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pelure

# Alone in the Arctic Wilderness. 

By A. J. Stonc.




#### Abstract

An Experience with Remexade Indians in the Northwent Territory BoatBuidding under Difficultien Down the I iard in a C:mvan Boatt.


#### Abstract

  


Durant the momh of December, 189 , I transported me contire onttit, consinting of provinions and atemsils necessary for m! future expeditions, wa peint on the Liard River just below Hell ( Bate Canom. Here I stored them in a rude cathe huilt of heaw logn. Below Hell ( Bate the Liand is navigable; and molece in selecting the place was tel he in a powition, as som as the riser shomblye blear of ice in the spring, to take me pron inoms dowion stream hy hoat without lose of time. The cache was completed in December. The river, I knew, would mot be matigable before April. The imersening time I determined to cmplos in caploring the surromading commert. So, keang two men to gmard the cache during me abonee, 1 net oun ar once with a bicllee of provisions, and suceseded in reathing a perint on a tributare of the liatel about a homdred mike from ildll ( Batce, where new reached me which made it necouary to retate m steps in all powible hante. 1 band of murderom rencgate ladians was reported encamped in the immediane vecintet of the eache where me out fit was stored.

During my abence in the late winter and carl spring I gathered mans fact, concerning the histore of these mumderons renegaden. They were, in I found, a thieving and ricions lot, composed of ontlaws from varions triber, driven from anome the ir awn people foll the crimes and deed of viblenee they had committed there. The mose brutal marders were laid to their charge-marsters of feedle on trombleone members of their own tribe-
children, women, and cripples. Ocat vionally, tow, a strong man would be suldenly Jespatched to the homting gromeds by an offended neighbor. In such cases nothing was ever said. There was mo retribution. I only heard of one cance in which the opposite of this held true. The hood-staned hamds of one fellow had atecomplished such slaughter among them that he had heen fureed to Hee ceen from their cengeance, and, at the time of my wisit, he had been lising alone in hidling


AN AR, IIG: HUNIIR'G C: HII:。




for a period of three sears. These Indians, called the " Hell Gates," always seek winter guarters away from the river, back in the momains, but return to the stream carly in the spring. When, therefore, news reached me late in March that a party of from serentr-fice to a hundred of these dangerous cosiomers had assembled on the river near min cache below Hell (jate, I maturally felt ansions for the saticte of mo ohtfit, and lost no time in hurving to the spot.

When I arrived there, atter a long and difficult return journey orer the siow, lfomed the place, much to mis athonishment, quite drserted. The men I hard left in chatye of the cathe wete mowhere to be formol. Vhe tirst theroght was that they hat been murdered, but, failing to find any trace of their bodico, and, on closer inspection, discosering that the contents of the cacher hat not been disturhed, I was foreed to the conclusion that they hatd deserted of their ownacomd. Vixen Powder, an Indian medicine-man I brought back with me from the north, deserted me the moming after our arrival, so I was left alone, with only mexthenl sledge-don, Zilla, for a companion, to cope as best I might with my unwelcome and murderons neighlors. What became of Powder and the gratids I never knew, nor didl much


MAF GH: NORTHWD:STERV BRITISH AM:RICA.

care. In the dangerous position in which I was placed it was sufficient compensation to know that the outfit and provisions, upon which the success of future experlitions depended, were still intact.

The reason whe the eache had not been disturbed was soon made clear. The Indians had not yet become alvare of its existence. Upon my arrisal, however, several of the reneyales made bold to approach me, and, discovering the cache, to ask what it contained. I put them off as well as I could with erasive allswers, which I could realily see were far from Leaving upon them the desired impression. I was resolved, bowever, in case of attack, torisk my life, if necessary, in the protection of the cache and it, contents.
()n the :upposition that in all probability there would be more danger by night than br day, mer first idea was to arriange a satfe and suitable place to seep. Aromel the cache I had prev ionsly cleared a considerable space be cutting down trees for firewomd. In the centre of this clearing two large sproce trees were still standing. Vinder these I determined to spread my blankets. In this way, by abandoning me tent altogether and sleeping in the opeon air, I showld be (mablecl, I thought, be the light of a gooul fire, to command an uninterrupted bew
in which mpensialorisions, : expedi-
not been The Inof its ex-

Cpon :al, howweral of nerades id to apme, and, ing the to ask ontained. em off :as 1 could :asive allWhich I cadily see far from "Ipun be desired (ion. I was cd, how(i) case of to risk me necesaly, protection calche and itents.
the suppothat in all bilits there be more by might II day, my dea inas to Co a satic and le place to 1 prev ionsly by coutting the centre proce trees these I dets. In this $t$ altngether I should be It of a gooul rupted vicw


UIAKI RIVIR INOANS.
of from seventy-fise to a humdred yards. on all sides.

It seemed advisable, also, on accoment of having brought with me on the sledge suthicient provisions for present needs, to leave the eache monemed until I had done my best to rid myself of the hadians. Had it heen necessary, I could bave rolled the heay lens from the top of my hourd without assistance, but I could mot halle put them back again madided, and an the lodians are somewhat timid about breaking inten a eathe, I knew that it would be much easier to keep them from pilfering before 1 opened it than afterward.

Even so, mes situation was a trying one. Here I was with an outhit weighing a tom, to be taken dewn the riser, without a boat, and, worse still, with no one to help we buid one. The three men I had combed on for this emergeriact bad deserted. Nor was there assistance within a a ailable distance. The nearest settlement to which 1 might appeal was a Hudnon Ban trading post on the liard, one humded and tifty miles down stream, which I could mot reath without sacrificing me cablo to the lodians. I resolived, therefore, to remain, and trust to diphomacy and me knowledge of local cuntoms and superstitioms to bring me satels out of my predicament. Among other
things, I decided carefully to avoid ans guarel with my neighbors, to be firm, never to show fear, to refinse aboolutels all demands, and alwats to be read for self-defence, I slept inder the two big trees in the clearing as I had planned, certain that no one conld approach unsen. As an added precaution, howeser, 1 alwass tied Killa on one side of men hed, and placed three loaded rifees with extra ammunition on the other.

For many days I kept me loncomer watch. I was begimning to feel worn wit and reer nervons, and had about condeluded that, after all, I had wer-estimated the posenhle dangers from the renegater. The show bad be this time guite disappeared from the little clearine, but was aboat eight inches deep in the timber. During the day it grew soft, but at might a hard crost formed over the top.
( )ne night, having taken me unal precautions, I was awakened be a low grow from /illa, and presently, juint hehind me, I heard footsteps in the smow at the edere of the timher. Raining meself on m! hankets, at the same time kecping perfeetly still, I listened. I could hear the teps plainly, a regular tramp, amp, tamp, as though the prowler were mos. ing sowh and cantums aloner the edee of the clearinge. The chent I hat been on long anaiting had at lat come. Now that the rancals were sumbunding me, preparing to seize upon me life and helongings, I was conscions that me heart was




beming more rapidly, and telt metert gritting together. Carefilly and moinclowl I lifted amd cocked ane of mitres. I did mot feed copectialis nerous or excited. It was high time to conclade this tiresome busines, and if 1 thonght of any one's death it was that of a Hell (iate lindian.
'Framp, tamp, tramp continmed the steps.

Kidently me visitn was cireling the claring and trying to lacate me by the dim light of the midnight stars. Nif fire wats low, and gate little light.

The steps continmed atound the camp until they reached a point directly in front of me, where one of the teres of me camp stood hetween me and mill mseen foe Here was mo rhatuce. Bi crawling up chase hehind the tree I shonld gain a decided admantagre. I feared an ambush, howerer, and realising that my slightest moncoment might reveal mu position, I laid low.

The fontsteps ceaned, and I could mot discoser whether the disturber of merest wats cranling toward me or standing still
and listening. © O he supense became unbearable . I called. It there wan to be ally shooting I wanted to get through with it.

Nuresponse. I called agrain. Nint a sound. I was at a loss what to make at the situation. I still thomeht it aldisable, however, tu remain concealed, so there l sat on my bankets, wating, until I was chilled through. At last, thomoghly disgusted, I lay down again and tried to peranade muself that I had beendreaming and had bettergo to sleep. But very soon I heard the steps again, and sat up ritte in hamd.

This time I was mit dreaming. Some one was coming directl tomated me with the evident intention of keeping the tree between $16 . \quad$ The stepes drew beatrer and nearer. I lifted my rite, secretly regoieiner that there would soon be a dead lindian in the neighborhood. I held my beath, and just as I expered to sere mile ememy emoper, a hig white degs stepped from he.. hind the treer. Althongh my finger was on the trigere I dicl not shont. I jus: laid down me rithe and crawled back into my hankets.

I never shall forget my feeling of mingled relief and disappointment. I rather wanted to complete the interesting little tragedy promised, but, on the whole, my relief was great. An Indian dog had seented some moose meat hanging in the tree above me, and had manceusted to reach it undiscovered. Its step was most deceptive, and if I had not seen the animal I should always have believed that I had been visited by an Indian.

The Indians continued to harass me daily, and became more and more troublesome. To give them anthing would, I knew, be like giving a tiger a taste of blood. Their pleas grew insistent, but I stubbornly refused them. The reader mat wonder how I conversed with them. I knew a number of their words, beside something of Chinook, of which ther also knew a little. Most helpful of all was my skill in the sign language, so necessary to travellers in this region, and only to be acquired by contact with the natives. One big fellow hecame so intolerally insulting one afternoon that I had to drive him out of camp with a club. This quarrel, which I had felt sure would bring trouble upon me, really put an end to my worries, for the Indians, like the cowards they really. were, concluded that they could secure provisions elsewhere with less danger; and the very next day they hegan moving away to their hunting grounds. I was very glad to see them go. Besides their greedy longing for the contents of my cache, there was another reason why their presence endangered me. In one of their camps was a man nearly dead with consumption, and if he died while I was there, I knew that they would be sure to attribute his death to the white man. Undoubtedly either my life or my ictas (possessions) would have been required to make good the loss. I hat seen the man and knew that he was near his end, and I should not have known how to avert the superstitious wrath of his friends. When all the Indians had departed except the consumptive and his family, I visited these with rice and fruit. A white man, I told them, alway's has a good heart, but he always does what he
chooses with his own ictas. Finding that they had plenty of moose meat, I bought some for /illa.

When, after the torment I had gone through, the Indian cut-throats finally went away and left me in peace, I felt immensely happy and relieved. My courage seemed renewed, and I did not doubt that as I had proved my ability to withstand such a band, so I could also model and construct a hoat single-handed, although I had never watched the building of one, and was scantily provided with suitable materials. I went down the river for sevcral miles, and discovered that for about three miles the water was likely to be dangerous; but that one mile farther on there was an ideal spot for a camp, with all kinds of timber in abundance, and one magnificent grove of straight, slender young spruce, just what I was likely to need.

I set about moving at once, loading three hundred and fifty pounds on the sled at a time, which Zilla could easily draw over the four miles of smooth ice which lay between my camp and the spruce grove. By the time i had umbaded a cargo and hauled it up the bank, I was tired enough to get on the sled myself, and let Zilla carry me back after another load.

Thus, in three days, I moved my entire outfit, pitched my tent, and put everything in order.

My new camp was among the big timber on the river bank, and about twenty feet above the level of the ice. There was an abrupt bend in the river just above, and another about half a mile below. A belt of thick timber stretched behind me; and across the river, the country rose steeply from the water's edge. Thus I was completely shut in on all sides.

During my troubles with the Indians I had found time to plan my boat. I had heard that a man alone could cut boards from trees by placing a log in position, standing on the top of it with a hold on the upper end of the saw, and tying a bag of Hour to the lower end. This feat seemed too difficult for me, so I hung my



Whip-an in a tree and decided to try some more practical expedient. I considered thin bats ame hirch-bark canoces, but I had mo skins tor the one, and I could not make a hark canoe large enough or stronge raough for the load. 'The only wether kinds which oecorred to ne were boats and log ratts. Vidently choose we of these for tramsport.
liirst of all, then, I decided on the sies of boat necesoant to carm my goods. I thened that it must be twentefour feet long, fice and a half feet in the beam, and twenty-one inches deep amidships. I bought out fiom min stores all the camata I had, and decided, atter carefal examination, that by judicions piecing and patchin! I should be able to coser such a frame. So I prompth set towork and constructed a row of benches upon which I could bemd and shapee the frame of my cratt.

Neat I cout down a number of tall, slender foung sproce, selecting, as I soon learned how to do, those that were straightgrained. These I trimmed, hewed, and planed; and then, bending then into shape, made them fant. Diy after day I worked awa! motil keclson, gimwales, bilge keels,
and ribs were all in place. This done, I was much pleased with the ontlines; for, although I had not built boats, I hat trasclled in them comesh to know that mine was shaped to ride the rough water it was likely to encomoter.

When the frame of the boat was completed, it contamed over forty pieces of timber, each from eight to twenty-five feet long, wery whe of which I had planed on top of a log, b walking alongside, back and forth, wh mine knes, sunce the log was too low to admit of my stamding while using the plane. Next, I cut down two laree trees, firm which I peeded the bark in great strips wentr-fice teet longe, ats I had learned to do by watching the ladians. With this bark I now cosered the frame, fitting it down smoothly, with the sap side next to the camsats to give it a smooth support and prevent it from sagging between the ribs. Then I damed the boles in my comats, sewed it together, and stretehed and fastened it wer the batk. The neighboring woods atforded me a large guantity of spruce gam, which I mixed with the fat from bacon, heating the two together antil they bended. A rag, wound

done, I es; for, had tranhat mine er it was ras comieces of -five feet laned on de, back - log was ng while (own two the bark long, at the Invered the with the give it a from saly1 darned together, the bark. ne a large
1 mixed the two g, womend




aroumel the end of a stick, served as a swab, with which I spread the hot pitch over the canas mutil it was completely conered. I worked out some oars, and mis boat wan romplete.

While I wan still hard at work on m buat two beary falls off smow almont huried me carp. Soon, bowerer, the now disappeared; and one beautiful sumdar morning, while still in my bankets, a cobin near camp roused me with his bright, filmiliar song. I sprang up and dressed as guickly as I could, fearing that the little fellow would thy away before I could get a sight of him, but he continued to cheer me with his sweet motes all the moming.

While thus accupied, I oheerved sers recular habits. I rose at five, breakfanted at six, and before going to work on ma boat, prepared the skins of whatever small rodents me trap, had captured during the night. I louched at tweles, and, after a six sochock dimner, towk a run with Killa, for our mutual gowed, which he seemed to conges quite as much as 1. At ome time 1 was threatened with pmemomia for nearly a week, hut I tried to work on it, though perfectls well, convinced that if I allowed myself to give was I should be serionss ill. At all times I used the greatest precaution, while chopping, for the reason that, with mi life depending entirely upon my own exertions, I could not affiond to cripple miself.

My nightewere somewhat restlos. The awfil strain of the long solitude was harder to bear than the dingeroms presence of the Indians, and sometimes 1 wished for their return. In spite of my hard work I ate rery little. I could not ohtain much variety of food; and to cook the same thing over and over again, and eat it all alone, became vers tedious. My isolation would have semed less oppressive if I could have seen ally prospect of a companion, but my anticipation of a lonely and diflicult trip, down the great maknown river, "in mentested, improvised, cancas boat, depressed me spirit. I had freguentle heard the effects upon the mind of such londiness

[^0]discussed, and many a tragic story came back to sadden me. Although I kept as busy as I could, and made a companion of Killa, talking with him and ruming with him on the beach, my sensations during these solitary weeks were indeseribable. I regard this period an the most trying ordeal of my life. In that one month of April I lived a lifetime.
()n the fifth day of May, while at work, I heard a peediar long-drawn swishing moise in the direction of the river, and, ruming to the bank, saw a tongue-like strip of water boring its way through the ice down the middle of the stream. Some distance below it stopped for a time, then hegan again. Sounds as thongh the mountains were tumbling down came from upstream. With mingled fear and joy I realized that the river ice was breaking, and that soon I should be released from the antill prison where I had been held for over thirty dars. Was I freed only to find a watery grave in this mad, unknown river: The crushing, breaking ice roared louder and londer, matil in front of me the ice of the whole river suddenly lifted and broke into huge, forating masses which began to move down stream. Then a great swell from above piled ice upon ice many foet high. So deatening was the battering of millions of tons of monster iee cakes that I could hardly control my nerves or my thoughts. For the three dars during which this awfill grinding continued, I whained very little slepp. Then the iee hegan to move down stream, and at the end of fine dars most of it had disappeared, and I decided to lanneh my boit.

1 crawled under it, knocked away the frame, and, lifting it from bencath with my shoulders, managed to work it forward inch by inch over the edge of the bank to the sand beach below. Once there, I fond difficulty in extricating myself. If I lifted up one side, I could not get my body half-way out without finding myself held fast in such a position that I could not hold up the boat, which, with its heavy spruce bark, cancas, and pitch, probably weighed five hundred pounds. Lackily I
y cane kept as panion rumbing ins durribable. trying onth of It work, wishing er, and, gue-like ugh the Some se, then e mounrom upy I realing, and rom the held for only to nknown e roared $f$ me the fted and s which Then a и少品 ice was the monster itrol mis he three ing conThen am, and had disach my
way the with my forward hank to here, I elf. If get my
my'self
I could ts heavy probably nuckily I



remembered seeing dogs scratch their way mader fences, and in like manner I soratehed my way out.

Once launched, me bate prosed it, capability w Hoat a ton of cargo; and sterering a difticult course among smags and rapids and fictle of heas ice, I made my wat, with considerable difficulty, one humIred :and fifte miles down stream to fort Idiard, : Hudom Bay trading post, where assisance for firther nawigation was procurable.

Once lamehed, mat boat made its way with excessince difficults. The river wais eres swift, and was shut in most of the time between high walls. I struck one rapied with a hemi swell a balf mile bong; and just as I did so I wherved two enormons cakes of ice on either side, both of which seemed about to roll in on top of me and ernsh the hoat cach time we passed wer the crest of a high wave. Howerer, I took my oar and managed to ward them off, my boat turning sidewats the while and tipping dangeronsts.

Farther down, the current had swept so strong againes a high bank that this had been undermined, leaving the roots and cond of broken trees protruding from the water. Sereral times 1 just brushed them, hut excaped without danage. 'Then, for mame miles, the river spread out over a low, ilat combers.

It was mearli sia oblock before I saw a comeniont place to land. I mate for this, amb, anchoring the boat, prepared m! camp for the night. I had eaten nothing since fine in the morning, and had been
constantly exerting mistength, but I had no desire for food.

The next morning I was up early and well started down stream again by $5 \cdot 40$. The river, here, was everwhere separated into small streams by many islands, but wats still very rapid. How I ever escaped getting caught irrevocabl? in a tangle of drift, has ever since heen a perfect wonder to me. Then, again, side winds kept me busy lighting off shore, and from the sime I broke camp until tweloe ordock I pulled at the oars without stopping.

Ahout that tine I saw an Indian settlement a mile :hacal of me, on the opposite side of the river, and was so anxions to sece a human being that I mate up ma mind to land. So I bent to my oars and erossed to the father bank, where I was met he a motler crowd which 1 at once recognized as triemelly. I was insited up bs one of the ladians, to his cabin, and there was as rowath feasted as I have even been in my life. My host, who could speak a little English, told me that he and his bow woudd take me to fort liard the following morning. When I was reaty to start several women had bronght me moccasins as gifts, and all the settlement was at the boat to bid me goot-by. 'The moming was perfect, the waters of the great river everwhere calm and mirror-like.

Thons, after having stecerd a difticult course among shags and rapids and fields of heary ice, and baveng undergone much fatigue and danger, I was not somy when, a little after noon, we reached Fort I, iard, and I was weleoned once again be white men.


A GROUF OF RI:NEGADI: INDIANS FROM TH: LIAKD KLUIUN,




[^0]:    Vlıי V:a hemsis

