

VOL. VI.
ST. JOIIN, N. B., OCTOBER, 1890.
No. 10

1ERE is Japan's beautiful "Sacred Mountain". Fujiyama, the pride and boast of every Japanese, and the admiration and delight of all foreigners. This is the way in which one of our Lady Missionaries wrote of it-" I count as one of our blessings the privilege of enjoying such scenery. Mountains surroundiug us on every side, with Fuji now gleaming white in its snowy covering, rearing its proud head high over all the green rice ficlds of the plain, now turning to yellow a landscape varied by numerous houses and trees dotting the plains, and oftentimes, crowning all, great snowy cloud billows or a golden sunset sky." Why is the mountain sacred? Because of the superstitions attached to it, and every year it is ascended by hosts of pilgrims who long for a rest which is only to be found in Clarist of whom they have never heard.

Would the girls and boys of the Mission Bands like to make the ascent up the steep mountain

fujiyama, jaran's sacrid mountain.
for immortality, to be procured only on the summit of this mountain. This band of pilgrims never returned. Ho'v sad to think that God's best gift to man should be so lighty esteemed-for Immortality has been brought to light by the Gospel.

Shall we not be tired and want to rest? Oh, yes, there are rest houses on the mountain - they are open now and visited by thousands of pilgrims. The pilgrims must walk but we foreigners may ascend byhorse or kago. A kago is a basket palanquin (orcovered carriage) slung from a pole and carried on the shoulders of two men. Afraid? Oh, you need not be afraid for they go with a firm and steady tread. Have we reached the top? lied now we are more than 12.000 fiet above the level of the sea. A dizzy height But Oh. the prospiect! it is indescribable--there are Temples, heath. en. temples, round the rim of the crater of the lava cone, and from these may be seen five different provinces and a great stretch of occan. If we could only stay till morning to see the sunrise how nice that would $b e$, for this is the sunrise kingdom-but beautiful as the mountain and the prospects are we are glad to get back again to Yokohama and thence home-home to.a Christian Land. But there is hope for Japan.

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## MEDICAL MISSIONS.

Deaconess Work.

"For I have given you an example, that ye shuuld do ns I. have done to you."-John 13: 15.

When Jesus Christ was upon the earth He "went about doing good" and healing all manner of sickness and all manner of disease among the people." Always Ilis tender heart was moved at the sight of human suf. fering, and His hand was ever stretched out to comfort and heal.

Discase is as prevalent to day as it was in the time our Saviour was upon earth, and Ee has imparted to wise men down through the ages the science of medicine, until to-day there are few diseases of which we cannot be relieved.

In heathen countries sickness is even more common than with us; but, alas! their knowledge of medicine is so small that nothing can be done to ease their suffering. It is usual in some countries to look upon all sickness as the work of evil spirits, and their method: of cxorcising them is cruel beyond description. Thein doctors have no correct knowledge of the circulation of the blood or of the action of the heart, lungs, or other organs, and regard every symptom as a distinct discase. Most of their medicines are composed of snakes, centipedes, scorpions and toads ground up and made into pills. In case of an artery being ruptured scaling wax would be applied to stop the flow of blood. In consequence of such ignorance many lives are lost that might be saved if proper means were used.

So medienl missionaries go forth from all Christian countrices, bearing in one hand the means of restoring physicial health and in the other the tidings of the Great Physician, who alone can heal sin-sick souls. Surely this is a noble works and one that demands our sympathy and prayers!

Our church has sent several medical missionaries to Ching and British Columbia; where hospitals have been erected and thousands of patients relieved of their sufierings each year. Dr. Bolton has done a grand work among the Indians of British Columbia, where he lans been Jaboring since 1859. In 1892 a hospital was erected at Port Simpson, where many a poor aflicted Indian has been helped physically and spiritually. It is so easy to tell them of Jesus, when they are being reliered of their pain and sickness, and many are reached in this way who never would be in any other. At Port Simpson our IT. M. S. support two murses, who are invalupble assistants of Dr. Boltou in his noble rork.
(Concludef pon tage 5.)

## BRIGHT LEADERS:

The want of our Mission Circles and Bands is bright leaders:- The lesson may be ever so helpful in itself, but if there is:no one to simplify it to the younger onos, to bring nut and explain its meaning and poinis, it will certainly fall very flat on the ears of those who, like tho mocient Athenians; are always ready to "tell and hear some new thing:"

If impressions are made at all they will be very likely to lie falle ones.

If the Band Leaders only knew it this Band leaderslijp might be the means of a noble development of their own best selves, for the very effort to impart knowledge to others has a wondérful reflex influence.

Do you say: "How can I be bright when I am not naturally bright? I am not a borm leader, this office was thrust upon me." Sad when we so feel; but having accepted the office should you not bring your besi resources to it? If you love Christ, the heathen world and the souls of the children, you have the very best qualifications for a Band Leader.

If you lack these great essentials, you had better go first and sit at the feet of the Master till His-own-loving spirit takes possessicn of you.

> "More Love to Thee, 0 Christ, More Love to Thee."

No brightness like the brightness that He gives. What we all want is the warmth, the zeal, the enthusinsm which leads to loving service. It is an cessential for a Band Leeader, and it is contagious!' She will finil that the children love-entered into her spirit; which is really the Christ spirit, and they will all be ready to do and dare for Himi.

## THE LITTLE STREETS.

"Tomorrow I'll do it," says Rennie; "I will by and by," says Seth; "Not now, pretty soon," sàys Jennie; "In' $\dot{z}$ minute," says inttle Beth. 0) dear little people zemember. That true as the stars in the sky. The little streets of "To-morrow," "Pretty soon," ana "By-and-by," Lead, one and all, As stralight, they say, As the king sihighway, To the city of "Not at all." -Youth's Sompanion.

## Suggested Programme for Mission Bands. November.

J. Opening Hymn-"Jesus shall reign where'er the sun."
2. Annoince subject for prayer and stady-"Our Society"
3. Leader añd Band read alternately Psalm 110; 3-8.
4. Short prayer fö our Band work and gencral work of our Society.
5. Roll call-answer to names.
6. Unfinislied business, reports, etc., new appointments.
. Hymn-one verse of "Work for the nirith is coming."
. Recitation-!"The Little Brown Penuy."-nage $\sqrt{6}$.
3. Field stady Tith map-Quéstions.
10. One or two verses of "Jesus saven."
11. Prapef or beuediotion.

Plak! hatil! of pf Palm Branches,

## THE LIGH「 FROM THE CROSS:

There's a light from the cross! There's a light from the Word! It is flooding the earth with the joy of the Lord! "

And hearts that were aching
In darkness, and breaking,
Are chanting his praises in bllssful accord.
llow down, eastern momntans! ${ }^{*}$ The Saviour has come!
And sing, $u$ ye fomintains, in every will \%one!
To every dark nation
The glad proclamation,
Is oflering weleome, and pardon, and home.
Ay ! crumble to dust in your temples of gold; re idols so ancient and stony and cold!

The people are jearnlug
For comfort, and learning
The best, sweetest story that every was tolld.
There's a light from the cross! there's a light from the Word! ind the kingdoms of earth are the realms of our Lord!

Our Saviour victorlous,
So tender, so glorious!
We praise thee, we bless thee, in reverent accord!
-Exchan!e.

## FIELD STUDY FOR NOVEMBER.

## OUR SOCIETY.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Mrethodist Church of Canada was organized in the City of Hamilton, Ontario, November 8th, 1881-it is therefore nearly eighteen years old.

The General Missionary Society of our chureh, organized in 1824, fifty-seven years before ours, had come to see that the lest work among the women and chitdren of heathen sands could only be done by Christian women, consecrated to that special purpose.

So it came to pass that our society was organized on the recommendation of the General Board of Missions, and endorsed by the General Conference of the Methodisd church. They thought it a good thing to do.
"Its object is to evangelize (instruct in the Gosper of Christ) heathen women and children; to aid in sutstaining lady missionarics and teachers, and other special laborers in the home or foreign fields, and to raise funds for the work of the society.

Our relation to the general society, as given in the Report, is this: The Wromen's Missionary Society works in harmony with the authorities of the General Missionary Society of the Mrethodist Ghurch, and is subject 1.n their approval in the employment and remureration of missionaries or Other agents, the designation of its fields oi labor, and the general plan and design of the work."

Our fields of labor are largely decided by the field; into which its missionaries have already gone.

Our fields, as entered by oir missionaries, are Japan, British Columbin, Quebee and China.

Our largest work is in Japan. Our mission stations ihere are Tokio, Shizuoka, liofu, Kanazawa, Nagano.

Text month Tokio and the work done there will Sorm our Fipld Study.

## A TIDAL WAVE IN JAPAN.

YOU all know about the tides of the ocean, though many of you who live far inland have never suen them, as they eblb and flow twice each day. Have you cerer read of the tidal waies that sometimes, withous any warning, sweep in from the sea, bearing all before them in their swift approach, and falling back quite as swiftly, dragging with them people aud houses and everyihing that can float?

Dr. DeForest, of Japan, in writing to his son in this country, describes what he saw in the iown of Aigawa, which was almost blotted out by a tidal wave in Jume last. Here is the slory Dr. DeForest tells:
"There were lorty-three houses, with 3 3 6 persous: and in a few momerits thirty-seven houses were wholly urined and five more half wrecked. Nothing but a litthe temple further up the hill was unharmed. One hundred and fifty-cight persons were killed and thirtythree woundel. 'The village was at the head of a little bay with rocky sides, so that the great wave crowded into the narrow space, rose twenty or thinty feet, and rushed upon the houses, breaking them into lindling wood and then, withdrawing, sucked a large part out into the ocean.
"I saw one great pine tree, fifty or sixty feet high, in the branches of which two men were caught, as the waves were sweeping them far out to sea. I saw one poor mether with her little babe in her bosom, but her bushand and other children were drowned. She seemed lazed and would not speak to us. Onc man told us he Jost every member of his family, wife, children, and farents, six in all, and only himself was left. He told me this with a smile, but 1 knew his heart was sad beyond telling. We ate rice in the house of another man, who jointed to his roof-a great, broad, thatched rool -and said: "That house used to stand way off at the other end of the village, and it was whirled completely around ly the wave. Eleven persons were in it when it was siruck, and, when we cut a hole in the roof, we feund mine of them saved and two dead.' The old lady who was in that roof cooked our rice for us and I gare her a jen for $i$ t.

Is it not a good thing that our missionaries are where they can care for and comfort these poor people in such distress.--[Dayspring.]

## QUESTIONS FOR NOVEMBER.

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## PALM BFANCH. PUBHIGEDD EVEET MONTL

* St. Joun, N. 13.
S. E. SMITH, . . . . . . . . . . . . . Editor.

Subscription Price, - . . . . . . 20 Cents a Year.
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MISS S. E. SMITH,
292 Princess Streot,
St. Johin, N. B.

## St. John, N. B., October, 8899.

HIS monilh begins another missionary year amd, of course, we start on our journey witli fresh hope and courage, remembering these words: "I ant with you, saith the Jord of Hosts:" Power, power not our own, shall be given us. The encouragement is great. Iet us take it to heart and work on.

With the beginning of a new year there is always an opportunity for improved plans and methods. God has spoken to us as He did to the children of Isracl, that. we "move forward." We have thought much of what we could do for the young people of our Circles and Bands this year in order to make them better acquainted with our socicty-its origin, object and aims; its fields, and the work done there.

During the year we asked for an expression of opinion from our Band secretaries as to whether it were preferable to follow the prayer subjects given to our Auxilianies, and so have a dificrent.field each month, or have a.study of our orin and continue in one field long enough to become fairly well acquainted with it. . After some discussion in Palm Branch our secretaries and aller Band workers, well qualified to speak, unanimously concluded that the latter would be of much greater advantage to the Bands. So now, in accordance with this idea, and really following the lead of the Auxiliarice, we aire taking up Japan, our largest field.

We shall continue in Japan at least three months, probably four, until we work up a real interest in that country, and give our young readers a good idea of the mork which has been done and is still being done in our mission stations there-both school wora and ciangelisțic.

This month we hare dealt mostly wiih our societs, from-n.strong wish to make the young people realize that they are indeed a part of the socicty; and so hawe carly been nable to touch upon Japan.

Next month, as already suggested, we will take up Toiso and the various departments of work carried on there. All the help that can be given, both from home and abroud, on the suljject of Jipmen will be gratefully received.

Liorea has had three woman rulers.
Korea's recent history has freed her from the domination of China and largely from Japan. She is at present greatly under the influence of Russina.

Korea has had five religious periods. -Of the first, Sittle is known; the second was Buddhisn; the thirt, Confucianism; the fourth, "Roman Catholiciom; the fifth, Protestantism. Of these, Confucianism has the strongest hold on the people.

The first tidings of the existence of Chisistianily that went to Korea was througly books sent from Pekin in $1.77 \%$.

Signification of Kiorea, "morning calm."
Size, a litule smaller than Great Britain.
Number of inhabitants about $12,000,000$ :to $15,-$ 000,000.

- The capital of Korea is Seoul, which has 250;000 inhabilants.

Korea is two days' sail from Japan and twenty-four hours from lina.

Koreans are great travellers in their own land.
The Korean dress is universal and of white cotton cloth.

The language of the Koreans is similar to that of the Chinese.

We are indebted to Fiorea for the first metal type.
Most Koreans can read and write.
Government, iniperial.
An isolated courtry until 18\%6, but now has treatics with Japan, Chini, Tnited States, Great Britains, Fermany, Russia, Italy and Austria.

## WOMEN NAMELESS IN COREA.

The Forean woman has not even a mame. In ler childhood she receives a nickname by which she -in lnown in the family and by her near friends; but which when she arrives at maturity is employed only by her parents. To all other persons she is "the sister" or "the daughter" of such and-such an one: After her marriage her name is buried-she is absolutely nameless. Her own parents refer to her by mentioning the district:into which she has married. Shculd her marriage be blessen with childrer she js "the mother" of so and so. If it numpers that a woman has to appear in a law court, the inite sires ter a special name for use while the case hasts in criler to sare time and to simplify matters.-Paimal Zeitugr.]

Subscribers sending orders for Palm Brauch wii kindly rumenber to give the name of the Branch to whicli they belong.

## THE LITTLE BROWN PENNY.

A little brown penny, worn and old,
Dropped into the box by a dimpled hand ;
A little brown penny, a childish prajer,
Sont far away to a heathen land.
A little brown penny, a generons thought, $A$ little less candy, just for a day,
A young heart awakuned for life mayhap, To the needs of the leathen far away.

The penny flew ofl with the prayer's awift wing a, It carried the messingo by Jesus sent;
And the gloom was pierced by a radiant light. Wherever the prajer and message went.
And who cau tell of the joy it brought. To the souls of the heathen far away, When darkness fled, hise wavering mists, From the heautifnl dawn of Gospel day.

And who can tell of the blessings that came
Tu the little clidy when Cinrist looked down? Or how the brown penny so worn and old In Heaven whll change to a golden Crown?-Selectet.

## SEEK AND YE SHALL FIND.

> BY THE REV. HENRY LOOMIS.


AMEGUCIIL OKURA was a Japanese widow in very destitate circumstances, and in order to ger the clothing and food necessary for her daily sustenance she obtained employment as assistant gate leeper at the school for Bible Women, connected with the Methodist Missiou in Yokohama. The compensstion was small, yet afforded her enough to supply her with what was simply necessary, but nothing more.

As she watched by the gate day by day the time passed very slowly, and her lenely aud destitute condition made her exceedingly sad. She thought of the gods which her people worshipped, and tried to get comfort from them, but these gave her no hope.

And so, one day, in order to occupy her mind, and to help to relieve the monotony of her situation, she borrewed a New Thestament from a Christian friend, and began to read it.

When she came to the words of our Saviour, "Seek, and ye sinall find; knock, ad it shall be opened unto you," she was deeply impressed with them, and said at once, "What a wonlerful and kind God this must be. No other god tells us such good news as this. I will try and see if He will not help and bless me."

And so, without any tacher escept the Holy Spirit, she con?luded that "Inock, and it shall be opened" must mean that we ought to 1 ray, and God would surely answer prayer. Thers she began to ask God to be gracious to her and help her, as she was in great need.

The Lord heurd this prayer of faith and gave her peace and comfort; she then desired to Iearn more of His whys. So when there was in meating of the women she would find a spot where she could keep watch on
the gate, and yet be nca: enough to the open windows to hear what was said and done within. In this way she got much help and comfort.

At length some one noticed her earnest attention and inquired why she came in this way to hear. She then confessed her faith in ('lorist and her desire $t$ ) serve Him.

Further inquirics revcaled the fact that she had evidently heen able to diseern, in the words of our Lord, the way of salvation, and had thes entered into the prace of a true believer. So great was the change in lier life. and so manifest the happiness that had come t, her in her ner experience, it was decided that perhaps she could be very useful in trying to help others. Shi was then received as a student in the school for Biblo? Women, and has become one of the most efficient anl practical workers among the class to which she belonge, and who, she fully realizes, have great need of the comforts that come from the Jnowledge of Christ as the sinner's friend.

## MEDICAL MISSIONS.-Deaconess Work

(concluded.)
In China wo have four medical missionaries, Drs. Hare, Kilborn, mith and Ewing, who, together witi their noble wives are doing a good work for the Master. Besides these our W. MI. S. has one missionary, Dr. Killam, who, together with Mrs. Dr. Kilborn, is toiling, not in vain, to obey the command of Jesus Christ and "Heal the sick, preach the Gospel." Dr. Henry is resdy to sail at any time.

But nearer home than British Columbia or China we have a noble band of consecrated women, who are -pending their lives literally fulfilling our Saviour's command, and doing as He did. The Deaconess Home was established in the City of Toronto in 1894, and is doing a grand work in caring for the sick, helping the needy and encouraging the despondent. During the last year the Home has been moved to a well equipped bulding, 25 ri Jarvis Street, where the work can be carried on more successfully than was possible in crowded quarters. This little band of women are instant "in season, out of season, with all long-suffering." During last year the Deaconesses made $20 \% 0$ canvass calls, 5059 missionary calls, and 1362 visits to the sick. They have spent 2,598 hours nursing the sick; have giren away 2,119 half worn garments and 341 new ones. In many other ways they have relieved the needy of the city.

Surely we should pray God to bless and strengthen them in their noble work and labor of love.

We have a share in this good work, for our W. M. S. has furnished a room called the "Rebecea Williams" Iloom for the use of our missionary candidates, who are required to spend three months in the Home, as part of Their training for missionary work. How nice it is to know that we have a slare, no matter how small, in this Christ-like Tork!
Ontario. A. C. W.

A.dress-Cutsin Jur, 23əPtinse $3_{3}$ Strict, St. Juat, N. B.

Dear Cousins,-Hope you will all be interested in the lijeld Study this month, and so get a good idea of what this missionary work means. We want all the land members to feel that they are a very imporiant part of "Our Scciety", as indeed they are. Why what rould "Our Society" be, we wonder, without the girls and boys: It would die oat perliaps, in a few years, it there were ro younger people to take the place of those who are now doing grand work; young people who will have grow up then, and in whom the trie missiomary spirit will shine out, because it has been allowed to grow too. So give good heed to your Band Leader; this new year, dear cousins, and make yourselves so well acyuainted with all the studies that when your friends will ask you what you mean by "Our Society" you can explain to them just why it was organized; and tell of all the geod work that has been dome by our faithfu: missionaries.

Jear ( Cousin Joy,-1 think 1 have found out the answer to the September purzle:-"Let the peace of God rule in our liearts."

Yours sincerely,
"The Parsonage," Eglinton. Bessie Locke.
Dear Cousin Joy,-We have written to you once before, and thought we would like to write again. We helong to the "Pansy Mission Band," of Chantry. We take the "Palm Branch," and Jike it very much. On Easter offering amomited to five dollars and thirty conts. We have found the mswer to one of the puzsies; it is "Ilerbie Jjellamy." We have made a puzzle and if eerrect please publish it in the paper. Iloping wo have not taken up too much room, we remain

Jour loving cousins,

> Magale Bulford. Eetelad Chant.

## Marlem.

 .Dear Comsin Joy,-It scems strange to write to onc whem I have never seen, and it makes me feel queen when I write the word "cousin."
I. belong to thr Mission Band which was organized May 13th, 1899. It is called the "Jenny Ford," named after a missionary The band meets once a month at our president's home. Whien the band was first organized there were ten members, but now it has
increased to seventeen, I being the corrsponding secretary.

From your loving cousin,
Carsonville, N. B :
Elste A. Giunce.
Dcar Cousin Joy;-This is the first time I have ever" written In you. I belong to the "Jemnie Ford" Mission Hand. We have sixteen members.' Miss Maggie Leiper; is our president. We meet the second Saturday of cach, month, at our president's home. My sister takes the "Pam Branch seind we both like to read it very much, especially Cousize Joy's Cosy Corner; shie looks so cosy thene. I think 1 have the answer of one of the last pmakes, it is: "Go ye therefore and teach all nations." I hope I have not taken up too much room, but 1 ihnoght you would like to hicar from our new band.
liom your loving cousin,
Carsonville, N. B. Iva'S. Lemek.
YYes, indecd, we are glad to hear from this new land, and congratulate it on its success.]

Dear Cousin Joy,-I thonght that I would writo you a short letier and tell you that I belong to the Golden Rule Dission Band. I take the "Palm Branch" and like it very much. The first that I read are the letters. We have 27 members in our Mission Band; Alma Deatteny is our president.

From your loving friend,
Millstream, N. B. Etta Douthifight.

# RECITATION-." The Beautiful Story." 

> 'Tis a beautiful story the Bible has told, And happy the children who know The way that leads up to the City of Gold. And the door Jesus opened below.
> But what:of the children who never have known The pathway to that happy land;
> Who are bowing to Idols of wood and stone Which in far heathen temples stand?
> They tell me of homes so sad and so drear, Far over the ocean wave;
> No welcome is found for a (laughter there, Not a flöwer for a baby's grave!
> Yet Jesus has left the same blessing for them Which rests on my own little head; Isn't somebody going to tell them of Him, And sill my dear Saviour has sald?
> C. M. F.
> PUZZIEB FOR OCTO்BER.

I am composed of 23 letters.
My i, 11, $6,17,20,12,5$, is a message, errand.
My 10, 22, 18, $\overline{0}, 21$, fourteen pounds.
My $22,14,7,21$, is not wild.
My 3, 12, $7,21,13,22$, is a portion of time.
My 17, 21, $4,9,2,5$, is another division of time.
My 1, $12,15,6,22$, is not the best.
My 7, 4, 15, 23, is a girl's name.
My 19, $8,22,16$, is a collection of houses.
My whole is something in which we should all hare a great
interest.
Cousin Joy.
1 am composed of 13 letters.
My 4, 13, 12, is a part of the body.
My 2, 7, 6,3 , is \& flower.
My 1, 4, S, are haman beings.
My 10, 7,11 is $a$ useful article.
My $\mathrm{S}, 12$, b , is a boy's name.
My whole is a willing worker in a Mission Band. Magare.
Estedia.

## BLOSSOM'S SECRET.

"I want you to choose, Ittle islossom" (Grandpa cinlls me his blossom, you know),
"A gift for your birthiday from graidipa. Shall tit be the piev call, whilite as spow,
The colt, or old speckicd-wliny's chlickens? For of all that ?ny peres can liold?
There's nothing too good for miy darlung Who is growing so dreadfully oll.." I thought, oly along time abdut-it,i Till ny ojes wandered ont to the trees,
All loaded with pink and white blossoins: That were:falling like snow in n bireezo.
"You'darling old grandpa!"I whisspored,
"Could you give me just one apple tree?"
For I happened to think of a secret That belongs just to Dinisy and me.
The: grëat'goiden apples'are hanging:
Where, the blossoms were hanglug:last May,
We gathered'thè round shinin's bènuties And seit: them to town market-day.
of course I can't tell you.the secret, For'jt doesn't belong just to mé; ; I guess, though, the dear mission people Will be glad grandpa gave me the tree.-Selected.

## ONE OF MAMMA'S PLANS.

NEILIE, come! Mammas going to cut out cakes. and she says we may each have a piece of dough and make some for ourselves."
"Goody!" and Nell cañe downn stairs two steps at a time: " 0 h, mamma, you' àre so busy , iot us cut them all; we've played doing it for years, and we are big girls now."
"Very well, aṇa thank you," mamma answered, giving each little daughter a kiss; then, an idea coming into her mind, she addede "I will give you each half of the dongh, and every tenth cake sliall be mine; the rest you may do as you please with. Is that fair?"
"I should say so," sliouted Daisy; but as Nell rolled up her sleercs to begin, she said soberly; "Namma, it"; a great deal more than fair. What do you mean? All the things are yours."
"But you are doing the work that turms the things into cakes: Besides, I gave then to you," answered mamma, begining to stir up material for larger cakes:
"Yes, and you give us good fond and home, and so we've got the strength to work with;" said practical NTell.
"It's too little pay for so much give.". "It isn't pay at all," mamman contradicted; "The tenth is mine; I never gave you that. If you want to pi, me, you can give me scme of yours."
"Mamma;" began Diaisy wonderingly, "I don't know what you menn:"
"I do, I do," Nell answered-vehemently, working away with vigor. "The tenth is the Lord's. Mamma wants to teach us something. He gives us everything but the tenth, gipes us all the strength to work with,
and it's only after we've taken his part out that we begin to give. I see; I haven't been living with mamma fourteen years for notling. I know she has meaning in her plans."

Mamma smiled loringly. "Now, how will you work my plan. You know, you asked me yesteriay what systematic and proportionate giving meant. Proportionate means taking one part or portion of the whole, stieh as one out of every ten or three out of every five, or any amount you decide on. Systematic means to do it by a plan regularly.'
"I'll tuke out ench tenth one as I cut it," Nell assented; but Daisy objected, "That'll take too much time; when I've done. I'll count them all and divicie by ten."
"Both ways are systems," said mamma, smiling. "Which one is best??"
"Mine," said Daisy. "It's less trouble."
"Mine,", said Nell. "Then mamma won't have in wait so long for hers. We get ours right off, and 'tisn't fair for her to wait. Now;'' she added with satisfaction, "T'ye grot something of my very own to give to that family our Mission Band is going to send a basket to at Christmas. It feels lots nicer."
"On the first day of the New Year," mamma said, "Pạpa and I have decided to give you cach an allowance, out of whish you are to buy your gloves, handkerchiefs and ribions. Then, as we want you to learn to earn money too, Daisy shall do the dusting anci Neflie may nake the beds and straighten up the rooms for me in the norning, and we will pay you so much a week."
"Oh, thank yout, mamma. Oh, mamme, you amt papa fo so miuch for us, we don't want any pay""
"rhank you, dear; but if you do it regularly am? faithfully you will sare me getting a girl to do it, who would dn it altogether for pay. You can put love in ${ }^{2}$. your service. N'ow, how about God's share?"
"T'en cents out of every dollar; that's the tenth, isn't it?" said Nell immediately. "That belongs to God." "S'pose our gloves and ribbons and handkerchiefs all wear out, and nindy cents won't buy new 1 es?" Daisy questioned.
"S'pose the dollar wouldn't buy them?" Nell aske!.
"Then something would have to wait," Dasy answ1 ad Jaughingly.
"Then lot it wait wilh ninely cents. If that ien - mis is Geds, 'tisnt yours; and if you spend all your iinety on yourself, what are you going to have to giv, away? I want to carry my own money to Iband and Sunday-school, and have some to put away for forcign raissions." Nell gave her rolling-pin a flourish. "Mend your gloves-mamma will icach you,-don't lose your handlierchiefs, and do without ribbons. I sen, how to have money to give; and I'm going to get a bea :ind put 'The Lord's Tenth' on it, and putit in His penny iust as som as I earn, ten. and then it will be there, and I can't forgetiand. spend it and have to owe Him monev as well as thanks and love. I see the way to do, and I mean to begin right off. Here's mamma's panful of tenth cakes; Is thp orep hot:"-[Solected.]

## LEAVES FROM THE BRANCHES.

Nova Scotia and Newfoundland Branch.

As this will be my last report as Mission liand secretary, I. should like to ihunk the members who have so kindly helped me, and would ask for my successor the same sympathy and assistance which has been extenden to me.

The work among the Bands this year has been on the whole rather encouraging, though, as the returns are not yet in, we cannot teil what the funds are. We have still forty cight bands, four of last years have diect, and four new ones been added. The ones dropped ind practically ceased to exis. with the close of last year Several bands have re-organized, and are doing nobly.

I would ask every circle and band to try to get new subscribers for "Palm Branch." This is the time of year to start a club. Try it, and see what you can du.

We are closing the year, and some of our brightest hopes have not been fulfilled. Let us start the new one with fresh courage, determined to do all we can, as band members, to win the heathen world for Christ.

Marcia B. Brmen,
Band Secretary.
Halifas.
N. B. and P. E. I. Branch.

The Amiual Report Papers are just beginning to come in, and so far are encouraging.

BENTONT-The "Sadic Hart" Band reports the same number of members as last year, and a laree inereaso in funds.

It was delightful to find the first report received so encouraging.

SACKVILLF-Mit. Allison Circle has had seventytro members this year. Surely there are great possibilities in such a body of young workers as this.

Carsonville-Whe "Jennic Ford" Band, though but a few months old, has promptly sent in its ${ }^{\text {a/ }}$ encouraging report.

TAY-_"Tansy" Band began the ycar with cleven members, and has now thirty-five. Will any other show such an increase?

Fredericton.
E. E. C.
"SAD, BUT". TRUE."

The Editor sat In her easy chaif, But the Editor was not easy there.": A' perfect picture of dark despair Was the Ealtor in her easy. chalr!

Not perfectly original, friends, only a parody which fits well sometimes.

Now, what can be easier than an easy chair, and why should not the Editor be easy there? The case is clear. She has not, as George MacDonald says, "a free mind." She came home from a few days' rest to find everything empty, even the waste basket. That is the sad side of the story. Now we will give you a brighter side.

In a day or two a lot of letters from the young cousins came tumbling in, followed by an excellent article on "Medical Missions and Deaconess Work," by the young lady who has so kindly furnished us with Field Studies in the year that has passed; Band notes from two must faithful secretaries; a letter from Mass Long, of Kit-a-Mait; a suggested programme-andthe heart of the Editor revived.

Be sure to read the cditorial on 4th page.

## A COLLECTION JINGLE.

Little girl with mite-lox.
Chink! chink! chink!
0 , what do you think?
I've a little box here,
And it is very queer;
But the pennies within have a story to tell.

Chink! chink: chink! O, what do you think?
They are goling a trin-
On a big steamship,
And I am quite willing to bid them farewell.

Chlak! chlnk: chlak!
O. what do you think?

Dear friends, hear them cry:
"O, please let me fly,
To tell heathen children the sweet gospel news."

Chink! chink: chink!
This is what $I$ think:
T'would increase my'store
If I had a few more;
So I'll ask you for some, and please don't refuse:


[^0]:    "Pass not unmarked the islnnd in the sea
    Whose maters clain the most celelritg.
    In in front of Cinana, strethinf int a lenkticned line
    In iront of C:inn, which iss Minde shal
    dud shail cnlightepacd bẹ by holy faith dịipe:"

[^1]:    When was our Woman's Missionary Socicty organised, and where?

    When was the General Missionary Socicty Organizel?
    Why was it organized!
    How are we related to the Gencial Missionary Society."
    What largely decides our fields of labor?
    Name our fields in the order in which work was begun in them.

    In which is the iargest work?
    Name, and point out on map, our Mission stations in Japan

