

THE ACADIAN

AND KING'S CO. TIMES.

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS--DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Vol. XIII.

WOLFVILLE, KING'S CO., N. S., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1893.

No. 3.

THE ACADIAN.

Published on FRIDAY at the office
WOLFVILLE, KING'S CO., N. S.

TERMS:
\$1.00 Per Annum.
(IN ADVANCE.)

CLUBS of five in advance \$4.00.

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Wolfville, N. S.

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G. W. R. R. Agent.

Churches.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. T. A. Higgins, Pastor.—Services: Sunday, preaching at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.; half hour prayer meeting every Sunday; service every Sunday; Prayer meeting on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 7:30. Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at 7:30. Strangers welcome; all are welcome. Strangers will be cared for by
G. W. R. R. House, 1
A. N. W. B. B. 1

St. Andrew's (Presbyterian)—Services every Sabbath at 3 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Bible Reading every Sunday. Prayer meeting on Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Strangers always welcome.

CHALMERS' (Lower Hostels)—Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Prizes and Prayers every Sunday. Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Strangers always welcome.

METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. Oskar Grolund, B. A., Pastor. Services on the Ground, 8 a. m., 10 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at 12 o'clock, noon. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30. All the seats are free and strangers welcome at all the services.—at Greenwich, commencing at 3 p. m. on the Sabbath, and prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. on Thursdays.

St. John's Church—Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Celebration of Holy Communion first Sunday in every month.

REV. KENNETH C. HENDON, M. A., Rector of St. John's.

Frank A. Dixon, Warden.
Robert W. Stortz, Secretary.

St. Francis (R.C.)—Rev. Mr. Kenney, P. P.—Mass 10:00 a. m. on the fourth Sunday each month.

Masonic.

St. George's Lodge, F. & A. M. meets at their Hall on the second Friday of each month at 7 1/2 o'clock p. m.
J. W. Caldwell, Secretary.

Temperance.

WOLFVILLE DIVISION of the W. M. T. U. meets every Monday evening in their Hall at 7:30 o'clock.

ACADIA LODGE, I. O. G. T. U. meets every Saturday evening in Temperance Hall at 7:30 o'clock.

CRYSTAL Band of Hope meets in Temperance Hall every Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

APPLE TREES FOR SALE

For the Fall and next Spring trade, at the
Weston Nurseries!
KING'S COUNTY, N. S.

Orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

ISAAC SHAW,
PROPRIETOR.

Ripans Tablets cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tablets: best liver tonic.
Ripans Tablets cure headache.
Ripans Tablets cure biliousness.
Ripans Tablets cure bad breath.
Ripans Tablets assist digestion.



SKODA.

This beautiful ship was built by Mr. C. B. Burgess, a prominent shipowner, of Wolfville, N. S., and named for the popular renegade that is doing so much good in the U. S. and Canada. It will carry

Skoda's Discovery,
Skoda's Little Baiter, Skoda's German Soap, Skoda's Ointment and Skoda's Pine Cure, not only to keep her own crew in health, but to introduce them into foreign ports. In proof of their high standing read the following:

Nervous Prostration & Chronic Diarrhea CAN BE CURED.
I have used several bottles of Skoda's Discovery in my family, and regard it as an excellent remedy, especially for nervous prostration and chronic diarrhea. In my extensive practice, I have treated and favorably referred to these remedies.

DR. RALPH WALLACE, M. A.,
General Home Medicary for the British Home Mission Board of the Maritime Provinces.
Medical Advice Free.
SEGA DISCOVERY CO., LTD., WOLFVILLE, N. S.

DIRECTORY

OF THE

Business Firms of WOLFVILLE

The undermentioned firms will use your right, and we can safely recommend them as our most enterprising business men.

BORDEN, CHARLES H.—Carriages and Sleighs Built, Repaired and Painted.

CALDWELL, J. W.—Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Furniture, &c.

DAVISON, J. E.—Justice of the Peace, Conveyancer, Fire Insurance Agent.

DAVISON BROS.—Printers and Publishers.

DR. PAYZANT & SON, Dentists.

DUNCANSON BROTHERS.—Dealers in Meats of all kinds and Feed.

GODFREY, L. P.—Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes.

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HIGGINS, W. J.—General Coal Dealer. Coal always on hand.

KELLEY, THOMAS.—Boot and Shoe Maker. All orders to his line faithfully performed. Repairing neatly done.

MURPHY, J. L.—Cabinet Maker and Repairer.

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DAND, G. V.—Drugs, and Fancy Goods.

SLEEP, S. R.—Importer and dealer in General Hardware, Stoves, and Tinware. Agents for Frost & Wood's Plow.

SHAW, J. M.—Barber and Tobacconist.

WALLACE, G. H.—Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

WITTER, BURPEE.—Importer and dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Ready-made Clothing, and Gents' Furnishings.

POETRY.

Our Dream House.

Where is the house, the house we love
By field or river, square or street,
The house our hearts go dreaming of,
That only waits our hurrying feet?
The house to which we come, we come,
To make that happy house our home.

Oh, dear dream house; for you I store
A melody of such curious things,
As a wise through goes counting o'er,
Ere the glad morn of songs and wings,
When a small nest makes all her heaven,
And a true mate that slugs at even.

Up those dim stairs my heart will steal,
And quietly through the listening rooms
And long in prayerful love kneel,
And in the sweet-aided twilight glooms,
I'll set a certain straight, or chair,
And dust and order and make fair.

Oh, tarrying Time, hasten, until
You light your hearth-fires, dear and warm,
Set pictures on these walls so chill,
And draw our curtains 'gainst the storm
And shut us in together, 'Tis,
In a new world, a happier clime!

Whether our house be new or old
From last year's nest its memories cold,
And all be gold that once was gray,
Oh, dear dreamhouse, for which we pray,
Our feet come slowly up your way!

SELECT STORY.

HIS OPPORTUNITY.

BY HENRY CLEMENS PEARSON.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

"You were asking," continued Chamberlain, "what could be done to solve this problem. I have studied it, and two things are suggested to me. One is, to give the people of the street good drinking water, and the other is, to establish a rival store that shall draw as much trade as possible away from the liquor-shop."

"Very good, if they were practicable, but I fear neither is," was the reply, with an intonation of regret.

"I do not agree with you. They are both feasible. For instance, good water can be struck on the plateau just above the street," returned the young man, warming up to a defense of his plans.

"All the land there is owned by parties who are at enmity with the file-company. Miss Whittier would sooner burn her house than sell a foot of her land. Besides, the water there would have the same impregnation that all the wells in the vicinity possess."

"I am sure you will be glad to know you are wrong. A driven well is already finished on the other side of Miss Whittier's fence, and flows pure, cold water enough to supply all Steep Street, and the mill also," was the quick reply.

Lamson's face darkened. Chamberlain did not notice it, but went on to describe the advantages that would ensue from such a well, assured that the agent, although conservative, was with him.

"How is the water to be got to them?" he asked.

"By pipes running into each house. It would cost but a trifling sum, and what a blessing it would be!"

Lamson shook his head as if in deep thought.

"Just now," he said slowly, "I am afraid we cannot afford to put out any money on piping. I wish we might. The project is a good one. It is yours, I suppose?"

"Yes," said Chamberlain, with genuine pride, which displayed itself in his voice, and was noticed by Lamson.

"It is a noble thought, and no doubt cost you considerable, or did Miss Whittier assume the expense," he continued.

"I did it."

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Again the face of the agent assumed its cloud. Chamberlain, seeing it, laid it to deep thought, and mentally rejoiced that at last he had found Lamson so willing to plan for the prosperity of Steep Street.

"I believe I can see your hand in the new store, also," said the agent, with a sharp glance.

"That was Temple's thought. I only furnished the money."

Lamson shaded his face and sat for a few moments in deep thought.

"I suppose," he said, "you would like to have that continued?"

"I should."

"Have you any one in mind to run it?"

"I have not," was the reply.

"I believe I know a man who would be just the one wanted," averred Lamson. "He lives in a neighboring town. I will drop him a line, and if you wish,

he will call and see you within a day or two. Until then, if I were you, I should keep the place shut."

"Thank you," said Chamberlain, greatly relieved. "I have been puzzled to know whom to put there. Your help will come in just the right time."

Swayed by the candid confessions of the lawyer, Chamberlain went away sure that the general impression among the help, that Lamson was a rascal and a hypocrite, was without foundation. As it happened, something occurred that very evening that led him further to believe in his innocence as regarded all such charges. Across the river, just on the edge of the mill-dam, leading from the factory yard to the Steep street side, ran a foot-bridge. It was a frail structure, and but little used, except by the "water gate tender" in his trips to raise or lower the "flash-boards." In his determination to become acquainted with all parts of the vast mill estate, Chamberlain had often passed over this foot-bridge. The factory-buildings adjacent to it were most of them windowless, while the ample yards were shut in by lofty fences making it possible for one standing on this bridge to be as much alone as if miles away from human habitation.

The waterfall, upon the edge of which the bridge hung, tumbled down over a series of rough granite steps throwing the spray high in the air, and wetting the branches of the maples and elms that grew, not alone on either side, but also on a narrow island strip in mid stream, extending close up to the dam. This rocky island, its sides constantly fringed by the surging waters, its phalanx of trees, ever narrowing, till they stood almost in single file at the foot of the dam, was to Chamberlain's eyes, a spot of rare beauty. When the mill was not running the waters thundered over the dam, sometimes sweeping over the island, bending down the undergrowth, tossing the boulders, and causing even the sturdy trees to quiver and shake. During work-hours the side canals drew off the surplus water, and only narrow threads of silver splashed over and ran across the rapidly-drying rocks.

On the evening in question the young man had wandered to this spot and stood now in his favorite attitude leaning against the railing and looking down into the empty river-bed. Absorbed in thought, he did not notice that the railing, pressed by his weight, was slowly yielding. When at length, it suddenly snapped and broke, ere he could recover himself, he was precipitated into the mass of tree tops that reached up toward him from the little island. Fortunately for him it was, that they were bound together by luxuriant grape-vines, that the branches were green and thrifty, and that so much intervened to break the fall. As it was, dizzy, bewildered, stunned, he reached the ground without serious injury. Upon attempting to rise he found himself in a curious predicament. The great oak, into whose neighbor arms he had fallen, had as its neighbor a thrifty young beech. Wedged between the two, his ankle firmly caught in a rock-crevice, Chamberlain found he could not get up unassisted. The distance between the two trees was enough to admit of his moving freely, yet held him too tightly to allow him to release his prisoned foot. In vain he writhed and squirmed, using his strength, skill, ingenuity. All were alike useless.

With no little difficulty, he looked at his watch, which was still running, in spite of the shaking up it had received, and discovered that it wanted but five minutes of whistle-time. At six, the canal-gates would be shut, and the water would again thunder over the dam. The very place where he lay had been for the past few days swept by an angry torrent, swelled by recent rains. There was little probability that the water had lowered enough to make it safe. The dampness of the ground and the tree-trunks proved that during the brief noon-hour, the place where he lay had been water-wet.

The steady roar of the machinery would soon give place to the thunder of the waterfall, and neither would allow his voice to be heard. The case looked serious. There was a bare possibility that the water-gate man might cross the bridge and might rescue him, but it was a chance in a

thousand. One-half the time had already gone swift-winged, and he was listening with nervous apprehension for the clanking of the gate-chains, when looking up he saw a man walking leisurely across the foot-bridge. How his heart beat with hope and fear! Nearer came the stranger, and he raised his voice and cried, "Help! Help!" But the clattering and clanging and roaring of the mills drove the sound away from the friendly ears. Again he cried, and again with the same result. The gentleman walked quietly on, and was passing the place of the accident, when he noticed the broken dam. With a gesture of surprise, he peered down into the river-bed, and at once saw Chamberlain looking up to him with all the eloquence of appeal that a youth threatened with a horrible death could express in a look.

When Chamberlain saw who it was, as he did in a second glance, his heart sank within him, for he encountered the steel-blue eyes of Lamson. Why should he have been so disappointed that it was not some rough workman, or even some enemy, instead of the polite lawyer? Perhaps this was because he thought that, were he ever so anxious, he would not possess the faculty for a quick rescue, or possibly he had not yet laid aside his deep-rooted distrust. At all events, it was a most shocking disappointment when he discovered that his only hope of help lay in this man in tautless broadcloth. Even in the greatest extremity one is impressed by the most trivial things, and as Chamberlain looked up and saw the broad expanse of spotless linen, and the rays of the summer sun struck full on the diamond shirt-stud, he was almost in despair. But Lamson did not stand idly regarding him. He called down some sentences which might have been encouraging or other wise, so mangled were the words by the din of the trip hammers, and then darted back to the factory. That he could run, the young man had never imagined, for the pompous walk had ever seemed a part of his personality. Soon Lamson reappeared with a long rope, which, with almost incredible deftness, he made fast to the planks of the foot-bridge and then threw down. So sure was the cast that the young man laid hold of it, but was even then not able to extricate himself.

"Send down one of the men," he called after a violent effort. But Lamson had no such thought. Already the clanking of the gate-chains had ceased, and a great silence fallen over the river-valley. From the street on the further side of the factory now came the shouts and laughter of a thronging operative, striking with a startling distinctness on the ear of the imprisoned man at the foot of the fall. With so much of help so near, and yet to be unable to take any advantage of it, was like starting in the midst of plenty. Already the brimming pond had begun to overflow, and where there had a moment before been but a few small jets of water, were now constantly growing streams. A few minutes' delay would serve to settle the matter.

Bound down as he was, Chamberlain knew that he could not, by any possibility, keep his head above even a shallow stream. Manfully, in a sort of doubling stupor, he beheld Lamson strip off coat and vest and shoes, and stand until after a quick, agile dash himself over the edge of the dam. Without a word he set at work to loosen the clog that held the ankle captive, and after a little prying and pounding, it gave way and rolled into the turbid stream that had already wet the foot through and through. With the assistance of the strong hand,—its firmness and strength impressed the rescued man with great surprise,—he arose.

"We must be quick unless we wish to climb these trees and stay all night," said the agent. "Are you hurt? Think with a little help you can go up the rope?"

"Yes, indeed! Go ahead, and I'll follow," said Chamberlain, again grasping the rope, but it was a chance in a

"Oh, no," was the laughing reply. "I came down here after you. I am strong and well. You may be badly hurt without knowing it. It is wiser for you to go first."

Recognizing the good sense in this, Chamberlain acquiesced, and in the face of a fine sheet of water, with a broad stream falling on each side, the two men began the ascent. The rocks, grown more slippery than ever, afforded a most insecure footing, and the air seemed full of falling water. In an instant they were drenched. Chamberlain, still dizzy from his fall, several times swung off from his feet, but the strong arm of the agent helped him back. As they neared the edge of the fall, the stream of water grew denser, and now fell steadily over them, and seemed to have the weight of hundreds of pounds. When, at last, they stood on the narrow foot-bridge, Lamson shook the water from himself like a shaggy water-dog, and said, jovially,—

"This makes me ten years younger. I declare, shower-baths agree with me first-rate."

"I wish I could express my gratitude. You have saved my life. I shall not soon forget it," said the rescued man with feeling.

"Nonsense! Do the same for me when I get in a similar fix, and it will be all right," was the careless answer. "Now you must hurry home. I am sorry I can't go with you, but I think as long as your ankle does not appear to be sprained, and you have no broken bones, the exercise of walking will not hurt you. Good luck, and don't try to emulate Sam Patch any more, by jumping over falls."

With a quick stop and parting wave of the hand, the agent walked rapidly away, and Chamberlain started in the opposite direction, his warm heart overflowing with gratitude toward his deliverer, and a strong resolution never again to doubt a man who could show himself at once so brave and so capable.

CHAPTER XV.

"I am sure, Master Tom, they would be glad to have you join them," said old Allan, earnestly.

"It would do me good to have a game, but file-grinders are not apt to be up in such arts."

"They will never suspect. How should they? Has not any young man in this country a right to excel in any game? Let me introduce you to them."

"No," was the decided reply it was foolish for me to think of such a thing. I will not intrude. They are having a jolly time; why should they be marred by the presence of a laborer? I know how they feel."

The old gardener did not reply, but the expression on his face said plainly that no one could, for an instant, think Miss Alice's boy an intruder.

The two speakers were in the garden, behind a half hedge of hollyhocks, looking over at the beautiful lawn in front of the Pilot mansion. There, three persons were playing tennis. One of them was Miss Whitney; the other two, a young lady and a gentleman, were strangers. They had obtained permission from Lamson to use the grounds, and now were enjoying their liberty to the utmost. At length Miss Whitney dropped her racquet and strolled away through the garden. The other two, who were evidently lovers, seemed not at all loth to have her depart, for they at once engaged themselves on a rustic bench and entered in earnest conversation.

From behind the hollyhocks, Chamberlain watched the fair girl, as she slowly approached. With unconscious grace she moved over the close-cropped grass, toward the spot where stood the gardener. The old man had, as usual, begun to prune and pet his plants, and in so doing, had stepped from behind the screen of plants and now was in plain sight.

"Oh, Allan," she said, with the freedom of an old acquaintance, "why aren't you a young man? A nice-looking, agreeable young man? I need one this afternoon."

The gardener's eyes twinkled.

"You want one to play tennis with?" he asked.

"Yes, Cousin Harvey and Kate are so awfully dull. They do such bare faced cheating in favor of one

another that it is impossible to beat them. Can you not change one of these hollyhocks into a youth, tall and fair, who shall be my partner and help me win a game?"

"Master Tom," said Allan, turning toward him, "fortune favors you." Somewhat embarrassed, Chamberlain stepped forward, hat in hand, and made a polite bow.

"Pray consider me a transformed hollyhock," he said.

A wave of crimson swept over the young lady's face.

"I beg pardon," she said, with just a tinge of coyness; "I had no idea that any one, besides the gardener, was present."

"Master Tom is just the one to fill out the game; he is a crack player," remarked Allan.

"Do you play tennis, Mr Chamberlain?" asked Miriam, with some surprise.

"I have played," was his modest reply.

Miss Whitney hesitated a moment, then said,—

"I should be very glad to have you join us in a game, and, oh! she continued, gaining enthusiasm, "do let us beat Harvey and Kate!"

Crossing the lawn, he was introduced, and the game began. Harvey was no poor player, and when he found that Chamberlain was not a novice, a new interest lighted his eyes, and he dropped his listlessness and entered into the game in the heartiest way imaginable. With the stimulus of Miriam Whitney's energetic admonition to "be sure and beat," he played well, perhaps better than he ever had before; so well, that at the end of the game, his partner was clapping her hands at the rueful looks of Harvey and Kate, for they were badly worsted.

"You play elegantly, Mr Chamberlain; better than any young man in town. What couldn't you do at

THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., SEP. 8, 1893.

The New School Building.

The new school-house is at last completed and has been formally taken possession of by the Board of School Commissioners. It is a building of which we have long had the satisfaction of knowing that we have a school building second to none in this county and fully equal to the requirements of the town for the next decade at least.

The outward appearance of the building is in striking contrast with that of the old school-house which stands at present a few rods west, and upon what must necessarily be the play grounds of the school. This of course will necessitate the removal of the old house at an early day and the sooner it is done the better it will be for the credit of the town and the comfort of the school children.

Minutes of Town Council.

Town Council met on Tuesday evening, Sept. 5th. Present, the Mayor, Councilors Thomson, G. W. Borden, Sawyer, C. H. Borden and the Recorder.

Coun. Thomson's report on water account was read and adopted. Report of Town Clerk on debentures was read and adopted.

Committee on Poor reported with reference to Maggie Droghan and family of Charles Simpson. Resolved that the Committee make such allowance as they see fit for the coming month and report on these cases at the next regular meeting.

Letter from Mr. J. W. Barr with reference to Mrs. S. B. Bishop was read. Resolved that Mrs. Bishop's name be struck off the list and tax be remitted.

Letter from Walker Brown was read, regarding slaughter-house of Duncanson Bros. Resolved that the Town Clerk notify them in writing to remove slaughter-house outside the Town limits forthwith.

A deputation was received from the Firemen with reference to various matters required to be done. Resolved that the Committee on Streets and Water Works be instructed to purchase such articles as have been asked for by the Fire Company and to make enquiries regarding cost of syren whistle, and report at next regular meeting.

Resolved that Harold H. Brown be appointed Deputy Town Clerk during the absence of Town Clerk.

Resolved that accounts of J. W. Caldwell, S. Sidney Crawley, and Town Clerk be paid.

Windsor's Masonic Fair.

For over a year the Masons of Windsor and vicinity have been making preparations and arrangements for the Masonic Fair on a grand scale, to come off this Sept. When the Mason's Fair in Halifax was decided upon the Windsor Masons kept rather quiet so as not to injure the prospects of that undertaking; now however they are making themselves heard again and begin to give some idea of what may be expected as the result of their long effort. Look for their adv. in another column of this issue.

Canada at the World's Fair.

In the glittering details of exhibits shown by larger and older countries that of Canada has been rather overlooked by the average visitor to the Fair. Yet the Dominion has sent to Chicago a full and representative exhibit, covering every department with the one exception of electricity. Well chosen, well installed, and uniformly excellent, the display deserves more attention than has been generally given it.

In a pretty pavilion in the northern portion of the ground the commissioners and other officials connected with the exhibit have made their home. From this house all the work since May 1 has been directed. The structure itself compares not unfavorably with the Victoria House just across the way. It is not, perhaps, so distinctive from an architectural point of view, but at the same time it shows many of the characteristics of the people who built it. It is solid, substantial, and business-like looking. It has broad verandas, and besides the offices, which takes up most of its space of its first and second floors, there are airy reception rooms, a reading room and a library, all for the comfort of Canadian visitors to the exposition. Ewart is the name of the man who designed it, and the cost is estimated at about \$35,000.

The officials who make the place their headquarters are G. R. E. Cockburn, M. P., and Senator Joseph Tassie, Hon. Commissioners; J. S. Clarke, Executive Commissioner; N. Avey, Commissioner for Ontario; the Hon. John McKindloch, Commissioner for Quebec; Senator W. G. Perley, Commissioner for North West Territories; C. F. Law, Commissioner for British Columbia; together with their assistants and the members of the Canadian press, who look out for Canadian interests in the newspaper world. The windows of the building look out onto Lake Michigan and the officials congratulate themselves on having the finest view of the fireworks on the entire grounds.

Canada's strength lies in its natural products, and in these it has, as a consequence, made the best showing. Of the exhibits in the Agricultural and Mining Buildings the Commissioners are particularly proud, and with good reason. The pavilion in Agriculture is one of the best in that building. The court is made up from products from Ontario, Quebec, Northwestern provinces, and British Columbia. These are chiefly corn, grain and cereals of various kinds, and are arranged in original styles that best display their variety and quality. On the top of the court are wild animals from Canada, finely stuffed and mounted. Among them are deer, wild geese, white polar bear, black bear, goat, antelope, and wild turkey. In the pavilion each province is fully represented in agricultural products. Ontario makes a specialty of grain. The agricultural college in that province has sent a temple composed entirely of grain, showing every class grown in the province. Manitoba and the Northwest provinces are strong in wheat and oats. In these and standard grains this section of the country expects to make record when the matter of awards shall be decided. British Columbia follows with grain and fruits. In the products of this province there is great variety, since the mountains and valleys of that region afford a wide range of temperature. On the heights the hardier varieties of both fruits and grains are grown, while the fruits raised in the valleys approach nearly those grown in the tropical States of America.

It is not, however, in the Agricultural Building that Canadian fruit is displayed. These are reserved for Horticultural Building, where, arranged in the court from which Canadian colors fly, apples, pears, peaches, grapes, tempting visitors from glass jars and piled on little plates, show the resources of the country in this direction. The apples grown in the neighborhood of the St. Lawrence River are said to be the finest on this continent. Beside them, in striking contrast, are the semi-tropical fruits from the southern portion of Ontario, that fertile region known to Canadians as the Niagara Peninsula. The only exhibit of vegetables made at the Fair has been installed in Canada in the annex of Horticultural and attracts the attention of people who are interested in serving good dinners as well as those whose liking for agriculture takes a more practical turn. In every case these fruits, vegetables, and grains are so arranged as to show the resources of the different provinces. It would not be fair to conclude any description of the agricultural section without mentioning the mammoth cheese, which breaks the record of all the other cheeses that the world has ever known, and toward which Canada's mental attitude is one of complacency. It is placed in the Agricultural Building.

The exhibit in Mining shows the situation of mineral resources in the provinces. Ontario's chief exhibit is nickel ore, for which there is at present a great demand for armor plate. After that comes copper, of which there is a fine showing, and a great variety of building stone. Gold is Nova Scotia's chief contribution, the province being particularly rich in that mineral. Seventy-nine thousand dollars a ton is the price commanded by the best gold from this region. It, too, has quantities of building stone, most of the material for the Parliament buildings in Toronto having come from there. Phosphate, asbestos, plumbago, and iron are all shown by Quebec, and like all the other exhibits from that province are well arranged. From British Columbia, the richest mineral bearing province of the Dominion, there is gold, iron, copper and silver. All these specimens are well

W. S. WALLACE, MERCHANT TAILOR.

New Goods! Latest Patterns!

My trade has increased so fast that I have been obliged to procure another lot of Fine Scotch Suitings and English Trouserings—all of the very Latest Styles. Call and have a look at them. No old stock to select from.

N. B.—Ladies wanting buttons covered to match their dresses or sacques should see my Button Coverer.

Agent for "White" Sewing Machine.

housed, the court in Mining being one of the best erected by Canada in any of the buildings.

Placed side by side with Great Britain in the Manufacture Building Canada certainly makes a better showing, so far as its facade on Columbia avenue is concerned, than the mother country. While the British Government took no interest in its exhibit here, leaving the matter almost entirely in the hands of individual exhibitors, Canada went to the trouble and expense of erecting a pavilion and of directing the installation of its display. The court, as Canadians like to call the houses they build for their exhibits to live in during the Fair, is a triumphal arch that suggests the early history of the country, when fortresses were more common than dwellings. Over the main entrance is the Canadian coat-of-arms with the beaver shown on either side. From the tower-like structure that surmounts the doorway the colors of the Dominion wave. This pavilion, like the Canadian Building, was designed by Mr. Ewart, the assistant architect of public works in Toronto. It is said to have cost about \$10,000. The exhibits installed in this court are varied in character. On cottons and ready-made clothing the government has seemingly based the display, since it is stronger in these two departments than in any of the others.

There is a good showing of cordage, hardware, musical instruments, pottery, druggists' supplies, stoves, ranges, and hollow ware of all kinds. In tapestry, carpets, and paints, too, there is a good exhibit. Up-stairs in the department of liberal arts Canada invites inspection of its educational system. School work is shown by the various provinces, and to those who are interested in educational matters it offers a good opportunity for a comparative study of the system, adopted by the different provinces. Art schools, as well as practical, every-day kind, have sent some of the best work accomplished by their pupils. Charts, pictures of school houses, and tables of statistics aid in the intelligent understanding of the display. The total amount of space given to Canada in Manufactures Building is 17,000 feet, not including the 5,000 feet devoted to its liberal arts.

In Forestry the space consumed by Canada in showing its woods is 4,000 feet. Soft and hard wood, both in rough state and polished for use in cabinet making, are shown. The display of pine and fir is especially good. Most of this comes from the Province of Quebec, which has gained a reputation for good material among furniture manufacturers. Machinery Hall is not without its Canadian section. Woodworking machinery is the best exhibit made by the Dominion here. This has been brought to great perfection owing to the demands for such machinery made from Canadian manufacturers from the immense quantities of lumber the provinces afford. Brass manufacture is also fully illustrated and there is a good display in iron-working machinery, dial, gauges, and indeed all the things that delight and interest machinery-loving minds. Although installed in the annex of the Agricultural Building the farm implements might perhaps come under the head of machinery. On the manufacture of these articles Canada congratulates itself. It believes it can rival, if not surpass, the United States in this class of machinery, and there are certainly in the annex remarkably good examples of the sort of implements wise farmers use on their fields and uplands.

Transportation has the usual exhibit of vehicles. Which in almost all countries is essentially similar, although the details may occasionally vary. It is to the Canadian Pacific railway standard train that the Canadian Commissioner points with the greatest degree of self-congratulation. This stands it will be remembered, side by side with the exhibition train sent by Great Britain. Canadians are convinced of the superiority of their system, which is almost every respect that of the United States, and hence is convinced that in this respect at least comparisons are anything but odious. Indeed it rather invites the inspection and criticism of such English folk as find their way to the tracks where these two trains stand.

It is impossible to give an exhaustive account of the Dominion's display in a limited amount of space. People who give it the attention it deserves will receive a clearer idea of the vast resources of Canadian territory than anything short of an extended journey through its beautiful country can give them.—Chicago Tribune.

Berwick. Mr. Carlisle has gone away. Real Estate Agent is full of business. Capt. Folker, of Hantsport, has bought the West place, on Main street, and is at work repairing the house.

Capt. Hibbert, of Yarmouth, has bought a new house and lot on Foster street, from A. McNeill, Esq. Mr. McNeill is building again on the opposite side of the street.

The Yarmouth Land Company are at work clearing their land, the second tract west of the Brown property. Mr. Ford has charge of the work.

Mr. S. Chute has grown and marketed 17,000 quarts of berries this season. Sales

GRAND MASONIC FAIR AT WINDSOR!

27th, 28th and 29th Sept., 1893. Handsomely Decorated Booths. 1000 Articles Decorative Japanese Art. Pract' Electric Cooking Apparatus in full operation.

Edison's Wonderful Phonograph. The Bodyless Man. The Aerial Slide, &c.

An Interesting Museum of Curiosities! WINDSOR'S 2 BANDS. Dinner, Tea, Oysters, Fruit and all kinds of Refreshments.

Address by Hon. D. C. Fraser, G. M. and Interesting Masonic Ceremonies at opening, Sept. 27th, at 3 P. M.

ADMISSION, 10 CENTS. The W. A. railway issue single first class tickets by all trains on 27th, 28th and 29th, good to return till 30th Sept. On Wed., 27th, a special train will leave Windsor at 9.30 p. m. for Kentville and intermediate stations.

WINDSOR ADVERTISEMENT.

CARVER'S

DRY GOODS IMPORTING HOUSE!

WE PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING LINES: GLOVES, CORSETS, HOSIERY.

PERRIN'S FRENCH KID GLOVES! (EACH PAIR GUARANTEED)

"P. A." AND Madam Warren's Dress Form CORSET!

Finest Imported Hosiery!

We will pre-pay the postage on either of the above lines.

WE KEEP ONLY SUPERIOR GOODS. TRY US.

I. FRED CARVER.

COAL. COAL.

Now in Store—GENUINE

Lackawanna Hard Coal! IN ALL SIZES.

Parties wanting winter supply will do well to leave orders early.

Old Sydney Mines Coal! ON THE WAY.

Springhill & Acadia Coals Always on Hand.

Having improved facilities for handling coal cheaply we intend giving our patrons the advantage of same.

Until the completion of our office, orders may be left at the store of Messrs Harris and Harvey.

ARMSTRONG & HIGGINS, Wolfville, Aug. 1st, 1893.

averaging 7 cents per quart. The growth of orchard on land where the fruit was grown will largely pay expenses of growing and marketing the berries.

Messrs. O. N. Chipman and A. A. Shaw have gone to Rochester Theological Seminary.

E. O. Foster, Esq., our faithful postmaster, and wife, have taken a vacation, the first in fourteen years, to visit friends. They have the best wishes of a host of friends for a happy time and a safe return. H. E. Jefferson, Esq. has charge of the office in the absence of P. M.

An effort is being made to bring water from the North Mountain into town. Just what is needed, and then a sanitarium will come next in order.

The Sunday School at Weston intend having a picnic on Saturday, in the grove near the Fair.

The Weston cheese factory will supply the Camp at Alderhot a ton or more of cheese.

WHITE HALL!

The "Cash Store," Kentville.

CARPETS!

Just received by S. S. Madura, from London, 15 Bales CARPETS, SQUARES, RUGS, &c. Newest Designs and Colorings, and best value in the Province. Now on exhibition at our Carpet Rooms.

HAYING TOOLS.

Screen Doors, Green Wire Cloth! Plain, Twisted & Barbed Wire.

PURE PARIS GREEN! LAND PLASTER!

SHINGLES, LUMBER, TILES AND BRICK. A Complete Stock of PAINTS & OILS!

J. L. FRANKLIN.

Wolfville, N. S., July 12th, 1893.

HORSEMEN, LOOK THIS WAY!

JUST RECEIVED! A fine lot Horse Fittings, such as Coats, Brushes, etc. Also, Whips, Rubber Boots and Axle Oils.

HARNESS OF ALL DESCRIPTION! as cheap as can be bought elsewhere. Good Work. Good Stock.

Repairing and Cleaning Harness.

Wm. Regan, - - Wolfville, N. S.

JOB PRINTING!

NEATLY DONE AT "ACADIAN" OFFICE!

FOR SALE.

That property formerly known as the Johnson place, now owned by the estate of John O. Pince deceased, pleasantly situated near Wolfville and containing about 3 acres, with house, barn and orchard. For price and other particulars apply to R. V. JONES, EXECUTOR, or to E. S. CRAWLEY, PROCTOR OF THE ESTATE.

Livery Stable.

First Class Livery Stable! -IN CONNECTION WITH- "American House."

Good Teams. Competent Drivers. Terms Moderate. W. J. BALCOM, PROPRIETOR.

Passengers conveyed between the American House and Railway Station free of charge. 12-3m

JANITOR!

Tenders will be received at the office of the Town Clerk for the position of Janitor for new School Building up to Saturday, 9th September. Particulars in regard to the duties of Janitor can be obtained by applying to the chairman of School Commrs., E. W. Sawyer.

By order WALTER BROWN, TOWN CLERK.

2 in.

W. J. HIGGINS, Wolfville, Aug. 3d, 1893. 37

WOLFVILLE

Drug Store!

SOME OF OUR SPECIALTIES. SARSAPARILLA BLOOD PURIFIER PULMONIC COUGH BALSAM, BALSAM OF TAR and WILD CHERRY, FRAGRANT TOOTH WASH, FRAGRANT DENTIFRICE (Powder) FLAVORING EXTRACTS AND ESSENCES OF VANILLA, LEMON, ORANGE, ALMOND, CHECKERBERRY, ROSE, etc.

Tonic Root Beer Extract, (makes over 4 imperial gallons for only 20 cents.)

The above are all of our own make and warranted SUPERIOR articles.

—ALSO USUAL ASSORTMENT OF—

Drugs, Patents, Fancy Goods, Etc., Etc.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Geo. V. Rand, PROPRIETOR.

Wolfville, June 23d, 1893. 43-4f

Mail Contracts.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 20th October, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, six times per week each way, between Port Williams and Port Williams Station; twice between Aylesford and Morden; and once between Morgantown and Morden, under proposed contracts for four years, from 1st January next.

Printed notices containing further information as to the duties of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the terminal Post Offices of each route and at this office.

CHARLES J. MACDONALD, Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Halifax, 1st Sept., 1893. }

FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT, IN WOLFVILLE, Apply to Geo. H. Farquhar.

Wolfville, Nov. 25th, 1892. Jan 22

Amherst, N. S., May 27, 1893.

The Groder Dyspepsia Cure Co.

GENTLEMEN.—I am 71 years of age. Have been afflicted with sick headache most all my life, which developed into Dyspepsia of a mild type about twenty years ago, and has continued to grow worse until during the past seven or eight years I have not been able to take a drink of cold water or milk, as they would produce severe pains and sometimes vomiting. I have been subject to severe pains in the chest, with dizziness, which have been more frequent during the past three or four years. My mouth was furrowed up in the morning, accompanied with bad breath. My case was yearly growing worse.

During this long period I have tried many popular medicines, as well as prescriptions from the regular medical practitioners, but without producing any improvement.

In the fall of '92 I concluded to try a bottle or two of your medicine and such were its effects that I continued it until now I can drink cold water or milk without any inconvenience. Those dizzy pains are all gone and my mouth is as sweet as a baby's. In short your medicine has cured me and I am sure that all Dyspepsias can be cured by its use.

(Signed) W. H. ROGERS, Late Inspector of Fisheries for Nova Scotia.

GEO. D. COMSTOCK, Hantsport, N. S.

Pianoforte and Reed Organ Tuning and Repairing. Orders by mail attended to. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

W. P. BLENKHORN, House & Decorative PAINTER.

WISHES to inform the General Public that he has again opened business in Wolfville, and by honest work and close attention to business hopes to merit a fair share of public patronage.

Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.

AMHERST BOOTS AND SHOES! Have Arrived for the Fall Trade!

AMHERST LONG BOOTS Are the Cheapest and Best Wearing Boots Made.

Every Pair Warranted! We carry all the different lasts. C. H. BORDEN, WOLFVILLE.

DR. WM. A. PAYZANT, DENTIST.

ALL KINDS of Dental Work done. Crown and Bridge work a specialty.

THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., SEP. 8, 1893.

Local and Provincial.

Lost—On Sunday afternoon, Sept. 5, in Wolfville, a watch. Finder will please leave at J. I. Murphy's.

Dr. W. A. Payzant has removed to new building of Mr. E. B. Shaw, where he has very pretty dental parlors. We will refer to them again.

On Sunday next divine service will be held in St. John's Church at 11 A. M. and 7 in the evening. They will be conducted by the Rev. J. O. Ruggles.

On Thursday, the 26th of October, The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia will induct the Rev. K. C. Hind as Rector of St. John's Church, of the Parish of Horton.

The schr. Amherst, Smith master, from Boston, arrived on Monday. After discharging part of her cargo she proceeded to Port Williams, where she will load lumber for Mr. S. P. Benjamin.

Use only Gray's Gold and Silver Cleaner for sale only by G. V. Rand, Main st.

The Presbyterian Sabbath schools of Wolfville and Lower Horton, are to unite and picnic at Oak Island, Avonport, on Tuesday next. The Baptist Sabbath school will hold their annual picnic at the same place on Wednesday.

The orange-trees in the tropics fruit and blossom, blossom and fruit, all at the same time. In "Earecliffe Gardens" there may be seen to day a bearing plum-tree in full blossom. Truly this is a semi-tropical locality. Mr. Archibald has now four thousand plum-trees in "Earecliffe Orchard."

In spite of the C. V. Railway Port Williams is still an important station in regard to the agricultural produce year-ly sent out. The outward traffic for year ending June 30th, 1893, was as follows: Potatoes, 12,280 barrels; apples, 15,000 barrels; Cattle, 728 head; Sheep, 800; Total freight shipped, \$585,830.00, and freight paid thereon, \$5005.00.

Lost—On Thursday, 31st inst., one Buckskin Glove. Will the finder please leave at store of R. Prat.

There are now living and in good health in King's County, the sisters whose combined ages amount to 374 years, 5 months and 19 days. The oldest was born in 1812; the youngest in 1822. Add to that the age of their only brother, now living, would make 443 years, 11 months, 24 days. Is there a similar case in this country?

Mr. W. C. Archibald has shipped from "Earecliffe Gardens," including yesterday's picking, 565 baskets of plums, and the trees are still only partially relieved of their heavy burden of fruit. This year's crop in their variety and profitable crops are now a standing marvel to many of our people as well as visitors from abroad. Here is manifest evidence of method and skill applied to the most interesting work of fruit growing.

A Pretty Wedding.

An event which created an unusual flutter among the fair sex occurred at St. John's church on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, the occasion being the marriage of Mr. Walter Brown, our popular town clerk, and Miss Jessie, daughter of Fred. Brown, Esq. The church, which was decorated with a profusion of pretty flowers, was filled long before the appointed hour by friends and relatives of the principals of the event. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Canon Brock, assisted by Rev. J. O. Ruggles. The wedding march was played by Miss May Prat. Messrs. Caulfield and Armstrong were the ushers. The bride, one of Wolfville's most charming young ladies, was attired in a pretty costume of dark heliotrope trimmed with heliotrope, with hat to match; and carried a bouquet of lilies. She was accompanied by Miss Prescott, of Dartmouth, and Miss Lou Brown, sister of the bride. The dress of the groom was fawn with brown trimmings, that of the latter cream trimmed with moss-green. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Harold Brown. After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a lunch was served, after which the happy couple were driven to the station and embarked on the "Flying Bluenose," followed by congratulations of a host of friends. Mr and Mrs Brown will spend a few weeks in the valley of the St. John river, after which they will return and reside in Wolfville.

Dr. DeWitt has moved his residence and office to the house on Main street, lately occupied by Mrs. J. L. Brown. Office hours from 8 to 10 A. M., and 1 to 2 P. M.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Lower Canada Defended.

To the Editor of the ACADIAN. There is a desire in our modern life which is very strong and active, and that is the craving for notice or cheap notoriety. Where the in effect of the ambitious one is mediocre, something sensational in the scale of humanity. Too often does this desire lead men of little minds to indulge their hearers or readers with excitable clap-trap or matter which is neither wise or justified by facts. And religious critics, above all, injure themselves and weaken their own cause when they are not content with a plain recital of truth, but rather seek to cater to the low tastes and puerile curiosity of vulgar minds. It does appear singular that a minister of the gospel and a professed disseminator of truth should go a long piece out of his way to utter that which is base and slanderous, and attempt to vilify the good reputation of a whole community.

In a lecture delivered on temperance before the good people of Gasperau Reg. J. C. Duncanson, of Wakefield, B. I., drops his subject for a time in order to cast a slur upon his native county and particularly upon Lower Canada. Here he had dwelt for a time, and here he had tasted of hospitality such as no other place gives, because he was a young man and a stranger here. Now like a viper he stings in return for kindness bestowed upon him. He endeavors to show that here temptation and immorality lurk in excess of any place in the United States, for after reciting some of his "facts" he exclaims as one who expects no answer: "Do you think the United States could more than equal that in temptation?" He makes his attack upon all classes. Only low-charactered, ignorant girls are found there, and the farmers and their wives seek to employ such, forsooth, because the boys can be hired cheaper. The young ladies, girl schoolmates and young men are all under his ban, and perform the immoral work he speaks of, under the cloak of Christianity and social standing. Certainly none who listened to such a tirade, and who knew the moral standing of Lower Canada as the people of Gasperau do, could but think that the lecturer was either deluded, or on account of an old discord he sought to vent his spleen in the manner he did. In the outset he says he will state a few facts, but before he closes we find that his imagination is fertile in one way at least—a report which reaches his ears six years after he left Canada is a prominent part of his denigratory utterances. We do not know what temptations may have beset the lecturer while he was a youth in Lower Canada but this we do know, that after his departure and ever since, the moral tone and Christian aspect of the dweller in this place has been unquestioned. No other young man or maiden has been obliged to leave this place in order to seek purer associations in the United States or elsewhere, and why the learned gentleman should himself be so surrounded by temptations while here, is inexplicable, unless he leads us to infer that he carries his own moral atmosphere with him. We trust that he knows how to guard his morally a little wiser than he guards his utterances. To show how overdrawn and unlikely were all his statements we need but repeat him: "There is to-day as many indulgences sold from our pulpits as in the dark ages." Qualify this as he will all can now understand how true were the "facts" he uttered. Lower Canada will not suffer by the truth being known to all, but the facts must be given by one who has no motive for doing injury.

"Its proper power to hurt each creature feels. Bulls aim their horns and asses lift their heels." TRUTH.

To the Editor of the ACADIAN. MR. EDITOR.—In your issue of Sept. 1st are two anonymous communications making certain inquiries in reference to the doings of the School Board. Why the schools were not opened on the regular day, I think Parent, as well as every other person in the town, understands. That the new building was not completed June 1st as called for by the contract is a matter that has sorely troubled the Board. The delay arose from the voluntary waiting of the contractor for the organization of the School Board, that there might be some one to look after the necessary mason-work in connection with the heating system. The Board of Trustees, after the election of the Council, were unwilling to do anything that would obligate their successors, and the government, although urged to hasten the matter, delayed for several weeks the appointment of the outside members of the Board. Just as soon as the Board could get to work and has pushed things for all it is worth ever since. The contractor promised us the building by the opening of the new school year. An unfortunate combination of circumstances has delayed him for a few days.

A CUT

Has been declared on FRUIT JARS and FLOUR.

TO BE IN IT I quote S. S. Preserve Jars—Pints, \$1.00; Quarts, \$1.20; Half Gallons, \$1.44 per doz. Choice Flour—\$4.25 per bbl. Other Goods Low.

I sell Dearborn & Co's. and Brown & Webb's Pure Spices and Flavoring Extracts!

FULL CREAM CHEESE. Can sell you same brand which won gold medals at the World's Fair.

NEW TABLE CODFISH. FARINOSE GRITZ. ROLLED OATS, ETC.

"FIVE LILLIES," and other choice brands of Flour.

Feed in Bags!

Try my fine Teas and Coffees

For Strength and Excellence of Flavor.

NEW CROCKERY & GLASSWARE! Handsome assortment of L.A.M.P.S. to arrive!

Will pay you 18c and 20c for Table Butter—14c for Eggs.

R. PRAT.

Wolfville, August 16th, 1893.

The new seats, through a misunderstanding on the part of the Clerk, were ordered three or four weeks after they should have been. Still they should have been here by the 26th, having been shipped on the 19th of August.

The old desks were applied for by several sects early in the summer, at a time when the Board felt confident of getting into the new house in time for school purposes. It seemed probable that if the Board did not sell the desks then, it might wait a long time before disposing of them. Under these circumstances the Board did not feel justified in refusing to sell.

No one regrets the delay that has occurred more than do the members of the Board, and yet I do not see just how the delay could have been avoided.

In regard to the question of taxation, if the ratepayers will only cudgel their brains a bit they will remember that nearly a year ago at the last regular school meeting \$1300.00 was voted by the section for the then ensuing school year. This amount was never levied, and that the fifty cents that the rate is not only for the portion of the year for which the interim assessment has been made, but also for our last year's expense. With this fact in view no one, I think, can fairly say that the rate is excessive.

I do not understand why the present Board should be charged with having increased the taxes. If it is forced to ask for more money, it is simply because, before the incorporation of the town, the ratepayers of the section unanimously and cheerfully voted certain sums for the erection and equipment of a new school house. Everyone, at the time, saw clearly that this would require increased taxes. Now it appears to me to be unfair to berate the Board for doing what it has been compelled to do by the action of the section itself.

With reference to the \$5000.00 credit, if ratepayers prefer to pay two years' taxes in one, plus the interest on such part of the \$5000.00 as might be used, he is welcome to his opinion; but I, as a member of the Council, should demure to any such extravagant method of doing business.

As to the reason why the estimates have not been published in the ACADIAN, the editor of that paper can answer better than I. The estimates were made before an open meeting of the School Board and were submitted to an open meeting of the Council, and are a matter of public record on our books. If the editor of the ACADIAN does not think the proceedings of the School Board and Town Council of sufficient importance to publish the reports of the council, the account must be settled with him and not with the Board and Council.

In conclusion, let me say that if your anonymous contributors will write over their own names, or come to me personally, I should be glad to give them any additional information in my power.

Respectfully yours, EVERETT W. SAWYER, Chairman of the School Board.

Sept. 6th, 1893. [We are unable to see why our correspondent should seek to draw us into the controversy. An attempt to side-track the line of argument is no indication of a conscious right. With regard to our publishing the reports of the council we may say that on our first attempt to attend the council meeting we were met with a locked door. Since then we have published the minutes of the meetings as taken from the record book of the Town Clerk. The minutes of the meeting at which the estimates referred to are alleged to have been submitted were published in the ACADIAN. The minutes of that meeting, however, as given in the estimate book, merely show that an estimate was presented, without any particulars of same.—Ed.]

For SALE—McDonald "Frenchman" all-purpose mare, 6 years old, kind and sound. Weight, 1050. Good driver. J. W. CALDWELL.

Born. TIBBETS.—At Wolfville, Sept. 4th, to Mr and Mrs Geo. Tibbets, a daughter.

Married. BROWN.—At St. John's church, Wolfville, Sept. 6th, by Rev. Canon Brock, assisted by Rev. J. O. Ruggles, Mr Walter Brown, and Miss Jessie, daughter of Fred. Brown, Esq., all of Wolfville.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Avoid the so-called "Fast Black" dyes, which are claimed to be stainless



Ask For and Take Nothing But Everfast Stainless Hosiery.

LOOK AT OUR Challies, French and English Cambrics, Lace Curtains, Art Curtains.

A Beautiful Curtain Pole & Fixtures GIVEN AWAY with our \$2 Curtain!

A lot of Ladies' Capes and Jackets at Greatly Reduced Prices.

WOOL WANTED. Glasgow House.

JUST LANDED!

1 CAR CHOICE MIDDINGS, 1 CAR 'PEOPLE'S' FLOUR.

This Flour has no equal outside "Five Roses," and when you want your next 50 lb. try this brand.

We will sell for 30 days "White Roses" Flour for \$4.20, or five bins, for \$20.50; other brands in proportion. As we buy in the best markets we are in a position to sell low, for cash.

New Goods in all lines Arriving Daily. Call and See Us! HARRIS & HARVEY.

N. B. Try our Tutley's Pa. Butter, 16 and 20 cents; Eggs 14 cents. Wolfville, August 25th, 1893.

T. A. MUNRO, Merchant Tailor.

Now is the Time to be Suited!

A few more light-weight SUMMER SUITINGS, to be sold at cost in order to make room for Fall Goods!

Best Workmanship Guaranteed! WOLFVILLE, N. S.

BUSINESS NOTICE!

Having purchased the business and good will of the late S. R. Sleep, in Wolfville, I will carry on a general Hardware, Plumbing, Tinsmith and Furnace Business at the old stand. A full line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Having Implements Paris Green, etc., on hand. Soliciting a continuance of the liberal patronage extended to the old firm, I shall endeavor to use customers right in every case. L. W. SLEEP.

Wolfville, July 14th, 1893.

CLEARANCE SALE!

Curtain Poles & Dadoed Blinds!

Big Discounts! Now is Your Time to Buy!

Extra Fine Line of Trout Rods, Flies, Hooks, Lincs, Reels, etc.

ROOM PAPERS! IN ALL THE NEWEST DESIGNS, FROM 5c. TO 50c. PER ROLL, AT THE WOLFVILLE BOOKSTORE!

Landing To-day:

150 Bbls. Best Family Flour. To be sold on the miller's account for the next ten days at \$4.25 per bbl., Cash.

----- PRESERVE JARS! ----- MASON'S, Porcelain Top with Rubber Collar.

Half Gallon, \$1.44 per doz.; Quarts, \$1.20 per doz.; Pints, \$1.00 per doz.

F. J. PORTER.

Wolfville, August 18th, 1893.

WOOL! WOOL!

BURPEE WITTER

Is prepared to take good, washed wool in exchange for

Cloths, Blanketings, and all kinds of Dry Goods, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, Straw Hats, &c.

A large lot of MEN'S PANTS just received—in all sizes—at from \$1.50 to \$5.00.

Good Value in Oxford Cloths.

—A LARGE STOCK OF—

LADIES' UMBRELLAS!

FROM 50 CENTS TO \$8.50.

Women's Stainless Hosiery, Boys' Knickerbocker Hose in all sizes!

LADIES' CORSETS a specialty!

Ladies Silk Gloves and Black Silk Mitts!

BATIST, for SUMMER DRESSES, in Fine Quality and Haudouche Patterns.

Burpee Witter.

Wolfville, June 9th, 1893.

AUG. 25, 1893.

CALDWELL

—HAS OPENED THIS WEEK—

12 CASES

AMHERST BOOTS and SHOES.

2 CASES

SANFORD'S

Ready Made Clothing!

IN MEN'S BOYS' AND CHILDS'.

DRESS GOODS!

In Serges, Cheviots, Cashmeres and Meltons.

Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths!

Bedroom and Parlor Suites!

WINDOW SHADES! CURTAIN POLES—5 and 10 Feet. NEW GOODS DAILY ARRIVING. Ask for Corticelli Silk and Twist—the Best in the Market!

A Printing Telegraph.

The teletype, or electrical typewriter, has been designed to meet the requirements of a rapid and reliable printing telegraph instrument...

The Use of a Flag.

In Havana there was one evening a great row in the streets, and a man was killed. Everyone ran away except an Englishman...

How the Colonel Felt.

On one occasion a distinguished Kentuckian Senator or Congressman as the case may be, witnessed the burning of a big warehouse in his native village...

Where You Get Gloves.

Almost everywhere in the world, except in Paris, rats are considered as a troublesome nuisance to be got rid of by any means possible...

THE WHITE RIBBON.

"For God and Home and Native Land." Conducted by the Ladies of the W. C. T. U. OFFICERS: President—Mrs J. F. Tufts...

Next meeting in Temperance Hall, Thursday, Sept. 14th, at 8.30 p. m. The meetings are always open to any who wish to become members.

Gospel Temperance meetings, conducted by members of the W. C. T. U., are held every Sunday afternoon at 4:15 o'clock...

Rolled off the dray at the store door, it may look as innocent as a barrel of flour, but there may be half a dozen murders in that barrel of liquor...

People often sing, "Where is My Wandering Boy To-night?" but the truth is when the parents went to church or to the temperance meeting...

"In appearance," says the Scientific American, "the beer drinker may be the picture of health, but in reality he is most incapable of resisting disease..."

The N. Y. Voice thus ably and clearly points out the injustice to ordinary sober men by those who drink; "The very persons who suffer most from drink are those who are sober and industrious..."

One of the New Zealand papers has recently been publishing the facts of a liquor dealer's bill in that country, which are very significant...

What's the subscription price of your paper? "Two dollars a year," if it intended for any particular class of readers...

First Oculist—"I had the most interesting case yesterday that I ever had the pleasure of attending to." Second Oculist—"What was that?"

Scraps for Odd Moments.

Garfield Tea cures sick-headaches. In all the reduction of pay now going on, the wages of sin remain the same.

A young lady said to her dressmaker: "If women are ever allowed to vote, what do you suppose will be the fashion for voting dresses?"

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia. A social cynic says that one of the troubles with our society is that it does not know the difference between talk and conversation.

The editor wrote: "The showers last week, though copious, were not sufficient to meet the wants of the millmen." The compositor set it up "milkmen."

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff. "Please tell me where I can find a large medical library in this city?" "Underground sir. These you will find the greatest works of physicians."

Minard's Liniment, cures burns, &c. There is a great difference between military engagements and love engagements. In one there is a great deal of falling-in and in the other there is a great deal of falling-out.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, The Great Blood and Nerve Remedy. I don't see why a woman any more than a man should be permitted to wear a hat at an entertainment. I do. It's ever so much easier for you men to comb your hair.

If you do not know how good a remedy Garfield Tea really is for constipation and sick headache, send a postal card to D. Denmore & Co., 271 Queen Street, East, Toronto, for a free, trial package.

Unhappy passenger on an [on an ocean steamship]—Doesn't the vessel tip frightfully. Dignified Steward—The vessel, mum, is trying to set a good example to the passengers.

Ronald McKay, Murray Harbor Road, P. E. I., writes:—"I was crippled with rheumatism and could get no relief until I used your Pink Pills. I am now well." Of all dealers or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50.

The man who wagered a lady that he could thread a needle in less time than she could sharpen a pencil won in sixteen minutes, at the end of which time the lady had whittled up her pencil.

Your druggist is honest if when you ask him for a bottle of Scott's Emulsion he gives you just what you ask for. He fosters the liquor traffic. There is no other of that kind, and such combinations are by no means rare, is an unmitigated evil in a free country over and above the direct shame, sorrow, crime and suffering caused by the drinking usages of society.

One great secret of happiness is never to allow your energies to stagnate. The old proverb about too many irons in the fire is an admirable one. Have them all in—shovel, tong, poker and all. The more the better.

Mrs. Cummings, wife of the Hon. C. A. Cummings, of Folly Village, N. S., writes to say that she was entirely cured of some stomach, which had troubled her for over 20 years, by the use of Hawker's Nerve and Stomach Tonic and Hawker's Pills.

Young Husband—"I'm just about dead, putting down this carpet." Wife—"The carpet is not heavy." "No, but I have to work in such a cramped position." "Nonsense, my dear. Just imagine you are on your bicycle."

A Pilot's Experience. Pilot Scott, of St John, tells his experience. He says, I suffered for months from a severe and constant pain in the side. I was treated for congestion of the liver, but the medicine failed to help me. I finally tried Hawker's Liver Pills, which relieved the pain and fully restored me to health. Hawker's Liver Pills sold everywhere.

"If there is any more of this oculatory conviviality," said the Boston girl at the children's party, much shocked, "I shall withdraw."

When a hotel and a portion of its occupants go up in a conflagration, the knowledge soon becomes general that it was a tinder box and fire trap. Even building inspectors become acquainted with the fact at this stage of the proceedings.

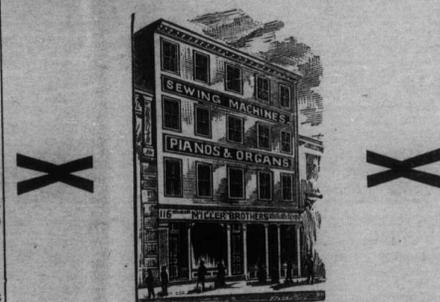
ALL MIRACLES DO NOT OCCUR AT HAMILTON. The whole town of Glamis, Ont., knows of a cure, by the application of MINARD'S LINIMENT, of a partially paralyzed arm, that equals anything that has transpired at Hamilton.

M. R. W. HARRISON. A well known man about town went into a Chestnut street haberdashery the other day, and asked of the pretty saleswoman for a pair of suspenders.

First Oculist—"I had the most interesting case yesterday that I ever had the pleasure of attending to." Second Oculist—"What was that?" "A young lady called who, instead of having a common pupil had a college student in her eye."

SKODA'S LITTLE TABLETS Cure Headache and Dyspepsia.

Miller Bros. Pianos & Organs.



MILLER BROS. CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK!

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired! Sewing Machines Repaired! We buy direct in large quantities for cash, and are able to give large discounts. PIANOS SOLD ON THE INSTALMENT PLAN.

116 & 118 Cranville St., Halifax, N. S. Four Diplomas taken on Stock shown at late Provincial Exhibition.

Photo. Studio. Lewis Rice, of Windsor.

Branch Gallery at Wolfville. Rooms open first Monday of each month, from 10 o'clock to 12 o'clock. NEW ROOMS PATRIQUIN BUILDING, WOLFVILLE, N. S.

Feed a Cold. SCOTT'S EMULSION.

Yes, but feed it with Scott's Emulsion. Feeding the cold kills it, and no one can afford to have a cough or cold, and leading to consumption, lurking around him.

SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS. Dyed and Cleaned.

And all kinds of Laundry Work done to look like new. Also all kinds of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

Satisfaction Guaranteed! IN ALL CASES.

For prices and further particulars apply to our agents, ROCKWELL & CO., WOLFVILLE BOOKSTORE.

UNGAR'S STEAM LAUNDRY, 62 & 64 GRANVILLE ST., Halifax, N. S.

NASAL BALM CURES GOLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH.

SOOTHING, CLEANING, HEALING. Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible. Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, loss of sense of smell, food, breath, hoarseness and spitting, general feeling of weakness, etc.

A. G. Morrison, Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer &c. Real Estate Agent. 40 WOLFVILLE, N. S.

IN COMPARISON.

With a Baking Powder sold in this vicinity containing AMMONIA. Injurious to health and unfit for Human Consumption.

THERE SHOULD BE No hesitation in choosing WOODILL'S German Baking Powder.

Which Dr. George Lawson pronounces to be Pure and Wholesome. MILK.

My delivery wagon calls twice daily delivering milk to my patrons at 4 cents per imperial quart. I use a milk cooler or arator which method keeps the milk pure and sweet from 24 to 36 hours longer than without its use.

LADIES' BAZAR. Ladies interested in Needlework will find a Full Line of Art Goods at the Bazar.

Work stamped and commenced if desired. There is a growing demand for superior fancy and domestic wools, and the Bazar is prepared to fill the bill.

M. A. Woodworth, Webster St., - - - Kentville, N. S. FOR SALE. One Boiler and Engine, near Berwick Station, of 40 horse power, nearly as good as new, which will be sold at bargain and on easy terms.

THE Yarmouth Steamship Co. (LIMITED). 4 TRIPS A WEEK.

The Shortest and Most Direct Route between Nova Scotia and the United States. THE QUICKEST TIME, 15 to 17 hours between Yarmouth and Boston!

STEEL STEAMERS "YARMOUTH" AND "BOSTON." UNTIL further notice, commencing Saturday, June 24th, one of the steamers will leave Yarmouth for Boston every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS after arrival of the Evening Express from Halifax.

Regular all carried on both Steamers. Tickets sold to all points in Canada, via Central Vermont or Canadian Pacific Ry., and to New York via Fall River Line, Stonington Line and New York and New England Ry.

For all other information apply to Y. & A. W. & A. I. C., and N. S. C. Ry's Agents, or to W. A. CHASE, L. E. BAKER, Secretary and Treas. Manager, Yarmouth, June, 19th, 1893.

TO BUILDERS.

Just received—a consignment of No. 1 Pine Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Gutters, &c., &c., thoroughly seasoned. Persons requiring building material would do well to inspect this stock and obtain prices before placing their orders elsewhere.

C. H. STARR, WOLFVILLE, N. S. Agents for the Fairbank Co., Deseronto, Ont. May 19th, 1893.

NOTICE.

There are a number of children at the Almshouse, Hart-n, between the ages of five and ten years, who can be bound out to responsible persons.

JOHN H. BISHOP, CLERK. July 28th, 1893.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, The Great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

W. & A. RAILWAY.

Monday, June 26, 1893.

GOING WEST. Halifax—Yarmouth. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m. 10:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:30 a.m. 12:00 p.m. 12:30 p.m. 1:00 p.m. 1:30 p.m. 2:00 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:00 p.m. 3:30 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 4:30 p.m. 5:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. 6:30 p.m. 7:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m. 8:00 p.m. 8:30 p.m. 9:00 p.m. 9:30 p.m. 10:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. 11:00 p.m. 11:30 p.m. 12:00 a.m. 12:30 a.m. 1:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m. 2:00 a.m. 2:30 a.m. 3:00 a.m. 3:30 a.m. 4:00 a.m. 4:30 a.m. 5:00 a.m. 5:30 a.m. 6:00 a.m. 6:30 a.m. 7:00 a.m. 7:30 a.m. 8:00 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