

BAPTISTS HEAR CHEERING REPORTS

More Members and Churches Salaries Have Increased and More Money Is Needed

Convention Accepts Invitation to Meet in Fredericton Next Year—Many Matters Discussed and Committees Appointed—Governors of Acadia Chosen.

Amherst, N. S., Oct. 20.—This is home mission day at the Baptist convention. The report was presented by Rev. L. W. Porter, superintendent. The board is now located in Halifax. Seventy-three pastors have been assisted and one has reached the self-supporting stage. Two churches have secured parsonages, four churches have new houses of worship, salaries have been increased and \$15 have been added to home mission funds.

Captain I. Harbottle acted as immigration chaplain at Halifax. Rev. J. B. Kempson, D. D., has been chaplain at the Victoria General Hospital. Rev. A. J. McLeod has been general missionary. Home missionary pastors receive an average salary of only \$750. The income of the board is \$11,400. The present debt is \$3,200. A special feature of the home mission work is the work among the African people, residents in Nova Scotia, eleven missionaries boarding ship for the continent.

Rev. Mr. Richardson reported for the board of western mission. This report indicated a great year's work in the west. Rev. H. F. Wilford, D. D., LL. D., is the efficient president at Brandon, while Dr. Sawyer is president at Oshkosh. Each of these four western provinces have a convention.

Meeting in Fredericton Next.

The convention accepted the invitation of the United Baptist churches at Fredericton to meet there next year.

Rev. Moses Puryear stated the position of the Cornwallis street church, Halifax. He asked for \$1,000 from the convention toward their proposed new church.

The report on home missions in New Brunswick shows thirty-five parsonages and 100 additional baptisms by baptism. The income of the board is \$8,727. Rev. C. W. Wilson is home mission superintendent in New Brunswick.

Rev. E. E. Daly reported for the finance committee. No financial agent had been appointed, no suitable man had been found willing to accept the appointment.

The committee recommended the merging of the work of the financial agent with the work of the foreign mission secretary. Nelson S. Smith, secretary of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

This proposition was vigorously opposed by Rev. Dr. Cousins, T. D. Bell, C. E. Stafford and J. H. Jenner, who urged making the pastors more fully responsible for the finances or denominational work.

Committee Appointed. Board of governors of Acadia University, retiring 1918—R. G. Haley, C. R. Clark, W. W. Clark, D. G. Clark, J. Roakes, Hon. H. R. Emmerson, John Smallman, W. C. Goucher, D. D. Retting, D. J. L. Peck.

Home mission board retiring 1918—Rev. A. B. Cohen, I. W. Porter, S. S. Poole, P. J. Stackhouse, E. E. Daley, retiring 1914, Rev. J. B. Ganong; retiring 1915, Revs. E. S. Mason, W. W. Smallman.

The speakers at the evening session of the convention were Rev. L. W. Porter, superintendent of some missions for Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, who discussed in a statesmanlike manner the home mission problem of eastern Canada. He said that home missionaries needed courage, patience and the grace of God's faith. The board needs \$3,000 at once for the work. The home mis-

EAST MIDDLESEX POLLING TODAY

Thanksgiving Spent By Both Sides in Active Work

MUCH BETTING Liberal Candidate a Favorite—Opposition are Hopeful That Rogers' Methods in Chateaugay Will Not Be Tolerated by the Decent Conservatives in Today's Contest.

(Special to The Telegraph.) London, Ont., Oct. 20.—Thanksgiving was peculiarly a political one in East Middlesex, family reunions being given to an unusual extent by political debates and discussions not always by any means harmonious. The holiday was both beneficial and detrimental to politicians. For while it brought some non-resident voters home, it also sent some away.

Actively at the committee rooms of both parties was even greater than on an ordinary occasion, for by the election of the morning the excitement of the maker and betting was as common as on a race course.

The young Liberal candidate, R. L. Fisher is a popular favorite but the Conservatives see in his name alone a good omen for them. "We beat one Fisher in Chateaugay," they declare and "we're going to beat all Fishers who come."

Liberals regard that threat as mere insolence and are convinced that the lesson Chateaugay has taught East Middlesex is of a different nature. "Don't let East Middlesex become a bye-word for corruption like Chateaugay," is their argument, and it is a telling one.

Rogers' methods are deplored in London by all respectable Conservatives, and as the Globe declares, it will be East Middlesex's own fault if it does not get a pure election.

TORONTO SOLDIERS, AFRAID OF RAIN, DODGE SHAM FIGHT

Invaders of the City Met No Foe When They Began Attack.

BRITISH VIEW TOWARDS MEXICO

New Ambassador Presents His Credentials to Huertia—No Reason for American Criticism.

He Who Reads Doesn't Have to Run

ABANDONED STEAMER TOWED TO BOSTON

N. Y. BULL MOOSERS NOMINATE SULZER FOR LEGISLATURE

HALIFAX LAD DIES OF HIS INJURIES

WILL WITHDRAW HER FORCES FROM ALBANIAN TERRITORY

BRITAIN'S GREATEST FIGHTING MACHINE



H. M. S. Queen Elizabeth launched at the Royal Navy Dockyard last week for the British navy. The Queen Elizabeth is the latest and largest of a heavy battleship class, carrying nothing but oil for motive power and carrying a main armament of ten fifteen inch guns and a large secondary armament. She has been a year in building and will be ready for service in another year.

TWO-FACED CAMPAIGN IN CHATEAUGAY

Tories Circulated Laurier's Imperialistic Utterances On Naval Question Among the French Electors to Show That Liberal Leader's Policy was Too British.

Ottawa, Oct. 18.—The Chateaugay by-election was won by the Conservatives—not only by the use of money and other corrupt arguments familiar to the Tories, but also by catching the remnants of the Nationalist vote with a cry against the Canadian navy in now plain. A couple of days before the election the riding was flooded with copies of a campaign sheet entitled "Opinion" which was widely read and for which Tory money was paid.

The Conservative campaign sheet in Chateaugay proceeds under a big heading "THE BLOOD TRIBUTE" to quote extracts from Sir Wilfrid Laurier's speech on the naval question in parliament on December 18, 1912, in which he said that unless he mistook the spirit of the Canadian people they did not want "this hybrid contrivance policy which they will insist that England and Germany should declare a 'naval holiday' in 1914 as a result of the armistice."

The article again quotes Sir Wilfrid Laurier as saying: "If there were an emergency, if England were in danger—no, I will not use that expression but if England were on trial with one or two or more of the great European powers, my Right Honourable friend (Mr. Borden) might come and ask me: 'What do you think of the proposal that the British Empire should give to the empire aid in money, and WHICH REFUSES.'"

It winds up by saying: "You are willing to lend but that their ancient feeling of spirit is gone and that they WILL NOT FURNISH A SINGLE MAN."

Then Dr. Michael Clark is quoted, in italics, as saying: "The storm of indignation which Mr. Borden spoke were to break upon the empire had a drop of Canadian blood would be spilled or offered."

In the same vein the Tory sheet quotes Messrs. Guthrie and Boring, embellishing with capitals and italics any reference to blood or fighting by "Canadians."

"This is the kind of stuff used by the Tories behind Mr. Borden when they come to the province of Quebec. The unholy alliance with the Nationalists is as strong as ever. The Tories who delight Ontario with their shouts of patriotism do not hesitate to quote and distort every loyal and imperial utterance of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his followers in order to foster opposition to them in the province of Quebec."

How will this style of double dealing sell the electors of East Middlesex and South Bruce? They must agree with Sir Wilfrid Laurier when he said that he would rather be defeated and in opposition than elected and in power by the means which Mr. Borden had adopted.

He is going to read their reasons and form his own conclusions. Advertising is not meant to do your thinking for you—it is intended to help you do your own thinking.

Advertising readers "think straight" because they see from all sides. They have looked before they were ready to leap—and when they buy they spend their money with wisdom.

Boston, Oct. 20.—The steamer Tampere, abandoned after the Virginia capes, on Sept. 30, was towed to port today by the tugboat cutter Andromeda, which plied her engines and pulled the George Washington six days ago.

The steamer probably will be towed over the agency of the companies in which she was insured.

New York, Oct. 20.—William Sulzer, impeached as governor of the state was nominated for the assembly tonight by the Progressive assembly of the state assembly district. Mr. Sulzer in 1889 began his public career as a member of the senate of the state legislature.

Belgrade, Oct. 20.—The Serbian government today notified the European powers that it had ordered its troops to withdraw immediately behind the Albanian frontier fixed by the peace conference held in London at the conclusion of the first Balkan war. This step complies with Austria's ultimatum.

OPEN THE DOOR FOR MRS. PANKHURST

ADmiral EATON DIED OF POISON

Strong Evidence by Doctors Against Widow

PRISONER COMPOSED Heard, Without Flinching, Physicians Declare Fatal Dose Was Given Her Husband a Few Hours Before He Died—Testimony That She Wished for His Death.

Plymouth, Mass., Oct. 20.—Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, died of poison, at least one dose of which was administered within six or eight hours of his death, during which time, testimony showed, he was unconscious.

This, the statement of medical experts, was the principal evidence introduced by the government in its efforts to support its charge that the admiral came to his death at the hands of his widow, Mrs. Jennie May Eaton, now on trial for his life.

That Mrs. Eaton had many times said she wished that her husband was dead was the statement made on the witness stand today by Henry M. Cases, of Rockland, who knew the family in 1910.

The threats, Mrs. Eaton's personality, her expressed fears that she and other members of the family would be poisoned by the admiral, a statement that she had actually tried to poison her on several occasions and other utterances by the accused widow, were all detailed in testimony during the day.

Mrs. Eaton still maintained, in a large measure, the respectable position she has far manifested during the proceedings. Occasionally during the medical testimony she bit her lips and again broke out in laughter during the testimony of acquaintances, who were all detailed in testimony during the day.

It is the contention of the government that poison was given the admiral in tea and other beverages by his widow.

HUNGER STRIKER ON STRETCHER AT LONDON MEETING

ANNIE KENNEY, OUT ON LEAVE, ATTENDS SUFFRAGETTE GATHERING, BUT IS TOO ILL TO SPEAK.

London, Oct. 20.—A dramatic appearance at the weekly suffragette meeting was made today by Miss Annie Kenney, organizer of the Women's Social and Political Union, the militant suffragette organization.

Suffering from the effects of a "hunger strike" in Holloway jail, the idol of the women's movement, looking extremely feeble, was borne into the hall on a stretcher and given a memorable reception by the crowded audience of women who stood on chairs and cheered until they were weary.

This was Miss Kenney's first appearance in public since her release, and she reached the hall in an ambulance, escorted by a guard of militant suffragettes in taxicabs.

The stretcher, supported on chairs, was placed in the middle of the platform, where Miss Kenney, by motionless and only able to whisper a few words to her friends.

WILL WITHDRAW HER FORCES FROM ALBANIAN TERRITORY

Woodstock, Oct. 20.—(Special)—Fifty or sixty of the citizens of Woodstock gave a banquet tonight to George D. Tins, the new proprietor of the Royal Hotel. Among the speech-makers were Alvin Burden, Berry Hartley, J. M. McLean and W. Mott. The singing of God Save the King brought the function to a close.

where he spent the past two years. He reports times very hard, but he has had large numbers are returning to work almost every train. Real estate has appreciated, work is scarce and living conditions are not expected to improve materially for years and the outlook, according to general impressions, is not promising for as much prosperity here as before.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

(The opinions of correspondents are not necessarily those of The Telegraph. This newspaper reserves the right to publish all or any of the letters received. Unsigned communications will not be noticed. Communications must be clearly written; otherwise they will be rejected. Stamps should be enclosed if return of manuscript is desired in case it is not used. The name and address of the writer should be sent with every letter as evidence of good faith—Editor Telegraph.)

COUNTRY FAIRS AND LIQUOR.

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir,—The occasion of this letter is the annual Stanley fair, an excellent institution in itself, but accompanied by so much drinking that it is dreaded by all respectable citizens. Thursday morning while the children were going to school, an old man, who should have had more respect for his white hair, was staggering toward one of the "blind pigs," and fell and hurt himself; the accident and his feeble curses excited a great deal of laughter and ridicule among a group of his grandson's comrades, who were watching him at a little distance. The verandah of the local hotel was full of men, all more or less "happy," and several belligerent, who were shouting and making high calls with a group of young men, anxious, doubtless, to be impartial in their patronage, were coming down street with uncertain steps to one of the other places. Fortunately no one is dead and no bones were broken so far as the writer knows, but both these things have happened at the Stanley fair in the last few years. Of course, this time, Scott Act officer John F. Timmins was in Stanley for the fair. There are several other places in the province known to the writer, where intoxicating liquors seem to be easily obtainable.

The Scott Act officers make occasional visits to these places, and less occasionally impose fines—almost always for a "first offense," and seldom, often enough to discharge these despicable men and women from their abominable trade. It is not possible to secure a more efficient carrying out of the law. The Province of Nova Scotia employs an officer who devotes his whole time to that duty, and he is not only out and that the officers do perform their duty. And when his life is attempted he takes it as a sign that he is doing his duty. He is not only out and that the officers do perform their duty. And when his life is attempted he takes it as a sign that he is doing his duty. He is not only out and that the officers do perform their duty. And when his life is attempted he takes it as a sign that he is doing his duty.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your space, I am,
Yours truly,
STANLEY,
Stanley, N. B., October 18, 1913.

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS.

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir,—In last Sunday's issue of the New Freeman, a letter appeared from a correspondent appealing to the Catholics of Simonds to vote for Mr. T. B. Carson for councillor because of his liberality in resigning his position from the Tuberculosis Hospital Commission, that a Catholic might be appointed in his place. I would like to ask this correspondent, where was Mr. Carson's liberality when he removed from office all parish appointees, Protestant and Catholic alike, and his colleagues were not only other two years ago. Now why should other Catholics or Protestants vote for Mr. Carson, since he is not now nor ever was a resident of the parish, and Simonds, and recently gave his interest in the parish, by voting with his two tame followers, Shillington and Stephenson, for the removal and sale of the Municipal House at a ridiculously low price.

Why should Mr. Carson's name be placed by his colleagues who are not residents of the parish, and who appear also as the revisors' electoral list for Simonds for 1914? And his name appears also on the revisors' electoral list for the parish of St. Martin's, where he was his wont one he was bound to account of what they did with the money expended through the Highway Board for the year 1912, which board was composed of these men.

(Signed) SIMONDS,
Simonds, St. John County, October 14, 1913.

His Luck.

One grand sweet song he thought his life would be when he acquired a wife. The song turned out to his deep pain. No song at all, a mere refrain. For she, the shaver of his hair, put a blade behind his neck and said, "Refrain from going to the club. Refrain from playing poker, too poor dub! Refrain from leaving things around as was his wont one he was bound to account of what they did with the money expended through the Highway Board for the year 1912, which board was composed of these men."

—G. H. W., in Boston Transcript.

Pleated pelicans of maline, net or muscadine do not appear on some of the newest frocks, and these are stiffened by a thin wire or ruffling of tulle at the bottom so they extend beyond the frock.

To dry parsley, first wash it and shake well, then spread in a bask pan and put in a rather cool oven. When it becomes crisp, cool it and pack tight in glass jars.

REDUCE TARIFF AND THE COST OF LIVING

Liberal Programme, Says Sir Wilfrid Will Help the Consumer and Not Injure the Manufacturer

Liberal Chieftain Declares They Were Robbed of Chateaugay and the Tories Are Welcome to a Victory Gained by Such Infamous Tactics.

Quebec, Oct. 19.—The necessity of reducing the tariff, for the purpose of cutting down the high cost of living, was announced by Sir Wilfrid Laurier here today as being the Liberal programme, which was, said the leader of the opposition, more important to Canadians than the building of the Dreadnoughts.

The second item was more railways, especially the connection of Montreal with the Transcontinental, and finally Sir Wilfrid Laurier repeated that the Liberals would oppose any tribute to England in the shape of a contribution of \$85,000,000, as proposed by the government at the last session of parliament.

In spite of the rain which continued for the greater part of the afternoon, there was considerable enthusiasm for many speeches, and an undoubted hearty welcome was given to the Liberal chieftain.

After discussion of the naval and Manitoba school questions, Sir Wilfrid proceeded with a discussion on the present tariff of merchandise, and the reduction of it to 25 to 30 per cent. "If we can do something," said Sir Wilfrid, "when we discuss the tariff we are told we can do nothing without injuring the manufacturers." "I say," he continued, "expresses his own hope that 'St. John may soon come into her own' that is just it. Let St. John demand her own, and see that no other city, her east or west, shall be 'her own' because of any greater or more vigorous activity. To divert the C. P. Empress, and the Allan mail steamers from the port of St. John would be the big blow against her progress, and a distinct loss of prestige. It would be a public calamity. Your fight being watched with keen interest, had some difficulty in getting a chance to read The Telegraph, as there were so many waiting to get the latest news. The chief superintendent of the immigration detention station on Ellis Island, the English industrial efficiency, and the splendid advocacy of the city's interests by The Telegraph must surely receive universal commendation. I believe the present attitude of the government to public spirit will prevail with the voters that be," and that the sailings of the great steamships from the port will take place as originally scheduled. Let her degenerate into 'Forward Great Things.' May your efforts receive with success and rejoicing. You were truly.

(REV.) RALPH J. HAUGHTON, Boston, Oct. 15.

Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 18.—Chief superintendent Carter and Principal Rogers of the Normal school, are to go to Halifax on Monday to attend a conference of educationalists with a view to forming an educational institute for the maritime provinces.

A U. N. B. freshman attained in pajamas and fishing from a water pail attracted attention in the country market this morning. He had committed a breach of college discipline and was paying the penalty. City Marshal Roberts was not impressed with the performance of the offender. Chief Superintendent Carter condemned the action of a student in humiliating one of their number.

Most of the U. N. B. and Normal school students have gone home for Thanksgiving.

FREDERICTON NEWS

N. B. Freshman a Victim of Student's Horse Play—Other Matters.

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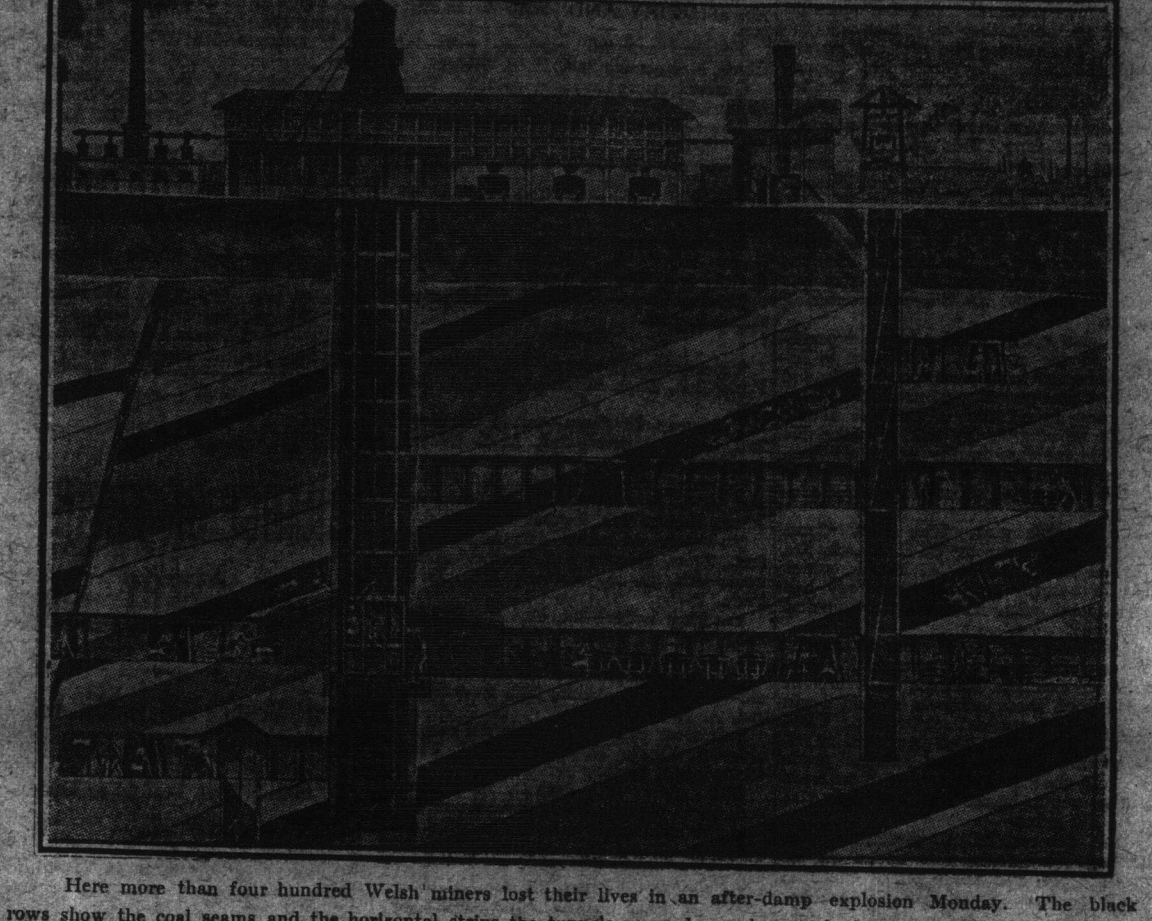
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ABE MARTIN

Some letters could never be president of the club. A girl's visit is all she needs for wardrobe.

A search on polished furniture can be almost obligatory by rubbing vigorously with limes oil.

THE GREAT WELSH MINING DISASTER



Here more than four hundred Welsh miners lost their lives in an after-damp explosion Monday. The black rows show the coal seams and the horizontal strips the tunnels or roadways by which the coal is taken to the shafts.

NORTH END AFTER TRAFFIC EXPERT

Parents Greatly Worried and Fear that He May Not Be Living—Has Been Gone a Month—Had Lost Position

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—The "family row" in South Lanark, which has resulted in two determined Conservatives taking the field for the bye-election in that constituency continues to worry the government here, as is evident from the continued delay in announcing the dates for nomination and polling.

Repeated efforts on the part of the government to induce Colonel Balderson, the independent Conservative candidate, to be bound by the convention and withdraw from the field have been met by repeated refusals. The final effort of the government consisted of a deputation addressed to the reluctant colonel informing him that if he persisted in running the risk of handing out the patronage would go to Dr. Hanna, who was nominated by the convention, what ever the result of the election might be. Even in the face of this threat Colonel Balderson remains obstinate and refuses to haul down his colors. Colonel Balderson claims that the convention at which Dr. Hanna received the nomination was irregular, that the prime minister's appointment of delegates for the convention was contrary to usual custom at Perth and Smith's Falls, and that Dr. Hanna owes his nomination to the manipulation of a number of political wire-pullers who desired to have him (Colonel Balderson) rejected.

Great concern is felt for the safety of Charles Andrew Stevens, son of Joseph H. Stevens, of 48 Brooks street, who left his boarding house more than four weeks ago and has not been heard of since. It is even thought by some that he may not be alive.

Young Stevens is twenty-two years old, and five weeks ago today was employed with T. H. Batachowsky & Co. as a messenger. After leaving work Saturday evening he went to Concordia Point and spent Sunday with his uncle, Andrew Kiriloff. He returned to the city early Monday morning with the intention of going to work, but found that his father had been taken to the hospital. He was boarding at the time with Mrs. Mabel Lockhart, in Easton street, and on Tuesday morning came down to breakfast as usual, taking with him a lunch which he had prepared for himself. He was in the habit of doing. Going to his room later in the day, Mrs. Lockhart found that he had left the lunch on the bureau and his working clothes were left in his room and his good suit was missing. From that time no tidings have been heard of him.

His father and step-mother, in conversation with a Telegraph reporter last evening said that about a year ago Charles had left home, following some unpleasantness in the house, and had gone to board with Mrs. Lockhart. He was, however, a frequent visitor to his home, dropping in every few days. On Saturday, five weeks ago today, the boy told his father that he was going to spend Sunday with his uncle at Concordia Point. The father said that he returned Monday morning, and when he returned to work he was always a good boy and his job. Charles told his father about the matter and the father asked him if he would like to take his place, driving for Gibson & Co., while he went to the country for a few weeks. Mr. Stevens says that his son was considering this but the boy's disappearance on Monday morning made it impossible.

Mrs. Stevens told the reporter that her step-son was a nervous disposition and very sensitive, and she feared that the trouble he had experienced the previous day might worry him, and that he had been to a doctor. There is a possibility, his father said, that he might be at his uncle's in Plaster Rock, but they had heard nothing from that quarter since that time. They are naturally very anxious as to his whereabouts and would welcome some word of him. Both father and step-mother spoke highly of the boy's character, saying that he was always a good boy and they are at a loss to understand why he would go away and not let them know where he was going. For this reason they are anxious to have him returned.

The description given last evening by his father was as follows: Height, about 5 feet 8 inches; complexion, light; face, very high color; eyes, medium light, straight and very blue; hair, light blue. He had full teeth and was in the habit of smiling while he talked. When last seen he wore a dark brown suit, black patent leather shoes and a bow tie. He would wear either a light peaked cap or dark green soft hat.

BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL DECIDES TO SEEK MAN TO PRESENT ST. JOHN'S CASE—WANTS COURTESY BAY WORK RUSHED AND TENDERS LET FOR CARLETON WHARVES.

Whereas the harbor facilities at West St. John were taxed to their full capacity last winter and as the export trade through this port is increasing each year and a large number of steamships are applying for berths and as the native timber to build new wharves must be got out in the winter.

Therefore resolved that the St. John Board of Trade request the minister of public works to call for tenders to build wharves for ten additional berths for steamers at West St. John, in addition to the wharves now under contract, so that the port of St. John will be in a position to handle this increasing export trade.

And that a copy of this resolution be sent to Hon. J. D. Hasen, minister of marine and fisheries, Hon. Robert Rogers, minister of public works, and Hon. William Pugsley.

There was a long discussion of the progress of the work in Courtesay Bay and as the contractors had said that they could finish the work well within the time limit of their contract, which was three and one-half years, it was decided to ask the government to provide the appropriations as rapidly as the work could be done, so that there might be no excuse for delaying the construction of the St. J. P. terminal, here on the southern section of the Valley railway. A committee was appointed to take up the matter by correspondence with Hon. J. D. Hasen.

Secretary Ross reported on his recent trip to the Duches county fair, New Brunswick. He reported progress on the umbrella factory which may be established here and told of an inquiry from a man who wished to take up farming in New Brunswick.

REAL ESTATE

John Keefe has purchased from J. M. Robinson the latter's handsome residence, 70 Leinster street. The property includes the brick self-contained dwelling, two stories with basement, with proper stable in the rear and freehold lot of 180 feet. The property was purchased by Mr. Robinson from the late W. Wilson Allen, and when he took it over he thoroughly renovated, new hot water heating, electric lighting, etc., installed. Mr. Keefe will take immediate possession and will occupy the property at an early date. The sale was made through Allison & Thomas.

Mr. Keefe, who has purchased the J. M. Robinson property in Leinster street, has sold his present residence to Mrs. William Dineen. The property consists of a freehold lot 28 by 100 feet, with a double tenement dwelling of four stories, including basement, of modern construction. Mr. Dineen takes immediate possession and will occupy one of the flats himself after May 1. The sale was made through Taylor & Sweeney.

The following transfers of freehold property have been recorded:

J. H. Bradshaw to Mrs. J. wife of W. H. C. Chamber, property at St. Marina.

James Doherty to Joseph Campbell, \$100, property at Simonds.

Thomas Dean to Mrs. Annie M. Traflet, property on Exmouth street.

Samuel Linton to W. G. Miller, \$80, property at Leinster street.

Edward Linton to G. R. Andrews, property at Lancaster.

Edward Walsh to Mary, wife of Frederick French, property on Brussels street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Walsh to Mary, wife of Frederick French, property on Brussels street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Walsh to Michael Walsh, et al, property at Simonds.

Michael Walsh, et al, to Daniel Walsh, property at Simonds.

F. B. CARVELL WILL BURN WITH FOUR HORSES BURNED

Woodstock, N. B., Oct. 19.—(Special)—The Saturday night destroyed a barn and other buildings at Canterbury belonging to Horatio N. Grant. Four horses and one cow were burned, also a lot of farming implements, wagons, etc. There is a loss of \$3,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire started from the inside at the rear of the building. It is not known how it originated.

McINTYRE NOT DEAD

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Oct. 17.—E. T. McIntyre, reported to have lost his life and his gasoline schooner in Siberia is alive and well. A telegram was received here today by his sister, Miss Mary McIntyre, of Morrell, from the postmaster at Novosibirsk. McIntyre is a son of the late Doctor McIntyre, former lieutenant governor of the island.

CRUSHING BELLS TO MILITANT WOMEN

HON. H. F. McLEOD AT MONTREAL FROM EUROPEAN TRIP

Provincial Secretary Unbosoms Himself at Great Length

Says British Infantry is Best in the World, and the French Army is Superior to the German—Discusses New Brunswick's Finances, Resources and Enormous Expansibilities.

Montreal, Oct. 19.—Hon. H. F. McLeod, provincial secretary of New Brunswick, who as lieutenant colonel of the 71st regiment, accompanied Hon. Col. Sam Hughes to watch the army manoeuvres in Great Britain and on the continent, returned by the LaSalle.

He stated today that the British infantry is the best in the world, and between the French and German army units there is, in his opinion, no doubt as to the French superiority. The French cavalry, he says, is a marvel and on the whole he considers their army generally superior to the hosts across the Rhine.

As provincial secretary, Mr. McLeod handles the finances of New Brunswick and he quoted Sir William Taylor, manager of the Bank of Montreal in London, as saying that the eastern provinces of the dominion have nothing to fear from their securities on the British money market, their conservative methods being much appreciated.

The province of New Brunswick, he said, has a debt of about \$4,000,000, and he quoted Sir William Taylor as saying that the province is in excellent shape, and the resources unquestioned, there was no apprehension whatever as to the future of the province.

Is Hopeful of Paying the Interest.

Although the debt of the province is now about four millions and more money will be borrowed, and the more money the purse strings says there is nothing to fear as he is determined that the interest on the debt of New Brunswick will never be more than they can take care of.

They have back of them 7,000,000 acres of virgin forest whose value cannot be over-estimated. The province has 400,000,000 superficial feet of lumber is produced every year in New Brunswick, and this amount only represents the year's growth of the forest.

He went on to say that the government is now building bridges at St. John, Newcastle, and elsewhere at a cost of \$4,000,000, when the St. John Valley Railway is completed in 1914 their programme of railway construction will likely be halted, for a while at least.

Referring to the prospective claim on the federal authorities for additional revenue, the provincial secretary said that large land grants had been given to the provinces, and that New Brunswick would be able to set up at the proper time.

Uncle Sam Bars Mrs. Pankhurst

Orders Suffragette Leader Back to France

Prominent Members of the Fighting Branch in England Announce They Are Done With Strong-arm Methods to Gain the Ballot and Will Pursue Peaceful Tactics to Attain Their End.

New York, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette leader, who arrived here today for a lecture tour, was ordered deported by the immigration authorities within a little less than three hours after the vessel upon which she came had docked. The special board of inquiry which decided her case voted not to admit her to the country under bond, but to send her back to France forthwith.

Mrs. Pankhurst's lawyer, Herbert Reeves, announced his intention of appealing the case immediately to Commissioner General Caminetti. Pending decision by Mr. Caminetti, Mr. Reeves said he would seek to have his client admitted to this country under bond, that she may be able to fulfill her engagement to speak at Madison Square Garden tomorrow night.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, the New York suffrage leader, who was to have been Mrs. Pankhurst's hostess, was prepared to give bond up to \$100,000 for Mrs. Pankhurst's good behavior while in America. Under the ruling of the special board she will not be permitted to do so until the board has made a final decision at Ellis Island until deported unless the board's findings are reversed by the authorities at Washington.

Mrs. Pankhurst's deportation was ordered under section of the Immigration law. This section provides for the exclusion of persons convicted abroad of crime or crimes involving moral turpitude. The board held that Mrs. Pankhurst's conviction in England of conspiracy to commit arson brought her within this class.

Mrs. Pankhurst Threatens to Die.

New York, Oct. 19.—"If I am deported the only thing my buck will carry me to is the gallows," Mrs. Pankhurst declared yesterday in a veiled threat of a hunger strike were uttered today in the immigration detention station on Ellis Island by Mrs. Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette, who remains here yesterday in the steamer La Provence and was ordered deported as an undesirable alien.

Today Mrs. Pankhurst waited on Ellis Island, and not without some impatience, word from the Washington immigration commissioner as to whether she would be permitted to land under bond to carry out her lecture tour, when she must go back to France, whence she came here.

Wilson to Take a Hand.

Washington, Oct. 18.—The president of the United States is to take a hand in deciding the question of whether Mrs. Pankhurst would be admitted to the country, shall be admitted to the country.

President Wilson tonight called a conference for early tomorrow with Secretary Wilson of the department of labor, and Commissioner General Caminetti, and the immigration bureau. High government officials, who are believed to know the attitude of the president, predicted that Mrs. Pankhurst would be admitted.

Earlier in the day Commissioner Caminetti, after an informal hearing of counsel, had declined to release Mrs. Pankhurst, pending the decision of the immigration and immigration statistics here.

The headquarters of the Women's Social and Political Union were kept open tonight, but only members of the rank and file were permitted to remain in office. The few of them cared to attend to publication. They did not attempt to conceal their anxiety, however.

The famous war cabinet of the militant organization has been decimated by illness and prison bars. "General" Mrs. Florence Drummond is seriously ill. Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, Mrs. Annie Kenney, Mrs. Kerr and Mrs. Saunders are in jail, while others are absent in the country. Not a single official could be found tonight to take charge, and the cohorts gathered to learn if they could assist in any way their leader now in the United States.

Miss Amy Maud Hicks, who has served several terms of imprisonment for window breaking and "obstruction," said: "I am greatly surprised that the American immigration authorities should take such action, which would tend to make the United States, equally with England, the laughing stock of the civilized world. I am sure that the treatment of militant but I confidently expect that the American suffragettes will make such a protest as will lead to the rescinding of the deportation order."

"Mrs. Pankhurst had no intention of trying to persuade the American suffragettes to adopt militant methods, for Americans generally are so much more reasonable than Englishmen on the question that there seems to be no need of militancy there."

Abandon Militant Tactics.

At a meeting tonight, presided over by the Bishop of Kensington, and attended by leaders of all shades of opinion, except adherents of the Women's (Continued on page 7, third column.)

INSPECTION OF POTATOES

The inspection of potatoes and other farm produce for export purposes is likely to be ordered in New Brunswick, and the procedure, if plans are carried out, will be along the same lines as the present fruit inspection.

The recent shipment to the Toronto market of a number of carloads of potatoes which turned out badly has made it apparent that there must be some change in the present method of growing potatoes in order to preserve the reputation of New Brunswick potatoes.

The trouble with that shipment, which played such havoc with the reputation of New Brunswick potatoes in the Toronto market was that a quantity of green potatoes were shipped with the lot, causing a not to set in which affected the entire shipment. The question of providing for an adequate inspection of potatoes and other crops in this province is likely to have serious attention before another season, and legislation on the subject is expected this winter.

Kings County Record.

HAVE NO TIME TO VISIT ST. JOHN

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—The Hon. Robert Rogers and the Hon. J. D. Hasen were unable to visit St. John this morning to look into the question of that port's exports in the way of wharves and harbor facilities required for the growing export trade of Canada. Engagements at the capital will keep them in or near Canada for the greater part of the present month.

Mr. Rogers is giving a good deal of his time just now, and will for some days, to the pending by-elections in South Bruce, East Middlesex and Lanark. He wants them all to be Conservative victories and this requires a good deal of personal and intimate attention, especially the Bruce fight, where a lively contest is being made by Trues, the Liberal nominee.

Mr. Hasen has a good deal of departmental business demanding his attention. On the 27th of the month the inter-provincial conference will be opened and he wishes to be in Ottawa for it, as well as for the inter-provincial conference on the pollution of streams, which has been announced for Oct. 30.

Early in November it is possible that Mr. Hasen and Mr. Rogers may visit St. John but the engagements has not been formally made.

The resolutions calling for an examination of the agreement with the C. P. R. for running rights to Halifax over the Intercolonial and the request that West Chateaugay be at once constructed in West St. John for the accommodation of steamers engaged in the winter export business have been received at the offices of Premier Borden, Mr. Hasen, Mr. Rogers and Mr. Cochrane. They will be dealt with in due time.

Rub common yellow soap on the bureau drawers which stick.

MARITIME UNITED BAPTISTS IN SESSION

About 400 Delegates Attending Amherst Convention

Ministerial Meeting on Friday Discussed the Best Way to Lead People to Lead Christian Lives—Divergent Views Regarding Sermons.

Amherst, N. S., Oct. 19.—Baptists are in possession of Amherst for the next six days, as the delegates have assembled from the churches throughout the maritime provinces in their annual convention...

After a helpful devotional service led by the president, Rev. C. R. Freeman, of Canis (N. S.), read an able paper on "The Pastor His Own Evangelist."

Dealing with the preparation of the sermon, the position was taken that every sermon should have a definite object to which the preacher should prepare for special services by prayer and reading his Bible with a view to the work at hand and also by the reading of Christian biography.

Peter's sermon at Pentecost was suggested as a model for Christian homilies. It was pointed out that the message warned of danger as well as urged by the hope of reward, but that a man needed to get near to the heart of his Redeemer before he could preach of the results of sin.

Mr. Freeman held that the evangelistic pastor must be a man of prayer, a man of power in prayer, he must know men and know how to lead them. The preacher must have a definite preparation of the evangelistic sermon.

We need the message of love and hope, but no less do we need the message of the terrible nature of sin and of its punishment. Never deliver a message which ends in despair.

The writer did not attempt to prescribe hard and fixed methods of working, but only suggested some that have proved helpful. Methods which the Holy Spirit works most naturally should be sought.

Rev. J. Vincent said his experience in the ministry has shown him that men must learn to fear sin and its punishment before the desire to be saved. Love and justice must be preached together.

Rev. M. S. Richardson said Christ first reveals to men their unworthiness and then brings them the remedy.

Rev. E. H. Daly emphasized the importance of preaching the terrors of the law. It is not sorrowful to turn to God because we fear the punishment of sin. The fear of God is taught in the Bible.

Rev. F. E. Bishop dissented from some of the positions taken in the paper. He said that theoretically there should be no place for special evangelistic services. When we came to understand the nature of sin, we should, and we do, turn to God.

Rev. J. H. Jenner said one must be brought to living personal faith in the living personal Christ. We must have the preaching that will do this, no matter what variety it may be.

Rev. C. P. Wilson said our age needs the same Gospel as all ages needed. Paul preached the gospel and changed his age.

Amherst, N. S., Oct. 19.—The United Baptist convention opened here yesterday and the Baptist church was crowded with delegates from all over the maritime provinces. The scripture lesson for the morning was read by N. B. Smith, of Halifax.

Rev. E. E. Daly, of Halifax, was appointed chairman of the convention. The assembly briefly, and outlined the important work of the session.

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ly take it. This week the Kingston folk up and the school was established. Subsequently Kingston was the reward on its own account and the splendid school in which they now met was the result.

He referred to the immense sum spent by Germany in improving technical education in its schools and the consequent high place that country has come to occupy in the manufacturing world.

He also spoke of the large expenditure of the state of Wisconsin to induce farmers to improve the quality and increase the quantity of products of the soil, and urged that a similar course be adopted by this province.

An English cleric, the Rev. Cross Knight, was sung by C. S. March, Dr. Charles Ryan and R. A. March, which were followed by several other musical offerings.

W. C. Goucher, of St. John (N. B.), then took the chair and addressed the assembly briefly, and outlined the important work of the session.

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2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, Luther Archibald. Yearling general purpose colt—1st, Clyde Newcomb; 2nd, H. S. Wright; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, Luther Archibald.

Yearling general purpose colt—1st, Clyde Newcomb; 2nd, H. S. Wright; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, Luther Archibald. Three-year-old roaster colt—1st, M. Thingley; 2nd, Wm. L. Peck; 3rd, H. S. Wright; 4th, Luther Archibald.

Yearling roaster colt—1st, A. H. Peck; 2nd, Wm. L. Peck; 3rd, H. S. Wright; 4th, Luther Archibald. Matched team for agricultural purposes—1st, O. A. Milton; 2nd, Alden Smith; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, Luther Archibald.

Yearling steers—1st, O. A. Milton; 2nd, Alden Smith; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, Luther Archibald. Two-year-old heifer—1st, A. H. Peck; 2nd, O. A. Milton; 3rd, A. S. Milton; 4th, F. J. Smith.

Yearling heifer—1st, A. S. Milton; 2nd, Wm. L. Peck; 3rd, F. J. Smith; 4th, Alden Smith; 5th, M. M. Tingley. Pair steer calves more than six months old—1st, Wm. L. Peck; 2nd, B. A. Peck; 3rd, A. S. Milton.

Heifer calf less than six months old—1st, Wm. L. Peck; 2nd, B. A. Peck; 3rd, A. S. Milton. Heifer calf more than six months old—1st, Wm. L. Peck; 2nd, B. A. Peck; 3rd, A. S. Milton.

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2nd, A. H. Peck; 3rd, Clyde Newcomb; 4th, Luther Archibald. Butter, in prints—1st, B. A. Peck; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Howard Stevens; 4th, Luther Archibald.

Pair mittens—1st, W. L. Peck; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, B. A. Peck; 4th, Luther Archibald. Pair mittens—1st, B. A. Peck; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Howard Stevens; 4th, Luther Archibald.

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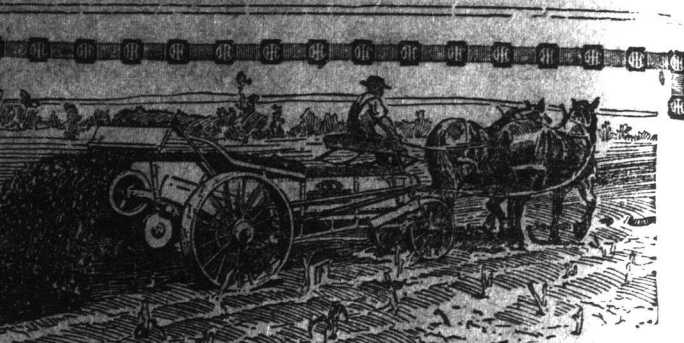
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Best-Hated of Farm Tasks

ON the spreaderless farm the thought of the great heaps of manure piling up constantly in barn yards, stables, and stalls, is a gloomy one. Those piles mean much disagreeable work. Three times every bit must be handled. It must all be loaded onto heavy wagons. It must be raked off in piles in the fields. Then every forkful must be shaken apart and spread.

I H C Manure Spreaders

are farm necessities. The man who uses one will get the price of it back in increased crops before his ownness has worn off. I H C spreaders are constructed according to plans in which every detail, every feature, is made to count. They are built to do best work under all circumstances, and to stand every strain for years.

ARRAIGNED ON CHARGE OF TRYING TO WRECK TRAIN

Three Young Men Up for a Hearing in Newcastle Court—Trainmen Tell of Obstruction They Struck. Newcastle, N. B., Oct. 18.—(Special)—Joseph and James Collins and Walter Preston were arraigned today before Justice Malby on information of Inspector Crossing on charges of obstructing a train.

LESS PERCENTAGE OF DEFECTIVES IN CANADA

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—A bulletin just issued by the census and statistics office gives the result of the enumeration of the defectives in Canada—blind, deaf and dumb, insane and idiotic—in the census of 1911. The number of blind was 3,238, of deaf and dumb 4,284, of insane 14,702, and of idiotic 5,837, making a total of 28,061, of which 16,530 were males and 11,531 were females.

HALIFAX BOY KILLED WHILE ON HUNTING TRIP

Halifax, Oct. 18.—Roland Carter, aged 16 years, son of Robert Carter, agent and accountant, was accidentally shot and killed while hunting at Ingranport, S. Margarets Bay, on Saturday. Young Carter with several other boys left the city on a shooting expedition on Saturday. The boys went to a camp in the woods five miles back of Ingranport. During the day while walking along a path the Carter boy saw a snake and attempted to kill it with the butt of his rifle. The weapon, which carried a 22-calibre cartridge, was discharged and the bullet entered his body, passing clear through his head.

NEW BRUNSWICK THE ONLY PROVINCE TO SHOW A DECREASE IN PERSONS OF UNSOUND MIND.

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AGENTS WANTED

To demonstrate in your own home, we have a special offer. Agents wanted in all provinces. Write for particulars to MANTLE LAW CO., 75 Middle St., Montreal & Winnipeg.

NEW COAL OIL LIGHT BEATS ELECTRIC OR GASOLINE

10 Days FREE—Send No Money. We don't ask you to pay a cent until you have used this wonderful modern light in your own home for ten days. You may return it at our expense if not perfectly satisfied.

RAW FURS

We pay highest prices for FREE. And Remit Promptly. JOHN HALLAM, LIMITED, 111, Queen St. W., Toronto.

KINGS AND QUEENS COUNTY TEACHERS IN SESSION

Hampton, N. B., Oct. 19.—The thirty-ninth annual session of the teachers' institute for Kings and Queens opened in the Hampton Consolidated School at nine o'clock today. President A. J. Brooks, inspector of this district, in the chair, with W. N. Biggar, secretary.

The following committees were appointed:—On resolutions, H. L. Logan, Miss Besse A. R. Parker; nominations, Inspector John Brittain, Ph. D., and G. U. Hay, Ph. D. He spoke on the need for an increase in teachers' salaries.

An admirable paper was read by Miss Jennie Welman, on English Literature, the discussion which was opened by Miss Eleanor Robinson, who also presented a strong plea for the extended use of the educational review.

Another excellent paper by Miss Mabel L. Marvin, on Composition, followed. The institute closed with a pleasant talk by Dr. Keirstead, of the University of New Brunswick, on the Advantages to the Country of Its Public Schools.

Supervisor Carter presided here upon the teachers' necessity of insisting on a high class of morality in their pupils. He referred to the loss to the country by the removal of excellent teachers to the west. He thought, however, this was not an un-mixed evil, as it encouraged in those left in the service an ambition to make themselves as good as the higher lines of their profession, and the consequent production of a higher class of work which must eventually result in securing a better remuneration for their service.

Dr. Charles Ryan sang "Lighterman Tom," and Principal C. L. Wetmore read an excellent paper on physical drill. Hampton, Kings Co., Oct. 17.—Last night's public meeting in connection with the Kings and Queens counties' agricultural exhibition, which was carried out by Councillor J. Wm. Smith was in the chair and introduced the several speakers and announced the numbers of the musical programme, which was carried out. A cheery and eloquent welcome was extended to the hundred and twenty teachers who formed the institute, the largest enrollment in its history, except on one previous occasion, when the number reached 122.

Miss Rhos Lloyd followed, with a song, "The Olden Days." Myron Macdonald, who accompanied her, was accompanied on the piano by her sister, Miss Arline Lloyd.

Dr. W. S. Carter, chief superintendent of education, delivered an address in which he said that Hampton had materially helped to introduce consolidated schools, for which Sir William Macdonald was instrumental in securing the parish of Kingston, the people seemed to think they were being "sold-bricked," but the people of Hampton went over there and told them if they didn't want the new enterprise Hampton would gladly take it.

Following is the prize award list as announced by Secretary O. A. Milton:—Three-year-old draft colt—1st, A. S. Milton; 2nd, Thos. Dixon; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, H. S. Wright; 2nd, Thos. Dixon. Yearling draft colt—1st, A. S. Milton; 2nd, Thos. Dixon; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, H. S. Wright. Draft brood mare—1st, B. A. Peck.

HOPEWELL HILL AGRICULTURAL FAIR PRIZE WINNERS

Black oats—1st, Luther Archibald; 2nd, Alden Smith; 3rd, F. J. Smith; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, H. S. Wright. White oats—1st, Luther Archibald; 2nd, Alden Smith; 3rd, F. J. Smith; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, H. S. Wright. Rough buckwheat—1st, Alden Smith; 2nd, Chas. Ayer; 3rd, Howard Stevens.

Barley—1st, Howard Stevens; 2nd, Timothy seed—1st, Thos. Dixon; 2nd, John Russell; 3rd, Clyde Newcomb; 4th, Howard Stevens. Peas—1st, Howard Stevens.

Early blue potatoes—1st, A. H. Peck; 2nd, B. A. Peck; 3rd, John Russell; 4th, Alden Smith; 5th, F. J. Smith; 6th, Wm. L. Peck; 7th, H. S. Wright; 8th, R. C. Smith; 9th, Clyde Newcomb. Dark skin potatoes—1st, G. M. Russell; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Alden Smith; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, H. S. Wright; 6th, B. A. Peck; 7th, Alden Smith; 8th, Wm. L. Peck; 9th, H. S. Wright; 10th, Howard Stevens.

Turnip roots—1st, Luther Archibald; 2nd, John Russell; 3rd, B. M. Russell; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, H. S. Wright; 6th, Clyde Newcomb; 7th, Alden Smith; 8th, Wm. L. Peck; 9th, H. S. Wright; 10th, Howard Stevens. Yellow mangels—1st, O. A. Milton; 2nd, A. S. Milton; 3rd, F. J. Smith; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, H. S. Wright; 6th, Clyde Newcomb; 7th, Alden Smith; 8th, Wm. L. Peck; 9th, H. S. Wright; 10th, Howard Stevens.

Table carrots—1st, A. S. Milton; 2nd, Howard Stevens; 3rd, Clyde Newcomb; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, H. S. Wright; 6th, B. A. Peck; 7th, Alden Smith; 8th, Wm. L. Peck; 9th, H. S. Wright; 10th, Howard Stevens. Feeding carrots—1st, R. C. Smith; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, H. S. Wright; 5th, Alden Smith; 6th, B. A. Peck; 7th, Wm. L. Peck; 8th, H. S. Wright; 9th, Howard Stevens. Cabbages—1st, F. J. Smith; 2nd, A. S. Milton; 3rd, Wm. L. Peck; 4th, Alden Smith; 5th, H. S. Wright; 6th, B. A. Peck; 7th, Wm. L. Peck; 8th, H. S. Wright; 9th, Howard Stevens. Table cabbages—1st, G. M. Russell; 2nd, John Russell; 3rd, W. T. Wright; 4th, Clyde Newcomb; 5th, Wm. L. Peck; 6th, H. S. Wright; 7th, Alden Smith; 8th, B. A. Peck; 9th, Wm. L. Peck; 10th, H. S. Wright.

Table cabbages—1st, G. M. Russell; 2nd, John Russell; 3rd, W. T. Wright; 4th, Clyde Newcomb; 5th, Wm. L. Peck; 6th, H. S. Wright; 7th, Alden Smith; 8th, B. A. Peck; 9th, Wm. L. Peck; 10th, H. S. Wright. Pumpkins—1st, H. S. Wright; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Howard Stevens; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, B. A. Peck; 6th, Alden Smith; 7th, Wm. L. Peck; 8th, H. S. Wright; 9th, Howard Stevens. Pumpkins—1st, H. S. Wright; 2nd, Clyde Newcomb; 3rd, Howard Stevens; 4th, Wm. L. Peck; 5th, B. A

