## 

## BRYSON'S



for the year of our lord


> Being Bissextile or Leap Year, and, till the 20th day of June, the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Vietoria.

Calculated for the Meridian of Montreal in Latitude $45^{\circ} 30^{\prime} 26^{\prime \prime}$ North, and Longitude $73^{\circ} 34^{\prime} 29$ " West, from the Royal Observa. tory, 'ircenwich, but arranged so as to serve, without essential variation, for every other portion of Canada.

Astronomical Part by 0 . WBLLS, Provincial Surveyor.

## MONTREAL :

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## EErplanations of the Calentar $\mathfrak{F i g}$ ages.

At the head of the respective pages for each month are given the ordinary tables of the changes and quadratures of the Moon. The 1st and 2d columns show the mean times of the rising and setting of the Sun. The quantities are only set down to the nearest minute, the uncertainty of the observed times of the rising or setting of heavenly bodies on land, caused by the varying amount of horizontal refraction and the general liability to the intervention of terrestrial objects in such observations, renders a closer approximation unnecessary for ordinary practical purposes. In the 3rd column, marked "souths," are given the times which should be shown by a well regulated clock or watch when the Sun is on the Meridian. The 4th column shows the moon's place. The 5th column contains the mean times of the rising or setting of the Moon. The quantities are culy set down to the nearest minute, for the reasons mentioned above in respect to the Sun.

## Explanations of astronomical §yubols and abbrebiations.

© The Sun, 8 The Moon,
Mercury,
3 Saturn, In Conjunction, In Quadrature,
${ }^{\circ}$ Degrees, /Minutes
// Seconds, of (Arc,
${ }_{-}^{-}$Cancer, The Crab
\& Venus,
$\oplus$ The Earth,
4 Mars,
H Jupiter, N North, S. South, 8 In Opposition, $\Omega$ Ascending Node, $\mathbf{n}$. Minutes, H Herschel, or E. East,
the Georgian, W. West.
Taurus, The Bull
$\square$ Gemini, The Twins $\not \because$ Pisces, The Fishes.

Cbronological $\mathbb{C}_{\text {ycles. }}$


## Atobeable 15 estibals.



| February 81 | Low Sunday | Apri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 422 | Rogation Sunday | May |
| " 25 | Ascension Day, Holy Thurs, |  |
| " 29 | Pentecost, Whit Sunday, |  |
| April ${ }^{4}$ | Trinity Sunday | June |
| 9 | Corpus Christi. |  |
| " 11 | Advent Sunday |  |

## Feridays obserbed at zublic offices.

| mc | January | Corpus Christi | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Epiphn |  | St. Peter and s |  |
| A | March 25 | All Saints Concentio | N |
| Ascension Day , ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | May 20 | Caristmas Day |  |
| irth Day of the Q | 24 |  |  |

March
June

Vernal Equi Summer Sols Autumnal Et Winter Solst

Venus will bi

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t tables of how the set down or setting efraction observaitrposes, be shown The 4th les of the ) gearest


## Ember 画aps.

## Commentement of the Exasons.



Venus will be Evening Star till the 21 st day of July, thence Morning Star the remainder of the year.

## Erlipses.

In the year 1852, there will be three Eclipses of the Sun, and three of the Moon.
1.-A Total Eclipsc of the Moon, January 6th and 7th, visible at Montreal as follows :-
d. h. m.

First Contact with the dark shadow, . . 611266 Evening. Disappearance, . . . . . . . . . 70026.6 )
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\text { Middle of the Eclipse, . . . . . . . . } & 1 & 15.7 \\ \text { Re-appearance, . . . . . . . . } & 2 & 4.8\end{array}\right\}$ Morning.

| Re-appearance, |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Last Contact with the dark shadow, . . | . | 2 | 4.8 |

The duration of Visibility will be 3 hours and 38.2 minutes.
Magnitude of the Eclipse, (Moon's Diameter =1) 1.667 on the Northern limb.
II.-A partial Eclipse of the Sun, January 21st, invisible at Montreal. The mean time of Conjunction in Right Ascension will be at 2 hours in the morning.
III.-A Partial Eclipse of the Sun, June 17th, invisible at Montreal. The mean time of Conjunction in Right Ascension will be at 11 hours 49.3 minutes in the morning.
IV.-A Total Eclpse of the Moon, July 1st, invisible at Montreal. The mean time of opposition wili be at 11 hours and 32 minutes in the morning.
V.-A Total Eclipse of the Sun, December 10th, invisible at Montreal, Mean time of conjunction in Right Ascension, at 10 hours and 30 minutes in the evening.
V1.-A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, December 26th, invisible at Montreal. The mean time of opposition will be at 8 hours and 13 minutes in the morning.


DAYS. | M |
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Calenヤar, ฐsspects, \$cc.


| the sun. |  | moon. |
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Gardening is farming in the superlative degree; the plough is an inverted spad and the harrow is a horse rake. Many of the best practices in farming have betl transferred from the garden to the field, and the nearer that field culturecan be made to approach to gardening, the nearer it approaches to perfection. And, though a ver strict analogy may not exist, yet, the connecting ink is evidently not very lengthy and may be much shortened, Gardening is very generally believed to be unprofitable and an employment of luxury, and a source of amusement. But, domestic gardening when properly arranged and conducted, may be made a source of much profit, as affords materials for the kitchen, the cow stall, the piggery, and the poultry yard and to these ends, our views will all be directed. Fine fruits, and a profusiono flowers, are not much in the farmer's way; but the family table must be supplied with vegetables, the most wholesome and innocent of all human food,

Nothing can be done in the open ground duriag this month.
Fruit Room and Cellar.-Examine the fruit in barrels and on shelven and the vegetables, pick out and remove the decayed and tainted.

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| M. | week. |  | Ris. |  | souths | R | R. |
| 1 | SUN. | 4th Sunday after Epiphany. | 722 |  | 1214 | II |  |
| $2$ | Mon. | Purifi. of V. Mary. Rain and | 721 | 5.8 | 1214 | \% |  |
| 3 | Tues. | Blasius, B. \& M. snotb | 721 | $5 \quad 9$ | 1214 | $\sigma$ |  |
| $4$ | Wed. | alternately. | 719 | 510 | 1214 | ఠ | 630 |
| $5$ | Thur. | Agatha, Virgin. Weather will | 717 | 512 | 1214 | $\Omega$ | $\bigcirc$ Rise |
| $6$ | Frit. | Abe moderate | 716 | 513 | 1214 |  |  |
| $7$ | Sat. |  | 715 | 514 | 1214 |  |  |
| $8$ | SUN. | Septuagesima Sunday, up to the | 714 | 516 | 1214 | \% |  |
|  | Mon. | last quarter on the | 712 | 518 | 1215 |  |  |
| 10 | Tues. | 12th: | 710 | 520 | 1215 |  | 134 |
| 11 | Wed. |  |  | 521 | 1215 | m | Morn. |
| 12 | Thur. | after which |  | 522 | 1215 | m | $0 \quad 47$ |
| 13 | Frid. |  |  | 523 | 1214 | , |  |
| 14 | Sat. | Valentine, Bishop. hard |  | 525 | 1214 | 7 |  |
| 15 | SUN. | Sexagesima Sunday. |  | 527 | 1214 | 7 |  |
| 16 | Mon. | Storms may be |  | 528 | 1214 | ¢ |  |
| 17 | Tues. |  |  | 530 | 1214 | $1{ }^{\circ}$ |  |
| $18$ | Wed, |  |  | 531 | 1414 | ${ }_{\sim}^{2}$ | 633 |
| 19 | Thur. |  | 656 | 532 | 1214 |  | Sets |
| 20 | Frid. | until about the | 654 | 534 | 1214 | ~ |  |
| 21 | Sat. |  | 653 | 535 | 1214 |  |  |
| 22 | SUN. | Quinquagesima Sunday | 651 | 536 | 1214 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| $23$ | Mon. |  | 649 | 537 | 1214 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| $24$ | Tues. | St. Matthias. the weather will | 647 | 539 | 1214 | $\bigcirc$ | 1016 |
| $25$ | Wed. | Ash Wednesday. | 646 | 541 | 1213 | - | 1116 |
| $26$ | Thur. | A chonge to an | 645 | 542 | 1213 | 8 | Morn. |
| 27 | Frid. | intense degree of | 643 | 543 | 1213 | 피플 |  |
| 28 | Sat. | cold. | 642 | 544 | 1213 | III |  |
| $29$ | SUN. | 1st Sunday in Lent. | 640 | 545 | 1213 | I |  |

Put up and prepare a few hot beds, for early forcing of radish3s and lettucey, and sow cucumber and melon seeds in pots, to be afterwards transplanted, Look over your vegetables, Give air to your green house when weather is fine, and water sparingly. You may begin to move large forest trees, with a ball of earth at the root. In planting shrubs, and herbaceous roots, great attention must be paid, firat, as to the height they will attain when in flower; arranging them so that the dwarf sorts may be in front, and the taller at the back. Flowering shrubs, which have grown too luxuriant, should be cut and tied up. Cutting a shrub entirely down, is often resorted to with success, when it appears to be dying, after all other means have failed to re. store il.

Days. 1852.]
Memorandum for February.

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 when



This is the best month for early forcing. Put up and prepare hot ba for cucumbers, melons, lettuces, radishes, Early York, cauliflowers. Sor few tender annuals towards the latter end of the month, for transplanting the open ground. Give air to greenhouse in fine weather. Sow in a shi tered situation, if the season will allow a few early peas. Begin to pro your orchard trees, but keep in mind that jurt before the sap commencet rise is the best season. Plant indigenous shrubs and evergreens. T must be taken up with good balls of earth attached to the roots, that smaller fibrest may be disturbed and broken as little as possible. Tranepl rose trees.
ays. 1852.]
Memorandum for March.

D. H. M.

4969 Morning.
1145 Morning.
19651 Morning.
273 Morning.


D. H M.


Full Moon
3528 Évening.
Last Quarter
10629 Evening.
New Mfoon.......................... 181021 Evening.
D First Quarter
261044 Morning.

| days. |  | Calendar, Mspects, \&c. | the sun. |  |  |  | moon. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m. | week. |  | Ris. |  | ths | P. |  |
| 1 | Sat. | St. Philip and St. James. | 449 |  |  |  | 356 |
| 2 | SUN. | 3d Sunday after Easter. | 448 | 7 | 1157 |  | 425 |
| 3 | Mon. | Invention of the Cross. | 447 | 8 | 1157 |  | O Rise |
| $4$ | Tues. | Fair and mild | 445 |  | 157 |  | 818 |
| $5$ | Wed. |  | 443 | 711 | 157 |  | 9. 33 |
| $6$ | Thur. | St. John Post. Lat. weather. | 442 | 712 | 156 |  | $10 \quad 42$ |
| $7$ | Frid. |  | 440 | 713 | 156 |  | 11.42 |
| 8 | Sat. | The Spring will | 437 | 714 | 156 |  | Morn. |
| 9 | SUN. | 4th Sunday afler Easter. | 436 | 715 | 156 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 32\end{array}$ |
| 10 | Mon. | be unusually | 435 | 717 | 156 |  | 112 |
| 11 | Tues. | favorable | 433 | 718 | 156 |  | 148 |
| 12 | Wed. |  | 432 |  | 156 |  | 213 |
| 13 | Thur, | for farmers' work. | 431 | 720 | 156 |  |  |
| 14 | Frid. |  | 430 | 721 | 156 |  | 258 |
| 15 | Sat. |  | 429 |  | 156 |  | 320 |
| 16 | SUN. | Rogation Sunday. If the wind | 428 |  | 156 |  | 3 告 |
| 17 | Mon. | should be | 427 |  | 156 |  | $4-4$ |
| 18 | Tues | south or | 426 |  | 156 |  | - Selt |
| 19 | Wed. | Dunstan Abp. south-west, | 425 |  | 156 |  | 750 |
| 20 | Thur. | Ascension Day. Holy Thursday. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $21$ | Frid- | there will be | 423 | 731 | 156 |  | 959 |
| , | Sat. | rain about | 422 | 732 | 156 |  | $10 \quad 53$ |
| 23 | SUN. | Sunday after Ascension. the | 421 | 733 | 156 |  | $11 \begin{array}{ll}11\end{array}$ |
| 24 | Mon. | Birth Day of Queen Victoria. | 420 | 734 | 157 |  | Morn. |
| 25 | Tues. | 20th, | 4.19 | 735 | 157 |  | 022 |
| 26 | Wed. | Augustine Abp. after which | 418 | 736 | 157 |  | 0 |
| 27 | Thur. | Ven. Bede, Presb. | 417 | 737 | 1157 |  | , |
| 8 | Frid. | fine days. | 416 | 738 | 1157 |  | 157 |
| 29 | Sat. | King Charles II. Rest. | 416 | 739 | 1157 |  |  |
| 30 | SUN. | Pentecost. Whitsunday. | 416 | 740 | 1157 | m | 252 |
|  | Mon. |  | 415 | 40 | $1{ }^{5}$ | M | 3 |

Transplant your melons and Cucumbers for general crop about the 184 All vegetables that were not sown last month, must be laid down as earti as pussible. Corn should not be sown later than the 20 th, to ensure a gool crop. Sow annuals early this month. Plant dahlias about the 2004 This is the proper season for transplanting fruit and forest trees. Pry pagate plants by cuttings and slips, early this month. Give plenty of a to your greenhouses, and syringe freely every other day. The latter ef of this month is about the beet season for removing evergreens. Finid your pruning before the sap rises. Turn out into the open air your half-hul dy annuals, after they have rooted well in the pots, they will not be s. much checked by the change, as in transplanting them at once from the hot bed.

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|  | day | Calendar, aspects, \&x. | THE sun. |  | moon. |  |
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| M . | weg |  | Ri | Sets. ${ }_{\text {souths }}$ | F | R. \& S |
| 1 | Tues. | Nicomede. | 415 | 7411158 | 1 |  |
| 2 | Wed. | Fair Wenther |  | 7411158 | 70 | O Rises |
| 3 | Thur. | will continue | 414 | 7421158 | $\ddagger$ | 926 |
| 4 | Frid. | to the | 414 | 7431158 | H) 1 | $10 \quad 14$ |
| 5 | Sat. | Boniface. Change of the | 413 | 7441158 | V9 1 | 119 |
| 6 | SUN. | Trinity Sunday. Moon | 413 | 7451158 | $\underset{\sim}{\sim} 1$ | 1146 |
| 7 | Mon. | on the 9th. | 412 | 7461159 | $\sim$ | Morn. |
| $8$ | Tues, |  | 412 | 7471159 |  | 016 |
| 9 | Wed. | er which | 412 | 7481159 | ) | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 41\end{array}$ |
| 10 | Thur. | Corpus Christi, | 411 | 7481159 | $\dot{A}$ | 14 |
| 11 | Frid. | St. Barnabas. the ensuing | 411 | 7491159 |  | 125 |
| 12 | Sat. | fifteen days | 411 | $\begin{array}{llll}7 & 49 & 12 & 0\end{array}$ |  | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 47\end{array}$ |
| 13 | SUN. | 1st Sunday after Trinity, | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & 11 \\ 4 & 10\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}7 & 49 \\ 7 & 50 \\ 7 & 12\end{array}$ | ४ | $\begin{array}{rr}1 & 9 \\ 2 & 3\end{array}$ |
| 15 | Tues. | very | 410 | 75012 | 팦 | 3 3 |
| 16 | Wed. | rainy | 410 | 75012 | II | $3 \quad 34$ |
| 17 | Thur. | St. Alban, Mart. and | 410 | 75012 |  | - Sets |
| 18 | Frid. | changeable | 410 | 75112 |  | $8 \quad 47$ |
| 19 | Sat. | weather. | 411 | 75112 |  | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 39\end{array}$ |
| 20 | SUN. | 2d Sunday after Trinity. | 411 | 75112 |  | $10 \quad 23$ |
| 21 | Mon. |  | 411 | 75212 | 収 1 | 11 |
| 22 | Tues. |  | 411 | 75212 | 财 | 1134 |
| 23 | Wed. |  | 412 | 75212 | $\sim$ | Morn. |
| 24 | Thur. | St. John Baptist. | 412 | 75312 | $\sim$ | 03 |
| 25 | Frid. |  | 412 | 75312 | m | $0 \quad 29$ |
| 26 | Sat. | Wet days. | 413 | 75312 | m | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 56\end{array}$ |
| 27 | SUN. | 3d Sunday after Trinity. | 413 | 75312 | $m$ | 124 |
| 28 | Mon. |  | 413 | 75212 | 1 | 155 |
| 29 | Tues. | St. Peter and St. Paul. | 414 | 75212 | 7 | 230 |
| $30$ | Wed. |  | 414 | 7 5212 | 17 | 314 |

Sow cucumbers for pickling about the 13th, which is the beet season for ensuring a good crop. Transplant winter cabbages. Plant potatoes, not later than the 20th. Transplant celery. Sow endive, to be transplanted in August. Sow black radishes for winter use. Turn out your greenhouse plants into a half shaded exposure. No crop, if sown after this month, can be depended on. Cut down, and clear away all weeds. Continue to sow both hardy and tender annuals, to keep up a succession of flowers. This is an important point to attend to, so as to prevent your flowers from being so nown or planted, as to blow all'at one time.


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## 1852.] <br> Memorandum for July.

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Attend to your greenhouse plants. Go on propagating plants by cutting and slips. Transplant strawberries. This is the proper season for budding fruit trees. Cut off all supernumerary shoots from transplanted trees, and train the retained bearers of the next year. Take up your bulbous roots and dry them. Plant the roots again about October. Sow the seeds of buibows roots in puts. If the weather is moist, transplant into borders your seediling biennials and perenuials, which wero sown earls. In hot weather, s'ache the root with a garden pot through the day, which remore at night so thy the plant may have the benefit of the dew.

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Continue transplanting evergreens and strawberries. Prepare ground for transplanting and fall sowing. Propagate plants by cuttings. Remove all plante to the greenhouse, for the winter, during this month. Take up onions, \&c., as they ripen. Collect seeds as they ripen, choose a dry day for gathering them, if put away in a damp state they are apt to decay; from carelem ness in this respect, great disappointment often accrues. Some seeds ought to be gathered a little bofore they are ripe, otherwise, they will be entirely Inst. Begin to prepare composts for spring use.
1852.] Memorandum for September.

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| Days, 18 | 852.] Memorandum for October. 28 |
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| M | w |  | Ris. | Se | south |  |  |
| 1 | Mon. | All Saints' Day. | 639 | 448 | 11.4 | II |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | Tues. | If the roind be | 640 | 446 | 1144 |  |  |
| $3$ | Wed. | north or | 642 | 444 | 1144 |  | 9 |
| $4$ | Thur. | north.east, | 643 | 443 | 1144 | $\Omega$ |  |
| $5$ | Frid. | Papists' Conspiracy. | 645 | 442 | 1144 |  | Morn, |
| $6$ | Sat. | Leonard Conf. the weather | 647 | 441 | 1144 |  |  |
| $7$ | SUN. | 22d Sunday after Trinity. will | 648 | 439 | 1144 |  |  |
| 8 | Mon. | be fair ane | 649 | 438 | 1144 |  |  |
| 9 | Tue |  | 650 | 437 | 1144 |  |  |
| 10 | W | frosty, | 652 | 436 | 1144 |  | 5 |
| 11 | Thur | St. Martin Bishop. | 653 |  | 1144 |  | (3) Seta |
| 12 | Frid. | south or | 654 | 434 | 1145 |  |  |
| 13 | Sat. | Britius Bp. | 655 | 433 | 1145 |  | 6 |
| 14 | SUN. | 23d Sunday after Trinity. south | 657 | 432 | 1145 |  | 7 |
| 15 | Mon. | Machutus Bp. west cold f rainy. | 659 | 430 | 1145 |  |  |
| $16$ | Tues. |  |  | 429 | 1145 |  | 920 |
| 17 | Wed | Hugh Bp. |  | 428 | 1145 |  | 10 208 |
| 18 | Thur | Cold , ains |  | 427 | 1145 |  | 1134 |
| 19 | Frid |  |  | 426 | 1145 |  | Morn. |
| 20 | S | Edmund K. \& M. and sleet. | 76 | 425 | 1145 |  |  |
| 21 | SUN. | 24th Sunday after Trinity. |  | 424 | 1146 |  |  |
| 22 | Mon. | Cecilia V. \& M. | 710 | 423 | 1146 |  | 243 |
| 23 | Tues. | Clement Bishop. | 711 | 422 | 1147 |  |  |
| $24$ | Wed. | Cold days, | 712 |  | 1147 |  | 445 |
| 25 | Thur. | Catherine Virgin. | 713 |  | 1147 |  | 5 47 |
| 26 | Frid. |  |  |  | 1148 |  |  |
| 27 | Sat. | Advent Sunday very high |  |  | 1148 |  |  |
| 28 | SUN, | Advent Sunday. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $29$ | Mon. | winds. |  | 419 | 1149 | $\sigma$ | 7 |
| $30$ | Tues. | St. Andrew, Apost. |  |  | 11 |  | 7 |

Secure every department for the coming winter. Attend to your greem house; water sparingly, and give air when the weather will permit. Tramp plant fiuit and forest trees. Protect all tender plants. Dig and lay outbor ders for the winter. Prune such shrubs as require it. Take off all eucker wh Te they are not wanted. Manure all soils that are exhausted or wor out Cover over with straw, and protect all plants likely to suffer frome vere rains and frosts, otherwise the plants will rot and die.
1852.] Memorandum for November. 25

MOON.


| © Last Quarter |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| - New Moon. | 101037 Evening. |
| D First Quarter | 18345 Morning. |
| O Full Moon. | 26816 Morning. |




## A TABLE

Shewing the greatest Eastern or Western Azimuths of a, Ursæ Minuris (Polaris,) for the 15 th day of each month in the year 1852 , to the nearest Second of a Degree ; and calculated for each Minute of Latitude, from the 43 rd to the 47 th Degree North inclusively; together with the reduced Polar distances of the Star for each of the above days, and the interval, in time, from its Meridian passage to the moment of the greatest Azimuth.


Explanation.-Opposite the given time and under the Latitude will be found the required greatest Azimuthal distance of Polaris. If there be any odd Minutes, of Latitude, not at the head of the Table, take the next lesser Latitude, and add to the Azimuth corresponding thereto, the product of the given excess of Minutes multiplied into the difference for 1, standing below, rejecting the fractions in such product; the sum will


The Measures used in the Seigniorial parts of Canada are those of France, while, in the Townships, the Standard Measures of England are adopted. The relation these measures, respec. tively, bear to each other, is generally but little understood, and indiscriminate reference to them in legal instruments, and even in Acts of the Legislature, has often caused much inconvenience, and many cases of litigation in the country ; to remedy (as much as possible) those evils, the following Tables have been constructed.

In assuming the relation the Pied de Paris or Paris Foot bears to the English Foot, that given in the "Philosophical Transactions," vol. 58, page 326, has been taken as the best authority. By this it appears that 1000 French, are equal to 1065,75 English, feet. In this Province, for some years, the difference was accounted still greater than the above analogy gives it, 1068 English feet being considered as equal to 1000 feet of Paris. This last proportion, however, was found to be decidedly incorrect, and the care with which that was ascertained, as given in the Philosophical Transactions, can leave no doubt of its superior exactness.*

The denominations of French measures of distance, introducoft in the Tables are Leagues, Arpens, Perches, Feet, and Inches; in Superficial or Square Measure, the only French Measures are Arpens and Perches, as applied to Land Measure, with decimal parts of the lesser denomination used in the Equivalents in all cases where they may occur, in the measures of either species.
The Toise, although much used by practical Geometricians in France, is seldom referred to in Canada, except in Solid or Cubic Measure, and is therefore not included among those used in the Tables. It consists of 6 French Feet or one.third of a Perch, and its value may thence be easily obtained from the Ta bles, by taking its equivalent in any other given denomination.
The following Table may be useful to those, not familiar with Fronch Measures.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { In:hes. Feet. Perches Arpens. League. } \\
& \begin{aligned}
12 & =1=0=0=0 \\
216 & =18 \equiv 1=0 \equiv 0 \\
2160 & =180 \equiv 10 \equiv 1=0 \\
181440 & =3240=840=84=1
\end{aligned}
\end{aligned}
$$

${ }^{\circ}$ The well known property of different metals to expand or contract in inereased or Iminished temperatures, as compared with thone at which the measures of the standIrd fet of London and Paris are respectively taken, has caused some to apply a fupher correction to the tbove telation between their values, by which 1086.79 nearly, English feet, would be equal to 1000 feet of Paris. The extreme amallness of this orrection, amnunting to less than a unit in 26,000 , seemed to render it unaesesary to depart from the general authorities in the compilation of the Tablen.

TABLE I．
For converting French Feet and Inches into English Feet and Inches，and into English Statute Chains and Links．

LINEAL MEASURE．

| French． |  | English． |  |  |  | French． <br> ※ | Englieh． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{r} \stackrel{\text { む̈ }}{4} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ⿷匚 } \\ & \text { む̈ } \\ & \text { Ey } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 碳 |  |  | 灾 |  |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1.066 | 0 | 0.135 | 14 | 1411.046 | 022.607 |
| 0 | 2 | 0 | 2.132 | 0 | 0.269 | 15 | 1511.835 | 024.222 |
| 0 | 3 | 0 | 3.197 | 0 | 0.404 | 16 | $17 \quad 0.624$ | 025.836 |
| 0 | 4 | 0 | 4.263 | 0 | 0.538 | 17 | 181413 | 027.451 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 | 5.329 | 0 | 0.673 | 18 | 192.202 | 029.066 |
| 0 | 6 | 0 | 6.395 | 0 | 0.807 | 19 | 202.991 | 0 30．681 |
| 0 | 7 | 0 | 7.460 | 0 | 0.942 | 20 | 213.780 | 032.295 |
| 0 | 8 | 0 | 8.526 | 0 | 1.077 | 30 | 3111.670 | 048.443 |
| 0 | 9 | 0 | 9.592 | 0 | 1.211 | 40 | 427.560 | 0 64．591 |
| 0 | 10 | 0 | 10.658 | 0 | 1.346 | 50 | $53 \quad 3.450$ | 080.739 |
| 0 | 11 | 0 | 11.723 | 0 | 1.480 | 60 | 6311.340 | 096.886 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.789 | 0 | 1.615 | 70 | 747.230 | 1 13．034 |
| 2 | 0 | 2 | 1.578 | 0 | 3.230 | 80 | 853120 | 129.182 |
| 3 | 0 | 3 | 2.367 | 0 | 4.844 | 90 | 9511.010 | 145.330 |
| 4 | 0 | 4 | 3.156 | 0 | 6.459 | 100 | 1066.900 | 161.477 |
| 5 | 0 | 5 | 3.945 | 0 | 8.074 | 200 | 2131.800 | 322.955 |
| 6 | 0 |  | 4734 | 0 | 9.689 | 300 | 31988.700 | 484.432 |
| 7 | 0 | 7 | 5.523 | 0 | 11.303 | 400 | $\begin{array}{lll}426 & 3.600\end{array}$ | $6 \quad 45.909$ |
| 8 | 0 | 8 | 6.312 | 0 | 12.918 | 500 | 53210.500 | $8 \quad 7.386$ |
| 9 | 0 | 9 | 7.101 | 0 | 14.533 | 600 | $639 \quad 5.400$ | 968864 |
| 10 | 0 | 10 | 7.890 | 0 | 16．148 | 700 | $746 \quad 0.300$ | 1130.341 |
| 11 | 0 | 11 | 8.679 | 0 | 17.762 | 800 | 8527.200 | 1291.818 |
| 12 | 0 | 12 | 9.468 | 0 | 19.377 | 900 | 9592.100 | $14 \quad 53.295$ |
| 13 | 0 | 13 | 10.257 | 0 | 20.992 | 1000 | 10659000 | $16 \quad 14.773$ |

## EXAMPLE I．

In 360 feet 10 inches French mea－ sure，how many English feet？

Feet．Inches．

| 300 feet | $=319$ | 8.78 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 60 feet | $=$ | 63 | 11.34 |
| 10 inches | $=$ | 0 | 1066 |
|  |  | 384 | 6,70 |

## EXAMPLE II．

In 13 feet 11 inches French mea－ sure，how many chams and links？

Chains．Links．

$$
13 \text { feet }=020992
$$

$$
11 \text { inches }=0 \quad 1.480
$$

Answer，．．．．．．．．．．． $0 \quad 22.472$

1852．］

For conver
$\qquad$ ．English


In 384 feet $\epsilon$ rench？

## TAbLE II.

For converting English Feet and Inches into French Feet and Inches.

LINEAL MEASURE.


EXAMPLE.
In 384 feet 67.10 inches of English measure, how many feet, \&c.
French ?
ach meb. links?
inks.
1992
.. 480


See the converse of the above example at the end of Table I.

## 32 The Canadian Farmer＇s Almanac．［for

TABLE III．
For converting French Leagues，Arpens，and Perches into Englieh Miles， Chains and Links．

| lineal measure． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| French． |  | English． |  |  | French． |  | English． |  |  |
|  |  | 追 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 高 } \\ & \text { Ü } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\dot{\infty}}{\stackrel{y}{E}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\frac{\dot{0}}{\stackrel{0}{E}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 惫 } \\ & \text { む゙ } \end{aligned}$ | 雩 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 29.07 | 0 | 60 | 2 | 14 | 39.54 |
| 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 58.13 | 0 | 70 | 2 | 43 | 46.14 |
| 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 87.20 | 0 | 80 | 2 | 72 | 52.73 |
| 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 16.26 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 15.36 |
| 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 45.33 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 30.73 |
| 0 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 74.40 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 12 | 46.09 |
| 0 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 03.46 | 4 | 0 | 12 | 16 | 61.45 |
| 0 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 32.53 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 20 | 76.81 |
| 0 | 9 | 0 | 2 | 61.59 | 6 | 0 | 18 | 24 | 92.18 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 90.66 | 7 | 0 | 21 | 29 | 07.54 |
| 2 | C | 0 | 5 | 81.32 | 8 | 0 | 24 | 33 | 22.90 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 71.98 | 9 | 0 | 27 | 37 | 38.26 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 62.64 | 10 | 0 | 30 | 41 | 53.63 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 53.30 | 20 | 0 | 61 | 2 | 07.25 |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 43.95 | 30 | 0 | 91 | 44 | 60.88 |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 34.61 | 40 | 0 | 122 | 6 | 14.51 |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 25.27 | 50 | 0 | 152 | 47 | 68.14 |
| 9 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 15.93 | 60 | 0 | 183 | 9 | 21.76 |
| 10 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 659 | 70 | 0 | 213 | 50 | 75.39 |
| 20 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 13.18 | 80 | 0 | 244 | 12 | 29.02 |
| 30 |  | 1 | 7 | 19.77 | 90 | 0 | 274 | 53 | 82.64 |
| 40 | ， | 1 | 36 | 2636 | 100 | 0 | 305 | 15 | 36.27 |
| 50 | 0 | 1 | 65 | 32.95 |  |  |  |  |  |

## PYAMPLE．

In 50 leagues， 70 arpens and 6 perches，French measure，how many English miles，\＆c．？

|  | Miles，Ch．Links． |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50 leagues | $=152$ | 47 | 68.14 |
|  | 70 arpens | $=2$ | 43 | 46．14 |
|  | 6 perches | $=0$ | 1 | 74.40 |
| Answer， | ．．．．．．．．．．． | 155 | 12 | 88.68 |



TABLE V.
For converting French Arpens and Perches into English Acres, Roods, and Perches.

SUPERFICIAL, OR SQUARE MEASURE.


## EXAMpLE.

In 270 acres apens, \&c.?
In 320 arpens 10 perches, French measure, how many acres, \&ic. ? Acres. R. Perches.

| 300 arpens | $=$ | 253 | 1 | 31.70 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 20 arpens | $=$ | 16 | 3 | 23.44 |
| 10 perches | $=$ | 0 | 0 | 13.52 |
|  |  | - | - | $\overline{28.66}$ |



## EXAMPLE.

In 270 acres 1 rood and 2866.100 perches English measure, how many arpens, \&c. ?

One Pound, Sterling, equal io One Pound Four Shillings and Four Pence, Currency.

| pounds. |  | POUNDS |  | 1 Potunds |  |  |  | Beunnge: |  | 8HILLINGs. |  | PENCE. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stg. | Currency. | Stg. | Currency. | Stg. | Currency. | Stg. | Currency. | Stg. | Currency. | Stg. | Currency. | Stg. | Currency. |
| $\pm$ | $\pm$ s d. | $\pm$ |  | $\pm$ | $\pm$ s. d. | ¢ | $\pm$ so d. | \& | $\begin{array}{lll}\text { L } & \mathrm{s} & \mathrm{d} .\end{array}$ | 8. | $\pm$ 8. d. | d. | $f$ s. d. |
| 1 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 4\end{array}$ | 21 | 25110 | 41 | 49178 | 61 | $\begin{array}{llll}74 & 4 & 4\end{array}$ | 81 | $98 \quad 110$ | 1 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 3\end{array}$ | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 288 | 22 | 26154 | 42 | 5120 | 62 | 7588 | 82 | $9915 \quad 4$ | 2 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 2 & 5 \frac{1}{2}\end{array}$ | 2 | 0 0 0 |
| 3 | 3130 | 23 | 27198 | 43 | 5264 | 63 | 76130 | 83 | 100198 | 3 | 0388 | 3 | $0.0 .3 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| 4 | 4174 | 24 | 2940 | 44 | $5310 \quad 8$ | 64 | 77174 | 84 | 10240 | 4 | $0410 \frac{1}{2}$ | 4 | $0 \quad 0 \quad 5$ |
| 5 | $\begin{array}{lll}6 & 1 & 8\end{array}$ | 25 | 30184 | 45 | 54150 | 65 | $\begin{array}{llll}79 & 1 & 8\end{array}$ | 85 | 10388 | 5 | 061 | 5 | 0 0 61 |
| 6 | $\begin{array}{lll}7 & 6 & 0\end{array}$ | 26 |  | 46 | $\begin{array}{lllll}55 & 19 & 4\end{array}$ | 66 | $80 \quad 6 \quad 0$ | 86 | 104128 | 6 | $0{ }_{0} 0$ | 6 | $0 \quad 0 \quad 7 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 7 | 810 4, | 27 | 32170 | 47 | $57 \quad 38$ | 67 | 81104 | 87. | 105170 | 7 | $0 \quad 8 \quad 6 \frac{1}{2}$ | 7 | 0009 |
| 8 | 9148 | 28 | $34 \begin{array}{lll}34 & 1 & 4\end{array}$ | 48 | $\begin{array}{llll}58 & 8 & 0\end{array}$ | 68 | $8214 \quad 8$ | 88 | $107-14$ | 8 | $10 \quad 9 \quad 9$ | 8 | 0. $0 \cdot 10$ |
| 9 | 10190 | 29 | 35158 | 49 | $5912 \quad 4$ | 69 | $8319 \quad 0$ | 89 | 108 5 8 | 9 | 10 1011 | 9 | 9-0.114 |
| 10 | 12 12 | 30 | 3610 | 50 | 60168. | 70 | 85314 | 90 | $109=10 \quad 0$ | 10 | ( 12 | 10 | $0<103$ |
| 11 | $\begin{array}{llll}13 & 7 & 8\end{array}$ | 31 | 3714 4. | 51 | $\begin{array}{llll}62 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ | 71 | 86 | 91 | $11014 \quad 4$ | 11 | 013 - 4 \% | 110 | 10113 |
| 12 | 14120 | 32 | $38 \quad 18 \quad 8$ | 52 | $\begin{array}{llll}63 & 5 & 4\end{array}$ | 72 | 87120 | 92 | 111188 | 12 | 014 712 | 12 | 013 |
| 13 | 15164 | 33 | $40 \quad 30$ | 53 | $\begin{array}{llll}64 & 9 & 8\end{array}$ | 73 | 88164 | 93 | 11330 | 13 | $01510 \frac{1}{4}$ | To | convert Ster- |
| 14 | $17 \quad 08$ | 34 | 4178 | 54 | 65140 | 74 | 9008 | 94 | 114 | 14 | 0171 | ling i | into currency, |
| 15 | $18 \quad 50$ | 35 | 42118 | 55 | 66184 | 75 | 9150 | 95 | 115118 | 15 | 0183 | add 0 | ne fifth, and |
| 16 | $\begin{array}{llll}19 & 9 & 4\end{array}$ | 36 | 43160 | 56 | $68 \quad 28$ | 76 | $\begin{array}{llll}92 & 9 & 4\end{array}$ | 96 | 116160 | 16 | $019 \quad 5 \frac{3}{4}$ |  | werrth of that |
| 17 | $2013 \quad 8$ | 37 | 45004 | 57 | $\begin{array}{lll}69 & 7 & 0\end{array}$ | 77 | 93138 | 97 | $118 \quad 0 \quad 4$ | 17 | 10812 | 73 \& | divide by 60. |
| 18 | 21180 | 38 | 4648 | 58 | 70114 | 78 | $94.18 \quad 0$ |  | 11948 | 18 | $1111 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | convert Cur- |
| 19 | $\begin{array}{llll}23 & 2 & 2 & 4\end{array}$ | 39 | $\begin{array}{llll}17 & 9 & 0\end{array}$ | 59 | $71 \quad 15 \quad 8$ | 79 | $\begin{array}{llll}96 & 2 & 4\end{array}$ |  | 12090 | 19 | 131 |  | into Stg. |
| 20 | 2468 | 40 | 48134 | 60 | 730 | 80 | $97 \quad 6 \quad 8$ | 100 | 12113 | 20 | 144 | divid | by 73 . |

