

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 16, 1906

Vol. XXXV, No. 20

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddie, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddie of tea as advertised in this paper.

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Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

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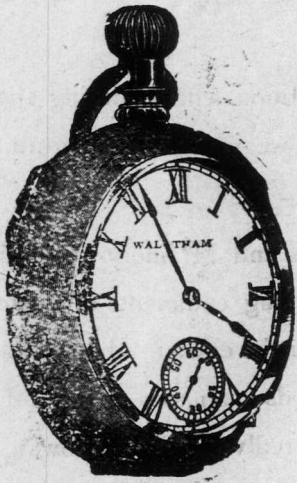
Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors. Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing, and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

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PEAKE'S NO. 3 WHARF.

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E. F. RYAN, B. A.,
BARRISTER & ATTORNEY,
GEORGETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
March 29, 1906.



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JEWELER and OPTICIAN.

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HANDSOME LADIES' WATCHES (Reliable) \$10.00, \$14.00, \$20.00 and \$50.00.

CHAINS — \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00, up to \$20.00.

WATCHES for Men, Regina or Waltham — \$7.50, \$10.00, \$20.00 and \$35.00.

RINGS, for Wedding or Birthday, plain or set with precious stones.

SPECTACLES, in rimless or mounted. Lenses adapted by testing to each eye separately.

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Groceries



Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1904 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.

Eureka Tea.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure Sold wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery,

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Begin the New Year WELL.

— BY —

Buying a Suit, an Overcoat, a pair of Pants, a Coat & Vest, or a Raincoat for yourself or your son.

..OR..

Tweeds, Homespuns, Flannels, Blankets, Horse Blanketing, Carriage Wraps, Buffalo Lining & Robes.

When in town give us a call, it will mean \$\$\$ to you.

The Humphrey Clothing Store,

Opera House Building, City.

A. WINFIELD SCOTT, Manager.

P. O. Box 417.

Phone 63.

Wholesale and Retail.

Rules of Etiquette.

FROM "A GENTLEMAN."

After the roast there will probably be an entremets of some kind. It may be an omelette, it may be only a salad, or it may be some elaborately made dish. In any case, your fork and a bit of bread will help you out. When in doubt, a young man should always use his fork—never his knife, as it is used only to cut with, and to help one's self to oblige. Vegetables are always taken with the fork; lettuce too, and asparagus, except when there is no liquid sauce covering it entirely. Lettuce, when without sauce, asparagus when not entirely covered with sauce, are eaten with the fingers. Water-cress is always eaten with the fingers, and so are artichokes. A dinner ought not to last over two hours; but it may. If our guest yawns or looks at his watch he is ruined socially. He might almost as well thrust his knife into his mouth as do either of them. When he gets more accustomed to the world, he will discern that people object to a view of his throat suddenly opened to them.

But to return to our dinner-party. If the finger bowls are brought on, the general custom is to remove them from the little plate on which they stand. The little napkins underneath them are not used, these are merely put there to save the plate from being scratched by the finger bowls. As usage differs somewhat here, the young guest had better watch his hostess and imitate her.

An ice called a Roman punch is served after the roast; it is always eaten with a spoon. If a fork is served with the ice-cream at the end of the dinner, the amiable young man had better not begin to giggle and ask "What's this for?" If he never saw ice-cream eaten with a fork before, it is not necessary to show it. It is very often so eaten, and if he finds a fork near his ice-cream plate, let him use it just as if it was no novelty. To show surprise in society is bad taste; it is good taste to praise the flowers, the china, the soup. One ought to say that he enjoyed himself, but never to say that he is thankful for a good dinner. It is understood that civilized people dine together for the pleasure of one another's society, not merely to eat.

When the little cups of black coffee are served, our young guest may take a lump of sugar with his fingers if there are no tongs. Similarly in regard to knives, he may take them with his fingers. One's fingers should be dipped in the finger-bowls—here is a story told of a young man who at his first dinner-party put his napkin into his finger-bowl and mopped his face. The host, who ought to have been more polite, asked him if he wanted a bath-tub. The boy said no and asked for a sponge.

Religions Maxims.

SUNDAY.

Jesus said: "Blessed thy Mother." Remember Thou Thy holy Mother's power That she possesses o'er Thy Heart divine; Remember, at her prayer, one joyful hour, Thou dost change water to delicious wine. Design also to transform my works, though poor they may be. Oh, make them glorious works when Mary pleads with Thee. That I am Mary's child, Dear Jesus, meek and mild, Remember Thou!

MONDAY.

Jesus went into the mountain alone to pray. And when it was evening, he was there alone. Remember that the summit of the hills Thou often didst ascend at set of sun. Ah! how Thy prayer the long, long night-hours fills,— Thy chants of praise when weary day is done, Thy prayer I offer now, with ever new delight, Joined to my own poor prayers, my life, day and night. That I, too, near Thy heart, Take in Thy prayer my part, Remember Thou!

TUESDAY.

Jesus said: "Pray ye the Lord of the harvest that He send laborers into His harvest." Remember that Thine eyes beheld the fields Write to the harvest,—harvest of the blast! Thy Heart o'er them I's mystic influence wield; Within that Heart is room for all, and rest. That soon may come for Thee Thy

glorious harvest day, I immolate myself, I offer prayers always. I give my joys, my tears, For Thy good harvesters. Remember Thou!

WEDNESDAY.

Jesus said: "There shall be joy before the angels of God upon one sinner doing penance." Recall that feast of angels in delight, That harmony of heaven's kingly host, The joy of all those choirs of spirits bright, When one is saved, once counted 'mongst the lost. Oh, how I would suggest that joy and glory there! For sinners I will pray with ceaseless, ardent prayer. To win dear souls to heaven, My life and prayers are given, Remember Thou!

THURSDAY.

Jesus said: "I am come to earth, and what will I, but that it be kindled?" Remember that most holy flame of love Thou wouldst enkindle in all hearts always. To me it came from Thy fair heaven above, Would I could spread its fires by night and day! One feeble spark, dear Lord! O glorious mystery! A fire immense can light, if fanned to flame by Thee, I long, Divinest Star! To bear the flames afar. Remember Thou!

FRIDAY.

Jesus said: "Son, thou art ever with Me, and all that I have is thine." Remember how the feast board was grazed, To feast the penitent returning son! Remember, too, the innocent soul is placed Closely by Thee, O Thou Beloved One! Unto the prodigal son no welcome is denied! But, oh! the elder son is always at Thy side. Father, and Love Divine, All that Thou hast is mine. Remember Thou!

SATURDAY.

Jesus said: "I am the Good Shepherd."—Sacred Heart Review, He Who Practiced as He Spoke.

When a Christian statesman, conspicuous for his civic virtues, as well as for the integrity of his private life addresses the public in behalf of some political, philanthropic, or economic measure, his words are listened to with marked attention and respect, independently of the intrinsic merit of his arguments and of the eloquence with which he enforces them. But let a demagogue or a time-server advocate the same cause, we will hear him with impatience or a smile of incredulity, because his public utterances are totally at variance with his private character.

This line of reasoning acquires overwhelming force when it is applied to our Savior. We admire, indeed, the beauty of his moral maxims, but their intrinsic excellence is enhanced by the splendor of his spotless life and matchless virtues, which shed a halo on his words.

Jesus never inculcates a moral duty which he does not practice in an eminent degree. He taught by example before he taught by precept. 'Jesus,' says the gospel, "began to do and to teach." We are drawn to him more by the charm of his public and private life than by the sublimity of his doctrines and the eloquence of his words. The sermons of our Savior inspire us indeed with an esteem for virtue, but his conduct stimulates us to the practice of it. Never did any man speak as Jesus spoke. As far as we have any record of his utterances, the most admired discourse he ever delivered was the Sermon on the Mount. But even the Sermon on the Mount yields in force and power before the sermon on the cross. There we find eloquence in action.

Let us consider our Savior in three striking incidents of his life, which serve as examples to us when we are placed in similar circumstances. Witness the conduct of our Lord in the hours of his passion. With firmness and constancy he displays under the most severe trials! What dignity and composure, what self-possession under the most provoking insults! What sublime silence under the most blasphemous calumnies! What a lesson to us to preserve our temper when hard words are said against us and to keep down the spirit of resentment that would rise in our breast! Witness our Savior when he sees his Father's house profaned, when he sees the temple of God changed into

a market place. Observe the indignation in his looks and the fire of holy wrath that flashes in his eyes when, single handed, he seizes a scourge and drives the buyers and sellers out of the temple, says to them, "My house is a house of prayer, but you have made it a den of thieves." Learn from his example that no matter what you may endure, you must be always zealous for God's rights, truth justice and conscience. Learn never to compound with sin, and set your face against corruption, whether it lurks at home or stalks abroad in social or political life. Now, contemplate our Savior at the tomb of Lazarus. See how the lion in the temple is transformed into a lamb at the tomb; how the lion among the money changers becomes a lamb among the mourners. The eyes that flashed with indignation in the temple melt into tears at the grave of a friend.

The gospels tell us that when Jesus stood at the tomb of Lazarus he wept. I never read in the gospels that Jesus laughed, but I read more than once that he wept. And yet the tears of Jesus have brought more joy and consolation to the human heart than all the mirth provoking books that were ever written. Jesus wept to teach us that he had a human heart as well as a divine personality.

This incident suggests to us an important truth—viz: that the most delicate sensibility is not incompatible with the most sturdy manhood; nay, it teaches us more: the tender sympathy and emotion are essential to true manhood. The courage of the man is not the courage of the brute. The man who has gone down into the human heart and sounded the depths of its sorrows and sympathized with its sufferings in others, as Christ has done, is best fitted to bear his own cross when the hand of adversity presses heavily upon him.

If you would, then, be perfect study and imitate the life of Christ as it is presented to you in the pages of the gospel. "Look and do according to the pattern that was shown you on the mount;" that, contemplating your Savior, you may admire him, admiring, you may love him; loving him, you may embrace him, embracing him, you may imitate him, and thus you will become more conformable to that heavenly model who is "the splendor of God's glory and the figure of his substance."

Make yourselves familiar with the words and deeds of your Master by the frequent perusal of the gospels. The gospels contain the best narrative of Christ, because they are inspired, and are not diluted by human speculation. Christ will be your light in darkness, he will be your companion in solitude, your rest in weariness of spirit. He will be your teacher in doubt, your physician in sickness of heart, your strength in weakness, your joy and consolation in sorrow and affliction. He will be your life in death. "Follow me," he says; "I am the way, the truth and the life. He that followeth me walketh not in darkness, but shall have the light of life." Cardinal Gibbons, in Chicago Tribune.

Italians Teaching New Englanders.

Can the Yankees learn anything from the Italian immigrants? They bear some Yankee talk we would suppose that the men of the old native stock, so-called, know it all, and that the new comers have to be taught everything. But the editor of Maxwell's Talieman thinks that even in farming methods the Italian can give the New Englander some hints worth taking. In Maxwell's Talieman for March is the following:

"Old Foggy" New England may yet teach the "up-to-date" and progressive" Middle West some valuable lessons in the management of its farms—though New England itself is learning them of its new Italian population. The sons and daughters of Italy are taking possession of the once numerous abandoned farms along the many lines of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, are irrigating the soil, and converting into productive gardens the acres on which the devotees of old-fashioned farming had been unable to make a living. It came about from the action of the railroad officials in 'posting' their Italian laborers as to the low price at which such lands could be had—often as low as a dollar an acre—with markets within an hour's distance on every hand. The laborers were quick to seize the opportunity. Farmers and the sons of farmers for generations, and born irrigators, the chances to become the actual owners of a little patch of land, obtainable at a price only a fifth or hundredth part of what they would have to pay in Italy, seemed to them almost miraculous. Wives and mother and children were sent for, and while the Italian workmen hung on to their railroad jobs, their families set about cultivating the land. Applying the knowledge of irrigation gained in Italy, they were winning the reward which every where follows careful tillage accompanied by a discreet use of water. All New England farms will one day be irrigated, and the young men who years ago 'went west' because the paternal acres were 'not worth cultivating' will, in those, their later years, receive some interesting and, it is to be hoped, beneficial lessons from the homesteads they despised."

The Bad Cold of To-Day MAY BE PNEUMONIA TO-MORROW.

The cure thereof is within your grasp, to the cure, some kind of a cold, may develop into Pneumonia, Bronchitis, or some Throat or Lung trouble.

DR. WOODS NORWAY PINE SYRUP

contains all the lung-healing virtues of the pine tree, and is a sure cure for Coughs, Colds and all Throat or Lung troubles. Mrs. E. Hutchinson, 188 Argyle Street, Toronto, writes: "I have been a sufferer from Chronic Bronchitis for years and have found Dr. Woods' Norway Pine Syrup far better than any of the hundreds of remedies I have used. One whole family has been cured of Coughs or Colds. We would not be without it."

"Don't be humbugged into taking something 'just as good' as Dr. Wood's and find out on getting it. Put up in yellow wrapper, three glass vials in the trade mark and price 25 cents."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A young man went to a singing master for lessons, and was asked if he had any ear for music.

"Not in the least," he replied. "I seem to have no talent whatever in that direction. I actually can't distinguish one tune from another."

On being further pressed, he admitted he could recognize one tune only. "And what is that?" asked the teacher. "My Country 'Tis of Thee," responded the musical aspirant. "Ah!" said the tutor, a gleam of hope in his eyes. "We shall probably produce some result, then. And may I ask you you recognize that particular tune?" "Well, because when it is sung the folks all stand up," was the discouraging reply.

There is nothing better for children's Coughs and Colds than Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. It is very pleasant to take and always cures the little ones' coughs promptly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diatemper.

A motor-car came pelted down the high street of a little country town the other day, and in turning a corner at the bottom it collided with and knocked down a pedestrian who was carrying a basket of potatoes on his shoulder. Fortunately the fellow escaped with a few bruises, and when he had recovered somewhat a spectator said to him— "That was a lucky get off, my man."

"Yes, so 'twas," replied the victim, groping for his potatoes. "S'pose I'd bin carrin' eggs?"

Clears Away Worms.

Mrs. Wm. Graham, Sheppardton, Ont., writes: "I have given Dr. Low's Worm Syrup to my boy time and again and find it a good-worm medicine. It is nice to take and never makes the child sick like powders." Price 25c.

A little girl, who was trying to tell a friend how absent-minded her grandpa was, said:— "He walks about, thinking about nothing, and when he remembers it he then forgets that what he thought of was something entirely different from what he wanted to remember."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders contain neither morphine nor opium. They promptly cure Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Headache, Headache of Grippe, Headache of delicate ladies and Headache from any cause whatever. Price 10c and 25c.

Minard's Liniment Cures everything.

THREE Trying Times in A WOMAN'S LIFE WHEN

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

are almost an absolute necessity towards her future health. The first when she is just building from girlhood into the full bloom of womanhood. The second period that constitutes a special drain on the system is during pregnancy. The third and the one most liable to leave heart and nerve troubles is during "change of life." In all three periods Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will prove of wonderful value to the sufferer. Mrs. James King, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "I was troubled very much with heart trouble—the same being in a great extent due to 'change of life.' I have been taking your Heart and Nerve Pills for some time, and mean to continue doing so, as I can truthfully say they are the best remedy I have ever used for building up the system. You are at liberty to use this statement for the benefit of other sufferers." Price 20 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25, all dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MAY 16th, 1906.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY. JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

Please send in your subscriptions.

ACCORDING to a special despatch from Constantinople, printed in Monday morning's London newspapers, the Portes' reply to the British note promises to restore the status quo ante on the Sinai peninsula, and to guarantee the delimitation of the boundary by a Turkish Commission. This is the demand that the Sultan was trying to evade, as it would acknowledge Great Britain's protectorate over Egypt and the severance of Egypt from the Ottoman Empire, while the Sultan wishes to maintain before the world that Egypt is still a portion of his empire. Monday morning's Post's Constantinople correspondent says: "Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish Foreign Minister, subsequently furnished Ambassador O'Connor with an explanation which he considered quite satisfactory,—thus ending the crisis.

THE Patriot of Monday the 14th, inst., refers to a sermon preached on the previous Sunday evening by the Rev. William Dobson, on "Sabbath Day Observance." During the course of his sermon the Rev. gentleman said, according to the Patriot's report, that "he had been criticized for his comments on Sunday parades, but he would ask any one to show wherein he was wrong. Attendance at church during these parades is no excuse for Sabbath breaking. Such an excuse is akin to the Jesuitical doctrine 'doing evil that good may come.' It is to this alleged 'Jesuitical doctrine' we wish particularly to refer, and we have quoted the context in order to show the connection in which the Rev. gentleman used the words attributed to him. The Rev. gentleman's words, 'doing evil that good may come' constitute but a slightly varied expression of the formula: 'The good end justifies the bad means,' frequently attributed to the Jesuits; but never proved. So often has this offensive alleged Jesuitical doctrine, 'Doing evil that good may come,' or 'The good end justifies the bad means,' been refuted, that it is not now asserted, except by very ignorant or very bigoted persons. In 1903 the matter came up for discussion in Germany, and the Rev. G. Dasbach, a distinguished priest and member of the Reichstag, offered a reward of 2,000 gulden (about 4,000 marks) to any one who should bring forward incontestable proofs from accredited Jesuit authors that they taught the doctrine of 'The good end justifies the bad means.' The (judges) umpires were to be University Professors, Catholic and Protestant, to be agreed upon by the parties. Count Hohenbroch, the ex-Jesuit and apostate Catholic, came forward and affirmed to have peremptorily proved that the Jesuits taught the doctrine, and published a pamphlet in which the proof was supposed to be found. In the meantime Father Dasbach had failed to obtain his jury, as the Protestant professors refused to serve. Then the Count sued the priest for the reward in the civil court of Trier. The court decided that the case was not actionable according to the German law, as it was of the nature of a wager, and consequently dismissed the case with costs. From this sentence the plaintiff appealed to the Supreme Court of the Rhine Province, in Cologne. This court rendered its decision on March 30, 1905. First of all, the sentence of the lower court was set aside, on the ground that this was not a wager, but a real prize problem. Then the court declared itself competent to deal with the controversy on its merits without any need of theological experts or specialists. 'Whoever claims the reward offered by the defendant,' says the court, 'must have clearly proved, that in any one passage of Jesuit writings the general principle is expressly enunciated that any action, though in itself morally bad, becomes licit when used as a means to compass a good end. The plaintiff asserts that in his pamphlet 'The end justifies the means,' this proof is contained. The court, therefore, has only to deal with this pamphlet and not with any Jesuit works, the fidelity of the citations being accepted by both parties. The court then proceeded to the

examination, one by one, of the passages alleged from St. Toletus, Mariana, Vasquez, Sanchez, Becanus, Laymann, Delrio, Castropalo, Escobar, Tamburini, Voit, Gury and Palmieri, and after discussing them arrived at the conclusion that in not one of these texts is the general principle affirmed that the end justifies the means. The plaintiff therefore has failed to prove his point and is not entitled to the reward. His appeal is rejected.

THE shortening of the time of the ocean voyage between Great Britain and Canada has become an interesting matter. From week to week we read of reduction of time and of breaking of records. The last record-breaker in this respect is the new steamer of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Empress of Britain, of which mention is elsewhere made in this issue. On Saturday last, she arrived at Father Point, Quebec, in five days, thirty-three hours and seventeen minutes from Moville, including the difference in time. This breaks the record for the Atlantic and places the Empress among the list of vessels of the record-breaking class in the Canadian service. The Moville Quebec record via Cape Race was previously held by the Virginian, which had made the westward trip in six days and three hours. Dr. Elgin, the Fairfield company's constructing engineer, who came over on the Empress, was so pleased by the showing of the vessel on her maiden trip that he confidently predicts that she will set the pace at a much swifter gait when the stiffness in her machinery has become more limber by use. The Empress experienced heavy gales on Wednesday and Thursday and slowed down six hours on account of the heavy weather. The passengers were highly delighted with the ship's performance, which brought out fully the sterling sea-going qualities of the vessel. For her maiden voyage the time made must be considered highly satisfactory. Over the safe southern route via Cape Race the Empress of Britain came. Her daily runs were 417, 432, 452, 469, 410 and 443 knots to Rimouski, which place she passed at 12.25 o'clock Saturday afternoon. All passengers had something complimentary to say about the smoothness with which the engines ran. The counter-balanced engines seem to work without vibration. She is undoubtedly one of the smoothest running of all the sea flyers. "She is," added Captain Stewart, "the best sea boat I ever saw." Another spoke of irresponsible timber cutting, of irresponsible operators to the injury of bona fide holders. The reading of these suppressed statements caused a remarkable sensation in the house. Mr. Ames went on to say that the house would now understand why he had preferred the original papers to the copies which the minister submitted. These mutilated and falsified reports showed why he distrusted Mr. Oliver's blue books and the departmental reports.

Proceedings at Ottawa.

On motion to go into supply on Thursday last Mr. Ames (conservative, Montreal) brought up the question of western lands, reviewing the record and situations. Speaking of the land wealth of the country as uninventoried assets, there was a time when the land areas seemed so vast that prudence in regard to them was thought unnecessary. It was time now to take stock of the situation. Mr. Ames submitted calculations and estimates of authorities to show that there were ninety million acres of arable prairie land between Red River and the Rocky Mountains, south of Timber Belt. Of these seventy millions had been alienated or pledged. Half the remaining twenty millions were locked up for the present, and half were homesteads. This ten millions would at the present rate of settlement be taken up in two years. Mr. Ames then showed that the price of land had gone up rapidly and with this increase the temptation to obtain lands dishonestly had increased. Mr. Ames showed that one species of land fraud was the fake entry. He had obtained returns showing that there was 108,499 homestead entries made. Deducing from these the patents issued and the cancellations, he found a margin of 15,000, which after the term had expired had either been cancelled or patented. Some of these had stood five and even twenty years. By enquiry he had found many of these homesteads were held by men who were not settlers at all, but speculators, holding the land for sale. Last year he visited the

village of Radisson, near Edmonton. He was told then by apparently reliable residents of eight separate.

CASES OF FAKE ENTRIES.

Men, some of them relatives to members of parliament, who did not live there were holding these lands without fulfilling the conditions. Names of four other fake homesteaders in this small district had since been sent to Mr. Ames and he submitted the whole twelve. Again, he had driven fifty miles through the country, passing through lands, every available foot of which had been homesteaded. Yet there was hardly a farm in operation in the whole region. Yet these lands were not available for new settlers. They were simply held by speculators. Mr. Ames went on to say that somehow private land agents all through the country could sell unoccupied homesteads. If the settler bought a quarter section at a double price from one of these agents, the agent threw in a homestead for nothing. Of course it was unlawful and one man had been prosecuted for doing it, but the traffic went on. Mr. Ames read from the Winnipeg Free Press (liberal) an account of these homestead "blanketing." The statement was made by a prominent liberal writer named Waugh that "A daring cold blooded hold-up and swindle is being perpetrated." "Now," said Mr. Ames, "is the government aware of these swindles?" Obtaining no answer, Mr. Ames said the government did know. "Mr. Oliver says that I asked for returns that were given in the blue books," said Mr. Ames. "He invited me to read the interior report. Well, I have read it carefully. I find the deputy minister refers me to certain pages for the reports of Dominion land agents. Turning to these I expected to find some reference to fake homesteading. There was not a word of it. Everything was reported to be rose colored. But the minister credits me with an insatiable curiosity. This curiosity led me to examine the original documents of which the blue book report was supposed to be a reprint. To my surprise I found there were references to these offences, and these passages were cut out of the reports which are given by the department to the country."

Mr. Ames then read the paragraphs which had been suppressed. These paragraphs stated homestead entries had been made by speculators years before and that no settlers were on the lands. Another spoke of irresponsible timber cutting, of irresponsible operators to the injury of bona fide holders. The reading of these suppressed statements caused a remarkable sensation in the house. Mr. Ames went on to say that the house would now understand why he had preferred the original papers to the copies which the minister submitted. These mutilated and falsified reports showed why he distrusted Mr. Oliver's blue books and the departmental reports.

THE INAUGURATION CEREMONY.

As the royal procession entered the throne room where the members of both houses were assembled, it was a magnificent, but to foreign eyes, semi-barbaric pageant headed by two masters of ceremonies in gorgeous uniforms stiff with gold, which appeared. Before them walked two grooms and three court heralds with gold tipped wands. Then like a phalanx came a resplendent array of court dignitaries and officials, all with their breasts covered with decorations, their places in the procession being in order of rank. Following them, escorted by twelve tall grenadiers in bearskin shakos, under the command of two guard officers with drawn sabres, six high dignitaries bore the emblems of the sovereignty: the House of Romanoff, the seal of the empire, the imperial standard the sword of state with its long straight blade borne point up; the orb and sceptre and the glittering imperial crown in the order named. Half a dozen paces in the rear, the emperor walking alone, advanced easily, holding himself erect and evidentely steeling himself for the ceremony. He was dressed in the simple blue uniform of a colonel in the Preborski regiment of the guards, with half length boots, and his only decoration was the scarlet ribbon of the Alexander Nevsky order across his breast and the diamond star of the St. Andrew's order. He carried his military cap in his left hand. At an interval of two paces came Baron Fredericks and two special aides de camp, and then the two empresses, the places of honor being accorded to the dowager empress and family with the exception of the baby niece to the throne, Grand Duke Alex-

Russian Parliament Inaugurated.

Without a single hitch and with only a minor accident to mar the memorable day, the Russian parliament was inaugurated on Thursday. The weather was superb and the stage management of the impressive ceremony at the winter palace where Emperor Nicholas, surrounded by courtiers and all the pomp and panoply of power, delivered the speech from the throne to the members of the two houses, was perfect. Such a spectacle perhaps, never before has been witnessed on the earth's stage. The message in reality, was less a throne speech than a greeting, and required only three minutes for its delivery. Emperor Nicholas read slowly. The admirable and even cordial tone of the sovereign in renewing his pledges and asking the co-operation of parliament for the regeneration of the country was only negatively satisfied. Courtiers and spectators on either side of the national parliament, led the cheering, but the members were ominously silent, expressing neither approval nor disapproval. What rankled most was the failure of the emperor to mention amnesty and later, when the members assembled in the Tauride Palace, away from the spell of the throne room, many of them were with difficulty restrained from precipitating matters by offering resolutions on the subject. The constitutional democratic leaders, however, who dominated everything, were anxious not to weaken the reply which the lower house will prepare to the speech from the throne, in which issues with the crown will be joined and succeed in staving off premature action. At the Tauride palace tens of thousands of people were acclaiming their representatives, at the winter palace legions of military and courtiers by the hundreds cheered for the emperor. Nevertheless, the proceedings of the lower house were not spectacular, in fact they were almost tame by comparison with those at the winter palace. The only genuine flashes of fire which showed the real temper of the house were, Prof. Mouroureff, who had been elected president of the lower house, invited government officials and clerks to leave the hall, and when Ivan Petrunkevitch in a few eloquent words from the rostrum told the auditors that the first thought of the parliament should be for those who had suffered in the cause of liberty, who now filled the prisons, and whose arms were stretched out in hope and confidence to the people's representatives. More enthusiastic cheering than that which greeted this appeal never was heard in a political convention in the United States.

When all those participating in the ceremony had taken their places, there was a slight pause, and then the emperor walked slowly twenty paces to the dais, ascended the throne, seated himself in the imperial chair and an aide-de-camp stepped forward and presented him with the draft of his address. His majesty rose, looking down upon the wonderful scene, delivered his message to the representatives of the Russian millions. The emperor spoke with a firm, steady voice, which was heard distinctly in every corner of the hall, emphasizing deliberately every word. Such a hush fell on the assembly during the reading that the snap of a camera shutter was sharply audible.

THE CROWN'S SPEECH.

The emperor's speech which gave me the sense of your fatherland and to the education of the people. In the expectation of a brilliant future for Russia, I greet in your persons the best men from the empire, whom I ordered my beloved subjects to choose among themselves. A difficult work lies before you. I trust that love for your fatherland and your earnest desire to serve it will inspire and unite you. I shall keep inviolate the institutions which I have granted with the firm assurance that you will devote all your strength to the service of your country, and especially to the needs of the peasantry, which are so close to my heart, and to the education of the people and their economical welfare, remembering that to the dignity and prosperity of the state not only freedom, but order founded upon justice are necessary. I desire from my heart to see my people happy and hand down to my son an empire secure, well organized and enlightened. May God bless the work that lies before me in unity with the council of the empire and the imperial duma. May this be the day of the moral revival of Russia and the day for the renewal of its highest forces. Approach with solemnity the labors for which I call you and be worthy of the responsibilities put upon you by the emperor and people. May God assist us.

Invested \$1,750; Got a Million.

"To buy a wreck for \$1,750 and subsequently to acquire from it a fortune of nearly \$1,000,000 is a stroke of good luck such as falls to the lot of few men. This, however, a Melbourne draper, now the Hon. J. G. Aikman, member of the legislative council of Victoria can claim to have done, and the pro- dige from his purchase are not complete yet, for the wreck is still proving a handsome source of revenue. The romantic story of this great fortune has only just come to light, and is told by Mr. Aikman himself. On a June night, two years ago the magnificent P. and O. steamer Australia, which cost \$2,750,000 to build, went ashore at the entrance to Port Phillip Bay, a short distance from Melbourne. The vessel herself was subsequently put up at auction and knocked down to Mr. Aikman for the

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

THE NEW DRESS GOODS AT STANLEY BROS. Notable Display. All the fashionable fabrics represented in this stock. If you like to see dainty designs, neat patterns, fine goods, and all in the best approved and most modern makes, just have a look through our magnificent assortment. Special purchase to sell at 32c. and 50c. a yard. 25 pieces double widths in plain and spotted lustres, Navy, Cardinal, Black and Brown. Fine check Mohairs for shirt waist suits, Wool Serges in Navy, Red and Black, worth fully 25 per cent. more. 32c. PER YARD A large assortment Mohairs, tweed effects, wool checks, serges and venetians, in all the good colors and black, 5c. yard, worth fully 25 per cent. more. 50c. PER YARD Homespun 70c, 80c, \$1.10 and \$1.25 yard. Cream goods in Mohairs, Cashmeres, Albatross Cloth, Venetians and fancies. 35c to \$1.55 PER YARD Mail orders promptly attended to. Samples sent to any address. Just drop us a postal and by return mail you shall receive a full range in each line. Stanley Bros.

Always Room at the Top!

And this is the place we mean to occupy in the MILLINERY and DRESS GOODS business.

We have been making strenuous efforts during the past few years to attain to this enviable position, and we think we can fairly congratulate ourselves on having at last attained our object.

Our showing of Dress Goods and Millinery will today speak for themselves, and the very complimentary and encouraging comments of visitors in general more than repays us for the extra trouble we have taken. An experienced dry goods man said to us a few days since: "You have undoubtedly the finest showing of dress goods in the city," now we want you all to prove this statement for yourselves, and so be convinced.

We have certainly all the latest demands of fashion in colors and weave, both in suitings and lighter weight dress fabrics; their names are legion, and the qualities and prices so varied that each individual taste and purse can be suited, from the most modest up to the most elaborate.

There is a lively demand for light and medium greys, checks, mohairs and tweeds, and we have a beautiful range of these fashionable goods to meet it. The trimmings, too, are appropriate and very artistic, fancy braids and buttons taking the lead for the modish spring suit.

Our milliners are "busy as nailers" day and night, but have facilities for turning out an unusually large amount of work; so send your order in now—it will receive prompt attention.

Almost every day brings something new in the headwear line, and something different, so your choice is not restricted.

In fact, if you want the latest and best ideas in Dress Goods and Millinery come here to headquarters, where you will find quality and quantity supreme, and prices, as usual, moderate.

M. TRAINOR & CO., THE TOP NOTCH MILLINERS.



THE BEST Hat on Earth The Christy Hat

Is the Best Hat on Earth at the price.

We received over 5,000 of them, and they are the prettiest styles we have ever looked at.

The Christy knocks the American Hats higher than a kite for style this year.

The Christy always did knock out any other Hat for wear, non-fading color, shape-keeping and non-breaking qualities. \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00 the Hat. Then we have the celebrated

Scott Hat

Made by Christy but sold with the Scott name. It costs \$4.00 here, and is sold at \$5.00 anywhere else in Canada or the U.S.A. It's the pink of Perfection in the Christy Hat making. Only a few of them, so come early if you want one.

The Suffolk Hat

It's the best American Hat that's sold in Charlottetown today, and twenty years' of hat experience tells us so.

PROVISE BROS.

The Only Real Hatters.

Mortgage Sale. Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, at the Court House in Georgetown, on the fourth day of May next, A. D. 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon...

The above sale will take place pursuant to a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, made between the said Hark Wilson, of the one part, and Joseph Hensley and Edward Jarvis Hodgson of the other part.

WANTED.

A girl for general housework. Highest wages will be paid to a suitable girl. Apply to the King Edward Hotel. Ch'town, May 9th, 1906.

Morson & Duffy Barristers & Attorneys

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

During a fierce electrical storm last Sunday night, the English Church, situated on Mohawk Reserve about one mile west of Deseronto, Ont., was completely demolished.

The aggregate trade of Canada for the ten months ending April 30th, was \$438,742,965, showing an increase of \$83,301,543, over the ten months of last year.

It is reported that the train robbers also were referred to as surrounded in the woods near Campbell's Creek, B. C., and that their capture is certain.

The Donaldson liner Hestia, which was beached by the steamer Lady Laurier, on Saturday afternoon, at Shelburne, is resting safely on a sandy bottom.

Five hundred and sixty-five carloads of strawberries, or four quarts for every man, woman and child in North Carolina, was the amount of these delicious red berries shipped from Wilmington, N. C., to the markets of the North during three days of last week.

All saloon licenses in San Francisco were on Friday last ordered revoked by unanimous vote of the police commissioners on suggestion of Mayor Schmitz who decided that all saloons should remain closed for an indefinite period.

The Dominion Government cruiser Canada, and the customs protection cruiser Gladiator arrived at Halifax on Wednesday with two American fishing schooners which were seized off Cape North Tuesday afternoon for fishing within the three mile limit.

Struck by the engine of a passenger train on the C. P. R. and thrown between the rails, where he lay until the entire train had passed over him, when it was found that he was practically unharmed, was the experience of Geo. Burns on Tuesday night of last week.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction at the Court House in Georgetown, on the fourth day of May next, A. D. 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon...

The above sale is made pursuant to and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1903, and made between James McQuigun, of St. Mary's Road, Township Number Sixty-one in King's County, Prince Edward Island, of the one part, and James McMillan, Farmer, William Boyle, Farmer, and James Hyde, widow, all of Cornwall, in Queen's County, in said Island, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Samuel Hyde, deceased, of the second part, default having been made in payment of the interest due thereon.

WANTED.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. Matheson & McDonald, Barristers, Charlottetown. Dated this 9th day of May, A. D. 1906. JAMES McMILLAN, WILLIAM BOYLE, JANE HYDE.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

View Admittal Kuzubov was announced in St. Petersburg, Monday by a workman when May day demonstrations he attempted to stop.

In the Boots Act election in King's County on Thursday last, a very large majority of the votes polled was against the Act. The vote polled was small in comparison with the total vote of the County.

The Dominion Coal Company are now making surveys in the vicinity of the Old Victoria Mine, at Low Point near Sydney, and it is thought that they have in view the re-opening of the mine in the near future.

A reduction of forty cents a ton in all except the steam class of anthracite coal was announced in New York Thursday by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.

The American fishing schooner June arrived at North Sydney Saturday morning. The Captain reports the loss of two of his crew, namely Stanley Goodwin and Edward Perkins by the spoiling of their dory. Goodwin belonged to Egan, Pictou. Perkins sailed out of Gloucester for many years. His body was kept afloat by air in his oil skin cap. The boat was brought to North Sydney.

About half past four o'clock Thursday evening William Jackson, egg boy, of Kelville, Ont., went to his home to get ready for an early start. He was met by two thugs who came out of the left and demanded his money.

Three police bands held up the Imperial Limited on the Canadian Pacific Railway at 11.30 p. m., on Tuesday, 8th inst., hoping to get a rich haul of cash sent from Eastern points for the relief of the San Francisco sufferers. But owing to the vigilance of the mail clerks they got for their pains some estimated loss of one hundred dollars. They overlooked over \$30,000 in hard cash, because the mail clerks bluffed them out of looking into the pouches.

Catholic prelates from all parts of Canada were in session at Ottawa last week to discuss church matters and to arrange for the assembling of the first Plenary Council to be held in the Dominion. Among those in attendance were Archbishop Bruchesi, Montreal; Archbishop Langevin of St. Boniface, Archbishop Gauthier of Kingston, Archbishop O'Connor of Toronto, Bishop Horth of Victoria, and Bishop Cameron of Antigonish.

Mr. Recco arrived at Tremers, Manitoba, the other day with a carload of horses from Omaha. He sold a few and rehipped the others to Strasburg. But about three miles on the journey the car was discovered to be on fire. The car was on fire and with the engine a race was made to Holland. But all that could be done was to place the car on a siding where it was burned to the trucks, with horses valued at two thousand dollars. The car and the horses also had the end burned out, but was saved by the trainmen.

Creditors of the Iroquois Theatre company, Chicago, which was adjudicated bankrupt last month, met lately to appoint a trustee and confer regarding their claims. Nearly all the merchandise creditors of the company have been paid out of money secured by the sale of the theatre. The creditors who will suffer are those suing for injury by the great fire in December, 1903, and creditors of the states of the hundreds of victims of the catastrophe. These damage claims aggregate \$2,000,000, and there is now little possibility that any of them will be realized on.

The first great exhibition ever held with the sole purpose of displaying modern hygienic improvements was opened in Vienna on Saturday under the title of the "Universal Hygienic Exposition." The exhibition is designed to show what has been accomplished in the fields of domestic and public sanitation, nutrition, sanitary and life preserving work, and all other progress attained in matters pertaining to public and private hygiene. The exposition is held in a large building admirably adapted for the purpose, and is likely to be largely attended during the two months it is open.

The main vault of the City Auditor's office in San Francisco has been opened and everything contained therein was found to be intact. This vault contained all of the valuable papers and books of the auditor's office, including the bonds issued for \$17,000,000 for specific permanent improvements, such as school buildings, the acquisition of parks, etc. Besides these, all official bonds of the present City officials, bonds, papers and financial accounts with the City Tax Collector, Treasurer and State Controller and Treasurer, were found intact.

At seven o'clock Tuesday morning the 8th, the discovery was made that Joseph Chaulin, (alias Chartand), the Seattle-Mattie murderer, whose sentence to death was committed to life imprisonment because of alleged insanity, had escaped from the insane ward in the penitentiary at Kingston. An alarm was at once sounded for him. He has been in prison two years. His mode of escape was by cutting the iron bars in his cell and also those of the window across the corridor. A rope was available and he scaled the walls. The escape will be investigated as it is thought that he had conferred, Chartand murdered constable Irving Webbwood, while he was being placed under arrest.

The Secretary of War, Washington, has approved the recommendation of the Quartermaster general in favor of a kitchen car for military purposes. This car will be used on occasions of the transfer of large bodies of troops great distances which require a period of forty-eight hours or more. It has been found by practical experiments that money is saved and the men provided with better food by having an improvised kitchen attached to a train which carries them long distances, such as is involved in a transfer of troops across the continent. Hitherto there has been more or less dependence upon the restaurants and other facilities en route.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

Lord Elgin has introduced in the British Parliament a bill providing that marriage with a deceased wife's sister legally contracted in any part of the Empire shall be considered valid in the United Kingdom.

According to Dr. P. P. Blomer, a Buffalo physician statistics regarding the issue of the count show that each year there is a marked increase in the number of persons who become insane during the strawberry season. When the fruit disappears from the daily table, he asserts records of the different asylums show the number of cases decreasing.

The schooner Iowa W., of Mahons Bay, came into Port Hawkesbury on Sunday with her flag half mast, having on board the body of Stephen Westwell, one of her crew. He was about his work as usual on last Thursday afternoon, when he took a pain in his heart and died within an hour afterwards. His son, who was in another vessel, saw the body home by rail to Mahons Bay.

Wedding Programme.

Madrid advices of the 10th announce the following as the official programme for the wedding of King Alfonso and Princess Eugenie of Baden-Baden.

May 29.—Introduction of the foreign Princes to the Princess at the Pardo Palace. In the evening theatricals.

May 30.—In the afternoon, the signing of the marriage contract at the Pardo Palace in the presence of the grandees of Spain and the foreign Princes.

May 31.—At 11 in the morning, the wedding in the Church of St. Geromo by the Archbishop of Toledo.

June 1.—At 8.30 p. m., banquet attended only by the members of the Spanish Royal family and the foreign Princes.

June 2.—In the afternoon, the Battle of Flowers. In the evening, State performance at the Teatro Real.

June 4.—Service in the morning in the palace chapel. In the evening State ball.

June 4.—Ball night.

June 5.—Excursion to Aranjuez. In the evening, torchlight procession.

June 6.—Banquet to Spanish officials.

June 7.—Banquet to the diplomatic corps.

June 8.—Official reception, and, in the evening, ball of the municipality.

DIED

At Fortune Road, on April 15, 1906, hemorrhage of the brain, Joseph Butler, in the 36th year of his age. Deceased had been ill for some time, but previous to his death had been feeling well.

He is a sorrowing widow, one only son, one sister, one brother and a step-mother to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate husband, father and brother. His remains were conveyed to St. Peter's cemetery, and the funeral services were performed by his pastor, Rev. R. J. Gillis, who attended him also during his illness. R. J. P.

As the result of an attempt, when it sweeps over the plains, to be beautiful flowers, So the Angel of Death, when he comes, seems to claim The most dearly loved ones of ours.

He has passed at our threshold, yet entered the door; He has taken our loved one away; But our loss is his gain, he rests on the shore That beams with Eternity's day. Com. (Other papers please copy.)

The Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter, Calf skins, Ducks, Eggs, Fowls, Chickens, Flour, Hides, Hay, Mutton, Oatmeal, Potatoes, Shoes, Turkeys, Sisk, Pressed hay, Straw.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction in front of the Law Court Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, on Friday, the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon...

Carter's Seeds Grow,

And are for sale by the Merchants mentioned below. (We guarantee the quality of Seeds supplied to all these Merchants to be in every respect equal to that sold direct from our store.)

- List of merchants: R T Holman, Summerside; Wm Kennedy, do; Reuben Tuplin & Co., Kensington; Kensington Drug Store; P McKenzie, Kensington; D McNutt & Son, Malpeque; Craig & Taylor, Freetown; McKay & Kennedy, Bradabane; Geo S McLeod, Hunter River; J A Cutliff, Fredericton; E S McLeod, Oyster Bed; H Andrews, Wheatley River; McLean Bros, North Wiltshire; Even Campbell, North Wiltshire; Wm Calbeck, Central Bedeque; Wright Bros, Victoria; McLean & Cameron, Craupud; Ewen McKinnon, Hampton; M Delaney, North Tryon; J Kennedy, Kensington; Wedlock Bros, Stanley Bridge; F Andrew, New Glasgow; Joseph Gallant, Rusticoville; John Bradley, Kelly's Cross; Hugh McMillan, New Haven; W T Bowness, Bedeque; John P Smith, Kinkora; Mrs M E Simpson, French River; B W LePage, Rusticoville; G DesRoches, Miscouche; F J Arsenault, Wellington; A A McCall, Ellerslie; Benj Gallant, Bloomfield; H W Turner, O'Leary; J H Myrick & Co., Tignish; B Rogers, Alberton; W B Dyer, Alberton; J H Myrick & Co, Alberton; C B Dickie, Muddy Creek; R Warren, North River; J McDougall, Kingston; S H Sabine, West Point; M Kennedy & Co, Bradalbane; J C Stevenson, New Glasgow; J A Robertson, Bonshaw; J W Brown, Tyne Valley; J W Brown, Port Hill; D H Auld & Co, Covehead; A McKinnon, Coleman; A Lord & Co, (Limited) Albany; S E Gallant, Abrams Village; G H McGuigan, Hunter River; L Rennie, Elmsdale; W R McNeill, West Devon; P J Berrigan, Dunedin; J F Warren, Cornwall; J A McDonald & Co, Cardigan; A A McDonald & Bros, Georgetown.

CARTER & CO., Ltd. THE PEOPLE'S SEEDSMEN. Charlottetown, May 16th, 1906—11

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, on the premises at Craupud, Queen's County, on Thursday, the fourth day of June, A. D. 1906, at 12 o'clock noon: All that tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being one portion thereof in Township Number Twenty-nine, Prince Edward Island, and the other portion on the western side of the road fronting the course of said road easterly and southwardly to the place of commencement, containing about thirty acres of land...

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction in front of the Law Court Building in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, on Friday, the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon...

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction, in front of the Law Court Building in Charlottetown, on Tuesday, the Twenty-second day of May, A. D. 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, under and by virtue of power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage bearing date the Ninth day of August, A. D. 1877, made between Daniel McQuade, of the one part, and James McQuade, of the one part, and Edward Bayfield, of Charlottetown, in Township Number Twenty-five, in Prince Edward Island, Farmer, of the other part: All that tract piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in Bedford Parish, in Township Number Twenty-five, in Prince Edward Island, commencing on the north side of the Hillsborough River, at the southeast corner of a farm formerly held by the father of the said Daniel Bradley under lease; thence north westerly five chains; thence east two chains; thence south one hundred and five chains to the Hillsborough River aforesaid; and thence along said river westerly to the place of commencement, bounded on the north by John McQuade's farm, east by John Stewart's farm, south by said river and west by the lowest farm aforesaid mentioned, containing one hundred acres be the same a little more or less.

C. LYONS & CO

April 21, 1906—21

HARDWARE! Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices. WHOLESALE and RETAIL Fennel and Chandler

LIME! The Celebrated English Cocoa. EPSS'S An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold. COCOA The Most Nutritious and Economical. A. A. McLean, K.C. & Donald McKinnon, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. We are now burning best quality of Lime at Kilns on St. Peter's Road, and can supply in large or small quantities for farming, building and white washing. Orders left at Office will be promptly attended to. C. LYONS & CO April 21, 1906—21. Minards' L'Iniment Curea Distemper

Calendar for May, 1906.

MOON'S PHASES. First Quarter 1d. 3h. 7m. p. m. Full Moon 8d. 10h. 10m. a. m. Last Quarter 15d. 2h. 3m. a. m. New Moon 23d. 4h. 1m. p. m. First Quarter 31d. 2h. 24m. a. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Moon, High Water, Low Water. Rows for days of the month.

The Meaning of the Resurrection.

BY MARGARET F. SANGSTER.

In the innermost circle of heaven, Close to the great white throne, In the hush of the heart of thunders Where sitteth Jehovah alone, The chief of the sons of the morning, The mightiest angel of all, Heard from the far earth-borders The sound of a clarion call. Straight through the hosts of the seraphs, Leaping on harps of flame, Swift with the speed of the sunrise, To the sorrowful earth he came, To the earth that was rent with the anguish And the stress of her bitter loss, When the face of the day was hidden In the darkness of the Cross. In the flush of the early dawning, He rolled the stone away, The stone that had made a prison Of the tomb where the Saviour lay; And through the open portal, Victorious in the strife, With death forever vanquished, Stepped forth the Lord of life. The hand the nails had riven Held the keys of death and hell; Henceforward all the ransomed, In the home of all the kindred, On the heights beyond the stars, In the place of many mansions, Where Life the door unbars. When they brought their balm and spices, Their eyes with weeping dim, The faithful band of mourners Beheld no trace of Him, Save but the robes discarded, The grave-clothes and the bed, And the waiting angel told them, "He is risen as He said." Then in the garden pathway, Amid the lilies tall, Turned Mary Magdalene And saw Him, first of all; And then to His disciples, Affrighted then and pale, Like the accolade of heaven, Come the Master's glad, "All hail." And this is the meaning of Easter! The meaning for you and me, That one are earth and heaven In the tenderest ministry, It was our Christ triumphant Who left the tomb that day, And from all our tombs His angel Shall roll the stone away. —Congregationalist.

ST. PETER'S.

Anniversary of Laying the Foundation Stone.

A HISTORY OF THE BUILDING

On Wednesday, four hundred years ago—April 18th, 1506—was laid the foundation stone of St. Peter's in Rome, writes a correspondent from the Dublin Freeman's Journal. When St. Peter's body was taken down from the cross on which he had given up his life for Christ it was laid to rest in a simple grave just beside the place of his martyrdom, on the other side of the Via Cornelia, which flanked the Circus Nero. The first years of infant Christianity were such as left but scant opportunity of adorning the burial places of the martyred dead, and more than a generation had passed before any monument decked the last resting place of the Prince of the Apostles. But about the end of the first century Pope Anacleto was able to erect a little oratory over the tomb of Peter, and for more than two centuries this was the only sepulchre for want of funds, and little had been done towards its accomplishment when Julius II. became Pope. For a time it was the intention of Julius merely to carry on the work of restoration begun by his predecessors, and to extend the old edifice. It was in fact an accident which led him to change his plans. He was a man of great deeds and magnificent projects, and among other plans he proposed to erect a stately monument to deck his grave in St. Peter's when he should be called away to join those who had gone before him. For this purpose he invited Michael Angelo, who was then a young man, to come to Rome and take charge of the undertaking. Michael Angelo consented, and in accordance with the Pope's wish, drew up the design of a monument, which was, however, of such colossal proportions that if it was to be carried into effect a new and vast edifice should be erected to contain it. The great architect Bramante was then in Rome, the right hand man of the Pope. Julius consulted him on his project. Bramante's answer was to plan a new and glorious Basilica that was to surpass all other existing structures in size, beauty and magnificence, and was to embody the greatness of the present and the future. Pastor thus expressed the idea that dominated the minds of the Pope and the architect: "The mausoleum of the poor fisherman of the Lake of Geneva was to represent the dignity and significance of the office which he had bequeathed to his successors. The idea of the Universal Church demanded a colossal edifice, that of the Papacy an imposing centre; therefore its main feature must be a central dome of such proportions as to dominate the whole structure. This, Bramante thought, could be best attained by a grand-plan in the form of a Greek cross, with the great dome in the centre, over the tomb of the Apostles. His contemporaries were very enthusiastic in their admiration of his design, and the poets of the day sang of it as the ninth wonder of the world." Julius was a man of action. He lost no time once he had made up his mind. Accordingly he made rapid preparation for a beginning, and was able to lay the foundation stone on Low Sunday, April 18th, 1506. Accompanied by Cardinals and Prelates he went in solemn procession to the excavation that had been prepared for the foundation, twenty-five feet deep. Into this he descended along with two Cardinals and a few masons, and fitted into its place the foundation stone of white marble, which was in readiness, with a suitable inscription recording the contemplated work. Underneath the foundation stone were placed twelve medals specially struck for the occasion. Will the evolutions of time ever bring them to light? The progress of the undertaking was as swift as the beginning had been prompt. Julius had 2500 men employed, and he personally superintended much of the work. But his was not a long life, and he was cut off ere he was able to see anything more than the erection of the four gigantic pillars that were to support the dome. But his project was easily taken up by Leo X. and Clement VII., and the huge structure continued to grow inch by inch and year by year. Bramante, too, died while yet the work was in its infancy, and his place was taken by Raphael, Veronesi, and Sangallo, who made some alterations in the original designs. These were in turn succeeded by Baldassar, Peruzzi and Michael Angelo, who made further changes in Bramante's plan, and who, during the Pontificates of Paul III., Julius III., Marcellus II. and Paul IV., labored with all his boundless energy down to his death in 1564. Pius V. and Sixtus V. entrusted the work to the architects Della Porta and Fontana, who, under Gregory XIV., completed the dome, which later on was adorned with mosaics by Clement VIII. At the suggestion of the architect Maderno, Paul V. consented to change the final plans prepared by Michael Angelo, and lengthened the structure considerably—a change that, like most of the ideas of Maderno, has met with little favor ever since. The Basilica was finally dedicated by Urban VIII. in 1626. Thus, after 120 years' incessant labor, under the direction of the most brilliant architects the world has yet seen, at an expenditure of twelve millions sterling, the glittering pile was complete, and men could gaze in wonder on it. "Rich marbles, richer paintings, shrines where flame The lamps of gold, and hangings dome which rise In air with earth's chief structures, though their frame Sit on the firm set ground, and thither the clouds must claim." It is a common thing to hear visitors at the first sight of St. Peter's, complain that it falls short of their expectations—that it seems much smaller than they had imagined. Such is, indeed, the case. But this impression arises not because the building is small, but because of its perfect proportions—each part is so well adapted to all the rest that the gigantic dimensions of the structure are toned and melted into harmonious appearance. In reality it is difficult to imagine that the measurements of St. Peter's reach the following immense figures: It is 614 feet in length, 445 in breadth, 152 in height. The distance from the floor to the cross surmounting the dome is 448 feet, while the dome itself is 139 feet in diameter and 443 in circumference. All this, added to the glittering ornamentation that decks every inch of St. Peter's, fully justifies the enthusiastic language of a writer of sixty years ago: "We have before us a scene which no imagination can picture, no pen describe. The vastness, the solitude, the symmetry—the richness, the beauty, the grandeur—the gorgeous magnificence, in a word, that surrounds us on every side, enchants the eye, expands the mind, warms the heart, lifts the soul to the lofty objects of eternity, and prompts us to fall down in spontaneous and grateful acknowledgment to God, Who has gifted man with such sublime conceptions, and enabled him to call forth such wondrous creations." The stupendous monument designed for the tomb of Julius II. was never carried out. An obscure memorial in a deserted corner of St. Peter's marks his resting-place. Nothing could have better pleased the Pope. In him there was nothing selfish or mean. His one object was the glory of God and the exaltation of the Church, and assuredly, had he lived to see it, he would have been well content with the glorious pile that, out of a plan for his own tomb, was raised above the resting-place of the Prince of the Apostles. None could say with better reason than Julius: "Si Monumentum quaeris, circumspice"—"If you seek a monument to my name, gaze on the mighty dome of St. Peter's."

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning of an extremely hazardous condition, so important as a healthy action of these organs. They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Corrects kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

For a time it was the intention of Julius merely to carry on the work of restoration begun by his predecessors, and to extend the old edifice. It was in fact an accident which led him to change his plans.

The Perils of the Age.

Stoic, divorce and communism formed the theme of the sermons preached by two of the most eloquent prelates in the United States, Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia and Glennon of St. Louis, at the ceremonies held Sunday in observance of the centenary of the Baltimore Cathedral, says the New York Daily News correspondent.

Many Women Suffer

UNTOLD AGONY FROM KIDNEY TROUBLE. Very often they think it is from so-called "Female Disease." There is less female trouble than they think. Women suffer from backache, nervousness, irritability, and a dragging-down feeling in the loins. So do men, and they do not have "female trouble." Why, then, blame all your troubles to Female Disease? With healthy kidneys, few women will ever have "female disorders." The kidneys are so closely connected with all the internal organs, that when the kidneys go wrong, everything goes wrong. Much distress would be saved if women would only take

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

as stated intervals. Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25. All dealers or send direct on receipt of price. The Doan Kidney Pills Co., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Myer.—I wonder why Browne added the "e" to his name after inheriting a fortune? Gyer.—He probably figured out to his own satisfaction that rich people are entitled to more care than poor people.

An All-Round Remedy.

Mrs. Haneson, Binscarth, Man., writes: "I have used Hagar's Yellow Oil for Sore Throat, Cuts, Scalds and Frostbites for a long time and consider it the best all-round household remedy made." Price 25c. all dealers.

GORDON & McLELLAN.

Tailors of Taste.

Tells the taste of the tailor. The garments that strike your fancy may not be those that you should wear. In the mirror of the retail clothier you cannot see yourself as others see you. It is safe to trust your appearance to the judgment of the ready-made salesman, based on the necessity of fitting you to the clothing rather than the clothing to you? Individuality and character are subtly expressed in every garment we make. Years of experience in serving the best dressers guarantee that clothing made by us is perfect in style and finish, and is of the color and cut best suited to the wearer's complexion and figure. Suits ranging in price from \$16.00 to \$28.00.

Custom Tailoring!

Gent's Furnishings, Hats, Caps, etc, etc.

SIR,—We wish to direct your attention to our stock of

NEW CLOTHS

For SPRING WEAR. Our Cloths are imported from the very best manufacturers in England, Scotland and Ireland, and include Worsted, Vicunas, Tweeds, and Fancy Suitings, Serges, Trowsering, and Fancy Vest Cloths. Overcoatings in Vicunas, Rainproof and Fancy Worsteds. We can guarantee satisfaction in the cutting, fitting and making up of our Clothing. We invite you to call and examine the stock, and believe we will be able to suit you.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.

Queen Street, Charlottetown,

CARTER'S TESTED SEEDS

FOR ALL SOILS.

Only Seeds of High Grade

as to PURITY and GERMANATION, are sold by us.

Don't experiment with cheap Seed. Our

Clovers, Timothy, Wheat, Peas, Corn, Vetches, Barley, &c., &c.,

are the best money can buy. Our prices will be found as low as seeds of best quality can be sold for. 25 years in the Seed business makes us leaders. Farmers depend on us for their supplies.

Come to Headquarters.

CARTER & CO., Ltd.

CHARLOTTETOWN SEEDSMEN.

One Cold and Another

The season's first cold may be slight—may yield to early treatment, but the next cold will hang on longer; it will be more troublesome, too. Unnecessary to take chances on that second one. Scott's Emulsion is a preventive as well as a cure. Take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

when colds abound and you'll have no cold. Take it when the cold is contracted and it checks inflammation, heals the membrane of the throat and lungs and drives the cold out.

Send for Free Sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists

Toronto, Ont.

Wholesale and Retail. All druggists.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

This remedy will drive out all the impurities from the blood and leave the complexion healthy and clear. Miss Annie Tobin, Madoc, Ont., writes: "I take great pleasure in recommending your Burdock Blood Bitters to any one who may be troubled with pimples on the face. I paid out money to doctors, but could not get cured, and was almost discouraged, and thought I would give B.B.B. a trial, as I got two bottles, and before I had taken them I was completely cured, and have had no sign of pimples since."

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