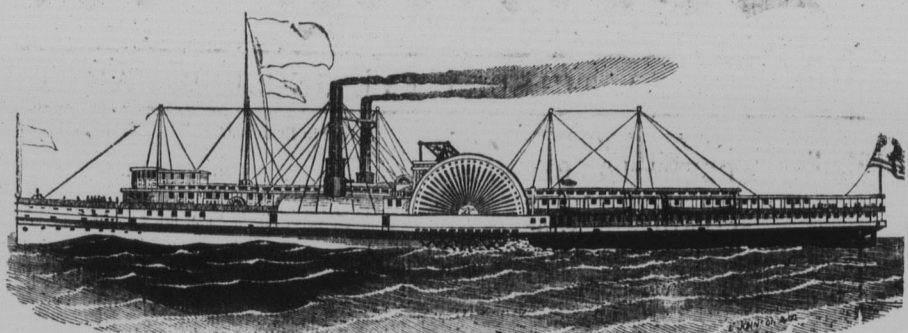


At COST



At COST

SELLING OFF HARDWARE AT COST!

LOOK AT MY LIST OF PRICES:

Cut Nails \$3.25 per keg, T Hinges 7 1/2c. per lb., Window Glass, ordinary size, \$2.20 per box.

Iron \$2.25 per 100 lbs., Sleigh Shoe Steel 5 cents per lb.

Spring Steel, 5 cents per lb., AXLES 1 inch \$2.25, 1 1/4 inch \$2.25, 1 1/2 inch \$2.50. AXLES, half patent, 1 inch \$2.50, 1 1/4 inch \$2.50, 1 1/2 inch \$2.75, Springs 10 1/2 cents per lb. Borax 20 cents, Shot 8 cents per lb., Cow Chains 25 cents each. Horse Rasps 14 in 37 1/2c; Bellows, 30 in., \$12, 32 in. \$12.75, 34 in. \$13.60, 36 in. \$14.45, 38 in. \$18.70; Coil Chain 5-16 6c per lb; 3-8 5 1/2c. per lb., 7-16 5c per lb.

COAL OIL ELEVEN CENTS BY THE BARREL.

And all other Goods equally low, including Lamps, Glasses, Wicks, &c.

Guelph, 8th February, 1868.

JOHN HORSMAN.

Guelph Evening Mercury OFFICE:.....MACDONNELL STREET TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 11, 1868.

EXTREME MEANNESS.

De mortuis nil nisi bonum. It is an old adage, and one that is generally regarded as a maxim of wisdom. It was spitefully set at naught on Monday evening in the pages of exultation which the Advertiser sang over the discontinuance of the Chronicle. It is only when an antagonist is living that a man possessed of any of the elements of true heroism finds cause of quarrel, and it is seldom indeed that rivalry or injuries are not forgiven and forgotten by the survivor, when Death has set his seal on his opponent. We do not plume ourselves on our ability to interpret incoherent ravings, but we think that the epitaph which the Advertiser engraved on the tombstone of the defunct Chronicle was not flattering—and we do not know what else it could be called than the spawnings of a crazy newspaper Ishmaelite. During the last decade the Wyndham-st. archer has stood in what he thinks an impregnable fortress while every man's hand has been against him, and his named shafts, tho' weak indeed, have been levelled not at public evils, but against those who have rendered themselves personally obnoxious. Man is fearfully and wonderfully made but the imagination of some people surpasses the comprehension of all others. Strange fancies often invade the minds of semi-lunatics, but the strangest that we ever heard of was that of an individual whose morbid intellect converted the whole world into one scurried phalanx of enemies, and himself into a Hercules, not leaning on a club, but wielding a pointless steel pen to do battle with them all. Were it not the index of a weak mind we should certainly say it was indicative of a bad heart when a man yells forth a demoniac "ha! ha!" over the prostrate body of an antagonist. But notwithstanding these eccentricities, to call them by a very mild name, we are assured that people are still perverse and crowd towards the citadel of the Ishmaelite in millions. Stranger still they are forcing friendship upon him, and exerting their utmost efforts to have him reconciled to his race. But with characteristic obstinacy he refuses to be indebted to their good offices, and casting aside the rude weapon of ancient warfare has mounted an Armstrong gun to keep his castle clear of his friends. It is rumored that the Premier of Canada was about to pay him a visit with an offer to appoint him to one of the vacant seats in the Cabinet, and that with consummate contumacy his answer was, that he would leave the gallant Knight without a head if he ventured on the sacred precincts. But all these troubles are insignificant when compared with nightly visions of the Tadpole. That was a chaste, elegant and forcible expression, that the Chronicle was "a slow-born twin of a dull and sickly Tadpole." That comprehended a great deal more than it expressed. It comprehended immense agony, and an anxious hoping for the time when he would be able to dance on the corpse of one hated rival as he has upon an-

other of which he was in mortal dread while yet animated. We beg to assure him that we are in the possession of perfect health and vigour, which we are not likely to abuse, as we never indulge in insane gambols, and we mean to cheat him of pipes and tobacco and a dance at our wake. All this we respectfully submit for his moral and mental improvement, together with the admonition that Canada is a free country, and knows no distinction among its people except what merit makes, and he must be ignoble indeed who would envy another the place he wins in the scale of social existence.

The Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway Bill.

The Bill to amend the Act incorporating the Wellington, Grey & Bruce Railway was under the consideration of the Railway Committee on Friday, and all the clauses were adopted except the 5th, to which very strong objections were taken. Had the friends of the bill persisted in pressing this clause, it might have caused much delay and perhaps have led to its defeat. It was therefore wisely withdrawn. In order that the nature of it may be understood, we will quote it:—It shall be lawful for the County Councils of the counties of Wellington, Grey and Bruce, or either of them, to pass a by-law or by-laws to issue their debentures for the same amounts as have been or shall be issued by the several township or village municipalities, or either of them, within their respective counties, on receiving, as an indemnity or security from such municipality, a deposit of the debentures hereby legalized or authorized to be issued, as aforesaid, and by the same or any subsequent by-law to authorize the delivery thereof to the Railway Company, in lieu of the debentures of such local municipality, as aforesaid, or such county councils may pass a by-law or by-laws to guarantee the payment of such debentures of the local municipality, without, in either case, submitting them for the assent of the electors of such county or counties.

The Toronto correspondent of the Hamilton Times gives the following as the objections urged in committee against this clause:

"1. It was objected that county municipalities should not be permitted to incur obligations of the nature of those mentioned in the above section without the legally expressed consent of the people. 2. As the Municipal Law now stands it would involve the necessity of levying two rates for the same purpose—one for the County debentures and another for the Town or Township debentures. 3. It would be imposing obligations of a pecuniary nature on those townships which should issue no debentures. These were the principal arguments used against the 5th section. Its withdrawal was a matter of very little consequence, for though county debentures would sell much more readily, and at a better price than those of a township, still there is not the slightest probability that any one of the county councils would have exchanged debentures as proposed, had the section remained. It might, therefore, just as well be withdrawn as retained."

FEBRUARY.

Really this should be noticed. We observe in the Blue Treatise (which indeed is worthy the name of a scientific work) on page 13, an article headed Lactical Vessels, &c. 'Tis grand. Read it for yourselves, and understand the principle upon which the great Shoshonoes Remedy makes such wonderful cures of diseases of the Stomach, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, &c. One of these valuable treatise accompanies each bottle of that peculiar Indian Medicine, for sale everywhere.

Have we a Quarrel with England?

The following is part of an article from the New York Tribune.—The true American feels a glory and pride in England. With all her faults—and she has many—we know that from her womb we issued; that until the last century her history is our history; that we speak her language, observe her customs, and obey her laws. Cromwell and William and Marlborough, Bacon, and Shakespeare and Milton, are as much Americans as Washington and Irving. Our differences, like the differences of the rebellion, have been intense, bitter and deplorable. There is no quarrel like a family quarrel. The strength of present hatred is only equalled by the strength of past love. There are no doubt, many Englishmen who regard America with jealousy. Men as eminent as Bulwer and Gladstone hastened to express it during the war. The dominant aggressive Yankee Republic should be carved, they thought, for the good of mankind. Six Republics (we believe Bulwer's imagination was content with six) would make the United States very much like the Republics of South America—neither to be courted nor dreaded. This feeling corresponds with the anti-English sentiment in America. It is noisy and malicious, and very often annoying. But we do not believe it is the sentiment of England. Where, then, is our quarrel with the English nation? England and America are too strong to indulge in mere menace or recrimination. A war with England would be the most deplorable calamity that could happen to civilization. We do not speculate upon the material results of such a war. We might capture Canada, and hold it; we might even send General Sheridan with an expeditionary corps to seize Dublin and rouse the Irish nation; we might invade Australia; we certainly would sweep the English flag from the seas, and see our own go with it, and the vast commerce that now covers the ocean would pass under the flags of France, and Russia, and Germany. All this would be very glorious, and would make capital rhetoric for a hundred years—but what good would come of it? Here would be the two nations of the world which hold the advance guard of liberty, destroying each other for a sentiment or passion. Let our war with England be a war of peace. We can fight her in the arts and sciences, and literature, and political economy, and wise government. Already we capture hundreds of thousands of her soldiers every year—as much captured as though taken in arms—taken without bloodshed, and who come to us as allies and friends. Could we do better with war?

New Advertisements.

IN STOCK & FOR SALE

Low PRICES.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

- 50 cases Martell's Old Brandy. 50 " Hennessy's do 50 " Otdard Dupoy Brandy 50 " Ginger Wine. Barrels of Malt, Old Rye and Common Whiskey. 200 bushels of Dried Apples. 100 doz new green corn Brooms Porto Rico Molasses, Standard, Golden and Amber Syrups. Coarse and Fine Liverpool Salt. Oatmeal and Buckwheat Flour, AT JOHN A. WOOD'S.

WANTED. TWO young men of steady habits. Apply at the Ministry office. Guelph, 5th February, 1868. dtf

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies. CHURCH-ST. - - - QUELPH.

MISS WIGHTMAN begs to announce that her school will re-open (D.V.) on the 6th of January. Vacancies for two or three boarders. Guelph, 20th December, 1867. wly

FRENCH'S

Condition POWDER, HEAVE REMEDY.



FOR THE CURE OF HEAVES

Thick and Broken Wind, Coughs, Colds, Inflammation of the Lungs, And all Diseases which affect the wind of Horses.

It is the best medicine known for removing all Impurities of the Blood and producing a Sleek and Glossy Coat, and they have a peculiarly good effect in cleansing the Skin. As a Diuretic Medicine they will be found superior to any other Powder made. Prepared by

A. B. PETRIE Chemist and Druggist, Apothecaries' Hall, Market Square, Guelph. Guelph, 29th Jan. 1868. wd

G. A. D. C.

THE Guelph Amateur Dramatic Club intend giving another of their popular entertainments in the TOWN HALL.

On Wednesday, 19th Feb., When the celebrated Tragedy, in Five Acts, entitled

BARBAROSSA: By John Brown, D. D., will be produced for the first time in Guelph. To commence with the evening of

THE HAPPY MAN Tickets 25c. Reserved seats 50c.

M. ARMOUR, Manager. Mr. VALE, Leader of Orchestra. Guelph, 4th Feb. 1868. dtf

ALLAN'S Barber SHOP.

IN THE BASEMENT OF Castle Garden SALOON, West Market Square.

SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING, SHAMPOONING, and HAIR COLOURING, Done in First-Class Style.

Making and doing up Curls for Ladies. Guelph, February 6th. dtm

SPEED LODGE NO. 180.

A. F. & A. M. THE next regular meeting of the above Lodge will be held in the old Masonic Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, February 11th, at half past seven. By order. JOHN CRIDFORD, Secretary. Guelph, 7th February, 1868.

Guelph Garrison Battery ATTENTION!

A FULL MUSTER of the above Company is ordered on TUESDAY EVENING FIRST, at half past 7 p.m., at the Company is to be inspected on Friday following. JAS. BARCLAY, Capt. Guelph, Feb. 8, 1868. 143

New Advertisements.

Good Gracious Me!

Where did you get those delicious OYSTERS?

Why, at BERRY'S to be Sure!

WHOS BERRY? WHY, The Confectioner on Wyndham-st

WHERE ALL THE GOOD THINGS ARE KEPT. Guelph, 11th February, 1868. dw



ORANGES and LEMONS

Just received, Wholesale and Retail, at HUGH WALLEN'S

Where do you get your Watches, CLOCKS AND JEWELLERY REPAIRED?



AT SAVAGE'S.

Public REQUEST.

A. O. BUCHAM

REQUESTS public attention to the fact that Dry Goods men never quarrel over their profits; they are not large enough to make a fuss about. Nevertheless, their desire to do business is all the same, and A. O. B. would take this opportunity of strongly recommending the respectable inhabitants of this town to visit his Establishment in order to secure the Best Choice, and most Decided Bargains in Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel of every description. On hand low, and selling at the latest market quotations, a Superior

Lot of Grey and White Cottons, Goods that are not surpassed in value at the present time. NEW CLODS JUST OPENED, 37 1/2 CENTS EACH.

A. O. BUCHAM. Guelph, Feb. 8, 1868. d

NOTICE. Wool, Hide and Leather DEPOT, No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street. Guelph, July 31, 1867 (dw D. MOLTON

MR. CHAS. GRUNDY who has been my Bookkeeper for several years in Guelph is authorized to collect all debts due to me, and to grant receipts in my name for all payments that may be paid to him on my account. Also, to adjust and pay any accounts due by me. OFFICE: In the store of Messrs. John M. Bond & Co., Corner of Wyndham and Cork-Sts. HENRY MULHOLLAND. Guelph, 22nd January, 1868. dtw

