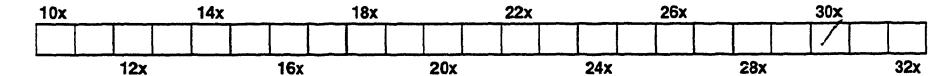
## Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming are checked below.		été p plaire ograp ou q	L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exem- plaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibli- ographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la métho- de normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.	
	Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur		Coloured pages / Pages de couleur	
	Covers damaged /		Pages damaged / Pages endommagées	
	Couverture endommagée		Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées	
	Covers restored and/or laminated /		. agos totales of the points of	
	Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée	V	Pages discoloured, stained or foxed / Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées	
	Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque			
	Coloured maps / Cartes géographiques en couleur		Pages detached / Pages détachées	
		V	Showthrough / Transparence	
	Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) /		Overlike of maintenance /	
	Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)		Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression	
	Coloured plates and/or illustrations /			
LJ	Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur		Includes supplementary material / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire	
	Bound with other material /			
	Relié avec d'autres documents		Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best	
	Only edition available /		possible image / Les pages totalement ou	
	Seule édition disponible		partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure, etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à	
	Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along		obtenir la meilleure image possible.	
	interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de		• .	
	l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge		Opposing pages with varying colouration or	
	intérieure.		discolourations are filmed twice to ensure the best	
			possible image / Les pages s'opposant ayant des	
	Blank leaves added during restorations may appear		colorations variables ou des décolorations sont	
L	within the text. Whenever possible, these have been		filmées deux fois afin d'obtenir la meilleure image	
	omitted from filming / II se peut que certaines pages		possible.	
	blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration			
	apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était			
	possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.			
		is bound	in as last page in	
	Commentaires supplémentaires: Dook but 11 Imed as		ka20 ou	

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below / Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.



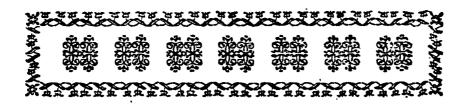
5H 527 G7. G772 1788 Fol. Kesaye

B I L L

70

Enable His Majefly to make fuch Regulations as may be necessary, to prevent the Inconvenience which might arise from the Competition of His Majesly's Subjects and those of the Most Christian King, in carrying on the Fishery on the Coasts of the Island of Newswalland.

28 Geo. III. 1788,



A

## B I L L

T O

Enable His Majesty to make such Regulations as may be necessary, to prevent the Inconvenience which might arise from the Competition of His Majesty's Subjects and those of the Most Christian King, in carrying on the Fishery on the Coasts of the Island of Newsoundland.

Note.—The Figures in the Margin denote the Number of the Folios in the written Copy.

Treaty concluded at Utrecht on the Fourth Day of April New Stile, in the Year of our Lord One thouland Seven hundred and Thirteen, between her late Majesty Queen Anne and the Most Christian King Louis the Fourteenth, it was among other Things agreed. That the Island called Newfoundland, with the adjacent Islands, should from that Time forward belong of Right wholly to Britain, and to that End the Town and Fortress of Placentia, and whatever other Places in the said Island were in the Possession of the French, should be yielded and given up,

within Seven Months from the Exchange of the Ratification of that Treaty, or sooner if possible, by the Most Christian King, to those who had a Commission from the Queen of Great Britain for that Purpose; nor should the Most Christian King, his Heirs or Successors, or any of their Subjects, at any Time thereafter, lay claim to any Right to the faid Island and Islands, or to any Part of them; moreover, it should not be lawful for the Subjects of France to fortify any Place in the said Island of Newfoundland, or to erect any Buildings there, besides Stages made of Boards, and Huts necessary and useful for drying of Fish, or to refort to the faid Island beyond the Time necessary for fishing and drying Fish: That it should be allowed to the Subjects of France to catch Fish, and to dry them on Land, on that Part only, and in none other besides that Part of the Island of Newfoundland which stretches from the Place called Cape Bonavista to the Northern Point of the said Island, and from thence runing down by the Western Side, and reaches as far as the Place called Cape Riche:

And whereas, by the Fifth Article of the Treaty of Peace, concluded at Paris on the Tenth Day of February One thousand Seven hundred and Sixty-three, between His Majesty and the late Most Christian King Louis the Fifteenth and his Most Catholic Majesty, it was among other Things agreed. That the Subjects of France should have the Liberty of fishing and drying on a Part of the Coast of the Island of Newfoundland, such as is specified in the Thirteenth Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, which Article is confirmed and renewed by the present Treaty:

And thereas, by the Fifth Article of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, concluded at Verfailles, between His Majesty and the Most Christian King, on the Third Day of September One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-three, it was among other Things agreed, That His Majesty the King of Great Britain should be maintained in His Right to the Island of Newfoundland, and to the adjacent Islands, as the Whole were assured to him by the Thirteenth Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, excepting the Islands of Saint Pierre and Miquelon, which were ceded in full Right, by the said Treaty of the Third Day of September One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-three, to his Most Christian Majesty; and that his Majesty the Most Christian King, in order to prevent the Quarrels which had before then arisen between the Two Nations of England and France, consented to remove the Right of Fishing which belonged to him in virtue of the aforesaid Article.

of the Treaty of Utrecht, from Cape Bonavista to Cape Saint John, situated on the Eastern Coast of Newfoundland, in Fifty Degrees North Latitude, and His Majesty the King of Great Britain confented, on His Part, that the Fishery assigned to the Subjects of his Most Christian Majesty, beginning at the said Cape Saint John, passing to the North, and descending by the Western Coast of the Island of Newfoundland, should extend to the Place called Cape Rage, situated in Forty-seven Degrees and Fifty Minutes Latitude: The French Fishermen should enjoy the Fishery which was assigned to them by the said Article, as they had the Right to enjoy that which was assigned to them by the Treaty of Utrecht:

And whereas, by a Declaration delivered by His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary to his Most Christian Majesty, bearing Date also on the said Third Day of September One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty-three, His Majesty engaged not only to insure the Execution of the last-mentioned Treaty with His known good Faith and Punctuality, but to give all possible Esticacy to such Principles as may prevent Dispute; and, that the Fishermen of the Two Nations may not give Cause for daily Quarrels, was pleased to engage that He would take the most positive Measures for preventing His Subjects from interrupting in any Manner, by their Competition, the Fishing of the French, during the temporary Exercise thereof which is granted to them upon the Coasts of the Island of Newfoundland, and that He would for that Purpose cause the permanent Settlements which should be formed there to be removed; and that He would give Orders that the French Fishermen should not be incommoded in the cutting of Wood necessary for the Repair of their Scaffolds, Huts, and Fishing Boats; and that the Thirteenth Article of the Treaty of Utrecht, and the Method of carrying on the Fishery which had at all Times been acknowledged, should be the Plan upon which the Fishery should be carried on there, and that it. should not be deviated from by either Party, the French Fishermen building only their Scaffolds, confining themselves to the Repair of their Fishing Vessels, and not wintering there; the Subjects of His Britannic Majesty, on their Part, not molesting in any Manner the French Fishermen during their Fishing, nor injuring their Scaffolds during their Absence:

And whereas it is expedient, in Conformity to the Definitive Treaty of Peace and the Declaration aforesaid, that His Majesty's Subjects should be prevented from interrupting in any Manner, by their Competition, the aforesaid Fishery of the Subjects

Exercise thereof which is granted to them on the Coast of New-foundland; and that all permanent Establishments on that Part of the Coast allotted to the French Fishermen should be removed; and that such Fishermen should be in no Manner molested, contrary to the Tenor of the said Treaty, and the good Faith thereof:

In Droer, therefore, that His Majesty may be the better enabled to carry the faid several Treaties and Declarations into faithful and punctual Execution, and to make fuch Regulations as may be expedient, respecting the Fishery, in the Manner hereinafter mentioned, Be it Enacted by the KING's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Advice of Council, from Time to Time, to give such Orders and Instructions to the Governor of Newfoundland, or to any Officer or Officers on that Station, as he or they 10 shall deem necessary and proper to fulfil the Purposes of the Definitive Treaty and Declaration aforesaid; and, if it shall be necessary to that End, to give Orders and Instructions to the Governor, or other Officer or Officers aforesaid, to remove, or cause to be removed, any Stages, Flakes, Train Vatts, or other Works whatever, for the Purpose of carrying on Fishery, erected by His Majesty's Subjects on that Part of the Coast of Newfoundland which lies between Cape Saint John, passing to the North, and descending by the Western Coast of the said Island to the Place called Cape Rage, and also all Ships, Vessels, and Boats belonging to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be found within the Limits aforesaid, and also, in case of Refusal to depart from within the Limits aforesaid, to compel any of His Majesty's Subjects to depart from thence; any Law, Usage, or Custom to 11 the contrary notwithstanding.

And he it further Enasted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall refuse, upon Requisition made by the Governor, or any Officer or Officers acting under him, in pursuance of His Majesty's Orders or Instructions as aforesaid, to depart from within the Limits aforesaid, or otherwise to conform to such Requisition and Directions as such Governor, or other Officer as aforesaid, shall make or give for the Purposes aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so refusing, or otherwise off-inding

offending against the same, shall forfeit the Sum of to be recovered in the Court of Session or Court of Vice Admiralty in the faid Island of Newfoundland, or by Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in of fuch Penalty to belong to His 12 Westminster, Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to fuch Person or Persons as shall sue or prosecute for the same: Provided always, That every fuch Suit or Profecution, if the same be commenced in Newjoundland, shall be commenced within and if commenced in any of His Majesty's Courts

of Record at Westminster, within from the Time

of the Commission of such Offence.