

GUELPH



PAINT

AND LITERARY, AGRICULTURAL AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOL. IV—NO. 15.

GUELPH, CANADA WEST, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1850.

WHOLE NO. 171.

Business Directory.

GUELPH HERALD Printing Establishment, North West Corner of the Market Square. EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING.

A CARD. JAMES LYND, IMPORTER OF DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

REMOVAL. DR. W. A. LIDDELL, HAS removed to the house, lately occupied by F. H. KIRKPATRICK, Esq., adjoining the residence of the Rev. A. PALMER.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. THE Office of the Distributor of Marriage Licenses is removed to the Store of Messrs. BUDD & LYND, corner of Wyndham street, immediately below Mr. Sandilands.

RICHARD FOWLER BUDD, Agent for Granting Marriage Licenses. Guelph, Oct. 15, 1849. 124 ff.

H. GREGORY, ORNAMENTAL PAINTER & GILDER, DUNDAS.

PHENIX SALOON, North-East Corner of Market Square, GUELPH. Refreshments of every description at all hours of the day.

OYSTERS WEEKLY BY EXPRESS. WINES AND LIQUORS. Sherry Cobblers, Mint Juleps, Roman Punch, Fruits, &c.

ROBERT OSBORNE, Watch Maker and Jeweller, VICTORIA BUILDINGS, KING ST., HAMILTON.

JOHN STREET FOUNDRY. E. & C. GURNEY & A. CARPENTER, Manufacturers of

Cooking, Parlor & Plate Stoves. ALSO—Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Turning Lathes, Paint Mills, Pipe Boxes, &c.

CARRY'S PATENT THRASHING MACHINES. The most approved of in the Province always on hand.

JNO. P. LARKIN, WHOLESALE DEALER IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Corner of King and John Streets, HAMILTON.

Country Merchants supplied on liberal terms at the lowest Montreal Prices.

WASHINGTON Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company, Capital \$1,000,000.

EZRA HOPKINS, HAMILTON, Agent for the Counties of Waterloo and Huron. August 27, 1850. 168-ly.

MR. F. MARCON, LAND AGENT, CONVEYANCER, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, GUELPH. Agent for the Canada Company, and Bank of Montreal.

Business Directory.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. JOSEPH PARKINSON, Esq., Agent for granting Marriage Licenses, will attend to all applications, come from where they may, when the parties are duly qualified to present them.

J. LAMOND SMITH, Conveyancer, Notary Public, AND GENERAL AGENT, FERGUSSON. 149-ly.

JOHN HARRISON, Joiner, Builder & Cabinet Maker, GUELPH. Plans, Specifications, Estimates, &c. for Buildings.

MISS MARY CAMPBELL, Milliner, Dress and Habit Maker, All orders made up according to the Latest New York Fashions.

T. R. BROCK, Conveyancer, Accountant, and GENERAL AGENT, No. 1, MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

MR. J. DAVIS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., GUELPH, WELLINGTON DISTRICT, C. W.

ANDREW GEDDES, ESQ., Government Agent for the District of Wellington.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, ELORA. On the regular Mail Road from Guelph to Owen's Sound.

ARCHIBALD MACNAB, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, SYDENHAM VILLAGE, OWEN'S SOUND.

JAMES GEDDES, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c., ELORA, WELLINGTON DISTRICT. February 22, 1849. 36.

THE Undersigned have entered into Partnership in the practice of the LAW, under the name and firm of

THE CANADA Life Assurance Company AGENT FOR GUELPH, T. SANDILANDS.

W. FELL, ENGRAVER AND PRINTER, Opposite the Building Society's Rooms, KING STREET, HAMILTON.

NOTARIAL PRESSES, Notary and Office Seals, Professional and Business Cards, Door and Colla Plates, and every description of Engraving and Printing.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE WATER-LOO COUNTY COUNCIL open on every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

COURT HOUSE, Guelph. 34-ly. To all whom it may Concern.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be had upon application at the office of the Distributor in FERGUSSON, A. DINGWALL FORDYCE, AND GENERAL AGENT, Waterloo County Clerk's Office, Guelph.

Poetry.

THE QUEEN'S WELCOME. BY ROBERT GUTHRIE. At a Meeting of the Waters. Give welcome, Edin—burgh! Succession has come to thy proud fane, to thy chosen Scottish home!

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comment on it accordingly. The Opium and Public and the Assembly National call on friends of order to rally round the National Assembly, should the President attempt to interfere with its privileges.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21. The Turkish Ambassador was presented to the President this day. His speech was of the most friendly character. The President replied.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23. Jenny Lind's Thursday night's concert was still in advance of the others decidedly; some hundreds more were crowded into the building.

Horrible Murder.—On Saturday morning last a most atrocious murder was committed in a house in the French Village on the body of a man named Charles Damiann alias Sansouer by a French Canadian named Joseph Matteau.

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC. NEW YORK, Sept. 21. The steamer Pacific, Collins Line, was telegraphed off Sandy Hook about half-past 3 P. M.

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO SCOTLAND. On Monday the details of Her Majesty's progress from Osborne House to the north were opened the new Railway Bridge over the Tweed, naming it the Royal Border Bridge—we take up the report of the Weekly Register, of Sept. 26th, at EDINBURGH.

At Edinburgh the most cordial and judicious preparations had been made from the point at Menziesburgh, where the Royal Station was erected, along the line of the Duke's Walk to the great gateway of Her Majesty's ancient Palace of Holyrood.

At the Station of Holyrood—about a quarter of a mile from Holyrood—the requisite arrangements were consequently made by the Directors of the North British Railway Company.

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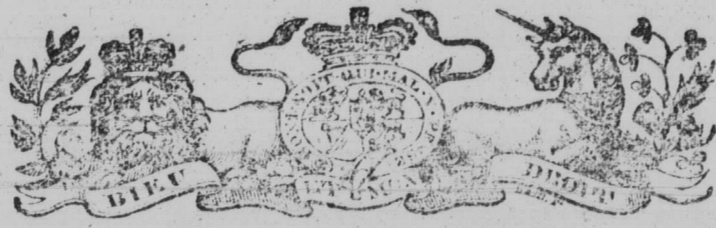
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REMOVAL.

DR. W. A. LIDDELL, HAS removed to his new building, 100-101, adjoining the residence of the Rev. A. P. B. ...

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

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MR. J. DAVIS, BARRISTER and SOLICITOR-AT-LAW.

NOTARY PUBLIC, GUELPH, WINDING UP DISTRICT.

ANDREW GIBBES, ESQ., GOVERNMENT AGENT for the District of Wellington.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, GUELPH, ON THE RESERVE, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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Notice.

THE QUEEN'S WELCOME.

Given welcome to the Queen's Welcome, 1850.

J. LAMOND SMITH, CONVEYANCER, NOTARY PUBLIC, GENERAL AGENT, FERRIES.

JOHN HARRISON.

Printer, Painter & Cabinet Maker, GUELPH.

MISS MARY CAMPBELL.

Assesses and Collects the Latest New York Fashions, Guelph, Feb. 4, 1850.

THOMAS GORDON.

LAND AND GENERAL AGENT, OPEN SOUND.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

T. R. BROCK, CONVEYANCER, ACCOUNTANT, and GENERAL AGENT, No. 1, MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

MR. J. DAVIS, BARRISTER and SOLICITOR-AT-LAW.

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entered the saloon carriage. The carriage was... with blue figured satin, and was furnished with two easy chairs and a sofa, and had a table in the centre.

Sir George Grey, Sir James Clark, the Hon. Colonel Gordon, and the other members of her suite, were accommodated in one of the front carriages.

Prince Albert cordially shook hands with the Duke of Buccleuch before parting. He next made a low bow to Mr. Sheriff Gordon, with whom he also shook hands.

The royal train passed through the railway station at Waverley Bridge at twenty minutes to 9 o'clock. The Lord Provost was in waiting on the platform, with several of the royal officials.

Mr Sandilands detailed his intrusions with Dyson's estate; by which it appeared he had paid interest, on a mortgage of £600, insurance, and taxes, to the amount of £316 12s. 6d.

Mr. Frooman having addressed the jury for the defence, the Sol. Gen. for the Crown, His Lordship summed up, and the jury, having retired, brought in a verdict of "Guilty."

On Mr Pratt's being brought up for sentence on Saturday, Mr Ferguson moved for an arrest of judgment, on the ground of a flaw in the indictment. The Court coincided in opinion with Mr Ferguson as to the validity of the objection; but, in absence of the Judges, and Mr Pratt was bound over to appear at next Assizes.

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The case was opened by Sol. Gen. McDonald, who stated to the jury the circumstances as afterwards brought out in evidence. He remarked on the great difference in the ages of the prisoner and her late husband, who was an old soldier, and whose talent for music and mimicry had, he supposed, been an inducement to the marriage—on the bad terms on which the parties had lived—on the criminal attachment subsisting between Mrs. Bourdon and a young German in the establishment, as an inducement to the commission of the crime. It would be proved, he said, that the prisoner had been in the habit of going from the death-bed of her husband to the apartment of her paramour.

Henry Smith, apothecary, Berlin.—First saw the prisoner in March or April last, in Dr Scott's surgery. Saw her next in the same place, the last week of May, when she complained of her husband's drinking habits, and of his abusing her; she said Dr Scott had been giving him medicine to stop him from drinking, without effect; and that at the rate he was going on, he would soon be in his grave; wished to get something to put in her husband's drink to sicken him off it. Witness gave her two drachms of tartar emetic, directing her to give as much at a time as would lie on the point of a penknife; she said there were a great many mice in the house, and wanted arsenic to kill them. Witness said he did not like to put up poison—but, on her continued importunity, he gave her two or three drachms, writing "poison" on the paper. She begged him earnestly not to say anything to Dr Scott (who was then attending Bourdon) of what she had got. A fortnight after, prisoner came again, said the medicine had operated first-rate, that her husband was an altered man, that the mice were all gone, and that she did not know how to recompense him; witness told her he was sufficiently recompensed if her husband was benefited; she got no medicine at this time. Prisoner resides about 10 miles from Berlin. Her next visit was to procure some tincture of rhubarb, ordered by Dr Scott, for her husband. Next saw her in his new establishment, the Medical Hall, on the 17th June; calling him aside, she told him that her husband had got into his old habits again, said she was going to Galt to obtain a divorce, complained of a ferocious dog at her place, and wished to get something to kill him; feeling reluctant to put up more poison, witness, to get rid of her, gave her a piece of sponge, (which he had known used for the purpose in the old country,) telling her to cut it up and give it to the dog. On the 20th June she came again, and calling witness into a private room, renewed her former complaints of her husband's bad usage; the dog would not eat the sponge, and there were more mice. Anxious to get her away, he put up about three drachms of corrosive sublimate from a bottle on the counter, enclosing it in three papers, on the first and second of which he wrote "poison," and on the outside cover "rank poison;" told her to be careful in the use of it, as ten grains in one dose would kill a man; gave her 180 grains; corrosive sublimate quite as deadly as arsenic; had no suspicion she entertained any other design than of giving it to the dog and mice. Prisoner came again the following Sunday, the 23rd June, at five o'clock in the morning; said Bourdon was dying; had left him alone; she described his symptoms, which were similar to those produced by poison—sensation of burning in throat and stomach, and vomiting, with black spots on abdomen. Witness felt satisfied she had given him corrosive sublimate; she said he had had the same disease before; sent her to Dr Scott; she came back in a quarter of an hour, saying she could not get Scott up; told her to go home and give her husband gruel; considered the case hopeless; saw Dr

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Cross-examined by Mr. Freeman.—On her second visit, the prisoner had asked for Dr Scott; said her husband was ill, and Scott was administering medicine to him; didn't describe the symptoms of complaint, but said "he couldn't eat for his drinking." When she next came, said the medicine had acted first-rate. When she came on Sunday, the 23rd June, described the symptoms, which witness believed were the effects of poison; said she couldn't get Scott up. Had seen the stomach of a drunkard; strong drink would not produce such symptoms; tartar emetic dangerous if taken largely; a fortnight had elapsed between the periods when he gave her the medicine and when she stated that her husband was better. Didn't make a minute examination of the stomach.

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We must postpone the further details of evidence till next week; the result will be found beneath. JOHN CLAMP (committed for murder on the verdict of the Coroner's jury,) was discharged by proclamation.

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constituent for 21 years from Dec., 1831, which barring the Crown's right to dispose of the leasee's interest for that period, the jury found for defendant.

JOHN PRATT was indicted for a Misdemeanor, the Grand Jury having found a true bill last Assizes. It appeared that Mr Pratt's son-in-law, Mr William Dyson, having become involved in his circumstances about two years since, had granted to his father-in-law a bill of sale of moveables, amounting to £430 15s., (and also a mortgage on some landed property, for the payment of which Pratt was responsible), to which amount it was proved he was indebted to defendant. A disposition of Dyson's whole effects having been subsequently made to Thomas Sandilands, Esq., as trustee for the general creditors, defendant gave up the mortgage.

J. T. Cunningham, Sheriff's Officer, stated that Pratt and Dyson had tried all the schemes they could invent to cheat the creditors; the former using several rash expressions—asserting that "the intention of the assignment was to keep the ruffians from tearing his son-in-law's property to pieces," &c.; and that the property was made over to Pratt at an inadequate valuation.

Several witnesses proved that Dyson, now lessee of a grist mill in Nassagaweya, was still in possession of much of the property assigned to Pratt; and that the latter had stated, in reply to inquiries about Dyson's responsibility, that he was as good as ever, he [Pratt] having only taken the goods to keep off the creditors.

Mr Sandilands detailed his intrusions with Dyson's estate; by which it appeared he had paid interest, on a mortgage of £600, insurance, and taxes, to the amount of £316 12s. 6d., being some £60 in excess of the rents received from the estate. It appeared that the property, under Mr Sandilands' management, when realized, would not only be sufficient to pay all Dyson's debts, but leave him besides a considerable residue.

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Thomas Hoffmann and Robert Dunbar proved confession of charge by prisoner, who was found guilty, recommended to mercy on account of youth, and afterwards sentenced to three months' imprisonment, with hard labor.

The jury in Mrs. Bourdon's case then came into Court with a verdict of "Not Guilty," when His Lordship, addressing the prisoner, said he was glad the jury had been able, in consistency with their duty to their country, to acquit her. She must not, however, suppose she left the bar of the Court with an unblemished reputation. He trusted she would endeavor so to conduct herself during the remainder of her life, as to make amends for the past; that so, when she should appear before the bar of a higher tribunal, she might there also meet an acquittal.

especially evident in the samples of Fall wheat and Dairy produce. It has been of no small advantage to the Agriculturists of our upper townships of the County, that their attention has of late years, and more especially last season, been so much directed to the cultivation of Fall instead of Spring wheat; had the usual proportions of the present year, the consequences would have been appalling. The propriety of having the fall thoroughly clean, of early sowing, and frequent change of seed although procured at considerable cost, cannot be too earnestly impressed on the farmers—Mr. Christie of Dumfries wheat, which took the first premium at the Provincial show the other day, weighed 66 and 67 lbs per bushel, and was the produce of first prize wheat at the previous New York State Fair; it is of the variety termed "blue stem wheat," and Mr. C., with a view to its propagation, has sown nearly 300 acres of it this Fall. In dairy produce, the old settled townships have been necessarily in advance of Nichol; the present exhibition, we believe, showed in the estimation of parties well qualified to judge, an equality with any township in the County.

About 7 o'clock a considerable party of the members of the Society sat down to dinner in the Wellington Hotel—Thos. Webster, Esq., in the Chair; Alexander Drysdale, Esq., Vice. On the removal of the cloth, J. Harland, Esq., Secretary of the County Society, read the following LIST OF PREMIUMS:—

LIVE STOCK. [Jurers—Messrs J. McKerie, David McCrea, and Thomas Dryden.]

Mares—1st, T. Loghrin; 2d, A. Sherratt; 3d, R. Scott. Colt Fost—1st, T. Loghrin; 2d, A. Sherratt. Filly Foal—R. Scott. Yearling Colts—1st, Jas Gerrie; 2d, A. Drysdale.

Yearling Fillies—1st, A. Sherratt; 2d, William Mackie. Two-year-old Colts—1st, James Cowie; 2d, R. Scott. Two-year-old Fillies—1st, G. Caldwell; 2d, T. Maillard. Span of Horses—1st, Jas Ross; 2d, G. Caldwell.

Hacks—1st, D. B. Ferguson; 2d, G. Jardine; 3d, J. Gordon. Aged Bull—A. Sherratt. Young Bull—1st, G. Barron; 2d, A. Drysdale. Cows—1st, A. Harvey; 2d, W. Preston; 3d, James Walker.

Two-year-old Heifers—1st, A. Sherratt; 2d, G. Caldwell; 3d, T. Webster; 4th, T. Loghrin; 5th, James Gordon. Yearling Heifers—1st, A. Sherratt; 2d, A. McDona; 3d, James Perry. Yokes of Oxen—1st, T. Webster; 2d, T. Loghrin; 3d, James Gordon.

Yokes of Steers—1st, G. Caldwell; 2d, J. Ross. Fat Cattle—W. Scott. Aged Rams—1st, Jas Ross; 2d, S. Broadfoot. Shearling Rams—1st, S. Broadfoot; 2d, A. Sherratt. Pairs of Ewes—1st, S. Broadfoot; 2d, J. Ross. Shearling Ewes—1st, S. Broadfoot; 2d, A. Harvey.

Best Male Lamb—S. Broadfoot. Best Female Lamb—A. Drysdale. Best Fat Sheep—A. Drysdale. Best Boar—No merit. Best Sow—P. McLellan.

P. G. DUCIE. [Judges—James Loghrin, Esq.; Messrs John Ross and George Armstrong, Jun.]

Fall Wheat—1st, R. Scott; 2d, G. Barron; 3d, James McQueen. Spring Wheat—1st, R. Scott; 2d, A. Drysdale; 3d, James Foote. Barley—1st, J. Keigh; 2d, G. Barron; 3d, A. Drysdale.

Canadian Oats—1st, W. Clarke; 2d, G. Barron. Other Oats—G. Barron. Potatoes—W. Webster. Timothy Seed—W. Clarke. Swedish Turnip Seed—John Brockie. Corn—James Walker.

Salt Blatter—1st, John Orr; 2d, John Brockie; 3d, W. Clarke. Cheese—1st, James Perry; 2d, W. Wylie; 3d, John Brockie. Best Pink-eyed Potatoes—James Perry. Best Shamrock—A. Harvey. Best other Potatoes—W. Clarke. Swedish Turnips—1st, James McQueen; 2d, James Perry.

Best other Turnips—James McQueen. Best Seed Onions—J. Watt. Best dozen Carrots—T. Webster. Best Cabbages—G. Stewart. Maple Sugar—1st, Jas Perry; 2d, W. Mackie. Spun Stocking Yarn—1st, James Gordon; 2d, A. Harvey; 3d, James Foote. Knitted Socks—A. Harvey.

The usual loyal toasts from the Chair were followed by "The Judges of Stock"—the Chairman remarking on the onerous nature of the office, and the impartiality with which its duties had been performed.

J. McKerie, Esq. replied. He had been called unexpectedly to the office; although having been frequently present at the annual shows in Fergus, he could mark the progress that was making. Their attention had been first called to the pigs, and the only bar shown being an exceedingly poor one, they had withheld the premium. There were some very good grass shown, and the two-year-old Fillies were particularly worthy of commendation, as were several spans of the working hounds. As to the hackneys, while Mr. Ferguson's old horse still stood No. 1, he would say he had never at any show in Guelph seen a better turn out. The aged bull that had taken the premium in that class was an old favorite. There were some fine cows and heifers, and the sheep were to be especially commended. He was sure that in that department the judges must at all events have given Mr. Broadfoot satisfaction. He could not sit down without saying that the judges had been treated most handsomely and had every assistance afforded them in the execution of their office.

"The Judges of Produce" was then given from the Vice Chair—Mr. Drysdale remarking that the company would be happy to hear their opinion of the state of matters in their department.

J. Loghrin, Esq. said there had not been an Agricultural Show at Fergus but he had been present, and was consequently in a position to mark the progress made. In Fall Wheat the improvement was particularly evident; of fourteen samples shown, all first rate, the difference in the quality of the grain was almost imperceptible, the premiums having to be assigned rather to superiority in cleaning. The spring wheat had been falling off for several seasons, and the present showed no improvement. He was surprised that so few samples of Barley had been shown; either the soil was not suitable for that grain, or the price was not remunerative; he would advise growers to cut greener, and change the seed more frequently. In oats, also, he would advise the same system of periodical change of seed observed in the growing of wheat be practised, and they would get better crops. There used to be a

variety of samples of peas; he did not know what had kept them back on the present occasion. An Irishman ought to be a good judge of potatoes; but among such a variety of samples, all excellent, he had found it difficult to decide. The samples of turnips were numerous, and all good. There were some good samples of timothy seed. It would have been desirable to have seen more competitors for the different sorts of turnip seed. Indian corn was a new article at their exhibitions; several excellent samples had been shown. Twenty lots of salt butter had been placed on the table of the show-room, all nearly equally excellent; he would have been glad to give a prize to each; indeed the judges had been quite puzzled how to decide, and had been principally guided in their decision by the fact that several of the samples did not appear sufficiently salt for long keeping. The cheese showed a great improvement; the lots on the show table would have been any township in Norway. Mr. Loghrin said, in conclusion, that after what he had that day witnessed as the result of female industry and skill, he couldn't sit down without asking the company to drink the health of a class without whom their shows would be little worth, and their homes not worth going to—"The Farmers' Wives and Daughters." [Drunk with great applause.]

John Valentine, Esq. returned thanks for the farmers' wives and daughters. He was sorry no premiums were offered for such stock, or he might have had some chance of one. He would advise those who were in a position to do so, to increase the stock and improve the breed.—[Laughter.]

David Ferguson, Esq. gave, in eulogistic terms, the Secretary of the County Society, "John Harland, Esq."

Mr. Harland would not make a long speech—knowing that in Fergus the habit was, short speeches and rather long drinks. He had more pleasure in being present now, than on the two last occasions; for he could now hold up his head, and exclaim, "20s. in the pound to all claimants," thanks to the exertions of the brother of the gentleman who had proposed his health. He had represented to Government, through Mr. Ferguson, the inconvenience to which the farmers were subjected in having to attend at the head quarters of the different branches twice to receive payment of their premiums, and the consequent dissatisfaction; and the result was, that within three days the Legislative Grant was paid in. He begged to congratulate the members on the tone of the judges. Mr. McKerie had told them that the stock was decidedly improved. Mr. Loghrin, who had been at every show in Fergus since the organization of the Branch, had given his testimony to the same effect; and he was happy to say that, after a minute examination of the different lots brought forward for competition, he could quite coincide in opinion with these gentlemen. He was particularly gratified with the samples of fall wheat, which would do credit to any township. One article he thought the judges had omitted to particularise—a most beautiful sample of worsted shown by Mr. J. Gordon. Mr. Valentine had spoken of increasing the stock of wives, (laughter;) he found one who could produce so beautiful a sample of petticoat wear. He could speak in high terms of many of the horses shown, especially the colts. He didn't know where they got stock to improve from. The stallions shown year after year had been so inferior, that the townships had very properly ceased to offer premiums for such things. Guelph, Eramosa, and Paslinch, had each sent apart a handsome sum to be offered as a premium for stallions worthy the name; and he regretted that Nichol had not done the same; but, knowing their reason for not doing so, he could now readily excuse them, in expectation that they would next year adopt the same course as their neighbors. He hoped Nichol would ever not only equal, but excel other townships in the quality of her stock and produce.—[Applause.]

The Chairman, with some prefatory remarks, gave "The Nichol Branch of the Agricultural Society."

The Vice, remarking on the advantage of imported fallbred stock, stated that all but one of the sheep on the ground that day, were raised from three thoroughbred Leicester, imported some years since by Mr. Broadfoot. He gave "The Successful Candidates."

Mr. Broadfoot, in returning thanks, said it was no use to think of raising superior animals with good stock; his were thoroughbred, and deserved the premiums they had taken. Although successful at the pens, he had not been so in the show-room; but he had no doubt the judges in that department had done their duty.

Mr. Sherratt said, that although his stock was not thoroughbred, he had got a larger amount of premiums in his pocket than any one else—that was the best criterion.

Mr. Harland, during Mr. Webster's momentary absence, gave "Our Chairman;" adding that there was not in the township, in the county, in the province, nor in the world, a more honest-hearted man—one more willing to serve his friend—or, among themselves, one more anxious for the prosperity of this Agricultural Association.

Mr. Webster, on resuming his seat, said he had heard their hurrahing outside. Would have been happy had the compliment been merited. If he had done well, he must try and do better in future. He had never been, and still was, as keen an agriculturalist as any in the county; but, like others, he experienced great difficulty in getting in the harvest.

D. Ferguson, Esq. gave "A. Drysdale, Esq., our Vice;" adding, in his usual facetious style, "a good-natured and ignorant fellow like myself, but willing to take lessons."

The Vice, remarking that every thing was favorably progressing under the fostering care of their esteemed President, gave "The County Agricultural Society, and the President, Colonel Saunders."

Mr. Harland returned thanks, stating that the bad weather and the Assizes than sitting in Guelph, had prevented Col. Saunders' attendance. Col. Saunders had often impressed on him the propriety of doing all he could for the Branch Associations, more especially for Nichol.

Mr. J. McQueen made some excellent remarks on the superiority of Agriculture, as the basis of all prosperity, and in the successful progress of which all classes were interested. He dilated on the propriety of acquiring a practical knowledge of the art in youth, and pointed to the disadvantage under which those parties labored, who, having passed the meridian of life, were under the necessity of acquiring and practising an art unknown to them in youth; and remarking that the com-

pany would have great pleasure in listening to a person of so great practical knowledge as Mr. Loghrin, he gave "The Eramosa Branch," which was located in an old settled township, and one which had consequently made great progress.

Mr. Loghrin returned thanks. What agriculture had done in the older townships, would, under proper management, follow in those more recently settled. He was glad to see the farmers coming forward to aid the others. He would recommend the Society to offer suitable premiums for superior male animals.

Mr. J. Valentine had a few words to say on a subject which had recently caused no small excitement throughout the Province—the explanation of the Reporters for the Press from the House of Assembly. The Liberty of the Press lay at the very foundation of genuine British Freedom.—The Press occupied a high position in the eyes of the people of Canada, and they beheld with amazement and indignation its expulsion from the highest court in the land. Lawyers might find precedents to warrant acts which honest farmers did not understand; they would soon find that the farmers of Canada had identified their interests with those of the Press, and that they would never submit to have the Press excluded from the deliberations of their Representatives. No Legislator, having honest intentions, would desire to keep his Constituents in ignorance of the opinions delivered by him in parliament.—[Great applause.]

He would couple with the toast he was about to give the name of an old acquaintance, whose place was never found empty when his presence might promote the interest of agriculture, and more especially that of the township of Nichol. "The Press and Mr. Pirie."

Mr. Pirie acknowledged the compliment. Mr. Ferguson and Mr. G. Barron having risen together, Mr. Barron gave way; and Mr. Ferguson, with some facetious remarks, proposed his health.

Mr. Barron did not know what motive had led to the proposal of the toast—would suppose the best. Alluding to what had been said regarding the Press, those who sought to coerce the Press were attacking the liberties of the people. Mr. B. offered some remarks on the advantages of education—even in Paradise, the primal pair required instruction—were taught among other things to make themselves aprons; the Press would be useless without education. Mr. B., in conclusion, proposed "Education in Canada, and Mr. McQueen," the oldest schoolmaster in the township.

We must sum up the further proceedings in brief space. Mr. McQueen responded to the last toast—remarking on the popular error that farmers neither had nor required education; their right to hold the highest offices in the land; and on the great advantage to be derived from the study of Agricultural Chemistry in the Common Schools.

Mr. Ferguson gave "The Village of Elera." Mr. Dolesman returned thanks.

Mr. Sherratt, referring to what had been said by Messrs Harland and Valentine, gave "The Health of Mr. Ferguson, the County Member," as the Champion of the Press, and in acknowledgement of his exertions to procure prompt payment of the Legislative grant.

Thanks were returned by Mr. D. Ferguson and Mr. Barron—the latter gentleman declining and discussing politics in a breath.

Mr. Harland, remarking on the superior quality of a parcel of cheese shown by Mr. Wylie, gave "The Unsuccessful Candidates" coupling in laudatory terms Mr. J. Valentine's name with the toast.

Mr. Valentine replied in a very facetious style, keeping the table in a roar; he had been accustomed to return thanks for the toast for 10 or 12 years, and never despair—if no premiums, good dinner and lots of fun. He gave "Mr. McCrea," as the youngest Canadian present.

Mr. Foote, proposing J. Webster, Esq., as the unwearied promoter of the interests of the locality, gave that gentleman's health, which was drunk with the accompaniment of song and long-continued cheering.

Mr. Thos. Webster returned thanks. Mr. Broadfoot, remarking that they couldn't have a good thing too often, and on the exertions, influence, and expenditure of money in the locality, by the gentleman he was about to propose, gave "The Hon. A. Ferguson and J. Webster, Esq.," as the founders and patrons of Fergus.

Mr. D. Ferguson returned thanks. By Mr. Brockie—"The Manufactures and Mercantile Interests of Nichol."

By Mr. Dolesman—"The Farmers of Nichol." Mr. Barron responded.

From the Chair—"The Farmers' toast 'Horn, Corn, Wool, and Yarn.'"

By Mr. Pirie—"The Municipal Council of the Township of Nichol."

entered the saloon carriage. The carriage was lined with blue figured satin, and was furnished with two easy chairs and a sofa, and had a table in the centre. The carriages were tastefully decorated with flowers.

The Duke of Buccleuch before parting. He next made a low bow to Mr. Sheriff Gordon, with whom he shook hands; and Major-General Riddell enjoyed the same distinguished mark of favor.

The royal train passed through the railway station at Waverley Bridge at twenty minutes to 9 o'clock. The Lord Provost was in waiting on the platform, with several of the railway officials.

The East Prince's Street Garden was thronged on both sides by a large assemblage, and the arch at the Earthen Mound, with the North Bridge and Waverley Bridge, were crowded by people anxious to obtain a parting view of her Majesty and the royal family.

Mr. Freeman having addressed the jury for the defence, and the Sol. Gen. for the Crown, His Lordship summed up, and the jury, having retired, brought in a verdict of "Guilty."

On Mr. Pratt's being brought up for sentence on Saturday, Mr. Ferguson moved for an arrest of judgment, on the ground of a flaw in the indictment. The Court coincided in opinion with Mr. Ferguson as to the validity of the objection.

The Assizes were opened here on Tuesday last by Mr. Justice Draper—His Honor Judge Powell, Col. Hewat, G. J. Mickle, and James Wright, Esq. taking the seats as associate judges.

THOS. HOUNSLEY, Esq., FORMAN. R. F. Budd, D. Allan, W. Alexander, F. Marcon, John Harland, John Smith, Ed. Murton, T. Heffernan, R. H. Smiley, E. Harland, D. Savage, John Mitchell, Jas. Wilson, Geo. Henderson, P. Stronger, W. H. Parker.

Mr. Justice Draper briefly addressed the Grand Jury, congratulating them on the small amount of criminal charges, but remarking that two of the four on which they would be called to decide were of the most aggravated character—Murder.

Henry Smith, apothecary, Berlin. First saw the prisoner in March or April last, in Dr. Scott's surgery. Saw her next in the same place, the last week of May, when she complained of her husband's drinking habits, and of his abusing her.

By Mr. Justice Draper. The Grand Jury were for the protection of innocence, and were to be so regarded. It was their duty to ascertain if their were good grounds for sending prisoners to trial, and if none, such were found to return "no bill."

On the 20th June she came again, and calling witness into a private room, reviewed her former complaints of her husband's bad usage; the dog would not eat the sponge, and there were more mice. Axious to get her away, he put up about three drachms of cognac, she submitted to a bottle on the counter, enclosing it in three papers, on the first and second of which he wrote "poison," and on the outer cover "rank poison."

On Friday last the Annual Exhibition of Live Stock and Produce by the Nichol Branch of the County Agricultural Society was held in Fergus. The weather was particularly unpropitious, a continuous, although not very heavy rain prevailing throughout the day—notwithstanding which the concourse of spectators and number of entries of stock were perhaps quite equal to that of former years.

There were some other civil cases not of much public interest, and the Court having again sat for some hours on Saturday, was then closed.

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constituted for 21 years from Dec., 1831, which barring the Crown's right to dispose of the leasee's interest for that period, the jury found for defendant.

Joseph Pratt was indicted for a Misdemeanor, the Grand Jury having found a true bill last Assizes. It appeared that Mr. Pratt's son-in-law, Mr. William Dyson, having become involved in his circumstances about two years since, had granted to his father-in-law a bill of sale of moveables, amounting to £130 15s.

J. T. Cunningham, Sheriff's Officer, stated that Pratt and Dyson had tried all the schemes they could invent to cheat the creditors; the former using several rash expressions—asserting that "the intention of the assignment was to keep the ruffians from tearing his son-in-law's property to pieces"; &c.; and that this property was made over to Pratt at an inadequate valuation.

Several witnesses proved that Dyson, now lessee of a great mill in Nassagaweya, was still in possession of much of the property assigned to Pratt; and that the latter had stated, in reply to inquiries about Dyson's responsibility, that he was as good as ever, [Pratt] having only taken the goods to keep off the creditors.

Mr. Sandilands detailed his intrusions with Dyson's estate; and by which it appeared he had paid interest, (on a mortgage of £600,) insurance, and taxes, to the amount of £316 12s. 6d., being some £50 in excess of the rents received from the estate. It appeared that the property, under Mr. Sandilands' management, when realized, would not only be sufficient to pay all Dyson's debts, but leave him besides a considerable residue.

Mr. Freeman having addressed the jury for the defence, and the Sol. Gen. for the Crown, His Lordship summed up, and the jury, having retired, brought in a verdict of "Guilty."

On Mr. Pratt's being brought up for sentence on Saturday, Mr. Ferguson moved for an arrest of judgment, on the ground of a flaw in the indictment. The Court coincided in opinion with Mr. Ferguson as to the validity of the objection.

THURSDAY, Sept. 26. MURTHA ANN ELIZA BOURDON, late of the township of Wellesley, in this county, widow, having been placed at the bar; and the indictment, charging her with the murder of her husband, Dominick Anthony Bourdon, by administering to him, on the 22nd June last, three drachms or corrosive sublimate, in consequence of which, death ensued on the 29th of the same month, having been read, the prisoner pleaded "Not Guilty."

By Mr. Justice Draper. The Grand Jury were for the protection of innocence, and were to be so regarded. It was their duty to ascertain if their were good grounds for sending prisoners to trial, and if none, such were found to return "no bill."

By the Court—He inferred from appearances, that the poison had been administered at intervals and in small doses; if so given in solution, it might have been absorbed into the system as not to be detected. Witness' belief in a cause of death would not be shaken suppose no traces of corrosive sublimate had been found in stomach; it would certainly have been detected if given in large quantities. Had no suspicion deceased had been poisoned until the instant.

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Scott the same morning, and told him that all the symptoms described by her were those of an acid poison. Was present at inquest; the body looked frightful of a dark purple color, with a blue and green circle round the navel, the mouth of a dark livid hue. Examined the stomach, which was in an awful condition—the veins highly congested, and the mucous membrane and other intestines covered with gangrenous spots, not like the effects of natural disease, but as if caused by some acid substance; the heart, lungs, and liver were healthy; had no doubt, from the appearance of the body inside and out, that death was caused by acid poison. Had attended similar examinations at home, but never saw so bad a case. The contents of the stomach were handed over to the Professor of Chemistry in Toronto, after having been examined by Dr. Whiting and witness. The Boarding died on the Saturday; the inquest was held on Monday. Did not question prisoner about the poison.

Cross-examined by Mr. Freeman.—On her second visit, the prisoner had asked for Dr. Scott; her husband was ill, and Scott was administering medicine to him; didn't describe the symptoms of complaint, but said "he couldn't eat for his drinking." When she next came, said the medicine had acted first rate. When she came on Sunday, the 23rd June, described the symptoms, which witness believed were the effects of poison; said she couldn't get Scott up. Had seen the stomach of a drunkard; strong drink would not produce such symptoms; tartar emetic dangerous if taken largely; a fortnight had elapsed between the periods when he gave her the emetic and when she stated that her husband was better. Didn't make a minute examination of the stomach.

Dr. Whiting—Is a licensed surgeon, resident in Berlin. Was called by prisoner to visit her husband 27th June last; found him suffering from violent pains in the stomach, and retching all the time, not vomiting; had been throwing up food; mouth very sore, and profuse salivation; pains in legs and arms, body soft and swollen, abdomen tender and painful by touch, strong symptoms of poison; prescribed small doses of opium, sulphate of iron, and sulphuric acid. Prisoner followed witness into her room, and asked if her husband would live, if there was any hope of him. Witness inquired how long he had been sick, and what the symptoms of his complaint. Prisoner merely replied that he had been some time ill. Had no hope he would live 24 hours; he died on the Saturday morning (29th June). Examined the body the Monday following by request of the coroner. Described appearance of stomach nearly the same terms as Mr. Smith; liver sound, with exception of lower portion; mouth very sore. When seen by witness on the Thursday was "sweating at the rate of half a gallon per diem"; could not account for symptoms—similar to those produced by acid poison. It would require, of corrosive sublimate, a grain a day for seven or eight days, to cause death and produce the effects witnessed; if given in larger quantities, the symptoms would have been stronger—a drachm would cause death in a few hours.

By the Court—He inferred from appearances, that the poison had been administered at intervals and in small doses; if so given in solution, it might have been absorbed into the system as not to be detected. Witness' belief in a cause of death would not be shaken suppose no traces of corrosive sublimate had been found in stomach; it would certainly have been detected if given in large quantities. Had no suspicion deceased had been poisoned until the instant.

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especially evident in the samples of Fall wheat and Dairy produce. It has been of no small advantage to the Agriculturists of the upper townships of the County, that their attention has of late years, and more especially last season, been so much directed to the cultivation of Fall instead of Spring wheat; had the usual proportions of the two varieties been cultivated during the present year, the consequences would have been appalling. The propriety of having the fallow thoroughly clean, of early sowing, and frequent change of seed although procured at considerable cost, cannot be too earnestly impressed on the farmers.—Mr. Christie of Dumfries wheat, which took the first premium at the Provincial show the other day, weighed 66 and 67 lbs per bushel, and was the produce of first prize wheat at the previous New York State Fair; it is of the variety termed "blue stem wheat," and Mr. C., with a view to its propagation, has sown nearly 300 acres of it this Fall. In dairy produce, the old settled townships have been necessarily in advance of Nichol; the present exhibition, we believe, showed in the estimation of parties well qualified to judge, an equality with any township in the County.

About 7 o'clock a considerable party of the members of the Society sat down to dinner in the Wellington Hotel—Thos. Webster, Esq. in the Chair; Alexander Drysdale, Esq., Vice. On the removal of the cloth, J. Harland, Esq., Secretary of the County Society, read the following LIST OF PREMIUMS:—

LIVE STOCK. [James—Messrs J. McKerie, David McCrea, and Thomas Dyer. Mares—1st, T. Loghrin; 2d, A. Sherratt; 3d, R. Scott. Colt Foals—1st, T. Loghrin; 2d, A. Sherratt; 3d, F. Fyfe. Yearling Colts—1st, Jas. Gerrie; 2d, A. Drysdale. Yearling Fillies—1st, A. Sherratt; 2d, William Mackie. Two-year-old Colts—1st, James Cowie; 2d, R. Scott. Two-year-old Fillies—1st, G. Caldwell; 2d, T. Madland. Span of Horses—1st, Jas. Ross; 2d, G. Caldwell. Hacks—1st, D. B. Ferguson; 2d, G. Jardine; 3d, J. Gordon. Aged Bull—A. Sherratt. Young Bulls—1st, G. Barron; 2d, A. Drysdale. Cows—1st, A. Harvey; 2d, W. Preston; 3d, James Walker. Two-year-old Heifers—1st, A. Sherratt; 2d, G. Caldwell; 3d, T. Webster. Yearling Heifers—1st, A. Sherratt; 2d, A. McQuinn; 3d, James Perry. Yokes of Steers—1st, G. Caldwell; 2d, J. Ross. Fat Cattle—W. Scott. Aged Rams—1st, Jas. Ross; 2d, S. Broadfoot. Shearling Rams—1st, S. Broadfoot; 2d, A. Sherratt. Pairs of Ewes—1st, S. Broadfoot; 2d, J. Ross. Shearling Ewes—1st, S. Broadfoot; 2d, A. Harvey. Best Male Lamb—S. Broadfoot. Best Female Lamb—A. Drysdale. Best Fat Sheep—A. Drysdale. Best Boar—N. Merrit. Best Sow—P. McLellan.]

PRODUCE. [District—James Loghrin, Esq.; Messrs. John Rio, and George Armstrong, Jun. Fall Wheat—1st, R. Scott; 2d, G. Barron; 3d, James M. Dumas. Spring Wheat—1st, R. Scott; 2d, A. Drysdale; 3d, James Fyfe. Barley—1st, J. Keith; 2d, G. Barron; 3d, A. Drysdale. Canadian Oats—1st, W. Clarke; 2d, G. Barron. Best Oats—T. Barron. Peas—T. Webster. Timothy Seed—W. Clarke. Swedish Turnip Seed—John Brockie. Corn—James Walker. Suit Hatter—1st, John Orr; 2d, John Brockie; 3d, W. Clarke. Cheese—1st, James Perry; 2d, W. Wylie; 3d, John Brockie. Best Fat Cows—James Perry. Best other Potatoes—W. Clarke. Swedish Turnips—1st, James McQueen; 2d, James Perry. Best other Turnips—James McQueen. Best Seed Potatoes—J. Watt. Best dozen Carrots—T. Webster. Best Cabbages—G. Stewart. Maple Sugar—1st, Jas. Perry; 2d, W. Mackie. Spin Stocking Yarn—1st, James Gordon; 2d, A. Harvey; 3d, James Foote. Knitted Socks—A. Harvey. The usual loyal toasts from the Chair were followed by "The Judges of Stock"—the Chairman remarking on the onerous nature of the office, and the impartiality with which its duties had been performed.

J. McKerie, Esq. replied. He had been called unexpectedly to the office; although having been frequently present at the annual shows in Fergus, he could mark the progress that was making.—Their attention had been first called to the pigs, and the only four shown being an exceedingly poor one, they had withheld the premium. There were some very good mares shown, and the two-year-old Fillies were particularly worthy of commendation, as were several spans of the working horses. As to the hackneys, while Mr. Ferguson's old horse still stood No. 1, he would say he had never at any show in Guelpch seen a better turn out. The aged bull that had taken the premium in that class was an old favorite. There were some fine cows and heifers, and the sheep were to be especially commended. He was sure that in that department the judges must at all events have given Mr. Broadfoot satisfaction.—He could not sit down without saying that the judges had been treated most handsomely and had every assistance afforded them in the execution of their office.

"The Judges of Produce" was then given from the Vice Chair.—Mr. Drysdale remarking that the company would be happy to hear their opinion of the state of matters in their department. J. Loghrin, Esq. said there had not been an Agricultural Show at Fergus but he had been present, and was consequently in a position to mark the progress made. In Fall Wheat the improvement was particularly evident; of fourteen samples shown, all first rate, the difference in the quality of the grain was almost imperceptible, the premiums having to be assigned rather to superiority in cleaning. The spring wheat had been falling off for several seasons, and the present showed no improvement. He was surprised that so few samples of barley had been shown; either the soil was not suitable for that grain, or the price was not remunerative; he would advise growers to cut greener, and change the seed more frequently. In oats, also, he would advise that the same system of periodical change of seed observed in the growing of wheat be practised, and they would get better crops. There was to be a variety of samples of peas; he did not know what had kept them back on the present occasion. An Irishman ought to be a good judge of potatoes; but among such a variety of samples, all excellent, he had found it difficult to decide. The samples of turnips were numerous, and all good. There were some good samples of timothy seed. It would have been desirable to have seen more competitors for the different sorts of turnip seed. Indian corn was a new article at their exhibitions; several excellent samples had been placed on the table of the show-room, all nearly equally excellent; he would have been glad to give a prize to each; indeed the judges had been quite puzzled how to decide, and had been principally guided in their decision by the fact that several of the samples did not appear sufficiently well for keeping. The cheese showed a great improvement; the lots on the show table would have been any township in Norway. Mr. Loghrin said, in conclusion, that after what he had that day witnessed as the result of female industry and skill, he couldn't sit down without asking the company to drink the health of a class without whom their shows would be little worth, and their homes not worth going to—"The Farmers' Wives and Daughters." [Drunk with great applause.]

Mr. Valentine, Esq. returned thanks for the farmers' wives and daughters. He was sorry no premiums were offered for such stock, or he might have had some chance of one. He would advise those who were in a position to do so, to increase the stock and improve the breed.—[Laughter.] David Ferguson, Esq. gave, in eulogistic terms, the Secretary of the County Society, "John Harland, Esq."

Mr. Harland would not make a long speech—knowing that in Fergus the habit was, short speeches and rather long drinks. He had more pleasure in being present now, than on the two last occasions; for he could now hold up his head, and exclaim, "20s. in the pound to all claimants," thanks to the exertions of the brother of the gentleman who had proposed his health. He had represented to Government, through Mr. Ferguson, the inconvenience to which the farmers were subjected in having to attend at the head quarters of the different branches twice to receive payment for their premiums, and the consequent dissatisfaction; and the result was, that within three days the Legislative Grant was paid in. He begged to congratulate the members on the tone of the judges. Mr. McKerie had told them that the stock was decidedly improved. Mr. Loghrin who had been at every show in Fergus since the organization of the Branch, had given his testimony to the same effect; and he was happy to say that, after a minute examination of the different lots brought forward for competition, he could quite coincide in opinion with these gentlemen. He was particularly gratified with the samples of fall wheat, which would do credit to any township. One article he thought the judges had omitted to particularise—a most beautiful sample of worsted shown by Mr. J. Gordon. Mr. Valentine had spoken of increasing the stock of wives, (laughter;) he found one wife quite enough for him, and he was sure Mr. Gordon had reason to be satisfied with a wife who could produce so beautiful a sample of petticoat wear. He could speak in high terms of many of the horses shown, especially the colts. He didn't know where they got stock to improve from. The stallions shown year after year had been so inferior, that the townships had very properly ceased to offer premiums for such things. Guelpch, Eramosa, and Puslinch, had each set apart a handsome sum to be offered as a premium for stallions worthy the name; and he regretted that Nichol had not done the same; but, knowing their reason for not doing so, he could now readily excuse them, in expectation that they would next year adopt the same course as their neighbors. He hoped Nichol would ever not only equal, but excel other townships in the quality of his stock and produce.—[Applause.] The Chairman, with some prefatory remarks, gave "The Nichol Branch of the Agricultural Society."

The Vice, remarking on the advantage of imported fullbred stock, stated that all but one of the sheep on the ground that day, were raised from three thoroughbred Leicesters, imported some years since by Mr. Broadfoot. He gave "The Successful Candidates." Mr. Broadfoot, in returning thanks, said it was no use to think of raising superior animals with old good stock; his were thoroughbred, and deserved the premiums they had taken. Although successful at the pens, he had not been so in the show-room; but he had no doubt the judges in that department had done their duty. Mr. Sherratt said, that although his stock was not thoroughbred, he had got a larger amount of premiums 'in his pocket than any one else—that was the best criterion.

Mr. Harland, during Mr. Webster's momentary absence, gave "Our Chairman," adding that there was not in the township, in the county, in the province, nor in the world, a more honest-hearted man—one more willing to serve his friend, and among themselves, one more anxious for the prosperity of the Agricultural Association. Mr. Webster, on resuming his seat, said he had heard their hurrahing outside. Would have been happy had the compliment been merited. If he had done well, he must try and do better in future. He had ever been, and still was, as keen an agriculturalist as any in the county; but, like others, he experienced great difficulty in getting in the harvest. D. Ferguson, Esq. gave "A. Drysdale, Esq., our Vice," adding, in his usual facetious style, "a good-natured and ignorant fellow like myself, but willing to take lessons." Mr. Drysdale returned thanks.

The Vice, remarking that every thing was favorably progressing under the fostering care of their esteemed President, gave "The County Agricultural Society, and the President, Colonel Saunders." Mr. Harland returned thanks, stating that the bad weather and the Assizes then sitting in Guelpch, had prevented Col. Saunders' attendance. Col. Saunders had often impressed on him the propriety of doing all he could for the Branch Associations, more especially for Nichol.

Mr. J. McQueen made some excellent remarks on the superiority of Agriculture, as the basis of all property, and in the successful progress of which all classes were interested. He dilated on the propriety of acquiring a practical knowledge of the art in youth, and pointed to the disadvantage under which those parties labored, who, having passed the meridian of life, were under the necessity of acquiring and practising an art unknown to them in youth; and remarking that the com-

pany would have great pleasure in listening to a person of so great practical knowledge as Mr. Loghrin, he gave "The Eramosa Branch," which was located in an old settled township, and one which had consequently made great progress. Mr. Loghrin returned thanks. What agriculture had done in the older townships, would, under proper management, follow in those more recently settled. He was glad to see the many professions coming forward to aid the farmers. He would recommend the Society to offer suitable premiums for superior male animals.

Mr. J. Valentine had a few words to say on a subject which had recently caused no small excitement throughout the Province—the expulsion of the Reporters for the Press from the House of Assembly. The Liberty of the Press lay at the very foundation of genuine British Freedom.—The Press occupied a high position in the eyes of the people of Canada, and they beheld with amazement and indignation its expulsion from the highest court in the land. Lawyers might find precedents to warrant acts which honest farmers did not understand; they would soon find that the farmers of Canada had identified their interests with those of the Press, and that they would never submit to have the Press excluded from the deliberations of their Representatives. No Legislator, having honest intentions, would desire to keep his Constituents in ignorance of the opinions delivered by him in parliament.—[Great applause.] He would couple with the toast he was about to give the name of an old acquaintance, whose place was never found empty when his presence might promote the interest of agriculture, and more especially that of the township of Nichol.—"The Press and Mr. Pirie."

Mr. Pirie acknowledged the compliment. Mr. Ferguson and Mr. G. Barron having risen together, Mr. Barron gave way; and Mr. Ferguson, with some facetious remarks, proposed his health. Mr. Barron did not know what motive had led to the proposal of the toast—would suppose the best.—Alluding to what had been said regarding the Press; those who sought to coerce the Press were attacking the liberties of the people. Mr. E. B. offered some remarks on the advantages of education—even in Paradise, the primeval pair required instruction—were taught among other things to make themselves aprons; the Press would be useless without education. Mr. B., in conclusion, proposed "Education in Canada, and Mr. McQueen," the oldest schoolmaster in the township. We must sum up the further proceedings in brief space. Mr. McQueen responded to the last toast—re-marking on the popular error that farmers neither had nor required education: their right to the highest offices in the land; and on the great advantage to be derived from the study of Agricultural Chemistry in the Common Schools. Mr. Ferguson gave "The Village of Elera." Mr. Doelman returned thanks. Mr. Sherratt, referring to what had been said by Messrs Harland and Valentine, gave "The Health of Mr. Ferguson, the County Member," as the Champion of the Press, and in acknowledgment of his exertions to procure prompt payment of the Legislative grant. Thanks were returned by Mr. D. Ferguson and Mr. Barron—the latter gentleman declining and discussing politics in a breath. Mr. Harland, remarking on the superior quality of a parcel of cheese shown by Mr. Wylie, gave "The Unsuccessful Candidates" coupling in laudatory terms Mr. J. Valentine's name with the toast. Mr. Valentine replied in a very facetious style, keeping the table in a roar, and had accustomed to return thanks for the toast for 10 or 12 years—never despairing of his premiums, good times and lots of fun. He gave "Mr. McCrea," as the youngest Canadian present. Mr. Foote, eulogizing J. Webster, Esq. as the unvaried promoter of the interests of the locality, gave that gentleman's health, which was drunk with the accompaniment of song and long-continued cheering. Mr. Thos. Webster returned thanks. Mr. Broadfoot, remarking that they couldn't have a good thing too often, and on the exertions, influence, and expenditure of money in the locality, by the gentlemen he was about to propose, gave "The Hon. A. Ferguson and J. Webster, Esq." as the founders and patrons of Fergus. Mr. D. Ferguson returned thanks. By Mr. Brockie—"The Manufacturers and Mercantile Interests of Nichol." By Mr. Doelman—"The Farmers of Nichol." Mr. Barron responded. From the Chair—"The Farmers' toast 'Horn, Corn, Wool, and Yarn.'" By Mr. Pirie—"The Municipal Council of the Township of Nichol." Mr. Valentine responded, lauding the Reeve for his attention to the business of the Council. We left a goodly number of the party at a late hour—mirth and song abounding, and with apparently small intention of breaking up soon. GUELPH SHOW.—We would remind our readers that Thursday, is the day appointed for the Annual Exhibition of Live Stock by the Guelpch Branch of the Agricultural Society.

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SEVERE AFFRAY ON BOARD A STEAMBOAT.—We learn that a disturbance occurred on board the steamer Highlander, on her trip up the river, on Monday night, which at one time threatened to be attended with the most serious consequences. The Highlander left Lachine for Kingston on Monday at two o'clock, with a large number of cabin passengers, among whom were Sir Edmund and Lady Head and suite, Hon. Mr. Leslie, Provincial Secretary, Mr. Murdoch, of Halifax, &c., &c. At Cotouac De Lac, a large party of immigrants came on board, completely occupying the lower deck. All went smoothly until the vessel reached Cornwall, at which place 40 or 50 raftsmen were received as steerage passengers; they had run a large raft down the rapids that morning, and were going up by the boat to the head of the rapids to bring down a second raft. It was evident from the first that these men had been imbued rather freely, and they had not been long in the vessel before a violent altercation arose between some of their number and a portion of the immigrants, the latter alleging that the raftsmen had interfered with themselves and families on the deck. An old man, from the face from one of the raftsmen, and from that point the war of words raged

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fast and furious; but still nothing very alarming appeared, and a lull having ensued the matter was thought to be at rest. After a little, however, the strife broke out with increased violence, and blows were freely struck; and the boat coming to a lock on the Cornwall Canal, a party of the crew and immigrants, armed with sticks, endeavored to drive the raftsmen on shore. A regular skirmish ensued; severe blows were struck, and some of the men having taken up axes, a bloody termination to the affair seemed inevitable. One party forced their way to the upper deck, followed by their opponents, and the fight became general over the boat; a good many had been forced out of the boat, and those having armed themselves with stones, commenced throwing them into the boat. Captain Stearns, while standing at the wheel-house, received a severe blow on the head, which laid open his forehead and lip; a passenger received a severe wound on the head from which blood flowed copiously; and a poor woman was struck with a stone which cut her forehead in a shocking manner; a boy had his arm severely injured, and others were more or less hurt. One of the raftsmen appeared to be seriously hurt, but he was lifted ashore before the character of his wounds was ascertained. After a while, the whole of the raftsmen were got ashore, and the gang-ways of the vessel were closed; but the men continued around the boat, vowing vengeance against those on board, and declaring that the boat should not leave the lock until they had satisfaction on their opponents. After a good deal of parleying, two persons went ashore to reason with the excited men, and before long the storm quieted down. A bargain was struck, the fares of the raftsmen were returned to them, and the boat moved off leaving them behind. As may be supposed, the alarm among the passengers was very great. The hurrahing and yelling and crashing of stones against the upper cabins were quite alarming, and many of the women and children among the steerage passengers, having retreated to the upper saloon, a strange midnight spectacle was there presented. The first cause of complaint in the affair is with the officers of the boat in receiving such a party on board the vessel, excited by liquor as they were from the first; and the next is with the mercantile house sending aboard such a party of desperadoes without some judicious person to control and influence them.—Globe, Sept. 26th.

**MORE ROAD JOBING.**—Scarcely has the excitement occasioned by the recent disclosure in connection with the York Road Job subsided, ere the country is again startled by the announcement of a still more infamous transaction in another quarter. After the astounding revelations developed in the Beatty affair, we were almost prepared to believe the Government capable of anything in the shape of jobbing or bartering away of the country's best interests, yet, notwithstanding, we were far from supposing them so lost to every sense of honor, decency and respect, as to be guilty of the dishonorable transaction they now stand charged with.

In conformity with an act passed last Session, empowering the Government to dispose of the public roads and harbors to private companies, a Joint Stock Company was formed in the County of Middlesex, for the purpose of negotiating for the roads in that County. Accordingly a tender for the roads from London to Port Stanley was submitted by the said Company, and received by the Government. Meanwhile, the York Roads Job came on the tapis, which probably deterred the Government from taking any action in the matter. Be this as it may, the object of the Government in withholding a reply to the only tender offered, may be gathered from the fact that a certain M. P., whose rating propensities have gained him a somewhat unenviable notoriety, became the medium of disclosing the amount of the tender offered, by means of a correspondence between that gentleman, then in Toronto, and certain Members of the Middlesex County Council. The result of the disclosure of the amount tendered was, that the Government offered the roads to the County Council for the sum offered by the private Company, and this too without the knowledge of the company! The Council no doubt anxious to have the roads at a low figure, immediately decided upon accepting the offer, which decision has, we understand, been ratified by the Government, in the face of a second tender from the private Company at an advance of nearly £2,000.

But the disreputable nature of the transaction will be better understood when we mention that the Council have purchased the whole of the roads in this County, viz., from within two miles of Ingersoll to Port Stanley—a distance of 46 miles—for £4,500, or £1,000 more than the private Company alluded to offered for the road from London to Port Stanley alone!—That is, 20 miles of good substantial road, have been sold by the Government for £50 a mile. We cannot blame the County Council of Middlesex for driving as good a bargain as they can with the official sharpers, but it does appear extraordinary that the Government, which repudiated a fair bargain with the Council for Wentworth and Halton, and fruitlessly endeavored to obtain a higher price—the Government which made a convenient private arrangement with Bent & Co., and backed out when forced to do so by public opinion—should have actually sold the London District roads for a song, at a price far below that offered by the private Company who originally tendered. Still worse, the offer made by the Company was, in violation of all faith and honor, publicly proclaimed, and all the County Council having been asked to give that price, actually obtained the Roads for a great deal less. This Road job has assuredly been the most infamous, from beginning to end, which was ever undertaken or perpetrated by men who owe a respon-

sibility to the people, or profess to have the good of their country at heart. And it is not completed yet.—Spectator.

### ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.

New York, Sept. 27, 1850.  
The Niagara arrived this morning, with dates to the 14th inst. Trade, in almost every department, is in a healthy state. Sales of foreign and Colonial produce to a good extent. The accounts from the seat of war, (Schleswig Holstein) do not report any further skirmishes between the opposing armies. The Holstein Diet had been opened in the castle of Kiel.

The Hon. George Hamilton, the British Minister, arrived at Florence on the 3rd inst. Letters from Cassel state that a state of siege is being introduced in a formal manner. The Council have published an address, protesting against the decree declaring the city to be in a state of siege. The Berlin Academy have resolved not to allow any Austrian or Bavarian troops to interfere in the spring elections. The state of siege has been proclaimed in the State of Hesse. Newspapers have been suppressed, and the presses seized. We learn from Algeria, that the Cholera has ceased at St. Ona, but had broken out at Vicaria, where it attacked dogs, fowls, and other animals, with the same violence as was done to human beings. The Prince of Capua is on his route to England, for the purpose, it is stated, of inducing Lord Palmerston to effect a reconciliation between himself and his brother, the King of Naples. Should any arrangements be effected, the Prince, it is believed, will demand the legitimacy of his children to be recognized.

### BIRTH.

Yesterday, the wife of Mr. John Horning, of a daughter.

### MARKETS.

**GUELPH, Oct. 1.**  
Fall Wheat, per bushel, 3s. 5d. currency; Spring do., 3s., at Allan's Mills. At the People's Mills, 5s. 8d. York is paid for merchantable Wheat. Flour, per 100 lbs., at Mill, 10s.; per barrel, 21s. 3d.; do., Farmers', 8s. 9d. per 100 lbs. Oats, per bushel, 1s. 3d. Butter, per lb., 6d. Eggs, per doz., 5d.  
**GALT, Sept. 27.**  
The quantity of Wheat now brought into our Galt Mills is greatly increased, many hundred bushels being delivered daily. The supply is chiefly from Dundas, and the quality never was surpassed. The price remains at 5s. 8d. York. The potato rot is now extended over the whole of this portion of the Province, both in the stalk and at the roots. In the Mediana variety, at least half the produce in some instances are destroyed, and in the Pink-eyes and other kinds, the havoc has commenced. Still we think a large crop will be secured.—Reporter.

### DUNDAS, Sept. 27.

We have no alteration to note in our market. Wheat still brings 3s. 9d.; Barley, 2s. 6d.; Oats 1s. 3d.; and Timothy Seed, 7s. 6d. to 8s. 9d. per 60 lbs.—Warder.

### FIRE COMPANY.

**THE ANNIVERSARY DINNER** of the Guelph Fire Company will take place at the British Hotel, on TUESDAY, the First of OCTOBER next, when the Company will be happy to meet all its honorary members. Practice to commence at half-past four. Dinner at half-past six. Tickets to be had of

GEORGE MIMMACK, Secretary.  
Guelph, Sept. 18, 1850. 170-2w

### LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING

Richard Ainley Hannah Kidd  
Janet Armstrong Mary S Kennedy 2  
Duncan Anderson Patrick Keleher  
Alex Anderson George Lash  
Mrs Aldous Robert Little  
Timothy & Jeremiah Alex Murray  
Bourke Jas Murray  
Wm T Bailey Richard Morgan  
Wm Thomas Bent Thomas Meuly  
John Bradley Wm Maher  
John Burns Charles McDonald  
James Brown James McDermid  
Joseph Call Ann McConnell  
Mrs R Coober Wm McKearney 2  
John Crowe John McFarland  
John Clark John Neve  
John Coghill L O Long  
Malchi Coghill Samuel Owens 2  
John Coakley Mrs Oakes  
Thomas Carter Mr O Boyle 2  
Richard Carter Robert Oliver jun 2  
Mary Cummins Eliza Penfold  
Philip Crimlisk Mrs Michel Purcell  
Alex Campbell Patrick Purcell  
Joseph Crosbie Joseph Parkinson 2  
John Coughlin John Power  
Thomas Childs Mr Robertson  
Joseph Diller Mr Randall  
Joseph Dunbar James Richardson  
Wm H Decker Robt Russell  
Thomas Dow Wm Rannio  
Nancy Dooly H Stovel  
Joseph Dooly Robert Scott  
Wm Everett 3 John Sunley  
Mrs Frazer Samuel Smith 2  
Andrew Farrell 2 Robert Soden  
Edward Fielding Daniel Sullivan  
Robert Farries Mrs James Stephens  
Dennis Fogarty Mrs Susan Stacy  
Archibald Gardner Hugh Smith  
Samuel Gard Wm Steward  
Thomas Heffernan Valentine Stell  
Wm Hamilton George Scarlett  
E F Heath George Todd  
Job Henry James Thompson  
Daniel Heffernan H Watson  
John Hards 2 John Walsh 2  
Wm Jacobs Rev R Williams  
Gavin Jackson Wm Wallace 2  
Job Jamison John Walters  
John Jackson 2 James Weir

ROBERT CORBET, Post Master.

### FOR WANT OF MONEY, WM. RICHARDSON

HAS authorized Mr. W. S. G. KNOWLES to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION the whole of his well-assorted General Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, AND CROCKERY, which will be offered for sale at his Store, MARKET SQUARE, without reserve, FOR CASH ONLY. On MONDAY, the 14th October, AND FOLLOWING DAYS, when Great Bargains may be expected.

All persons indebted to William Richardson, either by note of hand or open account, are requested to make immediate payment, to prevent their accounts being placed in other hands for collection. Guelph, Oct. 1, 1850. 171-2w

### FIRE! FIRE!!

PARTIES desirous of paying their subscription in Cord Wood, will please bring it in now. Herald Office, Oct. 1st, 1850.

### TO DEBTORS.

IN consequence of the Undersigned not having engagements which prevent his bestowing that attention in the collection of his accounts which he deems desirable, he has placed all his Book Debts and Notes of Hand in the charge of Mr. EDWIN NEWTON, who is fully authorized to collect the same, and an early settlement with him will save costs. JOHN SMITH, Guelph, 24th Sept., 1850. 170-3

### REMOVAL.

C. L. BEARDMORE has opened a Warehouse on James Street, opposite the CITY HOTEL, and will keep on hand a full assortment of LEATHER, at the lowest prices, Wholesale and Retail. Particular attention will be paid to consignments, on which advances will be made, or Leather purchased. He will also import this fall, Spanish Hides, and Kips, which will be offered at a small advance on the cost, in lots to suit purchasers. Cod Oil for Sale. Hamilton, Sept. 17, 1850. 170-4w

### GUELPH TOWNSHIP COUNCIL.

The above Council will meet at Nine o'clock, on the first Saturday of October, in the Court House.

JAMES HOUGH, Township Clerk. Guelph, Sept. 11th, 1850. 169-2

### NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to me, either by Note or Book Account, if not paid by the first day of January next, 1851, may, without exception, expect costs, &c. C. NAHRGANG, New Hope, Sept. 24, 1850. 170-15

### To School Superintendents in the County of Waterloo.

The Apportionment of the Government School Grant made at the last Session of the Waterloo County Council, having been sanctioned by the Chief Superintendent; Township Superintendents may receive their respective portions, on application to the Treasurer of the County. Township Councils must assess for at least an equal amount, free of all charges. A. D. FERRIER, Clerk, W. C. C. Guelph, Sept. 23, 1850. 170-4c

### COUNTY OF WATERLOO BUILDINGS SOCIETY.

An Extra General Meeting of the Members of the Society will be held in the Court House, Guelph, on Monday, the 14th day of October, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a Director for the Township of Waterloo, and for such other Townships as may be legally entitled to the same at the time of meeting. By Order. EDWIN NEWTON, Secretary.

The FIFTH INSTALLMENT will be due and payable, at the Society's Office, on Monday, the 14th October next. Office hours from 11 to 3 p. m. Guelph, Sept. 12, 1850. 169-4

### ESTRAY.

CAME on the premises of the Subscriber, on the 7th inst., a DARK BAY MARE, a little white on off hind fetlock, apparently over 10 years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take her away. ALEX. MARSHALL, 3d Lot 2d Con., Nassagaweya, Sept. 14, 1850. 169-3\*

### NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that all accounts of debts due by the late Rev. A. W. H. ROSE, deceased, are requested to be sent to Dr. JONES, of Hornby, Canada West, on or before the 6th of October next, or they will not be attended to; and all sums of money or accounts due to the said Estate are hereby required to be paid forthwith to C. JONES, Executor. Hornby, C. W., Sept. 6, 1850. 169-3

### HAMILTON PRICES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the Inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding Country, that they are now opening out, at the Store lately occupied by Mr. ROSS, TWO DOORS WEST OF THORP'S HOTEL, THE MOST COMPLETE, CHEAPEST, AND BEST-SELECTED STOCK OF GROCERIES,

LIQUORS, HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, &c., Ever brought to this part of the Country, the whole of which will be Sold at the Lowest Hamilton Prices, trusting to the Public at large to give them such general support as will make this system remunerative; assuring them, at the same time, that their utmost endeavors will be used to secure the public confidence. In their Stock of GROCERIES will be found some particularly fine qualities of

Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black Teas, Loguyra, Rio, and Roasted Coffee, Muscovado, Refined, and Crushed Sugars, Honey Dew, Cavendish, and Cut Tobaccos, Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c.

IN WINES AND LIQUORS Their Stock consists, in part, of Hennessy's, Martell's, and other Brandy; Jamaica and E. I. Rum; Hollands Gin in Cask and Bottle; Scotch, Colobour Toddy, and Canadian Whiskies, Peppermint, &c.; Sandimans', Hunt's, and Graham's Port Wines; Duff Gordon's, and Dempster's Pale and Brown Sherries; Wood's Madeira; Bottled London Porter, Liqueurs, &c., of the finest qualities; also a Large Assortment of the Newest Styles of

GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY, Double Refined, Solar, Whale, Lard, Cod, Raw and Boiled OILS, Copal Varnish, Turpentine, Red and White Lead, Paints, &c. Window Glass, 7 by 9 to 18 by 24. They particularly call the attention of purchasers to their full and well-assorted Stock of

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE, Among which will be found almost every description of Carpenters', Joiners', Coopers', Millwrights', and Shoemakers' Tools, of the most approved Makers; Hand, Tennon, Cross Cut, and Mill Saws; Files, of every variety; Cut, Wrought, and Horse Nails, by the lb. or package; House Furnishings, Locks, Bolts, Butts, Latches, Screws, &c., &c. All sizes of

Scotch, Swedes, and Refined, Bar, Hoop, and Band Iron, Blister, German, and Cast Steel; Logging Chains, Plough Plates, Ohio Grindstones, and every description of Shelf and Heavy Goods, usually kept in the Hardware Trade.

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN AS CASH. Please Observe! the Stone Store Two Doors West of Thorp's Hotel, and facing the Market Square.

W. J. BROWN & CO., Proprietors. Guelph, 10th September, 1850. 168-4f

### TOLL TO LET.

THE Tolls to be received at the Gate 1 on the Guelph and Arthur Road, about a mile from Guelph, for one year from the 20th October, 1850, will be Let at the Office of the Clerk of the County Council, on Thursday, 10th October, at Twelve o'clock Noon. Persons desirous of offering for said Toll will please hand in Sealed Tenders before that time, stating the names of two persons as securities for the due performance of their duties. For further particulars, apply at the County Clerk's Office, Court House.

A. D. FERRIER, Guelph, Sept. 16, 1850. 169-4

### EDUCATION.

MR. JOHN FRANCK, Assistant Master in the Guelph Grammar School, respectfully announces that he is prepared to receive a few more Boys as Boarders, whose Education will be conducted under the joint superintendence of the Head Master and himself. Mr. F.'s residence is situated close to the Town of Guelph, and within a short walk of the new Grammar School. Guelph, July 9, 1850. 159-4f

### REMOVAL.

F. W. GALBRAITH RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his late residence to the Shop next door to Mr. Harris' Bakery, between Mr. Sandilands' Store & Thorp's Hotel, Market Square, where he intends keeping on hand and making to order, Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, and most other articles connected with his trade.

Spurs, Curry Combs, Horse Brushes, Mane Combs, &c. constantly on hand. F. W. G. would add that the strictest attention will be paid to all orders; and he respectfully solicits a continuance of that patronage with which he has hitherto been favored. Guelph, July 30, 1850. 162-3m

### CHEAP CASH STORE.

GEORGE ELLIOTT ANNOUNCES to the inhabitants of Guelph and its vicinity, that he has opened the Store lately occupied by Messrs. JACKSON & DAVIDSON, on the Market Square, (and in which he formerly conducted business for Messrs. W. Dixon & Co.) with a full assortment of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, & Liquors, Of the Latest Importations. He would respectfully invite the attention of the public to the inspection of his stock, which, for prices and quality, he is satisfied cannot be surpassed, as his Groceries have been purchased by himself in New York, and his Wines and Liquors in the Montreal Market.

His Dry Goods are of the latest Styles for Cash. G. E. trusts, by attention to business, and the prices at which he can afford to sell goods, to merit a share of the patronage of the public. Guelph June 27, 1850. 157-4f

### STRAYED.

FROM the premises of the Subscriber, on the 11th July last, a RED STEER, rising 6 years—has a lump under left side of jaw. Also, a WHITE HEIFER, rising 3 years. Any person returning the above, will be rewarded for their trouble. JOHN MITCHELLS, Paisley Block, Guelph, 12th Sept., 1850. 160-4f

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Tavern-keepers and families to his Stock of Genuine WINES AND LIQUORS, which he is now receiving—consisting in part of

1 Hhd. Fine Old Cogniac Brandy, "Martells."  
2 do. Bordeaux do.  
1 Cask Holland Gin.

1 do. Jamaica Rum, "Prime Old."  
1 Hhd. Fine Old Port Wine, "Hunt's."  
3 Qr. Casks Port Wines, "assorted qualities."

3 do. do. Sherry do. do.  
1 do. do. Madeira do. do. "Fine."  
50 Brls. Strong Whiskey.  
2 Hlds. Peppermint.

G. ELLIOTT, Guelph, June 25, 1850. 157-4f

### SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Waterloo, BY Virtue of a To Wit. Execution issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Toronto, and to me directed, against the Lands and Tenements of Alphonse William Henry Rocq and Geo. Jas. Gale, Defendants, at the suit of Jonathan Watson, Thos. Watson and Jas. Acheson, Plaintiffs, I have seized and taken in execution the following Lands, viz.: Lots Nos. 1, 3, and 8, in the Fifth Concession of Derby, and Lots No. 2, and 11, in the Sixth Concession of Derby, containing nine hundred and ninety one acres, more or less; which said Lands and Tenements I shall expose for sale at the Court House, in Guelph, in the said County, on Saturday, the Nineteenth day of October next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock Noon.

GEO. J. GRANGE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Guelph, } July 15th, 1850. } 160-9m.

### FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a very desirable Farm in the vicinity of the Grand River, immediately adjoining the thriving village of Fergus, and about three miles from Elora—being lots 19 and 20 on the 16th Concession of Nichol, comprising 196 acres, of which about 70 acres are cleared, well fenced, and almost entirely free of stumps. There is a good Frame House, Barn, and suitable offices on the property, and abundance of fine water. From its situation, part of the property might with much advantage be laid out in Park Lots.

J. LAMOND SMITH, Land Agent. Fergus, June 29, 1850. 158-4f

### FARM TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, for such term as may be agreed on, the farm of Marvilly, in the township of Nichol, distant 2 1/2 miles from Elora, and about 3 miles from Fergus, consisting of about 100 Acres, 60 Acres of which are in cultivation and mostly clear of stumps. There is a two-story stone and frame Dwelling-house on the premises, furnishing suitable accommodation for a large family, frame barn, stable, cow-house, cattle sheds, &c. The Farm is beautifully situated about a mile from either, the Grand River and the Irvine.

Apply to the Proprietor, GEO. PIRIE. Herald Office, Guelph, } Aug. 27, 1850. } 166-4f

### DANCING AND CALISTHENICS.

MR. MACINDOE respectfully intimates to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Guelph and vicinity, that he intends opening Classes for the above accomplishments on MONDAY, the 29th inst.

Mr. M. having made a professional visit to Europe during the past year, has had facilities for acquiring every Dance now fashionable in distinguished circles, from Mr. ANDREW THOMPSON, Teacher of Dancing to the Royal Family; and in addition to the ordinary received modes of Dancing, will give instructions in La Valse a Cinq Temps, La Schottische, and La Redouva.

Guelph, July 23, 1850. 161

### FOR SALE.

LOT No. 18 in the 14th Concession of Nichol, consisting of One Hundred Acres of Land, with good Log House and Barn, &c., and a Clearance of about Forty-five Acres, situated about a mile from Fergus. Terms liberal. Apply on the premises, or to

A. D. FERRIER, Guelph, Aug. 7, 1850. 164-4f

### ENCOURAGE LOCAL ARTISTS.

WILLIAM KENNEDY in returning thanks for the patronage received since he commenced business as Stone Cutter in Guelph, begs to call the attention of the public to the various patterns of Sun Dials, Grave Stones, Curling Stones, Land-mark Stones, Stone Fire Stones, &c., &c., which he has on hand, all which he will sell low for Cash or Trade. W. K. cuts ornamental devices of any required pattern or design. York-Road, Guelph, } Aug. 26, 1850. } 166-4f

### THE DIVISION COURTS

OF the County of Waterloo will hold their sittings at Sydenham, Sept. 16th, 1850. Egremont " 19th, " Wilmot, Oct. 15th, " Berlin, " 18th, " Preston, " 18th, " Guelph, " 21st, " Erin, " 24th, " Fergus, " 26th, "

ALFRED BAKER, Clerk No. 1.

Poetry. "GREETING TO AMERICA."

The following is the Jenny Lind "Greeting to America," composed for the prize of \$200, by Mr. Bayard Taylor, of the New York Tribune:—

Miscellaneous.

Wonderful Development of Intellect.—"You see, grandam," said a hot-blooded specimen of juvenile precocity, "that when I suck this egg, or, more properly speaking, when I extract the nutritive matter by a sudden and peculiar action of the muscles of the throat, I first make an incision in the apex, and then a corresponding aperture in the base." "Mercy me! Why how things do change!" exclaimed the old lady in such surprise that her old spectacles dropped off at the flashing of her almost sightless eyes; "when I was a gal, all we did was to make a hole in each end, and down it went. My stars! this ere child ha' not got long to live, I know."

A Daguerreotype of the Star Lyra was recently obtained by Mr. Bond, of the Cambridge Observatory. This is supposed to be the first attempt to daguerreotype a star that has succeeded. The picture of the star is quite distinct.

Site of Paradise.—Colonel Cherney, who commanded an expedition, sent a few years back, by the British Government, to explore the Euphrates, has introduced into his narrative recently published, speculations on the probable site of Paradise, which he believes he has satisfactorily ascertained to be Central Armenia; and "the Land of Eden" is there actually laid down on the index map. He identifies the Hilya and Araxes, whose source exists within a short distance of the Euphrates and Tigris, with the Pison and Gihon of Scripture, while he considers the Araxes, as the remarkable and much disputed territory of Cush.—Scientific Am.

A New Zealander's Desire to be Eaten.—"I've been among the New Zealanders," quoth Jack, "and there they use each other for fresh grub as regular as boiled duff in a man-of-war's mess. They used to eat their fathers and mothers when they got too old to take care of themselves; but now they have got to be more civilized, and so they only eat rickety children and slaves, and enemies taken in battle." "A decided instance of the progress of improvement and the march of mind," said I. "Well," replied Jack, "it's a bad thing for the old folks. They don't take to the new fashion; they are in favor of the good old custom. I never seed the thing myself; but Bill Brown, a messmate of mine, once told me that, when he was at the Bay of Islands, he seed a great many poor souls going about, with tears in their eyes, trying to get somebody to eat them. One of them came off to the ship, and told them that he could not find rest in the stomachs of any of his kindred, and wanted to know if the crew couldn't take him in. The skipper told him that he was on monstrous short allowance, but he couldn't accommodate him. The poor old fellow, Bill said, looked as if his heart would break.—There were plenty of sharks round the ship, and the skipper advised him to jump overboard, but he couldn't bear the idea of being eaten raw.—Blackwood.

The New Patent Mouse Trap.—The August number of the Journal of the Franklin Institute contains the specification of a patented mouse trap. The improved mode of body snatching is as follows:—A savory piece of toasted cheese is suspended on a hook. Enter rat. A small mirror is so adjusted that the rat sees his shadow in the glass, (just as Richard did,) and not recognizing himself at first sight, thinks that some other rat is aiming for the cheese. He rushes in to head off his rival. The board he treads on is a deceiver. It is supported by a weak spring, (probably a patent truss) which yields under his weight, and precipitates him into a lower story of the trap, when the floor flies up to resume its place. Another rat comes along—sees the reflection of his predecessor, as well as his own, and thinks two rats are fighting for the cheese. In he goes—down he goes, and so on, toties quoties.

A Dismal Prospect.—A young lady of eighteen, Miss B., was engaged to be married to a gentleman of thirty-six. Her mother having noticed her low spirits for some time, inquired the reason. "Oh dear, mamma," replied the young lady, "I was thinking about my husband being twice my age."—"That's true, but he's only thirty-six."—"He's only thirty-six now, mamma, but when I'm sixty."—"Well,"—"Oh dear, why then he'll be a hundred and twenty."

Charles Lamb.—It is told of Charles Lamb, that one afternoon, having taken a seat in a crowded Omnibus, a stout gentleman looked in and politely asked, "All full inside?" "I don't know how it may be with the other passengers," answered Lamb, "but that last piece of oyster pie did the business for me."

Provincial Industrial Commission.

GREAT EXHIBITION TO BE HELD AT MONTREAL.

THE COMMISSIONERS appointed under the Great Seal of the Province, to conduct the PROINCIAL EXHIBITION, to be held at MONTREAL, with a view to the selection of articles, the production of Canada, for transmission to the Great

Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations.

to take place in LONDON, in 1851, hereby give notice, that the said PROINCIAL EXHIBITION will be HELD AT MONTREAL, on Thursday, 17th October next, AND TWO SUBSEQUENT DAYS.

On Thursday, 17th October next, AND TWO SUBSEQUENT DAYS.

The Commissioners hereby further give notice of the following decisions:— All articles intended for Exhibition must be addressed to JOHN LE SURE, Esq., the Secretary of the Executive Committee, and must be delivered (free of charge) at Montreal, on or before SATURDAY, the 12th day of October.

The sum of £250 having been granted by the Legislature for the purpose of the Commission, and local subscriptions to a considerable amount having been added thereto, the Commissioners are prepared to award Prizes (amounting in the aggregate to £500) to the best articles, exhibited in the following Classes—as more particularly set forth in the Prize List already published.

CLASS A.

Minerals, Ores, Metal, Earths, Glass, &c. s. d. Porcelain, Pottery, Stone, Cement, Plasters, Tiles, Bricks, Slates, &c. 90 0 0

CLASS B.

Sec. 1.—Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats, Corn, & other Produce, Sweden, Prussia, Silesia, Hungary, Russia, &c. 200 0 0

Sec. 2.—Samples of Canadian Woods in six-foot Planks, Shingles, Staves, and Veneers. 45 0 0

CLASS C.

Preparations for Food, as Beef, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Honey, Butter, Cheese, &c. of Oils, Lard, Candles, Soap, Glass, Leather, Wax, Hair, Bone, and other Manufactures. 200 0 0

CLASS D.

Machinery, as Steam Engines, Boilers and Furnaces, Water Wheels, Wind Mills, Turpines, Fire Engines, Hydraulic Rammers, Travellers, Crows, Lathes, Planing, Drilling, Boring, Sheeting, Riveting, Nail and Screw Cutting, Brack, Candles, and other Machines of Models, in metal thereof. 220 0 0

Sec. 2.—Manufactures in Metals, as Ornamental Cast and Wrought Iron, Nails, Screws, Augers, Axes, Edge Tools, Cutlery, Files, Stoves, Grates, Fenders, Fire Arms, Clocks, Pipes, Astronomical, Mathematical, Surgical, Dental, and Musical Instruments. 150 0 0

CLASS E.

Sec. 3.—Farming Implements, as Ploughs, Harrows, Chaff Cutters, Reaping, Threshing, Sift and other Machines, Grain Cradles, Forks, Shovels, Scythes, Smutts, &c. 90 0 0

Sec. 4.—Special Specimens of Mechanism, as Mills, Devises, Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Whitesmiths, Blacksmiths, Locksmiths, Coopers, Wheelwrights, and Tin and Copper Smiths' work. 45 0 0

CLASS F.

Woolen and other Manufactures, as Broad Cloth, Tweed, Flannel, Blankets, Cotton Goods, Linen Goods, Worsted, Fringes, Oil Cloths, Matting, Cordage, Paper, &c. 130 0 0

CLASS G.

Manufactures in Leather, as Saddles, Harness, Portmanteaus, Hose-pipe, Belting, Boot and Shoe Making, Bookbinding, &c. 50 0 0

Sec. 2.—Carriages, as Summer and Pleasure Carriages, Buggies, Farm and other Waggon, Single and Double Seights. 45 0 0

CLASS H.

Specimens of Modelling, Sculpture, Carving in Stone and Wood, Wood and Seal Engraving, Letter-press, Lithographic, and Copper-plate Printing, &c. 75 0 0

CLASS I.

Indian Productions, as Canoes, Saddles, Cradles, Pouches, Pipes, Snow Shoes, &c. 27 0 0

Second Prizes are awarded in all the Classes, and a considerable amount is reserved for distribution, at the discretion of the Judges, to articles unmentioned in the List.

All articles must have been produced or manufactured in Canada. All articles to which Prizes shall have been awarded, will be held liable to transmission to England. A Special Honorary Diploma suitable to the occasion will be presented to all parties obtaining first Prizes. The Judges of the various Classes will be appointed by the Commissioners, from a list of names proposed by the various Societies and Institutes in each section of the Province, connected with Agriculture, Manufacture, and the Mechanical Arts. Such Judges in no case to be Exhibitors in the Class to which they may be appointed. Free Articles selected for transmission to England, will be packed, warehoused, insured and shipped at the expense of the Commission. A London Agent will be employed by the Commission to receive, warehouse, insure and deliver such articles at the expense of the Commission. The Proprietors of Steam-vessels on the River St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario have liberally consented to a considerable reduction in freight charges on all articles forwarded to the Exhibition, and the enterprising owner of the Steamer City of Toronto has announced his intention to transmit all such articles free between Hamilton and Kingston. The Commissioners desire, in publishing the above Programme, to impress upon the public the high importance of entering zealously into this great competition. By the liberality of the Legislature, the Commissioners are enabled to distribute Prizes equal in amount to those awarded by European Governments, and in addition to defray all the expenses incurred in the shipment, insurance and transmission of the selected articles to the Great Exhibition of all Nations. With such inducements to individual exertion, and such assistance to an excited and patriotic zeal, as are given in the desire to secure to the Province that high position to which it is entitled amongst the Colonies of Great Britain, the Commissioners feel assured that the result will be such as the occasion merits. The Commissioners accordingly rely with confidence upon the energetic co-operation of all classes competent to aid and promote the undertaking; by which co-operation alone can the Commissioners hope to bring it to a successful and honorable issue. Prize Lists may be obtained by application to the Mayors of Cities and Incorporated Towns, the Wardens of Counties, or to the Secretary of the Commission. By Order of the Commissioners, FRED. CUMBERLAND, Secretary. Toronto, August 28, 1850. 168-34

NEW BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

GEORGE GOW & JAMES BENZIE

(late in the employ of Gow & Orme) respectfully announce to the inhabitants of town and country, that they have commenced business in the above line, in Wyndham Street, immediately opposite Mr. Daniel Linderman's Blacksmith Shop, under the firm of "Gow & Benzie."

As G. & B.'s Boots and Shoes will be entirely of their own workmanship, or manufactured under their immediate inspection, they believe the quality will be such as to insure a preference over Imported Safe Work, though offered at lower prices.

Long experience in some of the best shops in the Metropolis of England, by one of the firm, enables them to offer

Gentlemen's Dress Boots

of a style and quality which have never been surpassed in Guelph; and the long practice of the other in

Ladies' Dress Boots

gives them good grounds to anticipate a liberal share of public patronage. STRONG BOOTS AND SHOES, of all sizes, and of the best material and workmanship, made to order.

LEATHER and PEGS by Retail, for Cash only. HIDES and TALLOW taken in exchange.

Guelph, Aug. 19, 1850. 165-4f

JACK'S ALIVE!

REPORTS having recently been current that Jack was shelled up, he just looks out to say that he is not only wide awake, but is now actually selling Men's

STRONG DOUBLE-SOLED BOOTS

AT 12s. 6d. CASH, and other articles in his line, of superior workmanship and material, at equally low prices.

Jack has had considerable difficulty in bringing down the prices of workmanship in Guelph to the rates paid elsewhere; but now the thing's done, the public will reap the benefit.

GUELPH BOOT AND SHOE WAREHOUSE. JOHN HORNING. JACK will pay CASH for HIDES and SKINS. 16th August, 1850. 165-4f

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE

THE undersigned beg to announce to the Inhabitants of Guelph and Vicinity, that they have opened a NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE, in the Brick Building, near the Advertiser Office, Market Square; and hope by strict attention to all orders, combined with their ability and intention to manufacture as good Articles as any produced in Canada, to merit a share of public support.

Country Produce taken in Exchange. HOWARD & NORRIS. Guelph, Aug. 20, 1850. 165-3m

Beautiful Small Property FOR SALE.

THE FARM known as "SPRINGFIELD," situated within 1 Mile of Guelph, 3 of Elora, and 14 of Guelph, the County of Elora, consisting of ONE HUNDRED ACRES of EXCELLENT LAND, of which Seventy Acres are cleared and fenced, well watered, &c., &c.

The Buildings are of a superior description, and fit to accommodate a large family. Terms very reasonable, and time to be given for a considerable portion of the purchase money.

Application to be made to Messrs. Ferguson & Hurd, Guelph; JOHN MILLER, Esq., Galt; James L. SMITH, Esq., Fergus, or to the Proprietor on the Premises.

WM. MOORHEAD. Fergus, Aug. 23, 1850. 165-4f

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for Sale Lot No. 4 on the 5th Concession of Nichol, nearly on the line of the Guelph and Elora Road, and about three miles distant from the former, and ten miles from the latter place. The Lot comprises 107½ Acres, a large proportion of which is cleared, well fenced, and now in crop. Possession may be had immediately, and a part of the price be permitted to remain on security of the property.

Application to be made to J. L. Smith, Esq., Fergus; Mr. John Thorp, Guelph; or to the proprietor.

BARTHOLOMEW O'CONNOR. Elora Road, June 17th 1850. 156-4f

CIRCULAR.

MONTREAL, 25th Jan., 1850.

THE Subscriber begs to state that from this date he discontinues his business in this City, having associated himself with the Firm of Messrs. GIBSON, DAY, and Co., 77, Broad Street, New York, Produce and General Commission Merchants, and respectfully states that he will devote his entire time and best exertions to the interests of his friends having business in that City.

JOSEPH WARD. 137-4f

TO LET.

THE Two comfortable and commodious DWELLING-HOUSES, in McDonald Street, formerly occupied by Mr. JACKSON & Mr. CHAS. DAVIDSON. Apply to CHAS. DAVIDSON. Guelph, May 27, 1850. 153-4f

GUELPH FOUNDRY.

THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to the public for the liberal support given them since commencing business in Guelph, beg to intimate that their Sets of Patterns for every description of Mill Gearing are now very complete; and as they are all new, embrace the latest improvements. They are prepared to contract for the erection of Grist and Saw Mills in any part of the Province; and their Iron and Brass Castings are not inferior to any manufactured in Canada.

As they are themselves Practical Mechanics, they will keep no workman of sober and industrious habits; so that persons favoring them with their orders may be assured of satisfaction.

Blacksmith work in all its branches. Castings in general use kept on hand. Percussion, Wheels for Saw Mills; Cranks and Balance Wheels; Threshing Machines; Ploughs of various patterns; all kinds of Ploughshares, Waggon Boxes, Sleigh Shoes, Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Bake Kettles, Cooking, Parlor, and Box Stoves, Wrought and Cast Iron Safes.

Boring, Turning, Fitting-up, and Repairing, on short notice and reasonable terms. Old Iron and Brass taken in exchange for Castings.

ROBERTSON, WATT, & CO. GUELPH FOUNDRY, 4th Feb., 1850. 137-1y

Support the Growth of Canada, and keep your Money at Home!

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the TORONTO NURSERY, begs to intimate that he is prepared to receive orders, and execute the same with despatch, for any quantity of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Double Doxias, Hedge Plants, Greenhouse Plants, Gooseberry, Currant, and Raspberry Buses.

With every other description of Nursery Productions usually raised. He can confidently recommend the Stock now held by the proprietor of the Toronto Nursery as second to none, for extent or variety, North America. He would therefore solicit orders from parties intending to plant or improve Orchards, or to beautify their Gardens.

THOS. H. MCKENZIE, Agent for the Toronto Nursery. Dundas, March 21st, 1850. 147-4f

"THE OLD LINE"

Between Dundas and Hamilton. TWICE A DAY.

THE Stage starts from the Coach Office, King Street, calling at the Elgin House and Riley's Hotel, at half-past 5 o'clock A.M., and 3 o'clock P.M. Leaves Mitchell's Hotel, Hamilton, at 8 o'clock A.M., and on the arrival of the Toronto and Lewiston Boats, about half-past 6 o'clock P.M.

Fare each way, 1s. 3d. JAMES LEE. Dundas, 12th April 1850. 147-6m

SUPERIOR BREED OF HOGS.

THE Subscriber has for Sale a few beautiful young Sows and Boars, of the Yorkshire Breed, which for largeness of size, and propensity to fatten, cannot perhaps be equalled on this continent. Price £5 per pair at Guelph, or £6 5s. free on board steamer at Hamilton. Letters prepaid will receive immediate attention.

J. HARLAND. Guelph, 8th Feb. 1845. 1

FARM FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD, a valuable Farm, within less than two miles of the Town of Guelph, containing 118 acres, of which about 60 acres are cleared. There is an excellent Log Cottage, &c., on the Farm, with Fire-wood, Water, and Rail-road.

Apply to the Rev. A. PALMER, Guelph, March 27, 1849. 40\*

THOROUGH BRED DURHAM BULL, PATRIOT.

PATRIOT is a beautiful Roan, and is the son of FAVORITE, the very best Cow imported by Rowland Wingfield, Esq. His sire was COMET, the son of REFORMER and COWSLIP, both of which were imported by Mr. Wingfield.

It will therefore be seen that PATRIOT combines the best Feeding and Milking qualities ever introduced on this Continent.

The Bull above described was bred by Mr. Howitt, and has been purchased by Mr. Harland, upon whose farm he will stand for the service of Cows during the present season.

Guelph, 21st May, 1849. 48

STONE STORES TO LET.

THE undersigned has recently erected a handsome and commodious Block of Stone Stores, in one of the most business parts of the TOWN OF GUELPH; which he is now finishing off for immediate occupation. Part of them are already engaged, and the remainder will be ready to let and occupy in a few weeks.

WILLIAM DAY. Guelph, Aug. 28, 1849. 114-4f

BLANK DEEDS AND MEMORIALS.

OF the most approved forms, on hand and for sale on reasonable terms, at the Herald Office.

JOHN THORP'S BRITISH HOTEL

And General Stage Office, GUELPH.

House comfortable & commodious, Larder well supplied, Cellar unequalled.

EXCELLENT STABLING.

A DAILY STAGE

To and from HAMILTON by the Brock Road, being 10 miles shorter route than by way of Galt; and every day from Fergus and Elora to Hamilton, and vice versa.

Horses and Carriages ready at a moment's notice. Guelph, 5th June, 1850. 155-4f

WELLINGTON HOTEL, FERGUS.

JOHN GLOVER respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of the County of Waterloo, and the public generally, that he has fitted up and furnished in the most comfortable and commodious manner, the large Stone Building recently erected by Mr. A. GLOVER, in St. David's Street, as A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, where Travellers may be assured of every comfort and attention.

The BAR will always be supplied with the choicest Wines and Liquors, and the TABLE with all the delicacies of the season.

Excellent Stabling and a careful Hostler. STAGES to and from Guelph, Galt, Dundas and Hamilton, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and to Owen Sound every Wednesday.

Fergus, Feb. 19, 1850. 139-4f

ELORA HOTEL.

THE undersigned having removed to the extensive and commodious building recently erected by him in Elora, begs to apprise his friends, and the public generally, that he is prepared to give them

THE BEST ACCOMMODATION, AT REASONABLE CHARGES.

His House will be found to be well furnished, provided with airy Dormitories, and comfortable Sitting Rooms; while his

CELLAR AND LARDER

will be constantly supplied with every necessary. He therefore confidently expects that the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed upon him will not be withdrawn.

WILLIAM SMITH. P. S.—The Stages to and from Guelph call at the house on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Elora, July 17th, 1849. 109-4f

FERGUS ARMS, FERGUS.

JAMES BURN has entered the above EXCELLENT HOUSE with the determination to make the Management, Accommodation and Comfort first rate.

The BAR is excellent and excellently supplied—SHEDS spacious and convenient—STABLES complete and commodious, and well supplied with Provender of best quality.

A Stage starts from the door every day at 12 o'clock noon, and the Mail every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M.—both calling at Elora, Guelph, Galt, Dundas and Hamilton—whence there is a return.

There is also a Stage leaves Fergus every Wednesday at 12 o'clock noon—direct from Hamilton to Owen Sound.

Fergus, 1st January, 1849. 29

ELGIN HOUSE, King Street, Dundas.

THE Proprietor begs to say that no expense has been spared in making his establishment every thing which the convenience and comfort of the travelling community could desire.

The Elgin House is commodious, offering ample accommodation for families; and those honoring it with their patronage will find themselves in possession of the Comforts of Home, in as high a degree as can be found in any other House in North America.

Extensive Stabling attached to the premises. WILLIAM McDONNELL. Dundas, 15th July, 1848.

GREY'S HOTEL, ELORA.

GEORGE GREY respectfully intimates to his old friends, and the public generally, that he has re-occupied the House formerly and for many years possessed by him as a Hotel in Elora.

Travellers and Boarders patronizing the house may rely on finding the

BAR AND LARDER

well supplied, and that every attention will be given to their comfort and convenience.

Commodious Sheds & Stabling.

A Stage leaves Elora every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 2 P. M., for Guelph, Galt, Hamilton, &c.; and every Wednesday, at 9 A. M., for Owen Sound

Elora, 17th July, 1849. 108-4f

Great Reduction in Prices of BOOTS AND SHOES.

GOW & ORME respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have now on hand the largest and best assorted Stock of Boots and Shoes ever offered for sale in Guelph, which they will sell at the following unprecedentedly Low Prices:—

Gents' Calf Boots, 20s Ladies' Cashmere 10s Kip do 17s 6d Prunella do 7s 6d Cowhide do 13s 9d Ca. do 8s 9d Coburg do 8s 9d Patent Slips do 5s 7d Slips do 5s 0d Common do 3s 9d

Misses', Boys', and Children's Boots and Shoes, proportionately low.

G. & O. would invite inspection of their present stock of Morocco and Patent Leather, and French and English Calf, which will be found of excellent quality, and well adapted for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots; and which they are prepared to make up in the newest and most fashionable style, and on the shortest notice.

Guelph, May 4, 1850. 150-4f

300 TOWN LOTS FOR SALE In Guelph,

At a moderate upset price and liberal credit, or liberal discount on the purchase money down. The subscriber offers

Three Hundred Town Lots

for sale, as shown by a new Plan of the Town of Guelph, in the possession of FRANCIS KERR, Esq., who will state terms, point out the Lots on the ground, and procure letters of occupation or title deeds for parties purchasing.

The instalments or purchase money for the above to be deposited to the credit of the subscriber in the Montreal or Gora Bank Agency, Guelph.

Persons found taking wood from or otherwise trespassing on the Lands of the subscriber, will be prosecuted.

JOHN McDONALD. Guelph, 25th July, 1848. 6

REMOVAL.

A. HIGINBOTHAM, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

TENDERS his grateful acknowledgements for the patronage conferred upon him during the time he has been in business in Guelph, and begs respectfully to inform them that he has removed to the Shop lately occupied by Mr. Webster, near Thorp's Hotel, where he will be happy to receive a continuance of those favors hitherto conferred upon him.

Guelph, Oct. 2, 1849. 119-4f

NEW STAGE LINE Between Dundas and Hamilton. TWICE A DAY.

AN ACCOMMODATION STAGE will leave the Elgin House, Dundas, at 5 o'clock A. M. for Hamilton, in time for the Boats, and return at 8 o'clock A. M. Will again leave Dundas at 3 o'clock P. M., and return conveying passengers from the Boats, at 7 P. M.

This arrangement will continue during the season, the Stage calling at the principal Hotels in both places.

JOSEPH P. HILL. Dundas, April 1st, 1850. 147-1y

BOARDING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM WETHERALL, having been engaged for some years in private as well as public Tuition, respectfully intimates that he can accommodate a few additional Pupils, to whose domestic comfort and literary progress the closest attention will be given.

The course of instruction embraces the following branches:—English grammar, Writing, Arithmetic, Book keeping, History, Geography, Latin, Geometry, the theory of Land Surveying, and Algebra.