to have had a sum of \$125,000 at their credit, with a firm at New-York where they resided that city.

Edw. Miss E. Bushe, sailed ultimo, celebra the sun
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Edward Ellice, Esq., M. P., Mrs. Ellice, Miss Balfour, and servant, Mr. Gerrase P. Busby, and Mr. E. G. Wakefield, of England, sailed in the packet ship *Roscius*, on the 26th ultimo, for Liverpool. Mr. Tyrone Power, the celebrated Irish comedian, was a passenger by the same vessel.

It is stated that the steam-ship *British Queen* may be expected in New-York about the 1st January next; and if successful, she will continue to make the passages during the winter. She will accommodate 250 passengers.

We understand that a Court Martial is now sitting for the trial of the soldiers of the Coldstream Guards who were on sentry over Thelmer and Dodge, at the time of their escape from the Citadel. The trial of the sergeant commenced on Tuesday last; but the result has not yet transpired.

Nearly the whole of the Volunteer Companies in Montreal have generously contributed a day's pay, in aid of the widows and orphans of those who fell at Lacolle and Orléans—an example which we hope to see followed in Quebec.

Despatches were on Thursday received at the War Office, Washington, announcing that the Seminole and other Indians had declined to come in to conclude the treaty at the time appointed—that they had dispersed and disappeared, and that the Florida war must consequently be concluded hereafter.

LORD DURHAM.—The *New York Herald* says that the reason his Lordship did not come into the United States on his way to England, was that the patriots he had sent to Bermuda and elsewhere meant to arrest him in New York, on suits for damages of \$100,000. Application was made to Chancellor Kent as to the legality of such a process in New York. A reply was given, that, not only Lord Durham, but all those who signed the denunciation act, could be arrested here, under our laws.

At a Meeting which took place in Lower Ireland, County of Meath, on the 23rd Nov., 1838—J. Redfern, Esq., J. P. in the chair, the following resolutions were adopted:—
1st. That a self-denying Company of Volunteers be forthwith formed, and be drilled to do duty in the County of elsewhere if required.

2d. That Joseph Redfern, Esq. J. P., be Captain; and
3d. That his Excellency the Commander in Chief be requested to sanction the same, and allow the said Company arms, ammunition and accoutrements—which request has been forwarded to the Secretary.

BIRTH.
At Bellevue, St. Foy Road, on Monday last, Mrs. James Gibb, of a son.

MARRIED.
On Wednesday evening by the Rev. Dr. Cook, Mr. Samuel McCuney to Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Mr. John Johnston, all of this city.

DIED.
At the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. George Hall, St. John Street, on Monday last, Mr. John Porter, a native of the County Monaghan, Ireland, aged 60 years. His death was occasioned by inflammation, from a severe cold, caught while assisting at the late fire at Pré de Ville.

At Montreal, on Tuesday last, after a few days' illness, Ebenezer Paul, fourth son of the Revd. Newton Bosworth, aged 16.

At Peterboro', Upper Canada, on the 29th Oct., Cheesman Mac, Esq., one of the oldest Lieutenants in the Royal Navy.

THE TRANSCRIPT
IS PUBLISHED
EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY
MORNING,
BY THE PROPRIETORS,
W. COWAN & SON,
At the Office No. 12, St. John Street, opposite
Palace Street.

Edited by T. J. Thompson

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Id Town, 10s. per annum.
When sent by Post, 12s. per annum.

Advertisements, Communications, &c. may be left at the Office, and at the Book-Store, No. 25, foot of Mountain Street, at which places the paper can be had immediately after publication.
Printed by every description executed with neatness and dispatch, at the moderate rate.

JUST PUBLISHED BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

THE QUEBEC CALENDAR FOR 1839.

BESIDES the usual matter, it contains the remarkable events connected with the Rebellion of 1837-8; the Civil and Military Register, Courts of Justice, Public and other Offices, Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Quebec Post Office, Terms of Courts of Justice, Eclipses, Movable Feasts, &c.
W. COWAN & SON,
Quebec, 2nd Dec. 1838. 12, St. John Street.

QUEBEC BANK.
NOTICE.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of three per cent. on the amount of the capital stock, has been declared, and the same will be payable at the Bank, on or after WEDNESDAY, the 2nd of January next.
By order of the Board,
NOAH FREER, CASHIER.
Quebec, 30th Novr. 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY BARRELS SUPERFINE FLOUR, (Welland Mills.)
LEAVY-CRAFT, DUNSCOMB & CO.
29th Novr.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
WANTED, by two Gentlemen, Furnished Apartments, to consist of one sitting room, and two bed rooms, in the Upper Town. Address stating situation, terms, &c. to A. A. MESSRS. LEVEY & CO. St. John Street.
Quebec, 4th Dec. 1838.

R. C. TODD,
Herald Painter,
No. 16, St. NICHOLAS STREET.

AUCTION SALES

FLOUR.
On MONDAY NEXT, the 10th inst., at the Stores of the Subscriber, at TWO o'clock precisely, without reserve:
273 BARRELS rejected Fine Flour,
178 Barrels inspected do. do.
130 Bags Flour partly damaged.
A. J. MAXHAM.
Quebec, 5th Dec. 1838.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Will be sold, on MONDAY NEXT, the 10th inst., at the residence in St. John Street, of the late Mr. JOHN BROWN, in his life time of the city of Quebec, Architect.

ALL the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of the deceased, consisting of Chairs, Tables, Beds, Bedding, a Double Stove and other articles.
ALSO,
A Marble Chimney Piece, a lot of Drawing Instruments, two large Globes, a Silver Watch, Wearing Apparel, Books, Drawings, &c. &c.
By order of the Curator,
L. T. MACPHERSON, N. P.
Quebec, 3rd Decr. 1838.

EXTENSIVE BANKRUPT SALE OF DRY GOODS.

Will be sold on MONDAY NEXT, the 10th inst., and following days, at the residence of Mr. J. H. SLEVIN, Fabrique Street, positively without reserve:
THE whole of his extensive Stock of DRY GOODS, consisting of Superfine Cloths and common, printed Muslin and Calicos, Flannels, Irish Linens, variety of Silks, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, with every other article connected with the Dry Goods Business.
The whole will be sold without the least reserve, for the benefit of those concerned.
Sale each day at ONE o'clock precisely.
Conditions—CASH on Delivery.
G. B. OUELLET, A. & B.
Quebec, 5th Dec. 1838.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED.
price 2s. 6d.

And may be had at the Book-Stores of Messrs. Neilson, Cary, and Cowan.
METRA HORATIANA; or, the Metrical systems of Horace, arranged on a new and simplified plan by the Revd. F. J. LUNDY, S. C. L., late Scholar of University College, Oxford, and Head Master of the Quebec Classical School.
Quebec, 27th Nov. 1838.

SADDLERY, HARNESS,
Trunk and Whip Establishment.
THE Subscriber is ready to execute orders for Double, Single, or Tandem HARNESS, in the latest style, and on moderate terms.
—ALSO—
Home Clothing, Portmanteaus, and Valices.
H. J. MANNING.
No. 55, St. John Street.
November 5th.

MADEIRA WINE.
A FEW CASKS Howard, March & Co.'s MADEIRA WINE—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons—for sale by
JOHN GORDON & CO. St. Paul Street.
Quebec, May, 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.
A FEW barrels superfine FLOUR, (Welland Canal Mills.) Ship, Pilot, Cabin and Navy Biscuit, Crackers and Water Biscuit.
A. GLASS,
1, St. Peter St.
Quebec, 13th October, 1838.

SUPERIOR BOTTLED SODA WATER,
MANUFACTURED and SOLD BY
MUSSON & SAVAGE.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS & PHOENIX BITTERS,
FOR SALE BY
MUSSON & SAVAGE.

SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA,
FOR SALE BY
MUSSON & SAVAGE.
Chemists and Druggists.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS
JUST RECEIVED,
Per Brig "Robert," from Jamaica,
81 PUNCHEONS Jamaica Rum, superior flavour and good strengths.
5 Hhds. Fair Sugar.
258 Quarter Boxes very superior "Cuba" Cigars.
WM. PRICE & CO.
Quebec, 17th Oct. 1838.

W. LECHEMINANT,
No. 1, FABRIQUE STREET,
HAS JUST RECEIVED, and offers for Sale,
20 hampers Double Gloucester Cheese,
2 cases Brick do. do.
1 ton American do. do.
85 tins Kamouraska Butter,
50 do. Sardines, (very fine),
12 barrels fresh Hickory Nuts,
—ALSO—
Blackburn's superior Madeira Wine, in Wood and Bottle, with his usual assortment of Liquors & Groceries. Any article bought at his establishment, returnable, (within a reasonable time,) if not approved of.
13th Nov.

POTATOES.
FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,
3000 BUSHELS excellent Montreal Potatoes, just arrived on board the barge "Favorite," at Hunt's Wharf.
Apply on board or to
CREELMAN & LEPPER.
10th November.

TURNIPS.
FROM 1 to 3000 Bushels Superior TURNIPS, Red, White, and Yellow, for Sale at 3s. per bushel, delivered in any part of the town. Apply to
SAMUEL TAZER,
No. 1, Upper Town Street.
Quebec, 15th November.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received per "Eleuthera" from London, their supplies of the above; consisting of every medicine in present use.
ALSO,
FROM ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES,
Their usual full supply of
GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES.
DYE STUFFS,
LEECHES, &c. &c.
MUSSON & SAVAGE.
Chemists & Druggists.
Quebec, Nov. 10th, 1838.

MUSSON & SAVAGE,
HAVE just received from London, a very CHOICE ASSORTMENT of
PERFUMERY.
Consisting of a variety of French & English Essences.
Macassar and other Oils, } For the Hair.
Beau's Grease, &c.
Trotters and other Dentifrices,
White and Brown Windsor Soap,
Transparent Shaving Cakes,
Eau de Cologne.
ALSO,
Superior Tooth Brushes,
Do. Hair and Nail Brushes, with other articles too numerous to mention.
Quebec, 10th Novr. 1838.

SADDLERY.
THE Subscriber begs to inform his Friends and the public generally that he has received per *Josepha*, a large assortment of goods in his line, among which are—
Whips of all sorts and patterns; Japanned Steel, Portable Box, and other Spurs, Harness Mountings of the latest patterns, Husar and Hunting Saddles, Horse Clothing, Blanket Rugs, Patent and Harness Leather, &c., &c. All of which he offers for sale on very moderate terms. Also, Portmanteaus, Valices, Carpet Bags, &c.
J. E. OLIVER,
2, Fabrique Street.
15th October.

FOR SALE.
THIRTEEN Hogheads superior U.C. Leaf Tobacco,
100 Catty Boxes Young Hyson } Tea.
10 Chests Souchong
10 Half Chests do.
2 Boxes Pouchong
...ALSO...
Pork—Mess, Prime Mess and Prime.
And daily expected,
16 Hhds. Gallipoli Oil.
HERDSONS & CO.
St. Peter Street.
25th October.

J. HOBROUGH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BEGS leave to announce to his friends that he has received his
FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS,
consisting of Cloths and Vestings of the finest descriptions and newest fashions.
ALSO:
Pilot and Buckskin Cloth, for Winter Toy Coats, which he will make up according to order, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
General Wolfe, corner of Palace and }
St. John Street, Sept. 20th. }

CHAMPAGNE, CHABLIS, AND BURGUNDY WINES.
THE Subscriber having been appointed by Messrs. DAMOTTE & CHEVALIER, of Tonnerre, Agent for the sale of their WINES in this City, invites the attention of the public to a consignment just received.
JOHN YOUNG,
St. Peter Street.
Quebec, 2nd Oct. 1838.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.
JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,
LADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.
FREDM. WYSE,
No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albany Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.
Quebec, 25th Sept. 1838.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

(RUE SOUS-LE-FORT—QUEBEC.)

GEORGE ARNOLD, PROPRIETOR.

IS now open for the reception of visitors. The situation and accommodation of the premises combine advantages unequalled by any similar establishment in Quebec, and unsurpassed in the Canadas. The arrangements have been made under the immediate superintendance of the proprietor, and as the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be ensured to those who may favor him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the port, the situation of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steam-Boat Wharves, and Custom House, offers great advantages; and to the public in general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to present every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive, Saloon and Reading Room. On the first floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, may, whenever required, be converted into one magnificent apartment of 20 feet by 32 feet, and 15 feet high; a dimension which renders it most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery on the roof commands a splendid view of the harbour of Quebec and the surrounding country.

The Wines and other liquors of the establishment will be of the first order; refreshments of all kinds may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor in providing for his guests to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Quebec, 23d June, 1838.

NOTE.—Lumber Merchants and others connected with that branch of commerce, will meet with every accommodation and attention, at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Upper Province and the United States.

MAISH'S

COMPOUND WHITE ELDER CERATE.

A most extraordinary and efficacious remedy for Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Ulcers, Boils, Chilblains, Tumours, Scorpions Eruptions, or other similar complaints.

Sold in Pots, at 1s. 9d. and 4s. each.

MAISH'S

BOTANIC CORN PLASTER.

AN inestimable remedy, highly approved and recommended for the speedy removal of Corns and Bunions, merely by the application of the Plaster.

Sold in boxes at 1s. 9d. each.

MAISH'S CARAWAY CANDY.

TO those who are afflicted with Flatulency, Spasms, Wind in the Stomach, and other similar disorders, it will be found an invaluable specific. It also unites the most agreeable confection with the most stimulating stomachic medicine.

Sold in boxes at 1s. 9d. each.

Testimonials of the above Medicines to be seen at the stores of

BEGG & URQUHART

Quebec, 24th November, 1838.

THE Subscribers have just received a large supply of the following celebrated Medicines, viz:

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, HAY'S LINIMENT for Piles, Rheumatism, &c. HEADACHE REMEDY.

A fresh supply of **MORISON'S LIFE PILLS** and **PHOENIX BITTERS.**

BEGG & URQUHART,

13, St. John Street, and
St. Notre Dame St., &c.

25th October.



THE Subscribers having just received from England a variety of materials for WINTER & SUMMER CARRIAGES, selected under the personal inspection of Mr. J. SAURIN, from the first houses in London and Birmingham, are enabled to execute their work in better style, and much cheaper than any other house in Canada.

SAURIN & CO.

Coachbuilders

Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND OFFER FOR SALE,

THEIR supply of Stationery, consisting of superfine Writing Papers of various sizes, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Wafers, lead Pencils, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Blank Books, Memorandum Books, Paper Cases, with and without locks, Water Colours and Hair Pencils, superior Drawing Pencils, Drawing Paper and Card Paper, Stamps, Chalk, Indian Rubber, Porte-Crayons, embossed Music Paper, Music Pens, Visiting Cards, plain, gilt and enamelled, Pink Saucers, Thermometers, Chinese Japanned Tea Caddies, Screen Handles, Slates, Inkwells, Patent India Rubber, Office Lead Pencils, Bond^s and Reeves & Son's Marking Ink, Screw Top Inks, Red Tape, Coloured Seraps for Albums, large and small Poster Inkstands, rough Drawing Paper, Wedgwood Inkstands, Bookbinders Gold Leaf Chess Men and Backgammon Boards of different sizes, carved Wood Seals, Metallic Memorandum Books, Playing Cards, Pencil Rubbers, Superior India Ink, fine Hair Pens, embossed Cards of all sizes—brass Letter Files, Memorandum Books, with and without clasps, Blank Account Books of various sizes, printed Receipt Books, Bills of Exchange, single and in books, Sketch Books, Magnum Bonum Steel Pens, Album Titles col'd, Letter Paper, &c., &c.

The Sacred Saviour, being a new edition of the Testament, folio size, illustrated, elegantly bound in Turkey morocco.

The Book of Common Prayer, with lessons and Testament, in 1 vol.—illuminated edition, elegantly bound.

The Book of Common Prayer, with plates, neatly bound.

Do, Do, with lessons and Testament, small edition, with lock.

Packet Bibles, Companion to the Altar, &c.

The Album of Flowers, 4to, very elegant. Scrap Books and Albums, of various sizes. A few fine Engravings.

—AND—

Bibles and Prayer Books, School Books, French, English, Hebrew and Latin, Wood-bills, and Olney's Atlas and Geography, Huntington's Geography and Atlas, and Daventport's Gazetteer.

W. COWAN & SON,

13, John's Street.

13th October.

GROCERY STORE.

THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully intimates that he has constantly on hand a choice assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Groceries, &c. all of the best quality.

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Corner of the Upper Town Market Place
opposite the Gate of the Jesuits' Barracks.

MORISON'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINE.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, general agents for Morison's Pills, have appointed William Whittaker, Sub-Agent for the Upper Town, No. 27, St. John Street.

LEGG & CO.

That the public may be able to form some idea of Morison's Pills by their great consumption, the following calculation was made by Mr. Wing, Clerk to the Stamp Office, Somerset House, in a period of six years, partly only of the time that Morison's Pills have been before the public; the number of stamps delivered for that medicine amounted to three million, nine hundred and one thousand.

The object in placing the foregoing powerful argument in favour of Mr. Morison's system, and to which the public attention is directed, namely, that it was only by trying an innocuous purgative medicine to such an extent that the truth of the Hygienic system could possibly have been established. It is clear that all the medical men in England, or the world, put together, have not tried a system of vegetable purgation to the extent and in manner prescribed by the Hygienists. How, therefore, can they (much less individually) know any thing about the extent of its properties.

RECENTLY RECEIVED AND FOR SALE

SALMON, in hardwood Tierces and Barrels.

Dry Codfish; and Cod and Seal Oil, in Barrels.

EBENEZER BAIRD.

Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

THOMAS PAUL,
VETERINARY SURGEON.



RESPECTFULLY announces to the Officers of the Garrison and Gentlemen of Quebec, that he has removed into those premises in St. John Street, formerly occupied by Mr. GRAVE, and lately by Mr. NIXON,—where he has every accommodation for carrying on the various branches of his Profession; and he hopes, by strict attention and reasonable charges to merit a continuance of that support which it shall be his study to merit.

N. B.—Horses contracted for by the year, 2nd June, 1838.

OLD ESTABLISHED STAND,

No. 4, FABRIQUE STREET,

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen, (Military and Civil) in Quebec and vicinity, that he has opened the above concern with an extensive and carefully selected stock, all purchased from the best houses in England within the last three months, and on such terms as will permit them being sold at very low prices for CASH.

The Walking and Evening Dresses, Shawls, Scarfs, and other Fancy Goods, are the newest styles and fine qualities.

The assortment of Irish Linens, Shirts, Doekings, Buckskins, Pilot Cloths, Wool Vests and Pantaloons, Mullins, Overalls, Gloves, &c. &c. are large and good.

The Carpets are a very choice selection.

A. MACNIDER.

Quebec, 22nd Oct. 1838.

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE

No. 32, ST. JOHN STREET.

THE Subscribers most respectfully intimate to their friends and the public at large, that they have always on hand a choice assortment of Fresh Cakes and Confectionary, as usual.

SCOTT & M'CONKEY,

Quebec, 1st May, 1838.

NEW GROCERY STORE,

CORNER OF PALACE & JOHN STREETS.

H. J. JAMESON,

RESPECTFULLY announces that he has commenced business in the above house, where he has on hand a choice selection of WINES and other LIQUORS, TEAS, SUGAR, COFFEE, and all other articles usually connected in his line, and will dispose of them for the lowest possible profit, and by a strict attention to all orders which he may be favoured with, he trusts to merit a share of public patronage.

N. B.—For Sale, at very reduced prices, 38 dozen of superior London Particular O.L.P. and O. L. P. T., warranted eleven years in bottle.

Quebec, Sept. 1838.

FURS.

W. ASHTON & Co.

3, MOUNTAIN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO PRESCOTT GATE.

HAVE MANUFACTURED throughout the summer, and now offer for sale a stock of

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S FURS,

which for neatness of style and quality of materials they feel proud to offer for competition.

Their having for some years past secured, during the summer season, probably the best Hat Trade in the Province, enables them to undersell any house depending on the winter trade for twelve months' support; and, together with the advantages they have over every other furriers in this city by importing their own materials direct, are the only hints they think necessary to drop.

All description of Furs made to order, and returnable if not approved of.

In repairing any article, or altering it to the present fashion, W. A. & Co. pledge themselves that their charges will be on the most moderate scale, and will forfeit the value of any article when promised to be done at a certain time, in which there may be a single hour's want of PUNCTUALITY.

NO SECOND PRICE.

Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

SUPERIOR

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE just received, and for sale

MUSSON & SAVAGE,
Chemists

Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

PILES, DROPSY, SWELLINGS, ALL SORES, RHEUMATISM. It is absolutely certain on the most positive proof that the above complaints are arrested and cured by the timely use of Hay's Liniment. It is impossible to find room in this paper to present those proofs which are conclusive and convincing. They may be seen at length as below.

The true article has a splendid engraved wrapper with agents' and proprietor's name, and may be had of

I. I. SIMS,
MUSSON & SAVAGE,
BEGG & URQUHART.

Quebec, Sept. 1838.

PILES, &c.

HEMORRHOIDS—NO CURE NO PAY!

Price \$1—Hay's Liniment—No Fiction.

THIS extraordinary chemical composition, the result of science and the invention of a celebrated medical man, the introduction of which to the public was invented with the solemnity of a death-bed bequest, has since gained a reputation unparalleled, fully sustaining the correctness of the late ent'd Dr. Gridley's last confession, that "he dared not die without giving to posterity the benefit of his knowledge on this subject," and he therefore bequeathed to his friend and attendant, Solomon Hays, the secret of his discovery.

It is now used in the principal hospitals and the private practice in our country, first and most certainly for the cure of the Piles, and also so extensively and effectually as to baffie credulity, unless where its effects are witnessed externally in the following complaints:—

For Dropsy—Creating extraordinary absorption at once.

All Swellings—Reducing them in a few hours.

Rheumatism—Acute or Chronic, giving quick ease.

Sore Throat—By cancers, ulcers or colds.

Croup and Whooping Cough—Externally, and over the chest.

All Bruises, Sprains and Burns—Curing in a few hours.

Sores and Ulcers—Whether fresh or long standing, and fever sore.

Its operations upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, and loosening coughs, and tightness of the chest by relaxation of the parts has been surprising beyond conception. The common remark of those who have used it in the Piles, is "it acts like a charm."

THE PILES.—The price \$1 is refunded to any one who will use a bottle of Hay's Liniment for the Piles, and return the empty bottle without being cured. These are the positive orders of the proprietor to the Agents, and out of the many thousands sold, not one has been unsuccessful.

We might insert certificates to any length, but prefer that those who sell the article should exhibit the original to purchasers.

CAUTION—None can be genuine without a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is my name, and also that of the Agents.

I. I. SIMS,

MUSSON & SAVAGE,

BEGG & URQUHART.

Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

HEADACHE.

DR. E. SPOHN, a German physician of much note, having devoted his attention for some years to the cure and removal of the causes of NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE, has the satisfaction to make known, that he has a remedy which by removing the causes cures effectually and permanently this distressing complaint. There are many families who have considered Sick Headache a constitutional incurable family complaint. Dr. S. assures them that they are mistaken, and labouring under distress which they might not only alleviate, but actually eradicate by the use of his remedy. It is the result of scientific research, and is entirely of a different character from advertised patent medicine, and is not unpleasant to the taste. To be had of

I. I. SIMS,

MUSSON & SAVAGE,

BEGG & URQUHART.

Sept. 1838.