

Whitcomb's Remedy
ASTHMA,
Rose Cold and Hay Fever.

The late Jonas Whitcomb of Boston, visited Europe a few years since for the benefit of his health, which was impaired by frequent attacks of Spasmodic Asthma.

TESTIMONIALS.
ST. LOUIS, Nov. 10, 1877.
Messrs. J. BURNETT & Co.: The relief the Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy afforded me was perfect; it relieved me of my asthma, and I have not had a bad night since taking it, and I have in no case found any relief until your Remedy came to hand.

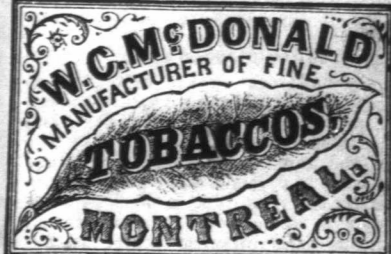
Wm. T. Mason, Esq., Boston, Mass.
Messrs. J. BURNETT & Co., Boston, Mass.
In the fall of 1871 I used Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy and received immediate relief, and would most cheerfully recommend it to any person troubled with Hay Fever or Asthma.

For sale by all respectable Druggists.
A LAWRENCE, Wholesale Agents, Montreal.

Tobacco.

TOBACCOS.

For the last TWENTY years this Trade Mark has been known throughout Canada as the safest guide to reliable Tobaccos.



The undersigned offers to the Trade these various descriptions of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, IN BOND, in quantities of not less than 25 boxes or 500 oddies.

UNRIVALED BRIGHT SMOKING TOBACCOS.

BRITISH CONSOLS
Short in, in Caddies of 20 lbs.

TWIN GOLD BAR,
in Caddies of 20 lbs.

QUEEN,
in Caddies of 20 lbs.

PILOT, Rich Mahogany, in boxes of 50 lbs.

NAPOLEON, Rich Mahogany, in Caddies of 20 lbs.

SOLACES.

No. 1, 12s.
in Caddies of 20 lbs.

ROYAL ARMS, 12s.
in Caddies of 20 lbs.

VICTORIA, 12s.
in Caddies of 20 lbs.

BRUNETTE, 12s.
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CELEBRATED BRANDS

BLACK SWEET CHEWING TOBACCOS

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LITTLE FAVORITE, 12s. and 10s. in Caddies of 20 lbs.

PRINCE OF WALES, 12s. in boxes of 110 lbs.

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W. C. McDONALD, Montreal.

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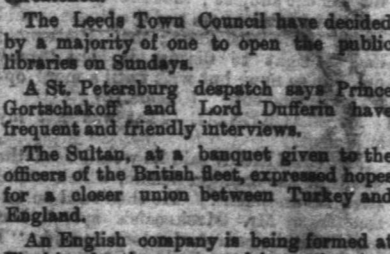
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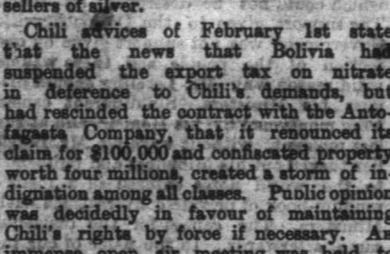
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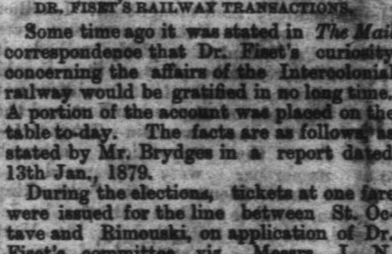
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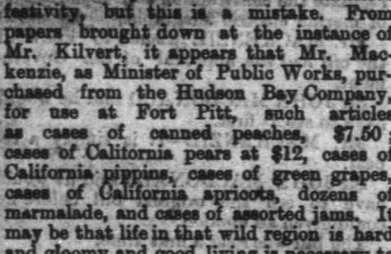
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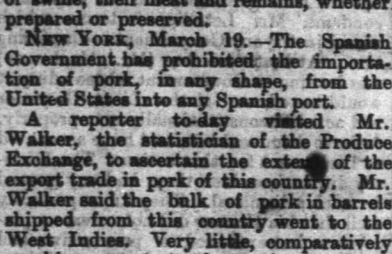
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OUR IMPORTS AND THE TARIFF

Now that the tariff is fairly before the country, it may be well to consider the probable effect of its operation on our industries in the light supplied by the public records of trade.

Chief items of import may be considered. First, Coal. The importance of the coal duty requires a summary of the trade in that article and the value of the capital invested in it.

Table with 2 columns: Country, Value. Includes United States, Great Britain, Canada, etc.

United States 75 cents per ton. Great Britain 30. Canada 10. This table shows the relative costs of coal from different sources.

Second, Breadstuffs. If the western Grit should complain that he is paying, what he laments as a "tax" on coal for the benefit of Nova Scotia, let him seek consolation in the fact that all the western Provinces are paying a tax on breadstuffs for the benefit of their brother Grits in Ontario.

These have nearly all come from the United States; and have been on the free list in Canada since the year 1854. Since imposed a duty of 10 per cent on cornmeal; 10 per cent on rye flour; 10 per cent on oatmeal; 50 cents per barrel on rye flour, and fifty cents on wheat flour.

Our King street contemporary is once more trying to persuade the farmers, whom on the 19th September it denounced as fools and dupes, that the imposition of a duty on imported goods means a corresponding increase in the price of those goods.

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imposed for its protection. No article could be found. The duty on coarse cottons had been increased 125 per cent. Again, jewellery, which formerly paid 17 1/2 per cent, and of which we imported last year to the value of \$27,129, is now valued at \$490,000.

Under the American tariff there is an import duty of 50 per cent on pocket knives; of 45 per cent on ordinary steel manufactures; of 8 and 11 cents per pound, according to length, on wood screws; of 250 per cent on steel rails; of 50 per cent on cast iron locomotives; of 40 per cent on heavy cottons; of from 68 to 200 per cent on woollen cloths; of from 48 to 60 per cent on cotton yarns; of 45 per cent on iron nails; of 35 per cent on iron wire; and of 31 1/2 per cent on iron nails.

According to the Trade returns for the fiscal year 1877-8, the following quantities of American produce were entered for home consumption in Ontario, free of duty, value appended:—

Table with 2 columns: Commodity, Value. Includes Wheat, Corn, Flour, etc.

Our King street contemporary is satisfied that the National Policy will tend to destroy British connection. In that respect, he is fully correct. Mr. HURST, however, Mr. Mackenzie, and other "Reformers" giving a new tariff their hearty support. But, has our nervous brother ever looked at the trade returns? The annual volume of trade since 1873 has been as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Value. Shows trade volume from 1873 to 1878.

Thus under one-sided Free Trade, our import trade with the Mother Country showed an annual increase of \$1,000,000. American steadily supplanted the British manufacturer and strengthened their hold on our home market year by year.

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DEFICIT OF THE REFORM PARTY

Table with 2 columns: Deficit, Amount. Shows financial deficits for Ontario and Quebec.

Mr. Cartwright and the Globe say that the new protective policy will be a social and political disaster. It is, they say, the only other of these evils, Germany, which has been enjoying Free Trade for many years—although Bismarck, they say, is now turning back to protection.

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POLITICAL NOTES

MILTON, March 14.—At the Conservative Convention held here to-day, Mr. W. C. Booth was elected as a candidate for the Local House.

BROOKVILLE, March 17.—Great dissatisfaction is expressed in this town on account of a resolution passed in the Local Legislature of Ontario for Brookville riding. It is said that when Mr. Booth was elected by the Reform party it was with the understanding that at the next election a candidate should be chosen from the country.

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LABOUR NOTES

BARRETT, March 15.—Four hundred colliers in honour of the National Day took place here to-day. A large bonfire was burned at the corner of King and George streets, and was witnessed by a large number of the population.

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CRIMES AND CASUALTIES

OTTAWA, March 13.—A man giving his name as Geo. L. Davis, of Toronto, was arrested to-day for obtaining money from a number of liquor cases, made a few remarks in reference to whisky informers, and his manner of giving evidence. He said that in six or seven cases he had been struck with the similarity of the evidence of illegal liquor selling against keepers of houses of ill fame.

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CITY RECORD

Ex-Alderman Downey died last week. A case of small-pox has occurred in Yorkville. Counterfeit ten dollar bills on the Ontario Bank are abroad.

Our King street contemporary is satisfied that the National Policy will tend to destroy British connection. In that respect, he is fully correct. Mr. HURST, however, Mr. Mackenzie, and other "Reformers" giving a new tariff their hearty support.

Thus under one-sided Free Trade, our import trade with the Mother Country showed an annual increase of \$1,000,000. American steadily supplanted the British manufacturer and strengthened their hold on our home market year by year.

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Large table listing various goods and their prices, including flour, sugar, oil, and other commodities.

CITY RECORD.

Ex-Alderman Downey died last week in a case of small-pox which occurred in Yorkville. Counterfeit ten dollar bills on the Ontario Bank are abroad. The bakers have increased the price of bread a cent per loaf. In some instances are being revived, and in some instances, cut down.

East-End. Other notices are organized a company of cadets in connection with the Queen's Own Rifles. The Licence Commissioners for the city are Dr. Ogilvie, ex-Alderman Magoe, and Mr. Thomas McCrosson. George Cooper, a resident of Leslieville, died last week from injuries received by falling off his wagon.

Two illicit stills were seized last week by the revenue officers at the grocery store of John Talbot, Broad street. Two agents for Hamburg houses were in town last week, shipping five hundred head of cattle and a thousand hogs to Germany. Rev. Dr. Reid of this city, has been nominated for Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church by the Hart House Trustees.

Mr. Justice Oler took his seat for the first time at the Court of Assize on Thursday last. The Ontario Rifle Club will be known as the Second Military District Rifle Association. The Toronto Rifle Club will be known as a member of the Wimbledon team, is President. Delegates will meet on 26th inst., for the nomination of a Conservative candidate for East Toronto in the Legislature, and on the following day to choose a candidate for the Western division.

The cigar manufacturers of the city have sent a deputation to Ottawa to interview the Finance Minister with respect to the duty on cigars. The deputation consisted of Messrs. J. W. Galt, J. H. Galt, and J. H. Galt. The deputation was successful in its mission, and the Finance Minister has agreed to reduce the duty on cigars to 10 per cent.

Harbour. Vessels in harbour are preparing for the opening of navigation. The first arrival of the season, the steamer "Albatross," arrived on Monday last. The steamer "Albatross" is a fine vessel, and is expected to be a success in its voyage. The steamer "Albatross" is a fine vessel, and is expected to be a success in its voyage.

Whiskey Informers and Manufacturers. Evidence in the case of the informers and manufacturers of whiskey is being heard in the Court of Sessions. The informers are being charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government. The manufacturers are being charged with selling whiskey without paying the duty.

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Table of prices for various commodities including flour, sugar, oil, and other goods. Columns list item names and their corresponding prices per unit.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The San Francisco papers are advertising the Chinese to go East. Gen. T. W. Sherman died at Newport, R.I., on Sunday afternoon. The owner of a Chicago post stand has formally gone into bankruptcy.

Chicago has a particularly wicked night. He discarded his wife and married his step-daughter. The furniture manufacturers and dealers in Boston have taken steps to establish an agency in London.

The Jewish residents of New York are organizing an extensive Hebrew colony to be established in the Far West. A Nebraska city woman not only listened at a keyhole, but fired through it at a man whose bed she occupied.

The Chicago Typographical Union has decided to precipitate the colorists. A heretic of eighteen carmen was seen near Milwaukee lake, on a fine day. A Baltimore man has obtained a verdict for \$4,000 against a brewer in that city.

A negro boy in Elia, Ga., is alleged to have killed his mother. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat reports that a change in the management of the railroad train which Mr. Herbert A. Pitkin's train was on Saturday night. A Nevada girl's love letter to "Dear Jimmy" is all up. We ain't going to get married, says the girl.

NOVA SCOTIA LEGISLATURE. Report in the Provincial Gazette. Halifax, March 12. According to the report submitted to the Local Legislature, the Province is in an unimproved condition. The total amount of the Province is \$7,775,224, and the expenditure is \$9,000,000.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND GOVERNMENT. Report in the Provincial Gazette. Charlottetown, P. E. I., March 13. The Executive Council of the new Ministry has been formed. The Council consists of the following members: Mr. J. A. Macdonald, Premier; Mr. J. A. Macdonald, Minister of Finance; Mr. J. A. Macdonald, Minister of Education.

INDIAN RISING IN ALASKA. Native Expedition Against the Town of Sitka. San Francisco, Cal., March 16. A Victoria dispatch says the steamer from Alaska has returned with news of a rising among the Indians. The rising is being suppressed by the British troops.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

The ex-Premier is expected to visit Montreal in the summer. One hundred old country immigrants arrived at Montreal on Friday. Mr. Wm. S. Armstrong, of Brantford, has a thoroughbred Durham bull which carries 1000 lbs. in milk.

The Alberton (P. E. I.) Pioneer has been obliged to suspend publication on account of the small-pox visitation on that place. An old country letter addressed "Fanny," has been received by the person for whom it was intended at Winnipeg. A thief at Brookville broke the windows of an exchange office costing \$80, and only obtained three cents and a lot of hogs.

One hundred and fifty applications have been made for the position of clerk of one of the markets under the Montreal corporation. Hay is worth \$20 per ton in Muskoka, and very scarce at that. Unless a thorough search is made in it is feared many cattle will die.

The total majority for the repeal of the Dinkin Act in Prince Edward County is in favor of the standing, for repeal, 592, against, 52. Dr. Oxenden, late bishop of Montreal, has been appointed to the see of Halifax. The new bishop of Halifax is Dr. Oxenden. The new bishop of Halifax is Dr. Oxenden.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES. ANNUAL MEETING OF THE TORONTO BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN ASSOCIATION. The annual meeting of the representative members of the Toronto branch of the Canadian Association was held at the Walker Hotel, on Tuesday evening last. The meeting was presided over by Mr. J. H. Galt.

WAR THREATENED IN SOUTH AMERICA. Relations Between Chile and Bolivia. Lima, Feb. 26. The condition of affairs between Chile and Bolivia favors the former. Magellanes, Oroselco, and Antofagasta are held by the Chileans, and as a result, the Chilean Government is in a position to demand the return of these territories to Bolivia.

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LADY CHARMEIGH'S DIAMONDS.

Sir Peter Charmeigh had warned his wife more than once that she would be robbed of her diamonds if she was not careful to lock them up.

This pretty girl quite delighted Lady Charmeigh, who worked all her acquaintances to the Hall to see her wonderful antique jewelry.

More of these present, however, concentrated their attention upon the impenetrable safe which had yielded so ignominiously to a first attack.

Unfortunately, Lady Charmeigh was one of those persons who soon tire of a new toy.

"Judge, then, to the surprise of the assembled guests, she suddenly burst into a fit of hysterical weeping."

"Excuse me, I know it's very wrong," she said, "but the fact is my jewels have been stolen."

"What you had not put them in the safe," exclaimed Sir Peter, divided between surprise and indignation.

"No, I thought it was unsafe to do so," said Lady Charmeigh with a fresh laugh.

"You forgot your husband's portrait, which he had had made for him by a French artist."

"Oh, I left that in the box, so as to be sure of its safety."

"Well, all I can say is that you deserve to be made keeper of the Crown Jewels," said Sir Peter with a genuine indignation.

LAST HOURS OF PEACE.

Confession and Prayers of the Banerocr Murderer.

He Acknowledges that he Killed a Policeman and Witnessed Another Man Sentenced to Death for the Crime.

"Look here," said he to the Baronet, as they walked over their white horse, "I am always telling her, but she won't listen."

"You must recover your prestige with a grand stroke," remarked the Hussar.

"Suppose you prove to Amy that you are right by stealing all her jewels?"

"I stole my wife's jewels!" "Yes, you can make a capital job of it."

"I am going to London on business for two days, you return quietly in the evening, and the jewels will be waiting for you."

"What have ten years to do with it? You are quite young enough to enter into a life of crime."

"Sir Peter had not sagacity enough to see that a husband who plots how he may injure a deep woman on his wife's vanity is playing a dangerous game."

"The platform groaned under the weight of the eight feet, by the ascent by the wooden steps."

"I was in Manchester in 1876. I was there to work some houses. I went to a place called Whalley Range."

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A MURDERER'S VIOLIN.

Peace's copy of "The Duke's" violin was Monday sold by auction by Messrs. Einton & Sons, of Leeds.

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EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

IN THE KINGDOMS.

The Rev. J. F. Gorman, M.A., has been appointed Inspector of Schools in the City of Winnipeg, Man.

The death is announced of J. J. McKenna, Esq., M.A., Ph.D. The deceased was Professor of Physics in Dalhousie College, Nova Scotia.

A theological professorship in connection with the Anglican cathedral at Fredericton, N.B. is about to be established by the Society for promoting Christian knowledge.

The Ottawa Public School Board have authorized their managing committee to introduce the kindergarten system into their schools.

In Stratford a school mistress was brought up before J. P. for an assault on a pupil.

The Board of Trustees of the Napanee High School, have set an example which we trust will be followed by other High School boards.

There are about 6,000,000 Free Masons in the world.

When a man sees a paper can it be said that he takes it to read or to see it?

The Deronda is the name of a new hat. Soon we shall have the Finaflore.

The game the British played was, heads King, tails Zulu.—Detroit Free Press.

"Come, gentle spring; diptherial mildness come."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SCRAFFOLD.

It was in Manchester in 1876. I was there to work some houses.

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THE WHITLEY'S NEW TOOLS.

WHITLEY'S NEW TOOLS.

During the season of 1877 a few hundred steel machines were made of this new style.

Whitley's New Champion is christened in Canada the Toronto Mower.

The people of Godrich that they ought to see their Public School trustees.

The place where the Board meets is felt to be too far away for the general public.

The Board, by a narrow vote, decided that it could not consistently with its responsibilities.

At the East Middlesex Teachers' Association, the President, Inspector Deane, has been elected.

The Canada School Journal says that in the Province of New Brunswick.

For the corresponding term of 1877 the number of public schools was 1,343.

It is gratifying to note the steady increase in the population attending school.

At the North Hastings Teachers' Association held its usual half-yearly meeting.

Your client had better make a compromise and let her take it.

WHITLEY'S NEW TOOLS.

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This new Reaping Machine has been produced especially to meet the great demand for a light draft Reaper.

Within the last few years there have been a large number of "Light Reapers" brought out.

Each of them possessing some good points of excellence.

They were too delicate to withstand the severe season.

The machine was largely overvalued by the breaking down in mid-harvest of his Reaper.

Eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of money in New York has been diverted to other purposes.

The air in the school rooms in New York on recent analysis yielded on an average 20 parts of carbonic acid.

The Duchess of Leeds is a member of the school board of Stapleford, England.

The Kingdom of Prussia annually expends the immense sum of \$18,000,000 on its educational interests.

The Chinese are an educated people and value education.

The New York State Library report for 1877 gives the number of volumes as 104,010.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

THE NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

There is no pitman to become obstructed among stumps and stones.

The wheels are wide apart, to stride the swath, and leave the grass unmolested.

The crowning feature of success, and the admiration of all who have ever seen this machine in operation.

There are but two small cog wheels in the machine, and but one of these revolves.

The gearing is enclosed by one small disc or rim, perfectly protecting it from dirt.

All quick running gears heretofore used on mowing machinery are entirely dispensed with.

There is no pitman to become obstructed among stumps and stones.

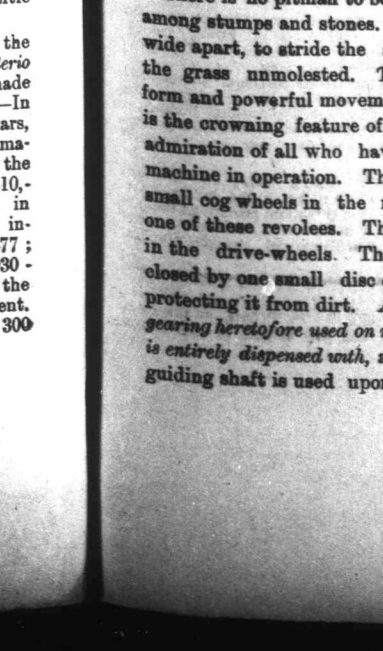
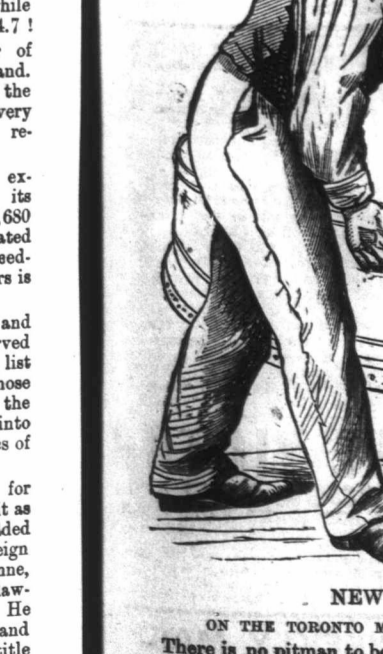
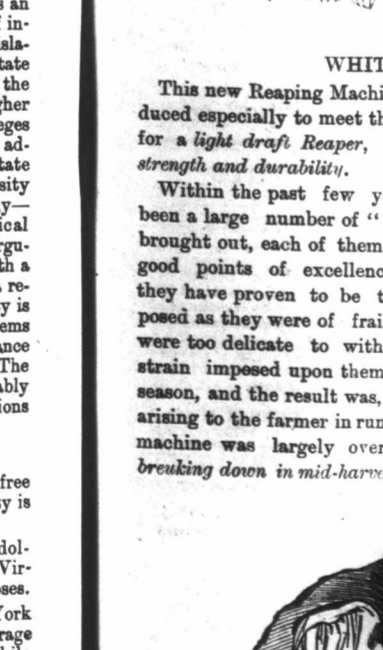
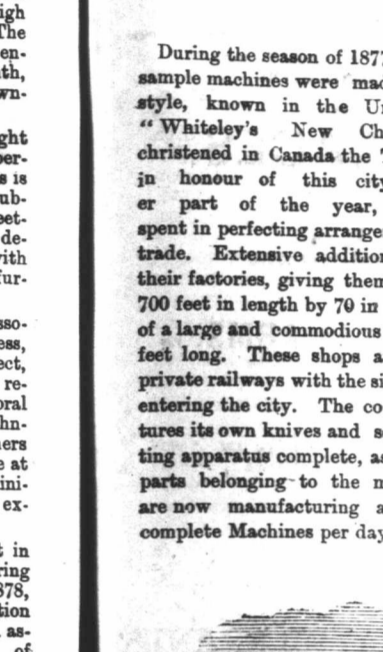
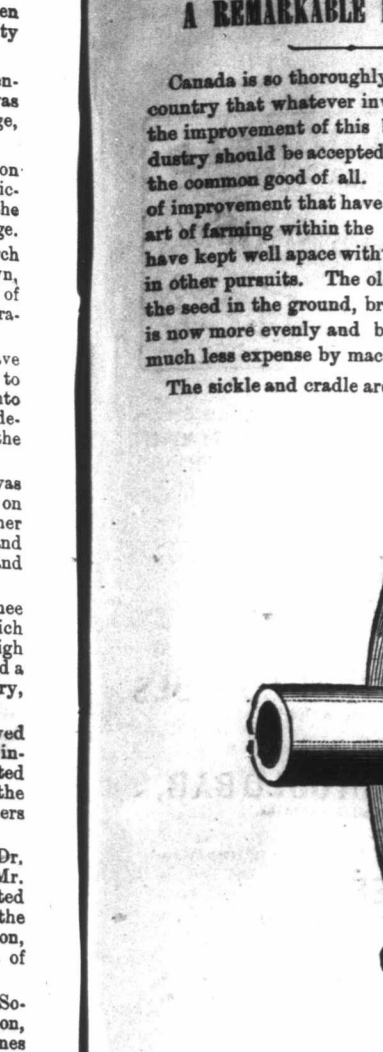
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EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

CANADIAN.
In the Kingston schools it has been decided to allow afternoon schools.

The Rev. J. F. Gorman, M.A., has been appointed Inspector of Schools in the City of Winnipeg, Man.

The death is announced of J. McKenna, Esq., M.A., Ph.D. The deceased was Professor of Physics in Dalhousie College, Nova Scotia.

A theological professorship in connection with the Anglican cathedral at Fredericton, N.B., is about to be established by the Society for promoting Christian knowledge.

The Canada School Journal for March contains a portrait of Mr. Benj. Conroy, late chairman of the Board of Education of London, Ont., with accompanying biographical sketch.

The Ottawa Public School Board have authorized their managing committee to introduce the kindergarten system into their schools, but action is at present deferred on account of the depression of the times.

In Stratford a school mistress was brought up before a J. P. for an assault on a pupil. The stick with which the teacher struck the boy, caught him in the face and drew blood. The charge is dismissed, and very properly too.

The Board of Trustees of the Napawan High School, have set an example which we trust soon to be followed by other High School boards. They have appropriated a sum of money for a reference library, which is soon to be purchased.

The Stratford High School only received \$41.50 of the last appropriation on inspection. This gave rise to an animated discussion, the general management of the school and the qualification of the teachers coming in for a thorough overhauling.

The Professor of Victoria College, Dr. Nelles, Dr. Burwash, Dr. Wilson, Mr. Bain and Mr. Reay, having indicated their sympathy with the objects of the Northumberland Teachers' Association, have been elected honorary members of that body.

The Goderich High School Literary Society seems to be a flourishing institution, and we would be glad to see similar ones established in connection with other High Schools and Collegiate Institutes. The Society gave a most successful public entertainment at length to the general public to put in an appearance at their meetings. The Board, by a narrow vote, decided that it could not consistently with its reputation for modesty move any farther town.

The East Middlesex Teachers' Association, the President, Inspector Deane, gave an interesting and thoughtful address, referring to the subject of corporal punishment. He stated that the number of pupils in the province was 22,000 more than there were ten years ago, and some 9,000 more than there were five years ago.

The North Hastings Teachers' Association held its usual half-yearly meeting at Madoc on the 27th and 28th ult. Mr. Hughes, Public School Inspector, Toronto, was present and took part in the proceedings, as also did Messrs. Chas. Miller, Kirk, Thompson, Rev. Mr. Keane, Rev. Mr. Wisbart and Miss Ludlow. The following officers were elected:—President, W. Macintosh, L. F. S.; Vice-President, Mr. Thompson; Secretary, Geo. Kirk; Treasurer, Miss A. Cowie; Librarian, Miss J. Riddell; Council, Messrs. J. W. Rodgers, Marton, Tulley, L. Tait, L. Conover, J. M. Henderson, and Misses Ludlow and Riddell. The next meeting will be held at Madoc on June 28th.

Mr. A. P. Knight, Rector of the Collegiate Institute, Kingston, discussed in a paper read before the Literary Association of Ontario, the subject of "Higher Education." He contended that Ontario had no right to support higher education of any kind, because (1) it is an unjust interference with the rights of individual citizens; (2) it is a class legislation; (3) the three distinct classes of the wealthy—the School of Practical Science for class-engineers. The argument that Province privileges and funds a stream of educated men who exert a refining and elevating influence on society is dismissed with contempt, though it is admitted, though we think the conclusions are not warranted by the premises.

FOREIGN.
In West Virginia there are 3,216 free schools. The value of school property is estimated at \$1,714,599.

Eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars of appropriated school money in Virginia has been diverted to other purposes. The air in the school rooms in New York on recent analysis yielded on an average 20 parts of carbonic acid in 10,000, while the air in the prisons averaged only 14.7.

The Duchess of Leeds is a member of the school board of Stapleford, England. She was elected on the formation of the board, over a year ago, and has been very constant in her attendance. She was re-elected.

The Kingdom of Prussia annually expends the immense sum of \$18,000 for its educational interests. Last year 56,680 teachers were employed. It is stated that at least 8,000 more teachers are needed. The average salary paid to teachers is \$250.

The Chinese are an educated people and value education. They have preserved what is perhaps unique, an unbroken list of their graduates for 500 years. Those who walk through the corridors of the Temple of Confucius may read carved into lofty stone slabs, the principal classics of their literature.

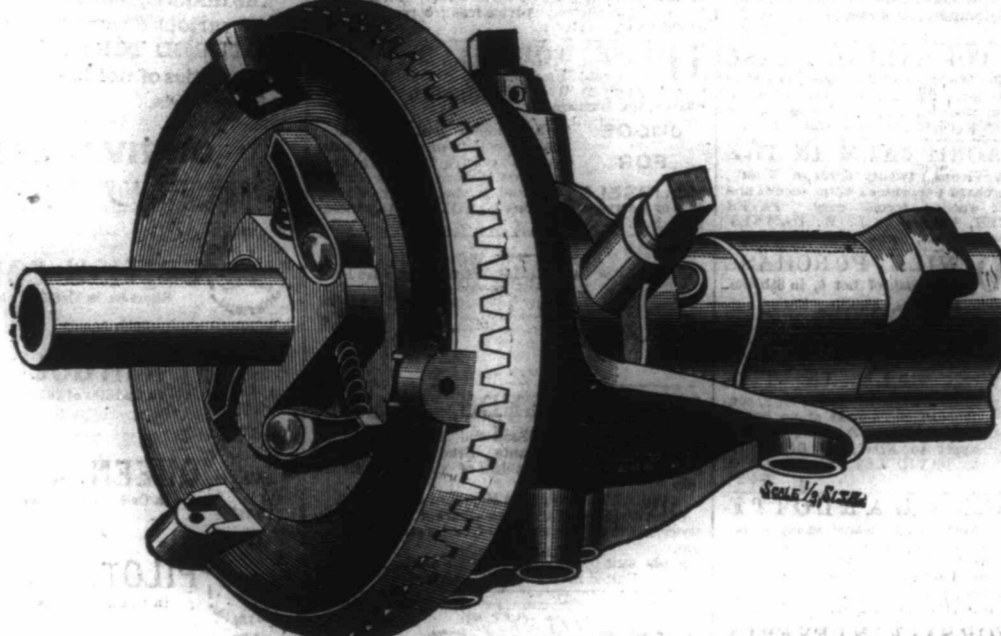
The New York State Library report for 1877 gives the number of volumes in it as 104,010, of which 3,228 were added during the year. Among the foreign works are many of those of Wm. Prynne, a voluminous writer and distinguished lawyer statesman of the 17th century. He was a great opponent of Lord Coke and was dignified by Charles II. with the title of the "Cato of the 17th century."

The following statistics taken from the articles of a correspondent of *Magisterio Español*, show the material progress made in Spain within the last thirty years:—In 1846 the schools were 16,640; the scholars, 563,531; the expenses, in money matters, 18,148,867 reales. In 1870 the schools were 28,117; the scholars, 1,410,476 kinds, 79,073,960 reales. Thus twenty-four years there has been an increase in the number of schools of 12,477; of scholars, 746,245; of expenses, 60,920,000 reales; being about 30 per cent. in the schools, and much more than 300 per cent. in school expenses.

SOMETHING NEW IN FARM MACHINERY.

A REMARKABLE INVENTION.

Canada is so thoroughly an agricultural country that whatever invention relates to the improvement of this branch of her industry should be accepted as a blessing for the common good of all. The rapid strides of improvement that have been made in the art of farming within the past few years, have kept well abreast with that taking place in other pursuits. The old way of sowing the seed in the ground, broadcast by hand, is now more evenly and better sown with much less expense by machinery. The sowing and cradle are laid by, and in a few years will be exhibited only as curiosities of the past age. Reaping and Mowing machinery has been so nicely perfected, and so well adapted to suit the requirements, that the cost and labour of gathering the ripened crops now are only about one-third as much as formerly.



THE NEW MECHANICAL GEAR FOR DRIVING THE KNIFE.

During the season of 1877 a few hundred simple machines were made of this new style, known in the United States as "Whitely's New Champion," but christened in Canada the Toronto Mower, in honour of this city. The greater part of the year, however, was spent in perfecting arrangements for future trade. Extensive additions were made to their factories, giving them a shop almost 700 feet in length by 70 in width, exclusive of a large and commodious warehouse 300 feet long. These shops are connected by private railways with the six different roads entering the city. The company manufactures its own knives and sections and cutting apparatus complete, as well as all other parts belonging to the machines. They are now manufacturing at the rate of 20 complete machines per day.



WHITELY'S NEW TORONTO REAPING MACHINE WITH MECHANICAL GEAR.

This new Reaping Machine has been produced especially to meet the great demand for a light draft Reaper, combined with strength and durability. Within the past few years there have been a large number of "Light Reapers" brought out, each of them possessing some good points of excellence, but as a rule they have proven to be too light; composed as they were of frail material they were too delicate to withstand the severe strain imposed upon them during the past season, and the result was, that the benefit arising to the farmer in raising a low draft machine was largely overbalanced by the breaking down in mid-harvest of his Reaper,

incurring thereby expensive delays and severance of the ripened crops. In the construction of the Toronto Reaper special attention has been directed towards combining the greatest possible strength with the least possible weight—that is, to strike an average between the large, heavy, cumbersome Reapers on the one side, and the frail, light-constructed machines of recent growth in the opposite extreme. To accomplish this it is necessary that the implement should be almost wholly built of steel, malleable wrought iron, and by the substitution of the strongest malleable for the old style of common

cast-iron, increased strength is obtained, and much of the unnecessary weight dispensed with. The use of steel and cold-rolled iron is an expensive change from the old way of building machines, but the result will be gratifying. With the aid of educated workmen and good system in the manufacture, together with the severe test given each machine before it leaves the factory for the field, enables the manufacturers to offer the Toronto Reaper to the Canadian farmer with a full guarantee that they will find in this machine what has been so badly needed—a good substantial Grain Harvester, easy to handle and light in draft.

There are no bearings or bolts to wear out, or bolts—for securing them—get loose or lost; there being none of the usual bearings and cog-wheels to cause friction, almost the entire power exerted by the horses is applied directly to actuating the knife; hence, while it is the lightest draft, it is the strongest cutting machine in use, as has been repeatedly proven in the mowing of swamp lands, which had never before been mowed, because no other machine could be found that would do it.

The cutting apparatus is constructed with cast steel finger bar, malleable iron shoes and guard fingers all faced with hardened steel cutting edges. The guard

field without the necessity of the driver leaving his seat. The perfect control which the driver has over the bar adapts the machine for use in the worst kind of mowing, readily clearing trees, stone heaps, or other obstructions. It can be thrown out of its gear with the foot, and when thrown out there are no cog wheels in contact.

The fly-wheel, which gives steadiness to the motion of the cutters, also acts to receive the thrust from the knife, and relieve the gearing from the sudden shock or jar which is noticeable in all the rattling and pounding noise upon the old style of driving mechanism; and, different from all other machines, the fly-wheel is placed up high and dry along side of the main driving axle, where it is entirely free from contact with obstructions, as is usual with quick kind of moving machines.

It runs without noise, and with extraordinary smoothness. The cutter bar is operated by two levers, one for foot, the other for hand, and may be raised bodily to a height of twelve inches horizontally, or be thrown up at any angle, or to a vertical position, all without throwing the machine out of gear, or stopping the knife. The bar may also be folded and secured for leaving the

factory. The following description of the Mower and Reapers is taken from the Company's Catalogue:—The gearing is enclosed within itself, and is the only perfectly enclosed gearing in use, and, at the same time, accomplished without any casing, extra weight or fixtures that is so common on other Reapers. The "New Mechanical Gear" has been successfully applied to the Reaper, the same as made on the Toronto Mower. The same as made on the Toronto Mower. The same as made on the Toronto Mower.

The connection between the knife and driving mechanism is self-adjusting, and will take up all the slack caused by use, and at the same time is so constructed as to form a universal joint between the knife and driving arm, thus avoiding any twist or torsion upon the moving parts. This link connection moves at all times within the width of the shoe, and cannot possibly be injured by stones, clumps, or obstructions.

The material used in the construction of this machine is of the very best character, the important wearing parts being cast steel, malleable iron, cold-rolled iron and wrought iron; the material employed being selected with special reference to the greatest strength and least weight.

To insure a more perfect manufacture of this machine, special machinery has been invented and fitted up expressly adapted to its manufacture.

Each mower is carefully tested before being sent out, by placing the machine upon iron trucks, and running it at a speed of ten miles an hour, or about three times faster than it would run when ordinarily cutting grass. By this severe test any defective parts are discovered and repaired before the machine leaves the factory.

THE NEW COMPANY.
The plant now, one machine manufactory, costing many thousand dollars, in these works, and under the efficient management of Mr. L. H. Lee, their factory presents an appearance and produces a class of work not surpassed on this continent, and rarely equalled.

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The Toronto Reaper and Mower Company. This concern was organized under the Dominion laws incorporating joint stock companies, during the month of September, 1876, for the purpose of manufacturing these new implements in this country. A valuable piece of property, seven acres in size, was purchased in this city, containing suitable shops for the commencement of the enterprise, and the new company was launched forth under the management of the following gentlemen: Mr. Oliver S. Kelly, of Whitely, Fawcett & Kelly, a prominent manufacturing Co., of Ohio, President; Mr. Jerome Fawcett, of the same firm, Vice-President; Mr. William T. Stillwell, of Springfield, Ohio, Secretary, and Mr. Louis H. Lee, of Baltimore, Manager.

In this issue of *The Mail* we devote a page of our space to the illustration of a new style of Reaping and Mowing machinery that deserves particular notice. This peculiar implement was first introduced into Canada about two years ago by the

factory. The following description of the Mower and Reapers is taken from the Company's Catalogue:—The gearing is enclosed within itself, and is the only perfectly enclosed gearing in use, and, at the same time, accomplished without any casing, extra weight or fixtures that is so common on other Reapers. The "New Mechanical Gear" has been successfully applied to the Reaper, the same as made on the Toronto Mower. The same as made on the Toronto Mower.

The connection between the knife and driving mechanism is self-adjusting, and will take up all the slack caused by use, and at the same time is so constructed as to form a universal joint between the knife and driving arm, thus avoiding any twist or torsion upon the moving parts. This link connection moves at all times within the width of the shoe, and cannot possibly be injured by stones, clumps, or obstructions.

The material used in the construction of this machine is of the very best character, the important wearing parts being cast steel, malleable iron, cold-rolled iron and wrought iron; the material employed being selected with special reference to the greatest strength and least weight.

To insure a more perfect manufacture of this machine, special machinery has been invented and fitted up expressly adapted to its manufacture.

Each mower is carefully tested before being sent out, by placing the machine upon iron trucks, and running it at a speed of ten miles an hour, or about three times faster than it would run when ordinarily cutting grass. By this severe test any defective parts are discovered and repaired before the machine leaves the factory.

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