

2ND YEAR. NO. 17689

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PRICE TWO CENTS.

SULTAN'S MINISTERS GIVE IN TO DEMANDS OF THE POWERS

Amid Still Holds Out for Modification of Details, But Reform Proposals Are Accepted.

Constantinople, via Sofia, Dec. 5.—The council of ministers has agreed to yield to the demands of the powers in principle, but the Sultan has not yet issued an irrevocable decree on this subject. It seems that the war minister refused to sign the ministerial note on the subject, which is couched in conciliatory terms, and pronounces in favor of the acceptance in principle of the requirements of the European concert. The Sultan said he was

awaiting unanimity on the part of the ministers before sanctioning their action.

Vienna, Dec. 5.—An official telegram from Constantinople says the Austrian ambassador, Baron Von Cailje, received a note from the Turkish Government yesterday evening accepting the proposals of the powers for the financial control of Macedonia, but asking for a modification of the details.

TERRORISTS ON TRIAL

Mademoiselle Leontiff Amongst Plotters Against Russian Tyrants.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 3, 9 p.m., via Eydtkuhnen, East Prussia, Dec. 4.—The trial of Mile. Leontiff and a dozen others, who are charged with being implicated in a terrorist plot to kill Gen. Trepot, is proceeding behind closed doors. The evidence developed the existence of a big conspiracy with ramifications at Moscow and elsewhere, which had for its purpose the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius already accomplished, and of Gen. Trepot and other "tyrants."

The plot was discovered by accident, through a courier who was carrying a message to one of the conspirators in Finland.

Mile. Leontiff is the daughter of Gen. Leontiff, who last spring was appointed governor of Yakutsk, Eastern Siberia. It is said that she became a convert to terrorism during her stay at Lacerne.

MISSIONARY MURDERERS

United States Consul Insists That They Be Executed.

London, Dec. 5.—The correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at Hong Kong says that Julius G. Lay, the American consul-general at Canton, China, who has just completed his investigation in the recent murder of five Presbyterian missionaries at Lien Chau, Canton Province, insists on the execution of the murderers before the commission of inquiry leaves Lien Chau.

P. M. IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

The C., H. and D. and Marquette Railroads Declared Insolvent.

Cincinnati, Dec. 4.—The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and the Pere Marquette Railroads today were ordered placed in the hands of receiver by United States Circuit Judge Henry Linton, and Judge Harmon, formerly United States Attorney-General, was appointed receiver, giving bonds for \$200,000.

Application for a receiver was made by Attorney Lawrence Maxwell, Jun., on behalf of Walter R. Horn, of New York, a creditor of both roads, and was agreed to by the defendants in answers admitting the principal charges of insolvency.

FIFTEEN MEN BURNED

Rained Molten Metal on Laborers in Harvester Plant.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Fifteen men were burned yesterday by an explosion in the International Harvester Company's plant, three of whom probably will die. The explosion was caused by a workman thrusting a cold bar of steel into a furnace of molten metal, in the immediate vicinity of which 60 men were at work. Molten metal was hurled about the room, and the smoke and fire that shot from the furnace filled the room, so the workmen were unable for some minutes to find the exits, but escaped about helplessly, stumbling over those who had been prostrated by the flames. From the furnace chimney the fire shot high into the air and could be seen for miles. The plant was not damaged to any great extent by the explosion.

OVER MASON OF THE FIRE TRUCK TOWN DURING HEADLONG GALLOP

Seriously Injured While Responding to a Midnight Alarm.

Mason, of 553 Grey street, responding to the fire station No. 1, was thrown from the truck while responding to a midnight alarm. He was injured and is now in hospital, where his condition is serious.

At 10 o'clock a telephone call was received from the Grand Southend house on Rectory street, where a fire in the neighborhood of a minute the chief and his men were galloping through the night. The electric lights and the siren were turned on, but the chief cut off the siren, and the truck was driven off. A brave run of it. The Assistant Chief Altkin, and Firemen McDonald, Firemen

Davis, Cole and Belveck and Driver Mason, McDonald sat beside Mason on the driver's seat.

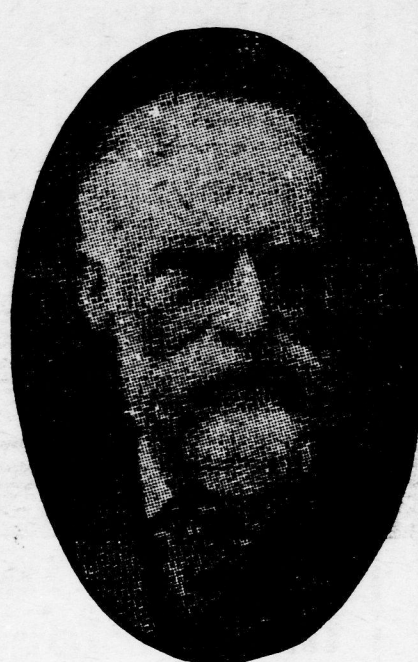
Were Going Fast.

As the horses galloped along at a furious pace, Mason from time to time looked behind, as though intuition told him that something was going to happen. As the truck struck the rut it slewed from side to side, and the assistant chief and the firemen riding in the rear had all they could do to hold their seats.

At the corner of York and Adelaide the firemen could see tongues of flame leaping through the roof of the St. Thomas Bag and Metal Company's building, and Driver Mason turned the horses' heads south on Adelaide street. It is a feat of horsemanship to turn the long truck without upsetting it, while going at full speed, but Mason did the trick. The other men were holding on as best they could as the big truck slewed against the east side of the street in front of Willis' lumber office. Suddenly Mason fell off his seat and he was seen dragging

(Continued on Page Three.)

Likely Members of New British Cabinet



PROF. JAMES BRYCE.



HON. JOHN MORLEY.



THE HON. HENRY ASQUITH.

Bannerman Is Forming a Cabinet; Duke Devonshire Pays Him a Visit

London Thinks May Be an Agreement With Anti-Protection Unionists.

London, Dec. 5.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman saw King Edward at Buckingham Palace today and accepted the task of forming a new cabinet. The Duke of Devonshire, Liberal-Unionist, and former lord president of the council, was among the callers on the new premier before the latter went to the palace, and in political circles importance is attached to the visit as possibly signifying some kind of a working agreement on certain points of policy between the anti-protectionist Unionists, of which the duke has been the recognized leader since his secession from the Balfour cabinet, and the new Government.

London, Dec. 4.—The political crisis in the United Kingdom reached a climax today when Arthur J. Balfour, the Premier, formally tendered the resignations of himself and the members of his cabinet to King Edward, who accepted them.

His majesty has invited Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman to an interview tomorrow morning, when he will offer him the mission of forming a new cabinet. Sir Henry will accept the task, and within a few days, even within a few hours, a new government will be formed.

A brief official announcement was made tonight that the cabinet had resigned, that the King had accepted the resignations of his ministers, and that Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman had been sent for.

CHARGES WERE FOUND PROVEN, RESIGNATIONS MAY FOLLOW

Special Committee Declared County Constabulary To Be Very Lax—Favor Removal of Four Officers.

At the meeting of the Middlesex County Council this morning, the report of the special committee appointed to investigate the condition of the Middlesex constabulary was read. The whole system was severely criticised. The opinion was expressed that it would be well if four county constables—Northgreaves, Cousart, Sadler and Paisley—were removed of their duties by the county judge. This action in the case of the first three is due to the investigation into the charges and counter-charges made by Northgreaves and McLeod. Paisley's dismissal was recommended because in October last he was convicted by Indian Agent Sutherland of supplying liquor to the Indians.

The charges—No. 1, first part of No. 4, and No. 11, proven against High Constable McLeod, are as follows:

1. That said McLeod went to raid a disorderly house without sufficient help and allowed some of the inmates to escape.

First part of charge 4.—That he did not prosecute fakirs at the Belmont Fair.

Charge No. 11.—That he did not act on information as to destruction of school property.

High Constable to Resign?

When spoken to on the subject this morning, the county councillors expressed the opinion that High Constable McLeod would have to resign in face of the report. They expected him to do so, at least, and in the event of his not resigning, the councillors said, it is the intention of the council to ask for his resignation.

Constable McLeod, when spoken to, could not remember what the charges were, but he expressed the opinion that he would fight it to a finish. He had not expected such a verdict. He complained that the court was not legally summoned, and that they had no right to administer oaths and take evidence. He also complained that he had not been allowed to be represented by counsel.

On the contrary, the councillors say that McLeod had every opportunity to defend himself, and that he agreed to abide by the decision of the committee.

The report was read. It dealt in the first part with the causes leading up to the investigation. The finding of the committee is as follows:

Harmony Does Not Prevail.

1. After listening to the evidence and upon the most diligent inquiry from efficient sources, we believe that a great lack of harmony has prevailed among several of the constables of the county, and we do not believe that a proper or effective administration of justice within the county can be obtained when these conditions exist.

2. The charge against Constable Northgreaves that he did not submit his accounts to High Constable McLeod, was admitted by Northgreaves; also that he did not report his work to High Constable McLeod. From the evidence it will be seen that few, if any of the constables in the county do report regularly to the high constable. We are of the opinion that the accounts should be submitted to the high constable, and that the county constables should report as soon as possible.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

Hence This Morphine Victim Was Placed Behind the Bars.

Only the other day a young man received a sentence in the Central, mainly because he was addicted to the morphia habit.

This morning another young man was charged at the police court with insanity, that condition having been the result of the use of the drug. He comes of a very respectable family, and possesses considerable talent as an actor. Like many others who are devotees of the stage, he gradually fell into bad habits, until he is now behind the bars, with, perhaps, an impaired reason, and with the prospect of a period of confinement before him.

When not under the influence of the drug, he appears quite rational, but at other times he becomes uncontrollable. At his home the other day he became most violent and made an attempt to cut his throat with a razor, so for his own sake and for the safety of others, he was arrested, and was remanded a week by the court. An uncle of the prisoner's is said to be a very prominent actor in the States.

Samuel Pare did not frequent the police court, but the other evening he became boisterous in a downtown restaurant and put things generally in disorder. The proprietors, besides ejecting him, laid an information, which resulted in a fine of \$5 being levied. Frank Snider, another drunk, was fined \$3 or 10 days.

Bids Were Too Low.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—The Victoria Hotel, which was put up at auction today by the administrator of the St. Jacques estate but was withdrawn, as there was not enough bid. Fourteen thousand five hundred dollars was the highest bid. The property is mortgaged to the Bank of Ottawa for \$18,000 and is assessed at \$45,000.

Warships on the Lake.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Many bills and joint resolutions were introduced in the house today. They cover a large variety of subjects.

Representative W. A. Smith (Michigan) introduced a resolution asking that the Secretary of the Navy investigate the treaties between Great Britain and the United States that prevent the United States from having more than one warship on the great lakes at one time.

Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, was elected speaker of the house. At 3:35 the house adjourned.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow Fair and Milder.

London, Tuesday, Dec. 5.
Sun rises, 7:35 a.m. Moon rises, 1:40 p.m.
Sun sets, 4:42 p.m. Moon sets, 1:12 a.m.

The storm which was on the Atlantic coast last night has passed away towards Newfoundland. The weather is now fine and cold in Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, but has turned much milder further west.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 44-46; Vancouver, 32-46; Kamloops, 28-36; Calgary, 16-44; Edmonton, 18-42; Qu'Appelle, 8-32; Winnipeg, 4 below-14; Port Arthur, 8 below-14; Pelly Sound, 6-36; Toronto, 17-26; Ottawa, 14-28; Montreal, 15-22; Quebec, 14-20; Halifax, 16-40.

FORECASTS.

Today—Fresh southwesterly winds; fair.

Wednesday—Southerly winds; fair and a little milder.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Max.	Weather.
Calgary	28	12	44	Fair
Winnipeg	12	4	44	Fair
Pelly Sound	25	14	44	Rain
Toronto	25	14	44	Rain
Ottawa	6	2	44	Fair
Montreal	2	0	44	Fair
Quebec	2	0	44	Fair
Father Point	12	20	44	Fair

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather is fine throughout the Dominion. It is moderately cold from Ontario to Nova Scotia, but is becoming quite mild in the Northwest Provinces.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Monday were: Highest, 24°; lowest, 18° above.

LIBERALS DID NOT RECEIVE FAIR PLAY AT THE COUNCIL

Conservatives Carry Out Threat to Go the Whole Hog in Appointments for the Municipal Election.

The machine element of the Conservative party in the city council last night did exactly what they told the Liberal aldermen they would do—they "hogged" almost everything in sight, in the way of deputy returning officers and polling subdivisions. Ald. Saunders was absent in St. Thomas, else the distribution of the petty plums would have been more evenly divided. As it was, Ald. Forrester voted to give all a square deal, and Ald. Garratt a couple of times voted out of gear with the Tory slate, but in the main the Conservative majority carried all before it.

It was the "masheen" from start to finish. Ald. Matthews read a list of names and places which he admitted he knew nothing about, as he had not asked a man to act as deputy, or to allow his house to be used as a polling booth.

A Bad Break.

This was a bad break, and Ald. Gillean snapped him up quickly.

"Who did ask, then?" he asked.

Ald. Matthews was mum.

"The fact of the matter is the Conservative Club handed you that list, and you're simply doing as the machine dictates," said Ald. Gillean.

Ald. Matthews didn't deny it.

Ald. Carson, secretary of the Conservative Club, next read the list prepared for wards 2 and 3. Like Ald. Matthews, he too, was in the dark as to what he was doing, but he worked like an automaton and carried it through.

Then Ald. Cooper read the list for ward 4.

No Need for Hurry.

"Hurry up, Ward 4!" said Ald. Gillean.

"Don't bother shouting for it. You'll get it soon enough," Ald. Cooper replied. "You don't need a call for it."

This was "masheen" to the hilt, but it made even the Liberals laugh.

Ald. Cooper had difficulty in reading the list, and Ald. Matthews attempted to make some explanations as to why certain changes had been made. He nettled Ald. Cooper, who took a whiff out of Ald. Matthews.

"This list don't need any explanation," he said. "It's been fixed all right and you don't need to bother about it."

Queer Fair Play.

When Ald. Cooper had completed the list, Ald. Greenlee arose and thanked the Conservative majority for the "fair play" which had been promised the Liberals by Ald. Matthews when he began reading the list for the first ward.

"I'm sure we're delighted with our treatment tonight," Ald. Greenlee concluded, sarcastically.

"Well, we have allowed the Liberals to have a fair play,"

Continued on Page Two.

YOUNG WOMAN ADMITS STORY MADE OUT OF WHOLE CLOTH

Nothing Whatever in Dorchester Yarn of an Outrage By a Tramp.

According to a letter received this morning by High Constable McLeod, the story given out recently of a tramp tying a young woman hand and foot, near Dorchester Station, and then ransacking the house, was manufactured out of whole cloth by the alleged victim.

The story was to the effect that a hobo about 35 years of age had called at the home of George Kelly, a mile and a half east of Dorchester, and finding Mr. and Mrs. Kelly absent, found their niece, Lena Kelly, who was the only occupant of the place, with a long rope, and then went through the various rooms, as if in search of money.

When High Constable McLeod visited Kelly's and heard the story of the young woman (who is 23 years old), he looked on it with a little suspicion, but he, nevertheless, notified the police of surrounding towns to be on the lookout for the alleged assailant.

Today, the high constable received a letter from County Constable William Field, of Dorchester, stating that he had had a conversation with Lena Kelly, and that she admitted having tied herself with the rope and many features of the story published at the time.

Field does not say why the young woman concocted the yarn.

CITY ENGINEER HAS A SCHEME FOR A GOOD WATER PRESSURE

Suggests Pump and Engine in City Limits To Be Used in Times of Fire.

City engineer Graydon, to the Advertiser today said that of the two propositions in regard to further fire protection, he considered the erection of a new fire station in the north end would be better than the purchase of a steam fire engine. In connection with the latter, he has an idea that might be worked out that would do away altogether with a steam engine, but he says that Mr. J. M. Moore, the superintendent of the waterworks, and one of the most experienced hydraulic engineers in Western Ontario, would be able to give a better practical opinion on it than he himself could.

The Plan Explained.

Mr. Graydon says that a great many towns and cities in the United States are supplied with natural gas distant 200 and 300 miles from the wells, and it is done in this way: A main is laid throughout the entire 200 or 300 miles, but at distances of 50 or 60 miles, pumping stations are erected, as the pressure or head loses a certain fraction that mechanical means have to be used to force it on.

At the pumping station a by-pass is put on the main, and the gas is pumped from the well end or source of supply, and forced on under whatever pressure is necessary or desirable to the first pumping station, and from there to the next pumping station, and so on throughout the entire 200 miles or final place of delivery, and the power is supplied at these pumping stations by a gas engine.

Apply to Water Pressure.

Now, Mr. Graydon says, that the water pressure in this city is sufficient (if not too great from an economical point of view) for any domestic purposes, and his idea is that a pumping station be erected at York street bridge, and a pump and engine (gas engine preferable on account of economy in operating and quickness in starting) be installed in it, and that the pumping station be connected up directly with the Central fire station fire alarm system, and as soon as an alarm is rung the engine to be started up and a pressure of from 100 to 200 pounds, or whatever the water mains could stand, could be placed on the main in a few moments—as quickly or quicker than the department could reach any station in the city.

By this means the original cost of a steamer could be done away with besides the annual cost of maintenance of a team of horses and the services of an engine to operate it.

Seven Miners Suffocated.

Charleston, W. Va., Dec. 5.—At Horton, on Calsin Creek, in this county, late yesterday, seven coal miners were suffocated. They were working in a drift mine, when the wooden stack of the ventilating furnace caught fire and was consumed.

Of the seven, but two could be resuscitated, after being brought out. The Horton mine is the property of the Cardiff Coal Company, which has eight or ten mines in the Calsin Creek.

CHARING CROSS ROOF COLLAPSES

Workmen Carried Down With the Wreckage—Theater Adjoining Also Wrecked.

London, Dec. 5.—The south end of the immense roof spanning the Charing Cross main line station here collapsed this afternoon, and completely destroyed the lines. Huge pieces of the iron roof and timbers fell on the trains beneath, carrying down with them men, who were working on the roof. The roof of the Avenue Theater, adjoining the station, also collapsed. A large number of injured workmen were taken to a neighboring hospital, but apparently there were no passengers on the trains, some of the cars of which were crushed into kindling wood.

DEATH SENTENCE MAY MEAN STRIKE

All the Russian Railroads To Be Tied Up If Sentence Is Carried Out.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Dec. 5.—The executive committee of the Railroad Employees' Union has telegraphed to all stations of the Russian railroads urging the men to begin a general strike at midnight unless the sentence of death passed by the court-martial at Samara on Sokoloff, an engineer, and on other local leaders of the recent railroad strike at Samara are reversed before that hour.

BETTER CAR SERVICE WANTED BY RESIDENTS OF NORTH END

Present Petition Asking for Extension—Paving the Market Would Be Expensive.

The meeting of the city council last night proved to be one of routine with the exception of the appointment of polling places and deputy returning officers. Quite a grist of business came up, but it was simply referred to the different committees, but very few items being finally dealt with. Mayor Campbell and all the aldermen, with the exception of Ald. Saunders, were present, and he was unavoidably absent in St. Thomas.

Want Street Car Service.
A petition was received from John McLoughlin and 138 others, asking for the extension of the present street railway line along Adelaide street from Oxford street north to Victoria, and thence west to meet the Wellington street line.

The preamble of the petition stated that under its agreement with the corporation the city is entitled to receive mileage from the street railway company, according to the number of passengers carried. The petitioners stated that the section asking for the new line contains a population of 1,500, and the people feel they are entitled to the service, as there is no street car accommodation within a radius of one mile. The petition was referred to No. 1 committee.

Paving the Market.
City Engineer Graydon reported that the cost of paving the market with bituminous brick laid on four inches of concrete as a base, with asphaltum filler, between joints will cost about \$20,000. There are 3,000 square yards, at a cost of about \$25 per yard. He advised, however, that instead of this being done, the whole square be torn up with picks of the steam roller and brought to a uniform grade and that 6 inches of fine gravel be placed on the top, the whole to be thoroughly rolled. He also recommended that vitrified brick crossings be put in at several places, so that wagons could be backed up against them, a clean crossing for pedestrians being thus assured. He thought the work could be done for \$2,000 or \$3,000.

The report was referred to No. 3 committee.

Cost of Pavements.
The engineer also reported that the cost of the brick paving in this city, including curb and gutter, inspection, advertising and everything else, except the interest and sinking fund, is as follows:

LIBERALS DID NOT RECEIVE FAIR PLAY AT THE COUNCIL

(Continued from Page One.)

to have between 18 and 22 of the polling places, but I admit nearly all the deputy returning officers are Conservatives," said Ald. Matthews.

"Why shouldn't they be Conservatives?" Ald. Cooper asked.
The Liberals couldn't see that the Conservatives had made any concessions. However, Ald. Stevens succeeded in carrying through several amendments, the "machine" aldermen being compelled to agree to them.

The following is the list of polling places and the deputies as finally appointed:

WARD ONE.

Subdivision 1—City Hall, William Johnston, D. R. O.
Subdivision 2—William Armstrong's house, 252 King street, Arthur Essery, D. R. O.
Subdivision 3—S. Turner's office, S. Turner, D. R. O.
Subdivision 4—J. Graham's, 264 Bathurst street, J. Graham, D. R. O.
Subdivision 5—Mrs. Taylor's house, 216 Talbot street, J. D. O'Neill, D. R. O.
Subdivision 6—Mrs. Lindsay's house, 236 Grey street, J. C. Williams, D. R. O.
Subdivision 7—R. De Courcy's house, 211 Grey street, Alf. Hale, D. R. O.
Subdivision 8—Mrs. T. Walter's house, High street, Alex. Acheson, D. R. O.
Subdivision 9—Ald. Cave's house, 22 Marley place, R. J. Hennessy, D. R. O.
Subdivision 10—Mrs. Foster's house, 12 Euclid avenue, W. A. Reid, D. R. O.
Subdivision 11—James Connor's house, 103 Bruce street, George Young, D. R. O.
Subdivision 12—Mrs. Smith's house, 90 Stanley street, C. L. Hessel, D. R. O.

WARD TWO.

Subdivision 1—George Kordas' house, 70 Carling street, Albert Lashbrook, D. R. O.
Subdivision 2—W. Percival's store, 235 Queen's avenue, William Percival, D. R. O.
Subdivision 3—F. Tanton's shop, 529 Richmond street, Robert Rider, D. R. O.
Subdivision 4—T. Morkin's house, 587 Richmond street, Martin O'Sullivan, D. R. O.
Subdivision 5—Rodgers' shoe shop, 731 Richmond street, S. Friendship, D. R. O.
Subdivision 6—A. Dawson's house, 32 Alma street, Adam Dawson, D. R. O.
Subdivision 7—St. George's Sunday school room, Wharncliffe road, Levi Hammond, D. R. O.
Subdivision 8—Thomas Taylor's barber shop, Dundas street, West London, R. J. O'Neill, D. R. O.

WARD THREE.

Subdivision 1—Mrs. McDonald's, 346 Colborne street, George Farnsworth, D. R. O.
Subdivision 2—Miss Darch's house,

King street, Wellington to Richmond, \$2.34 per square yard.

King street, Richmond to Richmond \$2.29 per square yard.

Talbot street, Fullarton to Dundas, \$2.21-2 per square yard.

The application of Dr. James D. Wilson to open up a street 60 feet wide off Forward avenue, was referred to No. 2 committee.

On motion of Ald. Matthews the reports of City Engineer Graydon on the street railway and West London breakwater, as given elsewhere, were ordered to be printed in the minutes.

The report of No. 2 committee, which contained but three clauses, carried. With the exception of one unimportant clause, No. 2 committee's report also carried. No. 1 committee's report carried without revision.

Other Matters.

On behalf of the committee in charge of the new school exhibit, Inspector Edwards wrote thanking the council for the free use of the city hall. Filed.
Samuel Davis, et al., asked for an electric light on the corner of Princess avenue and English street. Referred to No. 3 committee.

Uniform Rank, No. 6, of Camp No. 2, Canadian Order of Woodmen of the World, asked for the use of the horticultural hall on the fair grounds, one night a week for drill purposes during the winter months. Granted.

W. Hesman and others asked for a cement curb and gutter on both sides of Dufferin avenue, between Maitland street and Prospect avenue. Referred to the board of works.

The London Cold Storage Company asked for the remission of \$254 of certain water rates incurred for water used during a break in the company's own pumps, on the ground that the firm is assessed at \$51,000, and has never asked for a civic favor or exemption. Referred to No. 1 committee.

Mrs. Pattullo, on behalf of the Women's Christian Association, asked for the free use of the city hall for an entertainment in aid of the Home for Incubables on the night of Dec. 3. Granted.

The London Foundry Company asked for permission to fence off a portion of King street, during the pleasure of the council, the ground to be used for a place for storing tanks, patterns, etc. Referred to No. 3 committee.

The claim for damages presented by W. J. Wilson, V.S., whose horse ran away on King's avenue, was referred to the board of works to report. The claim of Mrs. Kew was also sent to No. 2.

Bylaws Passed.

The bylaw to take a vote of the people on the question of reducing the number of liquor licenses in London was read a third time and finally passed. Ald. Cooper made the motion and Ald. Cooper seconded. The motion was unanimous.

The bylaw to fix the time for making the city assessments, as recommended by No. 1 committee, was finally passed.

510 King street, Francis Wright, D. R. O.

Subdivision 3—Thomas Atkinson's house, 430 Dundas street, James A. Carruthers, D. R. O.

Subdivision 4—Mrs. E. Wright's house, 111 Hamilton road, Samuel J. Bell, D. R. O.

Subdivision 5—William C. Bennet's house, 226 Grey street, James Pirie, D. R. O.

Subdivision 6—M. Foley's house, 425 Hill street, William Wilson, D. R. O.

Subdivision 7—John Geary's house, 237 Hill street, Henry Clark, D. R. O.

Subdivision 8—T. J. L. East, D. R. O.

Subdivision 9—John Henderson's house, 1022 Francis street, Charles M. McKelvie, D. R. O.

Subdivision 10—R. Dawe's shop, 229 1/2 Hamilton road, Renhard Westby, D. R. O.

Subdivision 11—Mrs. Southcott's house, 518 Hamilton road, Alf. Tutt, D. R. O.

WARD FOUR.
Subdivision 1—Ira Burgess' house, 426 Waterloo street, Hiram Irvine, D. R. O.

Subdivision 2—Mrs. Rudd's house, 518 Maitland street, John Hodgins, D. R. O.

Subdivision 3—John Wilkinson's house, 486 Adelaide street, George H. Thomas, D. R. O.

Subdivision 4—T. C. Bartlett's house, 48 Elizabeth street, Walter Richards, D. R. O.

Subdivision 5—W. C. Tisdale's house, 497 Dufferin avenue, Charles Barrett, D. R. O.

Subdivision 6—Robert Wynn's house, 350 Central avenue, O. O. Benson, D. R. O.

Subdivision 7—James Jackson's house, 646 Maitland street, Albert McMullen, D. R. O.

Subdivision 8—George Guymer's shop, 570 Adelaide street, Alex. Jackson, D. R. O.

Subdivision 9—Earl Gaze's house, 698 Colborne street, James Ross, D. R. O.

Subdivision 10—M. Buller's house, 711 William street, J. W. G. Winnett, D. R. O.

Subdivision 11—R. Thomas' house, 779 Colborne street, J. T. Robinson, D. R. O.

Subdivision 12—Mrs. Kennedy's house, 854 William street, Charles Howard, D. R. O.

THOMPSON—HODGSON

Two Young Biddulph People United in Marriage.

A very happy event was celebrated at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Hodgins, of Biddulph, recently, when their daughter, Miss Eulalia D., became the bride of Mr. Eli Thompson.

Rev. Mr. Thomas, of Holy Trinity Church, Lucan, performed the ceremony under an arch of evergreens and roses. The bride was beautifully attired in cream tulle and lace, and carried a shower bouquet of white roses and carnations. Miss Emily Needham, of Kincardine, was a very pretty bridesmaid. She was gowned in white organdy trimmed with lace, and carried pink carnations. Subsequent to the ceremony, a wedding breakfast was served. Many valuable presents were received by the young couple. They will be at home to their friends after Dec. 18.

It was recently reported from Mainz that probably the largest train of towboats ever seen on the Rhine passed that city on the previous day. This train of boats was towed by a tug steamer, and was made up of eight boats with an aggregate load of 17,000 metric tons of coal, or 850 German freight car loads, destined for Mannheim.

The Teachers' Federation of Belgium has compiled statistics which go to show that boys of from 6 to 7 years of age who do not attend school, both in increase in stature and in weight is a higher ratio than the boys of the same age in a school.

SCOTT SHOWS UP LEADER HAULTAIN

Latter's Allegations Given Sweeping Denial.

IS CHALLENGED TO DEBATE

Premier Wants to Meet Conservative Chief in Joint Discussion at Regina.

Regina, Dec. 4.—Premier Scott invites Mr. Haultain to meet him on the public platform to repeat and make good the charge that Mr. Scott and Archbishop Langevin have made a compact respecting Saskatchewan schools. Mr. Scott has addressed the following letter to Mr. Haultain:

"Hon. F. W. G. Haultain, Regina, Sask.: Sir,—You have published a statement of the correspondence exchanged between me and Archbishop Langevin, and a statement alleging the existence of an understanding between the Archbishop and myself or the Government to effect the destruction of the national school system by granting special privileges to minority schools to the Roman Catholics. I have to say that your allegation is untrue. I say to you, furthermore, that in view of the facts which I shall repeat your allegation is an insult to the Liberals of Saskatchewan, to the Government, and to me. Your allegation is a par with the Winnipeg Tribune's recent malicious and mendacious assertion that I had visited St. Boniface; it is a lie. I have never visited St. Boniface, and with the same malicious intention and with the same utter lack of truthfulness, and places you in the same class as that newspaper. By it you stoop to the same tactics which you employed in Oxford and London, when you read a false Medicine Hat telegram to decide the election there with the idea that Northwest Liberals were sending delegations to Ottawa to protest against the autonomy bills school clause.

Never Met Langevin.

"I have not the honor of acquaintance with Mr. Langevin, have never, to my knowledge, seen him in my life, have never in my life communicated with him, either directly or indirectly in person or through intermediaries, or otherwise in any manner or form, priest or layman, nor been approached by any Roman Catholic or seeking an understanding respecting the schools, such as you allege. I give your assertion an unequivocal and absolute contradiction.

"The Saskatchewan Liberal party are pledged by plank No. 3 of their platform, adopted at Regina on Aug. 16 and 17 last, to the principle that every school receiving public assistance, and supported by taxation shall be subject in every particular to inspection and continued supervision, regulation, and control of the Provincial Department of Education. Mr. James A. Calder, Commissioner of Education, has pledged himself before the public to maintain absolute public control over all separate schools in an identical degree with the same control exercised over public schools. In my own behalf and in behalf of the Government and the Liberal party, I have solemnly and emphatically given a public pledge that no regulation will be altered nor anything done which will in any degree tend to destroy or modify the purely national character of our schools separate or public. I have pledged myself and the Liberal Government to maintain absolute public control of every school, and to continue the system of uniform text books, uniform training and qualification of teachers, and uniform inspection for every separate and public school alike.

"In view of these solemn assurances given to the people of Saskatchewan by representatives of the Liberal party, who were met in convention at Regina, by myself as head of the Government, and by the commissioner of education, I repeat that the occasion and manner of your allegation is nothing short of an insult to all concerned, and is unworthy of the position which you have occupied in the Northwest. I call upon you to bring forward something better than your suspicion and mean insinuation to substantiate your serious charge, and I say to you that if you fail you will stand before the people of this province branded as a wilful slanderer, not of my colleagues and myself alone, but of the Saskatchewan Liberal party as a whole. I make the reply to your allegation a brief and complete one. I have no more to say. I will meet you on the platform in Regina city hall on the evening of Monday, Dec. 11 inst. The public, I am sure, will eagerly listen to whatever you may choose to offer by way of proof of your charge, and you can, if you will, listen to the reply that it shall be my privilege and duty to make to your infamous accusation.

"Believe me, yours truly. (Signed) Walter Scott."

Colleagues Also Deny It.

"P. S.—When I saw your statement I at once wired to each of my colleagues the following message: See Haultain's manifesto alleging understanding between us and Archbishop Langevin respecting schools; wire me definitely whether you have ever known any such understanding. (Signed) Walter Scott."

"I have received the following replies:

"—Milestone, Dec. 1.—To Hon. W. Scott, Regina, Sask.: Allegation contained in Haultain's manifesto that conspiracy exists between your Government and Archbishop Langevin is so far as I know, without foundation. Speaking for myself, I may state that I have never been approached, directly or indirectly, by anyone with a view to arriving at any such understanding as is mentioned in your wire. Haultain's statement that he has already discovered some slight evidence of influence having been brought to bear upon myself is totally groundless. I deny charge and challenge him to produce his evidence or stand convicted of uttering a deliberate falsehood. (Signed) J. A. Calder."

"—Abernethy, Sask., Dec. 2.—Hon. Walter Scott, Regina: Received your

THE NOSE KNOWS.



He who smells woods' smoke at twilight knows the glamor of the wild, Understands its fascinations—how its lovers are beguiled.

He who sniffs the scents of Autumn and the fragrance of the pine, Feels primordial wildness in him—but another song is mine:

Winding down the rugged mountain with a deer, my guide and I,

Hardly knowing where our camp lies, toiling on with grunt and sigh,

Hold! what savor floats to meet us, borne upon the evening breeze,

Sweeter than the spice of hemlocks, or the balm of good, green trees?

'Tis a savor from the tropics, from the gurgling, hissing spot

Of the camp cook's pot of coffee, peating now to be poured out.

Whiff! The load we bear seems lighter. Whiff! That's sweeter than the rose!

No more need of eyes nor compass—move your feet and chase your nose.

'Tis a day of sport well ended, when a chap can take his case

With his cup of CHASE & SANBORN'S and his supper on his knees.

wire re Haultain manifesto, charging us with having an understanding with Archbishop Langevin regarding schools. This is another extraordinary charge in campaign of most extraordinary statements on part of our opponents.

I state most emphatically I know of no such alleged understanding, nor had I heard of it before receipt of your wire. (Signed) W. R. Motherwell."

For Sickly Children.

Made of petroleum, rendered tasteless and odorless, pure glycerine and hypophosphite of lime, it agrees with the stomach, perfect nutrition, and makes the little ones strong and healthy. Under its treatment they eat well, digest food and enjoy sound, restful sleep.

When the economical housewife casts her bread upon the waters the result is bread pudding.

SO POPULAR is Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a medicine in the treatment of colds and coughs or ailments of the throat, due to exposure, draughts, or sudden changes of temperature, that druggists and all dealers in patent medicines keep supplies on hand to meet the demand. It is pleasant to take, and the use of it guarantees freedom from throat and lung diseases.

Man wants a great deal here below. For further information see the "want" columns.

DO NOT DELAY.—When, through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly as possible. Bickel's Syrup acts as a thorough purgative, perfecting the mean disaster. Paramele's Vegetable Pills will be found a most valuable and effective medicine to assuage the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

If there is one thing we dislike more than another it is to see ourselves as others see us.

Dr. Stephen Call, an octogenarian, has resigned the postmastership of Ingalls, Okla., declaring that conscientious attention to the duties of that position did not leave him enough time for con hunting.

What is a Backache?

IT IS NATURE'S WARNING TO WOMEN

Diseases of Woman's Organism Cured and Consequent Pain Stopped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"It seems as though my back would break." Women who use these words over and over again, but continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, "bearing down" pains, nervousness and no ambition for any task.

They do not realize that the back is the mainspring of woman's organism, and quickly indicates by aching a diseased condition of the womb or kidneys, and that the aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for twenty years has been the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It cures all womb and kidney disorders and restores the female organs to a healthy condition.

Here is one cure among thousands:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

I suffered a long time with ovarian trouble, having intense pains in the back and abdomen and very sick headaches every month. I was tired and nervous all the time and life looked very dreary to me and I had no desire to live until I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to get some relief. My recovery was slow but it was sure, and I have never regretted the money spent for the Compound as it brought me back to good health.

"It seems to be a medicine especially adapted to the use of our sex and I am glad to say a good word for it.—Mrs. Albert Mann, 154 Gore Vale Ave., Toronto, Ont.

No other person can give such helpful advice to women who are sick as can Mrs. Pinkham. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice free.

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SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY
Fair and Milder.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Sid Has Big Feet

Rather odd for a little fellow like Sid to have such big feet. But his are large for a purpose. If you have seen him you know why. If you haven't you'll want to know, won't you? Then look in the EAST WINDOW today.

Play Football in the Parlor

The newest game—Parlor Football—is a good one. You can now play a very exciting football game in your own parlor. If you are quick, and use good generalship, you can score a touchdown and perhaps a goal or two. No casualties to yourself or the furniture either. No rough play is allowed.

Quantity is limited. If you want one secure it at once. Price

\$1.25

Visit Toytown,
Everybody!

New Angora Bonnets

Arrived a day or so ago. Dear little articles of dainty fluffiness. Just the prettiest frames imaginable to set off the babies' sweet dimpling faces. So comfortable too. And they wash well also. Trimmed with swansdown. Silk ties. Price

\$2.00

Bearskin Bonnets
50c to \$2.25

Penman's Natural Wool Underwear

This is a very popular line. Garments are soft, warm and comfortable. Made of PENMAN'S BEST QUALITY NATURAL WOOL. GUARANTEED UNSHRINKABLE.

This line should not be confused with Penman's "Merino" grade, which resembles it closely, but costs less—neither are they seconds. This information may throw a little light on some prices you may have heard of lately.

Priced according to size.
LADIES', per garment.....\$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.15
CHILDREN'S, per garment.....55c to 90c
MEN'S, per garment.....\$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.35

Why Not An Umbrella?

What would make a more appropriate gift than a good Umbrella? For either a gentleman or lady. No danger of getting a poor Umbrella here—we don't keep them. Ours are the best. Best quality of covers. Best designed handles. Best values. A visit will prove the truth of these assertions.
Men's Umbrellas.....75c to \$9.00
Ladies' Umbrellas.....89c to \$15.00

Christmas Shopping

is becoming brisker every day. With each succeeding day the crowds increase in number. There's only one wise plan: Select your Christmas gifts as soon as possible. Better selection NOW—more time to choose them—not so much crowding. Impossible to keep the crowds away from this store—even if we wanted to—and we most certainly don't. They know WHERE to find the most sensible and appropriate gifts at prices that are meant to please—and DO. And we are thankful you appreciate our store and business principles. Only

**16 MORE SHOPPING DAYS
BEFORE CHRISTMAS**

Big Silk TEMPTATION

When a representative of a large firm visited us a short time ago he offered us some lines of Brocaded Silks at prices that, to say the least, considerably surprised us. It was a temptation that we simply couldn't resist. An idea of how great the temptation was may be surmised when we say we are going to sell these

Beautiful Brocaded Silks at Half and Less Than Half Price

These Silks just arrived into stock, and are on sale now. There are SEVEN patterns to choose from. Elegant serpentine and plume designs. Beautiful ground colors of Nile green, heliotrope, Alice blue, shell pink, pale blue, tuscany, cardinal. Qualities are superb and the brilliant finish gives a shimmering elusiveness to the silks that defies description.

These silks are especially suitable for handsome Opera Cloaks, Dresses, Evening Waists or Linings for Fur Coats; for Opera Bags, Sofa Cushion Tops or other fancywork novelties that require something out of the ordinary.

Remember the price and to come early; for such an opportunity as this may not occur again in many a day, and few will care to miss it. 21 inches wide. Worth from \$4 to \$4.50 per yard. On sale now for only.....\$2.00

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Job Department 175The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 121-123 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, TUESDAY, DEC. 5.

The Overturn in Great Britain.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman assumed the leadership of the Liberal party in 1899 as a forlorn hope. The party had been sundered by Rosebery's desertion and his recantation of home rule. The cleavage of opinion on the Boer war appeared to complete the wreck. The Unionist party, on the other hand was united and seemingly impregnable. Its South African policy was backed by the great body of public opinion, and it was swept into power again on the "khaki issue" a year after Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman became Liberal leader. When Lord Salisbury resigned the premiership in 1902 the Conservative party enjoyed a greater ascendancy than has been its fortune since the days of Pitt.

In three years there has been a revolution, almost without example in the history of British politics. The disintegration of the party has been so rapid that it may be called a collapse. The very pillars have been suddenly torn down and a new edifice will have to be erected. The man who accomplished the ruin—Joseph Chamberlain—aspires to be the architect of the reconstruction.

Not since the great disruption of the Liberal party twenty years ago has British politics presented so dramatic an aspect. The outlook for the Conservative party, torn and distracted as it is and will be, by the fiscal issue, is equally as perplexing as that of the Liberal party when Campbell-Bannerman six years ago took up his thankless and apparently hopeless task. His ascent to the premiership is one of the great romances of politics.

The Liberal Government, without a doubt will be sustained at the polls; but will it command a sufficient majority in the next House of Commons to make it independent of the Irish Nationalists? In any event, the British electorate has the immediate prospect of two absorbing spectacles. One will be the effort of Campbell-Bannerman and his followers to carry on the Government and deal with the Irish question. The other will be Chamberlain's battle for the mastery of the Conservative party.

Great Britain's Crushing Burden.

According to Lord Avebury, a policy of financial retrenchment in Great Britain has become imperative. In the Nineteenth Century and After, he presents an array of figures, which is intensely disquieting.

In 1895 the foreign commerce was £702,000,000, and in 1904 it had risen to £922,000,000. In the same period the exports of British produce rose from £225,000,000 to £301,000,000. The per capita standard is equally satisfactory. The foreign trade per head of population in 1894 was £17 11s. 1d. and in 1904, £21 10s. 1d. The records for the present year have been eminently encouraging.

Now for the darker side of the picture. The paupers numbered 1,914,691 in the winter months of 1895 and this year 1,127,570. In 1895 they were 260 in every 10,000 of the population; in 1905, 265. Conditions improved between 1895 and 1901, but since 1901 pauperism has been increasing and the reason, in Lord Avebury's opinion, is the enormous increase in national and municipal expenditure.

In the sixties the local expenditure was about £50,000,000; in 1891, £76,000,000, and in 1901-2, the latest year for which figures are available, £144,000,000. The average rate per head has risen in England and Wales in the last 22 years, 62 per cent, and the average debt per head 35 per cent. The national expenditure has risen from £88,500,000 in 1890-1 to £142,000,000 in 1904-5. These figures do not take into account the amount of money collected by the national government for local purposes, which brings the total state expenditure up to £176,923,000, an addition of £80,000,000 in ten years. The gross national debt in 1900 was £539,000,000, and is now £796,736,000, the main increase being due to the South African war.

The most serious increase in the national expenditure has been for naval and military purposes, the budget for imperial defense rising from £26,000,000 ten years ago to £86,000,000. Omitting all items that may be attributed to the South African war, the increase has been £22,000,000 since 1895-9, and yet Lord Roberts declares that the armed forces of the country are as absolutely unprepared and unequipped for war as in 1899-1900.

One result of the growth of debt and taxation is the loss to a considerable extent of the elasticity and financial reserve which were so great a strength to the country. Lord Avebury estimates that the manufacturers of the United States and the British colonies, by reason of lighter debt and taxation, have an advantage of something like 15 per cent over those in Great Britain.

"We did not murmur at the taxation in time of war," he says, "but the present expenditure and the present income tax in time of peace are altogether excessive." He charges that the expenditure has increased out of all proportion to that of every European power. Italy, France, Germany and Russia combined increased their military and naval expenditure by £27,000,000 in ten years and Great Britain by £50,000,000 or nearly double. Lord Avebury quotes the remark made to him by Gambetta, that if the military mania of Europe were to continue "we should all end in being beggars in front of barracks."

The position of Europe is regarded by Lord Avebury as most serious, and even though no great war occurs, European nations, unless they call a halt, will be crushed by the weight of their own armaments. In Great Britain £130,000,000 more is taken from the pockets of the people in rates and taxes than ten years ago, and if the Government and the municipalities do not exercise more economy pauperism will continually increase and employment will continually decrease. Great Britain's financial policy should be to reduce expenditure, pay off the debt, and lighten the taxation which presses so heavily on the springs of industry.

The Panama Canal.

Events have shown that the United States entered upon the Panama Canal project too light-heartedly. The Government paid \$40,000,000 for the French rights, and \$10,000,000 to the Republic of Panama, and some \$10,000,000 has since been spent by the canal commission for which there is little or nothing to show. Work is now at a standstill and the whole question has been thrown back upon Congress.

There is a radical difference of opinion between the foreign and the United States engineers, called in to advise the Administration. These engineers, supposed to represent the highest skill in the world, were put in possession of all the data, and went carefully over the entire route of the canal. All of the foreign experts, and a few of the American, have declared in favor of a sea level canal. The majority of the American experts declare that the canal should be constructed with locks. They say a lock canal can be built in ten years, for \$150,000,000, while a sea-level canal will cost \$250,000,000, and will take fifteen years to build. Congress must decide which plan shall be pursued, but the difficulties of the enterprise will not end there.

The deadliness of the climate has created an appalling problem in sanitation. White labor is admitted to be impossible, and the only solution would appear to be the importation of Asiatics. The advocates of the Nicaragua route claim that the choice of the Panama route was a gigantic blunder, and that it may yet have to be abandoned. Charges of incompetence and extravagance are being hurled at the canal commission by many newspapers, and altogether, the immediate outlook is discouraging. The United States, however, is committed to the project, and will not be turned back. The canal will be built if it is physically possible.

Protection wrecked the Conservative party in Great Britain 60 years ago, and has now repeated the dose.

Of the 59 applications for new schools in Alberta not one is for a separate school. The opponents of the autonomy bill were raising a tempest in a teapot.

Nineteen have been killed and 600 wounded on the football fields of the United States this season. Sport for sport's sake produces manhood. Sport with the object merely of winning victories, is brutalizing.

Mr. E. Norman Smith, city editor of the Toronto Globe, and formerly of the Mail and Empire, has been made managing editor of the Ottawa Free Press. Mr. Smith is just the man to shake new life into the Liberal daily at the capital.

Toronto has the finest climate on earth—Toronto Telegram.

Better let sleeping dogs lie. Toronto is one of the lowest and dampest spots in the country, and an undesirable place for people disposed to throat or lung trouble. London is 600 feet higher than Toronto (see official records), and correspondingly more healthful.

Probably King Edward is at the bottom of the movement to bring Great Britain and Germany into more friendly relations. The Germans and the English have sprung from the same stock and there is an essential unity in the characteristics of the two peoples. There is no inherent reason why they should be enemies. It is a case of mutual distrust and suspicion which may be banished by a little frankness on both sides.

It is much to be regretted from a public standpoint that the majority of the city council last night gave an offensive exhibition of partisanship. Hitherto this year politics has been kept in the background in refreshing contrast to the preceding three years. The approach of the municipal elections is the only explanation of last night's fall from grace. Some of the aldermen appear to feel that their only chance of election is in figuring on a party ticket. Probably they are right.

A correspondent who appreciates good poetry kindly furnishes some information as to the authorship of the famous poem, "O Why Should the Spirit of"

Mortal Be Proud?" which was given anonymously in these columns some days ago. The poem was Abraham Lincoln's favorite. He copied it from a newspaper and committed it to memory, and was wont to inquire among his friends as to its authorship. He is reported to have said to a friend: "I would give a great deal to know who wrote the poem. I have tried to find out, but never have been able to ascertain the author." He did learn at last that the author was William Knox. This Knox was a Scotch farmer on the estates of Buccleuch. He wrote two or three small volumes of poetry of considerable merit, but according to Sir Walter Scott, the inheritance of property turned his head. Dissipation brought on his death in 1821 at the age of 35.

A Definition.

[Puck.]
Little Elmer—Papa, what is a fire-eater—a man who is always wanting to fight?
Professor Broadhead—No, my son. A fire-eater is a man who would rather eat fire than fight.

Way It Struck Her.

[Boston Post.]
Percy—How did Mabel like the idea of your starting a mustache?
Reggie—Oh, she was tickled!

The Woman's Fault.

[S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.]
His kindergarten made him proud. He scoffed at double-breasted coats; Men who to Fashion's dictates bowed. He likened to a flock of geese That followed where their leader went, And never knew what freedom meant.

He sneered at men and called them fools. Because they wore clothes a la mode; He laughed at Fashion's foolish rules, And clung to shoes that were wide-toed. And went around declaring that A fool was under each stiff hat.

He boasted that he didn't care. What Fashion said was right or wrong; He spurned the razor, and his hair grew. Was ragged and uncombed and long. The linen collar he eschewed. As something only for a dude.

A lady smirked at him one day And said a silly word or two; He put his loose old clothes away, And dressed in fine ones that were new. Then got his hair cut and a shave, And Fashion had another slave.

Good Business.

[Harper's Weekly.]
A writer who spends his summers at the seashore tells the following story: A countryman, who says in the first time was much impressed with the effect of the blue water, and asked a fisherman if he could tell him the owner, as he would like to buy a gallon to take home to his wife. The fisherman replied, proudly: "Us, me man—we own it!"

"Land's sake!" exclaimed the rustic. "Could you sell me a gallon for 50 cents?"
"Sure," said the fisherman; and he disappeared, returning in a few moments with a jar of water, for which he received the countryman's 50 cents. The latter departed with his purchase. Returning later in the day, after the tide had gone out, he gazed in silent wonder at the water, which had receded far from the beach.

"Lunatic!" he exclaimed, "don't they do a trade?"

Translated.

[Philadelphia Press.]
Sam Johnson—Rastus Skinbone done bin a-talkin' a powerful lot 'bout how he's a-rainin' chickens.

"Liphalet Snow—Sho! he doan mean 'rainin'!" he means 'littin'."

The Old Places.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]
Say, how would you like to go with me Away from the greed and spoiling. To a place I know where the fields stretch green, And there's naught of strife and toiling?

And how would you like to forget the noise And these haunted city faces, And bury them deep in the dreams we'd have In the good old boytime places?

Say, how would you like to go with me To the willows' friendly cover, Down to the river, where, long ago, The pickered used to hover?

And how would you like to wander again As we did with sunburned faces, And bare brown feet, and ragged clothes, In the good old boytime places?

Say, how would you like to go with me And forget your tribulations In the romp and rove and heedless life We knew in our school vacations?

And how would it be to find the pond, The one where the old mill race is, And dive in its waters, and deep— One of those boytime places?

Not Above Him.

[Philadelphia Press.]
"Ah!" exclaimed the good old soul, observing how cheerfully the laborer whistled as he toiled, "you're contented at least. I'm glad to see your work is not beneath you."

Before Dinner.

[Philadelphia Press.]
Waiter—Did you order beef a la mode, sir?
Grouch (Impatiently)—Yes. What's the matter, are you waiting for the styles to change?

Always More.

[Washington Star.]
"You are always having more or less trouble, aren't you?" said the sympathetic friend.
"You are mistaken," answered the Czar with hauteur. "We never have less."

Melancholy Days.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]
The melancholy days have come. The saddest of the year. When guides are shot by hunters who suppose them to be deer.

Dead heroes lie on football fields, Or are removed in hacks. The go through life with eyes and teeth, Or live with broken backs.

We carry home the buckwheat and But when the cakes come on we find There's little buckwheat there.

The sausage may be all that we Are told it is, and we eat it, But consider how much fat we need For every link we get.

The melancholy days have come, The hammock's put away, And cross old ladies sell us for The careless bridge we play.

A man never forgets his wedding day even though he might not be able to tell you the date of it.

JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the New York Sun.]
The Jews have good reason to celebrate today the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of their settlement in this country, for here they have reached the most prosperous development of their race since the Dispersion.

In only two other countries of the world, Russia and Austria-Hungary, are they now more numerous than in the United States. In Russia their number is about 5,000,000, in Austria-Hungary about 2,000,000, and in this country about 1,600,000. Here in the city of New York alone they are more by a hundred and fifty thousand than in all Germany, and nearly five hundred thousand more than in the whole British Empire. Nearly four-fifths of one-fifth of the population of New York are Jews in a single community in the history of the world. In many departments of business they have the mastery. The professions are crowded with them. Of all the foreign races here they are most numerous in the public schools and the colleges.

The great immigration of Jews to the United States, however, has been in the last fifty years, and more especially in the last twenty-five years. One hundred years ago there were only about 2,000 Jews in the whole Union, of whom 800 were in Charleston, 500 in New York and 1,500 in Philadelphia. In 1905 their number is 1,600,000. During the last twenty-five years toward a million of them have arrived as immigrants at American ports, about nine-tenths of the number at New York alone. The number of the whole Jewish population is centered in New York and the adjoining States of Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, but there are representatives of the race in every State and territory. Of those who came over in the last twenty years four-fifths were from Russia, and their arrival introduced new and grave elements into the Jewish problem in this country. Moreover, unless the Jews of Russia shall soon be freed of their disabilities and the massacres of them shall cease this Jewish immigration from Russia will continue in great volume.

The influence which this sudden flood of Jews becomes self-supporting and even prosperous in this country and this city, more particularly, is very remarkable. The Jewish immigrants come with an average of only \$15 per head, but they are soon able to get out for themselves. The number needing charitable assistance on their arrival is relatively small, and it rapidly diminishes till only a few score are left.

The influence which their American environment is having on these more than a million and a half Jews, and will have on them in the future more and more, is a question earnestly discussed by the race. The orthodox Russian Jews of the younger generation are radically transformed as respects their religious belief and their observance of the Jewish ritual. As Dr. Julius Greenstone, of Philadelphia, puts it: "More than a young man who was firm in his religious convictions while in his native village, and having heard of the religious liberty prevalent in America had fully made up his mind not to be misled by the temptations and arguments of the free country, succumbed in his struggle and renounced his Judaism when first submitting his chin to the barber's razor." For shaving is prohibited by the ancient Jewish laws. In many ways the American Jews are yielding to the compulsion of circumstance and adopting the manners and customs of the people about them. The old orthodox Jews are horrified by the desertions of the younger generation and at the same time their struggle is going on between fathers and sons on account of them.

The question arises, Can the distinction of the peculiar race remain when the religious belief shall go, and along with it fidelity to the ancient ritual?

However this may be, the transfer of the Jew from eastern Europe to this country will have a profound influence on him and on the American community of which he becomes a part. The United States, now third among the countries of the world in the magnitude of its Jewish population, seems destined eventually to become the first, though the amelioration of the condition of the Russian Jews would long retard that result. In New York the three-quarters of a million Jews have introduced an element into the electorate which upsets old methods of political calculation. Finance, trade and the professions have been changed radically by the great Jewish advent, so far as concerns domination or great influence in them.

In the whole history of mankind there have been introduced into no country so many and so diverse influences more radical than those which have resulted from the increase of the Jews in the United States in the last century from only two thousand to more than a million and a half. Here in New York Jews are now as many as the representatives of either the Irish race or the German race, and their natural increase, apart from the accessions received from immigration, is greater than that of any other race in the community. America has in New York provided the land of promise for the Jews, and they may well celebrate with pride and happiness today their first settlement in America two hundred and fifty years ago.

POEMS THAT LIVE

A False Step.

[Elizabeth Barrett Browning.]
Sweet! thou hast trod on a heart: Pass! there's a world full of men; And women as fair as thou art. Must do such things now and then.

Thou only hast stepped unaware (Malice not one can impute), And why should a heart have been there, In the way of a fair woman's foot?

It was not a stone that could trip, Nor was it a thorn the world lend: Put up thy proud under lip!

"Twas merely the heart of a friend.

And yet, peradventure, one day, Thou, sitting alone at the glass,

J. H. Chapman & Co. | J. H. Chapman & Co.

Christmas Day is only seventeen shopping days away. Begin Christmas Present collecting today—gather from stocks newly complete and pay less prices than later for picked over things.

Inexpensive Christmas Presents

A most attractive feature of our handsome display of Christmas novelties is the many articles that will make most acceptable Christmas gifts and yet be comparatively inexpensive.

ORMOLU GOLD—Silk-lined Jewel Cases, from a very tiny size for rings to a fairly large case for the toilet stand. Ormolu gold is beautiful and bright and is unimpeachable. We have articles in the same ware and in silver and French gray. These make dainty and acceptable gifts. Prices range from 50c to \$2 50

MANICURE SETS—In beautiful leather boxes, with full set of manicure fillings such as salve box, nail polisher, scissors, file and knife. Some are in ebony, silver mount, comb, brush and mirror sets come under the same heading. These are in a variety of styles. \$1 00 to \$10 00



"All the World Loves a Lover"

The FEMININE WORLD LOVE CHINA

You do not make a mistake when you choose china for a gift; dainty china is very dear to the heart of a woman—she really loves it. Choosing is easy here, for every piece has been selected with care and taste. The Superb Royal Nippon, Austrian and French wares, Japanese—every piece will please you. Prices 50c to \$20.00

MEN'S CHRISTMAS MUFFLERS

Certainly a muffler is always an acceptable gift for a man or boy, equally as much so as a necktie and that always comes in good.

Men's and Boys' Shaped Mufflers, fancy foulard, black and navy, at 25c
Black Mohr and Corded Silk Mufflers, shaped, quilted lining, a dandy at 50c
Heavy Black Corded Silk Mufflers, linings in purple, red and blue, Oxford shape, at 75c
Extra Large Black Silk Muffler, satin lined, at \$1 00
English Squares to fold into a neck muffler, a wide range, 35c to \$3 00

Full Dress Mufflers, separately boxed, with greetings on the corner. Black Corded and Barthele silk, silk lining, at \$1 25 and \$1 50
Note our handsome display of Christmas Neckwear—more beautiful than ever, shaded and satin effects, color spots and somber effects, in French Derbies, Flowing Ends, English Squares and Puffs, all prevailing colors, as good value as the name of Chapman's has ever sponsored 50c

SAMPLE ENDS of CARPET

One yard and a half long, suitable for rugs; once a year, about this time, we procure an entire set of samples, including Axminsters, Wiltons, Velvets, Brussels and Tapestries. These are quickly picked up, with fringe at the ends, make a splendid rug. This year the samples are particularly choice, patterns come directly in the center of the length. Picked each, from 35c to \$1 75
Fringe to match, yard, 6c and 12c

J. H. Chapman & Co.

126, 128 and 128½ Dundas Street.

PROF. DOREN WEND

OF TORONTO

IS COMING!

He will be at

City Hotel, London, on Tuesday, Dec. 12th

with HAIR GOODS, Ladies' and Gents' WHIGS, TOUTEES, BANGS, WAVY and PLAIN FRONTS, SWITCHES of every description, etc.

He can improve your personal appearance. Plain features and disfigured heads, caused through the loss of hair, made perfect. Thousands owe their fine looks to the skill of Prof. Dorenwend. Human hair ADORN and PROTECTS the head.

Don't fail to see his new PATENT HAIR STRUCTURE, patented all over the world.

Private Apartments Secured at Hotel. Remember for One Day Only.

First-class cut hair, especially gray and white hair, taken in exchange. See 51-53 WILKINSON ST.



Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound and imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Time may be money, but you can't realize much coin on a 98-cent watch.

BOILS ALL OVER HIS FACE AND NECK

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS DID FOR HIM WHAT FOUR DOCTORS FAILED TO DO

KEEWATIN, ONT., July 26th, 1904. Messrs. THE T. MILBURN CO., LTD., TORONTO, ONT.

DEAR SIR:—I am writing to let you know what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. I am a young man, twenty years old, and a year ago last March I began to feel dull and sick, and was greatly troubled with boils coming out on my face and neck, mostly on the latter. I would not sooner get rid of one than I would have, perhaps, two or three more appear.

I had four doctors trying to cure me but they had very little success. They would stop them for a month or six weeks and then they would be as bad as ever again.

Almost every patent medicine, advertised to cure boils, I could get hold of. I tried, but still without success. At last one day, last spring, someone handed me a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters. I was willing to try anything, and immediately sent for a bottle, but at the time was doubtful if it would be of any use. However, I used that bottle and while I was taking it I began to feel better, although I still had a few boils but not nearly so bad as I was. I did not miss any work, and needless to say, I was not sorry I did so when I tell you I have not had a single boil since I have used Burdock Blood Bitters. I had done for me what four doctors failed to do. If any suffer from afflictions with boils, I would strongly advise them to use B.B.B. I make you feel like a new man. I always keep a bottle in my house now, as I think it is a medicine that should be in every household.

Yours truly, HENRY A. SMITH.

5 CENTS WILL BUY A LARGE BOX OF Eddy's Silent Matches

They are the best in the world. No noise, no droppings. Consequently no swearing.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

Manufactured by THE E. B. EDDY CO., Limited, HULL, CANADA.

DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 RICHMOND STREET.

Wayward But Winning

5:35 cabin only.
E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton,
Clarke, agents.

ISOLATION HOSPITAL URGED; AND PUBLIC BACTERIOLOGIST

Failure To Provide Former May Mean Withdrawal of Government Grant of \$4,500 Until Proper Arrangements Are Made—Use of Formaldehyde by Dairymen.

At the meeting of the city council last night, Chairman English, in accordance with the regulations of the statute, submitted the annual report of the board of health. It reviewed at length the work of the board during the year, and in particular called attention to the urgent need of a public bacteriologist for London, and also of a contagious diseases hospital. The report, in part, follows:

Ice Supply.

Early in January it was found that one source approved of the board of health, for domestic supply—Pond Mills—was not going to prove satisfactory owing to the gases of decomposing vegetable matter being impregnated therein, though the water was shown to be both chemically and bacteriologically pure.

Ice from Lake Erie at Port Stanley, and Caradoc Mills, near Mount Brydges, was found to be pure and reasonable rates for the city were quoted by the railway companies, but as the January sample of water from the north branch of the Thames proved satisfactory, we amended our regulations and allowed the dealers to cut from this source for the season of 1905. This privilege has been extended by the board for the coming season of 1906.

Endeavor has been made, by a process most highly recommended as effective in other districts, to overcome the contamination of the Pond Mills supply, but whether our efforts will be successful can only be proved by the ice formed during the coming months.

Smallpox in London.

At the January, 1905, meeting of the Middlesex county council the motion passed at the previous December session, approving and consenting to the board storing our smallpox hospital supplies in an especially erected shed on property rented by the city from the county was rescinded, and on Feb. 1 we received notice to vacate and remove the premises by March 15. The season not being suitable for the erection of a permanent storage building on an acceptable site and further permission to occupy the premises being absolutely refused, it was found necessary to destroy by fire all the effects, the furniture and materials so burnt could not be replaced for less than \$300.

During the military camp in June a case of smallpox, which proved quite severe broke out, and it was necessary for us to replace some of our furniture, etc., and it is now in temporary storage. Some permanent shed should be erected for it during the coming year.

The Rabies Scare.

In June an outbreak of rabies was feared, as it was proven that a dog, that had bitten the child of a local physician, was suffering from the disease.

Dr. Rutherford, of Ottawa, the Dominion Sanitary Inspector, came to the city and with two assistants made a thorough examination of dogs and cats, especially those that had been exposed, and quarantined a number. After some weeks had elapsed he announced that all fear of an outbreak had passed.

Complaints About Carling Creek.

Several complaints have been received regarding the entrance into this creek of the wash water, liquors, etc., from Hyman's tannery. Owing to the nature of the work carried on the water is loaded with decomposing and decomposable animal matter. Efforts have been made to overcome the nuisance with only partial success; but Mr. Hyman has now consented to adopt the plan we suggest of precipitating tanks similar to those found to work with thorough efficiency in Bedford, Ont., and their erection will be commenced in the early spring and the

THE DANGEROUS CROSSINGS ARE POINTED OUT BY CITY ENGINEER

In a Report Sent by Mayor Campbell to the Railway Committee.

The following is a copy of the report prepared by City Engineer Graydon, and forwarded by Mayor Campbell to the railway committee of the Ontario Government, which is in session in Toronto today:

Canadian Pacific Railway.

Adeelaide street is a dangerous crossing and should have both gates and a watchman at night, as there is always a lot of shunting and making up of trains at night, apparently much more than in the day time.

Maitland street is protected by an electric bell and William and Colborne streets should also have them. Waterloo street should have gates and a permanent watchman, as this is a very dangerous crossing, and I believe the watchman is only there a portion of the day and evening.

Great T. & N. Railway.

The company have gates and watchmen on all their crossings from the river east to and including Wellington street, and have watchmen on all their crossings in the city easterly from Wellington to Rectory street. At Rectory street they have gates also. I consider Wellington street is a very dangerous crossing and although two watchmen are stationed there day and night, I think an overhead bridge should be erected there.

Misery Indescribable.

What the asthmatic must suffer, how pleasant the relief from Catarrhus can only be told by the cured ones. But cure is certain and lasting wherever Catarrhus is used.

TEST CASE WILL BE MADE OF IT

Claim of St. Mary's School Board Before the Middlesex County Council.

The county council began its December session yesterday afternoon, with every councillor in attendance. The principal business was the reading of communications and receiving the report of the special high school committee.

Warden Piper presided and in his opening remarks he referred to the past year as a most satisfactory one from the standpoint of council work. He paid a decided compliment to the work of Commissioner Talbot. He drew attention to the care of one of the inmates of the hall, an old man, whom he recommended sent to the house of refuge.

Messrs. McEvoy & Perrin, acting for Daniel McIntyre, gave notice of an action in the division court to recover \$90 damages sustained by McIntyre and his horse at the London and Dorchester Thames River bridge, owing to alleged carelessness on the part of the council. The notice was sent on to the finance committee.

City Clerk Baker gave notice that the London council had resolved on asking the council for a fixed rate of assessment, other than school rates, on any industries locating within a mile of the city; also, that a special committee had been appointed to meet the county council, Wednesday afternoon, to assess the time for the deputation to meet the county council.

Several communications were referred to committee.

A communication was received from City Engineer Graydon calling attention to the need of a standpipe outside of the county jail and another inside, for fire protection.

Another was received from Elgin County asking to co-operate in a movement to have railway rates on beans reduced to the same scale as grain products.

The committee on petitions will have these petitions sent to the Provincial Government, and will report on the advisability of adopting them.

One is a petition in blank, which is being sent to all county councils asking that the present system of electing county councils be continued.

A second, submitted by Leeds and Grenville council, asks for an increased grant for common schools.

A third petition asks for legislation making it necessary for every county or union of counties to provide a sanatorium for its indigent consumptives.

Councillor Fitzgerald presented the report of the special high school committee. He outlined the different steps looking toward the settlement of the dispute. St. Mary's High School claimed that \$506.32 was due them for pupils attending in 1903-1904. The committee thought that \$59.12 would, in their interpretation of the act, be their proper due. They were willing to split the difference and pay \$423.21.

The St. Marys board in the meantime had made out a new account for \$759.29, but would settle for \$606.32 under the circumstances, the committee asked the Government to make a test case and this was agreed to, each side to pay its own costs.

The report was discussed in committee. The report was taken because it was understood that the act was being revised that year, and then there would be no further trouble.

The report will be further discussed at a future session.

Mr. E. T. Young, representing the Muskoka Sanatorium, appeared before the council and asked for a grant of \$200 a year to endow a bed for indigent consumptive patients from Middlesex. The matter was referred to the finance committee.

A man named Hughes, of Wardsville, at present at the Home for Incurables, appeared before the council and asked to be supported in the home by the council. He was asked if he would go to the house of refuge, but he answered in the negative, as he did not like the place. He could not get enough to eat there, as the other patients grabbed everything on the tables.

No action was taken on the matter for the present.

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COFFEE WAR

The Coffee Importers and Roasters Are Attacking

POSTUM FOOD COFFEE

All Along the Line.

"THERE'S A REASON."

Many people have found out the truth about old fashioned coffee.

They have overcome disease caused by it.

The plan was easy and sure.

Quit Coffee and use Postum.

Proof with one's self is stronger than any theory.

The Postum army grows by hundreds of thousands yearly.

The old fashioned Coffee Magnates are now deriding Postum through the papers.

Because their pocketbooks are hurt, they would drive the people back to the old coffee slavery.

One coffee prevaricator says: "It (Postum) has lately been exposed and found to contain an excess of very ordinary coffee."

Another that "it (Postum) is made from a small amount of parched peas, beans, wheat, dried sweet potatoes, and paste of wheat middlings."

Here's to you, oh faithful followers of the tribe of Ananias.

\$100,000.00 CASH

will be deposited with any reputable trust company (or a less amount if desired) against a like amount by any coffee roaster or dealer. If the charges prove true we lose, if not we take the money as partial liquidation for the infamous insult to our business.

The Postum Pure Food factories are the largest in the world, the business having been built upon absolutely pure food products, made on scientific lines, "for a reason" and the plain unvarnished truth told every day and all the time. These factories are visited by thousands of people every month. They are shown into every cranny and examine every ingredient and process. Each visitor sees Postum made of different parts of the wheat berry, treated by different mechanical methods and one part blended with a small part of pure New Orleans molasses. So he knows Postum contains not one thing in the world but Wheat and New Orleans molasses. It took more than a year of experimenting to perfect the processes and learn how to develop the diastase and properly treat the other elements in the wheat to produce the coffee-like flavor that makes suspicious people "wonder." But there never has been one grain of old fashioned or drug coffee in Postum and never will be.

Another thing, we have on file in our general offices the original of every testimonial letter we have ever published. We submit that our attitude regarding coffee is now and always has been absolutely fair. If one wants a stimulant and can digest coffee and it does not set up any sort of physical ailment, drink it.

But, if coffee overtaxes and weakens the heart (and it does with some).

Or if it sets up disease of the stomach and bowels (and it does with some).

Or if it causes weak eyes (and it does with some).

Or if it causes nervous prostration (and it does with many).

Then good plain old fashioned common sense might (without asking permission of coffee merchants) suggest to quit putting caffeine (the drug of coffee) into a highly organized human body, for health is really wealth and the happiest sort of wealth.

Then if one's own best interest urges him to study into the reason and "There's a reason," he will unearth great big facts that all of the sophistries of the coffee importers and roasters cannot refute. Take time to read the following from the famous Dr. B. F. Underwood in The American Physician:

Coffee as a Factor in the Production of Gastric and Cardiac Disorders.

BY B. F. UNDERWOOD, M.D.

The pathogenic properties of coffee have received but scant attention from medical authors, although, it is not doubtful, I think, that more than any other single substance, coffee is responsible for the great prevalence of nervous, gastric and cardiac diseases at the present time, and that the great increase in sudden deaths from heart affection in recent years may be justly set down to the use or abuse of coffee as a beverage.

Shoemaker, in his "Materia Medica," treating upon coffee, says: "Used in excess it disorders digestion and causes functional disturbance of the nervous system, shown by headache, vertigo, mental confusion and palpitation of the heart. It increases secretion, blunts sensation, exalts reflex excitability, increases mental activity, and may produce insomnia and great nervous restlessness," and this is as much as any medical author has to say upon the subject.

In my case it may be merely the zeal of the recent convert which inspires me, but I feel strongly from both my personal and professional experience that there is so much more that could and should be said about the deleterious effects of coffee and its potency as a factor in the production of disease. This has been so strongly impressed upon me the past winter

that I am impelled to make a contribution to the subject, by reporting a few cases in which coffee was so manifestly causing or continuing the disease that it could not be ignored.

Case I. In the latter part of December, 1903, I had under treatment, an old lady, 74 years, who was convalescing from an attack of pneumonia. She had responded favorably to the treatment and was doing nicely except for a peculiar rise and fall of the temperature and an irregular action of the heart. She had been troubled more or less with weakness of the heart and at this time its action was giving me a good deal of concern, its beat being irregular and feeble, at times much more so than at others. A study of conditions and causes threw no light on the case until I found that the irregularity was more marked on the mornings when she had coffee, which she did not have every morning. As I could not discover any other cause I advised that she should not take the coffee. After some demur on the part of the patient she acceded and Postum Cereal was substituted for the coffee. A favorable effect was almost immediately apparent, the irregular action gave place to a steady, regular beat, the pulse became fuller and stronger, the temperature became normal and the case went on to uninterrupted recovery.

Case II. The result in case one set me thinking. For some years I had been troubled with nervous dyspepsia, with cardiac irritability, and at times, great irregularity in the action of the heart, intermittent beat of the pulse and much nervous depression, all of which, in spite of treatment was steadily getting worse. I had had light enough thrown on the cause, if I had not been so blinded by prejudice that I could not see. As, for instance, on one occasion, when the cook, who did not believe that coffee was any good unless it rivalled in color her ebony face, gave me a cup of coffee one morning that was fully up to her ideal, and which, although I noticed that it possessed nearly the strength of Samson, I drank without consideration.

I had been feeling rather better than usual for a day or two, but soon after breakfast I was attacked with such peculiar sensations that I was unable to go out, and was obliged to call upon a colleague for treatment. Singularly enough, although I had the feeling that I was under the influence of some drug, it was not until some time afterward that I realized that I had been poisoned by the coffee. Under strong tonic treatment I grew better for a time, but in December, 1903, I began to grow worse again, and treatment failing to effect any improvement, it began to look as if I was in danger of a complete breakdown.

The colleague who was treating me was suspicious of kidney disease, but a urinary analysis cleared up that point, but I did not improve. It was at this time, as I have said, the result in case No. I, set me thinking, and I found from a study of the modalities, that I was worse and more depressed after taking coffee, and it finally penetrated into my inner consciousness that possibly coffee was the cause of my condition. I took my own prescription and gave up coffee, with the result of an almost immediate change for the better. The depression disappeared, the cardiac disturbance ceased, and the dyspeptic symptoms, lessened and a steady improvement set in.

Case III. About the same time I had under treatment a young lady suffering from chronic nephritis who presented an almost endless variety of symptoms, which would yield to treatment for a time, only to return in an aggravated form. Among the more persistent and annoying of these was a gastric irritability with an absolute refusal of the stomach to digest or absorb any food, progressive emaciation with great weakness, and a constant sensation of hunger, with nausea and frequent spells of vomiting, when the food taken would be returned unchanged; palpitation of the heart, oedema, hectic fever, colliquative sweats, etc. Under treatment and a most rigid diet the mitigation of the symptoms was very slight.

I had advised her that coffee was injurious and should be given up, but it was not until her condition was almost hopeless that she could be induced to follow my advice and refrain from coffee. The beneficial effect of this was apparent at once; the stomach began to recover its tone, the irritability ceased, the vomiting stopped, and the food taken was digested and absorbed; the sensation of continual hunger disappeared, the emaciation lessened and her strength slowly returned. Of course, the disease has not been cured, but a cure which seemed hopeless before has been made possible.

As a result of these experiences, to which more could be added, in all cases of intractable nervous or gastric diseases I have come to regard coffee as an incitant, and an important, if not the chief, factor in the production of the disease, and to insist upon its discontinuance as a part of the treatment, and, I may add, with uniformly good effect. I have found also that, although the giving up of coffee has been in many cases done only under protest and with great reluctance, it has been attended with but little difficulty when a palatable and satisfactory substitute was provided. In my own case and in that of the others described I used the Postum Cereal and found it entirely satisfactory. Even the most inveterate coffee drinkers after a short use of the Postum seem to lose all desire for coffee and to be perfectly satisfied with the Cereal.

Study the subject and apply the facts to yourself.

There's a Reason for

POSTUM

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS.

They are going to give each of the Tigers gold watches. King Clancy's picture will adorn the case, and the 'Varsity crest will also be worked on them.

Ben Crockett comes home from Washington with the reputation of the best steeplechaser and the best long-distance horse in the flat in America.

The American College game is so rough and brutal that only from 25,000 to 40,000 people can be induced to look at a game. Nearly all the clubs are in financial straits, as an average of only about \$25,000 was cleared by each university.

Somebody told the Hamilton Tigers that they would go to Washington to play 'Varsity with President Roosevelt as an interested onlooker. What a lovely dream! That trip will take place in the sweet by-and-by.

Week before last, while the writer of this column was away, opinions somewhat contradictory to his own expressed views crept in. What is said here is only the opinions of the writer, and for which he alone is responsible. We think this explanation is due our readers. We are always ready to give reasons for our own opinions, but we do not care to do so for the opinions of others.

The greased lightning green pacer, Easter Direct, trial 2:04, at Columbus, O., last September, is expected to be the pacing queen of the Grand Circuit in 1906.

It is said that the new owner of Angus Pointer, 2:04½, will turn him over to Lon McDonald to train and race.

Audubon Boy, 1:59½, came out of his brief campaign in grand shape, and there is every reason to believe that he will be faster than ever next year. He never has looked sounder or better than right now.

Football or biffball or slugball, or whatever you call it, is now ready to be reformed.

Walter Eckersall can get the usual \$1,500 a week to go on the stage. He shouldn't kick about that.

The professional prizefighter seems to know more about what football needs than the college presidents do.

It is painful to have to record that John McGraw, who stands for all that is lovely in baseball, was pinched in New York the other day for running a handbook.

Marvin Hart is making plans to tour the world. He proposes to act just like a champion without going to the trouble of being one.

"Rube" Waddell is now touring with a vaudeville company doing an act illustrative of his pitching methods. He is accompanied by a big Dane dog loaned him by Bob Fitzsimmons.

Ed Geers says that Walter Direct, 2:05 3-4, will be given a rest next season, but will be out for the money and a two-minute record in 1907.

The number of human lives sacrificed each year at the altar of sport is appalling, and the fact serves to emphasize the further one that the American people are willing to take almost any chance to be entertained or amused. The hunter who goes up into the northern woods for the decidedly uncertain chance of getting a deer, runs a much better show of getting killed himself; the football player who schemes and works like mad to make the team, may come out of his first game maimed or dead; and yachtsmen take their lives in their hands continually—all for the sake of sport. And may we not pause long enough to ask, why not? The sport that has not the element of danger in it is no sport for the American people. The spirit that makes us keen for dangerous sports is the identical spirit that put us to the front as a people—Milwaukee Sentinel.

An Ottawa minister grabs the line long enough to holler that football is either murderous or homicidal. One more proof that the game is not so bad as painted.

It is even betting that Hal Walters feels badly cut up over what the preacher in Ottawa said about football.

Geo. Siler sizes up the O'Brien-Fitzsimmons fight as follows: "Interest in the coming Bob Fitzsimmons-Jack O'Brien fight is increasing, but the sports who follow the game are still undecided as to how to place their money. Although the admirers of the old fellow have implicit confidence in his ability to trim the shifty and elusive Philadelphian, they will wait until a few days before the day of the battle to see if the old man is in condition to fight up to his old time standing before they back him. They remember his condition before and after his battle with George Gardner and they demand positive proof that his fighting tools are fit to deal out wallops and that his shuffling feet are strong enough to carry him over the route. Bob knocked his hands to pieces in the early rounds of his fight with Gardner, only for which the battle would not have gone the limit. When he matched with Mike Schreck to fight at Salt Lake City, which he declared off because the promoters of the affair balked on posting their forfeits, it was rumored he flunked out of the match because his hands would not stand the training test. These drawbacks to his maulies are still fresh in the memory of his adherents and, like the 'genies' from Missouri, they like to be shown.

"The latest from his training camp is that he is getting in the pink of condition, that his hands have not interfered with his work, and that they are almost as good as ever. His feet, the condition of which hampered him in his contest with Gardner, have not bothered him, and they say he shuffles over the floor of his training quarters as of old. The date of the contest has been set for Dec. 20, and it is a guess what will happen the old fellow between now and then. One thing is certain, if he enters the ring without any ailments and in good condition he will not be lacking for backers.

COVERPOINT.

FOOTBALL.

FROM PULPIT TO GRIDIRON.

Selinsgrove, Pa., Dec. 4.—Rev. W. D. Marburger, pastor of the German Reformed Church of Salem, Freeburg, Katerville, and Selinsgrove, after completing his ministerial duties each week this fall, returned to his library to work out new football combinations. This was not relaxation, but business, as he was coaching the Susquehanna football squad.

For four years Marburger played on the line of Franklin and Marshall College, and is considered one of the best men who ever represented that college on the gridiron.

Witnessing some work of the scrubs a few weeks ago that did not please him, he rummaged around for his top at home, donned them and began to help to whip the second team men into shape. Soon the second string men began to hold the 'varsity most effectively. It was soon seen that Rev. Marburger had a very complete knowl-

edge of the game, and from that time on he was called upon regularly by the football authorities to give the 'varsity players pointers.

KICK ON HIGH PRICES. Chicago, Dec. 4.—Representatives of the "Big Nine" College Athletic conference at the annual meeting, entered a protest against the high prices of admission charged for intercollegiate football games, and passed a resolution declaring that the maximum admission to these contests should be not more than 50 cents, as higher prices work a hardship on students and unduly magnify the athletic side of college life.

CURLING.

GETTING READY AT INGERSOLL. Ice-making has been commenced at the rink of the Ingersoll Recreation Club, and the curlers expect to have their first practice the latter part of the week.

HAVE NO USE FOR YANKEE JOCKEYS

Maher and Martin Are the Only American Riders Now Left on the English Turf.

The American jockey is fast disappearing from the English turf. During the past couple of years the number of American jockeys competing on the English tracks has been gradually on the decrease, until last year there was only two Yankee riders carrying the colors of English stables.

A few years ago the American jockey was in great demand. The peculiar Yankee style of riding, which was introduced in England by Tod Sloan, seemed to be popular with the owners, but the English jockeys were reluctant to change their "straight-back" attitude. The English riders, however, were obliged to acknowledge the benefits of the American style of riding, and many had to adopt the American style to land a winner. Now the American style of riding is not only exclusively used in England, but throughout the European tracks.

With the American style adopted, the Englishmen met with greater success, and the English owner once more returned to the native born to carry his colors. The result was that the American rider is no longer in demand.

While this may be true of England, the American jockey is still in great demand in France, Russia and other foreign tracks.

The two American jockeys who remain on the English turf are Danny Maher and J. H. Martin. Maher, with 101 victories, finished second on the list of winning jockeys, while Martin was ninth on the list. B. Wheatley finished first with 116 victories. Martin's poor showing is attributed to the lack of good mounts. Maher had 411 mounts, and with 101 victories had a percentage of 24.57. Wheatley had 537 mounts, 127 more than Maher, and with 116 victories had a percentage of 21.60. O. Madden, who finished third on the list, had 623 mounts and only had 101 victories, with a percentage of 16.20.

PUNCH AS IT SEES FOOTBALL IN 1906

A vast concourse of spectators assembled on the Blackheath ground yesterday afternoon to witness the final match for the international rugby football cup between Great Britain and Russia. The excursions which have been running from St. Petersburg, Paris, Berlin and most of the other important European centers during the last week have all been well patronized, and it is estimated that fully a quarter of a million people passed through the turnstiles between 10 and 2 p.m. Fully half the crowd were able to catch an occasional glimpse of the game, while the remainder could easily gather from the shouts and excited gesticulations of those in front which team was getting the better of the day.

Russia was playing exactly the same side that defeated Montenegro last week, while Great Britain, with fourteen New Zealanders and one Welshman, had their strongest possible combination in the field. Mr. Roosevelt, at the United States, had kindly consented to referee, while Count Witte and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman discharged the important duties of line-men for their respective sides. Although a great deal of feeling was displayed in the course of the game, we are glad to state that there was no repetition of the distressing scenes that characterized last year's final, when the whole Japanese effort committed "hurl-kick" on the ground after losing the match.

The visitors arrived on the scene at 2:30, but owing to several unforeseen difficulties, the kick-off was postponed to a quarter to 3. In the first place it was found that all the boots provided by the Russian government for the Muscovite fifteen had worn out on the way up from the station, and fully a quarter of an hour was wasted in providing substitutes. Then, after the two teams had acted, the game was further hindered by the discovery that the Russians were playing sixteen men. The British captain promptly appealed to the referee, and Mr. Roosevelt ordered the extra player to leave the field. The Russian skipper explained that one of his men was lame, and the additional man was going to run for him, not being considered satisfactory. . . . A slight unpleasantness at the close of the game marred what was otherwise a most successful match. The Russian players absolutely refusing to stop when Mr. Roosevelt blew the whistle for time. Despite the fact that the score in Great Britain's favor stood at 28 goals and 10 tries to nil, the Russian captain declined to admit that his men had been defeated, while Count Witte actually went so far as to propose that Great Britain should give up the points which she had scored and let the game be declared a draw. Mr. Roosevelt, however, firmly declined to listen to any suggestions, and announced that, if the ground was not cleared up in a quarter of an hour, he would deliver an address on "The Strenuous Life and the Responsibility of Manhood."

The referee had the desired effect, for ten minutes later the huge inclosure was practically deserted.

THE TURF. YESTERDAY'S WINNERS. At New Orleans—Buttercup 3 to 1, Harnais 4 to 5, Luetta 9 to 10, Jangle Inn 12 to 1, Caprice 5 to 2, Ethies 4 to 1.

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ROUND DOZEN AMENDMENTS ARE PROPOSED TO O. R. F. U. RULES

Union Will Consider Them at the Annual Meeting on Saturday Next.

Toronto, Dec. 4.—A number of changes in the playing rules of the Ontario Rugby Football Union—a round dozen—have been proposed, and these will be discussed at the King Edward Hotel next Saturday.

It is suggested to amend rule II, by striking out the sentence in brackets and substituting the following: "If the captain of either team desires it, and so notifies the referee before the toss is made, the game may be played in quarters." The sentence in brackets provides that: "In case the game is played in quarters, the two captains must sign an agreement in the presence of the referee before the toss is made."

The suggestion is made that the paragraph defining a kick-out should be amended by adding after the word "goal" in the third line, the following sentence: "The player who is kicked out cannot afterwards run with the ball unless it has touched an opponent or been passed to him by one of his own side after the kick. In case of an infringement of this rule the side not offending shall scrummage the ball on the spot where it was last kicked."

Section 6 (c), of rule 5, presently provides that "The ball shall be kicked out by the side in whose goal it has gone, after a rouse, a touch-in-goal, a safety touch, or a player who has been on a penalty kick or kick from a fair catch." It is proposed to amend by inserting the words "penalty touch" after "safety touch" in the second line.

Section 8 of rule 7 reads: "The ball is in touch if it is on a player with the ball in his possession, or any part of such player, is on or across the touch line. The ball is in goal if it is on or across the goal line." It is proposed to add the following: "When the ball goes into touch off a player it shall belong to the opposite side; when it is carried into touch it shall belong to the side possessing it."

It is proposed to amend section 9 of rule V, by inserting the words here placed in brackets: "If the ball is thrown, passed or batted towards the opponents' goal [between the two goal lines], it shall go to the offensive side, who shall put it in play by a scrum-mage at the spot where the foul was committed."

Section 10 (b) of rule V reads: "When the referee has declared that a down, try, goal, safety touch, rouse or touch-in-goal has been made," and this it is proposed to amend by inserting after the words "safety touch" the words "penalty touch."

Section 11 (b) of rule V, provides for what is to be done when a side obtains a fair catch. It is suggested to amend by striking out the concluding sentence read as follows: "The ball must be kicked to the hands of the player who has caught it, and the kick must be taken from directly behind the mark; in case of infringement the offensive side shall scrummage the ball where the mark was made."

A penalty touch commits any foul, including a forward pass, behind the goal line, is the way rule V, Section 11 (b), reads at present. It is suggested to amend by striking out the words "commits any foul, including," and insert the word "touches."

To amend rule V, Section 15, by changing a goal from a drop kick to four points. At present this score counts three points.

Section 6, rule VII, it is suggested, should be amended by inserting the following words here placed in brackets: "If the man who puts the ball in play in a scrum-mage kick is not a player of his own side can touch it until it has gone ten yards into the opponents' territory, unless it be touched by an opponent (other than the opposing center); any player doing so will be considered off-side, and the ball goes to the offended side."

Subsection 6 of rule VIII, which deals with off-side play, reads as follows: (b) "If the ball has been last touched by any of his own side behind him. Note.—Ahead of the ball means between the opponents' goal line and the goal-line, and passing through the center of the ball."

It is suggested to amend rule VIII, Section 1, by putting the note to subsection 6 before subsection 6, and adding the following to subsection 6: "A player cannot touch the ball until it has gone ten yards into the opponents' territory, unless it be touched by an opponent (other than the opposing center); any player doing so will be considered off-side interference, and the ball goes to the side of the offense."

The proposal is made that section 3 of rule VIII, shall be amended by striking out the words here placed in brackets: "If, when the ball is in play, any player of the side having possession of the ball, being off-side, is charged by a player of his own side, and being forced to advance towards his opponents' goal takes more than two steps in that direction, it shall be considered off-side interference, and the penalty shall be the loss of the ball."

The President is conferring personally and by letter with football authorities, but as yet is not prepared to announce the result of the consideration he has given and is giving to the game.

GOOD GAME AT BELMONT. A very exciting game of football was played at Belmont on Saturday between the Maple Leaf team and the Belmont team which resulted in a victory for the home side by a score of 4 to 0. Both teams held together well. Smith and Cleve played clever games for the Maple Leaf team, while McCallum and Locke were steady stars for Belmont. Mr. R. Secord was referee, and gave great satisfaction.

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FIELD BATTERY WILL NOT ENTER

The executive committee of the Sixth Field Battery Athletic Association met last evening and decided not to enter a team in the Seventh Regiment Athletic Association, as it was thought very few of the Battery members could benefit thereby.

It was decided to take full advantage of the evening allotted to them for the benefit of all the members collectively, and a schedule of indoor baseball and basketball games was drawn up. In future teams will be drawn from the artillery, cavalry, and No. 6 Bearer Company, A. M. C., to compete for a cup and prizes in their own league.

JURY SAYS DANGEROUS TO LIFE AND LIMB

The Verdict in Death of Player Suggested Elimination of Brutal Features From Rugby.

New York, Dec. 4.—A verdict suggesting the passage of laws to eliminate the brutality from football was returned today by the coroner's jury which investigated the death of Harold H. Moore, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., who was killed while playing half-back for the Union College football eleven during a game against that university.

Coroner O'Gorman charged the jury that if anyone were to blame Moore's death, it was the players' responsibility. The verdict stated that death was due to accident, and then continued: "The game as now played is dangerous to life and limb. We suggest that prompt and effective action be taken for the enactment of laws to prohibit all brutal features from the game, which may be necessary to eliminate all dangers to the players."

THE TURF.

DATES FIXED.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The Western Jockey Club stewards today allotted these dates for race meetings for 1906: Crescent City Jockey Club, Jan. 1 to March 17; New Louisiana Jockey Club, Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 17, to continue 31 days or more; Arkansas Jockey Club, Little Rock, six days following October 1; Memphis Jockey Club, to follow Arkansas Jockey Club; Douglas Park, Louisville, to follow Memphis; Detroit Jockey Club, to follow Louisville; Crescent City Jockey Club, Nov. 29 to Dec. 31.

LAWN BOWLING.

Toronto, Dec. 4.—At a meeting of the Thistle Lawn Bowling Club, the following officers were elected: President, Charles H. Macdonald, vice-president, Charles E. Warkick, board, Robert A. Baker, William H. Mosey, Charles E. Boyd, secretary-treasurer, Thomas P. Lister. The first five gentlemen will act as directors of the new company.

Great Pitchers of Baseball

Boston, Dec. 4.—The phenomenal pitching of Christy Mathewson during the world series has caused the old timers to warm up over some past stunts by clever pitchers of the past 30 years. Shutting out the Cleveland Indians three times in succession, many writers claimed, was the greatest performance on record. And it was, in many ways.

However, other pitchers have done great work, and one of those enjoyed the games at Philadelphia, dressed in a policeman's uniform, for George Washington Bradley is now a full-fledged "cop" in the Quaker City, from where he went with Miller to St. Louis in the spring of 1875. Miller was a light, lame-legged Philadelphia catcher, but game as a pebble and a clever workman. Bradley was only fairly effective.

The next year John Clapp and Mike McGeary went to St. Louis, the latter in charge of the team, and Bradley soon became the talk of the country. John Clapp was a remarkably quick catcher, returning the ball to the pitcher like a flash, and Bradley would take the ball, and with a fast return swing, hand it back to his catcher with perfect control, a clever change of pace and a knowledge of each batsman's weakness.

To make his work more effective, Bradley would stand as close as possible to the batsmen, and in the home game managed to ring in balls that were hammered almost to a pulp, one of McGeary's old tricks.

Bradley shut out the Hartford Club three days running, and seldom let a run get out of St. Louis without at least one shut-out. A flock of geese were always held in check, that could be seen strutting on the field about the visiting club had failed to score up to that time—as much as to say: "We're out again to lay about the goose wags." And the birds usually played the right tip.

The Boston Club won the championship in '72, '73, '74 and '75, with A. G. Spalding as the only pitcher, and in 1875 he won every game pitched on the home grounds. Spalding had wonderful control of the ball, worked a batsman to perfection with a "slow raised" ball taught him by "Archie" Bush, the great all-round Harvard player of the late '60s. The heavy hitters would sue most for Spalding, by the exception of Mr. Flier, by the way, could sting all corners.

"Al" Spalding enjoyed the grand performance of Mathewson at the Polo grounds during the big series, and pronounced the New York man the greatest that he had ever seen.

At the same games, sitting in a front row, was John M. Ward, one of the really great pitchers of the past. Among the crack curve pitchers, starting in the summer of '78 for Providence, and jumping to the front at one bound, he won the championship for Providence in 1879 almost single-handed, so far as pitchers went, shutting one team out without a hit. He had a fine speed, rich and varied curves and a cool head for the game.

Thomas Bond was with the Athletics, Hartford and Boston Club from '73 to '83, nearly every year pitching every game for his club. He had remarkable speed, fine control, and was in unknown lands, while Mathewson "foxed" to a finish. Like Spalding, Bond was not a curve pitcher. In while John M. Ward was a wild rose

Some of the little things that make Semi-ready excellence

It is the little things that make perfection.

We find that little things which most manufacturers neglect have made Semi-ready tailoring the best in the world.

All our garments are sewn with silk—cotton would hold nearly as well and look as well until the garments were sold.

But we want to sell you Semi-ready garments right along, so we make them so they'll give satisfaction to the end.

Silk thread, well-bound button-holes, strongly sewn buttons and the best quality interlinings, make much of the difference between Semi-ready tailoring and ordinary clothes.

520

Semi-ready Tailoring

LONDON, 14 DUNDAS STREET, also ST. THOMAS and STRATFORD.

SKATES

Boys' Hockey 40c
Nickel-Plated Hockey 75c
Starr Hockey, \$1.00 and \$1.50
Bokers' Plated Hockey, \$1.50
Bokers' Dominion Hockey, \$2.00
Mac Mac Hockey \$3.00
Regal Hockey \$4.00
Luna Hockey \$5.00
Dunn Tule Skates, Skating Boots, Skate Straps, Ankle Supports, Hockey Skates and Pucks, Skates Ground and Repaired.

Gurd's Good Guns

15 DUNDAS STREET.

that never improved after cultivation. He had a break to his face, but this no other boxer has been able to get. With tremendous power, he could speed a ball over like an electric spark for the full nine innings, just as "Cy" Young can.

While "Cy" Young and Charles Nichols turned in phenomenal performances by playing two strings, Clarkson and Keefe got muscle out of the four catgut strings of their instrument. Mathewson had the reach, was supplied as a closer, turning a big hand to hide the ball in long, stringy huggers, and was a pitcher from the first. He took a special delight in perfecting curves that were known to be possible, and worked faithfully to gain the top notch in his profession. Mathewson, Rusie and Young were all six-footers, and were evenly matched in height and weight, at 5 feet 10½ and 165 pounds.

INDOOR BASEBALL.

The Union Whist Club and the sergeants of the Seventh played a game of indoor baseball at the armories last night the whistlers winning by a score of 30 to 28. The game was the outcome of a challenge issued recently by the sergeants. The whist club had played them two matches at whist, winning both, and the military men thereupon suggested a game at baseball at which they (the sergeants) are more proficient. But, alas! the story was the same. The whistlers won. The later included Jack Trebilcock, Ed Sanders, Roland Munro, Fred Magee, Charles Keene, Jack Spry, Bert Wilcox, Jack Harvey and Dick Johnston.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

European royalty is excited now because King Edward, while at Marlborough, had daily refused to visit the Kaiser, whereupon the latter, who makes no concealment of his intense personal dislike of his uncle, sneered offensively, and my scheme attacks have entirely disappeared before that failed to do."

ASTHMA

Completely Cured after 35 years of agony.

"For 35 years, I have been a sufferer from Asthma. I have spent thousands of dollars with doctors and remedies. A friend brought me a bottle of Clarke's Kola Compound, and I afterwards bought six bottles of this medicine. It has made a new man of me: I have gained nearly thirty pounds in weight, and my asthma attacks have entirely disappeared. Ten dollars spent on Clarke's Kola Compound will save you what over two thousand dollars before that failed to do."

H. LEBLANC, Montreal, P. Q.

Can you doubt the marvelous virtues of Clarke's Kola Compound after such testimony as this? Surely you will at last try to cure yourself. Simply write us, and we will send a free bottle and booklet, with more letters from those who have been permanently cured of Asthma by Clarke's Kola Compound.

The Griffiths & MacPherson Co., Limited, Toronto, Canada.

What So-Called Fair Play Of the Machine Amounts To

Only Three Liberal Deputies
Named, While Liberals Get
Twelve Polling Places.

The manner in which the Free Press is attempting to cover the trail of the Conservative aldermen by shouting that the Conservatives were generous to the Liberal citizens of London at last night's meeting of the city council, makes even pronounced Tories blush.

"Remind me to pray for that young man when I go to bed tonight," said Mr. Pecksniff to his daughters after he had "done" the young man to a turn. If black is white then the Liberals were well treated by the Conservative majority last night.

The entire list of polling places and deputies had evidently been prepared in the Conservative Club, and Ald. Carson, who was elected secretary of the Conservative Association, appeared to be behind the guns. It was laughable to hear Ald. Cooper and Matthews trying to find excuses why the booths in polling subdivisions should be in "such and such" a place. As far as can be learned today, the following list shows the "fair play" which was shown the Liberals by the Conservatives last night.

Polling places—

Liberals 12

Conservatives 31

Total 43

Deputies returning officers—

Liberals (say) 3

Conservatives 12

Total 15

Deputies returning officers—

Liberals (say) 3

Conservatives 12

Total 15

Deputies returning officers—

Liberals (say) 3

Conservatives 12

Total 15

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Total 15

Deputies returning officers—

Liberals (say) 3

Conservatives 12

Total 15

Deputies returning officers—

Liberals (say) 3

Conservatives 12

Total 15

Deputies returning officers—

Liberals (say) 3

Conservatives 12

Total 15

Conservatives 40

Total 43

As deputies have the power to select their clerks and constables, here's what it looks like in this direction:

Liberals 3

Conservatives 40

Total 43

Constables—

Liberals 3

Conservatives 40

Total 43

Mayor Campbell has promised to be more generous in the matter of appointing scrutineers than were the Conservatives. He says that he will appoint two Conservatives or more for every Liberal the Conservatives allowed to hold a place in the municipal election. The scrutineers are for and against the waterworks bylaw, and if he chose, his worship might appoint them all Liberals.

Ald. Saunders, it appears, was in the city yesterday afternoon and went to St. Thomas on business at 5 o'clock. Coming back to London he went to the wrong depot and was compelled to wait for the next train. When he arrived the council meeting was over.

Mr. George C. Young, one of the D. R. O.s who was appointed last night, called on City Clerk Baker today and resigned. His successor will be selected by the city clerk, according to the provisions of the statute in such cases.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—W. H. Browning has taken out a building permit for a 14-story brick-veneer residence on the Hamilton road.

—Mr. Chester E. Clarke, chief clerk at the Grand Union, Toronto, is spending his vacation with his parents in West London.

—Thomas Harrison, an aged vag, who has been confined in the county jail for some weeks, was taken to the Strathroy House of Refuge this afternoon by High Constable McLoud.

—At 3 o'clock this afternoon the hospital authorities reported the condition of the man who was injured in the street this morning to be favorable to recovery, but very critical.

—Mrs. Georgina Allister passed away yesterday at the residence of her son, Mr. W. H. Allister, 471 Ontario street. The late Mrs. Allister was a very well known in this city, having lived here the greater part of her life. She was the widow of the late Andrew Allister, and was in her 73rd year. A wide circle of friends will be grieved to hear of Mrs. Allister's demise. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock, service at 2.

—A special meeting to enlarge the committee for the development of the Victorian Order of Nurses will be held on Thursday at 4 p.m. in the committee room of the city hall, Mr. Moorhouse in the chair, and the attendance of the city clerk and representatives of the several churches, is earnestly invited. The late Mrs. Allister was a very well known in this city, having lived here the greater part of her life. She was the widow of the late Andrew Allister, and was in her 73rd year. A wide circle of friends will be grieved to hear of Mrs. Allister's demise. The funeral will be held tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock, service at 2.

—The executive of the Old Boys held a meeting last night, and appointed committees to arrange for the banquet which will be held in the Town Hall on Friday night. Messrs. Wm. Ward and J. W. McIntosh were named a committee to look after the musical part of the evening. All reports received were satisfactory.

OLD BOYS BANQUET.

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CALL SUSTAINED BY PRESBYTERY

Dr. Munro, Ridgetown, Wanted
by London Tp. Churches—
Call to Mr. MacGillivray.

The Presbytery of London met in the First Presbyterian Church at 10:30 o'clock this morning, the attendance being fairly large. The moderator, Rev. A. J. MacGillivray, presided, and those present were Revs. Dr. Ross, W. J. Clark, Stuart, Rollins and Mackay, of London; S. Lawrence, of Cowan; J. McIntyre, of Tempo; J. Lindsay, of Kintore; Thomas Nixon, of Hyde Park; T. R. Spencer and Rev. Dr. McCrae, of Westminster, and Elders Dr. Merchant, P. J. Thompson, A. S. McGregor and James McMillan.

Several matters came before the presbytery. In the case of 4th call from Vancouver to Rev. A. J. MacGillivray, of New St. James, it was decided to leave the matter until a special meeting of the presbytery be called to dispose of it. The call will not be considered at this meeting, as Mr. MacGillivray's people have been summoned in their interests and the documents had not all been forwarded.

A call was presented from the Proof Line and Bryanston Church to Rev. Dr. Munro, of Ridgetown, Rev. A. W. Crow speaking for Rev. A. J. MacGillivray. The call was signed by 104 members and 66 adherents and was very hearty and unanimous.

Messrs. Langford, MacPherson, Robb and Carmichael, from the Proof Line, and Mr. A. Grant, from Bryanston, appeared as commissioners, and pleaded very strongly for the presbytery to secure the services of Dr. Munro. They pointed out that the church had ever aspired highly. Rev. Dr. Milligan had once been their pastor and they felt that Rev. Dr. Munro could fill the position with honor.

The call was sustained and forwarded to the Presbytery of Chatham. It was arranged that if Dr. Munro accepts the call an induction will be held at which the moderator will preside, and Rev. E. C. Pigeon will preach; Mr. Clark to address the minister and Mr. McCrae the people. The date will be decided by the Presbytery of Chatham.

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COUNTY WOULD NOT ENDOW BED

Rejected Report Recommending
\$300 Grant to Sanatorium
for Consumptives.

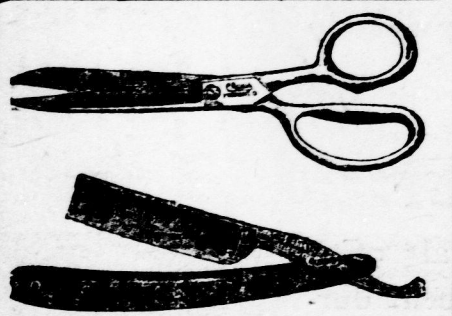
Reeve Hardy, of Caradoc, and Reeve McGugan

No Better Time Than Now

could be selected in which to receive a Business or Shorthand education. The



(Y. M. C. A. - LONDON) cannot begin to supply the demand for well-educated young men and young women as bookkeepers and stenographers. College reopens Jan. 2, 1906. Write for particulars. J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.



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A booklet entitled "HINTS TO SHAVERS," also "The Shave Primer." We are handing a full line of the

Clauss Scissors and Razors

Shears for everybody—TAILORS, BARBERS, PAPEHANGERS, BANKERS, DRESSMAKERS, CLERKS and HOME USE. Also Manicure Sets, in plush-lined leather cases. The guarantee on these goods is unconditional, and if for any reason whatever you are dissatisfied with the goods we will cheerfully exchange them for you.

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222 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

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Undertakers and Embalmers. Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars. 112 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 556. 112 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 556. Residence on premises.

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FUNERAL DIRECTORS. Lady assistant when desired. Day phone 1,775; night 1,307. 238 Dundas. Residence, 258 King.

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(Successor to John T. Stephenson.) FUNERAL DIRECTOR. Reasonable charges. Best equipments. Open day and night. Residence on premises. 54 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 459. GEO. E. LOGAN, Assistant Mgr.

The Human Barometer

is the urine. Where there is a constant desire to urinate—when the urine is hot and scalding—it means Bladder Irritation. If the urine is cloudy, highly colored, or offensive—it indicates Kidney Trouble. Heed the danger signals. Take

"Bu-Ju"

THE GENTLE KIDNEY PILL

"Bu-Ju" stimulates and strengthens the weakened, clogged, overworked kidneys to healthy action—and heals and soothes the irritated bladder. "Bu-Ju" cures. We guarantee it and you can get your money back if "Bu-Ju" disappoints. All druggists have "Bu-Ju" or will get them for you.

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London Institute of Physical Culture

619 Richmond Street. R. C. BARKLIE, PRINCIPAL.

Branches: Physical examination, with prescription of exercises, body building, creative gymnastics, corrective work, fencing and boxing, shower baths. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m. wty

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Contractor and Builder, 15 Brighton Street, Manufacturer of Cement Blocks and Sills. Phone 1,848. YWT

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Open on Dec. 12. First-class. Private dinner room. Clean and good service. All kinds dishes. Ladies and gentlemen kindly give us a call. Open day and night.

London has fewer suicides than any other great capital. While Paris has 400 suicides for each million a year, London has only 94.

Purity and Excellence

Try the old favorite ALES AND PORTER, made by Joseph Hamilton. A capital tonic and body and brain builder.

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MERCHANT TAILOR,

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TELEPHONE 596.

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A first-class Set of Teeth \$6 00

The best Whites or Just \$8 00

Gold Crowns \$10 00

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151 1/2 DUNDAS STREET,

"A GIFT FOR MEN."

Cuff Links

Gold-plated Cuff Links, new designs,

50 pairs to \$2.50.

Solid Gold Cuff Links from \$2.50 to \$5.00.

All Cuff Links engraved free of charge.

Thos. Gilleen,

402 RICHMOND STREET.

PARTICULARLY good is the kind of bread you want for your family. Johnston Bros. XXX Bread is more than particularly good—it is the best that skill and purest materials can produce.

JOHNSTON BROS. PHONE 518.

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS AGO

TODAY

(From The London Advertiser of Dec. 5, 1870.)

Mr. Frank Smith has been made president of the Toronto, Simcoe and Muskoka Railway.

As will be seen by advertisement, Mr. T. W. Dyas, a capable and energetic young townsmen, commences immediately the preliminary survey of the Northern Railway route. Mr. Dyas has engaged the services of Mr. Brook, one of the surveyors of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway and evidently intends to do the work thoroughly.

A trot of five miles, for \$200 a side came off at Stratford on Saturday between John Frank's Lady Leopard, and R. McGregor's King Tom. The latter won easily in 1:14.

The North Street Wesleyan Church, which for years stood in advance of any of the church buildings of the city for beauty of exterior, extent of accommodation, and neatness in its interior arrangements, has been greatly improved lately, regaining its position of advantage in those respects, which were being disputed by places of worship of other congregations. The work was done under the supervision of Mr. S. Peters, P.L.S., the contractor being Messrs. Screamton & Gibson, T. Green & W. Jones, T. Walslie, McClaughlan, and Toronto, George Moorhead and E. Rogers.

Mr. L. Rose, agent for the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, has opened an office in this city.

Members of the Reform Association will remember that the regular monthly meeting will be held in the Temperance Hall tomorrow evening.

—Barrister W. L. Wickett, of St. Thomas, acting for Omer Hunt, of Southwold, has entered an action against Hon. Adam Beck to recover \$142, claimed to be due for the keep of horses.

—Together with several London Masons, R. W. Bro. James A. Tancock, of this city, D. D. G. M. of No. 2 district will pay an official visit to St. Paul's Lodge, No. 107, Lambeth, tomorrow evening.

—A farmer in Simcoe County paid \$40,000 for the farm of Mr. Arthur Murphy, M.A. of Swan River, and formerly of Ingersoll. The farm is situated at Star City in the Carleton Place district, and comprises 2,500 acres.

—Mr. George Lewis, a well-known traveling man, is seriously ill in Hotel Dieu, Windsor. Mr. Lewis has many friends throughout the Province, who will be grieved to learn of his illness. His daughter, Miss Maude, is attending him.

—McClary's baseball team, the City League champions, are holding a ball in the city hall on Friday night. The game promises to be one of the most successful of the season. A large number will be present to assist the boys.

—Wallace MacLean, in a letter to the Globe from Cobalt, says: "Mr. Smallman, of London, Ont., is exploiting a deposit of iron pyrites at Rib Lake. A trial shipment is now being sent to Buffalo, and if results are satisfactory there will be a big market for the ore."

DIED AFTER SHORT ILLNESS.

The funeral of Mr. Maitland Tiffany took place from the Church of England, Delaware, on Sunday. Services were conducted by the rector, Mr. Tiffany's death was very sudden, he being ill only three days. He was very much respected by all who knew him. Relatives from Detroit, London and Toronto were present at the funeral. Great sympathy is extended to his father and mother, as it is not quite a year since Mr. Tiffany lost his youngest son. He leaves several brothers and sisters, besides his father and mother, to mourn his death.

Neck Chains and Locketts.

A Neck Chain and Lockett would be a very appropriate Christmas gift for a lady.

Many of the Locketts we are showing are plain and very tasty, and when engraved with the desired initials make a very elegant present. Others are set with pearls and diamonds, these are also very choice.

Such a gift can be had at Diamond Hall from

\$5.50 to \$125.00

Mail orders receive our careful attention.

W. G. Young

DIAMOND HALL,

214 Dundas Street

TEETH

A FULL SET OF

\$5.00

THAT'S ALL.

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S.W. Cor. Dundas & Richmond Sts.

Phone 11.

Buy a Sherlock-Manning Gold Medal Organ.

Do not be influenced by sellers of CHEAP, TRASHY, GOOD-FOR-NOTHING Organs, when you can buy the best and pay for it mostly for your wish.

No matter how high your standard of tone and beauty, it can be satisfied here.

Our way of doing business suits everybody. It's fair.

W. McPhillips

189 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

GOLD MEDAL this year at the Western Fair.

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Veribest

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401 CLARENCE ST.

425 YORK ST. 470 Phone.

ARNELL'S Bread

manufactured from the best grades of Canadian-grown grain. It is uniform in texture and is always up to the same high standard of quality. Ask for Arnell's at your grocer's.

The Canadian Savings and Loan Co.

with its paid-up capital of \$750,000.00 and reserve fund of \$315,000.00 gives absolute security to depositors and debenture holders.

3% Per Cent Allowed on permanent deposits.

M. H. ROWLAND, Manager.

420, 422 Richmond Street.

LONDON AND DISTRICT.

—Mrs. C. C. Collins, of Guelph has come to London for a short visit with friends.

—The first tea of the Badminton Club will be held on Friday in the Armories.

—Star Lodge, No. 367, A. O. U. W. meets tonight to elect officers for the ensuing term.

—The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited, has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late Thomas P. Webb.

—Miss Florence Gunn has returned to her home in Woodstock, after spending two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Stein, 77 Chesley avenue.

—Mr. George Holloway has been appointed by the Bishop of Huron to take charge of the parishes of Merlin, Charing Cross and Raleigh.

—The remains of the late Mrs. Catherine Holmes, of St. Thomas, were brought to London yesterday afternoon and interred in Woodland Cemetery.

—London Lodge, No. 2, E. L. H. held a banquet tomorrow evening in the Knights of Pythias Hall and will entertain a large attendance is expected.

—On Monday next two popular young Londoners, Messrs. Claude White and Bert Trebilcock, will entertain a number of the friends to a dance in the Palace Dancing Academy.

—Barrister W. L. Wickett, of St. Thomas, acting for Omer Hunt, of Southwold, has entered an action against Hon. Adam Beck to recover \$142, claimed to be due for the keep of horses.

—Together with several London Masons, R. W. Bro. James A. Tancock, of this city, D. D. G. M. of No. 2 district will pay an official visit to St. Paul's Lodge, No. 107, Lambeth, tomorrow evening.

—A farmer in Simcoe County paid \$40,000 for the farm of Mr. Arthur Murphy, M.A. of Swan River, and formerly of Ingersoll. The farm is situated at Star City in the Carleton Place district, and comprises 2,500 acres.

—Mr. George Lewis, a well-known traveling man, is seriously ill in Hotel Dieu, Windsor. Mr. Lewis has many friends throughout the Province, who will be grieved to learn of his illness. His daughter, Miss Maude, is attending him.

—McClary's baseball team, the City League champions, are holding a ball in the city hall on Friday night. The game promises to be one of the most successful of the season. A large number will be present to assist the boys.

—Wallace MacLean, in a letter to the Globe from Cobalt, says: "Mr. Smallman, of London, Ont., is exploiting a deposit of iron pyrites at Rib Lake. A trial shipment is now being sent to Buffalo, and if results are satisfactory there will be a big market for the ore."

DIED AFTER SHORT ILLNESS.

The funeral of Mr. Maitland Tiffany took place from the Church of England, Delaware, on Sunday. Services were conducted by the rector, Mr. Tiffany's death was very sudden, he being ill only three days. He was very much respected by all who knew him. Relatives from Detroit, London and Toronto were present at the funeral. Great sympathy is extended to his father and mother, as it is not quite a year since Mr. Tiffany lost his youngest son. He leaves several brothers and sisters, besides his father and mother, to mourn his death.

Breakwater Lands Will Cost City Fully \$7,500

Engineer Graydon's Statement Shows Estimate Was Far Too Low.

In a communication to the council last night City Engineer Graydon gave some very interesting figures in regard to the West London breakwater. The most important clause of the document is that which states that though the people voted but the sum of \$15,000 for the breakwater, when the work at the present under way has been completed it will be found that the city has spent the sum of \$17,382 on the big wall.

Mayor Campbell is, however, able to say that this year's council will have no overdraft, and that the surplus from the different civic bodies will be more than ample to pay off the breakwater overdraft.

The property owners of West London have already been paid \$6,097 for the lands on which the old breakwater was erected and the land adjoining the front and back thereof. In addition to this amount the sum of \$1,000 has been recommended by the present council to be paid by the council of 1906 to Mr. J. Reid for his property, or a total of \$7,097 for lands to which has been added solicitor's fees for preparing all these deeds, examination of titles and registration fees of the deeds, making a probable total of \$7,500—or one-half of the whole \$15,000 voted for breakwater purposes to be paid over to the property owners in West London, leaving only \$7,500 for construction of the breakwater.

Estimate Too Small.

Mr. Graydon says: "At the time the estimate was being prepared I told the council that \$4,000, the estimate for the purchase of land, was totally inadequate and should be at least \$6,500, but I was told that \$4,000 would be ample."

Contracts—Oliver Gauld, section No. 1, \$1,850; Forestry Paving Co., section No. 2, \$3,610; Cotton & Moir, section No. 3, \$3,549.95; W. Anthistle, Mount Pleasant culvert, \$627.50—\$9,743.82; making the amount expended to date, \$17,382.

Louis Ruppe, \$219; Jane A. Graham, \$600; R. A. Jones, \$150; W. R. Fowler, \$1,250; A. A. Johnson and Isabella Smith, \$566; Eliza Hill, \$24; Mrs. Bowman, \$200; Thos. Coffey, \$25; Annie M. Ellis, \$250; H. Mackenzie, J. Twilcher, \$75; Dennis and Mary Collins, \$550; Reid property, \$100; Jas. Harvey, \$200; W. J. Wilson, \$25; Martha Duff and Mrs. R. Proctor, \$50; Mr. Warren, \$65; Mrs. Robertson, \$100; Wm. Scarrow, \$125; Mrs. Hazelgrove, \$75; Mary J. Barram, \$165; Mr. Elliott and Mrs. Spence, \$208; F. L. Evans, \$335, a total of \$6,097.

The following is the engineer's statement of the amounts paid different parties for land:

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