

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. 1. NO. 211.

GUELPH ONT., CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 18, 1868.

PRICE ONE PENNY

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

Mail	9.45 a. m.	Day Express	9.45 a. m.
Day Express	2.55 p. m.	Eve. Ex.	2.45 a. m.
Night Ex.	2.45 a. m.	Eve. Accom.	5.50 p. m.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

ARRIVE AT GUELPH. DEPART.

Mixed	10.50 a. m.	Accommodated	6.45 a. m.
Accommodated	11.35 a. m.	Mixed	3.00 p. m.
Do	8.05 p. m.	Accom.	4.50 p. m.

Stages leave for Walkerton at 5 a. m., and for Owen Sound at 4 a. m. Hamilton and Brock road at 11 a. m.

THE SPRING TRADE.

Advertisers will reach a large class of readers by inserting their business announcements in this paper. Our daily and weekly editions are double those of our contemporaries.

New Advertisements.

GUELPH EVENING MERCURY.

DO NOT fail to subscribe to the GUELPH EVENING MERCURY.

VERY latest Telegraphic, Local and other News in the MERCURY.

MORE and better selected Reading Matter appears in **The Evening Mercury** than any other paper in Guelph.

EVERY Merchant and Business Man should advertise in this paper.

REPORTS of all Local Proceedings up to three o'clock appear daily in this paper.

THE Standing Circulation of the Evening and Weekly Mercury is **6,400 copies**, a circulation which no other journal in this section of Canada can lay claim to.

ON an average five persons read each paper. So that 32,000 readers peruse each issue.

Evening Mercury.

OFFICE.....MACDONNELL STREET.

WEDNESDAY EV'G, MARCH 18, 1868.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers having contracts with this office are notified that unless their changes for the EVENING MERCURY are handed in before 12 o'clock, their advertisements cannot be altered until the following day. Advertisements for the WEEKLY MERCURY should be handed in as early as possible on Wednesday morning in order to secure insertion.

WELLINGTON BATTALION.—We find the following promotions in the 'Gazette'—No. 7 Company, Erin, to be Captain, acting till further orders, Lieutenant Thomas Carberry, vice Feary, resigned. To be Lieutenant, (temporary), Ensign Robert A. McLachlin, M.S., vice Carberry, promoted.

QUICK WORK.—A lad named Christopher Cripps, living near Rockwood, out of mere curiosity to know how long it would take him to cut, split and pile a cord of wood put his strength and skill to the test a few days ago, and performed the [perhaps] unparalleled feat of putting up the cord in one hour and twenty minutes. A number of persons stood by while he did it.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES AT ERIN.—The anniversary services of the W. M. Sabbath School will be held on Sunday next, 22nd. A public tea meeting will take place on the day following at which the children of the school will take part with dialogues, recitations and sacred songs. A rich treat may be expected in spending the evening with the young folks.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—A public examination of the school in section 44, township of Guelph, was held in the school house on Friday, the 13th ult. Messrs. Black, Scott and Luttrell, teachers, and a large number of the parents and others resident in the Section were present. The proficiency of many, and the satisfactory progress which all the pupils had made since last examination reflected great credit on their efficient teacher, Mr. McCleay. The scholars were examined in reading, history, geography and arithmetic. Recitations and dialogues by the scholars were given in fine style, and added greatly to the interest of the examination. At the close books, &c., were distributed to the scholars; the best receiving the most valuable.

TARRED AND FEATHERED.—A married woman named Duprey living about ten miles from London, formed an intimacy with a man named May, and the two ejected the husband from the house and beat him severely. The indignation of the neighbors was aroused; they gathered themselves together, took the guilty couple out, divested them of their clothing, and then tarred and feathered them.

THE WEST WARD.—Mr. Massie having signified his intention of being a candidate for Deputy Reeve, in room of Mr. Peterson, who has resigned, a new election will require to be held in the West Ward for a Councillor in Mr. Massie's place. We understand that Mr. C. J. Buckland intends to offer himself as a candidate when the seat becomes vacant, and we have little doubt he will be elected by acclamation. He has in former years served this Ward at the Council Board, and was an active, honest and faithful representative.

BIRD CAGES.

Just received a variety of Bird Cages, a better assortment than ever before offered in Guelph.

JOHN HORSMAN.

Guelph Weekly Mercury

FOR THURSDAY MARCH 19

Will contain the conclusion of the proceedings of the County Court and Quarter Sessions; the whole of the Spring Assizes; editorials on the leading topics of the day; local and miscellaneous news; proceedings of the Parliament of Canada, and a vast amount of other reading matter. It will be ready at the bookstores in time for the English mail, and at the office of publication, Macdonnell-st. THE GUELPH WEEKLY MERCURY is the best got up paper in the country and contains a third more reading matter than any other newspaper published west of Toronto.

Mason's Dramatic Company.

LAST NIGHT.

The French play entitled "Little Barefoot" was performed by this company last night, when Miss Nellie Dunn made her first appearance as Amry the Little Barefoot. The character represents a poor little orphan girl, artless, innocent, honest and industrious, who works her way up in the world by dint of industry and a desire to please. Miss Dunn did full justice to the character. Her vivacity, and the alternating shades of joy or sorrow that came over her were exhibited with a naturalness and ease which was highly relished by the audience. Jimmy her brother found an excellent representative in Mr. Lampe, who as the somewhat silly yet kindly disposed boy was exceedingly natural and funny. The obscure life, the little adventures, the griefs and gladness of the two orphans were well brought out throughout the play, and gave great pleasure to the audience. Mr. Salter as the farmer's son and lover of Amry, Miss V. Richmond as Rose, and Mr. Mason as the Dutchman were also excellent in their parts. The piece was well put on the stage, and the affecting tableau at the end of the third act was beautiful. It represented Little Barefoot invoking the protection of Heaven, while behind her as in a vision appeared her father and mother and little sister. The tableau was very fine and was greatly applauded.

To-night this excellent company appear for the last time, when the beautiful play of "Fanchon" will be produced, Miss Dunn appearing as Fanchon. This piece has lately had an extraordinary run in New York, and it has been greeted with the heartiest applause by large audiences wherever it has been played. The people of Guelph may not have an opportunity for a long time of seeing such a play as this, therefore, we would advise all who can possibly attend to be there, especially as this is the last night the Company perform in Guelph.

SAD CASE OF DROWNING.—The London Free Press records the following:—It is with sincere regret that we have to notice the death of a fine promising young girl, named Annie Orr, under the following painful circumstances:—On Sunday afternoon she went to the river side with three or four younger than herself, and while standing on the bank or brink of the river, with a book in her hand, looking at the drift-wood and ice floating down the stream, she asked her sister if her head was getting dizzy, who answered "No." She then said that hers was, and in the act of turning away from the stream, fell in. The sister, who was younger, caught hold of her dress; but the force of the current was so great that she had either to let go her hold or be dragged into the stream, and the merciless current swept poor Annie along with it. Owing to the muddy state of the water, and such a body of it running so rapidly, it is hard to say when or where her remains may be cast.

THE BALL AND CHAIN.—The St. Catharines Journal says, the hard cases and bummers in that town are about to have a hard time. The Mayor has decided to put in force the ball and chain system on prisoners sentenced to hard labor. They will be employed on the public streets, in charge of a constable, cracking stones. This is a move in the right direction and should have been in operation long ago. It has worked well wherever tried.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—A young woman named Harriet Morin, mistress of a bawdy in Westminster, attempted self destruction on Sunday night last, by swallowing a large dose of morphine. One of the girls happened to go to her room, and learned what she had done. A doctor was sent for, and a mixture of powdered alum and sugar dissolved in water was effective in making her vomit the poison. She rallied soon after, and regained the use of her faculties. On being interrogated as to the motives which had prompted her attempt at self destruction, she resolutely declared she would not be felled, but would carry out her purpose to the letter. She had reasons enough to wish for death; and life was no longer attractive to her. Since the act she has been under strict surveillance. A girl in the same house poisoned herself with morphine a short time ago, and since then none of her stamp have been able to procure the drug in London. It is said Morin went all the way to Chicago to obtain it, so resolutely was she bent on suicide.

Insure before Fifth April

With the Life Association of Scotland. Agent for Guelph,

WILLIAM SMITH, Manager Gore Bank.

For the Mercury.

Braggadocio Run Mad.

"Hark! hark! I hear
The strains of strutting Chanticleer
Cry Cock-a-doodle-oo."

Ever since the admission of the Wyndham street organ into the Ministerial orchestra, the people of Guelph have been greatly edified with the vain-glorious, egotistical boastings of that delectable sheet, its spasmodic caterwaulings, rendered in the most approved style of the art, would be highly creditable to the fertile brain of your contemporary, were they not so lamentably dismal. Day after day we are bored with column upon column of high-strung twaddle, setting forth the unparalleled advantages to be secured by those fortunate individuals who possess sufficient penetration to enable them (with the aid of leather spectacles) to construe into light and bring to a proper bearing the superlatively logical, witty, and profound articles that appear in the columns of the *Advertiser*—no easy task, for they combine the united labors of "brass, scissors and paste," interspersed with an occasional dash of the imaginative powers of the hero of Chattanooga. The result of the late Parliamentary election in this hiding completely prostrated the editor's nervous system, producing catalepsy in its worst form, and from the effects of which he has only recently recovered. But now that he is convalescent, he has, like Jack Horning in bygone days, "come out of his shell," and is proclaiming in trumpet tones the magnitude of his efforts in procuring a few pounds of new type wherewith to increase the dimensions of his *lively* sheet some three-quarters of an inch!—and exhorting advertisers to rally round his *live* but *sickly* rag in preference to the detested *Tadpole*.—Nor is his stupendous enterprise lost sight of—he is a veritable prodigy in that line, for it is an indubitable fact that nearly every item of local news which appears in his "live" sheet bears an unmistakable likeness to those of the *Mercury* of the previous day. Of course the sub-editor (the scissors) is not responsible for that. Notwithstanding the frequent snubbings to which he is subjected, the bump of combativeness continues to be terribly manifest in the cranium of your contemporary, as he is stubbornly persistent in outbraving his imaginary wrongs and personal good qualities on the attention of his rapidly increasing legions of readers, probably considering it a particular public favor to punch the *Tadpole* in the ribs. And it should be punched right lustily, too, for its audacity in presuming to supplant in public favor the old established organ which has been, politically, everything by turns, but nothing long. No doubt his readers look on with breathless interest while he fires his bloodless shafts at hated rivals or offending telegraph operators, and it is to be presumed their interest would grow more intense as the sheet increased in magnitude and ability, were they not required to "pay the shot." This they are requested to do with amazing regularity, without fear or favor. But as it is essential to his existence to keep himself and those about him in a continual ferment, it would be cruel to attempt confining him to the strict path of truth and decorum. Let him follow the bent of his own inclinations—his bark and bite are alike harmless. Although on several occasions he has, at one and the same time, his good-naturedly lends a helping hand to that particular party which promises to advance his own happiness and prosperity, in a pecuniary point of view, leaving the care of the balance of mankind to the tender mercies of the *Pollywog*. Taking this town as a fair criterion, it must be admitted that the magnitude of the *Advertiser's* circulation, like midnight spectres, is entirely fresh to the ears of the next or succeeding century, when the No-Partyites are in the ascendancy. Let us charitably hope so.

TOOTHPICK.

Guelph, March 17, 1868.

Rockwood Union Agricultural Society.

A numerously attended and influential Public Meeting was held at Rockwood on Wednesday, 11th inst., for the purpose of organizing an Agricultural Society with Rockwood for its head quarters, when the following gentlemen were chosen as officers, viz:—Alexander McQueen, Esq., Erasmoss, President; Robert Dunbar, Esq., do, Vice-President; Isaac Laight, Esq., do, Secretary & Treasurer. Directors—Messrs Wilson Ramshaw and William Stevenson, Nassagways; John Fielding and Henry Duffield, Erin; Thos. Hughes, Adam Clark, John Blanchfield, Joshua Gorow and Alex. McLeod, Erasmoss; Andrew Boyle, Eden Mills; Strickland Duffield and William Stovel, Rockwood.

Subscription lists were opened at the close of the meeting, when the sum of \$35 was obtained, which with \$102 previously subscribed by the inhabitants of Rockwood, makes the handsome sum of \$137 with which to commence operations.

The first meeting of Directors will be held at Duffield's Hotel, Rockwood, on Saturday, the 21st inst., at 2 p. m.

A sad accident occurred at Norland, Lindsay county, last Friday, resulting in the death of the fourth daughter of Mr. A. A. McLachlin. It appears that four of the children were playing in the woods, when the roof gave way under the accumulated weight of snow. All escaped with slight bruises but the one little girl, seven years of age, who was instantly killed.

A Government return shows the condition of the Volunteer army of Great Britain at the close of last year:—Light Horse, 536; Artillery, 40,655; Engineers, 6,550; Mounted Rifles, 575; Infantry, 167,050; total 215,812. Of this force, however, 32,548 are returned as not thoroughly efficient, the total available force of volunteers being therefore reduced to 183,264 of all arms. But of this number 90,588 are set down as being "extra efficient."

Temperance Lecture.

The usual weekly meeting in the Temperance Hall, last night, was very well attended. The proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Ball. The choir sang the opening hymn, followed by Mr. Howie, jr., with a recitation, "The Gin Fiend," rendered in a very superior style, and a very charming song, sweetly sung, by Mrs. Breardon and Miss Armstrong.

The President, Alex. Thomson, Esq., then in a few complimentary words introduced the speaker of the evening, Rev. W. F. Clarke. He began by saying that the English had a proverb, "Facts are stubborn things." The Scotch stated the same thing thus, "Facts are chiefs that winna ding, and daurna be disputed." Intemperance is one of these facts. Since nature had existence men's minds have been engaged in investigating facts in their different relations to human life, and none, especially of late years, have been more thoroughly looked into than the great and deplorable fact of Intemperance, and yet many people have still astonishingly vague ideas concerning it. There has been a great deal written and spoken about this terrible evil, and notwithstanding these efforts, not a tith of the fearful truth has come to eye and ear.—Exaggeration on this subject is impossible; no painter, though his pencil were dipped in the gloom of Hell, could paint a scene too dark for the truth, were a mind of infinite genius and knowledge to pourtray on canvas that reached across the expanse of the universe a vast panorama, the countless scenes of woe caused by drink, we might get some conception of its extent and horror. Familiarity in this as in other cases breeds contempt. Men get accustomed to the evil, as the soldier grows familiar with bloody corpses on the battle field.

Intemperance is produced by various causes, among the most pernicious are the drinking customs of society, the liquor traffic, and the power of habit. There is danger in the most moderate use of strong drinks, it is a most insidious thing, nearly all drunkards are surprised into a knowledge of their slavery. The world is not alive to the danger of this habit, it steals on apace, little by little, till it gains uncontrollable power. Friends notice it long before the victim does, but friends are chary of giving correcting advice in this independent age. Ministers know something of this—they must be very sparing and judicious in reproving, their people won't stand much rebuke.

Intemperance is a great physical and social evil, and these aspects of the case are generally most dwelt upon, but it is still more a moral evil—a sin against God, which He, the righteous judge, must punish. It is a sin that we must watch against, pray against; and this necessitates the recognition of the principle of total abstinence.

There are many reasons that go to show why total abstinence is the only safe course—to keep as far as possible from danger is the action of wisdom. There are also the elementary principles as they may be styled, such as the essentially poisonous nature of alcohol? Disinterring medical testimony of the highest character proves that its use as a beverage is positively baneful, its effect on the nerves, muscles and tissues of the human system being of the direst kind. Yet notwithstanding all that is known regarding the evil of using intoxicating liquors, so enormous is the consumption, that it has been calculated, that were the inhabitants of Great Britain and Ireland to abstain from the use of them for one day one million dollars would be saved to the world under such a load.

There were many points, the speaker said, in connection with the subject he would like to have touched upon, such as the power of personal influence in staying and promoting the evil, but time did not permit. He would conclude with the pithy advice of John B. Gough—"If you can find it easy to give up intoxicating drinks, give them up for the sake of others, but if you find it hard to give them up, do so for your own sake."

The Rev. gentleman was listened to throughout with profound attention, and on resuming his seat was loudly applauded.

The chairman then called on Rev. Mr. Ball to make a few remarks, he declined however, saying it was getting late, and he would on a future occasion deliver a lecture. This announcement was received with great pleasure, and the time was arranged for that evening four weeks. Rev. Mr. Clarke also stated that the Rev. Mr. Wood, of Brantford, might be expected to lecture in a fortnight.

After music by the choir and the pronouncing the blessing by Rev. Mr. Ball, the meeting separated. Several persons afterwards joined the Society by signing the pledge.

A CHANGE.—The sudden change of temperature on Tuesday night from moderate to cold and boisterous has arrested the mischief which was threatened by the rivers. Further than what we recorded on Tuesday concerning the carrying away of a bridge near Mr. Wells' place, no damage has been done by the Speed. The recurrence of frost has tended to stop the passage of the cakes of ice that were floating down, carrying destruction in their course. The river has overflowed its banks more than it has been known to do for the past six years.

ACCIDENT.—Wiesler's mill dam at Salem has been in danger and a number of men have been engaged in efforts to protect it. One of these, named Robert Simpson, was carried into the water on Tuesday last, where he remained half an hour before he was rescued. It is feared he has been injured.

County of Halton Court News.

(From our Correspondent.)

The Court of Quarter Sessions for the County of Halton, opened at Milton, on Thursday the 10th inst., His Honor Judge Miller presiding. There were three civil and four criminal cases disposed of. They were as follows: Dewar vs. Upham—Action on promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff \$178.55. Cargill vs. Morse—Action on covenant. Verdict by consent, \$180.50. Crozier vs. Wilson—This was an action for wages, but a claim that it was beyond the jurisdiction of the Court was allowed, and it was dropped. Brown, a German, for stealing wheat was sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary. Sharpe, for obtaining money under false pretences, was discharged by the Grand Jury. Higgins pleaded guilty to stealing a railway stamp, and was sentenced to three months imprisonment in gaol; and Patton for assault, and inciting to assault was acquitted.

Monday the 16th inst. the Spring Assizes for the County of Halton were opened and closed by Justice Morrison.

There was, notwithstanding the bad roads and showery weather, a full attendance of both Grand and Petit Jurors, induced doubtless by the wholesale system of officiating delinquent jurymen inaugurated by Judge Miller at the late Quarter Sessions. His Lordship the Judge congratulated the Grand Jury, of whom Archibald Campbell Esq. was foreman, upon the extreme lightness of the criminal calendar only two cases being upon it and also spoke of the *intelligibility* of the people of Halton generally towards the people of the long robe; inferred by his Lordship from the fact of there being no civil cases before the Court. Jacob H. Hill, pleaded guilty to stealing a quantity of carpenter tools from Mr. McGillivie of Oakville, on the 10th inst. Being an old offender he was sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Penitentiary. A true bill was presented against Elias Smith, for dealing in counterfeit \$5 Bank of Montreal bills. In the absence of material evidence the prisoner was remanded until the Fall Assizes.

On the morning of the Assizes a German named Brown, of Waterloo notoriety, and who had been sentenced to three years imprisonment in the Penitentiary, succeeded in getting over both walls of the gaol. He was missed very shortly afterwards, and tracked to the woods near by and brought back to his more comfortable quarters. When visited by the Grand Jury he was reaping the reward of his sagacity in the shape of metallic bracelets round his ankles.

Psalmist Connell.

The following persons were appointed Psalmists on the 29th of February:—John Hockin, William Gordon, George King, Robt. Hume, Ed. Wakefield, Alex. Fleming, Alex. Amos, David Watt, Kenneth McKenzie, Charles Willoughby, Ed. Robertson, Jas. Caulfield, Lawrence McNulty, Thos. Bailey, W. H. Decker, Jos. Bell, Jas. Hamilton, James Black, John Laing, John Iles, E. Langdon, William Nicholl, Duncan McKenzie, Peter Grant, sen., Thomas Doyle, John Martin, Peter McLaren, John McDonald, Peter Menzies, Jas. Black, Matthew Elliott, James McLeish, John McLean, Robert Watson, Jas. McEdward, Duncan McKersher, Neil Campbell, Bernard Brown, Wm Groat, James Stevenson, Cornelius Pennabaker, Jas. McNaughton, Thos. Kernegan, Peter McGregor, Wm Thompson, Joseph McGinnis, Rich'd Tobin, Wm Kirkland, Robt. Buchanan, Wm Strachan, Patrick Moran, Joseph Lynch, Martin Lynch, Jas. Scott, Jas. Laird, James Evans, George Welter, James Phelan, Brian Carroll, Peter Stewart, Kenneth McKenzie, Alex. McKellar, Wm McIntyre, Gillis McPherson, James Clark, John Thomson, John Scott, Alex. Parks, Jas. Eagle, D. McMillan, John Dickie, Elias Whitmore, Elias Arch'd Gilchrist, Jas. Alkens, Alex. McAllister, Neil McPhatter, John McDonald, Kenneth Cameron, Donald Stewart, Duncan McDonald, Walter Cowan, sen., John Stewart, Malcolm McNaughton, John McGeachie, John Hogg, John McFarlane, Donald McKenzie, Andrew Stewart, Andrew Stahl, Hugh McNaughton, James McCaig, John Black, Donald Cameron.

R. T. JOHNSON, Tp. Clerk.

Elora Correspondence.

Mud now reigns supreme. Jack Frost seems to be bidding an good-bye. It is water, water everywhere. The Grand River is very high. The ice is not yet broken up. Fears are entertained that the Gilkinson Bridge would be carried away, but up to this time no damage has been done.

The Elora Mechanics' Institute has lately been putting forth vigorous efforts. In previous years the subscription rate had been \$2 per annum for each member. This year it has been reduced to \$1. The subscription list has been increased from 24 to 70. At the annual meeting which was held last night G. Barron was chosen President, J. McDonald 1st Vice do., M. Halley 2nd Vice do., and A. S. Allan Secretary and Treasurer. A committee of ten was also appointed to transact the business of the society. The regular meetings are hereafter to be held on the 2nd Thursday of each month. Great additions will also be made to the reading matter. The papers and magazines to be procured are—*Dallas*—*Toronto Globe*, *Hamilton Spectator*, *Montreal Herald* and *Guelph Mercury*, other papers—*Scottish American*, *Journal*, *Illustrated London News*, *Scientific American*, *N. Y. Abilon*, *Punch*, and the two Local Papers—*Magazines*—*Chambers' Journal*, *Dominion Monthly*, *Blackwood* and the four *Reviews*.

The Good Templars have also instituted a reading room in connection with their society. I have not been able to obtain the names of the papers and magazines, but I believe all the principal ones are to be procured. The last name of society has within the last month purchased a Melodeon worth 80 dollars, with which it is intended all the meetings will be enlivened.

Yours, DELTA.

Elora March 17th, 1868.

A man in Lincoln, Ill., has a foot 15 1/2 inches long and 5 inches wide.

Eleven aboriginal Australian cricketers are going to England next May.

Chicago, March 17th.—During Monday night a furious storm burst, accompanied by the most severe gale known here for months. Several buildings were blown off.

BY TELEGRAPH

Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

RIOT AT MADEIRA

DEBATE ON THE IRISH REFORM QUESTION.

Two More Fenians to be Hanged.

CORK STILL NOTORIOUS!

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

London, March 16.—The Fenians are still attempting to induce soldiers of the regular army to join their organization. A man named Mahon, charged with being engaged in the business, has been arrested here. The evidence to be produced at his trial will show disaffection to prevail to an alarming extent in some of the Irish regiments.

In the House of Commons last night the debate on Irish reform was resumed in committee of the whole. Mr. Gregory, member for Galway, rose in support of Mr. Maguire's resolutions, and denounced the long continued English misgovernment of Ireland. Of this there seemed to be no end, for now when the Irish people asked for reform in the land, in the Church and in the educational systems, the ministers evaded their demands and offered them other changes which they did not want. He denied that there were any persons among the Roman Catholic clergy who favored the present system of national schools.

Mr. Gladstone then took the floor, and for the first time in this debate gave his views on the question at issue. He said Irish tenants were wanting in enterprise, and should be encouraged by every possible means in making improvements on their farms. As to the Church establishment, it was the duty of Ministers of the Crown to mark out and submit a definite plan for the treatment of that subject—and meanwhile Parliament should lose no time in declaring itself in favor of religious equality in Ireland. He entertained hope that the Ministry fully realized the gravity of the crisis. It was vain to rely upon time as a cure for the evil.—Seven hundred years had thus been wasted. The Irish inhabitants of Canada and Australia were contented, and the great reason for their content was that they possessed the fruits of their own labor, and enjoyed civil and religious equality, but in Ireland the discontent was wide and deep; the alleged material prosperity of Ireland was a proof of this, for notwithstanding the improving condition of the country, as described by some of the gentlemen who had preceded him, no one seemed surprised that the people of Ireland should complain at the same time of their misery. The crisis was a grave one—not only on account of the rapid depopulation of the island by emigration; but on account of the condition of those who remained in the country. It was the imperative duty of the Government to give this question their early and earnest attention.

Mr. Disraeli followed Mr. Gladstone. He commenced by saying that he had reason to deplore his fate in attaining to office when a crisis of seven hundred years standing had to be settled—a supernatural emergency. Even the Ministry which preceded that of Lord Derby had neglected these wrongs of ages. He then went on to combat the arguments of Mr. Gladstone against five out of six measures embraced in the Government plan for the relief of Irish grievances. He denied that the action of the Fenian organization controlled events, or affected the plans of the Ministry. Fenian outrages should prompt no measure, and hasten no policy. The members of the House, he hoped, were not alarmed by the speeches of men who, when in power, did nothing but make speeches, some for Ireland and some for the Irish Church. He admitted that the state of the Irish Church establishment was not satisfactory, but he should give it no consideration which had been in operation for three hundred years. Under the influence of a panic he declared that if pressed to an issue on this question, the Government would feel justified in making an appeal to the country. There had already been too many measures of violence, too much confiscation of property in Ireland. No measure could be called conciliatory which outraged the rights of a million and a half of men. Mr. Disraeli concluded by assuring the House that the Ministry were disposed to consider all the questions which had arisen in regard to Ireland, and all they asked for was time.

Mr. Maguire's resolution was then withdrawn and the debate ended.

Paris, March 17.—The Corps Legislatif today adopted an amendment to the new law in relation to public meetings, which allows political meetings to be held before the election of members for the General Council.

Paris, March 17th.—It is reported that the Papal Government has rejected the advice of the Emperor for the pacification of Italy.

Lisbon, March 17.—A serious political riot occurred in the Island of Madeira on the 5th inst. A mob attacked one of the candidates for the Portuguese Cortez. The militia were called out and fired upon the people, but the latter persisted, and drove their victim to the sea, where he took refuge in a vessel off the shore.

London, March 17, midnight.—In the House of Commons this evening, Lord Stanley stated that he could not at present submit the papers in the Springbok case, as they were in the hands of law officers of the Crown. The Lord Mayor, in reply to false charges made in public print and alluded to in the House, said now in Richmond prison, are treated with leniency; they are not compelled to wear the prison uniform; they are allowed to select their own table, and have all the exercise they desire. Thompson and Mullaey have been tried and convicted at Manchester on a charge of being accessory to murder of Police Sergeant Brett, and were sentenced to be hanged.

Cork, March 17.—An attack was made last night upon the house of Reigate, near this city, by a party of Fenians disguised, but the assailants were repulsed.

OFFICE.....MACDONNELL STREET
WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 18, 1868.

Treaty between Germany and the States.

A new treaty having reference to the naturalization of German emigration to the United States has lately been ratified, between the latter country and the North German Confederation. By it the German States agree to recognize as American citizens, and treat as such, all Germans who shall have resided for an uninterrupted period of five years beneath the stars and stripes. This much is very satisfactory, but there are some provisions which are not likely to meet with such general approbation; as for instance, that "the declaration of an intention to become a citizen of the one or the other country has not for either party the effect of naturalization." The purpose of this clause it will be readily seen is to leave the German emigrant without protection from the United States laws for a period of five years after he first sets foot on American soil. All that time he must be a German, the foregoing restriction rendering it impossible for him to change his nationality until five summers and winters have passed over him after he has changed his country. Even after he has become a naturalized citizen he continues amenable to the laws of Germany for any crime he may have committed before emigration. Now, one of the chief crimes which it is anticipated he may have committed is non-compliance with the law which renders it imperative for every German to serve a number of years under the flag as a soldier, a number in the landwehr, and a still further period in the landstrum, nothing in the shape of exemption from military duties being allowed him until he arrives at the mature age of thirty-two, and absolute exemption coming to him only when he is far advanced in life. The North German Confederation has no intention of consulting the ease and welfare of its citizens in preference to the magnitude and efficiency of its armies, and consequently we find that under this treaty Germans returning to their native land, even though they should have served the probationary term necessary to their becoming naturalized Americans will be liable to the performance of the military duties which they may have escaped or evaded. Moreover, Germans who have become American citizens shall be held to have renounced their naturalization when they have resided, for a second time, longer than two years in Germany. With such enactments in force it may be reasonably supposed that very few of the emigrants who do not prefer the flesh pots of serfdom to such labour and liberty as may be theirs in the United States, will revisit the Fatherland, unless previous to their departure they have in all things complied with the law, nor is their stay likely to be prolonged, even if they should feel themselves perfectly secure in treading once more the shores of the country where they first learned to eat sourkrot, and drink lager.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

The Board of Trade of Ottawa has issued a circular, in which the action of the Board is set forth on the silver question, and the suggestion offered to the Government, viz., that the silver should be called in and purchased by the Government, at current rates, and that if necessary a further issue of Canadian silver currency, should be made. The same circular contains three propositions, which are commended to the consideration of "other Boards of Trade in the Province," viz., that the Government, in fixing the standard of value, "should be requested to recognize the fact that the English sovereign is likely to become a standard of value for international circulation throughout Europe," that there should be a mint established for the Dominion of Canada, and that "a Board of Trade should be organized for the Dominion, consisting of two delegates from every Board of Trade in the Province, who would watch over the interests of commerce, manufactures, navigation, the currency laws and fiscal regulations."

A REMARKABLE SEASON.

The present season seems fraught with peculiarities surpassing the memory of that ubiquitous individual "the oldest inhabitant," or almost any other man. From a term of severe cold weather a sudden change is experienced to the ethereal mildness of spring, attended with the return of the birds and every appearance of the year having taken a sudden start from February to May. For the past two days we have been favored with a succession of thunder showers and warm sunshine, tending to give a premature start to vegetation, if cold weather should not succeed. A gentleman residing not far from Hamilton, who engages extensively in the rearing of bees, informs us that the drones have already emerged from their hives, their appearance rarely being noted in other seasons before the month of June. This circumstance is worthy the attention of the philologist.

Mr. Kennedy, the Scottish vocalist, on the evening of the 24th inst., was presented by the Caledonian Club of New York with a gold medal and badge, and a diploma of honorary membership.

Knox's Congregation, Galt, are making arrangements for building a new church.

Mr. Jones moved an address for all correspondence had with the Government respecting the north-west territory, including British Columbia, since 5th December, 1867.

Sir John A. Macdonald said there had been no correspondence with the Home Government, except the despatch transmitting the address of both Houses; and the only other papers which could be sent down related to the desire of British Columbia to be admitted into the Union. As soon as the answer from the Home Government came, it would be brought down without delay.

After considerable discussion the motion was agreed to.

Sir John A. Macdonald introduced a Bill providing that Parliament should not be dissolved by the demise of the Crown. Second reading ordered for Friday.

Sir John A. Macdonald introduced a Bill for the extension of the Extradition Treaty. The object of the present Bill was to extend the provisions of the Act of the Province of Canada to the whole Dominion.

The Bill was ordered for a second reading on Friday.

Hon. Mr. Rose moved a resolution appropriating thirty thousand dollars for five years towards the geological survey of the Dominion. The object, he explained, was to provide for a geological survey for all parts of the Dominion.

Sir John A. Macdonald introduced a Bill respecting controverted elections.

Mr. Goldwin Smith on the Alabama Question.

Mr. Goldwin Smith in the course of a speech on general politics at Oxford, Feb. 28, said: "The most serious question connected with our foreign policy at present is that of the Alabama. I cannot help remembering now, with some satisfaction, that the first time I ever opened my lips in public it was on this question. I was sitting in my study in Oxford, and thinking how the depredations of the Alabama and of the intended consort of the Alabama, which were then in port ready to sail, would tarnish the honor and imperil the commercial interests of this country, when I received an invitation to attend a meeting called in the Free Trade Hall, at Manchester, to protest against letting out any more of those corsairs. The meeting was composed principally of artisans. So I went down to Manchester merely to attend the meeting, for I had never spoken on a platform in my life. But when I got there, I must speak; and so I stood up in the Free Trade Hall and spoke badly enough, as you may suppose; but still I hope you will not be sorry now that a voice from Oxford was heard on that occasion, [Loud cheers.] I hope the difficulty will now be settled, and I believe it may. There is one element in America, unhappily, very hostile to this country, that which is being always had from the discontent of Ireland. But I am persuaded that, generally speaking, the American of English origin has at the bottom of his heart affection for his mother country. It is on this very account that insults and injuries from us give them so much pain. [Hear, hear.] I remember receiving a letter from an American gentleman who had taken a decided part in the Alabama controversy on that side, and had said some very hard things of England, and his expression to me was, "We never expected such treatment from the dear old mother country." In the very height of the ill-feeling between the two countries, when the Americans were exasperated to the utmost by the insults heaped upon them by *The Times* and other organs of class antipathy in this country, and I being then in America expected every morning that some collision between a blockade runner and an American cruiser or some other accidental complication would involve us in a bloody and desolating war. I reminded a large American audience which I was addressing, that after all England was their mother, and asked them whether among the nations there was one from which they would prefer to be sprung, and they answered with a loud cheer. I think, then, that it will be owing to a want of address in statesmen and diplomatists if, after all, our difficulties with America are not brought to an amicable close. [Cheers.] I shall before very long be in America again, being led there by my literary avocations, and probably I shall this time make a long stay. But do not believe any one who tells you that I shall cease to be an Englishman. I have pretty often been told by *The Standard*, and other organs of the Tory party, that I am not an Englishman; nevertheless, an Englishman I am, and an Englishman I shall remain in whatever land, among whatever people, I may be. [Loud cheers.]

BIRTHS.

BENHAM—In Guelph Township, on the 11th inst., the wife of Mr. Wm. Benham, Jr., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BAIN—HALL—At Pilkington, on the 17th inst., by the Rev. John Hogg, Mr. George Bain, farmer, to Miss Esther Hall, both of Pilkington.

HALL—BAIN—At Guelph, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. John Hogg, Mr. George Hall to Miss Elizabeth Bain, both of Pilkington.

COBURN—MUTRIE—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. W. Barrie, Mr. Joseph Coburn, farmer, to Anne, eldest daughter of Wm. Mutrie, Esq., all of Eramosa.

DIED.

ELLIOTT—In North Dumfries, on the 14th inst., Elizabeth, wife of Mr. William Elliott, aged 35 years.

New Advertisements.

IRON PLOUGHS.

A. GILLIES,

MORRISTON.

HAS much pleasure in informing the farming community that he has now ready a large number of Gray's celebrated Ploughs, made of the very best of material and finished in first class style, as well as several more nearly finished. It would specially invite the attention of prize ploughmen to the merits of this plough, it having invariably taken prizes when competing throughout the country. He continues to manufacture the Moleland, Mahaffy and other wooden Ploughs as heretofore, and would respectfully urge intending purchasers to inspect his stock of ploughs, at his show room, Morriston.

Waggons, Suggies, Sulkes, &c.

He has also special facilities for manufacturing Lumber and Milling Waggons, Suggies, Sulkes, &c., and all kinds of Farming Implements.

Horse-shoeing done as usual in the highest style of the art. A trial solicited from those having horses with bad feet.

Morriston, 19th March, 1868. wlm

R. J. JEANNERET, The Cheapest Spot in Guelph

From England,
(Established in London, Ont., 1842, and in Guelph 1863.)
FOR EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
CLOTHS, CLOTHING
HATS AND CAPS,

Opposite the Market, Guelph.

MRS. DAVIS'S Eating House & Grocery

MRS. DAVIS begs to inform the public of Guelph and vicinity that at her Eating House meals can be had at reasonable prices. Also for sale OYSTERS, Fruits of all kinds, Confectionery, &c.

FRESH GROCERIES

Always in stock an excellent stock of Groceries, comprising Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Tobacco, &c., at prices as low as they can be bought for in any store in town.

Country Produce in Exchange.

All kinds of country produce, such as Butter, Eggs, Cheese, &c., bought at the highest cash price, or taken in exchange for goods.

Remember the place—Upper Wyndham Street, nearly opposite Hazelton's Furniture Warehouse.

MRS. C. H. DAVIS.
Guelph, March 19, 1868. wlf

WANTED

By a young man from the Old Country a situation as Corresponding Clerk, or Book-keeper, salary not so much an object as immediate employment. Has been 10 years in a Wholesale business in England. Address—
W. P. MANSURY Office, Guelph.
Guelph, March 17, 1868. ds

TOWN HALL, GUELPH



MASON'S DRAMATIC COMPANY

LAST NIGHT.

This Wednesday Ev'g, March 18

Will be presented for the first time in Guelph, the beautiful play, in Five Acts, of

FANCHON

OR THE
MOTHER'S PRAYER.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Doors open at 7. Commence at 8 o'clock.
Guelph, March 18th, 1868. d

NORWOOD;

BY
HENRY WARD BEECHER.

A LARGE SUPPLY

At Day's Bookstore,

Opposite the Market, Guelph.
Guelph, March 14, 1868. daw 1f

TO FARMERS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO USE

FRENCH'S

Condition Powders!

If you wish to get your Horse in good order for summer work



They are the best medicine known for removing all impurities of the Blood, and producing a sleek and Glossy Coat, and they have a peculiarly good effect in Cleansing the Skin. As a Diuretic Medicine they will be found superior to any other Powder made.

PREPARED BY

A. B. PETRIE

Chemist and Druggist,
Market Square, Guelph,
Guelph, 11th March, 1868. wd

FARM FOR SALE

In the County of Wellington,
WITHIN five miles of the flourishing town of Guelph, fronting the Elora Road, containing 100 acres, 50 of which are cleared, the balance good hardwood timber; two good frame barns, one with stone foundation, root-house, stable and granary, a young orchard in full bearing, good water on the premises; the soil is rich clay loam, clear from stumps and well fenced.

For particulars, apply to
BLAIR & ALEXANDER,
Corner of Jordan and King streets, Toronto.
Or to the proprietor,
DAVID SAVAGE,
Guelph,
March 11th, 1868. dw

Wool, Hide and Leather

DEPOT,
No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street,
Guelph, July 31, 1867. (dw) D. MOLTON

1868. SPRING GOODS. 1868.

A. O. BUCHAM

OPENED on Saturday the following New Spring Goods:

New 36-inch Grey Cottons,
New 32 and 36-inch White Cottons,
New 30-inch Cotton Tickings,
New Lilac, Madder and
White Ground Prints.

Also, a small selection of

New Spring Dress Goods,

And a few pieces of Superior CANADA TWEEDS, suitable for Spring Wear.

A. O. BUCHAM.

NEW ARRIVALS

AT THE FRUIT DEPOT.



1868. FRESH HADDOCK, FRESH COD. FRESH OYSTERS.

At a great reduction from regular prices. FOR CASH ONLY.

HUGH WALKER,

Wholesale and Retail Fruit and Oyster dealer, Wyndham-St., Guelph.
Guelph, March 17, 1868. daw y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between HOGG & CHANCE, Dry Goods Merchants in Guelph, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the late Firm are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. HOGG, who carries on the business in his usual stand, Golden Lion, Corner Wyndham and Macdonnell Streets. All claims against the late Firm will be settled by Mr. HOGG. Parties having claims will please present them at once for settlement.

HOGG & CHANCE.
Guelph, 9th March, 1868. d6-w2

FOR WALL PAPER!

GO TO

ROBT. CUTHBERT'S.

Guelph, 9th March, 1868. dw

Commercial Union Assurance Company,

CHIEF OFFICES—19 and 20 CORNHILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.
CAPITAL £2,500,000.

Fire Department.
THE success which has attended the Company's operations has been such as fully to realize the most sanguine expectations of the Directors, who have resolved to extend the business more widely, and now offer to the Canadian Public PERFECT SECURITY guaranteed by large subscribed capital and Invested Funds.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.—The Directors and General Agents, being gentlemen largely engaged in commerce, will take a liberal and business like view of all questions coming before them.

Life Department.
Volunteers assured in this Company, are permitted, without extra charge, to do duty on the Frontier, and to engage in repelling marauding attacks.

Eighty per cent of the Profits of the Whole Life and Annuity business are divided among participating Policy Holders.

Claims are paid one month after Proof of Death.

By a recent Act of Parliament a Wife can now hold a Policy on the life of her Husband free from all other claims.

MORLAND, WATSON & Co., General Agents for Canada.
Office—285 and 287 St. Paul St., Montreal.
FREDERICK COLE, Secretary, Inspector of Agencies—T. C. LIVINGSTON, P.L.S., Upper Canada.
MCLAGAN & INNES,
Agents for Guelph.
Guelph, March 10th, 1867.

STANDARD THEOLOGICAL WORKS BY

Rev. Dr. Cooke.
CHRISTIAN THEOLOGY, \$1.88.

Containing Chapters on
The Holy Scriptures, their divine authority,
The Holy Trinity,
The Deity of Jesus Christ,
The Personality and Godhead of the Holy Spirit,
The Original State of Man and Human Depravity,
The Atonement of Christ,
Election and Reprobation,
Justification by Faith,
The Witness of the Holy Spirit,
The Doctrine of Regeneration,
The Doctrine of Entire Sanctification,
The Immortality of the Soul,
The Doctrine of Purgatory proved unscriptural,
The General Resurrection,
Eternal R.tribution,
The Christian Sabbath,
The Christian Ministry,
The Ordinance of Baptism,
The Ordinance of the Lord's Supper.

Also, The Deity, \$1.50; Shaktinah, \$1.25; Explanations of difficult passages of Scripture, \$1.12; The Intervention of Christ, of the Holy Spirit and of the Church, 50c., &c.

For sale by
T. J. DAY,
Opposite the Market, Guelph.

BISCUITS

ABERNETHY,
SODA, LEMON, WINE,
ARROWROOT,
GINGER NUTS,
CABIN, &c.

LONDON LAYER RAISINS

Jordan Almonds,
Kellier's Dundee Marmalade,
Finest Turkey Figs in layers,
Peaches, Greengages,
Plums, Cherries,
Damsons and French Plums.

AT JOHN A. WOOD'S.

Guelph, March 9th, 1868. dw

REMOVAL.

STEPHEN BOULT,
Architect and Builder,

Has Removed his Workshop and Planning Factory to QUEBEC STREET, (site of the old Congregational Church,) a short distance east of Wyndham Street.

Plans, Specifications & Estimates,
Supplied, and work superintended in all its branches.

STEPHEN BOULT having succeeded to the old established Lumber Yard of Thos. McCrae, Esq., begs a continuance of public patronage. All kinds of Lumber on hand. Prompt attention given, to all orders.

Planing Done to Order,

AND ALL KINDS OF
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds,
and Machine Joiners' Work,
Executed with despatch and kept always on hand.
Cash paid for all kinds of Lumber at the yard.
Guelph, March 10th, 1868. dsmwy

TAVERN LICENSES

Office of the Clerk of the Peace,
GUELPH, 7th March, 1868.

COUNTY OF WELLINGTON, HAVING been appointed Registrar of Tavern Licenses for the County of Wellington, I beg leave to inform all Tavernkeepers in Towns, Villages, and Hamlets, that I am ready to grant them their Licenses on payment for the same.

By order of the Treasury Department of Ontario
THOMAS SAUNDERS,
Distributor for the County of Wellington.
Guelph, 7th March, 1868. dw-4
Herald and Weekly Advertiser copy one month.

Not Run Away Yet!

THE Subscriber begs to inform his old friends and the Public, that though several noted characters have lately been constrained to leave Guelph for the sake of their health, he is still hale and hearty, and hangs out his shingle at the old spot.

CORK STREET,

DEADY'S HOTEL,

Where he is prepared as formerly to make up CLOTHING of every description at short notice and in a superior style.

To Farmers!

Having had 30 years experience, and devoting all his time to the business, he can make up

Home-made CLOTH!

And trim it CHEAPER than can be done at any other Establishment in Town.

All Work carefully finished, and at Moderate Rates.

WM. MITCHELL,
Guelph, Feb. 21, 1868. w3m-d6w

NOTICE.

HAVING sold out my stock at "Bradford House" and Book-accounts to Mr. Philip Bish, all parties indebted to me on book account will pay the amount to Mr. Bish.

GEO. JEFFREY,
Guelph, 5th March, 1867.

WITH reference to the above, I have much pleasure in stating that I have purchased the whole stock in trade, also the book accounts, &c., of Mr. Geo. Jeffrey. The business will be carried on as formerly in all its branches, trusting for a continuance of that patronage which was so liberally bestowed on my predecessor. For further particulars see future advertisement.

F. BISH.
N.B.—All accounts not satisfactorily settled will be placed in first court for collection.
Guelph, March 5th, 1868. dw

500 Tons PLASTER!

Of best Ground Paris and Caledonia

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER FIVE HUNDRED TONS

of best ground Paris and Caledonia Plaster. As the above was ordered when the prices were low, farmers had better send in their orders at once, and get the benefit of

THE LOW PRICES.

Apply at the old stand, near the Railway crossing
GEO. BALKWILL.
Guelph, 10th Feb, 1868. w4

OFFICE.....MACDONNELL STREET.
WEDNESDAY EV'G, MARCH 18, 1868.

The Maiden's Choice

OR, THE LAIRD OF BIRKENLEUCH.

A Tale of the Covenanters.

A thrill of hope passed through her heart, and the fresh current revived her strength. She listened with breathless anxiety for any sound either without or within to indicate that pursuers were on her track, but the only sounds that reached her ear were the rustle of the gentle breeze among the fading October foliage, and the stream rushing over its rocky bed at the bottom of the Glench. She would have been less fearful of discovery had she known that Allan was at that moment searching for her in the tower chambers, and was on his way to the subterranean passages and cells, amid the intricacies of which he was to lose his way.

Agitated though Helen was, she had still sufficient presence of mind to close the tower door, and then to descend the stairs to the garden terrace, which formed a path round the base of that portion of the mansion. In front of her was the garden surrounded by a high wall, and to the left a strip of plantation, which extended to the distance from the house. This latter was evidently the path which Helen should take in continuing her flight, and with swift noiseless steps she glided from the terrace, and sprang over the low fence which encircled the wood. Here she was at once under the concealing branches of the trees, and sped on through the darkness at her utmost speed—silence and solitude reigning supreme around her.

On, on she went, winged by fear, long after she had emerged from the wood, and quitted the immediate vicinity of Birkenleuch. Should her escape from the mansion be discovered, Charlie and his troops would commence an active pursuit, and she was not sure until she had found some secure place of shelter.

She might have turned in the direction of Greystone, where many doors would have been opened to admit her; but Charlie's power over the villagers was too great to risk a resting place there. Her father's cottage was, also, no great distance away; but she might as well return to the mansion itself as go there for her father's wrath wrought all the evil that had happened, and brought upon her the misery she had endured, and the horrible fate to which she was exposed?

Not her thoughts inactively flew to Brankwood as the goal to be reached, and she resolved to press on to that as her place of refuge. In the hands of Sir Gilbert Barton she would be amply protected from Charlie's unscrupulous violence. Besides, was she not laden with intelligence of the utmost interest and importance to the Baronet—tidings which would cause him to receive her with a joyful welcome, and thrill his honest heart with undreamed-of happiness.

To Brankwood, then she directed her way, crossing the deep solitary valley above the Glench, and ascending towards the upland at a pace which fear alone could maintain. Often she paused for a moment to recover breath, and listen apprehensively for the sounds of pursuit. But all was quiet and still under the calm night-sky. The only eyes that looked down upon her were the eyes of the stars, and they were so pure and peaceful in their gaze that she felt encouraged and gladdened at sight of them. A settled stillness reigned over the midnight scene, and no human sound reached her ear, save once when a wooed hollow, came floating through the silent darkness, the sweet and solemn cadences of sacred song—Down in the sequestered spot at that midnight hour a little band of Covenanters had gathered together for religious worship, and for those causes of devotion, which the rulers had so strictly prohibited. The fire of persecution still burned fiercely in the land, and those pious ones who would not relinquish the ancient faith were wanderers in the wilds, whose midnight echoes were often broken, as now, by the plaintive notes of their sacred song, and the mournful wail of their supplications, as they pleaded with Heaven for the return of spiritual freedom, and raised the exhorting cry, "How long, oh Lord, how long!"

A moment only did the fugitive tarry to listen to the measured chant, and then continued her flight with the same haste and fear. She was bare-headed and clad in plain, for the circumstances of her departure from Birkenleuch had not permitted of preparation of any kind. Fortunately the night was mild and the ground dry, and she felt no cold. Her terror, however, was so intense, that she increased her distance from Birkenleuch and drew near to the ark of refuge to which she was bound, and when she fairly found herself upon the fields of Brankwood she drew long relieving breaths, and experienced something like a blessed sensation of safety.

Being now free to reflect, she began to think what was next to be done. She had not courage to seek admission to Brankwood at that untimely hour, and she made up her mind to pass the rest of the time in some sheltered place near the house. She knew of many such, particularly her thoughts reverted to a snug summer-house on the brow of the ravine which Richard Wayland had erected, and where she had passed with him many hours of unclouded happiness—where they dreamt the bright dreams of love, and drank delicious draughts from the cup of affection which each held to the other's lips. To gain this place she had to climb the wood she had been traversing, and cross a portion of the park. Scarcely had she got clear of the trees when to her terror she heard a rushing sound behind, and looking round she beheld a large black object bounding towards her. The sickness of mortal terror rushed to her heart, and rooted her to the spot. To fly was hopeless. She uttered a cry of despair, and gave herself up for lost. The dark object rushed forward at headlong speed, but when she expected to find herself in some powerful grasp, a loud joyous bark brought her from the depths of despair to the height of joy. It was Lion, Sir Gilbert's huge watch dog, who recognized Helen and greeted her with extravagant demonstrations of delight.

The delight, we may be very sure was mutual; the reaction was indeed so great, and the sense of security brought by the dog's presence so perfect that Helen's highly-strung nerves could not bear it all at once, and she sank sobbing to the ground, with her arms round the neck of the noble animal, and for some moments she could do nothing but utter ejaculations of thankfulness.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Two MEN BURNED TO DEATH—On Friday night the 28th ult, two young men were frightfully burnt, one to death, and the other so severely scorched that he has since died. The names of the parties are Thos. Sifton and Alex. Brown, both natives of Ireland. It appears that they were both sleeping in a shanty in the township of Draper, County of Victoria, and before retiring for the night had built on a large fire, which, by some means, fell on the floor, and communicated with the bed which they were asleep. On awaking, Brown tried to extinguish the fire; but falling in this, he made his escape, finding egress through the door. His comrade not being so fortunate, perished in the devouring element. When found, his body was a blackened mass being almost reduced to a cinder. Brown, on effecting his escape tried to render assistance to his companion, whose shrieks were appalling, but without avail. Brown was so badly burned that the soles of his feet adhered to the snow. In this deplorable condition he managed to walk a mile and a quarter to F. O'Byle's shanty. He was taken to the house of Patrick Prunty, Muskoka, where he lingered in the greatest agony until the 3rd inst.

The woman named Annie Manion; whose husband and children were prostrated with poison, at Toronto, a few days since, the youngest child dying from the effects, has been committed for "man-laugher" by the coroner.

Home Depot at London and Liverpool.
Canada Depot, 23 Hospital Street,
Montreal.

THE India and China Tea Company

call the attention of the Canadian community to their direct imports of Teas, which for purity and excellence will be found unequalled. The Company have made arrangements whereby they have secured the entire produce of some of the best plantations in Assam and on the slopes of the Himalayas, and, by judicious blending of these magnificent Teas with the best varieties of China produce, they are enabled to offer to the public Teas of quality and flavor hitherto unknown to the general consumer. These Teas are in high favour in England and France, and a single trial will prove their superiority. The Company supply two qualities only, either Black, Green or Mixed. Their Black Teas will be found to possess great brilliancy and flavour, combined with softness and strength, and to be entirely different to the flat and rapid article usually sold as Black Tea, while their Green Teas are altogether free from the deleterious mineral powders commonly used for coloring the leaf.

PRICES: Rich, full-flavoured Tea, for family use a real gem, and in fact 70 cents per lb. Highest quality, 60 cents per lb. The above can be had either Black, Green or Mixed.

To be had in packets of Quarter Pound Half Pound, One Pound, and upwards, or in tin canisters of five and upwards, and the Company's Agents in all the chief towns of Canada—N. B. All the packages are lined with tin foil paper, and the Tea will consequently retain its flavor any length of time. All packages have the Company's trade-mark, without which none are genuine.

MR. N. HIGGINBOTHAM
Agent, Guelph, Ont.
Guelph, August 3, 1867.

CASTLE GARDEN SALOON
MARKET SQUARE,
GUELPH, ONT.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has leased the above premises for a term of years, and has refitted it in a very superior and substantial manner, and hopes to share a portion of the patronage of the public.

THE BAR
will be supplied with the
Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars

And the table with all the delicacies of the season. In fact no expense will be spared to make it a first class establishment.

LUNCHEON!
Every day from 1 to 3 o'clock.

OYSTERS AND GAME,
Etc. Dinner and Supper parties provided on short notice, at reasonable rates.

JOHN MILLER,
Proprietor.
Late of the Commercial Hotel, Whithy.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Guelph, Jan. 29, 1868.

Auction Sale
OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

MR. W. S. G. KNOWLES has been instructed by the Bank of Montreal, Guelph, to offer for sale at the Bank of Montreal, in GUELPH, on
THURSDAY, 19th of MARCH,

1868, his household furniture, consisting of Drawing room sofas and spring chairs, centre table, easy chairs, Canterbury window seats, handsome dinner table, side table, smoking chair, iron do., a handsome drawing room Brussels carpet, bedroom furniture, spring mattresses, hair mattresses, bureau, toilet glass, mirrors, cooking stove, and utensils, kitchen furniture, a handsome dinner set and tea set, lamps, china, crockery, glassware, and numerous personal and miscellaneous effects.

A HANDSOME PIANO,
By Dunham, quite new.

The above Furniture has not been in use one year. To be viewed at Bank of Montreal, Guelph (private entrance) on 16th, 17th and 18th March. TERMS—\$10 and under cash Bankable funds, over that amount six months credit upon approved joint notes with interest.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock A. M. W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer.
Guelph, March 4, 1868.

DOMINION SALOON,
(LATE GRAND'S SHADES SALOON.)
OPPOSITE THE MARKET,
GUELPH.

CHOICE LIQUORS, Cigars, Oysters, &c., &c., always on hand. Meals furnished at all hours.
DENIS BUNYAN,
Guelph, December 2, 1867.

MEDICAL HALL,
GUELPH.

ESSENCE OF
RONDELETIA!
AN ELEGANT PERFUM

for the Handkerchief and Toilet.
Prepared by Breidenbach,
Perfumer and Distiller of Flowers to Her Majesty.
N. HIGGINBOTHAM,
Guelph, 24th Dec. 1867.

NEW
Oyster Rooms
VALENTINE WALD

BEGS to announce to the public that he has fitted up Oyster Rooms in connection with his Hotel, on MACDONNELL STREET. The very best of Liquors, and choicest Cigars will always be kept.

The Rooms are under the superintendence of Mr. R. McCrudden, whose courteous attention, as well as his thorough knowledge of the business, will insure satisfaction in all cases. The very best of Oysters always on hand, and served up in all styles at short notice.

Fancy Drinks prepared in the most approved manner.
Guelph, 27th December, 1867.

SEED WHEAT.
FOR sale by the subscriber, a quantity of Wheat, known as "Anchor" or "Flat" Bridge Proof, a new variety. S. C. CANADA FARMER, Vol. 3, pages 41 and 121.
JOHN KIRKLAND, Guelph Tp.
Guelph, 20th Jan. 1868.

Medical dispensary
JUST RECEIVED

A fresh supply of that best
COAL OIL
Perfectly colorless and
FREE FROM SMELL

Only 15 cts. per Gallon.

LAMP GLASSES and WICKS
Always on hand
E. HARVEY
Chemist and Druggist,
Opposite the English Church, Wyndham-st,
Guelph, Ontario,
Guelph, 22nd Feb, 1868.

Funerals, Funerals!
NATHAN TOVELL,
Guelph, 27th Aug. 1867.

DOMINION STORE!
(Late Post Office Store.)
JUST RECEIVED, a large assortment of En
Staining done to order on the shortest notice. Also for Braiding on all sorts of Dress Goods.

Some of the Finest Patterns ever seen
Call and see them, they are for sale singly.—
Staining done to order on the shortest notice. Also on hand an assortment of
New Oranges and Lemons.

For sale GATE'S & CO'S VICTORIA SEWING
Machines. Don't forget the stand, next to the
Wellington Hotel.
MRS. ROBINSON,
Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph,
Guelph, Feb. 19th, 1868.

THE BARCLAY
SEWING MACHINE.
WITHOUT any exception, the Barclay Sewing
Machine, manufactured by the British
American Sewing Machine Company,
AT PARIS, ONTARIO,
is the best in the Dominion of Canada for general
purposes. An examination is merely requested,
which will be to the advantage of those intending
to purchase. All machines warranted.

Also, agent for the D. LITON KNI, & M. M.
CHINES, one of the best machines in the market.
Apply to
MOSES BECHTEL,
General Agent for the County of Wellington,
Blair Post Office.
Agent for Guelph: MRS. HUNTER, Fancy
Store, Market Square,
Guelph, Jan. 22, 1868.

CHEAP
Photographs
W. BURGESS
BEGS leave to inform his friends and the pub-
lic of Guelph and surrounding country that
having received a large lot of FRAMES suit-
able for

Christmas Presents,
he will through the HOLIDAYS furnish all kinds
of Photographs at greatly
REDUCED PRICES.
Parties wishing to make presents of Photo
graphs to their friends should call at once.

PICTURES
of all kinds furnished in "the first style of the art."
Gallery above John A. Wood's Grocery
Store.
W. BURGESS,
Guelph, 18th December, 1867.

Farm for Sale or to Rent
IN ERAMOSA.
FOR SALE or to Rent, part of Lot No. 15, 3rd
con. Eramosa, consisting of 70 acres more or
less, well cultivated and well fenced. There is a
log dwelling house on the lot, also a good frame
barn 54 x 38, and other commodious outbuildings.
Also a good bearing orchard. The land is well
watered. The lot lies on the gravel road. Terms
made known on application to the undersigned, if
by letter, post-paid.
GEO. BUTCHART,
Everton, P. O.
March 6 1868.

SALE OF TWO FARMS
IN PUSLINCH.
FOR Sale by PRIVATE BARGAIN two farms
in Puslinch. They consist of the front and
rear halves of Lot No. 25, in the 7th concession.
There are 100 acres in the front half and 86 acres
in the rear half. Both farms are in a good state
of cultivation and well fenced. There is a good
dwelling house and banked frame barn on the
rear half, and fair buildings and a first-rate orch-
ard in the front half. Terms reasonable and may
be learned on application to the subscriber, if by
letter post paid.
GEO. FRASER,
Salem P. O., Co. Wellington,
March 6th, 1868.

FARM FOR SALE.
FOR SALE in Guelph Township, on the Wat-
erloo Road, 5 miles from Guelph, a farm con-
sisting of 25 acres, about 25 acres of which are
cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The
farm is well watered by springs, and has suitable
log buildings. There is a quantity of Fall Wheat
sown, also about 15 acres ready for crop. Terms
made known by application to the proprietor.
Guelph, 12th March, 1868.

FARM FOR SALE.
FOR SALE, the West half of Lot No 12, in the
6th Concession of the Township of Luthers,
100 acres, 25 of which are cleared and fenced.—
The land is of good quality and dry. That which
is uncultivated is covered with good hardwood and
oak. There is a small log house on the lot.—
Terms reasonable and will be made known on ap-
plication, if by letter post-paid to
JAMES BULGER,
Executor of the estate, Lot 8, Con. B, Township of
Peel, Cunnock P. O.
Guelph, March 4, 1868.

REMOVED!
JAMES CORMACK
BEGS to notify his friends and the public that he has removed to

THE SPLENDID NEW STORE
Next the Hardware Store of JOHN HORSMAN, ESQ.
On hand, a large Stock of first-class

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
CLOTHS and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
At a Tremendous Reduction

In order to make room for the Spring Stock. All ORDERED WORK done up as usual in first-class
style. A perfect fit and the best of workmanship guaranteed.
Remember the New Store, Wyndham-st., next door to Horsman's.

JAMES CORMACK,
Guelph, 14th February, 1868.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.
G. & A. HADDEN.
Would invite the special attention of the public to their very large stock of

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS!
Comprising a full assortment of every description of Goods suitable for the Fall and Winter Trade. No old, moth eaten bankrupt stock, but all Fresh New Goods, which they are determined to sell at such a reduction in price as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to the purchasers.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT
They would call particular notice to a large and choice assortment of Fresh New Season
TEAS, consisting of Pinney, Moyones, Imperial Gunpowder, Japans, Senchou and Congou, which for
strength, fragrance and price are not excelled by any house in Guelph. Bright Muscovado and
Refined Sugar, Leaf Sugar, Green and Roasted Coffee, Fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, New
Lager, Valencia and Seedless Raisins, Prime New Zante Currants, Eleme Figs, Almonds, Filberts, &c.

Wines, Brandies and Liquors
A large stock of choice Wines, Brandies and Liquors, warranted genuine. Crockery, China and
Glassware in great variety. Also, a full assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES of the best quality and
at the lowest price.
G. & A. HADDEN,
Guelph, 30th December, 1867.

Good Gracious Me!
Where did you get those delicious OYSTERS?
Why, at BERRY'S to be Sure!
WHOSE BERRY? WHY,
The Confectioner on Wyndham-st

WHERE ALL THE GOOD THINGS ARE KEPT.
NEW COAL YARD
IN GUELPH.

BLACKSMITH'S, FOUNDRY AND HOUSE COAL.
THE Subscriber's attention having been drawn to the want of a first-class Coal Yard in the flourish-
ing Town of Guelph, he is determined to supply this want so generally felt. Having made satis-
factory arrangements with extensive Collieries in Pennsylvania to keep me constantly supplied with
all descriptions of pure coal, and as I shall devote my attention exclusively to the business, I
am prepared to give perfect satisfaction in quality and price to all my customers. All descriptions of
Coal on hand, of excellent quality, and at prices which cannot be underbilled.

Yard, near the MERCURY OFFICE, Macdonnell-St., Guelph,
and in rear of Mr. Horsman's Hardware Establishment.
JOHN GREER,
P. S.—Also, Agent for C. Wilson's Seales, Toronto.
Guelph Coal Yard, 6th March, 1868.

DR. JAMES' NEW DISCOVERY,
GREEN MOUNTAIN OIL.
WARRANTED TO CURE
Diphtheria in every case if taken in time.
Croup and Burns in ten minutes.
Deafness and Sore Eyes in 1 to 2 weeks.
Rheumatic Pains in one day.
SUIZ JOINTS in twenty-four hours.
Pains in the Back.
Dyspepsia in five to twenty days.
Asthma in six or eight days.
Sore Throat in one night.
SPRAINS, Wounds and Bruises in 1 to 3 days.
NEURALGIA, Toothache and Headache in forty-
five minutes.
EARACHE and Shift Neck in one day.
SALT RHEUM in three to six days.
ERYSIPELAS in two or three weeks.
FROSTED FEET AND CHILBLAINS.
This Oil is mild and pleasant, and is a GREAT
FAMILY MEDICINE for children teaching it
will relieve Nervous Complaints. Ladies
should use it, as it always leaves you better
than it finds you, and one bottle often effects a
cure.

DIRECTIONS—Bath the afflicted parts with
the Oil twice a day, rub well with the hand for five
minutes, at the same time take ten to twenty drops
on sugar.
Druggists, merchants and others supplied at the
lowest price. For sale in Guelph by Messrs. N.
Higinbotham, A. B. Petrie and E. Harvey.
Prepared by
J. H. LEMON,
Woolwich Street, in rear of the Old Alma Block,
Guelph, to whom all orders must be addressed.
Guelph, March 6, 1868.

Boarding and Day School
for Young Ladies.
CHURCH-ST. - - - GUELPH.
MISS WIGHTMAN begs to announce that her
School will re-open (D. V.) on the 6th of
January. Vacancies for two or three boarders.
Guelph, 26th December 1867.

School Teacher Wanted.
WANTED for School Section No. 1, Township of
Erin, a 1st class male teacher, to com-
mence immediately.
ALEX. SCOTT,
DONALD McKECHNIE,
MALCOLM McCLACHLAN,
Erin, 9th March, 1868.

Farm for Sale.
BEING East half of Lot No. 9, 4th concession
of Eramosa, situated one mile from Rockwood
Station. The above Farm comprises one hundred
acres, forty of which are under cultivation. Price
\$1,700—very cheap. Apply to
JOHN MICKLE,
Guelph, March 10th, 1868.

NOTICE.
PARTIES indebted to the Subscriber either by
Note or Book Accounts, are requested to
settle the same on or before the 15th day of April
next, as he wants money very much at present.
Parties having claims against the undersigned,
will please send them in at once, as all these
things should be settled up at least once every 3
years.
DENIS COFFEY,
Guelph, 14th March, 1868.

New Saddlery Shop

Do you want a set of Harness, double or single,
light or heavy, call at the new shop, next
door to Coffey's Hotel.
Do you want a good Saddle? We can supply
you cheaper than ever, 15 yards from O'Connor's
Wellington Hotel.
Everybody in want of a good Trunk, Valise, or
Travelling Bag, can be supplied at the new shop,
two doors from the Post Office.

WHIPS, Horse Covers, Sleigh Bells
A very large and well-assorted stock of Whips
will be sold at 25c. on the dollar of our former
low prices, 50 yards north of St. George's Church.
We have a few pairs of imported made up Horse
Covers, made to order, also a nice lot of common
blankets.

What's more cheering than the merry Sleigh
Bells? We can supply you. Call at the new shop,
next door to Mr. Hoover's Livery Office.
We have on hand all kinds of articles, and will
make up on the shortest notice anything you want
in the Saddlery line, a few doors South of the Re-
gistry Office.
Brush Combs, Spurs, Bits, in endless variety,
REPAIRING done as usual.
In consequence of the present premises be-
ing too small for our large stock, we will for a
short time have to sell at a reduced price, to keep
our present staff of expert workmen.

SMITH & METCALF,
Late occupants of the premises destroyed by fire,
on the corner of the Alma Block
Guelph 26th December 1867.

Appleton's Edition
OF THE
WAVERLEY NOVELS,
NOW PUBLISHING
From new Stereotype Plates, uniform with the
new edition of DICKENS'S, containing all the
notes of the author, and printed from the
latest edition of the Authorised Text.

To be Completed in 25 Volumes
PRICE—TWENTY-FIVE CENTS EACH.
Printed on fine white paper, clear type, and con-
venient in size. Pronounced "A MIRACLE
OF CHEAPNESS."

ORDER OF ISSUE.
1. Waverley 15. Fortunes of Nigel
2. Ivanhoe 16. Perceval of the Peak
3. Kenilworth 17. Quixote
4. Guy Rannard 18. Redgauntlet
5. Athlinary 19. The Betrothed and
6. Rob Roy 20. Highland Widow
7. Old Mortality 21. The Black Dwarf, and
8. The Black Dwarf, and 22. The Italian
9. The Italian 23. Legend of Montrose.
10. Legend of Montrose 24. Fair Maid of Perth
11. Fair Maid of Perth 25. Anne of Geikie
12. The Monastery 26. Count Robert of Paris
13. The Abbot 27. The Surgeon's Daughter
14. The Pirate

On receipt of SIX DOLLARS we will send the
entire set of Waverley Novels, as published, and
a copy of a new STEEL-PLATE PORTRAIT OF
SIR WALTER SCOTT, from a painting by Sir
Thomas Lawrence, suitable for framing; the
Books and Engravings to be sent free of postage to
any part of the United States.
Eighty of the above series to any address on re-
ceipt of the price, 25 cents per volume.
On receipt of TEN DOLLARS a complete set of
DICKENS'S (in uniform style) 17 volumes, and
WAVERLEY, 25 volumes, will be sent post-paid.
The cheapest Ten Dollars worth to be found in the
whole range of Literature. Forty-two volumes
for \$10.

Extraordinary Opportunity for the
Million to purchase a set of Sir
Walter Scott's Waverley Novels.
CLUB RATES.
One complete set, 25 vols. \$6; Three complete sets
25 vols. \$16; Five sets, \$20; Ten sets, \$30.
Mailed at our expense.
Any person obtaining four subscribers for the
Waverley Novels, and remitting us \$24, will be
entitled to a set of Dickens's 17 volumes, gratis.
Any person obtaining eight subscribers, and re-
mitting \$48, will receive a copy of the "Waverley
Gallery," containing 36 steel engravings of the
Female Characters in the Waverley Novels, bound
in elegant Morocco. Price \$15.
Gentlemen wanted in every town in the United
States. A great opportunity is afforded to indus-
trious men and women to make money, as every
man, woman and child will purchase the Waverley
Novels at this low price. For special rates, apply
to the Publishers.

D. APPLETON & COMPANY,
443 and 445 Broadway, New York

TROTTER & GRAHAM,
DENTISTS!
GUELPH and BRAMPTON,
Members of the Dental Association of the Pro-
vince of Ontario.
(Successors in Guelph to T. Trotter.)
OFFICE:
Over Mr. Higinbotham's Drug Store

REFERENCES.—Rev. Archibald Palmer, Dr.
Clarke, Parker and Herd, Guelph; A. F. Scott,
Esq., County Judge; George Green, County At-
torney; Dr. Pattullo, M. M. C.; Rev. Mr. Arnold
—Brampton. Dr. Barnhart, Warden of Peel; Dr.
Hampton, resident Surgeon Toronto Hospital.
The new anesthetic agents used for extracting
teeth without pain.
R. TROTTER, W. K. GRAHAM,
Guelph, 2nd August, 1867.

NATIONAL
Steamship Company.
(LIMITED.)
STEAMERS Weekly from Liverpool and New
York, calling at Queenstown.
A Steamship of this line, consisting of the
Queen England Virginia
Erin Louisiana and
Hibernia Pennsylvania France
Leaves NEW YORK from Pier 47, North River,
every Saturday, and Liverpool on Wednesday of
each week, calling at Queenstown each way.
The size of these Steamships, and the number of very spa-
cious state-rooms, all opening directly into the
Saloon. The accommodation and fare are unsur-
passed, and the rates lower than by any other line.
The accommodation for steers passengers are
large, and plenty of deck room is allowed, whilst
the fare is of the best quality, well cooked and
ample.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of
charge. Tickets are issued in this country to par-
ties wishing to prepay the passage to their friends
from Liverpool or Queenstown (Ireland), for \$5,
American money.
For tickets, special berths, and all information
apply to
J. W. MURTON,
General Passage Agent, No. 9, James Street
Hamilton, 28th Nov. 1867.

PLATT & CO'S
WORLD RENOWNED
OYSTERS
Received daily by Express. Wholesale and Re-
tail.
GEORGE WILKINSON,
Next door to Telegraph and Express Office,
Guelph, Jan. 7, 1868.

REMOVAL
LEMON & PETERSON
BARRISTERS and Attorneys at Law, Solicitor
in Chancery, and Notaries Public,
GUELPH, ONT.

THE SPRING TRADE.

Advertisers will reach a large class of readers by inserting their business announcements in this paper.

Special Meeting of Erin Council.

The Erin Township Council met in the Town Hall, Erin Village, at 10 o'clock on the 9th instant: the Reeve in the chair, and all the members present.

Police Court.

Before T.W. Saunders, Esq., Police Magistrate. WEDNESDAY, 18th.—Three members of the Guelph Artillery Company were brought up this morning and fined for non-attendance at drill.

FREEMAN & FREEMAN

BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, CONVEYANCERS, & C.

Office over Berry's Confectionery Store, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

COMMERCIAL.

MERCURY OFFICE, GUELPH, March 18, 1868.

The supply of wheat for the past week has been very light. During the last three days there has been no fall wheat with the exception of a single load, and the deliveries of spring wheat for the same period have not amounted to more than 300 bushels.

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Price per unit, and other details. Includes items like Flour, Spring Wheat, Oats, Barley, Hay, Straw, Shingles, Wood, Eggs, Butter, etc.

Money Market.

JACKSON'S EXCHANGE OFFICE. Guelph, March 18, 1868. Gold, 1882. Greenbacks not at 71 to 71 1/2; Sold at 72 to 72 1/2.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Kirkwood, Livingston & Co's report by Special Telegraph (Evening Mercury) MONTREAL, March 18, 1868. Flour—Fancy, \$7 60 to \$7 75; Superfine No. 1, \$7 50 to \$7 74.

Owen Sound Markets.

Fall Wheat—\$1 50. Spring Wheat—\$1 40 to \$1 49. Barley—\$1 00 to \$1 06. Oats—\$0 50. Peas—\$0 40 to \$0 45. Flour—\$7 00. Pork—\$5 50 to \$6 00.

Toronto, March 17, 1868.

Flour—Receipts, 192 bbls; No. 1, at \$7 15 to \$7 18. Fall Wheat—\$1 50. Spring Wheat—\$1 40 to \$1 45. Oats—\$0 50. Barley—\$1 25 to \$1 25. Peas—\$0 40.

Hamilton, March 17, 1868.

Flour—Receipts, 192 bbls; No. 1, at \$7 15 to \$7 18. Fall Wheat—\$1 50. Spring Wheat—\$1 40 to \$1 45. Oats—\$0 50. Barley—\$1 25 to \$1 25. Peas—\$0 40.

MERCURY PRINTING HOUSE!

MACDONNELL STREET, GUELPH.

CHEAP, NEAT AND TASTY

PRINTING!

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Book and Job Printing

Go to the Mercury Printing House, Macdonnell-st.

M'LAGAN & INNES

HAVE spared neither labor nor expense in fitting up their extensive premises on Macdonnell-st., (East of the Golden Lion), with EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT requisite to the successful carrying on of one of the largest Printing Houses in the Dominion.

OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

We have supplied with the most ELEGANT and

The Newest Styles of Type

AND THE LATEST AND MOST

IMPROVED JOB PRESSES!

Enabling us to turn out specimens of work justly considered models of Typographical Beauty. In NEW PRESSES we have Machines from all the celebrated makers, such as

Hoe's Railway Cylinder Press. Hoe's Hand Press. Gordon's celebrated Segment Job Press, and Gordon's Card and Bill Head Press,

A novelty, and acknowledged to be the NE PLUS ULTRA of Treadle Presses. In addition to the above valuable and highly improved Printing Machines, we have a very large and complete assortment of

BOOK & JOB TYPE

Comprising every known Style, Size and Variety,

And are constantly receiving from Type Founders in Great Britain and the United States such new and useful, Plain and Ornamental faces as correct taste and enlightened experience may dictate, and are therefore prepared to execute all orders entrusted to us

From the Finest and most Delicate Card to the Attractive and Mammoth Poster.

MORE PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND

AT CHEAPER RATES!

Than can be done by any other establishment in the County. Being practical Printers of lengthened experience, and having a thorough knowledge of the wants of the community of this section, employing none but

The very Best of Workmen!

AND USING THE BEST OF MATERIAL,

We are in a position to turn out work in

THE HIGHEST STYLE OF THE ART!

And at such Prices as set competition completely at defiance.

We can Supply on the Shortest Notice:

- BUSINESS CARDS, BLANK AND TAG CARDS, NOTE AND LETTER HEADINGS, CIRCULARS AND BILL HEADS, PROGRAMMES, BALL TICKETS, PAMPHLETS, RECEIPTS, LAW BLANKS, BRIEFS, CATALOGUES, BILLS OF FARE, POSTERS, HAND BILLS, LABELS, BY-LAWS, CHARTERS, CERTIFICATES, CONSTITUTIONS,

AND ALL KINDS AND STYLES OF

LETTER PRESS PRINTING!

ORDERS BY MAIL.

Orders from any part of the country will receive prompt attention, and as soon as executed will be forwarded by the earliest possible conveyance.

Orders Solicited, and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Great Cure of Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia in Canada.



Consecon, Prince Edward Co., C.W. March, 1867. Messrs. Young & Chamberlain, Sirs—Having proved within my own person that there is at last a medicine that will indeed cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, I am induced to make this statement, under oath, which is to certify that I have been severely afflicted for the last three years, according to the Doctors' statements, with Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia.

Sworn before me at Consecon, C.W., this 2nd day of March, 1867. J. M. CADMAN, J. P. A Commissioner in and for the Co. of Prince Edward, C.W.

BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED VEGETABLE PILLS



THE need of a safe and perfectly reliable purgative medicine has long been felt by the public and it is a source of great satisfaction to us that we can, with confidence, recommend our Bristol's Sugar-coated Pills, as combining all the essentials of a safe, thorough and agreeable family cathartic. They are prepared from the very finest quality of medicinal roots, herbs and plants, the active principles of which contain the medicinal value being chemically separated from the inert and useless fibrous portions that contain no virtue whatever.

LANMAN & KEMP, 120 Nassau St., N.Y. For sale by A. B. Petrie, J. Harvey, Jr., N. Higinbotham, and also by all respectable Druggists in Canada.

STOP AND SEE!

THE following remarks on Testimonials of the most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY. They are stern, undeniable and incontrovertible facts, sufficient to convince the most skeptical that the Great Medicinal Compound yearned after for ages is now accessible to the great

Shoshonees Remedy!

For Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Digestive Organs, Kidneys, &c., as well as Scrofula, the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurities of the Blood, we holdly state that this great remedy has never been equalled. Where there were cases such a cure as that in the person of Wilson Stokes of Brighton, C.W., of Consumption; or that of Peter C. V. Miller, of Earnestown, C.W., of Consumption; or the case of A. B. Petrie, of Consecon, C.W., of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hovey of Napanee, C.W., of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, in spite of all treatment heretofore, and is now well. Scores of such cases might be mentioned had time permitted.

Call at the Drug Store and get a Circular of unquestionable certificates on the Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills, and satisfy yourselves. Price of the Remedy in large pints \$1. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in the Dominion. Agents for Guelph—N. Higinbotham, E. Harvey, A. B. Petrie, Wholesale Agent—N. Higinbotham. w723

REMOVED TO TORONTO

OLD DR. ANDREWS' Dispensary for Private Diseases

where he continues to treat in both sexes, all diseases of a private nature, and Chronic complaints, at his office, 166 Queen Street West, corner of Simcoe Street. Persons wishing to consult the Doctor can do so with the utmost secrecy, as his office is so arranged that it is impossible for patients to see each other. Advice free when obtained at the office. Particular attention given to Female Complaints. DR. ANDREWS' FEMALE PILLS, Infallible in correcting irregularities, removing obstructions from any cause whatever, and the only safe, sure, and certain remedy for all those annoying complaints so peculiar to the female sex. They are nothing new, but have been used by the Doctor for many years. Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box. Pills sent to any address on receipt of one dollar. All letters must be addressed (post-paid) Dr. Andrews, 166 Queen Street, Toronto, C.W., and contain a post box 79, Toronto, C.W., as directed.

RUTHERFORD HOUSE!

JUST RECEIVED, A SUPPLY OF

GODERICH SALT.

Salmon Trout and Herring!

Also, 70 half Barrels Salmon Trout, 70 half Barrels Lake Huron Herring, 50 Barrels Prime Labrador Herring. Two cases of Finnan Haddies just arrived.

Guelph 15th January, 1868. R. RUTHERFORD.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM!

THE REMEDY FOR CURING

Consumption, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Diseases of the Throat, Pains and Oppression of the Chest or Lungs, Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

THIS Balsam is introduced to the suffering public after its merits for the positive cure of such Diseases have been fully tested. The formula from which it is prepared is referred to by the leading medical journals as being equal to any prescription that can be made up for such diseases by the medical faculty. The Balsam is, consequently, recommended by physicians who have become acquainted with its great success.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal.

It is composed of the active principles of Roots and Plants, which are chemically extracted, so as to retain all their medicinal qualities.

Ministers and Public Speakers,

who are so often afflicted with Throat Diseases, will find a sure remedy in this BALSAM.—Lozenges and Wafers sometimes give relief, but this BALSAM, taken a few times, will insure a permanent cure. Will the afflicted clergymen please test its merits?

TESTIMONIALS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Nathaniel Harris, for many years a resident of Middlebury, Vermont, recommends the Balsam as being superior to all other remedies for Bronchitis. He says—"I have no doubt it will soon become a classical remedial agent for the cure of all diseases of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes and the Lungs." Dr. Lloyd of Ohio, surgeon in the army during the war, from exposure contracted consumption. He says—"I have no hesitation in stating that it was by the use of your Lung Balsam that I am now alive and enjoying health." Dr. Fletcher, of Missouri, says—"I recommend your Balsam in preference to any other medicine for Coughs, and it gives satisfaction."

DR. A. L. SCOVILL,

who has for many years been known to the public throughout the United States as the inventor of remedies for the Lungs, recommends ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM as surpassing anything that has ever been offered to the public for the cure of Lung Diseases. He has used it in his own family with great success in the case of his sister, who was supposed to be in the last stages of consumption. This lady is now well, and has been permanently cured by

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

Physicians who have failed to cure their patients should try this medicine before they give the case up, as we know very many valuable lives have been saved by being persuaded to give it a trial.

DON'T DESPAIR because all other remedies have failed, but try this remedy, and you will not be deceived. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Montreal, General Agents for the Dominion of Canada. Sold in Guelph by N. HIGINBOTHAM and A. B. PETRIE. Jan

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THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE AT PRESENT A FULL SUPPLY OF

GROUND PLASTER

And while sleighing is good, farmers should get their supplies. By advice from Paris, York and Caledonia, we learn that all that can be produced is already engaged, and that the demand will far exceed the supply. We have been able to secure only

BOOTS,

Instead of 500, and we would therefore advise those requiring any to purchase early.

A small lot of very fine Clover Seed on hand

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Guelph, 17th January 1868. dw

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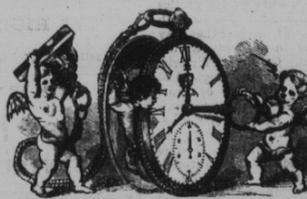
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Messrs. J. M. BOND & CO., Guelph are the only authorized Agents for the sale and use of CLEMENT'S PATENT CLOTHES WRINGER for the Counties of

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RICHARD CLEMENT, Patentee

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DEBS to inform his friends and the public that he has opened the above Hotel, in the BRICK HOUSE, MACDONNELL-ST.

A few doors above Higinbotham's Drug Store, and immediately opposite Messrs. Sharp's Seed Store. There is a good stable attached to the house, with good and commodious stabling. Every attention will be paid to customers in order to secure their comfort and convenience.