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WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

The story of a mutiny of 25,000 German soldiers, or the infantry of a German army corps, coming from Russian sources. These men, it seems, objected to the transfer of men in their ranks under to France and Belgium. The mutiny has long been notorious on the western front from the east to the west, for in the east they have a way to get it, while in the west the allies beat their heads off. The poet sings of a cycle in Cathay. The German soldier doubtless believes better than a cycle in the front than six minutes on the Franco-British front. The ooga, marshes, tens, swamps and the German people and the German soldiers in the west, instead of the dry ridges held in previous years, it seems, are of high importance to the allies in making the German people and the German manhood heartily tired of war.

This is the first time known, however, that German soldiers have left the line, taken up a hostile position, and initiated the Bolshevik. It shows a lack of discipline, a shortage of officers, and officers of indifferent calibre. The Germans are afraid of punishing this mutiny according to their general custom, because they fear the effects of such a punishment. One corps, believed to be Brandenburg, mutinied before Verdun, nearly two years ago, and the Kaiser

had the mutineers punished by decimation. For a considerable time German units wanted to desert en masse to the British, and the student of the war will recall the episode of the Saxons, in the spring of 1915. A unit of these tried to desert to the British, but the Germans turned their artillery on them and wiped them out.

A deadlock has arisen between the Germans and the Bolsheviks concerning the seat of the peace conference, and a German council at Berlin, attended by Von Bernstorff and Von Ludendorff, has decided to suspend the negotiations temporarily. The Russian delegates, it seems, did not reappear at Brest-Litovsk for the resumption of the negotiations. They left the conference, openly asserting their settlement at the temple door. They insist on the transference of the discussions to Stockholm, and they refuse to conduct them in a German camp, like delegates settling terms for the surrender of a besieged city. The German press, in support of the government, has begun a campaign against Stockholm as the seat of the conference, openly asserting that the German diplomats, who fill Stockholm, would ruin the negotiations. This openly avowed fear of allied diplomacy is a confession of the peace offers being a German sham. A split is already developing among German politicians over peace terms and the presiding German and military leaders want the execution of the Reichstag peace resolution, adopting the views

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of the Pope. This resolution has already borne its fruit in leading the Russians into a trap.

The Bolsheviks at Petrograd have ordered a military census to begin in twelve days for the purpose of finding deserters and of learning the numbers of workmen available for service at the front. This action looks as if they have decided to return the war, having discovered the hollowiness of the German pretensions. They will need munitions and backing of the allies. The German armistice expires in a week and it will be renewed or broken off. The Germans evidently believe that Russia is too weak to resist an assault. The Bolsheviks have played into their hands by taking troops from the front and sending them against the Cossacks. By an early stroke the enemy might capture Dvinsk and use it as a peace argument. The continued blowing up of Russian munition factories and munition depots is on the face of it the work of German spies. The enemy has made use of the armistice to slip agents thru the Russian lines and ready to continue the war in another form, despite the truce. This action betrays the German intentions of resuming the invasion of Russia.

The peace terms of Great Britain, as outlined thru her official spokesman, differ only in one particular from the allied peace terms laid before President Wilson a year ago. The difference respects Constantinople. The allies then would drive the Turk from Europe, now they would let him retain

Constantinople, but he must internationalize and neutralize the Dardanelles and Bosphorus. Russia supplies the reason for the change. The internationalist, who now hold sway at Petrograd, repudiate the idea of a Russian Constantinople. They have thrown overboard the program of annexing foreign lands. As the Constantinople question is a Russian question, the allies will not insist on it while Russia is indifferent. Turkey, meanwhile, has the best chance of securing favorable terms that she ever will have. Peace on this basis would still leave her strong in Asia Minor. She has lost Armenia, Mesopotamia, Palestine and Arabia, and is about to lose Syria.

The other British terms, including restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France, Belgium to the Belgians, Serbia to the Serbians, Rumania to the Rumanians, Italy to the Italians, and Poland to the Poles, comprise much the same conditions as frequently announced by ex-Premier Asquith. Before the British Government considers peace negotiations at all, the enemy must evacuate those territories. The British terms correspond to the Bolshevik program of no annexations. The premier, however, repudiates the program of no indemnities. Germany has flagrantly broken the principles of international law. She has temporarily invaded the small nations and prepared a mock program of rights for small nations to apply to Ireland, India and wherever her agents have sown the seeds of discord. The British terms must pay to her victims the full damages to which they are entitled.

The speech of Lloyd George aims at

HAMILTON NEWS

SHOWING GUN PLAY SHOT HIS BROTHER

Hamilton Man Was Illustrating Action in Dime Novel He Was Reading.

Hamilton, Jan. 6.—While attempting to explain how a shooting occurred in a dime novel he had been reading a few moments before, Harold Lockwood, 21 years of age and residing at 132 Young street, accidentally shot his brother, George, 20 years, in the right breast with a .38-calibre Colt hammerless revolver to-night. The wounded man was rushed immediately to the City Hospital, where it was stated at midnight that his condition was serious.

According to Harold, he had been sitting in the kitchen reading a "penny thriller," part of which told how a sheriff had arrested a highwayman by a smart bit of gun play. He then commenced telling George about it, but, as the latter could not clearly understand how the sheriff had used the gun, he went and got a revolver. He did not know it was loaded, however, and in attempting to duplicate the gun play of the sheriff's it went off, the bullet lodging in his brother's chest.

Medical aid was summoned at once by the brother who ran several blocks thru the snow in his bare feet to call Dr. Juben Lammie.

George's family is relieved.

Hamilton's fuel famine, the still causing inconvenience and distress in the east end, is not half as acute in the central part of the city as it was one week ago. The distribution of City Clerk Kent's emergency supply of 200 tons of stove coal amongst the needy in half-ton lots was a move that broke the famine's back, it is asserted at the city hall. That at 11 o'clock yesterday morning this reserve supply had been allotted, and no more orders had been delivered yet.

Even today was no day of rest for the staff at the civic coal hoppers on Birge street, four teams being kept busy until midnight hauling the half-ton portions to frigid domiciles. The weather man's cooperation helped a lot. The welcome rise in the temperature made it possible for furnaces to be checked off, and as a result it was possible to conserve waning supplies in the household bins.

It is expected that a break-up of the freight congestion at the border will be before another two weeks have passed bring back normal conditions.

In every church of Hamilton today day special services were held in keeping with the King's proclamation that the day be set apart for prayer in Christ Church Cathedral the morning sermon was preached by Bishop Clark, and at All Saints' by Cosgrove of Trinity College, Toronto.

At four o'clock in the afternoon a staff of the Hamilton Association was held in the Methodist church at which Rev. Canon Howitt preached, and in the evening the members of the city held a joint prayer service in First Methodist Church, many of the resident ministers of the city being present.

Hamilton Aviator Killed.

Another Hamilton boy, in the person of Captain Leighton Ferris, M.C., has been added to the roll of honor. R. B. Scott, president of the Times Printing Company, received word today that this son, Captain Ferris, had been killed in action on Jan. 5.

The dead aviator was only 19 years of age, but during his brief career with the flying service he distinguished himself to such an extent that he had risen to the above rank and received the Military Cross for bravery in the air.

DESCRIBED BATTLES.

Major Moffatt Speaks to Men's Own Brotherhood.

"The social life of the soldier at the front" was the subject of an interesting address delivered by Major Moffatt, recently returned from France, at the regular meeting of the Men's Own Brotherhood in the Central Methodist Church, Ascot avenue, Earls Court, yesterday afternoon. The speaker told of the spirit of brotherhood and the wonderful endurance under all circumstances exhibited by all ranks, and gave a graphic description of the tremendous struggle for freedom now taking place. He also described the battles of the Somme and Vimy Ridge at which he was present. Major Moffatt was mentioned in despatches for bravery in action.

Rev. E. Crossley Hunter, B.A., occupied the chair. Special selections were rendered by an augmented orchestra.

DIED IN WINDSOR.

Leo Wright Was But Recently Married in Earls Court.

The news of the death of Leo Wright, 38 Boon avenue, Earls Court, from typhoid fever yesterday in Windsor, Ont., will come as a shock to his many friends in the district. The deceased, who was but recently married to Miss Smith of Earls Court by Rev. Peter Bryce, pastor of Central Methodist Church, was very popular in the section, and but a few weeks ago left Windsor to reside permanently with his young bride. He was employed in a large manufacturing plant in that city.

The remains will be brought to his late home in Earls Court for burial.

DEATH WAS SUDDEN.

William Goodyear Died Within an Hour of Being Stricken.

The funeral of William Goodyear of Unionville, whose death took place suddenly on Friday afternoon, was held yesterday at St. Philip's Church cemetery. There was a very large attendance of relatives and friends, testifying in some measure to the esteem in which the late Mr. Goodyear was held. Mr. Goodyear was taken suddenly ill on Friday while engaged in operating a threshing machine on the farm of Frank Stiver, a short distance north of the village, and was immediately taken home, expiring within an hour or so of his arrival there. Dr. McKay was summoned, but nothing could be done.

The late Mr. Goodyear is survived by his widow and one son, Earl, some where in France with the 22nd York Rangers, and two brothers, Samuel and James.

R. S. POWERS DEAD.

Well-Known Resident of Unionville Passes Away.

The death of Ransom S. Powers of Unionville, a well-known and highly esteemed resident of the village, took place on Sunday after a long illness at the home of his wife, Mrs. Edna Powers, 1500 St. George Street, Scarborough. He was in his 79th year and has always taken a lively interest in local and national matters. He is survived by three sons: Hiram H. of Unionville, Grant, lately returned from the front, and another son in France. A memorial service will be held at his residence at 6 o'clock on Tuesday evening, and the remains will be taken to Toronto on Wednesday morning, where interment will take place.

THEATRE OPENED.

Davisville Theatre was formally opened on Saturday night with a concert under the auspices of Rameses Shrine. The theatre has been built by the military authorities, and is located conveniently near the main buildings there. It is well equipped and handsomely decorated with a seating capacity of 400. Those taking part were Eddie Figgis, Chas. E. Boddy, Harvey Lloyd, Jack Kelly, and a match was staged by some men from the Royal Flying Corps. Capt. Lou Scholes acting as referee, and Capt. Collins as timekeeper. G. A. Norris, president of Rameses Club, presided.

DAY OF PRAYER.

Rev. W. J. Brown, pastor of St. Michael and All Angels' Anglican Church, Wyckwood, conducted the services morning and evening yesterday, and prayers of intercession were offered all day from 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. Large congregations were present throughout the day.

ST. VINCENT'S WON.

Under the auspices of the Junior Holy Name Hockey League, an exciting game was played on St. Clare's rink yesterday afternoon, between St. Vincent's and St. Clare's teams, resulting in a victory for the former. Deputy Reeve W. M. Graham opened the proceedings.

BOLSHEVIK MILITARY CENSUS.

Petrograd, Friday, Jan. 4.—The Smolny Institute has ordered a general military census beginning Jan. 5 (Jan. 18 in our calendar). The purpose of the census is to discover deserters and to compile a record of the workmen available for reinforcements for the troops on the battle fronts.

YORK COUNTY —AND— SUBURBS

ENUMERATES NEEDS OF PRESENT TIME

National Day of Prayer Observed in Earls Court District.

The national day of prayer, on proclamation of His Majesty the King, was fittingly observed in all places of worship in the Earls Court district yesterday, and despite the unfavorable weather conditions large congregations were present at the various churches.

At the morning service at St. Chad's Anglican Church, North Dufferin street, Archbishop Warren officiated, and special prayers were offered. At both masses in St. Clare's Catholic Church, Earls Court, the Litany of the Holy Name was recited by Rev. Edward McCabe.

Rev. Peter Bryce, pastor of Central Methodist Church, Ascot avenue, preached at the evening service, and pointed out that the four outstanding needs of the present day were first of all, purity of life; second, sacrifice to the nation; third, courage, and fourth, faith.

Rev. E. Crossley Hunter, preaching at the morning service, said that the nation was passing thru its most critical time and that no one could foretell the future. "Greater need for confidence is necessary," said the preacher.

MARGIN TO DEALERS SAID TO BE SMALL

Earls Court Resident Thinks Fuel Controller Should Be Advised.

Regarding the delivery of coal in Earls Court, there are many expressions in the district ready and willing to deliver coal to the residents if the coal merchants will put the price at a reasonable figure, according to the statement of E. Holloway, express and cartage agent, Main avenue. "The trouble is that the margin allowed for delivery is too small," said Mr. Holloway. "The coal merchants charge us \$3.00 a ton in the yard, and they are supposed to take the coal to the customer at \$5.50 themselves. We cannot be expected to make a profit or even working expenses at 40c a ton for cartage. In my opinion the coal merchants want the price to be very different from their yards, as it is less trouble and expense to them I wonder if the coal merchants are working on a 50c a ton profit margin when they charge at the rate of \$2.00 in their own yards. This would bear investigation, and the fuel controller should get busy on this end of the question. The citizens' committee of Earls Court has this matter now in hand," said Mr. Holloway.

FINANCIAL RECEIPTS

France Receives Assurance—Ukrainians Accept Armistice With Bolsheviki.

London, Jan. 6.—An armistice has been declared in the Ukraine region, the Rada, the Ukrainian legislative body and the Bolshevik having agreed to a compromise of their differences. The Rada is said to be ready to depute Gen. Poincaré, the French premier, and his Cossacks in return for the withdrawal of the Bolshevik troops from the Ukraine.

The Petrograd Post says that the head of Rumania has called the entire army to the front, and has determined to continue the war, notwithstanding the desires of the troops on the Russian-Rumanian front, and that M. Poincaré, the French premier, replied assuring the king of France's support.

The French Government has protested against the seizure of French banks in Petrograd.

The central executive of the workmen and soldiers' deputies has decided to assemble the third congress of workmen and soldiers' deputies on Jan. 21. According to M. Zlotoff, one of the Bolshevik leaders, the motive for calling the congress is to oppose the constitution assembly. The congress will be held in Petrograd.

The French Government has decided to send a delegation abroad with a view to calling an international Socialist conference in Switzerland.

GRIP FOLLOWS THE SNOW.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS TAKE UP THE FEVER. GROVE'S SIGNATURE ON BOX, 30c.

HALIFAX ELECTIONS.

Ottawa, Jan. 6.—The devastated area of Halifax, formerly divided into ten polling sub-divisions, has been organized as one polling district for the election to be held there on Jan. 28. An order-in-council making this provision also provides that the polling in this area may all be held in the King Edward Hotel, the electoral lists of the ten sub-divisions have been also incorporated in one list.

DIAMONDS ON CREDIT

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STERILIZED WIPING CLOTHS

EMPIRE WIPING CLOTHS E. PULLAN, TORONTO.

SALE OF LANDS

For Arrears of Taxes. Township of York, County of York.

Notice is hereby given that the list of lands now liable to be sold for arrears of taxes in the Township of York has been prepared and is being published in an advertisement in the Ontario Gazette upon the 29th day of December, 1917, and the 5th, 12th and 19th days of January, 1918. Copies of such list or advertisement may be had upon application to me, in default of payment of taxes, as shown on said list, on or before Thursday the 11th day of April, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. I shall at the said time and at the Township of York Office, 40 Jarvis Street, Toronto, proceed to sell by public auction the said lands or such portions thereof as shall be necessary to pay such arrears, together with the charges thereon.

W. J. DOUGLAS, Treasurer. Township Treasurer's Office, 40 Jarvis Street, Toronto, December 31st, 1917.

HEALED BY THE GREAT

Herbert, the Little Maid, and other famous cases.

HEALED BY THE GREAT

Herbert, the Little Maid, and other famous cases.

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Y-AND-SUBURBS

TO DEALERS SAID TO BE SMALL President Thinks Fuel Consumption Should Be Advised.

the delivery of coal in these are many express district ready and willing to the residents if the figure will put the price at E. Holloway, express and at, Naira avenue, "The at the margin allowed, "The so small," said Mr. Holloway, "merchants charge us to the yard, and they are to deliver the coal to the \$8.50 themselves. We con- to make a profit or expenses at 40c a ton for opinion the coal mean- the people to take deli- their yards, as it is and expense to them. I coal merchants are 50c a ton profit margin large at the rate of \$3.10 yards. This would bear and the fuel controller say on this end of the citizens' committee of ave this matter now in Mr. Holloway.

WILL FIGHT WHITE OF RUSSIANS

receives Assurances Accept Armistice with Bolsheviki.

an. 6.—An armistice has in the Ukraine region, the Ukrainian legislative Bolsheviki having agreed of their differences, to be ready to de- support to Gen. Kalis Cosackis in return for of the Bolsheviki the Ukraine.

AX ELECTIONS. an. 6.—The devastated, formerly divided into divisions, has been or- district for the held here on Jan. 28, council making this pro- provides that the polling all be held in the Hotel. The electoral sub-divisions have incorporated in one list.

Diamonds on Credit \$1, \$2, \$3 Weekly Write or call for Catalogue JACOBS BROS. 15 Toronto Arcade, Opp. Temperance.

TYPEWRITER INTO OFFICE IN ADVANCE COSTS LESS BECAUSE THE ONLY WHITE IN CANADA

REALIZED TRIPPING LOOTS IN TORONTO

OF LANDS Parks of Taxes.

OF LANDS Parks of Taxes. York, County of York, to be held for the list of to be sold for arrears of Township of York has been being published in the of the Ontario Gazette day of December, 1917, and 19th days of Janu- of such list or adver- and upon application of payment of taxes, as list, on or before Thurs- day of April, 1918, at 11 (Toronto), I shall at the of the Township of York day of December, 1917, publication the said portions thereof as ad- such arrears, to charge thereon. D. DOUGLASS, Township Treasurer, Office, December 21st, 1917.

SEE STORE'S CONVENIENCES.

The Writing and Best Book This Floor Information Bureau and Post-Office Main Floor; The Free Parcelling and Check- ing Desk, in the Basement.

In the January Sale Fine Furniture at Immense Price Reductions

Displayed on Main Floor of Furniture Building with Upholstering Fabrics, Hangings and Floor Coverings to Match, all at Greatly Reduced Prices. Furniture of the type in this Sale is not often offered at such reductions. They are mostly samples and show pieces on which a great deal of time has been expended in the manufacture. They are the very finest efforts of the cabinet-makers. Many are half-price. Dining-room Suite, Adams designs, in mahogany, consists of buffet, 36 inches long, with 5 drawers and 2 cupboards; china cabinet, 6 chairs and 64-inch round top table, 3 pieces. Greatly reduced price, \$489.00. Sample Chippendale Walnut Writing Table, Louis XV design, handsomely decorated with ornate mounts, 3 drawers. Less than half-price, \$150.00. Louis XVI Dining-room Suite, in dull finished mahogany, consists of buffet, 2 door china cabinet, side table, oval top extension table, and set of 6 chairs; slip seats of leather, 10 pieces. Greatly reduced price, \$225.00. American Sample Dining-room Suite, Chippendale motif, made of walnut; bur- set, large china cabinet, round top exten- sion table, with pedestal base, set of 6 chairs, upholstered in leather. Greatly reduced price, \$210.00. Mahogany Bedstead, sample, with panel head and foot end, 4 ft. 6 ins. wide. Half-price, \$81.00. Old Ivory Bedroom Suite, American sample, consists of 32-inch top dresser with 4-inch mirror and 5 drawers, 2 bed- steads, 3 ft. 3 ins. wide, one chiffonier. Greatly reduced price, \$190.00. Writing Desk, Sheraton design, kidney shaped, with wide and narrow drawers of inlaid wood; 46-inch top, centre drawer and 3 drawers at each end. Greatly reduced price, \$127.50. Writing Desk of mahogany, kidney shape, with wide and narrow lines of inlaid wood, 5 drawers. Reduced price, \$157.50. Furniture Building, James and Albert St.

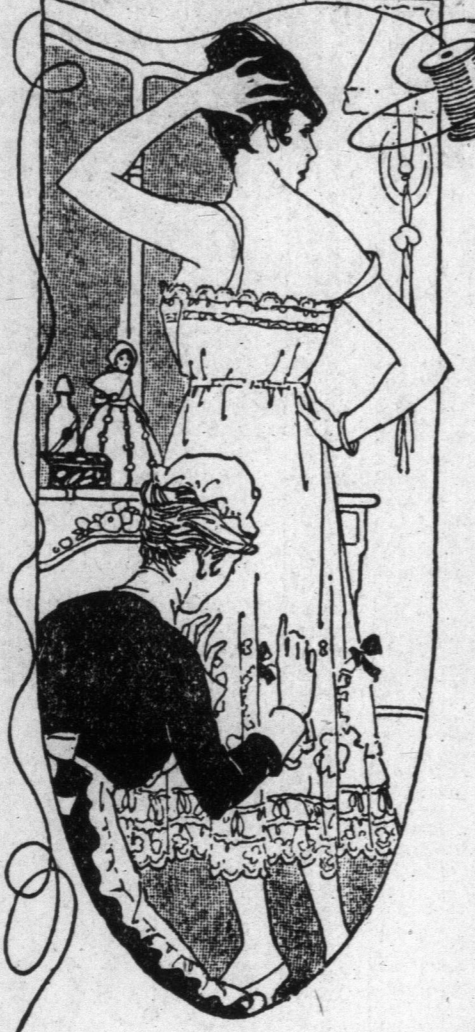
Fine Embroideries for the Adornment of Dainty Garments

Charming Designs on Sheer Materials Ranging from Wee Beadings to Wide Flourishings. ON the principle of the nearer the parol the daintier the wrappings, the fastidious woman likes her lingerie to be as pretty as ingeniously and lovely trimmings can make it. So to her these exquisitely fine embroideries will appeal. The sketch shows four representative types which are delightful for trimming lingerie for grown-up and children. A. A unique design embroidered on very fine lawn, small and narrow, with a heading—4 1/2 inch wide, the 2 1/2 inch edging 40c a yard. B. An open-work embroidery on more substantial fabric so popular and serviceable for trimming little girls' petticoats, etc.; insertion, 1 1/2 inch, 65c a yard; edging, 4-inch, 75c a yard. C. Embroidery in solid and open-work on fine lawn; insertion, 1-inch wide, 75c a yard; edging, 4 inches, \$1.25, and 6 inches wide, \$1.35 yd. D. Delightful embroidery in Madeira effect—grey on a light background; particularly dainty fleur de lis design; insertion, 1 and 3 inches wide, 45c and 65c a yard; edging, 4 and 6 inches wide, respectively, 75c and \$1.25 a yard. The popular dotted embroideries can be obtained in varying widths—4, 5 and 5 inches, being 20c and 35c a yard, and a wide heading insertion 22c a yard. Very pretty and serviceable for embroidered in scallops, 50c and 85c and the insertions 45c and 65c a yard. The invaluable beadings, with slots for ribbons, are obtainable in great variety, some plain, some embroidered, some almost files between the slots. They are in 1/4, 1/2 and 1-inch widths, and are priced at from 12 1/2 to 65c a yard. —Main Floor, Yonge St.

PLAYS, PICTURES AND MUSIC

"The Wanderers" Tonight. Heralded as the greatest spectacle in the dramatic world, "The Wanderers" is the dramatized version of the parable, "Prodigal Son," under the management of William Elliott, E. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest, will open a week's engagement at the Royal Alexandra Theatre this evening. In the cast will be found the greatest assemblage of local stage, including Nance O'Neill, Jack Lewis, Lionel Brannan, Sydney Jean Stuart, Florence Auer, Olga Newton, Jean Robertson and a host of others, including the greatest of all Spanish dancers, Sonoria Francesca Carmen, who heads the ballet of 30 dancers. "Out There." A comedy of the great war which comes to the Princess Theatre tonight almost directly from a two seasons' engagement at the Globe and Liberty Theatres, New York. The latest success of J. Hartley Manners, the author of "Fog of My Heart," tells a story of a "dog of my heart" who, with little Annie Hudd, a poor girl in a London lodging house, as the principal character, played by Elsie Lynn, has been seen here on Wednesday, "The Blue House," "Three Little Maids" and other successes. "Come Back to Erin." Walter Lawrence, who will be seen in the Irish comedy drama, "Come Back to Erin" at the Grand the coming week, with matinee on Wednesday, Saturday enjoys the distinction of having remained on Broadway for ten consecutive seasons. Successful light operas in the most popular in "Come Back to Erin" he displays all the attractive characteristics of the real Irishman: native wit,

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS



January is Here When the Domesticated Woman's Fancy Turns to Thoughts of Spring Sewing

So for Her Benefit is Collected Information Concerning Cottons and Trimmings for the Fashioning of Dainty Undies, Strong, Pretty Materials for Children's Garb, etc. PRETTY WHITE Petticoats, Corset Covers, Nightgowns, all wave their alluring folds through the dreams of the clever needlewoman, but first of all she must consider the wherewithal for their making. And whether she delights in very sheer lingerie or something a trifle more substantial, she'll find the present a very profitable time for buying, for the materials listed below are all most moderately priced, the majority having been purchased months ago, and being now little more than mill cost. White Nainsook can be obtained in several qualities and in varying degrees of sheerness as follows: 36 in. wide—17c, 20c, 23c, 25c, 28c and 35c per yard. 40 in. wide—25c, 28c, 40c and 50c per yard. 42 in. wide—21c, 25c, 28c, 35c and 38c per yard. Madapolam, a fine English cotton material, a little more substantial than a nainsook and not quite so heavy as a longcloth—splendid for nightgowns and petticoats—has a soft needle finish which makes it very easy to manipulate. It is priced according to quality. Width, 36 inches, 20c, 35c and 40c per yard. Width 42 inches, 22c, 25c and 28c per yard. Fine longcloths, the renowned Horrocks' English weaves, made of fine cotton yarns, absolutely free from filling and having a soft needle finish, are obtainable in 36 inches width at 27c, 30c, 32c, 35c, 40c and 50c a yard. Other cottons, suitable for underwear, 36 inches wide, are 17c, 20c, 23c, 25c and 28c per yard. Galates, for children's rompers, for boys' shirts and women's house dresses. It is a splendid material, and can be obtained in the popular blue and white stripes in various arrangements. Width, 34 inches. Price, per yard, 28c. —Second Floor, James St.

Reliable Sewing Cottons and Silks

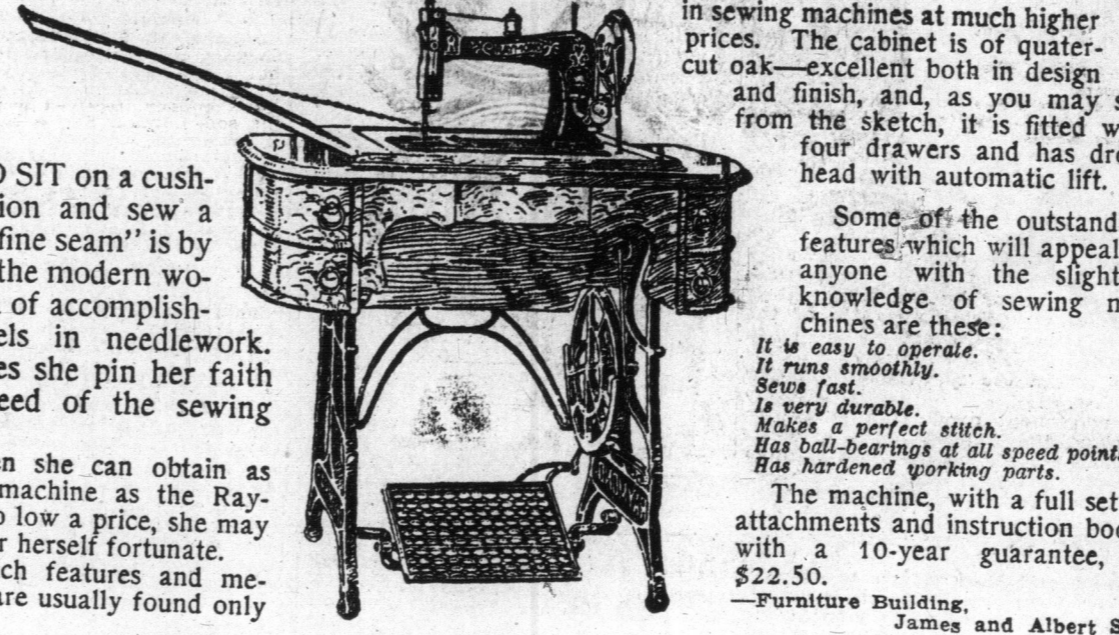
Diamond E six-cord sewing cotton, 200 yards on a spool; sizes, white, 10 to 100; black, 10 to 80. Price, 5c a spool; 55c a dozen. Acme sewing cotton, six-cord, 200 yards on a spool. Sizes, white, 10 to 200; black, 10 to 80. Price, 6c a spool; 67c a dozen. Teco sewing cotton, six-cord, 400 yards on a spool, black and white; sizes 30 to 60. 9c a spool; 3 for 25c. Sewing silk (Belding's and Corticelli), 40 yards on a spool, in black, white and colors—5c a spool; 55c a dozen. —Main Floor, Centre.

Troussain for Lingerie

Lingerie in pretty pale colors is more than a fad—it is a vogue, so the woman who delights in it will be interested in this new material for its fashioning. As its name implies it would be splendid for her who is intent on a trousseau—a soft cotton material something between a lawn and a nainsook in weave. It is procurable in the most delectable colors, pink, pale blue, maize, mauve, Alice. Width, 40 inches. Price, 50c a yard. —Wash Goods Department, Second Floor, Albert St.

A Sewing Machine at the Extraordinarily Low Price of \$22.50

The Raymond—A Reliable Machine of Canadian Manufacture Guaranteed for Ten Years



"TO SIT on a cushion and sew a fine seam" is by no means the modern woman's idea of accomplishing marvels in needlework. Rather does she pin her faith to the speed of the sewing machine. And when she can obtain as efficient a machine as the Raymond, for so low a price, she may well consider herself fortunate. It has such features and mechanism as are usually found only

in sewing machines at much higher prices. The cabinet is of quarter-cut oak—excellent both in design and finish, and, as you may see from the sketch, it is fitted with four drawers and has drop-head with automatic lift. Some of the outstanding features which will appeal to anyone with the slightest knowledge of sewing machines are these: It is easy to operate. It runs smoothly. Sewing fast. It is very durable. Has ball-bearings at all speed points. Has hardened working parts. The machine, with a full set of attachments and instruction book, with a 10-year guarantee, is \$22.50. —Furniture Building, James and Albert St.

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED



SAVE TIME—SHOP WITH A TRANSFER CARD

Ask for a Transfer Card when you make your first purchase; each purchase is then added. You pay total at Pay-in Station, Basement.

More of the January Sale Values

French Georgette Crepe at, Yard, 89c. Anyone who has been buying Georgette crepe lately will know that this is a remarkable value. It is of firm, durable quality, 40 inches wide, in colors black, Russian green, seal, nigger brown, golden brown, dark navy, taupe, castor, smoke, mid green, light and dark Copen, Paddy green, plum, etc. Tuesday, sale price, per yard, 89c. —Main Floor, Yonge St.

Circular Pillow Cotton, 29c Yard, and Other Sale Values in Bedding

Circular Pillow Cotton, in 40 and 43 inch widths. Sale price, yard, 29c. Unbleached or Factory Cotton, for sheets or pillow cases and other general purposes; 36 inches wide. Greatly reduced price, 14c. Satin Finished Cotton Bed Spreads, assortment of conventional patterns; double bed size. Sale price, \$1.98. Hemstitched Cotton Pillow Cases. Sale price, 3 pairs for \$4.98.

White Woolen Blankets, Blankets into which are carded a little cotton to prevent shrinking, finished with pink or blue borders and whipped singly. Sizes suitable for single or three-quarter bed size. Less than mill price, pair, \$4.95. Canadian Sheeting, in plain or twilled weave, 78 inches wide. Sale price, per yard, 36c. —Second Floor, Yonge and Albert Sts.

3,000 Yards wide Japanese Washable Silk at 44c yard

It's extraordinary, this low price on such beautiful quality silk; for the price is less than the pre-war figure. The weave is fine, quite free from dressing, and most women know its possibilities in the making of dainty things. The width, too, is worthy of note—36 inches. Come early. Sale price, per yard, 44c. —Second Floor, Albert St.



If You Need He'p With the Planning of Your Sewing

You'll Find the January Number of McCall Book of Fashions Full of Hints and Illustrations

THERE ARE sketches of clothes for every member of the family, from the very newest baby to grandmamma—clothes for little boys and girls, for maidens in their teens and any number for the older woman. There are "undies and overs" for people of all ages. And in addition the book is just full of useful information on new styles and hints to the needlewoman on how to make them. The price of this very helpful book is 30c, and this includes a free coupon for 15c towards the purchase of any McCall pattern. —Main Floor, Albert St.



fluttering flappers on the rose-tinted cleavage. Navarraway. The Symphony Orchestra has made a real hit by securing Ada Navarraway for its first concert next Friday evening. She will repeat the "Mad Scene" from Lucia, which created a positive deluge of favorable notice from press and public when she sang it here recently with the Grand Opera Company. This will, of course, be the most popular number on her varied program, and with the excellent accompaniment of the orchestra, there can be no doubt of a repetition of her huge success. Mischa Elman's Sensational Career. There comes to Massey Hall on Tuesday, Jan. 15, the young Russian violinist, Mischa Elman, whose playing has received such unique praise throughout the musical world. Already almost sensational interest has been taken in his Toronto recital. He was given his first violin at the age of four, and since that moment he has been a surprise to everybody. "The passion of his playing," it has been said, "is what grips the audience, holding it thrilled."

Home Tomorrow Night. Mme. Louise Homer's appearance in Toronto at Massey Hall tomorrow night may be considered one of the great events of the season both musically and socially. Her coming has been heralded with delight by all who have acquainted themselves with her wonderful career. It is expected that Toronto will turn out to honor this great American woman, whose fame is known wherever music is heard, in right royal fashion. Some four hundred rush seats will be placed on sale at 7:15 tomorrow evening. Clara Kimball Young as Regent. Clara Kimball Young has never been seen in a more lovable motion picture story than "Shirley Kaye," in which she stars at the Regent Theatre this week. The story is interesting from many standpoints, but chiefly because it is told in a new way. How love and finance mix is strange indeed, but the outcome is that her father is saved from a trap which almost broke his mind when she was in the financial world. It is not done thru heart-breaking sacrifice, but thru another

medium, which brings joy to all concerned. Mlle. Lea Choiseul of the Montreal Opera Company is the assisting artist. Ethel Barrymore at Strand. Today, tomorrow and Wednesday there will be presented at the Strand Theatre, a production entitled to rank with the very finest in which Ethel Barrymore has ever appeared. The play is on the screen or on the speaking stage. It is "The Call of Her People," seven act Metro production, dealing with the life of an Egyptian world-famous play, "Egypt." The lavishness of this production is the marvel of the world of motion pictures. More than six hundred actors appeared before the camera for it. Miss Barrymore considers her role as the gipsy heroine, to be the greatest of her career, and it undoubtedly gives her unique opportunity of displaying her dramatic capacity. "Katinka." That musical comedy lyrics need not be a series of nonsense syllables thru which to string the thread of the composer's melody is illustrated in "Katinka," which Arthur Hammerstein will send to the Royal Alexandra Theatre for the week of Jan. 14, with the usual matinees on Wednesday and Saturday. One of the songs, for example, "I Want to Marry a Male Quartet," has a keenly satirical idea back of it. Another song, "Your Photo," suggests that kissing the glass that frames it is a "chilly occupation," and it would be well for you to hurry home. Reserved seats will be placed on sale Thursday at the theatre box office. "The Riviera Girl." Klaw and Erlanger's big musical comedy, "The Riviera Girl," comes to the Princess Theatre for the week of Feb. 4 after an immensely successful run at the New Amsterdam Theatre, New York. It is even more charming than "Miss Springtime," which was the opening attraction at the local play house this season. "Seven Days' Leave." The eleven acts of a submarine in view of the audience is one of several realistic effects in "Seven Days' Leave," the big spectacular military

ETERNAL VIGILANCE PRICE OF FREEDOM

Rev. Dr. Henderson Speaks on Liquor Traffic in Britain. SPIRITUAL FORCES King's Proclamation to Prayer Was Mobilization of These.

In the Timothy Eaton Memorial of the nation if the cause of the allies dress, in the course of an eloquent address on the war and the necessity for renewed consecration on the part of the nation if the cause of the allies was ultimately to triumph, said, among other things: "The outstanding evil in the world today is selfishness and it is my belief that, despite the oft repeated statement that the worthy working Englishman does not want to give up his liquor, the cause may be traced further up among the men who reap the dividends. The liquor trade is an insuperable obstacle to success and God finds it hard to give Great Britain a righteous victory." Dealing with the possibility of Canada reverting again to a liquor policy, Dr. Henderson said: "Eternal vigilance in it is the price of our freedom."

He dealt with the charge that the war had brought about a state of social depravity unbelievable before its outbreak and said that the reports of some of the most eminent men were that the very existence of the white race was threatened. He denounced the using of grain for other

CONSIDERS INCREASE OF RATES UNNECESSARY

Hon. Edward Brown Hopes for Government Control of Canadian Railways.

That the increase granted the railways in their freight tariffs was a great surprise to him was the statement made by Hon. Edward Brown, provincial treasurer of Manitoba, who is now in Toronto. Despite the fact that there had been a great increase in the price of fuel and labor, he stated that it seemed to him entirely unnecessary that the C. P. R. should be allowed to raise its freight rates, especially as the earnings of the Canadian Pacific were quite satisfactory. "There is no doubt," he said, "that the action of the commission is for the assistance of the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern." He also stated that it appeared to him as if the raising of the rates would constitute a breach of the contract made in 1910 with the C. N. R. "Personally I think the co-ordination of the railways under government supervision should be done at once. This would insure goods being shipped from place to place by the shortest routes."

One-half cupful of finely ground nuts added to a custard makes a delicious crust.

PREMIER'S SPEECH TO HELP RUSSIANS

Utterances of Lloyd George Will Show Allied Sympathy With Ideals.

NOT FULLY OFFICIAL

Declaration Will Not Definitely Bind Allies at Peace Conference.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Premier Lloyd George's address to the British trades unions Saturday on Great Britain's war aims, created a profound impression in official circles in Washington.

That the address was not unexpected was plain. The growing anxiety exhibited by the entire chancelleries since the beginning of the Brest-Litovsk peace conference and the openly expressed belief that some steps must be taken to counteract the

Some exchanges between the United States and her co-belligerents recently had pointed to a desire on the part of some of the governments of the Western Hemisphere that President Wilson should speak in defense of the position he had already taken in regard to the war aims. The state department, however, has outlined in the most formal and public manner his beliefs, America's position had been sufficiently disclosed for the present at least.

While it was intimated that the Washington declaration would be given in advance of what the British premier was to say, that the aims he outlined will not lead to any differences between the British and American positions, not only by the preceding exchanges between the entente powers and Washington but also by the numerous proceedings of the various councils in Paris, at which all the subjects treated by Premier Lloyd George today were considered.

Accepted Allied Ideas. Some officials pointed out that the British premier had taken the repeated declaration of the Italian, French and British premiers and had not only clarified them, but had stated in them more frankly and directly than they had been presented before. It was noted that even President Wilson's ideas were developed more sharply than he himself had expressed them.

Altogether it had all the force of an official declaration, it was pointed out here that Lloyd George's speech, which could not be set aside upon the central powers as definitely binding the entente allies, was a declaration to a liberal acceptance of his war aims as the basis of peace. They might, however, properly be regarded as a tentative outline of British peace aims, which would be broached at any peace conference which these powers might take part in as the groundwork upon which negotiations might be founded.

Double Purpose. It is believed here that Lloyd George had a double purpose in mind in making his address. Only last week the British trade unions registered their strong insistence upon a declaration of entente aims, and the premier's address today was taken as an answer to that demand. It was also believed that the premier is believed to have had in mind to impress upon the Russian peace delegates the fact that the entente aims of the British are more nearly in consonance with their own altruistic aspirations than anything which the central powers can offer them.

Eye on Negotiations. One inference drawn from the premier's address was that he still hopes that the German negotiators at Brest-Litovsk can be balked in their efforts to force a humiliating peace upon Russia, and in that connection it was recalled that hints had been given in semi-official organs of a willingness of the entente powers to recognize the Bolshevik government if it acted fairly towards the nations fighting Germany. It also was regarded as possible that the address might suffice to meet the demand of the Trotskyists for a statement of the entente war aims within a ten-day period just about to elapse, without actually committing the powers to definitely.

Reference to Germany. A feature of the address which particularly interested officials here was the reference to constitutional government in Germany. While this was regarded as nearly in line with similar sentiments expressed by President Wilson, it was suggested that an underlying purpose was to direct attention to the hollowness and insincerity of the efforts being made by Chancellor von Hertling to convey the impression that Germany already had been "democratized" as shown by his invitation to the Reichstag committee to submit suggestions as to the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk. However, it has been noted that no time had yet been admitted to the right of that body to approve or disapprove or in any way to have any responsibility for the conclusion of a peace treaty with Russia.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Infantry. Died—Lieut. J. H. Heven, England; J. M. King, Clyde River, N.S.

OVER A THOUSAND DRAFTEES REPORT

Response to Call "Very Satisfactory," Say Battalion Commanders.

CADETS RETURN

Many of Those Who Went to Texas to Receive Commissions Soon.

MINIMIZE THE FIRE PERIL BY USING

EDDY'S "SILENT 500'S" Official Services of Canadian Naval and Mercantile Marine.

Prayers Offered For Ships at Sea. Preacher Hopes Day May Be Precursor of One of Thanksgiving.

Ferry Dock Burns AS BLIZZARD RAGES. Lightning he stated that he did not see any.

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ENGINEERS and purchasing agents have given Goodyear Industrial Hose (steam, pneumatic tool, air drill, water, fire, suction, etc.) their word-of-mouth endorsement to the extent of rapidly increasing sales.

Goodyear manufactures a special hose for every industrial need. The nearest Goodyear Branch will gladly submit samples and give you full information.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. of Canada, Limited

Branches—Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver. Service Stocks in smaller cities.

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MUST FILL VACANT PLACES IN WORLD

Capt. H. A. Pearson Tells of Efforts by Allied Nations. GREAT PROGRESS SHOWN But Numerous Graves Point to Need of More Leaders for Future.

"The greatest of all the problems of the war, and they have been many and bitter, is that of replacing the cream of Canada's manhood after the war is over," said Captain H. A. Pearson in the course of a fine address delivered before a large audience gathered on Sunday afternoon at the West End Y in response to the King's proclamation for a day of prayer.

DEDICATE TO DEATH UNBORN CHILDREN

Strong Indictment of German People's Plans by Rabbi Jacobs.

"We would be unworthy of our citizenship unless we united heart and soul with our fellow-citizens of other creeds in obeying his majesty's command to devote the first Sabbath of the secular year to earnest prayer for the victory of the cause we have all so much at heart as British subjects. It is strongly believed with many others that we are entering on the last phase of the war, and at this moment more than ever before should we invoke God's blessing on our cause. This titanic struggle was not our seeking. It was forced upon us. Great Britain did not plunge into the horrors of the first of conquest or greed of a larger empire. Nor was she actuated by motives of hatred or thoughts of self-glory. Never did we seek to unsheathe the sword in a more righteous war. For it was to keep her plighted word; to protect her weaker neighbors; to resist a policy which defied brute force and made an apotheosis of the martial spirit. True one of the greatest of English poets has said: 'Peace has her victories no less renowned than war,' but should peace be bought at any price? At the cost of dishonor and degradation? Does not the word of God itself stamp with the divine curse him who would attempt to remove his neighbor's landmark to enrich himself? Then what should be the fate of that nation which by cunning or force of arms attempts to rob its weaker neighbor of its territory? Does not the wish of its inhabitants to be free from the yoke of its neighbor? But what should be said of that nation who thru cowardice or degeneracy or fearfulness or fear of loss allowed the inheritance of its neighbor to be invaded or stolen away when solemn treaties bound her to protect them? Yes, England had no other alternative but to resort to the arbitrament of the sword.

MANKIND'S BLOOD-BATH

Teutonic Empires Drunk With Martial Spirit, He Says.

Preaching at the Holy Blossom Synagogue on the King's call to prayer yesterday, Rabbi Jacobs said: "We would be unworthy of our citizenship unless we united heart and soul with our fellow-citizens of other creeds in obeying his majesty's command to devote the first Sabbath of the secular year to earnest prayer for the victory of the cause we have all so much at heart as British subjects. It is strongly believed with many others that we are entering on the last phase of the war, and at this moment more than ever before should we invoke God's blessing on our cause. This titanic struggle was not our seeking. It was forced upon us. Great Britain did not plunge into the horrors of the first of conquest or greed of a larger empire. Nor was she actuated by motives of hatred or thoughts of self-glory. Never did we seek to unsheathe the sword in a more righteous war. For it was to keep her plighted word; to protect her weaker neighbors; to resist a policy which defied brute force and made an apotheosis of the martial spirit. True one of the greatest of English poets has said: 'Peace has her victories no less renowned than war,' but should peace be bought at any price? At the cost of dishonor and degradation? Does not the word of God itself stamp with the divine curse him who would attempt to remove his neighbor's landmark to enrich himself? Then what should be the fate of that nation which by cunning or force of arms attempts to rob its weaker neighbor of its territory? Does not the wish of its inhabitants to be free from the yoke of its neighbor? But what should be said of that nation who thru cowardice or degeneracy or fearfulness or fear of loss allowed the inheritance of its neighbor to be invaded or stolen away when solemn treaties bound her to protect them? Yes, England had no other alternative but to resort to the arbitrament of the sword.

WELCOMES NEW PASTOR

Rev. Dr. Milarr Opens His Pastorate and Preaches to Large Congregation.

YOUNG WOMEN TAKE VOWS

Eleven Received Saturday Morning into St. Joseph's Community.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RAISES EMBARGO

Urgent Need of Coal by Householders Over for Present. DELIVER ON SUNDAY

LABOR TO CONSOLIDATE; NO SPLIT IS EVIDENT

Rumor of Division Between Factions of Greater Toronto Labor Party Are Unfounded, Say Leaders.

SOME DEALERS HAD WAGONS

The embargo placed by the New York Central railroad on shipments of coal coming into Canada via the Michigan Central line was raised on Saturday night.

GUNS ALONE CANNOT BRING ON VICTORY

Rev. Dr. A. E. Ribourg preached at Saint Alban's Cathedral Sunday evening on "Looking Unto the Hills," showing that never before in the history of the world has there been so much need for men to walk by faith and not by sight as at this moment.

BASE HOSPITAL PATIENTS

The patients at the base hospital numbered 68, while the total number of inmates to date is 1189.

January White Wear Sales MURRAY-KAY, Limited

The January Linen Sale Attracts All Women Who Appreciate Values. It's very gratifying to hear the varied expressions of pleasure and astonishment that are made in connection with the hundred and one special features of the January Linen Sale.

Save \$2.00 on a Gossard Corset

Here Are \$5.50 Models for \$3.50 Each. The woman who wears a "Gossard" will rejoice at this opportunity to save \$2.00 on the needed new pair; the woman who has been intending to try these front-in-lace corsets will be similarly happy at this chance of buying a \$5.50 model for \$3.50.

Children's Wool Mitts at Half-Price, 25c a Pair

Nothing better than Wool Mitts for keeping Jack Frost away from little fingers, so this Half-Price Glove will bring mothers to our Glove Section bright and early this morning.

Odd Pieces of Dinnerware Marked at Clearance Prices

An interesting January Sale feature in the China Section is a big display of Odd Pieces of Dinnerware, French and English china, also English some porcelain, which we've marked to clear at reduced prices that are too varied to quote. You must see these things—you're sure to find some pieces needed to replace the continual breakages.

Conservation. In place of a slice of bread eat one extra potato every day.

Store Hours: 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Telephone: Adelaide 5100. All Pure Linen Crash Towelling, red, blue and plain borders, for hand, roller or dish use. This towelling is of Irish make, a small lot of 300 yards only. Regularly 25c a yard. January Sale price, today; no 'phone or mail orders 17c

New Kimono Silks Priced at \$1.50 a Yard

Exquisite new Kimono Silks, in the prettiest patterns—one showing great red popples on a white ground; another pink apple blossoms and blue birds on an Allice blue ground; a third gay butterflies on an amethyst ground. These and other lovely designs may be had in our Silk Section, the width of these Kimono Silks 32 inches, the price, per yard \$1.50

These corsets are made of a very fine broche material, all white or with pink brocade on white. They have low top trimmed with lace, and medium long slip—we have all sizes from 20 to 30. The regular price is \$5.50 a pair. January Sale price, per pair, today \$3.50

These Superb Sets of Furs At January Sale Prices

There's not the faintest chance of our being able to re-order such superb furs as these at the present regular prices—no need to point out to you that our January Sale prices give to these lovely neck-pieces and muffs an attraction that should not be lightly passed by: Pearl Grey Wolf Cape, fancy style, finished with pink brocade on white. Regularly \$52.00. January Sale price \$45.00. Pearl Grey Wolf Muff, to match cape, new canton shape. Regularly \$43.00. January Sale price \$37.50. Lucille Wolf and Seal Cape, novel shape. Regularly \$46.00. January Sale price \$37.50.

Muffs to Go With Fur Coats

Hudson Seal Muffs \$19.50, \$22.50 and \$25.50. Mole Muffs \$26.00 to \$35.00. Beaver Muffs \$33.75. Black Wolf Muffs \$23.00 to \$26.50. Natural Muskrat Muffs, with cuffs \$17.00. Taupe Wolf Muffs \$29.50. Alaska Sable Muffs \$35.00 to \$45.00. See our window display of furs.

January Furniture Sale at the Kay Store 10% to 25% Reduction on All Furniture

A Collection of Girls' Coats Offered at \$8.50 Each. Just as interesting January Sale features in the Children's Wear Section as anywhere else in the house—this sale of coats, for instance: We've gathered together a collection of GIRLS' COATS, including sizes from 2 to 12 years. They're all smart new models, lined throughout, most of them belted, with patch or inset pockets. The "Trench" model is represented as well as other modish styles. The materials are plain or striped velvets, zibeline, heavy chevrons and other wool coatings. The colors are grey, green, navy and brown. Regularly, these coats have been as high as \$12.50. January Sale price, for each, \$8.50

President of Railway Sends Out Patriotic Message to All Its Hands. In a circular letter addressed to all the officers and employees of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Company, by William T. Noonan, president, attention is drawn to the fact that by proclamation of the president of the United States, the government had assumed control of all the railroads. He points out that by the request of the president, Hon. William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, had assumed the heavy additional responsibilities of director-general of railroads, and in that capacity had wired him to continue the operation of the road in conformity with the president's proclamation, and that every effort be made to increase its capacity and efficiency. Mr. Noonan points out that so far as the individual was concerned, he thought all were brought a little closer to the great conflict, and in conclusion he says: "When the history of this war is written, nothing factious than to have it said that there was not a slacker among us upon his present duties as necessary as seriously and conscientiously as each were in uniform and in the front-line trenches."

FACTOR IN LIFE. Large Meeting in Central Y.M.C.A. for National Prayer.

The national call to prayer was observed yesterday afternoon in the Central Y.M.C.A. when G. A. Warburton addressed one of the largest meetings ever held in that building. He pointed out that the King's call to prayer was only natural as it should be for a Christian nation, and maintained that prayer was the prevalent thing in the life of a nation, and that prayer should be a factor in the life of a nation. "Many people criticize those in public life," he said, "but very few people sympathized with them or prayed for them; and he was of the opinion that prayers should be offered for national sin as well as individual sin in order that every one's life might be more useful in the life of a nation. His closing remarks were a supplication for prayer for all the army and navy, and the officials of the government.

BOY CAUSES FIRE.

A boy playing with matches Saturday afternoon about 6.30, was responsible for a fire that broke out in the home of John Oskison on 15 Baitenberg avenue. The brigade were soon on the scene and had the outbreak under control, but not before damage estimated at \$700 was caused. \$500 to the building and \$200 to the contents. It is covered by insurance.

COAL WORKER INJURED.

A man named Leeson, of 6 York street, employed by the Elias Rogers Coal Company, caught his right hand in some gear while working in one of the yards Saturday morning. He was rushed off to the Western Hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate one finger. His hand was lacerated.

CLEVELAND LAWYER DIES HERE

Frank Master, a prominent Cleveland lawyer, died suddenly Saturday morning in the office of Rowell, Reid, Wood and Wright, in the Canada Life Building.

January 7 1918. d pur- have Indus- pneu- water, their dorse- ent of sales.

res a special trial need ear Branch it samples information. & Rubber Limited

St. John, Toronto, Winnipeg, Edmonton, Stocks in

AYS PRAYERS PEEDY VICTORY

Imperial Metropolis g's Proclamation al Service.

King George's today for prayers the Empire for what the cause of freedom, for the successful on of the war, was places of worship of the churches, but sheriffs attended St. in state. Soldiers hear, some of them London, speaking at said: "If there nation certain to leaving the peace- he home and plung- war. We have had a noble sorrow and tears of pride as tribute to the valor ists of British men hood said: "Go today for the war of the great s." of the occasion today of the nation since the war be-

CUTTING PLANE SPRUCE Deals With Com- munity of Output.

With the object greater produc- spruce in British a closer co- or Taylor, imperial representative of the met at the board of night and here, the result of many ment agent in re- duction was being not present. He to appear at the his business at all his time. He meet a committee ted at the meeting situation with its

PERMANENT AMERICAN PACT

ists Present Under Britain and U.S. Forever.

an 6. — Sir Fred- general of Eng- Saturday said months will show resolute—autocracy the purpose of Eng- today," Sir Fred- says when it enter- thing can make her of suffering and to victory. When Great Britain has meant more ence effected in the reason why this happily cemented. I can truthfully ences, were largely that did exist

ulated Eyelids, are inflamed by expo- to Sun, Dust and Wind relieved by Murine Ready, No Smearing, Eye Comfort, At 9c per Bottle, Murine For Book of the Eye Ready Co., Chicago

The Toronto World

FOUNDED 1880
 A morning newspaper published every day in the year by The World Newspaper Company of Toronto, Limited, H. J. Macken, Managing Director.
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 Sunday World—6c per copy, \$2.50 per year, by mail.
 To other Foreign Countries, postage extra.

MONDAY MORNING, JAN. 7.

Britain's Great Power Projects.

Lord Haldane, who has been under a cloud since the early days of the war on a somewhat unjust suspicion of pro-Germanism, has come to the fore with a sensible plan for the production of power on a national scale by the erection of sixteen huge super-power generating stations, situated conveniently near the coal mines.

Britain uses 80,000,000 tons of coal in power production now, and it is estimated that 55,000,000 tons (and these are "long" tons, too) could be saved by the plan, or in money value, \$135,000,000 out of \$200,000,000. With the saving of by-products now wasted by burning coal in open grates and boiler furnaces it is said that \$500,000,000 more could be added.

If used in this centralized fashion the coal now consumed could be made to produce three times as much power as at present. It is generally recognized that this greater production of power would favorably affect wages. About 600 companies and municipalities have generating plants at present, with an average of 5000 h.p. per plant. The new plant would have an output of from 20,000 to 50,000 h.p. each. Electrification of railways is expected to follow the new proposals.

It is not sufficiently realized that electricity is the power of the future. We can face the exhaustion of coal with equanimity as long as the tides ebb and flow, for infinite power exists in these movements of the ocean, which only need to be harnessed to supply all the heat and light and power we require. The wind also may be laid under tribute, and with storage batteries every household may generate and conserve a steady supply.

The war has shown what wonderful things are possible by national co-operation. It is not likely that the advantages thus discovered will be refused to the years of peace, or that we shall decline to invest in productive enterprises sums as vast as those we now spend in destruction.

Mr. Proudfoot or Mr. Stewart and Hydro Power.

It is well to realize that while Union government may be planning excellent measures for the public welfare, there are still the old forces of private interest and corporation craft to be reckoned with. They are to be found at work in the ranks of the Unionists, as well as outside them. The Hamilton Times, in eulogizing Mr. Proudfoot as the new leader of the Ontario Liberal party, notes that "he is a strong advocate of the Hydro-Electric System. But he is not altogether satisfied with the Beck management. That gentleman, in his opinion, needs to be brought under proper control." We have been long aware that, in the opinion of the Times, Sir Adam Beck should have been controlled out of the Hydro System, and there are not a few gentlemen under the Unionist banner who cherish a similar opinion. In the same issue the Times comments on Mr. T. J. Stewart's plan to link up Hamilton with the Toronto Power Company. He would build a transformer at the beach, at the city's expense, pay the company for the privilege of getting power and for the power itself. The Times, representing the local power interests, is not enamored of the scheme, and would like to see the agreement first, and be assured that the Toronto company has power to sell. It adds that "it is within the region of probability that the Toronto company will, in course of time, be bought up by the Hydro Commission, and the city would thus be made to depend upon the hydro power entirely." Which, of course, from The Times' point of view, would be a catastrophe.

The Times, however, gives Mr. Stewart credit for his proposal. It is calculated to embarrass Sir Adam Beck, and that is sufficient. If Mr. Proudfoot approves of a policy of opposition to the Hydro-Electric Commission, such as Messrs. George Graham and Alex. MacKay carried on, we need not expect any more progress to be made by the Liberal party under him than in the past twelve years. Mr. Proudfoot would do better to support the Beck policy and the extension of the control of the Hydro Commission over all the water powers of the province.

Contagious Diseases.

Saskatchewan has taken first action in the most important sanitary reform of the generation. The Ontario Government was approached by an influential committee on the matter, but declined, chiefly, it appears, on the ground that some of the "privileged classes" might be incommoded or vexed. The menace to the general health, the vast expense, the marked decline of the population counted as nothing.

Dr. Seymour, the public health commissioner for Saskatchewan, has announced that the three venereal diseases will hereafter be classed as contagious and infectious, and must be reported. One effect will be the possibility of having the cases most in need of it brought under treatment, and prevented from spreading the contagion. In Ontario the health officers have no power, even when they know of cases which are a source of public pestilence, of interfering to provide treatment and isolation, altho beside these diseases, smallpox, diphtheria and scarlet fever are mild and harmless.

In Saskatchewan the physician in attendance is required to report the name of the patient to the commissioner of public health within three days, omitting the name, however, unless the patient fails to report for 30 days. What the military and medical authorities want here is to place these diseases on the same footing as smallpox, which is much less dangerous and deadly.

New Zealand Trade Openings.

A memorandum from the New York National Bank of Commerce calls attention to the opening for trade in New Zealand made by the war. The opportunity is as good for Canada as for others. New Zealand has over a million people, and while this may seem small, it is a good market, as any new, rich and rapidly developing community must always be. Direct importation is going on in almost every town, even of one or two thousand people. During 1915 United States trade was 12 per cent. of the whole amount. During 1916 it had grown to 15 per cent., and the first half of last year it was 18 per cent. This gain was made at the expense chiefly of Great Britain and Canada. Japan also increased her trade from one up to three per cent. of the total.

It is 11,500 miles from Liverpool to Wellington. It is 8500 miles from New York by the Panama Canal. San Francisco and Vancouver are about equally distant, some 6000 miles.

One advantage United States dealers have is their attractive packages. This is especially true of chocolate and confections. In other lines British makers handicap themselves by refusing to make the pattern the market requires. In hardware goods the United States is having its own way. The product is well put up and makes a good shelf show, and show cards and advertising matter are supplied. "In certain lines," it is observed, "we have been greatly favored by the obtuseness of the British bushman's requirements as to axes and saws." The British trade commissioner reported that a farmer once told him that he had an English plow which had not been used for 25 years. No four horses in New Zealand could pull it. The standardizing of machinery is a great recommendation. Electrical appliances, household equipment, moving picture supplies, microscopes, small rifles, motor cars and tires, cycles, pianos and players are among the goods in demand. The inclusion of landed cost in catalogs is regarded as essential.

"The average New Zealander," it states, "would far rather buy British goods than those of any other country, if he could secure them, partly because of patriotic feeling, and partly because for generations he has believed that intrinsically they are the best." British exporters must not rely too much on this preference with such a shrewd and energetic competitor as Uncle Sam in the field.

The Press and the Railways

The leading papers of the country, with some exceptions, continue to discuss and give a great deal of space to the railway question. The Montreal Gazette, The Winnipeg Telegram and The Quebec Chronicle defend the recent raise in rates and oppose Canada's following the lead of the United Kingdom and the United States in taking over and operating the transportation facilities of the country under government control. The Toronto Globe and The Winnipeg Free Press approach the subject from a different angle, and both insist that our railway problem cannot be solved by an increase in rates, which would annually swell to larger proportions the already startling surplus of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The Regina Leader and other western papers call upon the Union government to follow the example of President Wilson, and some of them join The World in demanding the immediate nationalization of all the railways of Canada. Other papers, however, either have no views on the question or fear to express them, while still another group, including The London Free Press and The London Advertiser, print censored news, evidently fed out to them by the public department of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

The Montreal Gazette, in a leading editorial last Friday, extols the New Year's day deliverance of Shaughnessy, as the last word on the Canadian railway question. But The Gazette forgets that his lordship has had little to say about Canada, except to warn this country not to follow in the footsteps of Great Britain and the United States. He declared himself against co-ordination of railway resources under government control, and bitterly opposed government ownership. The railways, his lordship was good enough to tell us, stand in no need of regulation, and he urged that the country, according to him, who ought to be disciplined by the government, and the Gazette's perhaps, on firm ground when it defends the recent raise in rates. The roads, it argues, have to pay out a great deal more money for fuel, wages, fuel and equipment. They are getting the same price for hauling two-dollar wheat as they got when wheat was only sixty cents a bushel. And The Gazette observes that:

Their efforts have been hampered in their efforts by reason of the fact that their expenditures increased in proportion to the energy which marked their response to a national need, their revenues have been restricted. They have been dependent upon ratepayers more or less arbitrarily by others, raises admittedly inadequate under existing conditions. This initiative has been partially lifted by the recent order of the board of railway commissioners, authorizing increases of approximately ten per cent. of traffic rates in the west and fifteen per cent. in the east. These increases, as stated in the memorandum of the commission, "will certainly not equal the increase in the cost of the railways as a subject," and "the increased cost can certainly not be said to be the railways' fault."

The Hamilton papers have no use for public ownership of railways. The Spectator says:

The great increase in railway rates, which would do of annul out there if they were to be kicking against.

The Herald says the movement in Britain and the United States is "not state system of government control which prevents the part of the railway, but objection to the railway as a public utility, and the delivery of the Shaughnessy. The people of our west, however, object to an increase in railway rates, and they never subscribed to the view of the Herald, "not to be run, as The Herald part of shareholders." The Hamilton of any kind, strong for public ownership consolidated railway system, with a union station, with common terminals, it is likely to be with the inferior service of three rival roads.

The Winnipeg Free Press seems to have anticipated the attitude of the Toronto papers, at least, as the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. is concerned. The Free Press reviews the opinion handed down to the railway commission in granting the increase in rates, and states that it is an exhaustive manner that the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk could not carry on without a statement of the roads, and the Free Press, in commenting upon this finding of the railway commission, says:

But, notwithstanding the confidence of the commission, the matter is not easily disposed of. There remains the question of what the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. does it, to receive equal assistance to enable it to meet its obligations to its shareholders, its creditors and its patrons.

In their comment upon the Canadian Pacific, the Winnipeg Free Press, in their finding, touch very gingerly upon the position of the Canadian Pacific. They do not in their survey cover its operations for a year past, but they do cover the case of the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk, but content themselves with this very brief observation upon the operations of the Canadian Pacific:

The public, faced with an increase in railway charges of some forty million dollars a year, is entitled to more information than is contained in this paragraph about the position of the Canadian Pacific. It is not clear (1916) that road, after disposing of \$58,278,000 of net corporate income, part of which was paid to the shareholders, divided, laid away the great sum of \$17,152,000 to the credit of profit and loss. These figures hardly suggest impending bankruptcy.

For the year 1917, just finished, the road will do so badly that its net earnings for the whole system for the year, amounting to \$10,390,000, together with a 10 per cent. dividend, would still be a million dollars left, to be paid for November and December, and the receipts from special sources of income, which will run into several millions. Altogether, the financial achievement of the Canadian Pacific in 1917 will not be far behind its record for 1916.

With respect to the Canadian Pacific, we have a clear case of crying out before they are hurt.

The refusal of the railway commissioners to discuss at length and with rather full details the financial position of the Canadian Pacific, is the more noticeable because, as they toured the country last summer holding hearings, the aspect of the problem was repeatedly pointed out to their attention. Representatives of many interests and various places drew the attention of the board to the fact that the Canadian Pacific was not solely the one of defective revenues from freight and passenger traffic, as was made clear by the strong position held by the Canadian Pacific.

The Free Press is too long-headed to suggest that rates can be raised for some Canadian Pacific work. It is not clear that the road and its rivals would be helped if the Canadian Pacific could cut rates. The weaker roads would have to meet the Canadian Pacific's rates between all competitive lines. Raising rates, The Free Press says, would solve the Canadian railway question. Obviously the only solution is for the country to take over all the roads.

weak and strong, into one big national system.

If the government be slow to move it must be admitted that the opposition does not move at all. Hon. George P. Graham in The Brockville Recorder, argues that the situation in the United States differs from that in Canada because many of the roads there have state instead of federal incorporation. Yet Great Britain did very much what President Wilson has just accomplished, and the British Government is more centralized than the Canadian. However, after this somewhat aimless venture into the realm of constitutional law Mr. Graham proceeds:

Yet there is still much to be done, and the best results in transportation may be achieved, particularly during the war period. A resolution urging among other things the co-ordination of our transportation facilities was moved in the house of commons during the last session, but voted down by the government. However, it appears to be a live question now and something in that direction is likely to be brought about.

The Ottawa Citizen of Friday last says: At the request of Hon. P. Reid, minister of railways, a sub-committee of the cabinet council has been appointed to consider the whole situation with regard to the railway situation in Canada.

For the last few weeks the minister of railways has been studying the problem of the railways with a view to bringing the greatest possible movement for troops, munitions of war and food products to the sea-coast by rail.

After consulting with the heads of the various railways in Canada, the minister was successful in having a committee of all the railways created which could co-operate and work together. The work of this committee, the minister states, has already been productive, excellent results being the way of co-ordination and co-operation.

With regard to the address of President Wilson, which appears in today's paper, Dr. Reid stated that it would be carefully studied by the sub-committee of the cabinet council just created.

Calgary Herald:

The railways have been hampered in their efforts by reason of the fact that their expenditures increased in proportion to the energy which marked their response to a national need, their revenues have been restricted. They have been dependent upon ratepayers more or less arbitrarily by others, raises admittedly inadequate under existing conditions. This initiative has been partially lifted by the recent order of the board of railway commissioners, authorizing increases of approximately ten per cent. of traffic rates in the west and fifteen per cent. in the east. These increases, as stated in the memorandum of the commission, "will certainly not equal the increase in the cost of the railways as a subject," and "the increased cost can certainly not be said to be the railways' fault."

The Edmonton Bulletin, of which Hon. Frank Oliver is editor and proprietor, defends the old competitive system and demands that the railways of the country be combined or co-ordinated under government control. Mr. Oliver's city suffers in no way from the monopoly of the Canadian Pacific, and his government ownership is a far different thing from the monopoly of a private corporation.

The Hamilton papers have no use for public ownership of railways. The Spectator says:

The great increase in railway rates, which would do of annul out there if they were to be kicking against.

The Herald says the movement in Britain and the United States is "not state system of government control which prevents the part of the railway, but objection to the railway as a public utility, and the delivery of the Shaughnessy. The people of our west, however, object to an increase in railway rates, and they never subscribed to the view of the Herald, "not to be run, as The Herald part of shareholders." The Hamilton of any kind, strong for public ownership consolidated railway system, with a union station, with common terminals, it is likely to be with the inferior service of three rival roads.

BOLD AVIATORS AVERT NEW RAID ON PADUA

Soar Into the Air Before Moon-rise and Meet German Machines on the Way.

Italian Headquarters in Northern Italy, Saturday, Jan. 5.—Padua was spared another raid last night largely thru the daring of Italian aviators, who went into the air an hour before moon rise and formed an aerial cordon around the city, meeting enemy aviators, they advanced. The concentration, seeing the heavy concentration, Baasano and Castelfranco, where they caused some casualties, British aviators are doing especially good work. Their latest exploit was the destruction of an enemy balloon at Susegana and the bringing down of an enemy airplane by gunfire. The artillery action along the mountain fronts is intermittent. Five enemy batteries have been silenced for a week, indicating a shortening of forces westward to other fronts. Weather conditions continue and nights. The temperature usually is above freezing and there is little or no snow. Weather experts believe the season now is so far advanced that heavy snows are unlikely until the regular Alpine snow falls, beginning in February.

A MASONIC FUNERAL

Remains of M. D. Montgomery, Burned in Ingersoll Explosion, Buried.

Special to The Toronto World, Ingersoll, Ont., Jan. 6.—In an impressive manner, the memory of M. D. Montgomery, manager of the Ingersoll Gas Light Company, who was fatally burned in the explosion on Wednesday last, was honored today. A residence funeral was held from his home, attended by about one hundred members of the craft and scores of citizens. Interment was made in the Ingersoll Rural Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. S. Donald MacLeod and E. Sheppard and the following Masonic members acted as pall-bearers: R. Warren, T. C. Hammill, F. W. Staples, W. B. Scoffin, H. R. Foster and W. J. Peters.

Scrambled eggs and fried onions can be combined to make a savory dish.

CAN THE ARCH CRIMINAL ESCAPE?



TEUTONS CALL OFF NEGOTIATIONS

(Continued from Page One.)

told the reichstag main committee on Thursday that the German delegates had been instructed to refuse to transfer the negotiations to Stockholm.

London, Jan. 6.—A belated despatch from the correspondent of the Associated Press in Berlin, which is dated Friday shows that there was great political perturbation following the meeting of the main committee of the reichstag that day. The meeting lasted barely 45 minutes, a motion for adjournment being supported by all factions except the independent Socialists. Immediately on adjournment all the parties entered into caucus sessions which continued thru out the day and until late at night. The indications pointed, the correspondent says, to an endorsement of the government's attitude against moving the peace negotiations from Brest-Litovsk to Stockholm, by the right, centre and progressive parties, including the pacifists, the democrats, the wings of the Nationals, Liberals and Clericals, and the Scheideggern of the Socialists, but the attitude in general of the Socialists was problematical.

The Liberal Tagelblatt reflects the general attitude of the press in declaring that negotiations at Stockholm would be impossible. The newspaper says that British, French and American diplomats and their numerous agents are buzzing about Stockholm and would promptly weave a net of intrigue around the conference and that espionage would flourish, making successful negotiations impossible. A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam, dated today, says the hitch over Brest-Litovsk is considered to endanger the cohesion of the reichstag majority, but that great efforts are being made to prevent the falling away of the Socialist majority. The despatch refers to the possibility of a new constellation of reichstag parties.

The Berlin Vorwarts, the Socialist organ, refers to the declaration by the chancellor on the endangering of the peace negotiations as having fallen on the spirit of the nation like a black cloud. The newspaper says the situation is extraordinarily serious.

CANADIAN CHANGES

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

London, Jan. 6.—Major J. M. D. Perry and J. C. Kemp are gazetted brigadier-generals. Major Perry, British Columbia Regiment, is cashiered. Lieut. L. H. Holland, Cyclists, is gazetted flying officer. Major Rasmusson, Captain J. S. Manning and Lieut. K. L. Crowell of the American Legion, Canadian forces, have joined the American army. Corporal Percy Annie, a Canadian, is awarded the Albert Medal for twice extinguishing live bombs and instructing recruits in trench and catapult work.

Mary Dorothy, wife of Major Malloch Hart, Canadian Medicals, is dead. She belonged to Minnesota. Col. Geo. Chas. Gibbs, the noted Blisley shot, is dead.

TWENTY-ONE YEARS BISHOP

Archbishop Thorne Celebrates Anniversary of His Consecration.

Sault Ste. Marie, Jan. 6.—Archbishop Thorne, of the diocese of Algoma, Metropolitan of the Anglican Church in the Province of Ontario, today commemorated the twenty-first anniversary of his consecration as bishop. A special service was held at St. Luke's pro-Cathedral here, at which there was unveiled a memorial tablet to the late Major G. A. Reid, 88th Battalion, killed at the battle of the Somme. Prayers for success in the war were offered in all the churches of the city today.

POPE THANKS NOBLES FOR ENDORSING AIMS

Peoples of Earth Must Return to God to Enjoy Benefits of Civilization.

Rome, Jan. 6.—In thanking the Roman aristocracy for their Christmas and New Year's greetings, Pope Benedict expressed his appreciation that the nobility had endorsed "our words with which we recently invited the peoples of the earth to return to God with the view of hastening the end of the frightful misfortune which has afflicted the world for more than three years. We must return to Christ," his holiness added, "in order once more to enjoy the benefits of civilization." The pontiff said the road whereby to return to Christ was that of justice and love. He expressed satisfaction that the nobility had joined with the holy see in condemning the recent air raids, which were against the rights of man.

The Pope raised his voice against the form of warfare which is used against undefended cities without bringing military results and which causes victims among non-combatant houses, thus increasing national hatreds.

BISHOP OF DETROIT DEAD.

Detroit, Jan. 5.—Right Rev. John S. Foley, Roman Catholic bishop of Detroit for many years, died here today. He was 84 years of age. Bishop Foley had been in frail health for more than a year.

OFFICIAL FIGURES AT "800."

Sault Ste. Marie, Jan. 6.—Official figures give Simpson, Unionist, majority of 1,467 over Smith, Laurierite, Lockwood, Labor candidate, lost his deposit.

January Sale

H.S. COTTON SHEETS Made from excellent quality strong cotton of linen finish. Extra special value.

COTTON SHEETING AND PILLOW CASING Plain and twilled, in every required width, selling at special prices during January.

WHITE BEDSPREADS Honeycomb, Dimity and Satin Damask; also various other makes, in single and double bed sizes. Clearing at special prices.

WHITE BATH TOWELS White Turkish Cotton Bath Towels, in great variety of weights and sizes. Specially priced at 25c, 35c, 45c, 60c, 75c, 90c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 each.

BATH MATS In assorted sizes, weights and patterns. Priced at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 each.

EMBROIDERED LINENS Hand-embroidered Bedspreads, Tea Cloths, Tray Cloths, Bureau and Chamber Covers, Embroidered Towels, Pillow Cases, Pillow Cases, etc., all marked at lowest prices.

John Catto & Son TORONTO

Ladies and Gentlemen's HATS All kinds cleaned, dyed and remodeled. Work excellent. Prices reasonable.

PREMIER DECLARES MINIMUM TERMS

If Enemy Refuses Nation Will Unite for Energetic War.

Service to Allies

British Press Endorses Lloyd George's Statement on Peace Demands.

London, Jan. 6. — Premier Lloyd George's speech to the delegates of the trades unions on Saturday is characterized by the weekly newspapers as marking a historical epoch in the war.

The Sunday Times says: "If there was even a doubt about the things for which the manhood of our empire has been gloriously making a great sacrifice such as our lives, our blood, our treasure, our honor, our peace, our freedom, our homes, our families, our friends, our country, our very souls, then the Premier's speech has cleared away all such doubts."

The Sunday Observer describes Premier Lloyd George's speech as epoch making and fateful.

Onus on Enemy. "It has done a weighty service to the cause of national unity and the interest of the allies," says the paper.

The Premier states the allies' irreducible minimum. He puts the onus on the enemy. There must be no surrender from Berlin.

It is to the credit of our patriotism that Mr. Lloyd George was able to speak for Mr. Asquith, Viscount Grey and Mr. Henderson. This is a sufficient guarantee for the whole country that the new statement of his aims and peace terms is well

THE WEATHER

Observatory, Toronto, Jan. 6.—(8 p.m.) A disturbance, which was in Texas Saturday morning has moved northeastward towards the Great Lakes, and is now causing snow and sleet in southern Ontario. The weather today has been moderately cold in Ontario and Quebec and mild in the Maritime Provinces.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Prince Rupert, 18-42; Victoria, 44-50; Vancouver, 46-61; Kamloops, 22-54; Calgary, 12-43; Edmonton, zero-24; Prince Albert, 5 below-5; The Pas, 30 below-19; Winnipeg, 14 below-10; Medicine Hat, 20-40; Moose Jaw, 4-12; Regina, 4 below-20; Yorkton, 11 below-10; Port Arthur, 7-20; Kingston, 2-14; Ottawa, zero-14; Montreal, 8-16; Quebec, 10-18; Halifax, 24-38.

Probabilities.—Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Strong east shifting north winds; occasional snow or sleet; colder again tonight. Superior—Northerly winds; colder with light snowfalls in morning. Manitoba and Saskatchewan—Easterly winds; fair and decidedly mild. Alberta—Fair and comparatively mild.

THE BAROMETER. Time. Ther. Bar. Wind. 8 a.m. 32.8 30.3 S.W. 10. 11 a.m. 32.5 30.2 S.W. 12. 2 p.m. 32.2 30.1 S.W. 14. 4 p.m. 31.9 29.9 S.W. 16. 8 p.m. 31.6 29.7 S.W. 18.

Mean of day, 13; difference from average, 9 below; highest, 20; lowest, 7; snow, 0. Saturday temperature: Maximum 20, minimum 7.

STREET CAR DELAYS

Saturday, Jan. 5th, 1918. King cars delayed 5 minutes at 12.30 p.m. at G.T.R. crossing, by train.

King cars delayed 5 minutes at 1.05 p.m. at G.T.R. crossing by train.

Bathurst cars both ways delayed 10 minutes at 9.08 a.m. at Front and George, by wagon stuck on track.

Bathurst cars delayed 5 minutes at 8.45 p.m. at Front and John, by train.

Bathurst cars delayed 5 minutes from 11.3 a.m. at Front and John, by train.

RATES FOR NOTICES

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, not over 50 words, \$1.00. Additional words, each 2c. No Wedges and Quotations included in Funeral Announcements.

In Memoriam Notices, 50 words, \$1.00. In Memoriam Notices, 100 words, \$1.50. Fraction of 4 lines or less at \$1.00. Cards of Thanks (Bereavements), 1.00.

DEATHS

FULLERTON—On Sunday, Jan. 6th, 1918, at the Monastery of the Precious Blood, 113 St. Joseph street, Sister Mary Joseph (Agnes Fullerton), eldest daughter of the late James Fullerton.

FUNERAL—On Wednesday, Jan. 9th, at 9 a.m., to St. Michael's Cemetery.

LEACH—On Sunday, Jan. 6, 1918, Hugh Leach, age 82 years.

FUNERAL from the residence, 9 Spadina road, at 2.30 p.m., on Tuesday, 8th inst., to St. Elizabeth's Cemetery (private). Kindly omit flowers.

NORTON—On Sunday, Jan. 6: at her home, 137 Curzon street, Sarah Smith, beloved wife of Peter Norton.

FUNERAL—On Wednesday, Jan. 9, at 3 o'clock, Interment Mt. Pleasant Cemetery. Motors.

PERKS—On Sunday, Jan. 6, at the residence of her son-in-law, W. G. Wright, 811 Sunnyside avenue, Martha Shelley, widow of the late James Perks, in her 80th year.

FUNERAL from above address on Tuesday at 2 p.m. Interment in St. James' Cemetery. Motors.

PARSONS—At her late residence, 12 Sellers avenue, Saturday morning, Jan. 5, funeral service, dearly beloved wife of Stewart Parsons, age 23 years.

FUNERAL from the residence of her aunt, Mrs. Jane Paton, 97 Marchmont road, Monday, 2 p.m., to Prospect Cemetery. Motors.

POWERS—At Unionville, on Sunday, Jan. 6, Ransom S. Powers, in his 78th year.

FUNERAL service at his late residence on Tuesday, at 8 p.m. Interment at Orono, on Wednesday on arrival of morning train. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

PICKETT—On Friday, Jan. 4th, 1918, Maud Hannah Most, beloved wife of A. V. Pickett, aged 42 years.

FUNERAL from her late residence, 1090 Yonge street, on Monday, Jan. 7th, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. (Motors.)

SHERIDAN—On Sunday, Jan. 6, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George M. Biggs, 341 West Bloor street, Toronto, Kittie Lee, widow of the late John Townsend Sheridan.

INTERMENT at Fulten, New York.

WHEELER—At his residence, 440 Shaw street, Wm. Palmer Wheeler, Saturday, Jan. 5th, in his 73rd year.

FUNERAL Monday, 3.30 p.m., Motors. Entered into rest.

Established 1892 FRED W. MATTHEWS CO. FUNERAL DIRECTORS 665 SPADINA AVE. TELEPHONE COLLEGE 791 No connection with any other firm using the Matthews name.

"THE BEACHES" LODGE. An Emergent Meeting will be called for Monday, Jan. 7th, inst., at 2.00 p.m., sharp, to attend the funeral of our late Bro. W. D. Young, M.D., Secretary. S. G. WHEARIN, S. J. MANCHESTER, W.M.

BRITISH TERMS OUTLINED AGAIN

(Continued from Page One.) German colonies, all of which are now in the hands of the allies, will be placed before a conference, whose decision, however, must consider the wishes and interests of the inhabitants—the future administration must be acceptable to the various tribes.

Violation of Treaties. The Premier made brief reference to the violations of international law committed by Germany, with special emphasis on the sea, and the peace conference he declared, must not lose sight of the outrages suffered by British and other seamen and the services they had rendered.

The three cardinal points of the British terms, as enunciated by the British prime minister, are: Re-establishment of the sanctity of treaties; territorial settlement on the basis of self-determination or the consent of the governed; the creation of an international organization to limit armaments and diminish the probability of war.

No British statesman since the beginning of the century has given such a detailed and explicit statement of Britain's war aims as contained in the Premier's address, which was delivered before the House of Commons on the 12th of December last.

The Premier's address, which was delivered before the House of Commons on the 12th of December last, was a masterpiece of statesmanship, and it is to be hoped that it will be the basis of the peace terms which will be proposed by the British government.

Most of the labor men who commented on the speech endorsed it. But Mr. Lloyd George went further on some important points than was anticipated. Again he has drawn a sharp and definite line against Germany on the question of Alsace-Lorraine. It may be recalled that the German foreign minister, Dr. von Kuehlmann, recently declared that he alone prevented the belligerents from meeting on a common peace ground.

"When men by the millions are called upon to suffer and die, and vast numbers of their wives and children are suffering and orphans of a war unprecedented in the history of the world," Premier Lloyd George said, in beginning his address, "they are entitled to know for what cause they are making the sacrifice."

Only the clearest, greatest and justest cause could justify the continuance even for a day of this unspeakable agony of nations.

We ought to be able to state clearly and definitely not only the principles for which we are fighting, but their definite, concrete application to the map of the world.

We have arrived, he said, at the hour of this terrible conflict, and before any government takes the fateful decision to enter the conditions under which it might either continue or terminate the struggle, it ought to be satisfied that the conscience of the nation is in the conditions.

War Aims Discussed. The Premier said during the last few days he had taken special pains to represent the views of all sections of the country. He had read the statement of labor's war aims; he had listened to the speech of Mr. Asquith, former premier, and Viscount Grey, the former foreign secretary in Ireland; he had listened to the tangled problem of Irish self-defence against a league of rival nations based on the destruction of Germany. The destruction of Germany has never been a war aim with us. Most reluctantly and quite unprepared we were forced to join in this war in self-defence, in defence of violated law in Europe.

"The British people have never aimed at the breaking up of the German people or the disintegration of their state. Our wish is not to destroy Germany's great position in the world, but to turn her aside from schemes of military domination to devote her strength to the beneficent task of the world."

"We are not fighting to destroy Austria-Hungary or to deprive Turkey of its capital or the rich lands of Asia Minor and Thrace, which are predominantly Turkish."

"We are not fighting to destroy the German constitution, to consider a military, autocratic constitution a dangerous anachronism. Our viewpoint is that the adoption of a democratic constitution by Germany would be the most constructive step that her old spirit of military domination had indeed died in this war, and it would make it much easier for us to come to terms with her."

"It is more than a year since the president of the United States advised the belligerents by suggesting that each side should state clearly the aims for which they were fighting. We replied: the central powers did not, and they were not to be complete silence as to the objectives for which they are fighting. Even on a crucial matter as their intention regarding Belgium they declined to give any trustworthy indication."

Referring to the pronouncement by Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, at the Brest-Litovsk peace conference on Dec. 25, that it was not the intention of the central powers to appropriate forcibly any occupied territories or rob of its independence any nation which lost its political independence during the war, Mr. Lloyd George said it was obvious that an scheme of conquest and annexation could be perpetrated within the literal interpretation of such a pledge.

Equal National Rights. "We must know that equality of right amongst nations, small as well as great, is one of the fundamental issues in peace and her allies are fighting to establish it."

Reparation for Belgian towns and villages and their inhabitants, he asserted, had been repudiated, and emphatically by the central powers, and the rest of their so-called offers were almost entirely a refusal of all concessions. On one point, however, was there clear. Under no circumstances would Germany's demand for the restoration of the whole of her colonies be departed from. All the terms of self-determination here vanish.

"It is impossible to believe that permanent peace can be erected on such a foundation," said the Premier. "Merely to slip service to the formula of no annexation, no indemnity and self-determination is to invite the outbreak of the days of the Treaty of Vienna are long past. We can no longer submit the future of European civilization to the arbitrary decision of a few negotiators striving to secure by chicanery or persuasion the interests of their own government."

There is no government with the consent of the governed must be the basis of any territorial settlement. For that reason, the Premier said, he upheld the principle that no treaty of peace can be worth the paper on which it is written.

What Allies Demand. "The first requirements always made by the British and their allies have been the complete restoration, political, territorial and economic, of the independence of Belgium and Serbia, and reparation as can be made for the devastation of its towns and provinces. It is not a matter of indemnity, but insistence that before there can be any hope of stable peace this great breach of public law in Europe must be repaired, and, so far as is possible, repaired."

"Reparation means recognition. Unless international right is recognized by indemnity, the injury done in defiance of its canons it can never be a reality."

"Next comes the restoration of Serbia, Montenegro and the occupied parts of France and Belgium. The complete withdrawal of alien armies and reparation for injustice done is the fundamental condition of a lasting peace."

"We mean to stand by the French democracy to the death in the demand they make for a reconsideration of the wrong of '71, when Alsace-Lorraine was given to Germany. He has poisoned the peace of Europe for half a century, and until cured healthy conditions cannot be restored."

Only the peoples of Alsace-Lorraine have the right to decide for themselves whether they wish to remain in the Russian territories now in German occupation. The Russian policy since the revolution had passed through so many changes that it was difficult to speak without some suspension of judgment, on what the situation would be when the terms of European peace should be discussed. Referring to the facts that the war was started by Russia's decision to protect Serbian independence and that the present ruler of Russia had entered into separate peace negotiations, the Premier said:

Britain's War Position. "I am including in no reproaches, I am stating facts to make it clear why British opinion should be held in regard to decisions taken in her absence and concerning which she was not consulted or heard invoked."

"I have discussed the Russian and her designs toward Russia and her ultimate intention. Whatever phrases she uses to delude Russia, she does not mean to surrender any of the Russian provinces and principalities occupied. Under one name or another they will henceforth be part of the Russian dominions, ruled by the Russian people, and the Russian people will be entitled to build up complete economic and ultimate political independence."

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TERMS OF BRITAIN SUIT LABOR'S VIEW

Arthur Henderson Declares Unions Repudiate Ideas of Economic War.

London, Jan. 5.—Arthur Henderson, leader of the Jan. labor party in the House of Commons last night, stated that it was his opinion that British labor would welcome Premier Lloyd George's statement of the aims for which Great Britain is fighting in the world war.

"In some respects," Mr. Henderson said, "the Premier's statement of the objects which labor, at our recent conference, defined as essential to the war aims."

Labor stands for the absolute freedom and integrity of Belgium, Serbia, Rumania, and Montenegro. It is its wish to see the establishment on a firm basis of a league of nations, with the disarmament, the prevention of future wars, the pointed out.

"These things," Mr. Henderson continued, "constitute our irreducible minimum. If we could secure the fullest resumption of international intercourse and the complete restoration of all countries to an economic peace or a boycott. So far as the Premier's statement conforms to these principles, we welcome it, and we are convinced that no other settlement can be reached which will secure a desire for peace which, as he says, will not last within the seed of future wars."

But labor, Mr. Henderson added, warmly welcomes the main principles laid down by the Russian Government, but it is not as a condition of making a national or imperial profit out of the war.

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ALWAYS READY TO DISCUSS THEM WITH OUR ALLIES.

"Respecting the German colonies, they are held at the disposal of a conference whose decision must have primary regard to the wishes and interests of their native inhabitants. The governing consideration in all these cases must be that the inhabitants shall be placed under control of an administration acceptable to themselves, one whose main purposes will be to prevent the exploitation for the benefit of European capitalists or governments."

The chiefs and councils, said the Premier, were competent to consult with and speak for their tribes, and thus to separate their wishes and interests regarding their disposal. "Finally," continued the Premier, "there must be reparation for injuries done in violation of international law. The peace conference must not forget our seamen and the services they have rendered, and the outrages they have suffered for the common cause of freedom."

"One regrettable omission we noticed in the central powers' proposals. We believe that a great attempt must be made to establish a great international organization as a means of settling international disputes. War is a relic of barbarism, and as law has succeeded violence in the settlement of individual disputes, so it is destined to settle international controversies."

"We are fighting for a just and lasting peace," declared the Premier in conclusion. "Three conditions must be fulfilled: Firstly, the sanctity of treaties must be established; secondly, territorial settlement must be based on the right of self-determination or the consent of the governed; lastly, the creation of an international organization to limit armaments and diminish the probability of war."

"To secure those conditions the British Empire is prepared to make even greater sacrifices."

TERMS OF BRITAIN SUIT LABOR'S VIEW

Arthur Henderson Declares Unions Repudiate Ideas of Economic War.

London, Jan. 5.—Arthur Henderson, leader of the Jan. labor party in the House of Commons last night, stated that it was his opinion that British labor would welcome Premier Lloyd George's statement of the aims for which Great Britain is fighting in the world war.

"In some respects," Mr. Henderson said, "the Premier's statement of the objects which labor, at our recent conference, defined as essential to the war aims."

Labor stands for the absolute freedom and integrity of Belgium, Serbia, Rumania, and Montenegro. It is its wish to see the establishment on a firm basis of a league of nations, with the disarmament, the prevention of future wars, the pointed out.

"These things," Mr. Henderson continued, "constitute our irreducible minimum. If we could secure the fullest resumption of international intercourse and the complete restoration of all countries to an economic peace or a boycott. So far as the Premier's statement conforms to these principles, we welcome it, and we are convinced that no other settlement can be reached which will secure a desire for peace which, as he says, will not last within the seed of future wars."

But labor, Mr. Henderson added, warmly welcomes the main principles laid down by the Russian Government, but it is not as a condition of making a national or imperial profit out of the war.

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MARAUDER LANDS SUNDAY HANDICAP

Jockey Wessler on Two Winners Out of Seven at Havana.

Havana, Jan. 6.—The races today resulted as follows: FIRST RACE—Claiming, purse \$400, 3-year-olds, 6 furlongs: 1. Tiger Jim, 106 (Wessler), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even.

The World's Selections BY CENTAUR

NEW ORLEANS. FIRST RACE—Miss Peep, Irish Idol, New Model.

Saturday at Havana

Havana, Jan. 5.—The races here today resulted as follows: FIRST RACE—Purse \$400, claiming, three years and up, 5 1/2 furlongs: 1. Count Boris, 107 (Luneford), 1 to 2, 1 to 1.

Kentucky Derby Candidates

Horse. Owner. Sun Briar.....Wills S. Kilmer Escoba.....K. D. Alexander Papp.....George W. Loft

TO-DAY'S ENTRIES

AT NEW ORLEANS. New Orleans, La., Jan. 5.—Entries for Monday's races: FIRST RACE—Purse \$600, claiming, maiden three-year-olds, 5 1/2 furlongs: Henry Burgoyne, 116 Lady Moore, 111

For Military Service



EXPERIENCE gained in the thick of the fighting, guides the training of the new Canadian Army, now reporting for Overseas Service. So, too, should it guide them and their friends in the selection of the personal equipment they will take away with them.

In this equipment, there is perhaps no single item on which the men "over there" are keener than on the Gillette Safety Razor. It makes shaving a comfort where otherwise it would be out of the question—and here is an insight into what that means to them:

The Canadian Idea

By George Pattullo, in "Saturday Evening Post" "The Canadians at the Front shave every day. Let that sink in. Right up there in the trenches—often ankle-deep in mud, sleeping in funk holes, each man cooking his own meals, fighting lice and rats and Boches, with everything combined to break down habits of cleanliness—they rigidly observe the rule for smooth faces and chins. Of all I saw, that hit me hardest, because it meant so much.

An American Major's View

By Ring W. Lardner, in "Collier's" "Daily shaving ought to be compulsory in our army as it is in the British. When a man hasn't shaved he isn't at his best, physically, morally, or mentally. When he has he's got more confidence in himself; his morale is better. Shaving has a psychological effect, and I try to impress my men with the importance of it. They say it's a difficult operation here, but I guess if the Tommies can do it in the trenches, we can in these billets."

NEW ORLEANS RESULTS

New Orleans, La., Jan. 5.—The races here today resulted as follows: FIRST RACE—Three years and up, claiming, purse \$600, 6 furlongs: 1. Busy Joe, 100 (Johnson), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1.

R. C. B. C. Tenspins And Carpet Bowling

The following is the Royal Canadian Bicycle Club records of teams in both the Tenspin and Carpet Bowling League second series standing to date: Planets.....Won. Lost. 7 5

AT HAVANA.

Havana, Cuba, Jan. 6.—Entries for Monday are as follows: FIRST RACE—Claiming, purse \$400, 3-year-olds and up, 5 1/2 furlongs: 1. E. McNaughton, 102 Lily Orme, 105

SUNBRIAR CHOICE FOR THE DERBY

Counted on to Make Good Showing in Kentucky Classic. Louisville, Ky., Jan. 5.—No race run on the American turf carries with it as much interest as the Kentucky Derby. This historic event in the annals of practically the entire turf world at large, the running of which dates back to the year 1875, when that famous thoroughbred, Aristides, won the initial classic, has created such interest that thousands and thousands of people from every section of the continent come to Louisville each Derby Day to see the 3-year-olds contending for this rich stake, and confer their congratulations upon the winning owner.

Passenger Traffic. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM CHANGES IN TRAIN SERVICE. Effective January 6th, 1918, reductions and alterations will be made in the train service. CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS CHANGE OF TIME January 6th Montreal and Halifax OCEAN LIMITED (Daily Except Saturday) LEAVE Montreal 6.40 p.m. ARRIVE Halifax 11.40 p.m. (following day).

That Son-in-Law of Pa's :: CEDRIC'S POWER OF PERSUASION IS A SHOCK TO PA :: BY G. H. Wellington



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ORILLIA INSTITUTE DESERVES PRAISE

Achievements of This Girls' Organization Harmonize With Sentiments Expressed in "Institute Ode."

In Dec 3 issue of The Toronto World was published a summary of the accomplishments and aims of that wide-spread organization known as the Orillia Institute.

At the recent convention in Toronto of the united farmers of Ontario, that magnificent counsellor, John Kennedy, of Winnipeg, expressed his keen regret that his audience of over 600 farmers contained no women.

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Condensed Information for Farmers and Their Clubs

News of the Crops and Farms From All Parts of Ontario.

CLINTON. James Snell & Son made a clean-up at the Chicago Fair, in Leicester sheep they took first on aged ram, first for shearing ram, first and second for ram lambs and championship for ram, first and second for shearing lamb, first and second for yearling and championship for ewe.

NEWMARKET. The aftermath of the Christmas market was seen on Saturday when there was a very small attendance of farmers present and in consequence a corresponding amount of produce. The feature of the market was the drop in the price of butter, it selling as low as 42c a pound.

BRUCE MINES. Ed. Sherwell, Bruce Mines, has purchased L. Sherwell's farm and intends moving down in the spring. The hen that lays is the hen that pays. Eat the slackers.

EGREMONT. James Quinn has sold his farm in Egremont, adjoining the town, to William Wilson, formerly of the 2nd con. of West Luthar. Mr. Quinn expects to have a sale in about a month and move into town.

BROCKVILLE. The price of bread here will be 11c, an increase of one cent per loaf. Shipments of live stock between eastern and western Canada, either way, have been reduced by the C.P.R. and C.N.R. The extreme cold weather is given as a reason.

MIDDLESEX. Milk in Middlesex for manufacturing is now chiefly going to the powder factories, where farmers get 80c more per 100 pounds than at the cheese factories.

MONO. Reeve Parks of Mono sold a beef to an Orangeville butcher for \$156.20; it weighed 1420 pounds live and dressed 830 pounds.

MILK DISTRIBUTION COSTS TOO MUCH Chicago Investigation Shows Possibility of Reducing Cost of Distribution. DELIVERIES OVERLAP Enquiry Reveals Nine Different Deliveries Covering Same Territory.

WORLD'S WHEAT PRODUCTION. Washington—A cablegram from the department of agriculture from the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome gives the 1917 production of wheat in Denmark, Spain, France, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Holland, Sweden, Switzerland, Canada, India, Japan, Algeria, Egypt and Turkey as 1,864,000,000 bushels, or 95.1 per cent. of the 1916 crop in these countries, and 85.1 per cent. of five-year average, 1911-15. The 1917 production of corn in Spain, Italy, Switzerland, Canada, United States and Japan is given as 2,284,000,000 bushels, or 121.4 per cent. of the 1916 crop in these countries, and 113 per cent. of the five-year average, 1911-15.—Christian Science Monitor.

A FARMING LESSON. The British Minister of Agriculture organized an army of farm tractors, placed headlights on them, and plowed day and night for weeks and weeks in the spring of the year. When the harvest was gathered, and England and France had enough food to withstand any blockade of submarines for another year, credit was given the tractor as the most effective weapon of warfare yet discovered. France had the same experience. The United States is soon to find that the farm tractor is a necessity of war.

Wanted Poultry of all kinds. We pay highest price. Write for price list. WALLER'S, 711 SPADINA TORONTO

AYLMER. W. D. Swackhammer, president of the Aylmer Pet Stock and Poultry Association, says the show promises to be the best in the history of the association. Entries are coming in strong and a big exhibit is assured. Some splendid prizes will be competed for and will bring out some exceptionally fine stock.

MILLIKEN. J. S. Honey has purchased from J. B. McLean the farm Maple Lodge, lot No. 2, con. 7, Marchand Township (Milliken), for the sum of \$11,500. Mr. Honey is to be congratulated, as it is one of the best farms in the county—contains 100 acres. The price paid is considered very reasonable.

GUELPH. At a meeting of the Guelph Township Milk Producers' Association it was decided to raise the price of milk at the farm from 22.25 per 100 pounds to 22.50, the increase to take effect on January 1 and remain until May 1, 1918. William Keit has purchased a dairy business in Guelph.

BOLTON. Feel Board of Agriculture will hold their Bolton meeting on Wednesday, the 16th. The Christmas markets of 1917 broke all records of any former year. Over 15 tons of produce, chiefly poultry, was sold at the two markets, amounting in value to nearly \$7,000. The quality of the poultry was good and brought good prices, some turkeys selling for over \$8.00 apiece.

MILTON. Robt. Strapanagan, of the Franklin Farm, Hornby, sold 23 hogs last week to J. W. Smith, Milton, for \$1,165. The price was \$17.35 per cwt.

SHARON. The postponed annual meeting of the Sharon and Queensville Farmers' Club will be held in the Sharon Hall on Friday, Jan. 11, at 7 o'clock. If requested, because, besides the election of officers, a report of the convention will be given.

GREY. The 100-acre farm owned by James Terry, Monkton, and known as the Noble farm, being lot 29, concession 12, has been purchased by J. M. Knight, who has had it leased for the past eight or nine years. This gives Mr. Knight 560 acres. He will use the land purchased for pasturage. Mr. Knight goes extensively into cattle and is feeding 120 head this winter.

RENNIE'S SEEDS WE BUY RED CLOVER, TIMOTHY, WHITE HULLLESS BARLEY, Peas, Beans, Spring Rye, Buckwheat, etc. WM. RENNIE CO., Ltd Cor. Adelaide and Jarvis Streets, TORONTO.

LUMPS ON CATTLE For 20 years the only sure cure has been FLEMING'S LUMP CURE. (Price \$1.00). Used on old or new cases—Full information in our Vest Pocket Adviser. Write for Free Copy. FLEMING BROS., CHEMISTS, 85 Church Street, Toronto, Ont.

FARM IMPLEMENTS REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS GEO. W. SMITH COMPANY Cor. Jarvis and Duke Sts., Toronto

HEAVES SURELY CURED with the old reliable Fleming's Tonic Heave Remedy. Cures both old and new cases in any animal's whole system. Full price refunded if it ever fails. Write for Free Copy of Fleming's Vest Pocket Vest Adviser. FLEMING BROS., CHEMISTS, 85 Church St., Toronto, Ont.

MERRICKVILLE. About thirty men are at work on the new hydro transmission line to Merrickville, and already about a mile of poles are erected on the Jasper road, beginning at Smith's Falls. The line has been surveyed to go by Jasper and Pasto's Corners, but some of the farmers along that route have raised an objection to having their trees trimmed up or chopped down and the latter has not yet been settled. Meanwhile the hydro commission is surveying the north side of the river, just east of Smith's Falls, and run down on the other side. This would leave Jasper and Pasto's Corners without the service. An understanding regarding the location of the line will likely be arrived at, however.

CORNWALL. Jay Moss shipped a carload of fat cattle and hogs from Wales on Wednesday. Despite the extremely cold weather there is considerable hauling being done about here.

IMPORTANT MEETING. The annual meeting of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union will be held at Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, on Tuesday and Wednesday, Jan. 8 and 9. Important agricultural problems will be discussed, and an interesting time is assured to all who attend.

MORRIS. Robert Currie, 4th line, has disposed of his fine 100-acre farm and the farming outfit to his son, Russell. Sidney Webb, the English economist, whose knowledge of the food situation is generally recognized, declares that next year the world shortage of wheat will be felt in every country.

ANOTHER BIG PIG TALE. Goderich Signal says: We thought the story in The Signal last week of the East Wawanosh pig that sold for \$99.50 would hold the record for a while, but here comes the Brussels Post with one that weighed 690 pounds—ten pounds more than our pig—and sold for \$163.50. Wm. Harrison, of Moncton, was the owner of this big fellow.

FLESHERTON. Coulter Bros. will be in Flesherton on Friday, Jan. 11, to buy heavy horses and delivery horses.

NEW ORCHARD TRACTOR. While quite unlike in appearance, a new tractor, shown in the Popular Mechanics Magazine, is used strictly for peaceful pursuits, being one of the machines employed in cultivating a 500-acre orchard. The endless-belt treads enable it to travel over ground that is still very moist. The machines are built especially low, it has been found advisable to inclose the treads and the upper part of the body in a sheet-metal case, so the hanging branches will not become caught in the machinery.

"What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete." More than one farmer has told us—since he has got a copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete," that the advice it gave him netted him hundreds of dollars in actual profit.

Remember—Concrete improvements are fire proof, rot-proof, vermin-proof and indestructible. The book also contains interesting photographs showing what other Canadian farmers have accomplished; with working plans revealing how they did it. Perhaps you are specially interested in some of the features listed in our coupon. Put a cross opposite the ones about which you want particular information.

Signify what you want information about: FLOORS CONCRETE BLOCKS * BARNS SILOS FENCE POSTS GARAGES ROOT CELLARS TROUGHS AND TANKS ROADS *What the farmer can do with concrete* CANADA CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED, 205 Herald Bldg., Montreal.

Toronto, Ont., December 29th, 1917 The Toronto World, City. Dear Sirs: By resolution of the delegates at the Annual Convention of the United Farmers of Ontario I was directed to express to you their appreciation of the publicity given in your columns to their Convention. We hope this is a dawn of a more friendly feeling between the city press and the rural people. Yours very truly, THE UNITED FARMERS OF ONTARIO, Per J. J. Morrison, Secretary.

PROTECT YOUR CROPS. Throughout the country there was a splendid response during 1917 to the call for increased agricultural production. Larger crops were raised on the farms, and city dwellers by the cultivation of gardens and vacant lots contributed greatly to the success of Canada's efforts to relieve the world-wide food shortage. Greater production of food supplies than ever is required next year, for field crops are not only required to meet immediate human needs, but increased production of hogs, dairy products and beef are dependent upon such crops. The production of maximum crops demands constant watchfulness and effort on the part of the farmer. Fruit grower and vacant lot cultivator in order that such crops may be protected from the numerous pests that attack them. We repeat: "Crop protection means crop production." Insect pests destroy annually from 10 to 25 per cent. of all the crops grown. The total loss to the country is enormous; if we express the aggregate loss inflicted annually by insect pests to the field crops of Canada in terms of wheat we find that the total loss is sufficient to feed the entire population of the country for one year. Much of that loss can be prevented. At the present time it is incumbent upon us to take every means to prevent it. Insects can be as effective as enemy submarines in destroying food supplies. Like submarines, they are insidious in their operations. They must be sought out and destroyed. For full particulars write for Crop Protection Leaflet, No. 2, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

HALTON FARMERS MILL OWN WHEAT Proving That Wheat Grown in Province Makes Good Bread. EXPERIMENT A SUCCESS Ontario Farmers Determined to Solve High Cost of Distribution. BY ROB ROB. We talk of the good old times when the high cost of living did not interest the farmers. When our own wheat was barged up, the grist taken to the mill, the miller retained his toll (one bushel in twelve), and the winter's supply of flour was stowed away in the barrels or bin. What bread, buns, cakes and pies our mothers used to make? Then the millers would not grist our wheat; they would exchange, buy our wheat at export prices and sell us flour at current rates, more than they would charge for it in Liverpool or Glasgow. Then they talked wisely of pastry flour, and persuaded us that Ontario wheat would not make bread. Last spring, when the wheat gamblers got in their fine work the famine prices of flour and bread caught the farmer as well as the city dweller. Now all this is changed. The farmer in Tratalgar Township has purchased a small mill, capacity one barrel of flour per hour. Farmers bringing their own wheat can have it ground, getting full weight back—four, shorts and bran. The charge being twenty cents per bushel. Cream of wheat is also manufactured at the same charge per bushel, and is delicious. The farmers were simply delighted. The flour is splendid. The old fallacy is exploded that Ontario wheat flour will not make good bread. It is simply delicious bread. Just like our mothers used to make. Let us all get back to the simple life.

Advertisement for "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete" featuring an illustration of a farm with a concrete structure and a list of items covered by the book. The text emphasizes the profit and durability of concrete for various farm buildings and improvements.

Advertisement for Standard Reliance Mortgage Corporation offering a 5% interest rate instead of 3%. The ad includes details about the mortgage terms, interest savings, and contact information for the corporation's Toronto office and branch offices in Brockville and Chatham.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTED—First-class working chef, capable of taking charge of camp...

MAN CAPABLE of taking charge of various rooms in six-inch shell plant...

WANTED—Smart office girl, knowledge of typewriting necessary...

AGENTS WANTED to sell phonographs to their friends at special factory-to-home prices...

Articles Wanted. G. H. MARSHALL & Co. pay highest cash prices for contents of houses...

Buildings Material. LIME—Lump and hydrated for plastering and masonry work...

LOOK—Canada's largest working concern will demolish the buildings of the Independent Order of Foresters...

Bicycles and Motorcycles. ALL KINDS OF MOTORCYCLE PARTS and repairs...

Cattle for Sale. TWENTY HEAD of purebred and choice grade Holstein, Jersey, and Guernsey...

Dancing. APPLICATION, INDIVIDUAL or class instruction, Telephone GERRARD 3557...

Dentistry. Dr. Knight, Endodontic Specialist, practice limited to painless tooth extraction...

Electrical Fixtures. SPECIAL prices on electrical fixtures and wiring...

Herbalists. ALVER'S HERB CAPSULES, nerve tonic, cure catarrh, asthma, rheumatism...

House Moving. HOUSE MOVING and Raising done, J. Nelson, 115 Jarvis street.

Loans. MONEY TO LOAN—First, second mortgages. The R. J. Christie Co., Confederation Life Building.

Legal Cards. IRWIN, HALES & IRWIN, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Yonge and Queen.

Live Birds. HOPE'S—Canada's Leader and Greatest Bird Store, 1073 Queen Street West.

Motor Cars and Accessories. BREWER SELLERS THEM—Reliable used cars and trucks...

Medical. DR. ELLIOTT—Specialist—Private Diseases, Pay when cured, Toronto.

Osteopathy. ELECTRICAL AND OSTEOPATHIC Treatments by Trained nurse, 716 Yonge, North 8277.

Patents. H. J. S. DENISON, Solicitor, Canada, United States, foreign patents, etc.

Personal. SCALP AND MANICURE specialty, 192 Simcoe St., near Queen.

Patents and Legal. FETHERTONHAUGH & CO., head office, Royal Bank Building, Toronto.

Properties for Sale. 18 Feet on Eaircourt Avenue. BY A DEPTH of 120 feet, high, dry, and level...

Land and Lumber. 1 ACRE OF GARDEN SOIL, lot 145 x 201, close to Yonge street and Metropolitan Electric Railway...

Florida Farms for Sale. FLORIDA FARMS and Investments, W. R. Bird, Temple Building, Toronto.

Farms Wanted. FARMS WANTED—if you wish to sell your farm or exchange it for city property for quick sale...

Rooms and Board. COMFORTABLE, Private Hotel, inglenood, 215 Jarvis street; central, heating, phone.

Massage. MASSAGE, SPINAL CUPPING, Salt Water Cure, Electric Therapeutics, Mrs. Bevier, trained physiotherapist...

Stoves. REPAIRS for stoves and furnaces; water-works connected; second-hand stoves, like new, less than half-price...

Estate Notices. ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE TO CREDITORS in the Matter of the Estate of Andrew Hicks, Deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS in the Matter of the Estate of Albert Edward, in the County of York, Deceased.

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HIDES—WOOL—FURS. We are paying for cured Hides 20c to 22c per lb. for cured Hideskins 32c to 36c per lb.

LITHUANIA DEMANDS HER INDEPENDENCE. Promises to Open Ports to Countries Without Exits to the Sea.

Eastern Manufacturers Will Ask Minister of Agriculture to Increase It.

Special to The Toronto World. Cornwall, Jan. 6.—A large attended meeting of farmers, producers, manufacturers and others interested in the production of cheese in the Cornwall district was held at the council chamber in the town hall yesterday afternoon.

ITALY TO INCREASE HER FIGHTING FORCES. Men Previously Exempted for Physical Defects Are Called to the Colors.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Italy has adopted a drastic new policy to increase her fighting forces. Physical defects will be freely open to the conscription of countries that are without openings to the sea, notably Russia, if she should be so situated.

ATENTION COLLEGE STUDENTS AND SCHOOL BOYS. Early Rising Equals Good Habits. THE DAILY ROUTE REQUIRES CARRIERS TO DELIVER MORNING PAPERS. GOOD MONEY PAID FOR CAREFUL WORK. WAGES PAID WEEKLY. Apply: MR. RICHARDS, Circulation Dept., The World.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS. The sole head of a family, or any male over 16 years of age, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land.

TRAIN CREW SWEARS SIGNALS WENT WRONG. Inquest at Montreal Discloses Conflict of Evidence Concerning Wreck in Quebec.

Montreal, Jan. 6.—A conflict of evidence as to whether the signals were set against the Point Fortune local train, which ran into the Portneuf train on the C. P. R. line at Dorval station Friday evening, killing seven soldiers and injuring about 20 more, or in favor of the local train, developed at the inquest, which was opened before Coroner McMahon here Saturday.

LABOR MEN TO FIGHT GERMAN PROPAGANDA. Proclamation Calls for Loyalty Week Throughout United States.

New York, Jan. 6.—A proclamation calling for the observance of a national week in connection with the celebration of Lincoln's birthday, with the additional purpose of "combating German propaganda," was issued today by the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy.

BOMBS WERE DROPPED ON RAILWAY DEPOTS. Eight Enemy Machines Downed and Two Driven Out of Control.

London, Jan. 6.—The following official statement in regard to aviation activities was given last night: "A strong wind prevented distance bombing raids Friday, but more than 250 bombs were dropped on Roulers, Ledeghem, and the Menin-Roulers Railway Station. Eight hostile machines were downed during the night, and two others were driven down out of control. Five of our machines were missing."

B. C. COAL PRODUCTION BREAKS ALL RECORDS. Vancouver Island Collieries Increase Output Year.

Victoria, Jan. 6.—All previous records for coal production by the collieries of Vancouver Island were broken during 1917, when the aggregate output was 1,698,235 tons, an increase of 204,474 tons over the 1916 output, and 72,305 tons in excess of the 1915 figures, which showed the highest previous year in the industry.

WILL DISTRIBUTE COAL. St. Thomas Dealers Decide to Give Full Powers to Controller.

Special to The Toronto World. St. Thomas, Jan. 6.—Decisions to the acute shortage of coal in St. Thomas, Ont., has been announced by the controller of the distribution of coal from now on by the St. Thomas coal merchants.

REPELLED A RAID AND TOOK PRISONERS. French Also Penetrated German Trench and Dispelled Them, Says Official Report.

Paris, Jan. 6.—The official communication, issued by the war office last night, says: "We repulsed an enemy raid south of Juncaumont and took prisoners. In Champagne one of our detachments penetrated, north of Main de Gue, the German trenches, where they carried out destructive operations."

POLICE LEAVE DAWSON TO HELP STEFANSSON. Party Will Meet Patrol From Herschel Island and Send Supplies.

Dawson, Y.T., Jan. 5.—The Royal Mounted Police expedition for Stefansson left here Thursday morning. It comprises a four-police party and an Indian guide. Sergeant, the famous Arctic explorer, is in charge. The party has advice from Stefansson who is understood to have arrived at Herschel Island.

MAY CONTROL MEAT TRADE. U. S. Government Said to Be Considering Taking Over Industry to Help Situation.

Philadelphia, Jan. 5.—The United States government may take over the meat industry of the country in order to control the three principal necessities of war times—meat, coal and flour.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION. Winnipeg, Jan. 6.—A royal commission to investigate the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act was appointed by the government yesterday as follows: William S. Falls, chairman; A. R. D. Paterson and A. W. Tuttle.

CHINA'S LOAN NEGOTIATIONS. Peking, Friday, Jan. 4.—The negotiations between Japan and China to have to China the sum of \$10,000,000 for the purpose of improving the position of the Bank of China, were suspended at the last moment.

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PRICE OF CHEESE IS NOW TOO LOW. Wholesalers are almost destitute of oranges of all descriptions, and as both the Florida and California crops were exceptionally light this season, and a large percentage of them have already been used, it is going to be difficult for the wholesalers to secure supplies, and we may look for almost prohibitive prices.

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Table with market prices for various commodities like wheat, flour, and other goods.

BRISK WORK IN PORPHYRY MINE
Vein System to Be Tapped When Three-Hundred-Foot Level is Reached.

MINING STOCKS GIVEN SETBACK
McIntyre, Dome and Newray Yield to Profit-Taking and N. Y. Market's Influence.

Record of Saturday's Markets
TORONTO STOCKS, STANDARD STOCK EXCHANGE, Steel Stocks and Brazilian Share

LOWER LEVELS IN TORONTO MARKET
Steel Stocks and Brazilian Share Under Pressure, After a Steady Opening.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
SIR EDMUND WALKER, SR. JOHN AIRD, General Manager, H. V. F. JONES, Asst. Gen'l. Manager

Stock Market
The market for the week was a steady one.

Hamilton B. Wills, in his weekly letter, says: Excellent progress is being recorded in the sinking of the No. 4 shaft at Kirkland Lake.

A tendency to take profits, combined with the influence of lower prices on the New York exchange, resulted in the local mining market being given a setback on Saturday.

Record of Saturday's Markets (continued)
TORONTO STOCKS, STANDARD STOCK EXCHANGE

Weakness and irregularity in the New York market on Saturday morning exercised a depressing effect upon stocks listed on the Toronto exchange, the gains scored earlier in the week being forfeited in whole or part.

INDIVIDUAL SAVING IS ONE OF THE GREATEST BULWARKS OF THE NATION.
Commence today by opening a savings account.

Wool Market
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CANADA'S VICTORY LOAN
5 1/2% Gold Bonds due DEC. 1, 1922 DEC. 1, 1927 DEC. 1, 1937

Wool Market (continued)
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HERON & CO., Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
4 COLBORNE STREET TORONTO

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ISBELL, PLANT & CO. BROKERS
Standard Bank Building, Toronto

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BRITAIN IS READY FOR AIR WARFARE
Has Made Ample Provisions for Fighting Craft and Men.

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LOUIS J. WEST & CO.
Members Standard Stock Exchange

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Record of Saturday's Markets (continued)
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J. P. BICKELL & CO.
New York Cotton Exchange

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J. P. CANNON & CO.
Members Standard Stock Exchange

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WM. A. LEE & SON
Real Estate and General Insurance

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GEO. O. MERSON & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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SPECIAL ALLOWANCES FOR CRIPPLED TROOPS
Discharged Soldiers to Receive Payment for Artificial Limb Expenses.

Wool Market (continued)
The market for the week was a steady one.

Hamilton B. Wills, in his weekly letter, says: Excellent progress is being recorded in the sinking of the No. 4 shaft at Kirkland Lake.

A tendency to take profits, combined with the influence of lower prices on the New York exchange, resulted in the local mining market being given a setback on Saturday.

Record of Saturday's Markets (continued)
TORONTO STOCKS, STANDARD STOCK EXCHANGE

Weakness and irregularity in the New York market on Saturday morning exercised a depressing effect upon stocks listed on the Toronto exchange, the gains scored earlier in the week being forfeited in whole or part.

WOMEN'S WAR DUTY.
Cardinal Gibbons Urges American Women to Rally Talents to Cause of the Allies.

Wool Market (continued)
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LONDON CONTRACTOR DIES.
Robert Glash, a retired contractor of London, fell out of a tree at his home, 131 Kensington street, today and was killed.

Four of This Season's Preferred Overcoat Styles on Display in the Simpson's Men's Store



This Model \$35.00

Trench style Overcoats in plain grey Whitney cloth. Slash pockets, inverted pleat in back and all-around belt. This is one of the season's smartest styles.

The four models illustrated on this page are typical of hundreds of handsome warm coats we can show you.

Men who come here will find diversity and value. They will also find distinguished styles for distinguished tastes.

One of the big advantages of our men's store is the wide range of prices: \$15, \$18, \$22.50, \$25, \$32, \$35, \$40, \$45.



This Model \$45.00

Trench style Ulster, red and brown mixed pattern. Deep convertible collar, slash pockets, inverted pleat at back and all-around belt.

The products of some of the world's greatest wholesale clothing houses are shown exclusively for Toronto in our men's store.

At the beginning of the war these wholesale houses were big enough to control a very large portion of the foreign output of woolens--consequently we are enabled to offer you just a little more for your "clothes money." Let us prove it.

The **SIMPSON** Company Limited



This Model \$40.00

Made of brown Whitney with plucked beaver collar or Hudson seal in shawl style. Yoke back with inverted pleat. Slash pockets and all-around belt.



This Model \$50.00

Made of dark grey, showing invisible green stripe pattern. Patch pockets, inverted pleat at back and belt all around. Sleeves and shoulders satin-lined.

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