

ORE.

INS.

the Inhabitants of St.
received his Spring
DS, consisting
ich only

lacking, Shoe Brushes, Scrub-
ama Silk Velvet, Filled Centra
ama, Thibbet Wool, Challis,
Roy Summer Plaid Shawls
figured and Plain Silks and
n and Silk Umbrellas, Plain
Parasols, Irish Linens, French
do, Bombazines, Palmstones,
in Saxony and Orleans Cloths,
nits and Counterpanes, Ladies'
dior'd Slays, French and Scotch
zonet, Mull and Book Muslins,
l and Tamboured Collars, four
Boots and Shoes, two cases
ets, two do, Glasgow do, Boh-
ing nets, Lace Edgings, Inser-
mings, of various sorts, three
Privet Calicoes, one hun-
Muslin & Cambric Dresses,
do., Corosation do., Thibbet
non Cape, Gauze, and Sams,
n Shawls and Hdkis, Hosiery,
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Shoes and Slippers, French
and Hoir Combs, Silk Gauze
is, a great variety of Ribbons,
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fine Wheat and Rye FLOUR,
ice, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Ground
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that he will positively
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Office, July 10, 1840.

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nd Fridays at 7 a. m.
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nd Fridays at 10 a. m.

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SHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY
A. W. SMITH
Office in Saint Andrews,
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1840—27mm

The Standard, OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

Volume 7.

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1840.

Number 33.

From the Literary Garland.

VIRGINIA DARE; OR, THE LOST COLONY.
BY E. L. C.

Safe on poor babe:
Safe powerful spirit instruct the kites and ravens;
To the nurses! Wolves and bears they say,
Casting their savagery aside, have done
Like offices of pity.

[CONCLUDED.]

As Ferdinand, unperceived, drew near the
place they occupied, the words of the boy
struck his ear, as in a somewhat saddened
tone he asked:

"And that song is of the home to which
the snow-flake is going? and is it as fair a
home as this? Do the beaver and the pan-
ther dwell there, and have they birds like those
that build in our forests, and whose plumage
glitters with the dazzling colours of the rain-
bow?" and he raised the corner of his feath-
ery tunic as he spoke, where, with exquisite
taste and skill, an infinite variety of hues were
blended into harmony and beauty.

"It is a fair land, Ensenore," said the sweet
accents of Virginia in reply; "at least they
say so, who have seen it. Pleasant voices &
kind faces are there—the incense of Christian
worship arises from every dwelling, & Chris-
tian faith, hallowing the hopes and affections of
every heart."

"But there are no hunting grounds in that
far off land," said the boy thoughtfully; "and
yet Ensenore cares not, if the Snow-flake is
there; and ceases not to love him. Say, will
it be so? or will the dark eyed stranger, who
bears her way from the still shelter of the forest
home, teach her to forget the Indian boy
whom she cherished in the wigwam of his own
country?"

The deep blush that crimsoned the fair
cheek of Virginia at these words, mounted to
her temples, when a slight change in her posi-
tion, revealed Ferdinand to her view. He
marked her emotions, he read his cause, and
the joyous bounding of his heart, told him how
inexpressibly dear, was this slight token of
the interest he had awakened in her.

"Ensenore," he said, "the Snow-flake will
have and cherish you in her father-land, as it
has been her joy to do in these forests, where
your people have given her a peaceful home.
Hers is not a heart to change like the chang-
ing waves of the ocean, and happy will he be,
who is first destined to unveil the pure fountain
of its young and rich affections."

His voice faltered as he spoke, and his eye
timidly sought that of Virginia—it was bent
upon the ground, but the tell-tale blood, spoke
eloquently in her cheek. He drew courage
from the omen, and gently approaching her,
said in a subdued and tender tone:

"Virginia, Manteo has returned successful
from his enterprise—a European vessel is on
the coast, and is waiting to bear us to another
hemisphere. If we reach its shores in safety,
tell me, if I may dare to claim this priceless
hand as mine? or will the stranger, who found
you in your solitude, then be spurned for the
host of gayer wooers, who shall come to render
homage to your charms?"

She raised her lovely eyes with a look of
soft reproach to his pleading face, and placing
her hand with gentle dignity in his,
"Virginia is not a heart," she said, "to
change like the ocean's changing waves, and
amid the novelty and glitter of untried scenes,
it will beat as warmly and as truly as it now
does, for him, who in her isolated home, first
stirred its slumbering depths, and woke it to a
sense of happiness unknown before."

"Blessings, a thousand blessings on my
sweet flower for those dear words," he said,
as with a fond embrace he clasped her to his
heart; "and thanks to that overruling
Power, who led me here through dangers un-
numbered, to find the crowning joy of my existence
where only I looked for tortures, and a ling-
ering death."

"It is these forests, dear Ferdinand, in view
of God's greatness and power, as manifested
in his works, that we learn to trust Him im-
plicitly," said the gentle voice of Virginia,
but before he could reply, they were interrup-
ted by the approach of Rachel.

She failed not to remark the emotion of Vir-
ginia, for tears still stood in her eyes, and the
flushed but happy face of Velasquez indicated
unusual excitement. His cause was quickly
explained by him, and that too, without calling
forth any serious rebuke from Rachel. With
the sober temperament of age, she viewed the
expression of their mutual feelings, as ill-tim-
ed and premature, but as many indications
of failing health, gave her warning that her
primage was nearly ended, and as uncer-
tainty still rested on their prospect of restora-
tion to home, she was not ill-pleased, to know
that Virginia had found such a protector for
her youth and innocence. She only urged
upon them the necessity of concealing their
sentiments, for the present, from observation,
and deterring, till their destiny was decided,
any arrangements for the future. She then
spoke of their departure, and had barely time
to express the regret that mingled with her joy,
at the idea of sailing to the shores of Spain,
before she could hope to return to the country
of her birth, when Manteo approached them
in company with Orinka.

The young chief greeted Ferdinand with
graceful civility, for his jealousy had been lulled

to rest by the cautious behaviour of his rival
since the day of their first interview in the
wigwam of Manteo. Advancing towards Vir-
ginia, he placed at her feet a collection of rare
and beautiful shells contained in a basket of
curious workmanship, which was furnished
with a handle, carved from the tooth of the
sea-horse, a substance at that time, as we are
informed, held in higher esteem in England,
than ivory, which it nearly resembled. Vir-
ginia is evinced much pleasure at this gift,
and speaking in an under tone to Ensenore, who
stood beside her, he bounded away, and in a
minute returned, bringing with him a belt,
wrought in fanciful figures, with small white
shells, so exceedingly minute and lustrous, as
almost to resemble pearl. Virginia received it
from the boy, and extending it towards Or-
inka.

"The Snow-flake has wrought this for her
friend," she said; "will he wear it for the
sake of her, who owes him many kindnesses?"
The stern features of the chief relaxed al-
most to a smile, as with evident satisfaction
he received the offered gift.

"It shall be worn," he said, "on the day
when the Snow-flake comes to dwell in the
wigwam of Orinka—the Raven's wing shall
abide there also, and say to the pale stranger,
for he knows not the language of my people,
that if he will be content to dwell with the red
warriors of the forest, the fairest of their wo-
men shall prepare his food, and spread soft
skins for his repose, and the nuptial torch that
is kindled for Orinka, shall shed its light over
the wigwam of his brother."

Ferdinand could scarcely restrain a smile
when this proposal was interpreted to him,
but he affected to be grateful for it, and if one
lingering suspicion yet dwelt in the breast
of the Indian lover, he lulled it to sleep, by
declaring himself ready to take a wife from the
tribe, whenever the nuptials of Orinka should
be celebrated.

Secure now in the tenderest wishes of his
heart, and rejoicing in the glad prospect of
freedom and happiness opening before him,
it was Ferdinand's anxious desire to hasten his
departure, with his companions from the wil-
derness. Manteo and Ensenore, were to ac-
company them, for the latter refused to be se-
parated from Virginia, and the former felt
that his life would hardly be safe from the an-
ger of his people, if he remained among them,
after having been accessory to the flight of the
English girl. It was now necessary for Fer-
dinand to visit the Spanish vessel, in order to
complete his arrangements, and learn how far
he might depend upon its aid. Accordingly,
under pretence of fishing in the waters of a
neighboring bay, he repaired thither, was cor-
dially welcomed on board, and with a joyous
heart mingled with his countymen, who trod
his decks. Among them, he found one or
two, whom in boyhood he had known, and
heard the story of his adventures with inter-
est, and were zealous to serve him in his pur-
pose of escape, with those, to whom he now
felt his own fate indissolubly united. The
following night was named for the attempt,
when the commander proposed to send a boat,
with sails and oars, to take the fugitives at
midnight from Croatan—thus furnishing them
with a safer, and speedier mode of con-
veyance, than that offered by the frail vessel
of Manteo.

Every preliminary being settled, Ferdinand
returned to his friends, who lost no time in
making such trifling preparations, as were ne-
cessary for their departure. It was the latter
end of July, and as most of the Indians were
absent from the village on distant hunting ex-
cursions, they felt that they had less risk to en-
counter in their enterprise, than if all had been
at home. The time at length arrived, and
he was verging towards the appointed hour of
midnight, when the trembling females, attend-
ed by Ferdinand and Ensenore, issued from
the dwelling which had so long sheltered them,
and avoiding the village, plunged into a wood-
ed path that led directly to the place of em-
barcation. The Spanish boat with Manteo
standing at its bow, lay close within the deep
shadows of the shore, waiting to receive them.
Quickly and in silence, they sprang on board,
& in another minute were launched forth upon
the mighty deep. Smooth bay the sea around
them, dancing beneath the soft light of the
summer moon, the breeze was in their favor,
and as it blew gently from the land, where Vir-
ginia's infant mind had opened to perception,
bearing on his wings, familiar sounds and od-
ours, her heart swelled with irrepressible em-
otion, & tears dimmed the straining glance,
which for the last time she fixed on the blue
outline of the distant mountains, whose forms
were blended with the earliest recollections of
her childhood. Ferdinand marked her agita-
tion, & bending towards her, whispered words
of tenderness and peace. He spoke of his own
fair land, and of the warm spots, and gentle
rains, that there waited to embrace and wel-
come her. She was soothed by his endear-
ments, and silently she raised her tearful, yet
smiling eyes, to thank him for his love.

Neither was Rachel, though she had never
thought to feel one pang at quitting those sa-
vage shores, unmoved at her departure. But it
was hard to say farewell to any scene that
had linked itself to memories of the past, without
a melancholy feeling of regret. She now sat
bending her face upon her hands, in silent
prayer, pouring forth her grateful emotions for

the mercies showered upon her and hers, in
the wilderness, and imploring guidance and
protection through the uncertain scenes of the
future.

The current of their emotions was suddenly
disturbed by a wild yell, that burst fearfully
upon the air. In doubling a headland, their
boat had been observed by a band of savages,
who stood upon the shore, and, at sight of the
strange vessel, launched their canoe upon the
water, and sprang into it, uttering wild cries,
and darkening the air with their arrows. As
they followed in pursuit, the voice and figure
of Orinka were distinctly recognized, and the
terrified Virginia sank half fainting into the
arms of Ferdinand.

"Courage, my beloved," he said, "our
barque is swift, and will outstrip them,—and
those who guide it, are armed with powerful
weapons to repel these fierce assailants."

At that instant the shouting was renewed,
and Virginia shuddered as she heard her own
name yelled wildly forth, by the terrible Or-
inka. The Savages seemed gaining upon them,
and she clung tremblingly to Ferdinand, when
one of the Spaniards raised his musket, and
discharged its contents full at their pursuers,
they spreading every sail to the favouring
breeze, and plying the oars with untiring zeal,
the little vessel cut the liquid seas with a ve-
locity that seemed to bespeak her gifted with
life and instincts. And such indeed, was the
belief of the untutored Indians, when they saw
her suddenly accelerated speed, and heard that
terrible voice, which dealt death among their
numbers, speaking in tones of thunder. Con-
fident in the supernatural powers of Rachel,
they supposed she had obtained this flying ves-
sel, with its outspread wings, from some invis-
ible power, with whom she held communion, to
bear herself and the Snow-flake, in triumph
from their shores. Intimidated by this thought,
they turned and fled towards the land, the ba-
fled Orinka cursing the treachery of the pale
face, and vowing indistinguishable vengeance
against any of the race, who might hereafter
fall into his power.

Thus happily free from their pursuers, the
fugitives speeded on their voyage, and before
dawn, were received safely on board the Span-
ish vessel, which immediately weighed an-
chor, and sailed from the inhospitable shores
of the new world. They were to touch at
Cuba, which favoured the wishes of Ferdi-
nand, and with a continuance of bright skies,
and propitious gales, they rapidly approached
their destined haven. One only cloud cast
its shadows over the happiness of the lovers—the
health of Rachel, which had been long
sinking beneath anxiety, and the anguish of
long deferred hope, seemed, now that her
anxiety was removed, and her hopes about to
be fulfilled, failing with a rapidity that startled
the terrified Virginia. She watched with a
daughter's fond love, the sunken cheek,
and fading eye of that faithful and devoted
nurse, who had supplied to her, the place of
country and kindred, and to whose unslumber-
ing care and love, she was indebted, under
Providence, even for her life. How could she
bear to lose her? How could even Ferdi-
nand's affection reconcile her to existence,
without the presence and support of this long
tried friend. There was agony in the thought,
but a kind Father mercifully gives us strength
according to the burdens we are ordained to
bear.

Rachel survived the voyage, and though her
life was not prolonged many weeks after
their arrival in Cuba, she had the satisfaction,
before she died, of seeing her cherished child
united to Ferdinand, and of knowing that she
left her in the protection of a husband, wor-
thy of her love and confidence. The dear
wish, to behold again her native land was
denied her, but one precious prayer of her heart
was granted, and without a murmur, she
yielded up her breath to "Him, who ordaineth
all things, in wisdom and in mercy."

Shortly after the death of Rachel, Ferdi-
nand and Virginia repaired to Spain, accom-
panied by Manteo and Ensenore. The former
survived his change of country only a few
years, but Ensenore's life was prolonged to a
late date, and he acquired the habits & man-
ners of civilization, with such rare facility,
that as he grew up to manhood, every trace
of his savage origin was eradicated from his
character, and almost from his memory. But he
faithfully served those for whom he left his
native forest, and no change ever came over
his heart towards the fair mistress, on whom
till the latest hour of his existence, he lavished
an affection that might almost be called
idolatrous.

For Virginia's sake, Ferdinand chose a life
of retirement—she had been reared amid the
solitude of nature, and deep love for it seem-
ed a part of her being. In the populous
haunts of men, she was restless and unhappy,
and he therefore fixed his abode on a beauti-
ful estate which he had inherited from his
mother, situated among the rich and romantic
scenery, at the foot of the Pyrenees. And
here, blest in each other, disciplined by past
vicissitudes, and grateful for the abundant
mercies of their lot, glided happily away, the
tranquil lives of Ferdinand and his Virginia.
The singular history of her early years, was
often their theme of conversation, and as time
passed on, and a group of robust chieftains
gathered round the mother's knee, they lifted
up their eyes in "childish wonderment," when

she told the strange tale of the Raven's wing
and the Snow-flake, who dwelt for so many
years, among the red people of a far distant
forest. But as each rolling year went by, it
threw into deeper shadow the strange reali-
ties of that eventful period, till they seemed
to Virginia, like the wild imagery of a fitful
dream, rather than the actual occurrences of
her own personal experience.

By Rachel's desire, Ferdinand had several
times written to persons named by her, in En-
gland, who she believed, would feel interested
in a knowledge of Virginia's existence. But
as no replies to these letters had ever been re-
ceived by him, he supposed, either that they
had not reached their destination, or that the
tale of her preservation was considered too
fabulous to obtain credit. He therefore, fore-
bore again to address them, and thus perished
from the page of history that record, which
had it been written, would have solved to pos-
terity, the mystery that now involves in its
impenetrable folds, the fate of the lost colony
of Roanoke.

From the Genesee Farmer.
HINTS FOR AUGUST.

Although farmers will soon have completed
their harvesting and haying, they will find no
time for remaining inactive—a great many
things, though apparently of minor importance
will need their unwearied attention. Weeds
have been springing up, and their fields have
in some places become much infested with
them during the busy season of harvest some-
times on the eve of ripening their seed—these
should be destroyed immediately so far as can
be done without injury to crops. It is not
yet too late for crops to be benefited by this
operation—and it will not only prove advan-
tageous for the present year, but will by de-
stroying the seed, save a large amount of la-
bour in expatriating weeds in future seasons.
Mulleins and thistles in pasture grounds which
have been neglected, should now be destroy-
ed without delay.

Whenever spring crops have been taken
from land which is to be put in this fall with
wheat, it is best to harrow the ground imme-
diately and thoroughly. This will cause the
seeds of such weeds as may be scattered over
it to vegetate at once; this course is far easi-
er, and much preferable to ploughing seeds
under the soil; as when they are buried deep,
under the soil, there is much less chance of their growing
soon, if they do at all. The green coat of ve-
getation which will cover the ground in a few
weeks, may then be ploughed under, and the
land prepared for sowing by a thorough har-
rowing. If both of these operations be well
done, the ground will be in as good condition
as it could be, by repeated ploughings.

Early attention should be given to the pre-
paration of seed wheat. There are several
ways of cleaning it of other seeds, each of
which has its advantages. As chess is in ge-
neral the most pernicious, it is of the first im-
portance that seed wheat be thoroughly freed
from it. This may be done, by means of
brine, made by fully saturating cold water
with salt; this will be however a little too
strong, and should be diluted by adding a
small quantity of water, until sound & plump
wheat placed in it will sink to the bottom,
which will not be the case if the brine is
allowed to remain as its original strength.
Pour the wheat into this brine and stir it, &
all the chess, and the light and imperfect
grains, will rise and float on the surface, and
may be skimmed off. The wheat at the bot-
tom may then be separated from the brine by
pouring the whole into a large basket set over
an empty barrel or tub, into which the brine
flows and may be used for a second quantity
of seed, and so on repeatedly. The wheat
thus cleaned may be spread on a floor two or
three inches thick, and air-slaked lime sifted
over it and intimately mixed with it by stir-
ring. About two quarts of lime to the bushel
will be a suitable quantity. The lime assists
in drying it, and has a tendency to prevent
sunt.

Chess may also be separated from wheat
by passing it repeatedly through a good fan-
ning mill. Or it may be done by causing the fan
to revolve with twice its usual rapidity, when
the current of wind will be sufficient, if it is
not passed through too fast, to sweep the
chess entirely away, leaving the wheat behind.
But unless mills are constructed purposely for
this operation, it will be necessary to remove
the connecting rod from between the fan
crank and the sieves, else they will be shaken
too rapidly by the usual motion of the mill; in
this case therefore it will be necessary for a
second person to shake them moderately with
his hand. This method is more expeditious,
and cleanses wheat much more thoroughly
than simply passing it through the fanning
mill in the common way. No farmer should
rest satisfied until he has cleansed his wheat
so completely, that by spreading several suc-
cessive handfuls on a flat board, he cannot
find a single grain of chess among it.

Seed wheat may also be obtained perfectly
clean by picking it in the head by the hand.
This mode, though tedious and thorough, and
is particularly to be recommended where
small crops are raised expressly for the purpose
of improving the quality of seed.

Where there is reason to apprehend injury
in crops from smut, means should be taken to
prevent it by preparing it. It is now fully as-
certained that smut is a plant of the fungus
tribe, and is perpetuated in the crop through
successive years by its seed adhering to the
grain which is sown. Any application there-
fore which will destroy the seeds of smut,
without injury to that of the wheat, will an-
swer the desired purpose. This may be effec-
ted by steeping the seed in some caustic or
saline solution. Among others, the following
has been recommended. Make a mixture of
quick lime and water, in the proportion of
about one pound of lime to one gallon and a
half of water, the water should in general be
hot to assist in slaking, and the lime be added
gradually and not all at once. When the water
has cooled just enough for the hand to be bore
in it without pain, pour it over the wheat and
stir it well together.

PARCIOUS RELICS.—Mr. Christie, merchant
of Toronto, has in his possession the pair of
Bibles presented by the poet Burns to his
Highland Mary. Along with the volumes is
preserved a large lock of Mary's hair. Their
present owner is a descendant of Mrs. Camp-
bell, Highland Mary's mother, and emigrated
to Canada some years ago. Particular cir-
cumstances alone induce him to part with
these curious relics, for which he received £10
sterling before embarking at Greenock.

St. John Augt. 13.
Aerial Voyage.—Last Monday afternoon
M. Lauriat, according to notice, ascended from
the Barrack Square in his Balloon, named the
"Star of the East." A desire to witness such
a novel ascent, this being the first ever made
in the Province drew a large concourse of per-
sons towards the spot; and at five o'clock the
daring aeronaut ascended amid the cheers of
the assembled multitude to which Monsieur L.
replied by standing in the car and waving his
hat until "lost in the distance." A fine breeze
from the Southwest carried the voyager in a
Northeast direction, until having ascended to
a great height he was met by a current of air
which carried him in an Easterly direction—
After having pursued his voyage for an
hour and a quarter, he landed at Mr. Van-
borne's farm on the Quaco Road, a distance
of 21 miles from the city, and returned the
same evening. M. L. found great difficulty
in alighting owing to the rough state of the
portion of the country. We learn that a sub-
scription is on foot to compensate the voyager
for the expense he necessarily incurred, in per-
forming so daring and arduous an enterprise.
—Gazette.

From Papers by the Great Western.
Prince Albert has been made Regent of
England, which has disaffected the Duke of
Sussex.

Young Oxford, who attempted to take the
Queen's life, has been tried, and a large amount
of evidence was produced to prove his
insanity. The Jury returned a verdict to the
effect that he was insane, and he was senten-
ced to the Bedlam prison for life.

All kinds of fraud continue in the same de-
pressed state as at our last dates, and there is
a prospect of a general falling off in the crops,
on account of a long spell of cold, rainy wea-
ther. Monty, however, was plenty, and could
be had at low rates of interest.

Colonel Thornton, who went to London for
the purpose of negotiating a loan for the state
of Illinois, of one million of dollars, met with
no difficulty in immediately succeeding in the
object of his mission, and has returned in the
Great Western.

Admiral Baudin has been dismissed from
the command of the French expedition to
Buenos Ayres.

The Canada Government Bill having passed
both houses of Parliament, received the royal
assent on the 24th ult.

The Manchester Commercial Bank has
been re-opened.

Her Royal Highness the Princess Augusta
is dangerously ill.

The new steamer President, which was to
leave Liverpool on the first day of this month,
made an experimental trip to Cork and Dub-
lin, and proved herself to be a first rate sea-
boat.

The Queen has entertained the Duke and
Duchess de Nemours, at Buckingham Palace
since the 12th ult.

Her Majesty has honored Mr. Haydn with
a sitting for a full length portrait.

Charles Locock, Esq. has been appointed
by the Queen first physician—accoucheur to
her Majesty—Robert Ferguson, Esq. second
physician, and Richard Blagden Esq. surgeon
accoucheur.

The Duke of Wellington experienced an
attack on the 15th ult. of a disease similar to
those which on former occasions have troubled
him. Dr. Aune, with Sir Henry Hallford, &
Sir Asley Cooper, attended him, the former
sleeping at Aspley House. The Duke was
far recovered in a few days, as to be able to
attend in the House of Lords, as usual.

The members of the Royal Agricultural So-
ciety of England held their annual dinner at
Canbridge on the 15th ult. An immense
pavilion was erected in the town of Downing
College, and twenty five hundred persons were
present. Several Americans were invited to
the dinner, and among the number was Mr.
Stevenson, the American minister, who deli-
vered a speech appropriate to the occasion.

EUROPE.

A Regency Bill.—The Melbourne press of the 13th ult., announced a message from the Queen, which the House of Commons read to the Peers. "Victoria R. The uncertainty of human life, and a deep sense of duty to my people, render it incumbent upon me to recommend to your consideration that you should take place, and to make such provision as may in any event secure the exercise of the Royal authority. I should be prepared to concur with you in such measures as may appear best calculated to maintain, unimpaired, the power and dignity of the Throne, and thereby to strengthen those securities that protect the rights and liberties of my people."

The bill was read a first time, and at its second reading on the 20th ult., the Duke of Sussex made a long speech in explanation of his views on the subject. It is confidently expected that the bill will be carried through the two Houses without any opposition.

It was ordered that the message be taken into consideration next day. In the House of Commons, Lord John Russell appeared at the bar with the same message, which the Speaker read to the Commons. Lord John Russell said it was intended to introduce a bill into the other House of Parliament, founded on the message which had just been read. On the 16th ult., the Lord Chancellor introduced the Regency Bill into the House of Lords. He explained that the object of it was to provide for the possible contingency of the succession of a minor to the Crown. It is proposed that His Royal Highness Prince Albert shall be sole Regent, with only three restrictions on the exercise of the royal prerogatives. These are, that the Royal assent shall not be given to any Act for altering the succession to the throne; for interfering with the uniformity of doctrine and discipline at present existing in the Established Church; or for diminishing the legal privileges of the Church of Scotland.

Lord Stanley's Irish Registration Bill has been postponed till the next session of Parliament. The great Nassau Barron, in which Mr. Geo. Green made several successful speculations, was recently brought to the hammer, for account of the estate of the bankrupt owner, who were proprietors of Vauxhall Gardens, and was purchased by Mr. Green for five hundred pounds.

All the splendid and costly dresses worn at the Eglantine Tournament were put up at auction recently in London, and were knocked off at exceedingly low prices: the most valuable did not sell for more than 40 pounds, and many were sold for twenty, ten, and even five pounds.

Mr. Fergus O'Connor asserts in a letter to the Times, that he is still treated as a felon, and that he is compelled to perform most disgusting forms of work in the prison where he is confined, and that his health is rapidly declining, he concludes his letter by saying, "and now farewell—but, by H—, I'll make a speck in you!" He says that he intends to let the world know a great secret.

Father Mathew, the great Temperance Reformer, is going through his usual services every day.

The attempt to open the British Museum and National Gallery after dark, on the 25th ult., was not successful.

The weekly average of letters which pass through the English post office is 1,200,000. By a new method adopted by the Post Office, and others, of filing a penny envelope with advertisements, the public can procure postage stamps for about half price, as it is an excellent and cheap mode of circulating advertisements, and it is conjectured that very soon large establishments will find it profitable to give away thousands of these advertising envelopes, by which Rowland Hill's postage scheme will be turned into an universal success.

The enormous sum of £16,728 was taken on the Birmingham Railway in one week. The Nelson Column, about to be erected in Trafalgar Square, London, will be made of brass cannon recovered from the wreck of the Royal George.

Thomas Dibdin, who is now in his seventieth year, is said to be infirm in the most gripping penury in London.

A Regency Bill has been laid before the Imperial Parliament, in which it is proposed that His Royal Highness Prince Albert shall be sole Regent, with only three restrictions on the exercise of the Royal prerogatives.

FRANCE.

The French papers do not furnish us with any news of great importance.

The French Chambers were prorogued on the 15th ult., after a session commenced in much trouble, but terminated to the satisfaction of all, except the displaced Ministers and their adherents. The friends of M. Thiers loudly proclaim their admiration of this fact and success in the management of very difficult questions.

Insurrection in Syria.—Accounts from Syria represent an insurrection against Mehemet Ali of a formidable character. A warlike people lying between Ibrahim Pacha and Egypt have risen in rebellion, and though differing among themselves in many respects, they have combined to shake off a yoke of despotism, the endurance of which was no longer possible.

The insurgents, to the number of six thousand, approached Sidon, the commandant of that city gallantly made a sortie, but he was driven back with a loss of six hundred men. It is true that Ibrahim Pacha can draw supplies for his army from Alexandria, a sea port on the north of his present position; but it is equally certain that he dare not advance toward Constantinople while such a hostile force exists in his rear.

The country occupied by the insurgents seems much, in its adaptation for alienating warfare, the Barque provinces; and, al-

together, it is declared to be a formidable combination of an oppressed and essentially warlike people.

Accounts from Constantinople of the 18th of June state that the Schah of Persia had arrested several hundred persons at Isfahan; but the Gazette of Carlsruhe goes further, and says that letters have been received from the Schah of Persia, dated the 15th of June from Constantinople, stating that the revolution had broken out at Isfahan, & that the presence of the Schah could not put it down. The Schah's army was not in safety in any part of the province, and his eldest brother was obliged to fly to Teheran.

The English steamer Cyclops, having on board Mr. Wood, the Librarian to the British Legation, left Constantinople on the 25th of June for the coast of Syria. Mr. Wood is said to be entrusted with a special mission from Lord Ponsbury.

ENGLAND AND CHINA.

A blockade of Canton, it seems, is to be one of the first measures resorted to; and there is great reason to apprehend that the blockade will be of long continuance, for we have not the remotest idea that it alone will have any effect upon the Chinese. If the English admiral confines himself to a blockade, he has two or three years' work before him.

Colonel Gaultier and the Colonists at Adelaide.—In the Record of April 25th, we expressed our gratification in observing the interchange of the offices of kindness and esteem between the Governor and the colonists of South Australia; and we stated that Colonel Gaultier had been invited to a sumptuous entertainment as a tribute of personal respect to his character, as well as to celebrate the establishment of the province, now happily prospering under his administration. By the South Australian Register of January 11th, we find that the entertainment was given on the previous day (January 10th). At half-past six o'clock, about two hundred gentlemen sat down to dinner in a splendid pavilion adjoining Fordham's hotel. His Honor Judge Cooper in the chair; John Morphet, Esq., and Samuel Stephens, Esq., officiating as co-quips. The whole proceedings went off with the greatest spirit, harmony, and order. A correspondent, who has addressed us relative to this event, very justly says, "It may be questioned much if there is another town in the world, of the size of Adelaide, which could bring forward two hundred gentlemen to a dinner where the price of the tickets was two guineas each." It is a satisfactory demonstration at once of the pauper prosperity of the colony, and of the good feeling of the inhabitants towards the Governor.—*South Australian Record.*

The Great Western brought about one hundred passengers, among whom were Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, Prince Ravel, Mr. Arles, M. P. &c.

GREECE.

The treaty of commerce, negotiated between Greece and the Porte, by Signor Zographos, has been finally rejected by the Greek Government, and the negotiators dismissed.

Italian letters represent the Pope as still unwell, and mention that several arrests had taken place in the Roman States, of persons connected with the Society of Young Italy.

Lucien Bonaparte, Prince of Cambray, a cousin brother of Napoleon, died at Viareggio, Italy, on the 29th June. He was 65 years of age. It is a remarkable fact that he died of the same complaint as Napoleon—emphysema of the stomach.

Trade and Industry.—The intelligence from the great seat of the manufacturing industry, is without exception discouraging. The apprehension about the harvest has added to the previously existing causes of depression, and purchases are made only on a scale to meet the most urgent wants of the consumers. For the last two months the statements made by the Manchester manufacturers have represented a progressive decline in prices. The high price of the necessities of life precludes the great majority of the laboring classes from purchasing clothes, and, in addition to the tremendous reaction from the United States, the home demand is rapidly increasing quantity.

Emigration.—A number of frame-work knitters have emigrated to the United States during the last week or two, and others are about to follow them. Their place of destination is German Town, near Philadelphia, where there is a large manufactory for hose, gloves, &c., carried on by a quaker.—*Leicester (England) Chronicle.*

IRISH BOARD OF NATIONAL EDUCATION.

Extracts from the Sixth Report of the Commissioners.

The foregoing statement shows that at the commencement of 1839, 1384 schools in existence, were attended by 181,261 children, and that at the termination of the year the number of schools in existence was increased from 1384 to 1581, and the attendance of children from 181,261 to 235,999; also, that the expected schools at the commencement of 1839, amounted to 190, and the expected attendance of children to 38,000; and that, at the termination of the year, the number of expected schools was increased from 190 to 377, and the expected attendance from 38,000 to 65,000; making altogether an increase, actual and expected, of 364 national schools, & of 49,000 scholars.

We had at the close of the last year—13 applications undisposed of, and having received several since, we have altogether 245 now before us, of which sixty-two are from ministers of the Synod of Ulster. The whole of these sixty-two appear consequent on a grant which we have made to the Rev. Robert Stewart, D. D. a member of that body, and which, therefore, and as it was accompanied by peculiar circumstances, we think it necessary particularly to advert.

We have trained altogether 524 teachers. We have now in training sixty, and arrangements are in progress which will enable us to accommodate a much greater.

Our model farm, which is connected with

our period establishment, is at present only in its infancy, but it is well conducted, and we have no doubt that the teachers under training, as well as the agricultural pupils, of whom they are at present twelve, derive much benefit from the instruction they receive, and the practical system of farming which they see practised there.

The model schools are in a flourishing condition, and continue to attract a large share of public attention. There are now in attendance upon them, as in the appendix, 752 boys, 558 girls, 519 infants.—*Scottish Guardian.*

UNITED STATES.

From the New Yorker.

The Right of Aliens to Vote.—It seems that we are mistaken in our statement that the Supreme Court of Illinois had decided that unnaturalized emigrants from foreign lands had no right to vote in that State. A case was made up, intended to test the question, and submitted to the Court, but it was not properly shaped, and the Court dismissed it. An Illinois paper before us asserts that all Aliens who have resided six months in the State, will be entitled to vote under the State Constitution.

It strikes us that such a provision as this is directly and palpably a violation of the Constitution of the United States. That instrument expressly gives Congress the power to establish a uniform system of naturalization, and Congress has passed a law to that end, making the years residence in this country, a prerequisite to citizenship. If the States, in disregard to this provision, may admit aliens to vote on 6 months residence, surely the naturalization laws are annulled and the end of the constitutional provision defeated.

From the New York Journal of Commerce.

Fighting Indians is a thankless business, especially when the thermometer is 100, surrounded with sickness, swamps, and musketoes. There is no glory in victory over such a foe; no thanks, and little sympathy from any quarter. (Here is a specimen of Florida warfare, as given by Lieut. Wetmore, who was induced to publish the statement by seeing the affair turned into ridicule by some of the newspapers.)

Some time in April, an ambulance left Fort Griffin for Fort Panning, escorted by five privates of "C" company, 6th U. S. Infantry. The company stationed at Fort Griffin, and when upon the verge of a dense hammock, through which the road passed, the men being in advance of the ambulance short distance, were attacked by about forty Indians, who fired from the front and from both flanks. At the first fire, one man was shot through the body, and four miles attached to the ambulance killed; one man ran off; the other four, including the wounded man, returned the fire of the Indians, and were then ordered by the man who had charge of the party, to "stand their ground and defend the ambulance," but finding themselves almost surrounded, they fell back a short distance and exchanged several shots with the Indians, who again attempted to surround them. They then withdrew to another position, which they maintained until, from the same cause as above stated, it became untenable, when they sought shelter in a clump of small cypress trees, where they made their final stand. The cypress grove being soon surrounded by the Indians, the men were compelled to shelter themselves by leaning logs against the trees; by this precaution they were partially covered from the aim of the Indians.

From the Boston Times.

The British Consul at this port, Mr. T. C. Grant, has addressed a letter to Capt. Tewksbury, of the Quarantine Boat, in which he tendered his thanks for the humane attentions bestowed by Capt. C. on the passengers and crew of the English barque New York Packet, which was wrecked by him in distress, after having been seventy days at sea. He states that the City Authorities have done all in their power to alleviate the sufferings of the emigrants who have been landed. Of these, two hundred and twenty are on their road to Illinois. Eleven able bodied men are at work here. Nine are in the City Hospital. Nine children are gone under care of their parents, and it appears eight died during the passage to this country. This statement accounts for the two hundred and fifty-seven who left England in the "New York Packet."

41 Crash.—This morning about 8 o'clock, a part of the ruins of Christ Church, corner of York and Front streets, after being undermined, fell, creating quite a confusion in the neighborhood. In its fall it stove in a large part of the wall of Jones' Falls in the rear. About 10 o'clock the remaining portion tumbled to the ground, but without damage to person or property.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

New Zealand.—It appears by the English papers that the British government is selling land in New Zealand and New South Wales, at £1 per acre. This, when compared with the price paid for government lands in this country, £1 25 per acre, seems to be an immense price. We think the English & Scotch who are emigrating to that distant country, would find it much more to their advantage to turn their steps hitherward.—*Phila. North Am.*

More cheering news for the Country.—On Wednesday last, a lady called in our office on business, and in the course of conversation informed us that twenty-three marriages had occurred in their neighborhood since the spring of 1839, and that six new married couples had all appeared at the same church on one Sabbath day in the neighborhood of Deer Creek, where she lives. Now this is cheering. Let other neighborhoods imitate this example and go ahead, and we will soon have better times, at least among the farmers, mechanics and mer-

chants.—*Pittsburgh Intelligencer.*

Michigan City, July 18.

You will regret to learn that our Wheat crop is entirely cut off. There will not be one fourth of it to cut. The farmers have generally discharged their hands, and turned in their cattle. One farm, which had 1200 acres of wheat, only cut 100, just for seed. Our farmers generally will be bankrupt this year.

CANADA.

The Montreal Gazette, says that the whole story of Mr. Simpson (the Arctic discoverer) having committed suicide, is a fabrication, as recent intelligence has reached Montreal, without any allusion whatever to the occurrence, and he N. Y. Commercial Advertiser corroborates the Gazette's statement, as recent intelligence had reached that city, and no mention was made of the occurrence.

Quebec Aug. 8.

On the 30th of last month, a party of seven officers left Montreal for Missouri, to witness and participate in hunting the buffalo, and other sports, for which the prairies of the West are celebrated. The party consisted of Lieut. Col. Greenwood, Capt. Ridley and Leicester, Grenadier Guards; Capt. Windham and Vansittart, Coldstream Guards; Mr. Warre, A. D. C., and Mr. Fairholme, 71st.

It appears by the statements of a writer in the Toronto Patriot of the 24th ultimo, that the population of Upper Canada had nearly quadrupled itself in 18 years. The census of 1820 gave 165,980, and the number in 1838, according to these statements, was 487,553. Advancing at this rate sixteen years, from the present time, would give the Upper Province a British Population amounting to about one million six hundred thousand souls, and the consumption of British Goods would indubitably keep pace with the increase of consumers.

The same writer states, that 51 miles of turnpike roads, diverging on three routes from Toronto, have been completed at a cost of \$20,220 11s. 0d., the tolls on which since 1830 amounted to \$2445 5s. 8d.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Halifax, Aug. 12.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.—We understand that a challenge was received by yesterday's mail from the Boating Club of St. John, N. B. addressed to Honble. J. Leander Starr, J. B. Uniacke, and Edward Wallace, Esqrs. for a Boat and Crew to be sent from Saint John to row against any boat of same size, and manned with a like number of Novascotians in the Harbour of Halifax, for a distance of six miles, for the sum of \$600. Of course, the challenge will be immediately accepted by the gentlemen to whom it is addressed; and the Yacht-club will make all due arrangements to have the match come off promptly and with good spirit.—*Mercury.*

Survivors of the Brig Vernon.—The survivors of the crew of the brig Vernon arrived here yesterday in the scho. Mercy Jane from Havana. Six of the Pirates were the last to be shot the morning that vessel left—one had escaped; the officers and men who had the Pirates in charge were imprisoned, where they were to be kept until his re-capture. The Spanish Capt. by whose spirited and noble conduct the Pirates were captured and the survivors rescued, has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in the Spanish navy. We are glad to hear that the Merchants of this town intend to present him with some testimonial of their respect for his praiseworthy conduct on the occasion.—*Halifax Jour.*

Health Inspector.—Dr. Hoffman has been appointed Health Officer in place of the late Dr. Almon. Dr. Hoffman is the senior Medical Practitioner of the Town, and therefore is well entitled to the preferment which he has obtained.—*Recorder.*

Miramichi Aug. 11.

THE SEASON.

The hay harvest may now be considered at an end. From all directions we learn, that the yield is abundant, and that the crop has been housed and stacked in the best condition.

The weather still continues unusually hot and dry, and fears are entertained, that if we are not visited at a very early period, with rain, the grain and potatoes will suffer.

We were yesterday shown some ears of the finest wheat we ever saw in Miramichi, from a field in the vicinity of Chatham. It is in such a forward state, that it will be fit for reaping the latter part of this week. The proprietor, Mr. Hea, informs us, that the soil was originally as poor as any in the County, which was saying but little in its behalf, but by proper culture, and copious manuring, it has been brought to its present state of productiveness. This is another proof, to the many yearly occurring, what proper management and tillage will eventually accomplish. We recommend it to the special attention of our Agricultural readers.—*Gleaner.*

Woodstock, August 8.

New Survey of the Boundary.—Capt. Broughton, R. E., Mr. Featherstonhaugh, Jun. and Mr. Wigtman, with a surveying party, arrived here last evening, from Head Quarters. After remaining a short time, they proceeded on a route to the Disputed Territory. We understand they will commence operations in the neighbourhood of the Grand Falls, thence they will proceed to Lake Metis, and thence to Quebec. From Quebec they will proceed to the S. W., and will in all probability fall in with the American party that have proceeded to the Kennebec.

Another instance of American Avarice.—Our correspondent at Madawaska, under date of the 5th inst., informs us that "Col. Parks,

March of Maine, accompanied by Mr. Haines, Editor of the Bangor Democrat, had arrived at the Port on the Fish River for the purpose of taking the Census of Madawaska, and that they had actually commenced operations this morning. Col. Parks is said to be under the directions of the Government. We are not aware of the authorities of Maine having intimated to our Executive that such was their intention.

Coal.—The Picton 'Mechanic & Farmer' states that, several of the Miners were recently discharged from the Albion Miners in consequence of the falling off in the demand for coal. Pennsylvania Coal is superseding the use of Nova Scotia coal, on account of the difference in cost. The Mechanic & Farmer suggests a reduction in price.

PROVINCIAL.

St. John, Aug. 17.

Circuit Court.—The trial of Davis Morris, for the murder of John Williams, on-board the ship Columbus, last spring, came on Wednesday before His Honor Judge Carter; and a verdict of Guilty of Murder was returned against the prisoner.—*News.*

Boundary Question.—Saturday's Courier contains lengthy extracts from the Report of the Commissioners, who surveyed the ground last summer, and it affords us much pleasure to state that commissioners have expressed their convictions, belief, that the claims of Great Britain to the whole of the Disputed Territory, are founded on justice; and are in plain accordance with the second article of the treaty of 1783; and with the physical geography of the country.—*Ibid.*

Commissioner's Changes.—Deputy Commissioner General Hewison, who recently returned from London, having resumed the charge of the Commissariat Department at Halifax, Assistant Commissioner General W. H. R. Foster, who has been in charge during Mr. Hewison's absence, has been transferred to the head of the Department in the Province.—Toronto is Frederickton. Assistant Commissioner General Goldsmith will still continue in charge at St. John.—*Courier.*

Wild Flowers of Nova Scotia.—We have before us an elegant work with the above title, by Miss Maria Morris, of Halifax. The wild flowers of these Provinces have been collected and elegantly drawn from nature at full size by this accomplished young lady, who has commenced the publication of a series of engravings of these beautiful natural objects in style becoming their beauty. It is pleasing to observe the progress of the fine arts in this sister Province, and Miss Morris has added greatly to the advancement of the pleasing study and natural science. Every lover of our native flowers will consider the work extremely interesting.—*Id.*

We understand that Major Brookes, of the 69th Regt., prior to his departure from this City for Britain, addressed a very complimentary note to Lieut. Colonel B. L. Peters, of the 1st Battalion City Militia, accompanied with the presentation of a Sword and Belt as a mark of his respect, and esteem for the military prowess and gentlemanly character of the zealous colonel.—*Ibid.*

Fire at Sand Point, Carleton.—On Wednesday morning about 3 o'clock, a fire broke out in a large new double house of two stories belonging to Alderman Bond, of Carleton, which destroyed that building and two others on the opposite side of the street, belonging to Mr. B. and also consumed a one story house belonging Mr. James Irish. The fog was very dense, which prevented the fire being discovered on this side the harbour. As there had been no fire on the premises strong suspicions are entertained that it was the work of an incendiary.

SKATING IN MAY.—New Discovery.—Mr. Bradwell, the ingenious mechanist of Covent Garden "time out of mind the faired" coach-maker," as the bills say, has after long study succeeded in making a substance which exactly imitates the smoothest ice. A small surface has been laid down with this singular invention, and various members of the Skating Club have performed their elegant evolutions upon it. This substance is not so easily cut up by the skate as ice is, and of course those who skate upon it are in no danger of drowning. It is supposed that the inventor will secure the benefit of his ingenuity by a patent.—*Mark Lane Express.*

From the Jamaica Standard.

July 17, 1840.

The Weather Crops, &c.—We are happy to state that the weather, which for the last two or three months has been unusually hot for the season of the year, recently changed in the course of last week, during which we were favored with several most acceptable showers; especially on Friday evening last, when the rain came down in torrents, accompanied with a severe thunder storm. The air has in consequence become several degrees cooler.

More favorable weather for taking off the crops, however, could not have been afforded; of which the greatest portion, even the latest parishes, is now completed, showing, we are afraid, nearly as great a decrease upon last year's ruinously small crops, as that year was upon the one preceding. Nor, we regret to say, is there much better prospect for the next; indeed we have heard some Planters of the very best experience—a sort, that they do not expect that there will be a single estate in St. James's which will turn the hundred hogheads, next year; while about ten estates—considerably less than one half of the usual number—have this year managed to encompass that amount. Nor can the late dry weather be blamed with any degree of propriety for these gloomy anticipations. A few in-

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ces no doubt have occurred, where the plants have suffered slightly from the drought; while the *ratoons*, especially upon the sea side and other dry weather properties, are not just so green and forward as they might, otherwise have been; still the unpalatable truth must be told that there have, generally speaking, been little or no plant canes attempted to be established from the extreme difficulty of getting the labourers—not to prepare the land (which is decidedly the most laborious part of the duty)—but to plant the canes after the holes have been dug for them! while the deficiency in the *ratoons* is equally preferable to the strong disinclination of the peasantry, to carry manure to the cane-roots, or even to *fodder* the pens properly,—without which, upon the generality of estates, all previous and subsequent labour are in a manner thrown away. Large capital, and high wages will no doubt do much in keeping up many estates which would otherwise go to the wall; but it is not to be expected that any proprietors, be their wealth and their patience what they may, will long persist in expending either one or other, upon properties which can yield them no satisfaction and less return.

THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, FRIDAY, AUG. 21, 1840

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
Director next week—Wm. Babcock, Esq.
DISCOUNT DAY—TUESDAY.
Hours of business, from 10 to 2.
BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Sims and Elcock House.
Commissioner next week—M. S. Hannah.

Saint Stephens Bank.
WILLIAM PORTER, Esq., President.
Director next week—Henry Eastman.
BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.
LONDON, Aug. 5; MONTEAL, Aug. 16
LIVERPOOL, Aug. 4; QUEBEC, Aug. 16
EDINBURGH, July 29; HALIFAX, Aug. 16
PARIS, July 29; NEW YORK, Aug. 16
TORONTO, Aug. 5; BOSTON, Aug. 17

STEAMER GREAT WESTERN.—This vessel arrived at New York on the 9th inst. in 14-12 days from Bristol. We have received our regular files of British papers—extracts from which will be found in this day's paper.

FLOUR AND SALT PROVISIONS.
We are happy to announce to the Public, that the Collector of H. M. Customs at this Port, has in reply to a communication from the Hon. Thomas Wyer, Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce here, stated that he is willing to receive "Entries for Goods fit and necessary for the Fisheries, in reasonable quantities according to the practice adopted at the Port of St. John." Much praise is due to Chamber of Commerce, for the prompt manner in which they have attended to this subject and likewise to H. M. Collector, for his immediate and favorable attention to the wishes of the Inhabitants. We hope that the members of our local Legislature will at no future period stand in the way of the wishes of the people of this Province, by imposing a duty on the article of Flour, at all events, it is not wanted. There is revenue sufficient without it, and too much, judging from the mode in which vast sums are at present appropriated by the House of Assembly.

We understand that the U. S. Frigate *Macdonald* and Sloops of war *Levant* & *Erie* arrived at Eastport on Sunday last for the purpose of recruiting.

West India Markets.
Demerara—Boards, \$24.—Shingles, \$5.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORDS.
From 13 Aug. to 19th Aug. (both inclusive.)
KEPT AT ST. ANDREWS.

Barom	Ther	Low	High	Wind	
at	at	in	in	at	
8 1/8	8 1/8	Low	High	at	
A.M.	P.M.			A.M.	P.M.
29.67	29.68	66	62	68	S
29.65	29.54	67	66	62	SW by S
29.70	29.55	66	65	63	74 SSW
29.93	30.00	64	67	64	70 NW
30.06	30.08	64	69	62	76 NNW
30.10	30.04	64	68	64	75 S by W
29.97	29.77	66	69	65	75 S
29.86	29.55	65	67	63	72 NNE

SUMMARY.
A.M. Light wind, fog with rain. P.M. Light wind, thick fog.
A.M. Fresh breeze, cloudy weather. P.M. Stormy gale with heavy rain.
A.M. Calm with thick fog. P.M. Light wind, very clear weather.
A.M. Light wind, clear weather. P.M. Light wind, fine weather.
A.M. Light wind clear weather. P.M. Light wind, clear weather.
A.M. Light fair very clear weather. P.M. Light wind partially cloudy.
A.M. Calm clear weather. P.M. Cloudy weather with heavy thunder lighting, and rain.

MARRIED.
On Sunday, the 18th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Quinn, Mr. John MOONEY, of this Town, to ANNE, second daughter of Mr. DANIEL GIBSON, of Limerick, Ireland.
At Saint James, on the 13th inst. by the

Rev. J. Cassilis, Mr. DAVID COCKBURN, of Saint Patrick, to MARGARET, third daughter of George Morrison, Esq. of Saint-James.
On Sunday the 9th inst. at Christ Church, Saint Stephen, by the Rev. J. S. Thomson, Rev. CALVIN R. BACHELDER, Pastor of the East Congregational Church in Westminster, Vermont, to Miss FRANCES, daughter of Samuel Abbot, Esq. of Saint Stephen.
On Sunday, the 16th inst. by the Rev. J. F. Bent, Wesleyan Missionary, Mr. Levi Richardson of the Parish of Saint Stephen, to Hannah A. Young of the Parish of St. David.

DIED.
At St. George, on the 30th ult. Capt. JONATHAN WALLACE, aged 89 years. Mr. Wallace was one of the first settlers of this country—was much esteemed and respected by all who knew him, for his honesty, integrity, and uprightness of character.—Communicated.



ARRIVAL OF THE ACADIA.

News from Halifax, Via Boston.
The Steamer *North America* arrived at St. John, on Wednesday, from Boston, bringing the news of the arrival there of the *ACADIA*, from Halifax in 36 hours; she having arrived at Halifax from Liverpool on Saturday last, in 10 days and 16 hours! having left Liverpool on the morning of the 4th inst.
We are indebted to the *Saint John Herald* for this late intelligence.

EUROPEAN WAR!

France has threatened instant war against England and her allies, in consequence of a disagreement between the two Governments on the Eastern question, the settlement of which England, Russia, Austria, and Prussia have agreed to attempt without the co-operation of France.

CRIM CON.—The action of Heavyside against Dr. Lardner, came on at Lewis, in the County of Sussex—the Jury rendered a verdict of \$3,000 for the plaintiff.

The Earl of Durham died at Cowes, in the Isle of Wight, on the 25th ult. aged 49. Nothing new from China.

Shipping Journal.

PORT OF SAINT ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
Aug. 15, Brig. Colonist, Durkee, Demerara, Wm. Babcock, & Sons—Reports Brig Alexander, from St. John, N. B. out 5 days Cape Sable bearing N. E. by E. distance 50 miles.
17, "Herald, Cain, Yarmouth, Do. to order.
"Brig Condor, Robbins, Demerara, Do. Wm. Babcock.
"Jenny, Rowan, Montego Bay, Jamaica, Hides &c.
Arrived on Monday last H. M. S. *Satellite*, Capt. Robb, from a cruise.
No Clearances.

Passed up for Saint Stephen on Tuesday last, Brig. Corsair, Robinson, Demerara, Ballast, 22 days, to J. & G. M. Porter.—Left at Demerara, Brig. Victoria, hence, on the 25th ult. Brig Maria Porter, of Saint Stephen, and Brig. Fly, of Halifax.

SELLING OFF, AT COST,

AT THE

DRY GOODS

STORE,

WATER STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER not finding it convenient to continue his business, has commenced selling his remaining STOCK of DRY GOODS and sundry other articles at COST, until early in OCTOBER, when the remainder will be put to Public Auction. Great Bargains will be given at private sale, until this term, as he wishes to avoid auction, commission, and other duties if possible.
N.B. Further notice will be given in Hand Bills, previous to the Sale. Those having Note of Hand or Book Account will find it to their interest to call & liquidate the same previous to the aforesaid term.
CHAS. KEIVE.
Saint Andrews, August 19th, 1840.

WINE, BRANDY, &c.

BY AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY, 22nd Instant, at 10 o'clock, The Subscriber will sell by

AUCTION,

At his SALES ROOM, the following:

2 H HUS. 3 Gr. Casks } St. Madeira Wine
3 Quarter Casks } Cognac Brandy,
1 Hoghead } Holland Gin,
1 Hoghead } Grenada Rum, (proof 25)
20 Dozen London Porter,
20 Dozen London Pale Ale,
12 Dozen Madras and Port Wine,
1 Keg TOBACCO,
3 Bags WALNUTS,
2 Bags ALMONDS,
&c. &c.
Terms at Sale.
JAMES W. STREET.
August 19, 1840.

GUN POWDER.

Just Received by the Subscriber,

KEGS C. F. F. Blasting POWDER,
D. F. F. & F. F. fine do
In 25 and 50lb Kegs.
J. W. STREET.
August 10, 1840.

GENTLEMEN'S WEARING APPAREL.

Just Received per Ship CLARENCE, via Saint John.
ON CONSIGNMENT.

Two Trunks Gentlemen's Fashionable Ready made CLOTHING, consisting of, Black and cold Dress and Frock Coats, Fast, opable cold Gambroon and elastic ribbed Trowsers, Blue Cloth Jackets, Fashionable London quilting Vests, &c. The above will be sold very low for ready money.
J. W. STREET.
August 10, 1840.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD, at Public Auction, at the Lower Falls, Maguadavic, on Tuesday, the first day of September next, at One o'clock in the afternoon, by virtue of a Licence from the Surrogate Court in the County of Charlotte, the following described LOTS of LAND and PREMISES, being the REAL ESTATE of the late DOMINICUS MILLIKIN, deceased:—

TWO LOTS of LAND, situate at or near the Lower Falls of the Maguadavic River, in the Parish of Saint George, being part of the Hogarth Grant, so called, and fronting on the Road leading from the Lower Falls to the mouth of the River.

TWO LOTS of LAND in the same Parish, on the south side of the said Road, fronting on the River, near the Lots last mentioned, and one of which is now in the occupation of Johnson Hall.

A LOT of LAND at McDEARMID'S Beach, in the same Parish, being Lot No. 22, in the Grant of Niel McNICOL, and others, on which there is a HOUSE, STORE, and WHARF.

A LOT of LAND near the Mill, formerly owned by the said DOMINICUS MILLIKIN, at the mouth of the Maguadavic River, being part of Lot No. 30, formerly owned by John Rourke.

A PIECE of INTERVAL LAND above the Lower Falls of the said River, known and described as Lot No. 7, in Block No. 1, purchased by the said DOMINICUS MILLIKIN from William Player.

A FARM LOT of LAND, known as the Hurley Farm, situate on the Letang River, and containing about SEVENTY ACRES.

THREE FARM LOTS, containing FIFTY ACRES each, on the north side of the salt water of the Maguadavic River, being Land purchased by the said DOMINICUS MILLIKIN from the late Robert Pagan, and others.

The terms of Sale will be made known upon application to the Subscriber.

ANN MILLIKIN, ADMINISTRATRIX.
St. Andrews, July 21, 1840.—3129

DANCING.

MR. D. C. HARVEY, Teacher of DANCING, begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of St. Andrews, and its vicinity, that he will commence to instruct Classes in the above Art, on Friday, the 7th of August next, at Paul's Hall—Class days, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of each week. Hours of instruction, during the first half quarter, Juvenile Class from 5 to 7 o'clock, P. M.—Ladies for the Second Class, from 8 to 9 o'clock, P. M. Gentlemen from 9 to 10 P. M. After which, the Classes will be united, and a number of Quadrilles and Waltzing figures be taught. Terms, \$1 5s. per quarter.
St. Andrews, July 31, 1840.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of THOMAS EASTMAN, late of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are hereby requested to present their claims for adjustment; and those indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

JAMES W. CHANLER, ADMINISTRATOR.

St. Andrews, July 3, 1840.—31

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late THOMAS HADDOCK, of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same for adjustment; and all those indebted, are requested to make immediate payment to

JACOB HADDOCK, Adm'r.

JANE HADDOCK, Adm'r.

St. Andrews, July 23, 1840.—31

CANVASS AND PAINTS

TO arrive per Clarence, via St. John, from Liverpool, sailed 1st June.

120 Bolts Riddle Canvass, from No. 1 to 7.

200 Kegs White Lead

100 Dits Black, Blue, Red and Green

Paints.

WM. BABCOCK & SON.

July 16, 1840.

ON SALE.

The Farm lately occupied by John Smith at Oak Bay,—adjoining land of Mr. John Cotterell, containing 95 acres, with a dwelling House and Barn; about 40 acres, under Cultivation and Pasturage. This Farm fronts on Oak Bay, where there is an excellent fishery, and great convenience to obtain rock weed and marsh mud for manure. This farm will be sold low, and liberal credit given for payments.
May 8, 1840.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all Persons purchasing a Note of Hand, drawn in favor of Wm. Bartlett, by me, as it has been paid some time.

WM. BOLES.

St. Andrews, July 14 1840.—31

NOTICE.—Advertisements intended for insertion in the STANDARD must be accompanied with the cash, and in no case whatever will we make a deviation from this rule, after this date, as it will save not only time, but the trouble of collection.
Yearly advertisers as usual.
BLANKS and HANDBILLS paid for on delivery.
Standard Office, Aug. 13, 1840.

NOTICE.

MAILS for the UNITED STATES will hereafter leave this Office, daily, at 12 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at G. P. M.

GEO. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.

Post Office, St. Andrews, 1

29th July, 1840. J

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, all his REAL ESTATE in St. Andrews, consisting of a substantial built STONE HOUSE, with a Lot and a half attached, together with his Household Furniture. If not disposed of by private sale, previous to the 17th of SEPTEMBER next, it will on that day be sold by Public Auction.

All those indebted to the Subscriber, either by Note or Book Account, are requested to call and settle their accounts immediately.

GEORGE WATSON.

St. Andrews, July 23, 1840.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he has received by recent arrivals, at St. John, part of his Summer supply of Fancy and Staple GOODS, viz:—Victoria Plaid Gingham, 3-4 & 6-4, Muslin Delaines, Imitation do., Fancy Muslin Dresses, Indian Canton Crapes, Shawls and Handkerchiefs, Silks, Gilt cures do., Laces do., Coburg Scurd Gauze Veils, Scarfs & Handkerchiefs, do. Muslin, Jaconets, Bishop Lawns, Swiss Mulls, Saint Checks, Cambric Insertions, do. Handkerchiefs, Bobbinets, Laces and Quiltings, Greenan do. Black edged do. do. edge, Hosiery and Gloves, Bonnets, Periwigs, Ribbons, Painted Cottons, bleached & unbleached do., twilled and plain Scotch Fustians, Pickings, Apron Checks, Regatta Shirts and Cheys, twilled and plain, bleached and unbleached, Table Cloths and Covers, Linen Diapers, Irish Linen, Fancy Drawings, Moleskins, Buckskins, Kerseys, colored Silk Velvet Vesting, do. plain. Ready-made Clothing, Gentlemen's Albert Sticks, Boys do., Belts, Black Silk neck and pocket Hdk's, India Rubber and Worsted Braces, Duck, Canvas Padding, Sole-cases, Sewing Silk Twist, Buttons, Studs, Britannia Metal Table and Tea Spoons, Plated do., Scissors, Paper & In. Pins, Needles, Thread, Tea, Candles, Soap, and sundry other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

A further supply daily expected, with one case of Gentlemen's assorted HATS, the whole of which will be sold at very small advance, for Cash only.

CHAS. KEIVE.

Water Street, St. Andrews,

June 21, 1840.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber will make advances on Cargoes consigned to his friends in Barbados by drafts on 90 days on Cavan Brothers and Co. London or Messrs Howland & Aspinwall New York, on receiving Bill of Lading and an order to ensure the cargo. The vessels after touching at Barbados will be allowed to proceed to the following Islands in the event of the markets being better than at Barbados at the time of their arrival, namely:—

Antigua, Dominica,

Grenada, Trinidad,

Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent,

Tobago, Saint Kitts.

Advances will also be made on cargoes consigned to his friends in Kingston, Jamaica, by drafts on New York 90 days, or Cash if required.

The conditions of advances made when freight is to pay are one half the Invoice cost when no freight is to pay in the West Indies two thirds the Invoice cost of the cargo.

WILLIAM KER.

Saint Andrews, May 16, 1840—20.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has

—On Hand,—

A General Assortment of Groceries

and

CLOTHING.

Of several descriptions; besides a large quantity

of the best quality.

ALSO—A good Supply of

CORN AND MEAL;

He keeps always on Hand, the Choicest

LIQUORS.

ALL of which he offers for Sale on the most

liberal Terms either for

CASH

or

SHINGLES.

At a fair Market Price.

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

Saint Stephen, June 6, 1840—11.

PROVISIONS.

ARRIVED, per *Jane Kelly*, from Boston.

50 Barrels Wheat Flour,

80 Dits Rye,

50 Bags Meal.

The above will be sold on reasonable

terms, for Shingles, or Lumber payments.

WM. BABCOCK & SON.

July 16, 1840.

AUGUST 12, 1840.

SALT.

Ex Brig *Isabella*.

2,000 Bushels Cheap for Cash

Liverpool or approved

SALT,

WM. BABCOCK & SON.

JULY 3d, 1840.

More New Goods

Per ship "British American" from Liverpool via St. John.

PRINTED CATTREES.

Cambric Chees do. Black Cotton Velvet

Bingal do. Blue Striped Tick

Bull and Coloured do. JEANS.

Mourning do. White Sans Jean

Second do. Printed do

Striped Fancy? do. Plain do

Rainbow do. Cotton Checks.

French do. Homespun.

Nelaps Mourning do. DOWLS.

Navy Blue do. Derby do

Furniture Calico do. Aberdeen do

GINGHAMS. do. White & Grey Cotton

Plaid do. Shalows.

Checked do. Selicas.

Striped do. Saracets.

Plain do. Rolled Jaconets.

DRILLES. do. Worsted Check Plaid

Victoria do. Scotch do

Swiss do. Cassinett.

French Cambric do. Satinett.

Gingham do. Shoe Hemp.

Bordered Indiana do. Buttons.

Handkerchiefs. do. Hooks and Eyes.

MOLESKINS. do. Macintosh.

Printed do. India Rubber Coats

Plain do. ALSO.

White do. One Case Straw Bonnets.

W. & S. M. GILMOR.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by either

SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold at Public Auction on Friday the Fourteenth day of August next, between the hours of noon and five o'clock p. m. at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of JOHN PARKINSON, in and to Town Lots Numbers 4 & 8, block Letter P, and Blocks Numbers 1 & 8 in Block Letter I, all in Bulkeley Division, in the Town Plot of St. Andrews, the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy James BRENNAN in a Debt of £42 1s 2d besides Sheriff's fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Saint Andrews, 7th February, 1840.

The above sale is postponed till Saturday the 6th September next.

T. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Augt. 14th, 1840

To be sold by Public Auction at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Thursday the 17th day of September next, between the hours of noon and five o'clock p. m. the following Tracts or Parcels of Land situate in the County of Charlotte, viz:—

A Lot containing 100 acres in the Parish of St. James being Lot No. 1, in Deputy Mahood's survey of land on Catherine stream made in the year 1836.

A 300 acres of land in the Parish of Saint James, being Lot No. 7, containing 100 acres and Lot No. 13 containing 200 acres in the Bailie settlement.

A Also 200 acres of land in the Parish of St. George, being Lot No. 7, near the mouth of the Kedron Brook.

ALSO.

To be sold at the Court House aforesaid on Saturday the 17th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

3500 Acres of land in the Parish of Saint Patrick in the County of Charlotte, being part of a Tract of 7000 acres near and adjoining to the 1st and second Kedron Lakes. The above described property having been seized on an seized into Her Majesty's hands by virtue of a writ of extent issued against Duncan Barber, returnable at the last Michaelmas term of the Supreme Court, and sold under and by virtue of a writ Venditioni Exponas endorsed still for £4000 besides Sheriff's Execution Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, March 11, 1840.

To be sold by public Auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday the 20th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of HUGH M'GRATH, of in and to the Lot in the Town plot of St. Andrews, known and described as lot no. 3 Letter A in Bulkeley's Division, fronting on Water street, 80 feet, and extending to the rear 160 feet, together with two Dwelling Houses thereon, the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy RICHARD M. ANDREWS, in a Debt of £45 4s. 3d, besides Sheriff's Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, April 3, 1840.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday, the 20th day of October next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of EBENEZER BROWN, in and to a certain Lot of Land, situated on the pleasant ridge so called in the Parish of St. Patrick, whereon he formerly resided, containing 200 acres, together with the Buildings and Improvements thereon the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy JAMES BOYD in a Debt of £45 5s 10d. with Interest, Sheriff's Fees &c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, April 3, 1840

To be sold by Public Auction at the Public Landing in Saint Andrews, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1841; between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of Andrew Robinson, of in & to a certain Lot of Land in the Bailey Settlement, Parish of Saint James, on which he now resides; the same containing 200 acres, with about 15 acres under good grass and well fenced, and adjoining Land owned by Thomas Robinson on one side and by John Robinson on the other, with good barn &c. thereon.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of DANIEL McLACHLAN, of & to a certain Lot of Land in the Bailey Settlement, St. James, purchased by him from John McCurdy by deed dated 15th October 1834—the said Lot contains 100 acres, with about 12 acres cultivated and well fenced, with a good frame house &c. thereon, bounded by Lands owned on the N. by R. McLachlan S. by land owned lately by A. McCurdy, on the E. by land owned by J. Young & on the W. by land owned by J. McCurdy.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of Edmond S. McLACHLAN, to a certain piece of Land containing 50 acres on which he now resides, in rear of the Bailey Settlement and adjoining Geo. Thurling's land, with about 6 acres under grass, well fenced, with a good barn &c. thereon.

The said several Lots having been taken on Executions in favor of John Grimmer, against Andrew Robinson, D. McLachlan, and Edmond S. McLachlan issued out of the

Supreme Court for £314 0 5d, also in favor of James Allanahay against Andrew Robinson for £28 16 6d against Daniel McLachlan for £32 14 8d and against Edward S. McLachlan for £39 15 5d besides Sheriff's fees and expenses.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Saint Andrews May 20, 1840.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Monday, the 19th day of December, 1840, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of SAMUEL JAMES McMASTER of in and to all those premises in Saint Stephen, situate on the Eastern side of the main road at the Public Landing, comprising the House, Store and Land, now occupied by Mr. James Gillis, and the yellow corner House and land, occupied by Mr. McGowan; the same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province to satisfy Robert Clarke and Wm. Nixon, in a debt of £241 16 6 and 14s 2d besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, June 4, 1840

On MONDAY, the 11th day of JANUARY, 1841, between the hours of 12 in the forenoon, and 4 in the afternoon, at the County Court House in Saint Andrews, will be sold at Public Auction, to satisfy several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court, the following properties, viz:—The Farm and Land on the said Island, now in the occupation of the said William Douglas.

ALSO.
Lot No. 6, in Block lettered D, in Morris' Division of the Town plot of Saint Andrews, with the house, out-houses, and buildings thereon, lately in the occupation of William Ker, Esq.

ALSO.
Lot No. one in Block lettered F in Panning's division of the Cape Ann Grant and part of Lot number 4 in block lettered X, in Westworth's Division of the same grant in the Parish of St. David containing 185 acres more or less.

ALSO.
Lots numbered 8 and 1 in the 4th tract of the military location on the western side of the old Provincial road leading from Saint Andrews to Fredericton, containing 500 acres more or less.

ALSO.
Lot No. 3 in the third tract of the said military location containing 100 acres more or less.

ALSO.
The South Western moiety or half-part of Lot No. 13 on the said third tract on the south east side of the said road containing 50 acres more or less.

ALSO.
Lot No. 3 and the south west moiety or half part of Lot No. 4, both in the first tract of the said location, and on the south east side of the said road, containing 150 acres, more or less.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
St. Andrews, June 17, 1840.

On SATURDAY, the 30th day of January, 1841, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock, will be sold at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of JAMES CAMPBELL, late Deputy Provincial Treasurer, to a certain Tract of Land, with Appurtenances, situate in the Parish of St. Patrick, in the County of Charlotte, and described in the Grant from the Crown to him, nearly as follows:—viz:—

"Beginning at a Stake at the North-Eastern angle of Lot No. Two, granted to David Goswilling in the fifth tier of William Mahood's survey, in Clarence Hill Settlement, between the Digdeguash and Maguadavic Rivers, made in the year 1837, crossing the old Fredericton Road, to the eastern side of a reserved road, and containing 400 Acres, more or less."—The same being seized under a Writ of Extent.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
July 27, 1840.

To be sold at Public Auction on, SATURDAY the 7th day of FEBRUARY next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o'clock at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Estate, Right, Title, and Interests of THOMAS DAVIS, of in and to that lot or parcel of Land, situate in the Parish of Saint George, being part of the Mill Lands heretofore granted to Samuel Bliss, Esq. and Samuel McDougall, marked number four in a certain plan of a division after said land declared to be annexed to a certain Deed or Instrument bearing date the tenth day of September, 1825, and made between Josiah Davis and Phoebe his wife, of the one part, and one Thomas Milledge the other part,—and also in and to eight rods of lot number five in the said plan—The property above described having been taken under several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, August 6, 1840.

A FARM FOR SALE.
A T BOCARRE, in the Parish of St. Patrick, a FARM containing 200 ACRES of cleared Land, with a Dwelling HOUSE, two large Barns, a work house, &c. The land is fronting on the Salt water, which renders it very valuable on account of the sea weed and fishery, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

For further particulars, apply to JAMES HALEY.

St. Patrick, July 3, 1840.—m

Blanks For Sale,
At this Office.

NEW BOOKS.

Just Received by the Subscribers the following excellent assortment of

SCHOOL BOOKS:

History of England, Dmo Greece
Magnum Questions, Knowles Educationist,
Murray's Reader, do large Grammar,
do small do do Exercises,
do Key to do Thomson's Arithmetic,
Key to do do Gough's do
Waukham's do Voster's do
Walker's Dictionary, Munro's do
do Spelling Book do Primers,
Guys Spelling Book, Universal do do
Dobson's do do Tins Law,
Analecta Græca Minora New England Farmer,
Goldsmith's Atlas, Family Bible,
Budget of do Church of England Prayer Books,
Psalm do Watt's Hymn do
Hopps's practical measuring, Ready Reckoner,
Mother's Pocket Guide Harp of Uster,
Gems of Song, Budget of do
Cricketers pocket Companion,
Art of Boxing, do Swimming,
do Logic, do Songs, Roy's Games,
Drean Book, Buonaparte's Oracleum,
do do do Book of Fate,

Wilson's Tales of the Borders, Glasgow Journal,
Robin Hood, History of Ireland,
Life of Saint Patrick, Astrology,
Mothers Book, Salmagundi,
Wonderful Book Domestic Manners of the Americans,
Salors Yarns, Pinnocks Catechism, of England,
Church of England ditto do Scotland do
Brown's do Butler's do,
Table Books, Toy do

Account Books, Ledgers,
Bill Books, Letter Books, Memorandum do,

Embossed Portfolios, Book Slates,

Paper, News Paper, Footscap do
Pot do Gilt-edge Letter do
Superfine Tinted do Leg Wrapping do

Ink and Quills, Japan Ink, Office do
Red do Blue do

W. & S. M. GILMOR.

Saint Andrews, June 18, 1840.—y

GENUINE INDIA-RUBBER OIL.

PASTE BLACKING.

Manufactured by The Carro Chemical Company,

15 Maxwell Street Glasgow.

This superior blacking possesses peculiar advantages; from the unusual quantity and quality of the Oil it contains, it nourishes and preserves the leather, making it quite soft and elastic, and it excels any article now sold; it has met the decided approval of Shipwrights for retaining its moisture even in the most severe climates.

SOLD BY W. & S. M. GILMOR, St. Andrews, March 21, 1840.

VICTORIA LINE.

THROUGH IN ONE DAY!!

L. L. COPELAND begs leave to inform the Public generally that he has taken a large share in the Saint Andrews and Saint John Stage Coach Company, and from his long experience as a Driver, &c. hopes to merit a share of public confidence and patronage.

The Stage will leave St. Andrews on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 7 o'clock, a. m. and return on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

FARE Fifteen Shillings, and way Passengers, taken as usual.

N.B. Books to be kept at Mrs. McLEAVY'S Hotel, Saint Andrews, and at the St. John Hotel Saint John.

May 21, 1840.

FANCY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has received per Barque Integrity, and Ship Liverpool, via Saint John, from England the following Goods; viz:—

Tuscan and Straw Bonnets, Tuscan Plait; Millinery Goods, viz. Ladies Caps, Gaiters, Ribbons, Satins and Lacestrings, Figured and plain Satins, Silks and Persians, Black and coloured Crapes, Tulle black and white, Grecian Blonds, and Netts, Blond Edgings, Lise Edgings, Quillings, Insertion Work Muslin, Book Muslin Corded do. Fancy do. Cambrie Hkfs. Cashmere Shawls, Lama do. Cotton and Worsted ditto, Turnovers and Scarfs, Mousline de Lain Dresses, Châle Drees, Printed Madras, Green Laines, Printed Calicoes, Merinos Black and White, Paramattas, Marcellies Quills, Counters, Damask Table Cloths, Diapers, Fowls Marcellies Toilet, Silk Gloves, Meets, Kid, Cotton, and Lisle Thread ditto; Silk, Cotton, Worsted, Merino, and Lambswool Stockings & Socks. Ingrain black Stockings, General Haberdashery, printed chamois bed Fountains, Fine Flannels, Parasols, Ladies and Children's boots and shoes, a large assortment of Toys, China Ornaments; Ottomans, Stationary, and a great variety of Fancy Goods.

Mrs. SUTTON avails herself of the present opportunity of acknowledging with thanks the very handsome support she has met with from her friends and the Inhabitants of Saint Andrews and its vicinity, and that her arrivals will cause a continuance of their favors.

M. SUTTON.

Saint Andrews, May 8, 1840.

TO FISHERMEN.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received on Consignment direct from the Manufacturers in England, which he offers for SALE.

Low for Cash—Herring Nets, 30 Rns 2 1-2, 2 5 8, 2 3-4, in 150 Mesh;

St. Peter Cod Lines, 12, 15, & 18 thread Salmon Twine 2 1/2 lbs Twine, Two thread Herring Twine, Shoe Thread.

If the above is suitable to the Market, a full supply will be imported annually, and at low rates.

JOHN WILSON.

Saint Andrews, August 11, 1840.—162

CHEAP STORE.

GREAT BARGAINS.

The SUBSCRIBER begs leave to acquaint the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, and its Vicinity, that he has received his Spring and Summer's supply of DRY GOODS, consisting of the following Articles, which only constitute part of the Stock:—

BLACK, Brown, Claret, Blue, Olive and Invisble Green Broad Cloths, Wool Dyed Cassimeres, Doekins, Buckskins, as low as 4s. per yard, Railroad Stripes, cold and plain Moleskins, Cassinets, Sattinets, Tweed (Queen's Jan) double Nankeen, Plain and Striped Linen Drills, Wellington Stripes, Blue Drill, Plain and Striped Janes, Cautons, Gumbroons, Valentin and Mossamete, Cashmeres, Valentia and Mossamete Vestings, Silk Velvets, Lastings, Cambric Plaid and Homespuns, Pajot Blets, Scotch Plaid and Homespuns, Pajot Blets, Beaver Cloths, Selicias, Gentlemen's and Brown Hollands, and Braes, Short Col. Silk Handkerchiefs and Braes, Short Col. Silks and Breasts, (Albert) Trowser Straps, Grass Caps, two do. Gentlemen's fine Gossamer Hats, two cases Gentlemen's double and do. four bales London Slops, twilled and single wide Sheeting Cottons, Lawn Daplain Regatta Striped Laines, fourteen dozen mask Laines and Dowling, fourteen dozen Gent's Lamb Wool and Chamois Vests and Drawers, Cotton knit do., Colored Checks, Cloths, Towels, Diaper, Apron Checks, Dimity, Prunella Furniture Cottons, Diamond Tweeds, Buffs and Arabian Cloths, Printed Satteens, Silk and Cotton Velvets of various colors, Osnaburghs, Chintz, Red Laces, Carcol Binding, Scarlet Worsted Tape, Rolled Jaconets, Playing Cards, Cutlery, School Books, Writing Paper, Ink, Steel Pens, Day

& Martin's Blacking, Shoe Brushes, Scrubbing do., Indiana Silk Velvet, Filled Centre Rockspun Lama, Thibbet Wool, Challie Silk and Cotton Shawls and Handkerchiefs, one bale Rob Roy Summer Plaid Shawls and Hdkfs., Figured and Plain Silks and Sattins, Cotton and Silk Umbrellas, Plain and Figured Parasols, Irish Linens, French Poplins, Irish do., Bombazines, Palmotines, Fig'd and Plain Saxony and Orleans Cloths, Marcellies Quills and Counters, Ladies' White and Color'd Stays, French and Scotch Cambrics, Jaconet, Mull and Book Muslins, Fancy worked and Tambooured Collars, four trunks Ladies' Boots and Shoes, two cases London Bonnets, two do. Glasgow do., Babineets, Quilling nets, Lace Edgings, Insertions, and Trimmings, of various sorts, three hundred pieces Printed Calicoes, one hundred and twenty Muslin & Cambric Dresses, Mous de lain do., Coronation do., Thibbet Wool do., Canon Crape, Gauze, and Saint Silk and Crape Shawls and Hdkfs., Hosiery, Kid, Silk and Thread Gloves, two trunks French Kid Shoes and Slippers, French Iron, Ivory, and Horn Combs, Silk Gauze and Lace Veils, a great variety of Ribbons, one bale Woolen and Worsted Yarns.

—ALSO.—
A lot Superfine Wheat and Rye FLOUR, Corn Meal, Rice, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Ground Ginger, Mustard, Tobacco Pipes, Snuff, Tobacco, 20 Hands to the lb.

The Subscriber can say with propriety, that he will positively sell Goods, at present, at such reduced prices as never have been experienced by this community in general, heretofore. All those indebted to him, either by note or book account are requested to settle their respective accounts, which will be found to be the most satisfactory conclusion.

D. BRADLEY.

St. Andrews, 25th June, 1840.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber is duly empowered to sell and give good title to the following described FARM and TOWN LOTS of LAND, with the Buildings and Improvements thereon, viz:—Two Hundred Acres, situated near Witter's Ridge, Parish of St. Patrick, on the Fredericton Road, distant 25 miles from the Court House; Three Hundred Acres on the opposite side of the same road.

—ALSO.—
The following Lots, situated in the Town Plot of St. Andrews, viz:—

Bulkeley's Division, viz:—One half part of Lot No. 2, letter A, with House and Improvements thereon. Lots numbered 3, 4, 5 & 6, letter I; with half the Dwelling House on Lot No. 6, adjoining Mr. Hadcock. Lot No. 1, letter Q, with the Machine House, Weighing Machine, Ball Alley, and other Improvements thereon. Part of Lot 2, letter S, with the Old House thereon, situated on the western end of Water Street, and Four Water Lots in front thereof.

—ALSO.—
Water Lots Nos. 1 and 2, in letter G. One half of Lot No. 2, with the Two Houses thereon, next adjoining the house occupied by Mr. J. Snodgrass. And the House and Lot now occupied by Mr. John McKean, in

Parr's Division, Corner Lot No. 1, letter N, on King Street, near the residence of Mrs. Willard. Lot No. 4, letter G, near Mr. Jack's property; and in Morris' Division,

Corner Lot No. 4, Block C, next the house of Capt. Dalimore. Lot No. 1, letter K, &c. For terms of Sale, enquire at the Office of the Subscriber, opposite the Custom House.

P. STUBS,
Attorney at Law.

St. Andrews, June 23, 1840

PACKET SCHOONER



FAVORITE,

HENRY HELMS, Master.

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that his Vessel will run regularly between St. John and St. Andrews. All small freights to be paid on delivery, as he keeps no accounts. Every attention paid to passengers.

Saint Andrews, June 20, 1840.

PICKED UP ADRIFT.

ON SUNDAY the 28th JULY, opposite the MOUTH of WAVER, a small WHALE BOAT.

The Owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses.

GEORGE SIMPSON.

Saint Andrews, August 4, 1840—31

NEW-BRUNSWICK CLOTH AND FANCY STORE.

JULY 3, 1840.

THE Subscriber has completed his Spring & Summer Supply of CLOTHS AND FANCY GOODS, comprising a general assortment, suitable for the season, to which he calls public attention as he is selling at unusually low prices for Cash only.

JOHN IRWIN.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Subscriber, of longer standing than Six Months, if not paid within Thirty days, their accounts will be handed to an Attorney for collection.

JOHN LOCHARY.

July 3, 1840.

BOYS WANTED.

TWO BOYS are Wanted, about 15 years of age, who can read and write well, as apprentices to the Printing business. Those from the Country would be preferred.

Standard Office, July 10, 1840.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Arrive from United States daily at 12 a. m. Saint John and Saint George, by Coach—Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 p. m. Saint John by steam—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays 3 to 5 p. m. Saint Stephen by Coach—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Departs for United States daily at 10 a. m. Saint John, and Saint George, by Coach—Mondays, Wednesdays, & Fridays at 7 a. m. Saint John by steam—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8 a. m. Saint Stephen by Coach—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 10 a. m.

THE SAINT ANDREWS STANDARD, PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY A. W. SMITH.

At his Office in Saint Andrews, NEW BRUNSWICK.

TERMS.

15s. a year, delivered in town or called for 17s. 6d. do. when forwarded by mail. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Inserted according to written orders, or continued till forbid if no written directions.

First insertion of 12 lines, and under, 3s. Each repetition of 10 days 1s.

First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line. Each repetition over 12 lines 1d per line.

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

Legal notices by individuals who have no account with the Office to be paid for in advance. Blanks, Handbills, &c. struck off at the shortest notice,—to be paid for on delivery.

AGENTS.

St. Andrews, Mr. S. Connick, Mr. W. Campbell, James Allen Esq., Triest Moore Esq.,

Town Hill, Mr. J. Geddes, Mr. David Turner, Mr. Wm. Brasell, Mr. D. Gilmour,

Upper Falls, Joshua Knight Esq., Wilford Fisher Esq., D. M. Millan Esq., W. J. Layton Esq.,

Richibucto, Mr. Henry S. Book, Miramichi, Jas. Cain Esq.

PLEASE NOTICE

That no advertisement will be inserted in the STANDARD unless paid for in advance in full, and the number of insertions specified. Persons having open accounts with the office, as usual, BLANKS and HAND BILLS struck off to order, and without delay—for cash down.

Jan. 1, 1840 27m