

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1915

VOL. XLIV., NO. 14

## Canadian Government Railways.

### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT DECEMBER 21ST, 1914.

Trains Outward, Read Down.				Trains Inward, Read Up.			
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Mon. Dly.	Dly.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri. Sun.	Sun.	Mon. Wed.	Thurs. Fri.
4.45	2.00	7.00	Dep. Charlottetown	Ar.	5.15	11.30	12.10
4.07	2.54	8.13	" Hunter River	"	4.07	10.31	11.03
4.50	3.23	9.00	" Emerald Jet	"	3.23	10.03	10.19
3.47	9.45		" Kensington	"	2.46	9.38	9.45
4.10	10.20		Ar. Summerside	Dep.	2.15	9.15	9.15
Tues. Thur. Sat.				Dly. Ex. Sun.			
4.25	11.30		Dep. Summerside	Ar.	8.55	12.15	
5.23	1.14		" Port Hill	"	7.54	10.42	
6.16	2.44		" O'Leary	"	7.01	9.25	
7.35	5.00		Ar. Tignish	Dep.	5.45	7.30	
P.M.				A.M.			
4.55	8.25		Dep. Emerald Jet	Ar.	8.50		
5.45	4.15		Ar. Cape Traverse	Dep.	8.00	7.00	
Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. Sat.				Tues. Mon. Thurs. Fri. Sat.			
3.00	3.00		Dep. Charlottetown	Ar.	10.30	11.05	
4.55	4.20		" Mt. Stewart	"	9.15	9.35	
5.39	4.54		" Morrell	"	8.40	8.56	
6.12	5.19		" St. Peter's	"	8.17	8.25	
7.45	6.30		Ar. Souris	Dep.	7.00	7.00	
8.55	7.35		Ar. Elmira	Dep.	5.40	5.40	
4.40	4.15		Dep. Mt. Stewart	Ar.	9.20	9.40	
5.52	5.27		" Cardigan	"	8.04	8.15	
6.20	5.56		" Montague	"	7.33	7.40	
7.05	6.40		Ar. Georgetown	Dep.	6.50	6.50	
Dly. Ex. Sat. Sun. Only				Dly. Ex. Sat. Sun. Only			
8.10	3.10		Dep. Charlottetown	Ar.	10.00	9.45	
4.57	4.25		" Vernon River	"	8.23	8.31	
7.00	5.55		Ar. Murray Harbor	Dep.	6.30	7.00	
P.M.				A.M.			



## TENDERS.

### Ferries—Queen's County

#### China Point Ferry & Elliott River Ferry.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Department until noon on

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1915

From any person or persons willing to contract for carrying passengers, baggage, vehicles, horses, sheep, calves, swine, grain, flour, meal and vegetables over and across the above ferries for the term of three years from the 1st of April, 1915, in terms of the Act 3, William 4, Cap. 8.

Tenders must express the rates of carriage on the above severally, baggage, flour and meal at per 100 lbs. and grain and vegetables at per bushel.

The names of two responsible persons willing to become bound for the faithful performance of the service must accompany each tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

L. B. McMILLAN,  
Secretary of Public Works,  
Department of Public Works,  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island,  
March 29, 1915.

March 31, 1915—21



## Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 7th May, 1915, for the contract of the P. E. Islands, on a proposed contract for four years six times per week.

Over Rural Mail Route No. 2 from Wood Island North P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Wood Islands North, Wood Islands West, Wood Island, Port Wood and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHELAN,  
Post Office Inspector,  
Post Office Inspector's Office,  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island,  
March 41, 1915—31.

## Mortgage Sale

There will be sold by Public Auction in front of the Court House Summerside, on Monday the 26th day of April next, A. D. 1915 at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon under a power of Sale in a mortgage dated the 4th day of November A. P. 1889, made between Ewen S. McNeill of the one part and H. N. John Laforey of the other part, all that tract of land at Darnley Lot 18 Prince County, bounded as follows: Commencing on the north side of the Port Road in the South East angle of land now or formerly owned by John Brown, thence along the E. S. boundary thereof to the shore of Darnley Basin, thence along the shore easterly to the west boundary of land now or formerly owned by James Roddie, thence southerly along the same to the road aforesaid, thence westerly along the same to the place of commencement, containing twenty-two acres of land more or less with the appurtenances.

For further particulars apply at the law office of J. E. Wyatt, Summerside, dated this 19th day of March A. D. 1915.

March 24, 1915, 4—

## JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office,

Charlottetown P. E. Island

Tickets

Dodgers

Posters

Check Books

Letter Heads

Note Books of Hand

Receipt Books

Army Post Office, LONDON, ENGLAND, M & E H.

## The Catholic Home.

Wath frequently strikes a visitor to a home belonging to Catholics is the absence of everything characteristic of the Catholic mind. In the parlors and living rooms are pictures that might be in place in a home absolutely devoid of religious ideals. They are good in their way, but they are generally in sole possession. There is no little emblem of Catholic faith, a Madonna or an artistic statuette. There is nothing of the kind to be found. In the sleeping rooms it is the same, cupids, home-scenes, ships, flowers, landscapes and portraits—nothing Catholic. The books scattered about the tables or showing in the cases are the novels of the day, and not a Catholic book or periodical among them.

Surely this betokens a mistaken idea of the treasures both in art and literature that have come from Catholic genius. The Catholic man of culture today knows, or ought to know that Catholic art leads today as it always has led. All the old masters were Catholics and the majority of their subjects are Catholic. This fact is appreciated in many Catholic homes where a Botticelli or a Carlo Dolce or a Raphael or one of the other great masters holds the place of honor, a place which in too many Catholic homes is given up to some tawdry chromo or some dead result of amateur effort.

Even in stately the Catholic genius has left us many models worthy a place in the best rooms of the house. And as for literature, surely our recent Catholic writers have given us fine and interesting novels and other works as have been produced elsewhere. The effort therefore to keep up with the popular mind in these things is not an evidence of culture, but of a lack of discernment especially when it fails to appreciate the best that genius could produce.

The Catholic atmosphere pervades the true Catholic home. There is wanting that air of bravado and independence which comes to homes devoid of these little mementoes. The children have generally all the sweetness and docility which belong to their years. The freshness of innocence has not been nipped in the bud before it could flower in a manhood or womanhood of integrity and beauty. It is the home, where founded upon loyalty to God, true citizenship is fostered and true womanhood is formed. It is the aim of the Church to keep up this Catholic home, knowing well that out of it alone can come the real hope of society today.

You Owe it to Your Mother

To lift all the burdens you can from shoulders that have grown stooped in waiting upon and working for you.

To seek her comfort and pleasure in all things before your own.

Never to intinate by word or deed that your world and hers are different or that you feel in any way superior to her.

To manifest an interest in whatever interests or amuses her.

To make her a partaker, so far as your different ages will permit, in all your pleasures and recreations.

To remember that her life is monotonous compared with yours, and to take her to some suitable place of amusement, or for a trip to the country, or to the city if your home is in the country as frequently as possible.

To introduce all your young friends to her and to enlist her sympathies in youthful projects, hopes and plans, so that she may carry youth into old age.

To defer to her opinions and treat them with respect, even if they seem antiquated to you in all the smart up-to-dateness of your college education.

To talk to her about your work, your studies, your friends, your amusements, the books you

## The Catholic Home.

read, the places you visit, for part, but like many other necessities of life, there are varying degrees of interest to her.

To treat her with the unvarying courtesy and deference you accord to those who are above you in rank or position.

To bear patiently with all her peculiarities or infirmities of temper or disposition, which may be the result of a life of care and toil.

To study her taste and habits, her likes and dislikes, and cater to them as far as possible in an unobtrusive way.

To remember that she is still a girl at heart so far as delicate little attentions are concerned.

To give her flowers during her lifetime and not to wait to heap them on her casket.

To make her frequent, simple presents, and to be sure that they are appropriate and tasteful.

To write to her and visit her.

To do your best to keep her youthful in appearance, as well as in spirit, by helping her to take pains with her dress and the little accessories and details of her toilet.

If she is no longer able to take her accustomed part in the household duties, not to let her feel that she is superannuated or has lost any of her importance as the central factor in the family.

Not to forget to show your appreciation of all her years of self-sacrifice.

To give her credit for a large part of your success.

To be generous in keeping her supplied with money, so that she will not have to ask for it, or feel like a mendicant seeking your bounty.

—Fictorial Review

## In The Home Circle

It is Not The Correct Thing.

To think that only the rich can have happy homes.

To lay aside good manners with one's best clothes, to be used only in society.

For a beautiful, fascinating girl to unmask as a commonplace, ugly wife.

To imagine that little quarrels never develop into big ones.

For a man to dole out his money to his wife as if it were war-time rations.

For a woman to plan her housekeeping on a scale beyond her income.

To sacrifice comfort for the sake of keeping up appearances.

For a woman to imagine that her neighbors care particularly whether she keeps one servant or a dozen.

To forget that it is an utter impossibility to please everybody, and that if one pleases one's self and one's household, there is a certainty of pleasing somebody.

For a man to imagine that he knows more than his wife, simply because he happens to be a man.

For a woman to neglect her personal appearance at home, reserving all her taste and trouble for society.

To imagine that children raised in an atmosphere of wrangling, temper, selfishness, and coldness are not going to develop traits in keeping with their surroundings.

To be discourteous, overbearing, selfish, blunt, and cold in the home circle.

To think family prayers are obsolete.

To act as if the day belonged to one's self and need not be sanctified by prayer, and that only at night is the assistance of God required.

To think that grace before meals should only be said in convents, and that worldlings like horses, are excused.

To make the dinner-table the tribunal for hearing all the family complaints.

To consider hospitality among the obsolete virtues.

—Correct Thing for Catholics.

## Don't Watch The Clock

In this world of ours the clock plays a very important part at school.

## SUFFERED WITH LAME BACK.

Could Hardly Straighten Up For Pain.

When the back becomes lame and starts to ache it is the sure sign of kidney trouble.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure the aching back by curing the aching kidneys beneath—for it is really the kidneys aching and not the back.

This is why "Doan's" cures are lasting—the medicine cures the actual cause of the disease, the kidneys.

Mr. J. W. Aylett, South Ottawa, Ont., writes: "I have much pleasure in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills. Last summer I suffered with a lame back. Sometimes I could hardly straighten up for the pain. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and decided to give them a trial. I can truthfully say that the second box cured me. I can recommend them to all as a speedy cure to all suffering with backache."

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50c per box, a dozen for \$5.00. Sold everywhere or direct on receipt of price by J. C. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering direct specify "Doan's."

"That's a fine umbrella you carry."

"Isn't it?"

"I hope you came by it honestly."

"Well, I haven't quite figured that out. It started to rain the other day and I stepped into a doorway to wait till it stopped. Then I saw a young fellow coming along with a nice large umbrella, and I thought if he was going as far as my house I would beg the shelter of his umbrella. So I stepped out and asked: 'Where are you going with that umbrella, young fellow?' and he dropped the umbrella and ran."

## General Joffre A Devout Catholic.

Since the beginning of the war we have read much about the religious affiliations of the more notable officers actually engaged in the conflict, says Bulletin.

We are informed that General Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French forces, was a Catholic. Later on, this was denied on what seemed to be reliable evidence.

In order to get at the truth in this matter the Right Reverend Mgr. Guillot, pastor of Our Lady of Lourdes Church, Minneapolis, wrote to the Director of "La Croix" of Paris from whom he has received assurance that General Joffre is a fervent Catholic who attends Mass regularly and is frequently seen at the altar rail receiving Holy Communion. The letter adds that some years ago the General was somewhat lax in the performance of his religious duties, but of late he has shown himself to be a devout, practical Catholic.

Supplementarily as it were, this statement, the "Schermscher Anzeiger," of January 10, which lies before us, reproduces a letter written by a citizen of Lyons and published in the "Aargauer Blatt," which states, among other things, that General Joffre is a Catholic and has never made any attempt to conceal his religious convictions. In 1907, when he became dangerously ill he made a pilgrimage to Lourdes on the advice of his physician, and on August 18 of that year the writer of the letter saw him humbly kneeling in prayer before the Grotto with every evidence of edifying devotion. Joffre openly professes his belief in God and has done what he could to lighten the burden imposed upon the clergy called to the rear as instructors of recruits or as officers and chaplains to the reserves.

It will be remembered, says the writer, that in the first months of the war Joffre experienced so much opposition from some of his subordinate officers that he wanted to resign, but the government, rather than allow him to do so, dismissed three members of the clique opposed to him. In addition to General Joffre two other of the most prominent Generals of the French army, Pau and Castelnaud, are also Catholics. —Catholic Bulletin.

A little girl about 6 years old, was visiting friends says the Kansas City Star, and during the course of the conversation one of them remarked:

"I hear you have a new little sister."

Yes, answered the little girl, just two weeks old.

Did you want it to be a little girl asked the friend,

No, I wanted it to be a boy, she replied, but it came while I was

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## Invictus—the Best Good Shoes for Men

We are showing now a nice line of Invictus—the best boots for men.

These are shown in gun metal, patents, tan and black, laced and buttoned styles. Some of the new features are the new style tongue attached to uppers, wearproof lining and many other new ideas that dressy men should see.

Prices range from \$5.00 to \$7.00.



The Herald

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1915.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR. TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50 PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 81 QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. JAMES MCISAAC, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

Please Send In Your Subscriptions.

Legislative Session.

The House opened for the week Tuesday afternoon March 30 at 3.15. After the usual routine, Hon. Mr. McKinnon introduced a bill to be entitled "An act to incorporate the Prince Edward Island Fox Breeders' Association. Mr. Speaker raised a technical objection to the bill, claiming it involved an expenditure of money and should be founded on a resolution. After some discussion on the point the matter dropped. After some private bills had been advanced a stage, the companies act was further considered in committee of the whole.

It was 11.30 when the House met on Wednesday forenoon. In reply to a question by Mr. M. Kennedy Premier Mathison explained what had been done by the Government in bringing about improvements in our telegraph service. A question by Mr. M. Kennedy afforded the Premier an opportunity to explain what the Government had done in effecting a settlement with the trustees of the Lady Wood estate.

This matter of the Lady Wood estate was a peculiar affair. As stated when the matter was before the Legislature before, certain tenants of the Lady Wood estate, on Lot 67, had purchased their land from the Provincial Government in 1873 and secured their deeds. It subsequently turned out that the Government had never purchased these particular lands, and therefore had no right to sell them and grant deeds for them although they thought they had. Lady Wood had provided in her will that the income from this portion of her estate should be divided between the Indians and the Deaf and Dumb. The Chief Justice of the Province, for the time being, and the Attorney General of the Province, for the time being, were appointed by Lady Wood as two of the trustees of her estate. Towards the latter days of the late Liberal Government of the Province this matter came up in the Legislature, and in the session of 1911, Premier Hazard introduced a resolution for the settlement of the claims of the trustees, involving in principal and interest a sum of \$10,488, up to that date. The affair went no further then. The present Government took up the matter and had arrived at a settlement with the trustees in September last for \$8,500. For this amount, the Premier said, the Government intended to issue debentures bearing interest at 4 1/2 per cent. The interest would be equally divided between the Indians and the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, Halifax, and the Government would be relieved correspondingly of contributions to the latter institution. The Government would have no cost to pay except the taxed costs of its own solicitor.

The PREMIER next introduced a resolution authorizing the issue of debentures to provide compensation to the estate of Dame Louisa Augusta Wood for certain lands on township Number Sixty-seven, sold by the Commissioner of Public Lands. He said this was another of these ancient wrongs devolving upon their shoulders to set right. They had no lot or part in creating the injustice which they were called upon to remedy.

They had taken the matter up with the object of doing justice to all concerned. There was no doubt that the people who bought the Lady Wood estate from the Government were entitled to protection, and there was likewise no doubt they owed a duty to the Indians and the Deaf and Dumb, and must see that they were not deprived of their rights under Lady Wood's will. By precipitate action on the part of the trustees six suits were commenced against the purchasers of the estate and judgment given against two of them, and this necessitated the Government passing a law to protect these innocent purchasers. As the result of the subsequent negotiations, the Government had brought these purchasers out scot-free, and at the same time had safeguarded the interests of the beneficiaries under the will. The settlement he considered was as just and equitable as human consideration could make it. As he had already stated debentures for \$8,500 at 4 1/2 per cent. would be issued and the interest divided between the Indians and the Deaf and Dumb institution. Mr. Richards approved of the settlement, and said it was only right and proper that the matter should be disposed of.

Several private bills were advanced a stage at the afternoon sitting and the House then adjourned.

It was near half past eleven when the House met Thursday forenoon. After routine proceedings the Premier moved the second reading of a Bill entitled "An Act to provide for Compensation to the Trustees of the Estate of Dame Louisa Augusta Wood, for Certain Lands on Township No. 67, sold by the Commissioner of Public Lands." The Bill having passed the second reading was put through committee. The Bill is as follows:

"WHEREAS the Commissioner of Public Lands for the Province of Prince Edward Island has sold and conveyed the reversionary interest in 2,570 acres of land, part of Township Number Sixty-seven in Queen's County, belonging to the estate of Dame Louisa Augusta Wood, to the tenants and other persons holding the Leases of the said Lands and received the full consideration money therefor, which has been paid into the Treasury of the Island.

"AND WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of said Island made and passed in the Third year of the reign of His Majesty King George V, entitled, "An Act to confirm the titles to certain purchasers of lands on Township Number Sixty-seven, from the Commissioner of Public Lands" All Deeds and Conveyances executed by the Commissioner of Public Lands of the said 2500 acres of land were confirmed declared to be sufficient and valid for the passing and vesting in the several guarantees named and described in such Deeds an indefeasible estate of inheritance in fee simple in the lands and premises thereby respectfully conveyed or purporting to be conveyed.

"AND WHEREAS the said recited Act contains a proviso to the effect that nothing therein contained shall prejudice or effect any claim which the Trustees of the Will of the said Dame Louisa Augusta Wood or those now representing the Trustees of that will or the Survivor of them or any other person or persons may have against His Majesty the King in his Government of Prince Edward Island for or in respect of the lands so sold and conveyed by the said The Commissioner of Public Lands as aforesaid.

"AND WHEREAS the said Dame Louisa Augusta Wood by her last Will and Testament devised her said lands on Township Number Sixty-seven upon

trust to sell and convert the same into money and to invest the proceeds of such sale in the purchase of Government stocks, Funds or Securities of Great Britain, or of the Government of the Dominion of Canada or of any British Colonial Government, and to pay and apply the interest, dividends and annual income to arise from such investments for certain charitable purposes in her said will mentioned.

"AND WHEREAS the said Trustees of the Estate of Dame Louisa Augusta Wood have agreed to allow the compensation money due to them in respect of said Township Number Sixty-seven, lands so sold by the Commissioner of Public Lands as aforesaid, amounting to the sum of eight thousand five hundred dollars, to remain in the Treasury of said Province of Prince Edward Island as an investment to be secured by Debentures of \$500, each redeemable in 25 years, on which interest shall be payable by the said Government of Prince Edward Island at the rate of 4 per centum per annum from the second day of January, A.D. 1915, said interest to be payable half yearly on the second day of July and January in each and every year.

"BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Lieutenant Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Prince Edward Island as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Government of Prince Edward Island to issue Debentures to the Trustees of the Last Will and Testament of Dame Louisa Augusta Wood, to the amount of eight thousand five hundred dollars each and to bear interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, payable half yearly on the second days of July and January in each year, such Debentures to run for a period of 25 years and the said Debentures with the coupons attached thereto shall be in the form in the Schedule to this Act and shall be made payable at the office of the Provincial Secretary Treasurer in Charlottetown.

2. For the purpose of securing the payment of the principal money secured by the said Debentures and interest thereon, the same are hereby declared to be a charge upon the revenue and assets of this Province.

3. Debentures issued under this Act shall be under the Great Seal of the Province and signed by the Lieutenant Governor and countersigned by the Provincial Secretary-Treasurer.

Progress of the War.

London, March 28—The battles for the Carpathian Passes continue with extreme violence, this being the only region where, for the moment fighting on a large scale is taking place.

London, March 29—Outside the sinking of the steamers Agula and Falaba the only events of importance, news of which was received during the day were the renewal of activity by the Russian Black Sea fleet, which bombarded the forts of the Bosphorus, and the announcement from Petrograd that the Baltic fleet had been reinforced by modern fighting units, presumably dreadnoughts which were built in Russian yards.

London, March 30—A Reuter despatch from Athens says: "The Turks are repairing the damage done to the forts, and concentrating troops in Smyrna. The operations in the Dardanelles Sunday were confined to an intermittent bombardment of several Turkish positions, in which seaplanes co-operated. The Turkish reply was feeble."

Cardiff, Wales, Mar. 31—The Cardiff Echo declared that the British steamer Crown of Castile has been torpedoed and sunk off the Scilly Islands. The Crown of Castile, Fybe, was engaged in

the trans-Atlantic trade, and sailed from St. John, N. B., on March 19, for Europe. She was 383 feet long, 2,828 tons net and was built and owned in Glasgow, Cardiff, Mar. 31—The members of the crew of the Crown of Castile have been saved by a French steamer, according to the information here, and will be landed at Havre.

London, April 1—While the German submarines continue their activity around the coasts of Great Britain, the naval wing of the Royal Flying Squadron keeps up its attacks on the German submarines which are being built at Hoboken, and on the submarine base at Zebrugge.

Paris April 3—On Friday morning, east of Soissons, a German aviator was shot inside the French lines. This is the third aviator brought down in twenty-four hours. The flying squadron dropped thirty-three bombs in the barracks, aeroplane hangars and railway station at Vignelles in Woivre. A great number of the projectiles fell on their targets.

Paris, April 3—Hostilities between Serbian troops and Bulgarian irregulars have broken out along the border. An official statement issued at Nish, Serbia, as forwarded to the Havas Agency, says that the Bulgarians overwhelmed the Serbian frontier guards and occupied Serbian territory.

Leith, Scotland, April 4—Two signal rockets, fired point blank at an attacking aviator by the captain of the steamer Staffa, frightened the aviator. The rockets exploded very close to his machine. The Staffa has arrived here from Rotterdam. The captain reported the attack by a German aviator, who was flying low. The aviator dropped two bombs. One did not explode and the other exploded alongside the ship, shaking her violently, and putting out the lights. It may have blown overboard one seaman who was missing after the attack.

Ottawa, March 30—The terrible scandal which F. H. Markey, K. C. of Montreal, has been hinting that he will spring at the boot inquiry in regard to the Ames-Holden boots, absolutely blew up today. Mr. Markey, who is a Montreal lawyer, once famous for having received a concession from the Laurier government of all the fish in Hudson Bay, has no status before the committee. He represents a Montreal client against whom Ames-Holden has a libel suit for statements made in regard to their boots. He is on a fishing expedition for evidence for this libel suit. The members of the committee have been lenient with him and have allowed him to cross-examine at will. Mr. Markey several days ago produced a couple of Ames-Holden boots bought for the Militia Department which had a lined vamp. He intimated that this was a palpable fraud. Today, the factory manager of Ames-Holden, H. V. Matthews, went on the stand and showed conclusively that the boots which they had made with lined vamps were better than those of solid leather. They wore better and longer. He made them this way because in some cases the leather was a little thin. He was anxious to make the best possible boots and ordered the superintendent to line the vamps so that there could be no doubt as their wearing ability and value. Such a boot cost eight to ten cents a pair more to make. Two soldiers Private Ross and Sergeant Mussie, who were both at Valcartier and Salisbury Plain, had testified that their boots had given eminent satisfaction and were still good though having been in use over six months. Their boots which were in evidence were cut open and were found to have lined vamps thus bearing out the contention of Mr. Matthews that lined vamps wear longer than the ordinary vamps. Besides Mr. Matthews several tanners were put on the stand. They swore that the lined vamps were the best.

London, April 4—Stubborn battles are still being fought for the passes in the Carpathian Mountains, but elsewhere comparative calm appears to prevail. The Austrians, in their official message this morning, admitted that they had been forced to retreat in the Beskid Mountains.

Dominion Parliament.

Ottawa, Mar. 28—The first politician to be convicted by the public accounts committee of trafficking in war supplies for the militia department is George C. Hurdman, Liberal member of the Ontario Legislature for East Ottawa. He is a cousin of Col. Hurdman, inspector of motor trucks, carriages and other supplies for the militia department, and who was appointed to this office by the late Liberal government. George Hurdman, M. L. A., endeavored to help the Stevens Motor Company of Milwaukee to get orders and he told the firm in a letter which was read that he had "a very close friend whom he could rely upon for information." Hurdman also tried to sell binoculars to the department, stating that he had an option on one hundred glasses. It turned out that his statement was false. It is learned that the Ontario Liberal party have sent for the full evidence. It will be remembered that recently they had to drive Evanturel of Prescott out of the party for trafficking in licenses. Hurdman has been in the legislature less than a year.

Ottawa, March 29—The three bills reported by a special committee of the House appointed to suggest amendments to the Elections Act and the controverted elections act will appear on the order paper tomorrow. Two of them will no doubt be introduced immediately. The third, which enfranchises the Canadian volunteers, will have to stand over until a resolution of which the government has given notice is considered in committee of the whole and adopted by the House. The resolution reads as follows: Resolved, that it is expedient to make provision to enable every

male British subject of twenty-one years of age or upwards serving in the military forces of Canada in the present war to exercise his electoral franchise, and that the cost incurred in carrying out the provisions of any act to be based upon this resolution may be paid by the governor-in-council out of any unappropriated moneys in the consolidated revenue fund of Canada. The resolution is necessary because the proposed bill to enfranchise the soldiers involves the expenditure of public money and must therefore be recommended by the Governor General and approved by the House before legislation is proceeded with. The bill as already announced provides for furnishing the volunteers in Canada, Bermuda and at the front with ballots in such the form and shape of the ordinary ballot but instead of the names of the candidates being printed thereon the voter indicates his preference for the government candidate, the opposition candidate or the independent candidate. If any question arises as to who is the government candidate in any particular riding the decision of the Prime Minister shall be final and the leader of the opposition has like powers to determine who is his candidate in case of dispute. Each soldier is entitled to vote in the electoral district where he resided for thirty days before enlisting even though his name is not on the voters' list. Precautions are taken in the statute to preserve the secrecy of the ballot. The first bill above named to amend the elections act extends the hours of polling from 8 to 6 p. m., and requires the employers of labor to give each employee an hour off in addition to the noon hour without deduction of pay on day of election.

Ottawa, March 30—The terrible scandal which F. H. Markey, K. C. of Montreal, has been hinting that he will spring at the boot inquiry in regard to the Ames-Holden boots, absolutely blew up today. Mr. Markey, who is a Montreal lawyer, once famous for having received a concession from the Laurier government of all the fish in Hudson Bay, has no status before the committee. He represents a Montreal client against whom Ames-Holden has a libel suit for statements made in regard to their boots. He is on a fishing expedition for evidence for this libel suit. The members of the committee have been lenient with him and have allowed him to cross-examine at will. Mr. Markey several days ago produced a couple of Ames-Holden boots bought for the Militia Department which had a lined vamp. He intimated that this was a palpable fraud. Today, the factory manager of Ames-Holden, H. V. Matthews, went on the stand and showed conclusively that the boots which they had made with lined vamps were better than those of solid leather. They wore better and longer. He made them this way because in some cases the leather was a little thin. He was anxious to make the best possible boots and ordered the superintendent to line the vamps so that there could be no doubt as their wearing ability and value. Such a boot cost eight to ten cents a pair more to make. Two soldiers Private Ross and Sergeant Mussie, who were both at Valcartier and Salisbury Plain, had testified that their boots had given eminent satisfaction and were still good though having been in use over six months. Their boots which were in evidence were cut open and were found to have lined vamps thus bearing out the contention of Mr. Matthews that lined vamps wear longer than the ordinary vamps. Besides Mr. Matthews several tanners were put on the stand. They swore that the lined vamps were the best.

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Ottawa, March 13—The white light of day is being thrown on the machinations of Liberal operators to secure, at the expense of the country, big rake-offs on war contracts. It was shown in the boot committee this afternoon that Charles E. Slater, a prominent Liberal had made a commission \$15,275 on 17,000 pairs of army boots and 22,000 pairs of canvas shoes, manufactured by the Gauthier Company, while the Gauthier

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1 doz. Boot Laces
1 Elastic Hair Net
1 Pair Hese Supporters
1 Cube Assorted Toilet Pins
1 pkg. Darning Needles
3 Lead Pencils
3 R. Is Wire Hair Pins
1 doz. Assorted Safety Pins
1 Box Mixed Brass Pins
1 Spool Linen Thread
1 doz. Assorted Tapes
1 doz. Spools (Clappertou's)
3 Thimbles

Any purchaser anywhere who buys this famous dollar parcel and is not satisfied absolutely, will have price refunded immediately, including postage. If not delighted, return the goods and get your money—no arguments—no objections, just the money right in your hand. If you have had any postage to pay in the matter, we will return that too.

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ADVERTISEMENT OF THE Live Stock Breeder's Association THE FOLLOWING STOCK ARE OFFERED FOR SALE: 2 Clydesdale Fillies, 13 Shorthorn Bulls and Bull Calves, 4 Shorthorn Cows and Heifers, 3 Ayrshire Bulls, 3 Holstein Bulls, 1 Jersey Bull, 8 Yorkshire Boars and Sows, 5 Berkshire Boars and Sows, 1 Chester, 1 Hampshire. WANTED TO PURCHASE: The Department has an enquiry for Yorkshire, Berkshire and Poland China Boars and Sows, over five months of age. Give full particulars as to age, breeding, estimated weight and price. THEODORE ROSS, Secretary, Live Stock Breeders' Association, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

For Reliable Fire Insurance Call, Write or Phone G. J. McCORMAC AGENT FOR The Imperial Underwriters Corporation of Canada, And The National Benefit Life and Property Assurance Co. of London, England. Office—Revere Hotel Building, 119 Kent St. Charlottetown. P. O. Box 74 Dec. 9, 1914—tl. Phone 351

(Continued from page 1) firm who manufactures made a profit of only How this Liberal came in again was shown fact that Slater & Laurier regime had Gauthier Company to erment 3,000 pairs for the Northwest Police at \$6.25 to \$13 while the Gauthier only \$5.50 These are the things erment is finding out, men will have to re Powell, the Ottawa who got away with medical supplies has alr to pay this back. Hughes himself took a the public accounts of this afternoon and en the members on some they were inquiring, asked the Ellis firm, to purchase glasses, be cause he wanted "the b the hands of a man, swear by. He say high prices if Col. Hur the department was, a go around the country them up. Besides he had ficient faith in Hurdman ment to believe that he not be swayed by friend know Col. Hurdman is soldier, but—" said the Col. Hurdman was appoi spector of supplies by St erick Borden, and his regarding binoculars have him under suspicion, to very mildly. He is a ce the Hurdman the Ottawa ber of the legislature v been trying to put one o motor truck contracts but Did you give Hurdman orders for inspection? ask Carvell. The only ord gave him was to cease was the reply of General He added that he had a te message which caused think it would be ch change the system of pu glasses. Hurdman ha going around trying to where binoculars could Ottawa, April 1— laws were under discuss most all day today. T posal to extend the hours ing was rejected, but a p was inserted to require en to give voters an ad hour's leave with pay tion day. The propos simplify procedure in trials met strong opposit the Hon. William Pugsley P. B. Carvell and A. K. came to the support Minister of Justice in de the bill. Mr. Doherty that the heart of the the provision that there be one trial and only without preliminary ob and that he was ready t amendments so long central advance was mai Both the bill regarding e and that regarding electio were left in the committe and will come up for discussion. Ottawa, April house this morning ad resolution for adjou over Good Friday, with on Saturday and Monday Ocean Limited, Ma It is officially announ Canadian Government R fast train, the Ocean, between Halifax and M will make the first run M With new sleeping cars, ing cars, new day-coach most modern and power motives of the breadnag and any of the older e thoroughly renovated and up to date, the Ocean service will continue to favour with those who t wween the Maritime Prov Montreal. As in previo the Ocean will leave Hal at 8.00 a. m. with the us nction from Sydney and Edward Island, the ti being so arranged as to daylight views of some most picturesque scenery continent,—the Wentwor La Baie de Chaleur, an pedia Valley, and is sche arrive at Montreal after five hours run, 8.00 a following day at Bor Union depot. From t station the Grand Trun national Limited depart a. m. daily, making a fa Toronto, arriving there in the afternoon, thence ton, London, Detroit, Ch all western points.



(Continued from page two.) firm who manufactured them made a profit of only \$8,650. How this Liberal middleman came in again was shown by the fact that Slater during the Laurier regime had sold for the Gauthier Company to the government 3,000 pairs of boots for the Northwest Mounted Police at \$6.25 to \$6.30 a pair, while the Gauthier price was only \$5.50.

These are the things the government is finding out, and these men will have to refund. E. Powell, the Ottawa middleman who got away with \$6,500 on medical supplies has already had to pay this back. General Hughes himself took a hand in the public accounts committee this afternoon and enlightened the members on some matters they were inquiring about. He asked the Ellis firm, of Toronto, to purchase glasses, he said, because he wanted "a man, he could swear by. He saw room for high prices if Col. Hurdman of the department was allowed to go around the country buying them up. Besides he hadn't sufficient faith in Hurdman's judgment to believe that he would not be swayed by friendship. "I know Col. Hurdman is a good soldier, but—" said the Minister. Col. Hurdman was appointed inspector of supplies by Sir Frederick Borden, and his actions regarding binoculars have brought him under suspicion, to put it very mildly. He is a cousin of the Hurdman the Ottawa member of the legislature who has been trying to put one over on motor truck contracts but failed. Did you give Hurdman any orders for inspection? asked Mr. Carvell. The only orders we gave him was to cease buying, was the reply of General Hughes. He added that he had a telephone message which caused him to think it would be better to change the system of purchasing glasses. Hurdman had been going around trying to find out where binoculars could be got.

Ottawa, April 1.—Election laws were under discussion almost all day today. The proposal to extend the hours of polling was rejected, but a provision was inserted to require employers to give voters an additional hour's leave with pay on election day. The proposal to simplify procedure in election trials met strong opposition from the Hon. William Pugsley, while F. B. Carvell and A. K. MacLean came to the support of the Minister of Justice in defence of the bill. Mr. Doherty declared that the heart of the bill was the provision that there should be one trial and only one trial, without preliminary objections, and that he was ready to accept amendments so long as that central advance was maintained. Both the bill regarding elections and that regarding election trials were left in the committee stage and will come up for further discussion. Ottawa, April 2 The house this morning adopted a resolution for adjournment over Good Friday, with sittings on Saturday and Monday.

Ocean Limited, May 2nd. It is officially announced the Canadian Government Railway's fast train, the Ocean Limited, between Halifax and Montreal, will make the first run May 2nd. With new sleeping cars, new dining cars, new day coaches, the most modern and powerful locomotives of the dreadnaught class, and any of the older equipment thoroughly renovated and brought up to date, the Ocean Limited service will continue to grow in favour with those who travel between the Maritime Provinces and Montreal. As in previous years, the Ocean will leave Halifax daily at 8.00 a. m. with the usual connection from Sydney and Prince Edward Island, the time table being so arranged as to permit daylight views of some of the most picturesque scenery on the continent—the Wentworth Valley, La Baie de Chaleur, and Matapedia Valley, and is scheduled to arrive at Montreal after twenty-five hours run, 8.00 a. m. the following day at Bonaventure Union depot. From the same station the Grand Trunk's International Limited departs at 9.00 a. m. daily, making a fast run to Toronto, arriving there at 4.30 in the afternoon, thence to Hamilton, London, Detroit, Chicago and all western points.

Local And Other Items

An auto ran off a bridge near Seattle, and Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Prosch, Margaret Denny and Mrs. Harriet F. Bercher were drowned.

Lord Rothschild, head of the English branch of the Rothschild family, died in London on March 31st.

Wm. Stitt, General Passenger Agent of the C. P. R., dropped dead in his office in Montreal on April 1st. His death was due to heart trouble.

All motor manufacturing plants in Scotland have been placed under Government control and will be operated day and night.

A despatch from Stockholm to London says the German steamer Hensoth struck a mine in the Baltic and sank. Twenty-five members of the crew were drowned. She was 1544 tons.

The London Official Gazette says that Hon. Lieut. John Bottomley, paymaster of the first Canadian Contingent, has been dismissed from the army by a sentence of Court-Martial.

The Chicago Post office officials admitted lately that the shipment by parcel post of food to Germany and Austria has increased within two weeks from 115 to 1200 packages.

Marie Louise Welsh, said to have been associated with Naval Ensign Ullion, who was sentenced to life imprisonment in 1907 for selling French naval plans to a foreign Government, has been arrested in Paris on an espionage charge.

Lloyds in London is betting 4 to 3 that the war will be over by September 30, 1915. In other words Lloyds is offering to pay 100 guineas on a premium of seventy-five guineas for losses due to war after that date. The underwriters think the bet is a good one.

The Easter market on Saturday last, was a great success. The display of superb Easter beef was wonderful, the best, doubtless, that we have had. The attendance was large and business was thriving. Prices for the choicest cuts ranged in the vicinity of 22 cents per pound.

The sinking of the Turkish armoured cruiser Medjidieh is reported in a despatch from Petrograde to Reuters Telegram Company. The despatch says "A semi-official communication was received today from Sebastopol saying the Medjidieh struck a mine near the Russian coast last night and went down."

The Paris Matin says that Raymond Swoboda, a passenger on the French liner La Touraine, when she was imperilled by fire at sea on March 6, has been arrested charged with setting fire to the vessel. The police say that there has been found additional evidence to show that he was a pro-German. One report says that he was believed to be a Canadian and his family lived in Quebec.

H. W. Best of Bradalbane is the owner of a Holstein Friesian Cow of which he is justly proud. She has just completed a seven days test during which she gave 522 lbs. of milk containing 19.78 lbs. of butter which is nearly 13 lbs. of butter a day. It is such Cattle as this that has given the Holstein Cow the position she occupies, not only in Prince Edward Island but throughout the whole world. Every farmer who can put a cow like that in the test is bringing credit not only to the Holstein Breed but to Prince Edward Island as well.

Many lives were likely lost in the great storm that lashed the south Atlantic coast last Sunday. There is no result as yet in the search for the Royal Dutch West Indies Co's steamer Prinz Mauritz and she is believed to have foundered off Hatteras with a loss of about 50 lives. Fifteen of the crew of the tug Edward Luckenbach were drowned off False Cape. Many barges were driven ashore, lights were torn away, shore resorts swept and beaches strewn with wreckage. It is feared that thirteen men on the barge Tampico which broke from the tug last Tuesday are drowned.

Local And Other Items

Jack Johnston, the negro pugilist was beaten in his fight with Jess Willard at Havana on Monday last. He was knocked out in the 26th round.

The resolution having for its object allowing Prince Edward Island four members in the House of Commons has passed both houses of parliament.

Mrs. Andrew Borden, mother of Sir Robert Borden, died at her home at Grand Pre, N. S., on the morning of March 29th. Mrs. Borden whose maiden name was Laird, was born and lived all her long life in the Village of Grand Pre, rendered famous by Longfellow in his poem of "Evangeline". The deceased lady was about 90 years of age. Her family consisted of three sons and one daughter, all of whom were present at the time of her death. Sir Robert Borden is the eldest of the family.

Holy Week and Easter

The solemn religious exercises of Holy Week and Easter Sunday were appropriately carried out in St. Dunstan's Cathedral. As already stated the office of Tenebrae was sung on the evenings of Wednesday, Holy Thursday and Good Friday. His Lordship the Bishop, the Cathedral clergy, Professors and Students of the College and members of the choir participated in the Tenebrae exercises. His Lordship, the Bishop celebrated Solemn Pontifical Mass, and blessed the holy oils on Holy Thursday, assisted by Rev. Joseph Gallant, an arch-priest, Rev. Pius McDonald, as deacon of office and Rev. Frank McQuaid as subdeacon, and Rev. Fathers Poirier and Herrel as deacons of honor and Rev. Dr. McLellan Master of ceremonies. The Repository was at the altar of the Sacred Heart. On Good Friday his Lordship officiated, assisted as above at the Mass of the Proscenific and the adoration of the cross. On Good Friday afternoon, a sermon on the Passion was preached by Rev. Pius McDonald. This was followed by the "Way of the Cross." On Holy Saturday Morning, Rev. Pius McDonald was celebrant, Rev. Father Poirier was deacon, sang the exultet and blessed the Pascal candle. His Lordship was celebrant of the Solemn Pontifical Mass on Easter Sunday, assisted as on the other days. The sermon of the occasion was preached by Rev. Dr. McLellan. The exercises of the day concluded with Solemn Pontifical Vespers and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

The National Transcontinental

Ottawa, March 28.—Hon. Frank Cochrane has given notice of a resolution in the Commons which foreshadows the continued operation by the government of the National Transcontinental from Moncton to Winnipeg, as a part of the government's system of railways. The resolution declares that it is expedient to amend the National Transcontinental Railway Act, so as to provide for the leasing or purchasing of the Grand Trunk Pacific branch line from Lake Superior Junction to Port William, including the terminal facilities, rolling stock and equipment. The Minister of Railways is to be empowered, with the approval of the governor-in-council, to carry out any such agreement, lease or purchase. The branch line in question was built by the Grand Trunk Pacific in order to give the road connection between Port William and the main line of the N. T. R. at Lake Superior Junction. If the company is not to take over the operation of the N. T. R., then, of course, the government in operating this road will require also the company's present branch line to Port William, thus giving the outlet to the lake port, for the grain moving season.

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 148 PRINCE STREET CHARLOTTETOWN. J. A. Mathieson, K. C., & E. A. McDonald, Jax. D. Stewart.

DIED.

ABBOTT—At Omaha, Neb., on March 17th, 1915, Myrtle Cairns, beloved wife of J. Waldron Abbott formerly of Union Road.

GAY—At Hebron, Prince Co., on Sunday evening, March 28th, of heart failure, Mrs. Gay, widow of the late Andrew W. Gay in the 75th year of her age.

DAVEY—At the City Hospital, Boston, March 29, George Davey, in his 76th year.

DAVISON—At Burlington, on March 29th, 1915, Mrs. Frederick Davison, aged 81 years.

McKENNA—At Orwell Cove, Wednesday, March 31st, James O. McKenna.

WALKER—At Johnstons River on the 3rd, inst. Mrs. Nancy, relict of the late John Walker, R. I. P.

CRONIN—At Summerside, on April 6th, Thomas Cronin, aged 75 years. R. I. P.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 21st May 1915, for the conveyance of the following mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week. Over Rural Mail Route No. 1 from Little York, P. E. Island, from the 1st October next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Little York, St. George's, Pleasant Grove and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, April 6th 1915. April 7, 1915—31

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 7th May, 1915, for the conveyance of the following mails, on a proposed contract for four years six times per week. Over Rural Mail Route No. 2 from Wood Island North P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Wood Islands North, Wood Islands West, Wood Island, Port Wood and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Post Office Inspector's Office, Charlottetown, 26th, March, 1915. March 41, 1915—31.

TENDERS.

Ferries—Queen's County China Point Ferry & Elliott River Ferry. SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Department until noon on TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1915. From any person or persons willing to contract for carrying passengers, baggage, vehicles, horses, sheep, calves, swine, grain, flour, meal and vegetables over and across the above ferries for the term of three years from the 1st of April, 1915, in terms of the Act 3, William 4, Cap. 8. Tenders must express the rates of carriage on the above severally, baggage, flour and meal at per 100 lbs. and grain and vegetables at per bushel. The names of two responsible persons willing to become bound for the faithful performance of the service must accompany each tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. L. B. McMILLAN, Secretary of Public Works, Department of Public Works, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. March 29, 1915. March 31, 1915—21

Fraser & McQuaid

Barristers and Attorney at Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND.

Mortgage Sale

There will be sold by Public Auction in front of the Court House Summerside, on Monday the 20th day of April next, A. D. 1915 at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon under a power of Sale in a mortgage dated the 4th day of November A. D. 1889, made between Ewen S. McPhail of the one part and Hon. John Lafargey of the other part, all that tract of land at Darnley Lot 18 Prince County, bounded as follows: Commencing on the north side of the Pond Road in the South East angle of land now or formerly owned by John Brown, thence along the Eastern boundary thereof to the shore of Darnley Basin, thence along the same easterly to the west boundary of land now or formerly owned by James Roddie, thence southerly along the same to the road aforesaid, thence westerly along the same to the place of commencement, containing twenty-two acres of land more or less with the appurtenances. For further particulars apply at the law office of J. E. Wyatt, Summerside. Dated this 19th day of March A. D. 1915. March 24, 1915, 41—

Invictus—the Best Good Shoes for Men

We are showing now a nice line of Invictus—the best boots for men. These are shown in gun metal, patent, tan and black, laced and buttoned styles. Some of the new features are the new style tongue attached to uppers, wearproof lining and many other new ideas that dressy men should see. Prices range from \$5.00 to \$7.00.

Alley & Co.

135 Queen Street. D. C. McLEOD K. C. — W. R. BENTLEY

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors. Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers. MONEY TO LOAN

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. San Fire Offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses. JOHN MACBACHE, AGENT. Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1906

JOB WORK!

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A. J. McLean, K. C. & J. J. McDonald McKinnon, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Carter's 'Tested' Seeds FOR 1915

Number 1 Mammoth Clover Number 1 Alsike Clover Number 1 Early Red Clover White Clover and Alfalfa

The highest grades in Timothy Seed Island grown and Imported Seed

CHOICE IMPORTED AND ISLAND GROWN Wheat, Oats, Barley, Peas, Vetches, Corn, Buckwheat, Flax Seed, Turnip, Mangel, Beet, Carrot, etc.

Our Seeds are New and Fresh, Tested as to Purity and Germination. Buy Carter's Guaranteed No. 1 Seeds and you are Safe. Write us for Samples and Prices.

CARTER & CO. LTD. SALEMEN TO THE PEOPLE OF P. E. ISLAND Charlottetown.

Men's Suits and Overcoats AT A BARGAIN

A recent purchase of a lot of Men's Suits and Overcoats as part of a Bankrupt Sale has enabled me to put these Goods on the market away below regular retail prices. Men's Suits Style single breasted Saque—in assorted Tweeds—Medium Brown—Dark Brown and Grey—sizes 34, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44 Sold regularly at 15 and 16 dollars—our price \$10.00 and \$10.50.

Men's Overcoats

In Brown and Grey Tweeds—sizes 37, 38, 39, 40, Regular 15 and 16 dollars—our price \$10.00. Also Men's Blk Beaver Coats with Persian Lamb Collars, \$15. for \$12.—and a lot of boys' and youths' overcoats and suits at reduced prices.

Men's Underwear

10 dozen Suits Men's all wool Underwear double back and front and unshrinkable, worth \$2.50 per suit. Price now \$1.79.

Men's Waterproof Coats

The good kind that will keep you dry in a regular downpour—Regular price \$9.95 pnd \$10.50, but selling now at \$7.00 and \$7.50.

Men's Duck Coats

Sheep lined and cloth lined at special prices.

Men's Oilskin Coats

Some good ones just received from England—double to the waist and buttons reinforced with leather, \$3.50. Sweaters We are well stocked in Men's and Ladies' Sweaters. You will save money by buying from "MY STORE."

L. J. REDDIN 117 Queen Street.

Mortgage Sale

There will be sold by Public Auction in front of the Court House at Georgetown on Monday the 22nd day of March A. D. 1915 at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, ALL that tract of land and parcel of land situate in and being on Township Number Fifty-nine in King's County aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Commencing on the North side of the White Road at the South west angle of a farm lot in possession of John McFarlane, thence proceeding to the Magistrate's Meridian of the year 1764 running North one hundred and fifteen chains and three quarters to the southern boundary of farms fronting on the Montague River, thence following the course of the said southern boundary southeast, westerly a distance equal to four chains and fifty-nine links east, thence south to said Road, thence following the course of the said Road west four chains and fifty-nine links to the place of commencement, containing fifty acres, of land a little more or less, being the land described in a Deed of Conveyance from the Commissioner of Public Lands to the said John McFarlane bearing date the 19th day of March A. D. 1869. By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 10th day of February A. D. 1908 and made between John McFarlane of Lower Montague in King's County in Prince Edward Island, Farmer, of the one part and George A. Poole of the same place, Merchant, of the other part, and which said Mortgage was assigned to the undersigned by Indenture of Assignment dated the 26th day of January A. D. 1907, default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest due thereon. For further particulars apply at the office of Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Solicitors, Georgetown. Dated this 18th day February A. D. 1915. WILLIAM A. McLAUREN, Esquire of the Law

Morson & Duffy

Barristers and Attorneys Brown's Block, Charlottetown P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. McDonald, Jas. D. Stewart & St.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,

Newson's Block, Charlottetown Barristers, Solicitors, etc. McDonald Bros. Building, Georgetown July 26th 1912.—41

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A Guardian Angel of Three.

(Concluded.)

Wilmington was still awaiting fame as a health-resort. It was as yet only a cluster of fir-crowned cliffs facing a broad, white strand. But an investor had spied its possibilities; a comfortable little hotel was already tempting invalids to try the ozone-charged, pine-laden air.

Winnie had not yet recovered from the journey of the previous day. From early morn she had been running hither and thither in response to demands that her most careful efforts could not satisfy.

Miss Chester indulged in an afternoon nap, but Amabel being bent on castle-building, the tired governess had to drag herself to the brooding sands. Seated on a ledge of rock, she fought hard against her need of sleep, but weariness made the splash of the waves an irresistible lullaby.

Shrieks of anger and cries of pain recalled her from dreamland. A glance showed her their cause. Wee Jackie, the baby son of one of the hotel servants, had strayed from his dozing sister and intruded on her charge's domain.

Like Philip, Jackie was sightless. To see Amabel belaboring him with her spade made Winnie feel sick.

In his effort to dodge the shower of blows the helpless urchin scattered his torturer's sand-creations. Mad with rage she struck him full on the temple.

Fast though Winnie ran, a man overtook her. To her surprise—she had thought him miles away—it was Mr. Keith.

"He is blind," he exclaimed, as Jackie's eyes opened.

He turned on his daughter, but Winnie clung to his arm. "No, no," she cried. "She is not to blame."

The hand that had been raised to strike flew to his forehead. You are right he answered bitterly. "I am to blame."

But the determination in his eyes hardened. Gripping his child with a roughness that made her scream, he pushed her into Winnie's arms. "From now she is yours," he said fiercely. "Don't take her back to the hotel; go to your mother. You can just catch the train to Salisbury. Stay there the night and go on tomorrow morning."

Winnie stared with bewilderment at the bundle of notes in her hand.

"Go," he repeated impatiently. Satisfied that she meant to obey, he picked up Jackie. The boy's sister was now at his side.

"How was he hurt?" she cried. "I can not tell you he answered, a surge of crimson proclaiming the sense in which his words were true."

Miss Chester received the news with astonishing grace.

"From the day you insisted Amabel should have a Catholic governess," she said. "I knew that would come sooner or later. A wrench is the easiest parting to bear, and it is a relief to have a suspense over."

Ronald was taken aback. He had expected a painful scene.

"I am satisfied," she went on, "that your motive is one of conscience. You have been unhappy for years, and Miss Glyn's letter showed me how Catholics feel about some things. But, let me pray you respect poor Rose's wishes as far as you can."

"Such is my intention," he answered quietly. "She knows that I did her and the child grave wrong from the beginning. It is too late to make reparation to her, but she wishes me to make it to make Amabel."

"You wronged Rose, Ronald? How?"

"As a Catholic I was bound to give the woman who shared my life a chance to become a Catholic. It was my duty to teach her the truth by good example if by nothing else. I showed her the example of a traitor. To win her hand I consented to a marriage which, in the eyes of my Church, was no marriage at all. I see now that if I had stood firm, she would have given away; her dislike of Catholicism was merely ignorant prejudice. But fear of losing her blinded me and I was weak as water. What was my result? When I told her that my faith demanded baptism for my child she replied that she could not believe in a faith that had been so easily given up. Has Amabel been baptized?"

Pains in the Back

are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

Food's Sarsaparilla cures kidney and liver troubles, restores the back, and builds up the whole system.

"Then you see what wrong I have done her. My cowardice has deprived her all these years of sacramental grace. No wonder she is whimsical, selfish, evil-tempered. And as Miss Glyn wrote she knows nothing of her religion or her prayers. Neither of us, Alice, had any right to read that letter, but it is evident that God meant it for our eyes."

Miss Chester was visibly moved. "Now I know your mind," she said. "I would not oppose you for the world. But allow me one more question: Do you know to whom you are entrusting your child?"

"I have just spent two days at Miss Glyn's own home. Like herself, her mother looks a lady. And I was not long in discovering that her mind responds to her external refinement."

"You have visited Mrs. Glyn?" inquired Miss Chester. "What induced you to do that?"

"I went to see what could be done for the blind boy. What I saw inspired thoughts which became a resolution when I beheld Amabel cruelly knock that poor sightless child down this afternoon."

"She let him break the ensuing pause. "Your future must be considered," he said, "as well as my daughter's."

"I shall marry John Craig," she replied. "I have always cared for him."

"And he has always cared for you. You should have married him long ago. The wedding must take place at Hillerott and—at once."

"Not at once. John's position is—"

"Nonsense!" he snapped, hurrying from the room.

In a moment he returned, then left again.

Her eyes filled with tears. From an envelope bearing the inscription, "My wedding-gift to Alice and John," she had drawn a slip of pale-blue paper. It was a check large enough to save her and John anxiety for many a day to come.

Her natural feeling for Miss Chester had caused Winnie acute anguish. This made a friendly letter from her doubly welcome. It accepted the new situation and promised to forward her belongings.

The same post brought a letter from Mr. Keith. His only instruction was to take his child at once to Father O'Rourke. "For the rest I leave it to you," please carry out your wish—I heard of it from Philip—to be a mother to her."

The priest was prepared for her visit. His news that Amabel had never received baptism was a shock to her. It was also an enlightenment.

"What am I to do?" she inquired.

"Prepare her for confession. Her entry into God's Church must be as full and fruitful as possible."

It was not to be expected that Amabel would take kindly to discipline all at once; for a time her spoiled-girl tears called for resolute firmness. But her surroundings gradually worked their transforming magic. The sight of Nora, Cisse, Philip, and even the quite grown-up Winnie, obeying their mother's slightest wish and seemingly trying to outdo one another in unselfishness opened a new world to her. By the time her father arrived she knew all her prayers.

Before going to the church Winnie arranged a little ceremony on her own account. She left

Amabel alone with Jackie, whom Mr. Keith had brought with him. The result more than repaid hours of trouble. She overheard a tearful request for forgiveness, and saw the two children in each other's arms.

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The girl could not reply. But her eyes were brimming with sympathy and thankfulness.

"If you feel you owe me anything," he continued, "complete what you have begun. Help me to make full reparation to my child. Tomorrow I sail for America. I mean to sell out everything there and begin an entirely new life. My business may occupy me six months. In my past journeys I have been tortured by thoughts of Amabel, but now she is with you, I shall not be anxious."

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Her joy at seeing her brother restored to sight made Winnie's weeping uncontrollable. "How much we owe you!" she exclaimed. "How much, rather, I owe you!" returned Mr. Keith. "You have been my child's guardian angel—and mine. From the day I first saw your face I ceased to despair, I resumed my long-forsaken prayers, and begged God to extricate me from the plight into which my cowardice had plunged me. His answer was a fragment of a letter—Miss Chester has promised to tell you the story—dropped by you on the stairs at Hillerott. By sending me here to see what could be done for Philip, it took me to my old school friend, Father O'Rourke. You can imagine the rest."

The girl could not reply. But her eyes were brimming with sympathy and thankfulness.

"If you feel you owe me anything," he continued, "complete what you have begun. Help me to make full reparation to my child. Tomorrow I sail for America. I mean to sell out everything there and begin an entirely new life. My business may occupy me six months. In my past journeys I have been tortured by thoughts of Amabel, but now she is with you, I shall not be anxious."

Ronald's business occupied him nearly a year. But Father O'Rourke found the time none too long. It was his task to supervise the renovation of a large house in the neighborhood, and to choose a new name for it. Not till advised of his friend's approaching return did he divulge the secret. "Mr. Keith is going to live at 'The Rosary,' he said.

In one respect alone did "The Rosary" resemble Hillerott, Winnie screamed with delight at the little oratory, all white, pale blue, and gold. "May I come here sometimes?" she asked excitedly. "May I deck it with flowers—as I used?"

"My dearest!" he said very simply. "Is not this house and all in it yours?"

For a moment she looked perplexed. Then he drew her to him and her puzzle vanished.

"My reparation—I am too happy to be able to call it atonement," he murmured is now as complete as it can be."

The honeymoon was followed by a pilgrimage. Among the cures at Lourdes that year was a little boy named Jackie.

The Lady whom Mary, otherwise Amabel, calls "Auntie Alice," was well able to testify to this cure. But she declared that by far the greater miracle was the cure of her spoiled niece. And when a few months later she received conditional baptism, she, too, hailed Winnie as "guardian angel."—Karl Klaxton, in Ben-ziger's Magazine.

"If you kiss me again," declared Miss lovely firmly. "I shall tell father."

"That's an old tale," replied the bold young man. "Anyway it's worth it," and he kissed her.

Miss Lovely sprang to her feet. "I shall tell father," she said, and left the room.

"Father," she said softly to her parent when she got outside, "Mr. Bolger wants to see your new gun."

"All right, I'll take it in to him," said her father, and two minutes later he appeared in the doorway with his gun in his hand.

There was a crash of breaking glass as Mr. Bolger dived through the window, and departed in all haste for the railway station.

Amabel alone with Jackie, whom Mr. Keith had brought with him. The result more than repaid hours of trouble. She overheard a tearful request for forgiveness, and saw the two children in each other's arms.

She was godmother, Philip as godfather each chose a new name for Amabel. The little neophyte was accordingly registered as "Amabel Mary Winefrid." When asked by which of these names she would prefer to be called in future she replied, without hesitation, "Winnie." But, seeing Winnie's reproving glance, she said "Mary."

The priest smiled. "Our Lady will not mind," he whispered. "She wanted you to win the child's heart."

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