

The Weekly Observer

BEING

A NEW SERIES OF THE STAR.

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Market-square.

SAINT JOHN, TUESDAY, MAY 26, 1829.

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THE GARLAND.

From an English paper.

TO THE MEMORY OF A BELOVED CHILD.

"Born in a world where flowers of fairest hue
First fade away;
Herself a rose, she liv'd as roses do—
But for a day."

The dead! the dead! they rest in peace,
For them the world no more has charms;
And death is but a bless'd release
From life and all its thousand harms;
From ills that ever round the living press;
Securely rest the cold, the lonely dead.

The dead! the dead! why mourn we them
Whose all of wretchedness is o'er?
Who sweetly sleep, nor never dream
Of misery they will know no more?
Rather rejoice, rejoice, their spirits rest
In the bright mansions of the eternal bliss'd.
And who art thou who say'st "rejoice!"
Hast thou e'er felt a father's joy?
E'er miss'd an earthly angel's voice?
E'er view'd her fix'd, her glazed eye?
E'er press'd her livid clay-cold lips to thine?
If not, rejoice!—Stranger! these woes were mine.

She liv'd below'd,—her winning ways
Endeas'd her to a father's heart,
Who fondly thought his future days
To solace would be Ellen's part;
So young, so tender, innocent, and mild,
Can I, can I rejoice to lose that child?

No, Ellen, no, a father's tears
Long, long in bitterness must flow,
For though remov'd to happier spheres
Thy loss hath fill'd his heart with woe;
And thy young form shall ne'er from mem'ry part
Till death has still'd that father's anguish'd heart!

From the Winter's Wreath, for 1829.

CAN YEARS OF SUFFERING.

Can years of suffering be repaid
By after years of bliss?
When youth has fled and health decayed
Can man taste happiness?
When love's bright visions are no more,
Nor high ambition's dream,
Has heaven no kindred joy in store
To gild life's parting beam.
Oh bright is youth's propitious hour,
And manhood's joyous prime,
When pleasure's sun and beauty's flower
Adorn the march of time.
But age has ripen, richer joy,
When hearts prepared for heaven,
Thrice tried, and pure of all alloy
Rejoice in sins forgiven.
When long tried love still twines her wreath,
Around the brow of age;
And virtue the stern arm of death
Disarms of all its rage;
When friends, long cherished, still are true,
When virtuous offspring bloom;
When man's enjoyment purest flows,
Through ripening for the tomb.

A lady named Maria Jane Jewsbury, has written a volume of poems, entitled "Days of Leisure Hours." A London paper has the following extract:

POETICAL PORTRAIT.

Being of beauty, and of grief!
Thy portrait should be
Written in burning words and brief,
Tears, tears, for thee!
A rose that by a lonely tomb
Hangs whitening in the sun,
The phantom of its former bloom
Still lingering on—
A will once by a mountain side,
Companion blithe and hoan,
Till searching suns its sweep depths dried,
And quenched its time—
A violet that no sheltering leaf
Hides from the strong rain's swell—
Being of beauty, and of grief,
These thy fate tell!
Desolate in each place of trust,
Thy bright soul dimm'd with care,
To the land where is found no trace of dust,
Oh! look thou thither!

THE MISCELLANIST.

SKETCH OF THE STORMING OF BADAJOZ.

From the United Service Journal.
On the 6th of April, 1812, a long order was issued relative to the positions the troops were to occupy. The day was fine, and all the soldiers in good spirits, cleaning themselves as if for a review. About two o'clock I saw poor Harriet; he was sucking an orange, and walking on a rising ground, alone, and very thoughtful. It gave me pain, as I knew he was to lead the forlorn hope. He observed, "My mind is made up; I am sure to be killed."

At half-past eight o'clock that night, the ranks were formed, and the roll called in an under-tone. Lieutenant-Colonel M'Leod spoke long and earnestly to the regiment before it joined the division, expressing the utmost confidence in the result of the attack, and finished by repeating, that he left it to the honour of all persons to preserve discipline, and not to commit any cruelty to the poor inhabitants of the town.

The division drew up in the most profound silence behind the large quarry, 300 yards from the breaches. A small stream separated us from the fourth division. At ten a carcase was thrown from the town—this was a most beautiful firework and illuminated the ground for many hundred yards—two or three fire-balls followed, and falling in different directions showed a bright light, and remained burning. The stillness that followed was the prelude to one of the strangest scenes that the imagination of man can conceive.

Soon after ten o'clock a little whispering announced that the forlorn hope were stealing forward, followed by the storming parties, composed of three hundred men, (one hundred from each regiment of the brigade)—in two minutes the division followed; one musket shot, no more, was fired near the breaches by a French soldier, who was on the look-out; we gained ground leisurely, but silently; there were no obstacles. The 43d, 52d, and 95th closed gra-

dually up to column of quarter distance, left in front; all was hushed, and the town was buried in gloom; the ladders were placed on the edge of the ditch, when suddenly an explosion took place at the foot of the breaches, and a burst of light disclosed the whole scene—the earth seemed to rock under us—what a sight! The ramparts crowded with the enemy; the French soldiers standing on the parapets; the fourth division advancing rapidly in column of companies on a half circle to our right, while the short lived glare from the barrels of powder and combustibles flying in the air, gave to friends and foes a look as if both bodies of troops were laughing at each other.

A tremendous firing now opened on us, and for an instant we were stationary; but the troops were no ways daunted. The ladders were found exactly opposite the centre breach, and the whole division rushed to the assault with amazing resolution. There was no check. The soldiers flew down the ladders, and the cheering from both sides was loud and full of confidence.

While descending the ladders into the ditch, a soldier of the 52d, in the hurry, growled out a hearty curse, and was very angry at my preceding him, and furious blows were exchanged amongst the troops in their eagerness to get forward; while the grape-shot and musketry tore open their ranks. The first officer I happened to see down was Captain Ferguson, who had led on our storming-party here, and at Rodrigo; he was lying to the right of the ladders, with a wound on the head, and holding a bloody handkerchief in his grasp. I snatched it out of his hand, and tied it round his head. The French were then handing over the fire-balls, which produced a sort of revolting light. The ditch was very wide, and when I arrived at the foot of the centre breach, eighty or ninety men were formed. One cried out, "who will lead?" This was the work of a moment. Death, and the most dreadful sounds and cries accompanied us. It was a volcano! Up we went; some killed, and others impaled on the bayonets of their own comrades, or hurled headlong amongst the outrageous crowd.

The *chevaux-de-frise* looked like innumerable bayonets. When within a yard of the top, my sensations were most extraordinary; I felt half strangled, and fell from a blow which deprived me of sensation. I only recollect feeling a soldier pulling me out of the water, where so many were drowned. I lost my cap, but still held my sword; on recovering, I looked towards the breach. It was shining and empty! fire-balls were in plenty, and the French troops standing upon the walls, taunting, and inviting our men to come up and try it again. What a crisis! what a military misery! Some of the finest troops in the world prostrate; humbled with the dust.

Colonel M'Leod was killed while trying to force the left corner of the large breach. He received his mortal wound within three yards of the enemy, just at the bottom of some nine feet planks, studded with nails, and hanging down the breach from under the *chevaux-de-frise*. A few moments before he fell, he had been wounded in the back by a bayonet of one of our soldiers, who slipped. Steele told me this, and he was with the colonel at the time.

At half past eleven the fire slackened, and the French detached men from the breaches to repulse the other attacks, and to endeavour to retake the castle. I heard the enemy calling out on the ramparts in German, "all is well in Badajoz!" It sounded very like English.

But this repulse may be called a victory.—The British soldiers did as much as men could do. The wood-work of the *chevaux-de-frise* was ponderous, bristling with short, stout sword-blades fastened in it, and chained together. It was an obstacle not to be removed, and the French soldiers stood close to it, killing deliberately every man who approached it. The large breach was at one time crowded with our brave troops; I mean the fourth division, the heroes of many hard fought victories and crimson fields. The light division had recently been crowned with victory; but to remove such obstacles by living bodies pushing against it up a steep breach, and sinking to the knees every step in rubbish, while a firm and fearless enemy stood behind, it is too ridiculous! I must recover patience.

Two hundred and fifty officers and nearly six thousand soldiers fell around these ramparts. Let justice prevail! let not the foul tongue of calumny tear those laurels from the brows of men who so nobly earned them. Look on those blood-stained uniforms; gaze on those noble forms stretched on the earth, and think on their agonies!

The left breach had not been attempted at all until a quarter before twelve o'clock, when Shaw, collecting about seventy men of different regiments, and with great difficulty, as you may suppose, after such a milling for two hours, made a desperate effort to gain the top; but when half way up, as if by enchantment, he stood alone. Two rounds of grape and the musketry prevented any more trouble, for almost the whole of the party lay stretched in various attitudes!

Captain Nicholson, of the Engineers, was of the number; he now showed great courage; and, when asked by Shaw, if he would try the left breach, answered, he would do any thing to succeed. A grape-shot went through his lungs, and he died three days after.

This attack was very daring. It was a forlorn hope under accumulated dangers; almost all the troops had retired, and a few moments

before, a great alarm was excited by a cry from the heaps of wounded, that the French were descending into the ditch. To exaggerate this sanguinary strife, is not possible to men or to any other persons.

The small groups of soldiers seeking shelter from the cart-wheels, pieces of timber, fire-balls, and other missiles hurled down upon them; the wounded crawling past the fire-balls, many of them scorched and perfectly black, and covered with mud, from having fallen into the *lanette*, where three hundred were suffocated and drowned; and all this time the French on the top of the parapet, jeering and cracking their jokes, and deliberately picking off whom they chose, while, I am grieved to say, the troops lying in the glacis did not fire sufficiently, although, I must confess, they were terribly exposed, and could scarcely live from the cross fire of grape-shot.

UNION OF SCOTLAND AND ENGLAND.—Sir Walter Scott terminates the *Tales of a Grandfather*, with a sketch of the measures pursued to effect the union of Scotland and England, in the reign of Queen Anne.—The following incidents respecting this event are well told, and the careful reader will not fail to apply them to the momentous event which at present agitates the country.—"While the various plans for interrupting the treaty of the union were agitated without doors, the debates in Parliament were of the most violent kind. 'It resembled' said an eye-witness, 'not the strife of tongues, but the clash of arms, and the hatred, rage and reproach, which were exhausted on each other, seemed to be those of civil war, rather than political discussion.' Much talent was displayed on both sides. Lord Belhaven, in a celebrated speech, which made the strongest expression on the audience, declared that he saw, in prophetic vision, the peers of Scotland, whose ancestors had raised tribute in England, now walking in the Court of Requests, like so many English attorneys, laying aside their swords, lest self-defence should be called murder; he saw the Scottish barons with their lips padlocked to avoid the penalties of their unwise laws, he saw Scottish lawyers struck mute and confounded at being subjected to the intricacies and technical jargon of an unknown jurisprudence; he saw the merchant excluded from trade by English monopolies; artisans ruined for want of custom; the gentry reduced to indigence—the lower class to starvation and beggary. 'But, above all my lords,' continued the orator, 'I think I see our ancient mother-Caledonia, like Caesar, sitting in the midst of our senate, ruefully looking around her, covering herself with her Royal mantle, awaiting the fatal blow, and breathing out her last with the exclamation, 'And thou too, my son!'

These prophetic sounds made the deepest impression on the house, until the aspect was in some degree dispelled by Lord Marchmont, who, rising to reply, said, he too had been much struck by the Noble Lord's vision, but that the exposition of it might be given in a few words. 'I awoke, and behold it was a dream.' But though Lord Belhaven's prophetic harangue might be termed in one sense a vision, it was one which continued to exist for many years: nor was it until half a century had passed away that the union began to produce those advantages to Scotland which its promoters had fondly hoped, and the fruits of which the present generation has so fully reaped."

COLOUR OF THE EYES.—It is a remarkable fact, and no less so, as having remained so long unnoticed, that in Britain the dark coloured eye is always found to prevail in the neighbourhood of coal mines and where coal is used as the general fuel; while, on the other hand the light or blue eyes belongs to those districts in which that mineral is not used; and notwithstanding the numbers of persons continually pouring into the coal district, from other parts of the country, in consequence of the demand for labour, yet the prevalence, in the former of the dark eye, especially among the children, is so evident that whoever will take the trouble to make the observation will most assuredly acknowledge the accuracy of this statement. In what way the sulphureted hydrogen, &c. occasioned by the coal fire affects the pigment of the iris, it is not now my intention to inquire. I consider it sufficient, for my present purpose, to establish the connexion between the use of coal, and the dark colour of the eye: though from repeated observations, I feel assured, that there are more curious facts connected with the subject than have yet come under the notice of physiologists; and which, when properly developed, will considerably alter the bearing of many opinions, hitherto entertained.—*Rev. T. Price on British Physiognomy.*

LORD NELSON'S LETTER.—"I was with Lord Nelson at Copenhagen," says Gen. Stewart, "when he wrote the note to the Crown Prince of Denmark, proposing terms of arrangement. A cannon-ball struck off the head of the boy who was crossing the cabin with a light to seal it. 'Bring another candle,' said his Lordship. 'I observed that I thought it might be very well sent as it was, for it would not be expected that the usual forms could be observed at such a moment.' 'That is the very thing I should wish to avoid, colonel,' replied he; 'for if the least appearance of precipitation were perceptible in the manner of sending this note, it might spoil all.' Another candle being now brought, his Lordship sealed the letter, carefully enclosed in an envelope, with a seal

hearing his coat of arms, coronet, &c., and delivered it to the officer in waiting to receive it." The moment is reported to have been a critical one, and this note is stated to have determined the event.

CHARACTER OF IRISH SOLDIERS.—I must confess I do love to be on duty on any kind of service with the Irish. There is a promptness to obey, a hilarity, a cheerful obedience, a willingness to act, which I have rarely met with, in any other body of men; but whether in this particular case, the qualifications have been instilled into them by the rigid discipline of their corps, I know not, or whether these are characteristic of the Irish nation; but I have also observed in that corps (the 8th Regiment, or Prince of Orange's Irish), a degree of liberality among the men I have never seen in any other corps; a willingness to share their crust and drop on service with their comrades; and an indescribable readiness in obliging and accommodating each other: and an anxiety to serve each other, and to hide each other's faults. In the corps there was a unity I have never seen in any other; and as for fighting, they were very devil. During the peninsular war, some General Officer observed to the Duke of Wellington how unsteadily that corps marched. The Noble Duke replied, "Yes, General, they do, indeed, but they fight like devils." In some situations they are, perhaps, too impetuous, but if I know any thing of the service, this is a fault on the right side; and what at this moment was thought rashness and madness, has gained England many a glorious victory.—*Ship's Memoirs.*

LAZINESS CURED.—There was a lazy fat fellow amongst us, who was always lolling or sleeping on the hen-coops, upon whom we resolved to play a trick; so, seizing an opportunity when he was snug in his customary roost, we planted ourselves with buckets of water just over him. At a signal given, he was jerked off the coop, and soosed from head to foot with such a fall and successive torrent of the briny flood, accompanied by a cry of "Man overboard! rope! rope! down with the helm!" &c. that he actually struck out as if swimming for his life; till a failure in the supply of water, succeeded by loud peals of laughter, brought him to a sense of his situation.—*Tales of the Sea.*

FRENCH COUNTRY LIFE.—"The dinner hour in the country," said a relation of the writer, who spends a great deal of time in France, "is generally two o'clock, even when company are invited to partake of the dinner; in which case, the whole party has quitted the house by six or seven in the evening—a custom which ill accords with English ideas of sociability.—Three table-cloths are usually laid upon the table, the first and second of which are, or may be removed during the repast; but the third is never drawn off except to be changed for a clean one. In England, we pride ourselves upon the fine mahogany of which our dinner-tables are made; we endeavour to obtain, in the first instance, an excellent piece of wood, and to improve it by assiduous rubbing and polishing. In France, it matters not of what material the table is framed; a cloth is always upon it; and I have seen the hospitable board of many families of rank literally formed of deal."

COLD WATER, OR HEALTH AND BEAUTY.—A Vermont lady, the précis says, lately cured herself completely of a very uncomfortable liability to take cold, by bathing her face, neck, and arms, every morning with pure cold water, profusely applied. Besides guarding her health, the application has averred greatly heightened her beauty; and we understand it is getting to be very generally believed in the country, (and we do not see why it should not be equally efficacious in town) that soft, cold, clean water, applied early in the morning, is one of the finest cosmetics ever used. Rouge, pearl powder, cold cream, and all the knick-knackery of the perfumer, are said to be nothing at all to pure water, for clearing the complexion and brightening the eyes. The hint is supposed to be taken from a garden, or meadow by some lady who accidentally observed the effect of the cool dew of the morning upon the roses and lilies, the glow and the fragrance it gave to the blossoms, and the freshness it imparted to their stalks and leaves. We have no great faith in cathartics and purgatives, but we do think this looks more like one than any we have seen noticed; and if, as advised in other cases, its application be accompanied with a little attention to regimen, just enough to secure temperate meals, regular exercise in the free air, and sleep o' nights, from ten or eleven to five or six o' the clock, we believe it would come as near to a universal specific, as any thing may come, in a world so remarkable as this, for diversity of circumstance and vicissitude.—*Troy Centinel.*

EXTRACT.—There is a majesty in the might of the great deep, that has a tendency to keep open the avenues of that dependant credulity which more or less besets the mind of every man, however he may have fortified his intellect by thought. With the firmament above him, and wandering on an interminable waste of water, the less gifted seaman is tempted, at every step of his pilgrimage, to seek the relief of some propitious omen. The few which are supported by scientific causes give support to the many that have their origin only in his own excited and doubting temperament. The gambols of the dolphin, the earnest and busy passage of the porpoise, the ponderous sporting of the unwieldy whale, and the screams of the marine bird, have all, like the signs of the ancient soothsayers, their attendant consequences of good or evil. The confusion between things which are explicable, and things which are not, gradually brings the mind of the mariner to a state in which any exciting and unnatural sentiment is welcome, if it be for no other reason than that, like the vast element on which he passes his life, it bears the impression of what is thought a supernatural, because it is an incomprehensible, power.—*Red Rover.*

RIGHTS OF WOMEN.—The Speaker of the House of Commons has lately stated, in reply to the observations of women having signed some of the petitions against the Catholic Claims, that he knew of no law of the House of Commons that said females should not sign petitions to that House. [It may be remembered that during the recess the Speaker married.]

THE ROMAN COLISEUM.—Human nature shudders on a retrospective of the enormous slaughter perpetrated in this amphitheatre, and others which preceded and followed it. After the death of Decibalus, and the conclusion of the Dacian war, Trajan gave these tragic spectacles to the Roman citizens, during 133 successive days; on some of which 10,000 tame and wild animals were destroyed, and innumerable gladiators grappled in mortal combat to amuse the savage and applauding multitude.—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

TO SCHOOL TEACHERS.—Never deceive your scholars nor suffer them to practice deception. Never promise what you do not intend strictly and literally to perform.

Never threaten what you do not mean, or what it would be improper to execute. Never tell your scholars, you will cut of their ears, or do any thing else you do not intend to do.

Never shot up a child in a dark closet, or say any thing that will make him afraid of darkness. Never allude to mysterious evils, or threaten punishments from causes that children cannot comprehend.

Never speak to them about the *Old Man* or the *Old Woman* or the *Old Harry*.

The above maxims are worthy the consideration of every well disposed person who has intercourse with children, and the utility of abiding by them must be obvious to those who possess any share of consideration.

EVILS OF TIGHT LACING.—Dr. Warren reports in the last number of the Boston Medical Journal, a case of "Neuralgia of the trunk." At the conclusion, he remarks:—

"At what period of life the distortion in this girl occurred, I was unable to ascertain. I was led to suspect it to be brought on by girdling her chest, with the intention of improving her shape. It is well known that this practice is a frequent cause of Pleuralgia in young ladies. The pain thus caused is generally in the muscles."

A note appended to the article contains the following statement:—

"I cannot omit the present opportunity of stating, that the same practice frequently causes a deep-seated, obstinate pain in the head, which no bleedings relieve for any length of time. The cause of this pain is the interruption of the blood through the descending aorta; in consequence of which it is thrown with unnatural force on the brain, and brings on a permanent derangement of the organ. The pain in the head, thus produced, has terminated in insanity, in three cases within my knowledge,—two of which have proved fatal."

MISSENT TIME.—Hours have wings, and fly up to the Author of time, and carry news of our usage. All our prayers cannot intercede one of them either to return or to slacken his pace. The mispents of every minute is a new record against us in heaven; sure if we thought thus, we would dismiss them with better report, and not suffer them to go away empty, or laden with dangerous intelligence. How happy is it, that every hour should convey up not only the message, but the fruits of good, and stay with the Ancient of Days to speak for us before his glorious throne.—*Milton.*

SPIRIT OF DISCOVERY.

HUMAN REMAINS.—The remarkable fact, that no vestiges of human remains have been discovered with those of the more ancient inhabitants of the globe, is at present fully confirmed; nor have any fossil bones of monkeys hitherto been found. Mr. Bakewell, however, observes, that the vast diluvial beds of gravel and clay, and the upper strata in Asia, have not yet been scientifically explored, and both sacred and profane writers agree in regarding the temperate regions of that continent as the cradle of the human race.—*Bakewell's Geology.*

FOSIL TURTLE.—The remains of a sea turtle have lately been discovered, and are now in the possession of Mr. Decker, of Cambridge. It is imbedded in a mass of septaria, weighing upwards of 150 pounds, with two fine specimens of fossil wood; and was obtained in digging for cement stone, about five miles from Harwich, in three fathoms water, where, as a mass of stone, it has been used for sometime as a stepping block.—*Bakewell's Geology.*

SINGING BIRDS.—Those who have paid attention to the singing of birds, know well that their voice, energy, and expression differ as widely as in man; and agreeably to this remark Mr. Wilson (the celebrated ornithologist) says he was so familiar with the notes of an individual wood thrush, that he could recognise him from all his fellows the moment he entered the woods.—*Mag. Nat. Hist.*

ONIONS.—Lord Bacon tells us of a man who fasted five days, without meat, bread or drink, by smelling a wisp of herbs, among which were strong Onions.

LOCH LOMOND.—Mr. Galbraith has recently determined the quantity of water annually discharged by the river Leven from the basin of Loch Lomond to be about 59,939 cubic feet per minute. Now, as 36 cubic feet of fresh water are nearly equal to a ton, this gives 1665 tons per minute; and, supposing the year to be 365 days, 5 hours, 49 minutes, the annual discharge, at that rate, will be 877,925,085 tons. But as the river was rather below its average height, one-third may be added to this result, and we have about 1,200,000,000, or twelve hundred millions of tons per annum.

Mr. Decker

have made a direct appeal to the charity of the public. From the circumstance, however, of the military in these quarters being put under arms, there is reason to think that riotous proceedings of an alarming nature are seriously apprehended.

We are happy to observe, from a subsequent Notice, that our Agricultural and Emigrant Society has not yet slept the sleep of death, but that, on the contrary, there are some symptoms of revival.

DR. BAYARD gave a second introductory Lecture on Chemistry, at Masonic Hall, on Saturday evening last, to a respectable auditory. His illustrations were both pleasing and useful, and he was peculiarly happy in his experiments.

His Honor the President leaves town for Fredericton by next Steam-boat.

A Boy was carried before the Mayor, this day, charged with having, last evening, committed a robbery, and that, on search being made, he was found in the Theatre, intoxicated.

FRESH SALMON have appeared in our market for a week past, of excellent quality and at a moderate price.

The Steam-boat Saint George was brought through the Falls this morning, for the purpose of towing in, if possible, the Barque Spence, lying off the Island, water-logged.

The Duke of York, April packet, sailed from Falmouth on the 8th ult. for Halifax.

The thermometer at Quebec, on the 8th inst. rose to 90 degrees of Fahrenheit.

ROBBERY OF THE MAIL.—John Mullen, a person hired by one of the contractors, for carrying the Mail from hence to St. John, left St. Andrews on Monday last at 3 p. m. with the Eastern mail; he had two horses with him, one of them a return horse, put under his charge to be re-conveyed to St. John.

Mullen the Mail Robber taken Prisoner.—Mr. Keleher the mail contractor, who was in pursuit of Mullen, returned this morning, after a very fatiguing and expensive journey of 120 miles to the Westward, without success.

LIVERPOOL, (COUNTY OF KENT.) MAY 13.—Five.—The Building occupied as a Court-House and Jail, in this County, was totally consumed by fire, on Saturday evening last, occasioned, as is supposed, by sparks from the stove.

The Quebec Gazette of May 7, says:—The weather has been dry and rather warm for the last week. In all parts of the district the wheat is in great part in the ground, and the favorable weather has rapidly advanced all agricultural labors.

From the Baltimore Gazette, May 3.—We learn from Washington that Mr. Louis McLane is now there, preparing to proceed to England.

Mr. Gallatin, Judge Preble, with Mr. Gallatin, Jr. are also there, prosecuting the objects of the commission some time since instituted for the defence of the state of Maine, in its claim to the disputed territory bordering on the province of New Brunswick.

HEAD-QUARTERS, FREDERICTON, 15th May, 1829.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS. His Honor the President is pleased to order the following arrangement to be observed by the several Corps for the General Inspection in the ensuing year.

At a Convention held this day, Mr. George Seymour Jarvis, A. B. was admitted to the Degree of A. M. of the University of King's College, Windsor.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.—In the Steam Boat from Annapolis, R. Simonds, Esq. and Lady, and Lewis Bliss, Esq.

MARRIED. At Annapolis, (N. S.) on Monday the 18th instant, by the Rev. Dr. MILLIDGE, RICHARD SIMONDS, Esquire, of St. John, (N. B.) to Mrs. MARGARET NEWTON, daughter of the late THOMAS WALKER, Esquire, of the former place.

DIED. At Fredericton, on the 16th instant, in the 74th year of her age, Mrs. MARTHA COOMBS, widow of the late Mr. Dennis Coombs.

Intelligence was received in this city yesterday of the death of the venerable JOHN JAY—the author of the old Constitution of this state—formerly Chief Justice of the United States, Minister from the United States, both to England and France, and subsequently Governor of this state.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED. Friday, brig Tweed, Shackler, London, 30 days.—Thos. Millidge & Co. merchandise. Hanford, Pierce, New-York, 5-W. & T. Leavitt, assorted cargo.

DEPARTED. Ship Percival, Lethaby, Plymouth.—limber. Brig Robert Ray, Cronk, Jamaica.—limber, &c.

NOTICE.

THE number of Members who belonged to the ST. JOHN AGRICULTURAL AND EMIGRANT SOCIETY, having been considerably reduced by the death or departure from the place of several of those whose names still appear on the list; it has been deemed expedient to ascertain the number of those who may be considered effective at the present time; in order that the receipts and expenditures of the funds of the Society may be managed to advantage.

FOR SALE. HDS. SUGAR and MOLASSES, now landing per Ketch Fredericton, from St. Kitts. CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

STORAGE. STORAGE may had on application to the Subscriber, in Stores on C. J. Peters' Wharf and Saint John-street, for 5000 Barrels bulk of any description of Goods.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER. THE Barque GEORGE CANNING, G. FORSYTH, Master, will take Cargo on reasonable terms, to any Port in the WEST INDIES or the UNITED KINGDOM, if immediate application be made to E. D. W. RATCHFORD.

FOR SALE. THE Ketch FREDERICTON, burthen 106 84-93ths Tons—will not yet one year old—Copper fastened, well found, and in every respect a good Vessel. Apply to CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Is just receiving ex brig Tweed from London, and barques Lord Byron from Greenock, and George Canning from Liverpool, CONSIGNMENTS OF THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES, —viz:— COGNAC BRANDY, in Pipes and Hhds.

GREY COTTONS, &c. Just received per the ALCYON, and JANE, from Liverpool, and for Sale— 3 BALES GREY COTTONS; 2 Bales COTTON WARP; 1 " CROSSOVERS; 2 " COLORED LININGS.

HATS. GEORGE SEARS, Has received per James & Henry Cumming— A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HATS.

P. DUFF, Having received by the TWEED, from London, PART OF HIS SPRING SUPPLY OF BRITISH GOODS.

INDIA NANKENS; GRAPES; Gros de Naples; Superior London manufactured Imitation and Shell Combs;

NOTICE. ALL Persons indebted to the late Firm of PETERS & DEBLOIS, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, who is authorised to receive the same; and all Accounts that are not settled within a Month from this Notice, will be put in suit without distinction.

CHEAP LONDON WAREHOUSE.

LOWE & GROOCCOCK, Have great confidence in offering to the inhabitants of the City of St. John and its vicinity, a choice importation, per TWEED, from London, of BRITISH DRY GOODS.

SAINT JOHN. 32,000 200 POUNDS. FREDERICTON. 42,000 500 SAINT ANDREWS. 8,000 80 PORT CUMBERLAND. 2,000 20

FOR NEW-YORK. (ONE OF THE LINE OF PACKETS.) The remarkably fast sailing coppered bottom American Brig HANFORD, Master, WILL sail for the above Port To-morrow, (Wednesday,) the 27th instant.

FOR SALE. THE Ketch FREDERICTON, burthen 106 84-93ths Tons—will not yet one year old—Copper fastened, well found, and in every respect a good Vessel. Apply to CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per James & Henry Cumming, and George Canning from Liverpool, and Lord Byron from Port Glasgow; 1/2, 5-8, 11-16, 3-4, 7-8, 15-16, and 1 Inch CHAIN CABLES, with ANCHORS to match;

3000 Bushels St. Ubes SALT, 1500 Ditto Liverpool ditto, A complete Gang of Standing and Running RIGGING; CABLES and ANCHORS;

WOMEN'S and Girls' Devonshire HATS and BONNETS; Do. do. Fancy Willow do.; Do. do. Black Embossed do.;

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GOVERNMENT CONTRACT. Assistant Commissary General's Office, St. John, N. B. 23d May, 1829.

SEALD Tenders will be received at this Office until TUESDAY the 16th of June next, at noon, from such Persons as are disposed to enter into Contracts with His Majesty's Government for supplying the Ordnance Barrack Department, between 25th June, 1829, and 24th June, 1830, with the following quantity of STRAW and BROOMS, at the several Stations in New-Brunswick, as expressed below:

FOR SALE. 180 BARRELS Southern Super-fine FLOUR; 50 Ditto Fine ditto; 150 Ditto Philadelphia RYE ditto;

CHEESE & HAMS. JUST RECEIVED— 10 CWT. ANNAPOLIS CHEESE; 6 Cwt. Do. HAMS;

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS the Public, that he has commenced Business, on his own account, in that well known stand THE FIREY HOUSE,

FOR SALE. THAT pleasantly situated and handsomely finished HOUSE in Princess-street, adjoining the property of Mr. OBADIAH AKERLY.

TO BE SOLD. TEN SHARES in the BANK or NEW-BRUNSWICK. Enquire of the Printer. 21st April.

TO LET. A Private House, close by the Market square, and a ROOM and two BED ROOMS, with or without Boarding.—Inquire of the Printer. April 28.

DANCING SCHOOL, MASON HALL. MRS. SMITH, (late Miss PARR.) of the Birmingham, Manchester, and Bristol Theatres, now of the St. John and Halifax Theatres, respectfully announces to the LADIES of St. John and its vicinity, that she has taken the large Room at the Masonic Hall, for the purpose of instructing Ladies in the useful and elegant accomplishment of DANCING, in all its various branches.

TO-MORROW, (Wednesday) at 11 o'Clock, Will be Sold at the Store of the Subscribers:— In Lots to suit Purchasers— 5000 BUSHELS SALT—on board the ship James & Henry Cumming.

AUCTION SALES.

TO-MORROW, (Wednesday) at 11 o'Clock, Will be Sold at the Store of the Subscribers:— In Lots to suit Purchasers— 5000 BUSHELS SALT—on board the ship James & Henry Cumming.

GEORGE THOMSON, Has received per ship BROTHERS from LIVERPOOL, and brig THOMSON'S PACKET from DUMFRIES & WHITEHAVEN: PART OF HIS SPRING SUPPLY OF DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS.—Per TWEED, from LONDON. The Subscribers have received by late arrivals from London, Glasgow, and Liverpool, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF SPRING GOODS.

NEW GOODS. The Subscriber has received per late arrivals from Great-Britain and Ireland— PART OF HIS SPRING SUPPLY, WHICH have been selected by himself, at the best Markets, and will be found the newest styles and latest fashions.—They are now opening, and will be sold on the most moderate terms, at his Store, No. 1, North side of the Market-Square.

THE SUBSCRIBER Has received per AUGUSTA, from Liverpool— PART OF HIS SPRING SUPPLY OF GOODS, consisting of— BALES of superfine & common CLOTHS; White and Grey Shirtings; Fustians; Moleskins; Bed Ticks; Cotton Warp, &c.;

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NEW GOODS. The Subscriber has received per Barque Forth, from Greenock, a Consignment of the following Articles—viz:

BALES bleached and unbleached COTTONS; do. Stripes, Homespuns and Checks; do. Fustians and Mole-skin; do. Carpeting; do. Bed Ticks; do. best No. 10 Threads; trunks Prints; do. Cotton Shawls & Handkerchiefs; do. Cambrics and Muslins; do. cotton & worsted Stockings; cases Gentlemen's Beaver Hats; hds. double and single refined Sugar; Boxes 7 x 9, 8 x 10, and 10 x 12 Window Glass; 40 Casks best Alloa Ale; kegs White Lead; do. Yellow Paint; Jars boiled and raw Linseed Oil; casks do. do.; a few tons Pots, Pans, and Kettles;—All of which he will sell at a moderate advance for Cash or other approved payment. April 21. GEO. D. ROBINSON.

WOOLLENS, &c. The Subscriber requests the particular attention of the Public to a Consignment of WOOLLENS, just received:—amongst which are—

YORKSHIRE Broad and Narrow CLOTHS and CASSIMERES; West of England Broad and Narrow CLOTHS and CASSIMERES—with a few Pieces of Elegant Superior BLUES & BLACKS. These GOODS will be sold on moderate terms for Cash, or approved Notes at 4 and 6 months. SAMUEL STEPHEN. St. John, 4th November.

W. P. SCOTT, HAS FOR SALE ON MODERATE TERMS:

4000 B USHELS Liverpool SALT; 6 Crates well assorted CROCKERY; 130 Cwt. SCALE FISH; 40 Do. COD; 20 Barrels MACKAREL; 20 Ditto best Net English HERRINGS; 20 Ditto Pickled COD; 80 Kits Soused SALMON; 100 Boxes Smoked HERRINGS; Barrels Whale and Porpoise OIL; 6 Kegs MUSTARD; December 30.

RYE FLOUR. For Sale, at the lowest prices in the Market, for Cash or approved Credit—

200 B BLS. best RYE FLOUR, landing, ex EDWIN, from New-York. D. HATFIELD & SON. 17th March, 1829.

RUM, SUGAR, & MOLASSES. Just received, per HARRIET, and for Sale by the Subscriber:

28 P UNCLE TOMS JAMAICA RUM, 30 Hogheads do. SUGAR, 10 Hogheads do. MOLASSES. GEORGE D. ROBINSON. March 17.

SUGAR. QUERCES JAMAICA SUGAR, just received and for sale by the Subscriber.

LOWE & GROOCCOCK. 7th April.

WHEAT & RYE FLOUR. Received per Schooner JOSEPHINE, from Philadelphia:

100 B 100 Half Barrels Superfine Wheat FLOUR, 400 Barrels RYE ditto. For Sale at very low prices, if taken from the vessel. —ALSO— RUM, SUGAR, SHIRAZ, COFFEE, HIDES, and LOGWOOD. New landing ex brig La Plata, from Jamaica. April 7. CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

BARBADOS SUGAR. A SMALL Consignment of Barbados SUGAR, in Barrels, has been received by the Subscriber, which he offers for sale cheap.

SAMUEL STEPHEN. August 26, 1828.

BEEF. 40 B ARRELS PRIME BEEF, for sale by G. D. ROBINSON.

March 17.

RED FLANNELS. 50 P IECES RED FLANNELS, assorted qualities, for sale by CROOKSHANK & WALKER.

January 6, 1829.

PORK. 25 B ARRELS PRIME MESS PORK, for sale by GEO. D. ROBINSON.

March 24.

RUM, MOLASSES &c. Landing ex Schooner OCEANUS, from Nevis—

28 P 45 Hds. MOLASSES, 25 Barrels SUGAR, 6 Small Boxes INDIA ARROW ROOT. For sale by CROOKSHANK & WALKER. April 14.

JUST RECEIVED, Per Ship FORTH, from Greenock—

50 C ASKS well assorted EARTHENWARE, 6 Hds. Loaf SUGAR; 100 Gross WINE BOTTLES; 150 Boxes Yellow SOAP. CROOKSHANK & WALKER. April 21.

Agricultural & Domestic Economy. WIRE RIDDLES, SIEVES, &c.

FOR cleaning WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY, and BUCK-WHEAT, of superior workmanship, and 25 per cent. less than any imported to this Province, can be had at Mr. S. J. DE FOREST's, or at Mr. M. J. LOWREY's, King-street—where orders left for any kind of WIRE WORK, will be punctually attended to. The superiority of Wire over those commonly used, made of Splints, both for cleaning and durability, is well known. —ALSO— COAL RIDDLES, the economy of using which in Families burning Coal, can only be known by a trial. Those who have used them, agree in saying that they effect a saving of one third. St. John, February 10.

BLANKS of various kinds for sale at this Office.

RUM, SUGAR, &c. JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE:

FIRST quality Demerary RUM, SUGAR and MOLASSES. Now landing from on board the Two Sons, from West Isles. —ALSO, FOR SALE:— A few Trusses of MANCHESTER PRINTS, Of the newest Patterns. March 3. J. & H. KINNEAR.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE RECEIVED PER LATE ARRIVALS:

400 B BARRELS CORN MEAL, 20 Puns. Grenada RUM, 20 Hds. SUGAR, 50 Ditto MOLASSES, Which will be sold very low. CROOKSHANK & WALKER. March 17th.

LOWE & GROOCCOCK, Have This Day received per SPRAY, from LIVERPOOL, the undermentioned Articles, which they offer for CASH, on the lowest terms, at their well known

CHEAP SHOP. (North side of the Market-Square.) 25 C CASUS HABERDASHERY; Ladies' Sables, Squirrel, Henster and other MUFFS and TIPPETS; Mens' and Boys' Seal Skin Caps; Gentlemen's Sable and Fox dtd; Ladies' and Gentlemen's black Kid, Beaver, Silk, Woodstock and other Gloves; Bonnet, Cap, and Waist Ribbons, of the newest and most fashionable patterns; Ladies' coloured and white Stays; 4, 4, and 5-4 Bobbins; Uring's Lace; Blond ditto; Coloured and black Gros-de-Naples; Ladies' Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs; 16 inch and 4-4 Black Crape; Welsh Flannels; Linen Cambric; —With many other New and Fashionable GOODS, too numerous to mention. —ALSO—ON HAND: Superfine black, blue, olive & mix'd Broad Cloths; White and unbleached Cottons, all widths and qualities; Printed ditto; Lining ditto; White and red Flannels; Twilled ditto; Green Baize; Ladies' black and slate worsted Hosiery; Ditto black silk ditto; Gentlemen's white and coloured lambs' wool ditto; Ditto coloured lambs' wool ditto; Children's ditto ditto ditto; Ladies' and Gentlemen's black kid Gloves; Ditto ditto mill'd lambs' wool, white, scarlet and coloured worsted Cravats; Gentlemen's Buckskin and Woodstock Gloves; Dayno's superfine stuff Hats; do. do. Silk ditto; Scotch Plaids; blue and brown Cambrics; Irish Linens, of the best bleached and fabric; Coloured and black Nylons; Crapes; Do. do. Bombazines; 4-4 and 6-inch Italian Crapes; Do. Ploughman's Gauze; Bonnet and cap Ribbons, of the newest fashions; Black, white and coloured Lustrings and Satins do; A large assortment of coloured Silks; Haberdashery of all descriptions; 4-4 Irish Poplins; Mill's best coloured and white Stays; Green and purple Table Covers; Linen damask do.; Brown and black Hollands; Quilling and Cap Net figured and plain; 4-4 Scotch Carpet; Stair do.; Jeans and Nankeens; Book, jaconet, mull and check Mullins; Drab, black and blue fine wove Buttons; Plain and fancy gilt do.; ball do. do.; Cloak Clasps; Artificial Flowers; Ladies' Caps; Blankets; Shawls; coloured & black Bombazines; Black imitation Leghorn ditto; Black and drab Feathers; Stationery; Britannia Metal Tea and Coffee Pots; Knives; Scissors; Razors; Cork Screws, &c. &c. &c. —ALSO— 80 Dozen LONDON BROWN STOUT, 10 Crates well assorted EARTHENWARE, A few Sets elegant CHINA; 50 Kegs of NAILS, from 4d. to 20d.; With many other articles too numerous to mention. —LIVERPOOL— 198 Elegant London made Double and Single GUNS, with Apparatus complete; 50 Pair Percussion and Flint PISTOLS. Received this day, per Ship James & Henry Cumming:— A few bales blue, olive, & drab 6-4 FLUSHINGS, Blue PLOT CLOTHS, and Drab Water Proof FOREST DITO. St. John, November 25, 1828.

NEW BREWERY, Carmarthen-street, Lower Cove.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established a BREWERY in Carmarthen-street, Lower Cove, second house South of the brick building of ROBERT ROBERTSON, Esq.—at which place, or at his Store on the North Market Wharf, he will constantly keep on hand, PORTER, ALE, BURTON ALE, and TABLE BEER, of as good quality as produced at any other establishment in the City. He hopes, by an unremitting attention to business, to receive a portion of the public support. —YEAST and GRAINS, constantly on hand.—Highest prices given for BARLEY. JOHN MONAHAN. St. John, 26th August, 1828.

DANIEL SCOTT, Tailor, MOST gratefully returns his sincere thanks to those who have favored him with their custom, while under the firm of SCOTT & LOWREY; and begs leave to inform them that he has commenced business on his own account, in that House on the south side of King-street, adjoining the residence of James Hendricks, Esq., where, by punctual attendance, and a disposition to please, hopes to merit the favors of those who have heretofore employed him in the line of his profession. May 13.

REMOVAL. JAMES G. LESTER, Tailor, &c. MOST respectfully begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public in general, that he has removed his Shop to that House in Charlotte-street, three doors South of Masonic Hall, and directly opposite the residence of Dr. PADDOCK; and where he hopes the liberal patronage he has hitherto received, will still be extended towards him, as nothing shall be wanting on his part, to give general satisfaction. J. G. L. keeps constantly on hand, a small assortment of the most fashionable CLOTHS, which he will make up in the neatest manner, the newest fashion, and on the most reasonable terms. —ALSO, ON HAND—A few sets COMMERARY CUFFS and COLLARS. N. B.—All orders from the Country punctually attended to, and executed with neatness and despatch. St. John, 7th October, 1828.

JOHN MOONEY, TAILOR. (Late Foreman to Mr. JOHN MURPHY.) RETURNS his sincere thanks for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement, and informs his Friends and the Public that he has removed to Mr. HUBBERT'S Building, next North of Trinity Church, Germain-street; where, from strict attention, and graceful style of workmanship, he is confident of giving general satisfaction. May 5.

REMOVAL. M. HAYDEN, HAIR DRESSER, has removed to the Brick Building of Mr. DISBROW, in Water-street, where he will be happy to wait upon his friends and customers, as usual. May 5.

LIME. ROBERT ROBERTSON, JUN. LIME BURNER, MOST respectfully begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, that he has removed to the Establishment formerly occupied by Mr. SAMUEL CHISHOLM, where he will endeavour to give general satisfaction to all Customers who may want a Supply of the above article. May 5, 1829.

JOHN S. MILLER, SILK, COTTON, LINEN & WOOLLEN DYER, Next door to the residence of Mr. DANIEL SMITH, Brunel-street, BEGS leave to request his friends that he continues to dye and finish in the best manner— Lustrings, Silk and Cotton, Silk & C. Shawls, Crapes, Worsteds, Hosiery & Gloves, Plush, Camel's Hair, Ribbons, &c. —ALSO—Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments of every description cleaned, and Stains removed from Cotton and Linen Goods of all kinds; Carpets cleaned, and Blankets cleaned and raised. Having imported a new apparatus for the purpose of cleansing Gentlemen's clothes by Steam—he flatters himself, that this improvement will enable him to finish his work in a style far superior to any heretofore done, and to the satisfaction of those Ladies and Gentlemen who may be pleased to favour him with their commands. St. John, July 15, 1828.

DAVID ARMSTRONG, BOOT & SHOE MAKER, MOST respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the Public, that he has removed his Establishment to the house of Mr. DANIEL SMITH, in King-street, second door above Major WARD's, and nearly opposite Mrs. SCULLAR'S brick Building; where he will continue to do work in his line in a superior manner, and hopes from strict attention to Business, to merit a continuance of their patronage. June 24, 1828.

SHERIFF'S SALE. To be Sold on Thursday the 22d October next, at 12 o'clock, at the corner of the Exchange Coffee-House, in the Market-Square:— ALL the Right, Title, and Interest of JAMES MOPFAT, in and to Two certain LOTS of LAND, situate, lying and being in St. James's-street, in the Lower Cove, in the City of Saint John, and known on the plan of the said City as Lots No. 1077 and 1081; together with a Tan House, and all other Buildings and Improvements thereon, or in any wise appertaining;—Taken to satisfy an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of GEORGE BURNS, against the said JAMES MOPFAT. J. WHITE, Sheriff. St. John, 21st April, 1829.

NOTICES. AS the Subscriber intends closing his present business, those indebted to him will please pay immediately, or they may expect their several Accounts will be put in suit early in May next. SAMUEL STEPHEN. 28th April, 1828.

NOTICE.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of ALEXANDER EDMOND & Co. having this day expired; all persons therefore having any demands against said concern are requested to render them for adjustment, and those indebted, to make immediate payment to JOHN WISHART, Surviving Partner. March 1, 1828.

ALL Persons indebted to the late Firm of A SCOTT & LOWREY, are hereby requested to make payment before the 1st of January, 1829; otherwise they will be under the necessity of taking legal measures for the recovery of the same. D. SCOTT. M. J. LOWREY. St. John, 23th November, 1828.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of the late Hon. JOHN ROBINSON, deceased, are requested to present the same to the Subscribers; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to W. H. ROBINSON, } Execu- BEVERLEY ROBINSON, } tors. St. John, N. B. 25th October, 1828.

NOTICE.—All Persons having legal demands against the late Mr. HENRY GAULT, late of this City, Merchant, deceased, are requested to present the same within Twelve Months from this date, and all those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to GEORGE WOODS, Adm'r. Saint John, April 1, 1828.

ALL Persons indebted to Mr. JOHN STEVENS, late of the Parish of Lancaster, are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, who is duly authorized to receive the same. WILLIAM STEVENS. St. John, Sept. 23.

THE Subscriber having received a Power of Attorney from THOMAS SMITH, of this City, Merchant, hereby requests all persons who have claims against him, to present them for adjustment, and those indebted to make immediate payment. JOHN KIRBY. Saint John, February 5, 1828.

HOUSES & LANDS. FOR SALE, THAT pleasantly situated and handsome Free-Stone DWELLING-HOUSE, lately erected by the Subscriber, fronting on Colbourn-street, in this City, with an excellent GARDEN attached thereto.—The House having been built by the Subscriber, under the expectation of occupying it himself, every attention has been paid to have the Work executed in the best and most substantial manner. JAMES PETERS, JUN. February 24th, 1829.

FOR SALE, THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE and PREMISES, on the North West side of the Marsh, and about one mile distant from the city. The same will be sold with or without 7½ acres of MARSH in front thereof.—The terms of payment will be made perfectly easy to the purchaser, and possession given immediately, if required. C. I. PETERS. St. John, February 3.

TO LET, THE HOUSE and PREMISES, in Union-street, at present occupied by Mr. John Coss.—Possession given first of May.—Enquire of February 3. WILLIAM BLACK.

TO RENT—From 1st May, THE HOUSE with STORE and WARE ROOM, in Dock-street, formerly occupied by the subscriber.—Also, the COUNTING HOUSE and STORES, with YARD attached, in Nelson-street. February 3. WILLIAM BLACK.

TO LET, From first May next, THE whole or any part of the subscriber's STORE in Nelson-street, together with the YARD in rear of the same.—Application may be made to BURNS & JORDAN, or to February 3. JAMES JORDAN.

TO LET, Possession to be given on 1st May next— TWO Houses in Union-street, now occupied by Mr. James Whitney, and Mr. James Gerow. A House in Charlotte-street, occupied by J. C. FRITH, Esquire. The above premises have extensive Out-houses, Gardens, &c. and are very desirable residences for private families. —ALSO— To be entered on immediately— A FARM, on the Old Quaco Road, containing 200 acres, lately occupied by Benjamin Johnson, deceased. There is a Log House and Barn on it, and a considerable part of the Land is under good cultivation.—apply to CROOKSHANK & WALKER. February 3.

Valuable and Commodious Premises, TO LET. THE Subscriber offers to Let the whole or part of the Stores occupied by him, in Saint John-street. Also, the SHOP at present occupied by Messrs. W. J. STEVENS & Co. April 14. SAMUEL STEPHEN.

TO LET, For one or more years, from 1st May next— THE EXCHANGE COFFEE-HOUSE, now occupied by Mr. STRICKLAND. For terms, &c. please apply to Mr. WILLIAM O. CODY, St. John. March 3d.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE HOUSE in Germain-street, hitherto the residence of the late Hon. JOHN ROBINSON, with a three stall Stable, Coach-house, convenient Offices, a large Garden in excellent order, and 140 feet of Ground on the street. —ALSO—Five LOTS in Main-street, and two in Sheffield-street.—For terms, apply to W. H. ROBINSON, } Execu- BEVERLEY ROBINSON, } tors. March 3.

TO LET, For one or more years, and possession given on the 1st May next— THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE, in St. James's-street, Lower Cove, now in the occupation of Mr. Eaton.—For particulars, apply to THOMAS M. SMITH. February 3.

TO BE LET, And immediate possession given, if required; PART of that commodious DWELLING HOUSE, at present occupied by the Subscriber. —ALSO, from 1st May next— The HOUSE at present occupied by J. T. HANFORD, Esq. adjoining the above. February 3. WILLIAM DURANT.

TO LET, THAT neat SHOP, at present occupied by W. J. STEVENS, & Co. in St. John-street, well adapted for the Grocery Business. —ALSO, the STORE and SHOP, at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Beamish, on the Wharf of C. J. PETERS, Esq. February 7. SAMUEL STEPHEN.

TO LET, From the first day of May next— THAT convenient HOUSE and SHOP, at the corner of Duke and Germain-streets, now in the occupation of the Subscriber—being an excellent stand for a Grocery or Boarding-house. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber. St. John, 7th April. SOLOMON BRICE.

TO LET, THAT well known Property of John Ferguson, Esq. in St. John-street, corner of Horsfield's Alley, consisting of two convenient Stores and a Dwelling above.—For terms, &c. please apply to Feb. 3. KERR & RATCHFORD.

BLANK LAND PETITIONS, For sale at this Office.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE! THE ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut, continue to Insure HOUSES and BUILDINGS of all descriptions, GOODS, FURNITURE, &c. within the Province of New-Brunswick, on the usual terms, for which, with any other particulars, please apply to the Subscriber, who is duly authorized to issue Policies, Renewal Receipts, &c. ELISHA DEW RATCHFORD, St. John, May 27. Agent.

STEAM-BOAT SAINT JOHN, ROBERT WILEY, Master, HAVING a good fit out, with new Boiler, &c. will commence plying on her usual route on MONDAY the 18th instant, leaving St. John for Digby and Annapolis, on MONDAYS, and returning on TUESDAYS—for Eastport and St. Andrews, on THURSDAYS, and returning on SATURDAYS. Time of starting, 6 o'clock in the morning. As the Boat has undergone a thorough repair, and improved in every possible manner, together with Capt. WILEY being an acknowledged Pilot in the Bay, the Proprietors are confident of giving every satisfaction. St. John, 5th May.

HALIFAX & ST. JOHN PACKET. THE Subscribers beg to acquaint their Friends and the Public, that they intend running the new and fast sailing Schooner HANNAH SMITH, JAMES ROBINSON, Master, between this Port and Halifax, the coming season. For Freight or Passage; (having superior accommodations,) apply to VAUGHAN & HOWARD, Peters' Wharf. St. John, N. B. 24th March, 1829.

HALIFAX PACKET. THE subscriber has commenced running a PACKET between this Port and Halifax—Will take Freight and Passengers at a very moderate rate. Apply to J. WORSTER, St. John, March 10. South Market Wharf.

WINDSOR PACKETS. THE Subscribers, grateful for the liberal share of Public patronage they have experienced in running the line of Packets between this Port and Windsor, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that their Schooners TWO SONS, and ESTERREZZE, will commence running immediately on the opening of the navigation. For Freight or Passage, apply to B. DE WOLF, Esq. Windsor; or here to VAUGHAN & HOWARD, Peters' Wharf. 24th March, 1829.

FOR SALE, 400 ACRES of excellent LAND, situated in King's County, forty-two miles from Saint John, upwards of twenty acres cleared and in good cultivation, with a House, &c. on the same. For particulars, apply to JOHN COOK, Druggist. St. John, October 14, 1828.

MAILS. Arrival and Departure of the MAILS at and from Saint JOHN, (New-Brunswick.) MONDAY. For Fredericton, &c. by Nerepis, at 11 A. M. For St. Andrews, &c. by Land, 12 noon. From Fredericton, &c. by Boat, — P. M. TUESDAY. From St. Andrews, &c. by Land, at 1 P. M. For Fredericton, &c. by Boat, 4 P. M. From Halifax, &c. by Boat, — P. M. WEDNESDAY. For Halifax, Miramichi, Richibucto, Dorchester, Sussex Vale, Kingston, &c. by Land, 1 P. M. For St. Andrews and the U. States, by Boat, 4 P. M. THURSDAY. From Fredericton and Canada, by Nerepis, 11 A. M. From Fredericton, by the Boat, — P. M. FRIDAY. For Fredericton and Canada, by Boat, 4 P. M. SATURDAY. From Halifax, Miramichi, Richibucto, Dorchester, Sussex Vale, Kingston, &c. by Land, 10 A. M. For Halifax, Digby, &c. by Boat, 3 P. M. From St. Andrews, &c. by Boat, — P. M. —The above being the latest time for closing the Mails, it is necessary that all Letters should be posted before the above mentioned hours. —All Way Letters to be delivered between Post-Offices, must be paid. The Inland Postage on all Letters for Europe, Newfoundland, West-Indies, and the United States, must be paid at the rate of 9d. per single Letter, and so in proportion for a double or triple Packet, &c.—or they cannot be forwarded.

ASSIZE OF BREAD. Published April 29, 1829. THE Sixpenny Wheaten Loaf of Superfine lbs. or Flour, to weigh, - - - - - 1 14 The Sixpenny Rye - - - - - 3 6 And Shilling, Three-penny, and Penny-half-penny Loaves in the same proportion. LAUCHLAN DONALDSON, Mayor.

BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK. DIRECTOR for the Week... R. W. CROOKSHANK, Esq. Hours of Business, —from 10 to 3. DISCOUNT DAY, —THURSDAY. Bills intended for Discount, must be lodged with the Cashier before 3 o'clock on TUESDAY.

MARINE INSURANCE OFFICE. COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS FOR THE WEEK. Thomas Barlow, Hugh Johnston, Junior, John V. Thurgar. Office Hours, —12 to 3.

WEEKLY ALMANAC. MAY—1829. SUN Rises. Sets. MOON Rises. Sets. FULL SEA.

Table with 5 columns: Day, Sun Rises, Sun Sets, Moon Rises, Moon Sets. Rows for 27 WEDNESDAY, 28 THURSDAY, 29 FRIDAY, 30 SATURDAY, 31 SUNDAY, 1 MONDAY, 2 TUESDAY.

New Moon 1st, 1h, 5m. evening.

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