THE ONLY One Cent Morning Paper IN CANADA 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

The Toronto World.

SUBSCRIPION THREE DOLLARS A YEAR TWENTY-FVIE CTS. A MONTH DELIVERED IN CITY AND SUBURBS 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

FOURTH YEAR. FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1883. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.

BUSINESS BEFORE THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE YESTERDAY.

Bills Read a Third Time—Bills in Committee—The House Moved into Committee of Supply.

The speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The following bills were read a third time:

To legalize a certain by-law of the town of Collingwood.

To amend the acts respecting the Lake Scugog and Marsh Lands Drainage company.

To enable the trustees and executrices under the will of Robert Wilkes to lease and sell certain real estate.

That the house would to-morrow resolve itself into a committee to consider resolutions. That cap. 86, R. S. O., subheading and other matters should extend to and include the maintenance of prisoners hereafter convicted by police magistrates under cap. 47 of 38 Victoria statutes of Canada for indictable offences and confined in any common jail in the province. Second. That where the jail is owned and maintained by city or municipality, surgeons' fees for prison service should be paid, first, from the city funds when the prisoner come from the city, and from the county funds when from the county. The following bills were passed in committee.

Respecting appeals to stipendiary magistrates from municipal assessment in Algoma, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing and Thunder Bay.

To facilitate the establishment of free libraries.

For protecting the public interest in rivers, streams and creeks.

The bill to consolidate and amend the acts as to juries and jurors was read a second time.

The bill to authorize cities, towns and villages to provide gas and other means of lighting and heating was referred to committee, received some amendments and was read a third time and passed. House was moved into committee of supply. Mr Lauder moved in amendment against the centralizing policy of the government by their usurpation for partisan purposes of powers before possessed by the municipalities and the judiciary which has struck a serious blow at the principles of self-government. He explained how the government had grasped power in regard to these appointments. The patronage of the government was used for political and partizan purposes. The government had not dared to grasp all this power at once, but took it little by little, until now the liberals went to the constituencies and defended it. The government had now taken the control of Upper Canada college and a man could not drive a nail there unless he was a supporter of the government.

Mr Hardy said there had been no change in regard to Upper Canada college.

Mr Harcourt said Mr Lauder had whined and grumbled, but had made no charge against the government which could be substantiated. The tu quoque (thou also) answer was sufficient answer when the course of his friends at Ottawa was considered. Look at what had been done there in regard to the weights and measures appointments. County judges had themselves approved of the appointments being taken out of their hands.

Mr Morris charged the government with taking the appointments to Upper Canada college into their own hand.

Mr Hardy said Mr Crooks had charge of these affairs and he was absent.

Mr Morris said the ministers should know what was going on in the other departments. The appointments to Upper Canada college had not originally been directly in the hands of the government.

Mr Balfour said the ominous resolution now before the house was made up of the odds and ends of the conservative convention held in this city, and if they could produce nothing better they would have little effect with the people.

Mr White replied to Mr Balfour about the matters in the county of Essex. He repeated the charges made in reference to use of the patronage made in the county. Mr Balfour would not again be elected in Essex.

Mr Waters said that in one instance the government had given increased power to the county councils, and it had not been shown what had been taken from the county councils. Mr O'Connor said if the resolution had been brought up in any other way that it could be amended and liberals vote for it. The opposition spoke as if they honored the house by sitting in it, and not as if the people had honored them by sending them there. He would remind the opposition when they cast dirt on this house, that it was an ill bird which fouled its own nest. Mr Boulter said that the county of Hastings had been ordered to raise the salary of the gaoler $200.

Mr Baxter said the $400 previously given was not enough to live on. The people in his county were entirely satisfied with the appointments made.

Mr Hardy challenged the statement of an instante in the county Lennox where a conservative had been dismissed to make way for a reformer. But a liberal postmaster had been dismissed because he signed a petition for an investigation into the affairs of the county which showed that the tory M P was a defaulter to the extent of $30,000. Mr Graham took the responsibilities for an appointment for which one of the ministers had been blamed. He said he made it amidst opposition cheers and laughter.

Mr Meredith showed the mistakes made by some of the preceding liberal speakers. He took Hon Mr Mowat to task for not replying to attacks made on the judges by liberal members. He charged Mr Mowat with appointing a relative police magistrate at Kingston. The attacks made on the judges in connection with their appointments were most unfair.

Mr Hardy said any member had a right to point out where the county judges had gone outside of their duties or had acted improperly in regard to them.

The amendment was lost by a vote of 25 to 49.

The house went into committee of supply, passed an item and adjourned at 11.10.

THE DISPUTED MAYORALTY.

Recount Drawing to a Close—Probabilities of A. R. Boswell's Success.

Further proceedings in the mayoralty recount took place at Osgoode hall yesterday afternoon before Mr Dalton, Q C, and the candidates and their counsel.

ARGUMENT OF COUNSEL.

The court proceeded to pass judgment on the ballots held in reserve, Mr Withrow starting out with a majority of 15. Mr Cameron, Q C, and Mr McDougall entered into a lengthy argument as to whether or not twelve ballots marked only with a straight line should be allowed. Mr Cameron contended for the affirmative, his client being interested in nine out of the twelve. He quoted an English authority in support of his contention, which was to the effect that any stroke on a ballot which indicated for what candidate the voter intended to vote was good, unless it was otherwise marked for purposes of identification. He ignored Canadian decisions to the contrary on the ground that the judges based their decision on an erroneous impression. Mr McDougall rebuked his learned friend for his reflection on our judiciary, and said the court was bound to accept the decision of the higher courts in the cases of North Victoria, Monck and South Wentworth, in each of which ballots not bearing a cross were rejected. His lordship reserved his decision.

JUDGMENT ON THE BALLOTS.

There was no argument on the remainder of Mr. Withrow's ballots, 20 of which were allowed, 5 rejected and 6 reserved. This 20 added to the 15 before stated, gave Mr. Withrow a majority of 35, with 6 votes yet in reserve.

Mr. Boswell's 68 reserved ballots were then dealt with. The court allowed 36, rejected 1 and reserved the remainder.

RECAPITULATION.

Boswell	36
Withrow	35
Majority for Boswell	1

There yet remain 31 of Boswell's ballots and 6 of Withrow's for the court's decision, but irrespective of this it was pretty generally admitted at the close of the proceedings that Mr. Boswell will not be disturbed in his occupancy of the civic chair this year.

The Executive Committee.

A meeting of the executive committee was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Ald Clarke in the chair. Lieut-Col Otter, on behalf of the Ontario Rifle association, was granted $10 for the association.

A communication was read from the police magistrate requesting that the fine in the case of Capt Twitchell be remitted. Granted.

A petition was submitted, signed by a large number of citizens, praying that the number of tavern and hotel licenses in the city should not exceed 150, and shop licenses 50.

Ald Davies thought that such petitions should be addressed to the Ontario government only, the city had nothing to do with it. After some slight discussion it was decided to lay the petition on the table.

A Mr Pyne entered a protest against paying an alleged excess of taxes, amounting to $20, on his income. The committee ruled that the petition be not entertained on account of negligence in appealing.

A Brassfounder's Flight.

Chas. A Kelly, a partner and book-keeper in the firm of Booth & Son, brassfounders, has been missing since Monday last, and the only conclusion that can be arrived at is that he has absconded. Kelly was looked upon by the head partner, Mr. Ald Booth, as worthy of the fullest confidence. Nothing was suspected until a couple of weeks ago, when Kelly was discovered to be going it rather recklessly. Ald Booth does not at present know how far Kelly's misdoings will affect his business, but it is thought the result will be serious and an assignment is imminent. Mr Booth has tendered his resignation to Mayor Boswell as alderman from St David's ward. Kelly was only known to have about $500 with him when he left, $150 of which he has since returned. He and his wife left the city together on Tuesday.

$45,000 Settled It.

Before Chief Justice Wilson yesterday the non-jury case of the Hall manufacturing company against Edwards was continued. Some time ago the Masson manufacturing company of Oshawa assigned to the plaintiffs. Among the stockholders of the Masson company was the defendant, Richard Edwards, who held a large amount of stock. In the present act on the plaintiffs sue him for the amount due by him on shares, which he had not paid up. The defendant contends that he paid this in dividends due him by the Masson Manufacturing company. The company in answer to this say that no dividends were ever declared. Just as the court was about to rise a settlement was announced, viz: the plaintiffs to receive $45,000.

Grand Opera House.

Muldoon's Picnic drew an immense audience last evening at this theatre. Originally a farce in one act, the Picnic through the inimitable acting of Barry and Fay, has developed into a three act play. The audience were literally in roars of laughter through the three acts from the comicalities of the boon companions, Muldoon and Mulcahey. The ladies in the piece were well up in their respective parts, as also were all the gentlemen in the cast. It is, however, a play that justice can hardly be done to by a written description. It must be seen to be appreciated. Muldoon's Picnic will be on the rest of the week, with a Saturday matinee, and will doubtless draw crammed houses at each performance if last night be a criterion.

A Generous Firm.

The new library and recreation room erected by Ald H E Clarke & Co at their trunk factory in west King street for the use of the employees was formally dedicated last night. A very pleasant entertainment took place. Ald Clarke presided, and there were present besides the workmen and their wives and sweethearts, Ald Taylor, Crocker, Geo Evans, Ball and Hallam. The employees who are compelled to bring their dinners with them to work will now have a comfortable room to eat in and ample appliances for cooking and heating. The reading-room will contain the daily and other papers and a large number of good books.

MONTREAL'S CARNIVAL.

MAGNIFICENT SUCCESS OF THE WEEK'S FESTIVITIES.

Banquet to Distinguished Strangers—Conclusion of the Bonspiel—Celebration of Burn's Anniversary.

MONTREAL, Jan 25—The civil banquet to the mayors of cities and other distinguished strangers took place at the Windsor hotel at 11 o'clock this morning. The mayor presided and all the principal officials were present, as also the citizens' committee. A pleasant hour was spent in short speeches and courtesies between the hosts and their guests. Every visitor who addressed the assembly spoke with delight about the brilliant success of the carnival. The centre of attraction this afternoon is upon the great field of ice on the mighty St Lawrence opposite the city. The trotting races have drawn an immense number of spectators, and the skating races also. Although there was a severe frost last night the atmosphere to-day is almost springlike and balmy. Excursion trains brought hundreds more this morning to witness the revelry going on in the city.

The curling bonspiel was also continued and as usual monopolized the Scotchmen and their lassies until all was concluded. There was a grand stampede by vehicles and pedestrians in the evening to get off the ice, as the temperature was lowering. It occasioned much fear to those who looked on from the roadway above. The evening was ushered in by a renewed illumination of the palace of beauty, which drew thousands as last night to witness and wonder at its magnificence. Such a gorgeous sight as this icy building presents under electric illumination almost surpasses the imagination.

The grand fancy dress carnival in the Victoria rink, and a concert in celebration of Burns' anniversary, wound up the day.

IMPORTANT ARREST IN LONDON.

A Man Charged with Stealing Several Thousands—As Usual there is a Lady in the Case.

LONDON, Ont., Jan. 25.—A man of stylish appearance, and probably about thirty-four years of age, and first registered at the Tecumseh house on the 16th as "Marais H. Newman, Wattsville, O.," was arrested last night by Detective Fair and the chief of police at the Grand Trunk railway station and locked up in the police station. On the police blotter he was put down as a resident of Chicago, and charged with larceny. He is charged with having in his possession $2600 and other moneys, and a lot of valuable jewelry obtained by fraud. The complainant is Mr. George Arbuckle of Paris, Ill., who claims to be the loser of enough money to ruin him. As far as could be ascertained the prisoner was a partner with Mr. Arbuckle in a branch of the stock exchange business at Chicago. Newman's brother is said to have been connected in the business and is also missing from Chicago. This unusual case is further complicated by having connected with it "a decidedly handsome and interesting young woman" according to descriptions given by persons who have seen her at the hotel. When Newman first arrived he came alone; subsequently he made arrangements at the Tecumseh for a large and comfortable room. About Saturday he went away, but returned Sunday with the young lady, and registered "N Newman and wife, N Y." The proprietors of the hotel suspected that the affair had gone no further than an engagement, and subsequently assigned the couple separate rooms. Newman appeared to become very wrathy at having doubts thus thrown upon his social status. The young lady is said to belong to a highly respectable family in Chicago. Yesterday evening she broke completely down, went into hysterics, and fainted several times. The folly of her runaway (if such it was) caused her the greatest distress. At to-day's police court Newman was remanded for further enquiry. It is said he brought $9000 with him, and that if he will disgorge a compromise will be effected. He claims, however, to be entirely innocent of any wrong-doing.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The Stock Listed in Montreal and Quoted Several Points Up.

MONTREAL, Jan. 25.—Canada Pacific railway stock was "listed" on the stock exchange to-day, and subsequently sold up to 62½.

The Unrecognized at the Milwaukee Fire.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 25—The funeral of the unrecognized victims of the Newhall house disaster occurred this forenoon. Nearly all business was suspended. Twenty-three bodies were awarded to the protestants and twenty to the catholics. The protestant services were held at the exposition building, which was densely crowded. A steam pipe exploded in the gallery. The crowd made a rush for exits, but it was soon quieted. Nobody was hurt. The catholic services in the cathedral were in charge of the archbishop. After services a procession was formed and joined, the forming line over two miles length. All the militarp bodies and most of the societies in the city participated. Six thousand were in line.

A "Decent" Event.

QUEBEC, Jan 25—The splendid public ball given by Mayor Langelier last night is the chief topic of conversation and the object of general praise to-day. Even the clerical organs, alluding presumably to the exclusion of fast dances from the program, speak of it in the highest terms, pronouncing it the most decent event of its class for many years, and inviting French catholics generally to copy the excellent example of their first magistrate, while all agree in saying that he does the honors of the mayoralty right royally, being a gentleman of good taste as well as great energy. This adds a feather to the liberal cap from an unexpected quarter.

Iron Interests Consolidated.

COLUMBUS, O, Jan 25—The coal and iron interests of Hereking valley will be consolidated and a company be incorporated soon with $10,000,000 capital stock, with R Buchtel as president and leading operator in the directory. Most of these operators had given the Standard Coal and Iron company options on their property in both mines and furnaces, but became tired of waiting and have formed a consolidation of their own so as to control trade and be able to dictate railroad freight rates and protect themselves against ruinous competition and labor troubles.

THE BREEZY BOARD.

An Interesting Meeting of the Separate School Trustees.

A special general meeting of the separate school board was held yesterday evening in St John's hall, Bond street. There were present Vicar General Rooney, chairman; Messrs W Burns, Petley, Charles Burns, Herson, Kelly, Herbert, Thompson, Gibson Nolan, Ryan; Fathers Laurent and Bergin, and Dr. McConnell.

Immediately on the chair being taken, Mr. Ryan brought in a motion that Mr. Herbert be elected secretary-treasurer of the board for the ensuing year.

Upon this Mr C Burns promptly gave it as his opinion in terms more forcible than courteous that it this was a general meeting of the board the minutes of last meeting must be read first, if it was a special meeting no member of the board had any business to bring in any matter that was not specially appointed for such meeting. Discussion on the point waxed warm when the chairman at length ruled the reading of the minutes.

Mr Ryan then sustained his motion, when an amendment was moved that Dr McConnell be appointed secretary-treasurer for 1883.

Dr McConnell rose and firmly declined the nomination. If he knew that any member of the board was averse to his appointment he would not accept it under any consideration.

Moved by Mr Ryan, seconded by Mr. Herbert, that Dr McConnell's resignation be accepted. This was put to the meeting.

Mr Ryan cried: "Carried."

Mr Herson—"I would like to know if Ryan runs this board?"

This was the signal for a regular "confusion of tongues" in which some half dozen gentlemen participated with great vigor and earnestness.

Finally Mr Ryan moved, seconded by Mr Herbert, that Rev Father Bergin be appointed to the position.

Mr Petley moved, Mr Kelly seconded, that Mr Herson be the choice of the meeting.

Mr Herson moved, seconded by Wm Burns, that Mr C Burns be appointed.

Mr Burns did not come to the meeting to seek a position; he therefore wanted his name dropped.

Mr Herson also asked to be excused.

Mr Kelly reminded the board that no man can withdraw without the consent of mover and seconder.

Mr Ryan said there was a difference between withdrawing a motion and a member resigning.

These passes were profusely interlarded with sundry promiscuous cross firing from different members of the board, rendering the proceedings very interesting.

The motion being put, Father Bergin was declared elected.

At this stage of the proceedings Mr Geo. McMurrich, a member of the public school board, was introduced as a visitor. Mr McMurrich was happy to be present among fellow workers in the cause of education. They were all working for the same end, —the training of the youth. Each profited by the experience and workings of the other. He hoped that they would not fail to visit and notice the operations of the public schools.

The following officers were then elected for 1883: Superintendent of local schools, his grace Archbishop Lynch; assistant secretary, Mr Hall; auditor, Mr Ryan.

A striking committee was then appointed to strike the various standing committees for the year. After an adjournment of fifteen minutes they reported as follows:

Finance—Messrs Nolan, Herson and Burns.

Management and supplies—Father Laurent, W Ryan, Gibson, O'Connor and Dr McConnell.

Sites and building committee—Messrs Kennedy, Herbert and Thompson.

For the consideration of these the board then went into a committee of the whole, Mr C Burns in the chair.

Father Bergin moved in amendment to the finance committee, Messrs Herson, Ryan and Burns. Lost.

Mr Petley asked to know how many meetings Dr McConnell attended last year.

A voice—"One or two."

Mr Herson said that Dr McConnell's duties would prevent him from taking an active part in the duties of the committee.

It was then moved in amendment by Father Laurent, seconded by Mr Petley that Mr Wm Burns be substituted for Dr McConnell.

Mr Ryan liked to know if any other member could be guaranteed to attend any more regular than the doctor has done.

Amendment put and lost.

Mr Petley expressed dissatisfaction at the manner in which the members voted.

Mr Bergin—How many times do you want to vote on this?

Mr Petley—As many as is necessary.

The chairman then took the chair. Mr Jas Mason was chosen senior representative of the board at the free library with Mr Scully as junior representative.

Several unimportant matters were then discussed after which the meeting adjourned.

DR WILD, THE RAINBOW, AND THE EARTH.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: I noticed some extracts of a sermon on the rainbow by Dr Wild in your paper lately; its being placed in the cloud as a sign and covenant between God and man, and a promise that God would not again destroy his people by a flood, but in another part of the same sermon he tells us the earth will be destroyed by fire! Now this really requires no disenchantment nor much rational thought to impress one very forcibly with this idea: what does it signify if we are only to escape drowning only to be all burned up. I think as a matter of choice the great majority of mankind would much prefer being drowned to that of being burned up. I do not write this in a fault-finding spirit, nor would I detract one iota from the fair fame of Dr Wild, because I believe him to have all the qualities of a great and good man. He speaks again of the bow being in the concave form to us. Could it ever have been otherwise? I imagine not. We can't conceive of two mountains near together without a hollow between them; it would be as rational to suppose the latter as to suppose the former could be convex to us. Again he says: "science shows, I believe, that the world is now preparing for fire." To this I say that science can no more tell us what our world is being prepared for than Vennor can tell six months ahead what the weather is going to be. If we have indications in the past of a sort of drying up process, it is most probable that it is only periodic, and likely to be followed by a wet or moistening period. A great many of our scientific treatises may take the place of high falutin novels, but they won't take a very fast grip on men who know the difference between corn and chaff. VOILA,

Meaford, Jan 23.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE.

MEMBERS OF FAMILIES THAT HAVE REIGNED TO BE EXPELLED.

Denial of the Ex-Empress that Her Visit Had any Political Object—Provisions of the Bill against the Pretenders.

LONDON, Jan 25—The ex-Empress Eugenie says she neither saw nor wrote to Prince Napoleon, nor attempted to do so. She had no communication with the French government, nor hint that her departure was considered necessary. She returned to London, having accomplished the object of her journey, which was simply one of family sympathy with the Princess Mathilde.

The Times says that while France is passing through a crisis as severe as any she had experienced since the fall of Thiers, it is comforting to reflect that in all the other countries of Europe there reigns a tranquility, which for the present nothing is likely to invade.

PARIS, Jan 25—Figaro and Gaulois say the report of the magistrate conducting the inquiry into the case of Prince Napoleon, states that sufficient cause has not been shown for further proceedings. This report will not be published until the chamber of deputies has decided in regard to the bill against pretenders to the throne.

Ministers had another conference with the committee of the chamber of deputies on the bills against the pretenders and promised consideration of the decision that the committee came to. The committee subsequently adopted a proposition excluding from the French territory the Orleans princes and all members of families having reigned in France, depriving them of political rights and declaring them ineligible to any office, and preventing them belonging to the army. Transgressors of the proposed law will be amenable to the correctional tribunals and liable to from one to five years imprisonment, after which they will be again expelled. The discussion revealed wide divergences between the views of the ministry and the committee. Provost enquired whether the ministry would use permissive powers if granted. The only answer was that they would examine the matter. Falleres, minister of the interior, declared that no danger existed threatening the republic. Some troublesome desires existed, but they have no chance of realization. No conspiracy, he thought, considering the general feeling of the nation, could become formidable.

It is announced that the Count de Chambord has no notion of issuing a manifesto under the present circumstances.

At the conference to-day Billot, while favoring the Orleans princes, admitted the conduct of some of them was not such as he could altogether approve. He confessed that the Duc de Chartres had left his regiment without leave to visit the Duc Daumale's camp. Billot blamed the officers of the army for addressing the princes as monseigneur when off duty, and admitted the inconvenience of having a prince in the army, for where there were planets there would be satellites. Billot acquiesced in the statement that the committee which confirmed the commissions of the princes was Orleanist in composition.

It is reported President Grevy has refused to sign the decree of expulsion against Prince Jerome on the ground that a special law on the subject must first be voted. Prince Jerome is suffering from an affection of the heart. At the Elysee to-night the word dissolution was heard, but the result of a general parliamentary election at the present crisis is feared.

M. Billot pointed out before the expulsion committee to-day that if the appointment of the Duc D'Aumale as general of division is cancelled, and all official work done by him will fall to the ground, notably the sentence passed on Marshal Bazaine.

SEVENTH SONS OF SEVENTH SONS

Their Alleged Peculiar Powers to Cure All Ailments—Excitement Among the Afflicted at Troy, N.Y.

TROY, Jan 25—Andrew Coram, spike maker, the seventh son of a seventh son, reputed to possess marvellous gifts of healing, has been compelled to abandon his accustomed labor and devote himself to the lame, halt and blind. Yesterday Coram's house was thronged with persons on crutches or on limping legs, or with sore eyes, all seeking relief which in some cases was given.

Charles Brody, engaged as a catcher on the Cleveland baseball nine, is at home in Lansingburg, and asserts that he is also the seventh son of a seventh son. He intends to try to heal the sick after instructions from Coram.

THE MANITOBA ELECTIONS.

A Majority for the Government of Eight

WINNIPEG, Jan. 25.—The returns show: Ministerialists, 18; opposition, 11, with one place to hear from.

Masked Burglars at Work.

DETROIT, Mich, Jan 25—At 2 o'clock yesterday morning the door of Mason's store at Sandwich was broken open with a sledge-hammer by four burglars. They found the watchman in bed, and after gagging and tying him, blew the safe open but found no money. The till was robbed of $30 and $70 taken from the watchman. After helping themselves to a box of cigars and several bottles of brandy they left. It is thought that they came from this side, and crossed the river on the ice. The police of Windsor were notified, but could get no clew to the identity of the masked burglars.

Killed by the Cars.

DETROIT, Jan 25—At 8 o'clock on Wednesday morning a teamster named Charles Bradwell was driving across the Grand Trunk railway track at Port Huron when a Detroit passenger train dashed into his wagon, cutting it in two and injuring him so badly that he died in a few moments. He was walking along the side of the wagon, and as the morning was cold had his head tied up with a large muffler, which drowned the noise of the approaching train. He was 22 years of age and unmarried. His parents live at Guelph, Ont. The horses escaped unhurt.

A Fight Arranged.

PITTSBURG, Pa, Jan. 25—McFerron and McIntosh, Pittsburgers, have arranged a prize fight for $500 a side to take place near here in a few days.

PERSONAL.

Fiotow, the composer, is dead.

The Marquis of Lorne has arrived at Washington.

Sir Alexander Campbell, who has been ill for some time, is somewhat improved in health.

Richard Deasy, lord justice of appeal, lies dangerously ill in Dublin. Only faint hopes of his recovery are entertained.

Mr John White, M P, is in Ottawa and yesterday had an interview with the minister of railways in connection with the Murray canal.

H M S Dido, 12 guns, 2520 tons, Capt Domville, sailed from Charleston, S C, yesterday forenoon for Bermuda, bearing the Princess Louise.

CANADIAN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Damage to the value of $500 was done to the lower town market at Ottawa yesterday by fire.

The fire-hall and J W Barry's pork, wool and hide store at Bradford, Ont, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is covered by insurance.

A Scotch forger in Edinburgh having absconded is being searched for in Montreal. His name is Peddie, and his rascalities amount to $22,000.

The medical faculties at Montreal are about to petition the government to enforce the existing laws, so as to compel the hospital authorities to give up unclaimed corpses for dissection.

It is understood that the judiciary and bar of the district have waited upon Premier Mousseau to urge the erection of a new court house upon the site of the old Jesuit barracks property, and that the legislature will be petitioned to the same effect.

The Quebec Vigilance association, in the interests of temperance, have discussed the petition lately presented to the provincial treasurer in Montreal relative to the necessity of an improved license system. Some further amendments of a useful character are being proposed and accepted.

Mr Eneas McMaster of Scottstown, Que, and late manager there of the Glasgow Canadian Land and Trust company, was arrested on the eve of his departure for Australia for embezzlement of $15,000 from the estate. He held a high position where he lived in the province of Quebec, and was lately a candidate for parliament.

UNITED STATES TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

It is stated that the United States reciprocity treaty with Mexico was on Tuesday signed by both sides.

The water of the Genesee river at Rochester, N Y, was never so low as now. Many mills are inconvenienced and working people thrown out of employment.

On Wednesday evening at Winchester, Mass, a man and five ladies were coasting in a sled which struck a post. The man is uninjured, but all the ladies are injured, one dangerously. Three were picked up unconscious.

The body of Samuel Young, a wealthy farmer, has been found under the ice of the canal at Dayton, O. When found, some money that he was known to have had in his possession was gone, and two large gashes inflicted by an axe appeared on his forehead.

FOREIGN CABLE NEWS.

The Moscow Telegraph has received a second warning for violation of the press laws.

A Brazilian loan of 4½ per cent put on the market by Rothschild at 89, has been more than subscribed.

The streets of Berlin were decorated yesterday in honor of the silver wedding of the crown prince and princess, who received many visits of congratulations.

The president of the German Reichstag has received 42,000 marks from the New York brewers and hop and malt dealers for the relief of sufferers by the floods.

The British troops af Alexandria engaged in manœuvres yesterday in imitation of the siege of Cairo. The warlike display gave rise to rumors among the natives creating some excitement.

A Vienna despatch says the emperor gave an audience to DeGiers yesterday and a banquet in the evening. The Russian ambassador, Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, president of the Austrian consulate and other notabilities were present.

The new irredentist association at Trieste entitled the Overdank club having issued a paper of an insulting nature the police arrested several members. The burgomaster of Versa, who arrested Overdank, is constantly receiving threatening letters.

Spreading Republican Principles.

ROCHESTER, Jan 25—In fulfilment of a resolution recently adopted, the Munroe county land league to-day sent a large number of copies of the declaration of independence and constitution of the United States to Ireland for the purpose of spreading the spirit of republicanism in that country. Copies were also sent the liberal papers of Great Britain, Europe and Australia.

Peru to Sue for Peace.

CAGAMARA, Jan 25—The assembly passed a resolution to treat for immediate peace with or without Bolivia, provided the republic retains its independence and is not stripped of all resource of regeneration. Logan's recall is expected because of the letter written to Montero.

Rossin House Fire Escapes.

Mr Irish is not to be behind hand in providing for the security of the guests of the Rossin house. He has had red globes put over the gas jets at the entrance to the stairways, and always kept burning. In panics an excited guest would know instinctively that the red lights indicated stairways. In every room a coil of three-fourth inch rope, sufficient to reach to the ground, is being put in. Also a diagram showing the plan of the house, the hallways, stairways, etc, and also an illustration showing how to use the coil of rope in lowering oneself from the window should a fire panic occur.

No Extradition Papers Yet.

Mr F Fenton, county crown attorney, anxiously awaited the arrival of the mail from Ottawa yesterday at noon, expecting that the papers for the extradition of Wm A Hall to the United States would arrive. However they did not come up, and Detective Reeves and Deputy-Sheriff Wright of Newark, N J, who were in waiting in Mr Fenton's office, looked rather glum over the delay. As there is is so much red tape in the departments at Ottawa probably this will partly account for it.

MATTERS IN IRELAND.

HEALY PREFERS IMPRISONMENT TO BEING RELEASED ON BAIL.

Speech by Ex-Secretary Forster at Leeds—Relief For the Starving—Threats Against the Relatives of the Informer Farrell.

DUBLIN, Jan 25—Healy, who with Davitt and Quinn, was required to find security for good behavior, says he will refuse to give bail, and will go to prison. Joseph Cowen, radical member of parliament, offers to become bondsman for Healy or Davitt.

SLIGO, Ireland, Jan 25—A gunboat has gone to Innismoray, Ireland, with provisions for the inhabitants reported to be starving.

LONDON, Jan 25—The Times commenting on the election at Mallow says the demonstration of the prevailing opinion there which is not likely to be more violent than in the surrounding districts, is a defiance of the government and all English parties.

DUBLIN, Jan 25—Police are guarding the house of the farmer Farrell in consequence of threats of violence against his mother and sister.

LIMERICK, Jan 25—A hurricane here to-day caused serious damage. Houses were blown down. Shipping suffered.

LONDON, Jan 25—Ex-Secretary Forster speaking at the Leeds liberal club to-night, referring to the question whether Ireland should have the same franchise as England and Scotland said he believed there was only one direction in which they could hope to settle the Irish question, that was by making Ireland one country with England and Scotland. (Applause.) The only way to meet home rule and a dissolution of the union was by treating the Irish people as we would treat ourselves. (Renewed applause.) The extension of household suffrage to Ireland, however, must depend upon the state of that country at the time the new reform bill was introduced.

LONDON, Jan 25—It is reported that important evidence has been obtained regarding the perpetrators of outrages in the last two years in the west of Ireland. The police anticipate capturing all the members of an organization which promoted the crimes, also persons concerned in the murder of Lord Mountmorris. A man, believed to have taken part in the murder of Blake and his servant Flynn near Loughrea, is now in America. If found it is surmised he will turn queen's evidence and disclose the names and whereabouts of his associates.

THE CIMBRIA DISASTER AND THE SULTAN.

Discipline on the German Steamers—The Feeling Against the Sultan's Captain Subsiding.

HAMBURG, Jan 25—The irritation against the captain of the steamer Sultan is rapidly abating. Two Germans on the Sultan at the time of the disaster have been examined before the magistrate, and fully confirm the statement of the captain. The Sultan' captain and crew are perfectly safe.

BUFFALO, N Y, Jan 25—Dr Louis Schade, of this city, was for a number of years surgeon on the steamship Cimbria, recently sunk. He says the discipline on the Cimbria was very strict, and that captains of smaller English steamers plying between English ports and Hamburg always acted as though they had the right of way. There was some feeling in consequence between the German and English captains, and complaints by the former in regard to the conduct of the latter were often made, but no attention paid to them.

ENGLAND AND TURKEY

The Porte Protests Against Usurpation of Its Rights in Egypt.

VARNA, Jan 25—The porte sent a note to the powers pointing out that the English note concerning Egypt is at variance with Turkey's admitted rights over Egypt. The porte has also requested the Turkish ministers abroad to call attention to the absolute necessity of the strict observance of the sovereign rights of the porte. Germany has advised the sultan to accept the English proposals as they are in the interest of Turkey itself.

The Agricultural Convention at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan 25—In the agricultural convention to-day an important paper was read by Prof Jas Law, of Cornell university, upon the cattle traffic and its relation to cattle plagues. After discussion of the paper, a resolution was adopted favoring the Hatch bill passed by the house in June last, and for the appointment of a committee of seven to bring the importance of the measure to the attention of the committee on agriculture in the senate. A resolution was adopted endorsing the act of the secretary of the treasury in enforcing a strict quarantine of cattle imported from foreign countries, and urging congress to make suitable appropriation to enable the secretary to continue this work.

Elections Petitions Dismissed.

QUEBEC, Jan 25—The petitions against the election of De St George (liberal), to the commons in Portneuf; of Bosse (conservative), to the commons in Quebec Centre; and for Rinfret (liberal), for the local legislature in the same division, have been dismissed in the absence of proof of petitioners' charges of corruption. In the Portneuf case the personal disqualification of the sitting member was even asked, the petitioners claiming to be so sure of proving their case.

Aconite for Whisky.

BAYVIEW, Wis, Jan 25—Considerable excitement has been caused by the discovery that a drug clerk has been selling aconite for whiskey. A man died suddenly last night from the effects of the drug. Several sudden deaths of a recent occurrence will be investigated.

THE WEATHER BULLETIN.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, January 26, 1 a.m.

The temperature is below zero over nearly the whole of Canada, especially in the northern portion of the lower lake region, where it ranges from 20 to 23 degrees below.

Probabilities—Lakes—Winds shifting to the east and south, fair to cloudy weather, light snow in some localities; rising temperature, milder tomorrow.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

Date.	Steamship	Reported at	From
	ARRIVALS.		
Jan 25	Circassian	Moville	Hamburg
Jan 25	Sardinian	Liverpool	Portland
Jan 25	Peruvian	Antwerp	New York
Jan 25	Netherland	Antwerp	New York

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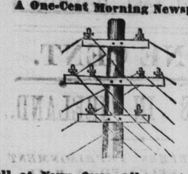

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FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1883.

THE C. P. R. AS A GREAT NATIONAL WORK.

The Globe says that by letting in foreign capitalists and putting the stock of the Canada Pacific railway upon the New York market the character of the concern as a great national undertaking has been destroyed. After this the possession of the stock by Canadians cannot be guaranteed for a day. As soon as the stock is made the sport of the bulls and bears of Wall street, all surety of Canadian control is gone; and the railway ceases to be the national line which was promised to the country by Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper.

Now, we do not believe this to be the real truth of the matter, even should Vanderbilt or some other American railway king obtain a large share of control over the Canada Pacific railway. We rather think that the peculiar relations of the company towards the Canadian government will yet be found, should a pinch come, to interfere very materially with any project of foreign control whatever. It may be that the powers reserved to the government in the charter, as well as those which it holds over all railways in the dominion by common law and British usage from time immemorial are quite sufficient, if firmly exercised, to defeat any such attempt as that indicated. Further, the Canada Pacific railway actually *is* a national work, in a sense and in a measure going beyond what we can apply to any other road owned by any company. That the road is to be built and maintained and run as a national undertaking is of the very essence of the contract. At a time when the government was engaged in building the road, it was decided to hand over the whole concern, on conditions, to a company. For what purpose, let it be asked? We answer, in order that the company should do what the government of the country and the public generally believed it could not do with convenience and without an objectionable mingling of party politics with the business of building and running railways. We utterly deny that the Canada Pacific Railway company owns *that* road, in the sense in which the English proprietors own the Grand Trunk, for instance. The company must be looked upon, not as the owner of the road, but as the agent of the government to finish it and run it for certain public purposes. There is at common law, and by statute law too, let us add, a general governmental power much more extensive than is generally supposed, over *all* railways no matter who their owners are. The Canada Pacific comes in like all other roads under this general rule. But in addition to this it comes under a special rule, particular to itself, as a road established by the government for national purposes; under certain broad and comprehensive conditions of agreement, which no subtlety of legal quibbling will be able successfully to dispute in court. The question, "Is it so nominated in the bond?" will be of no avail before any tribunal of last resort, against the plain statement of the *purpose* for which the company was chartered—of the *valuable considerations* for which the road was handed over. That will settle the case should it ever come up for trial.

But let us for a moment adopt the Globe's view, and say that the national character of the Canada Pacific railway has been lost through the admission of foreigners to a share in its control, to become possibly the lion's share some day. We have to ask how it happened that both political parties in Canada, differing in so many other respects, agreed that the Canada Pacific railway should not be built and run by the government, but should be handed over to a company? Sir John tried to get a company formed for this purpose ten or twelve years ago, but failed, owing to the Pacific scandal explosion. Afterwards Mr Mackenzie tried to get the thing taken up by a company, but he failed too—did not even get one offer, though he published liberal conditions. Sir John, coming back to power again, does get a company to undertake the job at last, and thus an idea common to both parties is carried out, though not in a way that the opposition approves of. Now how did it happen that public opinion in Canada, on both sides of politics, ran so heavily in favor of the government dropping this great national work and handing it over to a company?

We have no hesitation at all in making this answer: That the Globe, during the years when it was really a power in the country, was beyond all other immediate influences the chief one in creating a public opinion adverse to the building or running of railways by the government. From the beginning it has preached the doctrine advocated by Jeremy Bentham in the reign of George the Third, and by Herbert Spencer in the reign of Victoria, that governments should do as little as possible, and leave as much as possible to private enterprise. This doctrine, because it had a reform look about it, was of course readily adopted by reformers, while tories thought it was one of the points on which they might safely concede. Just as Palmerston, a real, genuine tory though professedly a whig, conceded free trade and made a pet of Cobden in order to divert popular attack from the church and the landowners, in which he succeeded for his day. *Apres nous le deluge*—his policy answered for the time; but when Disraeli and Gladstone came in they found other work to do. Canadian reformers could not help accepting the no government theory so strongly maintained by the Globe for over a quarter of a century; while the tories, overpowered by the weight of English text-books of political economy and the Globe together, dropped controversy on the subject. We repeat, however, that the Globe was, beyond all doubt, the great, active, immediate influence which created in Canada the public opinion that forced both parties into the position of favoring private rather than public control of the C. P. R. And our contemporary had better face manfully the responsibility which belongs to it in this matter.

ARGUS.

THE united effort of the people of Montreal in instituting a carnival of winter sports and in abandoning themselves for a few days to what out-door recreations our semi-polar climate permits of, has so far met with unexpected success. Participated in by great numbers of people, the demonstration has called forth a large amount of good natured enthusiasm. The fact that the festivities are identified with the characteristics of our country, no doubt served to lend enthusiasm to the acclamations that filled the air on the opening of the ice palace. It is an exhibition of the hardihood of a polar nation. Snow, which southern countries dread, is in Canada the life of trade, and the instrument of much enjoyment. As many young people congregate on sheets of ice in winter as are brought together in summer parks and green fields. Canada has learnt to subdue the rigors of winter and to transform its severest features into objects worthy of admiration. Montreal and St Petersburg are both noted for the gaiety of their winters. The one is the metropolis of the polar country of America, the other of the most northern country of Europe and Asia.

THE principles of draining and of the diffusion of sewer gas are little understood even by those who have made themselves subject to them. Sewer gas is not visible and tangible object like a rat, and people do not seem to be so desirous to get rid of the one as they are anxious to betrap and slaughter the other, and less harmless house pest. When members of the community are ignorantly endangering their lives by the escape of sewer gas, consequent on bad plumbing arrangements, then is the higher intelligence of our physicians and scientists justified in demanding that the plumbing of private houses in Toronto be subject to the inspection of qualified persons, the same as has been found necessary in New York and other cities. It is a scandalous thing to permit ignorant and indifferent plumbers to fit up a house with pipes in the cheap and gingerbread way many of them do. Their work should all be inspected, and that thoroughly.

IN OUR young days we are taught that all things have their uses. We accept the assertion then in good faith, but as we grow up we get more and more dubious, until finally we doubt its truth altogether. Especially is this the case as regards vermin. Sir John Lubbock long ago turned insects into aids to science, and now we are told that miners would not be without their rats. In that respect they are very different to other laboring men, who, above all other things, abominate the genus rat. But it is the rodent the miners affect, and not the man so called. In the silver mines of Nevada they are protected because they not only eat the waste from lunch baskets, thus assisting in keeping the air pure, but they give warning of impending danger by scampering away from the locality threatened. The miner profits by the rat's instinct and makes tracks also. In this manner many lives have been saved.

THE present condition of things in France calls to mind the description of the kingdom of France in Tennyson's medley by the "Tory member's oldest son":

(Pointing across the channel to France.)

But yonder, whiff! there comes a sudden heat,
The gravest citizen seems to lose his head,
The king is scared, the soldiers will not fight,
The little boys begin to shoot and stab,
A kingdom topples over with a shriek
Like an old woman, and down rolls the world
In mock heroic stranger than our own;
Revolts, republics, revolutions, most
No graver than a schoolboy's barring out,
Too comic for the solemn things they are,
Too solemn for the comic touches in them,
Like our wild Princess with as wise a dream
As some of theirs—God bless the narrow seas!
I wish they were a whole Atlantic broad.

IF NO sooner our new parliament buildings must be erected when the present weather-worn structure topples over or is consumed by fire. The devouring element, which is sometimes a kindly messenger, made an attempt yesterday morning to remove the structure from off the earth, but it so happened that a paid official of the government was prowling about watching, and the lambent flames were not allowed to complete a kindly act.

FOLLOWING so closely upon an extraordinary series of storms and disasters, the announcement of the discovery of a new comet by the Mexican astronomers on Sunday evening will doubtless be regarded by superstitious persons as an omen of more evils to come, especially if the comet should turn out to be a big one. With its shipwrecks, fires, floods, tempests and explosions, and the appearance of a new comet this month will not soon be forgotten.

A COMMON delusion among a certain class of Irishmen, and for that matter among a certain class of Englishmen, too, not to mention many Americans and even Canadians, is that Ireland does nearly all England's fighting; in other words that of Great Britain's army three-fourths hail from the Emerald Isle and the other fourth from Scotland. A return just issued shows that about a fifth of the army are Irish, about a thirteenth Scotch, and over seven-tenths English, the balance being Canadians, Australians and other colonists. The exact number of English is 124,434, of Irish 36,945, and of Scotch 13,723.

A LAST WORD TO VIATOR.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR; I have neither time nor inclination to follow your correspondent Viator in his dissection of Romanism—a subject which, to some minds, is apparently as attractive as to others it is repulsive. I merely wish to point out some instances in which Viator places himself in a false position, and one or two in which he misstates mine.

It is not true that Dr Newman left his intellectual garb behind him when he quitted the Anglican and joined the Roman communion. His "Apologia," his "Development of Christian Doctrine," his letters to Dr Pusey and the duke of Norfolk, and his noble hymns, unsurpassed by any in the English language, directly negative Viator's position.

It is not true that Dr Newman was "hidden away" by the Romanists for several years near Birmingham. After his admission to orders at Rome he returned to England in 1848 and established a branch of the Order of St Philip Neri at Birmingham—he being appointed the superior. He remained in the latter position—by no means hid under a bushel—for four years, and when he left it he was appointed to the more conspicuous but perhaps not more exalted position of rector of the newly established Roman catholic university in Dublin. As a matter of fact, I believe, Dr Newman still resides in Birmingham, where he has established, in connection with his old-time oratory, a school of higher studies for Roman catholic youth.

It is not true that the present writer ever suggested the church of Rome's being a champion of the truth as against the agnostics. What he did suggest was that unless Viator and his friends woke up to the necessity of combatting agnosticism, they would in another generation find their occupations gone, and that upon Rome would then devolve a task which is the present duty of the reformed churches. Unbelief is surely if slowly undermining—not the Roman catholics, but the Anglican and other protestant churches, while the influence of the protestant clergy is perceptibly diminishing, although they will not willingly admit the fact. Why is this if it is not because of their failing to grapple with, I submit, a much more serious danger to protestantism than the "mild" and "diluted" Romanism which so exercises Viator? In ostentatiously girding themselves for the combat with Rome, while they affect to be ignorant of the progress of unbelief, the clergy, unwittingly perhaps, but none the less conspicuously, display the weakness of their position.

It is not true that "Dr Lynch manifests flunkeyism to the opinions" (sic) "of the Ontario government." Only the other day Viator said that the pope, through Dr. Lynch, ruled the Ontario government. and that it was time to make a change so that Mr. Mowat should no longer do the work of Rome. Now your correspondent would have it appear that Rome is doing the work of Mr. Mowat and that the archbishop is his servant.

Viator wants convents placed under the surpervision of a government officer. Why? Because, forsooth, "protestant inmates are overawed—are required to make reverences to the Virgin and saints as a punishment;" and to "kiss the floor before her image." Even if this were true—which it is not—I ask who is to blame if not the protestant parents who send their children to be educated in those establishments? And why should any government interfere when the remedy is so easily attainable by individual attention!

And if Romanism in Ontario is so "mild" and "dreadfully diluted," as Viator says it is in the person of Dr Lynch, where is the danger of it and why should "English catholics" be so terribly afraid of it? Surely it ought to be a source of great satisfaction to find that the "presbyterian Mr Mowat" has got the Roman Dr Lynch so thoroughly under his thumb that that venerable prelate "manifests flunkeyism" to the government's "opinions."

The concluding and rhapsodical portion of Viator's letter is unique. He travels out of his chosen domain of Romanism in Ontario and attacks the state church in Quebec, which, he says, ought not to be allowed to hold what he calls "crown property," any more than the Anglican and presbyterian churches were allowed to hold clergy reserves. This opens up a wide field for controversy, upon which I shall not enter. I would simply recommend your correspondent to get up without delay a petition to the government of Sir John Macdonald, asking it to introduce a measure during the coming session of the dominion parliament for the disestablishment of the French catholic church in Quebec; the appropriation of its revenues and the extinction of the proprietary rights of the seminary of St Sulpice in the city and on the island of Montreal, acquired under the treaty of 1759. That is the only seemingly practical way that suggests itself to me for bringing about the result so ardently hoped for by Viator and his friends. When it is attained, English catholics will no doubt have opportunities for proselytism in the French catholic villages, and bringing the simple-minded habitants within the English communion. If the only impediment to such action now is the state church, I ask why is not action initiated in Ontario where the church is unendowed and where the character of Romanism is 'weak and diluted?'

Into the question of precedence as affecting Dr Lynch and Dr Sweatman, I shall not enter further than to remark that protestant nonconformists do not recognize ecclesiastical distinctions and are unconcerned as to which of these prelates claims first place at government house or at the speaker's dinner. It is only English catholics who are troubled about such matters. The pope of Rome, as a spiritual sovereign, has an undoubted right to confer an archbishopric on Dr Lynch or any other churchman, but it is questionable whether a temporal sovereign like Queen Victoria has an equally defensible right to nominate an archbishop of Canterbury, though that right has been maintained ever since the reformation.

In conclusion I again enter a protest against people like your correspondent stirring up religious discord as he has attempted to do, and invoking special legislation for an object which all men of common sense know to be unattainable. It is too late in the day to talk of forming out of the two existing political parties in this province a dominant protestant party which shall ignore the political, religious and personal rights of one fifth of our population. "Riding the protestant horse" is an amusement in which some grown up children occasionally indulge in secret; but those same children become docile servants of a political party when election time comes round, and not a few of them are at this moment prepared to sacrifice the dearest interests of their province because it is the price demanded by the French catholic bleus of Quebec for supporting their political leader. Let Viator in a "manly, open, truthful and English" way combat what he deems the errors of Rome, at proper times and in proper places, bringing to his aid the charity that thinketh no evil, but let him avoid preaching to auditors who have no taste for such controversy, and who cannot by any process of argument be led outside the liberal groove carved out for them in a former generation by those who battled and won in the glorious fight for civil and religious liberty.

MILES.

Toronto, Jan 24, 1883.

"Too late to whet the sword when the trampet sounds to draw it." But never too late to whet your appetite by taking Kidney Wort, restoring health, and making yourself a well, strong, healthy man. It is unequalled as a remedy for all liver, bowels and kidney diseases. All druggists keep and recommend it.

MANITOBA MATTERS.

There are 1300 miles of railway constructed in Manitoba and the Northwest.

Chief Engineer James of the Canada Pacific railway, is laid up at Winnipeg suffering from a severe illness.

Minnie Hauk, having completed a very successful series of concerts in Winnipeg under the auspices of the local Philharmonic society, efforts are being made to induce her to return in the spring and sing in grand opera.

The Saskatchewan Mining and Gold Dredging company has applied for letters patent of incorporation. The Saskatchewan Coal Mining and Transportation company has also applied for incorporation. The chief place of business of the company is to be at Winnipeg. The proposed amount of capital stock is $500,000, to be divided into 5000 shares of $100 each.

The population of Winnipeg in 1872 was 1000; in 1875, 3000; in 1879, 7000; in 1882, 25,000. The assessed property in 1875 was 82,635,000, and in 1882, $30,000,000. The number of buildings erected in 1882 was 1368, and the cost $5,000,000. The imports in 1882 amounted in value to $8,222,000 against $2,827,000 in the previous year. The duties collected in 1872 were $47,840, and in 1882 $1,587,327. The deposits in the postoffice savings banks amounted to $18,731 in 1872, and ten years later to $611,000.

Mr. Samuel Sinclair, a Lake Winnipeg trader, states that one day lately he diverged from the trail to visit Dien Lake, a small sheet of water north of Lake Winnipeg. When coasting along the shore he came to a rock which jutted out into the water, a strange looking projection. The edge of the ledge attracted his attention, and he ventured out to see what it was. To his surprise he found it to be the skeleton of a large animal, somewhat resembling a buffalo petrified. The form of the animal is almost as perfect, Mr Sinclair says, as if it were alive. Mr Sinclair has marked the spot, and intends to return next spring and remove the relic for the purpose of presenting it to the government for the geological institution.

The officers of the Manitoba rifle association for the year are: Patron, Hon Donald A Smith; vice-patrons, C J Brydges, his worship the mayor, and A W Ross, M P; president, Mr Ledley Blanchard; first vice-president, Capt McKeand; second vice-president, Mr T P Murray; secretary-treasurer, Capt Street, re-elected: council, Lt-Col Attwood, Capt Wastie, Capt Scoones, Lt Disbrowe, Capt Boswell, Trooper McLatchie, Sergt Huston, Trooper Cullin, Corp Worsnop, Pte Clarke and Sgt McNab; representatives at Dominion rifle association, Capt Scott, M P, and Hugh Sutherland, M P. At the annual meeting held at Winnipeg on the 16th a balance of $360 on the right side of the ledger was shown. The expenses of the year were over $3000. The association resolved to affiliate with the National rifle association of England.

* Among the ladies who may read this there may be several sickly ones who have made up their minds to act on the old saw which specifies that "What can't be cured, must be endured." While the truth of the old proverb is self-evident it is just possible they may have erred in judgment as to the possibilities of the healing art outside of the medical profession, and before giving up in despair they had better test the efficacy of Mrs Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is now attracting universal attraction.

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The profit results for the last quinquennium have given the greatest satisfaction to our policy-holder

These profit results have created some jealousy on the part of interested parties, who have adopted the questionable means of attacking this association through the columns of the Insurance Times of New York, and by the circulation of that periodical and reprints and other anonymous communications, at

These self constituted public benefactors no doubt fancied they were safe, but the Directors know them and TO-DAY A WRIT FOR LIBEL has been issued against the first batch of three who will be afforded ample opportunity to prove their slanderous statements or take the consequences. The others will have attention in due course.

This Association can afford to submit to the fullest investigation and the directors are prepared to giv good reason for any act of theirs which may be called in question.

As the statements made against the association will be dealt with before a court of law, the directors for the present simply state that in every essential particular the charges made by the Insurance Times and circulated in this country, are untrue.

J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director C. L. A.

Toronto, December 11, 1882. 24

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

The paid-up capital of the three largest Banks in Canada is $22,565,866. Over Twelve Million Dollars of this capital is kept employed not in Canada, but at their U. S. branches, earning huge dividends for their Canadian stockholders.

THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY offers to the business men of Canada a more direct and more profitable investment for their funds, by means of its convenient and valuable

ENDOWMENT BONDS

running for 10, 15, 20, 25 or 30 years, and in sums of $500 to $15,000, and yielding annual cash dividends. These Bonds are issued at various prices, according to the age of the purchaser, and the length of time the Bond is to run. They may be paid for in one sum, or in annual or semi-annual instalments to suit the purchasers' convenience. They are unusually secured, not only by accumulated assets of over $28,000,000, but by special deposits at Ottawa, and by a most valuable experience of 32 years in selecting the safest and most profitable investments.

At age 41, a payment of $7,272 will purchase, on a healthy man, an Ætna Endowment Bond for $10,000, payable 10 years from date, or at earlier death, and an *annual cash dividend* besides. The increase of the $7,272 to $10,000, the annual dividends, and the value of the life insurance, have yielded to those living the 10 years through, a return of EIGHT TO NINE PER CENT. AS AN INVESTMENT.

No. 63,784, an Endowment Bond for $2,000 was issued to H. M. MORPHY, Esq., the well-known jeweller, Yonge street, Toronto, in June, 1869, and paid in 1880. Mr. MORPHY's opinion of the investment is shown by his taking three more ÆTNA BONDS. Ask him.

No. 64,944, an Endowment Bond of $4,000, was issued in July, 1869, to C. QUINLAN, Esq., ex-Mayor of Port Hope, and cashed in 1879. Allowing for the 10 years' life insurance received, the balance yielded *better than Eight (8) per cent. Compound Interest.* When receiving his money, Mr. Quinlan expressed regret that he had not taken $8,000 or $10,000 in the first place, and thus saved thousands of dollars lost during the ten years in other investments which then promised better than this. He has re-invested with the ÆTNA on a liberal scale, and on the same 10-year Endowment Plan.

No. 70,607, an Endowment Bond of $1,000 was issued to JOHN ROSS, Esq., Merchant, Galt, in 1870 and paid, with profits, in 1880. Mr. Ross' opinion is expressed in the form of two more, taken in 1880 and in 1882.

No. 74,684, an Endowment Bond of $5,000, was issued to THOS. THOMPSON, Esq., "Mammoth House," Toronto, in June, 1870. He finished his ten payments in 1880, made a careful examination of the subject, and took another $5,000 on the 10-year plan. He now receives two large cash dividends annually.

No. 82,050, an Endowment Bond of $4,000, was issued to JOHN HOGG, Esq., Merchant, Guelph, in April, 1871, and settled in March, 1881. As an investment it resulted almost precisely the same as Mr. Quinlan's, and the company has now a still larger interest in Mr. H.'s good health, as well as in that of many of his business friends.

No. 87,957, for $1,000 was issued to DANIEL ROSS, Publisher, of Hunter, Rose & Co., Toronto, in 1872, and cashed in 1882. His opinion is expressed in double the amount for another 15 years.

No. 89,952, for $2,500 was issued in 1872 and paid in 1882, to A. T. H. BALL, Esq., Barrister, Galt, whose opinion is expressed in another of same amount, for another ten years.

No. 92,785, for $5,000 was issued in 1873, and paid in 1882 to JAMES W. GALT, Esq., Wholesale Merchant, Toronto, found a profitable investment, and repeated for another ten years.

The late SAMUEL PETERS, Esq., C.E., of London, Ont., held one of these Endowment Bonds, issued last December, for $4,000. It cost him only $443 to leave $4,000 to his estate.

An additional sum of $100,000 has just been deposited with the Government at Ottawa, making the ÆTNA's total deposit there $325,000

Write to the undersigned, Toronto, for further information respecting Endowment Insurance, or see an Agent of the ÆTNA LIFE.

WILLIAM H. ORR, Manager.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

Communications respecting sporting matters addressed to The World office will at all times receive prompt and courteous attention.

Five hundred dollars have been posted to match James Elliott against Mace's Maori.

Two rinks of New York city the other day defeated two rinks of Brooklyn, N Y, by 35 to 34.

Woodstock beat Simcoe yesterday at curling for a Caledonian medal by nine shots.

Sarnia beat Thamesville yesterday at curling for a Caledonian medal by eighteen shots.

Cockburn arrived in town last night and will probably have something to say to Stroud to-day or to-morrow.

Efforts are being made to secure the United States National association regatta for the Charles river, Boston, Mass.

It is now thought George W Lee and R W Boyd will row a two mile straightaway race at Manchester before the former's return to England.

The Toronto curling club play the Scarboro' Heathers on Tuesday next on the Adelaide street rink in the third draw for the Ontario tankard.

Dr W C Cousens, formerly member of the Montreal lacrosse club, has returned to Montreal from the old country, after taking the high degree of L R C P & S.

Nice is to have a grand aquatic carnival during the month of March. It will last three days and will have contests for sailing boats, steam yachts and rowing races.

Brooklyn, N Y, is to have a first-class professional baseball team. With such a boom for their services as is now prevailing good baseball players bid fair to command as good a salary as prime donne.

Neither Schaefer nor Sexton have paid any attention to Slosson's challenge. They say that it is Vignaux they are after, and that there is plenty of time to settle domestic disputes when the Gaul has been disposed of.

T C Herbert, late of England, and Wm Heele of Pennsylvania, have been matched to run a race of five miles on March 3, a race of ten miles on March 17, and another race of ten miles on March 31, each race to be for $150 a side.

At Montreal on Wednesday in the curling bonspiel the Hamilton Thistles defeated the Paterson, N J, Empire City, N Y, and Brockville clubs. The Thistles up to Wednesday had played four games in the Montreal bonspiel and secured four victories.

A man in St Louis offers to back Tom Allen against Jim Elliott for $2500, and says if anybody will give him odds he will bet that the former will win in half an hour. Allen says "there are twenty men who can lick Elliott in a punch and they all now it. The old cock-eye can't see two feet, and yet they pretend that they will put up $2500 on him. It's all bosh; there's nothin' to it."

Speaking of the "make-up" of the large assemblage which gathered on the occasion of Jem Mace's recent exhibition in San Francisco, the Examiner of that city says: "Downstairs, where seats cost $2, every vacant spot was taken up before 8 p m, and such an assemblage of prominent citizens has not been seen in San Francisco since the Nilsson concerts were held in the Grand opera house."

A fifty mile walk came off at Lawrence, Mass, Jan 16, between E C Holske and Dennis Driscoll, for $200 a side. Holske won, Driscoll retiring on the 34th mile. Holske completed 34 miles 3 laps and was then announced as the winner. Both beat the record from the 26th mile up to 33 inclusive. Holske's time for 34 miles was 5 hours 12 minutes 15 seconds. George Hosmer sold pools on the race.

Mrs Cooper, the famous English lady rider, whil riding with the Cheshire hounds, was thrown from her horse and killed in the hunting-field before a crowd of friends who witnessed the shocking scene without having it in their power to help her. Lord Hopetoun and Lady Rocksavage did all they could after the horse had fallen, but it was too late, and the unfortunate lady expired in great agony the same evening.

H H Playford, the English amateur oarsman, died at his residence, Radnor house, Malden, Jan 1. Deceased, who was but fifty-three years of age, was a member of the London Rowing club and rowed over for the Wingfield sculls in 1854, but in the following year he was beaten by A Cassamajor. In 1854 too Playford won the diamonds at Henley, a performance which he repeated six years later, and, in the company of Cassamajor, was successful in the race for the silver goblets in 1858.

A match at curling was played yesterday at Milton between three rinks of the Toronto club and three rinks of the Milton club. Toronto won by five shots as follows:

TORONTO		MILTON	
J Riddell, skip	13	Duncan Dewar, skip	30
W Bayly, skip	24	Judge Miller, skip	15
J C Howard, skip	34	P McLean, skip	21
Total	71	Total	66

No lacrosse team from the United States wil visit England this year. A letter from Mr Flannery, the secretary of the United States National Lacrosse association, says: "You may rest assured that when an American team goes abroad it will be properly accredited and will not be engineered by any irresponsible parties; and another thing you may depend on is, that we shall not send a team over until assured that the material will be good enough to reflect honor on the country it represents. We don't want any Cornell or Hillsdale fiasco in connection with international lacrosse."

The Newcastle winter meeting was concluded yesterday. The unfinished 2.40 trot was won by Little Walter in 2.49¼. The county race was won by Canadian Girl in three straight heats with Harry B second and Josie Miller third; time, 2 48¼, 2.47¼, 2.43. The three-year-old colt race was won by Mollie Garfield in two straight heats with Young Rifleman second and Isabel third. No time. The three minute race was won by Berlin in three straight heats with Little Walter second, Mayflower third, and Lady Mac fourth; time, 2 41, 2 38¼, 2 47¼. The free-for-all was won by Tommy B in three straight heats, with Atwood second and Black Diamond third; time, 2.35¼, 2.45, 2 40.

As several communications have been addressed to us relative to the respective merits of Joe Coburn and Jem Mace and asking our opinion, we reprint as the best answer the following account taken from the New York Clipper of the last round in their fight at Bay St Louis Miss: "This round was a counterpart of that in which the principals figured on May 11 last, with the exception that this time it was Mace who refused to leave his corner. For nearly an hour they stood looking at each other, Jim only going to the scratch when ordered by the referee (Rufus Hunt) to do so, and then at once retreating. Finally the referee, finding that Mace would not leave his corner, and that Joe did not intend to do the fighting there, stepped inside the ropes and declared the fight a draw, expressing the opinion that 'one is afraid and the other dar-sn't.'"

Referring to the Cockburn-Stroud controversy regarding a shooting match, the Hamilton Spectator gets off the following: "If the match falls through it will be Cockburn's fault, and this will not be the first time he has made a big bluff and then weakened. The facts are just these: Cockburn issued a challenge through the Toronto Mail to shoot any man in Canada a pigeon match Mr Stroud deposited $25 with the Spectator and the forfeit was afterwards forwarded to Toronto to make two matches, one in Toronto and one in this city Cockburn professed to accept it and forwarded articles of agreement. But the articles he forwarded were not for any such matches as stipulated by the Hamilton stake; they were for a single match at Toronto and under old Toronto gun club rules. Now Cockburn comes out with a proposition to shoot two matches, one in Campbellford and the other in Hamilton under Dominion rules. There is a forfeit at the Toronto Mail office for Cockburn to cover. Let him cover that for the matches as named at first, or back down as he did before when Stroud accepted a previous challenge. When Cockburn issued his challenge a short time ago the Spectator expressed the opinion that he was only seeking a little cheap notoriety and would not make a match with any one, except on his own terms, and his subsequent course goes far to justify this. Cockburn doesn't want to shoot, he only wants to talk about shooting."

Hanlan's Ice-boat Challenge Accepted.

As no one has accepted Edward Hanlan's challenge for an ice-boat race, we, Captain Kemp of the Toronto Brewing and Malting company, and Captain Dick, of the Oriole, will sail him and Captain Saunders of the Aline a twenty mile race on Toronto bay for six barrels of flour for the poor, three barrels for the Roman catholics and three for the other denominations, the race to come off on Tuesday next at 2 p m, starting from Hanlan's hotel, weather permitting.

The Toronto Gun Club.

The usual meeting of the Toronto Gun club was held last evening at the club room on King street east. There was a very large attendance of members. The annual report, read by the secretary, showed the club to be in a most prosperous condition both as regards membership and financially. The club now numbers 115 members, including thirty elected during the past year. The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mr R Wilson, re-elected for the fourth time; vice-president, Mr S W Downey, re-elected; secretary, Mr J W Miller, re-elected; treasurer, Mr George Pearsall; executive committee, Messrs E Perryman, J Taylor, W H Evans and J R Mills; auditor, Messrs J C Mitchell and W Miller.

The Toronto Gun club will have a shooting tournament shortly as soon as they can get sufficient snow-birds, orders for which have been given.

Answers to Correspondents.

X. L. C.—(1) Yes, Tom King is still alive. He is in his 47th year. (2) King defeated Honan at Wadhurst, Kent, Dec. 10, 1863.

SEXTUS—The fastest voyage was made by the Alaska of the Guion line—namely, 6 days, 18 hrs, 37 mins., mean time, from New York to Queenstown

CIVILITY—(1) It depends on the lady. If she offers her hand on an introduction you shake it, if not you should only bow (2) Iolanthe, Gilbert and Sullivan's new opera was produced for the first time simultaneously at London and New York on Nov. 25 last.

V. C.—(1) The Victoria cross was instituted in 1856. About 245 have been awarded. We cannot give the list in full, but if you mention any name we will tell you whether it is on the list or not. (2) St. Augustine was the first archbishop of Canterbury, A D 602-605. The salary attached is $15,000.

TURFITE—(1) Kincsem was never beaten and won 54 races. (2) Blair Athol died last September. (3) The fastest time for fifty yards, 5¾ seconds, was made by G S Neidlinger, a New York amateur, on April 24, 1880. (4) George Seward was an American. He is credited with having run 100 yards in 9½ seconds on the Hammersmith turnpike road, London, in September, 1844.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

—Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits (or Falling sickness), Insanity, Diseased Brain and Enfeebled Mind cured by Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment.

To clear out stock of underwear I am selling all the best imported underwear at cost. If you want something really good at low prices see the stock. A. White, 65 King street west. Genuine reductions.

More Than all Others.

J Kennedy of Dixie sells more of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam than any other cough remedy, his wife having been cured of a severe cold by its use; he has since recommended it to his customers. It cures all throat and lung trouble, leading to consumption.

An early settler—a cocktail before breakfast.

When you purchase a load of coal just lie in wait to see if the dealer does the same thing.

Mr Abraham Gibbs, Vaughan, writes: "I have been troubled with Asthma since I was 10 years of age, and have taken hundreds of bottles of different kinds of medicine, with no relief. I saw the advertisement of Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lime and Soda, and determined to try it. I have taken one bottle, and it has given me more relief than anything I have ever tried before, and I have great pleasure in recommending it to those similarly afflicted.

"A new enterprise," remarked the burglar as he forced off the safe door.

January thinks he has discovered the north pole, and now he's blowing about it.

Mrs Robert Oxtoby of Vroomanton, Ont, suffered several years with dyspepsia, without permanent relief, until a friend recommended National pills. After taking one box, she recovered her health and weighed 25 pounds more than before taking them.

Remarkable and True.

Alonzo Howe of Tweed was cured of a fever sore of thirty-five years' duration, by six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters. He had suffered terribly, and tried many remedies in vain. He considers Burdock Blood Bitters a marvellous medicine.

At St Anne's Sunday school in Lowell, in answer to the question, 'What is the greatest church festival?' a little orphan of six years promptly responded, 'The strawberry festival."

The true philosophy of medication is not to dose for symptoms, but to root out disease. Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, the Great Blood Purifier, has proved itself equal to the task. It is a most searching without being a violent remedy for Constipation, Biliousness and Indigestion. It is as well adapted to the needs and physical temperaments of delicate females as to the more robust sex, and is a fine preventive of disease as well as remedy for it.

It is a great consolation to see a plumber compelled to buy something at a retail drug store.

A Fact Worth Mentioning.

Mrs Ira Mulholland of Oakville was cured of dyspepsia and oft occuring bilious headache by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the great blood purifying system regulating tonic and matchless liver regulator.

Mr Mor——, reading Virgil: "Three times I strove to cast my arms about her neck, and—" "that's as far as I got, professor." "Well, Mr Mor——, I think that was quite far enough."

A M Hamilton, Warkworth, writes: 'For weeks I was troubled with a swelled ankle, which caused me much pain and annoyance. Mr Maybee of this place recommended Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil for it. I tried it, and before one bottle was used I was cured. It is an article of great value.'

Prof Buff is secretary of the Iowa Horticultural society. The society is in full bloom.

Facts and Figures.

The first year's sales of that popular blood and liver purifying tonic—Burdock Blood Bitters—was upwards of 50,000 bottles; the second year it exceeded 100,000, with rapid and constant increase. It is a meritorious medicine.

Among the gifts he received was a pair of chest protectors for his span. Mary Ann's opinion was that now dear George wouldn't freeze his ears unless the things were too small.

S Chadwick of Arcadia, Wayne Co, writes: 'I have had severe attacks of Asthma for several years. I commenced taking Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. The first dose relieved me in one hour. I continued taking it in teaspoonful doses for a few days, and have not had an attack of it since, now nearly one year.'

"I see that you think a man who is 'going to devote his life to the work of a tragedian' ought to have his boots half-soled. My notion is that he should be well-heeled."

Another Editor Heard From.

Headache is one of those distressing complaints that depends upon nervous irritation, bad circulation, or a disordered state of the stomach, liver, bowels etc. The editor and proprietor of the Canada Presbyterian, was cured after years of suffering with headache, and now testifies to the virtue of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Meeting a friend on crutches, we remarked: "Had a little touch of rheumatism?" "Ah, me! Heavens, man, I own the whole concern."

To lessen mortality and stop the inroads of disease, use Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. For all diseases arising from impure blood, such as Pimples, Blotches, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc, etc, it has no equal. Mrs Thomas Smith, Elm, writes: "I am using this medicine for Dyspepsia. I have tried many remedies, but this is the only one that has done me any good."

Ghosts are at a discount, says an exchange. But spirits are at a premium we hear. Thus does the law of compensation even up the odd trifles in this weary world.

"No editorial written, and the paper just going to press!" demanded the proprietor, scorning into the sanctum. "Never mind, sir! I just put this in," said the editor, producing a pocket of Li-Quor tea. "What do you mean, you scoundrel!" roared the proprietor. "Why—isn't this what they call the *Leading Article?*" The proprietor dropped.—*Grip*

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING

"Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle

MONEY AND TRADE.

Toronto Stock Exchange.

THURSDAY, January 25.

MORNING BOARD—Montreal 206¾ and 206¾, sales 10 at 206¾. Ontario 112½ and 112¼, sales 10 at 112¼, 10 at 112½. Molson's 131 and 129. Toronto 185 and 184½. Merchants 126 and 125¾, sales 2 at 125¾, 50-15 at 125¾. Commerce 135¼ and 135, sales 10 at 135, 100-100-100 at 135¼. Imperial 140¼ and 140. Federal 156 and 155¾, sales 10-10 at 155¾, 50 at 155¾ after board. Dominion 200¼ and 200. Standard 116½ and 116¼, sales 160 at 116½. Northwest Land Co 42½ and 42, sales 120 at 42½, 20 at 42. Ontario Investment Association, sales 57 at 129.

AFTERNOON BOARD—Montreal 206¾ and 206¾, sales 25 at 207. Ontario 112¼ and 112¾. Molson's 130¼. Toronto 186 and 184½, sales 50 at 185¼, 10 at 185¾. Merchants 126¼ and 126. Commerce 135¼ and 135½, sales 50 at 135¼, 20-30-50 at 135¼. Imperial 140¼ and 140, sales 22 at 140. Federal 156½ and 156¼, sales 50 at 156½, 10 at 156¼, 10 at 156½, 100-40 at 156¼. Dominion 201 and 200. Standard 116½ and 116. Northwest Land Company 42½ and 42, sales 50 at 42½. London Ass 15 at 134. Land Security Co, 141 and 140½, sales 20-20 at 140, 20 at 140¾, 20 at 140¾.

C. J. PALIN

53 & 55 King St. East, Toronto.

Real Estate Broker and Valuator, Northwest and Ontario lands bought and sold for cash or on margin.

FARLEY & MARA

26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

Stock Brokers,

MEMBERS OF THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE and Chicago Board of Trade.

Buy and sell Canadian and New York Stocks. Also Grain and Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trade, for cash or on margin.

Montreal Stock Market.

MORNING BOARD.—Montreal 206½ and 206¾, sales 25 at 207, 275 at 206¾, 10 at 206½. Ontario 112 and 110½. Du Peuple 91½ and 90. Molsons 131 and 129, sales 25 at 130. Merchants 125½ and 125¼, sales 50 at 125¾, 258 at 126, 51 at 125½, 6 at 125¾. Northwest Land company 42½ and 42, sales 25 at 42, 100 at 42½. Commerce 135 and 134½, sales 125 at 135¼, 25 at 135. Federal 157½ and 156½. Montreal Telegraph 124½ and 124, sales 25 at 124½. Richelieu 66½ and 66. City Passenger 141½ and 141, sales 50 at 141, 50 at 141. Montreal Gas 183½ and 182½. Canada Cotton 137. Dundas Cotton offered 107½. St Paul & Manitoba xd 144 and 141½.

AFTERNOON BOARD—Montreal 207 and 206½, sales 50 at 206¾, 140 at 206. Ontario 113¼ and 113, sales 25 at 112½. Du Peuple 91 and 90. Molsons 132½ and 130½, sales 20 at 130½. Toronto 186 and 185½, sales 102 at 185, 50 at 186, 45 at 185¾. Merchants 126½ and 126, sales 50 at 126, 25 at 126½, 50 at 126¾. Northwest Land Co 42½ and 42. Commerce 135½ and 135¼, sales 100 at 135, 100 at 135½. Federal 157 and 156½. Montreal Telegraph 124½ and 124, sales 50 at 124½. Richelieu 66½ and 65¾. City Passenger 142 and 141½, sales 25 at 141½, 175-175 at 141½, 50 at 142. Gas 185 and 183¾. Canada Cotton 125 and 100. Dundas Cotton 117½ and 107½. St Paul xd 146 and 145.

E. STRACHAN COX. T. F. WORTS.

COX & WORTS

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 56 Yonge Street, Toronto,

Buy and sell on Commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the

Toronto, Montreal, and New York STOCK EXCHANGES,

Also execute orders on the

Chicago Board of Trade in Grain and Provisions.

Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin. Daily cable quotations received.

56 YONGE STREET.

Grain and Produce.

CALL BOARD—TORONTO, Jan 25—590 barrels of old standard superior extra offered at $4 45, with $4 40 bid; and the same quantity of spring extra at $4 50, with $4 40 bid. A car of No 3 fall wheat offered at 96½c, with 93c bid; and a car of No 3 spring at 97c without bids. Oats offered at 42c on spot and 41c to arrive; a car of oatmeal at $4 75, and two cars of red corn at 66c without bids.

THE STREET MARKET—TORONTO, Jan 25—The ordinary produce market was still very bare this morning. There was more grain offering. About 1500 bushels of wheat sold at 95c to 98c for fall, 99c for spring, and 92c to 93c for goose. 3000 bushels barley sold at 60c to 75c; a load of peas sold at 74c; and 200 bushels of oats sold at 42c and 43c. Hay was in moderate supply, 40 loads sold at $13 to $15, and 10 loads of straw at $7 to $8. Hogs sold at $8 20 to $8 30. Poultry is still scarce at quotations. There are very few vegetables on the market, owing to the danger from frost. Butter and eggs remain as quoted.

MONTREAL, Jan 25—Flour receipts 900 bls, sales none. Market is quiet buyers holding off. Prices are scarcely so firm as they were yesterday. Quotations unchanged. Grain provisions and ashes unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 25—Flour 10s to 12s, spring wheat 8s 6d to 9s 0d, red winter 9s 2d to 9s 7d, white 9s 0d to 9s 2d, club 9s 3d to 9s 7d, corn old 10d, new 6s 7d, oats 5s 6d, barley 5s 6d, peas 7s 5d, pork 83s 0d, lard 56s 0d, bacon 47s 0d to 48s 0d, tallow 43s 9d, cheese 67s 6d.

BEERBOHM SAYS: LONDON, Eng, Jan 25.—Floating cargoes—Wheat quiet; corn, none offering. Cargoes on passage—Wheat inactive, corn weaker; good cargoes red winter wheat, off coast, was 46s 3d now 46s do, California, 46s 6d now 46s. London—Fair average California, present shipments was 46s 6d, now 46s. Fair average mixed American corn. Shipments—present and following month was 29s 9d now 29s 6d. Liverpool—spot wheat quiet, steady, corn was rather firmer on passage to U K ports call and direct. Wheat 2 250,000 qrs, corn 75,000 qrs. Paris—Flour and wheat quiet, steady.

OSWEGO, Jan 25—Wheat market firm, white state $1 12 and $1 18, red state $1 16. Corn quiet, nominal, high mixed 65c, new No 2 63c. Oats firm. Barley in better demand, No 2 Canada 85c, No 2 extra 82c, No 1 Canada 91c. No 1 bright Canada 96c. Rye dull, held 64c in bond.

DETROIT, Jan 25—Wheat, No 1 white $1 09½ cash, $1 03 for Feb, $1 05½ for March, $1 07 for April, $1 09 for May, No 2 94½c.

TOLEDO, Jan 25—Wheat, No 2 red $1 03½ for cash, $1 03 bid, $1 04½ asked Jan; $1 04½ Feb, $1 06½ March; $1 08½ April; $1 10½ May. Corn 58½c bid, 57½c asked cash; 56c Feb; 56c March, 57c bid, 57½c asked May. Oats 39½c cash, 41c May.

MILWAUKEE, Jan 25—Wheat $1 00½ Feb; $1 01½ March. Barley easy 77c. Receipts—Flour 2275, wheat 7000, barley 1000.

G. A. SCHRAM,

4 KING ST. EAST TORONTO.

Stocks — Ontario, Northwest, and General Real Estate bought and sold for cash, or on margin. MONEY TO LOAN.

HOPE & MILLER,

STOCK BROKERS.

MEMBERS OF TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

Land, Estate and Financial Agents. Room 6 Union Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street Toronto.

Latest New York and Chicago Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan 25—Cotton weak and unchanged. Flour—Receipts 34,000 brls, steady and unchanged, sales 16,000 brls. Rye flour and cornmeal unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 37,000 bush, firm, sales 3,025,000 bush, exports 40,000 bush, spring nominal, No 2 red $1 15 to $1 17, No 1 white $1 1[illegible], No 2 red January $1 14 to $1 15. Rye easier. Barley firm, two-rowed 80c to 84c. Malt unchanged. Corn—Receipts 52,000 bush, irregular, sales 2,166,000 bush, exports 70,000 bush, No 2 68c to 70c, yellow 73c, No 2 Jan 68½c to 69¾c. Oats—Receipts 33,000 bush, firm, sales 1,392,000 bush, mixed 47½c to 50c, white 49½c to 53c, No 2 Jan 48c. Hay and hops firm and unchanged. Coffee, sugar, molasses and rice unchanged. Tallow firm at 8⅝ to 8¾c. Potatoes firm at $2 25 to $2 62. Eggs steady at 27c to 28c. Pork firm, new mess $18 60 to $18 75. Beef unchanged. Cut meats steady, pickled bellies 9⅝c to 10c, shoulders 8c, hams 11½c to 12c, middles steady, long clear 9 5-16c to 9⅝c. Lard strong at $10 57½ to $11. Butter weak at 20c to 32c. Cheese steady at 8c to 15½c.

CHICAGO, Jan 25—Flour unchanged. Wheat strong, regular $1 02½ to $1 08 for Jan, $1 04½ for Feb, $1 05⅝ for March, $1 08 to $1 08½ for April, $1 04½ to $1 07½ for May, No 2 spring $1 01½ to $1 02½. Corn firm at 69½ for cash and Jan, 59½c to 59⅝c for Feb, 57c to 57½c for March 58⅝c to 58½c for May. Oats steady at 37½c for cash, 37⅝c Jan, 37⅝c Feb, 38c March, 38½ May, 38⅝ June. Rye lower at 62c. Barley dull at 83c. Pork unsettled at $17 80 to $17 85 for cash and Jan, $17 42½ to $17 45 Feb. Lard unsettled at $10 70 to $10 72½ for cash and Jan, $10 72½ to $10 75 Feb. Bulk meats—Shoulders $8 72, short rib $9, clear $9 50. Whisky unchanged. Receipts—Flour 16,000 brls, wheat 5,000 bush, corn 10,000 bush, oats 25,000 bush, rye 6,000 bush, barley 12,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 8,000 brls, wheat 2,000 bush, corn 61,000 bush, oats 22,000 bush, rye 4000 bush, barley 9,000 bush.

THE TRACKS OF THE WORLD.

The Lake Shore railroad issued $6,000,000 bonds to cover the purchase of the Nickel Plate railroad.

The Amherstburg Canada Southern railway depot will be rebuilt, though not on so large a scale as the one destroyed by fire on Sunday night.

The Grand Trunk has given a whole hundred dollars towards the Quebec carnival. When will Canadian railways recognize the fact that by liberality they increase their own popularity, advertise their road, and increase their own traffic?

The ice blockade in the river at Detroit has been raised so as to permit the running of Grand Trunk transit steamers. Trains to and from the Michigan Central depot via Great Western are resumed.

The proposed bridge of the Atlantic and North-Western railway which, as originally contemplated, was to have had spans 300 feet in length, has been modified in the plan to spans of 250 feet. This will greatly lessen the cost of construction.

The trains have been blockaded by snow on the Mackinaw division of the Michigan Central railway since Sunday last. The first train since that day got through to Bay City from Mackinaw city yesterday, having left Mackinaw on Sunday night.

The pressure of business was so great upon the Grand Trunk that over 300 cars are said to have been shunted off along the line last week. Several eastern contemporaries have been for two weeks without their patent "outsides" in consequence. The stocks are now valueless.

There were fewer railroads sold under foreclosure in 1882 than for many years in the past. Only 16, having a mileage of 867 miles and a capital stock of $39,265,000 and bonded and other debts of like amount, were sold out last year. Fewer roads are being built at public expense than formerly.

Mr W C Van Horne, general manager of the Canadian Pacific railway, has arrived in Montreal. He and his family will take up a permanent residence in that city. Mr Van Horne has a considerable amount of accumulated business to dispose of regarding the management of the line, immigration projects, circulars, maps, &c.

The joint earnings of the Michigan Central and Canada Southern for the first two weeks in January are reported to show an increase of $175,000 over last year, and it is estimated that for the whole month the increase will amount to $400,000. These facts, known to insiders, will probably account for the recent strength of Canada Southern.

A Troy despatch says that General Manager Morrell, of the Boston, Hoosac Tunnel, and Western railroad, denies that the negotiations between his company and the West Shore road for the purchase of the former west of Schenectady had fallen through. He thinks the injunction obtained by the English party to prevent the sale will only cause a little delay.

It is estimated that the world's stock of locomotives consists of sixty-six thousand; of passenger cars one hundred and twenty thousand, and of freight cars one million five hundred thousand. The capital invested in railways, which are in all two hundred thousand miles long, is twenty billion dollars. The commerce of the seas is carried by twelve thousand steamers and one hundred thousand sailing vessels, whose tonnage amounts to over twenty million tons.

The train preceding that of the vice-regal party fell into the hands of robbers in Missouri, and it is said the other would have met with a similar misfortune had it not been for the military escort kindly granted the party. A contemporary remarks: "Mr Robinson of New York has a pretext for another howl at the British lion, for his disgust must now be full at the sycophancy of sending the great republic's soldiers to serve royalty, since they have stood in the way of a big haul of regal and ducal wealth by chivalrous democratic banditti."

Mr. W E Carroll, who has for several years past occupied the position of division superintendent of the Canada Southern railway at St Thomas, has tendered his resignation to General Manager Ledyard. The resignation will take effect about February 20. It is not known who, if anybody, will succeed Mr. Carroll, although the assistant superintendent, Mr Moorhead, is spoken of in connection with the vacancy. A rumor is abroad to the effect that General Superintendent Taylor is to be stationed at St Thomas, with full control of all the department.

The Grand Trunk contemplates building a new iron car boat this year to take the place of the Michigan, which has been condemned for carrying passengers. The minor details of the construction of the new boat are not yet known, but it is settled that she will be built on the plan of the Michigan and will be 315 feet long, with a width of 71 feet over all. She will be equipped with the Michigan's machinery, but her hull will be built in Scotland and sent to this country in sections. The Detroit ferry is still blocked by ice, all efforts to break it having proved unavailing.

A provincial paper prints a story that Mr William H Vanderbilt, the president of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, has ordered his master mechanics to devise large and fast locomotives, capable of hauling fifteen heavy drawing-room cars at the rate of sixty miles an hour. In it the statement is made that he offers a prize of $50,000 for the best plan for an engine that will accomplish this work. When asked by a reporter if the statement were correct, Mr Vanderbilt replied: "There is no truth in that story. Why," said he, "engines leave the Grand Central depot every day that haul thirteen cars and run at the rate of sixty miles an hour. We are not going to pound the road to pieces by putting on larger engines. If one engine will not haul a train we will put on two, and if necessary add more trains, that is all. If a train is run by schedule forty miles an hour, the rate is sixty. Suppose a stop of twenty minutes is made for refreshments and the train is late. The conductor will wait the full time at the station and let the engineer make it up. I do believe," said Mr Vanderbilt, smiling at his supposition, "that if an engine could run 140 miles an hour, and could cover a certain distance at the rate of thirty miles, the conductor would hold the train in order to run at the full 140. If an admonishment is administered, the operation is repeated as soon as your back is turned. No; we have engines that are fast enough."

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, consumption, night sweats and all lingering coughs, Dr Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy. Superior to cod liver oil. By druggists.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go and get a bottle of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Arranged specially for the Toronto World.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK.
Union Station foot of York or Simcoe Streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
East.		
Montreal Day Express	7.12 a.m.	11.07 a.m
" Night Express	6.52 p.m.	10.52 p.m
Mixed	11.12 a.m.	6.52 p.m
Cobourg Local	5.07 p.m.	9.37 a.m
West.		
Chicago Day Express	12.15 p.m.	6.20 p.m.
" Night Express	11.45 p.m.	6.15 a.m
Stratford & Goderich Express	8.00 a.m.	11.10 p.m
Guelph Local	6.10 p.m.	8.50 a.m.
Stratford, London & Goderich Express	3.45 p.m.	11.00 a.m

GREAT WESTERN.
Union Station foot of York or Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York Mail	3.35 p.m.	6.35 p.m
N. Y. (Central) & Erie Express	10.00 a.m.	4.25 p.m
London Local & Detroit Express	7.15 a.m.	1.10 p.m
Susp. Bridge & Detroit Express	6.00 p.m.	10.15 a.m
Detroit & Chicago Express	1.00 p.m.	10.30 p.m
New York & Chicago Express	11.50 p.m.	9.10 a.m
Hamilton Sunday Train	1.00p.m.	4.25p.m

SUBURBAN TRAINS.

For Mimico, calling at Union station, Queen's wharf Parkdale, High Park, and the Humber, going and returning (every day except Sunday).

Leave Union Station 6.45 and 10.35 a. m., 2.05, 4.15, and 5.40 p. m.

Returning, leave Mimico 8.15 11.15 a. m., 2.40 4.50, and 6.40 p. m.

NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN
Stations—City Hall, Union and Brock street.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Express	5.00 p. m.	10.10 a.m
Accommodation	11.45 p. m.	2.20 p.m
Mail	7.45 a. m.	8.26 p.m

Trains leave Union Station Eight minutes and Brock Street Fifteen minutes later.

CREDIT VALLEY.
Station—Union depot.

LEAVE
ST. LOUIS EXPRESS. To the North, West, Southwest, South and Northwest ..... 7.55 a. m
Orangeville Express ..... 7.55 p.m
PACIFIC EXPRESS. To West, South, Northwest, West and Southwest ..... 12.50 p.m
EXPRESS. To the West and North ..... 4.50 p.m
Through cars, Toronto to Detroit, on 7.55 a. m. and 12.50

ARRIVE
From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus ..... 10.25 a.m
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit ..... 10.25 a.m
From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit ..... 1.10 p.m
From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus ..... 6.35 p. m

TORONTO, GREY, AND BRUCE.
Union Station, foot of York or Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Owen Sound, Harriston, and Teeswater, Mail	7.30 a m	10.45 a.m
Owen Sound, Harriston and Teeswater Express	4.25 p.m.	9.10 p.m

IDLAND.
Station, Union Depot.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Through Mail	7.00a. m.	9.15 p.m
Local	4.55p.m.	10.30 a.m
Mixed	6.00 a.m	8.00 p.m

STAGES

ESLINGTON STAGE.
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 11.10 a.m, 3.30 p.m., 5 p.m. and 6.20 p.m.
Arrives 8.45, 9.55 a.m., 2.30 and 6 p.m

THORNHILL STAGE.
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 3.30 m.
Arrives 10.30 a.m.
Mail stage leaves Clyde hotel, King street east 3.20 p.m.

COOKSVILLE STAGE.
Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, p.m.
Arrives 11 a.m.

HIGHLAND CREEK STAGE.
Leaves Clyde hotel, King street east, 3.15 p.m.
Arrives 11 a.m.

KINGSTON ROAD TRAMWAY CO.
From 8th January, 1883, until further notice the Company's omnibus will run between Ben Lamond and St. Lawrence market daily as follows: Ben Lamond 9 a.m and 1.30 p.m. (6.3- p.m. Saturday only). Returning leave Clyde hotel at 11 a.m. and 4.30 p.m. p.m. (Saturday only).

INSURANCE.

Before You Get Hurt Procure an Accident Policy from the

London Guarantee and Accident Co.

(Limited), of London, England.

CAPITAL - - $1,250,000.

The time to Insure is when you are safe and uninjured, to-morrow may be too late. Accidents come when least expected, though careful yourself the carelessness of others may result in your injury. Every prudent and careful man whatever his occupation, whose life and limbs are of any value to himself or his family ought to be insured. The feeling of security that such an insurance gives to those dependent on one's labor is worth more than money.

Keep your insurance for the City Agent of this Old Established and Reliable Company, the only British Company licensed to transact this business in the Dominion. Bonus after Five full years' premium has been paid amounting to One Years' Premium.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

28 and 30 Toronto St., Toronto.

ALEXANDER CROMAR, 135 City Agent. A. T. McCORD, Manager for Canada.

WINNIPEG ADVERTISEMENTS

GEORGE B. ELLIOTT & CO.,

Valuators and Investors.

WEST LYNNE MANITOBA.

Correct and Confidental Valuations made of all property in Southern Manitoba towns and villages, and of farm property in Southern Manitoba.

Confidental Reports furnished owners and intending investors.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Eight years in Red River country

BUY A WORLD EVERY DAY.

FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1883.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED

For sporting matter see the first column of the third page.

Ald Geo Evans is a candidate in the liberal interest for West Toronto for the Ontario house.

The private bills committee of the legislature took a jaunt over to Hanlan's point yesterday on the ice boats.

Another social and musical entertainment was held in Shaftesbury hall last night. There was a good attendance.

A man named Thomas Bell was arrested at his residence, 44 Centre street, yesterday charged with having received clothing lately stolen from Manning, the Yonge street clothier.

City Treasurer Harman is not indisposed as stated; the gentleman in question looks hale and hearty and says he never felt better in his life.

An old man named James Lunney was picked up drunk in York street last night by Policeman McGraw. At police headquarters it was found that his hands were badly frozen.

The sporting fraternity of Toronto may thank Mr E C S for the interest he took in Slug Sullivan on Tuesday night. Had it not been for the gentleman with the warm mustache, the Boston slugger could not have got up stairs, and there would have been no exhibition.

The traffic of the Midland railway for the week ending Jan 20 was as follows: Passengers and mails $4955.69, freight $9266.30, total $14,221.99, as compared with $12,701,24 for the corresponding week of 1882, an increase of $1520.75. The aggregate traffic to date is $39,727.17, an increase of $5390.93 over 1882.

The patent elevator at Thos Davies & Co's brewery hoists ice from the Don river up to the brewery at the rate of 1000 tons per day. It is a marvel of expedition and is altogether a (n)ice arrangement. Skaters should look out for the elevator and the hole it has made. Mr Davies' brewery will be a cool place next summer.

The initial carnival of the Moss park rink took place last night and was attended by about 2500 people, of whom there were 200 in costume. The negro element predominated, although there were some neat and unique costumes. The ice was in good condition, but the tremendous crowd made it dangerous and uncomfortable for the skaters.

Last evening Wm Orford of Parliament street, Wm Linden and some others were drinking in Boylan's tavern in West Market street. Orford dropped $19 on the floor and Linden picked it up. When he was charged with it he returned only $11. Policeman McMurray was called in. Linden offered $8 to fix the matter up, but the officer took him to police headquarters on a charge of larceny. Two hours after Policeman Reburn brought Orford on a charge of being drunk.

In the case of Fred Dunbar, the sculptor, against W S McMurray in the assize court yesterday the jury failed to agree. Judge Osler charged them that it was a question of veracity between Mr Dunbar and Mr McMurray. The latter's contention was that Mr Dunbar was to make a marble bust of Bishop Fuller (Mr McMurray's father-in-law) instead of the clay one, which Mr McMurray said the clergy of the diocese would quickly assume if suitable. It took the jury four hours to disagree.

Before Judge Osler and a jury yesterday Mr Richard Ough, a contractor of this [city, brought an action for $1000 damages for slander against Mr Robert Gibney, a foundryman of Stouffville. The plaintiff claims that the defendant told several people that the plaintiff had been imprisoned for arson in California. Mr Rose, Q C, appeared for the plaintiff, Dr McMichael, Q C, for defendant. The defence was based upon the contention that the statements made by the defendant were merely a repetition of a current rumor. The jury gave a verdict of 25 cents for plaintiff.

Cancers and Other Tumors

are treated with unusual success by World's Dispensary Medical association, Buffalo, N. Y. Send stamp for pamphlet.

Rooms for Rent.

To-night and to-morrow will be performed at the Royal opera house that excellent comedy entitled Rooms for Rent. From a multitude of laudatory press notices the following from the New York Times is picked at haphazard: "Rooms for Rent is founded upon occurrences which may be imagined to take place in a house where furnished rooms are rented, and the situations are ludicrous in the extreme. The awkward predicaments in which the principal characters are continually becoming involved, created roars of laughter last night, and will make the comedy a popular success."

'The Only One in America.'

The International Throat and Lung institute, Toronto and Montreal, is positively the only one in America where diseases of the air passages alone are treated. Cold inhalations are used through the Spirometer, an instrument or inhaler invented by Dr M Souvielle of Paris, ex-aide surgeon of the French army, with proper dietetic hygienic and constitutional treatment suitable to each case. Thousands of cases of Catarrh, Laryngitis, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrhal deafness and Consumption have been cured at this institute during the last few years. Write enclosing stamp for pamphlet, giving full particulars and reliable references to 173 Church street, Toronto, Ont.; 13 Phillip's square, Montreal, P Q.

IN THE INTERESTS OF TRUE SCIENCE

(To the Editor of the World.)

SIR: As my friends and I have thought it prudent to keep all the important facts in connection with my esteemed christian friend and affectionate adherent, J A Hiscocks, until after the funeral, will you kindly inform the public that we are prepared for a systematic investigation.—Yours in the interest of true vital science,

VICTOR B. HALL.

That Husband of Mine

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Well's Health Renewer," $1. Druggists.

THE NEW WORLD.

Maria Sanders, on marrying John Beabout, aged 84, at Ashland, Ohio, received a present of $100,000 in real estate. She says, however, that it is a love match.

Judging from the extraordinary success of Edward Stokes, the murderer of Jim Fisk, since his release from prison, the royal road to wealth is by killing a man.

The men who bought the Philadelphia exhibition building for $97,000 have sold the iron alone for enough to much more than repay the investment, and will clear about $350,000 on the investment.

The inaugural address of Gov. O'Neal of Alabama contained a sentence of 290 words. In it was a comprehensive geographical description of the state, and a prophecy of future commercial greatness.

The village officials of Stillwater, Wis., demanded $20 and thirty tickets in payment for the license of a traveling show, and the manager acceded; but when, after the performance, they asked him to redeem with cash several of the passes that had not been used he declined.

Two tramps were making a tour in Missouri together, and their agreement was to share comforts and discomforts equally. One asked a farmer for a chew of tobacco, and got it. The other demanded half, and was told that there was not enough to divide. Enraged by this act he murdered the offender.

We read in a London paper: "What is going to happen? The Daily News mentions the Standard by name in a leader this week. One morning paper mentioning the other! Such a thing has never been known before. It rejoices the heart of Mr. John Morley, who refers to the fact in the Pall Mall Gazette.

Louisville has discovered that women are particularly fit to be drug clerks, and a number are already employed in the best stores. "They seem to learn by intuition," says an employer, "one look or word suffices where a man would require a hundred words of instruction. When my woman clerk has a matter in hand, I am certain that my order will be carried out."

Isaac W. Sprague, the well-known living skeleton of the museums, has been shown in a clinic to the students of a Chicago medical college as an illustration of progressive muscular atrophy, which is the disease that has reduced him to skin and bone. When a robust boy he was a powerful swimmer, and one day after tiring himself out in the water he lay down in a cool shade to rest. This brought on the first attack. He now weighs forty pounds and has only a few remnants of muscle left—barely enough to enable him to stand and to lift his right arm.

Mary Keller, a young student of the Pittsburgh school of design, gave so much promise that persons interested in her contributed money to send her to Italy for higher study. Her parents lately received a letter from her saying that Baron Ferdinand Antonio Sonello had asked her to marry him and that she would like to do so; that her poverty was sufficient proof that he had no mercenary design, and that his character and social standing were excellent. The father made an investigation which resulted satisfactorily, and the betrothal took place.

At a donation party a methodist paster refused the proffered money because, against his previous protest, the young people indulged in kissing games. He writes to the Christian Advocate to ask whether he might properly have avoided the sacrifice. The editor replies that donation parties are sure to bring together romping boys and hoydenish girls, and unless the pastor is a gentleman and his wife a lady and some of the influential members are persons of piety and good manners, the tone of the church is certain to be lowered. In some parts of the country disgraceful things occur, such as hugging, kissing, dancing and rough skylarking. If the pastor is to receive the proceeds, he cannot be indifferent to the conduct of those who form the party, unless when all is over they come to a better mind and acknowledge that this had been a wrong act. In that case he can take the money.

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchupaiba." $1.

A Perilous Journey.

The mail service between Lachine and Caughnawaga is very irregular this winter. The mails are carried by Indians in canoes, who suit their own convenience. Mr. Walbank, C.E., went over to Caughnawaga on Saturday morning to inspect his surveyors who are at work there. This morning, at the time given in the table, Mr Walbank went to the wharf but found no boat, and having some very important business to attend to in Montreal, it was absolutely necessary to cross. After waiting about an hour in vain Constable Lefort offered to row Mr Walbank to Lachine, and they both started off. Everything went well until they got within about an acre of this side, when they got completely hemmed in with floating ice. Every attempt to get back was made, but in vain, and they drifted down the river at full speed for about two and a half miles, and had made up their minds that they would be swept into the rapids. A large piece of ice passed and Mr Walbank jumped on it, and Constable Lefort followed, by which means they managed to reach shore in safety.—Montreal Witness.

The Anderson Fortune.

The Montreal Witness of Wednesday says: "It will be remembered that a few days ago Mr W S Walker, advocate of this city, received advices from the executors of the Cameron estate to the effect that the legacy of £15,000 left Mr C W Anderson of Lachute was only a portion of a fortune of £1,800,000, the rest of which was left by the testator to Michael Nott Anderson, a cousin of Charles W. The whereabouts of the lucky Michael not being known, the announcement of his sudden accession to wealth was published in the Canadian and American press with a somewhat impressive result. Up to the present time communications have been received from four Michael Notts, each of whom claim to be the only and original one of that name and the heir to the Cameron estate. Two of the claimants write from Michigan and two from Ontario.

Sarah Sure.

An old man would not believe he could hear his wife talk a distance of five miles by telephone. His better half was in a country store several miles away where there was a telephone, and the sceptic was also in a place where there was a similar instrument, and on being told Low to operate it he walked boldly up and shouted "Hello Sarah." At that instant lightning struck the telephone wire and knocked the man down, and as he scrambled to his feet he excitedly cried "That's Sarah every time."

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats," clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

THE PRINCESS AND LADY MACDONALD.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: A recent correspondent in your journal somewhat unjustly, I think, stigmatizes the conduct of the premier's lady at Rideau hall as "arrogant." Now I submit that it was natural, and by no means reprehensible, that Lady Macdonald, on the arrival of the princess in Canada, should consider herself entitled, as the next lady in social standing in the dominion, and being so much her senior, and acquainted thoroughly with the new surroundings of the princess, to advise her in regard to them; and I much question whether subsequent events have not proved that the princess would have acted wiser by accepting Lady Macdonald's guidance than by rejecting it. On the other hand, it is quite natural that the princess, who is known to have a will and temper of her own, and being free from her mother's rule in England, should determine to be her own mistress in Canada. Whether it was the result of this that she met with her terrible accident in being dragged several hundred yards in the snow and injured by traveling on a dark night, without proper attendance, with an inexperienced English driver and an untried team, I cannot say; but doubtless this sad accident is one thing that made her dislike Canada. Then there was that miserable burlesque published in London Truth and republished freely in Canadian journals, which of itself, would make her dislike returning to the "hotel" at Rideau hall.

But while the gentry and tradespeople at Ottawa are so terribly annoyed at the absence of the princess, the people at large will surely be concerning themselves with the question whether a purely ornamental governorship, which Canada now has, is needful or useful. In bygone times governors sent here from England did govern—not always wisely, or for the public good, any more than ministries—but they did govern. And in the early days of the colony, and for some time after, till the people were fit to govern themselves they may have been both needful and useful. But now that cabinets responsible to parliament, and parliaments responsible to the people do the whole of the actual governing of the country, it is a fair question whether the community at large should be taxed to keep up purely ornamental institutions to please the monied and unmonied gentry and the tradespeople who benefit by it. In justice I believe these two classes by themselves should be taxed to support these ornamental institutions, which now exist purely for their benefit but are useless to the people at large.

Thus much may be said in justice to Lord Lorne, that in traveling in the Northwest and British Columbia and writing accounts of the country to English journals he is benefiting Canada immensely by advertising the dominion and attracting capital and emigration thereto. This, however, will not need to be continued, as the new inhabitants themselves will do this hereafter. It is indicative however of discernment and good sense on the part of our present governor-general that he is employing his time in the only way of real service he can be to the country, and thus returning as far as he can value for the money he costs the country. But this course on his part does not satisfy the social folks at Ottawa. What they want is to have the marquis and princess there to give free dinners and dances at the public expense. And even then the music is not all harmony. For a visit to Rideau hall will not infuse gentility into folks who have never been bred to it; nor will manners minus money—unless free dry goods were thrown into the entertainments—satisfy the dressmakers' and tailors' bills. For, though it be true that "manners not money make the man," it is quite as often true that without the last, the first will often break the man—and woman, too, if our woman's rights be fully granted by making her responsible for her own purchases.

However, the end of the matter is just this that journalists who are faithful to the public weal, without respect to persons, will keep before their readers the fact that the actual and real governor-general of Canada is the prime minister of the dominion, who is at present—and likely to be for the term of his natural life, unless he resigns it for the ornamental governorship, Sir John A Macdonald.

What is wanted in Canada now for the public weal is not a so-called reform party, who are simply fighting for place, nor a conservaaive party who are striving to conserve their offices and carry on the government after old timed traditions; but a party whose motto shall be justice and economy; who will battle to have the government of the country as simple and inexpensive as efficiency will allow; who will strive to lop off all useless and dead branches from the governmental tree, and require that each and every official shall be needed and competent, and give for a good day's wages a fair day's work. ECONOMY.

THE RECTORY LANDS GRAB.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: At a meeting of the private bills committee yesterday morning there was a large turn out of the city rectors urging the passage of a proposed bill to enable them to lay hold of all the lands and revenue property of St James' cathedral. These lands and property consist of crown grants and endowments. The former is known as rectory property and the latter as special endowment for the sole use of the cathedral church in particular. With this the rectors have no right to interfere, having no just or lawful claim thereto, and hence their attempt to secure a covert legislation by means of the bill in question. But to the credit of the chairman of that committee—Hon. Mr. Fraser—be it said he took in the situation very quickly and urged upon the promoters of the bill delay and its withdrawal. One of the rectors, however, seemed very urgent, so much so that he undertook to add his say to the arguments of their learned and able counsel. The rector of Grace church evidently felt that any delay in the matter, however necessary such might be, would be only delaying his participation in the plunder of the funds of St James' cathedral. But of all men he should be the last to take so prominent a part. It is only a very short while since he came over to the English church—the greater part of his life being spent in eating the bread of the methodist church. Besides, his career in our own church is not one that entitles him to favorable consideration, much less qualify him to share in the loaves and fishes in question. Would it not be much more becoming for this rev. gentleman, instead of casting a covetous eye on what does not belong to him, excommunicating and hounding down the good and earnest members of his church, to try and prove himself a true follower of the meek and lowly one and his apostles, with whom he claims unbroken relationship? No wonder that the church should seem to be losing its hold on the world and sceptics rise up in her midst, when worldly-minded men become pastors of the flock and eat the children's bread

A LEGITIMATE CHURCHMAN,
who was present.

Toronto, Jan. 25.

NEARLY, BUT NOT QUITE.

A Manitoban Narrowly Escapes Being Taken in by Confidence Men.

The New York Journal of Tuesday says: "The authorities at police headquarters were last night informed of an attempt at swindling, which, from the nature of the case and the description of the swindler, the police have concluded is the work of Joseph Seilig, otherwise known as 'Hungry Joe,' the well-known bunco steerer. Yesterday afternoon M W Meaghen, the vice-president of the Keewatin and Lake Winnipeg Mining company of Manitoba, who is stopping at the Metropolitan hotel, while walking in Broadway was accosted by name by a slim, stylishly dressed young man who expressed great pleasure at meeting him, and inquired for the 'folks in Manitoba.'

'You have the advantage of me,' said Mr Meagher, 'I don't recollect your face.'

'I am William Neagle,' said the polite young man, 'and a cousin of John T Neagle, the superintendent of your mine.'

Mr Meagher and the stranger walked down Broadway, and when opposite the city hall, a tall, well dressed man, with heavy side whiskers, approached 'Mr Neagle,' and demanded the amount of a bill which he owed him. The confidence man searched his pockets and said he had no money with him, but would Mr Meagher kindly cash a $100 check for him, and relieve him from his importunate creditor. Mr Meagher said he would be very happy to do so, but his money was at the hotel, and he agreed to cash the check.

The three men entered a carriage and were driven to the Metropolitan. During the drive Mr Meagher's suspicions were aroused. His two newly made acquaintances became highly indignant, but when Mr Meagher threatened to call in the police the fellows hastily left the hotel."

UNDERTAKERS.

W. H. STONE,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
Yonge 187 Street.
The best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the City.

J. YOUNG,
THE LEADING UNDERTAKER,
347 YONGE ST.
Imports the finest metal and cloth covered goods. Telephone night or day.

HELP WANTED.

GOOD BOYS TO CARRY ROUTES. GOOD wages to sharp boys. Apply at WORLD OFFICE.

ONE THOUSAND MEN WANTED—ROCKMEN, axemen, graders and teamsters for the Toronto Queen street east, Toronto, Employers supplied with porters, bookkeepers, laborers, mechanics, etc, free of charge.

WANTED—NURSE FOR SICK CHILD. Apply immediately at 197 Yonge street.

100 FEMALE SERVANTS WANTED OF every kind—two housekeepers wanting situations; orders promptly attended to MRS. WM. POTTER, 111 James street north, Hamilton, Ont.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED IN SMALL FAMILY AS general servant and good plain cook. Best of references. 18 Shuter street.

A YOUNG SCOTCHMAN, RECENTLY FROM the old country, desires work from 6 o'clock evenings. An experienced bookkeeper, rapid penman and one who can make himself generally useful. Address SCOTCHMAN, 20 Bond Street, City.

AS TRAVELING SALESMAN OR BOOKKEEPER, by a young man experienced in both; good references. Address J B McLEOD, City.

BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MARRIED man from England, a situation to work in wholesale house. Address P. N., 201 Queen street west.

PRINTERS—YOUTH WITH ONE YEAR'S EXPERIENCE at the case and general work would like a situation immediately; good compositor; references if required. Apply stating terms to H. B., drawer 6, Colborne, Ont.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED woman, employment by the month, week or day. Apply 23 Elizabeth street near Queen street.

LOST.

LOST—ON TUESDAY NIGHT—A BLACK FUR Shoulder Cape between Walton street and 210 McCaul. Reward by leaving at 210 McCaul street.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TWO COTTAGES ON TREFANN STREET, between Queen and Sydenham streets, at $750 each, rents for $7 per month each house. E E KNOTT, Speculators' Mart, 48 Adelaide street east, Toronto.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TINSMITH—GOOD OPENING TO START BUSINESS in Stoves, Tins and Hardware at Phelpston (Northern railway). Inducements offered by applying to JOSEPH POWELL, 9 Victoria street, Toronto. 6 6

EDUCATION.

DAY'S BUSINESS COLLEGE WILL RE-OPEN Monday, January 8. For terms address or call on JAMES E. DAY, Accountant, 96 King street west. 61

SCHOOL OF VITAL SCIENCE IN AFFILIATION with the U C T F, Victor B Hall V P, principal. New classes are formed weekly, for particulars apply 427½ Queen street west.

CATARRH.

A NEW TREATMENT WHEREBY A PERMANENT cure is effected in from one to three treatments. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. DIXON, 307 King street West, Toronto. 1y

HOTELS

KING'S HOTEL, TORONTO, THE BEST ONE dollar a day house in the city, corner York and Front streets. Porter to meet all trains. The most convenient house to all railroad stations. J H RIGG, Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE IS THE LARGEST, COOLEST, in summer, unequalled in cleanliness best ventilated, best furnished and the best managed hotel in Canada. Graduated prices. HENRY J NOLAN, Chief Clerk. MARK H. IRISH, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, YORK STREET, TORONTO, immediately opposite Union Station. Terms, $1.50 per day. A. G. HODGE, Proprietor.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON. Diseases of all the domesticated animals skilfully treated. Horses bought and sold on commission. 32 and 34 Richmond street west, Toronto.

GENERAL AND FINANCIAL AGENCY—SUMS of from $200 to $50,000 to invest in Patent Rights, Business Chances, Manufactures, Hotels, Saloons, and any kind of merchantable or exchangeable property. J. I. EVANS & Co., Leader Lane, Toronto.

HODGE & WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET East, dealers in Pitch, Felt, Carpet and Sheating Papers. Roofing done to order. Agents for Warrens' Asphalt Roofing, most durable material known.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED by experienced and first-class workmen. T. CLAXTON, music dealer, 107 Yonge street, Toronto.

THE CHEAPEST AND FINEST ASSORTMENT of ladies Davenport desk secretary and cartiable combined, handsome Christmas or New Years present for lady or gentleman, at PIPER'S, 59 Adelaide street west.

RETAIL CLOTHING.

THE SALE STILL CONTINUES AT

FINCH'S

OF

Men's and Boys' Overcoats $3.25, $3.75, $4, $6.
Suits $4.50, $5, $7, $10.

145 & 147 YONGE ST.

DENTAL

C. P. LENNOX, SURGEON DENTIST, 204 Yonge street. Best plates $8. Vitalized air used in extracting; teeth filled with gold warranted or ten years.

DENTAL SURGERY—111 CHURCH STREET—open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Anesthetics administered. J. STOWE, L.D.S. F. J. STOWE, L.D.S.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.—Special attention to all branches of dentistry. G. W. HALE, dentist, 141 Yonge street, Toronto.

A. W. SPAULDING, DENTIST, 51 KING ST. east, (south side) just west of Toronto street. Office hours during the winter 8.30 a.m. to 9 p.m., Saturdays 8 20 to 5.30. All operations registered and warranted. Fees moderate.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES

AT 43 QUEEN-STREET WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast-off clothing, carpets, &c.; parties waited on at the residence by dropping a card. Cleaning and repairing neatly done. H. YANOVER.

AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST IS THE CHEAPEST place in the city to buy clothing. All wool scotch tweed pants made to order from $1 50 to $3. W. SIMON.

CHANEY & CO., 230 KING STREET EAST, renovates all kinds of feathers and mattresses; cash paid for feathers, new mattresses, feather beds and pillows for sale.

MUSIC FOR THE MILLION—JUST PUBLISHED, Book No 1 of Popular Songs and Ballads, ("Canadian Musical Library" Edition). Contents of No 1—Moonlight at Killarney, I'm the Only One That's Left, Let Me be Near Thee, Please Hurry up and Kiss Me, Miss Brady's Piano Fortay, My Little Cottage Home, The Old Homestead on the Hill, Peek-a-Boo, That Won't Keep a Wife and Baby, Wait Till the Cloud's Roll By, You Kissed Me at the Gate, Me Be Like Mellican Man, Paddy Duffy's Cart, Rock Dat Ship. Price—Twenty-five cents. Printed on good paper, from full-sized sheet-music plates, with neat cover, making in all thirty-six pages. This is the best and cheapest collection of new and popular songs ever offered to the Canadian public. Sent post-paid to any part of the Dominion on receipt of price. W. TOLTON, 1084 Queen street west, Toronto, Railway News Depot.

THE RUSH TO "MISS PHENIX, FRENCH Parisian Dress and Mantle Maker" continues unabated. All garments cut by a mathematical scale, which cannot err, consequently a fit like a Jersey is the result of every case. The very latest Paris, London and New York fashions continually on hand. Establishment at 415 Queen street, west.

LEGAL.

A. A. ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT & COATSWORTH, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street. J. E. ROSE, W. M. MERRITT, J. H. MACDONALD, E. COATSWORTH, JR.

G. W. GROTE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, Notary Public, &c 12 Adelaide street east, Toronto

J. REEVE—BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR 18, King street east.

LAW OFFICE—CHARLES DURAND, ATTORNEY and Conveyancer. Office up stairs corner of Adela de and Yonge street, Toronto.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., Proctors in the Maritime Court, Toronto, Canada. OLIVER MOWAT, Q. C., JAMES MACLENNAN, Q. C., JOHN DOWNEY, THOMAS LANGTON. Offices Queen City Insurance Buildings, 24 Church street.

O'SULLIVAN & KERR, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., etc. Offices—72 Yonge street, next the Dominion Bank. D. A. O'SULLIVAN. W. E. PERDUE.

ROBINSON & KENT, BARRISTERS, ETC—office: Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street, Toronto. 136 JOHN G. ROBINSON, H. A. E. KENT.

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King street east, Toronto. D B READ, Q C, WALTER READ, H W KNIGHT.

W. MALLOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, etc., No. 15 Toronto street, Toronto.

FINANCIAL.

$50000 TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES of interest on farms or city property; half margin. C W LINDSAY, 22 King street east.

MESSRS.

SHAW & STRATHY

Have had several enquiries for

CITY AND FARM PROPERTY.

Persons having such property for sale will please call or send description of same to 135

10 King Street East.

MEDICAL.

CONSTIPATION

Is entirely overcome by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. No injury can result, and they are pleasant to wear. Try one and be cured. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BILIOUSNESS

And all disorders of the stomach and liver are corrected by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. Try one and be convinced. Guaranteed genuine. Circulars and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

FEMALE TROUBLES.

Ladies are benefitted more by NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS than by all the science of medicine. They are comfortable and durable. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

LUMBAGO.

Those who are suffering from this disease will find a friend in NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS when all other remedies fail. Ask your druggist for it, guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

WEAKNESS

And Lassitude yield to the influence of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT when all other remedies fail. Try one and you will suffer no longer. Every Belt guaranteed. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Do not throw money away on worthless remedies, when NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS will cure you. Use one and you will find immediate benefit. Every one is guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BABY

Can be kept quiet and comfortable by wearing around its little neck one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES. They are better than all the soothing syrup in christendom. They give no shocks and are comfortable. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Ask for them and take no other.

CRYING BABIES.

Babies cry because they suffer. Their little gums are inflamed, and their bodies are more or less feverish. If you will tie around their necks one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES you will see a wonderful change for the better; their suffering will cease and their general health improve. Ask for Norman's, take no other, and you will be pleased. Price 50c. 135

CIGARS

SMOKE THE CABLE AND ELDORADO

CIGARS!

To be had on all railway trains in Canada and of all first-class hotels and dealers.

Manufactured only by

S. DAVIS & SON,
1356 MONTREAL.

Factory—54 and 56 McGill st., 73 and 75 Grey Nun st. Box Factory—102 King st., Montreal.

TORONTO BRANCH—34 Church Street

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE,
O. B. SHEPPARD, - - Manager.

Three Nights Only, THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY, Jan. 25, 26 and 27,

The Monarchs of Fun,

BARRY AND FAY

IN

IRISH ARISTOCRACY

AT

MULDOON'S PIC-NIC.

Box plan now open.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

J. FRENCH, - - Prop. | J. C. CONNER, Manager

Two Nights and One Matinee—FRIDAY & SATURDAY, Jan 26 and 27. Saturday Matinee at 2.

The Ensign Comedy Com'y

Under the management of W. A. EDWARDS, presenting the funniest of all Comedy Dramas in Four Acts—

ROOMS FOR RENT

Now in the third year of enormous success.

Scale of prices as usual.

Monday, Jan 29—Mlle Eugenie Le Grand.

LECTURES.

A MEETING

will be held under the auspices of the Reform Associations of Centre Toronto, in

THE TEMPERANCE HALL,

Temperance street, on Friday evening, 26th inst., at eight o'clock. An address will be delivered by Mr J D Edgar, upon "The Right of Canada to Make her own Commercial Treaties," and the proposal to enlarge the market for Canadian products will also be discussed by other speakers.

JOHN McMILLAN,
Secretary Reform Ass. St. James' Ward.
FRED MANLEY,
Secretary Reform Ass. St. John's Ward.

COCOA.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

EPPS' COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in packets and tins only (4-lb. and ½-lb.) by Grocers labelled thus

JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

HAIR GOODS.

LADIES!

Don't forget to call and see the fashionable

WATER WAVES,

Water Frizettes, Switches, Wigs and a large number of other styles in Hair Goods of the latest FASHIONS at the

PARIS HAIR WORKS,
105 YONGE ST. TORONTO.

The only first-class establishment of this kind in Toronto. 246

TONSORIAL.

OLD DOLLY VARDEN.

CAPTAIN JACK

Has opened a fine Shaving Parlor for the west end at

456 QUEEN STREET.

Near Denison Avenue 135

LAUNDRY.

BOND STREET LAUNDRY,
NO. 84.
GENTS' WORK A SPECIALTY.
Work sent for and delivered.

AUCTION SALE.

Grand's Repository.

Adelaide Street, Toronto.

NOTICE TO HORSE BUYERS

Now that the Xmas and New Year Holidays are over, and the public generally settling down to "solid" business, we beg to announce that all our buyers are out doing their utmost to secure the finest stock to be secured in the country, so that we are enabled to offer inducements to purchasers hitherto unequalled, for the reason that we are BUYING BY THE CARLOAD, and can therefore afford to sell cheaper in detail than individuals offering one or two horses.

We have much pleasure in announcing to our patrons (old and new) that our first consignment this season (1883) will consist of

2 Car Loads Fresh, Young, Sound Horses,

Direct from the breeders, comprising—

Heavy Draught, General Purpose, Roadster and Saddle Horses,

Which will arrive the latter part of this week, and be on show and for trial until day of sale,

TUESDAY NEXT, 30th Inst.

When will be offered for sale in addition upwards of

75 USEFUL HORSES,

Entered to be sold on commission. All Horses sold by Catalogue, giving purchasers two hours' trial as to soundness or otherwise.

Sale at 11 o'clock.

W. D. GRAND & CO.

THE MART.

BY OLIVER, COATE & CO.

Books. Books. Books.

The undersigned will sell by Auction at the Mart on

Tuesday Evening, Jan. 30th.

A Fine collection of Law and Miscellaneous works.

Catalogues will be ready on Monday.

Terms Cash. Sale at 7.30 o'clock.

Oliver, Coate & Co., Auctioneers.

For Sale by Public Auction.

For account of HENDERSON & GLASS, Liverpool, or whom it may concern:

300 tons, more or less, 19-32 Square Iron.

Condemned on account of quality. Sale by order of the DOMINION BOLT COMPANY at their Iron yard on Sherbourne Street, on

Tuesday, the 30th Instant,

at 11 o'clock in the morning.

P. RYAN, Auctioneer.

RAILWAY TICKETS.

FIRE, 40 YONGE ST.

During Refitting of Premises

SAM. OSBORNE & CO.

General Ticket Agents,

HAVE REMOVED TO

50 YONGE STREET

MEETINGS.

BOARD OF TRADE.

A General Meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the Board Rooms, Imperial Bank Buildings on

MONDAY NEXT, 29th INST.,

at 3 o'clock, for the election of officers and members of council.

[By order,

J ROLLO,
Secretary.

TELEGRAPHY.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE

30 King Street East, Toronto.

Ladies and gentlemen wanted to learn Telegraphy Operators in demand. Commercial and Railway Business thoroughly taught. For terms address enclosing stamp for reply to Dominion Telegraph Institute, 30 King street east, Toronto, Ont.

JAMES THORNE
Manager