

The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXVII, No. 40.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, March 20, 1917

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The popular play, "Peg o' My Heart" will be presented this (Tuesday) evening in the town hall.

King Winter came back strong again yesterday with a five below zero crack and a strong north west wind.

Mr. W. C. Ketcheson has sold his property on High Street, advertised in THE HERALD, to Mr. Wm. Gibson.

Mr. Adam Morris and family leave to-night for Killen, Alta., where they purpose making their home for the present.

Mr. J. L. McArthur has disposed of his farm in the fifth concession of Beckwith to Mr. Ed. Piper, of Smiths Falls, and purposes holding an auction sale shortly.

The young people of the Baptist and Zion Churches fraternized last evening in the Baptist church, the visitors conducting the programme. A social hour followed.

Mr. William Bradley died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Thos. Glover this morning, aged 50 years. The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon at the Franktown cemetery.

Mr. J. Calvin McFarlane, of Toronto, spent the week end with friends in Beckwith and Carleton Place. Calvin is with the well known law firm of Kerr, Davidson and Patterson, and was down east on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Crampton, of High Bluff Man., announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, Miss Edna Cook, to Mr. William Gordon Arthur, of Almonte, the marriage to take place the latter part of March.

The St. Lawrence Hall, one of the oldest hostilities in Brockville, an hotel from 1841 until September last, has been sold, and will be transformed into residential property. It was built in 1833 and housed soldiers during the rebellion in 1837.

The Railways have been notified by Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the Dominion Railway Commission, that no excursions or reduced rates will be allowed during the Easter holidays. This stand is taken in conformity with the policy of the Commission to discourage passenger traffic, so that the freight congestion can be relieved.

Job Printing—As good as can be had. Keep your work at home. THE HERALD is fully equipped to handle any job you may have—from a Visiting Card to a double sheet poster.

Mr. W. Wilson, of Perth, was a week-end visitor to town, the guest of Mr. W. Fraser Findlay.

Communion services were observed in Zion Church last Sabbath, when 26 new names were added to the roll.

The Minister of Militia announced that about 5000 at least of Canada's militia would be called out for immediate training for home defence.

Hon. R. F. Preston, represented the Cabinet at the funeral of the late Thomas G. Carscallen, M.P.P. for Lennox, which took place at Napanee.

The Coroner's jury in the case of the murder of Wm. St. Pierre, near Aultsville, found that the fatal shot was fired either by Nettie Richmaire or by Emerson St. Pierre.

Mr. Robert Scott has sold his farm on the 6th Concession Beckwith, to Mr. A. E. James, of Prospect, and purposes moving into town to reside. He will hold an auction sale on the 31st.

"THE BATTLE OF THE SOMME" This famous picture of realistic warfare will be shown at the Star Theatre on Wednesday and Thursday this week. Matinees at 2 and 4 p.m. Night showing begins at 7 o'clock.

Mr. Henry Service, a brother of Robert W. Service, the well known Canadian author and poet, now serving at the front, died a few days ago at the hospital. He succumbed to an attack of pneumonia after two weeks' illness.

The March issue of Rod and Gun in Canada, that representative Canadian sportsman's publication, is now on sale on the stands. A glimpse through it reveals the fact that it contains much of interest to lovers of outdoor life. The regular departments are as usual well maintained and the devotee of gun, rifle, or rod will find much of interest and value in the perusal of its columns. In addition for the more general reader there are stories of outdoor life to hold the attention and divert it for a time from the current newspaper and magazine recitals of things pertaining to the war.

Such stories as "Gentleman Jones" by Jean Stevenson, "The Dwellers of Darkness" by Wm. Mc Mullen, "The Treacherous Snow," "King of the Big Swamp" by F. V. Williams, "A Brother Fisherman" by H. G. Hadden, etc., are all redolent of the out-of-doors. W. J. Taylor, Ltd., Woodstock, Ont., are the publishers.

TWO MORE CARLETON PLACE MEN

In the Casualties Lists

The Canadians reported in the casualties lists the past week have been quite numerous again, every province being represented in the roll. The Ottawa Valley is especially well represented and in this list Carleton Place has two names, Ross McFarlane, son of Mr. John McFarlane, engineer at the water works plant, and Gordon Bennett, son of Mr. J. E. Bennett, both of whom are wounded. Emmanuel Gibson, of Appleton, is also on the list of the wounded.

Pte Arthur Tufts, who enlisted with the 130th is reported missing since the 1st of March. Tufts was an employee of the Findlay foundry prior to his enlisting. His mother resides at Tweed.

Lost a Horse.

Mr. Alex Ferguson, carter, met with a loss yesterday afternoon when his big grey horse, like a war charger in appearance, dropped in the shafts near Zion Church and virtually died in harness.

Shakespeare Club's Great Sock Shower.

The Shakespeare Club had a most successful outcome to their St. Patrick's Day Sock Shower, when 400 pairs of socks were contributed and \$89.50 in cash which will add 150 pairs more to the shipment. The ladies held their meeting in Mr. Taber's millinery room, where they served refreshments, and a very pleasant social time was coupled with the patriotic endeavor. The members are to be congratulated upon their splendid success.

Death from Pneumonia.

Miss Janet Scott, an elderly lady who has made her home in town for the past five years, died on Saturday afternoon from an attack of pneumonia. The deceased was a daughter of the late James Scott of Beckwith, and was 72 years of age. The remains were taken to the old home near Prospect on Sunday, where one sister, Elizabeth, and two brothers, E. D. and James Burrows reside, and the funeral took place from there yesterday afternoon at Dewar's cemetery. Like many of the early settlers of the township, Miss Scott was of Scotch descent and in religion a Presbyterian.

Fatal Accident at Arrprior

A sad accident which resulted in death occurred in the mill of Messrs. A. F. Campbell and Son on Saturday morning. While Mr. Joseph Lascell was at work on one of the machines a piece of edging flew back and struck him in the right side, wounding him severely and after much suffering he passed away on Tuesday morning. Mr. Lascell was aged 55 years and 10 months and has resided in Arrprior for twenty-five years, coming here from Hawkesbury. He was married to Miss Louise Goreau, who survives him with three sons, Amelia, Louis and Zoltique, who are serving with the Allied forces in France, and eight daughters, Mrs. Andrew Kelly, Mrs. Joseph Marnier, Mrs. Frank Schlivert, Misses Agnes, Hattie, Elsie, Pearl, and Irene, of Arrprior.—Watchman.

Forestry, railway employees and railway construction, medical corps artillery and infantry troops have reached England safely.

Hon. Senator Taylor was sorely bereaved yesterday by the death of his estimable wife, after a severe illness, of several weeks. The late Mrs. Taylor's maiden name was Margaret Latimer, born in township of Lansdowne, married Senator Taylor fifty-three years ago.

The Duke of Wellington's son will wed in New York.

The Kaiser is reported to have ordered the Belgian slave raids stopped.

British shipping statistics prove the failure of the submarine campaign.

The Chinese President and Cabinet have approved the proposed break with Berlin.

In China and Japan men and women of all classes callings and professions, carry fans.

The remains of the Dutchess of Connaught, who died last week, have been cremated.

A total of \$3,000,000,000 francs will have been spent on the war by France by June 1 next.

Colin Lovering, aged 35, and Henry Durnford, 17, were crushed to death in a gravel pit at Foxmead, Orillia township.

Wholesale sugar dealers have been informed that they must comply with the law forbidding agreements to keep up prices.

In spring, gather up the bones which have accumulated during the winter and bury them at the roots of trees, bushes, etc. They make excellent fertilizer.

The Montreal Board of Trade passed a resolution calling upon the Federal Government to enforce the militia act immediately and call out men for the defence of Canada.

The war loan started off with a fine swing, the largest subscription to any of the loans being that of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada for \$1,000,000, which, with three others, takes up one-tenth of the whole issue. The eager response in different cities was most gratifying.

We sell Everything that Men and Boys Wear.

New Spring Shirts

We offer our trade the choice spring productions of the very best of Shirt makers.

The fabrics were carefully chosen, and the Shirts were made for our trade to our special order.

We've Everything that's Good in Spring Shirts.

All Colors, Stripes, Figures, Plain White, etc. Fabrics of Percal, Madras, Linen, etc., Soft Turn Back Cuffs, or Laundered attached Cuffs.

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Every spring pattern a new one, and many of them are exclusive with us. We've a full line of sizes.

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Getting Scarce?

Try some of these

Prunes, 2 lbs for 25c

Peaches, per lb 15c

Apricots, per lb 25c

Figs, per lb 10c

Evap. Apples, per lb.. 15c

Cranberries, 2 for 25c

Silver Crown Syrup,

very fine,

per bottle 30c

Corn Syrup,

Wholesome and Economical,

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Jam, jars 15c

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Raisins, Dates,

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"THE BATTLE OF THE SOMME."

Official moving pictures of the British Victory July 1st, taken by daring Operators and shown by Imperial Authority.



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Matinees each day at 2 and 4 p.m. Admission, 15 and 20 cts.
Night Shows begin at 7 o'clock. Admission, 25 cts.

Marmalade
I made it with my same old recipe
but I used
Lantic Sugar
On account of its Fine granulation it
dissolves instantly making a clear jelly.
2 & 5 lb. cartons, 10, 20 & 100 lb. sacks



HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers
as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Finish every day and be done with it. For manners and for wise living it is a vice to remember. You have done what you could; some blunders and absurdities no doubt crept in; forget them as soon as you can. To-morrow is a new day; you shall begin it well and serenely and with too high a spirit to be cumbered with your old nonsense. This day for all that is good and fair. It is too dear with all its hopes and invitations to wait a moment on the rotten yesterday.

Any business man would be horrified at the suggestion that he would ruin his boy by neglect that his absorption in business would result in the undoing of his own son. But it is the easiest thing in the world to forfeit a boy's confidence. It will take only a little snubbing, a little scolding, a little unkind criticism, a little nagging and unreasonableness to shut off forever any intimacy between you and your boy.

Do we ever stop to think, we wonder, how blest are the quiet days—the days when nothing happens! There is no illness to give anxiety, no business burdens or other troubles to disturb, but on the contrary, there is the delightful consciousness that all is well in the home and before us the promise of a peaceful day. We know of no condition of life that brings more pleasure than this or that should fill the heart more full of gratitude.

In the rush and hurry of modern life do we think as much as we might of the happiness of those who are growing old. We have lost so much! Their youth, their health, most of their companions and companions who started with them on life's journey, and yet we often grudge them the brightness and joy we might so easily put into their lives. We will not stay to hear the recollections of old and happy days which they love to tell us, we let them see so plainly that their day is over, and ours has come! That those who have borne the burden and heat of the day, toiled and struggled and worn themselves out for others, should be left to feel lonely and neglected is sorrowful. We can and ought, each and all, in our own place and way, to do something to bring the glow of summer and the remembrance of the days of roses and love into the lives fast nearing their winter and their end.

It is one of the ironies of fate that the poet from whose pen has come the immortal lyric of the hearthstone was himself a roving outcast—a homeless wanderer. The world remembers the pathetic story of John Howard Payne. Broken in health and reduced in fortune, the poor American exile found himself in the throbbing heart of the great city of London. Between his publishers—who allowed him little—and his creditors—who came to see him often—the penniless poet was in sore straits. The Atlantic ocean separated him from kith and kin. He felt the acutest sense of isolation—the bitterest pangs of loneliness. Perhaps no solitude is more oppressive than the solitude of great cities—the solitude which broods in the repellent looks of the unsympathetic multitudes. It is, as Lucian Knight has said, the heart's Sahara. Bereft of all other consolation, Payne seized the harp, and lightly he touched the strings. But not in vain. For the fire of inspiration was in the poet's soul; and on the banks of the River Thames, from the aching heart of an humble exile, leaped the hearthstone melody of "Home, Sweet Home."

Don't encourage the visits of a tattling and tale-bearing woman, who knows all the low, bad things that pass along your neighbors, but nothing good.

This world is full of beauty. We alone, with the enigma of our greed, make it ugly. But we cannot altogether succeed in hiding all its beauty, and the open eye and appreciative heart still, without going far afield, may catch glimpses and often behold the full glory of field and flower and starry heaven. How deeply must we pity the life to which the beauty of the world brings no enriching, he who does not take a deep breath and feel a thrill of pleasure at sight of mountain, prairie or sea. And all the prodigal beauty of this world is but a message to us of the

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

greater love of the life that upholds it all, of the riches of him that inhabiteth eternity. And fairer yet than field or flower, treasures greater and more enduring than ours for the taking, the appreciating, in friendships, human love and companionships. The peace that broods from a mother's face, the strength of a father's life, the light in our children's eyes, the joys of home and hearthside—are not these the best riches of life?

Some persons foolishly imagine that the clothes makes the man. Fine feathers does not make a fine bird, except some time a jail bird. The insane love for fine and fashionable clothing has been the beginning of a downward life of many a boy or girl.

It may be all right in a certain sense to kiss a poodle dog, if you have nothing else to kiss. It never seemed very brilliant, cute or becoming for any one pretending to be a lady of sound mind and passing respectability to hug and kiss an offspring of the canine family. But then we admit that we are not so thoroughly versed in the changing science of etiquette and in the demands of polite society.

LANARK.

Mr. Arthur Cooke sold his farm on the 9th line Drummond, together with his entire outfit of stock, implements, etc., to Mr. Chas. Hollinger last week. Mr. Hollinger immediately disposed of the farm to Mr. Geo. Graham of Lanark township and will sell the chattels by auction.

Mrs. Jane Nicol, whose death took place at her farm home about five miles from Calabogie, on Monday, Mar. 9th, lived for about fifty years in Bagot. Her age was 80 years and her birthplace Dalhousie township in Lanark county. David Nicol, her husband, a native of Scotland, died over thirty years ago. Mrs. Nicol leaves four sons and seven daughters, all of them residing in the district except one daughter, whose home is in Oklahoma.

Ellen Weir, of Prestonvale, died at the home of her brother, Mr. William Weir, yesterday morning. She was 75 years of age.

Ellen McCullough, aged 68 years, died suddenly at the home of her nephew, Mr. Arch. McNicol, 10th line Drummond, on Saturday evening. Her death came upon a two weeks' illness with heart trouble.

John Caldwell, of Watson's Corners, died on Tuesday, March 13th, 1917, aged 74 years. A few days ago, while attending to work at the barn, he was stricken with paralysis which affected the left side of his body. He was found in the yard, where he had evidently been lying for some time. He was taken to the house and for a short while seemed to brighten and recover, but the end soon came, and he had passed away.

Death in a sudden and startling form came to Marion McNee Fisher of this village last Sunday morning. She lived alone and for some time had not been feeling well. About ten o'clock on Sunday morning Mr. and Mrs. William Smith visited her house to see how she was getting along but were unable to gain admittance. Fearing that something was wrong they entered the house by one of the windows and found Miss Fisher sitting on the floor with her head bent down, a lighted lamp a few feet away, and a glass of medicine near by. No fire was in the house and two windows were up. She was in a very critical condition with illness and cold. Mr. and Mrs. Smith summoned neighbors and sent for Dr. Cameron. Mr. Robert Ready and Mr. Andrew Doyle carried Miss Fisher into bed and when the doctor came a few minutes later, under his direction, heated materials were placed against her body and restoratives applied. Under treatment she rallied temporarily, but a few minutes later, when the doctor had gone out to procure other appliances, she breathed her last. Death was due to pneumonia and heart trouble.

In the Winnipeg police court last Wednesday morning Crown Prosecutor R. B. Graham, on behalf of members of the bar, tendered congratulations to St. Hugh John Macdonald on his 67th birthday.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

THE HOYDEN.
This Novelty Comes
For the Sportive Flapper.

Skating has called forth for the lithe, young sport this kind of suit, named the "hoyden." It comes in all the out-



THE HOYDEN.

door shades of Angora wool—a three piece set of cap, sweater and tights, to say nothing of the warm mittens.

COOKING VEGETABLES.

Be Sparing In the Use of Water and Adding Seasoning.

In the cooking of vegetables there are a few things to remember—first to retain all the mineral matter and nutriment possible, to soften the cellulose and to develop the flavor; making them more palatable.

Spices should properly be added to well washed and cooked without the addition of water or very little. This vegetable, being rich in iron, which is soluble in water, by being cooked in a large amount of water may be rendered nearly valueless as a food. This is true of green peas and beans or, in fact, any of the delicately flavored vegetables. The seasoning is another important item. The flavoring never should be disguised by seasoning. Usually butter, pepper and salt, not too much, are best because the plainest.

To accomplish these results one may use several methods—cook the vegetable whole or in large pieces, cook with the skin on when possible, cook in as small an amount of water as possible without burning, serve the water in a sauce with the vegetable whenever possible, and season after the vegetable has started cooking, so that the salt does not draw out the flavor.

FOR BEGINNERS.

Hints to Help Mrs. Newlywed Over Hard Spots.

In making soups always put the meat in cold water. Corned beef and ham should be put in boiling water. A tablespoonful of vinegar put in the pot will make tough meat or chicken tender.

To roast beef allow twenty minutes to a pound.

All vegetables should be put in boiling water.

Cut hot brown bread by putting a string around the loaf the right thickness for a slice and draw quite tight.

Anything mixed with water requires a hotter oven than anything mixed with milk.

A dish of cold water put in the oven will prevent cake from burning.

In making tea allow one teaspoonful for each person and one for the pot. Allow one tablespoonful of coffee for each person and one for pot.

Always pare fruit with a silver knife. Always sweep carpets the way the nap runs.

If new tinware is rubbed over with fresh lard and then thoroughly heated in the oven before it is used it will never rust afterward, no matter how much water is used in it.

Play Aprons For the Little Girl.

From Paris come some lovely little aprons for children. They are made of practical materials, such as jean, poplin or fine French cotton fabrics, and they have borders which show printed flowers, animals or geometric designs to delight the eye of the little wearers.

The colors are blue, pink and tan and also white. Some of the models are made with shoulder straps, while others introduce plaits across the shoulder and have a ruffle finish. Nearly all the aprons are supplied with pockets. They make ideal play garments as well as offering protection for the little frock of linen or batiste.

ALMONTE.

Before her departure for the west Miss Winnie Horton was waited on by a number of her girl friends, who presented her with an address and a memento set in ebony and silver.

Mr. Wilbert Kellogg of Almonte has a flock of fourteen B. A. Rhode Island Red hens which in the extremely cold weather in February laid 234 eggs—an average of 8 eggs daily. This is a record worth being proud of and somewhat ahead of Carleton Place.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Whitfield announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gertrude Florence, to Mr. Alex. Stoddart of Carleton Place. The marriage to take place in St. Paul's church next Tuesday.

Mrs. S. L. Ramsay, who has been on an extended visit to friends in Toronto, Chicago and elsewhere returned home this week.

Mrs. McMaster of Perth is on a visit to her brother, Mr. A. J. McAdam, who has not been quite up to his normal condition for a few weeks.

Miss Etta Young left on Friday morning for Kingston, where she will have charge of the County of Frontenac registry office for several months, during the absence of the registrar.

Miss Aggie Boyle has been accepted as nurse-in-training at the Newport, R.I., hospital.

Do as Mr. Gard

Mr. Anson A. Gard, the well known Litterateur of Ottawa, called, the Wandering Yankee, says in an unsolicited testimonial for ZUTOO Tablets:

"Zutoo Tablets stop my headaches so completely that I do not mind having them any more."

No need for any one to suffer from headache if they do as Mr. Gard does

and take Zutoo

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Overwork, lack of fresh air, mental strain or any sickness disturbs their functions. Stubborn coughs tear and wear the sensitive lung tissues.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

should be taken promptly for hard coughs, unyielding colds, or when strength is lowered from any cause. Its high nutritive value creates resistive force to ward off sickness. The rich cod liver oil improves the quality of the blood to relieve the cold and the glycerine is soothing and healing to the lung tissues.
Refuse Alcoholic Substitutes Which Exclude the Cod Liver Oil.

OATS for SEED

A carload of Oats for seed to arrive in April.

These are to be according to Government requirements.

Place your orders early to ensure your supply.

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Grain, Flour and Feed,
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Is the First Authentic Information on
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WE'RE READY NOW, Mr. Good Dresser, to give you first hand information on "what's what" in Spring Clothes—tell you about the right styles, the good weaves, the smart patterns, give you really correct information.

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MARCH 20, 1917

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

3

Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

W. H. ALLEN, Proprietor.

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Rates for Display Advertising on application. Advertisements will be changed once each month.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10c. per line, first insertion, and if the same matter is continued, at 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Tuesday evenings to 9 o'clock, to receive letters, notices, advertisements and parties needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons' Agency, Toronto.

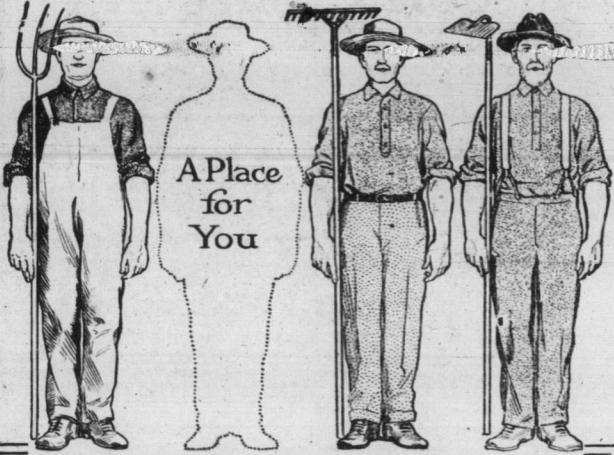
All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,
Carleton Place, Ont.

Preparing Poultry Produce for Market.

"Putting the finishing touches on a product before offering it for sale yields the greatest proportionate return of any labour done on the average farm. This lack of 'finish' is nowhere so clearly seen as in our poultry products as shipped to market. Probably nine-tenths of all the eggs produced have found their way to market through what is sometimes called 'the system' the outstanding feature of which has been the lack of system. The foregoing are pithy sentences from Bulletin No. 88 of the Dominion Experimental Farms, written by F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman. That there is room for improvement is an admitted fact and indicated clearly in the quotations. To meet this need, this timely, well-illustrated bulletin has been prepared for general distribution, pointing out, as it does, the correct way of preparing poultry produce for the market, so that the largest price may be obtained, thereby largely increasing the profits, for, as stated by Mr. Elford, there seem to be few industries that promise brighter prospects to the farmer than poultry managed on a business basis. This bulletin, which is replete with information of value, not only for the farmer but for the poultry specialist, may be obtained, free of charge, upon application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

As a war measure, Toronto will redeem \$32,000,000 worth of debentures held in the British market and issue new loans to that amount in New York.



A Place
for
You

Recruits Wanted for Production

Just as surely as lack of food is strangling Germany day by day, so plenty of food is winning the victory for the allies. The French armies, for instance, were never better fed than now, for France cannot forget the awful lesson of 1870—the failure of her food supply. To this she attributed the loss of that war.

To feed the French soldiers around Verdun, more than 25,500,000 pounds of food a week were required. This gives a faint idea of the colossal task of feeding an army. Canada and Britain have a huge army of fighting heroes on the line; every man must have plenty of food, in spite of a world shortage. Upon Canada's food production all principally rely.

The Farmers of Ontario Urgently Need Help

The Department of Agriculture appeals to men and boys to enlist in the farm help campaign. The Department appeals to men unfit for military service, or who find it impossible to enlist in the army. Do your 'bit' by helping to increase production of foodstuffs. This is your hour of opportunity.

The farmers of Ontario need the help of retired farmers, of men following no occupation (retired), of business men who can spare a portion of their time. We appeal to all who can so arrange their ordinary affairs to plan to help some farmer friend, particularly in seed time and harvest.

Confer with your county District Representative of the Department of Agriculture, or write, "Farm Help Campaign," care Department of Agriculture, Toronto.

Ontario Department of Agriculture
W. H. Hearst, Minister of Agriculture
Parliament Buildings Toronto

Fatality at Almonte.

Another of the occurrences which have combined in casting a deep gloom over the whole town was the accident by which Mr. P. McGregor lost his life on Wednesday afternoon. Just how the accident happened, is not known but as nearly as can be ascertained he was coming down town from his home, and at the Church street crossing had turned, towards the town, and was walking along between the main line of the C.P.R. and the adjoining siding. A through freight train came along, apparently unnoticed by him, and being unable to hear it he seems to have walked so close to the engine that he was struck on the head and his jaw broken, and had one leg taken off below the knee and the other one broken. The body which was dragged a short distance, was noticed by one of the train men, and the train was stopped. A doctor was called, and the unfortunate man was removed to the hospital, but he died a short time later, without having regained consciousness. An inquest was held, the verdict by the jury exonerating the railway company from any blame in the matter. The late Mr. McGregor, who was deprived of speech and hearing, was a familiar figure in the town for many years, and had almost reached the four score limit. In his earlier years he was a man of much energy and vigor, and even up to the present time retained in a remarkable degree the activity of his former years. Forty-five years ago on Sunday he was married to Miss Bella Millions, a daughter of the late Matthew Millions, who lived on the farm now owned by Mr. Wm. Simpson on the ninth line. To them were born seven children. They are Duncan, at Chicago; Willard, at Fort William; Edmund and Stanley, overseas; Annie (Mrs. H. Carson), Boston; Flora (Mrs. W. H. Gray), Calgary and Ruby at home. Besides these is Mrs. McGregor, who is in very delicate health from heart trouble, to all of whom the sympathy of the community is extended in their bereavement. Gazette.

Appropriate Stationery.

Business stationery should reveal the spirit of the business for which it is used. An appropriate letter head for a profession would be inappropriate for a mercantile house. The typographical appearance of a letter head for a doctor should be small, neat, dignified—most feminine: for a blacksmith, black, rugged, plain; for a vaudeville performer, loud showy, big; for a bank rich, dignified, restrained; for a store, neat, practical, harmonious, and so on. Correspondence paper should not reflect poor judgment. Everything counts in these days of sharp competition. Stationery for any business can be supplied at this office. There is no need of sending away for stationery when it can be got just as good and as cheap at home.

ILL-ADVISED TOUR OF IRISH WOMAN

Mrs. Sheehy Skeffington Makes
Anti-British Speeches.

FENIANS FIND A NEW TOOL

Well Known Poet Gives a Sketch of
the Picturesque and Noble Character
of Her Husband, Who
Was Shot During Dublin
Revolt—Mourned by
Friends and Foes.

AMONG the most regrettable incidents of the uprising in Dublin last Easter week was the shooting of the picturesque Irishman, Sheehy Skeffington. The English were the first to admit that it was a tragic blunder, but all fair-minded persons have realized that, owing to the extraordinary character of the revolt, the mistake was by no means a crime. For that reason it is very unfortunate that Mrs. Sheehy Skeffington has allowed herself to become a pawn in the hands of the American Fenians, mostly men who know little and care less about Ireland and their woes. For their own political ends they believe in doing



MRS. SKEFFINGTON AND HER SON

anything that will injure the British Empire. There is plenty of German gold for people who help to stir up hard feeling against the British, the Canadians, and all their relations. These men have secured the aid of Mrs. Skeffington, who is now traveling through the United States on an ill-adviced lecture tour, which will not help to deepen the sympathy felt for her after her husband's death. She is speaking on "English Militarism as I Have Known It," an extraordinary subject when one remembers that adequate preparedness did not exist in England before the war, let alone any militarism.

That Sheehy Skeffington would not himself have desired his wife's "mission of hate" is indicated by the character sketch of the man given by the poet James Stephens, who says, "He was the most absurdly courageous man I have ever met with or heard of. He had been in every trouble that has touched Ireland these ten years back, and he has always been in on the generous side, therefore, and naturally, on the side that was unpopular and weak. It would seem indeed that the cause had only to be weak to gain his sympathy, and his sympathy never stayed at home. There are so many good people who sympathize with this or that cause, and having given that measure of their emotion, they give no more of it or of anything else. But he rushed instantly into the street. A large stone, the base of a statue, any place and every place was for him a pulpit; and, in the teeth of whatever oppression or disaster, he said his say."

"There are multitudes of men in Dublin of all classes and creeds who can boast that they kicked Sheehy Skeffington, or that they struck him on the head with walking sticks and umbrellas, or that they smashed their fists into his face, and jumped on him when he fell. It is by no means an exaggeration to say that these things were done to him, and it is true that he bore ill-will to no man, and that he accepted blows and indignities and ridicule with the pathetic candor of a child who is disguised as a man, and whose disguise cannot come off. His tongue, his pen, his body, all that he had or hoped for were at the immediate service of whatever was bewildered or oppressed. Other men have been shot, but they faced the guns knowing that they faced justice, however stern, and that what they had engaged to confront was before them. He had no such thought to soothe the anger from his mind. He who was a pacifist was compelled to revolt with his last breath, and I am sure that to the end he railed against oppression, and that he fell marvelling that the world can truly be as it is. With his death there passed away a brave man and a clean soul."

A Strange Bird.
The jungle fowl, to be found in Australia, builds a nest in the form of a great mound, sometimes measuring fifteen feet in height and 150 in circumference. These are said to be the largest and heaviest nests in the world. The birds build them in remote places, and they interweave them with leaves, grass, and twigs, as do smaller birds in building their small nests.

The Corncob Pipe.
The corncob pipe manufacturing industry represents a valuation of \$500,000 a year.

HEATHER OF THE WORLD.

Beautiful Plant That is the Pride of
Scotland.

One always associates heather with Scotland, and it is one of the chief glories of that land of colors; but heather, or ling, is an evergreen shrub which grows all over Northern Europe, certain species even being found in Africa, where it reaches the height of large bushes. The Scotch are so fond of their heather that they have taken it with them when they have removed to distant shores; probably this is why it is to-day found on certain portions of the Atlantic coast from Newfoundland to New Jersey.

In Scotland the blossoming of the heather is looked forward to as a great annual event. The masses of lilac rose bloom spread over wide stretches of hill and valley. Heather has purple stems and spikes of bell-shaped flowers; there is a white heather, but the commonest shades vary from pink to purple. In August the moors and hillsides seem spread with a purple carpet.

Aside from being a thing of beauty, the heather has been put to many uses by the Scotch people. The longest stems have been made by the housewives into brooms, the shorter into brushes, and sometimes the little shoots are woven into baskets. Oftentimes the cling heather, with the peat in which its roots are embedded, is burned for fuel and cooking. In early days the huts of the Scotch Highlanders, known as "scalings," were roched with heather stems, held together by peat and made into a kind of mortar by dry grass and straw. The Highlanders also considered a bed of heather the most comfortable mattress known. Several varieties of heather yield excellent honey, and, during the blossoming season, many hives of bees are brought to the moors. There are 420 different kinds of heather; seven of them are found in the British Isles, a few being met with in Ireland only.

NATIVE AGRICULTURE.

Helping the Man With the Hoe in
Africa.

The black man has a natural taste for agriculture—up to a certain point. He is willing to cultivate his little garden just enough to give him the next year's food supply. Here his farming ambitions end.

At Old Umfali, 200 miles from the east coast in Rhodesia, is a flourishing agricultural college that is putting some new ideas of farming into his irresponsible head.

Under the old regime, husband and wife go into the field, carrying the crudest kind of native hoe. They spend several days in the back-breaking toil required to turn up the land. This done, the farmer sows a small grain like millet into the rows dug with his little hoe, and here and there throughout the field, about five paces apart, he plants two or three grains of corn. With whole tons of fertilizer available, he never thinks of enriching the soil.

He sees that the white man gets vastly more grain from a piece of land exactly the same size, and his own diminutive vegetables seem smaller than ever to him when he sees the white man's harvest, but it needed the agricultural college at Old Umfali to make him see how easily he can get the same results on his own little garden patch.

The work at the college is conducted by the Methodist Episcopal mission, and consists of simple instruction in farming, and intensive gardening and a course in animal husbandry, including the judging of stock for market purposes and knowledge of simple diseases common to animals in tropical countries.

At first the natives did not take kindly to this civilized information and thirteen young insurgents had to be expelled from the school. Now, however, there is the keenest interest and appreciation. Results talk—World Outlook.

Bayonet Heals Wounds.

A bayonet that carries in its blade the remedies necessary to render the wounds it makes painless and also to heal them is the innovation of Alexander Foster Humphrey, a Pittsburg scientist. In the end of the blade of the bayonet Mr. Humphrey has devised a narrow channel or groove. This groove is not so large as to lessen the strength or usefulness of the blade, but it is large enough to hold a capsule containing a mixture of anesthetics, antiseptics, and gelatin. According to Mr. Humphrey's idea, when the bayonet is plunged into a soldier the heat of the body will melt the capsule and release its healing contents. The anesthetic the capsule contains will be sufficient to deaden the wounded man to pain without making him entirely lose consciousness. The anesthetic will prevent infection and help heal the wound. The gelatin serves a double purpose—it holds the healing mixture in the groove, and also checks the flow of blood.

To North Pole by Submarine.

As early as 1899, Mr. Simon Lake, the inventor of the "Lake" type of submarine, proposed and planned a submarine for sailing under the ice of the Arctic waters to the North Pole. It was realized that this way of traveling would save an explorer many tedious months and would ensure the assurance of his reaching his destination, explains The Popular Science Monthly. But the submarine was in its early stage of development and the carrying out of the plan never got much further than a few experiments. The extensive improvements in the submarine since that time, however, have again brought this matter up for serious consideration. The submarine required need not be very much different from the Deutschland, it is said.

Paper Mill in Manitoba.

Some 250 miles north-west of Winnipeg a paper mill is being built to turn out 100 tons a day.

You may be deceived some day by an imitation of

"SALADA"

and possibly you will not detect this imitation until the tea-pot reveals it. Demand always the genuine "Salada" in the sealed aluminum packet, and see that you get it, if you want that unique flavour of fresh, clean leaves properly prepared and packed.

SICKLY BABIES.

Sickly babies—little ones who are troubled with their stomach and bowels; whose teething is painful; digestion bad and who cannot sleep well—can be made healthy and happy with Baby's Own Tablets. Concerning the Tablets Mrs. Wilfrid Dainons, Val Brilliant, Que., writes:—"Please send me a box of Baby's Own Tablets as I would not care to be without them. I have used them for constipation and vomiting and am well pleased with the result." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

June the Month of Decision.

"It must be neck-or-nothing with the Germans in the West during the next three months," says the London Observer. Between the Baltic and the Black Sea the enemy is now entrenched on what is nearly the strongest possible defensive line. The conditions of weather and ground are such that the Russians cannot well bring to bear their full offensive strength before June. Only then can the general offensive of the Allies come to its maximum.

Plans for the highway across Ontario were laid before the Legislature.

A Permanent German Loss of 2,000,000.

The German loss in dead, officially placed by the last public announcement as having reached slightly beyond 1,000,000 officers and men, is, according to cautious estimates, 300,000 or 400,000 beyond that figure. The sanitary service of the German army has been very good, and because of this a high percentage of wounded soldiers have been able to return to the active army. Yet the number of permanently disabled among the wounded probably will bring the irreparable losses considerably beyond the 2,000,000 mark. That is nearly equal to the entire population of the Province of Ontario.

American hard coal producers have been warned not to fail to make summer reductions.

Sir George Foster has asked some representative manufacturers to consult with him.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
the
Signature of *Dr. H. H. Hatcher*

ONTARIO FARMERS!

Existing war conditions demand that you give the question of Seed special attention this year. Seed of desirable varieties and high germination powers will be factors influencing yields.

If you have not secured your Seed
Let the Ontario Department of Agriculture help you.

Farmers having Seed Grain or Potatoes for sale may forward samples to this office, stating varieties, price and quantity?

Farmers wishing to purchase Seed are also invited to communicate with this office stating variety and quantity, and an effort will be made to put them in touch with farmers having seed for sale. Write to

FRED FORSYTH,

District Representative,

W. H. HEARST,

Minister of Agriculture.

Perth, Ont.

SUNLIGHT FLOUR

Is made from the Best
Wheat in the World.

In one of the Best Mills.

By Men who Know How.

Quality guaranteed satisfactory

H. BROWN & SONS

Sawlogs Wanted!

I WILL PAY HIGHEST PRICE FOR

Basswood, Ash, Spruce, Hemlock, Pine, Rock Elm and Soft Elm or Tamarac Logs and Shingle Blocks.

Delivered on the Mississippi Lake or at the Sawmill, Carleton Place. ALSO CEDAR RAILWAY TIES, must be 6 ins. thick, 6 ins. face and 8 ft long

CUSTOMS SAWING of Shingles and Lumber during the winter at the Planing Mill or Sawmill here.

W. A. NICHOLS, Carleton Place.

THE HERALD

TUESDAY, MARCH 20TH, 1917.

THE WEEK IN THE LEGISLATURE.

FARMERS FIELD DAY

Toronto, March 17.—Occasionally the farmers in the Legislature get a real field day, when they have the floor practically to themselves and when at any rate nothing is talked for hour after hour but problems affecting the farms. Such a debate was the very interesting one on the government's proposed re-organization of the Department of Agriculture. The talk encircled all sorts of matters interesting to the farming community,—potatoes, hogs, wheat, fruit, poultry, silos, horses, butter and cream. The Legislature for that day at any rate became a huge Farmers' Institute.

Nelson Parliament, Liberal farmer from Prince Edward county, led the opposition forces in the introduction of a resolution calling for efficient leadership in the Department of Agriculture, especially owing to the conditions created by the war, the appointment of a Minister of Agriculture to succeed the late Hon. Mr. Duff, who would be able to give his whole time to the work and who by practical training would be able to give leadership in agricultural matters, and the appointment of a Deputy Minister fitted by technical and practical knowledge of agriculture to fill this most important post.

The resolution was rejected by the government, who persisted in their own scheme for the re-organization of the Department including a Minister, a Commissioner, an Assistant Commissioner and Deputy Minister. Sir William, however, said that he himself did not intend to keep the portfolio permanently.

During the course of the debate Mr. Rowell offered on behalf of the opposition that if the government would appoint the ablest and most outstanding man available as Minister of Agriculture and with him an equally suitable man for deputy minister, they would not oppose such a minister in a bye-election, but would allow him to take his seat without a contest. The Prime Minister in his reply made no reference to this offer.

George S. Henry, Conservative member for East York, slated as a possible Minister of Agriculture, saw no particular reason why Sir William Hearst should not be head of the Department of Agriculture, because "he had been raised on the farm and had been a student of farming all his life."

G. A. Gillespie, Liberal member for West Peterboro, the well-known dairyman, called the government's plan a "spare time" arrangement.

Several of the speakers referred to different articles in farm journals criticizing the government's re-organization plan.

MAGEAU ON WAR PATH.

Mr. Z. Mageau, member for Sturgeon Falls, has returned to his charges of misappropriation of public money by the government. In a speech filled with definite examples and cases, he gave instances of where waste of public money had occurred in Northern Ontario in the purchase of wire, tools and various roadmaking appliances. He also gave examples of where three or four overseers were engaged and paid to superintend the expenditure of such small sums as \$150 or \$200. Hon. Finlay Macdonald defended the department.

The most exciting incident in connection with Mr. Mageau's charges was the comment upon them by William McDonald, member for North Bruce. While Mageau had been talking, the government members had laughed and taken it rather as a joke. Mr. McDonald suddenly said—"When you go before the great jury and the final tribunal of the people at the next election, you will find that they are not laughing at graft charges nor will they overlook them as perhaps they might have had a tendency to do before the war. Your Mr. Hanna could take \$500 from a government contractor for Conservative campaign funds, but that sort of thing can't be done today. You have New Brunswick in front of you and Manitoba and British Columbia and for your own good I say to you now, repent before it is too late."

SOME EXPENSIVE FURNISHINGS

Among the new items brought out before the Public Accounts Committee relating to the million dollar government house and paid for by the people of the province, were:—

Donegal rug, dining room.....	\$1,380 00
One commode.....	700 00
60 dining-room chairs, each.....	24 00
Curtains for ballroom archway.....	445 00
8 pairs rose silk curtains for dining-room.....	800 00
Brass poles.....	1,294 00

NOTES.

Thanks to the twice repeated suggestion of Mr. Rowell, Ontario nurses serving overseas will be put on the voters lists here and thus be entitled to vote at the next general election as well as the soldiers.

An interesting debate took place on good roads, particularly on the government's scheme for a highway between Windsor and Montreal. No definite estimates of the cost were given.

The Teachers' Superannuation Scheme was given a preliminary consideration. The Provincial Treasurer has a bill to amend the Tile Drainage Act to increase the amount which can be loaned to any one municipality from \$500 to \$1000 and the total which may be loaned under the Act from \$500,000 to a million dollars.

Mr. Rowell proposes a select committee to report and take action in regard to a provincial celebration of confederation.

A SMASHING VICTORY

Over 900 Square Miles French Territory Reclaimed.

Important Towns of Peronne and Bapaume Wrested From the Germans by the British Who Also Took 60 Villages in Big Advance—Armies of France Are Also Active.

LONDON, March 19.—On Sunday the British troops entered Peronne. Standing alone that statement would be sensational enough. The French fought for Peronne desperately through more than two years of war, and now it is the luck of British troops to enter it, as Saturday they entered Bapaume after a short action with the enemy's rear guards; but the news does not stand alone. The whole of the old German line south of Arras, as strong as one vast fortress, and built by the labor of millions, dug and tunneled, and cemented and timbered, with thousands of machine guns, redoubts, with an immense maze of trenches protected by forests of barbed wire, had slipped away as though by a landslide, and the enemy in rapid retreat to new lines many miles away.

The latest French and British gains have been made altogether on a front of a hundred miles or more, and the important towns of Bapaume, Peronne, and Noyon, lying almost in a straight line running north and south, are in the hands of the Entente allies. Between these lying somewhat to the westward, Roye, Nesle, and Chaumes have been taken. The French are moving in the direction of Ham, on the Somme River, while the British are continuing their advance eastward from both Bapaume and Peronne.

The cavalry of both British and French is now active. Strong cavalry squadrons have been in motion for several days past and have taken a prominent part in the operations, which probably accounts for the rapidity of the Anglo-French advance.

Although there is no actual knowledge of the German plan of retreat, it is presumed, in a certain quarter, that if the pressure of the French and British keeps up they will retire to the powerful line running from Lille to Laon, and including the strongly-defensive positions at Cambrai and St. Quentin. These are all fortified cities, Laon being a fortress of the first class, and the scene of many battles in previous wars. Even at the present rate of progress it would be several days probably before the forces of the Allies would confront these defences.

In their latest operations the British entered the German positions along a front of 45 miles to a depth of several miles up to ten miles in some places, and in addition to occupying Bapaume, Nesle, Chaumes, and Peronne, took possession of more than 60 villages, gaining over 900 square miles of French territory.

The French gains were made in two distinct sectors, along a front of about 37 miles between the Aisne and the Meuse. Their most important capture was the town of Noyon, a strategic point, which lies almost due south of Peronne. North of Soissons, which lies less than 20 miles to the south-west of Laon, they occupied the village of Crouy. Other villages were taken with the object of strengthening their new positions.

It is to be noted that the British official communication says: "We have occupied Nesle," and the French communication says: "Our cavalry this morning entered Nesle." While Nesle is apparently on the French line, the British have taken the town of Chaumes, and it is possible that forces from both armies entered Nesle, which lies only a few miles to the south-east of Chaumes.

CHINESE ENTER WAR.

Cabinet Very Active Since the Break With Berlin.

PEKIN, March 19.—After announcing the severance of diplomatic relations between China and Germany, Foreign Minister Wu Tingfang called a meeting of the Ministers of the Entente nations, and later a meeting of the Ministers of neutral countries. He presented a memorandum at both meetings, requesting suspension of payments of indemnity for the Boxer uprising, consent to an increase of import duties, and moderation of China's undertakings which will permit her to station troops at Tien Tsin, along the Tien Tsin-Peking Railway, and in the Legation quarter as a protection against Germans.

The Dutch Legation is protecting German interests and guarding the German Legation. The German Minister and his staff probably will leave Peking for Shanghai within five days. In the light of previous despatches from Peking, the action taken by the Chinese Foreign Minister indicates that the Government is preparing to enter the war with the Entente. It was said in these despatches that negotiations to that end were under way, and that China hoped by joining the Entente to obtain suspension of the payments of indemnity and permission to increase import duties.

Railway Strike Averted in U. S.

NEW YORK, March 19.—It was definitely stated early this morning that an agreement had been reached which would avert the threatened great railway strike.

The mediators and managers were believed to be awaiting the arrival of the brotherhood chiefs, who had retired, before making the formal announcement that the strike had been averted.

Sat Beside Queen.

LONDON, March 19.—Lady Perley and Mrs. Hazen were among the ladies seated beside the Queen at Saturday's National Service meeting for women.

FRENCH CABINET RESIGNS.

President Poincare Asks Ribot to become Premier.

PARIS, March 19.—The French Cabinet, headed by Premier Briand, has resigned.

An official note given out after the Cabinet meeting says: "The Council of Ministers met tonight (Saturday) at the Elysee Palace. The Premier reported on various consultations he had had with a view to completing the Cabinet so it could present itself to the Chamber. After hearing him the Cabinet decided that circumstances compelled it to leave to the President of the Republic complete liberty to interpret the situation in the best interests of national defence. Consequently the President of the Council put into the hands of the President of the Republic the resignation of the Cabinet."

President Poincare conferred with the President of the Senate, Antonin Dubost, and the President of the Chamber of Deputies, Paul Deschanel, in regard to the situation created by the resignation of the Briand Cabinet. The President then received M. Briand for further consultation.

When M. Briand had left President Poincare asked M. Deschanel to consider whether he could not undertake the responsibility of forming a Cabinet on the principle of a national union. M. Deschanel, however, replied that he considered it his duty to remain at his post as President of the Chamber of Deputies, to which he had been called by the representatives of the nation. M. Poincare then requested M. Ribot, Minister of Finance, member of the War Council in the Briand Cabinet, to form a Ministry. M. Ribot reserved his decision until he could consult the various members of Parliament.

"Article Briand leaves power after having shouldered the crushing responsibility of Premier and Foreign Minister for eighteen months," says The Matin. "He retires on the very day when the Franco-British armies gain a victory rich in consequences, because it marks the obligation of the enemy to renounce all plans of conquest before the superior force of our military organization. Not only does he leave France in a military situation that justifies the highest hope, but he has by his rare diplomatic qualities assured the country an unequalled rank in the world."

The British and French continue the big push. To-day's reports state that 60 more villages have fallen into the hands of the Allies, and 500 additional square miles of territory—1,000 odd miles in two days.

The big event of the last week was the fall of the Romanoff dynasty in Russia by the abdication of the Czar, and the appointment of a government by the people. The result will be a greater conserving of the empire's resources and a more active prosecution of the war to the finish.

BIRTHS.

CLARK—In Carleton Place, March 9th, the wife of Mr. John Clements, of a daughter.

LORR—In Carleton Place, March 10th, the wife of Mr. George Lodge, of a son.

FRANK—In Carleton Place, March 18th, the wife of Mr. A. O. Fleming, of a daughter.

LEE—In Carleton Place, March 18th, the wife of Mr. John Lee, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

SCOTT—In Carleton Place, March 17th, Janet Scott, aged 72 years.

BRADLEY—In Carleton Place, March 21th, Mr. Wm. Bradley, aged 59 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD OF THANKS.

The Committee of the Patriotic Fund wish to thank the Citizens who have supported the Campaign for 1917, and especially those who assisted on Committees and teams.

It is probable that some citizens were missed by the Canvassers. If so, they would greatly oblige by handing in their subscriptions to the treasurer, Mr. D. B. Olyer, at The Union Bank.

C. W. BATES,
Chairman.

WANTED.

MEN to retail Rawleigh Products in Lanark County. Largest and best line. One of the oldest and largest Companies in the world. Seven factories and Branches. Quick service. Low freight. We want only industrious men who can earn \$100 and up per month and expenses. Must have means for starting expenses, horse and wagon, and furnish contract signed by two responsible men. Address—A. M. LIVINGSTON, Corp., Ont. W. T. Rawleigh Company, Ltd., Toronto, Ontario, giving age, occupation and references.

FOR SALE.

RESIDENCE—Beautifully located on Lake Avenue, Carleton Place. Nine Rooms and bath, Modern Plumbing, Gurney Hot Air Furnace, Two Side Entrances, Electric Lights, Stable and Garden, rear. Reasonable price for spot Cash. Apply to P.O. Box 115 or Phone No. 60.

MILK IN PLENTY.

HAVING recently added a number of good cows to my Dairy Herd, I wish to bring the citizens of Carleton Place that I have now a liberal supply of Pure Milk and can accommodate a number of new customers.

Orders may be left at the City and High Street Grocery or at Edwards' Grocery.

W. G. HUDSON,
Dairyman.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers for Sale his General Store at Prospect, with Property, which consists of 50 acres of land, upon which is the brick veneered Store and Dwelling, and the necessary outbuildings for the farm.

Also Farm, consisting of 100 acres more or less, being rear half of Lot No. 24 in the 1st Concession, 9 miles north of Prospect, with dwelling and outbuildings. Well watered by a never failing well. For further information and terms apply to

J. H. SAUNDERS,
Prospect, Ont.

CATTLE AND HORSES WANTED.

HAVING disposed of my Butcher Business I herewith desire to announce that I purpose devoting my time to the purchase of Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep and Poultry. For any and all of which I will pay the highest market prices. Will also buy and sell second-hand Vehicles of all kinds.

W. MCGONEGAL & SON,
Carleton Place, Dec. 4, 1916.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the Estate of WILLIAM H. TOMLINSON, late of the Township of Goulbourn, in the County of Carleton, and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to the Statutes in that behalf, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of William H. Tomlinson, late of the Township of Goulbourn, in the County of Carleton and Province of Ontario, Yeoman, deceased, who died on or about the twenty-fifth day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, at the Township of Goulbourn, are on or before the fifteenth day of April, A.D. 1917, to deliver or send by post prepaid to Patterson & Findlay of the town of Carleton Place, in the County of Lanark, Solicitors for the Administratrix of the said deceased; a statement of their names and addresses, and full particulars of their claims, together with a statement of their accounts and nature of securities (if any) held by them.

And Notice is further given that after the said last mentioned date the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required, and the said Administratrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person whose claim notice shall not have been received as aforesaid at the time the said distribution is so made.

PATTERSON & FINDLAY,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

Dated at Carleton Place, this fifteenth day of March A.D. 1917.

AUCTION SALE

FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS

I have received instructions from Mr. WALTER STEWART, to sell by Public Auction, on the premises,

Lot No. 23, 11th Con. Drummond,
one mile from Innesville.

TUESDAY, MAR. 27, 1917

Beginning at 12 Noon.

The following Stock and Effects: Bay Horse, 10 years old; Bay Mare, 9 years old; Pony Mare, 13 years old; 18 Milch Cows in calf; 4 2 year old Heifers, in calf; 4 Yearling Heifers, Wellbred Durham Bull, rising 2 years; 3 Sows in pig, 2 years old; 1 Fram Sleigh, 1st Single Harness, 2 Buggies, Cutter, 4 harness Scales, 2 10 lb. Scales, 1 Farming Mill, Tread power Grindstone, Two Ploughs, One Gang Plough, Sift, Harrow, Disc Harrow, 3 Milk Cans, Turnip Seeder, Two Set Single Harness, One Set Wok Harness, Lucy's Bicycle, Plus Goodies, new; Outfitter, Three Hundred bushels Oats.

TERMS: \$10 and under, Cash; over that amount 3 months' credit by furnishing approved Joint Notes.

If it should happen that the roads are unfit to move cattle at time of sale, cattle will be kept free of charge. As Mr. Stewart is giving up farming everything will be sold without reserve.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS

I have received instructions from Mr. JOHN S. GUYER, to sell by Public Auction, on the premises,

Lot No. 20, 9th Concession Montague
(the estate of the late John Saunders),

FRIDAY, MARCH 30th, 1917

Commencing at 12:30 noon.

The following Stock, Implements and Effects: Hackney Mare, in foal; Black Horse, Brown Horse, rising 1 year; Brindle Colt, rising 1 year; 2 New Milch Cows, 4 Cows, coming in; 1 Farrow Cow, 3 Heifers and 1 Steer, rising 2 years; Durham Bull, rising 1 year; 3 Heifers and 1 Steer, rising 1 year; Durham Calf, 10 Weeks, with lamb; Purebred Berkshire Boar, 6 mos. old; 2 Fall Pigs, 3 Hens, Double Buggy and Driving Sleigh combined; Single Buggy, Set Single Harness, Cutter, Wagon, Set Double Driving Harness; Sleighs, Birelow, Plough, Broadcast, Broadcaster, Root Seeder, Stove, Cream Separator, Farm Mill and Bagger, Quantity of Potatoes, Grain and Feed. About 50 cords of Stove Wood, Quantity Grass Seed, Seed Corn, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: \$10 and under, Cash; over that amount 3 months' credit by furnishing approved Joint Notes, or 3 p.c. discount for Cash.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS

I have received instructions from Mr. FORT SCOTT, to sell by Public Auction, on the premises,

Lot No. 20, 6th Con. Beckwith.

SATURDAY, Mar. 31st, 1917

Beginning at 12:30 Noon.

The following Stock, Implements and Effects: Imp. Clydesdale Bay Mare 16th lbs; Imp. Clydesdale Mare, 15th lbs; Grade Clydesdale Bay Mare, in foal, 13th lbs; Clydesdale Gelding, bay, 2 years old; Clydesdale Mare, bay 1 year old; Driving Mare, Bay, 10 years old; 4 Heifers, coming in; 6 Steers, 2 years old; 4 Heifers, 2 years old; 1 Heifer, 1 year old; 6 Hens, Lumber Wagon, good as new; Steel Wheel Farm Truck, 2 Single Top Buggies, one new; Express, Frame Sleigh, Horse and Black, Cutter, new; 2 Walking Ploughs, Riding Plough, Iron Harrow, 8 ft.; Diamond Harrow, 12 ft., new; Broadcast Seeder, Roller, Box Harrow, 11 ft. 6 in. Sower, Hay Rake, Hay Rack, Deering Binder, new 4 ft.; Fanning Mill, Scales, 2 80 lbs; Hay Fork, complete, 2 box Stoves, Hay Baler, 4 Cows, a Quantity of Lumber, 200 bus. Banner Seed Oats, a Quantity of Hay and Straw, Set Course Double Harness, Set Double Driving Harness, 2 Set Single Harness, Barrel Churn, Dash Churn, Grindstone, Chairs, 25 bus. Buckwheat, 20 bags choice Potatoes, Pair Holes, Horse Blankets, Tables, Organ, Lounges, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: \$10 and under, Cash; over that amount 3 months' credit by furnishing approved Joint Notes.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

FARM STOCK AND IMPLEMENTS

I have received instructions from Mr. ROBERT EAST, to sell by Public Auction, on the premises,

East Half of Lot No. 7, 4th Concession Goulbourn.

MONDAY, MAR. 26th, 1917

Beginning at 12:30 Noon.

The following Stock, Implements and Effects: Black Horse, rising 10 years; Black Horse, rising 11 years; Brood Mare in foal, rising 10 years; Bay Horse, rising 2 years; Chestnut Driving Mare, rising 5 years; Colt, rising 2 years; 1 Year old Colt, 2 3 year old Heifers, coming in; 7 Cows, coming in; 4 Year old Steers, 4 Pigs, 1 Buggy, almost new; Express, almost new; Frame Sleigh, Cutter, Set Bob Sleigh, Wagon, Binder, Mower, Two Furrow Plough, Single Plough, Scudler, Spring Tooth Cultivator, Seeder, Roller, Iron Harrow, Disc Harrow, 2 sets Working Harness, Set Single Driving Harness, Fanning Mill, Day Churn, Box, Stove, Cook Stove, Quaker Heater, 2 Milk Cans, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: \$10 and under, Cash; over that amount 3 months' credit by furnishing approved Joint Notes, or 1 p.c. discount for cash.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,
Auctioneer.



INSPECTION INVITED

of our

NEW SPRING OVERCOATS

SUITS FOR MEN

You will find in these the best of workmanship and materials—up-to-the-minute styles. Moderately priced. Or you may have anything you want made to your measure exactly as requested without having to wait long for it, our service is prompt. Nothing better in the trade. Glad to show you any time.

BAIRD & RIDDELL

OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS

THE STORE OF PLENTY

THE BEST CALF MEAL

on the Market is

ROYAL PURPLE.

We have a good Stock, and guarantee results.

BISCUITS BISCUITS

We have 20 different varieties, regular 20c quality while they last only 15c per pound.

BOWLAND & MCROSTIE

ORDER YOUR

HOUSE FURNISHINGS

NOW. Quality and Prices are Right.

Complete Range of Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Bedroom, Dining-room and Parlor Suites.

We sell Window Shades and Fixtures.

See our New Stock of **CURTAINS**, made of the best material and latest designs, ready to put on your windows.

Our **Rug Stock** is complete. If you have a place where one is needed, come and choose it; we know we can satisfy you perfectly, and save you money besides.

Congoleum, in Rugs and by the yard, Linoleum and Oilcloth. Bring the size of your room.

Picture-framing a specialty. Workmanship guaranteed.

W. H. MATTHEWS,

FURNITURE, UNDERTAKING, UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING

Leslie Block, Bridge Street.

Store Phone No. 200.

House Phone No. 14

CREAM WANTED

Just a word to say our increasing Cream and Butter Business requires large quantities of Cream for the coming season.

We are prepared to pay highest prices and all express charges for shipments from Carleton Place.

We also pay Cash for Eggs. Write us.

VALLEY CREAMERY OF OTTAWA LTD.

319 Sparks St., Ottawa, Ont.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Present Time Table to and from Carleton Place:

GOING EAST BY RAIL

No.	Time
18 50 to Montreal and east.....	4:30 a.m.
2 Vancouver to Montreal and east.....	4:30 a.m.
1560 Brockville do.....	8:32 a.m.
1556 Pembroke do.....	10:25 a.m.
1558 Pembroke to Ottawa.....	6:20 p.m.
1562 Brockville to Ottawa.....	6:18 p.m.

SOUTH AND WEST BOUND

17	Montreal and east to Soo, St. Paul	1:25
1	do do Vancouver	3:30
556	Ottawa to Pembroke	8:55
557	do do Brockville & Toronto	10:25
561	do do Brockville	8:55
565	do do Brockville	8:55

† Week Days only; other trains Daily

MARCH 20, 1917

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

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SOCIETY REGISTER

STELLA LODGE NO. 155, I.O.O.F.
meets every TUESDAY Night
in the Hall, in Taylor's Block.
Visiting brethren always welcome.
N. D. McALLUM, Sec'y.
Noble Grand.

COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 78, I.O.F.
meets every 2nd and 4th Monday
in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the
Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attend-
ance of members is requested.
Visiting brethren invited.
J. P. DUBREUIL, C.R. J. BENNETT, R.S.
N.B.—All Dues must be paid in advance on or
before the 1st of the month. W. HAMMOND, F.S.

CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 37, C.O.C.F., meets
in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth
Thursdays in each month, at 8 o'clock.
Visiting Friends welcome.
J. McFARLANE, C.C. W. H. ALLEN, Rec.

COURT ORION, No. 434, C.O.F., meets in the
Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday
in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
A. R. ROBERTSON, C.R. W. J. HUGHES, F.S.

O.L. No. 48 meets first Thursday in
each month in the Orange Hall,
two doors from post office. Visiting
brothers always welcome.
ROBERT WEIR, W.M. ELI CORR, R.S.

THE POWER QUESTION

AT SMITHS FALLS.

Mr. Gould Deals With Mr. Burgess' Proposal
Smiths Falls, March 12, 1917.

Editor, Smiths Falls News,
Dear Sir,—In your issue of March 7th,
under the heading "News Power Story
Confirmed," Mr. Arthur Burgess is re-
ported to have said, amongst other
things, that the people of Smiths Falls
are now paying exorbitant rates for
electricity, that the electrical plants here
are overloaded and that if Rosebank
water power site upon which he holds
an option were situated at Smiths Falls,
with present prices, it would pay interest
on about a million dollars.

These statements cannot be substantiated.
In the first place the electrical
plants here are not overloaded. Each
of them has a sufficient reserve both in
installed power and electrical capacity
to supply twice the present peak load.
In the second place the rates charged
are not exorbitant. There is no secret
about our rates under which the average
householder pays about sixteen dollars
per annum for his domestic electricity.
They are as follows and we are quite
willing to have them submitted to any
impartial tribunal for investigation:—
Domestic Lighting—Eight cents per
kilowatt hour for the first 30 hours
monthly use plus 15 cents per month
meter rental but not less than 70 cents
per month in all. For all monthly use
in excess of 30 kilowatt hours, 4 cent
per kilowatt hour.

Or domestic users may have the option
of choosing the Hydro-Electric plan of
a monthly floor area charge of 4 cents
100 square feet plus a consumption
charge of 4 cents per kilowatt hour for
the electricity used in which case there
will be no meter rental but the same
monthly minimum charge of 70 cents
will be made.

Porch and verandah lights will be
operated for domestic consumers on a
flat rate basis of one cent per watt per
month if desired. Minimum charge 25
cents.

Domestic cooking ranges—Rate 4
cents per kilowatt hour for the first 50
hours of monthly use, three cents per
kilowatt for the 2nd 50 hours monthly
use and two cents per kilowatt hour for
all additional. The minimum monthly
charge will be two dollars. No meter
rental.

Commercial lighting rates—Including
stores, churches, schools, hotels, halls,
theatres, and all public institutions—
A monthly charge of \$1.00 per kilowatt
of installed capacity but not less than
70 cents per month in all plus a consump-
tion charge of 6 cents per kilowatt
hour for the 1st 50 hours of monthly
use. For all monthly use in excess of
50 kilowatt hours, three cents per kilowatt
hour. No meter charge for commercial
customers.

Power rates on meter basis—For a
24 hour unrestricted service—a service
charge of \$1.00 per horse power per
month based on rated capacity of the
motor plus a consumption charge of 3.5
cents per kilowatt hour for the 1st 50
hours of monthly use; 2.75 cents per
kilowatt hour for the 2nd 50 hours of
monthly use and 1 cent per kilowatt
hour for all additional monthly use.
For fractional horse power motors, the
minimum monthly charge will be 70
cents. No meter rental.

Power rates on flat rate basis—For a
24 hour unrestricted service, \$35.00 per
horse power per annum. For power to
be used only between the hours of 1.30
and 4.30 p.m. from October 1st to
March 1st and between the hours of
4.30 a.m. and 6 p.m. from March 1st to
October 1st—up to and including 7½
horse power, \$23.00 per annum. Over
7½ horse power and up to and including
15 horse power, \$20.00 per annum.
These charges will be based on the rated
capacity of the motor.

His last statement about "interest on
a million dollars" is certainly a stunner.
The interest on a million dollars at 6
p.c. per annum would amount to sixty
thousand dollars per year and Smiths
Falls would require to be about four
times its present size before the gross
receipts from electric users would aggre-
gate anything like sixty thousand dollars
and about six times its present size be-
fore the net revenue to any electrical
company would total that figure at the
rates now charged.

The report of the Conservation Com-
mission on "The Water Powers of Cana-
da" dated September 22nd, 1911, gives
the head at Rosebank on the Mississippi
river at twenty three feet and the mini-
mum development at 670 horse power
or about one third the amount claimed

by Mr. Burgess, and if the whole of his
claim is correct, the amount of develop-
ment above referred to no prudent
man would care to have much to do
with his proposed enterprise.

Yours truly
JAMES S. GOULD,
Sec. Treas. The Citizens Electric
Company, Ltd.

THE NEWS CRITICISM.

The News, editionally, deals with Mr.
Gould's letter as follows:

"J. S. Gould, of the Citizens Electric
Company, Limited, in a letter to The
News, endeavors to discourage the
movement for cheaper electrical power
for Smiths Falls by belittling Arthur
Burgess' offer of power delivered at the
edge of the town for \$12.50 per horse
power and misquoting figures in regard
to the power site at Rosebank which
Mr. Burgess proposes to develop. A
reader of Mr. Gould's letter who did
not know the local situation and had
not the reports from which he quotes
might be deceived into thinking that
Smiths Falls had all the power it could
use and sufficient to offer any industries
that might be secured up to twice what
is now being supplied, and at excep-
tionally low. Also that Mr. Burgess
did not know what he was talking of
in offering 1,800 to 3,000 horse power of
electrical energy at the very attractive
rate which he says he will guarantee.

Mr. Burgess has had experience in
connection with water power and was
successful in giving Carleton Place
electric light at about half the price paid
before he entered the field. His state-
ments have been denied but so far none
of them have been disproved. When he
talks of building a transmission line at
\$1,500 per mile he knows that he can
build it at that price and under present
conditions. Having owned a plant and
sold power he knows what profits there
are in business and being a successful
and responsible business man any
proposition he makes is worthy of
consideration. Mr. Gould says the
statement that the Rosebank power if
situated in Smiths Falls would pay
interest on about a million dollars, is
certainly a "stunner." Possibly it was
a "stunner" to Mr. Gould. Mr.
Burgess claims he can develop 1,800 to
3,000 horse power as Rosebank, and
even 1,800 horse power sold at the
present prices in Smiths Falls would
net a gross revenue of \$90,000, which
would pay a good dividend on a million
dollar investment.

We happen to have a copy of the
report of the Commission of Conserva-
tion of 1911 which Mr. Gould quotes
to show that not more than 670 horse
power can be developed at Rosebank.
That same report, on the next page
and in the same column shows 305
horse power at Merrickville. Mr.
Gould has power interests there and
claims 1,500 to 2,000 horse power can
be developed. In the same column the
power figures for Galetta are 780 horse
power and the Galetta Electrical Power
Company there is to-day developing
1,800 horse power. The head at Rose-
bank is 23 feet, at Galetta 25 feet and
at Merrickville 27 feet. Mr. Burgess
may know what he is talking about
after all when he says he can develop
1,800 to 3,000 horse power at Rose-
bank."

APPLETON.

Special to THE HERALD.

We welcome Mr. and Mrs. Oxford
and family back to the village after
living in Almonte for about six months.
The young people held a little dance
on Saturday night in Mr. Fuller's new
house.

Master John and Miss Janet Wilson
spent Saturday and Sunday with their
mother in Ottawa.

Mr. Clement Paul is laid up at pre-
sent, the results of a heavy cold. His
brother Frank from Poland, came to
see him on Friday.

Mr. Thomas Hamilton, who had been
ill for about two weeks, died on Friday
night. The funeral was held on Sunday
afternoon, Rev. D. Fraser conducting
the service at the house and grave.

Mrs. Frank Paul received word last
week of the sudden death of her sister,
Mrs. A. F. Mains, of McKellar. The
late Mrs. Mains was in her thirty-one
year. The funeral took place to Broad
St. Station Ottawa and the body was
taken to Ashton for interment at Mun-
ster.

Mrs. Mabel Brown, from Ottawa,
spent the week end at Overlook, the
guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. Baird.

PERTH.

From the Courier.

Captain Ronald R. Scott, M. D. has
received military honors from the French
Republic in the form of the Croix de
Guerre, a covered military honor, in
recognition of his services as medical
officer in France.

Lieut.-Col. de Hertel, formerly com-
mander of the 130th Battalion, is now
in France.
Michael O'Neil of town, suffered a
very severe accident last Friday morning
while engaged working in the graphite
mine at Port Elmsley, over a ton of rock
falling upon him. He was pinned
beneath the rock for some time, when
he was finally extricated with difficulty
by fellow workmen. Dr. Dwyre was
called and his left leg was found to have
been broken in two places, and the right
hip dislocated, while he suffered some
severe bruises and cuts.

HAD HIM THERE.

"Now, madam," said the crotchety
judge who had been annoyed by the
digressions of previous witnesses, "We
want no hearsay evidence. Tell us only
what you positively know. Your name
please?"

"Margaret Jones," replied the witness.
"Your age?"
"Well, er-I have only hearsay evidence
on that point," so I won't answer.

J. S. GOULD'S LETTER TO THE NEWS

General Maude Issues a Historic
Proclamation.

LONDON, March 19.—Major-Gen-
eral Frederick Stanley Maude, com-
mander of the British forces, who re-
cently occupied Bagdad in Mesopo-
tamia, has issued a proclamation to
the people of the city, declaring that
his armies have not come as conquer-
ors, but as liberators.

"Since the days of the Halacha,"
says the proclamation, "your city and
your lands have been subject to the
tyranny of strangers, your palaces
have fallen into ruins and your gar-
dens have sunk in desolation. Your
forefathers and yourselves have
groaned in bondage. Your sons have
been carried off into wars not of
your seeking; your wealth has been
stripped from you by unjust men and
squandered in distant places.

"Since the days of Midhat the
Turks have talked of reforms. Yet
do not the ruins and wastes of to-day
testify to the vanity of those prom-
ises?"
The proclamation says that the
British and the Bagdad merchants
traded with profit and in mutual
friendship for two hundred years,
while the Germans and Turks have
despoiled them for twenty years and
made Bagdad the centre of power
from which to assail the power of
Great Britain and her allies in Per-
sia and Arabia. It adds that the
British Government cannot risk that
being done in Bagdad again. It an-
nounces that the Arabs have expelled
the Turks and Germans and pro-
claimed Hussein Ben Ali King of
Hejaz, Arabia.

The people of Bagdad are invited
to co-operate with the British civil
representatives accompanying the
army in the management of affairs,
and to unite with their kinsmen of
the north-east and south-west in real-
izing the aspirations of their race.
Midhat Pasha, the former Turk-
ish politician and for several years in
the seventies held the post of Grand
Vizier of Turkey.

New Abyssinian King.

CAIRO, Egypt, March 19.—Ad-
vices from Addis Abeba, the capital
of Abyssinia, says that Raswaldi
Georgis, a cousin of the late King
Menelik, has been crowned King of
Wallo, Gondar, and Bekembar.
There has been some fighting of late
at Wallo, where Georgis has gone
to deal with the situation. There also
has been fighting at Rousi, where
General Baluchi has been sent.

It is hoped, the messages added,
that tranquillity will soon be estab-
lished throughout Abyssinia.

Lidj Jeassu, the deposed Emperor,
is now at Magdala, a fortified town
on the Talanta plateau, where he is
surrounded by Government troops.

Released Famous Woman.

PETROGRAD, March 19.—Ma-
dame Catherine Breshkovskaya,
otherwise known as the Grandmother
of the Russian Revolution, has been
invited by M. Kerenski, Minister of
Justice in the new Cabinet to return
to Petrograd. Madame Breshkov-
skaya has spent thirty years in exile,
most of the time in prison. She
escaped twice, only to be recaptured.
She is 73 years old; and was a
daughter of a Russian noble.

Three American ships, the Vigil-
ancia, the City of Memphis, and the
Illinois were sunk by Hun pirates. It
is now believed that war between
Germany and United States is unevit-
able as President Wilson can hardly
prove that the three were not over-
sights.

Everybody's Corner.

WANTED TO RENT—Three or four Unfurn-
ished rooms.
Apply at HERALD OFFICE.

FOR SALE—Good Wood Cook Stove, Hot Blast
Heater Kitchen Cupboard, also Child's White
Enamelled Crib.
Mrs. J. O. CAMERON, Charlotte Street.

FOR RENT OR SALE—In Carleton Place,
Modern Brick House, Electric Lights, Cider
Cellar, Cement Floor, Furnace, Gard. in, Barn and
Bicycle.
Apply to
REV. S. B. PHILLIPS, Queen Street.

SAFE FOR SALE—"Goldie & McCullough"
Safe. Height 40 in., depth 20 in., width 20 in.
Suitable for store or office. Price, \$30.00. Apply
at HERALD OFFICE.

WANTED—Women and Girls to mend and in-
spect Underwear and Operate Sewing Ma-
chines. Apply to
BATES & INNES, Limited,
Carleton Place.

Nyal Sarsaparilla

Cleanses the Blood and
makes it nourish
the body.

The duty of the blood is to restore
and renew the tissues of the body
as they wear out. Unless the blood
is pure and full of red corpuscles
it does not perform this function
properly, and you feel out of sorts,
tired and run down.

If that is your condition or if
you are worried by skin eruptions,
get a bottle of

Nyal Sarsaparilla

It will cleanse the blood, and the
pure renewed life-giving stream it
will cause to flow through your
arteries will give you a new energy,
a clear brain, bright eyes and the
springy step of perfect health.

Nyal Sarsaparilla is one
of the great Nyal Family
Remedies sold only at

McINTOSH'S
Book and Drug Store

The Minister of Agriculture
has been given powder to create on
Canadian lands preserve means for the
preservation and breeding of fur-bearing
animals and of birds.

It is estimated that the consumption
of lumber for the making of phonograph
and other talking machine cabinets in
1916 was 75,000,000 square feet of
manufactured hardwood lumber and
50,000,000 square feet of veneer.

In the Winnipeg police court last
Wednesday morning Crown Prosecutor
R. B. Graham, on behalf of members of
the bar, tendered congratulations to Sir
Hugh John Macdonald on his 67th
birthday.

ERNEST REYNOLDS

Builder and Contractor

Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings
and alterations.
Hardwood Flooring—Birch, Beech, Oak and
Maple.
Plazas of all descriptions.
Herriott Street. Carleton Place.

For Your Wants in

WRIST
WATCHES

—SEE—

J. A. DACK.

Jeweller and Optician

Carleton Place.

Harness at Old Prices

THE UNDERSIGNED, having pur-
chased the entire stock of Harness,
Blankets, etc., of Mr. W. T. Maguire,
desire to announce that they will have
some bargains to offer for a short time.

Meanwhile, we hope, by strict at-
tention to business, to be able to attend the
needs of Mr. Maguire's customers as well
as those of our own, and by fair and
honorable dealing to merit the custom
of the public.

FERGUSON & SMYTHE

TAYLOR'S BLOCK.

MOTOR UNITS RECEIVED

A NEW SHIPMENT OF

LADIES' SPRING SUITS

In Navy Blue, Black, Copenhagen
and Brown Serges, prices ranging from

\$12 to \$30

SPORT COATS

Plain Serges and Checks, prices from

\$10.00 to \$25.00

H. ABDALLAH

TAYLOR BLOCK

CARLETON PLACE

POLITICS	COMMERCE	SCIENCE	OTTAWA	LETTERS	INDUSTRY	FINANCE
The KEYSTONE OF CANADA FOR BUSY MEN						
Convenient Trains leave Toronto Union Station						
11 p.m. (except Saturday)						
10 a.m. (except Sunday)						
ALL MODERN EQUIPMENT.						
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This is National Service—
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This appeal is directed

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Be patriotic in act as
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Use every means available—
Overlook nothing.

Dominion Department of Agriculture
OTTAWA, CANADA.

HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

KING ALFONSO IS GREATLY ADMIRER

Spanish Ruler Takes Unique Position in the War.

TRUSTED BY THE NATIONS

Was Given Grand Cross of the Order of Benevolence, Which Was a Tribute to His Work as a Humanitarian and to His Success as a Statesman and a True Patriot.

ONE of the most interesting developments now in the process of evolution is the steady gain that is being made by Alfonso XIII. of Spain, not only in the respect and regard of his own people, but in the respect and regard of the nations generally. Ever since the outbreak of the present war, King Alfonso has shown himself neutral after a specially dignified fashion. He has made the idea of alleviation his first concern, and with a curious genius for discerning great needs, where many other men, equally well placed for observing, might have seen none, he decided that his special work should be the mitiga-



ALFONSO OF SPAIN.

tion, as far as might be possible, of the anxieties of people whose relatives in the war figure in the long list of those "missing." And so there has grown up, at the palace in Madrid, a special department where a very large staff is employed. It is under the King's supervision, and devotes itself to setting on foot inquiries to discover missing soldiers, of all the belligerent nations, quite irrespective of the side on which they may be fighting. Already much has been effected, and many people in many countries have reason to be grateful for the work.

The name of King Alfonso has thus come to be associated, amongst all the belligerents, with the idea of helpfulness. The King has, moreover, by reason of the skill and courage with which he has helped to steer the ship of state through the troubled waters of the last two and a half years, earned a reputation as a coming statesman. By breaking away from the most binding political traditions, in calling upon another Liberal, in the person of Count de Romanones, to succeed the Liberal, Canalejas, some five years ago; by insisting on holding out friendly hands to the Republicans, and by doing a hundred other "unheard of things," he has been steadily convincing all who cared to consider the matter that he intends to think for himself. The results have usually shown that he has thought rightly.

When, therefore, a deputation from all the municipalities of Spain came to him, as it did a short time ago, to beg his acceptance of the Grand Cross of the Order of Benevolence, the tribute was one offered, not only to a humanitarian, but to a statesman.

The Irish Tongue.

Many persons seem to see, or to hear, rather, something to be amused at in the soft Irish brogue. As a matter of fact, most of the words of the Irish "dialect" are not Irish at all, but the purest of English—English a trifle antiquated, it is true, but nevertheless the real thing. The ears of Milton, Dryden, Spenser, and Chaucer would not have been surprised to hear an Irishman speak of "a rough say" or "a clane shirt." At the court of good Queen Bess the cultured Englishman carefully garnished his conversation with "goolds" rings and brave "swoordes" and bored his friends with accounts of the smart sayings of the "chilidre" at "hoom."

The Chinese Complexion.

A French expert has turned his attention to what he calls "the exquisite complexion of the Chinese women." This, he claims, is not due to enameling, as is generally supposed, but to careful manipulation of the face by the most expert masseuses.

They begin by a gentle pinching of the cheeks between the tips of their fingers, an operation that consumes a period of ten minutes. Lotions are applied by means of absorbent cotton; then comes an unguent, and there follows a kneading of the cheeks with an extreme delicacy of touch, always proceeding from the nose and commissures of the lips toward the ears.

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Thousands Owe Health And Strength To "Fruit-a-lives"

"FRUIT-A-LIVES", the marvellous medicine made from fruit juices—has relieved more cases of Stomach, Liver, Blood, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine. In severe cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back, Impure Blood, Neuralgia, Chronic Headaches, Chronic Constipation and Indigestion, "Fruit-a-lives" has given unusually effective results. By its cleansing, healing powers on the eliminating organs, "Fruit-a-lives" tones up and invigorates the whole system.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

MUSIC'S UNIQUE QUALITY.

Wherein it Differs From Sculpture, Poetry and Painting.

Music finds its perfection in itself without relation to other objects. It is what it is in itself alone. It is non-definitive; it does not use symbols of something else; it cannot be translated into other terms.

The poet seeks always a complete union of the thing said and the method of saying it. Flaubert seeks patiently and persistently for the one word which shall not only be the exact symbol of his thought, but which shall fit his euphony.

The painter so draws his objects, so distributes his colors and so arranges his composition as to make of them plastic mediums for the expression of his thought, and the greatness of his picture depends first of all and inevitably on his power of fusing his subjects with his technique.

In sculpture precisely the same process takes place. Neither of these arts actually copies nature. Each "arranges" it for its own purpose.

In music this much sought union of matter and manner is complete. The thing said and the method of saying it are one and indivisible. It is, as Pater says, "the ideal of all art whatever, precisely because in music it is impossible to distinguish the form from the substance or matter, the subject from the expression."—Atlantic.

Simply Terrifying.

An old lady was in the same railway car as a party of golfers.

"I found a fearful trouble this morning," said the first I fell right into the middle of a blackberry bush and at the second I was stuck up on the top of a tree. I pitched out of bounds into the farmyard at the third, got caught by the wire at the fourth, stuck fast in a deep hole at the fifth, found myself buried in mud at the sixth, I was lying in a heap of rough stones at the seventh, got lost at the eighth and finished up at the bottom of that dirty ditch at the last hole."

"Gracious me!" cried the horrified old lady from her corner in the car, "and they told me that golf was an old man's game! I'll never let my Ed-win play again."—Exchange.

Out of Abundant Caution.

There is a property owner in Pennsylvania who has endeavored to inculcate in his tenants the principle of arbitration with reference to their disputes, offering himself as arbiter.

On the occasion of the last dispute of this sort the owner before undertaking a solution put to one tenant the usual question:

"Now, William, if I consent to arbitrate will you abide by my decision?"

William hesitated a moment, then said:

"Well, sir, I'd like to know what the decision is first."—Case and Comment.

Do you ever have the "blues"?

That discouraged feeling often comes from a disordered stomach, or an inactive liver. Get your digestion in shape and the bile acting properly—then the "blues" will disappear. You will soon be cheerful, if you take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

the people's remedy for life's common ailments. They act thoroughly on the stomach, liver and bowels, and soon regulate and strengthen these important organs. Purely vegetable—contain no harmful drugs. Whenever you feel despondent a few doses will

Make Things look Brighter

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

Success in farming depends on selling ability to a greater extent than ever before.

In earlier days there was a lack of selling opportunity, but times have changed for the better. The parcel post, adequate railroad service and the rapid growth of towns give farmers their chance. With prices on their present high level it does not require a large farm to return a living income and something more.

Good selling simply means obtaining the greater part of the money paid by consumers. It is only fair that farmers, who invest in the land, take all the risk and perform most of the labor,



FARMERS SELLING DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

should receive the major part of the money involved. The closer they get to the consumers the more certain they are to secure their proper proportion of the cash paid for commodities.

In nearly all farming communities are a few men who stand out prominently by reason of their success in marketing their products. Others of equal industry and skill in producing crops fall far behind in the matter of money compensation. Dealing with private customers and obtaining retail prices or co-operation with a sufficient number of neighbors so that both shipping and selling may be properly managed will lift many farmers out of the rut.

For myself, I have made a success of selling to private families. In this way I dispose of the output of a dairy of twelve cows, besides poultry products and some fruit, vegetables, honey and flowers. These supplies go readily at full retail prices in a town two miles from the farm. I have a few customers in one of the larger cities who are served by parcel post or express. I know from the inquiries received that I could just as easily sell ten times as much produce. Many farmers do not make this effort.

As showing the demand for fresh country produce, I am acquainted with two women in different localities who buy up eggs, poultry, butter, fruit, etc., and deliver direct to city families, each using a horse and wagon for the purpose. One of these women went into the country upon a farm when her husband's health gave out and probably had the wisdom to see that as a "back to the lander" she did not have the strength or the weight to pound a living out of the soil. There are different ways, however, of making a living, and this small and refined woman saw an opportunity to benefit both farmers and consumers by doing a produce business. She drives about through the country picking up poultry products and light high grade material and then takes them to town, where she sells out to good advantage.

The farmers are all pleased to deal with her. She seems to be popular all along the way. Before she left town she was a stenographer, and her pounding the keys of her machine has evidently taught her how to touch the keys of human nature so as to produce a good impression. This woman is doing well at her business, and she has certainly set us all an example of how to develop a good trade in a new way and in a new section. There is more money to be made in the future by learning how to reach the consumer direct than there ever will be in producing larger crops.

In several other cases I know of farmers who have developed businesses of this kind from coming in contact with a growing list of customers who required more stuff than one place could produce. Everything points to the fact that American farmers are face to face with a great opportunity for advancement. Business principles should be introduced into farming for economic efficiency, with results beneficial both to producer and consumer. Farmers in particular communities should develop staple products, standardize them and study what market to reach at a given time and the best method of shipping.

Durable Concrete Tile.

Concrete tile, if properly made, are very durable. Causes of failure may be traced to the use of too lean or too dry a mixture. Improper hardening and placing in the ground too soon after making. The tile need at least three or four weeks' curing and hardening before it is safe to lay them.



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DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA.
OCTOBER 20th, 1916.

Fur Production in Canada.

Canada's rich resources in fur-bearing animals formed her earliest commercial attraction, and, through generations of energetic exploitation, the fur industry has occupied an important position in primary production. Of recent years it has become increasingly evident that the permanent preservation of this source of wealth demands the much more rigorous protection of fur-bearers. One of the essential requirements is the collection of accurate statistical data of fur production from year to year, as a reliable index to the increase or depletion of our resources. Such a system is already enforced in several provinces, where trappers and fur dealers are licensed and compelled to make annual returns as to their operations. Similar measures should apply to every important fur producing region of the Dominion.

"Did I hear that young man kissing you, last night?"
"I'm afraid so, mother. I told him not to open his muffer."

Jimson's Nerve.

I often wish I had the nerve of my friend Jimson.
At a Christmas party he deliberately walked up to the prettiest girl in the room and kissed her.
"How dare you!" she cried, blushing furiously. "I am not under the mistletoe."
"That's all right," responded Jimson. "A girl with a face like yours doesn't need any mistletoe."
And then he kissed her again.—New York World.

How it Was.

Willis: Did you have a good time at the Bump's last evening?
Gillis: Yes. We spent an evening of sin.
Willis: What do you mean?
Gillis: My wife cheated at cards, I lied about my income, and between us we swiped their best umbrella.

Sixty German submarines were reported to have been put out of business since January 1.

Typhoid no Longer a Camp Terror.

For the twelve months ending December 31, 167 cases of typhoid fever were reported as having occurred amongst the many thousands of men of the C.E.F. of Canada. This comparative freedom from the part of the C.E.F. is seen to be most striking when it is recalled that during the Boer War one man out of every nine in the British forces in South Africa was invalided through this disease, and that in the Spanish-American war, of 107,000 men in the camps at Tampa, Florida, and elsewhere, who had not left the shores of the United States, 20,000 contracted the disease. The remarkable change can be attributed to the process of inoculation.

Under a new factory law which recently went into effect in Japan, the maximum number of working hours per day provided for laborers is twelve. It is expected that the new law will greatly ameliorate the conditions under which 2,000,000 girls work in the fibre-producing factories.

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CIGARETTES

The blending is exceptional

Sharps

Everywhere Why?

Finest Quality

FIFTEEN CENTS

MARCH 20, 1917

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

7

A MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE

A Pioneer Story

By WALTER WILCOX

One hundred years ago a young couple left Virginia, crossed the Allegheny mountains and settled in Henderson county, Ky. It was a wild country in those days, but very beautiful, nature seeming to tempt the pioneer with its virgin scenery, its immense trees, its profusion of wild flowers. And such temptation was necessary. The settler never knew at what moment the yell of the savage would break the stillness of the wilderness or when he and his family might be cut down by a tomahawk without even a whisper of warning. These were the inducements and the drawbacks to settlers in the new country, though there is a fascination in danger that drew the fearless.

John Aborn and his wife Mary journeyed to their new home down the Ohio river on the only means of inland navigation known at that time, a flatboat, and on reaching their destination went ashore, "entered" a quarter section of land, built a log cabin and proceeded to make a living by the cultivation of the soil and hunting. Children were born to them. As more room was needed their cabin was extended, and within a few years the location assumed the semblance of civilization.

Aborn brought with him to Kentucky a few slaves and bought others from time to time, for we must remember that in those days the only hands a farmer could obtain were his own negroes. The community lived on game, of which there was abundance near at hand: the grain they raised and nuts and berries, which grew plentifully on tree and bush. Each family was a unit bound together by the strongest ties.

But after a time the game was not so plentiful about the settlements on the river bank, and the hunters were obliged to go farther inland to provide meat for their families. Then it was that the Aborns' troubles commenced. In the wilderness still inhabited by the deer and the wild turkey were many dangers. Besides the Indian, there was the wolf, and there were desperadoes, who, whenever a new country is settled, on account of the absence of government find it a fine field for their lawless operations. Nevertheless every autumn John Aborn was obliged to go into the unsettled regions in order to bring back a supply of meat for the winter consumption. Sometimes he would go with a party of his neighbors, sometimes with a single friend and sometimes alone.

One October morning he set out on his annual hunting tour in company with Alexander Swift, the neighbor with whom he was most intimate. When Aborn embraced his wife and children before departing they clung to him with unusual reluctance to let him go. Whether this was due to a presentiment that evil might happen to him or that he must now go farther and remain longer than ever before, the fact remains that he and his family were loath to part. Finally, tearing himself away from them, he sprang into the wilderness with his friend.

When it came time for the husband and father's return his wife and children watched for him eagerly. He had usually been away two weeks, but on this trip he purposed to be gone three. This was because with the settling of the country he was obliged to go farther from home. He had set out on a Monday and had promised to be back on Saturday, two days before the third Monday following. All that day his wife and children watched for him, but he did not come. The next and the next day they felt sure would bring him, but he disappointed them. The wife and mother began to be troubled, but concealed her anxiety as well as she was able from her children. When another week had passed and neither Aborn nor his companion returned Mrs. Aborn felt sure that both had met with misfortune. The most reasonable supposition was that they had been killed by Indians.

A month passed, and still neither Aborn nor his companion returned. Then the other hunters of that region organized a band to go and look for the missing men. A week later they returned, reporting that they had come upon the body of Alexander Swift pierced with arrows and scalped. They had found no trace whatever of Aborn. It seemed probable that the two men had been killed and Aborn captured, in which event he must have met a worse fate than his companion. The rains had washed out the trail of the Redskins as well as that of their captive.

The party before their return debated what report to make to Mrs. Aborn as to the probable fate of her husband and agreed that it would be best to tell her that her husband had doubtless been killed by the Indians, not mentioning that he had been first tortured.

As the Aborn family had increased the father, who at times had been troubled with insomnia, had slept in a room by himself. Mrs. Aborn, who did not relinquish all hope that he would return, kept this room always ready for him. But she kept it locked and never mentioned it or to whom it had belonged. After her husband's capture by the Indians she sold most of her ne-

groes, feeling that she could not afford to keep them, buying a strong woman who would serve all domestic purposes. To this woman the bedroom that was never opened was a mystery. She once mentioned the room to her mistress, asking why it was kept locked, but received no satisfaction. After that she speculated a great deal about the room, telling the field hands that she "spected Missy Aborn had a ha'nt locked up in dat room." The settlers, or, rather, their wives, who knew of the closing of this room pitied the poor woman, whose husband had doubtless been tortured and burned at the stake by the savages and would never return. They assumed that she hoped her husband would come back to her and she wished him to find his room ready for his occupation.

Two years passed, during which Mrs. Aborn worked her farm as well as she could, and her neighbors on their return from their hunting expeditions always supplied her with meat for the coming winter and spring. But it was a forlorn country in which to bring up children, and she was often tempted to remove to Indiana or Ohio, where she would have facilities for giving them an education. Finally she resolved one autumn that if no tidings came from her husband during the winter she would sell her plantation and her negroes, keeping her horses, and, mounting her children and herself on them, would go to some point on the river bank opposite Ohio, cross the river and make a home in one of the villages of that state.

The winter passed without the return of her husband or any news of him. Friendly Indians came and went to and from the settlement, and the widow never failed to inquire if any of them had knowledge of a white man she described to them. But none of them could give her any news of him. In the spring she began her preparations for removal.

One night when she had put her children to bed she concluded to ride over to the house of a neighbor to whom she hoped to sell her plantation. It was a stormy night, but she was anxious to get an offer for the property and was not deterred by the weather. During the evening a band of friendly Indians came into the settlement and were soon wandering about in search of what they could steal. One of them appeared at the kitchen, where Martha, Mrs. Aborn's maid of all work, was at work, and, turning, she saw him standing in the doorway. She was wiping a plate, which she straightway dropped on the floor, and it broke in pieces. The savage in a guttural tone peculiar to the Indian said:

"Me want bed. Me good Indian. Me no hurt anybody."

Martha got up enough courage to tell the redskin that every room but one was occupied by the children and that was locked. The Indian horrified her by walking into the kitchen, taking up a tallow dip and proceeding to examine the house. Seeing the children sound asleep in their beds, he held the candle over each one of them in turn, giving a grunt of satisfaction at the sight of their rosy faces. Martha followed him at a distance, her complexion wearing the sickly light yellow of a frightened negro. She saw him go into her mistress' bedroom, and when he came out he had a key in his hand. Going to the empty chamber, he unlocked the door and said to the woman: "Me sleep here. You no tell."

He accompanied his words with a savage look that tied her tongue completely. She wished to tell of the Indian who had gone into the only vacant room, but did not dare. He would surely know that she had told and would tomahawk her. When her mistress returned it was evident that the negro had experienced a great scare; but, though Mrs. Aborn tried to induce her to tell what had frightened her, her efforts resulted in failure. As soon as Mrs. Aborn had gone to her room Martha went out and reported the Indian's presence in the house. But she was either not believed or those she told, considering that the group of red men who had come to the village were friendly, did not think the matter worthy of their attention, especially as the Aborn house was closed for the night.

Slumber finally reigned over the settlement. Martha slept in one of the negro cabins and early in the morning returned to the mother's abode, dreading to find both her and her children murdered. Entering the kitchen, she went from there into the other portions of the house, and, finding everything quiet, the older children asleep in their beds and her mistress slumbering with the smaller ones, she made up her mind that the savage was less murderous than she had supposed him to be and set about getting breakfast.

Presently she heard a cry. Terrified lest the Indian, after all, was about to tomahawk her mistress, she ran out of the kitchen into a passageway. There she saw Mrs. Aborn in the arms of the Indian, whose face had lost its coppery hue during the night. Mrs. Aborn's head was hanging limp on the Indian's arm, it being evident that she had fainted. Martha, supposing it to have been from fright, sought support against the wall to avoid collapsing herself.

The Indian was none other than John Aborn. And this was his story: He and his companion huntsman had been set upon by Indians. Swift had been killed and Aborn made a prisoner. He was taken far to the south and adopted into the tribe. No opportunity had occurred for some time to return north, and even then he had been obliged to delay going to his home. Those with whom he had entered the settlement were ignorant that he was a white man, and he did not wish them to know it. He remained concealed till they had left.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XII.—First Quarter, For March 25, 1917.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, John xiv, 1-14.—A Quarterly Review—Golden Text, John xiv, 6.—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

LESSON I.—Jesus the life and light of men, John i, 1-14. Golden Text, John i, 4, "In Him was life, and the life was the light of men." The opening words of the lesson are away beyond us, high as heaven—what can we do? (Job xi, 8.) But in verse 14 He comes near to us, becomes one of us and reveals unto us the Father, and, seeing and knowing Him, we see and know the Father (chapter xiv, 9).

LESSON II.—John the Baptist and Jesus, John i, 19-34. Golden Text, John i, 29, "Behold the Lamb of God, that taketh away the sin of the world." John was to Jesus at His first coming what the real Elijah will be at His second coming in glory, for the great and dreadful day of the Lord is still future, and Mal. iv, 5, stands, according to Matt. xvii, 11.

LESSON III.—First disciples of the Lord Jesus, John i, 35-51. Golden Text, John i, 43, "Jesus saith unto Him, Follow Me." John's second testimony turned men away from him to Jesus, and that was his aim, as it should be ours. Andrew and the unnamed other, having spent the day with Jesus, quickly brought their brothers to the Messiah, whom they had found, and Philip brought Nathaniel, who confessed Christ as Son of God and King of Israel.

LESSON IV.—Reverence of Jesus for His Father's house, John ii, 13-22. Golden Text, Matt. xxi, 13, "My house shall be called a house of prayer." By no means omit the marriage and the water changed to wine and the marriage of the Lamb which will precede the kingdom. Then shall follow Israel's great cleansing, according to Ez. xxxvi, 25.

LESSON V.—Jesus the Saviour of the world, John iii, 1-12. Golden Text, John iii, 16, "God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son." Even the most religious and moral man cannot see or enter the kingdom unless he is born again by receiving the Son of God, who loved him and gave Himself for him. But there is life for a look for all bitten ones, and they shall share the bridegroom's joy in the morning (verse 29).

LESSON VI.—Jesus and the woman of Samaria, John iv, 1-20. Golden Text, I Tim. i, 15, "Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners." A religious moral man must be born again, and a poor, immoral outcast may be born again, for He came to seek and to save the lost. The latter became a

better witness than the former and brought many souls to Him. In such service He delighted and invites us to join Him, that we may rejoice together.

LESSON VII.—Jesus heals a nobleman's son, John iv, 43-54. Golden Text, Matt. viii, 13, "As thou hast believed so be it done unto thee." At Cana He had shadowed forth the glory of His own marriage, and now from Cana He sent life to a whole household. After the marriage what blessing there will be to multitudes! May the childlike faith of the nobleman be ours, for he believed the word that Jesus had spoken and went his way.

LESSON VIII.—Jesus at the pool of Bethesda, John v, 1-15. Golden Text, John ix, 4, "It was Jesus who had made him whole." A truly helpless pool for really helpless people, but there is a fountain which is better than all pools, and He gives life to all who hear His word and believe on Him—that is, receive Him. There is no book like the Scriptures, and by Scripture we learn of Him, but unless we come to Him of whom they tell we cannot obtain life (I John v, 12).

LESSON IX.—Jesus feeds the five thousand, John vi, 1-21. Golden Text, Matt. vi, 11, "Give us this day our daily bread." Feasts of the Lord had become mere feasts of the Jews, and the multitudes were perishing. Today the public worship of God is largely mere formalities, stones for bread, and our Lord is still saying, "Give ye them to eat." He is ready to take what we have that is real bread and increase it as needed.

LESSON X.—Jesus the bread of life, John vi, 22-40. Golden Text, John vi, 35, "Jesus said unto them, I am the bread of life." Living Bread from heaven, and yet people despise it, even as Israel loathed the manna in the wilderness and in their hearts turned back to the food of Egypt. See these men disputing and arguing instead of eating. And so it is still, just as in the invitation to the marriage feast they all made light of it, each preferring his own way. One of the most manifest delusions of the devil is the way in which men despise the love and grace of God.

LESSON XI.—Jesus saves from sin, John viii, 12, 28-37, 56-59. Golden Text, John viii, 36, "If therefore the Son shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed." He had no stones for penitent sinners, and no one else has any right to throw any, for He is the only one without sin. He came not to condemn, but to save. He is saying to all thirty ones, "Come unto Me and drink." He says just as plainly that all who will not come shall die in their sins and, preferring the devil to God, shall have to take the devil's portion.

Fine Excuse.

The Heavy—I hear that your interpretation of Hamlet was hissed at the High Forehead theater last night. The Lead—Ah, yes! The performance was billed as a Shakespearean revival and I suspect some partisans of Bacon resented it—Puck.

Women Once Invalids

Now in Good Health Through Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Say it is Household Necessity. Doctor Called it a Miracle.

All women ought to know the wonderful effects of taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound even on those who seem hopelessly ill. Here are three actual cases:



Harrisburg, Penn.—"When I was single I suffered a great deal from female weakness because my work compelled me to stand all day. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for that and was made stronger by its use. After I was married I took the Compound again for a female trouble and after three months I passed what the doctor called a growth. He said it was a miracle that it came away as one generally goes under the knife to have them removed. I never want to be without your Compound in the house."—Mrs. FRANK KNOBL, 1642 Fulton St., Harrisburg, Penn.

Hardly Able to Move.

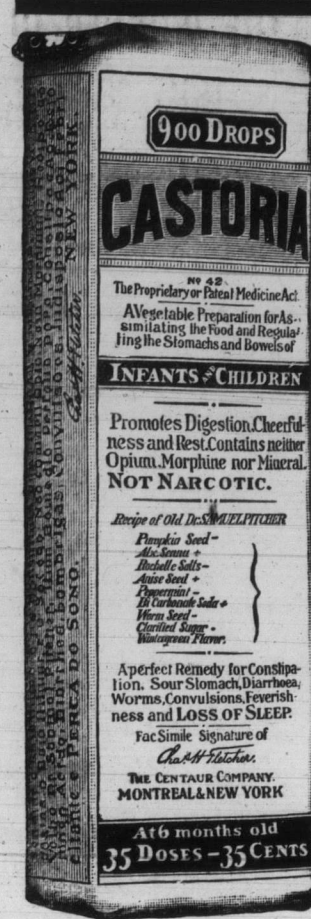
Albert Lea, Minn.—"For about a year I had sharp pains across my back and hips and was hardly able to move around the house. My head would ache and I was dizzy and had no appetite. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, I am feeling stronger than for years. I have a little boy eight months old and am doing my work all alone. I would not be without your remedies in the house as there are none like them."—Mrs. F. E. YOST, 611 Water St., Albert Lea, Minn.

Three Doctors Gave Her Up.

Pittsburg, Penn.—"Your medicine has helped me wonderfully. When I was a girl 18 years old I was always sickly and delicate and suffered from irregularities. Three doctors gave me up and said I would go into consumption. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and with the third bottle began to feel better. I soon became regular and I got strong and shortly after I was married. Now I have two nice stout healthy children and am able to work hard every day."—Mrs. CLEMENTINA DUERRING, 34 Gardner St., Troy Hill, Pittsburg, Penn.



All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice, if it will be confidential.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

CHAMPION TREE FELLERS.

Beavers Are More Expert Than the Best Lumberjacks.

The most expert lumberjack is inferior to the beaver as a tree feller. He cuts down trees in the most scientific way. He can fell a tree so it will fall toward the pond where he wishes to construct his home, thus saving himself unnecessary work.

After the trees are felled the construction work begins. He works chiefly by night, for he is a nocturnal prowler. The moon is his lantern, the quiet of the night his inspiration, his sharp teeth are his hatchet and chisel, and his little paws are his means of conveyance, his spade, his hammer and his trowel. His hard, flat hairless and scaly tail is a propeller when swimming and a balance when he is cutting timber, for he stands on his hind legs while gnawing down trees.

The beaver is a strict vegetarian, and his diet consists chiefly of bark, tender shoots and water plants. To flood low grounds the beavers sometimes have to build a dam exceeding fifty feet in length. They usually lay it out with the curve facing upstream. The foundation is built of poles four or five feet long by an inch or two thick. These they lay crosswise, filling all crevices with mud. The beaver digs up mud with his fore feet, then holds it close to his breast with his fore legs, swims to where he has started his dam, and having deposited it in its proper place beats the mud down with his paws—not with his tail, as has been believed.—St. Nicholas.

Henley and Stevenson. W. E. Henley once met Robert Louis Stevenson and found his friend distressed because he was not a Voltaire or a Dumas, though he had an equipment which ought to have made him their peer. Stevenson put his "failure" down to the weakness of his lungs. "Perhaps you are right, Louis," said Henley. "I've always felt that if I had not been a blessed cripple I could have taken the earth in my hand and hurled it into the sun."

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Bilemness, Head-ache, Distension, and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

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THE SUN LIFE

Is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

W. M. ALLEN

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Total assurance in force 1915—

\$257,404,160.00

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All Old Established Companies.

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In every good town and district in Ontario, where we are not represented.

Territory reserved for the right man. Highest commissions paid. Attractive advertising matter.

Splendid List of New Specialties for Season, 1916-1917 including the new Everbearing Raspberry, St. Regis.

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Have you an Insurance on your Dwelling, and have you protection from fire upon your Personal Effects?

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Will be pleased to quote you rates at any time.

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With Cash in the Bank
You Can Buy to
Advantage

You know how everything
costs more when you have to
buy on credit. Why not
practice self-denial a while if necessary, open a Savings Account
in the Union Bank of Canada, and, with the money in hand,
buy at Cash prices? The discounts will help to swell your bank
balance, and you will have made a good start towards financial
independence.

Carleton Place Branch—D. B. OLIVER, Manager
Stittsville Branch—W. A. BURCHILL, Manager
Kimbura Branch—M. McMILLAN, Manager
Pakenham Branch—A. G. HOFFMAN, Acting Manager.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND.

Nearly \$14,000 Subscribed by the
Citizens of Carleton Place.

The officers and committee-men of
the Carleton Place Branch of the Can-
adian Patriotic Society had a rather un-
pleasant task this year in making their
cavass, owing to the unfavorable weath-
er, but the captains of the several teams
kept at it and completed the work as-
signed to them within the two days
limit. The objective desired, \$30,000,
was not attained, the high cost of living
having caused many to reduce their giv-
ings from the amounts contributed a
year ago.

However, the contribution is no mean
sum, and with that given previously
brings the grand total for Carleton
Place up to about \$40,000.

The list below explains itself, showing
in detail the contributions made.

Finance Committee.....	\$8,872.68
Team No. 1.....	206.00
2.....	257.50
3.....	190.00
4.....	181.00
5.....	181.00
6.....	160.95
7.....	711.00
Appleton Team.....	115.00
Employees Rates & Ings	\$25.75
do C.P.Ry.....	502.50
do Findlay Bros.....	628.50
do Hawthorn Mills.....	535.50
Supplementary List.....	219.00

\$13,386.38

\$2,000.00

Bates & Innes Ltd.

\$1,200.00

H. Brown & Sons, Jno. F. Gram & Sons.

\$500.00

Mawthorn Mills Ltd.

\$300.00

William McDiarmid.

\$250.00 each

G. A. Burgess, Mrs. M. E. Muirhead,

Hon. Dr. R. F. Preston, Mr. and Mrs.

H. Patterson.

\$150.00 each

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A. Galbraith, John McIntosh.

\$125.00

Wm. A. Nichols.

\$100.00 each

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McIntosh, Mrs. D. W. F. Caldwell

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G. F. R. Taylor, J. F. Warren.

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W. W. Taber.

\$70.00

N. D. McCallum.

\$56.66

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H. McFadden, Wm. McIlquham, Miss

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terson, W. Pattie, L. O. G. Poole, H. N.

Schweidiger, S. W. Stanzel, D. Snythe,

Dr. M. T. Smith, E. A. Wilson.

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D. G. Campbell, John Cavers, Miss Eva
Carr, Miss Mary Caldwell (Appleton), J.
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Adam Dunlop, W. Dummett, John
Dolan, Miss C. F. Dolan, Wm. Doherty,
Mrs. D. Findlay, Sr., Eric Floyd, Rev.
T. Glasford, Geo. Godden, Rev. Father
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Gallip, Mrs. Elizabeth Graham, Lam-
bert Galvin, Miss Gertrude Hockenhill,
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Miss Katie McPhail, D. S. McFarlane,
John R. McNeely, A. D. McDiarmid, J.
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mond, Peter Dunlop, Richard Dowdall,

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thorn, D. Hamilton, Daniel Henderson,

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