

# The Saint-John Telegraph

VOL. XLVII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1903.

NO. 80

## SUSSEX CAMP WILL BE HELD AS ANNOUNCED

### Lack Of Money Not The Reason For Postponing Some Meets.

### Minister Of Militia Explains That Floods, Bad Drainage and Worse Water Is Responsible For Changing Of Dates Of Some Annual Drills--Dr. Pugsley Announced That Some Dredging Contracts Have Been Let, But None In Maritime Provinces As Yet.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Ottawa, June 4.—At the request of R. L. Borden, Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, gave his promised statement with regard to the holding of militia camps. It had been decided, he said, to hold camps of instruction in eastern Canada and the Maritime Provinces. An order was issued fixing the dates, but owing to local conditions, it had been found necessary to make some changes as follows:

Niagara—From June 9 to 15. It had been found that more time was necessary to install the necessary water supply. Kingston—June 15 to Aug. 31. The medical officer reported against using the water supply of the camp and it was necessary to make other arrangements. Rockville—Postponed from June 22 to a date not fixed. Last year the troops of No. 4 militia district trained at Petawawa but owing to prevalence of typhoid fever in camp it had been decided to install a complete drainage system before the ground was used again. La Prairie—A portion of camp ground is flooded and postponement was necessary.

### No Change in Sussex Camp.

Dr. Daniel asked about Sussex camp and was told there had been no change in the date.

Sir Frederick referred to the fears expressed in some papers that militia would not be able to go into camp owing to lack of money. These fears, he said, had probably arisen from militia orders issued on May 27, which prepared the troops for the contingency that it might be impossible to hold camps unless Parliament provided the funds. But there were some days to spare.

The western Canada camps, Sir Frederick said, were proceeding, the expense being met out of one-eighth interim vote passed some time ago.

R. L. Borden observed that the house was aware that no vote had been asked for militia camps. If the request had been made it would have been favorably entertained, however, as the minister had said, there was plenty of time yet.

Sir Frederick remarked that if the vote were passed today it would not follow that money would be available unless a second vote of his excellency were given. He reminded the leader of the opposition that the supply bill had been before parliament a month.

R. L. Borden pointed out that it would be practicable to pass an emergency supply bill to cover his services.

Mr. Fielding plunged into the controversy. The proposition had been made, he said, to take a vote on account and the government received an intimation that the opposition was unwilling to concur.

"The only estimates of the militia department," retorted R. L. Borden, "that

## NO CONFIRMATION OF EIGHT DROWNED

### Streamdrivers from Section Where Disaster Was Reported Heard Nothing of It

### FREDERICTON IN LINE

Branch of Battlefield Association Formed Thursday to Raise a Fund—Women Methodists Hear Valuable Papers—Changes in Provincial Officials.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Fredericton, N. B., June 4.—A meeting called to form a local branch of the Canadian Battlefield Association, was held in the mayor's offices this evening. Those present were Mayor Chestnut, Dr. Inch, Col. Loggie, Ald. Winslow, City Clerk McCready, R. F. Randolph, Dr. Vanwart, Principal Foster and others. Mayor Chestnut was elected permanent chairman and B. C. Foster, secretary. It was decided to add to the committee the names of Senator Thompson, the federal and local representatives, warden and county councilors, president and council of board of trade and aldermen of the city. Mayor Chestnut and the city clerk were appointed to draft a form of appeal for funds and submit the same to an adjourned meeting to be held next week.

A crew of men who have stream driving for the Machias Lumber Company on the Machias river arrived in the city by bus on Thursday evening. They report that about all the company's drive of 5,000,000 had to be abandoned on account of the bursting of the dam. Nothing was heard of them concerning the alleged drowning accident at Big Rapids until their arrival here.

### Methodist W. M. S.

At this afternoon's meeting of the Women's Missionary Society an interesting paper on "The Value of Foreign Missions as an Educational Agency in the Training of Young People," was read by Miss Johnson; Miss Cunningham gave the report on the work of the society.

The house went into supply tonight on the estimates for immigration. Dr. Monk, charged the general policy of the government and advocated the imposition of a tax to recoup the government for the large portion of the ground at La Prairie. After three and one half hours an item of \$200,000 for salaries of immigration agents was passed. The house adjourned at 12:30 a. m.

R. L. Borden asked if any considerable body of the militia would be assembled for the tercentenary, and the minister replied that arrangements were being made by Colonel Orlin with the view to having a considerable number reviewed at Quebec. He would make an announcement on Monday.

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## DREYFUS TARGET FOR ASSASSIN

### Wounded In Presence of French Notables at Zola's Canonization

### OLD HATRED REVIVED

Military Writer Fired Two Bullets at Hero of Devil's Island During Ceremonies--Assassin Arrested After Excited Crowd Had Beaten Him Severely.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Paris, June 4.—Just at the close of the ceremonies attending the canonization of Emile Zola in the Pantheon today, when the President of France, the premier and a host of ministers of state were taking their departure, Louis Antheim Gregori, a military writer of note, drew a revolver and fired two shots point blank at Major Alfred Dreyfus, for whose liberty Zola had fought and won.

Men distinguished in all walks of life filled the Pantheon, and when the shots rang out there was intense excitement in the fear that the president had been assassinated, but even the attempt on the life of Major Dreyfus excited a profound impression. Soldiers speedily surrounded Gregori and he was taken, bruised and bleeding, with his clothes almost torn from his back, to jail.

The affair has created a tremendous sensation in Paris and the motive of the would-be assassin is the cause of much mystification for Gregori, instead of being an ordinary fanatic, such as is carried away by the political passions of the moment, is a man of mature age, having been born in 1844 and was highly esteemed in the circles where he was known. Although born of Italian parents, he has been an ardent Frenchman for years and has written authoritatively on military subjects, enjoying close relations with many high French officers. He was one of the correspondents who followed the big French and German maneuvers for the purpose of securing data for technical papers.

Some do not hesitate to express the opinion that he may have been the tool of a little clan of royalists, who, under the name of the "Union Francaise," have never ceased to insist that the court of Cassation illegally presented an appeal in the Dreyfus case, now abandoned long since in a revision favorable to the contentions of the Nationalists.

Major Dreyfus was not seriously injured. A bullet entered his chest, but did not injure the bone. At a late hour tonight the official statement was made that his condition was very favorable and that no complications were feared.

With regard to the reasons for Gregori's act, the opinion prevailed in Paris that there is much truth in his avowal that he was driven to the deed by the appeals to hatred with which the anti-semitic papers have been filled since the government resolved to place the body of Zola in the Pantheon. The state of this feeling can be gauged by an interview with Henri Rochefort, editor of the "Paris," which is published tonight, and in which he says:

"It would have been a glorious death for Dreyfus. If you have been his first and only time under fire."  
Gregori made a statement to the police directly after his arrest, and during a second interrogatory tonight, he said: "I did not wish to kill Dreyfus. It is true I aimed at him but I only wanted to grieve him. My object was to protest against the participation of the army in the glorification of Zola and the rehabilitation of Dreyfus. My blow was aimed less at Dreyfus than at Dreyfusism."

The difficulty arose over the fact that a Bourassa meeting in the vicinity had ended and the overflow came down to the meeting of Premier Guoin and succeeded in making a lively diversion while it lasted. The scuffle was started by a student who came inside yelling for Bourassa. He was followed by hundreds and they took up the cry and the din of noise was so great that speaking was out of the question.

On the arrival of the police the more violent of the partisans were ejected from the building and one of their number was roughly handled. Meanwhile the crowd numbering 3,000 were marching round the division which such political excitement has not been seen in years. One Guoin committee room on Wolf street was cleaned out of supporters by the marchers on their way to another meeting.

Mr. Bourassa made his last speech tonight at 11 o'clock, when he challenged Premier Guoin to meet him on the same platform Saturday night on the Champ De Mars.

## BOURASSA CROWD BREAKS UP PREMIER GOUIN'S MEETING

### Nationalist Leader Challenges His Opponent to Joint Debate.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Montreal, June 4.—Enthusiasm is growing all the time in the contest between Premier Guoin and the friends of Henri Bourassa. Tonight when the premier was holding a meeting at the corner of St. Catharines and Montcalm street, the partisans of Mr. Bourassa succeeded in making so much noise that it was impossible to obtain a hearing and the speakers dispersed.

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## LOST PATRIOTISM WHEN THEY REACHED OTTAWA

### Champions Of New Brunswick's Wrongs In Local House Silent In Federal Arena

### Dr. Daniel In Parliament Thursday Quoted Remarks Of Former Premier Tweedie About Late Mr. Blair and Hon. Mr. Fielding's Ardor For Provincial Rights Cooling When In Dominion Cabinet--Hopes Dr. Pugsley Will Not Follow Their Example.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Ottawa, June 4.—The representation of the Maritime Provinces was brought up in the house today by Dr. Daniel of St. John, who went fully into the subject. He stated the matter was of growing importance and the people of the lower provinces were getting rapidly to understand that importance.

He referred to the confederation campaign and quoted Sir A. J. Smith and Peter Mitchell to the effect that they would not accept the Quebec scheme and stated that the scheme, which meant representation by population, was never accepted nor placed in the B.N.A. Act in its entirety.

He referred to the sections of the act which showed that in calculating the population the four original provinces only were counted. The boundaries of Quebec were enlarged without consulting other provinces, although Quebec gives the unit of representation.

And, he showed how unjust this was to the lower provinces, especially as there was no possibility of their area being increased. The result of this increase of territory to Quebec may be to decrease our representation by one half or more.

### Ardor Cooled.

He read the resolution passed by the N.B. legislature in 1905, relating to this matter and quoted extracts from some other speeches made in the legislature at that time, especially that of Mr. Tweedie, who stated it was too true that very often gentlemen when in the local legislature were very strong in support of provincial rights, but when transacted to the federal cabinet, an interest which he himself valued as worth \$5,000 to the people of New Brunswick, for that was the amount he had taken from the provincial exchequer to compensate him for his efforts in their behalf.

Mr. Crockett then quoted from Dr. Pugsley's speech in the legislature in the session of 1905 in which he expressed the hope that the New Brunswick members of parliament would stand up for their rights in the house of commons and not let the content of public works be removed and that now that the legislature had unanimously passed a resolution favoring an amendment of the B. N. A. act to remedy the injustice, that he advocated so strongly when attorney-general, he recommended as a remedy an amendment to the B.N.A. Act.

In the evening after the debate had closed and during Dr. Daniel's absence

from the chamber, Mr. Fielding inquired that the doctor had brought the matter up at this time merely to take up time and prevent supply.

As a matter of fact as early as February 13, Dr. Daniel placed on the order paper the following resolution: "That in the opinion of this house it is expedient to amend the terms of the B.N.A. Act, 1867 relating to the several provinces of Canada in the House of Commons so as to provide that the number of representatives of any province shall not at any time be reduced below that which was assigned to it when it entered the Union."

This resolution was not reached before private members' day was taken away and the only opportunity left was on going into supply and today was the first occasion for that.

### Crockett Leashes Pugsley.

Messrs. McLean, Martin and Lafargue of P. E. I., and Crockett of New Brunswick followed Mr. Turgon in support of Dr. Daniel. Mr. Crockett hardly knew whether to say he was surprised or not at Dr. Pugsley's silence on the question, because for those who were familiar with the minister of public works' political career and methods, it required a good deal on the latter's part to cause surprise. Dr. Pugsley had professed a profound interest in the question for two or three years before his transference to the federal cabinet, an interest which he himself valued as worth \$5,000 to the people of New Brunswick, for that was the amount he had taken from the provincial exchequer to compensate him for his efforts in their behalf.

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## FIGHT FOR LIFE ON DRIFT ICE WITH HUNGRY DOGS

### Terrible Experience of Dr. Grenfell, Labrador Missionary--Explorer--Terribly Bitten By Maddened Brutes; He Killed Three and Distributed Carcasses Among The Others--Forty Hours Exposed Before Rescue Came.

St. John's, Nfld., June 3.—Battling for many hours against a pack of hungry-maddened dogs on a part of ice off the coast of Labrador with the temperature 10 below zero and only a knife to defend himself from being torn to pieces by the savage brutes, is the terrible experience that Dr. Grenfell, superintendent of the Royal National deep sea mission in the northern regions has recently passed through.

The story of Dr. Grenfell's miraculous escape from death is told by Capt. W. Bartlett, of the steamer "Stathonia," which has just arrived here from the north. Capt. Bartlett was with Peary on several of his expeditions to the Arctic.

Dr. Grenfell had left Battle Harbor, Labrador, to attend some patients at another settlement 10 miles distant, and he was traveling over the ice with a pack of dogs. Soon he found himself driven off the coast. Evening was approaching when he got on a land spot of ice. Before he realized it, he was in an area covered only with drift ice, and before he could stop the dogs the animals had carried him into the water. The dogs attempted to climb on Dr. Grenfell's back, and he was obliged to fight them before he was able to climb on to a solid piece of drift ice. The dogs also succeeded in saving themselves.

With the wind blowing a gale from the northwest and the temperature 10 below zero, the doctor would have been frozen to death, as his clothing was wet, but for the originality and ingenuity he displayed. Taking off his skin boots he cut them in slices and placed these parts of his body from the blast. As the wind and cold increased when night came on, he determined to kill three of the troops of

## THIRTY-ONE MINISTERS APPLY TO ENTER PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

### Dr. McLaren, Principal of Knox College, Sends Resignation to General Assembly.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Winnipeg, June 4.—The general assembly convened in Knox church this morning and after devotional exercises business sessions opened.

The new moderator, Dr. Duval, presided while the retiring moderator Dr. Campbell acted as secretary.

The reading of a letter of resignation of Dr. McLaren, principal of Knox College, provoked a demonstration of the assembly's loyalty and devotion to the aged educationist.

The applications from thirty-one ministers of other churches who desired to be taken into the Presbyterian church were received and a committee appointed to consider them.

Winnipeg, June 4.—Alex Scott, young foreman of Winnipeg Paint & Glass Company, did not turn up at his wedding at 8 o'clock last night. Getting uneasy, a brother of the bride, Jennie Sullivan, and the best man, went to the bridegroom's house and discovered him dead with his throat cut. He left a note declaring himself unworthy of Jennie.

Dundas, Ont., Town Seized By Sheriff To Satisfy Judgment  
Toronto, June 4 (Special).—The town of Dundas was seized by a sheriff's officer this morning under judgment for \$3,000 obtained against it by the widow of a man named Sutton, who was killed by coming into contact with an electric wire trailing on the sidewalk. The town officials took no notice of the judgment, looking to the electric company to pay it.

Shelburne, Ont., June 4.—R. J. East, who was injured yesterday evening through the explosion of the cylinder of his soda fountain, succumbed to his injuries tonight, never having regained consciousness.

## ONE OF MRS. GUNNESS' REPORTED VICTIMS ALIVE AND WELL

### Saratoga, N. Y., June 4.—Mae O'Reilly, whom Julius G. Trucken, Jr., in a "cessation" to the Texas authorities, declared was murdered on the Guinness farm at Laporte, Ind., is in the village, alive and well. She arrived on Friday last from New York City and is the guest of friends here.

Miss O'Reilly at first denied her identity, but later admitted it. According to the story told by Daniel F. Welch, a member of the family with whom she is staying, she has been employed in New York City during the past winter.

"Miss O'Reilly had no correspondence," Welch declared, "since the time when he was sent to Elmira. After her marriage with him in 1903, she went to work and has heard nothing of him since that time."

Miss O'Reilly, Welch said, knows nothing of Trucken or of his story, with the exception of that part of it in which he refers to his marriage with her. Neither, she declared, had she ever been to Laporte, Ind.

### Fast Sprinting.

Toronto, June 4 (Special).—Bobby Kerr, the Hamilton sprinter, who will go against Lukeman, of Montreal, in the Olympic trials Saturday, ran 100 meters in 10 2/3 seconds at Hamilton last night.

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## TWO MEN CONVICTED OF BUNCOING A TURBO FARMER

### Played the Old Game of Selling Good Money as Bogus, and Then Substituting an Empty Package.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Troy, N. S., June 4.—Blair Hurd and Patrick Quinn were found guilty before Judge Russell here in the supreme court today of getting \$150 under false pretences from a farmer named Maynard.

The indicted farmer said the men made him believe they would sell him bank notes that had been made by a printer off the plates in the bank note printing office by working at night when the boss was out. They put \$1,000 worth of this money which he himself counted and examined into a box, and offered it to him for \$150. He accepted and paid out his cash, but when he got home with the box, he found nothing but waste paper in it.

## MONTREAL LABORERS DUPED BY CONTRACTOR

### Man Who Hired Them Skipped, Owing Three Weeks' Pay and Deposit Money to Each One.

(Special to The Telegraph.)  
Montreal, June 4.—Hundreds of men waited on the mayor today complaining that they have been duped out of their salaries for the last three weeks. It seems a sub-contractor named Sugarman extracted \$2 from the men before giving them a job and then after they had worked three weeks skipped out with thousands of dollars of their money.

Patrick McGovern of Boston, who got the \$10,000 contract for the city was in condition and who gave a sub-contract to Sugarman, stated that he would see the men left nothing. The mayor has ordered an investigation.

## ANOTHER VICTIM OF SODA CYLINDER EXPLOSION

Shelburne, Ont., June 4.—R. J. East, who was injured yesterday evening through the explosion of the cylinder of his soda fountain, succumbed to his injuries tonight, never having regained consciousness.



FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

NORTON
Norton, June 2.—Norton witnessed the largest funeral for many years yesterday. The body of the late John McKinnon was interred. All religious denominations were blended. Rev. Frank Baird officiated.

REXTON
Rexton, N.B., June 1.—The Danish barkentine, Thyra, Capt. Rasmussen, 290 tons register, which arrived here this morning from Haakar (W. C. Africa), made a remarkably quick trip. She left Dakar May 20 and arrived here this morning, having made the voyage in 29 days. She will load deals for A. J. & F. Curran.

FLORENCEVILLE
Florenceville, N.B., June 1.—Rev. Thos. Pierce, of the Methodist church, ex-changed pulpits on Sunday with Rev. Mr. John W. Anderson.

HARTLAND
Hartland, N. B., June 2.—On Sunday, Heber H. Hatfield and Miss Bertha Lett, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sippell, of Somerville, were married at the Reformed Baptist parsonage at Woodstock, by Pastor S. A. Baker. The marriage was quite a surprise to their friends and many wish them a long and prosperous life.

HARVEY STATION.
Harvey Station, June 2.—The weather for the past week has been very wet and at times quite anxious as many of them have not much seed in the ground yet. In the drier localities, however, the seed has been sown and the weather a fortnight ago and most of the planting is done. The grass crop is in an advanced condition and pastures are in good shape.

NEW YORK CLUBMAN WHO KILLED CAB DRIVER ACQUITTED
Washington, June 2.—Gaston P. Philip, civil engineer and resident of New York, and who was acquitted of the murder of Frank MacCoby, a cab driver, by a jury in the criminal court here tonight.

CHURCHES MUST PAY MORE IN WATER RATES IN FUTURE

Table Showing How Each Congregation Will be Affected Under Increased Rate on Greater Valuation That Assessors Have Recently Made.

Table with columns for Church Name, Old Valuation, New Valuation, Old Assessment, and New Assessment. Includes sections for Baptist, Episcopal, Methodist, Presbyterian, Roman Catholic, and Miscellaneous churches.

Get Rid of the Dust Nuisance In Your House
Floor-dust carries most of the germs that make a sick bill mount up. Floorglaze makes floor-dust not worth reckoning with.

Because Floorglaze, the can't-wear-off enamel in ten shades, practically DOES GLAZE a floor and prevent dirt, grime and Floorglazed floor. Saves a lot of housework, and banishes a plenty of disease.

Floors are rough, with the smallest case, in the heat of the house, and make a better-looking house. Anybody can apply Floorglaze, a gallon does 500 square feet.

Just as good outdoors as indoors,—and nothing else does so well for either. Why don't you get your floors disease proof?

Your dealer should have Floorglaze. If you don't know where to get it, you will find our Free Book interesting reading. May we send you a copy? Write to: Vanish & Color Co., Limited, of Toronto.

Recommended and sold by W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., and A. M. Rowan.

PREMIER GOUNIN INTERESTING EXERCISES RAKES BOURASSA AT ACADIA INSTITUTIONS

College Graduating Class Carry Out An Excellent Programme.

Closing Of Seminary Marked By Clever Work of Young Ladies—Many Prizes Presented—Alumnae Decide To Raise \$20,000 For An Art Building—Inter-Class Athletic Meet.

Wolville, N. S., June 2.—Today's anniversary proceedings began this morning at 10 o'clock, when the class exercises of the graduating class were held in the college hall before an audience that taxed the room to its utmost capacity.

The meeting was opened by the class president, John H. Geldart, of Moncton, after which followed the reading of the minutes and the roll call, conducted by the class secretary, Miss Jennie I. MacLeod, of Summerside (P. E. I.).

The first number, a vocal duet, by Misses Knowles and Kempton, of the seminary, was charmingly rendered, gaining prolonged applause.

The class history was by John S. Bates, of Amherst. In a well written and racy production he told how fifty-two persons, green, it is true, but not so green as some of the other classes—entered the college as students in the autumn of 1907.

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Alfred G. Vanderbil complains that his income is only \$800,000 per annum. Poor chap. No wonder he finds it necessary to run a hack for the purpose of keeping soul and body together.

FIRST JOB FOR POLICE COMMISSIONER FARRIS

Moncton, June 3.—A novel plot taken yesterday in the county court at Dorchester, relating to him on the part of magistrate James Parsons and Russell J. Bigelow, Thos. Parsons and Russell J. Bigelow, in an entire change in the police commission of Moncton, by substituting other persons for Judge Wells and Magistrate Parsons, who are now in the hands of the law.

The governor's general's medal for English essay was won by Miss Louise Thompson of Chatham Harbor.

The prize for highest standing in college was won by Miss Margaret Woodman, of Chatham Harbor.

The book prize for freeland drawing was captured by Miss Alice Harrington, of Sydney.

The sixteenth annual business meeting of the alumnae association of the seminary was held in the college hall this afternoon. The executive committee in its report advised the devoting of all funds to the erection of a fine art building and the purchase of a pipe organ.

BOSTON MEN SUE FOR LARGE AMOUNT

Boston, June 2.—Suits aggregating \$135,000 were entered in the United States circuit court today by the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York, against Albert L. Bigelow, Thos. Parsons and Russell J. Bigelow, in an entire change in the police commission of Moncton, by substituting other persons for Judge Wells and Magistrate Parsons, who are now in the hands of the law.

The residents of the Frog Lake district are erecting a bridge across the river which connects the Brockway and Harvey station lines. There is a talk of connecting the lines with Fredericton by way of Prince William.

Salisbury, N.B., June 3.—Mrs. Hamilton, wife of Rev. C. H. Hamilton, arrived home from Montreal accompanied by her nurse yesterday afternoon in Dorchester. She is spending the remainder of her vacation at her home in Salisbury.

Richibucto, June 1.—Miss Maye Jardine, who has been visiting here, is leaving for her home in Pennsylvania, and is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Jardine, Kouchibouctou.

The Fishermen's Tales. It was a group of fishermen A-telling each of wondrous catch. And as the stories passed around, They more and more grew. And every teller of a tale Swore roundly it was true.

BRITAIN TO HAVE PENT POSTAGE WITH THE UNITED STATES

London, June 4.—Postmaster-General Burton's announcement of a penny post arrangement with the United States, which completes a long desired reform in the matter of postage with all English-speaking peoples, gives greater gratification to the British people, and people than many of the weightier political reforms, and is especially greeted as an important stage on the road to a universal penny post.

The degree of D.C.L. was conferred on Rev. Everett Sawyer, Pres. of Okanagan College, Sumnerland, B.C. Short addresses were made to the graduation class by Governors Fraser and McKinnon; Our Sister Colleges—William Patterson, McGill; Our President—Dr. Hutchison; The Neighboring Republic—Dr. Nathan Wood and Dr. Robert MacDonald; Our Guests—Rev. John McNeil, Toronto; the Graduating Class—John H. Geldart; Our Alma Mater—Gage Longley.

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MARINE DEPARTMENT BYS 26-YEAR-OLD YACHT FOR SERVICE

Halifax, N. S., June 2.—The steam yacht Christine, owned by Captain J. A. Farquhar, has been purchased by the marine department and will be taken over into service immediately. The Christine is twenty-six years old and was formerly owned by Lord Galt in England last year and came across under her own steam.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH

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Semi-Weekly Telegraph

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 6, 1908.

CARDINAL LOGUE AND THE EMPIRE

It is no more necessary that the shoe-maker should stick to his last than that the prelate should refrain from dogmatizing about affairs temporal and more especially things political.

So far, so good. But we read that Cardinal Logue, wandering from those subjects upon which he may properly claim to speak with some authority, has now conjured up a vision of the downfall of the British Empire.

Half a dozen. And the president is not one of them. Nor is Taft. He is a copy of Roosevelt in vigor and honesty, but he will not fight in the open and make the people think as Roosevelt has done.

WHAT IS THE MATTER IN THE UNITED STATES?

Mr. Lincoln Steffens thinks there is a question before the United States bigger than the national parties, bigger than currency or tariff, bigger than war. It is a moral, not a material question, but it comprehends all the material issues.

"The time has come to discuss the causes of our American corruption and—crimes. We have the facts. For years now investigators have been bringing forth the facts, and there should and there shall be no interruption of the inquiry.

and (or as bad) as he; the boy is a fool and the girl a foreign princess. His business still is good, but the trust has that, and the energy which made it great is idle or subject to others' commands.

"Nothing fails like success. But nothing succeeds like failure. What is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul? Nothing. But will it not profit a people something to find their own soul, even though they have lost a whole continent? Well, that is what the American people are doing."

"But like the people, the president has, and has had, no consistent policy. He knows it. He says so himself. 'I know what I like to do now; and I know what I'd like to do next. But after that, I don't know.'

"I know what I like to do now; and I know what I'd like to do next. But after that, I don't know." "Not only are his opinions like those of the American people, but his very state of mind is like theirs.

"The interview with Senator La Follette was rapid and easy. When I asked him what the matter was, late one night at his home, he said casually: 'Politically, the trouble can be summed up in one phrase; misrepresentative government. Our government does not represent the people.'

"What do you propose to do about it?" "What we did in Wisconsin," he answered. "Restore representative government; redeem the democracy; set up an establishment which will deal in our interest with all these forces."

"But La Follette cannot be nominated, and so, for the time, he is out of it. Mr. Steffens is going to question Bryan and Johnson next. But even if they are up to his standard, can either of them be elected? The steffens, one suspects, will say Mr. Steffens ought to run himself; but why espouse a good newspaper man by making him a half-way statesman? Scripps Mr. Steffens raises big questions;

DR. PUGSEY, THEN AND NOW

Dr. Pugsey, when he comes to discuss the future of the Central Railway, is but the shadow of his former self. The Pugsey who used to call upon his merry men in the Legislature to vote another half million for the Central—and get it—had never a doubt about the years to come.

The prevalence of slang is very distasteful to many people, and yet the habit grows. It receives encouragement from unexpected quarters. On a Pittsburg platform on Monday evening, an evangelist, addressing a body of Presbyterian ministers, informed them that few ministers today are anything but stiffs and salary-quacks, and many of them were qualified candidates for the 'fanny-house.'

"If the slang of today is the correct speech of tomorrow, what language will children speak a generation hence? Will it be the English of George Meredith or the English of George Ade? Shall we talk in the flowery hyperbole of the day, or shall we tell them, 'Run along and we will follow?'"

Familiar as New Brunswickers are with Dr. Pugsey's repeated assurances about the Central, mindful as they are of the sum total these assurances have cost them, what is their amazement when they read of Dr. Pugsey's latest utterances in regard to this costly and unfinished railroad?

"The Toronto News says the Speaker of the House of Commons should declare Sir Frederick Borden's seat vacant. It quotes the law and apphes it. This is the relevant section: 'No person, directly or indirectly, alone or with any other, by himself or by the interposition of any trustee or agent, holding or enjoying, undertaking, expressed or implied, with or for the government of Canada on behalf of the officers of the government of Canada, for which any public money of Canada is to be paid, shall be eligible as a member of the house of commons, or shall sit or vote in the said house.'

"Sir Frederick Borden, therefore, according to section 14 of the Senate and House of Commons Act, Rev. Stat., touching the independence of Parliament, is not eligible as a member of the house of commons and has no right to sit or vote in the said house. The section does not stipulate that the promoter shall or shall not hold stock in the company that benefits by such an agreement with the crown.

CONCERNING SLANG

The Royal Society of Canada last week considered the question of embarking on a crusade against slang, but decided after an interesting discussion not to devote itself to what seemed a colossal task.

"When closure is proposed in Canada, however, it is to be accepted with favor, it will have to be proposed by a government with a better record in business capacity than that now in power. Freedom of debate should not be curtailed for the convenience of incompetent ministers who have no competent Parliament in proper shape and order the business it is expected to discuss."

"If there is delay the nature of the government's course is responsible. If resistance is not proper on this occasion no right to hold up any government measure, no matter how iniquitous. Already obstruction has had good results. It has fixed public attention upon the injustice of the government sought to fasten upon the provinces. The people have given the matter much attention. They have examined the case all the more keenly because of the scandals which have betrayed the character of the administration that now proposes to control the vote of electors whom it fears to give a free hand.

THAT LITTLE BILL

Provincial Secretary Fleming has received another communication from Dr. Pugsey relative to a bill for legal services rendered the province when Dr. Pugsey was Attorney General, that is, for extras over and above his salary as chief law officer of the crown. Dr. Pugsey sent a bill in February, just before the elections. It was for some \$3,000. In a letter at that time he waived any additional charge in connection with the Eastern Extension claim. Later on, when he proposed arbitration, Dr. Pugsey specified the items he wished to have submitted to the arbitrator, and among them he inserted the Eastern Extension. Mr. Fleming agreed to arbitrate on all but this item, reminding Dr. Pugsey that on this item, he had already abandoned it, and that he had already paid a large sum for his services in this case, and the House was given to understand at that time that this payment was the final one. There had been others. The arbitrator received about \$1,700 each for their services, while Dr. Pugsey was paid some \$7,000 in connection with the matter—in addition to his salary as Attorney General.

"The present hold-up at Ottawa and the comments there serve to recall the old proverb about the difference as to whose ox is gored. In 1896 the Liberals were in opposition. Parliament met on January 2 and could not sit after April 28 when it would expire by effluxion of time. During that session the Liberal opposition held up the Remedial Bill from February 11 till April 15 when the government was forced to withdraw it. Twelve days later, on April 27, Sir Mackenzie Bowell resigned the premiership and Sir Charles Tupper became premier. It was impossible to have the necessary supplies voted before the dissolution which followed immediately. The country did not condemn the hold-up then, but returned the opposition to power. We are not defending either party, but pointing out a parallel. We merely point out that both parties have played the hold-up game and each has condemned the other for doing it. 'For that matter the Liberal Opposition had before held up the franchise bill in the session of 1888 for three months.

THE CLOSURE

The Sun Wednesday quoted extensively, but not quite extensively enough, from the Montreal Gazette in favor of aborting the debates at Ottawa. Said the Sun: 'The Montreal Gazette, which, despite its traditional conservatism—or perhaps because of that—finds it hard at times to restrain its impatience with the present management of the Conservative party, admits frankly that existing conditions at Ottawa indicate the need of applying some restriction to debates of the House of Commons for the sake of the House of Commons itself it should come early.'

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THE FISHERMAN

He dressed himself in his oldest suit. The men of the hold-up and his eldest son. His joined rod and his eldest suit. And his reel of brass to reel and reel. He gathered and packed away.

"Business is a chance, 'tis said; Crack it, therefore, on the head. Love's uncertain, Stop it! Fortune wavers, Drop it! Death alone is sure, 'tis said; If you would be good, be dead. —New York Sun.

REFRIGERATORS

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY. We have just opened up a first-class lot which we offer at reasonable prices. These run from \$7.15 to \$42.00. All are well made and are highly finished with walls insulated by the best known materials for that purpose.

W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd.

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

After all the resources of opposition were exhausted the second reading of the bill was carried on April 21 but the attack was kept up and it was not till July 3, after a multitude of amendments had been moved and rejected, that the third reading was carried. To a very large extent the Liberals were then contending for just what the Conservative opposition is now seeking to maintain—local control of the electoral lists.

"Such crises will occur from time to time whatever government may be in power. When they do occur they do not justify a resort to closure. Canada has got along for forty years without applying the gag. Obstruction is rarely justifiable, but it is quite as fair for one party as for the other to resort to it in emergent cases. It is a part of the game of politics as it is played, and as it has been played for a quarter of a century past—more's the pity."

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"The time has come to discuss the causes of our American corruption and—crimes. We have the facts. For years now investigators have been bringing forth the facts, and there should and there shall be no interruption of the inquiry. The command to 'know thyself' is as good for a nation as for an individual, and the evidence is not all in. But we have enough to make out a case against ourselves. And the case is made. No nobler boast was ever made for a nation than this: that after a century of pride, just when the rest of the world is brought finally to acknowledge our failure, And not in despair. No. Our success is ours and we know it. No one can take from us our triumph over a conquered continent. That glory is ours forever and ever and ever. But we are like one of our successful millionaires. You know the type.

"He has money, yes, but what has the money cost him? Cruel lines in his strong face; soft spots in his once mighty body; on his conscience regrets that make him walk the floor, and tears that prompt him to run. His home? He has none—only houses, several houses. His wife is

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MARGARET OF ANGOULEME by A STORY OF GUYENNE, MAX PEMBERTON

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O, you see, they have carried away the sword from the Black Prince's tomb in that "layre church of Canterbury," and none may tell you where it lies today.

Some there may be who say that Cromwell had it; but deeper students deny the story and ask if such a sword should not be kept in the shrine of Margaret of Angouleme or serve in lieu of epitaph for that fine figure of a man, Bernard de Guesclin.

Let me tell you of Bernard and Margaret of Angouleme that, by one incident in a life of lives, your imagination may prefer the other.

This would have been when Edward's son ruled in Guienne; after that he had defeated the French at Poitiers and succeeded to make himself master of all France.

There can be no shilly-shally when these wars are to be discussed; nor any talk of Crey and Poitiers to hide their shame as a band of gentry and knights spread themselves abroad over fair Guienne; as a troop of outlaws they behaved toward its simple people.

Now, all these things were done after the Black Prince had taken King John a prisoner and his father had come to believe that he was Lord of France between all contention between the nations.

And then a little pause again and the doffed cap and the face of honest John drawn down in melancholy.

John of Abington nodded sagely and was not displeased that his prince should contemplate no long delay nor be in sensible to those words of wisdom which he himself had spoken.

John of Abington, was able to give a true account of the adventure.

This worthy, with his wonderful gift of plain speech and of prophecy, attracted some of the knights to him but as much in the spirit of revelry as of the true religion; but the Prince himself slipped away with John of Abington, and losing himself cleverly, he came out at last before the old Castle of Charraas and seemed to remember as though by accident that Margaret of Angouleme had taken refuge there.

There had been hunting in the forest all day, we rode and toward evening a ride had carried the company toward the Hermitage, where dwelt an ancient man, sufficiently holy and sufficiently dandy to justify the favor and the patronage of the devout.

Each man's fruit is kept track of by numbers, as in the former case. The association charges a commission on all sales, usually five per cent., to defray expenses. Then, in case the packing is done by the association, an additional

charge is made to cover the cost of the box and packing. Any surplus is, of course, distributed as premiums.

The system of selling has been radically changed within the past few years. Formerly practically all of the fruit was consigned to commission men, who, as a class, it may be truthfully said, are inclined to do the best they can by their constituents.

But too often the experience has been that the organized efforts of the associations have not been realized.

Consignments are only made to well known firms, and much of this fruit is sold at auction.

But even with this arrangement difficulties arise, so in order to protect themselves the larger associations have an agent at the duty of the agent, or broker, to inspect all cars which come into his territory, as near the destination as possible, and thus protect the association

from dishonest buyers. He also is on hand to adjust the differences which arise when the fruit actually reaches the buyer in poor condition.

Express shipments are only made to comparatively nearby points, and with such shipments the growers receive exactly what the fruit brings, less the expressage and the association's commission.

Such associations often fail in their purpose. The prime causes of failure are well summed up by Waugh:

All classes of farmers are constitutionally and proverbially distrustful of their people and of one another.

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thereby be hastened—for here is no fit house for your highness to abide."

"Nay, nay—since you are here, lady, there shall be no fairer house in France."

And then, looking the constable full in the face, he said, "I speak plainly before this gentleman, whose bidding evidently is unwelcome to you."

"No, no, lord," she cried, "Monsieur de Guesclin was my father's friend."

"And will you go on come at the bidding of none," added the freebooter impudently.

He stepped forth from the shadows and laid a heavy hand upon that famous sword by which so much glory had come to the name of Guesclin.

No element of tragedy was lacking to that scene of passion and of hate, no element of love and of a word spoken as none but a king might speak it.

"In my lady's presence, sir, said the prince, such argument it shall be held to some advantage. Let madame say the word. I will go or stay, as her wish shall be."

"My lord," she said quickly, "there is no house which would receive you so readily as any other time than this."

"Lord Prince," she rejoined, "so much I give willingly if your departure may

lodge beyond the donjon keep and furnished with no little elegance in a day when elegance had little to do with any dwelling house.

"The better reason which shall take us in, was there ever a woman that knew her mind yet? Stable my horse where he shall stand to my hand—and, hark ye, your place is at the wicket, where a winded horn shall call me to my senses if the need arise."

John of Abington nodded sagely and was not displeased that his prince should contemplate no long delay nor be in sensible to those words of wisdom which he himself had spoken.

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There had been hunting in the forest all day, we rode and toward evening a ride had carried the company toward the Hermitage, where dwelt an ancient man, sufficiently holy and sufficiently dandy to justify the favor and the patronage of the devout.

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charge is made to cover the cost of the box and packing. Any surplus is, of course, distributed as premiums.

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The word was already upon her tongue when a coarse laugh from the freebooter at her side changed her impulse and betrayed all her fear of him.

"So many friends," cried he, "that a manchet of bread shall suffice them and a second bottle go unasked for. Let me look me in the face and say that it is not so. He comes here with John of Abington as I with Sieur de Charraas."

"Nay, lord Prince, do you deny it?" "I deny it not," exclaimed the Prince, turning upon him scornfully.

"I come with my sword, but I will speak no softer, sir, there are those at my call who will ride here for very curiosity."

"Bringing, lord Prince, men of mine who shall not be less curious."

He drew a step nearer to the Prince, and once more laid his hand upon his sword. He knew that he might have fallen but for his lady's presence.

Two of her servants to the room, and they began to strip the table, as though they were prepared and the delay unexpected.

When next we have a picture of the apartment, it is one of a hall, and there many tapers, adorned by rare plate and odoriferous of good cooking.

There is my lady, white and frightened, between two who had done her, and neither speaks of riding forth again. This would have been about the hour of ten o'clock of the night. It was half an hour later when a horn wended in the forest, brought the Prince to his feet and led Bernard de Guesclin as curious a man as any in Guienne might be.

"Sir," said the Prince, with much dignity, "I do perceive that a certain curiosity has got the better of my servants, even as I feared it would be true. I am, however, for I have broken bread with you and will do no treachery. North or south, any sanctuary you name shall suffice if you do go speedily. But an you go not, by God's word I will hang you from the nearest tree."

He turned to the door, and there listened impatiently. As for Margaret of Angouleme, she who loved this English lord so well, what thoughts were in her heart when she heard the message which the forest now spoke to them, and knew that her lover would abide! Did she foresee the moment when she might see him? Prince how this Bernard de Guesclin had come to her house by treachery, how she had dissembled for very prudence, and how she had feared and suffered in the hours of the doubt? Or did her woman's wit read the omens truly? The narrative tells us that she stood white and afraid between them—that she uttered no word, even when a great cry rose up and all heard the savage shouts which betrayed the outlaw's hand.

"My lord," says Bernard, suavely, "there is some error there—for I do plainly perceive that these be men of my company and not those honorable friends whose coming would have given you so much satisfaction. Is it not so, lord Prince?"

"It is so," said the Prince—but so disdainfully that my lady trembled for his very life.

"And being so, Highness, it is you who shall go forth to sanctuary, or hang upon one of yonder trees before the hour is old."

"I go not, Bernard; tell them in that they may obey you."

"Nay, nay," cried my lady, her eyes wild with terror and all the color fled instantly from her face; "you will go, lord, because I wish it."

"You wish it, madame; 'Tis this wish in love of me."

"Nay," she rejoined, "in love of him who was my father's friend."

And so she turned and, as the old narrative tells us, putting her arms about Guesclin's neck, she kissed him upon both cheeks and bade him abide.



A MAN STOOD BY MY LADY'S CHAIR. RELEASED APRIL 12

CO-OPERATION IN MARKETING

The co-operative idea among fruit and truck growers, having passed the experimental stage, has become an important factor in present-day marketing.

There are two methods of packing and grading fruit; in one instance the association does all the packing, the growers delivering the fruit to the packing house just as it is taken from the trees.

charge is made to cover the cost of the box and packing. Any surplus is, of course, distributed as premiums.

The system of selling has been radically changed within the past few years. Formerly practically all of the fruit was consigned to commission men, who, as a class, it may be truthfully said, are inclined to do the best they can by their constituents.

But too often the experience has been that the organized efforts of the associations have not been realized.

Consignments are only made to well known firms, and much of this fruit is sold at auction.

But even with this arrangement difficulties arise, so in order to protect themselves the larger associations have an agent at the duty of the agent, or broker, to inspect all cars which come into his territory, as near the destination as possible, and thus protect the association

Station, the Hood River Apple Growers' Union has met with great success.

A Flag With a History. (Grant's Town Greetings, St. George.) Mr. Joseph McCormack flew a flag with a history on Victoria Day.

A SHAKESPEARE MEMORIAL. London, May 22.—The question as to whether the Shakespeare memorial to take the form of a statue or a National Theatre, the latter being advocated strongly at a meeting recently held at the Lyceum Theatre, at which Lord Lytton presided, will likely be settled by compromise.



Kaiser Restores a Ruined Castle



EMPEROR WILHELM II AT THE DEDICATION OF THE CHANCEL OF THE RESTORED CASTLE OF HOHENKNEUBURG, NEAR SCHLESSTADT, IN LOWER ALSAZ, THE RESTORATION OF WHICH WAS RECENTLY ATTENDED BY THE GERMAN EMPEROR AND THE EMPIRESS.

One of the most picturesque remnants of feudal times in Germany is the restored castle of Hohenkneuburg, near Schlesstadt, in Lower Alsace, the restoration of which was recently attended by the German Emperor and Empress.

The castle passed into the possession of the German Emperor in 1880, and His Majesty commissioned Professor Bodo Ebb-

and on the ground close to my feet lay a wallet which certainly did not belong to me. For a moment I hesitated about entering the room at all, and stood listening.

CHAPTER IV.  
FROM THE BLACK HOUSE.

The murdered man was known to me. He was my cousin, Geoffrey Perabore, the black sheep of our family. He had squandered his money, squandering every length he had been cast off as irreclaimable.

He had caused me an infinite amount of worry. He was the cause of my being in the Black House.

CHAPTER V.  
FROM THE BLACK HOUSE.

CHAPTER VI.  
FROM THE BLACK HOUSE.

CHAPTER VII.  
FROM THE BLACK HOUSE.

THE MAN WHO WAS DEAD

BY ARTHUR W. MARCHMONT  
Author of "In the Cause of Freedom," "When I Was Czar," Etc.

CHAPTER III.  
The Assassination.

A good dinner, a bottle of wine, and a cigar produced a considerable change in my opinion of Stephanie's warning. I began to feel that I had taken it altogether too seriously, and had been over-hasty to shake hands with panic.

Instead of being in such a hurry to frighten himself, what was to do was to consider quietly and calmly the information I had obtained from her, and its connection with the investigation I had come to make.

Before I left Serbia it was known that a plot to overthrow the government was in the air, and that a certain Prince Lepova was credited with the intention of getting the throne by marrying a princess who would be acceptable to the revolutionist section of the Serbian people on account of her connection with the great family of Obrenowitz—the rival house to that of King Peter. But who this was I did not know.

My old chief's desire was to get at first hand the intentions of the Austrian Government, and it was to ascertain that secretly, through the minister who had been my father's friend, that I had been sent to Vienna. I was of course to keep my eyes open for any other information about Lepova and his doings.

So far I had not stumbled on the fact that Stephanie was in the thing at all, and certainly not Norma. Stephanie's action I could easily understand. This sort of thing had been the common employment of the late baron—his profession, so to speak. And during the six or seven years of their married life they had made the utmost use of his title and position, had entertained freely and had spent money lavishly in carrying on the work of "international agency."

Paris, Berlin, London, Rome, and St. Petersburg had been in turn the scene of their "operations," and so astutely had the wily old rascal covered his tracks, that although suspected of having been at the head of a series of conspiracies, he had never been detected. When the plot failed, as they all did eventually, he had always managed to escape from the wreck with plenty of profit, if not with honor. For the latter he cared nothing.

My chief, who had watched them carefully, declared to me in a burst of confidence one day, that the only reason for this could be that there was a double treachery, and a scheme which they might openly avow, it was never their real object. In his opinion, Baron Dolgoroff was one of the most dangerous men in Europe—but dangerous mostly to his associates, and that the wife was more dangerous than the husband. This had been the preface to a blunt statement which I must choose between their acquaintance and his confidence.

offered to walk with me and show me the Black House, and, as the Gravenplatz was in the Riesenstrasse, I consented.

"Your father is Lord Helmincourt, isn't he?" he asked, as we walked.

"Yes," I nodded.

"I heard so. Great chum of our chief's, they tell me."

"Lifelong friends," I said. "They fought a duel when they were young, and nearly killed each other, and have been staunch friends ever since."

"How do you like the chief?"

"You know him better than I do, I expect," said I.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO ESTABLISHED 1867  
B. E. WALKER, President  
ALEX. LAIRD, General Manager  
Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000  
Reserve Fund, - 5,000,000  
Branches throughout Canada, and in the United States and England.  
COUNTRY BUSINESS Every facility afforded to farmers and others for the transaction of their banking business. Sales notes will be cashed or taken for collection.  
BANKING BY MAIL Accounts may be opened by mail, and monies deposited or withdrawn in this way with equal facility.

TWO GREAT SIRES OF TROTTERS GONE

Boston, June 2.—Within a short time two of the best sons of the great stallions have died. The death of Todd (2:14.34) has been followed by that of Admiral Vose (2:04.34), the noted son of the ex-queen of trotters, Nancy Hank's (2:04). While the latter stallion had not demonstrated that he was to be a sensational sire of speed, Todd had done, there is no doubt that when his get have had an opportunity they will demonstrate that the death of the stallion was a great loss to the breeding interests of the country. There was much similarity in the history of the two sons of Bingen. Both were possessed with sensational speed at an early age and both broke down before they had a chance to show their real racing ability.

FINEST WARSHIP AFOAT

Paris Matin Has High Praise for the Indomitable

Paris, June 3.—The immense superiority of the new British armored cruiser, the Indomitable, is dwelt upon in a striking article in the Paris Matin, which maintains that she is the only ship capable of forcing an engagement or refusing to fight. She greatly reduces the value of the armored cruisers of all other nations. Owing to her heavier guns and greater protection, she can keep such a distance from the three best French, Japanese or American vessels of the same type that, while her own fire would be perfectly effective, she would be invulnerable to theirs. Indeed, the Indomitable could match herself against most of the French and German battleships in commission, and is superior to some of the British.

GRATEFUL DOCTOR REWARDS NURSE

Pays Her Way to India and All Her Expenses for Seven Years as Missionary.

Toronto, June 3.—The Baptist Mission Board has appointed Miss Zimmerman, of Victoria, B. C., and Miss Jessie Findlay, of Manitoba, as missionaries to India. Miss Zimmerman's passage and all expenses for seven years, the usual term of foreign service, is being paid by Dr. Bell, of Sault Ste Marie. Dr. Bell is a Presbyterian, but has been through a critical illness, and he has taken this method of showing his appreciation.

CARLETON COUNTY MAN DIED OF SMALLPOX

Alfred Holmes, who Resided Near Bath, Succumbed Monday—Two Other Cases Reported.

Bristol, N. B., June 2.—Smallpox still exists in the parish of Kent. The first death occurred yesterday near Bath, when Alfred Holmes passed away. He contracted the disease a few weeks ago at Plaster Rock, and soon after returned to his home near Bath, where he has been residing with his daughter, Mrs. Hezekiah Banks. Dr. Commins has been attending and has taken every necessary precaution to prevent the disease from spreading. Though two new cases have been reported in Holmsville, a few miles distant, and deceased was about 55 years of age, and leaves two sons and two daughters. The burial took place last evening.

\$11,000 GIFT TO REWARD FAITHFUL CIVIC OFFICIAL

St. Paul, Minn., June 2.—A few minutes after Robert A. Smith had retired from the office of Mayor of St. Paul today, he was handed an envelope containing a draft for \$11,000. This amount had been contributed by eighty-one business men of St. Paul as an appreciation of the venerable mayor's services to the city. Mr. Smith is eighty-one years of age and has an office-holding record of fifty years in this country. Of these years, which, with the exception of one term, was spent in the mayor's office, one time he was a wealthy man, but the failure of a bank of which he was an officer, led him voluntarily to dispose of all his property to make the loss to depositors as small as possible. He would have left the mayor's office penniless had it not been for the contribution.

Why Girls Go Pale.

Because their blood is deprived of iron per nourishment through contamination. All is changed, complexion health is ruined by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills. No medicine for girls and women better than Dr. Hamilton's Pills.







CARLETON COUNTY. YOUNG MAN CUTS HIS THROAT

Lee Slipp, of Bedell Settlement, Found in Precarious State and Likely to Die—Death of Robert Caldwell.

STEAMER HAMPSTEAD BUT LITTLE DAMAGED

The steamer Hampstead was brought from Indiantown yesterday and docked in Market Slip at 3 o'clock.

NO CONFIRMATION OF EIGHT DROWNED

At the county court this morning the jury after an absence of 15 minutes acquitted Seymour Chase of the charge of stealing \$400 from Wm. Lewis, of St. Marys.

AMHERST MAN BILLY INJURED

Amherst, N. S., June 4. (Special.)—Clarence Dauphine, employed at the Globe Laundry, had his right leg caught in the driving wheel of the engine this morning and badly broken.

ITALIAN SENT UP FOR TRIAL AT GAGETOWN

John Shorey Committed on Charge of Stealing from King Lumber Co. at Chipman—Trial in October.

TERRIBLE BREATHING DIFFICULTY

For ten years, states Capt. McDonald of Kingston, Ont., I have been a terrible sufferer from bronchitis, asthma, and other ailments.

POINT OF INTEREST TO LUMBERMEN RAISED

Case Before Judge Wedderburn in County Court Chambers.

Friday, June 5. Judge Wedderburn, of the County Court, sitting in chambers here yesterday, heard argument in the matter of Abraham W. Day and Charles J. Murray, et al., vs. Arthur Craudall, et al.

SCOTT ACT RAIDS AT SUSSEX AGAIN

Inspector Weyman's Success Induced Mr. Cusack, Who Claims the Office, to Try His Luck, and He Made a Big Haul.

Sussex, N. B., June 4.—Scott act circles are buzzing again. On Monday night Inspector Weyman raided a place in town.

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OBITUARY LeBaron H. Jenkins.

J. M. Jenkins Tuesday received word of the death of his uncle LeBaron H. Jenkins in East Boston.

WALTER M. ROBERTSON.

The death of Walter M. Robertson, son of Charles H. Robertson, occurred Monday at Robertson's Point.

Wm. F. Haelett.

Wm. F. Haelett, an old and respected resident of Whitehead, Kings County, is dead, aged eighty-seven years.

JAMES McLEAN.

Woodstock, N. B., June 4. (Special.)—The death took place at an early hour this morning of James McLean, aged 77 years.

PERSONALS

A. E. Carson, Canadian manager for Thomas J. Lipton, left on May 25 on an extended business trip to England.

FAIRVILLE METHODIST QUARTERLY MEETING

Encouraging reports were presented at the quarterly meeting of the Fairville Methodist church held last evening.

GEORGE H. PICK, LONG ON I. C. R. SERVICE, HAS RETIRED

Monday, N. B., June 4. (Special.)—Geo. H. Pick, weighing inspector is retiring from the Intercolonial after a service of forty-four years in railway work.

ST. JOHN MARKETS

There was very little change in quotations last week in the local markets.

COUNTRY MARKET. Beef, western, per lb., 0.05 to 0.05 1/2. Beef, country, per lb., 0.07 to 0.07 1/2.

FRUITS, ETC. New walnuts, per bushel, 1.11 to 1.11. Greenish walnuts, per bushel, 1.14 to 1.14.

PLUMS, ETC. Ontario plums, per bushel, 0.85 to 0.85. Grand Rapids plums, per bushel, 0.85 to 0.85.

FISH. Large dry cod, per cwt., 4.50 to 4.50. Medium dry cod, per cwt., 4.25 to 4.25.

GRAIN. Middling, small lot, per bushel, 29.00 to 29.00. Middling, car lot, per bushel, 29.00 to 29.00.

WEDDINGS. Lord-Manning. Frank W. Lord and Miss Gertrude Manning, both of this city, were on Monday united in marriage.

JUE WEDDINGS

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Strange-Irvine. St. Stephen, June 3.—At 7.15 o'clock this morning, in the Presbyterian church, Miss Sarah Irvine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Irvine, Water street, became the bride of Livingston Strange, second son of the late George Strange.

Remond-Jones. Monday, N. B., June 4. (Special.)—A quiet and pretty wedding took place this evening at 8.30 o'clock when Miss Charlotte E. daughter of the late Oliver Jones was married to Clarence W. Remond, of the U.S.R., engineer of maintenance of way office.

Nichols-Knight. In Quebec yesterday the marriage of Edward F. Nichols, former resident of Carleton, and Miss Lottie Galt, daughter of George Galt, took place.

Whelly-Gallivan. The wedding of Miss Margaret Whelly, daughter of John Whelly, City road, to Dennis Gallivan, of Brookville, was celebrated in Holy Trinity church on Monday afternoon by Rev. J. J. Walsh.

Rowley-Garrett. At their new home 274 Waterloo street Miss Dolly Garrett of Garrett Settlement was united in marriage at 9 o'clock Wednesday evening to Joseph Rowley of this city.

Richardson-Donovan. A quiet but very pretty wedding took place in St. Thomas Church, Carleton Place, on Wednesday morning at six o'clock when Elizabeth M., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Donovan, Carleton Place, was united in marriage to Kenneth I. Richardson, M.D., of Providence, R. I.

SPECIAL VALUE Men's Heavy Reefers

with Storm Collars, regular \$4.50 value. For \$3.39

CLOTHING COMPANY

26-28 Charlotte Street, opp. City Market. ALEX. CORBET, Manager

At the rectory, Welford, on Wednesday evening, Clarence McKim, of Fairville, and Miss Annie Load, of Welford, were married by Rev. H. H. McKim, of Fairville.

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MARRIAGES

MILLING-SHEWEN—On the June 5, 1908, at "Emburah" Burke avenue, by the Rev. J. W. Millidge, brother of the bridegroom, was united in marriage to E. T. P. Shewen, resident engineer, Public Works, Canada.

DEATHS

KEISTEAD—At Hunter Home, Canaan, Queen County, Dedic presented, aged 46 years, seven months and three days, leaving a mother, five sisters and two brothers to mourn their loss.